

# SPIRIT OF KANSAS

A Journal of Home and Husbandry.

VOL. III.—NO. 25.

LAWRENCE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 24, 1874.

WHOLE NO. 125.

**M'CORMICK'S**  
**REAPERS AND MOWERS.**

**I. N. VAN HOESEN,**  
**General State Agent.**

LAWRENCE, : : KANSAS.

**MACHINES**  
**AT LOWER PRICES**  
**AND ON BETTER TERMS**

THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Offered to

**Club Buying for Cash.**

We have the Largest Stock of Machines and Reapers west of St. Louis on hand during the selling season.

Circulars sent on application.  
19-27

RE-OPENED.

**LOCUST GROVE HOUSE.**

RICHARD PORTER, Proprietor.

Board by the Week, ..... 5.00  
Board by the Day, ..... 1.50  
Single Meals, ..... .35

**IOLA . . . . . KANSAS.**

**ELIHU BURRITT,**  
**DENTIST.**

Can be consulted every month as follows:

Pleasanton, 1st to 6th,  
Mound City, see Border Sentinel.  
Garnett, 9th to 22nd.  
La Cygne, 23rd to 30th.

References. Business Men of Linn and Anderson counties. 16-17

G. SMITH. A. C. SIMS.

**GEO. SMITH & CO.,**  
Garnett, Kansas.

**HARNESS AND SADDLES**

Keep constantly on hand, and manufacture to order, all kinds of harness and saddles.  
Light harness a specialty.  
Two doors east of Barber's dry goods store, Garnett, Anderson county, Kansas. 16-17

**W. HAMILTON,**

DEALER IN  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
**HATS AND CAPS.**

Boots and Shoes made to order.  
**PLOW SHOES.**

Repairing neatly and promptly executed.  
GARNETT, KANSAS.

**G. M. WALKER,**  
**CIVIL ENGINEER**  
AND  
**SURVEYOR.**

Late Locating Engineer, M., K. & T. Ry.  
Lawrence, Kansas.  
18-69

party which held possession of the party title but dishonored it; and Republicans must, with equal sacrifice, turn against those who hold possession of their party name and dishonor it.

**WIT AND HUMOR.**

Why is a school-ship like a pine tree? Because it furnishes the stuff that tar is made of.

A SEASONABLE JOKE.—The nation mania has reached the trees, and are now forcing an extensive issue of greenbacks.

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"Why, cook!" said a young lady to her black servant, "here come long-lost tortoise that Uncle Tom gave us last year! And out of the cellar, too, of all places in the world!" "Lor', Miss Grace, am dat the tortoise? I've been a usin' ob 'im all do winter to break do coals wid'!"

**FOUND OUT.**

BY ANNA SHIELDS.

Miss Lina Easton was listening to a lecture, and Miss Lina, not being especially endowed with the virtues of patience and submission, was tapping a neatly slipped foot rapidly upon the carpet, and twisting out of all shape a Japanese fan held in her restless fingers. The lecture was delivered by Miss Matilda Easton, the maiden aunt of pretty Lina, and her guardian and adviser, during the visit of the pretty dark-eyed girl to the city. The aunt was tall, slender, blue-eyed and middle-aged; the niece was short, plump, and not eighteen.

"I must insist," Miss Matilda was saying, "upon your ceasing to speak among my friends, Lina, of your horrible country life. That is all past. My brother's estate in proper hands have been an unsuspected mine of wealth, and you are now an heiress."

"I know," broke out impetuous Lina, and you want me to be a mere fashionable doll. I must not walk as if I possessed the usual strength of feet and legs, but mince along on high-heeled shoes as if I were crippled or deformed. I must not let my hair fall in the curls Nature gave me, but pin on some pounds of false hair out from some dead woman's head. I must not speak above a drawing undertone that chokes me, and above all I must never mention cooking, milking, churning—"

"Oh, stop, stop! don't begin again that catalogue of vulgar employments. Do try, Lina, for my sake, to be a little more reined. Now Tracy Landon is coming home, and he will call here, I am sure."

"The son of one of my most intimate friends for years, though she is dead now. Tracy has been in Europe for a long time, and he was the most finished gentleman of my acquaintance before he left here. Now, Lina, for my sake, will you not try to be more subdued when he comes? I am sure his ideal of lady-like deportment must be very high—"

"Then, don't you see, auntie," Lina said, interrupting her aunt, "how entirely useless it is for me to try to reach it? Well, there," seeing tears in the faded blue eyes—"I will try."

"That is a darling girl!" So it happened that when Tracy Landon was introduced to Miss Lina, his eyes fell upon a very stiff, quiet young girl, dressed in the height of the fashion, and evidently very ill at ease. But the spirit of vivacity in the girl could not long be held in check, and having undertaken to play a part, to please her aunt, she began to bring the conversation to a high point of perfection in her mischievous enjoyment of it. Miss Matilda had dwelt upon Mr. Landon's excessive refinement of manner, his fastidious tastes and his family pride, until Lina had become impressed with the idea that the gentleman was wanting in all manliness, merely a dandy of the first water. The young man himself, upon slight acquaintance, did not disabuse her mind of this impression, for he was dainty in his dress, and had the most polished courtesy of manner, rather overpowering to country-bred Lina.

But she held her own bravely. The shudder she gave when some third party confessed to having made a loaf of bread was the perfection of acting, and her face was the picture of innocent inquiry when some one mentioned cream, she asked Aunt Matilda:

"If they melted butter to make it?" Tracy Landon mentally determined she was half an idiot fifty times, and resolved to keep away from Easton's; and then, some memory of the large brown eyes and peachy cheeks handed in her message, particularly requested that the answer should be read by any of the operators, as she expected it would be of a private nature.

When they would forget themselves, when Lina in some interesting topic would become earnest and natural, there was a winning charm in her bright young face and fresh clear voice, that was new to Tracy. She was a passionate lover of Nature, and when Tracy would describe some of the scenery abroad, her eyes would glow and her color deepen as she listened, while, forgetting her dis- away airs, she would pour forth eager questions, or describe some of her limited experiences, in language that proved her artist eye and poet heart. She was fond of paintings, though her eye and hand were uncultivated, and the hours passed in galleries of art were long periods of enjoyment to her. She had read little, but she read intelligently; and Tracy would find a book, casually recommended one day, was sure to be read and prepared for discussion a little later. Only a month after he met Lina first, Tracy might have summoned up his impressions in these words:

"She is a beautiful girl, and charming in manner when she puts off her lackadaisical airs. It is a pity she is so deplorably ignorant of all housewifely accomplishments. Mother used to say a lady could be a lady in the kitchen as well as in the parlor; and in this country, where fortune is so uncertain, every woman should know how, not only to direct, but to keep her household affairs herself in order. It does not do to air such old-fashioned ideas in society, but I should like my wife to understand such matters, even if her hand never touched them."

And Lina, musing over Tracy's handsome face and pleasant manners, would think: "He knows so much, has seen so much, and is so pleasant. What a pity he is so silly about us women. I suppose he would faint away if he knew I had ever made a bed or baked a loaf of bread."

And yet, in spite of this undercurrent of unfavorable opinion, there were no days in Lina's calendar quit so bright as those on which she met Tracy Landon; while that gentleman found himself looking forward to his calls at Miss Easton's as the pleasantest hours he passed. In fact, dandyism and affectation were being forced into the background by a strong mutual interest fast ripening into love. And yet the day-dreams and castle-building were clouded always by this doubt of practical force that Aunt Matilda's ill-advised interference had given. Lina doubted sometimes of her lover's manliness, and Tracy something of Lina's common sense.

Matters were hanging by these unsteady threads, when there was a picnic arranged among Aunt Matilda's friends, that was to be a final social gathering previous to the summer

scattering of the city folks for watering places, Europe, mountains, or the breezy seaside.

The spot chosen for the picnic was a grove some twenty miles from the city, and hay-wagons and omnibuses being out of style, the party were to meet at the railway station, and take the cars to the designated point. The day passed as such days generally do pass, in eating, flirting, rambling, and six o'clock found the whole party steaming homeward, tired, hot and dusty.

One of the party, Tracy Landon, in addition to all these, was much out of temper as a courteous gentleman of polite society ever allows himself to be. Lina had been unusually silly during the day, prompted by some new elf of mischief. She had innocently asked the most absurd questions upon the vegetation around them, had fallen into an admirably feigned swoon at the sight of a grasshopper upon her snowy white muslin, and had indulged in dismal shrieks when a spider was discovered promenading up her monstrous chignon. In short, she had reduced Tracy to a condition of utter disgust, all the more bitter that she had, in one long, delicious stroll, been her natural, sweet self, and chatted with unrestrained freedom and vivacity. She had looked so bewitchingly pretty, too. Even now, Tracy, in stolen glances at the blooming face under the wide shade hat, could not think there was another, in all the fair faces around him, quite so bright and winsome as that one.

"She don't seem a bit tired," he thought looking at her animated eyes, "and she is flirting with that puppy Hollis as gaily as if we were just starting; when, an hour ago, she was asserting me the frightful fatigue of the day would surely kill her."

And Lina, stealing glances from under the hat, wondered: "What made Tracy so cross, sitting over there by himself, and leaving her to the mercy of young Hollis, who had not an idea above his white linen suit and patent leather boots."

Suddenly, more quickly than it can be told, there was a shock through the smoothly gliding cars, a crash, a sound of cries, groans and prayers; and where there had been a gay, laughing party, a broken ear lay on the ground and crawling out from the splintered sides were ghastly, maimed figures.

Lina, shocked, terrified, and scarcely realizing what had happened, felt herself drawn by strong arms through an opening in the broken car, and heard Tracy's voice, all quivering, ask:

"Are you unhurt, Lina?" Even in her terror she recognized the tenderness in his voice as he spoke her name to her for the first time.

"Yes! I am not hurt. What is it all?" "A collision. Oh, turn away!"

For, as he spoke, there were drawn out more of the bruised, bleeding forms; some insensible, some at all help from man.

"Turn away!" she said, her voice thrilling. "God forbid!"

And she left him to kneel beside one of the insensible women, to loosen her hat-strings, to wipe the blood from her bruised, bleeding face.

"Can you get water?" she asked, turning to Tracy.

"I will try. But can you bear this sight—you who are so fragile?"

"Is this a time to think of myself?" she cried, the tears rushing into her large eyes. "Let me do what I can, thanking God for my own deliverance. Oh, how glad I am now that Aunt Matilda's headache kept her at home!"

They worked faithfully, those young people, doing all in their power, and finally assuming care of ten of the injured, who were carried to a small farm-house near by. Here they were received by an extremely aged couple, all sympathy and hospitality, but very feeble.

"Our darter," the old woman told Lina, "was married yesterday, and Jack and she have gone on a wedding tower to see the city sights. Jack ain't got much, but he's mazin' forehanded, and Sue she will have the farm. But how ever you will feed them poor critters passes me. I'll do all I can."

"You tell me where to find things," Lina said, cheerfully, "and I'll soon do the work."

"There's the cow, too," said the old woman, "they've sent our only hired man to the doctor, and there is no one to milk her, and it's near nine o'clock, and a cup of milk might taste good to some of them."

the patient cow with the rapid dexterity of experienced hands. Before he came out again, she had carried her foaming pail to the kitchen, and was hunting up food under the direction of the aged farmer's wife.

There were four of the unhurt in the sitting-room of the farm-house, where mattresses had been spread for the injured women, while across a hall, in the best room, the men were accommodated. Every house within reach was similarly occupied, and nurses were busy until proper medical aid arrived.

But after Lina had done all in her power in the sitting-room, she found herself the only volunteer to supply needful food, and thus it was that Tracy, coming to the kitchen for water, found her with her sleeves rolled off her round, white arms, cutting bread, stirring custard, and flying from stove to table, from cupboard to buttery, with deft fingers and quick feet. While he was watching her, Tracy suddenly gave a moan of acute pain, and staggered as if fainting. In a second she was beside him with a wide chair, into which he sank, the cold perspiration starting to his face.

"My arm," he said, faintly; "I sprained it. I had—thought—"

And then he fainted outright.

Lina grew sick for a second, his set face looked so much like many she had seen in the last three hours, but she rallied instantly, and looked at the left arm.

It was evidently badly sprained, swollen to double its own size, and deep purple in color. In a moment Lina had cut the coat and shirt sleeve away, bared the arm to the elbow and bathed it with cold water. The relief from the pressure of the sleeves revived Tracy, and with a sigh he opened his eyes to see—What? Lina, with fast falling tears, press a kiss on his swollen arm.

"To think he has worked so bravely, and never spoke of his own hurt," she whispered. "He is a hero!"

Then Tracy could not restrain a little teasing laugh, and Lina, with hot cheeks, drew back. Only for a moment, when she came to him again.

"Laugh at me if you will," she said, bravely; "I do think it is heroic. Keep still now for a little while, and I will bring you some tea."

It was a terrible night, never forgotten by those who bore part in it. Three of the ten who were lying in the farm-house never left it, being beyond the aid of the surgeons who arrived before midnight. All night Lina watched and comforted in one room, while Tracy bravely kept his post in the other. His arm was dressed by a physician, and Lina renewed the cooling lotions from time to time.

But his admiration and amazement were not complete until morning, when Lina got breakfast for invalids and nurses. The supper had been a catch affair, supplied from the already cooked provisions "my darter" had left for the old folks, but breakfast was a serious business. The suffering needed food, the nurses refreshment, and Lina was sole cook. Indeed, not more than one could be spared at a time from the sick-room.

