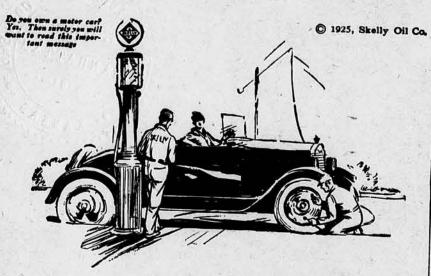
KANSAS FARMER MAIL & BREEZE

Volume 63

July 4, 1925

Number 27





Do motorists appreciate extra value?

ES, and here is the proof: Men and women everywhere in the Middle West have been making the Skelly Triple Trial. And they have been following up the test by becoming regular users of Skelly Gasoline.

For years many of them had paid too little attention to careful buying of gasoline. "The tank is low . . . where's the nearest service station?" That appeared to be the easiest way, and haphazard buying became a habit.

New Friends Every Day Now thousands of motorists demand fullest possible value for every gasoline cent. Skelly Gasoline, long known to oil men as the Big Buy in gasoline, is winning, gaining, convincing more motorists every day.

Here are the reasons why a gasoline which is good enough to sell at a premium retails at the same price as ordinary gasoline of New Navy specification: Refined in one of the largest plants in the country . . . most modern equipment ... steady running time, due to steady

demand ... willingness of oil jobbers to pay \$25 to \$50 more per car, thus bearing part of the extra cost of manufacture . . . desire on our part to give the motorist extra value without extra cost to him.

The Skelly Triple Trial

If you appreciate the sincere desire of a refiner to give you extra value, surely you will make the simple, fair test which we have evolved. It is known as the Skelly Triple Trial. Full explanation is given in the panel below.

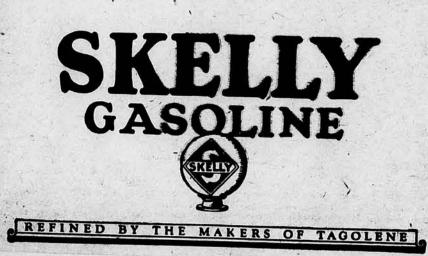
Three times in a row fill up with Skelly Gasoline. Then compare! Then step on the throttle!

The Skelly Triple Trial 7-Fill up the tank the first time with Skelly Gasoline. Quickly you will notice a differ-ence, but do not judge fully yet. Remember you have dilution of Skelly with the gasoline you were using.

2_When the tank is low, fill up again. Still there is some dilution.

3-Fill up for the third consecu-tive time. You now have practically no dilution.

Skelly Gassiline is diars with mighty powers, all ice dying the instruct restored to the state of the state o



Another Record Hay Crop? Corn Also is "Stepping Along" Pretty Fast These Days at Jayhawker Farm

BY HARLEY HATCH

NEARLY every night for the last The other field will have to wait until week storm clouds have appeared in the northwest, but no rain back I see to diversified farming: reached here. None was needed in corn cultivating, alfalfa cutting and this locality. The rain of one week the wheat and oats harvest all come ago filled the soil with moisture, and at once, and at such a time one just farmers needed a whole week in which has to wallow along the best he can. to plow corn. We can easily go an-other week without rain; most corn wheat will be ready to cut in about I have forgotten just how it goes but we know that a dry June gives us a chance to get rid of the weeds, and the dry weather causes the corn to root deep. We have had no dry weather here this spring; the only thing that has harmed the crops of late was a 2½ inch rain which washed the newly worked fields. Brails modely and worked fields. Prairie meadows and pastures could scarcely be better, and our hay for next winter is assured.

No Chinch Bugs in Oats

Harvesting has begun. We cut the 12 acres of barley which we sowed as an experiment. Like most experiments, it does not show much profit. I should judge that it would make about 10 bushels an acre, and it grew on some of the best land on the farm, too. Oats This barley started of the first of May it turned yellow and half of it died. At first we thought it was Chinch bug work, but that seemed hardly probable as the worst damage was done on the law, moist land along the creek where low, moist land along the creek where Chinch bugs do not usually harbor. A Chinch bug likes a dry spot and thin grain, and the hotter and drier it is the better it suits him. Chinch bugs like barley better than anything else that grows, but when the grain was cut we could find but few bugs so we concluded that freezing at the stage concluded that freezing at the stage barley was in on that first week in May was what thinned the stand down to about 40 per cent of what it should have been. Oats **right** beside the bar-ley have no **Chinch bugs and** suffered no harm from the freezing weather.

Good Crops at Emporia

We made our regular semi-annual trip to Emporia this week. It is 30 miles from this farm and we went one way and came back another. Going up we went to Neosho Rapids, where we struck the pavement, and had 13 miles of that before reaching Emporia. This paved road forms part of the New Santa Fe trail, and for several miles it is up hill and down along the miles it is up hill and down along the breaks of the Neosho River. It is a fine road, but I like best the unpaved county road which runs up the Cotton-wood Valley from Neosho Rapids to Emporia. There is not a hill or even a hillock along that route, and on each side of the road are continuous culti-vated fields where grow corn, wheat, oats and alTalfa. On our whole trip, both going and coming, whether on both going and coming, whether on bottom or upland, we did not see a single poor field of oats. The wheat fields along the river road are almost continuous, and the crop was ready for the binder. There is no poor wheat on the bottom, and much is so heavy that it is showing signs of lodging. There is little or no wheat on the uplands.

Tis a Busy Time

We have the prospect of a reason-ably busy time shead of us for the next few weeks. There are 80 acres of corn te lay by and 80 acres of wheat and oats to harvest and 17 acres of alfalfa to cut. We have one 22-acre field of corn haid by; it would have been better to have weited a little on this field but most of it was nearly to the cultivator arch and were we out of the field a week harvesting and had a shower in the meantime that corn would have got away from us, for it is growing very rapidly now. We are cutting one field of alfalfa this morning, and will put it up before we begin on the wheat.

to plow corn. We can easily go an- up to his ears in work. The Blackhull other week without rain; most corn wheat will be ready to cut in about fields are freshly worked, and are two days; then will come the oats and more than commonly free from weeds last of all, the Turkey Red wheat and grass. Corn does not need too Many fields of Kanota oats have al-much molsture. There is an old say- ready been cut, but I know of no fields ing about a wet May and a ary June; of Texas Red which will do this I have forgotten just how it goes but week. It seems definitely settled that we know that a dry June gives us a Kanota oats are from five days to one chance to get rid of the weeds, and week earlier than Texas Red. week earlier than Texas Red.

What About "Wet Worms?"

Many persons with short memories seem to think that crop pests are on the increase, but I cannot see that they are. The Chinch bug we have with us to some extent most of the time except for four or five years following a season of heavy and con-tinuous rains. Following the wet year tinuous rains. Following the wet year of 1915 we saw no Chinch bugs until 1920, and following the very wet years of 1903 and 1904 we had no bugs until about 1910. The Hessian fly has worked west as the country settled; tradition says the Hessians brought tradition says the Hessians brought this fly with them in 1777. If that be true, the bugs they brought have done 10 times as much damage as their fight-ing did. Here is a little "40-year-ago" note which shows crop pests were do-ing business then: "A new crop desing business then: "A new crop des-troying pest has appeared in Labette county and is called 'the wet worm.' It enters the hills of corn and almost instantly kills the plant. Whole fields of the growing grain are dead within a few hours after being attacked by the next." I am wordering if any of the pest." I am wondering if any of my readers who were farming 40 years ago ever heard of the "wet worm." think that reporter meant to say "web worm," don't you?

Peaches for the "Fourth?"

From the looks of the trees I should say that the "Fourth of July" peaches are going to be ripe on time. On this form we have are going to be ripe on time. On this farm we have no early peaches, and will have to wait until well past the national holiday before we can eat ripe fruit from our own trees. Firly peaches, like early apples, lack in quality. The best early peach we ever raised was a variety called "Amsden." We had four trees of this kind which never failed to bear heavily. and the never fatiled to bear heavily, and the quality was so good that we used to can a few. We have tried for years to get trees of the Amsden variety. but they seem to have vanished along with the "Peachblow" potatoes. We are picking blackherries just now; the crop is almost equal to last year; there moisture enough to make them 18 large and juicy, and we will have all we can use and some to sell at 50 cents a gallon. The next fruit in order of a gallon. The next fruit in order of ripening will be apricots, of which we have two trees literally loaded. If nothing happens, these two trees will make enough to fill 30 to 40 cans. From the looks of the fruit trees and gardens we will have use for all the cans we now have and more besides.

Our Best Three Offers

One old subscriber and one new sub-scriber, if sent together, can get The Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breese one year for \$1.50. A club of three yearly subscriptions, if sent together, all for \$2; or one three-year subscrip-tion, \$2.-Advertisement.

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A newspaper tells of a Middle Western woman who used a telephone for the first time the other day, despite the fact that she was 70 years old. Probably she lived on a party line.

An alfalfa acreage twice the size of the present crop can be grown profit-ably in Kansas.

Probably girls will be vaccinated on the ears soon; the scars won't show there.

Kansas Farmer for July 4, 1925 KI6 Rogler Wins That Hide and Seek Game With the Beef Cattle Dollar Sol



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Buildings on Ploneer Bluffs Farm are Grouped Around Three Sides of a Court. This Arrangement Saves Time in Doing Chores

EEF making isn't the safe little livelihood that it used to be. There was a time when a man's financial standing in the commun-

D a man's financial standing in the commun-ity was judged universally by the size of his herd. Nowadays his cattle may be listed among his liabilities. You can't count beef cattle dollars in these modern times until the bookkeeper at the home town bank credits them to your account. And beef making is no fit playground for an inner-and-outer. He can't get in and out quickly enough. Anybody who ties into a bunch of cows these days usually hangs on until they wear his bank roll out unless he can figure some way to make them pay. make them pay.

Henry Rogler, who lives just north of Matfield Green in Chase county, has developed a system of hobbling the elusive beef dollar before it rolls away. But he doesn't do it by buying steers and betting the world at large that fortune will favor him during the finishing process.

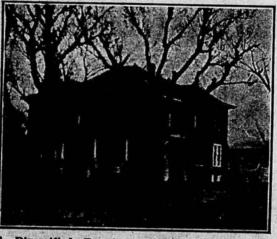
Occasionally a speculative beef maker is shrewd enough to keep his fingers clear of the machinery for a number of years. By carefulness born of experience he is able to make more money than he loses, but in the end he likely is not so well off as he would have been if he had applied the same effort to appear methods effort to safer methods.

Bogler has eliminated as much as possible of the chance in beef making. His system isn't in-failible by any means, but it makes his operations as safe as hog raising, and safer than single crop-ping to corn or wheat. He has 2,200 acres of Fint Hills pasture. It was made for cattle, and

By Philander Grayson

grazing is the only means of realizing on it. But grass is a single crop when there's no safety ap-pliance. Rogler has an insurance policy in the form of 500 acres of farm land. That tract serves

well when prices for his pasture product are low. A rotation including alfalfa, wheat, corn and other row crops is maintained on the farm land. That rotation is a permanent fixture. Rogler is wise enough that off season prices, when he has no crops to sell, do not affect his plantings. He knows that spring prices for corn are no indication of



Diversified Farming Program Has Enabled Rogler to Provide and Maintain a Country Home With Modern City Conveniences

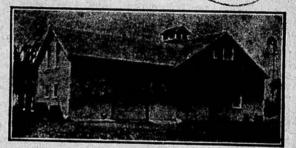
fall prices; that harvested yields of wheat hold no promise for another year. Too many things can happen to both yields and prices between planting and harvest times.

Corn acreages are not permitted to encroach upon wheat acreages. A fifth of the farm land is upon wheat acreages. A fifth of the farm land is kept in alfalfa regardless of current fluctuations in grain markets. Rogler knows that the farmer who grows about the same acreages of staple crops year in and year out will average pretty fair as time goes by. That's about all any farmer can hope to do. If he allows the by-play on the grain

exchanges to dictate his cropping policies he won't have any farm program. A rotation and a cow herd serve as a check on the unbridled enthusiasm engendered by high prices for a certain commodity and keep a man from abandoning a crop when prices sag.

prices sag. Rogler doesn't grow crops to feed his cattle. He keeps cattle to consume his crops. There's a dif-ference. The former would be single cropping to cattle. The latter is diversification. The 150 cows which spend the summer on his portion of the Flint Hills constitute only one of his farm projects. Feeding their offspring is another, and corn, wheat, alfalfa and minor row crops are still others. Usually he markets the tops of his calf crop to buyers from the Corn Belt. The rest he retains for consuming the product of his crop rotation. Under Flint Hills conditions he is in position to sell his calves in the fall if that seems advisable as a result of big demands from the Corn Belt, or if his own feed crops fall. If the alfalfa and corn materialize and the demand for feeder calves is slack he can feed his calves for baby beef. When he has an abundance of grass and feed he buys he has an abundance of grass and feed he buys steers to provide a market for the surplus. He makes a practice of feeding on the old alfalfa just

makes a practice of feeding on the old alfalfa just before it is to be plowed under for the That gives some additional returns from pasting and saves labor in the distribution of manure. Rogler's plan of keeping cow find marketing the increase as feeder calves and biny beef is the safes plan in beef production. It is callen that man Kansas cattle men are adopting. It is not so spec-tacular as feeding, but it is safer and more pro-tacular as feeding, but it is safer and more pro-tacular as feeding. It places beef making as nearly on a non-speculative basis as possible:



Here's a Combination Shop, Elevator, Granary and Garage. Cobble Stone Walks Connect This Building With the Barn and Farm Home

Wheat Market Trend is Upward

IKE a new born babe, the present wheat situ-ation is a great bundle of potentialities. As matters now stand, there are two bullish factors in the market equation: 1—The

abortage of 185 million bushels in the winter wheat crop in the United States as compared with last ar. 2-The decrease of nearly 150 million bushels in the world carryover.

New crop prospects are favorable in our spring wheat belt, in Canada, in Europe, including Russia, and in North Africa. It's a long way to the next Argentina and Australian harvests, but those coun-tries received a good price for their last crops and, naturally enough, they seem to be planting a rec-ord account.

d acreage. This difference should be noted. abortage in the world carryover and in our win-ter wheat crop are definite. There can be little or no modification because of future developments. The cases of But, where the prospects are now favorable, there can still be great changes. The fine yields in our spring wheat states, in Canada, or even in Europe may not come to realization.

We Need 622 Million Bushels

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The chief reason is that the domestic crop promises little more than is normally consumed in this country, so that our prices, with the exception of durum wheats, may be substantially above the world level a good deal of the year.

world level a good deal of the year. The June 1 forecast of spring and winter wheat combined was 661 million bushels. Prospects are slightly better now, owing to good rains over the spring wheat belt. It is easily possible that we may yet wind up with 700 million bushels or a little more. The carryover of old wheat will prob-ably be a little below normal, altho it may not be so far below as seemed likely a month or two ago.

In the last two years, domestic consumption of wheat as food, feed and seed has been about 660 million bushels annually. In the last 10 years it has averaged 622 million bushels. Making allow-ance for our increasing population, domestic needs can hardly be figured under 630 million bushels.

can hardly be figured under 650 militon busnets. The present supply outlook leaves only a small bal-ance for export and possibly none at all. Despite this narrow margin of safety, good sized exports will be made early in the crop year unless our prices hold substantially above the world level. our prices hold substantially above the world level. Even with our general wheat price above the world level, exports of durum and cake flour wheats, of trade marked flour for which there is an established foreign demand, and shipments to our natural markets like Cuba probably would be made to the total extent of 50 million bushels. This means that a domestic shortage might be created as a result of which prices later on could rise above the world level practically by the full amount of the duty of 42 cents a bushel. amount of the duty of 42 cents a bushel.

Even the world situation does not necessarily oint to a lower world price level than last year. Europe has a larger crop, but import need not be reduced proportionately. The usual history is that farm or peasant consumption increases in years of big European yields and import requirements remain large.

ments remain large. Imports by all countries in the year ending July 31 will be about 736 million bushels, according to Broomhall's figures. An increase of 200 million bushels in the European wheat crop probably would mean that 600 to 350 million hushels of wheat would still be needed by importing countries. If Canada's crop should equal the freak yield Sec

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of 474 million bushels in 1923, she would have about 375 million bushels for export. With but little for export from the United States, there must be a full outturn from Argentina and Australia and a modest contribution from Russia to make up the budget of world needs the budget of world needs.

The balance of power certainly is not sufficiently on the side of buyers to permit prices to drag down to the low level prevailing 12 to 18 months ago. Furthermore, this close adjustment with prospects favorable furnishes the basis for a rapid upswing in prices in case the oran outlook in any important in prices in case the crop outlook in any important

in prices in case the crop outlook in any important producer should go wrong. The mere fact that the public is more accustomed to higher prices will act as a minor supporting in-fluence. Dollar fifty wheat, or flour made from it, has a less chilling effect on consumers than when it first appeared last fall. In fact, considering the advance in wholesale price levels, it is only the equivalent of dollar wheat before the war. The approximate average price of cash at Chicago for the 10 years from 1904 to 1913 was \$1 a bushel.

Chicago Higher Than Liverpool

Just how the market will work out its average price for the coming year is a guess. Becently it has been weak, owing to continued fine prospects in Canada and Europe and some improvement in our own spring wheat fields. Liverpool has been still weaker than our markets. Wheat for Decem-ber delivery in Liverpool is now quoted slightly lower than Chicago December, whears Liverpool should be at a premium of 20 to 25 cents if export business is to be done. This means that we are whereas Liverpool on a domestic price basis already. About as im-portant as any of these things is the attitude of speculative leaders who have not considered the time ripe to start a bull campaign.

time ripe to start a bull campaign. The average price at Chicago during the main crop moving season from July to December last year was around \$1.40. Certainly the market should hold over that figure this year. If the price held around \$1.75 we would move this crop into consumption without any burdensome carry-over. If prices during the after harvest movement should not remain above last year's level, those who can hold their wheat are very likely to find that it will be wanted later at much higher prices. that it will be wanted later at much higher prices.

Medical DepartmentDr. C. H. Larrigo Poultry	KANSAS FARMER	DEPARTMENT EDETORS Farm Home Meine	
Dairying	ARTHUR CAPPER, Piblisher F. B. NICHOLS, Managing Editor M. N. BEELER, Associate Editor CHARLES E. SWEET, Advortising Manager	Amistant Mgr. Capper Pig ClubPhilip Ackerman Capper Poultry ClubBachel Ann Neiswender ADVERTIGEMENTS GUARANTEED	
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	Please address all letters in reference to subscription matters direct to Circulation Department, Kansas Farmer and Mail & Breeze, Topeka, Kan.	transaction take place within one month from date of this issue; that we are notified promptly that in writing the advertiser you state: "I your advertisement in Kasess Farmer."	

OTING that I am devoting some space to fish literature, a reader demands that I come to the defense of the catfish, which has been assailed in a most scurrilous has been assailed in a most scurrilous manner by Bill White. Bill started the contro-versy by bemeaning catfish in general. This brought a reply from Missouri to the effect that while it was true that Kansas catfish were not fit to eat, Missouri catfish were appreciated and sought by epicures. Of course this rather put Bill in the hole, as in his attack on the catfish he had made hole as in his attack on the catfish he had made no exceptions. However, he did the best he could without retracting what he had originally said, and as a retort I must say I consider Bill's de-

fense something of a classic. "The Kansas catfish," said Bill, "is subject to cat fits and sometimes, in Western Kansas in a ary year, while he carries his own gas and oil, he does have to line up at the filling stations for water. He may have to feed on catsup and catnip, and Kansas bullheads have such big mouths that they have to wear tail lights to keep from swallow-ing themselves in the narrow, crooked Kansas streams. His flesh tastes like cotton waste soaked in rancid sin. But for all that he is a sweeter, better, finer morsel than the Missouri catfish."

better, finer morsel than the Missouri catfish." At this point the Indianapolis News takes a few chips. "It seems evident," says the News, "that White never saw an Indiana catfish, much less tasted one. He never pulled a 4 or 6-pound cat from a Hoosier stream. He never nailed his quarry to the nearest tree, cut a strip back of his ears and skinned him with a pair of pliers. He never had the opportunity to taste this fish after it was cooked in ancient form. White never saw one of the 60-pounders that are pulled from lower White River, the Wabash and other streams. What does he know about catfish, anyhow? Thousands of Hoosiers will testify that the Indiana cat, properly prepared, runs a black bass a close second, and is good eating from the first bite to the last. Thou-mades of others will not."

the editor of an agricultural and domestic publication I am interested in the report that the Department of Agriculture in Brazil has discovered that ants can be destroyed with castor oil. But suppose the ant refuses to take castor oil vol-untarily, then what? With help as scarce as it is, who can spare the time to catch the ants, hold their noses and administer castor oil?

