

# Distillers Dried Grain with Solubles Effectively Replaces Soybean Meal as Protein Source in Boer Goat Diets



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### Introduction

- There is very limited research regarding DDGS inclusion in goat diets
- Research shows that in growing lambs diets DDGS can completely replace SBM, so it is plausible that we can achieve a similar result in another small ruminant such as the goat
- Including DDGS as a protein source to replace SBM in Boer goat diets is a viable option for reducing feed costs
  - With the per protein unit cost advantage of DDGS over SBM being \$1.86, DDGS would clearly price into goat diets as a protein source (October 26, 2017 U.S. Grains Council Report)

## Objective

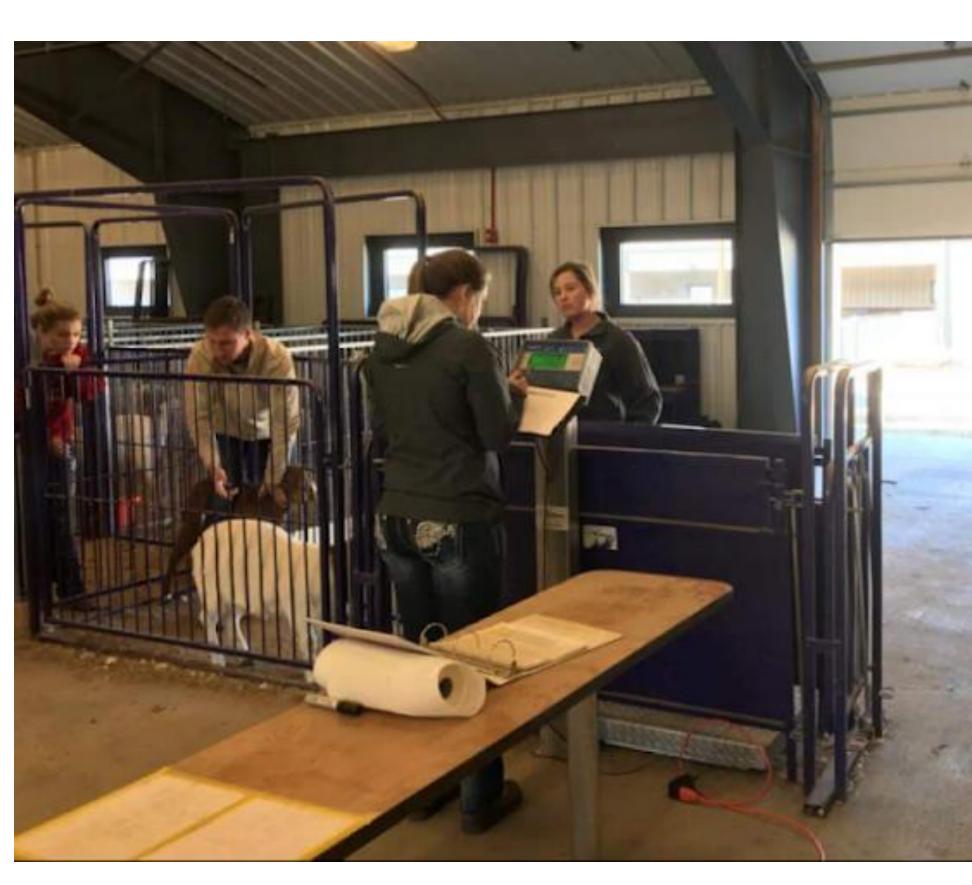
To evaluate the efficacy of DDGS as a replacement for SBM (SBM) in a Boer goat diet.

