

IMPROVED STOOK OWNED BY KIRKPATRIOK \& SON, OONNORS AND HOGE, KANSAS.
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## Agricultural fllatters.

PRAIRIE SOIL OULTIVATION.
"That book of Prof. F. H. King is adding fuel to the flame of my enthusiasm in the successful cultivation of our dry prairies," says a "Prairie Farmer," in a rec
Farm and Home.
It is very evident from the reading of the science of this book that the essential differences in the cultivation of a certain soil in any given latitude should be determined by the condition or mater in that section of moisture or wail The sun, air, soil and waters of plant growth. Upon our dry prairies the first three are similar, or alike, as the soil varies but little but water and moisture varies from the superabundance to aridity. Yet it is a fact that the great multitude of cultivators of farms cultivate as "their fathers did," regardless of excess of rain or utter want of it. Nature keeps her steady pace, and scant crops follow in the wake of hard labor. That is her way of calling a halt and suggesting it would be well to change. Nature is very patient and persistent, and will keep calling stop until that call is heeded. No man ever outlives her demeeded.

A study in soil water is the reading of nature's text book. The sun shines upon our plant, the soil would nourish it, as also the air, but a surplus of water in the zone, or growing space of the plant may prevent. By driving out the air from the soil our plant dies from suffocation. The remedy is to let that water down and out. Such is the work of many of our Eastern farmers. But our Western prairie plant receives the sun that shines impartially. The soil holds abundant nourishment, and the air finds free access to soil, doing the work of æration, but our plant dies through lack of the needed amount of water. Here is the great work of the Western prairie farmer. We must save our scant water supply and see that the plant gets it.
Let every owner and tiller of the dry prairie rest assured that nature has first given him the best soil for the purpose of water capacity, and at the same time to have the power to give back the same from the subsoil by capillary attraction. rom the suboil by ipllarare The sand portion is a guarantee for capacity to contain water, and the density of the same is evidence of its capillary power. This soil will do for us what we need if we don't tinker it too much by our zealous tillage. We may "tickle the bosom of this portion of mother earth," but we must not worry it by too deep plowings that destroy the second good quality abovenamed, viz., density. Prof. King carefully enumerates the chief objects of tillage under six heads.

1. "To destroy undesired vegetation."

For this reason we plow under prairie and clover sod, etc. We have no deep cultivation in this, and if furrows are turned flat and a good seed-bed made on reverse side of sod we secure fairly
good crops as a rule. The sod itself in a very dry season is an absorbent that works against the best results. Our cultivators may and should run shallow on old fields in growing crops so as to save the roots.

## 2. "To place organic matter of vari

 ous kinds beneath the surface where itwill more readily ferment and decay and be brought within reach of root action.'

This section explains itself. The sod is the usual form of organic matter. A manured sod should be the desired sod for the greatest success. 3. "To develop a loose, mell
uniform texture in certain sods." The italics are ours. That kind of soil that needs loosening is not ours. If we loosen our soil we destroy the capillary power so our soil water cannot "climb up" and nourish our crop.

Experience proves that we need the density nature gave. So keep it. Keep the deep plow out. Let the tillage be of anothoring the tho skies during supply, sind we must draw from scant supply, and we must draw from
the reservoir of the subsoil by capillary buckets. Save the buckets! Nature is abundant in her gifts to us of sunshine, air, soil and water. These four work ing in unison make success. Any three the make have three always inseparable, but the fourth, or water is connected by capillarity. We may make this abundance of water to be gaunt scarcity by wasteful labor that destroys the soil's native density. Keep tillage out of the subsoil. Let tillage keep her place, and that place is upon there!
4. "T
"To control the water content of
Here we have three lines of action. The first is a surface tillage that destroys the capillary power of the immediate surface soil and converts it into a "dust blanket." The second is flat culture that exposes the least possible amount of the soil to the action of sun and winds; and the third is a mulch of straw, hay or litter, which acts similarly to the "dust blanket."
5. "To control the æration of soil." It is essential that the air be admitted within the soil to bring with it coming oxygen and nitrogen, and take in its going the carbon dioxide liberated in the soil. This coming and going of the air in the soil may be called soilbreathing, and is called the æration of the soil. The germinating seeds, growing roots and germs of ferment, germs of nitric acid and free nitrogen fixing germs all breathe the air, all are essen
tial to soil fertility, and to exclude the air would be to destroy them; to limi to a scant supply of air would surely cause a poverty of crops.
How shall we add to the natural æration of soil by cultivation? We can harrow the growing grain (when sown with press-drill, always have the dril run east and west). This harrowing will break up the crust, formed by the deposit of saline substances brought up by capillary action.
"Strong-rooted crops like the red lover, which send their roots deeply
nto the subsoil, leave it so channelled by the decay of these roots that a more perfect circulation of air is thus seThe fo
The foregoing is an exact quotation rom the work of Prof. King. Only one other means is mentioned by which soil æration may be increased, and that is by drainage in the case of surplus water, which does not meet our case. course, all cultivations of soil ærate it. As Mr. Dickson, late of the Farmers' Institute corps, said: "A certain gain in crops always followed every single act of tillage."

## the soil."

It should be our aim in this North west to increase the soil temperature by all means within the power of tillage. The comparatively small amount of water in our soil is favorable to the high temperature that we need; wet
lands are cold lands. We need and we lands are cold lands. We need and we
have a comparatively warm soil in this Northwest.
By creating the "dust blanket" by pulverizing with the disc harrow, and then perfecting the same by repeated harrowings, we not only prevent the at the same time increase the temperature by preserving heat. This "dust blanket" does double duty and does it well; it saves both the water and the heat. It costs the heat that we reed to evaporate
also in scant supply.
There is a tool that has been of late but little used that will, I think, come into more general use in the North-
cannot use it before the grain is up through fear of drifting of soil by the wind, we can use after the grain has tart and after the harrowings have been done.
Rolling the ground increases the soil temperature by reducing the lumps of oil that make the soil to have more urface to warm, and so less heat goes the soil below. These lumps are also dry so they absorb more heat, and having poor connection with the soil beneath they transmit poorly of their heat to that soil. The air above the unrolled land is warmer than the rolled. The air has heat that we want the soil to have, but clods and lumps have deWhen us. We. must can by harrowing and making a "dust blanket," then complete the job by rolling. The addition of fermenting manures will also add to soil temperature for obvious reasons.
Now we have the six reasons for soil tillage, and a careful examination shows that the methods outlined heretofore by "Prairie Farmer" meet the requirements demanded. Here we have a case where science and practice go hand in hand, and it is safe to say that success will follow in the train.

## Sorghum Industry.

Editor Kañsas Farmer:-What is o be the future of Kansas, is an interesting question for every Kansan to study, and it may not be out of place for a very humble individual to conratulate you on your bright prospects for a glorious future.
An enthusiastic advocate of the sorghum industry says, ever since his first experiment with sorghum in 1856 he has believed it would become a successful industry, and the peer of any industry of the country, and that Kanas, with its soil and cimate peculed to its production, was to become the banner State in its production, and by it become the peer of any inland State in substantial wealth.
This writer has many times declared and published his belief (only to be ridiculed) that Kansas could produce from sorghum alone all the sugar to supply our whole nation and give employment to 250,000 hands and support 0 their families, and thereby benefit every other industry. Of course it is not to be supposed, or desired, that it should be carried to that extent, unless an export trade is inaugurated. But it may and will be carried to the extent on benefiting the State by the production and diversifying the crops to make it the peer in wealth, as it now is in intelligence and morals, of any State. But much is to be learned in the method of cultivation of the crop as
well as in the manufacture. Indeed well as in the manufacture. Indeed kept pace with the improvement in appliances and methods for manufacture.
From his own experience and observation in traveling and investigating the methods of culture and their results, from Minnesota to southern and western Kansas, the writer is of the opinion that there should be almost a radical change from the presen methods practiced by the majority o farmers. D. J. Bissell.

College Springs, Iowa.

## Broad Wagon Tires.

"While the subject of improved roads is being agitated by the Legislatures and the agricultural journals," says Colman's Rural World, "the farmers practical-though possibly not in the practical-though possibly not in the
most proper-way by industriously, and at much expense of time and team cutting up and destroying the roads by driving heavily-loaded, narrow-tired wagons over them. When we see a man n a heavily-loaded, narrow-tired wagon urging along his jaded team, engaged
to his utmost power in making mud, and then grumbling because of the horrid' muddy roads, he seems to be an object for pity. The only thing he seems disposed to do to make matters different is to throw some hard words nto the muddiest places and then coninue his custom of turning out on to the highway with his rut digger every time the ground is too wet for plowing. Now if the Legislature is to do anything or the roads, let them begin by legislating the narrow tires off the heavy umber and truck wagons. I have seen single heavy narrow-tired wagon, in the distance of a half mile, cause more damage than could be repaired in six days of ordinary road work. The question seems to be about this: Which is the better economy-wide tires and good roads or narrow tires and bad oads? The narrow tires are as mych out of place on the farm as on the highway. Men admit that facts and philosophy are in favor of wide tires and say that when all the others will use wide tires they will do so. They seem to be afraid that they will do more than heir proportionate share of good in this world It seems that the legislation may have to help them out of their

## Save the Hay

The past season has produced a most bountiful yleld of the grasses, and probably the largest hay harvest in the history of the State has been secured, and mostiy in the very best nutritious condition. It of hay stacks fail to come wilthin the vision of the vision of the traveler, especially in the The cash value of this year's crop of tame aresses can safely be estimated at $\$ 6,000,000$, and that of the wild prairie varletles $\$ 12,000,000$. To the casual obvarietles, erver these fon the condition, through hose posted uple reports, will con Ider these estimatas below rather than bove the actual figures.
Now what we espect
Now what especially desire in this rticle is to impress our readers with the morand thereby save millions of dollars to the farmers of the State. While this hay is now mostly in the very best condlHon, so far as to quality, it will not re main so much longer without rehandling mate so it in their haste to "maike pay while the sun shines," a large majority of the harvesters hestily dumped it temporarlly in very small stacks upon the ground. These are settling very fast, and, unless properly overhauled, will by the time our fall rains begin, be in just such condition as to be greatly damaged. This has been our observation in the past, and impels us et this time to give this word of cantion and warning. A loss of werd of card of this hay means a loss to the farmers of the State of at least $\$ 6,000,000$ farmers prices. The fact that we have a large surplus this season does not, by any means justify us in permitting the rain sleet and srow to make any portion it worthless. In case of a fallure next of it worthless. In case of a failure next double in value next.
In view of the above facts, we tiust that each and every reader of the Kansas Farmer who has a ton of hay to spare will see that it is carefully secured against will see that is isaref snow of this fall, coming winter and spring. All who can should have theirhay pressed into bundles, should have theirhay pressed into bundes, placed under shelter, safe from the dam aging elements. Those who cannot have their hey pressed should not fail to put it in a condition of security. A few days' la a condil in way will undoubtedly labor spen in this will undoubtedly lons of dollars. "A word to the wise is lions of doll
sufficient."

## Impish Freaks

Are those of a disordered liver. But when that organ is thoroughly disciplined with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the bile is dequately secreted, diverted from the blood tnto its proper channel, digestion

## The Stock Jnterest.

The Management of Weanling Oolts, In the next few weeks thousands of colts, wisely remarks the Homestead, will be weaned on the farms of the West. A large per cent. of them will be damaged between this and grass. We say "will
be," because they always have been, and an error in the management that grows an error in the management that grows out in one year. It is well if it can be in one generation. Before improved horse breeding was introduced, when farmers krew horses only for their own use, and hardiness was in greater demand than size or selling quality, the notion became quite prevalent that a hardy horse could be obtained only by training it from a colt to endure hardness. The colt can accommodate itself to hard conditions more readily than the calf, and Lence it was allowed to rough it. It is human nature to place burdens on broad backs, so long as the owners of the aforesaid backs do not rebel and assert themselves. Again, there is a certain per cent. of farmers who are careless, or poor feeders, and still others who would feed well If they thought it would pay, but cannot see the wisdom of feeding oats to a weanling when it can go through on grass or hapy.
Under these prevailing conditions it is Under these prevailing conditions it is morally certain that a large per cent. of
weanlings will be damaged beyond repair weanlings will be damage
between this and spring.