Speaking of talking at random the story is told en a colored preacher who one day noticed a white preacher making notes for his coming sermon and gave him this sage advice. "Parson, I certainly gave nim this sage advice. "Parson, I certainly never would do that. Don't you know the devil is lookin' right over your shoulder and sees every-thing you-all is goin' to say, and he will be pre-pared for you? Now I never takes any notes and when I gets up to talk neither me nor the devil hisself knows what I is goin' to say."

It isn't dying that I face with dread. It's knowing that my lilacs still will bloom, And fill the air with spring's own soft perfume, And gorgeous colors, after I am dead.

It's knowing that the world will dance along Heedless as ever—nor its laughter cease ! The''I be wrapped in an eternal peace It cannot compensate for one lost song.

I have so long loved laughter, music, flowers, That it is hard to know that they will be (After I've passed) as gay as when with me page filled the long, sweet, twilight summer hours.

Death would not seem so cruel to me, if I Could take the whole world with me. when I die! --Marjorie F. W.

Our language is growing. On one of the roads supples, Bow Wow. Hot Coffee." That is much more attractive than just the plain sign, "Hot Dogs and Coffee for Sale Here."

This may not be a great truth that will go thundering down the ages, but it is a truth. "No matter how long a man has been engaged in picking out a cantaloupe he finds himself still green at it."

The world does move along intellectually as well as economically. In 1827, less than 100 years ago, there was not a mile of regular railroad being op-crated in the United States, but there was a lot of talk about it, and two years after that the Bal-timese and Obio started business in a Hulted way. Then the school board of a small town in Ohio was

Passing Comment -By T. A. McNeal

asked for the use of the schoolhouse to conduct a debate on the question "Are Railroads Practical?" It refused in the following language: "You are wel-come to use the schoolhouse to debate all proper questions in, but such things as railroads and tele-graphs are impossibilities and rank infidelities There is nothing in the Word of God about them. If God had designed His intelligent creatures to travel at the frightful speed of 15 miles an hour propelled by steam, he would have foretold it clearly thru His holy prophets. It is a device of Satan to lead immortal souls down to hell."

The Highway Commission of Iowa has made a test of the pulling power of a horse on a paved road and a dirt road. The test showed that the horse could pull twice as much on the paved road as on the dirt road. Now while I am pretty strong for getting the paved roads as fast as we can afford to pay for them I would want to know a good deal more about the conditions under which this test was made than I do now before my mind would be convinced that it really proves anything. I believe I have seen dirt roads in such a condition that a I have seen dirt roads in such a condition that a horse could pull as much on them as he could pull on any paved road, and on the other hand I have seen dirt roads in such condition that a horse could not pull one-tenth as big a load as on a well-paved road. The only fair test would be to let the horse pull loads on the dirt road every day in the year and compare the general average with his pulling newer on the newed road power on the paved road.

Don't believe all this talk about the world grow-ing worse. There are many tough people in it, no doubt. There is a great deal of injustice, graft, hypocrisy, selfishness and crime, but just as a re-freshing contrast read this story from Dallas, Texas. A truck driver, while making his round of deliveries, lost a wallet belonging to his employers.



It contained \$2,940 in cash. The firm he was work-ing for could claim that he was careless and there-fore responsible for the loss. That was mighty serious for a truck driver with a large family to support. However, the finder of the wallet did not keep the money as he might probably have done and never been found out, but returned it. The truck driver stammered his thanks as best he could, and his regrets that he could not reward the finder. The wallet restorer fixed the terms of the reward, however. They were that the truck driver should bring his wife and kiddles for a vacation at the finder's country place, and the terms were accepted. The finder was a well-to-do manufac-turer, and I am willing to bet that he considers that act of kindness the best investment he ever made.

An enterprising newsboy was lustily crying his papers the other day, and as an attractive an-nouncement shouted, "Biggest fire in mor'n 19 years. All about the big fire." The papers sold readily, the buyers supposing a fire must be sweep-ing than the begins mediance district with ing thru the leading residence district. When they looked at their papers they could find no story of a fire. "See here, boy," said an irate purchaser, "what are you lying about the news for? There isn't any fire." "Liar nuthin," said the boy. "Here it, is, "Nova Pictoris, New Star Discovered, Prob-ably on Fire."

From far and near A host of earnest Folks appear In Michigan, Afghanistan, And Labrador And Quito-And organize To swat the flies And with new methods Paralyze That evil mite Which loves to bite Us humans—the mosquite.

Yet swarms of flies Each day arise And light on butter, Milk and pies. And tho I've been A dweller in All sorts of far-flung regions, On every hand In every land, On Arctic snows, Or desert sand— Mosquitoes came In just the same Uncounted humming legions.

Flies spread disease, And quite at ease, Mosquitoes take their dinners, In each new war Like those of yore, The insects are the winners!

I suppose the impression is general in this coun-try that the Japanese have it in for the English speaking people. Possibly so, but in Japanese uni-versities it is compulsory to take English-other languages are optional.

Yes, the big trees of California can be perpetu-ated. They bear cones like other trees of the same family, and these seeds have been distributed widely thru the United States. Europe and Aus-tralia. They grow fine, but as some of these big trees are supposed to be at least 2,000 years old the person who plants a seed of the Giant Sequoia can't expect to grow a giant in his lifetime.

We suppose that Congress fools away a lot of time on unimportant matters, but in the English House of Commons an hour was devoted one day last week to discussing the fles. The occasion was a bill introduced for the protection of performing animals, and one amendment sought to include the flea. General Cockerill, a member of the House, defended the flea. He said he could not understand why the insect had so few friends. The flea, he insisted, was the most persistent and won-derful worker and never struck, and therefore ought to be popular with the Tory party. It was independent of the capitalist and needed no ma-It .

1776

Speaking of a hopeless war, James J. Montague says:

When summer's here

chinery. It could jump 30 times its own height and was always on the job, but that did not endear It to the Later party.

For the first time in 500 years the Irish flag has returned to the sens. When the German Lloyd liner Bremen sailed on its initial trip for Ireland recently it flew the new Irish flag.

I insist that tact is a more valuable asset than capital. Here is an example. A young student was arrested and brought before the police court charged with having insulted a lady by speaking to her. Asked what he had to say, the young fellow replied: "It was a mistake, your honor. I was looking for my roommate's girl who was coming in on the train, but whom I had never men before. She had been described to me as a handsome blonds with classic features, fino complexion, perfect fig-are, beautifully dressed and—" At this point the tomplaining witness rose up and said: "I do not wish to prosecute the gentleman. Anyone might have made the same mistake."

In the Cheyenne Bottoms

This story of the remarkable depression in Har-ton county was written by J. B. Dose, state fish and game warden. He doss not mention the fact that there was talk of turning the rrificial lake no an oyster bed, the necessary salt for the water being supplied from the sait deposits in that part of the state.

PBottoms, a huge bowl in the level plains a half dozen miles north of the Arkansas River, was famous hunting ground for wild fowl, antelope, a famous hunting ground for wild fowl, antelope, bison and grouse when Columbus touched at an island of the West Indies. The huge bowl-like de-pression in the prairie is perhaps 15 miles long and from 4 to 6 miles wide. In times of big rains it was an inland sea, the mecca for waterfowl. Dur-ing dry years bison "mossyed" down off the drying plains grass to nibble the marsh vegetation. And it was here antelope cavorted in almost countless sumbers.

It was here antelope cavorted in almost countless numbers. Because of the prodigality of game, Indians fought long and bitterly for the right to hunt thereon. Years ago the Cheyennes met another lains tribe, and the battle was so flercely con-ested that the waters of a trickling creek ran red. The creek owes its name—Blood Creek—to this attle. Tradition also has it that the Cheyennes necessfully defended their claim to the bottoms gainst all comers, Siour, Pawnee, Arapaho, Wich-tas, Kiowas and Comanches. So Cheyenne Bot-oms the bowl was named by the frontiersmen, and hat is its name today, aitho a band of Cheyennes as not been in the bottoms for a half century. When Kansas was young the Cheyenne Bottoms ras the scene of what might, with reason, be called in 'industry—market hunting. Millions of ducks and spring flights the bottoms was dotted by the ents of hunters. Buyers made daily rounds of the unt hunters' camps buying the wild fowl and leav-as ammunition for the next day's shoot. This condition prevalled until the beginning of he present century, when Kansas took measures in prevent the extermination wits game. A few market hunters held on, but today there are none. A quarter of a century ago an Eastern syndicate ttempted to use the bottoms as a reservoir for

b prevent the extermination of its game. A few inrket hunters held on, but today there are none. A quarter of a century ago an Eastern syndicate tempted to use the bottoms as a reservoir for rigation. A ditch was dug from the Arkansas iver west of Great Bend and, following the 1,900-ot elevation around the divide between the bot-ims and the river, finally found its way over a II into the bowl. Water was run into the bot-ims one summer, filling the huge depression prob-bly half full, and with a depth of from feather dge to as much as 10 feet. But the syndicate did better job of engineering than promoting. It alled to acquire title to the apparently worthless and in the bottoms. Most of the land was a tree waste with now and then a clump of salt ass sticking up like a mole on a man's face, matters flocked in, staking homesteads. The ottoms. Lawsuits came thick and fast, and fi-illy the syndicate failed. Englishmen took hold it but after dabbling a bit let it go, and so ent the project of irrigating Rice county.

Some of the squatters took plows into the bottoms with them. Those plows are there today, and their furrows ribbon the bottoms with a banner that fairly shouts the triumph of this implement over all. Those furrows have changed the hora of the bottoms. Grass now blots with green tints the once glimmering alkali beds. Wheat and corn and alfalfa have crept in from all sides of the bowl, where the south than the north. Where farther from the south than the north. Where once the whilwinds threw up billows of white dust straw stacks feebly attempt to pierce the horizon. Now and then one sees trees, a few houses and, yes, three oil derricks.

The ditching machine, drawn by a huge tank-like tractor, is a helpful ally of the plow. The stir-ring of the soil and these gashes made by the ditcher spell doom to the marshes, the Black Marsh, Clear Lake, Chain Lakes and perhaps in time to Long Lake.

time to Long Lake. In another quarter of a century the landscape in the bottoms may quicken the pulse of the agri-cultural thinking mind. It perhaps is safe to say that when the young generation of today begins to live in the past the Cheyenne Bottoms will be one of the garden spots in Kansas. But one thing stands in the way and that is water. Water is a tremendous force, and it may loosen its wrath against the plow and the plow's master by coming



down Deception Creek and Blood Creek in shock-like waves, destroying all before it. Or it may sulk in the bowls of the earth and sour the land. Who knows? The plow does not think, but its furrows have in the past all led to triumph. For the sake of tradition, for the wild life of air and ground and for the sake of those who go afield with gun on pleasure bent, I trust that for once the plow will meet its Waterloo.

Brief Answers to Inquiries

Differ Answers to inquinces F. E. S.-You ask what would happen if two snakes should start to swallow each other, each starting with the end of the other's tail. Person-ally I cannot answer your question, but Ezra K. Sidebottom, who is a well recognized authority on snakes, says that on one occasion he saw two snakes, undertake this work of mutual extermi-nation. Each snake was 3 feet long. One attacked the other and swallowed 4 inches of its tail be-fore the other got into action. After that each snake swallowed with equal rapidity, but the second was not able to overcome the 4-inch handi-cap. When the swallowing contest was over one snake had disappeared entirely, and the other was just 4 inches long. just 4 inches long.

STUDENT-The words capacity and ability are not synonymous, tho they are often used as if they were. For example the expression "He is a man of great capacity," or "He is a man of small capacity," is often heard when the intention is

to say that man is either of great ability or small ability." A man who can eat a thick beefsteak weighing a pound and devour along with it two large baked potatoes, four or five rolls, two or three helpings of potato salad and a quarter sec-tion of ple with ice cream is a man of great capacity, but he may not have as much ability as a chimpanzee.

EMALINE—I do not say that the fact that a husband after being married 25 years wrote his wife a love letter of 19 typewritten pages would prove that he was of unsound mind, but I would say that he is a durned peculiar man.

Say that he is a durned peculiar man. CITY READER—I do not want to discourage your ambition to be a farmer. Despite all the talk about the woes of agriculture I am of the opinion that a farmer can make peece provided he knows how to farm and use fast read inde-ment. But if you are serioun recontemplants this move I would suggest first that you spend hear at our agricultural college and work hard this you are there; then that you live out to to he practical farmer for a year even if you spend the clothe you decently. After that if you still have the urge whe has no more land than he can take care of him-self. Then if he knows his business he comes as near being an independent man as is possible. He will not grow immensely rich, but he can live well, not work very hard and save some money every year. What more does a sentile and man and the well.

not work very hard and save some money e year. What more does a sensible man want? every

Rights of Mortgagee

A lent B money and took a first mortgage on land January 1, 1928, interest payable every sin months. No interest has been paid. The mortgagor lives in another state and will not even answer the letters written him. What steps should be taken to collect and who pays the expense? The land is in Kansas.-I. S.

land is in Kansas.-I. S. Begin an action of foreclosure in the district court of the county in which the land is situated. If you cannot obtain personal service on the mortgagor who is a non-resident the redemption period of 18 months would not apply. Judgment of foreclosure can be obtained at the first term of court sitting 30 days after the petition of fore-closure is filed. You should be able to get an order of sale and the land sold within six weeks after foreclosure and the deed in that case may be issued in six months after the sale is approved by the court.

by the court. The expense of course would come out of the mortgaged property. If you could get personal judgment on the mortgagor and the property does not sell for sufficient to pay the judgment, you would have the right to a deficiency judgment and may collect that from any other property which the mortgagor may have.

Joint Stock Land Banks

I note in your paper that the Kansas Joint Stock Land Bank will soon open at Dodge City, covering 10 counties. How could a man get a loan from this bank on land in one of those counties? How will it make loans? P. W.

will it make loans? P. W. Joint stock land banks are formed by 10 or more persons as a corporation for making farm loans. The bank must have at least \$250,000 fully paid up capital before issuing any bonds. The stock in this bank carries double liability. It may issue bonds up to 15 times the capital stock and surplus. The United States cannot be a stock-holder. There is no restriction on the amount, of any one loan that may be made, but interest charges must not exceed 6 per cent. Loans are made upon the amortisation plan. The individual desiring a loan would make application

individual desiring a loan would make application to the Joint Stock Land bank just as to any other bank. The difference between the loans made by the Joint Stock Land Bank and loans made by the Farm Land Bank is that loans made by the Fed-eral Land Bank are made to local associations eral Land Bank are made to local associations, while the Joint Stock Land Bank makes its loans to individuals.

The Teapot Dome Whitewash"

UST plain ordinary horse-sense long ago con-vinced the American people there was some-thing very shaky in the leasing of the naval oil reserves. In the first place it was done the siz. Then there was the "black satchel" if the \$100,000 for Fall, the Sinclair loar of 5,000 to Fall, and some sort of a divey for Fall t of \$125,000 oil-melon when one oil-company usin traded some oil to another oil-company usin traded some oil to another oil-company asin at a marked-up price.

Ample opportunity was given the promoters to plain these deals in court and come clean of all ispicion if they were blameless. They were sub-enaed to testify. Instead they skedaddled and it the country while the trial was on.

t the country while the trial was on. Now two diametrically opposite opinions on the rally of the leases by two different Federal urts, further complicate the issue. On the show-s before the bar of public opinion which reaches conclusions thru horse-sense rather than thru ral metaphysics, the Teapot Dome case can dry be given any coating of whitewash that will

stick. Probably it will be for the Supreme Court to say what's what.

The Government won a sweeping decree at Los Angeles in the Doheny case. Judge McCormick held the transfer was fraudulent and illegal, that the methods used proved collusion, and held the Joneny void.

Judge Kennedy in Wyoming held directly to the contrary. While he noted that the loan of \$25,000 by Sinclair to Fall was a "suspicious circumby Sinclair to Fall was a "suspicious circum-stance," he gave Sinclair and Fall a clean bill of health. Most of the evidence on which the Govern-ment depended was ruled out, it was forced to go to trial without important witnesses and the transfer of Teapot Dome was declared legal.

In his decree Judge Kennedy expatiated on the unpopularity of his decision, speaking of the in-ability of the American public to understand a transaction of this kind and its ignorance of the great legal principles which the experience of the ages has taught."

Which is it that President Coolidge, who ordered the prosecution, and the special counsel of the Government, who brought the suit, are innocent of knowing—the "great legal principles," or an un-derstanding of the transactions in the leasing of the naval oil reserves? Will Judge Kennedy tell us?

tell us? If the transfer of these reserves, over which the two judges differ, was within the discretion con-ferred by Congress in the law, there still is the question of the corrupting of a public officer by bribery to make the leases. Eventually the Su-preme Court must pass on both questions. With a few million others of my fellow citizens, I cannot believe the oil-lease transaction was a lily-which deal. deal.

Attimapper



"Red" Grange is on the Ice Wagon Again This Summer Training for the Fall Football Season. He refused Offers Totaling \$100,000 from Movies and Newspapers



A Remarkable Life Photograph, Taken with a Telephoto Lens, Near Baltimore, Md., of a Chicken Hawk. When This Cruel Beaked and Taloned Bird Swoops Down It's Time for the Poultry to Hunt Cover and the Farmer His Shotgun



A New Exclusive Photograph of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., at Hot Springs, Va., Where He Has Gone for a Short Vacation

th ne va cu



Special Train on Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Which Ran into a Sand Filled Switch, Near Hackettsville, N. J. The Locomotive Left the Tracks, Four Cars Turned Overland the Boiler Exploded, Scalding Many Persons to Death. Passengers Were German-Americans from Midwest on Way to Germany for a Vacation Trip



The 15,000 Visiting Knight Templars Opened Conclave in New York, with Monster Parade on Fifth Avenue, Marching to the Music of a 1,000-Piece Band. This Was the First Time in 50 Years the Templars Met in New York



a parties



Interior of Typical Country County Court Room, at Dayton, Tenn., Where John T. Scopes Will go on Trial This Month for Violation of the Butler Law, Which Prohibits the Teaching of the Theory of Evolution in the Tennessee Schools Theirparts Courts: 155 and From Underwood & Underwood.



