

Table 27  
Level of protein for heifer calves wintered on bluestem pasture, December 6, 1963, to March 4, 1964—451 days.

Treatment	Sorghum grain	Sorghum grain and soybean oil meal	Soybean oil meal
Lot no.	1	3	9
No. of heifers	11	11	11
Initial wt. per heifer, lbs.	433	424	436
Daily gain per heifer, lbs.	0	.12	.45
Daily ration per heifer, lbs.; <sup>1</sup>			
Ground sorghum grain	2	2	1
Soybean oil meal	...	...	1
Dicalcium phosphate	.1	.1	.075
Vitamin A, IU			15,000
Bluestem pasture			Free choice
Salt			Free choice
 Summer grazing—May 1, 1964, to December 3, 1964—214 days.			
Initial wt. per heifer, lbs.	426	447	562
Daily gain, lbs.	1.03	1.03	.86
No. of heifers pregnant	8	10	11
No. of heifers			
Initial wt., lbs.			
Daily gain per heifer, lbs.			
Daily ration per heifer, lbs.			
Ground sorghum grain	8	10	11
Soybean oil meal	6.46	6.67	6.87
Bluestem pasture	2	2	1
Salt	...	...	Free choice
 Summary, December 6, 1963, to March 3, 1965—451 days.			
Final wt. per heifer, lbs.	594	635	728
Gain per heifer, lbs.	161	211	289
Daily gain per heifer, lbs.	.36	.47	.64

<sup>1</sup>. Average weights and gains from this point are based on pregnant heifers only.

Over the entire period, heifers receiving only sorghum grain gained less (an average daily gain of 0.37 pound per head) than either those receiving 1 pound of sorghum grain and 1 pound of soybean oil meal per head daily (an average daily gain of 0.66 pound per head) or those receiving 2 pounds of soybean oil meal per head daily (an average daily gain of 0.71 pound per head).

The results indicate level of protein in the winter ration had no effect on conception rate.

## Improvement of Beef Cattle Through Breeding (Project 286).

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The purebred Shorthorn cattle breeding program was continued during 1964 according to the plan initiated in 1949. Inbreeding of the two lines has been continued. The Wernaere Premier Line is in its fifth generation and the Mercury line in its fourth generation of inbreeding. The inbreeding program for both lines has been basically to continue successive generations of half-sibbing.

The study was initiated to study the inheritance of production traits in beef cattle, to evaluate the effects of inbreeding in cattle and to explore the feasibility of using inbred lines of beef cattle for the breeding improvement of their production traits. No extensive line crossing has been attempted because of the relatively low levels of inbreeding represented in both lines to date, and the limited number of animals in the project during its progress. Inbreeding levels will continue to be increased as a major objective.

Numerous production data have been collected on both lines. Some data have been subjected to preliminary statistical analyses.

Management of the experimental cattle includes weighing each cow and calf immediately following parturition. Summer pasture breeding is practiced and the calves are born during the spring and early summer each year. Creep feeding during the suckling period is not practiced. Calves are weaned, weighed and scored for type at approximately 6 months and the standardized weaning age for weaning weight adjustment is 180 days. All calves are placed on individual feeding trials for record-of-performance tests for 182 days shortly after they are weaned. The final age at the termination of the feeding test is approximately 365 days. Feed consumption and live weight gains are maintained during the feeding period. The calves are weighed and scored for type at the termination of the feeding trials. Individuals possessing higher gains or weight per day of age and type scores have been retained for breeding replacements.

The full-feed ration for the bulls consists of 75% cracked corn and 25% chopped alfalfa hay; that for the heifers, 55% cracked corn and 45% chopped alfalfa hay. No calves have been castrated and fed as steers since 1957.

Production data for the 1963 calves are summarized in Table 28. The 1964 calves had not completed their feeding tests when this was written. Thirty-seven calves of the 1964 calf crop are being fed individually.

To date, no abnormalities attributable to inbreeding have occurred in either inbred line. More calves have been still-born in the Mercury line than the Wernaere Premier.

**Table 28**  
Summary of the 1963 Shorthorn calves.

Tag (34)	Prestige index	Birth weight	Weaning weight	Weaning score	Days fed	Initial weight	Final weight	Total gain	Avg. daily gain	Final score	% N. per cwt. gain	
5	18.75	48	31.7	2	18.2	360	776	410	2.25	2-	64.0	
6	12.50	67	40.0	2+	18.2	440	835	395	2.17	1-	63.2	
8	16.24	79	35.9	1	18.2	391	845	454	2.49	2+	47.2	
13	9.38	75	40.5	2	18.2	430	960	530	2.91	2+	44.7	
14	17.19	67	29.3	2+	18.2	327	830	603	2.76	1-	40.6	
18	6.25	51	33.8	2-	18.2	385	840	455	2.50	3+	40.9	
19	5.26	55	32.2	2-	18.2	365	750	385	2.12	3+	41.0	
21	12.50	48	32.5	2	18.2	252	560	498	2.74	1-	46.1	
23	15.50	61	35.0	2	18.2	395	895	509	2.75	2	44.4	
25	14.69	80	31.2	2	18.2	340	821	481	2.64	2-	42.1	
28	13.50	60	34.9	2	18.2	380	805	425	2.34	2-	42.2	
30	16.25	79	35.5	1-	18.2	384	848	464	2.65	2	46.3	
32	7.81	80	39.8	2	18.2	432	840	408	2.44	2+	46.1	
33	15.63	61	27.2	2-	18.2	315	740	125	2.34	3+	41.8	
34	12.50	72	31.0	2-	18.2	342	760	418	2.39	3	49.0	
A.V.		12.93	65	34.2	2	....	376	826	456	2.47	2	46.2
1	15.63	55	23.5	2	18.2	260	617	357	1.96	2	53.3	
2	12.45	55	24.1	2	18.2	255	689	434	1.79	2	47.8	
4	15.63	65	34.0	2	18.2	230	565	335	1.82	2-	45.5	
10	7.18	76	35.8	1	18.2	380	778	398	2.19	1-	45.5	
12	13.92	75	22.5	1-	18.2	233	668	332	1.83	1-	58.6	
16	15.63	73	29.5	1	18.2	335	740	405	2.23	1	46.4	
17	18.75	61	25.7	3+	18.2	275	640	365	2.01	2+	48.6	
21	16.75	59	21.9	3+	18.2	245	612	367	2.02	2	42.1	
27	17.50	48	31.5	2+	18.2	340	655	315	1.73	1-	52.8	
35	7.81	61	25.0	2	18.2	257	585	328	1.80	2	51.1	
A.V.	14.43	63	26.4	2	....	281	631	353	1.94	2+	49.2	
11	23.05	55	32.5	3	18.2	365	835	480	2.64	3+	46.4	
20	30.86	70	34.0	3+	18.2	369	850	491	2.70	3	50.8	
37	29.81	73	37.0	3	18.2	398	880	482	2.65	3+	49.2	
A.V.	31.34	66	34.5	3	....	371	855	484	2.66	3+	48.8	
3	31.43	75	19.3	3-	18.2	203	475	369	2.04	3-	43.2	
7	30.25	68	30.0	2-	18.2	325	685	360	1.98	3-	55.7	
22	30.86	70	21.5	3	18.2	222	450	328	1.80	3	38.1	
26	34.05	83	28.0	3-	18.2	285	640	355	1.95	3	60.5	
29	28.27	70	31.2	3	18.2	340	650	310	1.70	3-	66.3	
35	31.09	80	37.0	3	18.2	398	730	332	1.82	3+	68.6	
A.V.	31.49	74	27.8	3	....	296	638	342	1.88	3	55.4	