### Methods

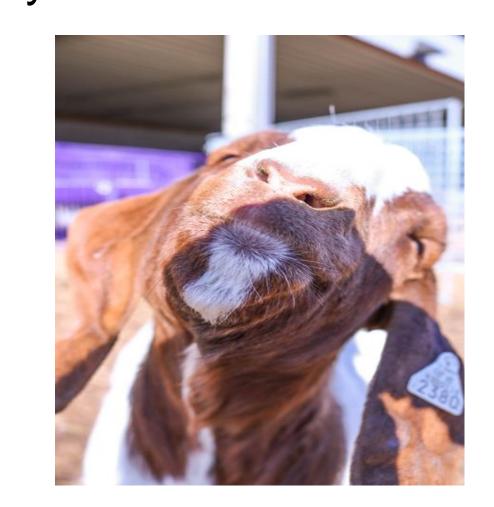
- 48 meat goat kids (approximately 70 d of age) of similar weights were used in a completely randomized design
- Kids were housed with 3 kids per pen (4 pens per treatment) at the KSU Sheep and Meat Goat Center
- Kids were allotted into 1 of 4 experimental diets:
  - 1: 0% SBM replaced by DDGS
  - 2: 33% SBM replaced by DDGS
  - 3: 66% SBM replaced by DDGS
  - 4: 100% SBM replaced by DDGS
- All diets were pelleted and contained roughage, so no supplemental forage will be needed.
  - This will facilitate more precise calculation of ADFI and G:F.
- Diets were fed for 47 days after a 14 day step up period, with (ADG), ADFI, and G:F calculated weekly.
- Data was analyzed using the GLIMMIX procedure of SAS (SAS Inst., Cary, NC) with pen serving as the experimental unit.
- At the end of the experimental period, 2 goats from each pen were randomly selected to have carcass traits (such as hot carcass weight, loin eye area, and 13<sup>th</sup> rib fat depth) evaluated at a USDA inspected facility



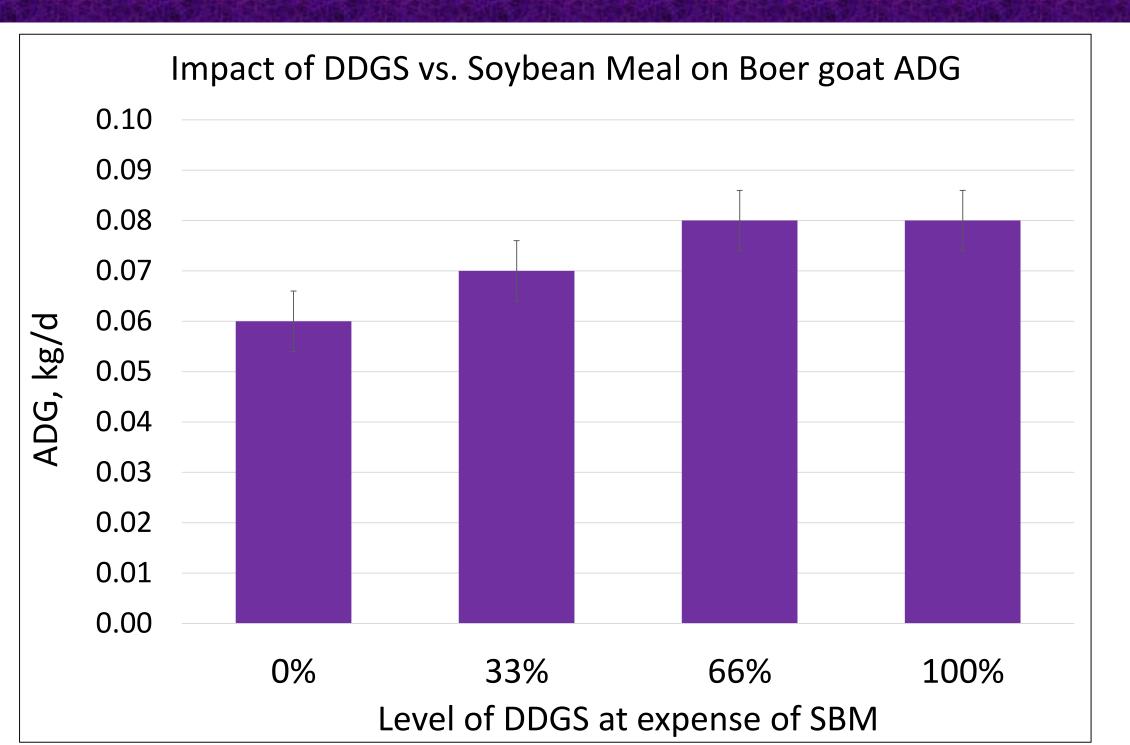




# DDGS (Distillers Dried Grain with Solubles): DDGS is a corn byproduct of ethanol production that is commonly used as a source of protein and energy in production diets. This ingredient is highly available and is a relatively inexpensive protein source compared to other ingredients (such as soybean meal.