This Might be Called an "Interior" View of a Great Bamboo Plantation, Near Nankin, China. Bamboo Has Many Uses in the Land of the Celestials, Besides That of Making Fishing Poles, and Great Quantities Are Exported Annually to Practically Every Other Part of the World

6

In a Bull Selling Contest

By J. C. Burleton

ALL the board of arbitration and settle this bull selling contest. When Jim Linn and J. R. Flitch, of the Kansas State Agricul-tural College, designated George L. Taylor, president of the Kansas Ayrshire Breeders' Club the champion neighborhood bull seller they reck-oned not with the record of one H. H. Hoffman of Abilene

Abilene. Hoffman saw the account of Taylor's escapade in Kansas Farmer and demanded pencil, paper and records of his wife. "We'll just see about this neighborhood bull trade," he vowed. Taylor had sold 18 bulls during the last four years to neighbors within sight of his farm. Hoff-man has disposed of 40 bulls during the last 10 rears, and 32 have been sold in Dickinson county. "I have 35 purebred cows," Hoffman said at the last state Ayrshire meeting at Darlow, "and I can sell every one of them to my neighbors any day I say the word. That is a direct result of the bulls. I have placed. Those bulls have been used on grade cows and the improvement has been so marked that there is a good demand for purebred females of the same breed.

females of the same breed. "I have made a practice of selling bulls when my neighbors are interested. Price has not been the deciding factor because I have known that every buil that went out from my herd was a demon-stration, that it would create a better demand for the breed. That future demand of several years ago has now arrived."

ago has now arrived." It is respectfully requested that the honorable board of arbitration on Ayrshire bull selling con-sider all the facts in the two cases, and that the contestants be scored according to the average number of bulls sold yearly and on the basis of territory represented in purchases. Since the con-test is one of neighborhood distribution, the great-est number of bulls in the smallest area should be given weighty consideration.

Lincoln Clubs to Camp

MEMBERS of boys' and girls' clubs in Lincoln county will hold their annual meeting at Cloverdale Camp, east of Lincoln, August 20 to 23. A basket dinner provided by parents of the young-sters will be held the last day. Members of the camp committee are F. J. Blazer. Vesper, chair-man; Mrs. D. E. West, Lincoln; John Schroeder, Beverly; G. W. Kretzman, Sylvan Grove, and Miss-Mina Clinesmith Lincoln

Mina Clinesmith, Lincoln. Lincoln county won the "model 4-H club meeting contest" held at Manhattan during the recent club contest" held at Manhattan during the recent club round-up. Those who gave the demonstration were Lyle Stover, president; Nellie Wilson, secre-dary; Pauline Cline, club reporter; Velma Ancell. song leader; Joe Greene, yell leader; Rockwell Greene, chairman records and report committee; Wyrtle Ancell, chairman program committee. Others who took part were Ethel Blazer, Esther Ancell, Melvin Gourc, Leo Schroeder and Marion Greene. The team was coached by Mrs. D. F. West, Elkhorn community club leader, and S. D. West, Elkhorn community club leader, and S. D. Capper, county agent. Membership in the Kansas Who's Who 4-H Club,

which is an organization of youngsters who have done outstanding club work, was granted to Lyle Stover, Beverly; Frederick Schultis, Sylvan Grove; Bockwell Greene, Lincoln; Velma Ancell, Lincoln; Buth Tracewell, Lincoln; and Esther Benson, Den-mark. Ethel Blazer was the only Lincoln county member elected at the round-up last year.

Kansas Alfalfa Best

FARMERS who seek a variety of alfalfa better than the common Kansas kind may find it, but they had best stick to the old standby until the newcomer is proved better. A number of strange varieties have been tried on the Kansas State Agrimon has thus far never been surpassed. Fifteen varieties and regional strains have been

grown in comparison since the fall of 1921. These

include Grimm, Cossack, Kansas Common and all other well known varieties. None of the seed from foreign sources, Argentina, Peru, Africa and South-ern Europe, are standing up with the Kansas com-mon and selections of this variety. Some of the im-ported varieties began to show winter killing in the third ware. Only has proved to be about as road third year. Grimm has proved to be about as good a yielder as Kansas Common.

What Protein for Pigs

WHAT is the best protein supplement for pigs? W Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhat-tan, fed three lots of 70 pound pigs from January 1 to April 11 on corn and alfalfa with tankage as the supplement in one lot, half tankage and half linseed oil meal in another and linseed oil meal alone in the last.

The corn and tankage lot consumed 352.41 pounds of corn, 24.33 pounds of tankage and 21.45



pounds of hay in making 100 pounds of gain at a feed cost of \$7.90. They weighed 233.93 pounds a head at the close of the test. The corn tankage and linseed oil meal lot con-sumed 356.29 pounds of corn, 13.10 pounds of tank-age, 13.10 pounds of linseed oil meal and 23.09 pounds of alfalfa hay in making 100 pounds of gain, which cost in feed \$8.04. They averaged 221.53 pounds at the close of the test. The other lot consumed 436.01 pounds of corn, 41.41 pounds of linseed oil meal, and 36.51 pounds of alfalfa hay in making 100 pounds of gain at a

of alfalfa hay in making 100 pounds of gain at a feed cost of \$10.01. These pigs averaged 166.30 pounds April 11.

All the hogs were purebreds, selected from the college Poland and Duroc herds. The first lot was -finished for market at the end of the feeding pe-riod, while none of those in the last lot was fin-ished. Those of the second lot were of good mar-

ket weight but did not show the finish of the first lot. The relatively poor showing of the pigs in the linseed lot was no doubt due to lack of balanced protein and to lack of minerals, in the opinion of A. D. Weber, who had charge of the investigation. The addition of alfalfa hay did not make up those deficiencies. He suggested that final conclusions on the value of the two sources of protein be withheld until additional data are available from repeat tests.

Farm Wages Up for Sixty Years

FARM wages have increased 200 per cent dur-ing the last 60 years. Department of Agricul-ture statisticians have found in a compilation of wage figures running back to the Civil

wage figures running back to the Civil War Time was when a farm hand could, 5 hird and \$10 a month with board. Nowaday, the same labor costs \$34 a month. The peak was draphed in 1920, when wages were \$47 a month with fard. The department has consolidard the different types of farm hirings into a couposite rate of statistical convenience. Regarding the different wages of 1910-14 as equal to 100, the wages of 180 were 55, and in 1803 were 67. There was a firm Ci the following year, but wages again began to climb and reached 101 in 1014. There was a speciacular account during the World

There was a spectacular ascent during the World War, 112 being reached in 1916, 140 in 1917, 176 in 1918, 206 in 1919, and 239 in 1920. The next year there was a fall to 150, and to 146 in 1922, following which the tendency was reversed, and 166 was attained in 1923 and held in 1924.

The Suffering Textile Industry

ONE thing the matter with the anemic textile industry is said to be the change in fashions by which 1¼ yards of dress goods make a suit or a dress for a woman, where in the Victorian age it required no less than 8 yards.

May the Victorian measure never come back, most sensible people will say, but not so the textile manufacturers, whose plants are tille part of the time.

An eminent engineer, H L. Gantt, alleges that a fault of capitalism is its claim that idle plant is en-titled to income or dividend, the idle labor is not, the to income or dividend, the idle labor is not, and he advises that if labor gets the complete upper hand it may reverse this principle—no income for idle plant, but income for idle labor. But while cap-ital may claim the right of idle plant to income, it is another thing to get it. Textile mills are over-extended in plant is steel mills are to a loss of extended in plant, as steel mills are to a less ex-tent and coal mines were four years ago to an alarming extent. The coal mines failed to make money, and so do the textile mills now.

Picnic Lunch for Hoppers

A SATISFACTORY picnic lunch, from a farmer's viewpoint, for grasshoppers is 20 pounds of bran, 1 pound white arsenic, 2 quarts sirup or cheap molasses, 3 oranges or lemons and 3½ gallons of water. The recipe may be multiplied according to the number of guests to be served and the ground to be covered the ground to be covered.

The bran and arsenic should be thoroly mixed before the liquids are added. The juice of the or-anges or lemons should be squeezed in the water and the pulp and peel chopped fine or ground in a food chopper and also added to the water. Then after the sirup is added the dry ingredients are mixed with the liquid. The preparation should be a crumbly mass that will break easily into flakes. It should be distributed on hopper infested areas It should be distributed on hopper infested areas in the morning before sanap. The victims will leave the most toothsome alfalfa or corn to eat the bait while it is still moist. They are hungry in the morning, and will get a fatal dose before they have a chance to whet their teeth on crops.

Buys the Kansas Flax

THE linseed oil mill at Fredonia did 2 million dollars' worth of business last year. It pur-chased flax grown in several states, including most of the Kansas crop of 377,000 bushels, at from \$2 to \$2.25 a bushel from the machine.



Activities of Al Acres-Slim Spends a Pleasant Afternoon in the Acres Attic

The Regeneration of Four Corners

BY JOHN FRANCIS CASE

"it is indeed an honor to be chosen your leader in what is after all your most important undertaking. The moral and spiritual welfare of a commoral and spiritual weifare of a com-munity is of far greater moment than its material wealth. Here in the school and in the Sunday School we build citizenship. Our leaders must be mir-rors, reflecting the spiritual life of those whom they attempt to influence. I am unworthy this honor bestowed, altho you have no knowledge of my mast nor what sine have stained my life past nor what sine have stained my life. But, God helping me, I will do my best to be the elder brother of your little ones, the friend and counselor of those older ones. Let us ask God's blessing upon our Sunday School." And as James March poured out his heart in supplication, awe fell upon the little assembly. For it was as if the man before them stood face to face with One who had known the weakness of an erring heart and with tender com-passion stood ready to forgive. Soon a complete organization was effected, and when the balloting closed, Mary Kennedy had been made James March's assistant, with Tom Jennings secre-tary and Ellen Gale as organist. As the audience stood to sing "Fraise God from whom all blessings flow," Grand-sire James, with uplifted face, sang as one inspired.

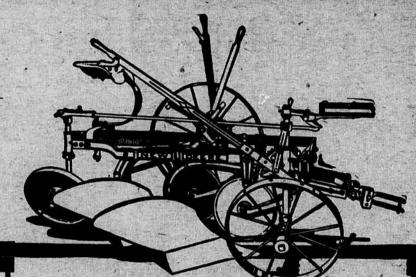
Before many weeks had passed the need of a larger room became imperative. When the semi-monthly meet-ings of the "Mutual Aid" were held the little school house was crowded to suffocation, for now the farm folks of other communities were interested and eager to get information. Thru in-sistent demand James March had or-ganized a half dozen "locals" 'round about, and the strength of organiza-tion was being felt. The Sunday School, too, had won recruits, and an overflow class was being taught in the Jennings home. Wisely James March forebore home. Wisely James March forebore taking the initiative, but seeds he dropped found fertile soil. One night when for two hours men had been standing as they listened to the pro-gram, Arnold Shannon, grizzled farm-er of wealth and influence, spoke up as Gale was about to dismiss the crowd. "Mr. President," said Shannon, "I've worked hard today and I'm tired Now Leview there meetings but "I've worked hard today and i'm tired. Now I enjoy these meetings but hanged if I want to stand up every time. What we need here is a com-munity building big enough for the

RIENDS of mine," began March, Farmers Mutual Aid Society, big enough "it is indeed an honor to be chosen for our Sunder Setul for our Sunday School. And I for one am willing to take stock in a company that will build it." A storm of apthat will build it." A storm of ap-plause and shouts of "Count me in on plause and shouts of "Count me in on that, too, Arn," showed the spirit of the crowd. Then James March, stand-ing among these in the room, signalled his desire to speak. The audience grew quiet, for the folks had come to know that when March spoke, worth-while plans would be revealed.

For a Community Center

"As one interested in your commun-ity," began March, "I heartily second the desire of Neighbor Shannon. But all Four Corners should have part in all Four Corners should have part in any building program. It is too late to build this winter, so you have ample time in which to plan. There is hard-ly a person here who has not saved or made dollars thru the work of the 'Mutual Aid.' The work of the Sunday School is a direct outgrowth of that organization. Both may continue to serve and prosper, we hope, but there is one permanent institution which you should not forget. That is our school. The education of your children is of paramount importance. Here tonight The education of your children is of paramount importance. Here tonight are six boys and girls who are com-pleting the eighth grade; they must quit school hereafter or go away. Mr. President," and March turned to Gale, "the thing we should do is to build big enough for a grade school, high school and community hall. Vote your levy for the school building, make the basement your community meeting levy for the school building, make the basement your community meeting place. Let voluntary contributions and labor provide for that. For myself I pledge a week's labor and what cash contribution I may feel able to af-ford." Again there was applause, but some of the most influential farmers were silent. Before them was the spectre of increased taxation. "We will consider the matter presented by will consider the matter presented by Neighbor March," announced Chair-Neighbor March," announced Chair-man Gale, and the meeting closed. Before ten days had passed Four Corners again was a hotbed of dis-sension. It had been definitely de-cided by the school board against the bitter opposition of Jacob Kennedy, that a special election would be held to vote upon bonds for a three-roomed building which would cost \$12,000. It

building which would cost \$12,000. It was tacitly understood that the school building if erected should be used for the Sunday School, while a basement as proposed by James March should



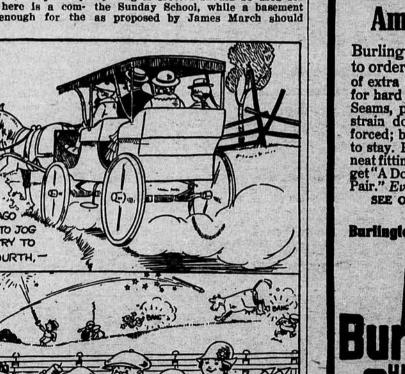
Especially in Summer and Fall Plowing—

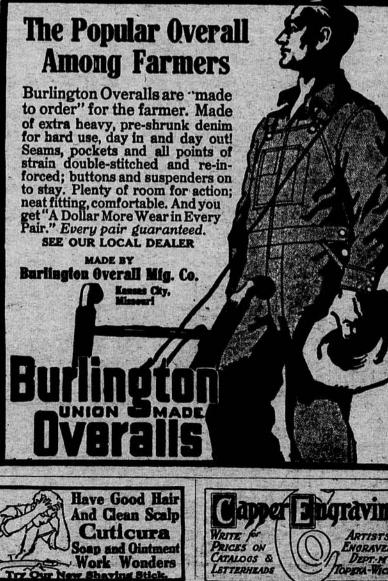
GENUINE JOHN TREL USED in New Deere is than in ordin

E Sulky John D

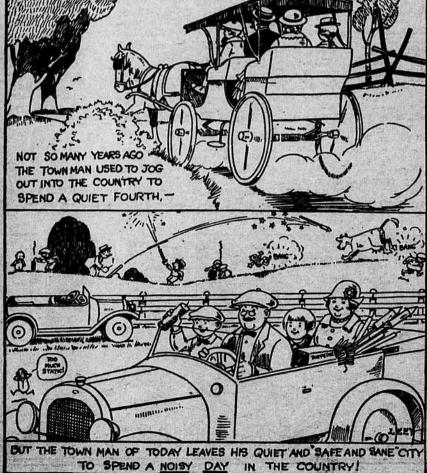
HAT'S when the New Deere I shows why it has been the most widely used plow of its type for more than 30 years. Its double-bail construction makes it penetrate quickly and stay down uniformly to its work in dry, hard ground-no bobbing or ducking in the furrow. It pulls light because weight is properly balanced and all-wheel-carried-no dragging friction. And its unusually great strength enables it to stand the stress of difficult plowing, year after year.

Write for free folder to John Desre, Moline, Illinois. Ask for Folder MD-411,





THE TRADE MARK OF QUALITY MADE FAMOUS BY GOOD IMPLEMENTS



Bigraving ARTISTS ENGRAVERS DEPT-M TOPERA-WICHT LETTERHEADS

tor tes ha the reading at a the of the second secon

be provided thru community effort and fitted up for public meetings. As he raged about the district, entreat-ing, commanding, Jacob Kennedy be-lawing. "Keep down the tax," was his slogan, one which ever has appealed to farmers, and the crowds at the meetinged. But the "Mutual Aid" had become too vital a thing to stogan, one which ever has appealed and so set on fightin' one another we to farmers, and the crowds at the might have had all this long age." meetings thinned. But the "Mutual But Gale and others realized they had Aid" had become too vital a thing to be abandoned, and the board of direc-tors was a unit for the proposed building plan. "We won't use coer-cion," said Hiram Gale as he grimly smiled, "but the man who fights this the source of the proposed to the regretful past." smiled, "but the man who fights this proposition which means so much to here community don't need comethig asking favors." A bit weak on Eng-lish was Hiram Gale, but he knew how to handle men. There were two persons in the community, tho, who wielded a far greater influence.

Despite the opposition of her father, Mary Kennedy was heart and soul for the bond issue. There was little opportunity for conference with James March, but on one of the rare occa-sions when they found themselves for a moment alone she had said to him: "This, too, will pass,' said Abraham Lincoln. Father is fighting the build-Lincoln. Father is fighting the build-ing plan, but he will get over it. If ever he does 'make up' with you," and she laughed shyly, "he will be your best friend. Father loves a fighter. He always wanted a son, and his greatest grief is that I wasn't a boy." "I'm not sorry, Mary," James March had replied softly, but then he had turned and hurried away. For the time when Jacob Kennedy would look

turned and hurried away. For the time when Jacob Kennedy would look with favor upon the "hired man" somed very far away. Among the women folks whose husbands opposed the building program, Mary Kennedy quietly went making warm appeals for the children who needed the Sunday School and the better public school. The women had a vote, too, and means of appeal beyond that of Jacob Ken-nedy. Night after night, aitho he was "bone-tired" from a day's farm grind, Fames March tramped to Four Corners "bone-tired" from a day's farm grind, Sames March tramped to Four Corners farms to reason with men who had expressed opposition. Ever there was the heart appeal of their children's weifare, the fact that twenty long years would pass while bit by bit the fax would be paid without serious in-road upon the income of any family. In many a home the good wife had clinched the argument by exclaiming, "Vote for it, dad; I'll pay the tax with the egg money." the egg money."

But Kennedy Lost

When the great day came, altho Jacob Kennedy mustered his cohorts to the last hired hand and farm tenant, the forces of progress won an overwhelming victory. At the next Sunday School session, the voice of Old Abner rang like a clarion call as he sang "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

Winter had given way to spring. all Four Corners again was a scene of activity, and still James March lin-gered at the Jennings home. While no Sered at the Jennings home. While no definite agreement had been entered into again, the "hired man" was plan-ning the spring work, and Tom Jen-nings was engaged in the study of his second year's university course. With proper cradits and available finance he could attend in person the last two years, get his degree and as his mother put it "be independent for life." It was for such a purpose that every pes-sible dollar was being saved. The sar-vice of the "Mutual Aid" had exceeded all expectations, and now it had be-come the common thing to obtain short time loans, for the purchase of needed come the common thing to obtain short time bans, for the purchase of needed supplies and even for the needful things for household use. By purchas-ing together and in quantities for cash the thrifty homemakers of Four Corners community had cut monthly home ex-pense by a fourth at least, and the "show bill," to be watched with care and dreaded was a thing that seemed in the distant past. An increased levy for the employment of two additional teacher. eachers for the grade and high school had been voted without difficulty at the annual school meeting, and al-ready enough tuition students from adjoining districts had enrolled to go had b ong way in paying the school's up

With few exceptions the opponents of the building program had been won over, and all Four Corners was frank-Provid of the new building in course of erection. Even Jacob Kennedy had readingly admitted it would "make he land more valuable." With his for work as secretary of the farm

It was a fine May day, and James March sensed the beauty of awakened life as he checked his team at the end of a furrow and looked across smiling meadow and upturned, fertile loam. The time, now more than a year ago since he had come there as a ragged outcast seemed very far away. As he gazed upon his handiwork, taut well-kept fences, rich new-plowed soil, the sheen of new paint upon the Jennings barn, a sense of the pride of achieve-ment came to him. Here was no mean task, but one worthy the brain and brawn of any man. The community, too, a workshop worthy a master's

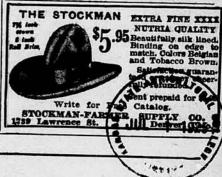
moment later a faint scream reached his ears, and he whirled to look across the adjoining Kennedy pasture. What he saw caused him to cast aside encircling plow lines and race with winged feet toward the high wire fence. For almost a quarter mile away Mary Kennedy was fleeing for her life, and succor in time seemed hopeless.

