

State Print Plant

# SPIRIT OF KANSAS

A Journal of Home and Household.

VOL. XVII.

TOPEKA, DEC. 11, 1886.

NO. 37

## SPIRIT OF KANSAS.

G. F. KIMBALL, EDITOR.  
Seventy-Five Cents a Year in Advance.  
Or Two Copies \$1.00.  
Advertising \$2.00 an inch per month.  
Entered in the Post Office in Topeka, for transmission as second class matter.

**You Can Get for \$1.00**  
This paper one year and the Leavenworth Weekly Times.  
Call up and see us. 431 Kansas avenue.

**New Meat Market.**  
Mr. J. T. Long, 504 Kansas Avenue, has opened a meat market at 504 Kansas Ave. You will find fresh and salt meats, poultry and game. Give him a call.

Now is the time to give this paper a lift. Let every friend send in a few subscribers. We will give more local, county and state news for 50 cents, in clubs, than you have ever had for \$1.25.

At 510 Kan. Ave., you can have waves, frizzes and switches made from your own hair and combings made up at very reasonable prices by Mrs. Norman, who has recently located here.

We are prepared to do the neatest kind of commercial and small job printing and can discount any office in the state in press.

**Short-Hand Lessons Free.**  
A 24 page pamphlet mailed free to all who send their name and address on a postal-card to Reporters Bureau, Iowa City, Iowa.

**For 25 Cents,**  
This paper until Jan. 1, and Dr. Foote's Health Hints, a 25 cent book.

**Job Printing.**  
In connection with this office we have a select assortment of new type and other facilities for doing all small commercial and other printing. Additional facilities will be added as fast as possible.  
We ask the business men of North Topeka to give us their business and we will soon build up a creditable and profitable printing house on the north side. Nothing but their patronage and economical management is necessary, and such an enterprise is needed here.

**Call and see us at 431 Kansas Avenue.**

We are now the longest established of any printing house on the north side.

Why pay \$1.25 for one paper, when you can get the Leavenworth Weekly Times, and this paper both for \$1.00.

Twenty five cents for this paper three months, and Dr. Foote's Health Hints, or Fishers Grain Tables.

### SPECIAL REDUCTION.

We are preparing to meet ALL prices made on First Quality goods. Besides this we shall make a SPECIAL reduction on our "SKINNER'S BEST" heavy boot, at 50 ct. per pair. This boot we have sold for 18 years to the best people in the country. Respy, D. S. SKINNER & SON.  
A splendid school shoe in good calf.

There are papers and papers, but Western farmers, stock-raisers and business men have learned by years of experience that they are always safe in relying on the long-established weekly LIVESTOCK INDICATOR, of Kansas City. For the quantity and quality of its matter it is unsurpassed, and as an accurate mirror of the live stock, grain and produce markets it is invariably consulted and quoted both East and West as the standard authority. Its low price of \$1.50 per year or five copies for \$5. (if sent in at one time), puts it within reach of all, hence there is no reason why the poor man should not be as thoroughly posted as his more forward neighbor as to where, when and how to sell at the highest and buy at the very lowest prices. The Spirit advises all its wide-awake friends to address The Indicator, at Kansas City, for a free specimen copy, and see for themselves if we have not spoken correctly.

Ladies desiring fine Millinery at very reasonable prices will do well to call on Mrs. Gibbon, 526 Kansas Ave. one door north of Lew Kistler's grocery. She offers some elegant goods at bargain prices.

Irving Hall offers some inducements in Holiday goods; see ad.

Stanley Wetherholt & Co. have had their stove blacked.  
S. A. Stearn's the Flour and Feed merchant in Barrett's Block, can supply you with Flour, Ground Feed, Baled Hay, and Oat and Wheat Straw, delivered to any part of the city.

Mr. Bridges little boy is convalescing.

A little daughter of Mr. Aaron Sheetz is quite ill.

Miss Kasselbaum of Rossville is visiting friends here.

Call at Baum & Co's for Teas, Coffee, Spices, Sugars, and Canned goods.

The Capital Stock of the New Water Works Company is \$30,000.

Mrs. Wm. Gilman gave a birthday party at her residence, on Monday street.

H. M. Atherton has some fine specimens of work in his show case.

Rev. Bacon has accepted a call from the Congregational Church for 1887.

Frank Van Haren has returned from California with a wife, and has taken charge of Mr. Lyons Drug Store.

The Sunday Schools are preparing their entertainments for Christmas.

The Journal speaks of the "Troupe (nee New Gordon) House."

Quite a number of North side people are ill with pneumonia.

Mrs. Adams of Waterville N. York, is visiting her daughter Mrs. M. T. Campbell.

A daughter of Lou McMasters on Jackson Street is very sick with scarlet fever.

A child of Peter Brown on Quincy St. is dangerously ill with Spinal Meningitis.

The new Ins. Co. will be organized shortly. Over thirty names have been enrolled on this side.

Messrs. Lucas & Morrow the livery men have dissolved partnership. Mr. Lucas continues at the old stand.

Station agent Gwin is at home again, much improved in health, and will be at his old place in a few days.

Noble Prentiss has been delivering a series of lectures for the benefit of the High School Library.

Col. Moonlight is to be governor after all President Cleveland has nominated him for governor of Wyoming Territory.