#### Results



Impact of DDGS vs. Soybean Meal on Boer goat G:F

0.10

0.09

0.08

0.07

0.06

0.05

0.04

0.03

0.02

0.01

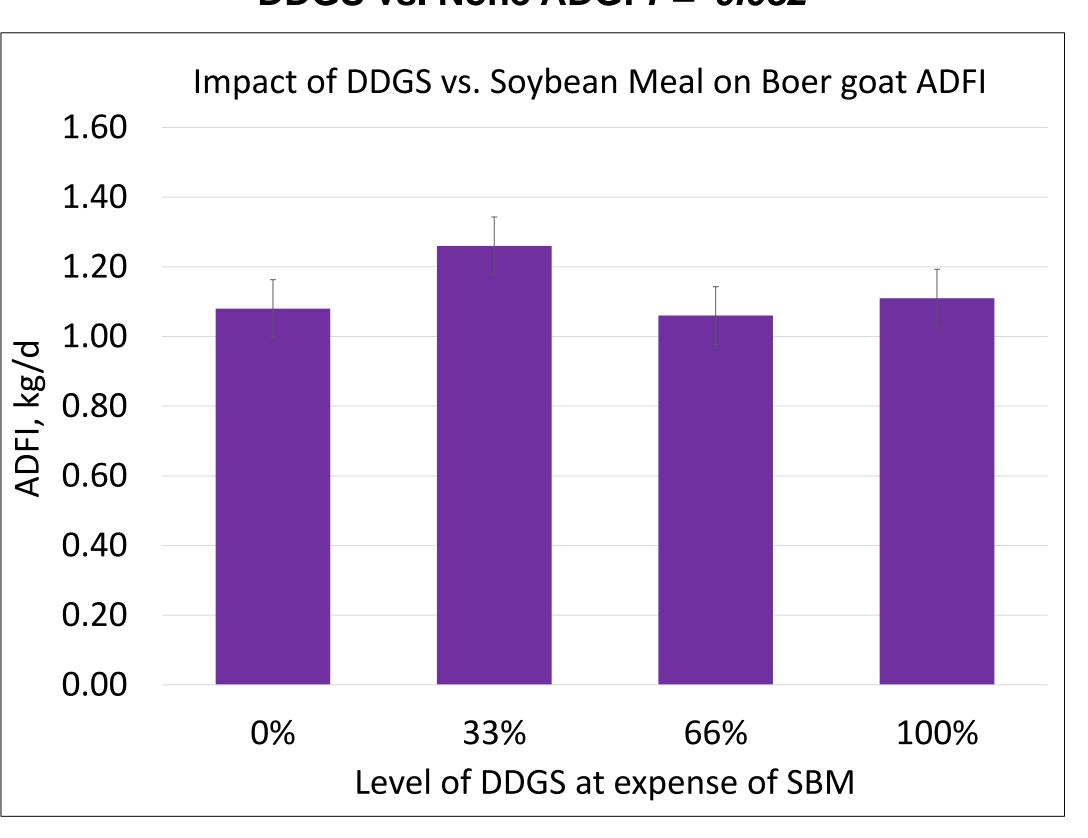
0.00

0% 33% 66% 100%

Level of DDGS at expense of SBM

DDGS vs. None G:F: P = 0.005

DDGS vs. None ADG: P= 0.032



Impact of DDGS vs. Soybean Meal on Boer goat

60.0

55.0

\$\frac{90}{20} \times 50.0

\$\frac{3}{20} \times 45.0

30.0

0%

33%

66%

100%

DDGS vs. None ADFI: P= 0.538

DDGS vs. None Carcass Yield: *P*= 0.0.878

Level of DDGS at expense of SBM

### Summary and Conclusion

- There were no statistical differences in ADG, ADFI, and G:F when we replaced SBM with DDGS
- There were no statistical differences in HCW, LEA, LED, BF, BWT, and carcass yield when DDGS was replaced by SBM
- Numerically, goats fed 66% and 100% DDGS in place of SBM gained 0.02kg/d more than treatment 1 goats
- The lack of statistical differences in each treatment presents a strong case that producers can effectively use DDGS as a protein source in Boer goat diets to yield relatively similar performance and carcass characteristics as diets utilizing SBM.

## Acknowledgements



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