Monarch Maxwalton Third, pedigreed Shorthorn and pride of the Kennedy herd, always had been known as a "gentle" bull. There are none such. With lowered head he was charging down upon the screaming girl, her red sweater a flaunting lure. Pausing at the fence a second to grasp a stout "tamp" stake which leaned against a post, March vaulted the wires and shouted "Run! Run!" and put and shouted "Run! Run!" and put every ounce of effort into his stride.



will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blis-ter or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2.50 abottle delivered. Boot 6 B free.

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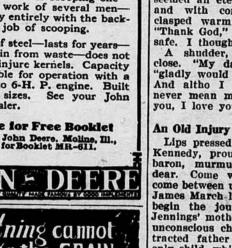
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In his heart, he thanked God for the of months of outdoor work which had toughened muscles and expanded lungs. On came the girl with her pursuer ever gaining and strive as he might, March was yards away when with sickening impact the brute struck his quarry and tossed her high. March's scream caught the bull's attention for an instant, then as he turned to gore his stant, then as he turned to gore his victim, a stunning blow fell on the bull's head. With a bellow of rage Monarch Maxwalton charged his enemy. At that moment Mary Kennedy opened closed eyes to see the man she loved battling for her life and his. Charge and crashing blow, panting breath and blood flecked nostrils, cir-cle and retreat. Step by step March lured his antagonist from his victim until finally, with a rain of blows up-on tender muzzle, the big brute broke and ran lumbering back to the waiting herd. Spent and panting, the "hired man" paused for a moment and then with dragging feet went back to that figure which now her back to that with dragging feet went back to that figure which now lay white and still. "My darling, my darling, speak to me." As he cradled the fair head upon his breast, March sought for a sign of returning life. After what seemed an eternity, blue eyes opened, and with convulsive sobbing Mary clasped warm arms about his neck. "Thank God," she cried, "that you are safte. I thought you would be killed." A shudder, and March held her close. "My darling," he said softly, "gladly would I give my life for you. And altho I am unworthy and can never mean more than friend I love you, I love you."

Lips pressed against lips and Mary Kennedy, proud daughter of a land baron, murmured, "I love you too, dear. Come what may, nothing can come between us," then lids closed, and James March-lifted his limp burden to begin the journey home. In Ellinor Jennings' motherly arms he placed his unconscious charge, and soon the dis-tracted father was bending over his only child, while with frantic pleading he besought her not to leave him alone. Soon old Doctor Lane arrived, and anxious watchers were assured Lips pressed against lips and Mary alone. Soon old Doctor Lane arrived, and anxious watchers were assured that no serious injury had been done. "Rib or two cracked, pretty severe shock I reckon, but nothing serious for a healthy youngster like your daugh-ter, Jake," assured "Old Doc." Out-side the door the lips of a listener moved in a prayer of thanks. But Mary Kennedy had not recovered con-Mary Kennedy had not recovered conand y identically had not recovered to a sciousness when placed in her father's car, and it was weeks before, pallid and showing the days of suffering, again she appeared, to take her place in the life of the community.

the cheery whistle awakening of the cheery whistle awakening echoes, stifled groans emanated from the room of the "hired man." Alarmed and solicitous Mrs. Jennings urged calling a physician, but was assured by March that his illness was of no consequence. When Doctor Lane came to the Kennedy home, however, he was summoned, and without coremony was summoned, and without ceremony proceeded to pound and poke the new patient as only a physician can. March's protests were of little avail. When he came out of the room, Doctor Lane gave sharp orders that no work was to be attempted for a work cat least gave sharp orders that no work was to be attempted for a week at least. "An old injury, a very serious one," he told Mrs. Jennings, "has been ag-gravated. Keep that young man in bed or I will not be responsible for the consequence." Leaving, it was noted that he stopped at the Kennedy home and held long converse with Jacob Kennedy on the front lawn. De-spite his protests regarding delayed work, James March was kept in. But he did not seem unhappy. There were he did not seem unhappy. There were

he did not seem unhappy. There were cheering memories. When March was able to attend a meeting of the "Mutual Aid" he found himself somewhat of a neighborhood hero. Little of the affray had been learned from him except that seeing the bull attack Miss Kennedy he had been fortunate enough to beat him off. But Mary had not hesitated to tell the story to Mrs. Jennings, and that good lady saw that it lost nothing in the retelling. Surrounded by admiring and congratulating friends March, at first amused, then embarrassed, had the retening. Surrounded by admiring and congratulating friends March, at first amused, then embarrassed, had dropped into the vernacular of his friends and told them to "cut it out." Always, despite his friendliness, there had been a mantle of dignity envelop-ing the wanderer. Never, as with the other men, had there been abbrevia-tion of his name, and without it be "Jim" or "Tom" in rural life there is not true synonym of friendliness. Among the men who crowded about March was "Big Ed Atkins, hero of many a rough and tumble fight, an overseas veteran and a man who had held aloof from one whom he secretly had termed "stuck up." But now At-kins stuck out a calloused hand. "Fut 'er there, Jim, old man,' said he. "We knew there was no yellow streak in you. Beggin' the ladies' more on the secret of the s 'er there, Jim, old man,' said he. "We knew there was no yellow streak in you. Beggin' the ladies' pardon, boy, you got guts!" With the cheers and laughter March felt that uncouth as his friend might be, here was true comradeship. And it was "Jim" thereafter to his more intimate friends. (TO BE CONTINUED)

It is not wise, in these modern Kansas days, to concede that a man is a convincing speaker until you have heard him try his line on a traffic cop.

Damage from Hessian fly in Kansas Nor had he who had played matador can be practically eliminated if folks escaped unscathed. Next morning, would observe the fly-free date in sow-when Mother Jennings arose, instead ing wheat.

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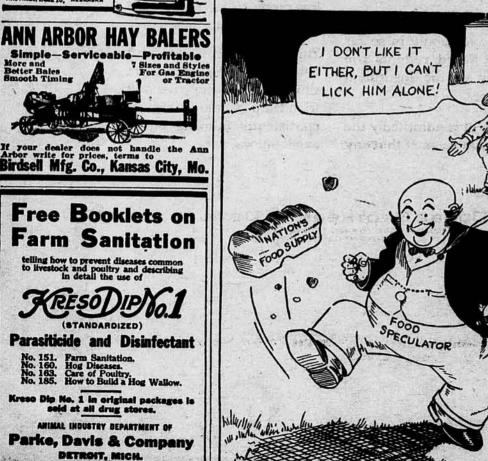
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Prepare Fair Exhibits BY PHILIP ACKERMAN

Get your pigs and chickens ready for the fairs, boys and girls. August and September soon will be here and during those months most of the county and state fairs are held. It is not too and state fairs are held. It is not too early now to start to prepare your contest entries for the show ring. It will be a good thing for you to send to the secretaries of the various fair associations to get a list of the classi-fications. From this you can find out what qualities in your pigs and chickens will be given the most con-ideration by the judges, and you can malect and prepare your exhibit to elect and prepare your exhibit to neet these qualifications. If the girls have chickens with feathers or comb ave chickens with feathers or comp not true to variety they should not choose these birds for the show ring. Boys may give the smaller pigs extra care and feed so all pigs exhibited will be of uniform size. Talk with old breeders about preparing your stock for the show. They can give you many breeders about preparing your stock for the show. They can give you many good pointers. Girls should send to the U. S. Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C., to get Farmers' Bulletin No. 1115, "Selection and Frep-aration of Fowls for Exhibition." As a member of the Capper Pig Club You can get special rates on register.

you can get special rates on registeryou can get special rates on register-ing your hogs. Simply write to the manager and tell him how many pigs you wish to register, and he will send you blanks and instructions for filling them out. You should register all pigs you intend to sell for breeding stock, but market nigs need not he registered but market pigs need not be registered because that would be an unnecessary expense.

On these warm days do you drink a great deal of water? Every now and then, when I get warm and dry, I get a drink of cool water. Don't you sup-pose chickens and pigs get warm and dry, too? They surely do, and then they go to the trough to get a drink. Think how badly they miss the water when they find the trough dry, or the water warm and stale. These pigs and chickens cannot talk to tell you they need water but they depend on you to a drink of cool water. Don't you supneed water, but they depend on you to keep them supplied. I believe the boys and girls we have in the Capper clubs are going to watch the water supply closely, so their contest entries do not have to suffer.

Panels are Handy

Do you find that hogs are hard to drive, boys? Two or three good panels will aid you to drive hogs in a gate. or to pen them in a corner when you wish to catch them. To make a panel of this kind get three 2 by 4s about 4 feet long for upright pieces, and nail boards across these horizontally about 6 inches apart. This panel will look like the side of a board pig pen. When like the side of a board pig pen. When you drive pigs two boys may carry the panel between them, and the pigs cannot get thru. Four of these panels may be stood up in the form of a square and wired at the corners to make a temporary pen.

Nearly every year, boys and girls celebrate the Fourth of July. Now, many of you club members will celebrate this holiday in some way. Perhaps you will go to town to hear an Independence Day program, and will see a display of fireworks. Others may hold plenics, go fishing or swimming. Maybe some of you, on account of much work to be done, will have to work that day. No matter which of these ways you celebrate the Fourth of July. you may be sure the club manof July, you may be sure the club manager is interested in what you do. He will be glad to get letters from you telling him about what you did that day. Some clubs may hold meetings July 4. He will be glad to hear about that, too.

Short of Silage Cutters

A. L. Haecker, a Nebraska slinge specialist, steps forward with the anbuying silos more rapidly than they have cutters with which to fill them. As a result many men were delayed in getting their corn canned last fall. Many Kansas farmers own their own cutters and their own power, which makes them independent of the which makes them independent of the custom cutter and the expense of a large crew. An individual outfit in-sures better silage and lower cost of filling silos. The farmer under this lan cuts his crop when it is at the sht stage and need not wait on whody. He can use his ordinary and if a delay occurs he is not subjected to the heavy losses occas-ioned by a crew of idle men during

ioned by a crew of idle men during the time when repairs are being made. W. E. Meade, Plainville, keeps his silage cutter busy thruout the year by chopping hay, grain sorghum stover and other roughage for his cows. That removes one objection to owning a cutter—the fact that it is in use only a few days a year. Is 100 Veers Old

of Clyde, 100 years old. The next oldest is Mrs. L. C. Richardson of Beaver township, Smith county, 97

Junior Show at Wichita

and additional information may be had by addressing O. R. Peterson, Kansas National Livestock Show,

Is 100 Years Old In the census being taken by the State Board of Agriculture, the oldest person so far found is Helen McAtee of Clyde, 100 years old. The next oldest is Mrs. L. C. Richardson of Beaver township, Smith county, 97 years old. An explorer says Eskimos rarely weep. Still they do have their daily blubber. Beeves, including \$00 each for Short-horn and Hereford purebreds, grades or crossbreds, and \$55 for the first four county groups of five head. In cluding \$42 for purebred Duroc gilts and for Poland gilts, \$42 for any breed of fat barrows, and \$25 for the best group of five barrows from any weep. Still they do have their daily blubber. Beeves, including \$00 each for Short-Beaves, including \$00 each for Short-Beaves for the first a well-written book of five head. In cluding \$42 for purebred Duroc gilts and for Poland gilts, \$42 for any breed of fat barrows from any weep. Still they do have their daily blubber. Beaves township, Smith county, 97 weep. Still they do have their daily blubber. Building with a special superintendent and judges in charge. Premium lists



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12



EARLY this spring Farm Bureau members of Finney county, and their families held a banquet at which Ellen Bachelor, organization specialist for Farm Bureau women's clubs was a guest. Miss Bachelor gave a brief talk on organizing clubs, their value to the farm woman, their purpose and how communities might be touched by a specialist if they were organized. From this meeting eight clubs were started.

In May, eight nutrition leaders met with Connie Foote, metrition specialist of the Kansas State Agricultural College for a demonstration on the value of fresh vegetables in the diet. These women, in turn, demonstrated the subject at local club meetings, thus benefiting all the women.

The group pictured here has been active for several years. Not only is club work popular with the women, but their daughters have entered into it with zeal. Loraine Kindschi, the little lady with the curis, won a trip to Chicago last year for the highest points in general club work for girls. Mrs. Cressie Zirkle.

Our Farm Home News Notes

By Mrs. Dora L. Thompson

A HANDY. movable ben for mother hen and chicks has been built by a neighbor. He used two discarded tires from old carriage wheels. Three holes were bored in each tire at the same distance apart and a 2 foot piece of strap iron was riveted to them. Chick wire was wired to the two tires to serve as top and sides of the coop. This is easily moved about and furnishes plenty of room.

A shade could be provided by placing boards over part of the top. By using screen wire instead of chick wire and making a doorway, one might make a night coop for warm weather use.

Black Sateen Lifters

"The handlest things in our kitchen," said a cook for a college club, "were two squares of black sateen. They were hemmed with a strap on each side so they were easily hung up. These good sized squares were worth a dozen small holders when I wanted to take a large bake non out of the over wanted to take a large bake pan out of the oven or hold a hot bail while draining potatoes. Being black, they didn't show every spot and stain. We rinsed them out often and used them every day."

Planning Ahead

"I never realized until last harvest, how much

"I never realized until last harvest, how much time and energy could be saved by a little use of pencil and paper," said a farm woman recently "We say, 'Let your head save your heels.' I'd add wheels to the saying. My planning saved me work and a good many extra trips to town. "I made out a plan for meals, knowing what I had in the garden and cave to help in the bill of fare. Then I made out a list of the groceries my bill of fare called for and checked those that were lacking. When I stocked up with those groceries, I was ready for the campaign. Of course, there were a few minor changes but nothing that caused extra work. And the saving of worry was worth entra work. And the saving of worry was worth the effort ten times over! More than that the girl who helped me could refer to the paper meal chart and save questioning."

She Saves on Twine

Perhaps clerking in a store suggested to one Perhaps clerking in a store suggested to one housekeeper a handy way to save the short pieces of twine that bind the packages of groceries. In-stand of tying them and winding a ball or throw-ing them loosely in some box, she hangs them over a book. When a string is needed she can judge the length by the ends, place one hand on the bunch and pull out the desired string.

Paper Napkins

About 5 cents a week will pay for all the paper mapkins a farm family may need in the summer time and the work saved in ironing linen is many times that in value. Solled overalls soon soll linen napkins. While they are not needed to save cloth-ing, they are needed for the hands.

Whiling Away Vacation Hours

By Cheryl Marquardt

VACATION presents many problems, including the entertainment of the children. On a warm againg or summer day, little folks like to gather to listen to records made especially for them. These

records come in books, two records to a book, with beautiful illustrations of the songs and rhymes that are played as well os the printed words.

words. In the Mother Goose, number we find "Tom, the Piper's Son," "Mary and Her Little Lamb," "Jack and Jill," "Sim-ple Simon," "Little Bo-Peep," and "Old King Cole." The Singing Cole." The Singing Cole." The Singing Games and the Animal book contains "Miss Jennie Jones," "The Farmer in the Dell." "Lazy Mary," "The Three Little Kittens," "The Three Little Pig-gles," and "The Three Blind Mice."

The Pie Party and Pet book includes "Lit-tle Jack Horner," and "Sing a Song of Six-pence," "The Queen of Hearts," "Good King These women, in turn, s, thus benefiting all weral years. Not only aughters have entered y with the curis, won in general clas work Mrs. Cressie Eirkle. Who Had a Little Curl," "Ch, Dear! What Can the Matter Be?" and Bobby Shaftoe." The Tippe Toe and Gay Games book has "The City Mouse and the Country Mouse," "Mother Tabbyskins," "Old Mother Hubbard," "The Mul-berry Bush," "London Bridge," and "Oats, Peas, I'll be glad to help you locate these books as work

I'll be glad to help you locate these books or help you with other music problems, if you'll send a self-addressed, stamped envelope with your inquiry.

How to Test for Pectin

F THERE is any doubt as to the jellying prop-terty of a Suit juice, it should be tested for pec-tin. This simple test often will avert a jelly fail-ure: To 1 thespoon of juice in a glass add an equal quantity of grain alcohol. This alcohol must be of 95 per cent strength, and if denatured, is equally suitable. Mix the juice and alcohol. A juice rich in pectin will form a bulky, gelatinous mass, almost solid. Juices moderately rich in pectin show a few large pieces of gelatinous ma-terial, while juices too low in pectin to make jelly will show only a few small pieces of flaky sedi-ment.

Knowing the pectin content of the juice the proper amount of sugar to add can be judged. To each cup of juice rich in pectin at least 1 cup of sugar may be added. If the juice is shown to be only moderately rich in pectin only % cup of sugar is added, and if only a small amount of pectin is present, the sugar is reduced to 1/2 cup to a cup of inice.

Reducing the amount of sugar in proportion as the pectin is low makes it necessary to concentrate the mixture further than if equal quantities of sugar and juice have been used. More failures resugar and junce have been used. More failures at sult from adding too much sugar than from all other causes. Impartial tests show no difference between cane and beet sugar for jelly making.

Old Glory

Oliver Wendell Holmes

Flag of the herces who left us their glory. Borns thru their battlefields' thunder and flome, Blasoned in song and illumined in story, Wave der us all who inherit their fame! Up with our baaner bright, Spread its fair emblems from mountain to shore,

While thru the sounding sky Loud rings the Nation's cry-Union and Hberty ! One evermore!

Light of our firmament, guide of our Nation, Pride of her children, and honored afar. Let the wide beams of thy full constellation, Scatter each cloud that would darken a star!

Empire unsceptred! what foe shall assail thee, Bearing the standard of Liberty's van? Think not the God of thy fathers shall fail thee Striving with men for the Mrthright of man!

Lord of the universe! Shield us and guide us, Trusting Thes always, thru shadow and sun! Thou hast united us, who shall divide us? Keep us, oh, keep us the Many in One! Up with our banner bright, Sprinkled with starry light, Spread its fair emblems from meuntain to

Union and liberty! One evermore!

Kansas Farmer for July 4, 1925

Variety is Also the Spice of Cookery

By Mrs. Nell B. Nichols

NEW methods in an old work-cooking-help one to enjoy her work. Finding a different use for an ancient food also encourages every homemaker.

homemaker. Jam on buttered bread is a favorite, of course, but if allowed to dry a few days, it may be used as a filling for candy. The fingers are dipped in powdered sugar when the fruity mixture is being shaped so it will be ready to receive its fondant coating.

If one is in a hurry when making the cake, a little cold water added to the sugar and butter will aid one in creaming the mixture quickly. A small brush makes haste in removing silk from

roasting ears.

In making cornneal mush time is saved if the meal is mixed with a little cold water before being stirred into the kettle of hot water. This prevents the formation of lumps. Since all the cornneal may be added at once if it is first wet with cold water, the mush is prepared in haste. When one wishes to fry it as soon as the mush is cooked break 2 eggs into it, stir well and drop by spoonfuls into a skillet containing hot fat.

About Those Freckles

By Helen Lake

ARE you fretting about freckles? I wish you wouldn't. By and by, you'll be writing in won-La wouldn't. By and by, you'll be writing in won-dering how you can restore the tilt to your droop-ing mouth—or how you can remove the new lines you've found on your forehead, unless you stop worrying about the tiny brown spots. While I always am eager to help everyone, still I regret the necessity of lines brought by unhappiness and discontent. discontent.

discontent. But to return to freckles. The deepest ones are there to stay-they are you, yourself. The lighter, surface freckles, tho; may be removed with a bleach. Many girls find milk, butter-milk or lemon juice effective. Just wash the skin with which ever liquid you choose and allow it to dry before it is rinsed off with clear water. Others choose to use a standard freckle cream

use a standard freckle cream -many of which are splendid, Would you like a list of them? I shall be glad to send one if you'll send me a stamped self-addressed envelope.



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Short Cut's Around the House

By Our Readers

ALL of us are on the lookout for suggestions to make our housekeeping easier or our homes brighter. Perhaps you have discovered some short cut that your neighbor doesn't know about. If so, won't you tell us about it? In his column we will print several suggestions every week that some homemaker has found practicable, and wo'd like to pass on your discoveries, too. For all those we can use we will pay \$1. Address the Short Out Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan. Include postage if you wish your manuscript returned if it is not available.