Under these conditions it is important for any owner of a weanling to see clearly what kind of a horse will bring him profit to see at a glance what each individual what it will be if fed improperly, and to calculate in his own mind the difference in price in the present market. In draf horses, and it is of these we now speak because the farmers grow few others, the demand is for large, sound horses with full muscular development. These are the only ones that bring big prices and pay blg profits, and these, no matter what the breeding, can be grown only with a good foundation laid the first year. Inheritance is the architect which projects the ground plan, declares nature's intention, so to speak; the farmer himsel foundation all efforts to raise the superstructure will be unavailing. The founds tion is laid the first year, and if not laid then, can never be laid afterwards. Tha foundation can be laid only by feed. The mother's milk will suffice for the first two or three months, but aiter that grain is needed, if the colt is to be on a higher foundation than the mare. If at weaning time this is shut off at once, and a sudden change of diet forced on the young thing damage must follow with a modification of nature's plans to suit the harder en vironment. If this colt is brought down to poor pasture, frosted grass and hay nature will give her verdict in favor of a frame small enough to be supported by this kind of feed, and from her verdict here is no appeal. Is not this at once natural and reasonable? Is not nature wholly right in this? The remedy is food in sufficient quantities to carry out the in sufficient quantities to carry out the
designs of the original architect, and have nature working with instead of against the farmer.

## he farme

In other words, why not accustom the colt to a grain diet before weaning? Let him learn to depend on other food, and, more important still, learn to depend on ists grain like his mother and with his eats grain like his mother and with his mother, he will graze with her and like her, and when weaned will be self-reliant and seli-respecting. After weaning, if the proper foundation is to be laid, let him have oats and plenty of it. When the Englishman said that oats was the proper food for Scotchmen and English horses, Sandie's rèply was: where can you find such men and such horses? There is something about good, sound oats that puts vim and energy into man or horse, as well as muscular strength and development, and we know of no better use of it than a weanling colt. Four quarts of oats a day, fed to a well-bred draft wéanling colt, will bring a profit at any price at which the grain has sold for the last twenty years. The profit may not be apparent at first, but it will fully appear when the colt is ready for service.
In addition, it should have good, clean
hay, and a chance for a run on grass to
stretch its muscles. It will pay to give a second best, s25; best car of fifty hogs Ilttle oats the second winter with an equal 8100 ; second best, $\mathbf{* 2 5}$. All these preminms amount of corn, but a well-bred colt, fed genarously on oats and with a little corn in cold weather the first wider, will go through the second and third on winter pasture without grain, and give an
account of itself that will surprise the account of itself that will surprise the but there Horses are lower than they were, and the bet good prown, no matter What the parentage, withou't generous feed the first winter. It is time to get rid
of the notion that the first requisite of the of the notion thas
colt is hardiness.

## Anti-Horse Thief Association.

Very few people realize how formidable and extensive an organization the Anti-Horse-Thief Assoclation is, but the nam indicates its purposes and objects, and for successfal operation in Kansas and other Western States. Whenever a membe loses an antmal by theft or otherwise, a detail of the order run the thief down in short order. The order is a terror to horse-thleves and evil-doers generally and is constantly ga
efficlency every year.
The annual session was held in Wichita last week and about 300 delegates were attendance.
It was resolved to divide the State into four districts, outlined by the intersection of the third standard parallel and the inety-elghth meridian, with an organiza tion for each district. Following are the rganizers: First district (northeast), R H. Shearer, Stanton; Second distric (arihwest), J. R. Wilson, Delphos: Thir son; Fourth district (southeast), M. H Church, Waco.
The following officers were elected for he ensuing year: President, William Dunkin, Independence; Vice President A. F. Paui, Hutchinson; Secretary, A . Postlewaite, Earlton; Treasurer, W B. Rilling, Girard.

Delegares to the national convention a Cabokla, Mo.: William Dankin, T. A Stanley, J. M. Waterman, F. McFarland,
D. E. McClelland, J. M. Burt, C. F. Leach and D. K. Morriss.
nd D. K. Morriss.
noxt State convention will be held $t$ Paola the third Wednesday of October

## Live Stook Husbandry.

Last year Kansas stockmen felt that it was necessary to run their stock through on scanty fare, and the resut was cor-
talnly very unsatisfactory and in some cases exceedingly deplorable. Feed was high-priced and scarce and the stock were
unduly stinted. It is safe to assume that unduly stinted. It is saie to assume that
no farmer desires to repeat under any no farmer desires to repeat under any
circumstances the experience of last wincircumstances the experience of last with This year we are blessed with abundant feed, and every stockman should make it a point to preserve it in fine condition and feed all classes of stock liberally and judiclously, and so far as possible recover losses sustained last year.
The summer pork packing season ended with last week and the winter is inaugurated this week. The present indications are that the slaughtering of hogs during the elght months of the summer season will reach 950,000 . This will be something like 350,000 short of the slaughtering for the summer season of 1890 . in the markéting of hogs during the past season, but the shortage in Kansas City is only as "a drop in the bucket." Chicago, which packed 2,500,000 hogs during the
summer season of 1890 will do well if her total for 1891 exceeds $1,600,000$. Omaha, the third packing city, is 200,000 short, St. Louls 100,000, CIncinnati 75,000, Indianapolis 150,000 , Milwaukee 150,000 , Wichita 100,000 , Cedar Rapids 100,000 , and other smaller packing points show a proportionate shortage. The total packing a $6,500,000$, as against $9,200,000$ for the summer season of 1890 , making a total shortage of about 2,700,000 hogs.
The National Live Stock Reporter, official market paper of the St. Louis stock yards market, proposes to demonstrate stock in prime condition and therefore offers 8850 in premiums for a Christmas fat stock show with premiums as follows: Best car of fourteen native steers, 8250; second best, 850; best car of sixteen Texa or Indisn sterrs, $8250 ;$ second best, 850 ;
best car of sixty native wethers, 8100 ;
will stand good, and be pald as awarded y the jadges. All that is necessary to make an entry good is for the stock to be
on the ground at the time stated. The on the ground at the time stated. Th utcher standard case will be mals and he combination of welght with quality regardless of age or breed. In the cattle classes the animals can hardly be too heavy, but there is no advantage in the
hogs welghing over 300 pounds. The sheep should be over a year old, as it is not lamb premium.
In discussing the problem of land-owners ongaged in live stock husbandry in com-筑 the free range, the Homestead says th only way is to breed past Chicago by the se of improved blood, not necessarily horoughbred, but the kind of grade stuff hat is the result of the use of thorough bred sires and grade dams. To this end we think, every farmer who intends grow cattle at all should bend his bes nergles. It is hopeless to enter into competition with the man who pays no axes and no rent for his land, but use the land belonging to the whole people ccording to the recent census thare ar early $7,000,000$ cattle grown under these onditions, and with these the farmer mus ompete if he does not breed past Chicaso that is, if he does not breed cattle tha ill find a consumptive market nelther 8 ressed beaf nor as filling for tin cans. an be done and is belng done, and on min trouble with the present market hat there are not enough of this class of cattle. There hias been plenty of grief for cattle-growers in time past, but here is way out of the trouble if farmers will only take firm hold. It is useless to taik abou aeping up the fertility of land witou and are not going into dairying, by all means breed cattle for which there is a market from consumers who are able and wiling to pay a decent price for $1 t$. Bree

## Deafness Oan't be Oured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is y constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed conaition of the his of the Inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

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easily.

Oonsumption Oured,




OREEPING MALARIA.
Insidious and Stealthy in Its Approach. Deadly and Unyielding in Its Grasp.
xtraots From a Letter at the Surgical Hotel, Nolumbus, Ohio, by Dr. S. B. Hartman. [Reported for the Press.] The onset of malaria is often so very nsidions that it is quite difficult to detect itself thoroughly in the system. Malaria ften will pester a person for months often will pester a person for monthat
without making him sick abed, but Without making ing him genuinely miserable,-creepmaking him genuinely miserabie,-chageing rigors, costed tongue, appelie
able, and many indescribable sensations of genuinely disagreesble kinds. Chills and hot flashes of very irregular duration and recurrence come and go without seeming cause. Tbe hands and feet are
usually cold and clammy, and the general asually cold and clammy, and the general
tendency is to dryness and coldness of the tendency is to dryness
skin of the whole body.
Among the symptoms to which this class of patients are liable, but not always present, may be mentioned neuralgic headache, nervous chills, hysteria, sinkIng or faint spells, distressing pal pitation of the heart, defective eyesight, total inablity to read, write, or do any business; urine abundant, without color, and loss of lesh. Melancholy feellings, a discouraged, istiess stats of mind, mental depression and confusion of the mind, surely indicate the presence of malaria. This form is called malarial biliousness. For this walking malaria," which neither puts ne to bed nor allows him to work or study, Pe-ru-na should be taken as directed on the bottle. A course of Pe-ru-na will entirely cleanse the system of every particle of the malarial poison. Therefore, if you have any kind of bad feeling which you attribute to malarla, by all means follow this treatment. It at once restores the appetite, clears the befogged senses, and brings back the hopeful state of mind which malaria is sure to destroy. A thorough use of it will convince you of its wonderful power in all such cases. Pe-ru-na cai be relied on to cure these cases and restore to perfect health as speedily as the chronic nature of the difficulty will allow. Should constipation exist at the same time Man-a-lin should be added. The Pe-ru-na tones up the nervous system and enriches the blood, giving strength and vitality, while Man-a-lin restores the activity of the excretory glands, enabling the system to rid itself of accumulated polson, bringing back to this most unfortunate class of invalids the flush and good feeling of perfect health Directions for use accompany each bottle. For a complete treatise on Malaria, Chills and Fever and Fever and Ague, send for The Family Physician No. 1 Sent free by The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio.

## Bargains in Books.

We have a stock of very valuable and salable books which we will sell at onehalf the usual selling price to readers of he Kansas Farmer. These books are the remainder of a large lot which we
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making, cheese-making making, cheese-making, acid in cheese-
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## SPECIAL.

We want some members of every farm ers' organization-Grange, Alliance or
F. M. B. A.-to regularly represent the
KANSAS FARMER and help extend its rast-growing circulation and usefulnes

## Our New Alliance President.

In speaking of the election of W. H. Biddle, of Butler county, as President of the Kansas State Alliance, the Hiwatha Journal says: "The editor of this paper has been Intimately acquainted with Mr. Biddle for ten or eleven years, and takes pleasure in saying that in him the order has an honest, conscientious, upright and enthusiastic friend of their cause. A man who is scrupulousiy honest in all his relatlons in life. One who was among the very earllest to embrace the Alliance movement, and who has been constant in his devotion to its doctrines and principles. With proper help and advice from others equally true to our cause, Mr. Biddle will conduct the affairs of the State Alliance in the straight and narrow way of right. Any mistake made by him in his official action, will be a mistake of judgment, and not of purpose, for from our extended acquaintance with him, we do not hesitate to express our belief that he will give to his trust his constant and best effort." The Salina Union says: "We believe take when they elected W. H. Biddle take when they elected In Mr. Biddle we have a strong man, who is heart and soul in the work, and stands squarely on the platiorm. He is an old soldier, was Vice President under Clover. He was candidate for State Treasurer on the People's ticket last fall.
Manhattan Republic: "The election o W. H. Biddle as President of the Stat Farmers' Alliance spoils a favorite Re publican lie-that the Alliance is pledged against prohibition. He was formerly Republican, but joined the third party prohibitlonists about six years ago, an voted for Gen. Fisk at the last Presiden tial election. He is an earnest Christian is about 50 years or age, and has large family of children. He is an old soldier, having served in the civil wa and now draws a pension.'

## Fiat Money

A correspondent of the $F$ Home, signing himself "An Old Farmer," isposes of an extremely aged chestnut very pointed and comprehensive man er. He says:

One of our Northwestern agricultural papers cautions farmers, and asks them to study the question of paper or fiat money, and asks: 'Can government make value
out of something worthless, and should
not paper money, to be at all useful, be re deemable in something having value?' that article if the credit of the government is not of value, if paper money is pledged by the government to pay all government debts and demands, why is it not as good as individual notes? What makes gold, silver, copper and other stuff more valuable if not the government stamp? Suppose our government should refuse to put the money stamp on the metals now in use, would they be worth as much a pound as stamped? The writer quoted from does not seem to understand the point made by advocates of paper money alone. We believe that money should be simply a convenlence in making exchanges of products, that the values are in the products wo wish to use, and not in the money itself. Such paper being guaranteed by the government and accepted for all government dues, would simply make it safer and more convenient than individual, or city, or State notes. Gold is not plenty enough for a basis of circulation, and not being plenty enough, gives opportunities of centrol to those who would ruin others for their own gain."

