



# Computerized Heat Loss Evaluation of Farrowing Houses



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#### Summary

Accurate and concise heat loss analysis is available through a computer program to help producers. The economic benefit of insulating a new structure or increasing the insulation level of each of the building parts (ceiling, walls, windows, etc.) is calculated by the program. Ventilation is evaluated to assist the swine producer in understanding proper ventilation rates.

### Introduction

The declining energy supply and the generally increasing cost of energy have made it essential that producers emphasize the reduction of heat losses in livestock buildings.

Through computer analysis, insulation and ventilation levels are evaluated for farrowing houses.

Energy cost is most intensive in the farrowing to weaning portion of swine production. Kansas Extension publication MF-263 points out that utility costs make up 7 percent (%) of the variable cost in the farrowing operation or 5.6 percent (%) of the total cost of raising feeder pigs (up to 40#).

# **Procedures**

Heat loss calculations tend to be very time consuming. However, through a set of questions and answers, building heat loss for farrowing houses may be evaluated using a computer to handle the calculations. All questions are written in terms producers can understand. The program requires little or no computer experience to operate.

A sample of the worksheet of questions asked by the computer and a sample printout of information follows.

# WORKSHEET FOR FARROWING HOUSE HEAT LOSS \*

OWNER	Name and address
BUILDING SIZE	ft l. Building length
	ft 2. Building width
	3. How many sow stalls will be in the building?
	OF 4. What will be the thermostat setting for the furnace in the winter?
LOCATION	5. Which section of Kansas is the building located?  NW Kansas EC Kansas  NC Kansas SW Kansas  NE Kansas SC Kansas  WC Kansas SE Kansas  C Kansas
HEAT SOURCE	6. Which fuel are you using for heating? Electricity Natural Gas Propane or butane Fuel oil
	7. What is the price of the fuel per unit?  \$ / unit ( KWH, gal, 1000 cf)
DOORS	(ENTER the number of doors of each type which opens to the outside)
	Solid Core wood 1 3/4 inch
	+ Wood Storm  + Metal Storm  Metal, urethane core 1 3/4 inch  Metal, polystyrene core 1 3/4 inch  Other <= specify Total R-Value
	+ Metal Storm Metal, urethane core 1 3/4 inch Metal, polystyrene core 1 3/4 inch
WINDOWS	+ Metal Storm Metal, urethane core 1 3/4 inch Metal, polystyrene core 1 3/4 inch Other <= specify Total R-Value
WINDOWS	+ Metal Storm Metal, urethane core 1 3/4 inch Metal, polystyrene core 1 3/4 inch Other <= specify Total R-Value  8. Total number of doors
WINDOWS	+ Metal Storm Metal, urethane core 1 3/4 inch Metal, polystyrene core 1 3/4 inch Other <= specify Total R-Value  8. Total number of doors  (ENTER the number of each type of window to the outside)  Single glass + storm Twin glazed Triple glazed
WINDOWS	

WALL	of the four one wall, h	walls. If	there are the names of	walls of the si	kness of insulation for each f similar type, only complete milar walls. Include the R-Value
NOTE ==		e wall(s) of rth, East,			
Exterior	r Siding :	(mark ( X )			Wood, 8 inch beveled siding Wood, 8 inch drop siding Metal, farm building (unbacked) Metal, residential (hollow backed) Metal, residential (insulation backed) Other <= specify Total R-Value
Insulat:	ion (install hickness (in	led between nches)	siding and	studs)	:
					Extruded Polystyrene Molded Polystyrene Fiber glass Exp. Polyurethane (aged), 1.5#/cu ft Other <== specify Total R-Value
	ion (install nickness (ir	led between nches)	the studs)	:	
		·		Blanket Coose fi	Glass wool, mineral wool or fiber glass
				•	Glass or Mineral wool Vermiculite Shavings or sawdust Milled paper or wood pulp Other <= specify Total R-Value
Interior	Siding : (	(mark ( X )	one per wal	.1)	Plaster or Gypsum board Plywood, 3/8 inch
					1/2 inch Fiber board sheathing 25/32 inch Particle board, med. density Metal, farm building (unbacked) Other <= specify Total R-Value
Wall Size	••		•-	•_	(ft) Length of the wall
		_	•	_	(ft) Heigth of the wall

	ft 10. What is the average height of the foundation above soil level?
	Concrete, inches thick Concrete blocks Sand and Gravel B inch 12 inch Lightweight B inch 12 inch + Vermiculite in cores + Vermiculite in cores 12 inch
	<ul><li>N 11. Is the exterior foundation insulation covered with a protective material?</li><li>N 12. Is the foundation below soil level insulated?</li></ul>
	Plaster or Gypsum board Plywood, 3/8 inch 1/2 inch Fiber board sheathing 25/32 inch Particle board, med. density Metal, farm building (unbacked)
•-	thes)  clanket or Batt  Glass wool, mineral wool or fiber glass  cose fill  Glass or Mineral wool  Vermiculite  Shavings or sawdust  Milled paper or wood pulp

## SAMPLE OUTPUT

Farrowing house "l inch insulation in walls & ceiling"