With a Dash of Red Pepper

With a Dash of field repper To kill worms of cabbage and cauliflower, sprin-kie with red pepper while the dew is on the plants. You may need to apply this three or four times during the summer as a rain will wash off some of it. Put the pepper in a large shaker and the task is soon over. There is no need to worry for fear someone will be poisoned when the cabbage is cooked for if some of it does grow into the head as it forms, it will not hurt anyone. Furnas Co., Nebraska. Mrs. S. L. Meyers.

Seasoning With Ham Fat

In many households adults as well as children express a dislike for ham fat. I always fry the fat with the lean and then cut off a generous rim, leaving the lean for the table. The fat is then fried a little longer, diced and used to seeson baked beans. We all like the crisp bits. The fat of boiled ham is run thru the food chep-per and used in mesoning here some such baked water

per and used in seasoning bean soup, baked maca roni, string beans and success, and is mixed with ground meat for meat loaf. This practice adds zest to many foods lacking in flavor. Furnas Co., Nebraska. Mrs. S. Mrs. S. L. Mevers.

Handy Around the Sink

A small vegetable brush, the bristles of which A small vegetable brush, the bristles of which are fastened into a circular piece of wire on a curved handle is the handlest brush I ever have used. It is especially good to clean fruit jars as its shape allows the bristles to get in every corner. Even jars in which meat has been cold packed can be cleaned easily and quickly without soaking Bling Chunty Mrs. Alar Trying Biley County. Mrs. Alex Irvine 1

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Dainty for Warm Weather



2468—Attractive Dress with Gath ered Flounce. Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure.
2403—Becoming Style with Circular Flounce. Figured georgette crepe is suggested for this stunning frock. Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure.
2363—Youthful Center-Front Closing made with a mannish notched collar mannish notched collar in the pattern. Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, and 42 inches bust measure.
2473—Suspender Frock. Sport frocks featuring the suspender skirt have taking the sust measure.
2363—Attractive Apron. Sizes small.
2384—Attractive Apron. Sizes small.</l

PILLOW slips like these will add a note of cheer to your bedroom. They are all the more pleasing because little time is required to make the sim-ple basket design used to decorate

Women's Service Corner

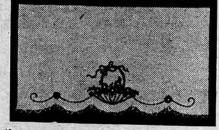
Our Service Corner is conducted for the urpose of helping our readers solve their usaling problems. The editor is glad to nawer your questions concerning house-esping, home making, entertaining, cook-ng, sewing, beauty, and so on. Send a solf addressed, stamped envelope to the Vomen's Service Corner, Kansas Farmer and a personal reply will be given.

Pickled Beans

Please give me a recipe for sweet pickled green beans.-- A Reader.

I have trouble with jars breaking in my pressure cooker, and do not see why they should for I am careful not to fill them too full and always have my jars hot when I fill them, and Isfollow canning directions carefully. Can you suggest what the trouble might be?—Mrs. G. H. J.

might be?-Mis. G. H. J. A new Government bulletin on can-ming gives the following reasons for the breakage of jars: Overpacking the jars. Corn, pump-hin, peas, lima beans and sweet po-tatoes swell or expant in processing. Do not fill the jars quite full of these groducts. Placing the cold jars in hot water, r vice versa. As soon as the jars are being the minmediately in the canner.



Please give me a recipe for sweet pickled
Freen beans. —A Reader.
I am glad to give you this recipe for pickled beans. Select small uniform size green string beans. Wash, string and cook until tender. Fill sterlized jars with hot beans. To 1 quart of vinegar add 1 cup brown sugar and boil rapidly 5 minutes. Pour boiling vinegar over beans and seal.
Her Jars Break in Canning
L have trouble with jars breaking in my

Precaution for the Fourth

A. L. POTTER, Montgomery county, it writes: "At this season, I think it would be wise for you to warn your readers about the danger in the 'spit devils,' and 'devils on the walk,' which so many children are exploding now. They are a deadly poison if put into the month unless prompt relief is obtained. They should be kept out of the reach of small children."

An American woman who has just returned from Russia says it took her more than three years to get out, and she considers it time well spent.



OLT LIGHT in your home when your neighbors call adds its greeting to yours. Its silent welcome is as warm as yours.

Today more than 125,000 farm homes glow with the welcome of Colt Light. Twentyfive years of use have proved it the most practical farm light plant. Your home, too, can help you welcome your friends and neighbors, if you will install Colt Light.

The cost of a Colt Light plant is little in comparison with the convenience and

comfort it brings you. There is nothing to get out of order. An average of two or three fillings of Union Carbide and water each year is all the attention it requires. Colt Light is sunlight, man-made from carbide gas.

13

Union Carbide for use in the big two hundred pound capacity Colt Light plant is sold direct to the consumer at factory prices. One of the 175 Union Carbide Sales Company warehouses is located near you. Union Carbide is always uniform. World's best quality. Highest gas yield. It is always packed in blue-and-gray drums.

Write to the nearest branch for the new free book "Daylight 24 Hours a Day" J. B. COLT COMPANY

Kansas City, Mo. 716 N.Y. Life Bldg. attanooga, Tenn. 6th & Market Sts. San Francisco, Cal. 8th & Brannan Sto



New York, N.Y. 30 East 42d St. Rochester, N.Y. 31 Exchange St. Chicago, Ill. 1001 Monadnock Block

Colt light is sunlight"



Why Not Try Your Luck at a Puzzle?

USED to be my daddy's pet. But since he's got a radio set, He looks at me as black as sin, And just sits there a tunin' in.

He'd laugh when I'd tell him a story, But if I whisper now, by gory; He'll stamp and yell, "By the tarna-tion!"

"You've made me lose a DX station."

From supper 'til it's time for bed, No laugh is heard, no word is said. Dad's turnin' dials and pushin' plugs, And I sure think that he's gone bugs.

used to get a plunk a week But now he needs a new grid leek. Or some fool doo-dang for his set, And gero stands for what I get.

My life was once a glad sweet song, Since dad's gone nuts I'm sure in

wrong. And I agree with ma, you know, When she says, "darn the radio."

-Lillian Candler.

Small Nephew: Tell us about the Small Nepnew: Ten us about the time you were frozen to death at the North Pole, Uncle Jack. Small Niece: No, Uncle Jack, please tell us about the time you were killed

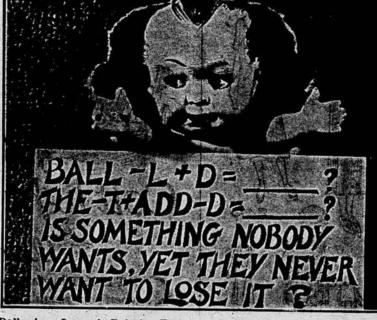
by the Indians.

What Bird is This? · PUT-TOGETHERS



You'll never know what bird is con-

cealed in this puzzle if you don't cut



Ball minus I. equals Bal plus D equals Bald. Can you work the next line out by yourself? That's the way to find the answer to this riddle. Send your answer to Leona Stahl, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan. There will be a pack-age of postcards each for the first 10 boys and girls sending correct answers.

Stahl, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kah. There will be a package of postcards each for the first 10 boys or girls sending correct answers.

Rides and Drives a Cow

I am 14 years old and in the seventh grade. I have 1 mile to go to school. For pets I have a dog. He will watch the gates while I unload a load of feed. Whenever he hears us get the milk pails he always goes and gets the cows in for us. He will ride on the car fender, too. I have a cow I can ride and drive to a cart. I can go wherever I want to on her. wherever I want to on her. Sylvan Grove, Kan. V. F. Stuve.

· Word-Square Puzzle

read the same across the columns as read the same across the columns as down the columns. The definitions of the words to be supplied are given be-low the dashes. There will be a sur-prise gift each for the first 10 boys or girls sending correct answers. Ad-dress Leona Stahl, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan.

We Hear From Gladys

I am 13 years old and in the sixth rade. I live 2 miles from school. There were 18 pupils in our school last term. I have two sisters and two brothers. One sister is married and one brother is in the hospital at Topeka. The other sister and brother are twins. I read all the letters in the Kansas Farmer. "Gladys Richmond. Onaga, Kan.

Zampy and Billy are Pets

1. A crowd of people. 2. A South grade. I have two brothers and four

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sisters. My pets are two dogs and two cats. The dogs' names are Zampy and Billy and the cats' names are Glorya and Snowball. I like to ride horses. Busheng, Kan. Oralee Howley.

Ruth Has a Shetland Pony

I enjoy the boys' and girls' page very much. I live 1 mile from town. I am 12 years old and in the seventh grade. I have a little Shetland pony. I call her Babe. I have one brother and three sisters. I would like to have some boy or girl my age write to me. Dighton, Kan. Ruth Toadwine.

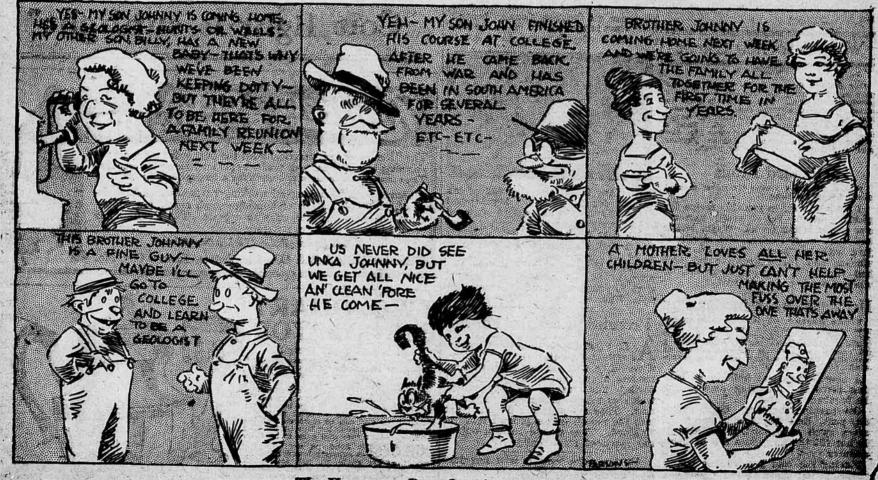
To Keep You Guessing

Why do white sheep eat more than black ones? Because there are more of them.

of them. Why is a generous man like a num-ber twelve shoe? Because he has a large soul (sole). My first makes company, My second shuns company, My third assembles company, My whole puzzles company. Conun-drum.

drum.





The Hoovers-Broadcasting the News

the pieces out and paste them together. African plant. 3. Bows. 4. A deed or When you have found what bird an action. it is, send your answer to Leona The problem is to fill the above Stahl, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan. rows of dashes with words which will

In a change of health officers that recently took place in a Kansas com-munity the fact came to light that the health officer received a salary of \$3,600 a year, and yet was not re-quired to look after sick people who were too poor to pay for a doctor-this work was done by a "county physician" on a contract basis.

physician" on a contract basis. This discovery gave some of the folks quite a turn. No wonder taxes are high. What do we pay this man for, anyway? What does a "health officer" do if not look after the sick? Some of these questions came to me, and I want the questioners to know that I give them all sympathy. It does look outrageous, at first, but not when look outrageous, at first, but not when you look ikto the matter quite thoroly and discover that the business of a health officer is to maintain his community in a good state of health by keeping sickness away, not by curing after sickness has you in its clutches. One man cannot do both jobs. They don't mix; and the health officer has his hands full with his own work.

and the disease has become a rarity. When diphtheria came it used to run wild and attack family after family: Now the health officer nips it in the bud. Quarantine formerly was a very haphazard matter. Now the health officer controls it in a fair, impartial officer controls it in a fair, impartial way, and everyone gets a square deal. There are a lot of details about the health officer's work. He advises about the sewerage as well as the water, promotes good sanitary rules in every business, answers all manner of questions, and sees that births and deaths are registered. He is a very busy man. No wise person will spoil his efficiency by heaping more work upon him than he is able to do well.

See an Ear Specialist

15:00

Is there any hope of benefit or cure for a firl 17 years old, weight 112 pounds, height feet 4 inches, who is losing her hearing 7 the could notice it a little four years ago, but a year ago last winter the had influensa and has been growing worse slowly since. Dees not sleep good, and is troubled with headache a great deal. S. R.

She has middle ear catarrh, which is very difficult to cure. It is doubt-ful if she will recover much of the lost rul if she will recover much of the lost bearing, but a skillful ear specialist should be able to help her vretain what remains. If she has large tonsils or adenoids, as is often the case in such troubles, they should be removed. Any deformities of the nose should be corrected. middle ear sometimes is helpful. It is all work for the ear specialist.

Probably is Bright's Disease

Please advise what is the cause, effect and cure for a continual discharge of albumen in the urine. L. M. K.

In the urine. L. M. K. Continued albumen in the urine in appreciable quantities usually means Bright's disease. How do you know that it is albumen? The deposits that you see with the eye are more likely to be mucous or a mineral precipitate.

Operation Not Necessary?

F. W.: At 40 years old an operation that removed the uterus probably would bring on an early menopause, tho the doctor might leave some ovarian tissue to check it. There would be no pos-sibility of pregnancy afterward. I think the malposition of the uterus in your case probably can be remedied without its removal.

Teeth Will Come Soon

My baby is 14 months old and has not a single tooth. She seems healthy. Ought the to have medicine? F. L. D. No. Delayed dentition is not un. The same amount will be available for usual, and is no cause for alarm in a other breeds if the state associations vigorous, healthy child. Her teeth appropriate \$50 apiece. will come in good time.

They Pay for Protein

For the week which ended June 20. For the week which ended June 20, millers paid on the Minneapolis market A cents more for 12½ per cent No, 1 dark Northern wheat than they did for the same grade of 12 per cent wotein. At the same time they paid cents more for 13 per cent wheat. During that same week the premium

Why Have Health Officers for 13 per cent protein in No. 2 hard BY DR. CHARLES H. LERRIGO tents over the same grade of 12½ per cent wheat.

cent wheat. Similar premiums for high protein wheat will be available for the pres-ent crop. But if the grain is sold at the local elevator without a protein test no premium will be paid. The farmers must take the initiative in having the protein determined and then insist on the higher price in accordance with the analysis.

Close Breeding Project

The Holstein co-operative breeding project started in Bourbon county five years ago will be closed when the second consignment of cattle is sold this fall. The first lot of more than 100 head was auctioned June 15. The company was formed on the Pettis county plan, developed by C. M. Long when he was agricultural agent for the Missouri county. It involved the organization of a stock company to purchase cows which would be kept, together with their female increase, for five years by stock-owning farm-ers. Ownership of the original cows remained in the company, and farmers his hands full with his own work. Before we had health officers ty-phoid fever was one of the commonest diseases. Now the health officer looks after our food and water supplies, gives free vaccination against typhoid, were to be- sold at a time which end the disease has become a rarity. female increase, original cows and such bull calves as might be on hand were to be sold at auction at the close from original cows, were to be di-vided equally between caretakers and the stockholders.

Final results in the Bourbon county venture will be similar to those in Lyon county and in Pettis county, Missouri. The project wherever tried has stimulated the dairy business and halmed to distribute good broading helped to distribute good breeding stock, but as a financial venture it has failed. The Bourbon county company will return a little more of the original investment, possibly, than the other two.

other two. The company was capitalized at \$50,000 and spent \$47,250 for cows and bulls. About 90 cows were pur-chused. Some of these were old when bought, and as a result there has been a rather high mortality, probably 50 per cent, among the company cows. In this case, as in the others, the increase failed to meet the advance estimate. At the time of the first sale officials of the company estimated there were 225 cattle including bulls, 130 heifer increase and the remaining original cows. COW8.

No records are available on the number of increase of the two sexes, the losses of original cows from different losses of original cows from different causes and the losses of calves. This has been the experience of other com-panies. Evidently no funds were pro-vided for keeping records, and in every case the secretaryship has been shifted several times. Nobody has been suf-ficiently interested to keep the statis-tica. tics.

Bait for Kansas Herds

In an effort to lure more Kansas dairy cattle to shows, the two state fairs are offering county herd prizes. These exhibits must be made up from at least three different herds and must contain one bull 0 more call an additional at least three different herds and must contain one bull 2 years old or older. one bull under 2 years, two cows 3 years old or older, one 2-year-old cow, one senior yearling heifer, one junior yearling heifer and one senior heifer calf. These individuals will, if en-tered, be eligible to compete in the open classes open classes.

Herd prizes at Hutchinson will total Herd prizes at Hutchinson will total \$160 for Guernseys, Jerseys and Ayr-shires. while \$220 will be offered for Holsteins. The increase in Holstein money was made by the breed asso-ciation. Prizes for Holsteins at To-peka will total \$150, a third of which is offered by the breed association. The same amount will be excitable for

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dg., 1147 N. 111. St.

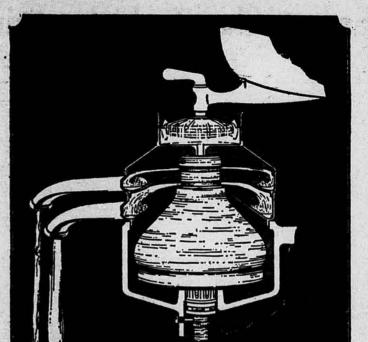
A Plea for Peace

Clarence Darrow is going to defend the Tennessee school teacher arrested for teaching evolution, and we hope for everybody's peace of mind that Clarence and WJB don't get into an argument. This is merely a plea for peace.

Spring plowing usually makes a poor seedbed for Sweet clover.









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RELIABLE ADVERTISING

BELIABLE ADVERTISING We believe that all classified advertise-ments in this paper are reliable and we ex-ercise the utmost care in accepting this class of advertising. However, as practi-cally everything advertised has no fixed market value and opinions as to worth vary, we cannot guarantee satisfaction, nor include classified advertisements within the guar-anty on Display Advertisements. In caas-of honest dispute we will endeavor to bring about a satisfactory adjustment between buyer and seller. Just we will not attempt to settle disputes where the parties have villfied each other before appealing to us.

AGENTS

SALESMET WANTED: WE NEED SEV-eral hustling salesmen, prefer men with cars. Liberal terms, weekly payments, steady employment. Ottawa Star Nurseries, Ottawa, Kan.

Ottawa Kan. AGENTS-WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLES. Sell Madison "Better-Made" Shirts for large manufacturer direct to wearer. No capital or experience required. Many earn 100 weekly and bonus. Madison Corpora-tion, 566 Broadway, New York. FREE TRIP TO CALIFORNIA. GET three good, responsible farmers to go with you to inspect California state-ap-proved lands. Opportunity for one good man in each community to join largest land-selling organization in U. S. Write for details. Herman Janss, 1229 Transporta-tion Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

SERVICES OFFERED

PLEATING, HEMSTITCHING J. Mercer, 800 Topeka Blvd. BUTTONS. Mrs. M. J. Topeka, Kan

TOBACCO

HOMESPUN TOBACCO, CHEWING 5 LBS. \$1.50; 10-\$2.50. Smoking 5-\$1.25; 10-\$2. Mild 10-\$1.50. Pay when received. F. Gup-ton, Bardwell, Kentucky. HOMESPUN TOBACCO: CHEWING, FIVE pounds \$1.56; ten, \$2.50. Smoking, five pounds, \$1.25; ten, \$2.00. Pipe free, pay when received. Satisfaction guaranteed. Co-Operative Tobacco Growers, Maxons Mill. Kentucky.

pounds \$1.50; pounds, \$1.25; when received. Co-Operative Mill, Kentucky. Co-U MIII,

CORN HARVESTER

RICH MAN'S CORN HARVESTER, POOR man's price-only \$25.00 with bundle ty-ing attachment. Free catalog showing pic-tures of harvester. Box 528, Salina, Kan.