Many a tear fell from the girl's eyes as she worked, but she bore up bravely. Steaming coffee, fragrant and delicious, light biscuit, substantial beefsteak, and delicately poached eggs, toast, and omelette, were offered to sick and well. Supplies poured in freely from all sides, and after the one early meal, Lina was released from kitchen duty.

By night the wounded had all been carried to their homes, or to a large, airy house used as a seminary, but offered for the holiday months to the sufferers. Relatives and friends had come to nurse their own, and Tracy and Lina were free to return home again, after assisting the old farmer and his wife by a present of a larger sum of money than they had ever possessed at any one time before.

The sprained arm proved to be a serious affair, and Tracy was kept in his room for many days, but when he met Lina once more all her affections were laid away. Those hours spent face to face with death, seemed to have added years to the young life, but the gentle gravity of manner, the deeper expression in the dark eyes, were but new charms to Tracy.

Manfully he told his love, and when she owned her own, she blushing confessed the follies of her conduct.

"I will never be so foolish again, Tracy," she said, "for I am convinced that I was not meant for a fine lady."

"Fine ladies are far inferior to true-hearted, unselfish women, Lina," Tracy said. "I don't want a piece of mincing affectation for a wife, but a noble girl, such as I saw revealed at the old farm-house. One who could bravely put aside her natural shrinking from the sight of blood and suffering to give ready help. One, and here she smiled sweetly, "who can even milk cows, and prepare the most delicious coffee and biscuit it was ever my good fortune to taste. You see it is no use now to try to hide your perfections from me, for I have FOUND YOU OUT!"

The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, JUNE 24, 1874.

Patrons' Department.

The Spirit of Kansas was the first newspaper in Kansas to espouse the cause of the Grange, and the only one that makes the advocacy of that cause a specialty.

Members of the Order who desire to aid in the dissemination of its principles, and contribute to the accomplishment of its purposes, can do so in no more effective way than to aid us in the circulation of The Spirit of Kansas as generally as possible among the farmers of the State.

So many letters containing money for us have been lost in transit, that we cannot longer be responsible for money sent otherwise than by P. O. money order, or by registered letter when mailed at an office not a money order office.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

ELECTED AT SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION. Master—Dudley W. Adams, Waukon, Iowa. Overseer—Thomas Taylor, Columbia, S. C.

OFFICERS OF THE KANSAS STATE GRANGE. Master, M. E. Hudson, Mapleton, Bourbon county; Overseer, W. Sims, Topeka.

COUNTY COUNCILS.

Montgomery and Howard: John Boyd, Master, E. Taylor, S. W. H. Barnes, C. S. and agent.

DEPUTIES

Commissioned by M. E. Hudson, Master Kansas State Grange since the last session: R. S. Osborn, Bull City, Osborn county.

C. N. Clough and Son, Galesburg, Neosho Co., are authorized to receive subscription to the Spirit of Kansas.

FARMERS' DUTIES.

For several years past the farmers of Kansas have had great cause to be dissatisfied with the management of public affairs. Lawyers, bankers and corruptionists controlled our halls of legislation, cities and towns controlled nearly every election, and Kansas bore the name of the rotten commonwealth.

REFORM.

We heartily second the nomination of Mr. John Boyd, of Independence, as the Reform candidate for Congress for the Second District, and endorse all you say concerning his personal character and his well known ability.

GRANGE ITEMS.

Rice Valley, Ind., Grange has resolved to vote for no man for office who uses intoxicating liquors or signs a petition for a license.

Without Leaders.

Its enemies sincerely say that the peoples' movement for an Independent party has "no leaders." It is true. It has "no leaders" as the phrase is understood by the tax-eaters who lead the Republican party.

Carbon for Hogs.

Turf, Field and Farm says: No observant farmer has failed to notice the avidity with which hogs, whether in confinement or at large, will devour quantities of rotten wood.

According to the figures of the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of New York City...

The recent investigation into the condition of the treasury of Cowley county shows a large deficiency, and the treasurer, E. B. Kager, is called upon to rise and explain.

OUR COLORADO LETTER.

Life in the Upper Story.

BY REV. R. L. HARFORD.

GEORGETOWN, COL., June 8th, 1874. Eight thousand feet above sea level brings us many thousand feet above the heat and dust of the lower regions.

GRANGES SPECIAL NOTICE.

SEALS \$4.50. SEE LOCAL NOTICE.

ARTHUR FOLGER

104 DELAWARE ST. Leavenworth, Kansas.

DRYERS' GARDEN SEEDS

Always Fresh and Reliable.

THE EUREKA

AGUE PILLS

of the hues of the Iris, and rock the boat or hurl a stone into the water and a hundred rainbows surround you.

A considerable amount of building is now being done in Georgetown, and mining and indeed all kinds of business are very lively.

THE CELEBRATED ESTEY

ORGANS.

In prices ranging from \$110.00 to \$300.00.

AT MRS. STARRETT'S

MUSIC STORE. LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

Letters promptly answered from any part of the State.

Address MRS. H. E. STARRETT. 153, Mass. St.

BELL & LEWIS,

SUCCESSORS TO J. M. HUBBEL & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in STOVES AND TINWARE,

Wooden Ware & House Furnishing Goods.

Galvanized Cornices and Tin Roofing put on Buildings on Short Notice.

92 Massachusetts Street, LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1855.

JAS. G. SANDS, SADDLERY.

FINE HARNESS A SPECIALTY.

LAWRENCE KANSAS 137

MRS. M. J. E. GARDNER DEALER IN FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY,

Lady's STRAW & FANCY Goods.

No. 119, Massachusetts street, Lawrence.

Mrs. Gardner buys her goods for cash, and will sell as low as the lowest.

PLACE HOUSE,

CORNER OF

New Hampshire and Warren Sts.,

LAWRENCE, KANS.

\$1.00 per day; single meals 25 cents; lodging with clean beds and good rooms, 25 cents; board per week \$5.00.

This hotel is situated in a pleasant, business part of the city. In order to make this house a pleasant home for ourselves as well as others, we earnestly request all disorderly, drunken and ill-behaved persons to stay away, as we prefer the room of all such to their custom.

JOHN T. PLACE, Proprietor.

Established in 1857.

VINLAND

NURSERY

AND

FRUIT FARM.

W. E. BARNES, Proprietor.

At VINLAND, Douglas Co. Kan.

On the L. L. & G. Railroad, ten miles south of Lawrence.

For Spring of 1874, a

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

of Nursery stock at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Price List ready January 1st.

APPLE GRAFFS put up to order.

97— Vinland, Kan. Dec 18, 1873.

ANDREW WILSON,

KINGSVILLE, KANSAS,

(On the Kansas Pacific Railroad),

BREEDER OF

PURE SHORT HORN CATTLE

—and—

IMPROVED BERKSHIRE HOGS,

As Good as Any in the State.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

THE CELEBRATED ESTEY

ORGANS.

In prices ranging from

\$110.00 to \$300.00.

AT

MRS. STARRETT'S

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Letters promptly answered from any part of the State.

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STATE ITEMS.

The health of this section has been remarkably good for the last year or two, and seems to be continually improving.

If Charles Robinson would accept the nomination for Governor we have not a doubt he would be elected by an immense majority.

The State Board of Agriculture, through Alfred Gray their Secretary, will publish this year a very valuable book.

The cheese factory to-day completes its twentieth business day. It commenced with four hundred pounds of milk, making one cheese of about fifty pounds weight.

A gentleman living up town complains that his wife is an infatigable. He says she blows him up every day, and makes him circulate until he sometimes feels that he is beyond redemption.

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Some one, we believe it is the Atchison Patriot, has the start of us in one of the answers to this trenchant paragraph from the Chief, viz.: How can a new party be formed, except from old materials?

It is folly to wait for a new generation of voters from which to gather the material for a new party; and there is no other alternative. The proscription of men in the make up of a party, because they may have taken prominent action in old organizations is suicidal; and the old party organs show it, and are constantly busied in their attacks at this, the only weak point of the new party.

As to party names, the old and honored names under which all our political lives and labors have been spent must now be parted with. The old whig party saw the necessity of this course when the Republican party was organized, and submitted, although the new party was largely made up from their old political enemies.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Why is a school-ship like a pine tree? Because it furnishes the stuff that the tar is made of.

A SEASONABLE JOKE.—The inflation mania has reached the trees, which are now forcing an extensive issue of greenbacks.

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A gentleman living in Berks county, Pa., under the influence of wine, undertook to kiss a couple of young ladies against their will. They retreated to the kitchen, whither he followed; and, in the struggle to get into the room, one of his legs got caught in the door, and the excited young ladies amputated it with a saw. It was a wooden leg.

The unheard-of defense was lately set up by a young man who was sued for a breach of promise of marriage, that he broke off the engagement because the young lady was deficient in conversational powers! He couldn't make the jury, who were all married men, swallow any such nonsense, and they mulcted him in a verdict of five thousand dollars damages.

A fair and buxom New England widow, who had buried three husbands recently, went with a gentleman, who, in his younger days, had paid her marked attention, to inspect the graves of her dear departed. After contemplating them in mournful silence, she murmured to her companion: "Ah! James, you might have been in that row now if you had only had a little more courage."

KEARNEY'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE, AND A POSITIVE REMEDY FOR GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPESIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder and Kidneys, Spermatorrhea, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, Sterility, and All Complaints Incident to Females.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharge, and Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Keary's Extract Buchu.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

KEARNEY'S BUCHU

Permanently cures all Affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age.

Ask for Kearney's. Take no other. Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

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A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for Pamphlets free.

SOLD BY CRANE & BRIGHAM, Wholesale Agents, San Francisco.

And by Druggists everywhere.

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LIVERY, FEED AND SALE

STABLE, IN REAR OF THE ELDRIDGE HOUSE.

Good Turnouts at Reasonable Rates. Horses boarded by the day or week. Stock bought and sold on commission.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned have in their hands for sale a good farm, consisting of 180 acres, 1-1/2 miles east of Baldwin City, Douglas County, Kansas.

ONE PRICE CLOTHING

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

OTTMAN & POTWIN

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Are constantly receiving additions to their stock of fall and winter

CLOTHING

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

The Largest Stock! The Best Goods! The Lowest prices!

Goods at Wholesale!—Goods at Retail.

Goods for the Million!

AND AT ONE PRICE.

Jobbing goods, at Chicago and St. Louis prices FOR CASH. All orders promptly filled.

Remember! all goods retailed at

ONE PRICE ONLY.

No. 67, Mass. st., Lawrence, Kan.

NOTICE TO GRANGERS.



I would respectfully inform the Granges that I can furnish plows and the necessary appurtenances, (composition roller, ink pads, ink, etc.), for printing patches, for the following low prices:

ONE SET: 1 cut of plow 1.15, 1 composition roller .25, 1 inking pad .20, 1 bottle of ink .25, for \$1.85.

TWO SETS, same as above, \$3.40. THREE SETS, same as above \$5.10. Larger orders pro rata.

These Plows are made in the form of a hand strap so that any person can use them or by taking off the handle they can be used in the press. The above can be sent in the same package with ordinary seals or jewels of A. Folger, thereby saving extra expense.

As this is the best offer yet made to the Granges, and as I guarantee satisfaction in every particular, the money must accompany each order. Hoping to secure your patronage, I remain, respectfully, J. H. Ketcheson, 104 Delaware Street, Leavenworth, Kas.

GRANGES SPECIAL NOTICE.



SEALS \$4.50 SEE LOCAL NOTICE.

SPECIAL REDUCTION In Price.

ARTHUR FOLGER

104 DELAWARE ST. Leavenworth, Kansas.

DRYER'S GARDEN SEEDS

Always Fresh and Reliable. 1874. Contains descriptive and price lists of cereals, noble, flower and grass seeds, plants, bulbs, novelties, and every good seed known to the gardener. Address Henry A. Dryer, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE EUREKA

AGUE PILLS

Are the BEST REMEDY Known FOR CHILLS AND FEVER.

Sold by all Dealers.

ESTABLISHED IN 1858.

SIMPSON'S BANK.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

CORNER OF MASSACHUSETTS & HENRY STS.

Interest paid on time Deposits. 22 1/2

\$425.00

Will buy a Chickering Piano, full size interior precisely the same as best, in plain case. Call on or write to MRS. H. E. STARRETT, 153 Mass. St. Lawrence.

LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

A Rare Opportunity to Obtain a Thorough Musical Education.

The best instruction is now brought within the reach of all. Terms lower than the charges of the most inferior teachers. Pupils can enter at any time. Send for Circular to J. E. BARTLETT, Professor of Music in the State University, LAWRENCE.

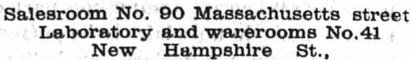
Established 1863. GEO. LEIS & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists and Chemist.

Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic DRUGS AND CHEMICALS, Paints, Oils, Varnishes &c.

Salesroom No. 90 Massachusetts street. Laboratory and waterrooms No. 41 New Hampshire St., Lawrence Kansas.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF



Has the largest sale of any horse and cattle medicine in this country, composed principally of herbs and roots. The best and safest horse and cattle medicine known. The superiority of this powder over any other preparation of the kind is known to all who have seen its astonishing effects.

Every farmer and stock raiser is convinced that impure state of the blood originates the variety of diseases that afflict animals, such as founder, distemper, fistula, poll-evil, hide-bound, upward strains, scratches, mange, yellow water, heaves, loss of appetite, inflammation of the eyes, swollen legs, fatigue from hard labor, and rheumatism, (by some called stiff complaint) proving fatal to so many valuable horses. The blood is the fountain of life itself, and if you wish to restore health, you must first purify the blood; and to insure health must keep it pure. In doing this you infuse into the debilitated, broken-down animal, action and spirit, promoting digestion, &c. The farmer can see the marvelous effects of Leis' Condition Powder, by the loosening of the skin and smoothness of the hair.