The real estate transfers in this city now average about \$40,000 a day, and the bank clearances to about \$100,000.

The ladies of the Church of the Good Shepherd expect to hold their annual sale and supper next week.

It is said that the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad is to obtain the Wabash Road, which will then be extended westward from Kansas City.

New wagon, New goods, New firm & bottom prices, Baum & Co. 202 Kansas Avenue.

Too many drunks are reported in the police court of this city for a strictly prohibition town.

If there has been no considerable growth of the third, or prohibition party in Kansas, it is very certain that the party is well established in most of the other states.

The labor interests are organizing for political action in favor of a protective tariff. A similar organization also exists in the interest of free trade. This is in full accord with the politicians of all schools, who aim to keep the people divided so there shall be no harmony of action among them.

Go to 298 Kansas Avenue, where you can get valuable second hand books at cheap rates. Carries large stock of both new and second hand books. All kinds of old books taken in exchange. All school supplies at low rates.

Miss Emma J. Evans, 269 Kansas Ave. has the largest assortment of fancy goods in the city. Novelties in ready made work, and all the latest materials; silk and cotton crepes, Tussah and Shanghai silks, pearl chenille, banner rods and tassels. Also all the fancy and staple yarns Germantowns, Saxtonies, Angora, Shetland and Fairy Zephyr. Instructions in all kinds of needlework. Stamping a specialty.

Mrs. Mary Neff of the secretary of State's office, died on Monday of this week. She was a daughter of the Hon. John Speer so closely identified with the history of Kansas. It was but a few weeks ago that Mr. Speer was called to mourn the loss of a son-in-law. He has outlived most of a large family, and in his many afflictions he has the sympathy of numerous sincere friends.

A large invoice of fine new type has this week been received at this office. For first class printing at less than usual prices remember the North Side Printing House, 431 Kansas Avenue, and do not be misled by any counterfeits. We regulate prices and bid defiance to all competition.

### Notice.

In order to advertise my Teas, Coffees, and Spices more extensively, I will for the next 30 days, sell 2 1/2 lb. of Uncolored (new crop) Japan Tea, for \$1.00.  
N. B. This tea has always sold for 60c. a lb. At Chas. E. Sweet's Tea Store, No. 236 Kansas Avenue. Between 7th and 8th. etc. Telephone 272. Parties from North Topeka purchasing goods will be furnished with return tickets on street car.

## WESTEN FOUNDRY & MCHINE WORKS.

MANUFACTURER OF  
Steam Engines, Mill Machinery, &c.  
Shafting, Pulleys, Gearing & Hangers, A Specialty.  
Cor. Second and Jefferson Streets. WRITE FOR PRICES.

**R. L. COFRAN, Propr.**  
Topeka, - - - Kansas.

# WHY!

**TOWER'S SLICKER** The Best Waterproof Coat.  
The FISH BRAND SLICKER is warranted waterproof, and will keep you dry in the hardest storm. The new POMMEL SLICKER is a perfect riding coat, and is made of the best material. None genuine without the "Fish Brand" trademark. Illustrated Catalogue free. A. J. Tower, Boston, Mass.

**SOMETHING NEW.**  
The Fastest Selling Article on Earth.  
Horne's Improved Scarf Shield.

Every man his own Neck-Tie Maker.  
By sending 10 cents and a 2 cent stamp you will receive one by return mail.  
Agents Wanted.  
Address F. P. HORNE, 321 Cutter St. CINCINNATI, OHIO.

**Holiday Rates.**  
On December 23d, 24th and 25th, 30th and 31st, and January 1st, round-trip tickets will be sold between stations on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Gulf, Kansas City, Clinton & Springfield, and Kansas City, Springfield & Memphis Railroads, at rate of one fare and one-third.  
Tickets good to return until and including January 3d, 1887.

**ARE YOU GOING SOUTH?**  
If so, it is of great importance to you to be fully informed as to the cheapest, most direct and most pleasant route. You will wish to purchase your ticket via the route that will subject you to no delays, and by which through trains are run. Before you start you should provide yourself with a map and time table of the Gulf Route (Kansas City Fort Scott & Gulf R. R.), the only direct route from and via Kansas City to all points in eastern and Southern Kansas, southwest Missouri and Texas. Practically the only route from the West to all Southern cities. Entire trains with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars and Free Reclining Chair Cars, Kansas City to New Orleans. This is the direct route, and many miles the shortest line to Little Rock, Hot Springs, Eureka Springs, Ft. Smith, Van Buren, Fayetteville, and all points in Arkansas. Send for a large map. Send for a copy of the "Missouri and Kansas Farmer," an eight-page illustrated paper, containing full and reliable information in relation to the great States of Missouri and Kansas. Issued monthly and mailed free. Address, J. E. LOCKWOOD, G. P. & T. A., Kansas City.

**YOUNG MEN**  
LEARN STEAM ENGINEERING and earn \$100 per month. Send your name and loc. in stamps to F. KERRY, E. GINEER, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

**BARGAINS!**  
Closing out a New Stock of  
MILLINERY,  
At  
MRS. GIBBONS  
North - Topeka.

**TOPEKA**  
**STEAM DENTAL**  
Establishment.  
245 Kansas Avenue.

Fine set of Teeth only \$8. Both Upper and Lower, only \$15; warranted wear the same that would cost \$30 elsewhere.