Senator Plumb on the Supply of Ourrenoy In what is known as his great speech o June 6, 1890 in the United States Senate, Senstor Plumb summed up the supply of currency in a way that no other Senato presumed to call in question. After say ing that "the Treasury Department has traction," and that "the Treasury Depart traction, and that or unconsciously de ceiving the people," he said:
"Let us see, therefore, how much mone
Levallable for actual use smong th people. From the total of $\$ 1,500,000,000$ rrived at shown above must be deducted an average of $\$ 200,0 c 0,000$ which the Treasury slways keeps on hand, and about which something has been said in the debate on this bill, and that leaves a the maximum which may by any possibil ity be used $\$ 1,300,000,000$
"The
here ought in fairness, to bededucted rom this $\$ 150,000,000$ error in estimating reduce the money outside of the Treasury to $\$ 1,150,000,000$. From this should be subtracted the $\$ 600,000,000 \mathrm{kept}$ as reserve as before computed, leaving a balance of but $8550,000,000$ which is available for delivery or actusl use in the transaction of the business of the people, or a trifle over 88 per caplta. But the force of my argument is not materially weakened by conceding the gold coln to be as estimated by the Tressury Department, which wonld lesve in actual circulation $8700,000,000$. In order to make up this amount all doubt must be resolved in favor of the Treasury and against the people, but the doubt a to the amount of lost and destroyed notes and that is to the gold supply. If I were deciding this case upon what I considered deciding ouldence I would be bound to sey the I evildered the money in actus lreviation did not much if at all, excee circulation ,

## National Farmers' Alliance Meeting

All Kansans who expect to attend th national meeting, at Indianapolis, Novemer 17, and desire reduced rates, shoul end their na

The eleventh annual convention of th American Federation of Labor will be hel this year at Birmingham, Ala., beginning December 14. As the time approaches for the holding of this convention, the though arises in the minds of all sincere worker in the cause of labor reform that every organization affiliated with the American Federation should make the greatest efforts and even temporary sacrifices, necessary, in order that every unipn ma be fully and fairly represented, as on every hand we find organization and combina tion on the part of those who own or con trol wealth, and using their possessions to crush out the liberties, to stifie the volce and pervert the rights of the toiling masses.
The first and only work ever written on currency reform in German Is "Geld," by Robert Schilling. It is a translation and onlargement of his "silver Question" and is 25 cents, but it will be furnished to reform organizations and agents at a greatly reduced rate. A sample copy will be sent reduced rate. Address the author, Robert
for 10 cents.
Schilling, Milwaukee, Wis.

National Oitizens' Industrial Alliance. o National Board of Oroantation, the National
Offcerr and National and State Orananizers of He Nationai Citizens inustral Aliance: Brothers:-The coming meeting of the and Industrial Union, at Indianapolis, Ind, on the 17 th of November, 1891, promises to be the most important meeting of our indngtrial classes that has ever been held in this country within the past century, and sis the Executive committee of the People's party has also been called to meet there on November 16, and as our organization by its national officers and organizers has been invited to be present and take part in those meetings, we therefore call our National Board of Organizatlon to mest there on November 16, and we urge every person holding a commission as a State or National Organizer to meet with the National Board of Organization as advisory members, and we ask all of the members of the National Reform Press Association to give this call a prominen place in the columns of their papers. Respectfully submitted.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THOMAS W. GILRUTH, Presiden } \\
& \text { NoAM ALLEN, Vice President. } \\
& \text { W. F. RIGHTMIRE, Secretary. } \\
& \text { W. N. MORGAN, Trustee. } \\
& \text { G. HINTHAM, Trustee. } \\
& \text { O. DRINKWAMTER, Trustee. } \\
& \text { JoHN H. RICE, Trustee. }
\end{aligned}
$$

There are calls for a German Alliance and People's party paper all over th country. The Nattonal Reformer, of Mil waukee, Wis., has been in existence eleve years and during ail that time has stead fastly advo
movement.

For scrofula in every form Hood's Sar aparilla is a radical, reliable remedy. It has an unequalled record of cures.
Attend the Topeka Business College, 21 and 523 Quincy St., Topeka, Kas.
Produce wanted in exchange for dry goods, boots, shoes, cloaks or notions. Will take all kinds of produce at retall prices. Dennis Store, 612 Kansas Ave
Crawford's opera house, Topeka.

For Exchange-For clear property and cash, one stock of shoes, about $\$ 15,000$; one stock of merchandise, 835,000 .
Address
J. H. Dennis, Topeka, Kas.

No More Siokness After Using Steketee's Hog Oholera Oure.
So says R. M. Boyd, of Tecumseh, Mich., in a letter to Mr. Steketee, Sepwith 1 , hog. Last fall had tor with my hogs, lost quite a nmmended otee's Hog Cure was recommended. loft and package had any mine hinave
had any more sickness.
Mr. D. P. Anthony, of the same place rites. You will not have any sickness with your hogs if you use Steketee's Hog ure. I used it on my sick hogs last fall nd it worked like a charm.
Farmers, now is the time to have it on hand, in case of sickness. Dong "I have druggist blatter," because it is only to get rid of some worthless stuff. If they have it not send 60 cents in stamps and ill send it by maill. Address.
G. G. Steketee, Grand Rapids, Mich.

## Oheap Rates to Denver.

Those desiring to visit Denver will soon have a splendid opportunity.
The Mining Congress will be held in the "Queen City," November 18 and 19, and it is expected a and other Colorado ciles abotion For the especial accommodation of the of one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets will be on sale November 16 and will be good for return passage until and ncluding December 6
For further information regarding time of trains, etc., apply to A. M. FUller, Agent Union Pacific System, 25 Kansa,
Ave., Topeka, Kas. opeka, Kas.
Attend the Topeka Shorthand Institute,
521 and 523 Quincy St., Topeka, Kas.

## Special Offer.

We have special arrangements with the publishers of the Weekly Capita!, the offlcial State paper, a large 12 -page weekly newspaper with full dispatches and state news, price Capital and the KANsAs FABmer one year for only 81.50 . Send in your orders atonce.

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## For the Home.

HOICE AND POPULAR ALTO SONGS.

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children.

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Hatch Chickens by Steam: IMPROVED EXCELSIOR INCUBATOR


## Cossip About Stock．

 The annual session of the American Shropehire Association met yesterday at Buffalo，N．Y．，with a good attendance．Improvement comes by substituting the higher for the lower．This is why in breeding we must be constantly introduc－ ing better blood．
The American Polled Durham Breeders＇ Assoclation will hold its firstannual meet－ ing，Tuesday，November 17，at the Grand Paclif hotel，Chleago．
The fine polish on the horns of show cattle is given by first scraping with glass， rubbing with emery paper，and then rub－ bing well with linseed or neats－foot ofl．
Lawrence Journal：W．H．H．Whitney has sold his sorrel team of Almont Pllot geldings to O．O．Hefner，of Lincoln，Neb．，
who will ship them to England．Price who
$\$ 700$.
During the week ending October 24，the receipts at the St．Louls stock yards amounted to 20,098 cattle， 20,523 hogs and 4，677 sheep，against 24,227 cattle， 24,448
hogs and 5,737 sheep during the previous week．
From a card recelved from M．F．Tat－ man，the enterprising breeder of fancy Poland－China hogs at Rossville，Kas．，we learn that he has started on a ten or to visit the principal hog men in that ter－ ritory during that time．
Finly \＆Wilson，Auburn，Mo．，lately purchased a fine eleven－months－old boar 100．Messrs．Finly \＆Wilson ，Mo．，1or men in the business，say Risk \＆Gabbert， men in the business，say Risk \＆Gabbert，
and claim that they will establish a herd of Poland－Chinas inferior to none．They buy nothing but the best，regardless of price．
The Drovers＇News says that everybody in any way connected with the market at Wichita is beginning to realize that the business there has outgrown the two pack－ ing houses，and that hereafter that mar－ ket must depend on its own merits．There is more stock tributary to Wichita than can be taken care of by the
houses located in that city．
At the farm of J．W．Crancers，one and a half miles east of Neely，Leavenworth county，Kas．，on November 10，there will be a public sale of thoroughbred Short－ horns and Herefords，consisting of bulls， cows and heifers；also grade cows and calves，and twenty－eight three－year－old steers；also horses，sheep and hogs．For this issue．
Robert Rounds，Morganville，Kas．，will hold a public auction of fine pigs on Thursday，November 19．He writes that he has a very fine lot of plgs，over 125 they will bring．Those wishing fine Po－ land－China stock will do well to attend the sale．Notice his announcementin sale column，16th page，and advertisement on 14th page．Sale date in latter is an error． J．G．Cassida \＆Son，Chula，Mo．，breed－ ers of Poland－China，Chester White and Berkshire swine，took the following pre－ miums at the Trenton（Mo．）fair this fall： First on Chester sow；first on Chester sow pig；sweepstakes on sow and male，any breed．They also made quite a number of good sales．The pigs sent by Congressman Mansur to Congressman Nelson，of Min－ nesota，were bought of Cassida \＆Son．
A breeder declares that if a cow should be born without a tail she might be used as the founder of a family of tailless cat－ way only to emphasize the fact that any peculiarity may be bred into or out of an－ imals．A pure－bred Short－horn heifer was born hornless．Several of her calves were also born polled；these werecarefully saved，and in time astrain of polled Short－
horns were produced．

In remitting for advertisement，Risk \＆ Gabbert（successors to J．S．RIsk），Weston， Mo．，say：＂Sales are good．Have some March and April male pigs that are nice． We have an extra fancy lot of fall pigs 480 S．，Tariff Reform 1422 S．－a full brother to Free Trade，that sold for $\$ 800$ a few days ago to Bebout \＆Finch Co．We also have a few pigs from the noted boar，Cor－
win U．S． 24407 S．C．U．S．cost us $\$ 200$ and has proven himself to be a good equals．＂Breeders wishing fall pigs would do well to write or visit the herd of Risk
\＆Gabbert，Weston，Mo．They say that they are well pleased with their retur
from the KANsAs FArmer，as usus）． The American Berkshire Associatio Will publish free in the current volame of will publish free in the current volume of Its Record，the names of all recorded Berk－ shires that have taken first premiums at any regularly organized fair In the coun－ try，says the Suine－Breeders＇Journal． Exhibitors desiring a place in this list should send the Secretary of the associa－ tlon，at Springfield，Ill．，the names and numbers of the animals that have taken such prizes，as well as the name and loca－ tion of the fair，and name and address of Its Secretary．
On opening a letter from the River days ago，we were Emporis，Kas．，a few following：＂Ples areatiy surprised at the of Austin \＆Gray Bros．to Wm．Gray，suc－ cessor to Austin \＆Gray Bros．＂From the letter we learn that Mr．Gray has bought out the interests of the other members of the firm．As the horses of River Home direct from were selected in and shipped that Mr．Gray will fully keep up the rep－ utation of the old firm．
During the eight months ending August United States，free of duty， 144 hesd the cattle，valued at 825,455 ； 2,077 horsead of ued it $8778,653 \cdot 4,012$ sheep，valued $\$ 101,320$ ．Dutlable 769 heed of cattle al red at 6,848 ；7，661 horses，valued at 857 096；39， 839 shep，valued at 8154 703 Durln the same period there were exported 226 ， 133 head of cattle，valued at $819,360,650$ 50,837 hogs，valued at $8662,274 \cdot 2,264$ ， valued it 8430,395 ； 050 mules， $\$ 120,059 ; 46,569$ she 5 med a
No breeder in the West has done more to advance the interest of Shropshir sheep than W．T．Clark，Monroe City，Mo． His show flock at all the leading fairs con－ sisted of imported as well as home－bred sheep，and it is significant to note that the 8weepstakes were invariably won by his home－bred sheep．He reports recent sales as follows：A yearling ram to Jonas Myers，Hamlin，Kas．，\＄100；yearling ram to A．B．Colson，Montrose，Mo．，s85；seven
one and two－year－old ewes to J．L．Shoup， one and two－year－old ewes to J，L．Shoup，
Holden，Mo．，at $\$ 65$ each；and an $\$ 85 \mathrm{ram}$ and 875 ewe to G．T．Rawlins，Brook field，Mo
Our good friend Mrs：Sproul，of Frank ort，Kas．，in remitting us for advertise ment to date，says：＂I am going to take a little rest from the poultry business，and will have my stock sold in a short time， save enough for home．I have worked hard the past ten years to make my poul－ try yard a success－as it surely has been My business is flourishing and poultry letters arrive dally．＂The very many poultry fanciers throughout the State who have bought fine birds of Mrs．Sproul will join with the Kansas Farmer in wishing the lady great enjoyment in her well－ earned rest．
We are in recelpt of the second annua catalogue of pure－bred Shropshire sheep and Poland－China swine issued by Foster Bros．，Monterey，Mich．This illustrated catalogue is unusually handsome，and ably and enthusiastically prociaims the fac that the Shropshire has come to stay，be farmer for a perfect requral－purpos of th These gentlemen spare no purpose sheep． the best breming and no pains to have and swine，sufficiently strong for viseep and swis，sumbily chase such stock should not fail to send for this catalogue．Also kindly mentio the Kansas Farmer．

A weak solution of cooking soda will clean a hair brush without weakening the bristles．
Gravy will generally be lumpy if the thickening is poured in while the pan is over the fire．Set the pan off untll the inckening is well stirred in，then set on the fire and cook thoroughly．

## M，M，min wn minn

JOSEPH W．McKIEE，A．M．，M．D．， SURGEON KANSAS OITY EY
INFIRMARY，
Has an experience of over 50,000 treat－
ments or from twenty to sixty treatments dally throughout the year．Abundan rerences．
［ify Send for Question Blank．


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Great Southwest System
Conneoting the Commorial Centers and rioh MISSOURI，
The Broad Corn and Wheat Fields and Thriv－ KANSAS，
The Fertile River Valleys and Trade Centers of NEBRASKA，
The Grand，Plitureque and Finghanting COLORADO，
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Lands，and Famous Hot Springs of ARKANSAS，
The Beautiful Rolling Prairies and wood－
INDLAN TERRITORY，
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| etc．Address with stamp $\mathbf{M u d l}$ Dealer，Marskall，Mich． |
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SOLID VESTBULE EXPRESS TRAIMS


 tou，Gardem of the oodg，the sanitariums，
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，

Exia The Albert Lea Route．


 Watertown，Bioux Falis，the Bummer Resorts and The Short Line via Beneca and Kankakee offers
facilities to travel to and from Indianapolis，Oin－
 E．ST，JOHN，JOHN SEBASTIAN， （
Small Steam Engines


DR．OWEN＇S ELECTRIC BELT


## Dyspepsia

 era, whitch, corniferous, and the Oriskany Hamiton, corniferous, and of a rock is determined by its fossils if it is sedimentary, termine its chemleal or physical composiation and arrangement if it is plutonic. These minor polnts are indispensable for the intelligent study of the sclence and to enable one to grasp its intricate problems.
## Wellesley's Inhibited Phrases.