Certificates from leading veterinary surgeons, stage companies, livery men and stock raisers, prove that Leis' Powder stands pre-eminently at the head of the list of horse and cattle medicines.

The only Remedy that will cure CHICKEN CHOLERA, GAPES, BLINDNESS, &c., Among Chickens.

N. B.—Beware of counterfeiters. To protect myself and the public from being imposed upon by worthless imitations, observe the signature of the proprietor upon each package, without which none are genuine.

For sale by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cent per package.

GOULD & KELLOGG.

173 Mass. St., Lawrence, Kansas.

Dealers in FISH BROS' WAGONS. ALSO SHACKLEY WAGON, Manufactured at Decatur, Ill., of the very best selected material.

The Vandervere Corn Planter. The best Dropper in the market; The Little CHAMPION Self BAKER MOWER AND REAPER, Warranted of the lightest draught in the market.

THE CASE THRESHING MACHINE, BLACKHAWK CULTIVATOR, And a FULL LINE of Agricultural goods.

C. A. PEASE.

Dealer in Hardware, Stoves, Agricultural Implements, Tinners' stock, and TINWARE. 114 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kan.

LIGHT PIANOS.

These celebrated Pianos can be obtained only of MRS. H. E. STARRETT, State Agent, 153, Mass. St. Lawrence.

V. G. MILLER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office 154 Mass. st. Residence corner Tennessee and Quincy streets. LAWRENCE KANSAS

J. D. PATTERSON, DENTIST

79 Massachusetts St. LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

## The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, JUNE 24, 1874.

In assuming entire control of the "Spirit" it is not necessary for us, at this late day, to write our platform and print it. When we assume the part of reformer we do not claim to be perfect, much less do we declare, or believe, that everybody else needs reforming. The world has always had its true and brave men who sought the path of duty and walked therein regardless of taunts and jeers, or bribes and the allurments of ambition. They live to-day in all parties and sects, and are the salt of the earth. But it cannot be denied that the aid of a bold and plain spoken weekly paper is needed to help correct a great many abuses, which for one cause or another have fastened upon our new and somewhat crude society in the West. Party ties or affiliations cannot control our actions: Rather the good, and well being of society. We must and will be left free to support the right and defend a good cause, regardless of the name it bears. Political alliances will be favored only as they promise good, and as they may rest secure in truth and justice.

The social, intellectual and moral condition of the people determines the character of the laws under which they live. In everything we need to improve. In order that there be a genuine reformation, the individual life of the citizen must recognize and abide by the laws of truth and duty. Individual reformation underlies all true reform in the State. Give morals and brains the rule, and society and the commonwealth shall fulfill their missions. Turn over the government to those who traffic in votes and trade in politics, and huckster bribes in the name of expediency to secure position and influence, and though all things else may smile upon the land, the curse of the right profaned will rest upon the people. Deep and earnest convictions of duty, inflexibly obeyed, is the power that will transform the "rotten commonwealth," and put in power true men instead of knaves and imbeciles. Faith in humanity, love for humanity, will furnish the inspiration which shall lead men forth to cleanse our politics, and lift the people from low to high and noble aims. The intelligent, orderly, well-governed family in which the sterner virtues shall be made attractive by the happy blending of refined social graces and purity of purpose, is the true type of the State.

Do you comprehend our purpose? We want to so conduct the Spirit that it shall, in a thousand different and indefinable ways, help the people to a higher and truer life. We want to reach the State and the Nation through the individual. Where we have whispered reform in the past, we shall in the future speak in bold accents.

We are overburdened with taxation. The people deceived and misinformed in many instances have voted it upon themselves. By economy, prudent legislation and prompt action it must be abated. Homes are pledged, farms mortgaged, and families barely keep soul and body together, scantily clothed, in order to meet the annual levy of taxes—to meet interest on bonds surreptitiously obtained. Indiscretion and profligacy in voting bonds has "made the land fat with pestilence, and the very grain swell with treason." But it is not enough that we be able to pay our taxes. Our government should be so simple and honest and inexpensive that the producer's surplus could be expended in obtaining and beautifying a home, and adding and increasing those comforts which help to refine and ennoble the best society. We demand that the working man shall have leisure for improvement, for mental and social culture, instead of work, wrong, and vexation to keep the sheriff away from his door with his demand for taxes past due, or the improved modern Shylock from flourishing his tax-title over your head with the menace of a thief compounded of unnamed villainies.

Less taxation, a less extravagant government, and a more reasonable and natural mode of life, will give the people time for improvement, time to rest, time to search out the better way, time to be scrupulously honest, and time to detect and punish political knaves and

social vampires, and rid the country of charlatans and professional hucksters. The people need time to attend to their own business instead of intrusting it to others, who pilfer a living by deceiving and swindling the public.

We believe in the farmers' movement, in the Grange, its foster parent, in the home, farm and garden; we believe in paying the laborer a fair price for an honest days work, and let the broker and speculator take his chances. Finally, we intend to spare no pains or money that we can command to make the Spirit of Kansas the best and most welcome family paper in the State. It must please, entertain and instruct the family, furnish a full condensation of news every week, and without fear or favor advocate needed reform.

It is with much regret that we find ourselves separated in business from our old partner and friend, Hon. E. G. Ross, and it is with a good deal of misgiving that we take the editorial chair so ably filled by him for the past year and a half, and we sincerely hope now that his arduous labors are somewhat lightened; that health and strength will soon once more be his to enjoy. But our case is not as bad as it might be, for Mr. Ross is still at the head of the job department of this office, and if at any time we should find ourselves against a stump, we could easily call on friend Ross, and we know he would cheerfully lend us any assistance necessary.

### NOMINATE THE BEST MEN.

We have frequently made reference to the importance of putting the best men in the field for State and county offices. We notice that our nomination of Charles Robinson for governor meets with favor in many quarters, and we still adhere to the belief that he will poll a larger vote than any other candidate. We have not consulted his wishes, and do not know that he would consent to run at all, but we believe he is the man for the times. Some opposition journals are predicting success on the theory that Osborn or some other weak man will head the Republican ticket. They are patting Osborn on the back to encourage him to run.

The old party leaders are not to be caught with such chaff. They well understand that the opposition desire his nomination but they know it would court defeat for the entire Republican ticket. It is all very well for their committee to get together and resolve that the party is harmonious, and that there is no doubt about carrying the State by 80,000 majority as heretofore, but the wise ones know better, and they do not intend to make any blunders. Their leading organs have announced that their platform must be their man. This does not mean Osborn surely.

We must make up our minds that the old party will put forward its best men, and try to deserve success in this way. We must do the same, and place no reliance upon any political mistakes the Republicans may make.

### THE NEW TAX LAW.

The following is a brief synopsis of the new tax law passed last winter, which takes effect October 1st, 1874, as furnished us by our County Treasurer, James E. Watson. It will be well for every tax payer to preserve this article:

Taxes will be due and payable after November 1st, as follows: Until December 20th, either one-half or the whole tax may be paid. If the whole be paid, a rebate of five per cent. on the 2nd half will be made, and if only half be paid the remaining half may stand until June 20th following without cost.

December 21st, a penalty of 5 per cent. attaches to all taxes on which a payment of one-half has not been made.

January 1st, warrants issued to the sheriff for the collection of all unpaid personal property tax on which a payment of one-half was not made prior to the 21st day of December.

March 21st an additional penalty of 5 per cent. attaches to all unpaid real estate tax on which a payment of one-half was not made prior to the 21st day of December.

June 21st, a penalty of 5 per cent. attaches to all taxes still remaining unpaid.

July 1st, warrants issue to the sheriff for the collection of the unpaid 2nd half of personal property tax.

No endorsement of the payment of taxes by tax sale purchaser can be made on tax sale certificates until the 20th day of December.

Delinquent real estate is to be advertised in July and sold for taxes the first Tuesday in September.

### THE CURRENCY LAW.

The President has signed the last compromise currency bill, and it is now a law. It prohibits the retirement of the \$26,000,000 of legal tenders issued since the panic, and prohibits further inflation for the present by fixing the whole amount of legal tenders at \$382,000,000, the present amount outstanding. And it declares that this sum shall appear in each monthly statement of the public debt, and that no part thereof shall be held or used as a reserve. It releases about \$30,000,000 which the banks are now compelled to hold in their vaults as a reserve against circulation. But, by abolishing all redemption agencies, except the fund of 5 per cent to be kept at the national treasury, it prevents the banks from keeping part of their reserves against deposits in the form of balances due from redeeming agents, and thus causes in the way of reserves against deposits a net contraction estimated at about \$15,000,000. It also provides for the withdrawal of \$55,000,000 of bank circulation from States having more than their share, for redistribution among States that have less than their share.

A new government telegraph is to be built from Denison, Texas, to Fort Sill and to other military posts on the frontier.

The Kansas wine crop last year was 200,000 gallons. The production this year is estimated at 500,000 gallons.

Edward Mullen, the Massachusetts pedestrian, walked fifty miles in nine hours and two minutes. This is the latest walking on record.

A section has been added to the pending postage appropriation bill, which, if adopted, will compel prepayment on all sorts of mail matter, newspapers and periodicals included.

A large company of eastern capitalists have leased a tract of 4,000 acres of lead and zinc lands in the vicinity of Joplin, Minersville, Louisville and Lone Elm, and are about to commence operations for the development of the same.

Judge Krum, of Circuit Court No. 1, of St. Louis, has recently decided that a National Bank cannot enforce the collection of a note secured by real estate. The court, in rendering this decision, relies on an act of Congress which prohibits all National Banks from loaning money on real estate.

### An Awful Crime Prevented.

A Swede woman and three children were observed by Mr. Schuler on yesterday sitting on the western bank of the Kaw river, all half clad and apparently in a very destitute condition. The woman was in tears, and as the gentleman approached, caught up one of her children and started towards the river with the intention of hurling it into the waters. She was prevented from effecting her awful design, which she stated was to drown her three children and herself. Her husband is dead and they are on the verge of starvation.—Kansas City Times.

### THE BRIDGE.

The Elephant Declares it a Good Piece of Work—An Immense Crowd of Sight-seers Yesterday.

It being announced that John Robinson's monster elephant, accompanied by the rest of the menagerie, was to cross the bridge at two o'clock Sunday afternoon, our citizens, to the number of many thousands, ate their dinners, got their families under way, and as early as one o'clock the footways from the Fifth street crossing of Washington avenue to the eastern approach of the bridge were crowded with humans, with an economy of space that told woful tales of misshapen crinolines, disordered summer hats and excited corns, all for the sake of seeing the elephant cross the bridge. At a little before two o'clock the caravan hove in sight at the eastern approach, under guard of a strong force of East St. Louis sight-seers. The numerous chariots and cages of course awoke emotions in the myriad breasts of those who crowded the footways, but they restrained a full expression of their enthusiastic admiration until the meek old mountain came striding dignifiedly along, apparently deaf to the applause which greeted him. He seemed to attach no importance whatever to the fact that he was the first of his kind to cross on our century's triumph. Many of the spectators had heard of the old story to the effect that elephants always look to the support and trusting their weight upon it, and that their judgment in this respect was infallible; hence they took great satisfaction in the confidence with which this huge old fellow paced along, declaring thereby that the work beneath him had been done in a manner which left no room for distrust. As he passed, the crowd closed in behind him, filling up the roadway, and from the bridge to the Clark avenue grounds his body-guard was immense.

The crowds which had been waiting on Washington avenue for an opportunity to go upon the bridge then moved forward, and from that time until the rainfall of the evening the stream was full and constant.—[St. Louis Republician.]

### THE INDIAN RING.

Why the Commissioners Said Good-Bye to the Secretary.

Mr. Delano Getting Himself in a Peck of Trouble.

Very Serious Charges Made Against Him.

[From the St. Louis (Mo.) Republican.]

The causes of the resignation of the Indian commission, says the N. Y. Tribune, have not been fully written. The following facts in relation to it have been gathered carefully and, considered as a statement of the commissioners' side of the case, may be regarded as trustworthy. The beginning of Grant's first presidential term found the Indian bureau of the department of the interior in a demoralized condition; it was \$2,000,000 in debt after having expended an appropriation of \$4,000,000. Within a month of the inauguration of General Grant, it became apparent that the House of Representatives objected to pay the liabilities appropriated to be expended for the benefit of the Indians under the joint action of the interior department and a commission of ten citizens, who should act as the advisors of the secretary and should serve without compensation, their actual expenses only to be paid by the government. Such a "committee of citizens" was appointed on April 10, 1869, and was organized under Gen. Cox, secretary of the interior. During his administration the commission was treated with the

### UTMOST COURTESY.

And was used as advisors in all Indian affairs; but as soon as Secretary Delano succeeded him it became apparent that both the new secretary and his assistant, Gen. Cowan, looked upon the commission as in some way interfering with their plans and schemes. John Delano, son of the secretary, was especially active in infusing into his father's mind notions of that sort. The secretary was greatly under his son's influence, which was thought never to have been beneficial, as he often misled his father. From whatever cause the feeling may have originated, within a year after Delano came into office he began to manifest a feeling of suspicion and jealousy of the commission, especially of the chairman, Felix R. Brunot of Pittsburg. Soon after a severe attack was made upon Mr. Brunot by the secretary, who had been treasuring up for the purpose all he could find floating about against the commission for the previous six months. He charged Mr. Brunot, among other things, with improper conduct tending to interfere with the secretary of the interior's business, and also with having inspired certain anonymous printed circulars, one of which was in fact written by a resident of Pittsburg who was hostile to Mr. Brunot. All the charges of Secretary Delano against Mr. Brunot were met in a manly way, and it was clearly shown that they had all originated in suspicions and jealousies, and were

### WITHOUT ANY FOUNDATION.

Sufficient to warrant an attack upon a gentleman of good character. After Mr. Brunot's rejoinder, which was made in the best spirit, Mr. Delano professed to be satisfied that everything had been satisfactorily explained, but still went on in the same way as formerly. Those who know him well say that he is naturally of a jealous and suspicious disposition, and that he takes it for granted that people who are not praising him all the time are his enemies. The same feeling toward the Indian commissioners seemed to pervade to a great extent the subordinates of the department, and a want of confidence has never ceased to exist, though every point of difference has been talked over plainly and frankly, and every charge against the commissioners has been proved to rest on groundless suspicion.