All Work Warranted.

**Millinery.**  
MRS. E. E. HAPGOOD  
Of 101 East 7th Street,  
Offers her entire Stock of Millinery at  
**Greatly Reduced Prices**  
To close the business.

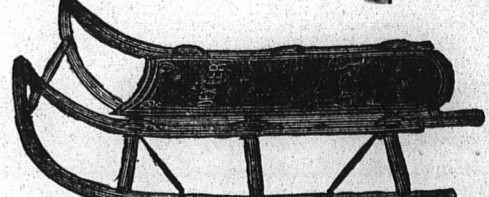
**EVERY HOUSEKEEPER WANTS IT!**  
Send 25 cents for a copy of  
**PERFECT BREAD,**  
A little book of 60 pages containing over 50 Recipes for making Bread, readily, appetizingly and economically. By Catherine Owen. Sent post-paid on receipt of 25 cents, by CLARK W. BRYAN & CO., Pub. of Good Housekeeper, Holyoke, Mass., N. Y. Office 230 Broadway.

**Music Without Money!**  
SEND TWO-CENT STAMP AND RECEIVE ONE  
**SONG,**  
Or an instrumental piece for piano and organ.  
Address L. GOODNER, 255 Kad. Ave. TOPEKA, KAN.

**GO TO**  
McNEELY & TOWNSEND,  
For all kinds of  
**C:O:A:L.**  
Fourth and Adams, and Second St. and R. R. Crossing. TELEPHONE 33.

## Santa Claus's Headquarters

AT  
IRVING HALL'S BOOK STORE.



Where you can find anything you want for Christmas Presents for Old or young. Come early and avoid the rush.  
The Largest stock of Books, Pictures, Toys and presents of all kinds ever opened in North Topeka.  
Remember the place, IRVING HALL'S BOOK STORE.  
No. 416 Kans. Ave. NORTH TOPERA

### The Recent Earthquakes

Have shaken the bottom out of prices and you can now get the following goods at H. I. COOK & CO'S at about your own figures:  
Chain Pumps, Iron Cistern Pumps, Deep Well Pumps, Farm Pumps, Drain Tile, Sewer Pipe, Cheap Heating Stoves, Cooks & Ranges, Base Burners, for hard and soft coal.  
We also manufacture all kinds of sheet metal works; do roofing, spouting and gutting. Call and see us at  
166 Kansas Avenue.  
H. I. COOK & CO.

## Kaufman & Thompson,

—DEALERS IN—  
**STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES,**  
128 Kansas Avenue.

Just received a new lot of California Fruit.  
Country Produce bought and sold.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

**Ed. Buechner.** City Meat Market  
Dealer in choicest fresh meats, poultry, game, fish, etc. North Topeka.  
406 Kansas Avenue.  
**J. D. Pattison,** Stoves  
Dealer in hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, edge tools, etc. North Topeka.  
440 Kansas Avenue.  
**W. H. Moody,** Barber  
Shaving, Shampooing and hair-cutting in first class style. North Topeka.  
427 Kansas Avenue.  
**GEO. DOWNING** Photographer.  
Gold, Revealed Edge Cabinet Photographs for \$2.50 per doz. until further notice. The German Language spoken. 197 Kansas Avenue, Over Barnums. South Topeka.

## THE CENTRAL MILL.

North Topeka, Kas.

The Central Mill has been recently thoroughly remodeled by J. B. Billard, and is now prepared to supply straight grade Burr Flour, Patent Roller Flour, Meal, Graham and Rye Flour of the best quality. All kinds of grain bought and sold.

**Custom Work Done.**  
And satisfaction guaranteed. A modern dump.  
J. B. BILLARD.

## \$1. 1. 1. 1. 1.

**THE WEEKLY GLOBE-DEMOCRAT**  
(TEN PAGES)  
**ONE DOLLAR A YEAR**

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Weekly Republic, St. Louis, Mo.	8	66	\$1.25
Weekly Tribune, Chicago, Ill.	8	66	1.00
Weekly Inter Ocean, Chicago, Ill.	8	66	1.15
Weekly Inquirer, Cincinnati, O.	8	66	1.00
Weekly Commercial Gazette, Cincinnati, O.	8	66	1.00
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Postmasters and Newsdealers are authorized to receive subscriptions or send direct to the  
**GLOBE PRINTING COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.**

# THE SPIRIT OF KANSAS.

For the week ending Dec. 11, 1886.

## Special Announcement.

The readers of the Spirit are informed that we have made arrangements for clubbing that famous 48 col. weekly story paper, THE YANKEE BLADE, a periodical which needs no recommendation from us, as one of the brightest, cleanest, and best story papers in America. Each number contains nine or ten complete stories, one or two serials by the best authors, poetry, household receipts, witty sayings, and in fact, everything that goes toward making a bright and interesting story paper. The regular price of the YANKEE BLADE is \$2.00 a year. We offer to either old or new subscribers, THE SPIRIT OF KANSAS and THE YANKEE BLADE from now until Dec. 31st, 1886, for \$2.00. The regular price of both papers is \$2.75. Those who wish to take advantage of this extraordinary offer, can secure a complete copy of THE YANKEE BLADE by sending their addresses to the Publishers of THE YANKEE BLADE, 20 Rowley St., Boston, Mass. In ordering please remit to this office the amount above stated, giving your full address.

