# Kansas Farmer





# Firestone offers THREE POSITIVE WAYS TO GET MORE DRAWBAR PULL FROM YOUR TRACTOR

# **EQUIP YOUR TRACTOR WITH** Firestone CHAMPION GROUND TRACTOR TIRES

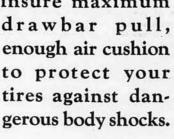
For greater drawbar pull, get the tires that deliver the greatest tread bar pull -Firestone Champions. It's no wonder they OUTpull all other tractor tires. One look at the tread bars is enough to tell why this tire outperforms

all other tires. Anyone can see that these bars take a deeper bite because they're higher, a bigger bite because they're longer, a stronger bite because they're Triple. Braced, and a sharper bite because they're especially curved for self-cleaning.

# HAVE YOUR TIRES HYDRO-FLATED

Firestone Hydro-Flation insures the right liquid-air ratio for maximum traction. You get enough liquid

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# INFLATE YOUR TIRES TO 12 POUNDS

By using only 12 pounds pressure, the whole tread is in full contact with the ground for greater drawbar pull. You



can do this safely with Firestone Champion Ground Grip Tractor Tires because the sidewalls are reinforced for low-pressure operation.



# THE FIRESTONE TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

AKRON, OHIO . MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE . LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

### Liberal Pond Program

Farmers desiring to build farm ponds in 1949 will find the regulations of Agri. cultural Conservation Program more liberal.

Prior approval on stock water dams is still required. But the amount is no longer limited by the number of acres in the pasture in which the dam is located. In the 1949 ACP program, county committees may approve an amount not exceeding \$750 for development of stock water dams in any size pasture. In previous programs, the maximum amount that could be approved by the county that could be approved by the county committee was restricted by the size

In addition to more liberal regulations under which practice payments may be earned for construction of farm ponds. the county committee can approve as-sistance to the producer for the fencing of the dam and reservoir area, for installation of trickle pipes or draw-down pipes to protect the spillway, and can also authorize payments for seeding and sodding earthen fills and filter strips. For large dams, where a considerable wave action occurs, county committees may assist operators by paying a part of the cost of rip-rapping the face of the dam as a protection against erosion by wave action by wave action.

### **Big Wheat Counties**

The 5 banner wheat-growing counties of Kansas each produced more than 5 million bushels in 1948, reports Hubert L. Collins, Federal-State statistician for Kansas. The 5 counties and their yields are: Ford, 6,291,000 bushels; Reno, 6,020,000; Sumner, 5,270,000; McPherson, 5,280,000; and Green 5,027,500; McPherson, 5,269,000; and Gray, 5,037.

Reno county holds the 10-year high production record (1939-48) with 53 million bushels. Sumner and Ford each

have produced 49 million, and McPherson and Barton, 43 million bushels each which is a lot of wheat.

Ford county has led in acreage seeded to wheat for 5 straight years. The county harvested 379,000 acres in 1948. Beno wes second with 250,000 1948. Reno was second with 350,000 acres, followed by Sumner, 340,000; Gray, 309,000; McPherson, 273,000; and Barton, 262,000.

Shawnee and Brown counties tied for first on high-average yields with 26 bushels, followed by Douglas at 25 and Atchison at 24.4 bushels.

One fourth of all winter wheat produced in the U. S. in 1948 was grown in

### **92 Soils Districts**

During 1948, twelve Kansas counties voted to establish soil-conservation districts, reports R. C. Lind, extension soil conservationist at Kansas State College in Manhattan. This brings the total in Kansas to 92, leaving only 13 counties in which districts have not been approved.

"The first district was set up just 10 years ago in Labette county," added

years ago in Labette county," added Lind. "There are now 22,483 farms in the state with soil-conservation plans that have been developed in co-operation with the soil-conservation districts. These farm plans cover 6,620.000 acres."

### Senator Capper on Radio

Every Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock Senator Arthur Capper discusses national questions over WIBW radio station.

### KANSAS FARMER

Continuing Mail & Breeze Topeka, Kansas

Vol. 86, No. 3

ARTHUR CAPPER
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# Vorma! Weather

Doesn't Happen Very Often

By A. D. ROBB, Meteorologist Weather Bureau, Topeka, Kansas

> westward decrease is at a much reduced rate.

The normal distribution of precipitation thru the months is quite interesting as shown in Chart No. 3. In the colder season there are 5 or 6 months in the west with less than an inch. With the gradual increase of precipitation toward the east we find that the most eastern stations all have more than an inch each month of the year. From this very light precipitation in winter, a sharp increase is observed beginning in the most eastern counties in Febru-

in the more western sections of Kansas. After the rain has increased to its peak of about 2.00 inches or more a month in the southwest, that amount continues to be received for about 4 months, while up in the northwest another month of 2 inches may be expected before the decline begins. In the eastern half all of the stations have 4 inches or more for one or more

After the peak has been reached over the west the decline begins almost imary, and especially so in the southeast mediately and continues into the win-

months.

at Columbus, but delayed until March ter. In the eastern half there are 2 peaks of precipitation, in May or June and again in August and September, after which the regular decline takes place. In the area from Medicine Lodge and Hutchinson northeastward toward Topeka, May appears to have a greater amount than June, but over the remainder of the state, June is the month greatest precipitation. If these months were broken down to shorter periods, very likely the greatest 10-day or 2-week period of precipitation would come about the latter part of May and the first days of June. From Hutchinson and Cottonwood Falls north, August has the greater amount of the late summer rains, while September has the most in the extreme east and south portions.

LIBRARY

The most prominent peculiarity in the normal precipitation over Kansas is the decrease in July, just when more rain is needed, especially in the eastern or corn-growing portion of the state. It is at this period of year that corn has reached its critical stage of silking and tasseling and hot, dry weather is a detriment and rainfall a blessing. With July in 1948 providing the greatest amount of precipitation in the eastern section in the weather history of Kansas, we have a good sample of what corn might be produced year by year if the normal precipitation in July was increased to 5 or 6 inches instead of decreasing to about 3.50 inches as it does. If it ever becomes possible to make rain on a large enough scale to be a material benefit, the last half of July would be a most desirable time to do so. The corn crop needs it then.

FEB 7 194 28 27 3033 32.44 3314 18.53 19.49 20.82 22.41 22 68 24.56 26.52 34.98 \$ 32.10 32.01 17:98 18.02 24.17 20.55 22.44 21 63 33.01 25.76 32 58 35 40 360 2424 6.32 19 76 21.54 23.05 2453 31.55 33.31 18.97 27.00 26.33 34.76 35.85 372 31.36 7.31 18.61 1877 21.95 2038 30.13 31.87 28.91 25.99 23.48 37.27 38.40 39.13 6 97 16 85 31 25 28.53 2244 24.58 3756 3757 399 2013 31.03 2423 3037 17.24 18.02 22.15 2928 696 39.45 41.45 35.09 6.88 1787 18.94 19.75 23.37 23.31 25.47 2741 3204 3290

Chart No. 1—Figures in each county show the normal precipitation (hail, snow, sleet, mist, rain) during the year. Cherokee county tops the list, Stanton county gets the least. These figures are computed from records covering the period 1898 thru 1942, from monthly amounts.

AIL, snow, sleet, mist, gullywashers, and those nick-of-time drouth-breakers all are included the term precipitation, meaning desited on the earth or to fall on the rth. The expression "normal precipition" is more or less hypothetical or med, as the normal rarely occurs. means in common usage, the average er a period of years of all the moisre in these various forms that has en recorded at a given locality.

The normal annual precipitation patm for Kansas is shown in Chart No. 1. amounts for the various counties ry from the greatest, 41.86 inches in erokee county in the southeast, to least normal annual total, 15.85 es at Johnson, in Stanton county. will be observed that the northwestcounties have several inches more an the southwestern, the northntral counties slightly less than the uth-central, and the northeastern ea 6 to 8 inches less than the heavy infall area in the southeast.

The differences and graduations are haps better shown on Chart No. 2, ere lines indicating the inch limits drawn. Along the southern border annual precipitation decreases at rate of about 1.00 inch for each 16 les of westward travel, while in the rthern counties the decrease is a litmore irregular and not so rapid. pecially in the southeast the ase is quite rapid, some of the aller counties of the state in that ea receiving 4 inches less precipitaon in the west or northwest portion the county than in the southeast. In western portion of the state the

DISTRIBUTION OF NORMAL PRECIPITATION

KANSAS

normal distribution of precipitation thru the Chart No. 3—Here you see the normal distribution of precipitation thru the months in Kansas. Figures at left of each map are inches—0 to 5, reading up. Letters along bottom of each map, left to right, are months—January to December. Curved lines show how precipitation starts low (left side of maps), climbs up to a peak, and then goes down again (right side of maps).

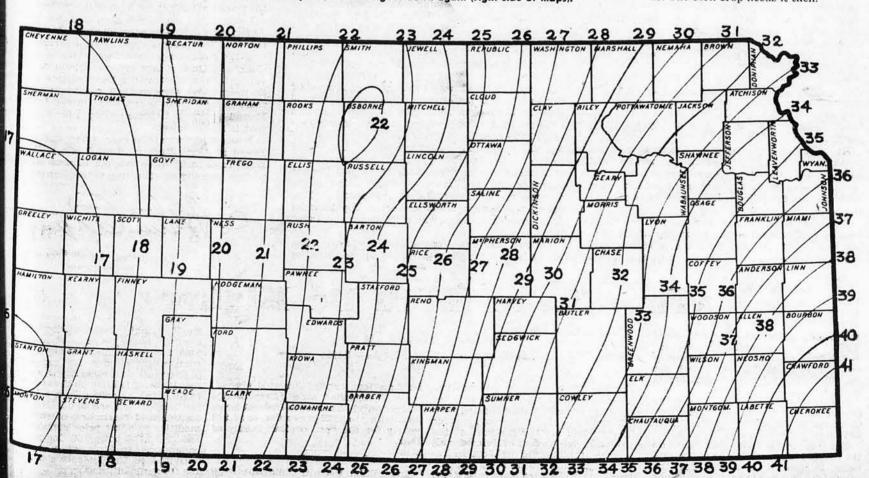


Chart No. 2—Lines show differences and graduations of normal annual precipitation. Follow the line from 18 to 18, for example, and you are in the 18-inch precipitation area. Same holds true for each set of numbers.

AM becoming more and more suspicious of these grandiose plans for prolonging the infla-tion "boom" in the United States, by continuing to provide foreign nations with American dollars with which to "buy" American farm commodities and the products of

American industry.

In the long run, I do not believe the program will work. At least not to the advantage of the American farmer and the American workman.

For the time being, these programsapart from and in addition to their altruistic appeals: that we are thereby sharing our substance with a world not as well off as we are-certainly have their appeal.

Just for instance. Thru this program of Uncle Sam assuming responsibility—including financial responsibility—for world recovery, we are exporting about 500 million bushels of wheat (or equivalent) a year.

In addition, Uncle Sam is underwriting the export of huge quantities of steel and products made from steel; all kinds of manufactured products.

The rest of the world does need foodstuffs. The rest of the world needs almost everything. There is no gainsaying that fact. And you and I have gone along with the idea of the American people trying to satisfy those needs, to the best of our ability. And I believe we, the American people, should be generous in this regard; should continue to be gen-

But I note a growing disposition to regard this not as charity, but as "good business." Our foreign spending program, it is pointed out, provides a continuing market for exports of farm products. Our foreign spending program provides a continuing market for products of American industry, thereby providing jobs for American workmen, and insuring full employment.

But the proponents of this program of foreign spending program to continue "prosperity" for the American farmer and workman, it seems to me, are overlooking some fundamental facts that cannot forever be ignored.

Uncle Sam, with 147 million people of his own to look after, in dealing with some 2,000 million "children" in other nations in world trade, is not altogether different from any other head of a business

Any business man who provides his customers with the dollars to buy his goods, will find a ready sale for his goods—while he continues to provide both goods and dollars. And he can build up a big business in producing raw materials from which to manufacture the goods he has to sell. He can build up a big plant to manufacture semi-finished and finished goods to "sell" to his customers. He can build up a pretty good sized distribution agency to handle the "sales" of his goods.

Matter of fact, a business man who provides his customers with both the money to buy his goods and with the goods to exchange for the money he supplies, undoubtedly will experience a business "boom"—as long as he continues to supply both as long as he continues to supply both

money and goods.

And the producers of raw materials, and the manufacturers and distributors who process and handle his goods, also will experience a business "boom,"—as long as the customers get from this business man both the money to buy the goods and the goods themselves.

But that is not the entire picture. Since Uncle Sam as a business man has no money of his own, but has to obtain funds from the producers and manufacturers and distributors-(including work-



ers) who produce and process and distribute the goods, it amounts to the producers and manufacturers and processors and distributors (and their workers) providing the money to buy the goods as well as the goods.

In the present instance. Uncle Sam is not only a world business man, but also an American tax collector. With one hand he collects taxes from his American producers, manufacturers, distributors (and their workers) to provide dollars for his for-eign customers; with the other hand he gives American dollars to selected customers abroad. These selected customers abroad then use the American dollars to buy the American goods.

The question that comes to my mind, and makes me a little suspicious of the soundness of this spending-lending foreign program is just this:
How long can Uncle Sam's 147 million people

producers, manufacturers, distributors (and their workers)—continue to pay increasing taxes to provide the American dollars with which the selected customers among 2,000 million people abroad can continue to buy American goods? Do any of you have the answer?

### A Thrilling Experience

WANT to report here on one of my most thrilling experiences. It happened January 14, when the seventy-eighth annual meeting of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture presented me with an honor plaque. The wording on that plaque is something I shall cherish long and sincerely. It reads:

"In appreciation of Arthur Capper, native Kan-san, Printer, Reporter, Publisher, Governor, United States Senator, Philanthropist, Friend of Youth, Champion of Agriculture."

I see the Board of Agriculture has been keeping an eye on me, because the whole record is there. The only thing left off is the fact that now I am home as a private citizen, and I am glad to be here.

I hope that record has been worthwhile to my

fellow Kansans. I meant it to be. The thought always uppermost in my mind, and the hope deepest in my heart, was that I always would serve my state and my Nation well. I could give nothing but my best in public service, because back of me I knew were many, many thousands of sincere Kansas people. I also knew I was representing as Governor, and as United States Senator, what to me is the greatest state in the Union. The importance of Kansas in the national picture had to be kept before the country. I am glad I could help do that job. You good people of Kansas were generous enough to give me the opportunity, and I appreciate it very sincerely.

It happens that I have received other honors for things I tried to do—some of them successfully—down at Washington. Virtually all of these honors have been from farm-minded people, because I al-ways have been more interested in the welfare of agriculture than in any other business. But I want to say here, this honor granted me by the Board of Agriculture delegates, and the 140,000 Kansas farmers and stockmen they represented, is the greatest award of merit I ever have received. This plaque will hang in my office here in Topeka right over my desk where all who visit me can see it first

I hope a great many of you will drop in to see me. We all have a big job to do in the future. A job of

keeping this country on an even keel. I think the more we talk over our problems, the more likely We are to find the right solutions. So my friends, I hope you will stop in to see me whenever you can.

I have read with a good deal of interest the resolutions adopted by this recent Board of Agriculture meeting. When delegates representing 140,000

Kansas farmers and stockmen come to any deci-sion, it is well for all of us to pay attention. I find first of all, that our Kansas farm folks-in these resolutions—pledged themselves to work for world peace. I wish the farmers of all nations could get together and talk things over. If they could meet and discuss their mutual problems, there wouldn't be any sign of war for all time to come.

Like these delegates, I also believe that agricultural prices have been overemphasized in the overall picture of high living costs. It is ridiculous to believe that production costs on the farm haven't gone up as much or more than costs in other lines. Since prices farmers received were not on a par with other incomes before this period of higher prices started, it is obvious that farmers are not and never have gotten more than their fair share of the dollar.

On national agricultural policy, Board of Agriculture delegates reaffirmed their endorsement of the principle of parity prices "as a basis of providing equality of purchasing power between the respective segments of American economy." They favor a general program of price supports at 90 per cent of parity on agricultural commodities. Why? "We favor such supports," the delegates said, "not for the purpose of maintaining agricultural prices at high levels, but for the prevention of a possible agricultural price collapse such as that which followed World War I, and which led the way to a general depression and serious shock to the entire American economy." That is straight thinking. Let agriculture break, and the whole country breaks

Always with an eye to improvement, delegates went on record in support of research and education. "We appreciate the excellent work done by our Agricultural College in the field of research and education, much of which is impossible to value in dollars and cents. One phase we can measure is the contribution of improved wheat varieties. These new wheats give to farmers of Kansas at least 30 million extra bushels each year. This one item alone would more than pay all experiment station expenses since the station was established." No wonder the delegates urge the legislature to grant the proposed budget for Kansas State College.

I was very glad to see, also, that our Board

Agriculture delegates are well aware of the importance of the several experimental farms located over the state. They know these stations, at Hays Colby and Garden City are valuable in developing better farming methods in their particular areas So it isn't any surprise they are boosting for the full support of the recently acquired farm near Mound Valley, in Labette county. I hope that support is forthcoming.

It was a pleasure to be in on a part of this year

Board of Agriculture meeting. I can well under stand from being there that our Kansas farm per ple are keeping right in step with progress.

Athur Cap

# Your Taxes Will Be Higher

By CLIF STRATTON

Kansas Farmer's National Affairs Editor

F THE Eighty-first Congress could just figure out the tax problems for all the American people as quickly and simple as it did last month for President Harry Truman, that would

But that task is beyond even the capabilities of the most "mandated" Congress in the history of the United

the "give" side for the Federal Government to provide education for the young; security for the old; subsistence for the unemployed; high prices for the farmer; high wages for labor; low

prices to the consumer: free medical services, including hospitalization for everyone; low cost public housing; low cost public power; full employment for all; economic aid for the rest of the world; a high standard of living for all the world; military aid for Western Europe's rearmament; military support for nations of Western Europe that will join the North Atlantic Military Alliance; in addition to guaranteed returns

on American capital invested abroad.
On the "take" side (President's budget only) that means Federal taxes amounting to \$312 per capita, or \$1,248 yearly for the "per capita" family of

### More Controls Asked

In addition, there are "mandates" on the "make" side to give the Federal Government: "standby" authority for

the President to impose price and wage the President to impose price and wage controls when he finds it necessary, also for extension and expansion of rent controls; plus further controls over credit; continued export controls, regulation of trading on the commodity exchanges; priorities and allocations for "scarce" materials; controls of production and marketing of farm commodities to offset price supports; surrender of the power of Congressional committees to investigate subversive activities to the Executive branch of the Government, and so on.