The list of words, phrases and exprespressions to be avolded by young ladies oWellesley college includes the following "I guess
hink so.
"Flx things," for arrange things, of repare things.
The use of "ride" and "drive" interchangeably.
"Real good" or "real nice" for very good or really nice.
"I have studided some," for studied somewhat, or "1 have
for not studid at all.
"Not as I know," for not that I know.
"Try an experiment," for make an ex periment.
"Had rather," for would rather, and had better," for would better.
"Right away," for immediately or now.
"Well posted," for well informed.
"Try and do," for try to do, or "try and go," for try to go.
"It looks good enough," for it looks well enough, or "does it look good enough," for does it look well enough.
"Somebody else's," for somebody's else -Philadelphia Times.

## Manners of Ohildren.

One of the serlous mistakes made by mothers in training their children is in supposing that careful habits can be cultivated in careless suluthe valued by the mother that grease or ink spots can be left on it without causing comment, may become a moral calamity. Tying the child up in a bib, and giving it libertio for bad table habits in many men and women whom we meet. A child who is made to eat its food carefully, in a room where the furnishings are respected, where a penalty will follow carelessness, naturally acquires careful, refined manners. Many a mother spends more time repairing damages-the results of careless hablts, due largely to the furnishings in the dining-room, than she would need to spend in setting a table carefully and keeping the room in order, 80 that its order and neatness commane of
the respect of the children. The ounce prevention is worth several pounds of cure in the training of children, and it is a pity that the ounce of prevention is not administered in the infinitesimal doses necessary in early childhood, rather than in neglect in matters that are never minorfor manners and habits mark the man. man may be a moral man and eat. with his knife, but he would be a more valuable man in the community if he recognized nated and applied it only to those uses. Christian Union.

## If Fat Boils Over.

A kettle of bolling fat on a hot stove should be carefully watched. Fat bolls at a much higher degree of temperature than water does, and this fact, together with the fact of the great combustibility of fat makes an accident of spilled fat on a ho stove extremely dangerous. In case such an accident should happen, the natural
impulse to throw water on the fire, is not impulse to throw water A large quantity the best one to follow. A large quanes, but of water might extinguish the fiamee, Firemen say that the best way to p Firemen say a fire of this kind ts to throw ashes or sand upon It. If a woman has not ample means of this kind at hand for putting out the fire, the best thing she can do is to run for ald, unless she knows that there is none within reach. farst thought.
It ts a natural limpulse to try and remove the kettle from the fire, but if the fat is already afire it is not a saife thing to do, on account of the chances of spathing saturated fat on the clothing. wearer would stand but little chance of a safe escape.
In case a woman is so unfortunate as to
have her clothes catch fire, the best thing

Makes many Hives miserable, and often leads oo ailf destruction. Distress after eating, siok headaho, heartburn, sour stomach, mental depresncreasing disease. Hood's Sarsaparilis tones the
stomach, oreates an appetite, promotes healthy digestion, relleves slck headache, clears the
mind, and cures the most obstinate cases of dyspepsla. Read the following
"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but ilttlo appe littlo good. In an hour after eating 1 would experience a faintness or tired, all-gone I woiling, as though I had not eaten anything Hood's Sarsaparila did me an ertio, and my food of good. It gave mee an appitite, and my food
relished and satisfied the craving I had previously rexperienced. It relleved me of that falnt, tired all-gone feeling. I have felt so much better since I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, that 1 am happy to
tecomend it." G. A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.
Hood's Sarsaparilla

## collar

100 Doses One Dollar
that she can do is to lie down and roll, and if possible to wrap herself in something woolen, as a blanket, or shawl or rug. The worst possible thing to doors. Running only fire a chance to spread and mount up-wards.-Ex.

## How Beeswax is Made.

One of the most interesting productions of bees is beeswax, and the process o you examine the under surface of a cellbuilding worker-bee, you will find under the abdomen four pairs of white plates projecting from as many pockets in the Ings of this part of the body. These are wax-plates made from the life-blood of he workers. If you now examine with a ens one of the hind legs you will tind that he stoutest foints are "square-shoul dered" it the hinge, and that the hinge is well over to one side, so that the shoulders form a pair of jaws which open when the limb is bent, and close when it is straightoned. The upper jaw has a row of spines which blte on a plate on the lower jaw. With this apparatus the worker-bee withraws a wax-plate from its pocket, and by piercing it with tront legs and then to the mouth, where it is laboriously masticated with a salivary secretion. Unless it undergoes
this procesit lacks the quality requsite or cell-building. Few people would in-In the United States originates from such nature-Exchange.

Beauty is said to be only skin deep; but o possess and preserve a beautiful skin pure, vigorous blood is essential. This is best secured by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla in small but frequent doses. It is the most rellable of blood-purifiers.


Che Houng follis.
A Department for the Boys and Girls of
the District Schools. EDITED BX MAMIE M. BRUNER.

## Longings for Home.

Could I but return to my woods onee more,

 glad to the heart with listeningIt seems to me that 1 then cound sing.
And sing as $I$ never have sung before.
I miss, how wholly I miss my wood, That otimiess, magnificent dark-1.eaved firs, Where only the breath of whtte heaven stirs!
These Alps they are barren; wrapped in

 And oh once more in my ilfe to see deer To sing with the birds that sing for me
TO tread where only the red man trod, Cincinnatus Heine Miller.

## FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

This Germary clty was founded by Charlemagne, who was King of the Franks in 768, and in 800 was crowned Emperor of time the capital of the German empire and sime is rallying point of the Crusaders. The position which it occuples is one of no small natural besuty in the broad and fertile valleys of the Main, its northern horizon being formed by the soft outlines horizon being formed by the soft outines country is richly clad with orchards and country is richly clad who orchards and cially, andints a prospect of indescribable cially presen
In earlier times the city and its fortifications formed an frregular pentagon, the longest side being defined by the right longest side being defined by the righ greater part of Frankfort is built in the old German style, but it is now becoming quite modernized. Only one side of the old Jew street called the Judengasse now remains. The other side was demolished since 1870. At an eariler period, the streets were very narro, here belng scarcely room enough for one team to pass hrough Afoot," by Bayard Taylor, which is a good description of the streets of Frankfor when he was there, in 1844, but the streets have been widened and many of the old houses torn down: On both sides of the street, leaving barely room enough to with their baskets of vegetables and fruit The middle of the street is filled with female purchasers, and every cart or carthrough the crowd, sometimes rolling against and overturning baskets at th sides. The country-women in their jack forwards with great sometlmes as high as themselves,"
On the Judengasse are situated th house in which Ludwig Borne, the grea Jewish political writer and satirist, wa premises which sew the rise of the famous Rothschild family
The principal ecclesiastical building in Frankfort is the cathedral of St. Barthol omew, which is situated not far from th river. This cathedral is 326 feet high.
They originally built their houses six or seven storles high, and every story projecting out over the other, so that those living in attics, Taylor says, could nearly shake hands out of the windows.
In the winter of 1844 Bayard Taylor called on Mendelssohn, one of the world's greatest composers, who was also spending his winter in Frankfort. He resided in the Bockenheimer Gasse.
A few steps from the old Markt Platz brings one to the square of the Remerberg, in a corner of which is a curiously ornamented house, formerly occupied by Martin Luther, the great reformer.
It was in the Rathhaus or Romer, in the Wahlzimmar, or election room, that the electors or their plenipotentiaries decided the choice of the Emperors, and in Kaiseraal, or Emperor's hall, the coronation festival was held. The new Emperor recelved his crown in this hall, and after dining with the electors stood on the balcony and was shown to the people assembled in the Romerberg. The celling of the

Kaiseraal is finished in the gorgeous illuminated style of the middle ages, Along the portralts of the Emperors, that have been painted by celebrated artists. It is a remarkable colncldence, bnt the niches in the old hall correspond exactly in number with the number of Germen Emperors, 80 what the Emperor Francis of Anstris closed the long rank coming down from Charlemagne.

## Oincinnatus Heine Miller

This American writer, better known as Joaquin" Miller, was born in Indiana, Hover 10, 18t1, in Wabain disticl. His parents remod Oregon when he was years of age, and a fow yere po whi hem on larm. Alterward we became a miner, and not belng satisiled Indianat, ho retrin Indiana. Horo he romain and studied law for three years, and in 1863 he returned But the paper was enpresed for disloz But the paper was suppressed lor disioyin Cand Joagula opened a law office elected Judge of Grant connty, Oregon, elected Judge of Grant
Whle jed four jears.
While yet a youth he had begun writing poems, and his first two collections of poems were published under the nom d plume of "Joaquin."
Not contented, he made a trip to Eng land and the southern part of Europe in 1870, and while there published "Songs of ceived and he became the" were well re ceived and he became the lion of literary circles. When he returned to America, he settled at Washington, D. C. But he
qeems to have been quite a rover, for in aeems to have been quit
1887 he went to California.
1887 he went to California.
He wrote many successful plays, includ ing the famous play entitled "The Dan ites." His poems are: "Songs of the Sierras," "Songs of the Sunlands," "Songs of the Desert," "Songs of Italy," and Songs of the Mexican Sea." His prose works are: "The Baroness of New York," The Danites in the Slerras," "Shadows of Shasta," "Memorie and RIme," and "Gold-Seekers of the Sierras."

## A Pretty Experiment.

A pretty and interesting experiment, Which may be new to some readers of the
Farmer, is that which is given in the Youth's Companion, by which the in the of an oak plant can be watched from it earllest stage.
Cut a circular plece of card to fit the top of a hyacinth glass, so as to rest upon the edge and exclude the air. Plerce a hole through the center of the card and pass through the center of the card and pass
through it a strong thread having a small plece of wood tied to one end, which, restlece of wood lled to one end, which, rest ng ransurn thy oing drawn throagh. To the other en flled the alase half full of weter, having filled the glass half full of water, suspend he acorn at a short distance from the sur ace. The glass must be kept in a warm room. In a lew days the steam which has generated in the glass will hang from the corn in a large drop. Soon the acorn win arst, and the root will protrude and hrust itself into the water; in a few day ore a stem will shoot out at the other nd, and rising upward, will press against the card, in which a hole must be made to allow it to pass through. From this stem mail leaves whin soon sprout, and in the course of a few weeks the experimenter will be rewarded by having a sturdy little ak plant several inches in helght
Another pretty experiment is the turnip hanging-basket. Cut the bottom from a turnip and scrape out the inside, leaving thin edge. Fill with sand, which must be kept moist. The a stout cord to each In a few days the turnip will begin to sprout, and by a few week's time you will have a very pretty hanging-basket.

Questions--No. 9.
[The boys and girls who read this paper
invi ed to contribute to this department.] 1. What can you associate with the 2. Where is the island of Osel? 4. Where are the Tarapons found? 5. Give short description of the Statue of Liberty.
ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS NO. 7- octoBER 21.

1. Louis Agassiz was born in Switzer-
land
He sts in the world.
2. President
3. Fresteen and a half million dollars was

## The Farmer and the Government.

 In view of the great interest on the subject of what the Government should do during the coming year, a number of very important articles on such topics as "The Farmer's Discontent," "Coöperation," What the Government is Doing for the Farmer," etc. The workings of the Department of Agriculture, and its practical value to the farmer, will be expan official of the Department.