## Offer Extraordinary.

For \$2.15 we will send the following to all who remit us that amount within the next 30 days:  
1st. The Blade one year, or till Jan. 1, 1888, price \$2.00.  
2nd. The Spirit one year, price 75 cents.  
3rd. The Marvelous Library, 45 volumes, advertised elsewhere, price, retail, \$2.25.  
4th. The Leavenworth Weekly Times, 1 year, price, \$4.00.  
Or \$6.00 worth for \$2.15. We guarantee that any one making this order will be astonished at the amount of value they will get.  
We will send the Spirit and Blade three months, both for 25 cents, or the Blade three months and the Spirit one year, for 50 cents, if ordered within 30 days.  
Address: SPIRIT OF KANSAS, Topeka, Kan.

It will be a blessed day when the farmers and mechanics wrest the legislation of the country out of the hands of the lawyers.

It is estimated that over 8000 women and children in Chicago are suffering from cold and hunger because of the late strike in that city.

The great strike in Massachusetts has proven to be a complete failure. Another remedy than strikes is what is most needed.

In 1884 the Prohibitionists had no Candidate for governor, and they generally voted for the Greenback Candidate, who received 9,998 votes. In 1886 the Greenbacks had no Candidate, and they voted largely for the Prohibition Candidate who received 8,004.

## Inflammable Sentimentality.

A few weeks ago a member of the editorial staff of the Leavenworth Times came to this city to look into the workings of the prohibitory law. The result was a four or five column article, not very vigorous, nor very exhaustive. It showed that there are two score or more places in this city where under the law, one has very little trouble to get all the liquor he wants to drink.

We recall nothing in the whole five columns not practically true, so far as it went. In fact the whole truth was far from being told. Yet the papers of this city have not yet recovered from the excited conditions into which they were thrown by its publication. It was no new thing to Topeka people to be told that a stranger could buy whiskey or beer at scores of places in this city and there is no reason why the papers should get flaming mad about it.

Notwithstanding all the liquor sold here, there is less, much less, than in Leavenworth. Prohibition in Kansas, imperfect as it is, with the two hundred saloons in Leavenworth, we are practically a thousand degrees a head of Missouri, with the open saloon.

The thing mostly to be condemned is the arrant hypocrisy of so many who claim to be prohibitionists and who consented to the present absurd drug-store law. The evil is not that as much liquor is sold now as under the old system, but that with the pretensions we make, there is a hundredth part as much. We are a long way from prohibition, but not so far along as we ought to be, or as far as we would have been if so many politicians had not played hypocrite so skillfully.

Tepeka is ahead of Leavenworth in prohibition. Leavenworth is ahead in honesty. She does not pretend to be prohibition, and not a state officer seems to be able to make her respect law. Consequently she defies the law openly and whiskey can be had without restraint. Leavenworth is no worse than it professes. Topeka claims to respect the law, and violates its spirit at least six thousand times a month, according to the authority of the Probate judge, and twenty thousand times or more according to a published estimate of the county attorney. Topeka is less virtuous than it professes. This is about all the difference there is between Leavenworth and Topeka, on the whiskey question.

We have nothing to say as to the motives of the Times. Its action was certainly not for love of prohibition. Its course was vulnerable enough if the papers of this city had seen fit to attack its weak point, which they did with tufts of grass instead of stones.

## The Patrons of Husbandry.

Capital grange of this city, and Oak grange, of Mission township, last Saturday celebrated the twentieth anniversary of the organization of the grange, or the hall was crowded with the leading farmers of the county and their families. The ladies brought baskets of eatables, and at 12 o'clock the assemblage sat down to a splendid dinner. After the dinner speechmaking followed. Hon. John G. Otis, master of Capital Grange, was president of the day. Major William Sims, secretary of the state board of agriculture, responded to the toast, "the day we celebrate, Dec. 4." It was a very interesting and very appropriate.

He was followed by Mr. H. H. Wallace, who responded to the toast, "agriculture—the oldest sister in the trio." Captain White spoke about "commerce her proper regulation the nation's study." W. H. Clark spoke upon "Manufactures—her field in broad; how shall we properly protect and control her laborer."

This was followed by music, after which Mrs. J. G. Otis responded to a very interesting way to the toast, "Cold tea—a beverage of our forefathers made extensively at Boston Harbor." Alida F. Otis then gave a recitation entitled "Mama's Kisses."

J. H. Eshelman then responded to the toast, "the Ballot—small, but mighty." Mrs. Harvey spoke of "Our Girls—the nation's brightest hope."

Mr. Gilpatrick spoke of "Our Boys—the nation's strongest bulwark." Miss Eshelman then gave a recitation, "The Grange—a mighty educator," was responded to by Mrs. William Sims.

"The Home—its influence moulds national character," was the toast responded to by Mrs. W. H. Clark.

"Our sisters—first in our halls, first at our feasts, and first in the hearts of their countrymen," was responded to by Mr. A. H. Buckman.

Mrs. Josie Sims spoke of "the lecturer—wise or unwise, the open or the curtain lecture."

Mr. E. A. Keith, of the Kansas Farmer, responded to the toast, "The Press—of ideas, of people or of printing."

Mrs. George Robinson gave a select reading. Dan Thompson spoke of "the farm—the best crop raised."