The combination is what President (Continued on Page 28)

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### 5, 1949

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# What Farmers Heard and Did At Board of Agriculture Meet

RETIRING Senator Arthur Capper was guest of honor at the final session, January 14, of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, in Topeka. In a public ceremony, B. H. Hewitt, president of the board, paid tribute to president of the board, paid tribute to Senator Capper's long years of service to agriculture, and to the example he has set for Kansas young people to follow. A plaque was presented to the senator by the State Board in appreciation of his services.

Prior to the presentation, Governor Frank Carlson reviewed the achievements of Senator Capper in Congress in behalf of the farm people of Kansas.

H. H. Smith, of Smith Center, was elected president of the State Board of

elected president of the State Board of Agriculture for 1949. Elmer McNabb, Pleasanton, was elected vice-president, and M. E. Rohrer, Abilene, was elected

Here are other high lights from the

treasurer.

Here are other high lights from the Board's program:

Grain and forage sorghums have played an important part in stabilizing Kansas agriculture, said A. F. Swanson, Hays, a U. S. Department of Agriculture agronomist.

Forage sorghums as bundle feed should be fed only during fall and early winter, Mr. Swanson told farmers, since sugars in the stem often decompose after low temperatures in January and February, followed by thawing and freezing. Shocked fodder gradually loses its nutritive value with the approach of spring.

Ensiled sorghums, properly stored, in silos, plus stacks of fodder and bundle feed and shelter are the farmers best guarantees against livestock losses when sudden blizzards sweep the prairies.

### Good Grain for Livestock

Kansas ranks second of all states in production of grain sorghums, Mr. Swanson pointed out. These grain sorghums are more profitable to grow than corn in Western Kansas and at least 2 of them, Midland and Westland, have proved equal to corn as livestock feeds.

Sorghum grains are used for human food in many parts of the world. Mr.

food in many parts of the world, Mr. Swanson said, and this country is be-coming interested. Research now is trying to adapt sorghum grains for breakfast food products. Many industrial uses of sorghum grains are still in the infancy stage, he said, and will be expanded. Sorghum grain for starch now appears to be the main industrial market.

Profitable utilization of grass de

dustrial market.

Frofitable utilization of grass depends on individual farms and ranches, delegates were told by Dr. A. D. Weber, head, animal husbandry department, Kansas State College. "No one system of grass utilization will fit all situations. But 'no system at all' is bound to result in failure, and could wreck the soil conservation program," Doctor Weber said.

He outlined the grass utilization expends

He outlined the grass utilization ex-periments now being carried on at the college. Some of these studies include effects of different wintering programs on subsequent pasture gains; supple-



mental feeding on pasture; relationship of pasture burning to grazing management, and studies of grazing

management, and studies of grazing practices.

"Substantial expansion of our livestock and dairy industry may be the answer to the grain surplus problem," said Allan B. Kline, president of the American Farm Bureau Federation. An expanded livestock program would not only solve the surplus grain problem but bring better land use he problem but bring better land use, he

said.

In discussing the farm legislative program on a national basis, Mr. Kline said, "We simply must provide some flexibility in our farm program to enable individual farmers to pick and choose to shift production plans if economic conditions seem to warrant it.

it.

"A system of too-rigid controls, with their accompanying regimentation, is bound to impede progress. We must not hinder high production per worker, which is the only means by which high real wages may be earned."

R. I. Throckmorton, dean of agriculture at Kansas State College, outlined 7 points that we should do to secure the future of the Kansas wheat

secure the future of the Kansas wheat industry. They are:
1. Increase domestic consumption

both for human food and industrial

2. Produce high-quality wheat to enable us to compete successfully with Canada, Argentina and Australia in foreign markets.

3. Reduce production costs by good

soil management and tillage practices, seeding of adapted varieties and controlling insects and diseases.

 Make production more consistent year after year by practicing soil and moisture conservation, systematic fallowing where needed, growing adapted varieties, and growing wheat only on those lands well adapted to its production.



5. Improve storage and marketing

conditions

M. E. Rohrer, Treasures State Board of Agriculture

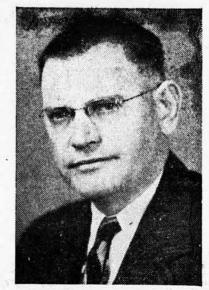
same amounts of grain on less acreage while building up our soil."

Other speakers included: Dr. Roger C. Smith, head, department of entomology, Kansas State College, who discussed new insecticides and their uses; T. F. Yost, state weed supervisor, who told of progress in weed control work, and Senator Riley W. MacGregor, chairman, Governor Carlson's highway committee, who reported on the Kansas highway problems and their solution as recommended by his committee.

Here are resolutions passed at the

Here are resolutions passed at the board's session:

Favored a general program of price supports at 90 per cent of parity on agricultural commodities, at least when allotments or marketing quotas are in effect. Favored fair prices for are in effect. Favored fair prices for



Elmer McNabb, Vice-President, State Board of Agriculture

agricultural products rather than sub-

Asked for greater uniformity in rural electric rates in areas of comparable density of population. Urged legislative approval of increased Kansas State College budget for more classrooms, expanded research and more satisfactory salaries. These are needed, delegates think, to keep Kansas State College in front.

Asked for uniform dairy regulations and inspections among states and that dual inspection of milk, cream and other dairy products be eliminated. Favored repeal of all special taxes on butter substitutes, but prohibiting manufacture and sale of butter substitutes colored yellow or in imitation of butter.

of butter.

Favored repeal of the one-cent gasoline tax. Favored a severance tax on mineral products. Asked for a second scale-testing truck and expansion of testing service. Urged use of grades and standards in buying and selling of eggs, poultry, fruits and vegetables.

Asked legislature for funds to develop and operate a branch experiment station in Labette county. Asked for funds to expand state seed testing facilities. Urged that state brand laws be strengthened. Opposed any change in present exemption system on non-highway gasoline. highway gasoline.

Urged change in Kansas Farm Bureau law to allow counties with less than 15 million dollars valuation to make sufficient levy to support Extension program. Supported increases in statutory limits on township levies to allow for increased road funds. to allow for increased road funds.

# WIBW Award Winners



Evelyn Haberman, Heizer



Keith Boller, Newton

EITH BOLLER, Newton, and Evelyn Haberman, Heizer, won the 1948 WIBW service awards, it has been announced. Objective of the awards is to encourage leadership in the club and service to the community and nation. Each winner receives a \$250 scholarship to the college of his choice and a \$100 speaking and educational trip within the state.

Evelyn Haberman is a member of the Eureka Homesteaders 4-H Club and has been a club member for 5 years. In addition to outstanding leader-ship within her club. Evelyn has given many promotional talks to community and civic groups on UNESCO and 4-H.

Keith Boller is a member of the Lucky 13 4-H Club and has been in club work 6 years. During 1948 he talked before 702 persons on the subject of "What 4-H Offers." He has been a club leader in a wide variety of activities.



nator Arthur Capper, left, receives State Board of Agriculture award from B. H. Hewett, president, as Governor Frank Carlson and Secretary J. C. Mohler stand by.

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TODAY is the day to call your Allis-Chalmers dealer for a demonstration of the Model G.

Get on the front seat of this new rear-engine tractor, yourself. See how quickly a future of easier farming opens before you. Feel the new freedom from straining to look down or behind. Try straight-ahead vision on all kinds of your most difficult, precision work.

Ten front-view implements all attached or detached in 5 minutes or less. Wheels adjustable to culfivate 1 to 6 rows (as narrow as 10 inches). Speeds from % to 7 miles per hour, including throt-tled down "creeper" gear.

Averages 2 to 3 quarts

of fuel per hour.

You'll hardly believe your eyes when you see what a man-sized small tractor can do. The rearengine Model G is more than a new tractor. It's the central unit of an entire new system of motorized farm tools.

You'll know when you try a FRONT SEAT view of your farming.

for some jobs on ALL farms for ALL jobs on some farms

LIS-CHALMERS

# **Fertilizer Facts** For High Crop Yields

K ANSAS farmers used 3 times as much fertilizer last year as in 1939. The big problem has been where to get some more. There hasn't been enough to go around. At the same time, chances are that fertilizer was wasted by incorrect use.

To help you decide how much and what analysis of fertilizer to use, Kansas Farmer will print in a series of issues this year specific recommendations for various crops in Kansas. These recommendations have been outlined by Dr. Harold E. Myers, head of the Agronomy Department, Kansas State College. For the most part, they are based on fertility experiments that have been conducted over the state in past years. past years

past years.

General requirements of the various crops as outlined by the U. S. D. A. also will be carried with the recommendations. These should help us understand the reason for certain fertilizar recommendations.

lizer recommendations.

First of the series is on oats, which should be seeded this month if possible.

### Fertilizer for Oats

To make a 50-bushel crop of oats, along with 1 ton of straw an acre, says the U. S. D. A., about 44 pounds of elemental nitrogen are required, along with 17 pounds of phosphorus, 39 pounds of potassium, 13 pounds of calcium. 7 pounds of sulfur and 6 pounds cium, 7 pounds of sulfur and 6 pounds of magnesium.

Main requirement in Eastern half of Kansas is nitrogen. The general rec-

ommendation for nitrogen then is from 20 to 40 pounds, which would require 60 to 120 pounds of 33 per cent ammonium nitrate. Some of the necessity nitrogen will be released naturally the soil.

The amount to apply depends som what on preceding crops. Where son ghum preceded the oats, a heavier ap plication of nitrogen may be necessary

ghum preceded the oats, a heavier application of nitrogen may be necessary. Because sorghum grows until frost in fall, soil does not have an opportunity to release nitrogen in time for early crops the following spring. So more nitrogen must be added for a good crop. However, if clover or alfalfa preceded the sorghum, nitrogen deficiency may not be so marked.

Need for phosphorus is greatest in Southeast Kansas. Thirty to 40 pounds of available phosphorus should be used an acre when needed. That would require 150 to 200 pounds of 20 per cent superphosphate or 65 to 90 pounds of 45 per cent superphosphate or 65 to 90 pounds of 45 per cent superphosphate or 65 to 90 pounds of the per cent superphosphate. Legumes seeded with oats will benefit from this application. If no legumes are seeded, succeeding crops will benefit from the phosphate not used by oats. In general, Kansas soils seem to carry a sufficient amount of the other elements needed by oats. Some soils in Southeast Kansas may respond favorably to applications of potassium.

Altho fertilizer recommendations for oats are similar to wheat requirements. Doctor Myers points out that the cash

oats are similar to wheat requirements.
Doctor Myers points out that the cash value tends to be less. That fact should then be kept in mind, too, when applying fartilizer to cate. ing fertilizer to oats

### **Treat Seed Oats** For Better Yields

TREATMENT of seed oats prior to planting time can add extra bushels to the yield. Enough extra bushels to make the treatment a profitable practice, according to experiments conducted in Kansas as well as other state in Seed treatment is most effective in

Seed treatment is most effective in controlling Victoria blight when crop rotation is followed. When susceptible varieties of oats were grown on infested soil for 2 or more years, increases from treatment of only 2 bushels an acre were obtained. But when infested seed was treated and planted on land not in oats the previous year, increases in yield from 10 to 20 per cent were obtained. An increase in test weight also is a com-mon result from treating seed oats, it

New Improved Ceresan or Ceresan M should be used at the rate of ½ ounce for each bushel at least 2 days before planting. The seed may be treated from 8 to 10 weeks before planting.

A test plot on the Ralph Pittman farm, Montgomery county, last year gave ex-cellent results from treatment. Osage oats not treated made 27.2 bushels and weighed 25.1 pounds. Same seed treated made 59.4 bushels and weighed 27.8 pounds. Nemaha not treated made 55.2 bushels and weighed 33.1 pounds. Same seed treated made 73.8 bushels and weighed 32 pounds. weighed 32 pounds.

There was no reason to expect the presence of blight in this field. What blight was present was carried with

### Dairymen's Position Is Wonderful

AT THE annual meeting of the State Dairy Association held in Topeka, January 12, W. H. Martin, Manhattan, was re-elected president, in connection with the Kansas State Board of Agriculture meeting. Martin Jensen, of the Shawnee County Creamery Co., was elected vice-president, and H. E. Dodge, Topeka, was reelected secretary. Jensen, Orlin Baer, Topeka, and P. D. Turner, Sabetha, were elected to the board of directors. In resolutions, the group protested the use of yellow coloring in butter substitutes, favored a legislative appropriation for inaugurating an artificial insemination program, and opposed price controls on dairy products. F. W. Atkeson, head, dairy husbandry department, Kansas State College, reviewed the dairy situation in Kansas and the nation. He said "dairymen are in a wonderful position either to weather bad times or to expand to T THE annual meeting of the State

men are in a wonderful position either to weather bad times or to expand to meet new demands." He pointed out the following favorable conditions:

1. Dairymen had a chance to retrench after the war without financial

Population is increasing while cow numbers are decreasing.
 Feed supplies have increased, and

3. Feed supplies have increased, and the feed-price ratio for 1949 is more favorable than during 1948.

4. No dangerous surpluses of dairy products are being held in storage.

T. F. Yost, state weed supervisor, told dairymen that weed damage in the U. S. annually costs farmers 3 billion dollars, which is more than the combined losses from plant and animal diseases and plant and animal parasites. Farmers now have a chance to

greatly reduce this weed cost, he said thru use of 2,4-D and other new chemi-cal weed killers.

cal weed killers.

Harold Benson, of the American Dairy Association, warned farmers that the olemargarine industry was doing a better job of selling than the butter industry. The answer, he said is to produce a top-quality product and then to increase selling efforts to win back the housewife.

Hubert L. Collins, federal-state statistician for Kansas, outlined the feed supply situation. "Feed supplies are at record highs and will support dairy expansion at this time," he said. "Milk cow numbers in Kansas are at the lowest point since the turn of the century," Mr. Collins added, "because of the relatively higher net returns from beef and hog projects. While dairy cow numbers have decreased steadily for the last 5 years, the rate of decline for 1940 will be less and the turn of this the last 5 years, the rate of decline for 1949 will be less. And by the end of this year the numbers may stabilize, since replacement stock now is at a record high level."

### Farm Poultry Raising

A well-kept flock pays as well-relatively, as most other branches of farming. We have a limited number of Farmers' Bulletin, "Farm Poultry Raising, which covers the subject pretty thoroly, from incubation to marketing. Anyone interested may write for a free copy to Bulletin Service, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

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SLTURE A

### For Success With Flax

By H. H. LAUDE, Kansas State College

TLAX can be grown in competition with other crops in many fields in Eastern Kansas if good practices refollowed. Success depends much on that crop was grown on the land last ason, condition of the seedbed, qualy and variety of seed, time and rate seeding, and method of harvesting. PRECEDING CROP: Flax does parcularly well after soybeans and also ularly well after soybeans and also ter other legumes such as alfalfa and

ter other legumes such as alfalfa and west clover, and following perennial rasses that have been used for meadow a pasture. Lower yields of flax must be expected if the crop is planted after orn, kafir or small grain.

SEEDBED: Flax, like other smalleded crops, requires a firm, comact seedbed with sufficient moisture or quick germination and continued rowth. Following soybeans, only a little preparatory tillage is needed proided the land is clean. A light disking a early spring will ordinarily be sufficient. Meadow and sod land should be lowed in the fall. Surface tillage in the oring may be done with the spring-poth harrow, disk, duckfoot, smoothpring may be done with the springooth harrow, disk, duckfoot, smoothig harrow or cultipacker, or several of
nese implements, and should be connued until the seedbed has a firm subirface and a granular surface.

QUALITY OF SEED: Varieties that

QUALITY OF SEED: Varieties that ature early are better adapted in Kanas than later ones because they are ss frequently damaged by warm, dry eather. The variety should be resistnt to disease, particularly to wilt which the most important flax disease in ansas. The potential yielding ability the variety should be high. In view these requirements, Koto, Linota or edson are the preferable varieties to

these requirements, Koto, Linota or edson are the preferable varieties to row in Eastern Kansas. If seed of those arieties is not available, Redwing, Daota, Bison, or perhaps Cheyenne. Good seed flax should germinate about 5 per cent. Recent investigations have nown that treatment of flax seed with ne of the fungicides such as New Imroved Ceresan or Ceresan M is helpil in obtaining good stands under aderse field and weather conditions, ince the cost is small, seed treatment recommended as an aid in obtaining ood stands of flax.

PLANTING: On very well-prepared

PLANTING: On very well-prepared and, good stands of flax may be obtained with one-half bushel of seed to be acre. Ordinarily, however, 3 pecks of the smaller-seeded varieties should eplanted to insure thick, even stands. I usually is advisable to sow flax as non after the first of March as field onditions become favorable. Flax usully will withstand the cold weather of lly will withstand the cold weather of larch and April, unless it occurs from bout the time the plants emerge until hey reach the 3-leaf stage. It is advisble to take some chances of frost in-

jury, however, because if flax is planted late, the crop is forced to mature in the warm weather of midsummer.

HARVESTING: Flax should be harvested when the bolls have turned brown, the stems are turning yellow and the leaves have fallen off. When conditions are very favorable, the standing brown, the stems are turning yellow and the leaves have fallen off. When conditions are very favorable, the standing crop may be harvested satisfactorily with the combine harvester-thresher. However, many times second growth of flax or green weeds in the field interfere with harvesting in this way. Weeds and green stems cause a loss of flax seed and raise the moisture content of the seed that is saved so it does not keep well in storage. Under these conditions, it is very desirable to windrow the flax and let it cure for 24 to 48 hours. It is not necessary for the green plants to become entirely dry before the flax can be threshed. In fact, when the green stems have wilted so the plant juice is not knocked cut by the cylinder, a good job of threshing can be done. If threshing is delayed until the green material is entirely dry, it will break up into small pieces and overload the separator screens.