## Berin with November



MAGAZINE IN 1892 Will have the greatest program that even this unrivaled magaColumbus by the famous Spanish statesman and writer, Sefior Castelar, magnificently illustrated; four serial novels, including by Rudyard Kipling and Woloott Balestier,
a Novel of Now York Life, and a novel of the Great West; short stories by Frank R. Stookton, Aldrioh, and all the great story writers;
articles on The World's Fair at Chicago (by
special arrangement with special arrangement with the managers); a re-
markable series on The American In-
 You cannot be without THER CENTURY. Its circulation in America and Europe is without a parallel among magazines; In THE CENTURY were
first printed General Grant's War articles, Kennan's famous Siberian papers, the Lincoln History, etc., etc. Begin subscriptions with November (ifrst numRemit the price ( $\$ 4.00$ a year) by money order, registered letter or check to THE CENTURY CO., 33 East 17th St., New York, N. Y
paid by Great Britain to the United States or damages done the latter by the former ut vessels to ald the Confederates.
Alpine pass, where the sun hardly of an in winter. It abounds with falls, the mos remarkable of which is the Staubbach which falls over the Bahm precipice in
dazzling spray from a height of 925 feet.

## Quotations.

Manner is all in all, whate'er is writ, The substitute for genius, sense, and wit.
To dally much with subjects mean and low Proves that the mind is weak, or makes it so Neglected talents rust into decay,
And every effort ends in push-pin
eet those deplore their doom
Whose hope still grovels in Whose hope still grovels in this dark sojourn But lofty souls, who look beyond the tomb
Can smille at Fate, and wonder how they
How fond men are of rule and place
Who court it from the mean and base
These cannot bear an equal nigh.
Topios for Oomposition.
LContributors please send manuseript two November 11-Progress of the NineNovember 18 .
November 25-Mountains,
November 25-Beetles.
December 2-Benefits of Civilization.
Go and do likewise. If your whiskers are grizzly and unbecoming use Buckingham's Dye and they will look as when you were younger.

NRT RAPID SEORPHAND IHSTITTUE
The New Rapld is the easlest learned and briefent

$\qquad$

HOME STUDY.


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EMPORIA, KANSAS.




 TELEGRAPHY. BESTVACLTTES Hoiton, Xanase Bonafide arrangements with the larger
Railway and Telegraph Companies in the U. S. for placing
tic in boid mad STUATIONS SECURED FOR GRADIIATFS
CHICAGO VETERINARY BOLLEEGE.


KANSAS FARMER.
gexablibicid in 1868.
Published Every Wednesday bv the KANSAS FARMER COMPANY.
 SUBSCRIPTION PRICE: ONE DOLLAR ATEAR. of ind and

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 $\triangle$ mambi or that Western Agricultural Journais

## ADVEBTIBING BATIS.


Topeka Grand opera house attractions: day, Mattle Vickers. Next week-Every night, Spooner Comedy Compa
It is estimated that the orange crop of Florida now going into market is fully twice as large as usual and will amount to 10,000 to 13,000 carloads. The calng estimated at 5,000 carloads.

Our book sales are unusually large at Peffer's new book, "The Farmer's Side," which sells at the low price of 81 , or with the KANsAS FARMER one year for 81,75 , or
mailed free for a club of four subscribers mailed free for a club of four subscribers and $\$ 4$.
The review of trade by R. G. Dun \& Co. for last week reports business improving, espectally in the West. The fron
industry, however, was somewhat deindustry, however, was somewhat de-
pressed.
Speculation in breadstuffs advanced the prices of wheat two cents, partly on account of the reported prohibition of exports of wheat from Russia.
Corn advanced five cents, but pork proCorn advanced five cents,
ducts were a shade lower.

A bitter political campaign has just ended, and the people of the State with wonderful unanimity a ward the cham-
plonship to ex-Gov. Geo. T. Anthony as the most consplcuous and genuine "calanity howler" In Kansas, and therefore it is hoped that when Senator Plumb's suc cessor is to be chosen Gov. Anthony will not be the man, especially if legitimate business in
The report of Prof. F. H. Snow, of th State University, shows that the mean temperature ( $54.14^{\circ}$ ) for the month of October was slightly below the normal, having been considerably cooler than usual during the first half, while the last half was warmer than during the same
period of any year of the last twenty-four period of any year of the last twenty-four
except 1876. The rainfall ( 1.35 inches) was except 1876. The rainf the average; the skies were 30 per cent. clearer than usual, and the wind velocity was 10 per cent. higher than the normal.
The Topeka sugar mill was leased last spring by Messrs. Pape \& Hansford, who added various improvements and had the mill in excellent working order. They em ployed one of the best practical sugarmakers in the United States and were of the product being about $\$ 300$ per day of the product being about $\$ 300$ per day above the expense of cane, fuel anded in
They were, however, disappointed They were, however, disappointed in
raising money, creditors becameimpatient raising money, creditors becameimpatient
before the product could be realized upon and seized the property, putting an end to and seized the property, putting an end to the manufacture for the remainder of the
season. The affairs of the lessees are now season. The affairs of the settled by a recelver appointed by being sett
the retirbicent of governob ORAWFORD FROM THE KANSAS FARMER OOMPANY.
For some years ex-Governor S. J. Craw ord has been a non-active member and part owner of the Kansas Farmer, but recently concluded to selb out his interest to the other members of the company The constantly growing business of the paper makes it necessary for the principal more responsible and important work of the paper, and this part of the work Governor Crawford had not the time or inclination to perform, and therefore disposed of his interest to the other owners who can and do give it their time and attention.
E. B. Cowgill, formerly of Sterling, but now of Topeka, has bought an interest in the paper, and will be Vice President of the Kansas Farmer Company, and will taff of the Kansas Farmer. Mr. Cowg s well-known throughout Kansas and the West as an able writer, a splendid business man, and a clean and honorable gentleman personally, and in every respect is a valuable acquisition to this journal.
Mr. Cowgill is a native of Ohlo, and is now forty-six years of age. He was raised n a farm in Iowa and graduated at the Iows State University in 1869, where he gave special attention to science as applied to industry. He settled on a claim n Kansas in 1871. Since coming to the State he has had a number of years' experience in newspaper work, besides his connection with the Kansas State Agricultural college for some time as one of the faculty, end his numerous contributions of important papers to reports of the State Board of Agriculture and other industrial publications, well fits him for is present work.
Mr. Cowgill was State Sugar Inspector under Governor Martin and has also made special investigations and reports for the United States Department of Agriculture during the last elght years. His past experience, observation and study together with his natural inclination and spectal training for agricultural jour nalism, make him a desirable and valuable member of the Kansas Farmer Company.
THE OONSIDERATION OF EOONOMIO QUESTIONS.
By the time this number of the Kansas Farmer reaches its readers the election of 1891 will have become a part of history, that what is here said can have no no on thee as to how the votes are cast, no didates, nor on present party triumph and defeats.
It should not be forgotten that this skirmish preceding the great politica battle of 1892.
What
It is well to ask this question now while the excitement lulls, while the situatio may be seen-to use a figurative ex-pression-free from the smoke of the conict, while passions are not aroused and every voter who dares to entertain an idea not in strict harmony with the teachings of party dictation.
Even the most superficial review of recent manifestations of public thought renders it certain that the questions on which attention will be fixed, the questons their opinions by their votes, are economic questions, questions affecting the prosperlty of those who toil, questions affecting the distribution of the comforts of life, questions affecting the amassing of wealth, questions as to the feedtng clothing, housing, education and enjoyment of $65,000,000$ of people.
That the partisan press and partisan public speakers cannot be relled upon for public speakers cannot be relied upon for
correct statement of facts, much less for
correct reasoning and conclusions, has been too recently and but too painfully manifest.
This only emphasizes the necessity for every citizen to be a student, an investigator of economic questions, using every impartial source of information and bringing to the work a profound desire to find out the truth.
Notice must be taken of the fact that men's selfish intarests often influence them more than their sense of right, and tha politics is by many made a sort of trade or occupation out of which to get a living. t must be remembered that the firs bject with such is to secure a nomination, and the second cbject is to be elected, and the third object is to make as good a living as possible out of the position.
Now securing nominations is a work on which a great deal of money is expended n various ways, and often a great deal of help is needed. Having entered the con test for a nomination the questions of the interests of the people becomesubordinated o the one great question of how to succeed. The aspirant becomes the representative of those interests which procure his nomnation. In these respects the farmers nterests have generally been in the background, for the farming interest has not contributed money to control nominations, and the degree of isolation of the farmer's Ife renders it difficult for farmers to concentrate their influence in the caucus and in the nominating convention. Candidates have therefore found it much more profitable to look after other influences and to become the representatives of other than the farming interests.
The nomination secured, the heavy ex penses of the campaign for election must be met, and the votes must be secured Concentrated wealth is able to bring a thousand influences into the field under various masks, so that the question of election or defeat often turns on becoming the representative of some other than the interest of the whole people.
Thus it transpires that in practica politics, while economic issues may be of chief importance in the estimation and in the discussions of candidates, their statements, their arguments and their conclusions are distorted to fit the particula Interests which hav
There can be but slight difference be tween the economic interests of farmers in two States situated as are Kansas and Missourl. Yet in the campaign of 1888, when an economic question-that of the of these States gave excessive majorities on opposite sides of this question, indicating a blind devotion to party leader and a subserviency to partisan prejudice, preventing of fair and candid judgment o the question at issue.
Now the questions of the next campaign, n which the farmers and all other workers in the United States are interested, are those of the production and the distribution of wealth. The princlpal divisions will be tariff, money, transportation.
By reason of being both capitalist and laborer, owning his farm and cultivating it, the farmer is in position to give a more impartial consideration to these subjects than can be given to them by other members of community.
It therefore is a matter of great importance not only for the farmer's own interest, but for the interest of the entire people that, now while the excitement of political warfare is allowed to subside, the farmers consider carefully and discuss thoroughly every branch of economic policy which is likely to become of public interest, with a view to arriving at disinterest, with a view to arriving at disso acting in harmony as to make fair and just measures prominent both before and after election.
For the purpose of contributing to the fair and honest ascertainment of the facts, the candid discussion of the questions and the determination of correct conclusions on these questions, the KANSAS FARMER will, during the year, contain valuable will, during the year, contain valuable papers from its special coutributors and editorials prepared with reference to facts, fairness as to reasoning and correctness as ta conclusions.
Never in the history of the State were the farmers of western Kansas so busy at this time of the year as during the present autumn, putting in a large acreage of completed the seeding, and the busy season is not yet over, for the bulk of the
wheat in stack is yet to be threshed and corn to be husked. It has been next to mpossible to secure enough help and orses to do the Pall work on time. Generally speaking, for the entre stato the farm work for spring, summer and anl has been unusuaily pressing. The pring opened late and harvest came on before the cullivation of corn was com pleted, and following havest was resumed again; then came the threshing of seed wheat. Very few were able to get machines to thresh out the entire small grain crops, being glad to get enough for seod; following this came the haying season, followed by the seeding of wheat, and to complete he work of the season of 1891 together with the care of stock will make a busy winter for most Kansas farmers. It wil require all the help, machinery and horses complete the work on the crops of 1891 by the time the work of the new year begins.
OFFIOIAL MOBTGAGE STATISTIOS.
The Superintendent of the Censu.3 has just issued an extra census bulletin entitled "Statistics of Farms, Homes and Mortgages, Kansas.'
This shows the amount of indebtedness secured by real estate in the State, January 1, 1890, to have been $8235,485,108$, exclusive of mortgages for commissions paid to loan agents. Of this amount $\$ 167,145,039$, or 70.98 per cent., was on acres, or almost exclusively farms, and $\$ 68,340$, 060 , or 29.02 per cent. was on lots.
According to the report of the State
Auditor for 1889 and 1890 , pas Auditor for 1889 and 1890, page 418, the aggregate assessed valuation of lands in Kansas in 1890 was $\$ 168,285,199.17$, and the aggregate assessed valuation of town lots was $872,814,873.70$.
The writer regrets that these comparisons do not make a more favorable show Ing. But it is dishonest, and at the same time bad policy, to distort the truth. It is better to look the facts squarely in the face and direct our course accordingly. It is some rellef to know that the estimate of Superintendent Porter, that the assessed valuation is only about onefourth of the true value of the real estate is approximately correct. Town lots are generally assessed at less than one-fourth while farms are assessed at rather more than one-fourth of their true value. The bulletin shows that not far from hree-fourtins of the mortgage indebted ness was incurred for purchase money, mprovements, and to buy stock. This is favorable commentary as to the frugality of Kansas horrowers, showing that they have not gone into debt foolishly.
The showing as to the rates of interest gives the largest amounts as drawing 8,9 or 10 per cent., although considerable amounts are borrowed at as low as 6 , and others as high as 12 per cent. The average ate is not far from 9 per cent.
The comparison of mortgage indebtedness and assessed valuation by counties is in some instances starting, but the late date at which the official bulletin is received makes it necessary to defer until another time a tabulated comparative every investigator of the mortgage problem.
OUR VETERINART EDITOR APPREOIATED.
The Manhattan Republic says that "Dr. Orr has been engaged by Supt. Cottrell to act as veterinary adviser for Vice President Morton's great farm at Rinechiff . Y. There are 111 head or pure-bred This engagement is a well-merited compliment to Dr. Orr.
Our readers will be glad to note this merited compliment to the skill and ability of our Veterinary editor, Dr. S. C. Orr, who has conducted so successfully that depart ment of the Kansas Farmer. His writings have been so practical and valuable that Dr. Orr has gained a repatation not confined to the State of Kansas,
but has actually become national, as shown by his selection as the veterinary adviser for the superintendent of the farm owned by the Vice President of the United States.
The Kansas Farmer is glad of this merited recognition of one of our staff, and especially so since the offer came unsolicited to Dr. Orr, and he will attend to this duty by correspondence with the superintendent of the farm. This new duty and honor conferred on our Veterinary editor will not interfere with his work on this paper.