PATENT ATTOBNETS

PATENTS, BOOKLET AND ADVICE FREE Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, 644 G Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

DOGS

FOR SALE: COACH PUPS. WRITE ME. R. R. Hageman, Logan, Kan. 74 IRISH WOLF AND GREYHOUND PUPS. George Laws, Hartford, Kan. PUPS FROM GOOD STRAIN OF COYOTE dogs, Thos. Clair, Lewis, Kan.

FOR SALE: IRISH SETTER PUPPIES. Write for prices. C. E. Knoeppel, Colony,

FOR SALE: BLACK AND TAN RAT TER-rier puppies, cheap. Round Hill Farm, Selma, Kan.

SHEPHERD PUPS FROM GOOD STOCK dogs. Males \$5.00. J. M. Zimmerman, Rarper, Kan. COLLIES, BLACK SHEPHERDS, BROWN English Shepherd puppies. E. A. Ricketts,

RINGAIG, KAR. B R A UTIFUL COLLIES, SHEPHERDS, Fox Terrier pupples. Maxmeadow Ken-nels. Clav Center, Neb. Kincaid, Kan

nels. Clav Center, Neb. FOR SALE: FRENCH POODLE PUPS, dandies, males five dollars, females three. Will Long. Burlington, Kan. FEDIGREED WHITE COLLIE PUPS, \$15 to \$50, and pure bred sable and white Collie pups \$3 to \$10 each.O. D. Nelson, Merriam, Ks.

SEEDS, PLANTS AND NURSERY STOCK ALFALFA SEED, \$6.75 BUSHEL. BAGS free. Send for samples. Solomon Seed Co., Solomon, Kan.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR FOP Corn. Send samples. How much have you? Hayes Seed House, Topeka, Kan. WANTED: ENGLISH BLUE GRASS SEED, stripped Kentucky Blue Grass seed and rood gaulity alfaifa. Mitchelhill Seed Co., St. Joseph, Mo.

PET STOCK

CANARIES WANTED: FEMALES FROM everywhere. Write Missouri Squab Co., St. Louis, Mo.

STRAYED NOTICE

TAKEN UP BY J. R. VEAL, DIAMOND Springs, Kan., on February 22, one sorrel horse with white spet in forehead, weight about 1050.

MACHINERY-FOR GALE OR TRADE CASE TRACTOR, STEEL .SEPARATOR and plows. Bargain. V. E. Hubble, Stock-

EXTENSION FEEDERS, FOURTEEN feet, \$46.00. Stewart Self Feeders, Spring-field, Mo.

TWO TON DODGE GRAHAM TRUCK, ready to go, \$475.00. Clark's Machine Shep, function City, Kan, FOR SALE: ONE 15-30 HART PARR TRAC-tor, 1923, new, never been used. Bayer Bross. Leavenworth, Kan. FOR SALE CHEAP: RUMELY 25, CASE 20, Case 18 steamers; Minneapolis 32x56, Case 35x60 separators. E. Hyatt, Hazelton, Kan.

FOR SALE OR TRADE: LARGE GAS threshing outfit; also steam suifit and two large trucks. Excellent condition. W. E. King, Byers, Kan.

King, Byers, Kan. FOR SALE: ALL SIZES OIL PULL TRAC-tors and separators; also bargains in steam outfits. Write for prices. Wakefield Motor Co., Wakefield, Kan. NEW AND USED TRACTORS, SEP.:RA-tors, Plows, Steam Engines. Belting and all steel saw mills kept in stock for demon-stration. Write for big list. Will Hey, Baldwin, Kan. FOR SALE OR TRADE: CASE COMPOUND twenty horse steam engine, Rumely sep-

FOR BALE OR TRADE: CASE COMPOUND twenty horse steam engine, Rumely sep-arator 36x56, also belts and water tank. Practically ready for use. A. J. Kearney, Route 16, Tecumsch, Kan. Topeka phone Rural 119 K 1.

Rural 14, Tecumsen, Kan. Topeka phone Rural 145 K I. WE HAVE SOME REAL BARGAINS IN new and used machinery in good shape ready to go to work. 30-60 Rumely Oil Pull, 15-36 Rumely Oil Pull, 12-26 Waterioo Boy, 22-36 Rumely Oil Pull, 12-26 Waterioo Boy, 22-36 Rumely Steel separator, 4 new Whirlwind ensilage cutters, 1 Appleton 18 inch ensilage cutter, 1 No. 3 Bowsher mill, one 12 inch Burr Letz grinder. Several two, three and four bottom tractor plows, one 6 bottom tractor plow, 5 bottom disc plow, 4 bottom disc plow. We have a complete stock of new and used Waterioo Boy tractor re-pairs. Following in fair shape; 16 H. P. Reeves steamer, 36 H. P. Raiman steamer, 32 in. Case steel separator, two Waterioo Boy tractors. Grees Bros., Lawrence, Kan.

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TRIAL ORDER: SEND ROLL AND 150 for six beautiful. Glossitone prints. Fast service. Day Night Studio, Sedalis, Mo. PRINTS THAT LAST A LIFETIME-olear and sharp; gloesy Velox paper; trial roll of 5 prints, any size 25c. Runner Film Co., Northeast Station. Kansas City, Mo. TRIAL OFFER: YOUR FIRST ROLL OF film developed, 6 High Gloss prints and an enlargement from the best negative, 25c (silver). Peerless Photo Co., Charles City, Iowa.

MISCHLANEOUS

VEIL MATERNITY HOSPITAL AND BABY home caring for unfortunate young women before and during confinement. Private, ethi-cal, homelike. 2005 East 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.

City, Mo. GOVERNMENT CANVAS COVERS 12 FT. x 16 FT., new well ropss-\$11.25. Pyramidal tents, 16x16, serviceable, used, \$30. Send check as deposit with order. We pay carry-ing charges. Shipments by P. P. or freight C. O. D. Covers and tents guaranteed sat-isfactory or money returned. Surplus Sales Co., \$05 E. Commerce St., San Antonio, Tex.

POULTRY

Poultry Advertisors: Be cure to state on your order the heading under which you want pour advertisors of rank of advertising more than one product unless the described for stated on order.

BABY CHICKS

BABY ORHUES BPECIAL SALE: \$30 CHICKS \$10 PER 100. Colweil Hatchery, Smith Center, Kan. CHICKS: 7c UP. 15 VARIETIES, POST-paid. Catalog free. Missouri Chickeries, Box 644, Clinton, Mo. ACCREDITED CHICKS: LEGHORNS \$9: large breed. \$10.50. Jenkins Accredited Hatchery, Jeweil, Kan. JULY CHICKS: LEGHORNS \$7.56: ROCKS, Reds. Orpingtons \$8.50; White Langshans, Wyandottes \$9.50. Postpaid. Ideal Hatchery, Eskridge, Kan. BABY CHICKS: ROCKS, REDS, ORPING-tons, Wyandottes, Leghorns, Large breeds \$c, small 8c. Postpaid. Ivy Vine Hatchery, Floyd Bozarth, Manaser, Maple Hill, Kan. **QUALITY CHICKS: POSTPAID. 100 LEG-**horns, large assorted, \$1. Catalogue. Missouri Poultry Farms, Columbia, Mo. SUPERIOR QUALITY BABY CHICKS: Fourteen purcherd leading varieties from selected stock. Large breeds \$11.00 per 100. Leghorns and Anconas \$10.00 % live de-livery. Catalog free. The Tudor Hatchery, Dept. W., Topeka, Kan. BEST WHITE LEGHORN CHICKS, 288 to

Hvery. Cathog Free. The Judy Hadder Activity.
Dept. M., Topeka, Kan.
BEST WHITE LEGHORN CHICKS, 288 to 335 erg lines, 100-58.00; Rhode Island Reda, Barred Rocks or Buff Orpingtons, 100-59.00; Assorted chicks 100-87.00, Guar-anteed live delivery postpaid. Catalog free.
Bhinn Poultry Farm, Box 106, Greentop, Mo.
CHICKS; PRICES SLASHED. LEGHORNS 8c, 500-539.00. Anconas. Reds. Barred Rocks 9c, 500-544.00. White. Buff Rocks, Black Minorcas. Rose Reds. Buff Orping-tons, White Wyandottes, Sliver Wyandottes 10c, 500-547.00. Assorted Tc. Order direct.
BunFLOWER CHICKS. 300 EGG LIN E Bush's Poultry Farms, Dpt. K4, Clinton, Mo. SUNFLOWER CHICKS. 800 EGG LINE White Leghorns, Reds, Barred Rocks, White Rocks, 10c; White Wyandottes, 11c. From state accredited flocks. Fure bred quality chicks. Free circular. We specialize on the best business breeds. Get our free premium offer. Sunflower Farms, Brenson, Ks.

Crops Are "Stepping Out!" Corn Has Done Especially Well Most Places in

the Last Week

been making an excellent growth. The second cutting of alfalfa will be much larger than the first. It also is pos-sible that the state yield of wheat will exceed the June 1 estimate of 84 milion bushels.

Allen--We are having fine growing weath-er for crops. Chinch bugs were numerous in the oats. There is a large acreage of kafir here. Pastures are in excellent condition. Hogs are scarce. There will be a fair crop of fruit. A drive is being made to free the county from bovine T. B. Milk, 4 per cent, \$2; eggs, 24c; hens, 18c; fries, 25c.-T. E. Whitlow.

Boarbon-We still are having a good many showers. Harvest is in Tull swing. Corn looks like a bumper crop. Pastures and prairie hay are doing well. Corn, \$1; prairie hay, \$5 to \$10; alfalfa, \$15 to \$25; milk, \$2.05; eggs, 22c.-Robert Creamer.

32.05; egg, 32c.—Robert Creamer. Butler—We have had a good rain here, which delayed harvest some. Wheat is not making very large yields, but it of good quality. The cats crop is fine. Alfalfa As being cut the second time. Corn is doing very well, althe Chinch bugs are holding it back in places. There is plenty of work for everyone these days. Wheat, \$1.50; cats, 45c; corn, \$1; eggs, \$2c; cream, 35c.—Jacob Dieck.

Dieck. Cherekee-We are having ideal weather for growing crops. Almost all the grain is in the shock, and some farmers are stack-ing it. Plums and peaches have produced a fine crop, and gardens are doing well. Eggs. 23c; fries, 36c; butterfat, 36c.-L. a Eggs, Smyres.

Smyres. Cloud—We have had an abundance of rain, which is fine on growing crops and pastures, but is delaying harvest. The oats crop is light. Corn is doing fine. Stock is putting on lots of fat.—W, H. Plumly. Deuglas—There has been a great deal of rain here; crops are growing well and the soil is in fine condition for summer plowing. Farmers are very busy with wheat and oats harvest, corn cultivation and alfalfa cutting. Wild googeberries are plentiful.—Mrs. G. L. Gienn. Glenn

Glenn. Edwards-Harvest is in full swing. Com-bines are running and a few threshing ma-chines have started. Wheat is making from to 20 bushels an acre; most of the fields will average from 8 to 12. Corn is doing well, but it needs a good general rain. There is plenty of harvest help. Wheat; 14.2; corn. 55c; kafir, 90c; eggs, 22c; cream, 38c.-W. E. Fravel.

Ellis-We have had some good rains re-cently, which have helped crops greatly. Folks are busy in harvest; wheat probably will average about 5 bushes an acre. Hot winds have damaged barley. -- William Grabbe.

Grandow. Ford—Corn is doing welt, but a good gen-eral rain would help it. Oats made a fairly good crop. The yield of wheat from the combines is disappointing. Grass is rather dry. Bugs did considerable damage to the potatoes. Wheat, §1.45; eggs, 21c; corn. 90c; oats, 60c; cream, \$66.—John Zurbuchen. Goors and Sheridan—We have had a few

and the set of the set o

Lis. Bortha Bell Whitelaw. Lincoln—Wheat harvest is in "full blast;" the crop is light, and this also is true with onts. There is a good stand of corn, but this is not true with feed crops. All crops need rain. There are many reports of Chinch bugs.—E. J. G. Wacker.

Lian-We are having favorable growing weather for crops. Corn is making a good BABY CHICKS

CHICKS: LEGHORNS 109-58; BARRED Rocks, Reds, Anconas, \$9, 10 other varie-ties. Free catalog. Booth farms, Box 744, Clinton, Mo.

ORPINGTONS

BUY BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERELS now. Save dollars. Owen strain Hoganized stock. March and April hatch, \$1.25. Donald Lockhart. Elk Falls,-Kan.

LEGHORNS

ENGLISH S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS. Husky March hatched cockerels, 75c each. Spring Vale Poultry Farm, Leon. Kan. IMPORTED ENGLISH BARRON HIGHEST egg pedigreed bloed lines S. C. W. Leg-horns. Trapnest record 303 eggs. Chicks. Eggs guaranteed. Gee. Patterson, Rich-lard, Kan.

POULTRY PRODUCTS WANTED TOUR SURPLUS FOULTRY WANTED BY "The Copes." Topeks, Kan. PREMIUM PRICES PAID FOR SELECT market eggs and poultry. Get our quo-tations now. Premium Foultry Froducts Company, Topeks,

CROPS have been doing very well growth. Onts produced an average crop. in the last few days over the stock is doing well on pastures, which have eastern two-thirds of the state, and in some communities farther west, but in others rain is needed. Corn has been making an excellent growth. The Clinesmith.

Linesmith. Lyon-Wheat and oats did very well here on most fields. Threshing has started; si-most all the dats will be threshed from the shock. The second crop of alfalfa is being cut. There has been plenty of rain; pastures are in good condities, and stock is doing well. Eggs, 32c and 37c; butter, 35c.-E. R. Griffith.

Griffith. Morris-A general rain here a few days ago helped growing conditions greatly. Crops are growing rapidly. Harvast is in full swing; there is a considerable variation in wheat yields, from nothing to 25 Sushels an acre, with an average of pethaps 13. Most cats fields made a good crop. Chinch bugs are numerous some places, and many farmers are using barriers.-J. R. Henry.

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terfat, 36c; hens, 14c to 17c.-Mfs. E. J. Killion. Bush-We have had some local showers but a good general rain is needed. Much of the wheat is harvested; quite a bit of it is of poor quality, with yields of perhaps 7 bushely an acre. Wheat, \$125; eggs, 25c; butterfat, 35c.-William Crotiager. Sedgwick-We had a 4-inch rain some time ago, and all growing crops are is fine condition. Corn is being laid by, and the prospects are fine for a good crop. Harvest-ing is done, and the threshing machines are at work. Wheat is producing from 10 to 15 bushels an acre, and the quality is fair. Stdam grass is making a raink growth. Live-stock is in fine condition. There are quite a few grasshoppers. Wheat, \$1:32; bats, 45c; corn, \$8c; eggs, 23c; butterfat, 58c,-W. J. Roof.

Roof. Sherman-Much of the wheat, rye and barley will make record yields of from 30 to 30 bushels an acre. Where the crop was sown on stubble, or otherwise "deviled in." it will be much lighter. All row crops are in good condition, but in some cases the stands are not very good on account of frost and heavy rains. Pastures are in excellent con-dition, but on some there is not enough stock to eat the grass. Newly sown alfalfs did not make a good "catch" in most fields; I have sown a second time. Gardens are do-ing well; broilers are ready for market; eggs are plentiful.-J. B. Moore.

Trego-We have had a few local rains. Farmers are busy harvesting; some of the wheat is good, but many of the fields will make but a low yield. Corn and feed brops are growing slowly. Pastures are rather short. Cream, 35c; eggs, 21c.-Charles N. Duncan. Duncan.

Switch Button Farming

An increasing number of Pawnee county farmers are turning to switch and push button farming. Under this-system the farmer or his wife merely turns a switch or pushes a button to get part of the work done. According to the Larned Tiller and Toiler there were 28 rural high line customers of the United Power and Light Corpora-tion, 25 or more of the Larned municipal plant and 92 who had individual plants of one make up to the close of winter. Figures on rural electric users in Pawnee county are made obselete every few days because customers are constantly being added to the high lines and dealers are installing individual plants. The United Power and Light Cor-

poration has 80 miles of high lines in the county. Forty of this mileage is in the Pawnee Valley. Electricity is used extensively in pumping irrigation water, especially for sugar beets.

A New York alderman thinks there is more crime when the moon is full. But it has been our observation, especially on our infrequent trips to Kan-sas City, that there is more trime when the man is fuil.

Folks who build homes wonder how the birds manage to do it with so little effort.

The kind of economy which every-one favors is that which does not keep 'im from getting what he wants.

The Real Estate Market Page There are 6 other Capper Publications are also widely used for real estate an advertising rates on these papers. Special	RATE For Real Estate Advertisin on This Page 50c a line per issue that reach over 2,302,000 families discount given when used in combi
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REAL ESTATE	ARKANSAS
ATTENTION, Farm Buyers, anywhere. Deal direct with ownors. List of farm bargains free. E. Gross, North Topeka, Kan.	IMP. 59 ACRES; stock, poultry, im All \$1,500 terms, rich soil, 2½ Many bargains. Wilks, Mtn. Home,
OWN A FARM in Minnesota, Dakota, Mon- tana, Idaho, Washington or Oregon. Crop payment or easy terms. Free literature; mention state. H. W. Byerly, 81 Northern Pacific Ry., 54. Paul, Minnesota.	40 ACRES, good improvements, s bottom land in alfalfa, fine timb to school and church. Price \$4 terms, other bargains, Baker I Mountain Home, Arkansas.
DO YOU KNOW	FLORIDA
Someone Somewhere wants to buy your farm. We have found that some one for many Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska and Iowa farmers. Do you want us to find that some- one for you? Vernon Noble & Co., Real	FLORIDA Land Wanted. Send full tion and cash price in first letter. Loan & Realty Co., 820 Kan. Ave., To
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near-village rarm only \$850	near Fresno. Can purchase on 20-ye Rare opportunity. Herman Jan Transportation Bidg., Chicago, Illi
40 Acres, Stock, Crops, Tools Independence and healthful abundant live	LOUISIANA
ing assured; good markets, friendly neigh- bors; loamy fields for grain, vegetables, fruit and poultry; wire fences, timberlot, well-	ATTENTION FARMERS 200 choice farms for sale or rent

Bors; loamy fields for grain, vegetables, fruit and poultry; wire fences, timberlot, well-located cottage home, barn. To close quickly, 1850 gets it, pair horses, cow, machinery, vehicles, crops, etc., thrown in. Your big opportunity, don't miss it. Details page 174 Illus. 196 page Catalog farm bargains thruout 24 States. Free, Strout Farm Agency, 831-GP, New York Life Hidg., Kansas City, Mo.

KANSAS

SELL on crop payment plan. Pay % crop \$19 acre. Fine crops. Ely, Garden City, Kan, 100 A. alfalfa, dairy farm on paved road. Im-provements modern, 4 ml. Lawrence \$16,500. Easy terms. Hosford Inv. Co., Lawrence, Ks.

DODGE CITY suburban tracts. 10 acres, shallow water, some timber, 16 tracts for 30 days only, \$125 per acre. Terms to suit. W. V. Brown, Dodge City, Kan.

160 ACRES, 1 mile Peabody on Santa Fe Trail. Good land, 50 acres grass, balance plowed, Good large improvements. \$66 acre, A. B. Mollohan, Peabody, Kun.

78.37 A. Osage County, 3 miles town, Good 4 rm. house, barn, slio and other outbridge, 1 mi, to school, Spring and creek water, Terms. \$90 A. H. P. Betzer, Topeka, Kan. LEVEL HALF SECTION, 6 miles from Colby, one-third of 200 acres of crop goes to purchaser, 6 room house, well, windmill and other buildings, 341 per acre. Reason-able terms. Garvey Land Co., Colby, Kan.

IMPROVED 240 acres, 3½ miles Princeton, Kansas, on main road, good shade; nice home. Only \$55.00 per acre. Easy terms. Write for list, Mansfield Land Company, Ottawa, Kan.