## MONTHLY AVERAGE VALUES

Month	Temp	Bldq Loss	Supp Heat	Ventil	ation	Cost
	deg F	Btu/Hr	Btu/Hr	CFM	CFM/sow	\$/Mo.
January	27	62052.21	64943.10	435.00	15.00	\$ 267.70
February	33	53500.38	53594.83	435.00	15.00	\$ 199.55
March	41	42759.25	39341.38	435.00	15.00	\$ 162.17
April	54	25039.81	17787.05	820.96	28.31	\$ 70.96
May	63	13140.31	6768.43	2465.23	85.01	\$ 27.90
June	75	4355.27	296.12	4019.94	138.62	\$ 1.18
July	80	1618.79	0.00	5044.24	173.94	\$ 0.00
August	78	2605.77	0.00	4576.02	157.79	\$ 0.00
September	68	9123.55	3873.38	3162.59	109.05	\$ 15.45
October	<b>57</b>	20934.93	14680.95	1757.35	60.60	\$ 60.52
November	41	42348.75	38796.67	435.00	15.00	\$ 154.77
December	31	55621.22	56409.19	435.00	15.00	\$ 232.53

Projected total fuel cost = \$ 1192.72

## TEMPERATURE & VENTILATION GUIDE

Temp	Supp Heat	CFM	CFM/sow
0	113332.15	435.00	15.00
5	104253.53	435.00	15.00
10	95174.91	435.00	15.00
15	86096.29	435.00	15.00
20	77017.66	435.00	15.00
25	67939.05	435.00	15.00
30	58860.42	435.00	15.00
35	49781.80	435.00	15.00
40	40703.18	435.00	15.00
45	31624.55	435.00	15.00
50	22545.94	435.00	15.00
55	13467.31	435.00	15.00
60	4388.69	435.00	15.00
65	0.00	1086.38	37.46
70	0.00	5800.00	200.00
75	0.00	5800.00	200.00
80	0.00	5800.00	200.00
85	0.00	5800.00	200.00
90	0.00	5800.00	200.00
95	0.00	5800.00	200.00
100			
TOO	0.00	5800.00	200.00

This 90 X 30 farrowing house with 29 sows has an average January heat loss of 62052.2 Btu/Hr at the desired temperature of 72.0 degrees (F).

The heat loss from each building component is:

doors	=	53.6	Btu/Hr/F	or	3.9 %	of	total
windows	=	0.0	Btu/Hr/F	or	0.0 %	of	total
walls	=	414.7	Btu/Hr/F	or	30.3 %	of	total
ceiling	=	555.6	Btu/Hr/F	or	40.6 %	of	total
foundations	=	149.3	Btu/Hr/F	or	10.9 %	of	total
perimeters	=	195.1	Btu/Hr/F	or	14.3 %	of	total

TOTAL = 1368.3 Btu/Hr/F

Ventilation = 447.4 Btu/Hr/F TOTAL Heat loss = 1815.7 Btu/Hr/F Ventilation = 24.6% of the total heat loss.

Located in NC Kansas, this building would have a heating cost of \$1192.72 /year, using a fuel price of \$ 3.50 for Natural Gas per 1000 cubic ft.

If all areas were insulated at the recommended rate of:

					current R-Value
6.0	R-value	for	all	doors	2.6
3.0	R-value	for	all	windows	0.0
20.0	R-value	for	all	walls	5.4
30.0	R-value	for	all	ceilings	4.9
8.0	R-value	for	all	foundations	1.5
2.22	R-value	for	all	perimeters	1.23

The new values would lead to a average January heat loss of 16388.5 Btu/Hr at the desired temperature.

Modified	heat	loss	values
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			*	Btu/hr/F	<b>`</b> \$	Annual
		Btu/Hr/F	Bldg Loss	Saved	Saved	Savings
doors	=	23.33	6.5	30.3	5 <b>.</b> 66	\$ 28.41
windows	=	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	\$ 0.00
walls	=	112.13	31.0	302.6	56.56	\$ 282.95
ceiling	=	90.00	24.9	465.6	87.03	\$ 432.89
foundation	ıs =	27.81	7.7	121.5	22.72	\$ 114.02
perimeter	=	108.11	29.9	87.0	16.27	\$ 81.64
TOTAL	=	361.38 Btu/	Hr/F	1006.9	188.23	\$ 912.39

Ventilation = 447.4 Btu/Hr/F TOTAL Heat loss = 808.81 Btu/Hr/F Ventilation = 55.3% of the total heat loss.

Minimum ventilating fans often remove much more heat from livestock buildings than producers realize. For the building as initally designed, an increase in the minimum ventilation rate from 15 CFM to 20 CFM would increase the fuel cost for heating only by \$27.88 during an average month of January.

When selecting equipment for this 90 ft x 30 ft farrowing house for 29 sows, to operate at 72 (F) in NC Kansas, consider equipment which will meet the following minimum requirements:

Minimum ventilation fan  $\Longrightarrow$  435 CFM Continuious operation Maximum ventilation fan  $\Longrightarrow$  5365 CFM Hot weather operation Furnace output  $\Longrightarrow$  131489 Btu/Hr Set at 72 (F)