Whenever the commissioners appointed by Secretary Cox went on business for the department they remained loyal to the condition on which they accepted their office—never to take any compensation for their time or services; none of the original members of the board have ever varied from this rule. Vacancies which have occurred have been filled by men nominated by Secretary Delano, some of whom had received pay for services rendered the department before their appointment, and all of whom received pay afterwards. There were

### FOUR OF THESE.

Lang of Maine, Turney of Ohio, Jones of Ohio, and Smith of the District of Columbia, the three former of whom have at least received for their services as commissioners sums varying from \$1,000 to \$2,000. Secretary Delano argued that they ought to be paid per diem for the time expended in the service of the department. The general policy of the department seems to have been to buy, with government money, the good will of all whose co-operation may at any time be desirable, and thus cause them to see no more than he wishes them to, and to agree with his policy. This was the effect upon Mr. Delano's commissioners, who co-incident on all points with the secretary, who in turn agreed with them, and would not listen to the older members of the commission. The Delano's commissioners gave great offence to the other members of the board, who believed that its dignity was lowered and its usefulness impaired by such conduct, and they had taken an oath to serve without compensation. Accordingly, the board adopted a resolution—only the members appointed by Mr. Delano, who were present, voting in the negative—declaring it unbecoming in any member of the commission to receive compensation for services rendered as members of a commission created by an act which declared that no compensation should be rendered or received. This placed the two sections of the commission

### IN OPEN ANTAGONISM.

The new members in the last part of last year refused to sign the reports of the commission. They were in hearty sympathy with the department which supplied them with money, and the original members of the board felt that they could not carry on a fight successfully against their associates who were paid officers, while they were working for nothing and had no money to spare. They had therefore closed up their offices and resigned before a new financial year had begun or new appropriations called for.

The opposition between the commission and the secretary of the interior was not one of feeling or sentiment merely; it was a hopeless struggle against the wrongs which the commission was created to put an end to. Contracts for Indian supplies could not be made without the approval of the commission. Bids would be made by gentlemen who were represented to the commissioners as not connected with the "Indian ring" and who would fill their contracts in an honest and just manner toward the Indians. Under the impression that these were trustworthy men, the commission approved of bids last year, amounting to \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 or more, chiefly for supplying beef, flour and bacon to different contractors, all of whom were recommended by officers representing the department of the interior. All these persons gave up their contracts to be filled by men notorious for having failed to fulfill contracts in a fair and just manner in former years. One man,

### THE WORST IN THE LOT.

represented to have said that he pays 25 per cent. for the several contracts he has bought and makes what he can afterward. It is well known that what he makes afterward is a very large profit, and that this can only be done by cheating the Indians outrageously. When the commissioners complained to the secretary of this mode of filling the contracts, he treated their complaint contemptuously, saying that he couldn't help it, and he presumed they were as well filled as if the original contractors had retained them. All these many sub-contractors failed to a greater or less extent to fill their contracts properly. Old, poor, lean cattle were furnished instead of good oxen, pork was furnished instead of bacon, and poor flour for good.

What is called the "Indian ring" is very difficult to define, and comprises a much larger number of men than most people are aware of. It has under its control more than \$10,000,000 to meet any emergency. A prominent house in this city is known to have been for a long time actively connected with it, and scarcely a large city, East or West, is without one or more members. They make up a body who control leading offices in the department of the interior, exert a vast influence in elections of men to congress, and in getting their men appointed on the committees of the two houses. It is currently reported and believed that the Indian ring dictated the appointment of the present committee on Indian affairs in the house of representatives.

### MAKING IT A CONDITION.

Of Mr. Blaine's election to the speakership. This committee have been engaged all winter in investigating the Indian bureau, and have industriously exerted themselves to see how little they could find out, and how much they could cover up. They have done this nominally for the honor of their party, but really in the interests of the ring with which many people think they have pecuniary sympathy. The great outside ring, which premeates the whole country, are now co-operating with the department of the interior and the house committee on Indian affairs, to represent that the resigning commissioners have been in the wrong, and that their resignation is to be looked upon as an acknowledgment of their error; while all the facts, only a few of which have been given above, point in a diametrically opposite direction. Delano told a member of the board of Indian commissioners that he had told President Grant that the good of the country demanded Vincent Collyer's removal, and Grant acted on his suggestion. He has pursued virtually the same course toward the secretary of the board—Thomas K. Creec—whose removal he has for a long time peremptorily insisted on. If anything had been needed to cause the resignation of the commissioners who stood true to their oath of office, this would have been almost enough, as all the resigning members were exceedingly indignant.

### Do You Want Money?

The comptroller of the currency is prepared to receive applications for the organization of National Banks in all Western and Southern States. Such applications may be made by letter, or otherwise, giving names of not less than five shareholders of the proposed organization, which should be accompanied with the endorsement of a Senator or the Representative of the district where the bank is to be located, giving satisfactory information in reference to the character and means of the applicants. Applications will be considered immediately upon their receipt, and if approved the necessary forms for the organization of the new banks will be at once transmitted.

Under the new appointments all the Western and Southern States and territories, with the exception of Colorado, Montana and Wyoming, will be entitled to an additional circulation.

### Civil Service Dead-lock.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Neither house would concur in the other's action regarding the civil service commission and appointments, so action relating to this subject is altogether omitted. The law under which the civil service commission exists is not repealed, but no appropriation is made for continuing its work or paying its expenses.

The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, JUNE 24, 1874.

The Spirit of Kansas is issued weekly, in Fraser's Hall, Massachusetts Street.

BY JAMES T. STEVENS. TERMS—Two Dollars a year, in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES: Advertisements, first insertion, one inch \$1.00

Official Paper of the County.

Mr. G. C. Brackett, living three miles west of this city, has eight hundred cherry trees loaded with fruit, which he is selling now at the rate of about two wagon loads daily.

Rev. J. K. Dunn, of the Episcopal Church of this city, returned from the East on Friday of last week to resume the pastoral care of his church, we hope much refreshed both in body and mind.

The little steamer Perry Belle is now making regular pleasure trips up the river every evening, leaving the north end of the bridge at 7 o'clock and returning at 9 stopping at Searl's spring, going and coming. Fare 25 cents for the round trip.

There will be a meeting of the Wheat Growers Association of Douglas and adjoining counties, on Saturday, the 11th day of July next, at the Court House in Lawrence, at one o'clock p. m. A full attendance is requested.

The cherry crop of this county has been very large, and has been a source of no little income to those who have raised them to any extent.

Lawrence is to have a big celebration on the Fourth. Ringing of bells, firing cannons, an immense street parade headed by a fine band, orations, and in the evening a fine display of fireworks.

The board of county commissioners have had the rooms of the county officers in the court house neatly fitted up and the walls and ceilings painted.

The Deering Bros. are busy opening and arranging, in the old drug store under this office, a fresh stock of drugs, toilet goods and patent medicines.

Raspberries, currents, cucumbers and new potatoes are now in our market in abundance, and all bringing good, fair prices.

The Continental Hotel, at Leavenworth, is the place to stop at while in that city.

On Tuesday of this week, we visited the planing mill and factory of T. H. Lescher of this city.

Twenty-one freshmen were lately suspended from an English college because a professor couldn't find out who placed a ten-ounce tack in his chair.

PROVIDENCE, June 23.—The General Assembly took a ballot for U. S. Senator to-day, and adjourned, with the following result: Whole number of votes 105; Burnsides 41; Dixon 26; Bartow 16; Browne 10; Sheffield 6; Jenekes 4; Birney 2.

G. H. Browne was elected chief justice of the supreme court.

SPECIAL TO FARMERS: MACHINE OILS.

At prices to suit the times. 50cts to \$1.25 per gallon.

At the Round Corner. WOODWARD & CO., 24-27

Remember the cheapest place to buy Dry Goods, is at G. A. Hunt's.

Did you ever stop at the Lindell Hotel in Atchison, Kansas? If not the next time you go to Atchison just step in and see what fine treatment you will receive by the gentlemanly proprietors.

The State Millers' Association. The State Millers' Association was in session last evening at Bartholow's Hall.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, H. C. Hall, of Oswego; vice-president, O. W. Baldwin, of Ottawa; secretary and treasurer, J. H. Beatty, of Chanute.

The committee on constitution and by-laws, through their chairman, Mr. H. C. Hall, made a report submitting a constitution and by-laws in accordance with the recommendation of the international association, which has just closed a convention at St. Louis, which report was adopted.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, H. C. Hall, of Oswego; vice-president, O. W. Baldwin, of Ottawa; secretary and treasurer, J. H. Beatty, of Chanute.

The Midland Excursion. Though somewhat late in the day for detailed public mention, yet the occasion was one of rare enjoyment to all who accepted the courtesy and hospitality of the Midland R. R. Co. and the city of Topeka on Thursday last, and well worthy of any extant of elaborated comment.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County, this 9th day of June, A. D. 1874. T. B. SMITH, County Clerk.

THE BEST. WASHING MACHINE AND KITCHEN TABLE COMBINED.

The Work of Purification Thoroughly Accomplished by the Machine.

The most delicate fabric washed without injuring a thread. No after-hand rubbing required. A day's washing accomplished in less than one third the time. Saves money, time and drudgery.

MANUFACTURED BY T. H. LESCHER, Cor. Rhode Island and Quincy Streets, Lawrence, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on

Monday, the 27th day of July, A. D. 1874, At 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right title and interest whatsoever of the said J. M. Bartholow, in and to the following described premises, to wit:

An undivided one-half of the South half of the south east quarter of section No. twenty (20), township No. twelve (12), of range No. twenty (20), according to the Government survey thereof, in Douglas county, Kansas. Appraised at seven hundred and ten dollars (\$710). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 24th day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas.

Married.

Mr. George Slosson of Coffeyville, was married to Miss Minnie Hatch of this city, yesterday, at the residence of the bride's father, G. W. Hatch. Mr. Slosson was a merchant in this city for a number of years, but for some time has been engaged in the drug business in Coffeyville. George still has hosts of friends in Lawrence. Miss Hatch was a friend and neighbor of ours in Illinois, and we say to you friend Slosson, we know you have won a prize worth cherishing. Thanks for the abundant supply of cake sent us, and we wish you both long life and abundant prosperity.

THE PATRONS' CELEBRATION.

At Emporia July 4th, 1874.

The marshals' meeting shall be held at the new Emporia Grange Hall, at 9 1-2 o'clock, when they will report to the Grand Marshal, W. P. Phillips, for orders.

Each Subordinate Grange is hereby instructed to meet at some chosen spot, from whence they shall proceed in order to the Normal School grounds, where their respective Marshals will assemble them in order for marching in grand procession, at 10 o'clock sharp.

All citizens, societies, and orders are invited to take part in grand procession, and shall have proper places. The grangers sing as they march, "We will rally Around the Grange," and "Three Cheers for the Plow, Spade and Hoe." The marshals shall seat the procession on arrival at any drunken or disorderly persons found on the ground, and see that no teams enter the enclosure.

Prices Coming Down.

Mr. Shimmons is making quite a flutter in the Boot and Shoe trade, by the low prices at which he is selling. He is selling at lower prices than the same quality of goods can be bought for in the East. He evidently understands that. Twenty five cents per pair for three pairs of shoes is more than fifty cents profit on one pair.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

The board of County Commissioners of the County of Douglas, Kansas, will meet as a County board of equalization at the office of the County Clerk, on the first Monday of July, 1874. At which meeting all persons feeling aggrieved by the returns of the Assessors, can appear and have all errors in the returns corrected as justice and equity may demand.

Witness my hand and the seal of said County, this, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1874. T. B. SMITH, County Clerk.

THE BEST.

WASHING MACHINE

KITCHEN TABLE COMBINED.

The Work of Purification Thoroughly Accomplished by the Machine.

The most delicate fabric washed without injuring a thread. No after-hand rubbing required. A day's washing accomplished in less than one third the time. Saves money, time and drudgery.

MANUFACTURED BY T. H. LESCHER, Cor. Rhode Island and Quincy Streets, Lawrence, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on

Monday, the 27th day of July, A. D. 1874, At 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right title and interest whatsoever of the said J. M. Bartholow, in and to the following described premises, to wit:

An undivided one-half of the South half of the south east quarter of section No. twenty (20), township No. twelve (12), of range No. twenty (20), according to the Government survey thereof, in Douglas county, Kansas. Appraised at seven hundred and ten dollars (\$710). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 24th day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

BOOTS & SHOES

IS AT

SHIMMONS'

SIGN OF THE

BIG BOOT

UPSIDE DOWN.

We warrant ALL OUR FIRST-CLASS

BOOTS & SHOES

Notwithstanding the VERY LOW PRICE at which we

Are selling them.