KAW VALLEY 80, 1 ml. town. No bidgs. All cultivable. Sure crop of wheat, corn, al-falfa or potatoes every year insures good return on money invested. Can arrange sat-isfactory terms. H. P. Betzer, Toyeka, Kan.

FOR SALE—1800 acre farm, 1000 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture. Two large houses, sgrain elevator, barns, etc. 5 acres in grove and orchard. 2½ miles to rail-road station. Terms. Inquire of Geo. W. Lemos, Frate, Kan.

JEWETT ESTATE, 19 quarters, Fine land, half in cultivation-2 sets improvements, R.F.D., 10 ml. So. W. of Dighton. 325 per acre to Colony. Single quarters \$4,000 up. Terms

erms. Fred F. Freeman, Realtor, Dighton, Kan. RANCH, 2% sections, Wallace County, Kan, en Smoky Hill, 200 acres fine bottom. Balance fenced pasture. Good barn, old house, Plenty grass, water, shade, alfalfa land. Only \$20. Terms. G. E. Bonebrake, Logan, Kansas

CROPS PAYMENTS - I want a few reliable farmers to work my Kansas and Colorado land. Have \$,000 acres in the wheat and corn bett-1500 acres under cultivation-more to be broke this spring. Will rent or sell a few farms on part crop pay-ments. Write C. E. Mitchem, (Owner); Harvard, Illinois.

CASH DOWN. Balance like rent buys either one of these well improved farms; either one of these well improved farms; either one of these well improved farms; are in Jackson County, Ks. 550 acres near Lawrence in Leavenworth Co. Well improved. Winfer pasture or stock farm not rented must sell, possession now. Write for de-reription. I mean business. W. D. Green, Rolton, Kan.

Holton, Kan.
 326 ACRES well improved farm. Evergreen and elm shaded 7 room house, large barn with tool and cattle sheds adjoining: henvit tool and cattle sheds adjoining: henvit tool and cattle sheds adjoining the shead of the

COLORADO

PROVED Colorado ranches \$3 to \$5 acre. 2 close estate. S. Brown, Florence, Colo. Aeit.

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mplements, mi, Sta. , Ark.

some fine ber, handy 50. Easy Land Co.,

l descrip-Vrooman opeka, Ks.

Farms or nts. C. L. nento, Cal. and am-uip state-liry farm year time, nes, 1229 inels.

terms, located in rich Louisiana Delta. Write Jas. P. Allen, St. Joseph, La.

MISSOURI

INTERESTED in the Ozarks? Your name brings list of bargains. Bx 141, Houston, Mo. POULTRY LAND \$5 down \$5 monthly buys 40 acres Southern Mo. Price \$200. Send for list. Box 22A, Kirkwood, Mo.

160 ACRES, 110 A. cult., 35 A. valley, 6 rm. house, barn. etc., well located. Frice \$3000, terms. Jenkins & Fent, Aya, Mo.

A STEAL! 480 Acres all sheep tight a real stock and sheep ranch. Price \$10 per acre. Terms. Other bargains. Write Williams & Hawkins, Buffalo, Mo., Box 123.

POOR MAN'S CHANCE-\$5 down, \$5 monthly buy forty acres grain, fruit, poultry land, some timber, near town, price \$200. Other bargains. Box 425-0, Carthage, Missouri.

14,000 A. cheap, Benton Co., Mo. choice sec-ond bottom and upland timber, fine pas-ture, good roads, Osage River. Great Dam Lake, largest dam west of Miss. River, 60 miles long, Bagnell to Warsaw. P. H. Coney, Owner, Topeka, Kan, or Warsaw, Mo.

NEW MEXICO

ALFALFA AND COTTON make money in Pecos Valley, New Mexico. All grain crops, vegetables and fruit also do well. Cotton last year made from \$100 to \$150 per acre gross. Land reasonable, easy terms, Some improved farms with buildings. Ample irrigation, long growing season, mild win-ters, congenial neighbors, good roads, up-to-date schools. Write C. L. Sengraves, General Colonisation Agent, Santa Fe By. 974 Ball-way Exchange, Chicago, Ill.

NEW YORK

ONE of best general farms in N. Y. State, Fully equipped. Income \$30 per day Fin-est views. Tractor worked. Price \$25,000 Owner, Lock Box 592, Bainbridge, N. Y.

OREGON

ONE THOUSAND ACRES remaining unsold in our subdivisions; during the last year four hundred families have settled under the Grants Pass Irrigation District. Join this army of home makers where there are no extreme weather conditions, no winds or excessive rainfall; where you can dairy, raise hogs or poultry, and specialize in fruits, nuts and truck gardening; where for our booklet. Chicago Land Company, Grants Pass, Oregon.

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TRADES EVERYWHERE-What Lave you? Big list free. Bersie Agency, Eddorade, Ks.

9 ROOM new modern brick Denver bungalow Trade. Cline, 1759 Stout, Denver, Colo.

BARGAINS-East Kan., West Mo. Farms-Sale or exch. Sewell Land Co., Garnett, Ks. 320 A. hay land, Woodson Co., Kan., near town, Lays well. Trade for land farther north. \$45 per A. Mansfield Co., Topeka, Ks. 3500 ACRE improved Nebraska cattle ra Will trade. Cline, 1759 Steut, Der Colo.

BUSINESS building, stores below, apart. ments above, good substantial property, well located, steady renter. Price \$30,000. Owner farmer wants farm move on. Mans-field Company, Realtors, 1205 Board of Trade Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

WANT TO RENT

WANTED TO RENT farm on shares by ex-perienced farmer. Good reference. Ad-dress B. S., care Kansas Farmer and Mau & Breeze.

WANTED TO RENT-a farm in Western Kansas for half where stock and imple-ments are furnished. Justus F. Biesing, 207 E. Sheridan Ave., Hays, Kan.

Romance on the River BY J. KILMENY KEITH

Twilight on the river as the ships come

sailing by, Filling every grimy booth with tints of wind and sky;

No trumpets sound for them, and no flags are flown, But the little ships returning have a

magic all their own.

Dingy are the battered hulks, warped each smoky breast, All the crews are tired men, seeking

for a rest, Strained with years of voyaging, burned by sun and rain, Hungry for familiar streets, steaming home again.

Who shall hear the tales they tell of

and barges lean To see the shining tapestries they've garnered in the hold magic gold.

desk and pen, But questing after mystery in terds ye may not ken,

up the foam-

shall be their prey, And still Adventure waits for them a

With dreams no man hath captured,

25 Billions of Debt

A survey of real estate mortgage debt made by the National Association of Real Estate Boards brings out that the total mortgage debt of real estate in the United States is a fraction un-der 25 billion dollars, a greater sum der 20 billion dollars, a greater sum than had been generally supposed, and an indebtedness that would have seemed staggering prior to the World War, which set up entirely new stan-dards, however, of what debts could dards, however, of what debts could be sustained. Great as the real estate debt is it is only 4 billions greater than the national debt of the United States. On the other hand, it is twice as great as all the loans and discounts of banks and trust companies in the Federal Reserve System. And what is Federal Reserve System. And what is more, the mortgage debt, instead of being paid off, steadily rises at the rate of about a billion dollars a year.

Farm mortgage debt alone increases at the rate of ¹/₄ billion dollars an-nually. Outside of farms there are 7 million American homes under mortgage. Farm mortgage indebtedness is much

less than city debts; it is reported at about 5½ billions, and the city mort-gage a little under 15 billions. The farmer's interest charge is only about armer's interest charge is only about 300 millions a year, which on a total property valuation of 75 billions is not on its face a heavy charge, when business is fairly good. All told the interest charge against American real estate mortgage dubt is estimated at estate mortgage debt is estimated at 11/2 billion dollars. The annual wealth output of the industries of the coun-try, farms included, is around 60 billions, so the mortgage interest charge does not look alarming. The annual output of wealth-nearly the whole of it, to be sure, consumed during the of it, to be sure, consumed during the year—would wipe out not only, the real estate debt, but the national debt of 21 billions and state and municipal indebtedness on top of that. The fig-ures are colossal, but healthy, the re-port stating that "the availability of mortgage credit has been a mighty factor in the development of the United States."

Scientists in Utica, Tunis, have dug up a pair of dice which are said to be more than 2,000 years old. The news dispatchers fail to state whether they were loaded.

No one, not even the politicians, can clean up this world with soft soap; it requires grit.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

SELL YOUE PROPERTY QUICELY for Cash, no matter where located, p ticulars free. Real Estate Salesman (515 Brownell, Lincoln, Nebracks. an Co., Summer Frock In Blue and White Plaid Check

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Plaid Check Whether you are eight or eighty, or just sweet six-teen, or somewhere in be-tween, you will find this simple frock will suit your style and needs and help ynake the hottest days bear-hble. The frock which you see filustrated is stamped flat for embroidering in the design shown in the picture. It is made in the kimono-sieere, slip - on style, the most popular fashion of the made even by the most is-experienced house dreasmat-experienced house dreasmat-er. All one has to do, is to see wilp the stamped cutting lines this dreas may be made to fit any size from 32 to 44. It is stamped on novely

to fit any size from 32 to 44. It is stamped on novelty platic, checked in blue and white, and is finished off with side belt ties and neck-tie of ribbon which makes it a dress you can slip on and feel comfortable in most any time. Most every one can wear blue too, and you will find this frock will laun-der and look well as long as there is a scrap of it left.

Floss Embroidery Cotton to Complete

uantity of embroidery. Expert designers have worked out for you will great care a color scheme the work sound the the transformed of the transformed of the transformed out for you will great care a color scheme that will result in a finished article of exceptional beauty. SPECIAL OFFER—Seed us only cight one-year

result in a finished article of exceptional beauly. SPECIAL OFFER—Send us only eight one-year subscriptions to Capper's Farmer at 25c and we will send each subscriber Capper's Farmer for one year and will send you the frock as illustrated above together with embroidery material and instructions for working. CAPPER'S FARMER, TOPEKA, KANSAS

Bead Necklace Wouldn't you like to be tickled pink with a string of beads to match your new

of beads to match your new summer dress, or a strand of bright-colored ones to liven up your old outfit? The beads from which this sketch was made are a lovely amber. The 54-inche strand is divided every 2½ inches by large beads sparking with gold dots, and two long bead tassels complete the ends of the necklace. No intricate handwork—all one needs know how to do is to string beads—yet the ef-fect is lovely. Choice of colors: Amber, jet black, gold, red, jade green, or-chid or lavender. Our bead package includes all nee-essary materials: Two bead needles, four bunches of beads, one spool of twist, is large oval beads, and di-rections for making. Com-plote outfit sent postpaid for four one-year subscrip-tions to Capper's Farmer , in subscriptions, What colo CAPPER'S FARMER, TO

in subscriptions. What color shall we send? CAPPER'S FARMER, TOPEKA, KANSAS,

A Frock for Little Sister Adde and will be typer prospective of any stamped and stamped start will be typer week and will be typer week and arms and scalloped hem-and scalloped hem-and and arms the distance of a dress. It is made of flame and white novelty prime will and comes and white novelty prime bis the start of the same and white is and comes and white novelty is worked in yel-low centered white asises: yellow, lav-ender, pink and blues. French knot rolses, the black and white is he dist neck and arms in a for a dress. It is made of flame and white novelty prime the black and white is he dist neck and arms in a for a dress. The flame is worked in yel-low centered white asises: yellow, lav-mile black and white is he dist neck and arms in a for a dress. The flame is worked in yel-base match the black and scalloped hem-ing this list dress is fin-sing the sist of these is working with be sent postpaid of size sent pos



which Estate nation.

lands where they have been? Wharves are all a-quiver now, the

Tossing on the green seas, ploughing

And the gulls go down to meet them as the ships come sailing home.

Strange skies, and strange lands, these

thousand miles away,

and kingdoms yet to win-Oh, Romance rides up the fiver when

the ships come sailing in!

Kansas Ayrshire Breeders The Kansas Ayrshire Club

President, Geo. L. Taylor, Onaga. Vice President, H. H. Hoffman, Abilene. Secretary-Treasurer, J. W. Linn, Manhattan. Directors: David Page, Topeka; G. Fred Williams, Darlow.



18

Big, strong, productive, profitable cows suited to Kansas conditions. Four hundred herds already established. Write for full information concerning the merits of the Ayr-shires and their adaptability to Kansas conditions.

Ayrshire Breeders' Association 12 Center St. Brandon, Vermont

Hillcrest Ayrshire Farm foundation stock from South Farms. A. R. backing. Young buils and heifers for sale. OTTO B. WILLIAMS, NICKERSON, KAN.

AYRSHIRE TYPE AND PRODUCTION made by Cow Testing Asso. Stock for sale. B. E. BANKS, LARNED, KANSAS.

Barton County Ayrshires Checkee six months old bull out of a heavy produc-ing dam and sired by a Jean Armour bull. Beason-able price. F. A. GUNN, GREAT BEND, KAN,

Young Ayrshire Bulls with A. R. records up to 14,300 lbs. milk. ROSCOE C. CHARLES, STAFFORD, KAN.

NORDAYR AYRSHIRES Young buils for sale from high record an-cestors and A. R. dams. Inspection invited O. M. NORBY, CULLISON, KANSAS.

INDIANOLA AYRSHIRE FARM Females trace to Garland Success. Grand-ion of Peter Pan in service. Bulls and heit-ers for sale. E. T. Marper, Augusta, Kan

HIGH PRODUCING AYRSHIRES KING. Stock for sale. Herd federal ac-bredited. E. O. Graper, Eldorado, Kanas.

Coldwater Ayrshires Ayrshires of the Jean Armour and Howies Dairy King strains. Young buils for sale. E. L. LEES, COLDWATER, KANSAS.

Jean Armour Ayrshires Nd at the top. Young buils for sale, Visit us H. L. RINEMART, GREENSBURG, KANSAS.

Campbell's Ayrshires ROBT. P. CAMPBELL, ATTICA, KANSAS.

PETER PAN AYRSHIRES ws with records up to 500 lbs. Foundation stor-m Cossard Estate. Young buils for sale. In-cction invited. CLYDE HORN, Stafford, Kansas.

WOOD HULL AYRSHIRES Foundation stock from the best Eastern herds. All females have records. Win wherever shown. Stock for sale. A. B. WILLIAMS & SONS, Darlew, Ks.

McCLURE AYRSHIRES Howeys Ringmaster and Jean Armour breeding. Type and 'production our aim. Visit us. J. M. McClure, Kingman, Kansas.

Jean Armour Ayrshires We aim to build up one of the best herds to be ound in the west and have made a good start fisitors welcome. Jee B. McCandless, St. John, Ka.

Where War Medals Went

Final survey of the congressional Final survey of the congressional they could fight if necessary." medal of honor, America's highest There is much misunderstanding award for military valor, shows that about the congressional medal of men in the ranks and drafted men honor. It is the highest honor any took the greater share of the honors. American metal of took the greater share of the honors, according to Paul L. Kinkead, writing in a recent issue of Liberty Magazine. "More than half the medals awarded went to privates and corporals," he says. "The number of sergeants who

FAIRFIELD AYRSHIRES: Now offering a few young built calves from Advanced Registry cows. Also a splendid tot of useful quality helfers bred and open, from milk record dama. Grand Champion Advanced Registry sires only. Fairfield Farm, Topeka, Kansas.

60 HEAD IN OUB HERD We offer for sale to reduce our herd yearling and two year old helfers, some of them bred. Also young buils, Write for full information. G. J. BAHNMAIER, LECOMPTON, KANSAS.

JR. HERD BULL for sale. Sired by son of world record cow and has A. R. daughters. Dam first prize 3 yr. old at state fair and daughter of Bob's But-Feorge Cow and the fair and daughter of Bob's But-tercup F.A.R. 19216 milk, 704.95 fat, Priced to sell, JOHN LINN & SONS, MANHATTAN, KANSAS.

Quality Reg. Ayrshires You are invited to visit our Ayrshire herd any time you are invited to visit our Ayrshire herd any suiries promptly answered. Geo. L. Taylor, Onasa, Ka

COB CREEK FARM AYRSHIRES Pioneer herd in Dickinson county and one of the oldest in the state. Ask for prices on foundation stock and young bulls. H. H. Hoffman, Abliene, Ka.

SUNRISE FARM AYRSHIRES ams. Hickory Island and Armour strains. A. H. JURGENS, VALLEY FALLS, KANSAS.

VALLEY POINT STOCK FARM Registered and high grade Arrshires. Three months old buil calf by B. M.'s Commodors and out of an exceptionally high producing cow. 50 based in the berd. T. J. CHARLES, REPUBLIC, KANSAS.

Ravinia Robinhood 5th Our aim is to breed them still better. Few females for sale. A. ABENDSHIEN, TURON, KANSAS.

Willmore Peter Pan 25th was one of the greatest bulls of the breed. One of his best sons heads our herd. Do you want a call by him? L. E. PORTER, STAFFORD, KANSAS.

Cedarvale Ayrshire Herd Champion Kansas state fair 1922. Cows of Alta Orest breeding. FRED WENDELBERG. Statistics

AYRSHIRE COWS AND HEIFERS for sale, with or are daughters of cow with records. Best of breeding. J. F. MUNSON, BURDICK, KANSAS.

NESCOTONGA AYRSBIRE HERD 20th in service. Cows of A. R. breeding. **MENBY BARRETT, PRATT, KANSAS.**

5 SERVICEABLE BULLS JOHN DAGEFORDE, PAOLA, KANSAS

Young Ayrshire Bulls R. W. CUMMINS, PRESCOTT, KANSAS.

Melrose Canary King Brandson of the noted cow CANABY BELL heads our Ayrshires. Young bulls for sale. GEO. M. PICKRELL & SON, Leon, Han.

REVENA ROBIN bred by Gossard estate heads our Ayr-shires. Our stock wins wherever shown. E. H. McCANDLESS, ST. JOHN, KANSAS, bred by

Profitable Ayrshires In business to stay. Bull calves coming on ALVA DUTTON, KINGMAN, KANSAS.

THE ATRSHIRE herds foresented in this section are Kansas herds and the best blood lines of the breed are represented. If interested in Ayrshires don't overlook the herds advertised here.

World War nearly 50 per cent were to drafted men - the boys who became soldiers overnight and proved that

honor. It is the highest honor any American may win, the greatest of three medals for valor authorized by the Government, and the one most zealously guarded by the Army against the inroads of politicians.

went to privates and corporate, the information of pointicians. says. "The number of sergeants who of the hard bolled. To Americans an outstanding fact is that of the 90 awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department awards of the medal of honor in the with the Army and War Department

arrayed against pull and politics, re- then with the sharp motions of one sisting efforts to bestow the medal on who is about to take a final leap, en-men whose claims for it had not come tered one of the well-appointed offices. thru military channels.

The medal may be awarded only for some deed performed outside the line some deed performed outside the line of duty, voluntarily, and without refer-ence to rank. The officer in command must cite the deed, and it must pass thru and be certified to the highest in command in the Army, who may recommend the award of the medal by the President, who confers the decora-tion tion.

Rock Island is Growing

The Rock Island railroad is coming up, its annual report for 1924 showing net earnings for dividends of \$4.36 on with \$1.32 in 1923 and only 96 cents in 1922. President Gorman calculates earnings as \$4.18 a hundred on the property value.

The Rock Island was taken out of the hands of speculators in 1917 and nut thru a drastic reorganization. It has outstanding a fraction under 30 millions only of 7 per cent preferred and 25 millions 6 per cent preferred stock and a little less than 75 millions of common, or about 129 millions of stock in all and 240 millions of stock in all, and 240 millions of bonds. Its capitalization of 368 million dollars is close to the valuation of the prop-erty by the Interstate Commerce Commission, which is 373 millions for physical property and 398 millions (up to 1922) for all property. As no (up to 1922) for all property. As no dividends have been paid on the com-mon stock since the reorganisation eight years ago the earnings have gone into surplus, which is now about 30 million dollars. The Rock Island is therefore worth about 425 million dollars at this time. It is conserva-tively and economically managed to give good service. give good service.

