

# SPIRIT OF KANSAS

## A Journal of Home and Husbandry.

VOL. II.—NO. 5.

LAWRENCE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 1, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 52.

The Great Dry Goods House of Kansas.

L. BULLENE & CO.

Now offer to the public the most extensive and complete

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE.

Their Stock, bought for Cash, they are enabled to

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

They are determined to make Large Sales early in the season, and Low Prices will constitute a distinguishing feature of their business.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS

from a distance, and

SAMPLES SENT WHEN DESIRED.

Particular attention is called to

THEIR CARPET DEPARTMENT,

which embraces everything belonging to that branch of trade.

— IN THE —

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Merchants from the interior are assured that our prices are as low as any to be found West of St. Louis.

MESSRS. HENRY BROWN & CO.,

73 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

Are now prepared to serve the celebrated

MALTBY AND NEW YORK

OYSTERS

In every style; also by the can or keg, wholesale or retail

Are in daily receipt of

FINE MICHIGAN CELERY,

and are prepared to furnish parties with

SUPPERS AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

Also dealers in

FINE CIGARS, TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

### HOTELS.

LUDINGTON HOUSE,

W. E. SMITH,  
OTTAWA, KANSAS.  
All Trains stop for Dinner. 35

TEFFT HOUSE,

E. A. SMITH,  
TOPEKA, KANSAS.  
150 Rooms. The best located and kept House in Topeka. 35

ELDRIDGE HOUSE,

KALLOCH & BEACH,  
LAWRENCE, KANSAS.  
The only First Class House in the City. 35

PLACE HOUSE,

Corner of New Hampshire and Warren Streets,  
LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

This House is situated near the business part of the city. We have reduced the fare to 25 cents for single meals, and a night's lodging, with pleasant rooms and good beds, 25 cents.

BOARD \$5 PER WEEK.

We claim that this is the best One Dollar per day House west of the Mississippi River. Persons in the habit of stopping at houses where two and three dollars per day are charged, are especially invited to give us a call.

JOHN T. PLACE, Proprietor.

JAMES T. STEVENS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,  
Office Rear Room Under Fraser's Hall.

Special Agents for the Lands of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, and the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston Railway Companies. Also

A FINE LIST OF LAWRENCE CITY PROPERTY  
— and —  
IMPROVED FARMS IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.

We represent several  
FIRST CLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Among which are the  
CONTINENTAL OF NEW YORK,  
Capital \$1,000,000;

THE GERMAN AMERICAN OF NEW YORK,  
Capital \$1,000,000;

AND THE FIREMAN'S FUND OF SAN FRANCISCO,  
Capital and Assets in Gold over \$800,000.

These companies have all withstood the two great fires of the country, and enter upon the year 1873 with capital unimpaired and a large surplus. Property holders should

MAKE A NOTE OF THESE FACTS.

W. E. SUTLIFF. J. B. SUTLIFF.

W. E. SUTLIFF & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cloths, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, and

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

43 No. 63 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kas.

COLE BROS. & ASHERS,

DEALERS IN

LIGHTNING RODS

AND WOOD PUMPS,

Lawrence, - - - - - Kansas.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 14

H. E. TURNER,  
HOUSE AND BRIDGE BUILDER.

WORK NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE.

Shop on Corner of Winthrop and Vermont Streets,  
Rear of Eldridge House. noltt

LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

A Rare Opportunity to Obtain a Thorough  
Musical Education.

The best instruction is now brought within the reach of all. Terms lower than the charges of the most inferior teachers. Pupils can enter at any time. Send for Circular to  
J. E. BARTLETT, Professor of Music  
in the State University, Lawrence.

NE JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS.

— ALSO —

ARBLE SLATE MANTELS, GRATES, &c.

STEINWAY

— and other —

PIANOS AND ORGANS

THE BEST STOCK,

— and —

THE BEST TERMS IN KANSAS.

NO. 12 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

— ly — LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!!!

are Retailing, Very Cheap, a Machine Oil, composed largely of Animal Oils, for

MOWERS, REAPERS, CARRIAGES, &c., &c.,

IS UNSURPASSED FOR DURABILITY,

ving been well tested on Engines, Railroad Cars, &c., and Preferred to other Oils.

HEAP CASTOR OIL, FOR THE SAME PURPOSE

arge Number of Empty Alcohol Barrels,

For Vinegar, Putting up Pickles, Rain Water, &c.

Stock of Drugs, Chemicals, and such other Merchandise is kept by Druggists, is full in variety and quantity, to the Standard in Quality.

MORRIS & CRANDALL.

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE,  
ON MASSACHUSETTS STREET.

TAYLOR'S  
COMMERCIAL NURSERY,

AND ONE-HALF MILES WEST OF THE CITY,

Offers for the Fall of 1872 and Spring of 1873

UNUSUALLY LARGE AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF

GENERAL NURSERY STOCK.

ng now on my grounds the largest General Nursery in this State, I will sell at wholesale on better terms than be had in the Eastern markets. Special attention is to my stock of

APPLES, PEARS AND CHERRIES,

are unusually fine. Unusual inducements are offered ng stock suitable for nursery planting. Catalogues and list furnished on application. Address

C. H. TAYLOR,  
Lock Box 46, Lawrence, Kansas.

SMITH & HAMPTON,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
LAWRENCE, KANSAS. noltt

Besides Geese, Ducks, Chickens and Game.

10 CASES BEST BRAND BALTIMORE OYSTERS.

50 Dozen Extra Nice Celery. 25 Barrels Cranberries.

MACINAW TROUT AND WHITE FISH.

Fresh Fruit Preserves, and Jelly in Glasses that it would have made your mouth-water to look at.

CANNED FRUIT,

the finest on the continent.

CANNED VEGETABLES

that had no equal on earth.

MINCE PIES,

PLUM PUDDINGS,

APPLES, NUTS,

AND CIDER,

With a variety of other Goods, all of which were pretty effectually "cleaned out," but they at once ordered a fresh supply, and are determined to put up the "grand display" at their "exposition," corner of Massachusetts and Warren streets, until the Holidays are passed at any rate—possibly longer.

GO SEE FOR YOURSELF.

"Absolutely the Best Protection Against Fire."

Over one thousand actual fires put out with it.

MORE THAN

\$8,000,000.00

worth of property saved from the flames!

THE BABCOCK FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

Fire Departments in the principal cities of the Union use them daily.

They are safe and simple, and a powerful protection. The Government has adopted it.

Forty-six railroads use it.

Insurance Companies reduce rates where it is introduced.

— Also the —

BABCOCK SELF-ACTING FIRE ENGINE,

FOR CITY, TOWN AND VILLAGE USE.

It is more effective than the steam fire engine, because it is instantaneously ready and throws a powerful stream of carbonic acid gas and water for any length of time.

It is the best and cheapest fire engine in the world, and comes within the financial abilities of every place.

It does not require an expensive system of water works, and is never out of repair.

SEND FOR "THEIR RECORD."

STODDER & STEERE, Gen'l Agents,  
No. 24 S. Fifth Street, St. Louis, Mo.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

H. H. CARPENTER,

NEXT DOOR NORTH OF POSTOFFICE.)

SIGN OF PRISMATIC HAT.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

HEADS MEASURED AND HATS MADE TO ORDER.

SILK HATS IRONED.

David's Diamond B. Shirts—The Best in the Market.

CUFFS, COLLARS AND CANES.

The Finest Establishment of the Kind in the State. noltt



# Kansas Spirit.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, FEBRUARY 1, 1873.

## THE RECORDS OF 1872.

Every year, whatever its other records, has its records of death. Every year, too, has its distinguished dead. Among the latter of the present year are our great statesman Seward, the able guide of our foreign affairs during the critical period of our civil war; General Meade, the hero of Gettysburg; Horace Greeley, whose life-long efforts in behalf of humanity had made his name a household one throughout the land; Edwin Forest, our greatest tragedian; Prof. Hadley, unsurpassed in breadth, and range, and in finish, and one of our ablest educators; and abroad, D'Aubigne, the celebrated historian of the Reformation; and that sagacious and strong-handed Mexican, Juarez, the only one for many years, who had been able to rule his own country in its own interest against the crafty plotting of Jesuit priests.

Most of these men ceased from their labors only when they had done a worthy life-work, and much toward perpetuating themselves in successors of kindred spirit, purpose and power. Take away what Seward, and Meade, and Greeley did, and we take away no little from our national life.

So, too, great calamities enter into the records of every year, and herein, also, the present has been very far from exceptional. Persia has continued to waste away under its terrible famine. The inundations of the Po, and the storms on the Baltic, and around the British Isles, and along our north-west coast, have carried desolation into scores of thousands of families. We have seldom known more numerous or more terrible shipwrecks. Railroad horrors, almost of the Revere type, have been repeated again and again. The traffic of the country has almost stood still, for a time, in nearly every section of the land, through the prevalence of the horse epidemic. The Boston fire has burned up eighty millions of money, and has taken from thousands of men and women the very power to earn their bread this winter. Eleven poor girls have been subjected to the unutterable agonies of death by fire or suffocation, in one of our most fashionable hotels. And now the year has closed amid the almost land-wide ravages of the most fearful disease to which man can be subject. "Clouds and darkness are around about Him; but righteousness and judgment are the foundation of His throne."

Every year has its records of human progress. Each is not only so much nearer the good time coming, but helps toward it. Has Boston been burned? Chicago has been rebuilt. The misfortune of the former, moreover, like that of the latter, has strikingly brought out some of the best and bravest qualities in human nature; and both cities will in future be better for their fiery baptism. The finding of Livingstone has laid open the horrors of the slave-trade, which in spite of the anti-slavery sentiment of Christendom, has flourished unchecked on the Eastern coast of Africa; And England, with the moral support of the United States and Germany, has girded herself for its extirpation, and for the opening of the heart of that long suffering continent to Christianity, commerce and civilization. France has made unlooked for progress toward a stable republican government. Spain, in spite of papal plottings, has maintained its more liberal institutions. Italy has steadily consolidated its nationality, strengthened its independence of the Pope, and been coming more and more under the influence of Protestant ideas. Austria, still kicking at its ancient Concordats, has put itself in sympathy with Protestant Germany. Germany has planted itself square against papal assumptions, expelled the Jesuits, seen a Congress of Catholics at Cologne organize a new reformation within the Roman church, and combined the great powers of Europe against the machinations of the Roman court. The ter-centenary of the death of Knox has so set 1873 over against 1573 as to compel us all to think with wonder and gratitude of the progress, not of one year only but of three hundred; of the struggling suffering Protestantism of three centuries ago contrasted with the combined Protestantism of Germany, England and America, now the mightiest power on earth; of the Pope then singing psalms over the slaughter of the Huguenots, now utterly stripped of all political power, and a whining prisoner in his own house. Mexico has passed safely through the crisis threatened by the death of Juarez, and has chosen as its chief magistrate a wise and able statesman, with whose election the era of incessant *pronunciamentos* seems to have ended. The settlement of the Alabama question and that of the San Juan boundary by arbitration are among the greatest events of the age, as embodying its sentiment that hereafter international differences must be settled, not by the code of barbarism, but by that of Christian and modern civilization. And it is well that this grand measure of peace has been accomplished under the administration of our greatest military hero. Of old, the man of blood was not permitted to build the house of God; but the bloodiest man of modern times has learned, as no other man could, how costly is the price of blood.—[Watchman and Reflector.

OUR DELAY.—THE SPIRIT has been delayed this week in consequence of the non-arrival of paper. Our order for paper was made in season, and the paper was shipped in time to have arrived in season but for the stoppage of trains by the recent severe snow storm.

## PUT YOURSELF IN HIS PLACE.

An abused editor, who knows how it is himself, thus lets himself off under the above heading:

Whose place? The editor's! The adaptations of the title of Charles Reade's last novel are altogether "too numerous to mention," but an editor can quote it with an unctious unknown to those outside the profession.

Thus, manuscripts of all sorts and sizes, legible and illegible, come in every mail by the dozen, letters *ad infinitum*, and newspapers whose name is legion. Does anything remarkable occur? A dozen articles on that subject make their appearance, while, probably, the editor has either written one himself or applied to some competent person. One of the dozen, or six of them, may be good, but they are useless to him; yet the impatient writers expect them to be published "in your next paper," and visit the editor with maledictions many and strong if he neglects them; this is bad enough, but if he fails to return the manuscripts or to write and explain or apologize, he is cruelly indifferent to the rights of authors, and a "battle of the articles" duplicates Gail Hamilton's "battle of the books." But while this dozen has been coming in, scores come upon other topics, sufficient to fill the columns of a dozen papers, more than the editor can read, much less use, even if written by the shades of Addison, Shakspeare or Dr. Chalmers; and then poetry by the rod, of which not an inch in a mile is worth using! Baskets, pigeon holes and drawers are full. All this time the regular contributors and the editor have their stated work to perform, and the vast mass of manuscripts accumulates. Then come letters of inquiry, "Why my article on the 'Relations of the European War to the Apple crop of the United States' has not appeared?" and "if not wanted please return the manuscript," etc., etc.; letters peremptory and deprecatory, letters polite and saucy, to answer which would take the time of a large corps of writers. Then a man in the far West writes that the marriage of his wife's niece has not appeared in the paper, and threatens to stop his subscription, and we, all the time, knew not the existence of man, wife or niece; the same with deaths, as if an editor spent his years in reading and copying the mortuary lists of five hundred exchange papers! Then some irascible person writes that "a few months ago I sent you, or the 'Weekly Bigot,' I forget which, an article whose title I have forgotten; I also sent stamps. Will you please return it to me by next mail, as I use it as another place?" and letters fully as unreasoning as this frequently come to an editor's office! As if it were not the easier and safer way for an author to keep a copy of his manuscripts than for an editor to read, examine and compare with the respective writers!

In all such times and experiences we feel like saying to each person who thus carelessly accuses an editor of neglecting the duties and courtesies of his calling—"Put yourself in his place."

## BED-ROOMS.

Three things are indispensable to the healthfulness of a bed chamber; we must be comfortably warm, must not be exposed to draughts of air, and must be supplied with pure air, not very cold. A great deal has been written about sleeping with windows sky-high, so as to let in all out of doors; none but monomaniacs or born fools write thus; we know that many persons have met their deaths by having been exposed by means of an open window to a sudden change in the weather during the night, and certainly the safe side is the best side.