H. D. WHITMAN. B. J. WHITMAN. MILLINERY & NOTION STORE!

153 Massachusetts Street. MRS. E. E. W. COULTER

Respectfully invites the attention of Ladies and others to her large and elegant assortment of

Millinery Goods, CORSETS, GLOVES, LACES, COLLARS, FEATHERS, ZEPHYRS & YARNS, Real Hair Swives and Curls, Knit Goods, And Notions of all kinds.

The making of Caps for Old Ladies, Head Dresses for Parties and Concerts, And Bonnets and Hats to order a Specialty.

Parties from the country Especially invited to call. Mrs. Coulter bought her stock for CASH directly from the largest wholesale houses, and will prove to all who may favor her with their patronage that she will sell for cash as cheap as the cheapest.

Satisfaction guaranteed on all orders. 121-173

WHITMAN BRO'S, GROCERS

AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, FRUIT, VEGETABLES &c., No. 104 Massachusetts Street, LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

THE GRANGER STORE

THOS. M. WORK. P. W. SERVICE.

WORK & SERVICE GROCERS,

108 Massachusetts Street. Four doors south of Ridenour & Baker.

SPECIAL ATTENTION Given To CHOICE BUTTER, and EGGS.

Goods delivered anywhere intown.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

I offer for sale Early Red & Yellow Nansmond, and Early Bahama. Also a large quantity of Cabbage and Tomato Plants.

Orders accompanied with the money will receive prompt attention. Address William Gibson, box 775, Lawrence, Kansas.

Sweet Potato Plants.

Yellow and Red NANSEMOND

In quantities to suit.

Address, D. G. WATT, Lawrence, Kan.

\$2.00 per thousand for plants delivered at the express office in Lawrence. P. O. Box, 574. 18-69

SHERIFF'S SALE.

State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Robert B. McKim plaintiff, vs. C. W. Adams, defendant. By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas County, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on

Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874, At two o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, state of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all the right title and interest whatsoever of the said C. W. Adams, in and to the following described premises to wit:

The south half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section No. twenty (20) in township No. twelve (12), of range No. twenty (20), containing twenty (20) acres of land more or less, according to government survey, the same being in Douglas County, and State of Kansas. Appraised at twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200). Taken as the property of C. W. Adams, and to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 3d day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

Go East by way of St. Louis.

In these days of railroad competition the wise traveler selects his route before leaving home. In almost every instance he desires to reach his destination as speedily as possible, and for the accomplishment of that purpose the Missouri Pacific Through Line from the West to the East, via Kansas City and St. Louis, offers inducements unsurpassed by any other line in the country. Everything connected with the Missouri Pacific R. R. is first class, and the adoption of the Miller Platform and Westinghouse Air Brake, together with its Pullman Sleepers, and Reclining Chair Coaches, render a trip over the line perfectly safe and pleasant. Passengers from all parts of the West by taking its Express Trains at Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and other prominent cities, are landed in St. Louis at reasonable hours morning and evening, and in ample time to make direct connection with all railroads for every point in the North, East and South. Particular information with maps, time tables, &c., may be had at the various "Through Ticket" offices in the West, or upon personal or written applications to G. H. Baxter, Western Passenger Agent, Kansas City, Mo., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

# The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, JUNE 24, 1874.

## Botany for Farmers.

**HOW DO PLANTS DIFFER IN THEIR FLOWERS?**  
 What is a flower? "Oh," says my pretty little sister, "it is that part of a plant that has beautiful colored leaves; red, yellow, blue and white." Some flowers are indeed very beautiful, and useful too, like some little girls, and some, as the flowers of the oak and grasses, like some other little girls, are equally useful, though not beautiful. "What! do trees and grass have flowers?" Yes, all plants that have seeds have flowers. In phenogamous plants the flower is the part necessary to produce the seed. But there are some flowers that like some other little girls are pretty to look at, nothing more.

The parts of a flower are usually four, viz: calyx, corolla, stamens and pistils. When all are present the calyx is on the outside, and consists of one or more green leaves differing in form from the others. If more than one, they are called sepals. Next within is the corolla with one or more colored leaves called petals. If only one set is present, even if it be colored, as in the four o'clock, botanists call it a calyx. Next the stamens, little stems or threads called filaments, with little heads on top called anthers. The anthers are little sacks containing the pollen, a fine powder, which must be conveyed to pistil to make it produce seed. The number of stamens is usually three in endogens, and five or indefinite in exogens, but there is one in Indian shot, (canna), two in sage, three in most grasses, four in most square stemmed plants, as catnip, five in grapes, six in lilies, seven in buckeye, eight in cranberry, nine in sassafras, ten in pink and sorrel, and twenty or more in the rose and poppy. In the hollyhock the filaments are united to form a tube. In the pea nine are united and one is separate. Next the pistils in the centre. The pistil has at its base an ovary, which is to be the seed vessel or fruit, and upon this the stigma, which is to receive the pollen. These are easily seen in the poppy. More commonly the stigma is not on the ovary, but raised above it on a little pillar called a style, as in the lily. In corn the styles, commonly called silk, are very long. The pistils are usually one, two, five, or indefinite.

When a flower has all these four parts, it is said to be complete, as the rose and apple. If it lacks any one of them it is said to be incomplete. Many flowers have a calyx but no corolla. These are generally green as most trees and grasses.

When a flower has both stamens and pistils, if nothing else, it is said to be perfect, because it can produce seed. Sometimes the flower is so constructed that the pollen falls on the pistils, but sometimes it can not, and then provision is made for cross-fertilization by insects. The flower secretes honey to draw them.

Some plants have imperfect flowers, that is with stamens or pistils alone. If both are on the same plant, the plant is said to be monoecious, that is, both stamens and pistils are in the same house, though not in the same room. Such are the pumpkin family, corn and most of our trees, as oak, chestnut, beech, birch, button-ball, hickory and walnut. In the melon the pistillate flowers have short stems and at base an ovary, the future fruit. The staminate flowers have no ovary, and are sometimes called false blossoms. A good lady thought to make her cucumbers bear better by cutting off the false blossoms. She failed. So if one should cut off the tassels of corn too soon. Different varieties of corn, melons, &c., mix if planted too near each other.

Some species have the stamens and pistils on separate plants and are called dioecious, that is, having separate houses. Such are the box-elder, coffee bean, willows, poplars, hemp, hops, Osage orange, red cedar, persimmon, and most mulberries. Without two plants or trees you can not have fruit. The pollen is conveyed as in monoecious plants by insects or the wind. In Italy was a pistillate date palm, but it never bore till a staminate one miles away got up above other trees. Only one kind of Lombardy poplar was ever brought to this country, so that we have no seed.

In some species some plants have perfect blossoms and some staminate or pistillate. Some ash trees have perfect blossoms and some pistillate. In the wine grape of Europe the blossoms are perfect, but if you plant seeds of either the Concord or the Clinton, which belong to native species, you may get a vine with either perfect or staminate blossoms. The staminate blossoms may be known by not having a little round body, the ovary, in

the centre. People sometimes transplant vines, greatly to their disappointment. Vines from cuttings are always like the vines they are taken from.

Some species have on different plants perfect, staminate and pistillate blossoms. Such is the honey or thorn locust. Some species of strawberry have all the blossoms perfect, but the hantbois of Europe, and our wild ones, the parents of most of our cultivated ones, have all three kinds. In the perfect ones you will find both stamens and pistils. The pistils are numerous, one to each future seed, on a little round body, the future berry. In staminate plants you will find strong stamens, but no pistils or shriveled ones. In the pistillate plants the future berry, but no stamens. On these the petals or flower leaves are much smaller. Staminate plants are usually very vigorous, and I have transplanted wild ones expecting that they would bear boundfully. Wilson's Albany have perfect blossoms; Hovey's seedling only pistillate. Pistillate varieties should be planted near to perfect ones. A man once filled a large garden with pistillate plants, which grew finely but gave no fruit. Had he put in the middle of each square of nine a perfect or staminate one, he would have had fruit.

Some flowers are regular, having all their parts arranged equally around a centre, as the rose, pink, tulip. Some are irregular. Of the irregular ones, some are papilionaceous, butterfly shaped, as the pea, locust, &c. Some are labiate, having lips and an open or closed mouth, as catnip, sage, toad flax and snap-dragon. Some have spurs, as the lark spur, violet and touch-me-not.

I said that some flowers were only good to look at. Such are the hydrangea and snowball. They have neither stamens nor pistils. Double flowers, made so by cultivation, have the stamens changed to petals and produce no seed. Such are most roses and peonies.

Other things being equal, I value most those flowers that continue longest; as pansy, portulacca, morning glory. Also those that have most variety of colors, as tulip, pansy, hollyhock and lantana.

Thomas Paine said he liked the Quakers better than any other sort of religionists, but he could not help laughing to think what a drab colored world we should have had, if the Quakers had made it. I think the Maker has taken some pains to please us, and it would not be unuseful, if we should take some pains to please him.

J. H. CARBUTH.

## The Treasury Department.

It is hinted that Secretary Bristow may take it into his head to make a full exhibit of all those transactions in the treasury department which have been so jealously guarded from the public gaze for six years past. If this be true, Mr. Boutwell and Mr. Richardson may well be uneasy. A great deal of the treasury management has been a sealed book to the public, a glimpse into it being only now and then caught, as in the Sanborn investigation. If the accidental discovery of the Sanborn business revealed so much that Messrs. Boutwell, Richardson, Banfield and Sawyer have reason to be ashamed of, what might a thorough over-hauling of the department not show? The syndicate negotiation of the refunding loan of 1870, and the appointment of Clews, Habicht & Co., to be bankers of the government in place of Boring Bros., are two affairs that have never been made plain to the public; and the question, What was done with the several hundred millions received from the sale of useless material at the close of the war? is another mystery which the department has never explained. If the new secretary is disposed to make a little investigation on his own account, we suspect he will find an ample field for it, and we know that his countrymen would applaud him for it.

## A Clerical Anecdote.

It is related in the Boston Congregationalist of the father of the late Rev. Dr. Storrs, of Braintree, a strong advocate of the doctrine of foreordination, that having once made an appointment to exchange with the late Rev. Dr. Osgood, of Springfield, he started for the latter place with his own team on the Sunday agreed upon, and when about half way thither met Dr. Osgood driving down. They stopped, naturally, for a moment's conversation, and Dr. Storrs soon glided into his favorite theme. "Why," said he "see how wonderful are the degrees of Providence. Here it has been foreordained from all eternity that we should exchange pulpits to-day, and sure we are met talking the matter over." "What's that," said Dr. Osgood, not quite sure of the foreordination business, "do you say that it has been decreed that we should exchange pulpits to-day?" "I do," replied the other solemnly. "Well then," returned Dr. Osgood, "I'll break one of God's decrees, for I shall preach in my own pulpit to-day," and turning his horse about he drove rapidly homeward, leaving the astonished Dr. Storrs to return to Longmeadow musing on the possible uncertainty of decrees.

## Cut Your Hay Early.

The Rural World says: Experience has demonstrated the fact, that dried grass is not unlike dried herbs. That is, that when either are cut and dried when in blossom, and a decoction made therefrom, it will invariably be stronger than when the plants have been allowed to go to seed before being cut. It is an inevitable law of vegetation that when the plant is matured, the powers that have brought it to maturity have fulfilled their mission, they are withdrawn and dispersed among their original elements. The true principle is to cut the grass as soon as it reaches its perfect state, and the one best adapted for feeding purposes. This is just before the starch, sugar and gluten of the plant have gone to the formation of seed, or have been converted into woody fibre.

It is said that the herring is as great an object of devotion to the people of Taunton as the crocodile was to the ancient Egyptians. A Middleboro' man, who recently went to Taunton, and got into the lock-up for inebriation, utilized this legend in explaining the mishap to his friends at home: "You see," he said, "I merely happened to intimate that I thought there were better fish than herring, when I was at once seized by the police and locked up. That's how it was."

A short time since, a little commercial "drummer" chanced to get into the same railway carriage, in England, in which the Dukes of Argyle and Northumberland were traveling. The three chatted familiarly until the train stopped at Alnwick Junction, where the Duke of Northumberland got out, and was met by a train of flunkeys and servants. "That must be a great swell," said the drummer to his remaining companion. "Yes," responded the Duke of Argyle, "he is the Duke of Northumberland." "Bless my eyes!" exclaimed the drummer; "and to think that he should have been so condescending to two little snobs like us!"

## PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Every Man Pays his own Bill, and not another's.

By which rule I am able to sell all kinds of

## FAMILY GROCERIES.

At lower rates than any House in the city doing a credit business. I make no specialties, keep the largest variety and the best quality, and

Sell every thing at the lowest prices for cash.

I can well afford to do so, for my expenses are reduced the amount of account books, book keepers, collectors and bad debts.

Persons having the "ready" will find it to their interest to call at the corner of Massachusetts and Henry streets before purchasing.

March 21, 1873. GEORGE FORD, (697) Successor to Ford & Whitman.

## CONSUMERS IMPORTING TEA COMPANY.

No. 8 Church Street, P. O. Box 5,509. New York City.

This is a combination of capitalists to supply the consumers of Teas throughout the United States on the mutual principle.

We have experienced agents in all the best districts of China and Japan to select Teas especially for our trade.

We expect every consumer of Teas to render us all the assistance they can in carrying out our enterprise, as we make a specialty of SUPPLYING CONSUMERS ONLY (and allow no middlemen to make any profit on our importations), which will enable us to supply them with Teas at prices lower than have ever been known, and of those fine qualities that seldom reach the interior, being sold only to the large cities and among the very wealthy.

Hoping the consumers will take an interest in our enterprise, and send at once for a circular with full explanations of how to proceed to obtain our goods.

Most respectfully yours, Consumers Importing Tea Co., No. 8 Church St., P. O. Box 5,509. New York City.