Western railroads are asking for higher rates, while farmers and stockmen are asking lower. But such re-ports as these of the Rock Island go to show that there is no fixed relation to show that there is no fixed relation between enrnings or prosperity of these railroads and rates. On practi-cally identical rates the Rock Island earned less than \$1 a share on its common stock in 1922, only \$1.32 in 1923 and \$4.36 in 1924. Earnings or prosperity of the railroads depend mostly on management and general conditions.

Guard Units Justify Cost

An Indiana man goes so far as to howl in the Indianapolis Star because

howl in the Indianapolis Star because the battery at his town of Noblesville costs money, for rent of an armory, for the pay of the boys and their offi-cers, and for the care of the horses of the battery. It is the same old Tory cry, the cost of the army. But when war comes then the Tories howl the loudest for defense, even while they may buy farms for their boys to let them escape the draft. These objectors are always willing the other fellow's boy may be drilled and trained, may die in the camp, on the field of battle or in the trench, but not one of their boys shall be endan-gered. gered.

And That's That

The warden of a certain prison tells of a newcomer who, when answering of a newcomer who, when answering the regular line of questions with re-spect to going to work, asked to be put at his regular trade. "That might be a good idea," re-plied the warden. "What is it?"

"I'm an aviator, sir."

In These Modern Days

"Is this the hosiery department?" "Is this the hostery department?" said the voice over the phone. "Yes," replied the weary saleslady. "Have you any flesh-colored stock-ings in stock?" asked the voice. "Yes. Whadda ye want—pink, yel-low or black?"

Armistice Ended

Slimkins and his young wife had just completed their first quarrel. "I wish I were dead," she sobbed. "I wish I was, too," he blurted out. "Then I don't wish I was," and the

war continued.

'Is this Mr. Stevens's office?"

"Yes." "Mr. Gerald K. Stevens?" "Yes."

"Is he in?" "Yes, would you like to see him?" "No-n-no! No, thank you! But could you tell me how long he will

be here?' be here?" "Why, he should be here at least three hours. But he can see you per-fectly well right now." "Thank you just the same, but I think I shall call on his daughter."

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Marine Intelligence

Boatman (to merrymakers)—"I must ask you to pay in advance, as the boat leaks."

Public Sales of Livestock

Shorthorn Cattle

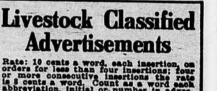
Aug. 4-Geo. F. Mueller, St. John, Kan. Oct. 20-S. M. Knoz, Humboldt, Kan. Oct. 21-S. B. Amcoats, Clay Center, Kan. Nov. 5-John M. Detrich, Chapman, Kan. Nov. 5-Fred Abildgaard & Sons, Winfield, Kan.

Bed Polled Cattle Sept. 30-C. O. Wilson, Rantoul, Kan.

Oct. 1-Reynolds & Sons, Lawrence, Kan. Oct. 14-J. H. Gregory, Woodston, Kan. Oct. 20-W. H. Mott (Maplewood Farm) Herington, Kan.

Oct. 20-W. H. Mott (Maplewood Farm) Herington, Kan. Bereferd Cattle Nov. 20-W. C. Smith, Phillipsburg, Kan. Peland Chins Hogs Oct. 15-H. B. Walter & Son, Bendesa, Kan. Oct. 22-Fred Laptad, Lawrence, Kan. Feb. 9-I. E. Knox, South Haven, Kan. Durce Hegs Aug. 18-J. F. Larimore & Sons, Grenola, Ka. Aug. 20-Fred L. Stunkel, Belle Plaine, Kan. Oct. 18-W. T. McBride, Parker, Kan. Oct. 18-W. A. Gladfelter, Emporis, Kan. Oct. 18-W. A. Gladfelter, Emporis, Kan. Oct. 18-W. A. Gladfelter, Emporis, Kan. Oct. 15-Woody & Crowl, Barnard, Kan. Feb. 16-Chas. P. Johnson, Mackwylile, Kan. Feb. 18-E. B. Norman, Chapman, Kan. Feb. 18-E. B. Norman, Chapman, Kan. March 10-A. F. Kiser, Genesse, Kan. March 10-A. F. Kiser, Genesse, Kan. Spotted Poland China Bogs Oct. 20-Crabill & Son, Cawker City, Kan. Feb. 8-Lynch Bros., Jamestown, Kan. Feb. 8-Lynch Bros., Jamestown, Kan. Feb. 8-Lynch Bros., Jamestown, Kan.

Chester White Hogs Oct. 5-Ray Gould, Rexford, Kan.



Rate: 10 cents a word, each insertion, on orders for less than four insertions; four or more consecutive insertions word rate is 5 cents a word. Count as a word rate abbreviation, initial or number in adver-tissment and signature. No display type or illustrations permitted. Remittance must accompany orders. Minimum charge, ien words. No sale advertising carried in Live Stock classified columns.

CATTLE

CATTLE OLD-ESTABLISHED JERSEY HERD RICH in blood of Pogis 99th, Sybli's Grambogy and Golden Feri's Noble imported from Island of Jersey, unexcelled sires of world's record producers at the pail. Every family should have a good Jersey cow for rich milk and cream, and every farmer should have at least a few Jersey cows for steady cash income, and good Jerseys give larger net re-turns than cows of any other breed. Fer sale now: Young pure bred Jerseys, real Ma. 1 cream cows, some bred to freshen soon and others later, \$70 each. Tuberculin tested. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. Fred Chandler, R. 7. Chariton, Iowa. (Direct above Kansas City.)

FOR PRACTICALLY PURE BRED HOL-stein or Guernsey dairy calves from heavy milkers, write Edgewood Farms, White-water, Wis.

REGISTERED HOLSTEIN BULLS, KING Segis and Walker breeding. (Federal Sup-ervision). Harvey Cooper, Stockton, Kan.

FOR THE VERY BEST HOLSTEIN OR Guernmey calves, write Spreading Oak Farm, Whitewater, Wisc.

BEFORE ORDERING GUERNSEY CALVES from anywhere, write L. Shipway, White-water, Wisconsin.

CONTAGIOUS ABORTION - PREVENTION and cure positively guaranteed. Write for folder. Sunnyside Farms, Bucktail, New

HOGS SPOTTED POLAND BRED SOWS, GILTE, weanling pigs. Wm. Moyer, Farlington, Kan.

fall far Armist Kan. Liberat FOR SALE-EXTRA GOOD BUNCH FRESH young dairy cows. E. C. Kimball, Manhat-tan, Kan., Rt. 3.

RED POLLED BULLS AND HEIFERS, Morrison & Son, Phillipsburg, Kan.



Wind destroyed three barns for S. B. An coats of Clay Center about the middle June, with a total loss of over \$10,000. This insurance was not enough to cover the loss Mr. Amcoats is a well known breeder of Shorthorn cattle and is president of the Kansas Shorthorn breeders' association. Am The

The Overland Guernsey farm Overland Park, owns probably the largest herd of registered Guernseys in the state and sells certified milk in Kansas City at 20 cents per quart wholesale and the milk is retailed at 25 cents per quart. At present they are pro-ducing only about 300 quarts per day.

The dispersal of the Dr. Samuel Mixter Guernsey herd at Hardwick, Mass., June 10-11 sets a new record for all driry breeds to shoot at. One hundred and eighty-eight head averaged \$1,392 and the top bull sold for \$23,000 and the top female with five of her progeny for \$47,000. A bull calf sold for over \$12,000.

Dan O. Cain, Beattie, is a breeder of spotted Poland Chinus and a livestock auc-tioneer, who is promoting a sale of Spotted Poland Chinas to be held at Manhattan about October 10. Any Kansas breeder that has something in the line of pure bred spotted Polands to sell can consign and should write immediately to Dan O. Cain, Beattle, Kan.

W. H. Mott, Herington, secretary of the Kansas Holstein breeders' association, has just issued from his office a bulletin con-taining news of general interest to Holstein breeders about the national association meeting at Grand Rapids, the first week in June, and other matter of general interest

POLLED SHORTHORN CATTLE

Polled Shorthorns ESTABLISHED Beef, Milk, Butter. Some of the most noted families. One of the largest herds. We ald young breeders in selling Reg., transfer, test, crate and load free, Prices \$60 to \$125. Truck delivery. ø J. C. BANBURY & SONS. Phone 1002 Pratt, Kan.

MILKING SHORTHORN CATTLE MILKING SHORTHORNS of VALUE and DISTINCTION J. B. Benedict, WYLDEMERE FARMS, Littleton, Colo.

DUROC HOGS

HERD BOAR FOR SALE C's Ranger 141300. My yearling herd boar, a grandson of C-2 Ranger, the 1300 lb. boar, A few bred gilts later. ARDEN CLAWSON, EUDORA, KANSAS.

Bred Sows and Bred Gilts Splendid sows and gilts bred to Unique's Top Col., and Stilt's Major, the two eutstanding boars of Kan-sas. Write me. G. M. SHEPHERD, LYONS, KAN.

Duroc Boars, Good Bone, Well Bred 125 to 200 lbs., \$20 to \$30. Pigs at weaning time priced reasonable. Write me your wants. J. E. WELLER, MOLTON, KANSAS

20 Big Fall Duroc Gilts for sale. Sired by son of Majors Great Sen-sation, bred to son of Stilts. For Sept. and Oct. MURPHY BROS., CORBIN, KANSAS.

THREE DUROCS FOR \$35 Boar and 2 gilts not related with pedigrees. Pr \$27.50, one for \$15. Sensation and Pathfinder blood. F. E. PEFK & SON, Wellington, Kan.

STANTS BROS. DUROCS We are now selling sows and gilts bred to King of all Pathmasters, 1924 Kansas Grand Champion. Write for prices and photographs. Stants Brothers, Abilenc, Kansas.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO OWN litter sized by one of the best Duroc boars in Kan-as who sizes the market topping kind? Write us bout bred sows and silts. J. C. Long & Sons, Elisworth, Kansas A litter si

HAMPSHIRE HOGS

REG. HAMPSHIRE HOGS Bred gilts, boars and spring pigs for sale, Best of breeding and quality, J.G. O'BRYAN, St. Paul (Ncosho County) Kan.

WRITEWAY HAMPSHIRES ON APPROVAL One choice fall boar. Some real fall gilts bred for Sept, farrow. Bargain prices. Sired by Junior champion and grand champion boars. F. B. Wempe, Frankfort, Kansas.

POLAND CHINA HOGS

25 BRED SOWS AND GILTS fall farrow. Also spring boars: 2 by the world's champ, Armistice Boy, Dam by Monarch. 2 Sept. boars by Kan. 1924 grand champ. 1 by Wittum's King Cole Laberator dam. F. E. WITTUM, CALDWELL, KAN.

CHESTER WHITE HOGS "Chester Whites" Breary boned, large litters, fall boars \$27.50 and up. Write for circular. Alpha Wiemers, Diller, Neb. AUCTIONEERS Jas. T. McCulloch Livestock Auctioneer, Clay Center, Ks. Homer T. Rule Livestock Auctioneer,

to Holstein folks. "The average of \$767 in the national sale and the average of \$729 in the Brentwood looks like better days ahead for Holstein breeders," says Dr. Mott.

The 50th anniversary consignment sale of Ayrshires was held under the auspices of the New England Ayrshire breeders' associa-tion at Springfield, Mass., June 11 and 63 head averaged \$347 and went to buyers in nine states, Porto Rico and Canada.

E. A. Campbell, Baldwin, is a breeder of Durocs who has stayed with the business and believes there will be money in the business in the future. He has a nice lot of last November gilts and his spring crop of pigs is good. Their sire is Mr. Campbell's herd boar, Pride's Critic 2nd, a son of King Critic. His dam was a litter sister to old Pathfinder.



A. W. Anderson, Stanton, Neb., well known breeder of Spotted Poland China hogs died at a hospital at Norfolk recently where he had been taken to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

H. L. Hildwein, county farm bureau agent of Kingman county, has been on the job there for over five years and has contributed much to the interest in purebred livestock in that county. He is secretary of the coun-ty fair association.

Alva Dutton, Kingman, has a mighty good small herd of registered Ayrshire cattle. Mr. Dutton sells cream and uses the skimmlik to raise calves, pigs and chickens. He is loud in his praise of Ayrshires and will some day have one of the best herds of the state.

G. C. Brand & Son, Basil, Kan., breeds Shorthorns and Durocs. The chief herd buil, Orange Lord and the other is a son of 2nd Pairacres Suitan. The cows are largely Scotch. This firm bred and developed the buil now heading the E. S. Dale & Sons herd at Protection, Kan.

R. C. Knapperberger, Penalosa, breeds Durocs as good as ever, but not so many of them. He is getting ready for the fairs, so is R. C. Jr., alrendy well known as a winner in pig club contests. The Knappenbergers have 75 acres of fine carn and predict a good demand for Durocs this fail.

T. M. Steinberger, Duroc breeder, is now located at Kingman. He has about 75 spring piss, all doing well. His herd boar is a son of Radio,' and he has 15 daughters of Ed. Hoover's great breeding boar Gold Master. Mr. Steinberger says we have gone thru a hard pull but the future for Durocs looks mighty bright to him. He will make a sow sale in February.

J. F. Birkenbaugh, of Basil in Kingman county, has one of the good Shorthorn herds of Central Kansas. The herd was established about eight years ago with foundation stock from the best breeders. His chief herd bull, Barmpton Bondman is a son of Imp. Barmpton Corporal. The cow herd is com-posed of many straight Scotch animals, three of them imported.

McIlrath Bros., Kangman, have been breed-ing registered Shorthorns since 1916. The brothers farm on a large scale; about 300 acres of wheat and other crops, but their chief interest is the cattle. Part of the breeding herd consists of Polled cows. All of the horned cows are of good Scotch breed-ing. Their present herd bull was bred by Carpenter & Ross and is a Rodney. His dam was an imported cow.

Surrounded by big fields of wheat, H. D. Sharp of Great Bend breeds registered Po-land Chinas and milks cows in perfect con-tentment. He has tried both and likes his present job the best. He says he hasn't no-tleed much of a slump in the demand. In 1921 soon after he started he enjoyed a fair trade and in 1922, 21 sows farrowed and raised 150 pigs. Two-thirds were sold as breeders. In 1923 he sold 46 for breeders and last year nearly as many and the de-mand is still good.

mand is still good. C. R. Kissinger & Sons, of the Springdale Gurnsey farm, Ottawa, have recently com-pleted records that place eight more of their cows in the A. R. class. One of them Spring-dale Pride made 11.764.0 lbs. milk and 562.5 fat which makes her the champion threat year old of the mate. She is a daughter of Kissinger's herd bull. Vernon of Pencord. He now has 12 daughters in the A. R. class. The helfer comes from a high producer. Her dam has a record of 596 fat and a full sister has make 496.9. A son of the state champion heifer has gone to head the herd of M. E. H. Simes, Humboldt, Kan.

of M. E. H. Simes, Humboldt, Kan. Five acres of watermelons, an acre of to-matoes, some corn and a fine lot of regis-tered Duroc pigs indicates J. G. Axtell & Son's bellef in diversified farming and stock growing in Barton county. Mr. Axtell, senior member of the firm in defense of doing so many different things explained that it might be too dry for corn and tomatoes, the pigs might die and the melons might be stolen so it was best not to depend entirely ought a young boar from G. M. Shepherd of Lyons. The farm is located on the Santa Fe trail, three miles east of Great Bend.

Fe trail, three miles east of Great Bend. The Breeden Duroc farm, located 10 miles west of Great Bend, is the home of some of the best Durocs to be found anywhere in Central Kansas, Leo Breeden, the proprie-tor, is anxious to prove out his theory that more good livestock will bring greater pros-perity to this section of the state. He has bought heavily from the best breeders farther east and is making quite a success of the business. His herd boars are All Orion Sansation and Orion Rainbow. The last named is one of the famous litter bred and exhibited by Clyde Horn of Stafford last year. Mr. Breeden has a fine lot of spring pigs and expects to join J. G. Axtell in a February bred sow sale.

If the ruble ever gets to be worth the paper it is printed on, the reds probably will call that par.

Rule Ottawa, Kan. "Would you mind compelling me to move on, officer? I've been waiting on this corner for three hours for my wife."



Hood Farm Bred Bulls for sale, females reserved for public sale this fall. Visitors welcome. PERCY E. LILL, MT. HOPE, KANSAS King. Eminent and St. Lambert breeding. I. W. NEWTON, WINFIELD, KANSAS

Riverside Stock Farm bulls, all ages close up Hood Farm Breeding. J. P. TODD, Castleton, Kan., R. 1, Box 87

The Owl and Raleigh breeding is strong in our Register of Meri-Jorseys. Records up to 460 lbs. fat. Bulls for sale. G. W. Hudson, Sylvia, Kansas

Brookside Jersey Herd being mated to Brilliant St. Mawes Lad. Bulls for sale. T. D. MARSHALL, SYLVIA, KANSAS.

SOPHIE TORMENTOR JERSEYS out of high record dams for sale. C. C. COLEMAN, SYLVIA, KANSAS. oung bulls

Raleighdale Jersey Farm boges Knight and Oakland Sultan. Stock for sale. H. G. Wright & Son, Sylvia, Kan.

Sprig Park Jerseys Raleigh blood predominates. Some folks keep Jerseys, these Jerseys keep us. Visit-ors welcome.L. L. GASTON, Sylvia, Kan.

TWO BULLS EIGHT MONTHS OID Also some helfers by a grandson of Financial Countess Lad and out of cover with Washington registered.W. E. KING, WASHINGTON, KAN.

bulls for sale. Visitors welcome. R. M. McCLELLAN, KINGMAN, KANSAS HIGH TESTING JERSEYS headed by one of the best FINANCIAL KING bulk to be found anywhere. Choice young bulls for sale. Visitors welcome. D. E. Powell, Eldorado, Kansas

McCLELLAN'S JERSEYS

SPRING BROOK JERSEYS

BULLS FROM R. M. DAMS Sybil's Gamboge and Flora's Queen's Raleigh, LLOYD T. BANKS, Independence, Kan.

Kansas Best Jersey Cow and her sisters are in our herd. Double grandson of Golden Fern's Noble heads herd. Buils and fe-males for sale. E. W. MOCK. Coffeyville, Kan.

CLOVER HILL JERSEYS and heiters for sale. Everything tested for records

Three Cedars Farm Line bred Raleighs. Cows, helfers and bulls usually for sale. Vilma's Raleigh and Medora's Fairy Boy in service. J. H. RARDON, LAKIN, KANSAS.

We feel the sugar using public is entitled to this frank statement from the largest beet sugar refiner in the world:



BURLINGTON, IOWA "I think without question beet sugar is the equal of cane if cooking, cake baking and in preserving," says Mrs. Melvin Brown, "I do not hesitate to call for beet sugar for I know from experience that I will get the same results I would with cane sugar, providing I follow the same process and the same proportions."



LINCOLN, NEBR. Says Mrz. O. I. Pantier: "Several times we have tested both bees and cane sugar as to their actions in jillying fruits and we have found no difference. Consequents by I really believe there is no better sugar than Great Western Beet Sugar."



ATCHISON, KANSAS Mrs. Gertie Messenger is cateress for the Rotary and Kiwanis Clubs and for many social functions. She says: "I have used Great Western Sugar in recent months to the exclusion of any other both exclusion of any

At your

grocer's

We GUARANTEE every pound of Great Western Sugar to give complete satisfaction in jelly making, canning and preserving and for all other sugar uses. Put it to the test in your kitchen-YOU BE THE JUDGE! That is the liberal, positive guarantee we make.

(SIGNED)

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THE GREAT WESTERN SUGAR COMPANY

Most convincing is the insistent approval of 2,000,000 housewives who use Great Western Sugar every

summer for jelly making, canning and preserving-THERE'S THE PROOF!