### **Better Vegetables?**

It is time to think of new varieties that may produce better vegetables than varieties commonly used, says W. G. Amstein, Kansas State College. He lists the 7 varieties that won All-America honor awards in 1948 as an example. How well they will prove themselves in Kansas is yet to be determined. Since seeds of these new varieties will be limited, they should be ordered early. ordered early.

caserta, a summer squash, is a bush type that bears a week earlier than some varieties, and keeps piling its fruit up in the center of the plant for virtually daily picking.

Triumph bush lima beans, the South's favorite butter beans, young and tender, may invade the whole country, says Amstein. It is reported this variety will set pods even in hot weather when the large seeded varieties drop their blossoms and fail.

Premier Great Lakes lettuce and Pennlake lettuce should prove more heat-resistant and produce more solid heads than the Great Lakes variety. Pennlake produces a smaller head, preferred by many families.

Pennlake produces a smaller head, preferred by many families.

Cherry Belle radish, Ideal Snowball cauliflower, and Flagship hybrid sweetcorn are the other vegetable varieties that won recognition last year.

"Such great strides are being made in present day plant breeding that many of our older varieties are simply outclassed, outyielded, and should give way to newer and better varieties."

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Jayhawk loads faster, from any posi tion, keeps several wagons busy.



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### GRANDMA . . . By Charles Kuhn











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# Now It's Pre-peeled Potatoes

By JAMES SENTER BRAZELTON

POTATOES break into the news frequently. The latest of quently. The latest story reports that in the near future housewives

that in the near future housewives will be able to buy at the grocery prepeled potatoes. We have had readysliced bread so long the novelty has long since worn off. Some day pre-peeled spuds will be as commonplace.

The potatoes will be de-skinned by steam pressure, then sprayed with a mild chemical to prevent them becoming discolored. They will be marketed first to hotels and restaurants, and later will be offered in home-size packages. will be offered in home-size packages. No one knows what this idea may do to the potato-growing industry. It could stimulate consumption, you know, so a potato subsidy no longer would be

cessary.

Many of us remember when the win-Many of us remember when the winter's potato supply was stored in bins in the cellar, or buried in the ground. That era passed when it became more convenient to tote our potatoes home as needed. This change in buying habit

may have something to do with the nightmarish potato surpluses of recent years. I suspect another contributing factor to this undesirable economic confactor to this undesirable economic condition is the erroneous belief that potatoes are fattening. They are no more responsible for those few pounds of extra weight than a lot of other foods.

There is nothing to prevent the spread of this commercial pre-peeling idea to other fresh-marketed vegetables and certain fruits if the experiment proves

other fresh-marketed vegetables and certain fruits if the experiment proves successful with spuds. The possibilities are unlimited. Increased consumption of vitamin-packed vegetables could result in better health for the nation, and production of perishables would take on new impetus.

If marketing pre-peeled notatoes

If marketing pre-peeled potatoes could halt the downward trend in potato consumption it would mean much for the potato-growing industry. It is esti-mated that if the present trend con-tinues another 25 years it will be down to one bushel per capita a year. Thirty

years ago per capita consumption was 159 pounds. In 1948 it had dropped to 116 pounds. Is there any wonder the potato market is saturated?

116 pounds. Is there any wonder the potato market is saturated?

There is plenty of room to increase consumption, not only of potatoes but of other fresh fruits and vegetables as well. According to nutritionists in the USDA the average person needs 564 pounds of fresh produce, retail store weight, for a balanced diet and 620 pounds for the most desirable diet. In 1948 consumption was 464 pounds per capita, down from 478 pounds in 1947.

Government purchasing of potatoes must be looked upon as a salvaging operation, and certainly must not be considered a sound economic practice. Someone has figured out that 81 per cent of all potatoes grown are used as food. If this is correct, then greater efforts might well be made to induce the housewife to use more potatoes in meals. The questionable practice of selling little potatoes or dirty potatoes or potatoes infected with scab and rhizoctonia in bags labeled U. S. No. 1 is not a good way to hoost consumption of octonia in bags labeled U. S. No. 1 is not a good way to boost consumption of this commodity.

Generally favorable weather thruout

### A Snowy Morning

There is enchantment in a snowy more ing

With shadows gentian blue upon the white. Tree patterns bold against the virgin

A contrast lovely in the wakened light

There is enchantment in the tread of

children Where paths are blanketed in faller

In sounds of quick, excited voices

In rosy cheeks that cold has set aglow -By Camilla Walch Wilson,

most of the growing season of 1948 had a great deal to do with the fact that last year's potato crop broke several production records. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics, USDA, has just released some interesting figures about last year's crop. Actual acreage harvested was smallest in 70 years, but the average yield to the acre was a record high and production has been exceeded average yield to the acre was a record high and production has been exceeded only twice.

only twice.

Last year's production of 445,850,000 bushels was exceeded by the 458,887,000 bushels harvested in 1943 and the record production of 484,174,000 bushels in 1946. Last year's crop is 15 per cent larger than the 389,048,000 bushels harvested in 1947 and exceeds the 10-year average production by 14 per cent. Growers planted only 2,127,000 acres to potatoes in 1948, as compared to 2,136,000 acres planted in 1947 and 2,897,000 acres for the 10-year average Until a short time ago, Canadian

Until a short time ago, Canadian table stock potatoes were being shipped into the United States, "flooding" our markets and making the price-support program ineffective. But this practice has been stopped.

### **Envied Premium Prices**

Potato growers in Washington and Oregon have long envied the premium prices paid for well-advertised Idaha Russet potatoes. At last they have decided to do something about it. The 1948 legislatures of the 2 states will be asked to set up potato commissions, and laws will be demanded to levy on growers to provide promotional advertising funds for spuds. Potato growers of Oregon and Washington also will seek legislation from their respective lawmaken authorizing appropriations for researd work aimed at improving the quality of potatoes.

work aimed at improving the quality of potatoes.

For the eleventh consecutive year Idaho governors have proclaimed a Potato and Onion Week. The Idaho Advertising Commission will use all itself forts to get nation-wide publicity in proclaiming the goodness and superied qualities of Idaho potatoes and onions. Botanically speaking, the potato is Solanum Dulcamara, which identified it as a member of the Solanaceae of Nightshade family. Many of this group are reputed to be poisonous. This relationship probably has something to do with the fact that potato sprouts ampotatoes with skin turned green are often poisonous to poultry.

Some one has discovered a way is make potato plants push thru the make potato plants push thru the

make potato plants push thru the ground quicker after planting. The secret is to spread the seed potatos thinly on the floor in a warm, dry place about 3 weeks before planting time about 3 weeks before planting tim They will develop thick, short sprout which will not break off easily and wi get the new plants off to a quick star



"Maybe you'll be a little more caref
who you're calling a temboy!"



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POWER

### Capper Scholarships To 4-H Members

TOR the 17th consecutive year, Sen-ator Arthur Capper, thru the Kan-sus Farmer magazine, is presenting wo \$150 scholarships to outstanding Kansas 4-H Club leaders. The scholar-hips will further the education of these wang people at Kansas State College

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Kansas 4-H Club leaders. The scholarhips will further the education of these
young people at Kansas State College.
Winners of the Capper scholarships
or 1948 are Betty Stephens, Kanorado,
and Bob Gentry, Rossville.

Betty Stephens is a member of the
Grant Boosters Club, in Sherman
younty. She is 19 years old and has been
a club member 9 years. Betty has caried junior leadership 3 years. In 1948
the carried: Clothes for special occaions, complete costume, school lunch,
helping with meals, preserving, breeding heifer, dairy, breeding gilt and
unior leadership.

Betty has been president of her club
ind also served 5 years as reporter and
years as secretary. She was on the
ounty council 3 years.

She has given one demonstration in
competition and taken part in 20 judging contests. Some of her other achievenents include: County champion in
airy 3 years, general livestock chamjion 3 years, beef one year, leadership
ine year, and project achievement winier 2 years. She has served as president
of the county council 1 year, secretaryreasurer 2 years and reporter 1 year.
She is a member of the State Who's
Who Club. She was county style revue
hampion in 1948. Who Club. She was county style revue hampion in 1948. Bob Gentry is a member of the Ross-



Betty Stephens, Kanorado

ville Club, in Shawnee county, and has been a club member 11 years and is 21 years old. He has carried the junior leadership project 5 years, has been president of his club 2 years, treasurer

president of his club 2 years, treasurer 1 year, reporter 1 year, secretary 1 year, vice-president 1 year.

He has given 17 demonstrations in competition and has taken part in 39 judging contests. His 1948 projects were: Deferred-fed steers, junior leadership, sow and litter, fat pig, breeding gilt, breeding ewe lambs, ewe and lambs, fat lambs, alfalfa and corn.

Bob has been a county council mem-

Bob has been a county council member 2 years and served as secretary-treasurer 1 year. He is a member of the State Who's Who Club, was state livestock champion in 1946, and helped organize the county 4-H band.



A 2-day aerial agricultural spraying conference will be held at Manhattan, February 23 and 24. The meeting is sponsored by Kansas State College, Kansas Flight Operators Association, the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, and the Division of Aeronautics of the Kansas Industrial Development Commission.

This state-wide conference is being called to provide a better understanding of the possibilities of aerial spraying. Also, to recommend standard operating procedures from the viewpoint of the farmer and the operator.



**Bob Gentry, Rossville** 

### Kansas Flour for Aleman



President Miguel Aleman, of Mexico, poses for a picture with a group of Kansas Flying Farmers who flew to Mexico for a midwinter vacation last month. This photo was taken by Charles Howes, of Kansas Farmer, just after President Aleman was presented with a 100-pound sack of Kansas wheat flour. Appearing in the picture, left to right, are: L. C. Bell, McDonald; Eugene Coats, Plains; Howard Brockhoff, Fairview; President Aleman; Alliff Neel, Windom; Earnest Bressler, Bird City; Raymond Stewart, Fulton; E. B. Fatzer, Lewis. Ronald Bell, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Bell, is in the lower part of the picture with the flour.



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From the Pulso-Pump the DeLaval "Magnetic Heart" controls the milking speed and action of each unit in use. All units must milk alike

and cannot vary from milking to milking.

Most other types of milkers have a separate pulsator for each unit and great variation in

The result is like constantly changing hand

milkers...a serious loss of milk production.

milking speed and action is possible.



Mrs. Laura Willison, right, Sedgwick county home demonstration agent, talks things over with her assistant, Mrs. Jean Martin. Sedgwick county has the first scientifically designed Extension offices in Kansas.

HE Sedgwick County Extension Service has rung up 2 "firsts" for Kansas. The new offices in Wichita Allsas. The new offices in wichita of the Sedgwick County Extension Service are the first scientifically designed Extension offices in Kansas. Sedgwick also is the first county to a complete Extension staff of 6

agents.
Gene Warner, of the Kansas State College Extension staff, designed the new offices, which occupy one floor of a 2-story building at 414 West 2nd, in a 2-stor. Wichita

Entering the building, you come into a spacious reception room, presided over by Doris Alcorn. Miss Alcorn handles all telephone calls coming into the office, has charge of the filing sys tem, and meets all people seeking information or service. She directs those seeking information or service to whichever agent is responsible for that particular problem.

A workroom, shut off from the rest

A workroom, shut off from the rest of the offices, is provided for the secretarial staff. This office is presided over by Mrs. Gladys Mitchell, with Bernadine Butler as her assistant. A third woman soon will be added to the secretarial staff.

Each agent and assistant agent has a private office. Don Ingle is the county agent, with Dallas Cantwell as assistant agent. Jim Childers is 4-H Club agent. He will have an assistant agent soon to be named. Mrs. Laura Willison is the home demonstration agent and is assisted by Mrs. Jean Martin.

In addition to a reception room, workroom, and private offices for the agents, the office plan provides for a



wick County Extension office, Wich-ita, handles all telephone calls and in-coming visitors. The time of visitors is saved by this method.

storage room, a room for the heating plant, 2 rest rooms, a kitchen and a meeting hall that will seat about 100 persons. The hall will be used for all meetings of less than county-wide proportions. The kitchen will be equipped by women in the various home demonstration units.

by women in the various home demonstration units.

There were 1,389 Farm Bureau members in Sedgwick county during 1948 and the goal for 1949 is 2,000 members. The county also has 1,530 home demonstration unit members and 998 4-H Club members.

# **Should Extension Service** Be Divorced From Farm Bureau?

CONTROVERSY over the tieup be-A CONTROVERSY over the tieup between Farm Bureau and Extension Service has come to a head in the Kansas legislature. Charles R. Topping, Douglas county farmer, and chairman of the new state-wide temporary organization called "Friends of Extension," has announced that a bill will be introduced to divorce Farm Bureau from sponsorship of the Extension program. If the bill is enacted, it would mean:

1. Each county could organize its own County Extension Service Association.

2. County commissioners would make appropriations on the basis of recommendations from the Extension associations associations of the extension associations.

mendations from the Extension asso-ciations, not from the Farm Bureau.
3. Counties could employ Extension workers without recommendations by the Farm Bureau.
4. No dues would be charged for

membership in any county Extension association.

5. There would be no Extension affiliation with any farm organization, altho individual members could continue to be members of any farm group desired.

6. Tax money would not be levied for work carried on thru the Farm Bureau. In asking for the change, Mr. Topping stated that while Extension service is available to all farmers now, many do not take advantage of it because of the tieup with the Farm Bu-

reau. Since the Farm Bureau is engaged in many activities of a controversial nature, Extension work is being hampered or opposed by those not in favor of Farm Bureau policies, he added.

Mr. Topping is a member of the Farm Mr. Topping is a member of the Farm Bureau and says he is eager for the continued success of that organization. However, he says, many people believe they are helping pay for a service from which they do not have an equal opportunity to benefit. "I believe it would be for the good of all concerned if Extension were divorced from the Farm Bureau," Mr. Topping adds.

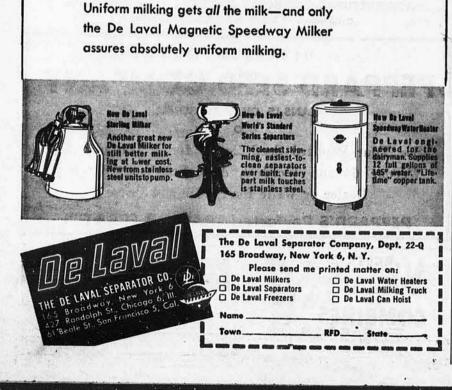
In a statement to Kansas Farmer,

In a statement to Kansas Farmer, Herman Praeger, president of the Kan-sas Farm Bureau, made the following

sas Farm Bureau, made the following reply to the Topping proposal:

"The first concern of Farm Bureau is getting the maximum efficiency out of the Extension dollar, and that is hardly possible without strong local support. Were the Extension program to operate as a straight-line agency of the U. S. Department of Agriculture we do not believe that maximum efficiency could result. We have no intention of upholding the present Kansas Farm Bureau law simply as a means for our organization to gain a statutory control or monopoly over the administration of any governmental agency.

(Continued on Page 11)



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"We are not primarily concerned with the exact details by which local support for Extension work can be as-sured. But we are interested in 3 funda-mental policies which we hereby out-

1. There should be local support and a certain amount of local control over Extension personnel and expenditures

of money on the county level.

2. The agricultural interests in each county thru the broadest representation possible should have some voice in formulating Extension programs so these programs may be best adapted to the need of each community. The needs the needs of each community. The needs of Cherokee county differ widely from those in Wallace county.

3. Extension personnel on the county

level should be required to use every facility of any general farm organization in the county as a medium for getting the Extension program to large numbers of farmers in the most efficient manner. They can thus save themselves a vast amount of work in organizing meetings for demonstrations and other educational endeavor. General farm organizations can aid greatly in supplying a representative and recep-tive audience."

Mr. Praeger points out that in some counties up to 90 per cent of the farm-ers already belong to the Farm Bureau, and that many women and youths par-ticipate in home demonstration units and 4-H Clubs without any member-ship from the family in Farm Bureau. L. C. Williams, director of the Kan-sas State College Extension Service, has this to say:
"The county Farm Bureaus of Kan-sas have performed and are now per-

sas have performed and are now performing a service of tremendous worth to the State of Kansas in developing Extension Service education available to every person. The Kansas Farm Bureau and the American Farm Bureau Federation have given wholehearted support to Extension education at state notional and county levels.

support to Extension education at state, national and county levels.

"It should be emphasized that the Extension educational program is not alone for members of the Farm Bureau organization. Full co-operation should be developed with all farm organizations, with schools, with Chambers of Commerce, and all civic and business organizations or groups and individuals who can benefit in any way and who, in turn, can assist with educational activities.

"We in Extension, of course, want to give the greatest service possible to all the farm people of Kansas. It is up to the farm people to determine how that can be done—whether under the pres-ent Farm Bureau law or under a re-

ent Farm Bureau law or under a reorganized program such as that suggested by Mr. Topping.

"I hope every individual in Kansas
who is interested in the future of Extension work will carefully study both
sides of the question and use his influence in behalf of the program that
will be of the greatest benefit."

# Something Gone From the Soil



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Harry Lunt, Pratt county, stands beside atlas sorgo crop on old cultivated land. Crop is about 6½ feet tall and Mr. Lunt estimated it would make about 10 tons an acre.

F YOU don't think Kansas soil has lost some of its fertility thru cropping, just look at the 2 pictures. They were taken the same day on the farm of Harry Lunt, Pratt county. They show 2 fields of atlas sorgo planted the same day.

The only difference is that one field had been cropped for an unknown number of years. The other field was in its second year of cultivation.



on land in cultivation only 2 years.
The 2 pictures show how much soil fertility has been lost thru long cropping;
possibly one third.

Sorgo on the old cropped land was slightly more than 6 feet tall on September 7, last year, and made about 10 tons of silage an acre. Sorgo on the near virgin soil was at least 9 feet tall and made at least 5 tons more silage.