OHEESE FAOTORIES IN KANSAS. Recently an Inquiry was recelved by this paper from a Jefferson county subscriber wanting to know the number of cheese factories in Kansas and why more were not in operation in the State. The Inquiry was riferred to to Mr. E. R.
KimbaH, manager of the Creamery PackKimbaH, manager of the Creamery Pack-
are Manufacturing Co., at Kansas Clty, age Manufacturing Co., at Kansas Clity, Mo., for answer, and in his reply hestates: "That at the present time there are fourteen ckeese factories in operation in the of year it pays dairymen to make the milk into butter instead of cheese, on account of the present high prices that butter is bringing. It has always been a wonder to me that there are no more cheese factorles In Kansas, but the fact of the matter is that Kansas as a dairy State is yet new. Creamerles and cheese factories are coming into the State and we look for a great many of them to be started durin the coming year.
There is but little doubt that the dairy interests of Kansas will make rapid and substantial growth hereafter. There has been more pure-bred and grade HolstelnFriesian cattle brought in and sold in Kansas during the past five years than any other breed of cattle, and the progress and development of the dairy industry has been reasonably rapld since it has began to attract the attention of our people. The atract the attention of our people. The
conditions favorable to its development have in many respects been unfavorable have in many respects been unfavorable
antll recently, but now everything promises better, making the outlook bright indeed for thls industry, which will grow in importance from year to year and add in importance from year to

## SUGAR MANUFAOTURE A SURE suouess.

The Louistana Planter, which is the great sugar journal of this country, in speaking of the progress made in the
Northern suagrin industry by the introduction of the alcohol process, says:
"In the sorghum sugar manufacture marked progress has been made, as is shown by reviewing its history. In the
fifties, sorghum was extolled as a sugarproducing plant, but no sugar of account producing plant, butno sugar of account
was made. In the sixties and in the sevwas made. In the sixties and in the seventies, sorghum was simply a syrup-pro-
ducing plant. In the eighties, thirty to dorty pounds of sugar per ton of cane were made, resulting in pecuniary losses. In the nineties, 150 pounds of first sugar per ton of cane has been easily obtainable,
and, allowing for further increase in yield and, allowing for further increase in yield obvious improvements in the manufacture, and from greater experience, it is confi-
dently expected that the nineties will dently expecied that the nineties will
show that 200 pounds of first sugar can be obtained from a ton of cleaned sorghum cane.
"A yield of 150 pounds of first sugar admits the establishment of an important industry on a safe basis. There are many millions of acres of land in the Southwest
whose soil and climate are admirably whose soil and climate are admirably
fitted to produce sorghum cane containfitted to produce sorghum cane contain-
ing 246 pounds of sugar in a ton of ing 246 pounds of sugar in a ton of
trimmed cane, that is cane cleaned of leaves and seed, and of this 246 pounds of sugar, 150 pounds is known to be easily
obtainable, so that with the second sugar obtainable, so that with the second sugar
the total yield will not fall much short of the total yield will not fall much short of
200 pounds of sugar per ton of clean cane. The cultivation of sorghum is much easier and less expensive, in the Southwest, than the cultivation of sugar cane or of sugar to $\$ 2.50$ per ton, while the cost of sugar beets reaches 84 to $\$ 5$ per ton for the same percentage of sugar.
"And now sorghum sugar manufacture, having the diffusion process and the alcohol process, enters a new era, an era of success. It has now a business basis,
instead of a theoretical basis."

AMERIOAN FAT STOOK SHOW. The premium list of the American Fa
Stock Show is before us. The exhibition will be opened to the public on Whibltion will be opened to the public on Wednesday
November 11, at 9 o'clock a. m., and w1l continue day and evening untll Saturday continue day and evening until Saturday,
November 21 , at $10 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Live stock meetings to be held during the exhibltion are as follows:
November 12,Thursday.-The American Clydesdale Assoclation, at Grand Pacific Secretary, Springfield. Ill. The American Essex Assoclation, at the Sherman
at 7:30 o'clock p, m. Wm. M. Wiley, Sec-
retary, New Augusta, Ind. retary, New Augusta, Ind.
November 17, Tuesday.-The American Cleveland Bay Assoclation, at the Sherman house, at 7 o'clock p. m. R. P. Stericker, Secretary, Spring field, III. The American Hereford Cattle Breeders' Assoclation, at the Leland hotel, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. C. R. Thomas, Secretary,
Independence, Mo. The American Sussex Independence, Mo. The American Sussex Association, at the Leland hotel, at 8
o'clock p. m. Overton Lea, Secretary, o'clock p. m. Overton Lea, Secretary,
Nashville, Tenn. The National Swine Breeders' Association, at the Sherman house, at 2 o'clock p. m. Phil M. Springer, Secretary, Spring itield, Ill.
November 18, Wednesday.-The Amerlcan Shire Horse Association, at the Sherman house, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Charles Burgess, Secretary, Wenona, III. 'The
A merican Short-horn Breeders' AssoclaAmerican Short-horn Breeders' Associa-
tion, at the Grand Pactic hotel, at 8 o'clock p.m. J. H. Plekrell, Secretary, Chicago, Ill.
November 19, Thursday.-The convention of Holsteln-Friesian breeders, at the Grand Pactic hotel, at 3 o'clock p. m.
Thomas B. Wales, Secretary, Iowa Clty, Thomas B. Wales, Secretary, Iowa Clty,
Iowa. The Ameilican Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Assoclation, at the Leland hotel, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Thos. McFarland, Secretary, Iowa City, Iowa. The
A merican Hackney Stud Book AssoclaAmerican Hackney Stud Book Associa-
tlon, at the Sherman house, at 7 o'clock tlon, at the Sherman house, at 7 o'clock
p. m. J. G. Truman, Secretary, Bushnell, III. The Victoria Swine Breeders' Assoclation, at the Sherman house, at 7:30
o'clock p. m. Geo. F. Davis, Secretary o'clock p .
Dyer, Ind.
November 20, Friday.-The American Suffolk Horse Assoclation, at the Grand Pacific hotel, at $7: 30$ o'clock p. m. A. R.
Galbraith, Secretary, Janesville, W/s. Galbraith, Secretary, Janesville, Wis.

## Rice Oounty Fair.

One of our representatives, who was in attendance at the Rice county fair, held last week at Lyons, reports that the exwas a fine display of agricultural products
mater was a fine display of agriculitural products
the great attraction was that of a most magnificent display of fine stock. Among the worthy and successful exhibitors, he nentions the following:
J. M. Chattem, display of garden vegetables, took first premlum. He had some very fine potatoes of the Early Ohio variety. Thomas Wood displayed some
of the finest potatoes ever seen in this of the finest potatoes ever seen in this
part of the State. Dr. Kerfoot carred away two first premtums, on squash and watermelon. J. L. Farney, first on oats. C. E. Wagoner took first premium on
Light Brahmas, Buff Cochin, Partridge Cochin, Rose-comb Langhshans and Brown Leghorns. H. L. Thompson, first on Wyandottes.
Albert Wynn, President of the fair
association-and for which place there could not have been madea better selection -had one of the finest displays of horseflesh ever seen in that portion of the State. He took first on two-year-old graded
Percheron, the best two-year-old on the Pround ground, add second on two yearing
graded Percheron colts. E. G. Suttle, first premiums on four-ypar-old English Shire, seven-elghths blood; colt six months old, and mare colt. The colt was the best on the ground. John J. Guethlim, first on colt takes on sucking cor twelve, and any age or breed Aaron Bell, second on two-year-old Percheron colt, welghing 1,270 pounds. The Alligon Horse Breeders' Assoclation, first 1, 650, a very fine animal purchased o Dunham. Also first on a cross between a French coach and a Hambletonian,
very fine horse in all of his points. J. LaFlower, first on Percheron stallion, graded Percheron, and English coach. Hebron Horse Company, first on Clyd W. W. Miller, first on his back anima stallion, Woodfield No. 2192. This animal is one of the highest bred in southwestern Kansas, and is a fine individual and a greatsire. One of his fillies, 16 hands high three-year-old race. Woodfield has taken frst in every ring in which he has been shown. T. E. Nash, first on stallion, by Ethan Allen, by Casteel, by Almont by Ethan Allen, by Casteel, by Almon
No. 33; second on another horse by Harry Floyd, by Junius by Dictater by Hamble loyd, by Junius by Dictater by Hamble ld Mixus, sired by Newmont by Bellmon am Nina, by Don Cossack.
Frank Lasley Con Cossack.

Frank Truesdall, first on Jersey bull and second on Jersey cow. M. J. Chase, first
on three-year-old Jersey bullis J. F. Caldwell, first on three-year-old Short-horn cow, yearling bulls, sucking calf, yearling calf, second on three-year-old cow, first
on Poland-Cuina boar over one year old, on Poland-Cuina boar over one year old,
over six months, and under six months, and best sow under six months.

Live Stook at the World's Fair. Chief Buchanan, of the World's Colum bian Exposition Live Stock Department, stock premlum list to the varions falr and breeders' associations of the country, and is recelving encouraging responses. Besides the larger premiams offered by the Exposition for a llve stock exhtbit, all the various breeders' as:oclations are offering large prizes. As an evidence of the widespread interest taken in the live stock show, A. E. Manasell, of Shropshire, England, offers a prize of 8500 for the best State of Illinols offers $\$ 40,000$ in premiums State of Ilinols offers $\$ 40,000$ in premiums
for live stock; the Clydesdale horse for live stock ; the Clydesdale horse
breeders offer 85,000 extra prizes; the cattle associztions offer extra prizes as follows: Galloway, 83,000 ; Short-horn, 86,000 ; Hereford, 85,000 ; Jersey, 810,000 and Holsteln, 810,000 . The swine, sheep and dog breeders also offer extra money prizes. The money prizes to be pald for which which, of course, includes the sum of
8150,000 voted by the Exposition company for premiums in that department. The for premiums in that department. The
Exposition buildings for the accommodation of llve stock will cover thirty acres.

## Publishors' Paragraphs.

The Farm, Fteld and Strckman, of Chicago, is offering 350 special premiums, con8isting of articles and cash, valued at 1892 , to the 350 persons making up the 35 largest clubs. They will send a circular describing the plan of the "Farmers education.
We call the attention of our readers to he advertisement in another column o has. P. Willard \& Co., 3 Dominick St., chicago, who manufacture a large variety persons interested in engines to send for their handsome illustrated catalogue, which will be mailed free of charge to any ne applying for it.
Worth Looking At. - "Turn to the press-its teeming sheets survey, blg with the wonders of each passing day." Among these the eye will pause to look at
an old famillar family need in new dress. an old famillar family need in new dress. and bring cheer and hope to the pain tricken. The columns of this paper are graced by its reappearance. It is wel-
come, for what it promises to do, it does come, for what it promises to do, it does an ample show of performance. The ight thing, in the right place, at the right time, experlence has proved it to be.
Upon this it has won public confidence and Upon this it has won public confidence and esteem, for while St. Jacobs Oll, the great remedy for pain, thus makes its annual rounds and renews its pledges of prompl and permanent cure, its continual suctrue and what it does is sure. Its best recommendation is its true reputation apon which all may depend for cure and comfort.
In spite of the wonderful commercial and industrial progress of the United tates, we are still to a large extent using bame soft, dusty, muddy country roads organization has donemote ancestors. No surprising state of things than the League of American Wheelmen; and its Secretary Mr. Isaac B. Potter, of New York, has a word to say in the November Forum about the evil and its cure. He considers that the cost to the farmar, of carting his soll" that serves us as a highway, is no small factor in the existing agricultural depression, and points out that the cost of maintaining proper public wagon roads, chough great, is more than repaid to the cent property ane enhanced value of adjasupports by statistics. It is to be hoped that Mr. Potter and his co-workers will succeed in rousing our rural communities which makes os the laviuing-stock European travelers in this country.