The speech making closed with a few remarks by John Armstrong on "Rings." The meeting then discussed the advisability of having the county purchase the grounds now owned by the State Fair association. The first grange was organized on Dec. 4, twenty years ago, in the office of William Saunders, of the agricultural department. The constitution of the order provides for a national and state grange and subordinate granges. There are ceremonies of initiation, rituals, and injunctions of secrecy, though in some respects the order is not secret. The officers of a grange are elected by the members and comprise a master, overseer, lecturer, steward, assistant steward, chaplain, treasurer, secretary, gatekeeper, Ceres, Pomona, Flora and lady assistant steward. Women are admitted to membership and upon the same terms and equal privileges as men, but only those interested in agricultural pursuits are eligible. The order has its greatest strength in the northwestern and western states, and is well represented in the south. The total membership is over 2,000,000. The purposes of the organization are as follows: "To develop a higher and better manhood and womanhood among ourselves; to enhance the comforts and attractions of our homes and strengthen our attachment to our pursuits; to foster mutual understanding and co-operation; to maintain inviolable our laws, and to stimulate each other in labor; to hasten the good time coming; to buy less and produce more, in order to make our farms self-sustaining; to diversify our crops, and crop no more than we can cultivate; to systematize our work and calculate intelligently on probabilities; to discountenance the credit system, and every other system tending to prodigality and bankruptcy. We propose meeting together, talking together, working together, buying together, selling together. One of the chief aims of the organization is to bring producers and consumers, farmers and manufacturers, into direct and friendly relations. The organization, therefore, is maintained for social and economic purposes.

The Rev. Alexander McKay Smith, of New York, has been elected by the diocesan convention of Kansas as Assistant bishop of this diocese. He is said to be a very able and very earnest man.

Mr. O. H. Baum, successor to Riblet 202 Kansas ave. is an enterprising young man, and will sell groceries at the most reasonable prices. Get a dollar's worth of goods and get a chance in the eight day clock. See local elsewhere.

With every dollar's worth of goods we give a chance on an eight day clock. Baum & Co. Walnut Case, worth \$25.00. Baum & Co. 202, Kansas Ave. North Topeka.

At the election of public officers of Blue Post Relief Corps at Blue Post Hall, Monday evening, Mrs. Dr. Mitchell was elected president, and Mrs. A. J. Arnold secretary.

Earthquakes still occur in divers places. The last was at Independence, Mo., where houses shook and crockery rattled. They are coming uncomfortably near.

W. E. Craig lost a fine horse Tuesday. It had been driven quite hard during the day, and was sick when it came home, and died half an hour after being unhitched.

Little boys (and big boys too for that matter) get cold as well as girls, their ears are no tougher, and they should not be made to stay out in the cold at school till ranks are formed. If life is more than meat and the body more than raiment certainly a child's health is paramount to all the military discipline ever thought of. Some of the prohibition papers are quoting the vote of Illinois for the legislature, as showing the growth of the third party in that state. Illinois has what is called minority representation. That is, the state is divided into 51 senatorial districts. Each district has three representatives, and voters may cast one vote for each of the three or one and a half for each of any two, or three votes for any one. Minority parties usually concentrate their three votes in favor of one, and occasionally elect a representative. In this way the Illinois prohibitionists at the last election cast about 80,000 votes. The regular party vote was about 20,000.

## Christmas Presents.

That will please wife, sister, mother or sweetheart, is one of those elegant Hats and Bonnets Mrs. Macdonald is selling regardless of cost, at 239 Kansas Avenue.

## PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL.

—John A. Logan, Jr., has become a partner in a real estate firm in Washington.

—William M. Singery, of the Philadelphia Record, has sixty-six dwelling houses in course of erection in that city.

—Nathan B. Moore, a Maine hunter, aged sixty-eight, has killed two hundred and seventy-five moose since his youth.

—The first female clerk employed by the Government was Miss Jennie Douglass, appointed to the Treasury Department by Secretary Spinner, in 1862.—N. Y. Independent.

—Captain David Buskirk, the largest man in Indiana, died at his home seven feet tall in his stockings, and weighed four hundred pounds.—Indianapolis Journal.

—P. T. Barnum is reported to have remarked in a moment of confidence that if he lived much longer and retained his present activity he would exhibit himself in a side tent as "one of the greatest curiosities Barnum ever handled."

—A. G. Nye, of Weymouth, Mass., claims to be the first inventor of the Morse telegraphic instrument. If it was Bill Nye, who made such a claim, people would understand it, for Bill is a great inventor, but it is a little late in the day for A. G.—Detroit Free Press.

—A Harvard professor and his wife were guests at a reception in London, which had been given in their honor. A hundred men and women had been invited by the hostess to meet them. But there were no introductions, and the Harvard professor amused himself during the evening by talking to his wife.—Harper's Weekly.

—Mr. Moody has received from William Mackinnon, a Scotch ship builder, a model of Solomon's Temple, made of cedar overlaid with gold, with many of the smaller articles of solid gold. It is one-fifth the size of the original, having the court, tabernacle, altar, laver, ark, holy of holies, mercy seat, and cherubim in proportion and relation to each other.