Entered, according to Act of Congress, in January, 1874, by the Consumers Importing Tea Co., in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. C.

What the Press say of us. To Tea Drinkers! On this page appears the circular of the Consumers Importing Tea Company. We believe this company able and willing to perform all their circular proposals. —(American Agriculturist.)

Consumers Importing Tea Company. Our readers should not overlook the advertisement in another column of the Consumers Importing Tea Company. They propose to supply consumers only with pure teas as cheaply as large facilities and direct communication with consumer will allow. We know this company—that it is in every way reliable, and worthy the confidence of the public. —(Rural N. Yorker)

## S. F. HALL, A. L. PATTERSON - F. D. PAT'N HALL, PATTERSON & CO.,

## LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANT'S

Office, No. 44, New Exchange Building, Chicago, Ill.

## UNION STOCK YARDS.

Refer by permission to W. F. Tucker, President Union Stock Yards National Bank, Chicago, Ill. J. J. Murphy, Cashier First National Bank, Woodstock, Illinois. Plankinton & Armour, Packers, Chicago, Milwaukee, and Kansas City. Field, Leiter & Co., Chicago. H. T. Elliott, Chicago. J. D. Whitman, Des Moines, Iowa. First National Bank, Washington, Iowa. P. R. Allen, Alton, Mo. Alonzo Golden, Sock Falls, Illinois.

Authorized Agents for Patrons of Husbandry, under \$200,000 Bonds. -8-160

HORACE L. MOORE. GUY BENNETT

## MOORE & BENNETT,

## GROCERS

AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

The Farmers' Store.

132 Massachusetts street, Lawrence, 70 Kansas.

## SHORT, SAFE SURE

TAKE THE Missouri River, Ft. Scott & Gulf Railroad

FOR OLAHIE, OASGE MISSION, PAOLA, BAXTER SPRINGS, FT. SCOTT, CHETOPA, BUTLER, OSWEGO, Fort Gibson, and all points in Southern Kansas, Southwestern Missouri, Indian Territory and Texas.

LEAVE KANSAS CITY: Mail, Les Cygnes Accommodation, 9.30 a. m. Les Cygnes Accommodation, 5.15 p. m. Fort Scott Passenger, 11.45 p. m. Mail, 1.05 p. m. Les Cygnes Accommodation, 8.45 a. m. Kansas City Express, 7.30 p. m.

ARRIVE AT KANSAS CITY: Connections at Kansas City with Hannibal & St. Jo., Mo. Pacific, St. Louis K. & N. Northern, Chicago & Alton, Kansas Pacific, R. C. St. Jo. & Council Bluffs Railroads.

At Olathe with Kansas City & Santa Fe Railroad, Paola and Fort Scott with M. K. & T. Railroad. At Les Cygnes with stages for Butler, Pleasanton with stages for Mound City, At Baxter Springs with stages for Garthage, Neosho and Seneca.

B. S. HENNING, Superintendent. ALLAN BOWEN, G. T. A.

## ATCHISON, TOPEKA, & SANTA FE RAILROAD.

Now completed to the west line of Kan. — THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO — Burlington, Carbondale, Emporia, Florence, Newton, Hutchinson, Great Bend, Peace, AND ALL POINTS IN AND NEAR THE LEAVENWORTH.

Going North, Through Express and Mail arrives and leaves 11:00 A. M. Stock Express arrives and leaves 7:30 A. M. Going South, Through Express and Passenger arrives and leaves 3:30 P. M. Mixed train arrives and leaves 8:45 P. M. Freight train leaves 9:00 A. M. Trains going North leave North Topeka 10 minutes later than Topeka. Trains going South leave North Topeka 10 minutes earlier than Topeka.

## GREAT ARKANSAS VALLEY.

3,000,000 ACRES Of fine Farming and Stock Lands for sale at low rates.

11 YEARS CREDIT and 7 per cent. interest and 2 1/2 per cent. drawback to settlers.

The lands allocated all along the line, in the finest portions of Kansas, and low rates are given to settlers on their people and plunder.

Tickets for sale at Atchison and Topeka, to all points west and south, and at the General Ticket Office in Topeka, to and from all points in Europe, to and from all points in Kansas. GEO. H. NETTLETON, G. T. A. & Ticket Agent.

## THE KANSAS SHORT LINE.

St. Louis, Lawrence, & Western Rail Road, through passenger and freight route, between ST. LOUIS & CARBONDALE.

without change of cars. Pullman Sleeping Cars, run daily. On and after Sunday Dec. 28, 1873, the trains will run as follows:

Going East. L'v Carbondale 10:15 a. m. L'v St. Louis 8:50 p. m. Arr'v Lawrence 12:40 p. m. " " Hill 7:50 a. m. " " 2:30 p. m. " Olathe 4:00 a. m. " Olathe 4:05 p. m. Arr'v Lawr' 11:40 a. m. Arr'v Pleasant Hill 6:20 p. m. " " 1:55 p. m. " St. Louis 8:30 a. m. Arr'v Carbon' 6:20 p. m. St. Louis and Lawrence Sunday Express.

Express leaving St. Louis Saturday 8:50 p. m. Arrive at Lawrence 10:47 a. m. Sunday. Leaves Lawrence at 8:45 p. m. and arrive at St. Louis 6:50 a. m.

Connections. At Carbondale direct with trains of A T & S R R. east and west. At Lawrence with L L & G R. At Pleasant Hill direct with trains of Atlantic & Pacific railroad.

Through tickets to all points east, for sale at principle offices on the line.

J. M. WEBSTER, Manager, Lawrence, Kansas.

## THE LEAVENWORTH, LAWRENCE AND GALVESTON R. R. LINE

Hope, by furnishing first-class accommodation in every respect, by strict attention to the comfort and safety of the passengers, and by lowering their freight rates as fast as increasing business will warrant it, to deserve and receive a fair share of patronage, and to promote and increase the settlement of the country along its line.

Commencing Nov. 9th, 1873, trains will run as follows:

## GOING SOUTH.

Day Express.—Leave Leavenworth 9:55 a. m., Lawrence 11:55 a. m., Kansas City 10:10 a. m., Ottawa 1:35 p. m., Garnett 2:50 p. m., Iola 4:10 p. m., Humboldt 4:32 p. m., Chanute 5:57 p. m., Thayer 5:40 p. m., Cherryvale 6:30 p. m., arriving at Independence 7:15 p. m., Coffeyville 7:15 p. m. and Parker 7:35 p. m.

Freight and accommodation.—Leave Kansas City 5:15 a. m., Ottawa 10:00 a. m., Garnett 12:50 p. m., Iola 2:50 p. m., Humboldt 3:27 p. m., Chanute 4:05 p. m., Thayer 5:10 p. m., Cherryvale 6:30 p. m., arriving at Independence 7:15 p. m., Coffeyville 7:45 p. m.

Accommodation.—Leave Lawrence 4:35 p. m., Lawrence 7:35 p. m., Baldwin City 8:20 p. m., arriving at Ottawa 9:15 p. m.

## GOING NORTH.

Day Express.—Leave Parker 6:45 a. m., Coffeyville 7:00 a. m., Independence 7:00 a. m., Cherryvale 7:45 a. m., Thayer 8:32 a. m., Chanute 9:12 a. m., Humboldt 9:35 a. m., Iola 9:57 a. m., Garnett 11:15 a. m., Ottawa 12:50 p. m., arriving at Kansas City 4:10 p. m., Lawrence 2:20 p. m. and Leavenworth 4:05 p. m.

Freight and accommodation.—Leave Coffeyville 6:00 a. m., Independence 7:00 a. m., Cherryvale 7:30 a. m., Thayer 8:50 a. m., Chanute 9:30 a. m., Humboldt 10:30 a. m., Iola 11:05 a. m., Garnett 12:50 p. m., Ottawa 3:00 p. m., arriving at Kansas City 8:45 p. m.

Accommodation.—Leave Ottawa 6:35 a. m., Baldwin 7:25 a. m., arriving at Lawrence 8:30 a. m., Leavenworth 11:20 a. m.

All trains carry passengers, and will run daily, Sundays excepted.

CONNECTIONS. At Ottawa with stages for Pomona, Quenoco, Lyndon and Osage City.

At Humboldt with stages for Eureka, Eldorado, Augusta and Douglas.

At Chanute with the M. K. & T. R. R. for points north and south, and stages for Fredonia and New Albany.

At Thayer with stages for Neodesha. At Cherryvale with stages for Parsons. At Independence with stages for Elk City, Loughton, Peru, Elk Falls, Tisdale, Winfield and Arkansas City.

At Parker with stages for Chadopa.

500,000 Acres of land are offered for sale by this company, in the valleys of the Neosho and its tributaries.

CHAS. B. PECK, Acting Superintendent

## Kansas Pacific Railway.

The main line extends from Kansas City, Mo., and Lawrence, Kansas, both flourishing cities on the Missouri River, through Central Kansas and Eastern Colorado 639 miles to Denver, Colorado, and with several hundred miles of branches, in addition, reaches every portion of Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, and all of its fertile valleys. Rare opportunities are offered for acquiring homes in a section of country unsurpassed for fertility and health. The State Capital, State University, State Agricultural College, State Normal School, Blind Asylum, &c., of Kansas, are all located immediately along the line, and the educational facilities generally are unequalled. By reference to the United States Agricultural Reports, it will be observed that Kansas had a greater yield to the acre of the cereals than any other State, and Gold Medals and Diplomas for the greatest and best display of Fruits and Agricultural, Horticultural and Mineral products, have been awarded at the Great Expositions and Fairs throughout the land in competition with the other States. For the tourist and invalid, a varied and charming landscape is presented; and the delightful air of Colorado, and the now justly celebrated Cold, Warm and Hot Springs, in the vicinity of Denver, have given renewed life to the weary and restored health to the sick. Don't fail to take a trip over the Kansas Pacific railway, and if you want a good home, be sure to settle along its line. You can obtain maps, circulars, &c., giving all information, by addressing Gen'l Passenger Agent, K. P. R. R., Kansas City, Mo.

## CHICAGO SHORT LINE.

—VIA— St. Louis, Kansas City and NORTHERN, —AND—

## CHICAGO & ALT'N, RAILROADS,

Crossing the Mississippi on the Great Iron Bridge at Louisiana Missouri, passing through Jacksonville, Bloomington and Joliet.

NO TRANSFERS! NO FERRIES! NO CHANGE OF CARS!

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING Reclining Seat Palace Coaches

Between Kansas City and CHICAGO

WITHOUT CHANGE. NO EXTRA CHARGE for SEATS

IN THESE CARS. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

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Without Change. PALACE DIN'G CARS on DAY Trains

Time, Scenery, Track, Accommodations, ahead of all other routes.

J. C. McMillan, General Superintendent, Chicago.

James Charleston, Gen'l Pass'r & ticket agent, Chicago.

Frank G. High, Western traveling agent, Kansas city.

Chicago FAST FREIGHT LINE. Shortest, Quickest and Best. W. E. Reed, Gen'l Western Agent, Kansas city, Mo.

OLD SETTLER'S REUNION.

Picnic of the Preble County, Ohio, Company.

The Preble County, Ohio, Company, which came to Kansas in the spring of 1855, held their annual meeting and picnic in the Sigel Grove, on Thursday, June 11th.

After a sumptuous dinner, spread on cloths on the grass, at which 150 sat down, the meeting was called to order by Capt. Barber, and Wm. Meairs was called to the Chair, and J. C. Vincent was chosen Secretary. The Committee of Arrangements for the ensuing year was appointed as follows:

Sam. Walker, Oliver Barber, Thomas M. Pierson, Wm. Meairs, Mrs. Thos. Blood, Miss Emma Barber and Mrs. C. W. Smith. After the appointment of the committees, Capt. Barber made a few brief remarks, followed by E. A. Coleman, who read a short paper he had prepared for the occasion. Mr. Coleman's paper was listened to with much attention. It was calculated to carry back to other days and other scenes the feelings of the hearers—scenes participated in with those who have long been numbered with the dead, and with those who took no small part in making history of the early days of Kansas. The paper was to short for the magnitude of the subject.

MR. E. A. COLEMAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen of the Ohio picnic party of 1855:

I appear with you again, this year, by special invitation from your committee. As I stated to you last year it gives me great pleasure to meet with you, year after year, to commemorate the time of your first landing upon this virgin soil of Kansas. Little did you think, before you left your native homes, what trials, privations and troubles you would have to pass through before you could become settled in your new adopted homes. If you all could have known, very few, if any of you would have ever known the pleasure you have of meeting together as friends and neighbors here to-day. I sometimes think it is the troubles and trials that we have had to pass through, since we landed in Kansas, that binds us close together and makes us realize that we are of one common brotherhood. Although we came from different States to this country, entire strangers, it must be pleasant to you all, as it is to me, to see live in this new country as to be able to meet together at least once a year, as friends and neighbors to commemorate the time of your landing in this, then wild wilderness. Although it is pleasant to meet here yet it calls up many thoughts and bitter recollections to many of you, by the loss of near and dear friends, not only from amongst your own number that came out with you, but those that you left behind at the dear old home with whom you have spent so many happy hours and days, and even years. They have gone to that bourne from whence no one returns. Still there are some left yet upon whom our thoughts, in their back-ward flight, can dwell upon with pleasure, when we know that the distance in time between them has been shortened more than one-half since we left. This makes us feel more contented in our new adopted homes.

It is 19 years since your little Spartan band of forty three started from Ohio to help make this land the land for the free, as well as to make yourselves and your children good happy homes.

It seems that kind Providence has more than favored your company as you have lost but three of your number by death and one of them very likely might have been with us to-day and enjoyed this gathering had it not been for the assassin who killed him, for no crime except that he was born north of Mason and Dixon's line.