In cold weather should be fire in an open fire-place all night, and air enough will get in at the crevices of the doors and windows to create a current, driving the bad air up the chimney. In summer a lamp or candle may be burned standing in the fire-place unless the door of the hall is open; but as most persons, at least in cities, do not feel safe to sleep with an open door, the lamp is a good substitute. A window may be hoisted; but there are comparatively so few nights during the year to make it safe to do so, that the fire or inner door is preferable. There is no advantage in going to bed or undressing in a cold room; all invalids and sedentary persons should undress, sleep, and arise in a room not lower than fifty degrees; and if it was seventy while rising so much the better. The old, the sedentary, and the sickly should sleep on feather beds in cold weather; if they sleep on a mattress, it often requires so much bed clothing to keep them comfortably warm, that it oppresses the breathing, and confines the foul air above the bed as to make them restless.—[Hall.

## RAISING HEIFER CALVES.

Persons living near large cities, where there is a constant demand for veal at high prices, are too much inclined to sell all their calves as veal, instead of saving them and making cows of them. It is perhaps well enough when it is an object to make all the butter possible, and veals command a good price, to sell all the male calves at five or six weeks old; but a heifer calf from a good cow should never be sold until she has proven herself. The first year keeping the calf will cost very little, and after the second year she will pay her own way as a cow, besides giving a good profit on her keep. Farmers who keep only a few cattle, by raising one or two heifers every year, and selling off the older cows, will always have a supply of profitable dairy cows on hand.

## THOMPSON & CHAPMAN.

Dealers in

## GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

No. 71 Massachusetts Street.

## CASH PAID FOR GAME AND PRODUCE.

## All Kinds of Vegetables in Season.

A Supply of Everything Usually Kept in a

## MARKET GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE

Constantly on Hand.

## CLOTHING.

## OTTOMAN & POTWIN,

## LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS

— AT THE —

## ONE PRICE STORE,

67 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas.

Our Chicago manufactory now being in full operation, having recovered from the recent great fire, we are receiving fresh, new goods every week, and shall offer them at ten per cent. less than our former low prices for the balance of the season. We are preparing for a large jobbing business, and shall be able to sell goods to the trade at Chicago and St. Louis prices.

## HATS AND CAPS CHEAPER THAN EVER.

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.

notif

## OTTOMAN & POTWIN.

## Publication Notice.

SAMUEL POOLE, Eliza W. Poole and Albert Phillips, whose places of residence are unknown, will take notice that Darius Miller, of the county of Douglas, State of Missouri, did, on the 18th day of December A. D. 1872, file their petition in the District Court of Douglas County, Kansas, against the said Samuel Poole, Eliza W. Poole, Albert Phillips and Andrew Terry, defendants, setting forth that the said Samuel Poole is indebted to the said plaintiffs in the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from the 19th day of October A. D. 1872, payable semi-annually upon his promissory note of that date, and that to secure the payment of the same the said Samuel Poole and Eliza W. Poole gave a mortgage to the plaintiffs upon the south half of lot No. eighteen (18) and all of lot No. twenty (20) on Massachusetts street in the city of Lawrence, county of Douglas, as aforesaid, and that since the giving of the said mortgage the other defendants claim some interest in the said property of the nature and extent of which the plaintiffs are ignorant, and that the said Samuel Poole is also indebted to the plaintiffs in the additional sum of three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$337.50) for money advanced on the 26th day of October A. D. 1872, in payment of premiums for the insurance of the mortgaged premises, as provided in said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from the said date, and praying a judgment against the said Samuel Poole for the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) and three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$337.50), with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum as aforesaid, and an amount equal to 10 per cent. upon the amount which may be adjudged to be due upon the causes of action aforesaid as and for an attorney's fee for foreclosure of said mortgage as provided therein, and that the priorities of liens upon said mortgaged premises may be determined, and that the said mortgaged premises may be ordered to be sold, and the proceeds of the sale thereof applied in payment of said judgment, and for a decree forever barring and foreclosing the equities of redemption of the defendants and all persons claiming from, through or under them, since the commencement of this action, of, in or to the said mortgaged premises, and the said Samuel Poole, Eliza W. Poole and Albert Phillips are notified that they are required to appear and answer said petition on or before the 17th day of February A. D. 1873, or judgment will be taken as above set forth. RIGGS, NEVISON & SIMPSON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

## ANDREW WILSON,

KINGSVILLE, KANSAS,

(On the Kansas Pacific Railroad),

BREEDER OF

## PURE SHORTHORN CATTLE

— and —

## IMPROVED BERKSHIRE HOGS,

As Good as Any in the State.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF. 50

## LAWRENCE HAY Baling Company,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

## GEO. ATCHESON & CO., Proprietors.

Buy, Bale, Ship and Sell Hay, Hemp, Flax, Broom-Corn, Etc., in any Quantity.

Apply at the Office of G. W. Smith's Elevator, near the Kansas Pacific Railway Depot, North Lawrence, or address Post Office Box 75, Lawrence, Kansas. not-ly

## REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENCY

OF

## RIGGS & SINCLAIR,

Proprietors of

## DOUGLAS COUNTY ABSTRACT BOOKS.

Loans Negotiated on Real Estate Security.

Abstracts of Title Furnished.

Conveyancers and Notaries Public.

No. 52 Massachusetts Street,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS. not-ly

## O. P. BARBER,

DEALER IN

## DRUGS AND TOILET ARTICLES

PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES, ETC.,

No. 157 Massachusetts Street.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED. not-ly

## M. SHAW,

NO. 35 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

Manufacturer of

## REFRIGERATORS

ICE CHESTS, BEE HIVES & LADDERS.

ALSO DEALER IN

## STONEWARE, SEWER & DRAIN PIPES,

Chimneys for Prairie Homes,

FANCY CHIMNEY TOPS, FIRE BRICKS, TILES, &c.

Large Stock on Hand. Send for Price List. 23

## NEW GOODS, LOW PRICES.

## WARNE & GILLET,

DEALERS IN

## HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Have now in Stock a Full Line of

## GENERAL HARDWARE

of all kinds of the best quality, including

PLATED SPOONS AND FORKS, SHEARS AND SCISSORS, TABLE KNIVES AND FORKS, COAT AND HAT HOOKS, CARVING KNIVES AND FORKS, POCKET KNIVES, HAND AND DOOR BELLS, LOCKS AND LATCHES,

## A FINE ASSORTMENT OF RAZORS,

Silver Plated Door and Window Trimmings, Brass & Bronze Door & Window Trimmings,

NAILS, DUNDEE THIMBLE SKEINS, AXES, CARRIAGE BOLTS, HAMMERS, BUGGY SPRINGS, HATCHETS, SEAT SPRINGS, LANTERNS, CABLE CHAIN, STEELYARDS, TRACE CHAINS, COUNTER SCALES, HALTER CHAINS, PLATFORM SCALES, OX CHAINS, BORING MACHINES, IRON WEDGES, CORDAGE AND TWINE, CROW BARS,

TACKLE BLOCKS AND PULLEYS, MECHANICS' TOOLS IN GREAT VARIETY, FARMING IMPLEMENTS,

## AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF HARDWARE.

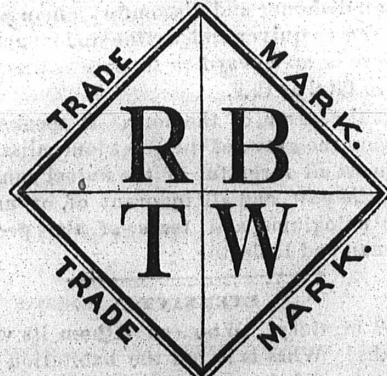
THE CELEBRATED UNION CHURN, WARRANTED TO GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION, OR THE MONEY REFUNDED.

We make a specialty of Carpenters' Tools, and keep the best assortment of goods in that line to be found in the Western Country. We sell all articles at the LOWEST CASH PRICES, and respectfully ask the public, before purchasing, to look through our stock, which is one of the most complete in the West.

77 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

not-ly LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

## WINE BITTERS.



## A RELIABLE TONIC.

AN AGREEABLE AND PLEASANT DRINK. AN ANTIDOTE FOR ALL BILLIOUS DISORDERS.

Our "Wine Bitters" are Made of Pure Wine from Grapes Grown at Rosebrook Vineyard, near Lawrence, Kansas. DEALERS AND OTHERS ARE FURNISHED WITH CERTIFICATES OF THE PURITY OF THESE BITTERS UPON APPLICATION.

Manufactured by

ROSEBROOK WINE CO.,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

D. M. SELLS, Manager.



## The Farm.

## LIFT A LITTLE.

Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Neighbor lend a helping hand  
 To that heavy laden brother,  
 Who for weakness scarce can stand.  
 What to thee with thy strong muscle,  
 Seems a light and easy load,  
 Is to him a ponderous burden,  
 Cumbering his pilgrim road.  
 Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Efforts give one added strength;  
 That which staggers him when rising,  
 Thou canst hold at arm's full length.  
 Not his fault that he is feeble,  
 Not thy praise that thou art strong;  
 It is God makes lives to differ,  
 Some from wailing, some from song.  
 Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Many they who need thine aid;  
 Many lying on the roadside,  
 'Neath misfortune's dreary shade;  
 Pass not by like priest and Levite,  
 Heedless of thy fellow-man;  
 But, with heart and arms extended,  
 Be the good Samaritan.

J. Ingalls of Atchison received the nearly unanimous vote and was declared elected. During the afternoon Senator Pomroy was arrested by Sheriff Thomas, on a warrant issued against him for bribery, and gave bail for his appearance to answer. Senator York was also arrested, but was subsequently released.

Senator Pomroy's friends say he denies York's charges in toto, and that he is preparing a statement regarding the matter for publication.

An Atchison dispatch, dated January 30th, says:—The United States Senator elect from Kansas, John J. Ingalls, reached his home in this city this evening. He was received at the depot by a large concourse of friends with music and the salute of artillery; he was then escorted to Corinthian Hall where a numerous crowd had assembled. He addressed the audience in a brief but eloquent and feeling speech. Addresses were also made by State Senator Price, representatives Spaulding, Tough, O'Driscoll, Larkin, Gen. Stringfellow, Maj. Gale and others. The meeting was very enthusiastic, all classes, and all parties predict a brilliant career of honor for the young Senator.

In regard to the recent cold snap a St. Louis telegram, of the 28th says: "The weather has been cold for the past forty-eight hours. Mercury sunk in the city last night to ten degrees below zero, and in some suburbs this morning the thermometer marked from 16 to 24 degrees below zero. The cold is general throughout the West. At Sydney, Ohio, the thermometer marked 23 degrees below zero. At Anna, Ohio, 16 degrees below. At Corry, Pennsylvania, 36 degrees below. At Milwaukee, 12 degrees below zero. At St. Paul, Minnesota, 13 degrees below zero. At Fort Garry, and other points west of St. Paul, 25 degrees below zero. At Sparta, Wisconsin, 40 degrees below zero. At Memphis, 4 degrees above zero.

On the 29th the thermometer marked 28 degrees below zero at Leavenworth, being the coldest weather ever experienced in the Missouri valley.

A Salt Lake dispatch of Jan. 30th says that the snow drifts on the Union Pacific Railroad during the last snow storm, were in some places sixteen feet deep. Old railroad men say the weather is the most terrible ever experienced. At Granite Canyon, three section hands froze to death; also two at Bryan, and a number of others are reported, perished while shoveling snow off the track. The passengers suffered no hardships or inconvenience whatever. There is ten feet of snow on the level in Little Cottonwood mining district.

A startling fraud was unearthed in the Auditor's office at Topeka last Thursday. The Auditor's registry of bonds was discovered to contain entries of \$200,000 in bonds, purporting to have been issued by the cities of Gregory, Cloud and Budlong, in Cherokee county, Kansas, to the Memphis, Carthage and Northwestern Railroad. There are no such places in Cherokee county or in Kansas, and the bonds are evidently bogus in all particulars. The names of cities given are the names of prominent citizens of Carthage, Mo. There are two sets of bonds for each city, bearing seven per cent. interest, and payable at the National Park Bank, New York. One hundred of the bonds, amounting to \$50,000, were registered December 20th, 1872, and the remainder were all registered January 9th, 1873, which was three days before the present administration was installed. It is supposed that an attempt has been, or is now being made, to negotiate the bonds in Eastern markets.

A St. Louis dispatch of January 30th, says: A bonded car belonging to the Merchant Dispatch company which reached here to-day from New York, was discovered to have been robbed of about thirteen hundred dollars worth of goods, gold value, consigned to Field Bros., of this city. The car was robbed between New York and Albany, and it is supposed the thief locked himself in the car at New York. This is the first robbery of goods shipped to any interior port of entry since the law providing for railway transmissions of goods in bond went into effect.

In Chicago on the 30th ult., the Stockholders of the Great Western Telegraph Company, at a meeting, elected the following Board of Directors: A. H. Bliss, John J. Bennett, Jesse O. Norton, of Chicago; Josiah Stark, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. H. Moore, Clinton; K. B. Frary, Princeton; D. C. Farrell, Peoria; Anthony W. Street, Council Bluffs; James E. Boyd, Omaha; C. N. Rix, Topeka; Howard M. Holden, Kansas City.

In Tweed's trial in New York the jury disagreed and were dismissed. A new jury is to be empanelled at once.

It is reported that the American bankers of London loaned Napoleon \$2,000,000 to facilitate the conspiracy he was meditating, and that since his death the money has been returned to them.

A dispatch from London of the 29th inst. says: It is rumored this morning that the differences between Great Britain and Russia, on the Khivan question, are increasing, and that the governments of France, Austria, Italy, Turkey, Denmark, and Sweden are determined to support the British government in its position.

A Constantinople dispatch of January 30th says a riot of an alarming character occurred near Rustickuk, a fortified city in Bulgaria, sixty-five miles east of Nicopolis, in which thirteen Bulgarians and ten Greeks were killed. The cause of disturbance has not transpired. During the riot the streets were crowded with furious people and the authorities found it necessary to intervene. Guns and pistols were freely used and besides the killed a number are reported wounded. Order was finally restored and several of the leading rioters arrested.

## WHEAT VERSUS GOLD.

Gold dug from the bowels of the earth gave California a tremendous start in growth and population a few years ago, and scarcely anything else was thought of. Flour brought fabulous prices, but gold from the placers could pay for it. Twelve years ago the gold product in that country amounted to \$40,000,000, and the wheat crop was of very little account. In comparison with the gold product it was hardly worthy of notice; at least most people thought so. In 1868 the gold product in California is estimated at about \$25,000,000. The year previous produced nearly the same amount. The wheat crop of 1868 is estimated to amount to the same sum.

The acreage sown is fixed at 2,500,000, against 1,500,000, in 1865, and yet the growth of grain in that country is in its infancy. We hardly dare to guess the amount that will be grown there at no distant day. No doubt the product will be enormous, and throw gold-digging far into the shade. It has been truly said the grain wealth of California will yet far exceed the gold dreams of her most enthusiastic citizens, for the golden kernels of wheat.

**BOARD OF REGENTS.**—The Board of Regents of the State University were in session on Thursday at the Eldridge House. There were present the following members: Chancellor John Fraser, Hon. G. A. Crawford, Hon. Charles Robinson, W. C. Tenney, Rev. W. A. Starrett, Col. C. B. Lines, Rev. D. H. Mitchell, Rev. J. G. Kesser and Hon. R. G. Elliott. A careful estimate of the amount of money required to defray the expenses of the institution for the current year was made, and a committee was appointed to present the wants of the institution before the Legislature. Chancellor Fraser submitted a report on the organization of medical and law departments. A paper was received from the Douglas county Medical Society, in regard to the organization of the medical department of the University, which was reserved for discussion at a future meeting.

**STOCK GROWERS ASSOCIATION.**—On Thursday, January 23rd, during the meeting of the Farmer's Institute at the Agricultural College in Manhattan the Kansas Stock Growers' Association held its annual meeting and elected officers for the coming year. The following were the officers elected: President, Dr. L. Steinberg, Fort Harker; Vice President, O. W. Bill, of Manhattan, and J. B. McAfee, of Topeka; Secretary, J. B. Reynolds, of Fort Riley; Treasurer, John Davis of Junction City; Directors, J. C. Hudson, of Wyandotte; Major F. E. Miller and Wm. Knipe, of Vienna. Correspondence may be addressed to J. B. Reynolds, the Secretary at Fort Riley.

**HANWAY.**—Hon. James Hanway of Lane Ks., made THE SPIRIT office a very pleasant call on Thursday. Mr. Hanway is one of our most valued contributors and has become favorably known to the numerous readers of THE SPIRIT through the many interesting articles from his pen which have appeared in its columns during the past year. We hope to hear from him often in the future.

**DOGS.**—The policemen are making terrible slaughter among the dogs. Something more than one hundred have already been killed and still the good work goes on. Let it go on until the dog population of the city is reduced by one or two hundred more.

**REVERSED.**—The tide of travel which has been setting toward the West for two weeks, was suddenly reversed Thursday morning last and every body seemed to be diligently seeking their homes.

**COLDEST YET.**—At 7 o'clock on Thursday morning Prof. Snow's standard thermometer marked 26 degrees below zero; being several degrees the coldest morning ever recorded in Kansas.

**DISTRICT COURT.**—The February term of the District Court will commence its session on Monday next.

## Lawrence Wholesale Markets for Farmers' Produce.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, Feb. 1, 1873.

Hogs have slightly improved in price since last week, but live stock remains unchanged.

We quote as follows:

**HOGS AND CATTLE.**

Live hogs..... 30¢  
 Dressed hogs 200 pounds and over..... 30¢  
 " " light..... 30¢  
 Fat cows..... 30¢  
 Fair native steers..... 30¢  
 Prime native steers..... 30¢

**GRAIN.**

Corn..... 30¢  
 Oats..... 30¢  
 Buckwheat..... 30¢

**PRODUCE.**

Potatoes..... 30¢  
 Onions..... 30¢  
 Beets..... 30¢  
 Carrots..... 30¢  
 Turnips..... 30¢  
 Rutabaga turnip..... 30¢  
 Cabbage..... 30¢  
 Butter, 1st quality..... 30¢  
 " 2d..... 30¢  
 Eggs..... 30¢  
 Turkeys, dressed..... 30¢  
 " live..... 30¢  
 Chickens, dressed..... 30¢  
 " live, per doz..... 30¢

**HAY.**

Prairie Timothy..... 30¢  
 S. B. hickory..... 30¢  
 Dry oak..... 30¢  
 Green oak..... 30¢  
 Soft wood..... 30¢

**PROVISIONS AT RETAIL—FLOUR.**

Strictly choice family, per sack..... 30¢  
 Choice..... 30¢  
 Second choice..... 30¢  
 Third choice..... 30¢  
 Nebraska spring wheat..... 30¢  
 Corn meal per 100 pounds..... 30¢  
 Buckwheat..... 30¢

**COFFEE.**

Mocha, per pound..... 30¢  
 Java..... 30¢  
 Best Rio..... 30¢  
 Second..... 30¢  
 Laguira..... 30¢

**SUGAR.**

Sugar House molasses..... 30¢  
 Golden Syrup..... 30¢  
 Sugarloaf syrup..... 30¢  
 New Orleans..... 30¢  
 Sorghum..... 30¢

## W. A. H. HARRIS,

## NOTARY PUBLIC,

## REAL ESTATE &amp; INSURANCE AGENT.

## NEGOTIATOR OF LOANS

## AND GENERAL BROKER,

## Improved Farms, City Property and Unimproved Lands for Sale.

## Personal Attention Given to Making Collections,

## Paying Taxes, &amp;c., for non-Residents.

## OFFICE 84 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

## OVER CREW AND HADLEY'S.

## MILLINERY &amp; NOTION STORE,

## 153 MASSACHUSETTS STREET.

## MRS. E. E. W. COULTER,

## Respectfully invites the attention of Ladies and others to her large and elegant assortment of

## MILLINERY GOODS.

## CORSETS, GLOVES, LACES, COLLARS, FEATHERS, ZEPHYRS AND YARNS.

## Real Hair Switches and Curls, Knit Goods, AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

## The making of Caps for Old Ladies, Head Dresses for Parties and Concerts, AND BONNETS &amp; HATS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.

## Parties from the Country Especially Invited to Call.

## Mrs. Coulter bought her stock for CASH directly from the largest wholesale houses, and will prove to all who may favor her with their patronage that she will sell for cash as cheap as the cheapest.

## SATISFACTION GUARANTEED ON ALL ORDERS. 42

## THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY

## Connects at Kansas City Union Depot with

## THE GREAT THROUGH PASSENGER ROUTE,

## The Old Reliable

## HANNIBAL, ST. JOSEPH, KANSAS CITY &amp; QUINCY

## SHORT LINE EAST!

## THE ONLY LINE RUNNING 6 FAST EXPRESS TRAINS

Between the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers, over Iron Bridges, with Pullman Sleeping Palaces and Palace Day Coaches from Kansas City to Quincy, Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Connecting at Quincy Union Depot with Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and Toledo, Wabash & Western Railroads to all points East, North and South.

This short route, and connecting great through passenger lines, by way of Quincy, afford passengers unequalled advantages:

SEE WHAT THEY ARE!

The most elegant and sumptuous Through Drawing Room Sleeping Palaces and Day Coaches run in the World. Trains supplied with all modern improvements to contribute to Comfort, Speed and Safety.

The Largest and most convenient Depots and Through Baggage Arrangements in the United States.

The great rivers all bridged, avoiding all transfers and ferrage; securing to Passengers East the utmost economy.

The Shortest and Quickest, consequently Cheapest route; therefore, when going East, all who are posted buy tickets at Kansas Pacific Ticket Offices, or at Kansas City Union Depot, via Quincy, direct and perfect, with

## THE BEST ROADS IN AMERICA.

## BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Ask for Tickets via Quincy and Hannibal & St. Joseph Short Line, THE BEST ROUTE.

P. B. GROAT, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

O. S. LYFORD, Gen'l Supt.

## J. S. WHITE, WHITE &amp; GOOD, E. B. GOOD.

## Dealers in

## Staple &amp; Fancy Groceries, Provisions, &amp;c.

## FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

141 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas.

## F. DURRANT, PRACTICAL MATTRESS MAKER.

## ALL KINDS OF MATTRESSES MADE.

Hair and moss mattresses renovated and made equal to new. Warehouse, Dixie's old stand, corner of Vermont and Winthrop streets, rear of Eldridge House.

## OPEN TO INDIAN TERRITORY.

## THE LEAVENWORTH, LAWRENCE &amp; GALVESTON RAILROAD LINE

Hope by furnishing first-class accommodation in every respect, by strict attention to the comfort and safety of passengers, and by lowering their freight rates as fast as increasing business will warrant it, to deserve and receive a fair share of patronage, and to promote and increase the settlement of the country along its line.

On and after January 1st, 1873, trains will run from Lawrence and Kansas City as follows:

GOING SOUTH:			
Leave.	Express.	Accommodation.	Night Exp.
Lawrence.....	11:30 A. M.	8:00 P. M.	.....
Baldwin.....	12:13 P. M.	8:58 "	.....
St. Lawrence.....	12:40 A. M.	9:00 "	.....
St. Olathe.....	11:05 "	8:45 "	7:00 P. M.
St. Arrive at Ottawa.....	12:55 P. M.	9:50 P. M.	10:45 "
Ottawa.....	1:10 "	.....	10:55 "
Garnett.....	2:25 "	.....	12:50 A. M.
Iola.....	3:37 "	.....	7:50 "
Humboldt.....	4:00 "	.....	3:15 "
Tioga.....	4:53 "	.....	3:52 "
Thayer.....	5:00 "	.....	4:45 "
Cherryvale.....	5:50 "	.....	5:50 "
Arrive at Independence.....	6:40 "	.....	6:45 "
Coffeyville.....	6:45 "	.....	7:05 "
Parker.....	7:00 "	.....	7:35 "

GOING NORTH:			
Leave.	Express.	Accommodation.	Night Exp.
Parker.....	7:00 A. M.	.....	6:25 P. M.
Independence.....	7:10 "	.....	7:00 "
Coffeyville.....	7:25 "	.....	6:45 "
Cherryvale.....	8:15 "	.....	7:50 "
Thayer.....	9:00 "	.....	9:00 "
Tioga.....	9:40 "	.....	9:55 "
Humboldt.....	10:35 "	.....	10:30 "
Iola.....	10:27 "	.....	11:00 "
Garnett.....	11:40 "	.....	12:50 A. M.
St. Olathe.....	1:30 P. M.	8:10 A. M.	2:40 "
St. Arrive at Kas. City.....	3:15 "	11:00 "	7:15 A. M.
Ottawa.....	4:20 "	12:35 P. M.	6:40 "
Baldwin.....	1:05 "	8:00 A. M.	.....
Arrive at Lawrence.....	1:40 "	8:50 "	.....

## ALL TRAINS CARRY PASSENGERS.

Night Express north will run daily, Saturdays excepted.

All other trains will run daily, Sundays excepted.

## CONNECTIONS:

At Kansas City with connecting roads for points East and North. At Lawrence with Kansas Pacific trains East and West. At Ottawa with stages for Pomona, Quenemo, Lyndon and Oaage City. At Humboldt with stages for Eureka, Eldorado, Augusta and Douglas. At Tioga with M. K. & T. R. R. for points North and South. At Thayer with stages for Needles, Fredonia and New Albany. At Cherryvale with stages for Parsons. At Independence with stages for Elk City, Longton, Peru, Elk Falls, Tisdale, Winfield and Arkansas City. At Parker with stages for Chepola.

## 500,000 ACRES OF LAND

Are offered for sale by this Company in the valley of the Neosho and its tributaries.

For further information apply to

O. CHANUTE, Superintendent.

CHAS. B. PRICK, Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent, Lawrence.

## JANUARY, 1872.

## KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The favorite short line and only direct all-rail route

## TO ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST.

## NO TROUBLESOMES OR FERRY TRANSFERS.

## BY THIS ROUTE.

## NO LAY-OVER SATURDAY OR SUNDAY.

Express trains run daily. All others daily except Sunday.

## TRAINS LEAVE LAWRENCE, GOING EAST:

Express..... 8:35 A. M.  
 Accommodation..... 9:00 "  
 Mail..... 1:55 P. M.

Close connections are made at the Kansas City, State Line and Union Depots for all points North, East and South.

For Leavenworth..... 4:05 and 7:35 A. M., 2:40 P. M.

## TRAINS LEAVE LAWRENCE, GOING WEST:

Express..... 1:05 A. M.  
 Mail..... 11:45 A. M.  
 Topeka Accommodation..... 7:25 P. M.

## MAKING CLOSE CONNECTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

At Topeka for Burlington, Emporia, Cottonwood Falls, Florence, Newton, Wichita, &c.  
 At Junction City for Council Grove, &c.  
 At Carson with the Southern Overland Mail & Express Co.'s daily line of coaches for Pueblo, Trinidad, Las Vegas, Ft. Union, Santa Fe, Las Cruces, Silver City and all points in New Mexico and Arizona.

At Denver with passenger and express coaches for Georgetown, &c., and with Colorado Central Railroad for Central City, Golden City, &c.  
 At Cheyenne for Ogden, Salt Lake City, Elko, Reno, San Francisco, and all points in California and the Pacific Coast.

Fullman Palace Cars are attached to all express trains and run through between Kansas City, Denver and Cheyenne without change.

Remember this is the great through line, and there is no other direct all-rail route to all points East and West.

Be sure to ask for tickets via Kansas Pacific Railway, and purchase them of W. D. WETHERELL, Ticket Agent, at the Depot, or of J. C. HORTON, City Office, corner room under Eldridge House.

S. S. BOWEN, Gen'l Supt.

BEVERLEY E. KEIM, General Ticket Agent, Kansas City, Missouri.

## ON TIME!

## MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD!!

## The Old Reliable &amp; Popular Through Express Route

## TO SAINT LOUIS,

## —AND ALL POINTS—

## EAST! NORTH! SOUTH!

## NO CHANGE OF CARS

## FROM SAINT LOUIS TO NEW YORK

## AND OTHER PRINCIPAL EASTERN CITIES.

## THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD

## IS EQUIPPED WITH

## ELEGANT DAY COACHES!

## PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPERS!

## MILLER'S SAFETY PLATFORM!

## THE PATENT STEAM BRAKE!

An equipment unequalled by any other line in the West.

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Missouri.

C. A. FEASE, Dealer in

Hardware, Stoves, Agricultural Implements,

TINNERS' STOCK AND TINWARE,

114 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas.



# SPIRIT OF KANSAS

## A Journal of Home and Husbandry.

VOL. II.—NO. 5.

LAWRENCE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 1, 1873.

WHOLE NO. 52.

The Great Dry Goods House of Kansas.

L. BULLENE & CO.

Now offer to the public the most extensive and complete

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE.

Their Stock, bought for Cash, they are enabled to

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

They are determined to make Large Sales early in the season, and Low Prices will constitute a distinguishing feature of their business.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO ORDERS

from a distance, and

SAMPLES SENT WHEN DESIRED.

Particular attention is called to

THEIR CARPET DEPARTMENT,

which embraces everything belonging to that branch of trade.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Merchants from the interior are assured that our prices are as low as any to be found West of St. Louis.

MESSRS. HENRY BROWN & CO.,

73 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

Are now prepared to serve the celebrated

MALTBY AND NEW YORK

OYSTERS

In every style; also by the can or keg, wholesale or retail

Are in daily receipt of

FINE MICHIGAN CELERY,

and are prepared to furnish parties with

SUPPERS AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

Also dealers in

FINE CIGARS, TOBACCO, CONFECTIONERIES, &c.

### HOTELS.

LUDINGTON HOUSE,

W. E. SMITH,

OTTAWA, KANSAS.

All Trains stop for Dinner.

35

TEFFT HOUSE,

E. A. SMITH,

TOPEKA, KANSAS.

150 Rooms. The best located and kept House in Topeka.

35

ELDRIDGE HOUSE,

KALLOCH & BEACH,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

The only First Class House in the City.

35

PLACE HOUSE,

Corner of New Hampshire and Warren Streets,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

This House is situated near the business part of the city. We have reduced the fare to 25 cents for single meals, and a night's lodging, with pleasant rooms and good beds, 25 cents.

BOARD \$5 PER WEEK.

We claim that this is the best One Dollar per day House west of the Mississippi River. Persons in the habit of stopping at houses where two and three dollars per day are charged, are especially invited to give us a call.

JOHN T. PLACE, Proprietor.

JAMES T. STEVENS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

Office Rear Room Under Frazer's Hall.

Special Agents for the Lands of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, and the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston Railway Companies. Also

A FINE LIST OF LAWRENCE CITY PROPERTY

—and—

IMPROVED FARMS IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.

We represent several

FIRST CLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Among which are the

CONTINENTAL OF NEW YORK,

Capital \$1,000,000;

THE GERMAN AMERICAN OF NEW YORK,

Capital \$1,000,000;

AND THE FIREMAN'S FUND OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Capital and Assets in Gold over \$800,000.

These companies have all withstood the two great fires of the country, and enter upon the year 1873 with capital unimpaired and a large surplus. Property holders should

MAKE A NOTE OF THESE FACTS.

W. E. SUTLIFF.

J. B. SUTLIFF.

W. E. SUTLIFF & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cloths, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, and

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

43 No. 63 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kas.

COLE BROS. & ASHERS,

DEALERS IN

LIGHTNING RODS

AND WOOD PUMPS,

Lawrence, Kansas.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

14

H. H. TURNER,

HOUSE AND BRIDGE BUILDER.

WORK NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE.

Shop on Corner of Winthrop and Vermont Streets,

Rear of Eldridge House.

not

LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

A Rare Opportunity to Obtain a Thorough

Musical Education.

The best instruction is now brought within the reach of all. Terms lower than the charges of the most inferior teachers. Pupils can enter at any time. Send for Circular to J. B. BARTLETT, Professor of Music in the State University, Lawrence, Kas.

repairing, finishing of fine painting a Specialty.

In style and quality of workmanship we will not be excelled, and our prices shall be entirely satisfactory.

CALL AND SEE US.

WM. KIRBY,

TAILOR.

Gentlemen's Clothing Cut and Made in the Latest Style.

Clothing Scoured and Repaired on short notice at Low Rates.

FIRST DOOR NORTH OF ELDRIDGE HOUSE, LAWRENCE.

ESTABLISHED

In 1855.

JAS. G. SANDS,

SADDLERY.

FINE HARNESS A SPECIALTY.

LAWRENCE KANSAS.

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H. KESTING & CO.,

Dealers in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

No. 86 Massachusetts Street,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

35

GEORGE FORD.

H. D. WHITMAN.

FORD & WHITMAN,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

No. 93 Massachusetts Street, corner of Henry,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

Full Stock of First Class Goods always on hand, and delivered in the City, free of charge.

n35

J. M. HUBBEL & CO.,

Successors to Simmons & Adams,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STOVES, TINWARE

Wooden Ware & House Furnishing Goods.

Galvanized Cornices and Tin Roofing put on

Buildings on Short Notice.

93 Massachusetts Street,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

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L. OTTMAN.

HARRY POTWIN.

OTTOMAN & POTWIN,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &c.

We have the Largest Stock, and make the Lowest Prices

of any House in the State.

ALL GOODS SOLD AT ONE PRICE.

And warranted as represented or money refunded.

67 Massachusetts St., Lawrence, Kansas

PARSONS' JEWELRY STORE.

N. B.—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, repaired and warranted, by

H. S. PARSONS.

125 Massachusetts Street.

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GEO. W. OSBORN,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE,

IN REAR OF THE ELDRIDGE HOUSE.

Good Turnouts at Reasonable Rates.

Horses boarded by the day or week. Stock bought and sold on commission.

n33

IMPROVED BERKSHIRE SWINE.

J. K. HUDSON,

HILLSIDE FARM, WYANDOTTE COUNTY, KANSAS.

Postoffice Address, Kansas City, Mo.

I am breeding only Berkshire Swine, and have for sale at all times first class pigs of various ages, at reasonable prices. My herd and breeding establishment is

NOT EXCELLED IN THE COUNTRY.

Descriptive Catalogue sent free to all applicants.

40

LAWRENCE ELEVATOR,

G. W. SMITH, Jr., Proprietor.

Grain and its Products Bought and Sold by the

Bushel or Car Load.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION.

no2-ly

Ground Feed in any Quantity.

LAWRENCE

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

CORNER MASSACHUSETTS AND WARREN STREETS.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship, Mathematics and

General Commercial Branches.

OPEN TO LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Students Can Enter at Any Time.

For particulars, call at the school or send for circular.

no4-ly

H. W. MACAULAY, Principal.

A WORD TO TRAVELLERS!

We have a word to say in favor of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. It was the "pioneer" line Westward and is the "old reliable" route to St. Louis. With the improvements which have been made during the past year, we believe that the Missouri Pacific Railroad has the best track and the finest and safest equipment of any line west of the Mississippi. It is the only line which runs three daily express trains of fine Coaches and Pullman Sleepers, equipped with the Miller platform and the patent air brake, from leading points in the West, through Kansas City, Sedalia and Jefferson City to St. Louis without change, connecting at St. Louis with eleven different through routes to points North, East and South. Particular information, with maps, time tables, &c., may be had at the various "Through Ticket" Railroad Stations in the West, or upon personal or written application to G. H. Baxter, Western Passenger Agent, Kansas City, Mo., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

EMIGRATION TURNING!

CHEAP FARMS IN SOUTH-WEST MISSOURI!

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company offers 1,200,000 acres of land in Central and Southwest Missouri, at from \$3 to \$12 per acre, on seven years' time, with free transportation from St. Louis to all purchasers. Climate, soil, timber, mineral wealth, schools, churches and law-abiding society invite emigrants from all points to this land of fruits and flowers. For particulars address A. Tuck, Land Commissioner, St. Louis, Mo.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

OPPOSITE ELDRIDGE HOUSE,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

Capital \$100,000. Deposits \$100,000.

For particulars call on J. W. McHILLAR, President.

G. T. HOLLY, V. Pres.

G. A. McHILLAR, Cashier.

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Corner of New Hampshire and Warren Streets,  
LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

This House is situated near the business part of the city. We have reduced the fare to 25 cents for single meals, and a night's lodging, with pleasant rooms and good beds, 25 cents.

BOARD \$5 PER WEEK.

We claim that this is the best One Dollar per day House west of the Mississippi River. Persons in the habit of stopping at houses where two and three dollars per day are charged, are especially invited to give us a call.

JOHN T. PLACE, Proprietor.

JAMES T. STEVENS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,

Office Rear Room Under Fraser's Hall.

Special Agents for the Lands of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, and the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston Railway Companies. Also

A FINE LIST OF LAWRENCE CITY PROPERTY  
—and—  
IMPROVED FARMS IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.

We represent several

FIRST CLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Among which are the

CONTINENTAL OF NEW YORK,  
Capital \$1,000,000;

THE GERMAN AMERICAN OF NEW YORK,  
Capital \$1,000,000;

AND THE FIREMAN'S FUND OF SAN FRANCISCO,  
Capital and Assets in Gold over \$300,000.

These companies have all withstood the two great fires of the country, and enter upon the year 1873 with capital unimpaired and a large surplus. Property holders should

MAKE A NOTE OF THESE FACTS.

W. E. SUTLIFF.

J. B. SUTLIFF.

W. E. SUTLIFF & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cloths, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, and

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,  
43 No. 63 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kas.

COLE BROS. & ASHERS,

DEALERS IN

LIGHTNING RODS

AND WOOD PUMPS,

Lawrence, - - - - Kansas.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

14

H. E. TURNER,

HOUSE AND BRIDGE BUILDER.

WORK NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE.

Shop on Corner of Winthrop and Vermont Streets,  
Rear of Eldridge House.

LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

A Rare Opportunity to Obtain a Thorough Musical Education.

The best instruction is now brought within the reach of all. Terms lower than the charges of the most inferior teachers. Pupils can enter at any time. Send for Circular to J. B. BARTLETT, Professor of Music in the State University, LAWRENCE.

repairing, trimming of fine tailoring a Specialty.

In style and quality of workmanship we will not be excelled, and our prices shall be entirely satisfactory.

CALL AND SEE US.

WM. KIRBY,  
TAILOR.

Gentlemen's Clothing Cut and Made in the Latest Style. Clothing Scoured and Repaired on short notice at Low Rates. FIRST DOOR NORTH OF ELDRIDGE HOUSE, LAWRENCE.

ESTABLISHED

IN 1855.

JAS. G. SANDS,  
SADDLERY.  
FINE HARNESS A SPECIALTY.  
LAWRENCE KANSAS.

13v1

H. KESTING & CO.,

Dealers in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

No. 86 Massachusetts Street,  
LAWRENCE, - - - KANSAS.

35

GEORGE FORD,

H. D. WHITMAN.

FORD & WHITMAN,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS,

No. 93 Massachusetts Street, corner of Henry,  
LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

Full Stock of First Class Goods always on hand, and delivered in the City, free of charge.

n35

J. M. HUBBEL & CO.,

Successors to Shimmens & Adams,  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STOVES, TINWARE  
Wooden Ware & House Furnishing Goods.

Galvanized Cornices and Tin Roofing put on Buildings on Short Notice.

92 Massachusetts Street,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

n12v1

L. OTTMAN.

HARRY POTWIN.

OTTMAN & POTWIN,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &c.

We have the Largest Stock, and make the Lowest Prices of any House in the State.

ALL GOODS SOLD AT ONE PRICE.

And warranted as represented or money refunded.

67 Massachusetts St., - - - Lawrence, Kansas

PARSONS' JEWELRY STORE.

N. B.—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, repaired and warranted, by

H. S. PARSONS.

125 Massachusetts Street.

n35v1

GEO. W. OSBORN,

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE,  
IN REAR OF THE ELDRIDGE HOUSE.

Good Turnouts at Reasonable Rates.

Horses boarded by the day or week. Stock bought and sold on commission.

n33

IMPROVED BERKSHIRE SWINE.

J. K. HUDSON,

HILLSIDE FARM, WYANDOTTE COUNTY, KANSAS.

Postoffice Address, Kansas City, Mo.

I am breeding only Berkshire Swine, and have for sale at all times first class pigs of various ages, at reasonable prices. My herd and breeding establishment is

NOT EXCELLED IN THE COUNTRY.

Descriptive Catalogue sent free to all applicants.

40

LAWRENCE ELEVATOR,

G. W. SMITH, Jr., Proprietor.

Grain and its Products Bought and Sold by the Bushel or Car Load.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION.

no2-ly

Ground Feed in any Quantity.

LAWRENCE  
BUSINESS COLLEGE,  
CORNER MASSACHUSETTS AND WARREN STREETS.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship, Mathematics and General Commercial Branches.

OPEN TO LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Students Can Enter at Any Time.

For particulars, call at the school or send for circular.

no4-ly

H. W. MACAULAY, Principal.

A WORD TO TRAVELLERS!

We have a word to say in favor of the Missouri Pacific Railroad. It was the "pioneer" line Westward and is the "old reliable" route to St. Louis. With the improvements which have been made during the past year, we believe that the Missouri Pacific Railroad has the best track and the finest and safest equipment of any line west of the Mississippi. It is the only line which runs three daily express trains of fine Coaches and Pullman Sleepers, equipped with the Miller platform and the patent air brake, from leading points in the West, through Kansas City, Sedalia and Jefferson City to St. Louis without change, connecting at St. Louis with eleven different through routes to points North, East and South. Particular information, with maps, time tables, &c., may be had at the various "Through Ticket" Railroad Stations in the West, or upon personal or written application to G. H. Baxter, Western Passenger Agent, Kansas City, Mo., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

EMIGRATION TURNING!

CHEAP FARMS IN SOUTH-WEST MISSOURI!

The Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company offers 1,200,000 acres of land in Central and Southwest Missouri, at from \$3 to \$12 per acre, on seven years' time, with free transportation from St. Louis to all purchasers. Climate, soil, timber, mineral wealth, schools, churches and law-abiding society invite emigrants from all points to this land of fruits and flowers. For particulars address A. Tuck, Land Commissioner, St. Louis, Mo.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

OPPOSITE ELDRIDGE HOUSE,

LAWRENCE, KANSAS.

OFFICERS:  
J. W. McHILLAN, President. C. T. HOLLY, V. Pres.  
G. A. McHILLAN, Cashier.

nol1



## The Farm.

## LIFT A LITTLE.

Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Neighbor lend a helping hand  
 To that heavy laden brother,  
 Who for weakness scarce can stand.  
 What to thee with thy strong muscle,  
 Seems a light and easy load,  
 Is to him a ponderous burden,  
 Cumbering his pilgrim road.  
 Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Efforts give one added strength;  
 That which staggers him when rising,  
 Thou canst hold at arm's full length.  
 Not his fault that he is feeble,  
 Not thy praise that thou art strong;  
 It is God makes lives to differ,  
 Some from wailing, some from song.  
 Lift a little! lift a little!  
 Many they who need thine aid;  
 Many lying on the roadside,  
 'Neath misfortune's dreary shade;  
 Pass not by like priest and Levite,  
 Heedless of thy fellow-man;  
 But, with heart and arms extended,  
 Be the good Samaritan.

J. Ingalls of Atchison received the nearly unanimous vote and was declared elected. During the afternoon Senator Pomroy was arrested by Sheriff Thomas, on a warrant issued against him for bribery, and gave bail for his appearance to answer. Senator York was also arrested, but was subsequently released.

Senator Pomroy's friends say he denies York's charges in toto, and that he is preparing a statement regarding the matter for publication.

An Atchison dispatch, dated January 30th, says:—The United States Senator elect from Kansas, John J. Ingalls, reached his home in this city this evening. He was received at the depot by a large concourse of friends with music and the salute of artillery; he was then escorted to Corinthian Hall where a numerous crowd had assembled. He addressed the audience in a brief but eloquent and feeling speech. Addresses were also made by State Senator Price, representatives Spaulding, Tough, O'Driscoll, Larkin, Gen. Stringfellow, Maj. Gale and others. The meeting was very enthusiastic, all classes, and all parties predict a brilliant career of honor for the young Senator.

In regard to the recent cold snap a St. Louis telegram, of the 28th says: "The weather has been cold for the past forty-eight hours. Mercury sunk in the city last night to ten degrees below zero, and in some suburbs this morning the thermometer marked from 16 to 24 degrees below zero. The cold is general throughout the West. At Sydney, Ohio, the thermometer marked 23 degrees below zero. At Anna, Ohio, 18 degrees below. At Corry, Pennsylvania, 36 degrees below. At Milwaukee, 12 degrees below zero. At St. Paul, Minnesota, 13 degrees below zero. At Fort Garry, and other points west of St. Paul, 25 degrees below zero. At Sparta, Wisconsin, 40 degrees below zero. At Memphis, 4 degrees above zero."

On the 29th the thermometer marked 28 degrees below zero at Leavenworth, being the coldest weather ever experienced in the Missouri valley.

A Salt Lake dispatch of Jan. 30th says that the snow drifts on the Union Pacific Railroad during the last snow storm, were in some places sixteen feet deep. Old railroad men say the weather is the most terrible ever experienced. At Granite Canyon, three section hands froze to death; also two at Bryan, and a number of others are reported, perished while shoveling snow off the track. The passengers suffered no hardships or inconvenience whatever. There is ten feet of snow on the level in Little Cottonwood mining district.

A startling fraud was unearthed in the Auditor's office at Topeka last Thursday. The Auditor's registry of bonds was discovered to contain entries of \$200,000 in bonds, purporting to have been issued by the cities of Gregory, Cloud and Budlong, in Cherokee county, Kansas, to the Memphis, Carthage and Northwestern Railroad. There are no such places in Cherokee county or in Kansas, and the bonds are evidently bogus in all particulars. The names of cities given are the names of prominent citizens of Carthage, Mo. There are two sets of bonds for each city, bearing seven per cent. interest, and payable at the National Park Bank, New York. One hundred of the bonds, amounting to \$50,000, were registered December 20th, 1872, and the remainder were all registered January 9th, 1872, which was three days before the present administration was installed. It is supposed that an attempt has been, or is now being made, to negotiate the bonds in Eastern markets.

A St. Louis dispatch of January 30th, says: A bonded car belonging to the Merchant Dispatch company which reached here to-day from New York, was discovered to have been robbed of about thirteen hundred dollars worth of goods, gold value, consigned to Field Bros., of this city. The car was robbed between New York and Albany, and it is supposed the thief locked himself in the car at New York. This is the first robbery of goods shipped to any interior port of entry since the law providing for railway transmissions of goods in bond went into effect.

In Chicago on the 30th ult., the Stockholders of the Great Western Telegraph Company, at a meeting, elected the following Board of Directors: A. H. Bliss, John J. Bennett, Jesse O. Norton, of Chicago; Josiah Stark, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. H. Moore, Clinton; K. B. Frary, Princeton; D. C. Farrell, Peoria; Anthony W. Street, Council Bluffs; James E. Boyl, Omaha; C. N. Rix, Topeka; Howard M. Holden, Kansas City.

In Tweed's trial in New York the jury disagreed and were dismissed. A new jury is to be empanelled at once.

It is reported that the American bankers of London loaned Napoleon \$2,000,000 to facilitate the conspiracy he was meditating, and that since his death the money has been returned to them.

A dispatch from London of the 29th inst. says: It is rumored this morning that the differences between Great Britain and Russia, on the Khivan question, are increasing, and that the governments of France, Austria, Italy, Turkey, Denmark and Sweden are determined to support the British government in its position.

A Constantinople dispatch of January 30th says a riot of an alarming character occurred near Rustickuk, a fortified city in Bulgaria, sixty-five miles east of Nicopolis, in which thirteen Bulgarians and ten Greeks were killed. The cause of disturbance has not transpired. During the riot the streets were crowded with furious people and the authorities found it necessary to intervene. Guns and pistols were freely used and besides the killed a number are reported wounded. Order was finally restored and several of the leading rioters arrested.

## WHEAT VERSUS GOLD.

Gold dug from the bowels of the earth gave California a tremendous start in growth and population a few years ago, and scarcely anything else was thought of. Flour brought fabulous prices, but gold from the placers could pay for it. Twelve years ago the gold product in that country amounted to \$40,000,000, and the wheat crop was of very little account. In comparison with the gold product it was hardly worthy of notice; at least most people thought so. In 1868 the gold product in California is estimated at about \$25,000,000. The year previous produced nearly the same amount. The wheat crop of 1868 is estimated to amount to the same sum.

The acreage sown is fixed at 2,500,000, against 1,500,000, in 1865, and yet the growth of grain in that country is in its infancy. We hardly dare to guess the amount that will be grown there at no distant day. No doubt the product will be enormous, and throw gold-digging far into the shade. It has been truly said the grain wealth of California will yet far exceed the gold dreams of her most enthusiastic citizens, for the golden kernels of wheat.

BOARD OF REGENTS.—The Board of Regents of the State University were in session on Thursday at the Eldridge House. There were present the following members: Chancellor John Fraser, Hon. G. A. Crawford, Hon. Charles Robinson, W. C. Tenney, Rev. W. A. Starrett, Col. C. B. Lines, Rev. D. P. Mitchell, Rev. J. G. Reaser and Hon. R. G. Elliott. A careful estimate of the amount of money required to defray the expenses of the Institution for the current year was made, and a committee was appointed to present the wants of the Institution before the Legislature. Chancellor Fraser submitted a report on the organization of medical and law departments. A paper was received from the Douglas county Medical Society, in regard to the organization of the medical department of the University, which was reserved for discussion at a future meeting.

STOCK GROWERS ASSOCIATION.—On Thursday, January 23rd, during the meeting of the Farmer's Institute at the Agricultural College in Manhattan the Kansas Stock Growers' Association held its annual meeting and elected officers for the coming year. The following were the officers elected: President, Dr. L. Steinberg, Fort Harker; Vice President, O. W. Bill, of Manhattan, and J. B. McAfee, of Topeka; Secretary, J. B. Reynolds, of Fort Riley; Treasurer, John Davis, of Junction City; Directors, J. C. Hudson, of Wyandotte; Major F. E. Miller and Wm. Knipe, of Vienna. Correspondence may be addressed to J. B. Reynolds, the Secretary at Fort Riley.

HANWAY.—Hon. James Hanway of Lane Ks., made THE SPIRIT office a very pleasant call on Thursday. Mr. Hanway is one of our most valued contributors and has become favorably known to the numerous readers of THE SPIRIT through the many interesting articles from his pen which have appeared in its columns during the past year. We hope to hear from him often in the future.

DOGS.—The policemen are making terrible slaughter among the dogs. Something more than one hundred have already been killed and still the good work goes on. Let it go on until the dog population of the city is reduced by one or two hundred more.

REVERSED.—The tide of travel which has been setting to the westward for the past two weeks, was suddenly reversed on Thursday morning last and every body seemed to be diligently seeking their homes.

COLDEST YET.—At 7 o'clock on Thursday morning the Prof. Snow's standard thermometer marked 26 degrees below zero; being several degrees the coldest morning ever recorded in Kansas.

DISTRICT COURT.—The February term of the District Court will commence its session on Monday next.

## Lawrence Wholesale Markets for Farmers' Produce.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, Feb. 1, 1873.

Hogs have slightly improved in price since last week. Cattle and live stock remains unchanged.

We quote as follows:

HOGS AND CATTLE.

Live hogs..... 3@3 1/2  
 Dressed hogs 200 pounds and over..... 3 1/2@3 3/4  
 " " light..... 3@3 1/2  
 Fat cows..... 2 1/2@3  
 Fair native steers..... 2 1/2@3  
 Prime native steers..... 3@3 1/2

GRAIN.

Corn..... 30@  
 Oats..... 20@  
 Buckwheat..... 20@

PRODUCE.

Potatoes..... 30@  
 Onions..... 20@  
 Beets..... 20@  
 Carrots..... 20@  
 Turnips..... 20@  
 Rutabaga..... 20@  
 Cabbage..... 20@  
 Butter, 1st quality..... 20@  
 " 2d..... 15@  
 Eggs..... 20@  
 Turkeys, dressed..... 20@  
 " live..... 20@  
 Chickens, dressed..... 20@  
 " live, per doz..... 20@

HAY.

Prairie Timothy..... 20@  
 S. B. hickory..... 20@  
 Dry oak..... 20@  
 Green oak..... 20@  
 Soft wood..... 20@

PROVISIONS AT RETAIL—FLOUR.

Choice..... 20@  
 Second choice..... 15@  
 Third choice..... 10@  
 Nebraska spring wheat..... 20@  
 Corn meal per 100 pounds..... 20@  
 Buckwheat..... 20@

COFFEE.

Mocha, per pound..... 20@  
 Java..... 20@  
 Best Rio..... 20@  
 Second..... 20@  
 Laguira..... 20@

SUGAR.

A..... 20@  
 B..... 20@  
 XXX..... 20@  
 Portorigua..... 20@

MOLASSES.

Sugar House molasses..... 20@  
 Golden Syrup..... 20@  
 Sugarloaf syrup..... 20@  
 New Orleans..... 20@  
 Sorghum..... 20@

W. A. H. HARRIS,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

REAL ESTATE &amp; INSURANCE AGENT.

NEGOTIATOR OF LOANS

AND GENERAL BROKER,

Improved Farms, City Property and Unimproved Lands for Sale.

Personal Attention Given to Making Collections,

Paying Taxes, &amp;c., for non-Residents.

OFFICE 84 MASSACHUSETTS STREET,

OVER CREW AND HADLEY'S.

MILLINERY &amp; NOTION STORE,

153 MASSACHUSETTS STREET.

MRS. E. E. W. COULTER

Respectfully invites the attention of Ladies and others to her large and elegant assortment of MILLINERY GOODS. CORSETS, GLOVES, LACES, COLLARS, FEATHERS, ZEPHYRS AND YARNS.

Real Hair Switches and Curls, Knit Goods,

AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

The making of Caps for Old Ladies, Head Dresses for Parties and Concerts, AND BONNETS &amp; HATS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.

Parties from the Country Especially Invited to Call. Mrs. Coulter bought her stock for CASH directly from the largest wholesale houses, and will prove to all who may favor her with their patronage that she will sell for cash as cheap as the cheapest.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED ON ALL ORDERS. 42

THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY

Connects at Kansas City Union Depot with

THE GREAT THROUGH PASSENGER ROUTE,

The Old Reliable

HANNIBAL, ST. JOSEPH, KANSAS CITY &amp; QUINCY

SHORT LINE EAST!

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING 6 FAST EXPRESS TRAINS

Between the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers, over Iron Bridges, with Pullman Sleeping Palaces and Palace Day Coaches from

Kansas City to Quincy, Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati,

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Connecting at Quincy Union Depot with Chicago, Burlington &amp; Quincy and Toledo, Wabash &amp; Western Railroads to all points East, North and South.

This short route, and connecting great through passenger lines, by way of Quincy, afford passengers unequalled advantages:

SEE WHAT THEY ARE!

The most elegant and sumptuous Through Drawing Room Sleeping Palaces and Day Coaches run in the World. Trains supplied with all modern improvements to contribute to Comfort, Speed and Safety.

The Largest and most convenient Depots and Through Baggage Arrangements in the United States.

The great rivers all bridged, avoiding all transfers and ferriage; securing to Passengers East the utmost economy.

The Shortest and Quickest, consequently Cheapest route; therefore, when going East, all who are posted buy tickets at Kansas Pacific Ticket Office, or at Kansas City Union Depot, via Quincy, over Hannibal &amp; St. Joseph Short Line, as all our connections are direct and perfect, with

THE BEST ROADS IN AMERICA.

BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Ask for Tickets via QUINCY and Hannibal &amp; St. Joseph Short Line, THE BEST ROUTE.

P. B. GROUT, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

O. S. LYFORD, Gen'l Supt.

J. S. WHITE, E. B. GOOD.

WHITE &amp; GOOD,

Dealers in

Staple &amp; Fancy Groceries, Provisions, &amp;c.

FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

141 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas.

F. DURRANT,

PRACTICAL MATTRESS MAKER.

ALL KINDS OF MATTRESSES MADE.

Hair and moss mattresses renovated and made equal to new. Warehouse, Dixie's old stand, corner of Vermont and Winthrop streets, rear of Eldridge House.

OPEN TO INDIAN TERRITORY.

THE LEAVENWORTH, LAWRENCE &amp; GALVESTON RAILROAD LINE

Hope by furnishing first-class accommodation in every respect, by strict attention to the comfort and safety of passengers, and by lowering their freight rates as fast as increasing business will warrant it, to deserve and receive a fair share of patronage, and to promote and increase the settlement of the country along the line.

On and after January 1st, 1873, trains will run from Lawrence and Kansas City as follows:

## GOING SOUTH:

Leave.	Express.	Accommodation.	Night Exp.
Lawrence.....	11:30 A. M.	8:00 P. M.	.....
Baldwin.....	12:13 P. M.	8:58 "	.....
St. Kansas City.....	10:00 A. M.	5:00 "	7:00 P. M.
St. Olathe.....	11:36 "	6:45 "	8:25 "
St. Arrive at Ottawa.....	12:55 P. M.	9:50 P. M.	10:45 "
Ottawa.....	1:10 "	.....	10:55 "
Garnett.....	5:23 "	.....	12:50 A. M.
Iola.....	3:37 "	.....	2:42 "
Humboldt.....	4:00 "	.....	3:15 "
Topeka.....	4:23 "	.....	3:52 "
Thayer.....	5:00 "	.....	4:45 "
Cherryvale.....	5:50 "	.....	5:39 "
Arrive at Independence.....	6:40 "	.....	6:45 "
Coffeyville.....	6:45 "	.....	7:05 "
Parker.....	7:00 "	.....	7:35 "

## GOING NORTH:

Leave.	Express.	Accommodation.	Night Exp.
Parker.....	7:00 A. M.	.....	6:25 P. M.
Independence.....	7:10 "	.....	7:00 "
Coffeyville.....	7:25 "	.....	6:45 "
Cherryvale.....	8:15 "	.....	6:45 "
Thayer.....	9:00 "	.....	9:00 "
Topeka.....	9:40 "	.....	9:55 "
Humboldt.....	10:05 "	.....	10:30 "
Iola.....	10:27 "	.....	11:00 "
Garnett.....	11:40 "	.....	12:30 A. M.
St. Ottawa.....	1:30 P. M.	.....	2:40 "
St. Olathe.....	3:15 "	.....	4:45 "
St. Arrive at Kas. City.....	4:20 "	12:35 P. M.	6:00 "
Ottawa.....	1:05 "	8:00 A. M.	.....
Baldwin.....	1:40 "	8:50 "	.....
Arrive at Lawrence.....	2:20 "	9:50 "	.....

ALL TRAINS CARRY PASSENGERS.

Night Express north will run daily, Saturdays excepted.

All other trains will run daily, Sundays excepted.

CONNECTIONS:

At Kansas City with connecting roads for points East and North.  
 At Lawrence with Kansas Pacific trains East and West.  
 At Ottawa with stages for Pomona, Quenemo, Lyndon and Osage City.  
 At Humboldt with stages for Eureka, Eldorado, Augusta and Douglas.  
 At Topeka with M. K. & T. R. R. for points North and South.  
 At Thayer with stages for Needles, Fredonia and New Albany.  
 At Cherryvale with stages for Parsons.  
 At Independence with stages for Elk City, Longton, Peru, Elk Falls, Tisdale, Winfield and Arkansas City.  
 At Parker with stages for Cheyenne.

500,000 ACRES OF LAND

Are offered for sale by this Company in the valley of the Neosho and its tributaries.

For further information apply to

O. CHANUTE, Superintendent.

CHAS. B. PECK, Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent, Lawrence.

JANUARY, 1872.

KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The favorite short line and only direct all-rail route

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST.

NO TARDIOUS OMNIBUS OR FERRY TRANSFERS.

BY THIS ROUTE.

NO LAY-OVER SATURDAY OR SUNDAY.

Express trains run daily. All others daily except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE LAWRENCE, GOING EAST:

Express..... 8:25 A. M.  
 Accommodation..... 8:58 A. M.  
 Mail..... 1:55 P. M.

Close connections are made at the Kansas City, State Line and Union Depots for all points North, East and South.

For Leavenworth..... 4:05 and 7:35 A. M., 2:40 P. M.

TRAINS LEAVE LAWRENCE, GOING WEST:

Express..... 1:05 A. M.  
 Mail..... 1:45 A. M.  
 Topeka Accommodation..... 7:35 P. M.

MAKING CLOSE CONNECTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

At Topeka for Burlington, Emporia, Cottonwood Falls, Florence, Newton, Wichita, &c.  
 At Junction City for Council Grove, &c.  
 At Carson with the Southern Overland Mail & Express Co.'s daily line of coaches for Pueblo, Trinidad, Las Vegas, Ft. Union, Santa Fe, Las Cruces, Silver City and all points in New Mexico and Arizona.  
 At Denver with passenger and express coaches for Georgetown, &c., and with Colorado Central Railroad for Central City, Golden City, &c.  
 At Cheyenne for Ogden, Salt Lake City, Elko, Reno, San Francisco, and all points in California and the Pacific Coast.  
 Pullman Palace Cars are attached to all express trains and run through between Kansas City, Denver and Cheyenne without change.

Remember this is the great through line, and there is no other direct all-rail route to all points East and West.

Be sure to ask for tickets via Kansas Pacific Railway, and purchase them of W. D. WETHELLE, Ticket Agent, at the Depot, or of J. C. Horton, City Office, corner room under Eldridge House.

S. S. HOWEN, Gen'l Supt.

Beverly R. Keim, General Ticket Agent, Kansas City, Missouri.

ON TIME!

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD!!

The Old Reliable &amp; Popular Through Express Route

TO SAINT LOUIS,

—AND ALL POINTS—

EAST! NORTH! SOUTH!

NO CHANGE OF CARS

FROM SAINT LOUIS TO NEW YORK

AND OTHER PRINCIPAL EASTERN CITIES.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD

IS EQUIPPED WITH

ELEGANT DAY COACHES!

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPERS!

MILLER'S SAFETY PLATFORM!

THE PATENT STEAM BRAKE!

An equipment unequalled by any other line in the West.

TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!

B. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Missouri.

C. A. PEASE,

Dealer in

Hardware, Stoves, Agricultural Implements,

TINNERS' STOCK AND TINWARE,

114 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence, Kansas.







## The Story Teller.

GRANDMA'S DEARY;  
OR,  
RECORDS OF OAK HILL HOME.

BY AUGUSTA MOORE.

(Continued.)

We were in the constant receipt of letters from all parts of the army and navy. From Virginia alone we could none of us hear, and aunt Howard was nearly frantic about her son and his family, whose place was in the region through which Zollie offered. And I will say now that when we did hear from young Howard and his family, it was that he had been forced to flee for life from home and property.

"It pays very poorly," he wrote, "to be a Union man in Virginia; for the rebels are heartily in earnest in what they do, which is more than can be said of the Union army. It do'n't do to own that a man cares anything for the Union, even when Union troops are in our towns; for they do little more than laugh at rebels for all the outrages which are heaped on loyal men. They pay them even more scrupulously for all they take of them than loyal men are paid, and then away they go and leave us to rebel mercy. A soldier who rested in my house told me that the Government required the Generals of the army to deal very tenderly with rebels. If I thought that were so, I should be ready to disown my Government. Some things do look like it. Where we are now, the people are all 'secesh,' but they have not yet taken up arms openly. Government troops pass peaceably through, tired, hungry and thirsty, and not a chicken can they buy. The people rudely refuse to sell them anything. Women insult the soldiers. How reversed is the natural order of things! In all ways, except by flying to arms, hatred of the Union power is clearly exhibited; yet a strict guard is placed, by our army, over the houses, and even over the wells, of these rebels, and the poor soldiers (it is monstrous to think of!) march by, choking with dust and thirst, to go miles until they find some scarce drinkable puddle or stream wherein to quench their thirst. This is the policy, is it? What does the North gain by it? Only additional hate and contempt. I hear them laughed over and sneered at for their shallowness and folly—and they deserve it. Treason is rewarded and protected; loyalty is punished. I've concluded to say no more in favor of such a government. I feel bitterly, I own, and think I have cause to. The slaveholders all about me said and say triumphantly that while they can hold their slaves they can forever defy the North; and they feel confident now that the pro-slavery element among you is too strong for any attempt to be made to strike at the root of all the trouble. I believe that they are right in both respects. I do not believe that they will ever be conquered."

"That's true," said our Mari, when she had heard my cousin's letter read; "they never can be conquered unless the slaves get taken away from them. It's my opinion that any white man, or any slave either, is a fool to run the risk of his own head for a government that cares nothing at all about him."

"Why, Mari," said I, "do n't you think the North and our Government feel an interest in the slave?"

"No," said she; "I think they like us a great deal worse than our masters do. Our masters, Miss Deary, have got no ill-will against us. They often love us a heap better than Master Herbert loves his horse, Thunder. All they want is to keep us. Most folks in the North want to drive us out of sight, if not out of life."

Mari was a very intelligent and sensible woman, half white. She could both read and write, and had never seemed at all like a slave.

"Why were you so unhappy in the South, if they liked you so well?" I asked.

"No one likes to feel that he has not a right to himself," was her reply. "I much rather live South than North, could I but be free there—all the slaves rather. And I think black people generally would move South were it a free country. All that I know would be glad to do so."

"Well, perhaps it soon may be free, Mari. I hope so."

"I wish so," said Mari, gravely, "but I have not much hope. The President feels bound by his oath to maintain slavery; and his generals—most all of them—are faithful to its interests. They rather have all the men in the free States killed than to allow the negro to fight for his liberty. Why is this so? Why is it right for the white man to fight for liberty, but wrong for the black man?"

"I think it perfectly right for the black man to fight. But Mari, why should you be opposed to any slaves doing what favors he can to the Union cause?"

"Because, miss, it will enrage against him his masters, from whom the Government will not protect him. I knew several cases before I came away of slaves who had escaped within your lines, and given valuable information to your army, being given up to their masters, and horribly punished. One poor fellow, a fellow-servant of mine, had nearly died in his efforts to escape. He had suffered dreadfully from hunger, and in many ways. He swam a river and nearly got drowned. When he reached the Federal camp he thought he was safe, and was so delighted that he praised the Lord. But he was taken into custody, and finally delivered up to our enraged master. Ned was brought back

home and beat unmercifully. But if the Government thinks it gets any thanks for its politeness to slaveholders, it is mightily mistaken. Of course Ned was said to belong to a loyal slaveholder, but our master is one of the stoutest rebels in Virginia. I can tell you, Miss Deary, that so long as your Government keeps putting strength into the foundations and trying to shoot stones off the top of the Southern rebellion, the South can stand before you. I'm sure of that. Every slave that knows anything is sure of it. They are losing all hope in the North, but they hope in God still, knowing that when His time really comes the oppressor will let his poor, downtrodden colored people go. As things now are I do hope that colored people will keep out of the mess as much as they possibly can. I wish the slaves did not have to fight for their masters; but that they are obliged to do, though they hate to awfully. They don't like to fight, anyway. Our poor Scip, was stationed at a gun in the Bull Run battle. He said he never was so scared in his life, and would have run if he had dared; but the officers would have shot him dead at once had he tried that. He kept praying all the time, he said, for the souls of the dying. Scip ran away from master the first chance he got. But 'tis very hard to get away from Richmond. Oh, what bloody work there will be if your forces try to take it!"

Uncle Harold hardly liked the way in which Mari talked. He said it seemed to him that she despised thy Northern and exalted the Southern power.

"And it is evident," said he, "that she is in constant communication with the South. How does she know what her master's slaves did in the battle of Bull Run? She must have seen or heard from Richmond since then—but how?"

It was no use to ask Mari. She was a free mason: no getting anything out of her. Uncle Harold got foolishly nervous about her. He fancied that she sent reports to her master of how things were going North and in Washington. He insisted that she should no more hear the letters read that came from Washington and from other parts of the army.

I knew that uncle Harold was all wrong, but he had to be humored. He had the fault of disliking heartily all negro blood. He insisted that all slaves—all negroes—were sly and treacherous. He was sure that the North was full of slaves, pretending to have run away, who were sent out as spies under the promise of freedom as their reward, and he was afraid that this smart Mari was one of them. When a man gets any notion into his head it is useless to oppose it; so I kept Mari as much as I could out of uncle Harold's way.

Grandma grew weaker and weaker; she seemed to live upon letters. Those from Gen. McClellan's army were not very cheerful. They were growing weary, by February 1865, of being "organized," drilled, &c.

"Oh, that we could do something!" wrote Luther. "And if we cannot, I wish I could be at Oak Hill. Deary, we are losing all refinement; we are becoming savages, living as we do. I fear you will find me a great trial and annoyance if ever again I am so happy as to live with you in a house. It really is annoying to see how some men who have been all their days accustomed to the habits of refined, luxurious life become, when left to themselves, rough, careless and coarse in manners and habits. I am sorry to say that your relatives are no exception to the general rule. Truly it is not good for man to live long apart from woman. Her influence is everything to him. March, I must inform you, is the very mentor and example of us all. Georgie Lakewood and his company are here now. He and March are inseparable. They are splendid fellows. I wish you could see them mounted and at the head of their companies. Your relatives are very noble, splendid looking people, Deary. How came you ever to see beauty in plain Ruthven? Georgie has a black horse of great size which seems to feel proud of the magnificent appearance made by himself and his master. I often think of your aunt Emily's caution to Georgie. He does make a shining mark, and his large, brilliant eyes, flashing with excitement, are enough to draw bullets out of any gun. He still maintains that he is a coward; but only himself would ever suspect it. He was in a battle in Kentucky before he came here, and you would laugh to hear him tell his experience. He was scared nearly to death, he says, as he rode into the field. A brother officer noticing his extreme agitation and pallor, taunted him with being 'afraid.'

"You are right, sir," said Georgie; "I am afraid. If you were one-half as frightened as I am, you would run away."

"There's one thing," said Georgie: "I can drive myself forward when duty calls, in spite of fear."

"That is true moral courage, Deary. Georgie is a hero, after all; and oh! he is so true, so noble, so tender in heart! You have a right, sweet wife, to glory in your Northern cousins, though for your Southern ones you needs must blush and mourn."

"What has taken place in Kentucky has made our men very impatient to get towards Richmond. We do certainly seem 'slow.' We are promised, however, by those who ought to know that the plans of our 'little Mac' are masterly, and such as cannot fail of giving the rebel capital into our hands. Yet I cannot forget that delays are dangerous, and that a month is as much to the rebels as to us. I pray Heaven send us frost and cold, so that we can get out of this miserable mud."

"Hurra! hurra!" he wrote under date of February 12th, 1862. "Burnside's army, after a month of suffering from storm and delay, has taken Roanoke Island and Elizabeth city. Now we begin to stir. I feel encouraged. Rob., who is with Burnside, writes me that had the counsels to disregard the information and directions of the loyal negro who swam off to his vessel on purpose to guide them over dangerous places in their course, prevailed, there can be no question that we should now have been bawling disaster and defeat, instead of rejoicing over a fine, a glorious, victory. But Gen. Burnside would hear the negro, and having heard, believed him and followed his directions—or rather, made him pilot for the fleet—and the result is before the Nation. I understand that the loyal and heroic slave is clad in martial array, and that his constant place is in the presence of the noble Burnside, who, it is probable, will not give up to the first loyal (alias lying) rebel who comes to claim him."

On February 22d Ruthven wrote: "Gen. Halleck's portion of the army is getting all the honor. Fort Donelson is taken. The fight lasted two days. The naval force was commanded by Commodore Foote, as you have read. We have taken between thirteen and fifteen thousand prisoners, three thousand horses, and Generals Buckner, Johnson, West, and I believe one or two others. The hero of Mexico, Pillow, and Floyd the thief, ran gallantly away, or we might have had them also. My old friend Gen. Hunter has the credit of winning for our side the day. Gen. Halleck said this publicly. When applied to for help, Hunter reinforced Grant with his whole force, which gave victory into our hands. There can be no doubt now that Gen. McClellan will make speedy and vigorous moves. You will soon hear that we have made our mark somewhere, Deary. Let not your heart be troubled. Remember how much powder and how many bullets it requires to kill one man. Remember, too, how wonderfully your loyal friends in army and navy have been spared; and hope, Deary, for the best."

I tried to obey my husband's injunction, and to hope for the best; but it was a relief to me to see how day after day went by and McClellan's army remained in statu quo. "All quiet along the Potomac to-night" became a threadbare expression which was derided by the papers. But to that sentence there was frequently added, "a picket shot."

"All quiet along the Potomac to-night, No sound save the rush of the river, While soft falls the dew on the face of the dead— The picket's off duty forever."

Had it not been for this the expression would have just suited my state of mind. For long waiting had damped the ardor of my courage. Besides, if the war was not to be clearly a war for universal freedom, if it was only a bloody fight for dominion, I had no courage for it. The only motive strong enough to overcome my woman's fears and selfish love, was one which I feared did not actuate our Government. I had no particular affection for the negro race, but I abhorred every form of oppression, and so long as my country was guilty of enslaving them I knew that a black face would continue to be to me a sign of our crime and of God's displeasure against us.

March found us very quiet at Oak Hill Home. Grandma left her bed no more, and we knew that she would not live much longer. Once or twice I had proposed to telegraph to my aunts and uncles, but she had always opposed it. The third day of march, however, she consented that aunt Angela should be summoned. She reached us on the sixth and almost immediately came tidings of the strife between the iron monster Merrimac and the brave little God-sent Monitor. We knew that in the old Cumberland we had three or four beloved friends. Ah! what fate was theirs? No names were given at first. We said not one word to my poor, dear Grandma, and tried our best to keep hid away in our hearts the anxiety and distress we felt. The presence of Aunt Angela seemed to brighten Grandma up considerably. She sat up in bed, talked a little, and eat an orange.

"You are very glad Auntie has come, aren't you, Grandma," said I, pleased to see her so revived.

"Yes, Deary—yes," she replied, rather wearily; "but I want to be laid back now. I feel tired."

We took away the pillows at her back and lowered her dear head so that she might sleep. She closed her eyes with a gentle smile, then, in a moment, there fell over her face the cold, grey shadow that none who have once seen it can ever mistake. "Harold," exclaimed aunt Angela, "Mother is dying."

He took his mother's hand. Her pulse was still, but her faithful heart was yet slowly beating. "Mother," said he in tones sweet and tender—"dear mother, will you speak to us no more? Do you not know that Harold is with you?"

"There was no reply, and I thought she had indeed left us. But suddenly her eyes opened, a smile illuminated her countenance, and she said in joyful tones, but apparently addressing vacancy: "Theodore! Why, it is Theodore! How is this, my son?"

There was no further motion of the smiling lips; the eyes grew dim and changed; Harold gently closed down the lids, and, bending reverently, he kissed his mother; then, falling on his knees, poured out his soul in prayer. Then our grief obtained expression, for we knew that dear Grandma was dead, and now realized what was beyond the borders of the Mysterious Land.

[To be Continued.]

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## Miscellaneous.

## SPENDING AND HOARDING.

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We have lavished upon earth,  
For our worldly need or pleasure,  
May be reckoned something worth;  
For the spending was not losing,  
Though the purchase were but small;  
It has perished with the using;  
We have had it—that is all.

All the gold we leave behind us  
When we turn to dust again  
(Though our avarice may blind us),  
We have gathered quite in vain;  
For we neither can direct it,  
By the winds of fortune tossed,  
Nor in other worlds expect it—  
What we hoarded we have lost!

But each merciful oblation,  
Seed of pity, wisely sown,  
What we gave in self-negation  
We may safely call our own:  
For the treasure that is given  
Is the treasure that we hoard,  
Since the angels keep in Heaven  
What is lent unto the Lord!

## REMINISCENCES OF DANIEL WEBSTER.

AT ST. LOUIS.

During Mr. Webster's western tour in 1837, he visited the city of St. Louis, and arriving there on the 9th of June was received with honors and popular demonstrations, and after introduction to many of the citizens made an eloquent address. With the crowd that pushed forward to greet him, came a wizened-up old man of diminutive stature, limping and elbowing his way up as best he could. Mr. Webster, seeing him so earnest and yet so feeble, had compassion on him, and bending forward and reaching out his hand as if to inspire confidence, said in a loud, clear voice, "I hope you are well sir." "No I ain't well at all, Mr. Webster," was the quick reply of the little man in a shrill, squeaking voice, as he looked up into the beaming face of the speaker; "I've got the rheumatics in my joints, but my wife has bound up my shins with roasted in-yuns (onions) and red flannels, and I've just come out to look at ye and shake hands with ye." He would have continued the story of his personal infirmities no one knows how long, but the halting and impatient crowd pressed the little man forward and out of sight, but Mr. Webster could not forget the ludicrous incident which almost moved him to unseasonable and irrepressible laughter.

## SITTING FOR A PORTRAIT.

It is related of Mr. Webster, that during the time he was sitting for his portrait at Lawson's in Boston, and before the last finishing touch had been given it, he was unexpectedly called away on business of a public nature. But before going he addressed a note to his friend Dana, of Lowell, who in size, form and manner, greatly resembled him, telling him of his perplexity, and asking his aid to complete the picture. "My face is nearly done," said he "and Lawson can do the coloring, but I want you to stand for the shoulders and the rest!"

## TEST OF MEMORY.

In the celebrated Wyman embezzlement case of the ruined Phoenix Bank, Webster and Choate were employed for the defence, and it was stated in a most exciting passage, when all the counsel appeared to be intent on the case and nothing else, Mr. Webster leaned forward and wrote on a slip of paper a favorite couplet and passed it to Choate,—"Lo! where Meotis sleeps, and softly flows  
The freezing Tanian through a waste of snows."  
Mr. Choate's quick memory instantly detected a mistake, and wrote on the bottom of the slip—"Lo! where Meotis sleeps, and hardly flows  
The freezing Tanian through a waste of snows."  
Mr. Webster rejoined, and offered a wager; a messenger was despatched for a volume of Pope, when it appeared that Choate was right. Mr. Webster, not at all disturbed, gravely wrote, "A spurious copy!" All this time to the spectators in the court room, these eminent legal gentlemen appeared only to be discussing some difficult point of law.

## THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT.

In the great trial of the assignees of the Windsor Bank against the Suffolk Bank, before the United States Circuit Court in Boston, Mr. Webster acted as a senior counsel for the former, and saw clearly at an early stage of the case that it was almost hopeless, yet for his friend Peter Harvey, who had a great pecuniary interest in it, he was willing to make an extraordinary effort. He rested an important point in his address to the jury on documentary evidence, and was proceeding to argue from it as an admitted fact, and state the law to the jury with his accustomed force and clearness, when he was suddenly interrupted by Judge Story, who asked him if he was stating the law to the jury on an assumed fact. Mr. Webster saw at a glance that on a most important if not vital point the ruling of the court would be against him, and never at a time in his life did he rejoice on the mere suggestion of the moment with greater power. He fairly took court and jury by storm, and his clear, deep tones rang out as in days of old. For fully ten minutes did he stand up with an air of almost superhuman triumph, and pour out sentence after sentence of fiery eloquence, till it was almost impossible to suppress a spontaneous applause, and could his case have gone to the jury at that moment, they would have given it to him without leaving their seats. Judge Story, with wonder and amazement looked at his colleague, Judge Sprague, who looked back again at him with surprise and admiration from his big fan. At last Mr Webster paused, and in a manner

confident and self-posted, turned to the junior counsel on his side of the case, as he flung down the paper he held and said in a most emphatic tone, "Mark that document number three!" It is scarcely necessary to add that the clear and firm judgment of Story could not be misled by the subtleties of the argument or the eloquent force of its utterance, and in his charge, while he paid the highest tribute to the able counsel who had made the most of his case, summed up the facts and stated the law in a manner that could leave in the minds of the jury no possible doubt as to their duty, and their verdict, as a consequence, of course was against Mr. Webster's clients, though the sympathy of both the court and jury was with them.

## LATTER DAYS.

The Summer of 1852 was the last in the life of the great statesman. To him it was a season of accident, disappointment and strange vicissitude. His famous Seventh of March speech of 1850, whether for good or evil, had taken the country by surprise, and though afterwards by himself on various occasions in his speeches most ably defended, had lost him more friends than it had gained; had prevented, possibly, his nomination for President at Baltimore, and on the whole his mind was disturbed: he was nervous, anxious and sleepless. His familiar letters written to his friends about this time fully exhibited the state of his feelings. His great schemes of honorable ambition had been signally frustrated; and though his friends of the Whig party had seen fit to give him, with some hope of success, an irregular and independent nomination for the Presidency, the honor hardly pleased or satisfied him, for he pronounced it foolish, and declared the doom of his party, which full soon was realized, though he was not destined to witness an event so unexpected to others. A fall from his carriage had impaired his health, and rendered it absolutely necessary that he should give to that his immediate attention, and have rest and freedom from care. Dr. Jeffrey had told him this, and he as fully believed it as that his popularity had been constantly on the wane since negotiating the Treaty of Washington.

## AT FRANKLIN.

To his New Hampshire home at Franklin, he would go then, for it was near the time of his periodical catarrh, when, as Mr. Curtis had said of him, "it was piteous to see that great head stricken by such a distemper, and the deep melancholy eyes inflamed by the attack." The mountain region of his boyhood home brought cheer and comfort to his mind. His estate there, presided over by his favorite farmer, the stalwart John Taylor, afforded him every comfort that was possible at this time. He began to gain strength and spirits and live again in the old, fond memories of earlier and better days. It has been related as a curious and touching illustration of the character of his mind and taste, that of all the brute creation he loved the ox. Oken were his pets, and when he could not see and feed them, he missed one of his greatest pleasures. Even a few days before his death at Marshfield, "after a night of pain and suffering, while seated in one of the parlors of his mansion which overlooked the lawn, he had a herd of his best oxen driven in front of the window, that he might look once more into their great, gentle eyes, and see them crop the grass.

## JOHN TAYLOR.

The rest and recreation which his farm afforded Mr. Webster, he was not long permitted to enjoy without friendly interruption. The news of his coming to his new Hampshire estate had spread rapidly about the country, and so great was the desire to see him that he was hardly permitted to be alone. His good nature made it hard to refuse to see his neighbors and friends. One day when he had seen and conversed with more than he ought to see, he was strictly forbidden by his physician to see another caller. He then said, very reluctantly, to John Taylor, "I am going to my chamber to try and get a little rest and sleep after dinner, and don't you wake me for any body till half past four. I have already seen too many callers, and am commanded to see no more. If any more come, refuse them admittance; if they insist in trying to see me, remonstrate; if they persevere, knock them down with the poker."

During the three and a half hours that Mr. Webster kept his room, more than ten vehicles were driven up to the house, and a crowd of anxious visitors had sought admittance, or pleaded for a sight of the great man—if only a glimpse from the window; but finding John Taylor inflexible, they left the house and stayed about the premises to make observations about the farm and various objects of interest. When, therefore, Mr. Webster came down from his chamber and saw the empty carriages surrounding his mansion, he asked what it meant. "Your neighbors from some distance," said the ever watchful and faithful John Taylor, "have been here and asked to see you; they wouldn't be satisfied with my answer and wanted to come in, so I took the poker, as you ordered, and have laid seven of them out flat with it!" This was said in so serious a manner and with an expression of such cool determination, that a momentary feeling of terror came over Mr. Webster, and he almost believed the resolute John Taylor had misunderstood the intent of his order and literally "done the deed." But instantly recovering his self possession, with an air of mingled grief, and solemnly drawing his pocket-handkerchief, and placing it to his eyes, he said, "Lead on and show me the bodies."

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Amounts as they multiply.	Time at 5 per cent.			Time at 6 per cent.			Time at 7 per cent.		
	Years	Months	Days	Years	Months	Days	Years	Months	Days
\$1,000	14	0	13	11	8	23	10	0	27
2,000	28	0	26	23	5	14	20	1	24
4,000	56	1	23	46	9	6	40	2	21
8,000	112	2	18	92	18	20	80	4	18
16,000	224	3	5	184	36	12	160	8	15
32,000	448	6	1	368	72	4	320	16	12
64,000	896	12	0	736	144	0	640	32	0
128,000	1,792	24	0	1,472	288	0	1,280	64	0
256,000	3,584	48	0	2,944	576	0	2,560	128	0
512,000	7,168	96	0	5,888	1,152	0	5,120	256	0
1,024,000	14,336	192	0	11,776	2,304	0	10,240	512	0

**EXAMPLES.**—At 5 per cent. \$1,000 will grow to \$8,000 in 35 years, 2 months, 6 days; while at 6 per cent. the result would be \$16,000 in 35 years, 4 months, 16 days; or at ten per cent. \$32,000 in 35 years, 6 months, 5 days; at 12 per cent. \$1,000 will grow to \$1,000,000 in 62 years and 7 months, or during the life-time of many a young man now 21 years of age. \$100 dollars would of course increase to \$100,000 in the same time.

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## OUR FUNERAL CUSTOMS.

When an evil grows till it seems utterly unbearable, there is usually found a way out, however hopeless the task may appear. And when we come to mere customs, matters of fashion, they may work out their own cure (if people have any sense) through their utter absurdity.

If we could but find the right, and proper, and golden mean, with respect, for instance, to our funeral customs, how to show proper respect for the dead, without needless and wicked extravagance in funeral and mourning costumes! Some one speaks now and then through the papers. You have recently copied an article, and further appeals to the common sense of the people may by degrees lead them to consider the subject.

There is no more foolish extravagance than to waste upon the dead that which is sorely needed by the living. Mere parade and ostentation are intolerable. In some places the Romish priests have shown their wisdom by limiting the number of earriages which shall be allowed at a funeral among their people. Other ministers might advise; no others have power to command or prohibit.

After all, men will do as they please. But there is one folly of recent growth which is likely, we trust, to cure itself. It was a pleasant and graceful thing to send a wreath of white flowers to lay upon the coffin of an infant or of a young maiden, cut off in the bloom of her innocence and purity. But with true American tendency to extremes, the thing has grown till not only do friends send crosses and crowns, harps, anchors and stars, equally for men, women and children, bad and good; but numbers are ordered regularly from the undertaker, with the shroud and coffin, until the services of extra men are required to carry them. The custom has lost all beauty or significance, and we can afford to forget it.

But the greatest and really the most serious evil in connection with mourning customs, comes in the shape of the burdens which women must bear. If those who are clamoring for so many "rights" would put their shoulders to the wheel here, and help the emancipation of women from our evil customs, they would work to some purpose and deserve well of the country. American women wear deeper mourning than the French, and wear it longer than the English, and the custom is growing more and more onerous, in the memory of many of us. It is wasteful of time, for women who have a large family circle are kept continually changing their dress, and at all seasons. A whole winter and summer wardrobe is just ready, when the death of some relative makes it necessary to lay aside the whole and prepare another of the proper black. It is wasteful of money, often involving expense which can ill be borne, and using money which might be expended to better purpose.

These are strong objections, but a stronger lies in the fact of the effects of the dress upon the health. Custom prescribes deep mourning in certain cases. The dress must be the same whether it be summer or winter, and in the former season is beyond measure hot, heavy and uncomfortable. It is unwholesome; a veil is poisonous to breathe through, ruinous to the eyes. And yet a woman is not supposed to mourn except under a crape veil.

What have women done that a woman must be, if not burned with her husband in the East India Buttee, at least buried with him under loads of black crape? while a widower may breathe the air of heaven, and walk abroad decorously, as aforetime, without let or hindrance.

Said a lady one day, upon whom custom had laid this burden: "I feel as if I should go wild sometimes as I sit in church. This hot dress and my veil are so heavy, I am perfectly weighed down. It seems more than I can bear." And her pale face and heavy eyes confirmed the tale she told. The chief argument for the mourning dress seems to be that it is "protection." That is, that everybody is more respectful to one wearing the badge of sorrow, and people do not make careless inquiries. There may be something in it, but if that is all, some badge or mark might answer equally well.

They say our English friends wear mourning for months, where we wear it for years. Where have we learned these extremes? And who dictates?—for such things are said to be worn out of "respect for the dead" when, in fact, the dead know not anything, and our regard is merely to the opinion of the living—chiefly, in fact, to Mrs. Grundy.

And yet the question needs only to be understood. The "Friends" wear no mourning, everybody knows it. They are never accused of ill-feeling. Certain families are known to be opposed from principle, to mourning. Mrs. Grundy lets them do as they please, and merely says, "how singular." All that is needed is for the rest of us to be singular, and then we should cease to be so.

The question is, Is it right to spend time and money, and health and life, in obedience to the dictates of custom? Is it not time to give up the heathenish custom of mourning in blackness for those who have gone with joyful haste to the gates of heaven, and who stand waiting to welcome us there? (The invidious distinction of mourning for those whom we fear have not gone there would not be tolerable.) If we can, let us cease to allow the rhyme of gloom and tomb, and if "dying is but going home," those who go need not leave the friends—who but wait to follow them—in the blackness of darkness even for a season.—[Advance.

Four million of dollars have already been expended on the New York Post Office, and if present plans are carried out, three and a quarter million more will be required to finish it.

## NEWS ITEMS.

Chiselhurst, where Louis Napoleon died, is a parish situated in the County of Kent, eleven miles southeast of London. There are 23,820,600 cattle in the United States. Texas alone has over 3,000,000.

Market reports from Chicago of to-day gives—Cattle, native, 4 @ 6 cents; Texas, 2 @ 4 1/2; Hogs, 3.90 @ 4.30, mostly 4 @ 4.20.

General Sickles, our Minister to Spain, writes to the State Department that the Treasurer of Cuba owes the Bank of Havana \$50,000,000. Of this loan twelve million dollars were expended in the late expeditions against St. Domingo, and the remaining thirty-eight million dollars have been incurred in the attempt to overthrow the present rebellion in Cuba.

It is reported from London that a conference has been held at Chiselhurst, and it was decided that Eugenie and Prince Jerome Napoleon should be the political guardians of the Prince Imperial, and therefore direct the movements of the party. It is said that no manifesto announcing the intentions of the Bonapartists will be issued, nor will any proclamation be published. The Prince Imperial will not be called Napoleon, IV but will be known as Count Pierrefonds.

A Paris telegram says the trial of Marshal Bazaine, for the capitulation of Metz, will take place in February. The interest in this case absorbs the attention of the French people to a large extent. The Government expect to prove that Bazaine capitulated (with an army of 170,000 troops and abandoned Metz) in the interest of the Bonaparte dynasty. This was the impression of military critics immediately after Metz was given up; but that alleged fact remains to be proved. It is said Marshal Bazaine is terribly dejected on account of the ex-Emperor's death, as Napoleon III. might have testified in his behalf.

## FARMERS' HOMES.

I see many farmers' homes, or what they call their homes, that give me the blues at the first glimpse of them. They are mere dwelling-places, nothing more. No flowers in front, no trees to give a grateful shade in summer, no vines about the door, nothing to make them pleasant or cheerful without, and within the same bare, monotonous aspect prevails also. If there is a parlor, it is shut up from the sacrilegious tread of children's feet, and reserved for special occasions which may justify the busy mistress of the place in opening its doors for a little while. And when its doors are opened, the stiff, do n't-touch-me look of the whole room is enough to frighten any one who may venture in its walls.

Now, I find that in nine cases out of ten, the young men and women who have grown up in such homes as these get dissatisfied before they reached manhood or womanhood, and get away from the farm, if such a thing is possible for them. Almost anything else seems better to them than life in such a place. They have minds that yearn after something more than money, and that soar above the unvarying round of daily drudgery, without anything to break in upon the monotony, or make sunny spots in their young lives.

Young people love flowers. A rose-bush by the path, a lilac or a honeysuckle, are little things in themselves, but they make home far brighter with their blossoms than most people imagine. They have the power of throwing an interest about home that draws out the love of growing minds, and helps to form an attachment to the old homestead.

Farmers, don't despise flowers. Plant them in that grass-grown, weedy front yard of yours, and tell your children to take care of them. They will do it. The bright blossoms will not ask their help and friendship in vain. You will wonder at the change a few flowers can make. Your children will learn to love them, and in their companionship they will grow more refined. Hang pictures on your walls. Get books for your family, and subscribe for good papers. Throw open the parlor door, and tell your children what is good enough for company is good enough for them. Tell them to enjoy life, and teach them that it was made for something more than daily drudgery. If you do this, you will not have to complain so much about your children wanting to leave the farm. Try it. —[E. E. R., in Prairie Farmer.

## HISTORY OF CHURCH PEWS.

Concerning pews, Dr. Doran tells us they were first placed in English churches by the Norman nobles; but it is certain that for many generations these private boxes for public worship were neither numerous nor allowed to persons of inferior grade or gentility. Even to the close of the Plantagenet period, Christians of all degrees, save the highest, were quite content to be equal in the house of God so far as seats were concerned.

Mirk's "Institution for Parish Priests" makes no mention of pews, and enjoins the laity, when in church, to remain on their knees, to abstain from leaning against pillars and the walls; but the "Book of Nature" by Russel, "Some tyme wythe Duke Vmfray, of Gloucester,"—a work which like the "Instructions," was published in the first half of the 15th century—directs the chamberlain of a great man to take the due care for the arrangement of his patron's pews;

"Prince or prelate if he be, or any other potentate, Ere he enter into Church, be it early or late, Perceive all things for his pew, that it be made prepare; Both cushion, carpet and curtain, beads and books, forget not that."

But, though the pews were introduced before the reformation, they were reserved even so late as the opening of Elizabeth's reign for persons of undeniable quality. Before the close of her majesty's life, however, they had become comparatively common; and in James First's time the church warden's pews of St. Margaret's church had become so unclean and populous with fleas, that a sixpence was paid for its purification. The 17th century, which witnessed so many changes in ecclesiastical matters, saw pews come into such vogue that a moodish person

would as soon have gone to church without his proper garniture of point-lace, as have sat out a service on the old-fashioned stool or modern bench. "Stately pews," remarked Bishop Corbett protesting against the innovation by which worshippers in velvet protected their gentility from personal contact with worshippers in homespun, "are now become tabernacles, with rings and curtains to them. There wants nothing but beds to hear the Word of God on. We have casements, locks, keys and cushions—I had almost said bolsters and pillows—and for these we love the church! I will not guess what is done to them; who sits, stands, or lies asleep at prayers, communion, etc.; but this I dare say: they are either to hide some vice or to proclaim one; to hide disorder or proclaim pride." —[London Athenaeum.

## WELL SAID.

The following, from Mr. Beecher's discourse on "Malign Spiritual Influences," as published in the "Plymouth Pulpit," is well said: "A bad man finds that which is bad. He carries it with him. An irritable man finds not only irritable men, but occasions for irritability. A quarrelsome man finds occasions to quarrel in every nook and corner. A discontented man—O the jolts that are under his wheels! O the provocations that are brought to bear upon him! The world is full of disturbances, and the disturbed man carries that which gathers all these elements. He centres them upon himself, and he is open to them; and they report themselves to him, and journalize themselves in his sensibility. A dishonest man every day has ten thousand things telling him of dishonest ways. More than mosquitoes in summer are the thoughts of dishonesty that are round about a brain that naturally tends to be dishonest. If a man begins to lust after these things, if the tendency is in him, if the taint is in him, why, he will think of more things that a man could do and make by it, than an honest man could do in all his life. For when a man is dishonest, and carries dishonesty along with him, the thought starts up from everything; the suggestion flashes from every open door; the intimation comes from men's conduct, from their faces, from something which they read, from something which they hear. Everywhere, all the time, round about him swarm hints of wickedness. And the man says, 'I am tempted of the devil.' Yes; and the devil knows where to tempt you. He sows his seed on ground that was prepared beforehand. He does not waste strength to touch torpid chords in you. He looks at you, and sees where you can be made to do evil; and there it is that his fingers practise."

## PATENT OFFICE REPORTS.

We clip the following racy paragraph from the Philadelphia "Sunday Dispatch."

We owe our thanks to Judge Kelley for the latest patent office report. We already have sixteen hundred of these interesting volumes in our little library, but they have been read and re-read so many times that we know every page of them by heart. This new volume came opportunely on Christmas morning, and that night we gathered our little family around the fire and read it through to them. The affected tale entitled "Improvement in Monkey Wrenches" seemed to touch every heart, and when we came to the climax of the little story about "Reversible Pieboards," there was not a dry eye between the front door and the stable. During the reading of the piteous narrative entitled "Gum Washers for Carriage Axles," the whole family gave expression to boisterous emotion, and the hired girl was so much excited that she lost her presence of mind and went round to her mother's inadvertently with six pounds of sugar and a butter-kettle full of flour, but came home at midnight intoxicated. We can never sufficiently thank Judge Kelley for the innocent enjoyment thus furnished us. The memory of that happy evening will linger in our minds very much longer than that hired girl ever lingers when she lights on a lot of substance which she thinks will suit the constitution of her aged parent.

## BREEDING DAIRY ANIMALS.

In rearing heifers for the dairy, such should be chosen as have descended from good milking stock. It is not only important that the dam should have been a good milker, but equally so that the sire should have been bred from a good milking race. It is generally believed by breeders of experience, that the male has as much influence upon the milking qualities of the progeny as the female. Hence the necessity of having well selected males as well as females, in attempting to rear good stock for the purpose of the dairy.

## TREES AND RAIN.

The influence of trees upon rain and the general moisture of the atmosphere, which has been much discussed of late, receives a strong illustration from the island of Santa Cruz, West Indies. A friend who spent the months of February, March and April last upon the island, informs me, says a writer in the "Popular Science Monthly," that when he was there twenty years ago the island was a garden of freshness, beauty and fertility—woods covered the hills, trees were every where abundant, and rains were profuse and frequent. The memory of its loveliness called him there at the beginning of the past year, when, to his astonishment, he found about one-third of the island—which is about twenty-five miles long—an utter desert. The forests and trees

generally had been cut away, rainfalls had ceased, and a process of dessication beginning at one end of the land had advanced gradually and irresistibly upon the island, until for seven miles it is dried and desolate as the sea shore. Houses and beautiful plantations have been abandoned, and the people watch the advance of desolation, unable to arrest it, but knowing almost to a certainty the time when their own habitations, their gardens and fresh fields, will become a part of the waste. The whole island seems doomed to become a desert. The inhabitants believe, and my friend confirms their opinion, that this sad result is due to the destruction of the trees upon the island some years ago.

FARMER'S BOYS.—An intelligent and thrifty farmer says: "But for the co-operation of my boys I should have failed. The oldest is near twenty-one, and other boys in the neighborhood, younger, have left their parents; mine have stuck to me when I most needed their services. I attribute this result to the fact that I have tried to make home pleasant for them. I have furnished them with attractive and useful reading; and when night comes, and the day's work is ended, instead of running with other boys to the railroad station and adjoining towns, they gathered around the great lamp, and became interested in their books and papers."

## HOPE

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N. B.—Gentlemen's clothes, ladies' saques, cloaks, &c., made to look equal to new. Gentlemen's own materials made up in the present styles of fashion, at prices to suit the times.

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A STATED QUANTITY GUARANTEED TO CURE, OR MONEY REFUNDED.

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\$1000 Reward to any Chemist, Physician, or others able to discover Iodide of Potassa, Colchicum, Mercury, or anything injurious to the system in Dr. Fitler's Rheumatic Syrup.  
\$250 Reward for the name of any warranted preparation for Rheumatism and Neuralgia sold under a similar legal guarantee, setting forth the exact number of bottles to cure or return the amount paid for same to the patient in case of failure to cure. A full description of cases requiring guarantees must be forwarded by letter to Philadelphia. The guarantee, signed and stating quantity to cure, will be returned by mail, with advice and instructions, without any charge. Address all letters to Dr. Fitler, No. 45 South Fourth Street. No other remedy is offered on such terms. Get a circular on the various forms of Rheumatism, also blank application for guarantee, gratis of the special agents, n28yl MORRIS & CRANDALL.

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