Based on these estimates, it would appear that the cropped field has lost about one third of its original fertility.

Mr. Lunt now has a rotation program including legumes.

# Plenty of Room



EVEN persons find this small-appearing farm home roomy enough. It is the new farm home of Carl Filbert, Lane county. The reason it is so roomy is that the basement has 2 finished bedrooms and other living quarters, including a completely equipped kitchen and a 3-piece bath.



# 

INSULITE is a big strong insulating board that serves a double purpose. It builds and insulates at the same time. Gives you TWO services for the cost of one.

Insulite is made from long, tough wood fibres. It is treated throughout with asphalt to resist wind, rain, sleet or snow. It builds strong weather-tight, moisture-resisting walls without cracks, knot holes or open joints.

Because Insulite gives you extra insulating protection, it makes any building warmer in winter, cooler in summer. Keeps livestock healthier. Helps you get better production from chickens and dairy cows.

Remember! Tests prove that Insulite provides greater bracing strength than wood sheathing horizontally applied. For long years of satisfactory service, use Insulite the next time you build. Ask your Lumber Dealer.

### EASY TO SAW ...

Just use an ordinary hand saw. Cuts fast and easy in any direction. No resin to gum your saw blade.

### EASY TO HANDLE . . .

Pick it up and carry it anywhere you want. Light weight, yet strong and sturdy.

### EASY TO FIT . . .

Can be notched to fit snug and tight around door and window frames. Butts square against framing

"Insulite" is a registered trademark, U.S. Pat. Off.

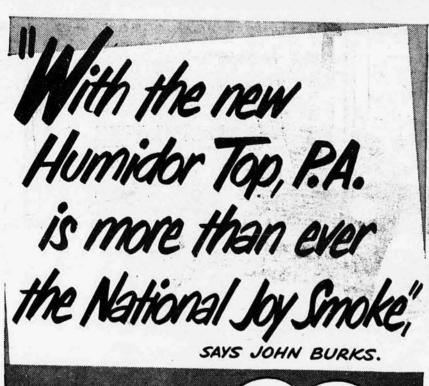
DIVISION, MINNESOTA & ONTARIO PAPER CO. Dept. KF-29 Baker Arcade, Minneapolis 2, Minn.

Please send me plans for the following Insulite buildings: ☐ Hog House ☐ Brooder House ☐ Chicken House

and suggestions for other Insulite uses. I plan to Build Remodel.



BROODER HOUSE







Buy Your

# 2,4-D Tough on Sage Brush

By HAROLD SHANKLAND

So Successful was last summer's campaign to mer's campaign to eradicate sage brush by airplane applied 2,4-D, that Clark county ranchers and stockmen have high hopes they apparently have found a practical means of pasture renovation.

Some still have their fingers crossed. But the dead tinder-dry seems that now

But the dead, tinder-dry sage that now, 6 or 7 months after spraying has no evidence of life, is cause for optimism. evidence of life, is cause for optimism. Further hope comes from the fact that the test with 2,4-D was on an extensive scale. Clark county had 13,500 acres sprayed, Comanche 10,000 acres, and Barber county 3,000 acres.

(Kansas Farmer in its issue of July 3, 1948, carried a story and picture of

3, 1948, carried a story and picture of this demonstration in Southwest Kan-

A meeting last March was the start of the project. Dale Engler, Extension agent in Clark county, working with local soil conservation and PMA offimeeting last March was the start local soil conservation and PMA officials, and Extension agents in adjoining counties, arranged a meeting with D. A. Savage, head of the Great Plains Experiment Station, at Woodward, Okla., chemical company representatives, and farmers. The project was based on work done by Mr. Savage with 2,4-D in sage control the last 3 years.

### Cost \$2 an Acre

Nineteen co-operators agreed to have all or some of their pasture acreage sprayed at \$2 an acre. The late Barth Gabbert, Ashland, who had fought sage brush for years, had his entire 3,300 acres of pasture sprayed.

Other ranchers and their acreages include the Dunne and Hoffman Ranch, 2,000; Ralph Gardner, 1,300; Jesse Harper, 1,000; Tillman Floyd, 1,000; Francis Arnold, 800; Locke Theis, 700. Engler, in his annual report to Dean L. C. Williams, of the Kansas State College Extension Service at Manhattan.

L. C. Williams, of the Kansas State College Extension Service at Manhattan, lists as other co-operators: Mrs. Bentley Randell, M. N. Rankin, Paul Randall, G. D. Leslie, Victor Harmon, Billy Phillips, Dean Matthews, Paul Blair, Val Walker, Degnan Ranch, Nathan Hayes, and Leonard Cox.

"I don't believe the sage will ever come back—it kept on dying all summer and this fall," said Cox recently. He had a section of pasture sprayed and appears to have an almost complete "kill" on the sage brush.

The Cox section was sprayed over a 3-day period, June 8, 9 and 10. All the spraying in Clark county was done

from May 15 to June 15, the best time, according to Savage.

Commenting that he believes the dead Commenting that he believes the dead sage plants will remain in the soil for some time—or until the cattle grazing there kick them out—Cox added that the grass in the sprayed area seemed to do better than grass in adjoining non-sprayed pastures.

"I don't know what did it, but the sprayed pasture was green 2 weeks longer this fall than other pastures. I kept 130 head of stock in that 640-acre pasture all season and never took them out. I'm certainly well pleased with the

out. I'm certainly well pleased with the spraying.

It is his estimate that the sage-control work will increase grass by at least one third. This is a conservative estimate, says Engler, as the research by Savage indicates the possibility of a 50 per cent increase.

Savage indicates the possibility of a 50 per cent increase.

"You can figure for yourself what such an increase in the amount of grass would mean in this county with its 450,000 acres of pasture," said Mr. Engler.

Two California pilots experienced in spraying by airplane were employed to do the work in the 3 counties. Their planes were equipped with boom sprays 22 feet long, enabling them to drift the 2,4-D mixture on a strip about 30 feet wide. They flew 8 to 10 feet above the ground.

We used a mixture composed of 1 pound of pure 2,4-D acid, %10 pound of soda ash, 4 gallons of water and 1 gallon of diesel oil an acre," said Engler. "The cost to those who had pastures sprayed was \$2 an acre.

### High Goal for 1949

"Our goal for this year is 70,000 acres in Clark, Comanche and Barber counties," he added, and he is optimistic about getting that acreage. From checks made in November, Engler estimates there was a 90 per cent kill on sage and a 95 per cent kill of weeds on 13,000 acres in his county. On about 500 acres, results are still in doubt and will not show up until spring.

The kickoff for the 1949 program in Clark county was held January 17 at the 4-H building at Ashland. The material to be used this year will be different than last year, Engler reports. It will consist of %10 pound of butyl ester of 2,4-D, 1 gallon diesel oil and 4 gallons of water an acre. The cost of the material will be higher and the total

material will be higher and the total cost to the rancher this year will be \$2.25 an acre.



Effectiveness of the 2,4-D sage brush and weed-control program in Clark county last summer is shown by this photograph. Here Dale Engler, county agent in Clark county, is shown holding a lifeless sage plant. It is brittle and dry and the roots are dead.

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### iew Hereford Group

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While the counties in the extreme outhwest corner of Kansas are in the process of organizing a Hereford As-lociation, they intend in no way to nfringe on any other association by dopting a similar name or by attract-ng any animals away from any of heir sales. Instead, it is hoped that by a series

shows and other organizational eans to boost for better cattle, and to lelp all the surrounding associations out by sending worthy entries and by opularizing the raising of improved estock.

The first meeting of the Hereford Breeders was held at the Farm Bureau office in Hugoton, on December 17, where a skeleton plan was outlined. P. Williams, of Ulysses, was chosen emporary chairman and Raymond inchman, Stevens county agent, tem-orary secretary.

porary secretary.

A committee meeting was held at Ilysses, December 27, with Lot Tayor, Extension livestock specialist from Kansas State College, Manhattan, ofering valuable suggestions.

A meeting also was called of all preeders for Monday evening, January, at the Farm Bureau office in Hugoon, where further organization plans were considered. ere considered.

The new association hopes older breed associations will give this new arganization all the encouragement bossible, and that all will profit from his effort at improving livestock in southwest Kansas.

### irass Came Back

Treat old pastures right and grass will come back. Harry Heilman and on. Harold, have demonstrated that everal times on their place in Neosho ounty. One way of getting grass back is just to let the pasture rest in sumner, then graze it during winter. Winter grazing does not seem to delay trass that is malring on otherwite full. rass that is making an attempt to fill in the weak spots. And permitting it to frow untouched during summer gives it full opportunity to stretch out and

pread.

Five years ago they tried another cheme with an old pasture which they escribed as no good. It had been overgrazed heavily and grass was nearly ill gone. They disked the ground and eeded lespedeza. The lespedeza proded good pasture and by careful attention bluestem was given a new chance to get started, too. The native grass is coming back in and will take over the started of the start

### eed Dealers Elect

From a small start with just a handul of members, the Kansas Seed Dealall of members, the Kansas Seed Deal-rs Association has grown in 2 years into a strong and practical organiza-tion. There now are more than 100 members. Early in January the seed lealers had their second annual con-vention at Wichita. In addition to members of the organization, repre-sentatives from 14 or 15 other central states were registered. Fure seed and approved varieties are

Pure seed and approved varieties are playing an important role in Kansas agriculture. Thru this organization, Kansas seed dealers seem better able to keep abreast of the times. That means better service to Kansas farmers. More assurance in uniformity of rs. More assurance in uniformity of seed conditions over the whole state is major goal for this important new agricultural assaurance in major goal for the important new gricultural organization.

W. C. Armfield, Wichita, served as resident of the association the first 2 ears. Succeeding him this year is Lisle Congdon, Sedgwick, who was vice-resident last year.



y! Mom doesn't have any of this



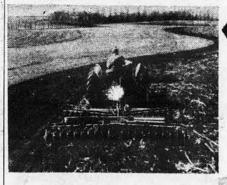
• When you have a lot of tillage to do . . . either intensively on moderate acreage or working a larger farm . . . take a tip from a tractor-wise farmer. He says "Hustle your heavy work with a Case Model 'LA.' Use the handy 'VAC' for planting, cultivating and haying. That's how to get things done and

In plowing, harrowing, etc., the 4-5 plow capacity of the mighty "LA" enables one man to do as much as two men with 2-plow tractors. It cuts labor cost down to half in heavy work. It costs less per acre for operation and upkeep. Getting work done more promptly often brings gains in bigger yields and

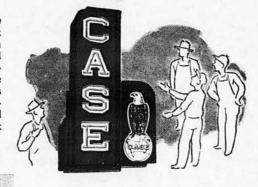
The light 2-plow "VAC" is just right for full 2-row capacity in cultivating and planting. It has the speed and power you want for mowing, raking, and pulling the fast Case Slicer-Baler. Like all Case tractors it has a heavy-duty, Case-built engine that carries full load at moderate speed, pulls still stronger when slowed down. By using the fuelsaving fourth gear it handles light work at reduced engine speed.

Case tractors get more work done, not through any special features but by superb balance of eager engine power, sure-footed traction, and gear speeds to make the most of implement capacity. They get their extra ENDURANCE from the Case habit of making every part a bit better than might seem necessary. It means consistent fuel economy, little expense for upkeep, extra years of use from your investment, total power cost kept low.

# Forty Acres or 400 It Costs Less to Farm With CASE



Tandem disking 10 feet wide with Case Power Control disk harrow, ideal for soil conservation farming because it angles and straightens on-the-go, leaves headlands level, grass strips uncut. The full 2-plow Case "SC" tractor has pull and power to operate imple-ments at capacity in heavy soils and difficult conditions, hustle work with power-take-off machines.

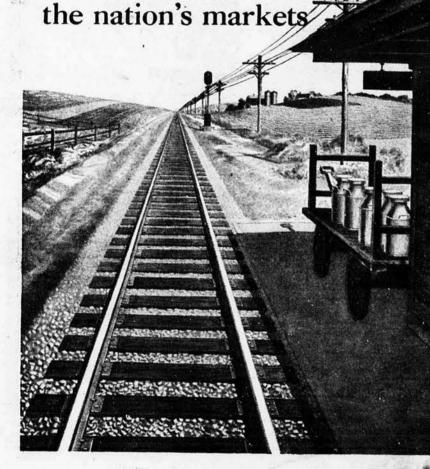


Faster seeding, less lifting with new Case low-wheel grain drill. Its Seedmeter is famous for accuracy with all sizes of seed. The fast 3-plow Model "DC" tractor is compact, easy to handle as smaller tractors, gets a half more work done. Its quick-dodge steering makes easy work of fast 2 or 4-row cultivation. It handles light work in fuel-saving fourth gear.



Look to this sign for first-class dealer service and the finest of farm machines. There are 20 Case tractors, in four sizes and in types for every crop system. Write for catalog; mention size to fit your farming, also anything you need in plows or harrows, planter or grain drill, combine, mower, rake, Sliced-Hay baler, field forage harvester, corn binder or picker, hammer mill, spreader or farm truck. J. I. Case Co., Dept. B-47. Racine, Wis.

# This "country road" leads straight to



 The early American farmer knew every turn of the winding road on which he made the all-day trip to the nearest townhis only market.

Today the farmer's market begins at the nearest railroad loading platform-and extends to profitable markets all over the land.

Last year, for example, the railroads helped move the greatest harvest ever produced in a single year by any nation. They also hauled the bulk of the other raw materials produced by our nation's farms, forests, and mines - as well as most of our manufactured products. And they handled the entire job for an average charge of only  $1\frac{1}{4}$  cents for hauling a ton a mile.

In performing this service, the American railroads once again proved to be the most efficient and economical transportation system in the world. To do an even better and more efficient job in the future, the railroads are now buying cars and engines, reducing grades and curves, improving signals and shops, adding to their facilities-at a cost of a billion dollars a year.

The only way the railroads can carry on such a program for still better service is to have earnings which are more nearly in line with today's costs-earnings which will justify the large investments needed.

Listen to THE RAILROAD HOUR presenting the world's great musical shows, Every Monday evening over the ABC Network, 8-8:45 Eastern, Mountain, and Pacific Time; 7-7:45 Central Time.

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN RAIL WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

# Frontier Doctor in Kansas

By CHARLES H. LERRIGO, M. D., Health Adviser

DODGE CITY, Kansas, has been in DODGE CITY, Kansas, has been in the headlines for many performances—some wild, some woolly. Nowadays it is making the front page because our fellow citizen of Kansas, young Dr. Samuel Jay Crumbine, away back in 1884, more than 60 years ago, selected it as the place where his newly-painted shingle might first selected it as the place where his newly-painted shingle might first swing to the wind. You can read all about it in Frontier Doctor, just published by Dorrance and Company, of Philadelphia.

Isseed by Dorrance and Company, of Philadelphia.

Having known Doctor Crumbine intimately for 44 years, I am firm in the opinion that Dodge City and its Boot Hill, in starting the Crumbine career, made a major contribution in making him realize that "life is real, life is earnest" and that a medical man dealing with issues of life and death must learn to be tough. Nothing tough in "Swat the fly!" you say? But it is within our own knowledge that Crumbine also originated "Bat the Rat!" And in his dealings with corrupt politicians his rallying cry was "Drive the Rascals Out."

When you have given Dodge City credit for the iron it injected as its Kansas contribution, pass on the fact that the Crumbine career made "national" strides when he came to the

tinat the Crumoine career made "national" strides when he came to the capital city of his state, and took it upon himself to poke his inquiring nose into lives and deaths in an endeavor to see more and longer lives and fewer and older deaths.

Doctor Crumbine is a small man, perhaps there are 120 to 140 pounds of him at his weightiest, but never has he him at his weightiest, but never has he had any hesitation in throwing his weight around where calculated to do the most good. Had his light been hidden beneath a bushel a fire would have resulted. He made friends with many people. Members of the Kansas legislature who found difficulty in setting up a private pow-wow were always sure of a quiet spot in the State Board of Health. He had no fear of dignitaries.

dignitaries.

The high powers that ran the United States Health Service soon learned that if Doctor Crumbine asked them to

### **Farm Sanitation**

Farmers' Bulletin, "Sewage and Garbage Disposal on the Farm," is a guide to up-to-date methods for the sanitary disposal of sew-age and other household and farm wastes. How to construct satisfac tory sanitary facilities and how to maintain them are given special attention in the bulletin. Installation, operation and maintenance of septic-tank systems will be of of septic-tank systems will be or interest to many farm folks. A free copy of the bulletin will be sent upon request to Bulletin Service, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

hold a meeting away out in Kansas, they might as well make no kick about the distance. Kansas obtained many

they might as well make no kick about the distance. Kansas obtained many health demonstrations that were unknown elsewhere.

Doctor Crumbine had scanty appropriations but got thousands of dolars worth of skilled service by appointing the scholarly men of Kansas University and Kansas State College to advisory positions in which they gave long hours of labor, all for free. It was not beyond him to know the unknowable or to get the ungettable. He led his advisory members deep into the mines operated at Lansing penitentiary, and then gave them a wonderful dinner at the expense of the warden. Such things were commonplace to Crumbine, and even while making a friend of the warden, he failed not to point out that the prisoners were entitled to more than the crumbs that dropped from the great man's table.

Doctor Crumbine has never claimed man's table.

Doctor Crumbine has never claimed to be a scientist, even when Dean of Kansas University Medical College. Why should he? There were plenty of scientists holding good jobs who could be detailed for service in protecting the health of the state. And he got them. And the scientists were just as helpful as if on the State Board of Health pay-

If you really want to know about Dr. Samuel Jay Crumbine and the public health career that still goes on



at right. At left is our own Dr. C. H. Lerrigo, of Kansas Farmer's staff. This happy reunion occurred recently in New York.

at 86, you will have to read between the lines. His book serves to show that "an honest man's the noblest work of God." And especially if he is a Kansas man who shelves his modesty in order to go right ahead and do a lot of into go right ahead and do a lot of interesting things for the sole reason that they need doing. At 86 one hesitates to call on a courageous, diplomatic, yet determined leader to lead new fights. Yet the same field of public health—a field of great promise and adventure—still lacks for men. It does not pay well in money. Doctor Crumbine is not rich. But at 86 he has lived a life. There are young people in our life. There are young people in our schools and colleges who might sing ... "Dare to be a Crumbine,

Dare to stand alone! Dare to have a purpose firm, Dare to make it known!"