But thanks be to God and high Heaven, and the strong northern arm, that line has been obliterated by the late war, and, may we not hope from this time on that the old sectional feeling that existed when we came here is nearly or quite died out and the time now at hand when we can sit under our own vine and fear nothing except doing wrong to our neighbor.

Friends of the Ohio Party, you have met here for another reunion, with no loss by death since last year's meeting. May you continue to meet for a reunion, with your present number for years yet to come, and may you all enjoy health and prosperity. You all have my most hearty thanks for the honor you have shown me by inviting me to join with you on this most interesting occasion.

Mr. W. W. Jamieson reports the cost of damming the Neosho and cutting the long tailed race from Jones mill to Iola at \$26,000. He says in his report that by running the tail race into Elm creek a water power can be had equal to three hundred and thirty-three horse power and by running to the Neosho river near the Iola Mills the power obtained would be two hundred and twenty-two horse power. From this he deducts one-quarter for wastage which would leave an available power of about two hundred and fifty horse power by emptying into Elk creek and one hundred and sixty-six horse power by emptying in the Neosho near the Iola Mills. Mr. Jamieson has not yet made a complete report, but has furnished the above which is the main points the people were anxiously waiting to know. (Iola Register.)

Securing Apples for the off Year.

One of the most successful agriculturists in the country is Robert Pell, who has a 1,200 acre farm in Ulster County, N. Y., all in the highest state of cultivation.

One feature is an orchard of 200 acres, planted exclusively with the Newtown Pippin, and the produce of this orchard is famous in England and Europe, as well as at home. To attain his present perfection in fruit culture Mr. Pell studied the art of pomology and learned how to assist nature in her efforts to support mankind. Commonly speaking, the apple tree bears every alternate year. Mr. Pell determined to have an annual harvest, and to give his orchard a handsome start he sacrificed the crop of a bearing year. All the apples were picked while green. He discovered that the germ of next year's fruit was in existence at the time of the apple harvest, but that the tree would be so exhausted that this year of rest would follow before another crop could be produced. Having stopped his trees from fruiting in this manner I have mentioned, he was sure of a crop on what was generally the off-year, and determined to follow this up by a treatment which would abolish the year system. He learned that trees require a variety of food, the chief of which is found in potash, lime and soda, and his orchard has been thus fed with all the success that could have been anticipated. The potash is found in wood ashes, lime is obtained from oyster shells at low cost (stone lime being undesirable), while soda is supplied by common salt. In orchards thus fed and judiciously pruned cannot fail of success of apples. Mr. Pell's crop is of unusual abundance. (New York Tribune.)

THE HOUSEHOLD. DRESSING FOR SALAD.—Yolks of three eggs, well beaten; stir in gradually, and beat well, three tablespoonfuls of salad oil, a tablespoonful of mustard, a little salt and pepper; then beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth, and add to the mixture; beat all together a few minutes, and add a tea cup of good vinegar; sugar can be added, or not to suit the taste.

TO MAKE OLD FURNITURE LOOK AS GOOD AS NEW.—Half pint of linseed oil, with sufficient vinegar to cut the fat; shake well in a bottle; rub your furniture with a flannel cloth, after which rub dry with chamois, or an old silk handkerchief. Try it and you will be astonished at the result.

MOUNTAIN CAKE.—One cup butter, three cups white sugar; four of flour; five eggs; whites beaten separately; one teaspoonful of cream of tartar; one of soda dissolved in milk.

TEA CAKE.—One cup of sugar; one great spoonful of butter; half cup of milk; two cups of sifted flour; a very little nutmeg; one teaspoonful of cream of tartar; half teaspoonful of soda.

PARADISE CAKE.—Three eggs; one cup of butter; two and one-half cups of sugar; one and one-half cups of sweet milk; six cups of flour; one nutmeg; one teaspoonful of cinnamon, all spice and cloves, each; a half a pound of raisins, cloves, cinnamon and nutmeg.

FRUIT CAKE WITHOUT EGGS.—Two thirds of a cup of butter; two cups of sugar; two cups of raisins; two cups of sweet milk; six cups of flour; one nutmeg; one teaspoonful of cinnamon, all spice and cloves, each; a half a pound of citron improves it. Bake slowly.

MINUTE SPONGE CAKE.—Beat the eggs two minutes; add one and one-half cups of sugar, beat two minutes; one cup of flour and one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, beat one minute; add one cup of cold water with half a teaspoonful of extract of lemon, beat one minute. Splendid.

CRUMPLETS.—Do not open crumplets; toast them carefully and very quickly; butter them on both sides, and serve them separately on a hot water plate, if you have one; if not, send them in hot, as they are not nice lukewarm. Never put one crumplet on top of the other, as the under one would become heavy.

Knowledge of One's Business. In a late address before one of our Dairymen's Association, the following truths were uttered:

"It is one of the greatest mistakes of our farmers that, as a rule, they suffer the buyer to know more about the quality and value of farm products than is known by those whose labor makes them. The buyer has tests which the farmer does not have. I notice that when the wood buyer comes around he takes out his glass and sees at a glance the structure of the article in hand, and knows more about it than he who has toiled a year in its production. The same theory is true of seeds. The magnifier is applied to pork to see if it is infested with trichina. I think it is true, as a rule, that buyers of farm products know more about them than the producers. The man who knows the most always gets the best of the bargain. It is certain that knowledge is power in making a trade. It can safely be put down as a rule that a man, who for natural or artificial reasons, can see a hundred times as much as his neighbors, will know the markets."

It was a brilliant Fou du Lac boy who, seeing a dog with a muzzle on for the first time, exclaimed: "Mamma, mamma, I bet five cents the dogs are going to wear hoop-skirts. There goes a dog with one on his nose."

PATRONS' REGALIA!

Scale, Jewels, Blanks, &c., the Best, and at the Lowest Prices!

Gent's Regalia, genuine York XXX" Nankin, 55 cents. Ladies, "Clinton" Bleached muslin, 45 cents.

Give State and number of each grade, as we stamp the same on the wrong side of each piece with indelible ink, free of charge. Flow stamped with same. DOLTON BROS., 9-23 214 North 5th street, St. Louis, Mo.

April 18. As our regalia orders have more than quadrupled, we now reduce prices 5 cents per set from the above. Ours are the best made and far the cheapest.



T. L. MACKOY,

Olathe, Kansas.

IMPORTER AND BREEDER

Of Thorough-bred

BERKSHIRE HOGS.

Orders for Pigs promptly attended to.

HAMPTON & BORGHOLTHAUS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

SWEET POTATO'S

I have for sale, RED and YELLOW Nansmond Potatoes, in Quantities to Suit. Also, will have a Large Quantity of Plants in their season. Orders accompanied by the money will receive prompt attention. For any further information, address D. G. WATT, Lawrence.

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Editors Spirit of Kansas,

Ridenour & Baker,

Grocers.

B. W. Woodward

Druggists.

D. C. Haswell & Co.,

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Lawrence, Kansas.

VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES,

FIFES, DRUMS, SHEET

MUSIC & MUSIC BOOKS,

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STRINGS.

ACCORDEONS, FRENCH HARPS

And all kinds of musical merchandise

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MRS. STARRETT'S MUSIC STORE,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

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EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

DRESS AND CLOAK CUTTING,

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No. 107 Massachusetts street, up stairs,

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Rare Designs and Select Styles. Dress

Makers supplied with Patterns to order.

S. T. Taylor's System of Dress-fitting and Pattern-cutting taught.

Also Agent for "Le Bon Ton," "La

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GEORGE CARTWRIGHT,

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LANDSCAPE & JOBBING

GARDENER,

Propagator of Roses and Bedding Plants.

Also dealer in Evergreens and ornamental shade

trees.

Gardens laid out and kept in order by the day

or year. Special attention paid to propagating

trimmed and attended to. Greenhouse on Henry

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OFFICE, SECOND FLOOR FRAZER'S HALL.

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CANADA VICTOR TOMATO.

I invite the attention of the public to extracts

from more than a score of letters in my Cata-

logue for 1874, from Farmers and Gardeners in

various States, who raised this New Tomato for

the first time last season. These letters are all

entirely in its praise and the Canada Victor

Tomato: 1st, for its surpassing earliness; 2d,

for its excellent quality, and 3d, for its uniform

solidity. I now offer to the public, Seed saved

from selected specimens only, at 15 cts. per pack-

age and \$1.50 per ounce. My Seed Catalogue

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JAMES J. H. GREGORY,

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will not be excelled, and our prices shall

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LUDINGTON BROTHERS,

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\$350.00

Will buy a new Seven octave Rosew

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MUSIC STORE.

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\$125.00

Will buy a splendid

PRINCE ORGAN

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Knits socks & stockings of all sizes

precisely like hand knitting. Also

SHIRTS, DRAWERS, TIDYS, CARRIAGE

BLANKETS, MITTENS, and SCARFS in

the most beautiful manner.

An expert knitter can easily make

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DIARRHCEA, DYSENTERY

AND ALL other BOWEL Complaints.

It contains the medicinal properties

BLACKBERRY & JAMAICA GINGER ROOTS

Combined with aromatics which add to its

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Every one should secure a bottle, and be pre-

pared for any sudden attack. Sold by all dealers

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Railroad Scrapers,

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J. K. RANKIN, PRES. C. S. TREADWAY, CASH.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.

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No. 52 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence.

General Banking and Savings

Institutoin.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. K. Rankin, Pres. Chas. Robison.

Robt. Morrow. J. M. Hendry.

C. S. Treadway. A. F. Abbott.

A. Terry. J. H. Haight.

This corporation is organized under the laws

of Kansas. The capital is one hundred thou-

sand dollars, and its stockholders are liable by

their shares, making two hundred thousand

dollars personal liability. One-half of the sav-

ings deposits received will be loaned upon first

mortgages on real estate of ample value in this

State. The balance, except the amount neces-

sary to be kept in the bank to meet ordinary

calls of depositors, will be carefully invested in

other first-class securities, such as can readily

be realized upon, for the payment of deposits

in case of special need. Similar investments

constitute the usual and safe security of depos-

its in New England savings banks, and are ful-

ly coupled as above with so large personal li-

ability, the safety of money deposited is amply

assured.

Deposits amounting to one dollar and over

will be received at the banking hours during

the usual banking hours, and on Saturdays

from 6 to 8 o'clock p. m. also, and will draw in-

terest at 7 per cent. per annum, to be paid

semi-annually in the months of April and Oc-

tober in each year, and if not withdrawn will be

added and draw interest the same as the prin-

cipal.

For further information call and get a copy

of our by-laws relating to savings deposits. We

also do a

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Eastern and foreign exchange for sale. Coins

and United States, State and county bonds bought

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JAMES M. HENDRY. ANDREW TERRY. C. E. GHAY.

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MRS. EMILY P. D. WOODWARD.

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EXAMINE THESE FIGURES.

\$1,000 at interest, compounded semi-annually,

In Attachment. Charles Peterson vs A. J. Hakanson. Before Charles Chadwick, a Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Lawrence, Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss: In the District Court, fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

The Missouri Valley Life Insurance Co. Plaintiff, vs E. G. Ross, Fannie M. Ross, Mary C. Welch and The Lawrence Savings Bank, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed, issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 13th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Missouri Valley Life Insurance Company, E. G. Ross Fannie M. Ross, Mary C. Welch and The Lawrence Savings Bank, and each of them in and to following described premises, to-wit: commencing on the west line of the south-west quarter of section number thirty-one (31) in township number twelve (12) south of range number twenty (20) east, at a point forty (40) feet south of the north line of Adams St. in the city of Lawrence, thence running east two hundred and fifty (250) feet thence south one hundred (100) feet thence west two hundred and fifty (250) feet thence north with said section line one hundred (100) feet to the point of beginning. Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale. Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence this 9th day of June, 1874.

S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas county, ss: In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Jerome C. Case, Stephen Bull, Massina B. Ekins and Robert H. Baker, partners as J. C. Case and Co., Plaintiffs, vs. William Copple, William T. Haynes and George W. Haynes, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on Monday the 13th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At three o'clock P. M. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said William Copple, William T. Haynes and George W. Haynes, and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The north half of the north half of the north half of section fourteen (14), in Douglas county, Kansas, appraised at two hundred and sixty dollars (\$260). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 9th day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas County, Kan.