—Alexander Stewart, of Staunton, Va., aged ninety-one years, recently attended the funeral of S. G. Wayland, aged eighty-one years, who had been his best friend for half a century. The next day while Mr. Stewart was recalling to a party of visitors scenes and incidents in which he and his friend Wayland had participated, he fell over on the ground and died in a few minutes.—Washington Post.

—Tom Scott, of Waco, Tex., had a rather unusual experience recently. He went to see his mother, who is sixty years old and resides in a neighboring town. On arriving at his home he found that the old lady had eloped with a man half her age. When Mr. Scott returned to his own home he was paralyzed by the information that his wife had gone with a handsomer man. Then was music in the air.—Texas Siftings.

—The Rochester Post-Express says: A life insurance agent states that he has just concluded an insurance upon the life of a man aged 102 years. The centenarian enjoys good health and appears to be in the possession of his faculties. He states that his father lived to the age of 110, and met his death by an injury due to the breaking of a millstone. His grandfather was, he asserts, accidentally killed in his mill at the age of 126. His great-grandfather lived to the age of 133.

## "A LITTLE NONSENSE."

—To-day is a good deal closer than yesterday," said Smith to Jones. "Yes," said Jones, "it's nearer."

—The wonders of art.—They have made a piano of paper, what wonders art is achieving; if they'd make a paper performer.

—Customer—But ain't the trousers too long? Merchant—Too long? Dey is made to fit a man, ezkeky your size. If your legs happen to be a trifle short, you must quarrel mit nature—not de tailor.—Judge.

—Lately, in a music hall, after the ballad lady had warbled, "Would I Were a Bird," great excitement was created by a stalwart miner in the audience shouting, "Would I were a gun."—Chicago Tribune.

—Tommy (who has just received a severe scolding)—Am I really so bad, mamma? Mamma—Yes, Tommy, you are a very bad boy. Tommy (recollectively)—Well, anyway, mamma, I think you ought to be real glad I ain't twins.—N. Y. Independent.

—"Laura," said Mrs. Parvenu, on the hotel piazza, to her daughter, "Laura, go and ask the leaders of them orchestras to play that 'sympathy from Middlejohn' over again. It's such an awful favorite of mine, and your father's, too!"—Pittsburgh Post.

—An amusing contemporary informs its readers that a man at the East End calls himself, on his card, "Temperance Bootmaker," and suggests that the need of temperance boots is apparent, for though they are not generally drunk, it is a notorious fact that they are often very tight.

—First Omaha banker—I notice that another big lot of American gold was shipped to Europe a few days ago. Second Omaha banker—Yes; must be about "half seas over" by this time. "Half seas over?" "In other words, money is tight, and that's what causes it."—Omaha World.

—Gentleman (looking at flat)—I am afraid my wife won't want to come up as high as this. It's the tenth story. That is, the state is divided into 51 senatorial districts. Each district has three representatives, and voters may cast one vote for each of the three or one and a half for each of any two, or three votes for any one. Minority parties usually concentrate their three votes in favor of one, and occasionally elect a representative. In this way the Illinois prohibitionists at the last election cast about 80,000 votes. The regular party vote was about 20,000.

—Fashionable miss—I am going to a seaside resort and want something pretty for a bathing suit. Dry goods clerk—Our bathing suit fabrics are at the other end of the store, and—E. M.—O, I have looked over them and don't like them. Here is something just lovely. D. G. C.—But that won't stand water. F. M.—Well, it's careful and not get it wet.—N. Y. Mail.

## DRESS MATERIALS.

Bright, Glowing Colors Shown by Most of the New Fall Goods.

Already new dress goods are shown, and some, indeed all of them as yet seen, are lovely. Serges of all qualities will prevail. They are the rage in London, and our merchants have seen to it that we are not to be behind our French and English sisters in having the very choicest patterns to select from. Indeed, superb and superior goods have been manufactured expressly for this market, leading houses having exclusive designs for their customers, many of whom select from sample cards, and sometimes can arrange matters so that no other dress like their own will be seen in the city.

An exquisite piece of fine silk and wool dress material shows a stripe of heavy Ottoman cord, alternating with a stripe of various fancies in velvet. About an inch and a half space in the next stripe is a body of silk plush. This is followed by an inch of narrow velvet and Ottoman bands, and then comes a space filled in with pile after pile of silk laces, which are cut open, forming a narrow fringe, which is full enough to set out almost straight. This combination is repeated in this stripe, which alternates with the stripe of plain Ottoman, each one being an inch and a half wide. This fabric is in one color. Dark blue, garnet, brown and black are the only colors yet noted.

Such rich, showy materials, in large stripes and plaids, will be much used for dress skirts, made entirely plain, without even a foot plaiting, with bodice and drape of the prevailing ground tint, the bodice cut in the jaunty riding habit style. Buttons will be a large item in the fall dresses and are shown in metal and mixed styles, bronze effects being particularly admired. Oxidized buttons will also be favored, and buttons with pearl ornaments set on metal. The new round ball rosy buttons come in various sizes.

Some of the serges closely resemble the suitings worn by gentlemen, in color and combination, but of course not as heavy in quality. A very pretty piece of goods has a tiny stripe of a bright color on brown, blue, red and green, and other patterns show a heavy cord outlining a small check, and these are in one color. There is also a very neat and stylish class of goods in lovely quality of fine wool, in dark grounds, with an odd sprinkling of bright colors in subdued form. This will make very stylish shopping dresses and suits for general wear.

Astrakan bourette suitings in bright cardinal promise to be a leading novelty. They are shown in two rich square blocks of fine chevron weave, framed by soft, silky rings of Astrakan. The alternate block has the chevron running in an opposite direction with the same framing of curls. This gives a very striking and stylish effect. The same goods also appear in black and white. There are also gray and white bourettes that are very attractive. A few broad and figured woollens are seen.

Striped velvets and plushes are a leading feature in elegant novelties. They come in solid colors and in various tints and shades, showing a number of tones in one stripe of about an inch wide. Both cut and uncut pile is formed into stripes or alternate blocks and the effect of arranging tints and colors in these goods is surprisingly beautiful. The broad velvets are gorgeously patterned, and the plushes are long pile goods with plain and cashmere centers show large and showy patterns. There are broad plushes in new designs that are very rich looking and the prices are comparatively moderate. All shades and colors are represented in plain velvets, which promise a rage for the entire season. Rich silk and velvet costumes are being imported, and velvet and lace combinations will find favor. Velvet will also be used for winter dresses, and the handsome plush woollens will be combined with velvet.—N. Y. Graphic.

## PRESERVED FRUITS.

How They May Be Kept in Good Condition for a Length of Time.

In order to keep preserved fruit in condition it is necessary that the jars be air-tight, and that they be kept in a cool, dark place. Atmospheric air is extremely insulating, and it will penetrate even by microscopic openings, and thus injure the product of labor performed in the torrid summer days in a kitchen with a temperature considerably over one hundred degrees. The top of every jar with a screw or rubber fastening should be sealed with bottle wax. Jelly glasses should be secured with bladders, or with paper dipped in white of egg and pressed about the glass without a wrinkle. Many persons take the precaution to wrap every glass jar or tumbler in paper, and then pack each of them in sawdust or sand, so that they will not be affected by light nor by atmospheric changes. The closet in which preserves are kept should not be damp, nor should it be in close proximity to the kitchen. In winter the temperature must be a degree or two above freezing point. It is always well to keep preserves in a closet by themselves, so that it need only be opened when necessary to store each new addition of jars. Thus the atmospheric changes are reduced to a minimum and the fruit will remain in good condition.—N. Y. Commercial-Advertiser.

## Winter Shelter for Sheep.

We ought to have good shelter provided by the time winter comes, if we can provide such shelter. But suppose it is practically impossible for us to build barns and well-constructed sheds? We can do this for our sheep in the vast majority of instances. We can set crooked posts in the ground, rest a rail or piece of timber in the crochets and place poles, boards or something of the kind on the rail, one end resting on the rail and the other on the ground, open toward the south. If we have no rails or poles enough to do that we can use fewer poles and rails and cover with hay or straw. Certainly that is a shelter cheap enough, and it is better than none.—Western Rural.

## Home Manners.

Industrial.

To those who notice particularly the small things in life, there is a marked difference between the man who observes the little niceties and the one who goes through the world with his elbows out, hitting everything in his way and running against every corner with all the force of his motion. He gets the best that come, and he hurts everybody in his way. This blundering person is usually intensely sensitive, but he carries that sensitiveness out of sight, and tries, by being a little rough and by pretending not to care, to cover up many of the wounds he receives. If the homes of the land were more mannerly homes; if little children were taught to gracefully give up to each other; if gentle ways were encouraged and consideration for each other's rights insisted upon, we would find fewer grown people who seem to forget that there are any rights except "my rights," and less of rough speaking that carries with it lasting hurt.

The little children are easily taught to be always graceful—they fall almost unconsciously into the nice ways of a home if they only have pleasant examples—that it seems almost a sin of omission not to give them that ease of manner which will be such a help in giving them happy lives. We have very little sympathy for the mother who is mortified at the child's awkwardness, which is manifestly from ignorance. We may see plainly that the mother knows how to conduct herself in company, but the ignorance of the child proves very clearly that the home manners have been neglected. While we ought to do our best always for those dearest to us, we often are most careless before them, reserving our happiest moods, our prettiest ways, our most pleasant words, for the stranger, who would scarcely care to think of us again; while we are careless with the home ways, and feel that the home people will understand all about things anyway.

Table manners are often noticed among strangers. Now-a-days a young person who handles his knife and fork as though he were afraid of the napkin, and does not seem to know what a napkin is for, impresses us with a sense of disappointment, and we feel he has lost much of the comforts of life; for what is more uncomfortable than to do next? Many take to the little graceful ways when they are thrown among cultivated people, even if they have had none of them at home; but the majority of people who grow up uncouth and uncultivated in manners remain so all their lives, or if they take the easier manners at all, they are much more likely to be assumed. These must come from an innate sense of kindness, or they fall of their purpose, which should be always the promotion of peace and brotherly love. That sense of kindly spirit is easily cultivated in a child by having before him only a gentle way and pleasant word for every one. The opposite is quite as easily encouraged by showing him a sharp criticizing manner and a fault-finding disposition.

Easy manners go far towards making easy tempers. We are not constantly annoyed with ourselves, and, knowing just what to do, we don't seriously annoy others. In the home and the schools, when the children are forming their habits, are places and the time to grow into easy ways, and to form manners that will carry them comfortably in that respect through their lives. The examples set before children will determine their future manners.