### Frontier Doctor

The name Dr. Samuel J. Crumbine means "swat the fly" and the end of the roller towel to Kansans. From start to finish this book, his autobiogstart to finish this book, his autobiography, will interest the people of the state. Dodge City was at the peak of brawling notoriety when young Doctor Crumbine began his practice there. It was the mid-1880's. Doctor Crumbine had been trained in the East, worked his way thru medical school, met his wife-to-be there. Later they were mairied and together they helped transform that noisy, frontier settlement into a well-behaved community.

By 1904, his fame had spread over the state and he became secretary of the State Board of Health at Topeka. Here he worked in public health and before long his fame had spread thrusting.

here he worked in public health and before long his fame had spread thru his slogans, "Swat the Fly," "Bat the Rat," better water supplies, good sewage disposal, his scientific tuberculosis campaigns, the abolition of the common drinking cup.

In those days such things took courage. Now they are accented. Doctor

In those days such things took courage. Now they are accepted, Doctor Crumbine learned early that nothing was so effective against superstitions as subtle ridicule and robust satire. He applied this method vigorously to the reputed helpfulness of sassafrastea and a sack of asafetida about the neck.

In 1923, the Crumbines left Topeka for New York City where he took up new responsibilities for the American Child Health Association. He has since retired. Frontier Doctor is published by Dorrance and Company, Philadelphia, and sells for \$3.

### To Stiffen Point

To thread a needle with yarn, rub your finger on a wet bar of soap, and twist the yarn end into a point.—M. P.

### For the Children

Winter is the time for making plans for bird friends. Our leaflet. "Homes for Birds," pictures many styles of birdhouses, and gives instructions that are easily fol-

And it won't be long until kiteflying time is here. Many boys will be glad to have our leafiet, "Up to the Clouds With a Kite." There are

many ideas on how to make kites and how to fly them.

For a copy of these leaflets, please address Children's Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and en-close 3c for each leaflet.

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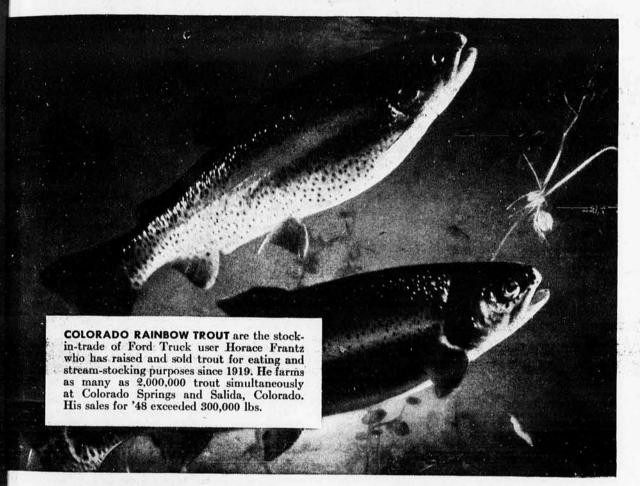
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lets. tor. enHORACE FRANTZ'S Smart idea | It brought him a pot of gold at the end of rainbows millions of land

bows...millions of 'em!





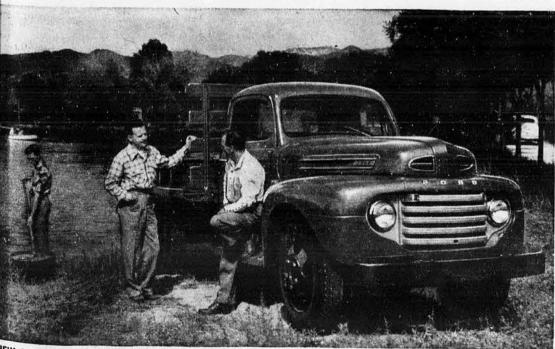
TO KEEP TROUT alive and healthy, water must be kept charged with fresh oxygen. Frantz cascades it down steps, sprays it from overhead, to keep it fresh.



"SPRING WATER temperature in rearing runways never goes below 50 or above 52 degrees," Horace Frantz (above) says. Hatching period is 4 to 6 weeks; salable trout are "harvested" in 1½ years.

HORACE FRANTZ'S Smart move.

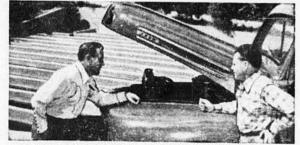
He uses Ford Bonus Built Trucks to do the hauling in his business!



NEW MODEL F-5 FORD TRUCK with platform body is used in a demonstration test at feeding time by Ford Dealer Bob Allphin. Says Frantz, "My old Ford feed truck has 175,000 miles on it, but I'll bet the new F-5 could beat that." "That's a smart bet, Horace," replies Bob Allphin, "Ford Trucks are Bonus Built to take almost anything these mountain roads can give them. Every one of over 139 models, ranging from half-ton Pickups to the new 145-horsepower Big Jobs, is built extra strong to last longer."



"DON'T LOOK now," says Ford Dealer Bob Allphin, "but under this cab is something no other truck has! I'm talking about Ford's exclusive Level Action suspension which insulates the cab against frame weave, smooths out the ride, and prolongs cab life."



"ONE OF THE BIG THINGS about Ford Truck engines is their reliability," says Frantz, who has used Fords for over 22 years. "That's mighty important to me, too, because in transporting live trout, a few minutes delay might mean loss of the entire load."

HORACE FRANTZ'S Smart bet.

FORD TRUCKS LAST LONGER!

Using latest registration data

on 5,444,000 trucks, life insurance experts prove Ford Trucks last longer!

# **Cowgirl Queen** Vet of 84 Rodeos!

"Collects" First Prize Saddles

H AMLIN, TEXAS—Pretty 21-year old Jessie Myers sets a fast pace for her two older brothers, who also ride in rodeos. Jessie is especially proud of her latest win . . . beautiful hand-tooled saddle . . . first prize in sponsor's contest at '48 Texas Cowboy Reunion. Her 84th rodeo.



Has won three others too!

"BEEN RIDING since I was thirteen," says cowgirl Jessie Myers. Most of her prizes are wen in girls' events—barrel race, flag race, goat tying, cow milking contests. Rugged schedule? Jessie eats her Wheaties! Started early—heard about the "Breakfast of Champions" on radio. Now she has these 100% whole wheat flakes at breakfast "most every morning".

ATTRACTIVE brown-eyed rodeo queen happily busy the year 'round. Teaches horseback riding —has active inter-est intennis, swim-ming, softball, basketball. Young-



basketball. Youngest of lively three generation Myers family, Jessies ays, "We all cat Wheaties—been our favorite cereal for years". Many three generation Wheaties families. Some families report four, even five generations enjoying "Breakfast of Champions"! Famous for nourishment—these toasty whole wheat flakes, Second-helping good, with milk and fruit! Your family had their Wheaties today?

Farm-size families find it convenient to order their Wheaties in the handy, Extra-Big-Pak. Holds 50% more than regular package. If you have several to serve, get the Extra-Big-Pak of Wheaties!



"I'll teach you to balk for a Wheaties man!"

# **Deferred Feeding Success** Enjoyed in Lyon County

THE Lyon county 4-H deferred feed-ing project probably is the largest of its kind in Kansas. A total of 57 of its kind in Kansas. A total of 57
4-H Club members in the county had
deferred projects last year and fed a
total of 205 head. Forty-one out of the
57 competed in the show and sale with
137 of the 205 head of calves.

Roy Johns, Reading, had the champion and reserve champion pen of deferred fed steers in this Flint Hills 4-H
Deferred Fed Calf Show and Sale, at
Emporia. He won the top honors with

Emporia. He won the top honors with 2 pens of 3 Herefords.

The champion pen of Herefords shown by Roy topped the sale for pens at \$33.75 a hundred. The calves were purchased by E. T. Anderson, of Emporia

Todd Schlobohm, also of Reading, had the grand champion single animal in the show. His prize animal also was a Hereford that weighed 1,080 pounds and sold for \$39.50 a hundred to E. T.

Jimmie Jackson, Americus, had the serve champion single animal, also a Hereford.

a Hereford.

The champion and reserve champion pens were bought by Roy Johns on October 14, 1947. They weighed an average of 407 pounds. They were wintered on 3,320 pounds of silage an animal, 498 pounds of cob meal, 166 pounds of cotton seed meal, 18 pounds of mineral, 996 pounds of prairie hay, and were allowed to run to block salt.

### Pay for Labor \$132.59

They weighed 550 pounds at the end of the wintering period. They were grazed 150 days and fed on grass the last 30 days. Their weight off grass was 780 pounds. They were fed 66 days in the dry lot, receiving a ration of 15 pounds of cob meal daily, 1½ pounds cotton seed meal, 1 pound sweet lassie, ½ pound of mineral, 3 pounds prairie hay, and ran to block salt. They weighed an average of 950 pounds at the end of the feeding period. Total feed cost for wintering, grazing and feeding was \$95.08 an animal. Total cost of animal plus feed was \$188.03. The calves sold for an average of \$320.52, leaving young Johns a profit of \$132.59 an animal for his labor.

a profit of \$132.59 an animal for his labor.

The grand champion single calf shown of Todd Schlobohm was purchased October 14, 1947. The calf weighed 460 pounds at time of purchase. Wintering ration was 3½ pounds cob meal daily, 7½ pounds corn-sorgo silage, 3½ pounds brome-lespedeza-alfalfa hay, 1½ pounds cottonseed meal, rye pasture 33 days in spring. The calf went on grass April 29, 1948, and was fed grain on grass for 6 days after July 28. The calf then was put into the feed lot for 93 days. Dry-lot ration was 15 pounds cob meal daily, 4 pounds molasses, 3 pounds cottonseed meal, 2 pounds prairie hay, ½ pound mineral salt. The weight when sold was 1,080 pounds.

1,080 pounds.
Purchase price was 22 cents a pound or a total cost of \$101.20. Selling price was \$39.50 a hundred for a total price

### This Calf Paid \$170.33

This Calf Paid \$170.33

Jimmie Jackson paid \$94.41 for his reserve champion. The weight at time of purchase was 400 pounds. His wintering ration was 5 pounds of corn, 10 pounds of alfalfa hay. The calf weighed 675 pounds at the end of wintering period. The calf was on grass for 100 days and came off grass weighing 830 pounds. Dry lot feeding period was 92 days on the following ration: 25 pounds cob meal, soybean meal hand fed, 3 pounds of alfalfa hay. Sale price was \$33.75 a hundred for a total weight of 1,055 pounds. Calf cost plus feed cost amounted to \$184.63. Labor profit was \$170.33.

All calves in the sale brought a total of \$37,815.70, for an average of \$276.03, which is \$30.26 a hundred. Boys and which is \$30.26 a hundred. Boys and girls having calves in the show and sale owned their calves an average of 382 days. Average weight of all calves at the beginning was 405 pounds and average weight at date of sale was 912 pounds, or an average gain of 507 pounds, which is 1.327 pounds a day. Winners for pens of 3 Herefords were, in order of ranking, Roy Johns, Elizabeth Ann Johns, John Smith, Elvin Johnson, Vesta Shaw, and Elvin Johnson.

son.
Winners for pens of 3 Angus were
Leanna Boline, Wanda Pyle, Richard



Jimmie Jackson, Americus, with re-serve champion single calf at the show and sale.

Smith, Leanna Boline, Donald Small and Leon Smith. Winners for single Herefords were Todd Schlobohm, Jimmie Jackson, Bill Gorman, Todd Schlobohm and Jim Gor-

man.

Winners for the single Angus were Carl Wingert, Bob Long, Howard Haag, Leonard Chamberlain, Leonard Chamberlain and Darrell Pyle.

Prof. F. W. Bell, of the Kansas State College animal husbandry department, was judge of the show, which was sponsored by the Emporia Junior Chamber of Commerce.

Interested Lyon county cattlemen bought the calves originally and resold them to 4-H members at cost. With Emporia business men. these cattlemen

poria business men, these cattlemen then underwrote the project with a support price of 15 cents a pound, providing the 4-H member got at least 400 pounds gain on the calves.

Members of the Junior Chamber of Commerce unleaded the calves are

Commerce unloaded the calves when

they arrived, distributed them to members, helped at the show and sale, and called on all banks in the county to help

called on all banks in the county to help arrange loans on the calves at 5 per cent interest. If the 4-H member paid 20 per cent down he could sign his own note. If he could pay nothing down he had to have a co-signer.

Following the show and sale, the Junior Chamber of Commerce entertained 4-H members and their parents and members of the sponsoring groups at a barbecue. Ben Robertson, a local cattleman and member of the civic group, supplied the beef.

Biggest buyer at the calf sale was Dick Heidrick, a local cattleman, who purchased 42 head. Other big buyers were Fanestil Packing Company, Emporia; Anderson Cattle Company, Emporia; Morrell Packing Company, Topeka; and Schroeder Packing Company, Taber, Ia.

### Tries Deferred Plan

A gain of 400 to 450 pounds in one year. That was the result of a deferred feeding program for 11 calves last year by Lowell Wilhite, Butler county. This former 4-H Club boy had fed baby beeves 8 out of 10 years while in club work. But when ready to start on his own expanded program, he switched to deferred feeding. He utilized knowledge he had gained in 4-H feeding projects in his deferred program.

Lowell says he wintered the calves on cornstalks, a little prairie hay and some sorgo ensilage. He also fed a small amount of grain thru the winter, about 4 pounds of a mixture of kafir and oats, along with about 1 pound of cottonseed cake. The calves were put on pasture in April and went to the dry lot October 1 for a short feed on grain.

### Cattle on Feed

Cattle on feed in Kansas are increasing in numbers. There were 260,000 as of January 1, 1949, reports Hubert L. Collins, Federal-State statistician for Kansas. This is 30 per cent more than for the same time in 1948, but less than for any year from 1942-46 and only about 90 per cent of the 5-year 1943-47 average.

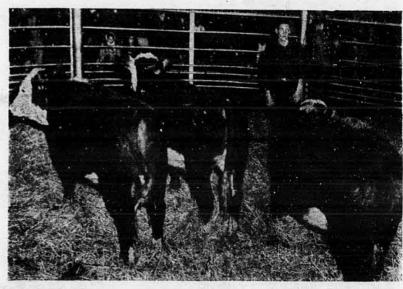
The number of cattle on feed in the U. S. on January 1, was 19 per cent larger than a year ago.

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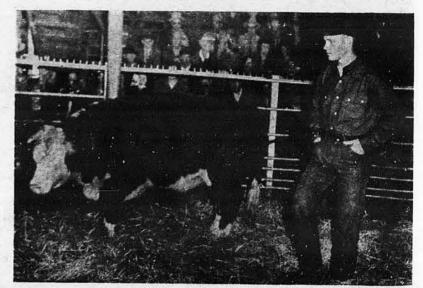
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Roy Johns, Reading, with champion pen of calves at the Flint Hills 4-H Deferred Calf Show and Sale, Emporia.



Tadd Schlobohm, Reading, champion single calf exhibitor at Flint Hills 4-H Deferred Calf Show and Sale.

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# Sold to Swift for \$1,883,823,473.00



**Quick Facts on Swift's Business** in 1948

Total Sales \$2,361,114,041

Swift's average sales dollar was spent

For Livestock & Other Agricultural	
Products	79.8 cts.
For Employes' Wages & Salaries	9.6 cts.
For Supplies	4.0 cts.
For Transportation	2.0 cts.
For Taxes	1.5 cts.
For Other Business Expenses	1.9 cts.
Total spent out of each average	
dollar	98.8 cts.
Remaining as Earnings for Swift	1.2 cts.
Total	100 cents

Because your business of farming and ranching is so closely related to our business of meat packing, we believe you are interested in an accounting of Swift & Company's operations in 1948. On this page we tell you how much money we received, how we spent this money, and how much we earned for services performed.

The past year was reasonably profitable to both producers and Swift & Company. That's the way it should be in America. A fair profit to producers means better living and insures a sound program on farms and ranches. A fair profit to business in cities and towns helps maintain purchasing power and markets for the products which you and Swift have to sell.

In 1948, Swift & Company paid nearly two billion dollars for agricultural products. We processed and distributed nationwide this output of your land and labor . . . cattle, calves,

hogs, lambs, dairy and poultry products, soybeans, cottonseed, peanuts and other products of agriculture. For these we paid out 79.8 cents from each dollar we received from the sale of our products.

# **HOW THE DOLLAR WAS DIVIDED**

In America a business is operated to serve the public, and to earn a profit for its owners. In 1948, Swift earned \$27,889,210 net profit. That was an average of 1.2 cents out of each dollar we received from

the sale of our products. Who got the balance of 98.8 cents? It went to people who work directly in the livestock-meat industry, to additional thousands in other busi-



. The major cost of meat packing is the purchase of livestock and other agricultural products. Swift paid \$1,883,823,473 to farmers and ranchers last year. You, the producers, received 79.8 cents out in each average dollar we took in



Swift & Company employs 73,-000 men and women to provide the services producers, retailers and consumers demand. The employes look to their company for regular, gainful employment. They earned \$226,154,019 in wages and salaries in 1948 . . . or 9.6 cents of each average sales dollar.



3. Supplies of all kinds-sugar, salt, spices, containers, fuel, electricity cost us \$94,809,928. These supplies are furnished by other businesses. Our purchases from them created work and wages for many more Americans. This took 4 cents of our average sales dollar.



4. Transportation charges are necessary item of expense, and a large one, too. Meats are moved an average of 1,000 miles from farm and ranch to market. During 1948, in distributing our products to cities, towns and villages, Swift & Company spent \$46,702,-457 for transportation by rail and motor. This amounted to 2.0 cents each average dollar of sales



5. Government expenses—fire and police protection, national defense, roads, social security, public edu-cation, etc.—are all paid out of taxes. Swift's tax bill for the year was \$35,220,291. The Federal Government and each of the 48 states collected some of this amount. And taxes were paid in hundreds of municipalities where our plants and properties are located. Federal, state and local taxes took 1.5 cents of our average sales dollar.



6. More than 200,000 retail store operators look to Swift for a regular supply of meats and other Swift products. We help build retailers' trade by developing nationwide consumer markets. Our research laboratories and test kitchens also help create consumer demand. Depreciation, interest and other expenses common to every business, add to this total. All these cost \$46,514,663 or 1.9 cents of the average dollar of sales.

### Swift & Company UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS

Nutrition is our business—and yours

That's the story of the division of Swift's average dollar received from sales. Of that dollar, 98.8 cents went to other people or businesses. The 1.2 cents left is our return for processing, marketing and distributing meats and other products for millions of American families. Out of this return—or net earnings—our 64,000 shareholders, men

and women who invested their savings in the Company, received dividends which took 7/10 of a cent of the average sales dollar. The balance of 1/2 cent was retained to provide for future needs of the Company.

Metivicayour Vice President and Treasurer Swift & Company



# Management's Role in Modern Farming

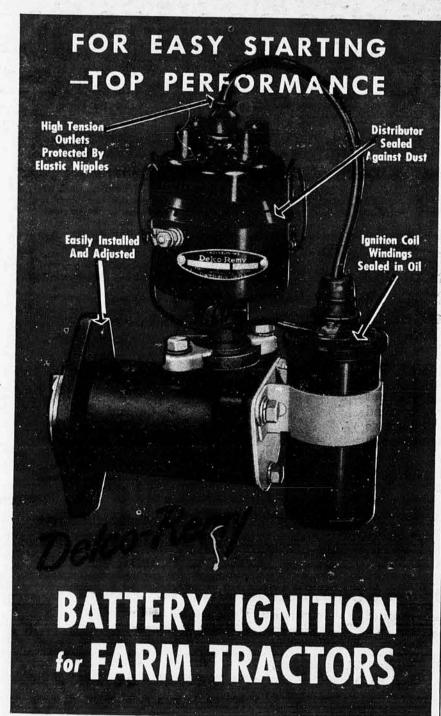
by O. R. Johnson, University of Missouri, Columbia

Better farm management can give startling results. If managed as well as the best 20%

f the farms are managed, output of the aver-ge acre could be doubled. In most areas the output of pasture land could be increased three four times. Our cleverest feeders get 60% nore out of their feed than do average feeders. reased 50% to 100% if animals and methods s good as those used by the top 20% of our armers were employed by all farmers

There are two ways of achieving higher proluction per acre without increasing costs. The most practical method is to raise the level of management efficiency without increasing present working forces per farm. The other method s for the farm family, with modern power and machinery, to farm more acres. This second method has obvious limitations. For there would not be enough acres to go around without eliminating many farm families. Do we want larger farm units and reduced farm population? Many think not.

However, many farmers are now faced with adopting either one or the other of the above methods. Farmers must meet today's high operating costs and still maintain living standards without forcing prices beyond the reach of the average consumer. Consumers cannot be expected to support, indefinitely, inefficient farm output by paying the high prices such inefficient efficiency demands.

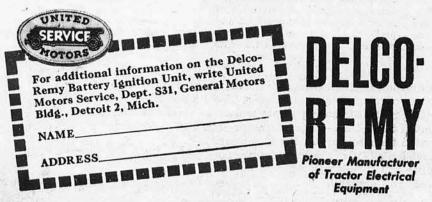


Now you can have all the efficiency and economy of battery ignition on your tractor. This new Battery Ignition Unit includes distributor and ignition coil especially designed by Delco-Remy for tractor service. Easily installed in place of the magneto on batteryequipped tractors, it brings you all these advantages:

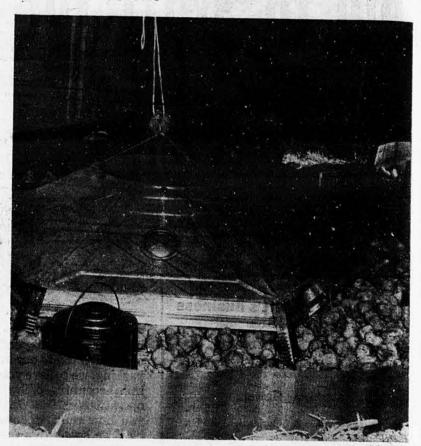
- EASY STARTING-Delivers high energy spark at low R.P.M. That means easy starting even in cold weather.
- TOP PERFORMANCE-Spark automatically advanced or retarded for smooth, economical engine operation.

- SEALED CONSTRUCTION— Distributor sealed against dust. Moisture-proof ignition coil sealed in oil.
- SPECIALLY BUILT FOR TRAC-TORS-Designed by the world's largest manufacturer of automotive and tractor electrical equipment. Moderate in cost -built for years of hard use on farm tractors.

Now is the time to place your order for a Battery Ignition Unit so that your tractor will be ready for spring. It is available now for many models of Allis-Chalmers, Farmall, Oliver and Case tractors, both gasoline and Diesel.



# How to Raise 48,000 Broilers



This picture shows a broiler pen arrangement being used by John Scott, Morris county. Benjamin "Junior" Blythe, caretaker, is shown with the chicks.

F YOU are considering raising broilers, here are some good ideas being used by John Scott, Morris county farmer. He produces 36,000 to 48,000 a year, handling 12,000 broilers at a time and plans 3 or 4 projects during the year.

time and plans 3 or 4 projects during the year.

Mr. Scott is leasing space on the former Herington airbase. Here is the Scott program in detail:

STARTING: Chicks are started in pens formed by using 12-inch-wide strips of corrugated strawboard set on edge in circles. The 440 chicks in each pen are supplied with 4 waterers and 4 feeders. 4 feeders

end of the first week, sides of At end of the first week, sides of pens are removed and chicks are allowed the run of building, which is heated by stoves to 65 to 70 degrees. Brooders remain in operation, however. When pens are taken down chicks are give one-half square foot each of floor space, and 4 additional broiler feeders are added for each 440 chicks. When chicks are 10 days old, waterers are removed and sterilized and run-

ning water is installed the length of the building by means of an eaves trough. All watering equipment is dis-

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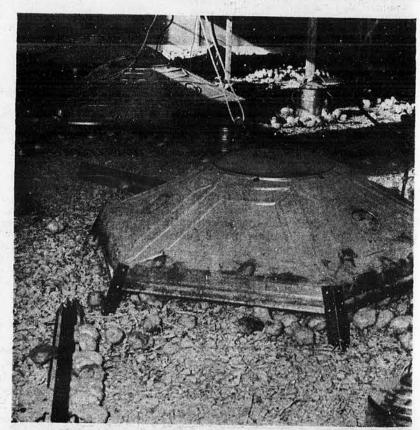
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the building by means of an eaves trough. All watering equipment is disinfected twice weekly.

Chicks are moved to another building when 5 or 6 weeks old and given two thirds of a square foot of space. They remain in this building thruout the remainder of the growing period. They are brooder weaned one week before moving. In the building used for the final growing stage, feed hoppers are installed along all 4 walls and the small feeders are removed. In the finish room the eaves trough watering equipment is suspended from the ceiling so it can be adjusted for height, and so it can be raised while the building is being cleaned.

LITTER: Cobs are used, with the cobs run thru an ensilage cutter to reduce to size of a walnut up to 2 inches in length. Some husks are desirable for the chicks to pick. If cobs are too finely ground they will pack and chicks may consume too much of the litter. Start (Continued on Page 19)



At end of first week chicks are given run of building, and 4 additional feeders for each 440 chicks are added. Brooders remain in operation until end of 4th or 5th week, but temperatures are reduced 5 degrees each week.

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Egg flats for scratch grain and coarsely ground corncobs for litter are important points in broiler raising. The Blythe Cocker puppy is shown here getting acquainted with the new chicks.

with 3 inches of litter and add 2 inches with each new bunch of chicks. Clean once a year unless disease develops.

FEEDING: When chicks are first put into pens upon arrival, give them scratch grain on egg flats immediately. Scratch grain should be steel cut to chick size and fed to prevent pasting. Feeders can be filled with mash and covered with a sprinkling of scratch grain to encourage chicks to pick at it. Sprinkle small amount of grit on feed the first day to help digestion. Hand feed scratch grain on egg flats every hour to 1½ hours first 2 or 3 days until chicks begin eating well from the feeders. Quit scratch grain at end of 3 days and burn egg flats. Prevent picking at 4 to 6 weeks by feeding whole oats and alfalfa hay.

LABOR: One man can care for up to FEEDING: When chicks are first

LABOR: One man can care for up to 25,000 broilers except for these periods—getting houses ready, arrival of chicks, moving chicks to another building marketing. It is not necessary to ing, marketing. It is not necessary to move chicks at the 5 or 6 weeks age as Mr. Scott does. He finds it an advantage in his case to keep his brooder equipment in constant use.

FEED CONSUMPTION: Mr. Scott figures on 10 to 11 pounds of feed to finish a 3-pound broiler.

COST: Housing, 1 cent a bird (this cost would be higher if you had to build instead of lease space); heat, 2 cents a bird for winter brooding; interest and depreciation on equipment, figuring life of equipment at 10 years, 1 to 1½ cents a bird; labor, 4 cents a bird. Cost of litter will depend on whether you

have or can obtain cobs free. If so, figure cost of grinding and hauling

LOSSES: Mr. Scott has been averag ing a 5 per cent death loss from the fol-lowing causes—2 per cent from pick-ing, 2 per cent by accident, and 1 per cent from natural causes, such as in-

cubator weakness.

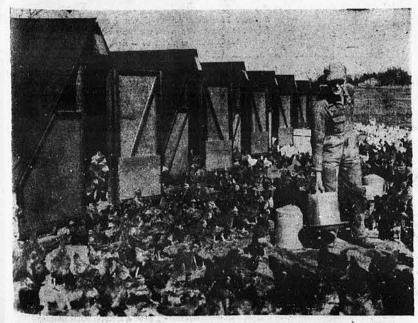
The death losses can be held to a The death losses can be held to a minimum by watching the following points: Buy only strong, disease-free chicks from an accredited hatchery; feed scratch grains every hour first 3 days to get chicks started to eating fast and to prevent pasting; keep temperature even at all times; prevent picking by adding oats and alfalfa hay at from 4 to 6 weeks; use lights at night to prevent piling; start brooders at 95 degrees and reduce heat 5 degrees each week until chicks are brooder weaned; use sulfa drug in drinking water first 10 days as recommended on product; keep room temperature at 65 to 70 degrees at all times.

PROFITS: In favorable feed ratio

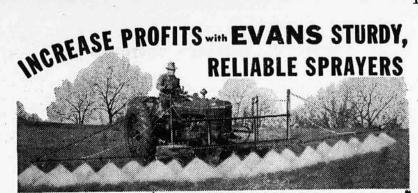
PROFITS: In favorable feed ratio years like this one, profits may run to 30 cents a bird. Mr. Scott says over a period of years he will be satisfied with an average of 10 cents a bird.

GENERAL INFORMATION: Be sure you have a market before you start your broilers; raise broilers only in large volume as profits per bird may be small; volume also insures better market as it will interest large buyers and will cut feed, labor and housing costs.

### **Broilers Do Well Here**



Broilers can be grown with this type of equipment, being used in an experiment at Burlinaton by the Seymour Packing Co.

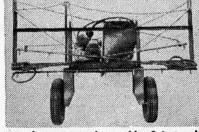


### SPRAYING EQUIPMENT BACKED BY MORE THAN A QUARTER CENTURY of EXPERIENCE

Your Evans dealer handles the line of spray equipment that has passed the test of time... equipment made consistently superior throughout twenty five years of pioneering, research and actual experience in all phases of agricultural spraying. Thus, there is an Evans Spray Machine to fulfill your every requirement. Prices range from \$115 to \$215; but regardless of the model you choose, the Evans features of quick mounting, versatility, economy, capacity, even coverage and adaptability to power supply assure maximum usefulness "all around the farm". Depend on Evans, too, when extra parts are needed! Evans is the largest stocking dealer of component parts and accessories in the Midwest. A complete line of spray materials.

EVANS TWO-WHEEL ADJUSTABLE AXLE ROW CROP SPRAYER

Engine Model with 2-wheel Trailer 60 gallon tank, 2.3 HP engine . . can be used on trailer or as skid for many spraying jobs around the farm. Illustration shows sprayer with boom mounted and folded.



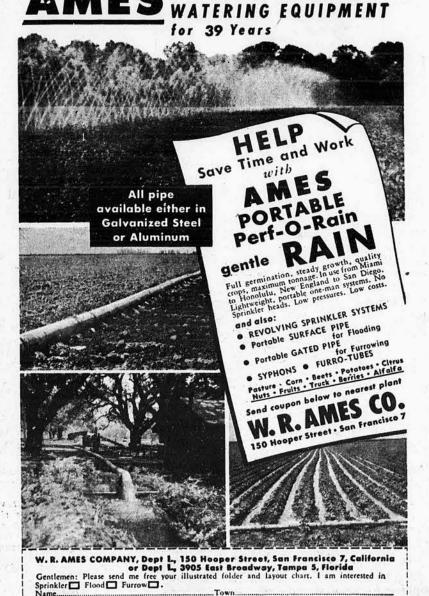
SPRAYERS and ACCESSORIES Fit Your Individual New WRITE FOR 1949 CATALOG

Do you have a spraying problem? Just write us a letter . . . and be sure to send for the FREE 1949 Evans catalog.

SOLVING THE FARMERS' SPRAY PROBLEMS FOR 25 YEARS SUPPLY Co. 305 Delaware Dept. E-1, Kansas City, Missouri

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS are still THE BEST BUY





# Housework Easier

By Florence McKinney

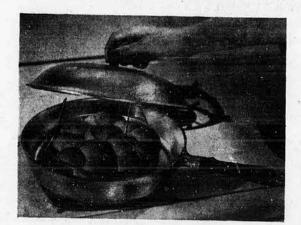
HOPPING for new household equipment these days is a delight. There are items so gleaming, so well-designed, so efficient they make our old things outdated. The day of heavy, hard-to-run, inefficient home equipment appears to be in the past. Heavy, clumpy irons and the past. past. Heavy, clumsy irons, awkward-to-operate washing machines, pieces difficult to clean, are not even on the market these days.

The day of the pop-up toaster, sit-down ironing the automatic electric washer, home freezers and fuel-saving equipment is here to stay. Take a look around the stores, there are many from which to choose. Making the choices will be the biggest problem. Take washing machines, for instance. The new automatic washer is almost a dream. It fills itself with water, washes the clothes, rinses them, spins them damp-dry, the tub is cleaned and them, spins them damp-dry, the tub is cleaned and drained during the drying process, leaving only the trap to be cleaned by the homemaker. But the automatic washer can be used only if there is an adequate water supply, both hot and cold. Water pressure, too, is important. Perhaps a standard type of washer fits your needs better.

Learn from the dealers whether their washers will handle your size laundry. If you prefer to wash often and less clothes at a time, one washer will suit your needs better than another.

Glass kitchenware makes beautiful displays on the store shelves, some of it in colors. The latest is a 4-dish oven-refrigerator set in colors. A glass double-boiler gives the cook the advantage of actually seeing the food cooking within, even with the cover in place.

A new vacuum sweeper on the market is lightweight, made specifically for the small home and apartment. In the large home, it might well be



used for the upstairs and stored there between

cleanings. It weighs only 13% pounds.

Irons are made these days which with the push of a button lift themselves on to a built-in stand no lifting, no effort.

Ironing boards are on the market that will shift themselves with the touch of a finger, so the ironer can sit in one position while ironing . . . the board shifts, not the ironer.

These days it's possible to roast and bake on top the stove. There are utensils made especially for this purpose. For those who do not like to heat the oven for a pan of biscuits or who like to save fuel or if the oven is not working well, this top-of-thestove baker is ideal.

Another new gadget is the magic wand for the home, which will do odd jobs about the house, anything from singeing chickens to browning casserole dishes, defrosting the refrigerator, removing paint, even thawing radiators and pipes.

Lighting has improved remarkably since the war there are new lamps and new bulbs to fill

war . . . there are new lamps and new bulbs to fill a wide variety of needs.

More and more country women are buying home ironers for they save wearisome hours at the ironing board, give her more leisure time. When one becomes adept, even shirts go thru the ironer as well as flat pieces. well as flat pieces.

Vacuum cleaners these days clean not only the carpets but the draperies, the walls and the furnicarpets but the draperies, the walls and the furni-ture. Clocks on stoves regulate cooking time, elec-tric fans ventilate the whole house, electric blan-kets keep us warm on winter nights. There are lamps that bring sunshine right indoors, not ordi-nary lamps for light, but those that give ultra-violet rays. Electricity washes dishes, rinses and dries them . . . everything but places them back on the shelves in rows. It choose corbets as on the shelves in rows. It chops garbage and rinses

Double-unit sinks in stainless steel as well as the traditional white porcelain interest women every where. Electric irons are featherweight and adjustable for any type of fabric.

The busy farm wife needs and buys these items.

She keeps up with her sister in the city. She is no longer the forgotten woman.

Left: Top-of-the-stove baking and roasting saves fuel. A rack with handles fits into the Dutch oven for baking, roasting and easy removal.



rubs clothes gently for 3 to 20 minutes, depending on the time selected by the housewife, rinses and damp-dries.

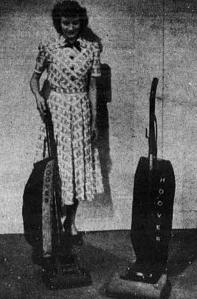


Above: A double-boiler is a must in every home. This one of glass has an advantage . . . the cook can see within with the cover in place.

Below: This new piece of equipment will singe chickens, thaw radiators and pipes, remove paint. It's about the size of an egg beater.



Above: A lightweight vac-uum sweeper will be right either for a small home or the second floor of a large one. It weighs 13¾ pounds.



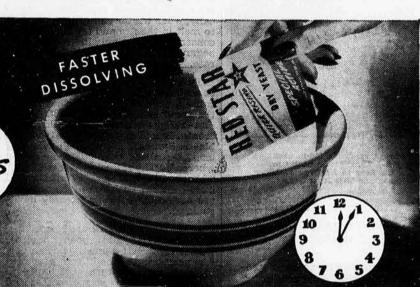
Below: The day of sit-down ironing is here. It's possible with an iron that lifts itself with a push of a finger.



# Why Red Star LIBRARY MANHATIAN SPECIAL-ACTIVE Dry Yeast







gives you best results

> QUICKER RISING



. NEVER FAILS TO GIVE ME LIGHTER, BETTER TASTING BAKED GOODS



.STARTS WORKING THE INSTANT YOU ADD WARM WATER



If you haven't tried Red Star special active Dry Yeast, get a supply today. You'll find that Red Star will save time in all your recipes. And, as for flavor and texture of baked goods

made with Red Star, just let your family be the judge.





By MARY SCOTT HAIR

"'Tis time to light the evening fire, To read good books, to sing
The low and lovely songs that breathe
Of the eternal spring."

-Alice Careu.

SINCE time immemorial, writers and poets, artists and musiciness. SINCE time immemorial, writers and poets, artists and musicians have used the winter season as inspiration for poems, books, great paintings and beautiful music. In other years, when winter arrived at the proper time, I've had my "say." But this time, like so many other kindred souls, we were not prepared, mentally or physically, when winter came. Wood seemed to melt in the fire and try as we did to to melt in the fire and try as we did to conserve it, the supply in the woodshed began disappearing at an alarming

Two snowy preludes to the arrival of actual calendar winter brought cold rains first, and icy winds that lashed the trees in a merciless mood. Sheep and range cattle, little wild wood creatures and birds suffered from the blasts. Sympathetic with all suffering ones, I realized that Nietzsche knew whereof "Thus Spake Zarathustra" when he had him say, "Winter, a bad guest, sitteth with me at home; blue are my hands with his friendly handshaking."

It all began with a rain. Not a "dis-It all began with a rain. Not a "dismal rain" as most poets describe winter rains, but a most welcome one, for near-drouth conditions prevailed in our section thru the autumn months. Little streams of water and wells became alarmingly low, and it was an effort to fill the big tank from the ranch well. The rain came down in gray, slanting lines, and the dry, cold earth seemed to welcome every drop. Big drops of water, almost freezdrop. Big drops of water, almost freezing, ran down the telephone line outside the window, like beads on a broken string.

In the night the wind blew, the windowpanes shivered, and the house seemed to brace itself against its seemed to brace itself against its mighty force. I always think, at such windy times, of the book, "My Father's World," by Merton S. Rice, for the chapter about the wind is one of the most beautiful, the most descriptive of any I have ever read. I've memorized portions of its read this case in rized portions of it, and this one is a special favorite because there are giant trees outside my bedroom window.

"It takes a tree to make a real harp for the wind, and the timbre of the tone it makes there is the secret of the tree. Send a strong wind thru a grove of trees, and if there is any sense of music in your soul you will be entranced. It is like unto a master seated at a great organ." at a great organ."

When the wind ceased, the snow started falling in a thick, white blanket, so thick the night sky seemed full of the softly falling flakes. Some of it melted as it fell to the wet earth. But ere long, aided and abetted by the cold, the blanket became thicker and more heautiful more beautiful.

When the door was opened next morning so the kittens could come into the house from the smokehouse, which is now used for a washhouse, they paused in the doorway and touched the snow with inquiring paws. Then they plunged forward boldly and once inside the kitchen they ridded themselves of the frosty hits clinging. themselves of the frosty bits clinging to their furry bodies.

The crows were out early The crows were out early to see what was going on, on such a cold day, and one particularly handsome fellow had a glazy white cloak over his shining black wings. Wherever he slept that night, his roof leaked! But he called out a cheery greeting to the gray squirrel that scampered about looking for a handout. gray squirrel that looking for a handout.

About the first chore on any snowy morning is that of cleaning off the window-sill feeding shelf and filling it with goodies for the birds. It's funny how quickly the chickadees can spot a feast of cracked nuts! They came from all directions, their cheerful chatter mingling with the bluejay's shriek of "thief, thief"! All day long, flashing shadows on the kitchen wall told me the birds were enjoying the feast prepared for them. Winter is certainly the best time of all for making friends with the birds.

It was Shakespeare who wrote, "A sad tale's best for winter." I do not agree! Give me a seed catalog, some midwinter sales books and an almanac and my winter evenings will take care of themselves . . . oh, yes, the mending basket has a place of honor all its own for just such evenings!

My favorite almanac has the story of "ground ivy" as my Granny Belle called it. I've always loved this old-fashioned plant for its fragrant leaves, and dainty little blue flowers brighten up spots where other plants refuse to grow. And it takes a mighty hard freeze to chill its enthusiasm for livers. freeze to chill its enthusiasm for liv-

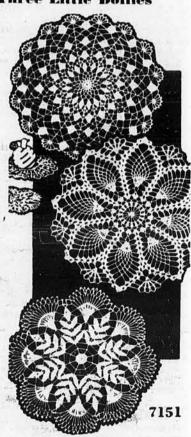
My almanac has many interesting stories and bits of information. Reading some of them brought back memo-ries of Granny Belle's kitchen where

Geary county was named for John White Geary, third territorial governor from 1856 to 1857. He also was major general of the Pennsylvania volunteers in the Civil War, and governor of Pennsylvania from 1866 to 1873.

dried herbs hung in bunches near the big kitchen range. She always kept catnip for the big kitty that moused in the "old house" where the loom was, and where Granny wove yaryards of rag carpets and rugs.

According to the almanac, "One often finds catnip growing around buildings of old farms because of a belief held that the odor of this plant drove off rats. The plants were set as a barricade around buildings." This idea, the quite old, apparently, is certainly a new one to me! tainly a new one to me!

### Three Little Doilies



Just see how easy they are to crochet. One is pineapple design, one fern, one is pretty flower-petals. Pattern 7151 gives complete directions for the 3 doilies.

Send 20 cents for Pattern 7151 to the Needlework Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

KANSAS STAR FLOUR Chosen the "GOOD NEIGHBOR" **FLOUR** 

liff Neel (right) President of Kansas Flying Farmers, receives a 100-lb, sack KANSAS STAR "Better By Far" Flour, a gift he presented recently desident Miguel Aleman of Mexico. Delivering the flour to Neel are J. J. unier, head of Western Star Mill Co., Salina, Kans., and Miss Joyce Vanier.

ANSAS farmers grow our na-A tion's best wheat . . . KAN-SAS STAR "Better By Far" Flour is milled from only the best of Kansas wheat...Kansas Flying Farmers wanted the best representation possible for

their great wheat state on

their "friendship flight" to Mexico.

KANSAS STAR Flour, the 'good neighbor" flour, flew with them!

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D Bulblets TREE

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40 lbs. Canadian Walleyed Pike, dressed, headless, scaled, glazed, ready for pan or home freezer
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20 lbs. Extra Large Alaskan Hallbut Steaks, glazed or dipped in wax. ready to fry or for home freezer

fry or for home freezer

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- Easy-to-clean top and drip tray.
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COUPON

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**Homemaking** 

WICHITA 2, KANSAS

Kansa

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# Homemaking

### The Recipe Corner

### Caramel Apples

8 apples 16 marshmallow: | cup butter

1 cup brown sugar ½ cup nuts, almonds preferred

Arrange 2 layers of apples, cut into eighths, marshmallows cut into thirds, dots of butter, brown sugar and nutdots of butter, brown sugar and nut-meats in a buttered baking dish. Bake in moderate oven (350° F.) basting occasionally. Cool. Serve with whipped cream if desired. Serve with pork, turkey or chicken.

1 cup cooked tomatoes 3s teaspoon celery

2 tablespoons flour ½ cup water ½ tablespoon salt

2 tablespoons

tes, ten use ard iv-

chopped onion 1 small bay leaf 1 clove

salt and pepper

Combine all ingredients with excep-tion of flour and butter. Simmer for a few minutes and strain. Mix flour and butter and add other mixture. Cook, stirring constantly until thick and smooth. Serve with meat and fish.

### Canned Hominy

Heat hominy to a rapid boil and pack to within one inch of top of jars. Cover with boiling water. Remove air bub-

bles, adjust lid and process pint jars in pressure cooker for 55 minutes, quarts 85 minutes at 10 pounds pres-sure. If water bath is used, process pint jars for 3 hours.

### Carrot, Cheese Salad

1 pound cottage cheese

1 cup finely chopped or grated carrot ¼ teaspoon salt Dash of pepper 2 tablespoons finely chopped onion cup cooked salad dressing

Mix the cheese with chopped carrot, onion, seasoning and serve with dress-

### German Crumb Cake

2 cups flour 1½ cups sugar 2 teaspoons bak

2 eggs, well beaten ½ cup milk cinnamon

ing powder ½ cup nuts, chopped 1/4 teaspoon salt ½ cup butter

Sift dry ingredients together, cut or work in butter. Reserve 1 cup of mixture. To remaining mixture, add combined eggs and milk and beat well. Pour into buttered coffeecake pan. Cover top with reserved mixture. Sprinkle with cinnamon and nutmeats. Bake in a moderate over (375° E.) for about in a moderate oven (375° F.) for about 30 or 40 minutes.

# Applesauce Is Something Special

By ELSIE RANDOLPH

L VER since Eve took a bite out of the apple in the garden of Eden, the apple has been looked upon with suspicion by the whole human race. People speak of applesauce in double meanings. Actually it is something special, even versatile. Applesauce may be a stimulant, a sedative, a lubricant or an adherent. It is wonderful stuff! It must be seasoned with good taste and served with judgment and discretion. You do need to be careful how you dish it out.

You do need to be careful how you dish it out.

A little judicious praise given a child will do more good than hours of nagging. From childhood on, we respond to praise and appreciation with a new burst of speed. Appreciation of good work puts new pep and energy into an employee, while criticism slows him down. Applesauce spread on the bruised spirit of some discouraged wayfarer gives him momentum and pushes him right over the bumps in his path.

Try applesauce as a cooling agent when some hot-tempered friend gets pugnacious. Quick tempers may flare, but a bit of understanding and wise sympathy soothes the ruffled spirit. The applesauce does the trick.

You can oil the wheel of progress and the rocky road to success with applesauce. If you see someone who has a steep and bumpy road to climb, you can raise his morale by a sympathetic appreciation of his efforts. Oiling the road for someone else automatically oils your own path.

Strange as it may seem, applesauce is an adherent or sticking agent, too.

A little sweetened applesauce dished up carefully can patch up the cracks in a broken friendship. Fit the pieces together and fill the cracks with bits of

### Said It With Eggs

I sent my friend a valentine Without a verse or dart, A basketful of new-laid eggs, And so I won her heart.

By Camilla Walch Wilson.

appreciation. Look for the good in your friend and tell him about it. There is plenty of good there or you wouldn't have been attracted to him in the be-

ginning.

Applesauce will cement the seams Appresauce will cement the seams in a cracking marital relationship, too. Husbands and wives get to seeing a small fault in the other and hold it so close to their eyes that it shuts out a whole world of good qualities. Many a broken home could have been mended with applessage.

with applesauce.

The uplifting power of love is immeasurable. People will rise to the challenge one gives them. Love draws, creates and attracts the good. Recognize the good qualities, smile at all you meet. Give to others the best of yourself and the best will come back to you. You can slide right into victory at the home plate on applesauce.

### **Plants Need Winter Care**

PERENNIALS and bulbs, lawns and PERENNIALS and bulbs, lawns and shrubs need some special care in the winter. Some injury to plants is unnecessary and can be prevented. The cold seldom is injurious to plants. It's the drying by winter wind and sun which causes the common "winter kill" of evergreens. When the ground freezes so evergreens cannot take up the moisture they need in the winter as well as in warmer weather, they often brown and die by drying. A shade

# Valentine Party

It isn't too late to send for our leaflet, "A Hearty Party," if you need suggestions for a Valentine's party. We shall give all orders our prompt attention. Please address Entertainment Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and enclose 3c for postage.

against the sun or a windbreak may be needed to save them.

be needed to save them.

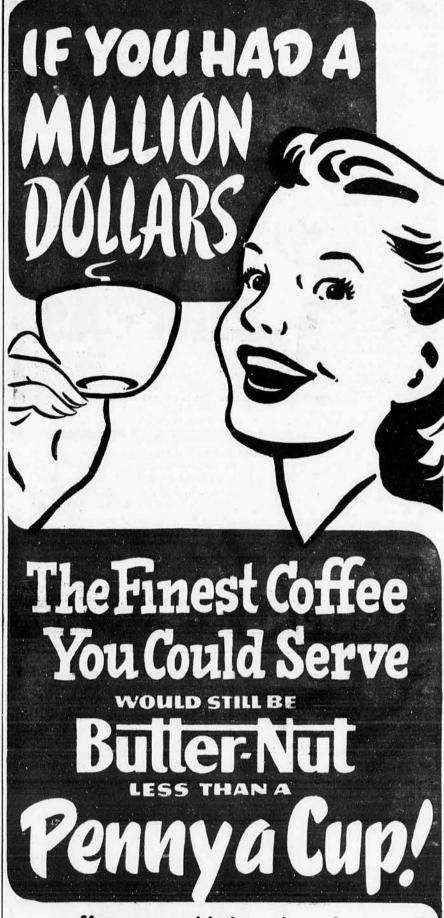
After a heavy fall of wet snow, shake small trees and evergreens to prevent broken limbs. Shake before the wet snow freezes on and makes the branches brittle.

Alternate freezing and thawing sometimes heaves bulbs and perennial roots out of the ground and leaves them exposed to the air. Once the ground has frozen, a covering of leaves or other mulch makes a good insulation to protect against thawing until spring arrives. spring arrives.

spring arrives.

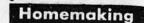
Another wintertime problem is roof drip. It will kill or at least damage plants. Drain spouts should be cleaned and little temporary shed roofs built to covery the shrubbery.

One more hazard in winter is salt sprinkled on icy sidewalks. As the ice melts, the salt is washed into the nearby soil and salt is not beneficial to most plants. Sand or ashes are better, less damaging. less damaging.



If you were wealthy beyond your dreams, still you could buy no finer coffee than Butter-Nut...at less than a penny a cup. Favorite of millions...and probably costs no more than the brand you now use. Next time buy Butter-Nut. You'll love it.





# Study the Pattern

Tips for the Dressmaker

Buy your pattern by bust measure, not dress size, as patterns are marked a size smaller than readyto-wear items.

Before cutting, read the pattern directions carefully. They give you the sewing details which give your work that custom-made look. Note carefully the directions in which to press darts and seams. Even if you are experienced, you're bound to get new sewing techniques from these directions.

Before cutting the garment, check each piece for fit. First, get your complete body measurements by measuring yourself and any well-fitting dress. Compare these measurements with those on the pattern envelope. Pattern measurements are body measurements. The pattern itself allows for seams, and ease of material. Measure the pattern for correct length as well and then adjust the pattern as necessary.

When cutting out garments, indicate all the notches. The professional way is to make a short clip into the fabric, rather than notches. The material is less likely to fray. Make a short clip to indicate the top of the sleeve. Chalk or pencil marks may also indicate notches.

After sewing each seam, pink and press it. Only by pressing as you sew, will you achieve the look of perfection.

If you press darts before stitching them, you will have a firm crease on the dart edge and also a straight stitching line.

On thick fabrics such as wool, the collar and cuff seams should not be trimmed evenly on all edges. Layer

them off to reduce the bulk. Cut one thickness very close, the next a  $_{\mbox{\scriptsize bit}}$  wider and so on.

Fit the garment with the right side out, to take care of figure variations.

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Be certain to use the shoulder pads you will wear with the dress, otherwise the fit will be inaccurate. Even blowses and wash dresses perk up if worn with shoulder pads.

Tape stitched under the row of buttons on a dress or blouse will add to the life of the garment. Especially, if the garment is rayon, the damage from a hot iron will be prevented.

A piece of organdy, dampened slightly, serves well as a pressing cloth as you sew. It is easy to handle and its transparency enables you to follow chalk marks. On rayon fabrics, which can't stand much heat, use dampened tissue paper for pressing.

### Recipes Wanted

The home department invites recipes from readers. We espe-cially desire simple recipes having cially desire simple recipes having only a few ingredients, some one-dish meal recipes and other types for the whole year around if simple and practical. We have plenty recipes at present for cakes, pies and candies. All recipes will be tested by the women's editor. We will pay \$1 for any recipe published. Please send to the Women's Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

# nursery catalog, and a FREE subscription to my magazine "Seed Sense." HENRY FIELD, 1710 Elm St.: Shenandoah, Iowa

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These SUPER GIANT ZINNIAS are really something

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HURRY. DON'T WAIT-Am making this amazing

offer to get acquainted with new gardeners. But don't have too big supply of seed, so get your order in right away. Will send along my 1949 seed and

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Highstrung Feelings?

Are you troubled by distress of female functional monthly disturbances? Does it make you feel so nervous, cranky, restless, weak, a bit moody—at such times? Then no try Lydia E, Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve such symptoms! Women by the thousands have reported remarkable benefits. Pinkham's Compound is what Doctors call a uterine sedative. It has a grand soothing effect on one of woman's most important organs. Taken regularly—Pinkham's Compound helps build up resistance against such distress. It's also a great stomachic tonic! All drugstores.

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Pinkham's Compound is very effective to relieve monthly cramps, headache, backache, —when due to female functional monthly disturbances.

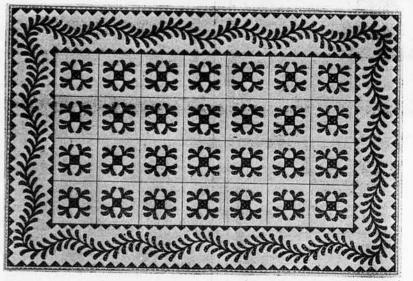


Change of Life

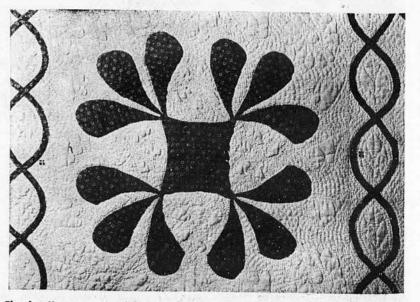
the functional middle-period peculiar to women sees, weak, highstrung, Compound try Pink

Lydia E. Pinkham's COMPOUND

# **Turkey Tracks**



This pattern is of the sort that wins the prize at the fair. Unusual in design and quilting. Pioneer mothers fearing that "wandering foot" suggested wanderlust, renamed this quilt pattern the "turkey tracks."



The detail pattern shows the size and the quilting design as well. To order, send 5 cents to the Home Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and specify the name, "turkey tracks."

# "-NO MORE **UPSET STOMACH"**

heartburn after cals?...feel logy? mcomfortable? Then read this heartening letter from a woman who and her way to better digestion and better health:

5, 1949

Cut one t a bit

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Before switching to POSTUM, suffered both indigestion and nervousss...But now my nerves are quieted and my digestion much improved. No nore upset stomach after drinking POSTUM!"

SCIENTIFIC FACTS: Both coffee and tea contain caffein, and caffein is a drug which in many persons tends to produce harmful stomach acidity, as well as nervousness and sleepless nights. So while many people can drink coffee or tea without ill-effect, others can't-and this may mean YOU!

MAKE THIS TEST: Give up coffee—give up tea—drink POSTUM exclusively for 30 days—and judge by results! Remember: POSTUM contains no caffein or other drug-nothing that can possibly cause indigestion, nervousness, eplessness! Ask your grocer today for INSTANT POSTUM—A Vigorous Drink made from Healthful Wheat and Bran. A Product of General Foods.





# For Quick Cough Relief, Mix This Syrup, at Home

Cooking. No Work. Real Saving.

e's an old home mixture your mother bly used, but, for real results, it is still the most effective and dependable for s due to colds. Once tried, you'll swear

it. It's no trouble. Make a syrup by stirring 2 be granulated sugar and one cup water for lew moments, until dissolved. No cooking seled—it's so easy! Or you can use corn rup or liquid honey, instead of sugar syrup. Now put 2½ ounces of Pinex into a pint the company of truly splendid cough medicine, and fill up with your syrup. This makes full pint of truly splendid cough medicine, and gives you about four times as much for our money. It keeps perfectly and tastesfine. And you'll say it's really excellent for lidek you'll say it's really excellent for filly. It loosens the phlegm, soothes the filated membranes, and helps clear the air as you get restful sleep. Fredients, in concentrated form, well-bown for its quick action on throat and onchial irritations. Money refunded if not leased in every way.

Homemaking <

### Cut Back Poinsettia

Soon after the Christmas poinsettia has bloomed, cut the plant back, allow-ing but one or two buds to a stem and give it a complete rest for 2 or 3 months. When new growth starts, stems will branch where cut. The more stems, the more flowers that will bloom. Use the cuttings to start new plants.

During the rest period, a poinsettia should have only enough moisture to keep stems from shriveling. Lay pot on side, first in basement, then under garden shrubbery when weather warms enough. After the rest period, scrape off the top soil and add fresh. Keep plant well watered. Bring indoors next fall and start the black-cloth treatment in early November in preparation for another Christmas blooming. for another Christmas blooming.

### A Good Height

Around 25 inches is the best height for a table lamp. See that it has a spreading shade and is lined with white or near-white. A large 100-watt bulb in a reading lamp is a good investment in good and lasting eyesight.

### Family Living Costs Up

Farm families are spending \$500 a year more for family living now than in 1940. This spending is expected to continue in 1949. There is a large supply of durable goods available now and the demand by farm people for these goods has not been met. Many more families still need new washing machines, new stoves and refrigerators. In 1948, improved housing and new home equipment accounted for a large amount of cash spent.

### **Children and Books**

Children should grow up with books of their own. Books wisely chosen to widen the world and feed the natural

interests of childhood are not luxuries. They are as essential to mental and spiritual growth and change as right foods for the body, and some provision for their purchase should be made in every household budget.

### A Grooming Hint

If your hair is dry and difficult to manage, a shampoo containing lano-lin may help restore some of its life. Lanolin is the natural fat from wool. The label on the package or bottle will tell you whether it contains lanolin.

### Small-Equipment Care

Buy a small recipe box and in it keep the manufacturers' directions for re-pairing and care of all equipment. Keep the guarantees in this box with the date you purchased the equipment written on the guarantee.

### If You're Stout

Don't wear square or rounded necklines if you're on the stout side. Don't wear satin or puffy sleeves or ruffles.

### Play for St. Pat's Day

We have another brand-new playlet for our readers entitled, "Peggy's St. Patrick's Day Party." It requires 8 young folks, one at the piano, all sing and harmonize. Included in the playlet are such good old Irish songs as "I'll Take You Home Again Kathleen," and "Come Back to Erin." It is suitable for a school program or any other community project. To obtain "Peggy's St. Patrick's Day Party," send 5 cents to the Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Orders will be filled promptly.

**Spring Sewing** 



A pair of dresses for little sister. Make one for every day, the other for a summer sundress. Panty pattern included. Sizes 2 to 10. Size 6 with collar, 21/8 yards; 1/4 yard of contrast; sundress requires 2 yards of 35-inch material.

9010—Choose this dress for good fit and smart styling. Has the new sideline and 3 trim pleats. Sizes 10 to 16. Size 12 requires 3 yards and % yard of contrasting 35-inch material.

4944—Do your Easter parading in this ensemble . . . flare skirt, pert bolero

and blouse with bow. Sizes 12 to 20. Size 16 requires 3% yards of 54-inch material. Blouse requires 1% yards of 39-inch material.

9271—As you like it . . . slim, trim and easy-to-sew. Add colorful embroidery. Size 34 to 46. Size 36 requires 3% yards of 39-inch material. Transfer pattern included.

9254—Treat yourself to this fashionable frock for the new season. Just 2 main pattern pieces. Sizes 12 to 20. Size 16 requires 3½ yards of 35-inch material.

Send 25 cents for each pattern to Fashion Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.



# **PAYS** TWO

You profit two ways when you inoculate legumes with NITRA-GIN. You gain from better growth and you save soil fertility. Legumes inoculated with NITRAGIN take free nitrogen from the air to enrich the land . . . to provide higher yields of hay and pastures. Yet NITRAGIN costs only a few cents an acre. Get "the inoculant in the yellow can" from your seedsman.

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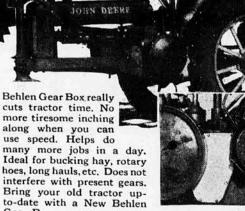
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Here it is . . . a real speed gear for these fine old trac-tors. Go 9 and 15 m.p.h. on your old model John Deere A or B with a New Behlen Gear Box. Two separate, additional speeds. On Farmall F-20, F-30, or Regular Model, you can do 14 to 15 m.p.h., or if you prefer, you can have 10 m.p.h. gear box for the F-20 or Regular Model. In-stalled with or without Lift-All Pump.



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### For Farmall H or M—Useful Middle Gear

# Equip your H or M for all 'round work. New Behlen Gear Box adds handy in-between speed of 10 m.p.h. Not too fast, not too slow for many field jobs. If you prefer, you can have 7 m.p.h. gear box.

Behlen Manufacturing Co., Dept. 708, Columbus, Nebr.

# Plant Hybrids GREAVER **PROFITS**





NATURE'S REMEDY (NR) TAB-LETS—A purely vegetable laxative to relieve constipation without the usual griping, sickening, perturbing sensa-tions, and does not cause a rash. Try NR—you will see the difference. Uncoated or candy coated—their action is dependable, thorough, yet gentle as millions of NR's have proved. Get a 25c box and use as directed.



**FUSSY STOMACH?** RELIEF FOR ACID INDIGESTION, A TUMS GAS AND HEARTBURN THE TUMMY!

Reliable Advertisers Only are accepted in Kansas Farmer



# To Have a Good Garden

By WILLIAM G. AMSTEIN Kansas State College Extension Horticulturist

A GOOD farm vegetable garden is as valuable as any enterprise you can carry for the time and area devoted to it. In addition, better health results from time devoted to producing these protective crops. In no other way can as high-quality products be obtained for table use in season, for freezing, canning or other types of storage. More farm gardens can be planned to GOOD farm vegetable garden is as

tained for table use in season, for freezing, canning or other types of storage. More farm gardens can be planned to include a wider variety of vegetables and, in addition, some of the betteradapted fruits, especially strawberries. Our main emphasis should be on welladapted, nutritious crops. Too many gardens fail to include some of the beteradapted crops that can be grown to ter-adapted crops that can be grown to good advantage under a wide range of

Best time to plan the family garden is during the next few weeks before the garden season gets under way. Seed catalogs have made their appearance, so it is time to start building up our spring garden fever.

Choosing crops as well as varieties to plant is a never-ending puzzle to many gardeners. Experience is, no doubt, the best teacher in the selection of a varieties. test teacher in the selection of a variety list. It is certainly worthwhile to try some of the more promising new ones, but I would not use up very much time or space on unknown varieties. For every 15 varieties introduced, not more than one gains or deserves to have a place in our main planting. Every gardener wants varieties that show re-sistance to diseases and insects, as well as to climatic conditions such as drouth. Many varieties now are available that offer one or more of these qualities. An outstanding example is the availability of "yellows" disease-resistant varieties or strains of cabbage.

### How Long Rows Help

There is a decided advantage in long There is a decided advantage in long rows rather than short rows. Certain crops such as tomatoes, bush lima beans, green snap beans and peppers, do best in the home garden when they are protected from the hot afternoon sun, and the strong southwest winds from stubble fields. Many have found by planting these tender vegetables on the east or north side of sweet corn they have practically doubled their yield.

the east or north side of sweet corn they have practically doubled their yield.
You do not need an elaborate garden plan, but it is worthwhile to lay out the crops by rows including planting sequence. True, it may not all work out as you plan, but your results will be better for a plan.

Many gardeners lose track of their

Many gardeners lose track of their rows where slow germinating seeds are involved. Some slow vegetables, such as beets, carrots, parsnips and onion seed, can be given a marker crop such as radish seed thru the row. This marks them and produces care them and produces some early radishes,

Too many garden programs find many of the early crops planted too late. And

the late crops, in a few cases, planted too early, in which case they run into a spring frost and are often lost.

Some additional suggestions are (1) select a new location if necessary to avoid soil-borne diseases; (2) arrange for irrigation if possible; (3) order seed early; (4) use only adapted varieties of vegetables and where possible certified seed of disease-resistant strains; (5) provide an even supply of vegetables by succession planting; (6) use thrifty, disease-free, well-grown plants. Arrange for local production of cabbage and tomato plants for early planting; and tomato plants for early planting (7) buy spray and dust materials early apply at right time, but don't waste; ) practice crop rotation when possi-

### For Good Results

BEST VARIETIES FOR KANSAS: Beans: snap—Stringless Green Pod, Bountiful; wax—Pencil Pod Black Wax, Golden Wax; pole—Kentucky Wonder; lima—Henderson Bush Lima, Ford-

BEETS-Early Wonder, Crosby's

Egyptian. . CABBAGE—"Yellows" Resistant Golden Acre, Marion Market; Chinese, Chihli

CARROTS-Chantenay, Danvers Half Long. CORN—Golden Cross Bantam, Ioana,

LETTUCE-Grand Rapids, Black-Seeded Simpson (leaf); Great Lakes ONIONS-Yellow Globe Danvers,

Riverside Sweet Spanish, Bermuda. PARSNIPS—Hollow Crown.

PARSNIPS—Hollow Crown.
PEAS—Little Marvel, Alaska.
POTATOES—(use certified seed)—
Irish Cobbler, Red Warba.
SWEET POTATOES—Nancy Gold,
Orange Little Stem, Red Bermuda (in

SPINACH-Bloomsdale Long Standing, Victoria.
SUMMER SPINACH—New Zealand.

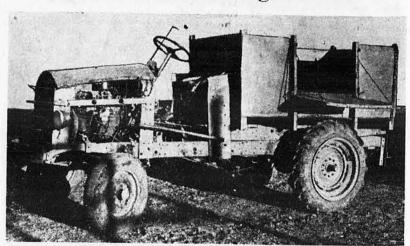
SUMMER SPINACH—New Zealand. SQUASH, Summer—Table Queen, Crook Neck; Squash, Winter—Delicious Hubbard. SWISS CHARD—Lucullus. TOMATOES—(eastern counties) (wilt resistant)—Rutgers, Pritchard, Marglobe; (non-wilt resistant) Stokesdale, Valiant, Bonny Best; (central and western counties) Sioux, Firesteel, Danmark.

western counties) Sioux, Firesteel, Danmark.

TURNIPS—Purple Top Globe.

PLANTING DATES: Radishes, spinach, peas, lettuce, turnips—as soon as
ground can be worked after February
20. Onion sets, beets, carrots, potatoes,
parsnips, cabbage plants—oats planting time, March 10 to 31. Tomato plants,
pepper plants, beans (snap), okracorn planting time, or frost-free date.
Squash, sweet potatoes, beans—after Squash, sweet potatoes, beans—after soil is warm, week to 10 days after frost-free date.

# Homemade Ensilage Truck



HIS homemade ensilage truck on the Oscar C. Latzke farm, Geary county, hasn't been stuck in mud yet. It has tractor-type tires on the rear wheels that keep it going under adverse conditions. The sidegate opening prevents spillage of ensilage and makes feeding easier. He used a truck differential in building the vehicle, 2 transmissions, one from an old truck and another from an old car. It is powered by a war-surplus Jeep engine. With good engine speeds the machine will go 2 miles an hour or 60 with the wide gear ratio.

To add to its uses, Mr. Latzke mounts a mower between the 2 transmissions. In that way he can get most any combinations of speeds he might need on sickle or forward movement.

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### Five Reasons for Collapse.

N HIS "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," Historian Gibbon summarized 5 reasons for collapse of the Roman Empire:

1. Rapid increase in divorce, undermining the dignity and sancity of the home, the basis of society.

2. Higher and higher taxes; spending public money for "bread and

3. The mad craze for pleasure; sports every year becoming more exciting

4. Building of gigantic armaments, when the real enemy was within-in the decadence of the Roman people.

5. The decay of religion.

Oh, of course, there is no parallel between the Roman Empire and the United States, because Rome had become an empire, a world power; had ceased to be a Republic. Aside from (1) the rapid increase in the divorce rate; (2) the higher and higher taxes to support "social reforms" and military operations; (3) the mad craze for pleasure; (4) the building of huge armaments; and (5) the decay in religion, there really are none of the 5 reasons given by Gibbon that apply to the United States today. Oh, of course not!—Clif Stratton.

# Foreign Visitors Study Here

ROM Brazil, Ecuador, France, from

13 countries in all, representatives attended the National 4-H Club Congress in Chicago, November 28 to December 2. There were 17 altogether, most of whom spoke English haltingly, all of whom are in our country study-ing agriculture or home economics so they can apply the things they learn when they go back home. From Venezuela came Josefina

Blanco, who is going to organize home-making education with adults and young people on a plan similar to our rural Extension and 4-H Clubs. Ana Dias is from Guatemala, and-plans to give Extension work to the people who live on the coffee farms there. He has

live on the coffee farms there. He has been studying and working on farms in Iowa and will soon go to Arkansas, Wisconsin, West Virginia, New York and Washington, D. C.

Grace Llarena comes from Havana, Cuba, where she obtained a Ph.D. degree in education and social work. She arrived in Washington in August and will remain 9 more months. She has spent some months in Kansas at Kanspent some months in Kansas at Kanser some months in Kansas at K spent some months in Kansas at Kansas State College and working with home demonstration agents. She hopes

home demonstration agents. She hopes to do both 4-H and women's Extension work when she returns to Cuba.

The young man, Oscar Churaman, from British Guiana, spoke perfect English with no hesitancy for his is a crown colony of Britain and all his people speak English. Already, he has worked 10 years in the department of agriculture in his home country, working only with men. When he returns, he plans to organize 4-H Clubs. He is a graduate of the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, at Trinidad, established for British subjects and which deals only with tropical crops. He was impressed most with the mechanical equipment in our country and with the excellent opportunities for young folks in education.

Joao Borges came to this country on private business originally, but now is making a tour of states where he is

studying cattle feeding, primarily. A large ranch owner himself, and a raiser of Brahma cattle, he came to observe grain feeding. Cattle in Brazil live on grass the year around for there is no winter season, but he hopes to improve the breed of cattle by the use of grain. Corn will grow there, but there is no machinery for producing it in quantity. Labor is cheap, however, and the present rate is \$1 a day. Mr. Borges lives in Sao Paulo, a city of 2 million located in the state by the same name. His state produces more coffee than the rest of the world together. Meat also is an important product and American packing houses—Swifts, Armours and Wilsons—operate there as here.

Galo Grando is a university profes-

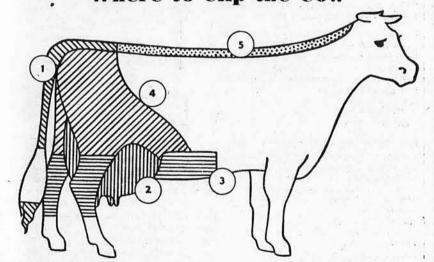
Galo Grando is a university professor in Ecuador, the Central University of Quito, where he teaches agriculture. He has been visiting farmers and agricultural colleges during his trips around the United States. Mr. Granda will continue his work as a teacher and as agricultural inspector upon his re-turn. Other Ecuadorians have preceded

turn. Other Ecuadorians have preceded him here, and eventually by combining efforts they hope to establish an agricultural Extension service in their home country.

Chile has 2 representatives studying here, both are farm advisers in their home country, both officers of their government. Chile, it seems, has a fairly well advanced agricultural Extension service and very soon the government. fairly well advanced agricultural Extension service and very soon the government plans to begin work in home economics for women. