Table 23 (Continued)

## Fattening phase 1-157 days.

rattening phase—197	uays.	
Av. initial wt., lbs	830.5	841
Av. final wt., lbs	1078	1094
Av. daily gain per steer, lbs	1.57	1.61
Av. daily ration, lbs.:		
Forage sorghum silage <sup>2</sup>	4.5	••
Dehydrated grain sorghum pellets	••	5.6
Alfalfa hay	3,2	
Dehydrated alfalfa pellets	••	1.1
Soybean oil meal	1.0	1,0
Sorghum grain	15.9	9,1
	20.0	
Feed per cwt. gain, lbs.:		
Forage sorghum silage	287	
Dehydrated grain sorghum pellets	••	345
Alfalfa hay	204	••
Dehydrated alfalfa pellets		69
Soybean oil meal	63	63
Sorghum grain	1000	564
Feed cost per cwt. gain	\$22.26	20.67
	4.2	3.9
% shrink	61.8	60.3
	64.2	62.7
Dressing %, pay wt.	671.4	667.7
Av. hot careass wt.		
Av. chilled carcass wt.	662.9	660.2
Av. % cooler shrink	1.3	1.1
Av. finish:		0.5
Thickness <sup>3</sup>	3.9	3.7
Distribution'	3.4	3.3
Av. degree of marbling <sup>s</sup>	5.1	6.0
Av. size of ribeyes	4.1	4.8
Av. degree of firmness <sup>7</sup>	2.7	3.4
Carcass grades:		
Av. prime	1	•
Top choice	1	1
Av. choice	3	3
Low choice	3	2
Top good	1	1
Av. good	••	1
Low good	••	1
Av. carcass value (prime 43.0¢)	\$275.55	268.63
(choice 41.5¢)		
(good 39.0¢)		

- 1. One steer lost in each lot from urinary calculi.
- 2, Silage fed only first 42 days.
- 3. Based on 2. thick: 3. moderate: 4, modest.
- 4. Based on 2, uniform; 3, moderately uniform; 4, modestly uniform.
- 5. Based on 4, slightly abundant; 5, moderate; 6, modest; 7, small amount.
- 6. Based on 3, moderately large; 4, modestly large; 5, slightly small.
- 7. Based on 2, firm; 3, moderately firm; 4, modestly firm; 5, slightly firm.

Grain Sorghum Silage vs. Forage Sorghum Silage; Dehydrated Alfalfa vs. Vitamin A, and the Value of Aureomycin in Oattle Rations (Project 567).

## D. Richardson, E. F. Smith, F. W. Boren, and B. A. Koch

Two types of sorghum silage were used in this test. They were (1) DeKalb forage type which produced approximately 100 bushels of grain and 20 tons of silage per acre; and (2) RS610 grain type which produced

approximately 75 bushels of grain and 10 tons of silage per acre. Forty Hereford heifer calves were divided into four lots of 10 each. Three lots received the grain sorghum silage and one the forage silage plus 2 pounds of grain. This was an attempt to keep the grain intake equal in all lots; however, since the forage sorghum produced so much grain, this lot may have received slightly more grain than the others. Dehydrated alfalfa as a source of vitamin A was compared with vitamin A and with vitamin A plus Aureomycin. The average daily ration for each lot is shown in Table 24.

## Results and Discussion

The test had to be terminated at 77 days when the supply of grain sorghum silage was exhausted. Results are shown in Table 24.

There were no significant differences in rate of gain between animals receiving the forage- and grain-type silage. A combination of vitamin A and Aureomycin produced larger gains than dehydrated alfalfa or vitamin A; however, those receiving dehydrated alfalfa made larger gains than those receiving vitamin A without Aureomycin.

The higher feed costs for grain-type silage are due to a charge of \$10 per ton compared with \$6 for the forage type. These and previous results indicate that a high grain-yielding forage-type sorghum may be the most desirable for ensilage.

Table 24
Grain- vs. forage-type sorghum silage; dehydrated alfalfa vs. vitamin A. and the value of Aureomycin in cattle rations.

December 9, 1960, to February 24, 1961-77 days. 5 6 Lot number ..... 10 10 10 Number heifers per lot ...... 10 519 518.5 518.5 518 Av. initial wt., lbs. ..... 648 635.5 656 Av. final wt., lbs. ..... 656 Av. daily gain per animal, lbs. 1.79 1.68 1.53 1.78 Av. daily ration, lbs.: DeKalb forage sorghum silage ..... 31.8 RS610 grain sorghum 31.4 34.6 silage ..... 1.0 1.0 1.0 Soybean oil meal ..... 1.0 Dehydrated alfalfa pellets .. .5 .5 .. .. Sorghum grain ..... 2.010000.0 10000.0 Vitamin A. I.U. ..... Aureomycin, mg. ..... 72Feed per cwt. gain, lbs.: DeKalb forage sorghum silage ..... 2057 1943 RS610 grain sorghum silage 1849 Soybean oil meal ..... 66 56 59 Dehydrated alfalfa pellets .. 28 30 Sorghum grain ..... 112 12.04 12.57 11.65 \$9.94 Feed cost per cwt. gain ...... (Does not include cost of vitamin A and Aureomycin)

Rolled vs. Finely Ground Pelleted Sorghum Grain in Cattle Rations (Project 567).

## D. Richardson, E. F. Smith, F. W. Boren, and B. A. Koch

In previous tests where grain intake was held at the same level, finely ground pelleted sorghum grain has produced larger and more efficient