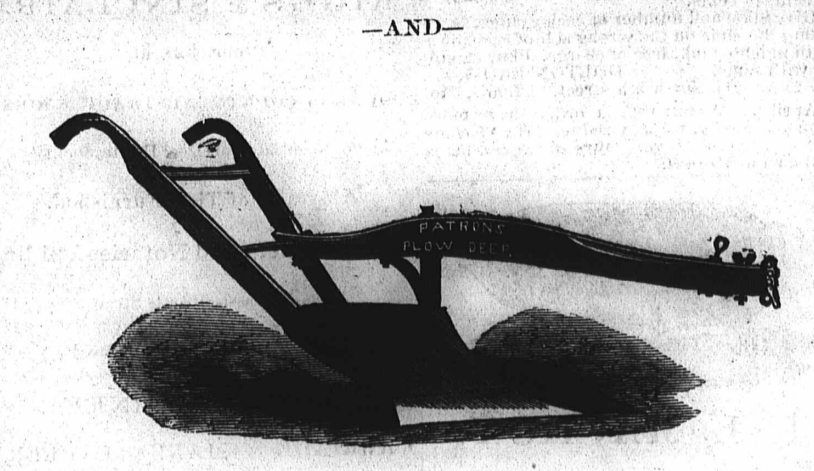
James W. Oulton, Plaintiff, vs. Richard Rue, Rachel Rue, Green Lewis, Joseph Hammond, Minerva Hammond, William Edgerton, Thomas Cash, John Herman, Asa Richardson, Robert McKim, W. W. Cockins, Alexander Lewis, Alice Edgerton, William Edgerton, Susan Edgerton, Mary Edgerton, Libbie Edgerton, Charles Edgerton, and Robert S. George, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday, the 13th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At one (1) o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Richard Rue, Rachel Rue, Green Lewis, Joseph Hammond, Minerva Hammond, William Edgerton, Thomas Cash, John Herman, Asa Richardson, Robert McKim, W. W. Cockins, Alexander Lewis, Alice Edgerton, William Edgerton, Susan Edgerton, Mary Edgerton, Libbie Edgerton, Charles Edgerton, and Robert S. George, and each of them in and to the following described lands and tenements to-wit: the east half of the east half of the north-west quarter of the south-east quarter of section thirty-two (32) in township twelve (12) of range twenty (20) containing ten (10) acres more or less in Douglas county, Kansas, appraised at eight hundred dollars (\$800.00), also a part of the south-east quarter of section thirty-two (32) in township twelve (12) of range twenty (20) and commencing forty (40) rods south of the north-west corner of the said quarter section, thence south forty (40) rods, thence east twenty (20) rods, thence north to the place of beginning, in Douglas county, Kansas, and containing five (5) acres, appraised at two hundred and twenty-five dollars (\$225.00). Also commencing twenty (20) rods east of the north-west corner of the south-east quarter of section thirty-two (32) in township twelve (12) of range twenty (20) thence south eighty (80) rods, thence east twenty-four (24) rods, thence north thirty (30) rods, thence east thirty (30) rods, thence north fifty (50) rods, thence west forty (40) rods to the place of beginning, containing seventeen (17) acres, appraised at seventeen hundred dollars (\$1700.00) Also commencing at the south-east corner of a piece of land purchased from Richard Rue by William Edgerton and Thomas Cash, as shown by deed dated May 15th, 1871, being a part of said lands, thence west sixteen (16) rods along said line of Cemetery, thence due north thirty (30) rods, thence east sixteen (16) rods, thence south thirty (30) rods to the place of beginning, appraised at five thousand dollars (\$5000.00). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale. Given under my hand at my office in the City of Lawrence, this the 8th day of June, 1874.

S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff, Douglas County, Kansas.

GRANGE PLOW FACTORY



MACHINE SHOPS!

THE LAWRENCE PLOW COMPANY,

SUCCESSORS TO KIMBALL BROTHERS,

CORNER OF PINCKNEY AND TENNESSEE STREETS,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE & STATIONARY ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, SHAFING, PULLEYS,

Well-Drilling Machinery, Store Fronts, Iron Fences, and Castings of all Kinds.

And will make a specialty of

FARM

Agricultural Implements.

PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, ROLLERS, HARROWS.

EXTRA SHOVELS FOR PLOWS ALWAYS ON HAND.

Repairing of Farm Implements promptly and neatly done.

In fact, everything needed by the Farmer, manufactured on short notice, in the Best Manner, and at

THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Send in your Orders. TERMS: STRICTLY CASH.

Lawrence Plow Company.

OVER 500,000 ZINC COLLAR PADS

Have Been Used Since 1871. A sufficient guarantee of their usefulness. They are warranted to prevent chafing, and to cure any ordinary GALLED NECK on HORSES or MULES, if Printed Directions are followed. Have also a ZINC GIG SADDLE PAD, that prevents chafing on the back, and a LEAD-LINED COLLAR SWEAT PAD to protect the shoulders from galls. All of which are for sale by harness makers throughout the United States and Canada. Manufactured by ZINC COLLAR PAD CO., BUCHANAN, MICH.

ZINC COLLAR PAD CO. GENTS:—The prize committee of the New England Agricultural Society have awarded you \$25 for Curtis' Zinc Collar Pad, under our offer to exhibitors of Humane Inventions. Enclosed please find check for same. Yours truly, FRANK B. FAY, Sec'y of the Mass. Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, '73.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on Monday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1874.

At 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the following described premises to-wit: Seventy five (75) feet in width across the west side of the south east quarter of block six (6) in that part of the city of Lawrence formerly known as North Lawrence, in Douglas County, Kansas. Appraised at five hundred dollars (\$500.) said premises to be sold to satisfy said Order.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this the 27th day of May, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas county, ss: In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Sarah Poore Plaintiff vs. Martha A. Forward, M. W. Forward her husband, William A. Poore and Susan R. Poore his wife, John H. Poore and Martha Poore his wife, Elizabeth Nave and Samuel Nave her husband, Flora A. Cottingham and James Cottingham her husband, and George Poore, Alfred M. Poore, Charles A. Poore, and Ann F. Poore, Minors, John F. Whitlock, William Lescher and James Walker, Defendants in partition.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed, issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on Monday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1874.

At 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, the following described premises to-wit: Lot No. 173 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 174 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 175 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 176 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 177 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 178 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 179 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 180 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 181 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 182 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 183 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 184 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 185 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 186 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 187 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 188 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 189 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 190 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 191 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 192 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 193 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 194 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 195 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 196 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 197 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 198 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 199 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. 200 appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100).

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this the 27th day of May, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Ishmael Keith Plaintiff, vs. G. J. Tallman, and Nina W. Tallman, Defendants.

By virtue of an Order of Sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on Monday the 8th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At one o'clock P. M. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said G. J. Tallman, and Nina W. Tallman, and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: Lot No. one hundred and seventy three, (173) in Block No. four (4) on Locust street, Lawrence, Kansas, Lot No. 171 appraised at the hundred dollars (\$100), Lot No. 173 appraised at seventy five dollars (\$75). Taken as the property of G. J. Tallman and Nina W. Tallman, and to be sold to satisfy said Order of Sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this the 8th day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Thomas Carney Plaintiff vs. L. D. Bailey, and E. A. Bailey Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fifth Judicial District Court, in and for Osage county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 8th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said L. D. Bailey and E. A. Bailey and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The south east quarter of section thirty (30), township thirteen (13), range eighteen (18). The south west quarter of same section last mentioned subject to a lien of George Bonin to the amount of \$800. Also the south half of the south west quarter of section ten (10), township fifteen (15), range nineteen (19), in Douglas County, Kansas. Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale, without appraisal or valuation.

Given under my hand at my office, in the city of Lawrence, this, the 23d day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Daniel Duck, guardian of the estate of Byron D. Searing, Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney Searing deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The west half of lots No. one (1), and two (2), in Addition No. six (6) in the city of Lawrence formerly known as North Lawrence, Douglas county, Kansas. Lot No. 1 appraised at seventy five dollars (\$75), lot No. 2 appraised at seventy five (\$75). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 3d day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

George M. Shingle plaintiff vs. Susan Segerson and James Segerson, defendants. By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At four o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, state of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Susan Segerson and James Segerson, and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: Lots No. two hundred and nine (209) and two hundred and eleven (211), situated on the south side of Locust Street in that part of the city of Lawrence formerly known as North Lawrence, in Douglas County, Kansas. Lot No. 209 appraised at two hundred dollars (\$200), lot No. 211 appraised at two hundred dollars (\$200). Taken as the property of Susan Segerson and James Segerson, and to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the City of Lawrence, this the 3d day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

William A. Simpson Plaintiff vs. Stephen S. Horton, Holland Wheeler, William A. Harris, Leverett Moore, Elijah Sells, Hiram E. Turner, Washington Long, E. A. Potter and John F. Clark, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, issued out of the Fourth Judicial District court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will on Monday the 29th day of June, A. D. 1874.

At 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Stephen S. Horton, Holland Wheeler, William A. Harris, Leverett Moore, Elijah Sells, Hiram E. Turner, Washington Long, E. A. Potter and John F. Clark, and each of them, in and to the following described lands and tenements to-wit: Lots No. eighty-seven (87), eighty-five (85), eighty-three (83), eighty-one (81), and the south half of lot No. seventy-nine (79) on Illinois street, and also lots eighty-eight (88), eighty-six (86), eighty-four (84), eighty-two (82), and the south half of lot No. eighty (80) on Alabama street in the City of Lawrence, in that part known as West Lawrence, being in block number (20) according to the plat made by Wheeler, September the 14th, 1868, in an action wherein Giles F. Filley was Plaintiff and A. B. Wade and others were Defendants in the District Court of Douglas county, State of Kansas. Said real estate being in the county and State last aforesaid. Lot No. eighty-seven (87) appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. eighty-five (85) appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. (83) and (81) appraised at six thousand dollars (\$6,000), and the south half of lot No. (79), appraised at fifty dollars (\$50), lot No. (88) appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. (86) appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. (84) appraised at one hundred dollars (\$100), lot No. (82) appraised at two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250), and the south half of lot No. (80) appraised at fifty dollars (\$50). Taken as the property of Stephen S. Horton, and to be sold to satisfy said Order of Sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the City of Lawrence this the 27th day of May, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

The Union Building and Savings Association of Lawrence Kansas, Plaintiff, vs. Chaney W. Searing, Sue Searing, W. H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, James B. Searing, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, his wife, Amanda Owens, and William R. Owens, her husband, Martha Searing, W. D. Harding, and ——— Harding, his wife, Elizabeth Pain, and ——— Pain, her husband, Byron D. Searing and Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney Searing deceased, O. Bruster, William Hetherington and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co., James McCarroll and H. S. Filmore, defendants, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co. Plaintiffs, vs. William H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, Clinton Searing, Mary C. Searing, James Searing, Amanda Searing, Betsy Searing, C. J. Searing, Mattie Searing, Ann Searing, Byron D. Searing, James H. McCarroll and the Union Building and Savings Association. Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Chaney W. Searing, Sue Searing, W. H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, James B. Searing, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, his wife, Amanda Owens and William R. Owens, her husband, Martha Searing, W. D. Harding and ——— Harding, his wife, Elizabeth Pain and ——— Pain, her husband, Byron D. Searing and Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney T. Searing deceased, O. Bruster, William Hetherington, and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co., James McCarroll and H. S. Filmore, defendants, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co. Plaintiffs, vs. William H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, Clinton Searing, Mary C. Searing, James Searing, Amanda Searing, Betsy Searing, C. J. Searing, Mattie Searing, Ann Searing, Byron D. Searing, James H. McCarroll and the Union Building and Savings Association. Defendants.

Given under my hand at my office in the City of Lawrence, this the 27th day of May, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

The Union Building and Savings Association of Lawrence Kansas, Plaintiff, vs. Chaney W. Searing, Sue Searing, W. H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, James B. Searing, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, his wife, Amanda Owens, and William R. Owens, her husband, Martha Searing, W. D. Harding, and ——— Harding, his wife, Elizabeth Pain, and ——— Pain, her husband, Byron D. Searing and Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney T. Searing deceased, O. Bruster, William Hetherington and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co., James McCarroll and H. S. Filmore, defendants, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co. Plaintiffs, vs. William H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, Clinton Searing, Mary C. Searing, James Searing, Amanda Searing, Betsy Searing, C. J. Searing, Mattie Searing, Ann Searing, Byron D. Searing, James H. McCarroll and the Union Building and Savings Association. Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Chaney W. Searing, Sue Searing, W. H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, James B. Searing, Clinton Searing, Perlina Searing, his wife, Amanda Owens and William R. Owens, her husband, Martha Searing, W. D. Harding and ——— Harding, his wife, Elizabeth Pain and ——— Pain, her husband, Byron D. Searing and Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney T. Searing deceased, O. Bruster, William Hetherington, and W. H. Hetherington, partners under the name of Exchange Bank of William Hetherington and Co., James McCarroll and H. S. Filmore, also William H. H. Whitney, administrator of the estate of James T. Searing, deceased, Clinton Searing, Mary C. Searing, James Searing, Amanda Searing, Betsy Searing, C. J. Searing, Mattie Searing, Ann Searing, Byron D. Searing, James H. McCarroll, and the Union Building and Savings Association, and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The south half of north half of one hundred (100) feet of the south side of the north-west quarter of the west half of Block No. two (2) in that part of the City of Lawrence known as North Lawrence in the County of Douglas, State of Kansas, appraised at two hundred dollars (\$200) said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the City of Lawrence, this 8th day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff of Douglas County, Kansas

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Daniel Duck, guardian of the estate of Byron D. Searing, Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney Searing deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The west half of lots No. one (1), and two (2), in Addition No. six (6) in the city of Lawrence formerly known as North Lawrence, Douglas county, Kansas. Lot No. 1 appraised at seventy five dollars (\$75), lot No. 2 appraised at seventy five (\$75). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.

Given under my hand at my office in the city of Lawrence, this, the 3d day of June, 1874. S. H. CARMEAN, Sheriff Douglas County, Kansas.

SHERIFF'S SALE. State of Kansas, Douglas County, ss. In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District, sitting in and for Douglas county, Kansas.

Daniel Duck, guardian of the estate of Byron D. Searing, Mary A. Searing, minor heirs of Sidney Searing deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed, and issued out of the Fourth Judicial District Court, in and for Douglas county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled case, I will, on Monday the 6th day of July, A. D. 1874.

At 3 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, State of Kansas, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest whatsoever of the said Clinton Searing and Perlina Searing and each of them in and to the following described premises to-wit: The west half of lots No. one (1), and two (2), in Addition No. six (6) in the city of Lawrence formerly known as North Lawrence, Douglas county, Kansas. Lot No. 1 appraised at seventy five dollars (\$75), lot No. 2 appraised at seventy five (\$75). Said premises to be sold to satisfy said order of sale.