## County Teachers.

The Shawnee County Teachers' association held its monthly meeting at Lincoln hall on Saturday afternoon. Miss Dora Moffat, vice-president, was in the chair.

The condition of the weather prevented teachers living at a distance from coming, but there were present about fifty-five.

Owing to a missing of train connections, Mr. J. D. Miller, who had a paper on The Relation of the Teacher to the People of his District, was not able to be present.

Mr. W. C. Ebrhart confessed that he was not ready with his class exercises in local civil government, whereupon in accordance with an unwritten law of the association, he was promptly fined—oysters for the meeting.

Mr. A. G. Larimer gave the regular lesson in English literature—subject, Oliver Goldsmith. He gave most interesting glimpses into Goldsmith's life and works, and related several entertaining anecdotes illustrating his character. He gave also brief selections from his works, and each member of the association was called on for a quotation. The subject next month is Charles Dickens. Miss Dora Moffat explained how primary pupils could be taught geology by moulding in sand. The elevations and river could be shown more clearly this way than by the map.

A discussion followed this exercise, and it was apparent that the teachers had but little faith in sand moulding. Charles Reetz opened the question box, and found it full of queries in relation to discipline, methods of instruction and other matters. Each question was answered by some teacher.

J. O. Butler, critic for the occasion, made his report, and corrected several errors.

The election of officers being next in order, the following named persons were elected: President, James O. Butler; vice president, W. A. Corey; secretary, Miss Nellie C. Witwer; treasurer, Miss Ada Fulcher. Mr. MacDonald called the attention of teachers to the circular issued by

W. C. T. U. of this city, offering liberal prizes to the teachers and pupils of our schools for the best essays on stimulents and narcotics. He said the liberality of the broad-hearted gentlemen who enabled the union to make the offer should be promptly recognized by the teachers of the county.

Mr. MacDonald also urged every teacher to secure a vacation between the holidays so as to be able to attend the meetings of the State Teachers' association.

Messrs. E. G. Shull, S. M. Howard, and Miss Viola Troutman were appointed a committee to select a time for a county teachers' reunion.

## Suggestions for Housekeepers.

Oil of lavender will drive away flies. Grained woods should be washed with cold tea.

If paper has been laid under the carpet all dust may be easily removed with it.

Mortar and paint may be removed from window glass with hot, sharp vinegar.

Copperas mixed with the white-wash put upon the cellar walls will keep vermin away.

Ceilings that have been smoked by a kerosene lamp should be washed off with soda water.

Drain pipes and all places that are sour or impure may be cleaned with lime water or carbolic acid.

Strong brine may be used to advantage in washing bedsteads. Hot alum water is also good for this purpose.

The warmth of floors is greatly increased by having carpet lining of layers of paper under the carpet.

Cayenne pepper blown into the cracks where ants congregate will drive them away. The same remedy also good for mice.

If gilt frames, when new, are covered with a coat of white varnish all specks can then be washed off with water without harm.

If a bedstead creaks at each movement of the sleeper remove the slats and wrap the end of each in old newspapers. This will prove a complete silence.

If the wall about the stove has been smoked by the stove, cover the black patches with gum-shellac, and they will not strike through either paint or kalsomine.

Carpets should be thoroughly beaten on the wrong side first, and then on the right side; after which spots may be removed by the use of ox-gall or ammonia and water.

Furniture needs cleaning as much as other woodwork. It may be washed with warm soap suds quickly, wiped dry and then rubbed with an oily cloth. To polish it rub with rotten stone and sweet oil. Clean off the oil and polish with chamois skin.

When hard finished walls have been kalsomined, the soiled coats should be washed or scraped off before a new one is put on. This is the most disagreeable part of the process. The furniture should be covered, as the lime makes spots that are removed with difficulty, especially upon black walnut.

Ask your grocer for Pure Fresh Made Buckwheat Flour from TOPEKA MEAL and BUCKWHEAT MILL.

Salesroom, 78 Kansas Ave, Topeka. Address, DOWNS' MILL & ELEVATOR CO

State of Kansas } ss. Shawnee County } ss. In the District Court of said county and state. To Perella McClary: You will take notice that you have been sued by Isiah McClary in the above named court and you must answer the petition filed by the plaintiff, Isiah McClary, on or before the 27th day of December, 1886, or said petition will be taken as true and judgment divorcing said Isiah McClary from said PERELLA McCLARY will be rendered accordingly. ISIAH McCLARY said by Gunn & Starbird, his attorneys.

Attest: E. M. Curtis, Clerk. By A. B. McCabe, Deputy clerk

State of Kansas } ss. Shawnee County } ss. In the district court of said county. Mary Slack vs. Wm. Slack. William Slack, the defendant, will take notice that he has been sued in the above court by Mary Slack and must answer the petition of plaintiff filed therein on or before the 27th January 1887, or the petition will be taken as true, and judgment divorcing said Mary Slack from you said William Slack will be rendered accordingly. MARY SLACK, by Gunn & Starbird, her att'ys

Attest: E. M. Curtis, Clerk.

—GO TO— B. T. JOHNSON'S 10 Cent BARGAIN STORE, For Tin, Glass, & Queensware, Notions, &c.

Great Bargains in 5, 10, 15, 25c., & \$1.00 ARTICLES,

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Opposite Windsor Hotel TOPEKA, KANSAS.