Our First Page Illustration Every farmer or breeder who sets up an artabishment for the rar and deserves all the oncourarement pos sible, both from his fellow farmers and home farm journal. A breeder with home farm journal. A breeder with
representalive anlmals of any puie breed of stock must necessarily expend conside able money and tlme before returns glve him any returns on his investment. The subject of our illustration this wee is the Hozolharst and Island stok
 county, and Hoge Leven, wavdotho and is one of the new breeding firms Kansas the Kansas that which they hope for on the basiness, which hey hope for on thel eris. $o$ Ho. Keln-Friesian a Son ar reeders of Hoiseln-Friesian catile and Poland-China swine, which they keep at
the Island farm at Connors, and the Shropshire sheep, English Shire horses and Berkshire swine are kept at the Hazelhurst farm at Hoge, Kas.
Among their Holsteln-Friesian cattle are Bright Promise, with a milk record 00 pounds per day; scores 96 points in the Advance Registry score standard Dallas B. Whipple, of Cuba, New York who brought out Pletertje 2d, and who wned her when she gained the world's hamplonship that she still holds, says of Bright Promise, that he considers her etter cow than Pletertje 2d. She has hown in the Eastern fairs and was neve eaten in her class. They had a chanc o buy Empress Josephine at just hal hat they paid for Bright Promise. Then hey have Belle Sitske, a five-year-old elfer, that has made 38 pounds 7 ounce of well-worked salted butter in seven day when she was giving 80 pounds of milk per day, in June, while in May she had Iven fiom 100 to as high as 110 pound milk per day. This is the highest know or an are, (Parthen of her or seven days, (Parthenia being dead) nd is only excooded by 1 pound 3 ounces ) Manll Maple Hill 60, has always been a prl Finner at the leading Western fair
The Shropshire flock is headed by the mported ram, Grand Delight, which that famous Illinols breeder, Mr. Stone, was
commissioned to secure as the best in commission
The Berkshire swine are headed by the oar, Royal Champion, unsurpassed in his breeding, having been sired by Volunteer, he by the famous Longfellow, his dam by Duke of Monmouth. Royal Champion's dam was Silver Tips, by British Champion d, dam Sally Girl by Soverelgn Duke, the greatest show boar of his day. Silver
Tips, his dam, has won several State and istrict falr prizes.
Their Poland-China swine, like the other classes of stock, are richly bred and grand Individuals. At the Inter-State Fair, at Kansas City, they had five head on exhiblition, and took first on boar under one year, first on young herd, sweepstakes on boar any age, and also sweepstakes on ow any age.
Messrs. Kirkpatrick \& Son have made a splendid start in the right direction with the various classes of stock which they handle, and deserve credit for their enterprise and merit the increasing business which they report.

## The Old Reliable.

Go to Denver on the Fast Vestibuled Express of the Union Paclic and partake of the elegant meals served in the Pull
Spokane is reached by the Union Pacific direct: It is the center of the Palouse country, one of the richest sections of Washington.
Cheyenne, the capital of Wyoming and the center of the cattle industry of the United States, is reached best by the Union Pacific.
Take the Union Pacific and its Oregon Short Line to Portland.
The Union Pacific is the only road runing through the famous Alpine Tunnel, 1.596 feet a bove ses level

Bear in mind, that the Union Pacific takes second-class passengers through on Fast Express trains.
Through Pullman Palace Sleepers beween Denver and New Orleans via the Union Pacific only

## §orticulture.

Joint Session of Hortioulturists. Editor Kansas Farmer:-The joint meeting of the Douglas County Horticultural Soeiety, with that of the Missourl Valley Society, was held as per program, Valley Society, was held as per prosram, at the residence of Mr. E. Taylor, at
Edwardsville, on Saturday, October 17. Edwardsville, on weather was perfect, the attendance large, and the exercises Interesting and large, and the exercises
varied. In addition to the strong reprevaried. In adations from the two societies, the local attendance was quite large, embracing nearly all the young people of the village. The meeting was decorated winh potato kings-ling strakbicle king, The latter king, and the Chly king by name. There however, was only king by name. There were also several Colonels, Captains and Majors in the meeting, both ex-Federals and ex-Confederates, but of course no reference wa
pleasantness.

## pleasantness.'

Col. Evans presided and Maj. Holsinger served as Secretary. After a sumptuous dinner served by the ladies and enjoyed by more than a hundred persons, the
meeting opened with an excellent paper meeting opened wr Taylor on the history and progress by Mr. Taylor on the history and progres portance to mankind through all the ages portance to mankind through all the agea
of the world's history. Fruits have always of the world's history. Fruits have charms in all civilized countries. The higher the in all civilized countries. The higher the civilization the more will fruits and ticulture promotes health, intelligence, ticulture promotes health,
and consequentiy happiness.
The subject of spraying fruit trees with arsenic poisons for the parpose of destroy ng insects was discused at lig. Maj Pratt doubted its ex pediency. He belleve we destroyed by this method as many rilendly insects as injurious, besides the danger of injuring the fruit, when sprayed too late. It was stated that a carload of grapes from New York state, which had been sprayed with London purple, was lately condemned and destroyed as being nsafe to be eaten.
B. F. Smith was called upon to give his experience with pear culture. He said, in substance, that every farmer ought to have at least a few pear trees growing, and the more the better. He recommended s succession as follows: The Tyson first early, then following Clapp's Favorite, Bartlett, Seckel, Sheldon and Buerre 'd Anjou. The Duchess he considered too coarse, and the Winter Nelis too small and inferior. With regard to blights, the Bartlett suffers badly, but has the redeeming habit, which no other variety seems to have, of sending ou
which soon go into bearing.
which soon go into bearing.
It may not be out of place here to speak of Mr. Taylor's farm and his methods. The farm consists of 400 acres of rich bottom land. This year he raised 240 acres of Irish potatoes, yielding abont 20,000 bushels. As soon as they weredug, which was about the first of July, the land was immodiately planted with corn which yielded twenty-five busheis per acre. This corn, stalks and all, is cut up into small pleces by steam power and elevated into a 500 -ton silo. With this ensilage he is feeding 100 head of steers. The cattle are chained to their mangers, with hoth feed and water trough in front. An abundance of feed and water is kept before them from morning till-night, and the steers are kept in their stalls till they are ready for mar ket. In this way they put on twice the amount of fat in a glven time that they would if fed out of doors and allowed to run around.
By harvesting two crops the same year Mr . 'Taylor gets a double amount of products, and by his manner of feeding the corn crop, he obtains the maximum amount of nutriment it possesses. All farmers, however, cannot follow his plan. His land is extra good and he has plenty of capital to work it with.
At half past 4 o'clock p. m. the meeting adjourned for one year, and the fruit growers boarded the trains running both east and west for their respective homes.
Samuel Reynolds.
Lawrence, Kas. Lawrence, Kas.

## A Oheap Flower Pit.

I kept $m y$ tender roses last winter by having a frame made of planks, write a correspondent in Popular Gardening. This frame was set on the ground and the earth inside taken out to a depth of one to
one and one-half feet, and .thla parth
banked up the frame. Then I filled in first, horse manure, then muck them with glass, and in cold weather with a plece of carpet. The last of the winter I put more manure on the outside, and my roses kept green all winter, and in the early spring sent ont fine strong shoots, which have borne some of the tinest roses I ever saw I shall try other plants the same way this winter. This would hardly be called a pit, but has been a very inexpensive

## Horticultural Notes,

 The Floride Horticultural Soclety has asked for three acres in which to show an the World's Fair.Dahlia and other fleshy-rooted plants tored in cellars are apt to shrivel up it exposed to dry air. If necessary, place
them in a box and cover with sand or dry hem in a box and cover
Whenever a tree is transplanted, and the roots are short and apparently insuf ficient, cut back the top and the tree (or ine) will thrive much better than if the branches should remain. The roots are more important than the portion above more im
Spinach is a winter plant, and provides early greens. The seed may be sown as ate as November if the soll be warm The ground should be rich and the seed own rather thickly. A covering of lesve or straw during the winter would prove beneficial.
The American Pomological Soclety, a its recent annual meeting in Washington, decided to make an exhibit at the Worid Fair classified by state and county assoclations, and also by of siz to with the Horticultural Department, and with the Horticultural
Hold the tree upright while the hole i being filled in, and shake it, in order tha he soll may get well worked in between the roots. When the tree is properly placed, fill up the rest of the hole, and tread it well in, not by pressing the soll
close to the stem, but by treading on it all round where the points of the roots are.

## Ohio Breeders' Association,

Mr. W. B. Fasig, of Cleveland, President above Association, writes: "I can say candidly,
Ouinn's Ointment is the most valuable remedy my opinion now before the public." For urbs, Splints, Spavins, Windpuffis or Bunches, it has no equal. Trial box 25 cents, silver or W. B. Eddy \& Co., Whitehall, N. Y

Money in Oabbage and Oelery. "Blood will tell." Good crops ca e grown with poor strains of seed For sixteen years Tillinghast's Puge Sound Cabbage, Caulfllower and Celery Seeds have been gaining in popularity The most extensive growers all over the Union now consider them the best in the
world. A catalogue giving full particulars regarding them will be sent free to any one interested. When writing for
enclose 20 cents in silver or postage stamp enclose 20 cents in silver or postage stamps and we will also send "How to Grow its weight in gold to any grower who has never read it. Address

Isaac F Tillinghast La Plume, Pa.
The Way to Go.
You have seen California frequently mentioned in newspapers and magazines. Perhaps a friend has been there, and writes enthusiastic letters back home about he climate and the fruits. It makes yo anxious to see the country for yourself.
The time to go is in the Fall and Winter Then work here is less pressing and Cal ornia climate is most pleasing. The way 0 go is via Santa Fe Route, on one of tha ine's popular, personally conducted par tles, leaving Chtcago every Saturday even ing, and leavi
Special agents and porters in attendanc Pullman tourist sleepers are used, fu nished with bedding, mattressea, tolle articles, etc. Second class tickets hon ored. Write to G. T. Nicholson, G. P. T. A., Santa Fe Rjute, Topeka, Kas. for copy of folder describing these excur sions.
Topeka Shorthand Institute, 521 and 523 Tuincy St., Topeka, Kas.

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## VICTIMS OF CATARRH

## Are permanently cured by the on the blood. Give it a trial.

"I suffered for years from chronic catarrh
hich destroyed my appetite and undermined my general health. None of the rem edies I took afforded me any relief, until commenced using Ayer's Sarsaparilla. am now entirely free from this dlsgusting disease."-Susa
Roxbury, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

## The Doultry Yard.

Only $\$ 9,000$ Appropriated. It may not be generally known that the
 for his services, yet it is true, and also hat the solicitors for the fair appointed n each State are pald \$6 per day for their nd Stoch liew ths 1 des sem the 30,000 for thays competency for the average citizen for a ife time, and that the streams of gold onstantly pouring into the laps of the workers of this concern, that Chicag ught to be satisfied and fulfill the prom路 nent, that if an appropriation of si, 000 was given the lair and then Chicago, that cily wald then carry through to the finish. But now she want he governme And for what? Not any more dollars hor he poaltry department. Only 9,000 has representing one of the most valuable industries of the world. If St. Louls or New York had gotten the falr elther place, would they now be begging the government for more money to carry and only agpropriate $\$ 9,000$ to the poultry department? But this only goes to show how little the commissioners know about an industry that is the greatest in the clvilized world. There is beyond a doubt no other business so extensively carried
on and so little talked of as the poultry business, and is no doubt looked upon by the managers of the proposed World's Fair as a small affair, and it would be next to an impossibility to make them zunderto be an industry for unparalleled magnito be
tude.
Give us the value of one year of all the eggs and poultry consumed in Europe and the United States and we will build twenty world fair buildings and pay twenty chie clerks, and have millions left to the credit of the old hen.
The Poultry Assoclation of Kansas must have five thousand $(5,000)$ eggs for the various incubators that will be on exhibition at their coming poultry show the egss will ban eggs should write to J. P. Lucas, Secreaggs s
tary.


Some
Children
Growing
Too Fast
gy, thin and weak. But you can fortify them and build them up, by the
scorts EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES They will take it readily, for it is ale should be remembered that As A PREVENTIVE OR CURE OF COUGHS OB COLDS, If BOTH THE OLD AND YOUNB, IT I8,
UNEOUALLED. Avold substitutions offered.
PLAYS

Worth \$5 a bottle.
My son - now firteen years or age-was roubleu for a long time with catarrh, in its orood became poisoned. We tried various medicines and almost despaired of ever anding a remedy; but about a year ago he began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, has taken
seven bottles of it, and is now entirely well."

## STEKETEE'S <br> IMPROVFD IVG GHOGHRA GJRF

## What They gay or stoketoo's Hoz




 Hen
 G. G. STEKEETEE,

## Mention Kaxeas Fabigri.

MASON \& HAMLIN
examine the new Mason \& $\mathrm{H}_{\text {ammin }}$ Piano and Organ ctamlin Grand and Upright Pianos are constructed
on an Improved Method of Stringing, invented and
exclusively used by Mason \& Hamin, by which excluasively used by Mason \&z Hingiln, by which
remarkable purity of tone and grat durability aro
gecured, and phenomenal capacity to stand in ORGAN: perts " the greatest improvement of the century "In pianos, American Pianos and Organs are superior
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## In the Dairy.

## Dairy Statistics.

There are $\$ 2,000,500,000$ invested in the dairy business of the country, says the merlcan Analyst
That a monnt is almost double the money invested in banking and commercial industries. It is estimated that it requires $15,000,000$ cows to supply the demand for milk and its products in the United States. To feed these cows $60,000,000$ acres of land are under cultivation. The agricultural and dairy machine implements are worth $8200,000,000$. The men employed in the business number 750,000, and the horses are over $1,000,000$. There are over $12,000,-$
000 horses, all told. The cows and horses 000 horsses, all told. The cows and horses annually consume $30,000,000$ tons of hay and nearly $90,000,000$ bushels of corn meai, about the same amount of oat meal, 275,000,000 bushels of oats, $2,000,000$ bushels of bran and $30,000,000$ bushels of corn, to say nothing of the browery grains, sprouts and other questlonable feed of various kinds that are used to a great extent. It costs $8450,000,000$ to feed these horses and cows. The average price paid to the laborers necessary in the dairy tusiness is probably $\$ 20$ per month, amounting to $8180,000,000$ a year. The average cow yields about 450 gallons of millk a year, which gives a total product of $6,750,000,000$. Twelve cents a galion is a fair price to estimate the value of the milk at, a total
return to the dairy farmers of $8810,000,000$, if they sold all the milk as milk. But 5 per cent. of their milk is made into cheese and butter. It takes twenty-seven pounds of milk to make.one pound of butter and ten pounds to make one pound of cheese. There is the same amount of albuminolds in elght and one-half pounds of milk as there is in one pound of beef. A fat steer furnishes 50 per cent. of boneless beef, but it would require $24,000,000$ steers, weighing amount of nutrition as the annual milk product does.

## Warm Water in Winter

Prof. Roberts, of Cornell University, claims that warm water at a very low fed to his dairy cow. John Boyd, of Chicago, tells us that it increased his cow's milk flow 25 per cent. to warm her water up to blood heat. Prof. Shelton, of the saves 12 per cent. of the food to warm the water for his cuws. H. C. Adams, Suprintendent Wisconsin Institute, says that in his experience, it has increased his flow at least 25 per cent. He further says a cow will not drink all she needs when the in her digestive processes because she doesn't do it. The first winter he gave his cows warm water they shed their coats along in February, and came out in May as sleek and smooth and looked as nicely a they ordinarily did before in the latter part of June. The large quantities o out all the channels of their circulation out ali them healthy and vigorous and thrifty.

## Bitter Oream,

The New York Dairy Commissloner says that when milk or cream is held too long, although it may be in a cold temperature, in which the ordinary acidity may not be developed, a bitter taste is often developed which is imparted in butter and destroys its value. It is the opinion of our experts that this bitterness is another form of purlach ferment, which is pecuilar to a cold temperature, and not active or marked as the actaulous ferment, itself more or less rankly, according to the conditions. The remedy is, never to hid the milk for the cream to rise longer than twenty-four hours, and the cream not longer than thirty-six hours. Under specially favorable conditions and surtended. It is not, however, a safe rule to Insure sweet and good butter; the earlier churning and skimming are recommended. not admit of these safe rules belng applied, the conditions should be made to conform to them.
Two cows under certain care and feed have made phenomenal yields in butter. One, Pauline Paul, of the Holsteln-Frie-
pounds and $15 \%$ ounces in one year, and 1,028 pounds period. Its and 15\% ounces for the same period. It is now proposed to pit these cows against each other for a year with a view
to determining which breed is best. Could folly go any further?

To give a dellcious fiavor to roast lamb, ooll a tablesponnful of cloves and two or hree sticks of cinnamon in water, and then use the water to baste the lamb with
As a family medicine, Ayer's Pills excel all others. They are sulted to every age and, being sugar-coated, are easy to take. Though searching and thorough in effect they are mild and pleasant in action, and their use is attended with no injurious results.
A correspondent of the Home Maker writes: If you have never eaten little cakes made from the following recipe, put off that pleasure no longer: One cup of batter, two cups of brown sugar, four eggs, one cup of chopped raisins, one teaspoonful of soda, one heaping teaspoonfu clnnamon, one teaspoon even full of course), about half a nutmer grated Flour to roll out smoothly. Cut with cut

The warm night wrappers now made o soft wool stockinette are especially wel o.me in traveling on the ocean or across the country in winter. The wrappers aade of blanketing are also useful, and in may be worn over an ordingertain of heat way be worn over an ordinary cotton gown invalid. The they are also a boon to an rrappers The blankets to make these wrappers are to be loundin a reat variety plain colors with striped borders, and n stripes and plaids. The sllvery gray pecially dainty and pretty.

## "German Syrup" <br> Here is something from Mr. Frank

 A. Hale, proprietor of the De Witt Mouse, Lewiston, and the Tontine Hotel, Brunswick, Me. Hotel men meet the world as it comes and goes, and are not slow in sizing people and things up for what they ar father and several brothers and sisfather and several brothers and sisand is himself frequently troubled Hereditary often coughs enough Consumptionhis stomach. Whenver he has takencold of this kind he uses Boschee's German Syrup, and it cures him every time. Here is a man who bles and would therefore be most particular as to the medicine he used. What is his opinion? Listen!."I use nothing but Boschee's German Syrup, and have advised, I presume, more than a hundred different persons to take it. They agree with me that it is the best cough syrupin the market."
CANCERS SOBOEVLA AND TUTORS
Permanently oured, without the ald of the Knife
or Plester, or detention from busines. Semd for Proor, naming this paper. Consoltation free. DR. N. O. W. DESHLER, Speolalist
625 Hartoon Stroot TOPEK, KANSAS.

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VEAL, HAY, GRAIN, BROOM CORN, WOOL, HIDES, POTATOES, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS Op AMYHMEG YOU MAY HAVE SO SHIP. Quto
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 Varieties Vines, plants, Etc.


The hargoest and Nicent stook in tho Wit
 HART PIONEER NURSERIEO





ANSY PILLSI

## The Beterinarian.



Answer.-The extreme lameness is very likely due to an inflamed condition of all or a part of the inner structures of the and the sore is in a healthy condition, the healing process should be continued by omitting the poultice and applying, twice a day, a wash made of acetate of lead 1 ounce, sulphate of zinc 6 drachms, carbolic acid 2 drachms and rain water 1 quart. Apply to the parts of the joint where the skin is unbroken, or is already healed, a blister composed of one part of biniodide of mercury to six parts of lard, rubbing it in well, then tying the horse so he cannot get his nose to it for twenty-four hours, lame after the sore is all healed, apply a blister over the entire joint.
Bíg-JAW.-Will ypu kindly publish in ment for big-jaw in cattle, both in its incipient and the
Raton; N. M.

Answer.-Big-jaw - Actinomycosis-in cattle is due to the fungus Actinomyces ours, which oly ent the theod and only membrane. It is considered by many of our best suthorities to render the meat unfit for food, while a fow claim the the affection is only local. However this may be, all animals found to be so affected are be, all animals condem the inspectors at ur wisely condents. The best method of treat ment within our own wersonal knowledge is that recommended by Dr, H. J. Detmers, of Columbus, Ohlo, which is as fol lows: In the incipient stage, when the tumor is where there is no danger of wounding important blood vessels, complete excision with the knife is the bes trestment. But if this cannot be done then make the following mixture: Arsen lous acid, $1 / 2$ ounce; caustic potash (in sticks), 2 drachms; powdered gum arabic ounce; rain water, 1 ounce; mix all well together, put it in a wide-mouthed bottle and label poison. Now open the abscoss, dip several small pieces of cotton into the mixture, and with a stick push them to the bottom of the opening and then plug up with dry cotton. In a few days th swelling will gradually subside, and in two or three months the part will drop out and the wound will have healed behind it. If the caustic has reached all the fungi
the cure will be complete, but if a single parasite remains the disease will break out again. In the advanced stage, where
the bone is greatly affected, it is incurable. A Peculiar Case.-I have an eight or nine-year-old mare that ralsed a colt at
three years old, and one each succeeding three years old, and one each succeeding
year until last year, when she falled to year until last year, when she falled to
come in heat. Last spring she came in
and we bred her, but do not think she is in and we bred her, but do not think she is in
Toal. Two montas ago she began to man-
ifest symptoms of uneasiness, by shaking fest symptoms of uneasiness, by shaking
er head, and would rub her neck and tail ntil she has lost nearly all the long halr
rom both, and the hair now seems to be from both, and the hair now seems to be
coming in white. She has lost her appecoming in whetting thin. She seems, also to be losing her mind for she was so gentle
that the children could drive her, but now she kicks and bucks in the harness so tha and contInually shakes her head and withers while being harnessed. M. K.
Delphos, Kas. Delphos, Kas.
Answer.-Your case is certainly a pe culiar one, yet we think that an examina tion by a qualified veterinarian migh discover the cause. Examine both th poll and the withers for a slight sweling. of the tail for an eruption of the skin, and if you find anything new report to us again. In the meantime feed the mare on for a week or two. Also give, at once, as a drench, 1 ounce of Barbadoes aloes dissolved in 1 pint of warm water, and repeat it again in one week. Give in the feed, three times a day, a heaping tablespoonfu of the following powder: Sulphur, 1 pound nitrate of potash, 4 ounces; powhered potida, parts worm water and castile soap, and rub in some of the following ointment Lard, 4 ounces; sulphur, 1 ounce; carbolic Laid 2 drachms; mix. Do not let the ma get wet.

## MARKET REPORTS.

## LIVE BTOOK MARKETS

## Kaness Oity

## CATTLE-Receipts 8,228. November $2,1891$.

 good cattle scarce, but a s. slow, weak market.hipping sters, 3 , $30400 ;$ corn-fed Colorado,
h3

 HOG8-Recelpts
marke was had. RRinge of packers' hogs, 8350
a3 95: bull of sales, 8 boas 85.
SHEEP-Recelipt, SHEEP-Receipts 1,005. Market a little weak for all good killing sheep. Arizonas, $\$ 375$,
Colorados 830 , HORSES-5 to 7 years: Draft, extra, 8140a
175; god, 8110135 . Saddiers, 8125a150. Mares
oxtra, 125145 .

 medium, 8105al25; 15\%/ hands, extra, 8130a150.

CATTLLE - Recelpts 19,000 November 2,181 Market steady
 Hogs - Reeolpts packers, 83 80a3 $90 ;$ prime heavy mand butcher

 St. Louls.
November 2, 2891.
elpts 2,100 . Market CATTLLE - Recelpts 2,100. Market steady ndian steers, 82202335 ; do. cows and canners,
竍 good, 82 40a3 60 .
GRAIN AND PRODUOE MARKETS. Kangas Oity.
WHEAT-Recelpts 158,000 busember 2, 1891.
 white, mixed 48 c . 71,000 bushels. No. 2 mixed
OATS-Recent

CASTOR BEANS-We quote crushing, in ca
lots, at 8175 per bushel upon the basis of pure nd'small lots 10 c per bushel less.
FLAXSEED-We quote at 882 c per bushol o the basis of pure.
HAY-RTecelpts
He quote: New prairle, fancy, 8650 ; good to
 Imothy, fancy, 8000 ; cholce, 8850

 St, Lonts

## WHEAT-Recelpts 251,000 bushels. No 2,2 res 181.

 ash,CORN - Receipts
57,000
bushels. No. 2 cash 88/3a50c. Recelpts 109,000 bushels. No. 2 cash

## ${ }_{89}{ }^{\text {HAY }} \mathbf{5 0 2 1 2} \mathbf{0 0}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WOOL MAREETS. } \\
& \text { st. Louls. }
\end{aligned}
$$

 from being active. Market quiet throughout, though steady at the sligh
 lamb, 2laz2c; coarse, 18a190; cotted
light fine, 20atcic; heavy flle, 16a17c; b
burry, 3asc less: hard burry, 13a15c.
the week ending October
The market for the
has been steady and quiet.
Kansas and Nebraska wo
Kansas and Nebrack wools move steadily a
rom 14atico for the heavy fine, and 18a200 fo the light fine, $17 a 190$ for the fine, medum, with
thellghter wools of this rade selling at $19221 c$
nedium is selling at 20a22. mediu

EIOREB OWNERSI
Caustic Balsam
$\qquad$
(—) Dir $\begin{gathered}\text { C. H. DURASD, } \\ \text { yOUR }\end{gathered}$

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 FOR WEEK ENDING OOTOBER 28, 1891 Cowley county-Salem Fouts, clerk.
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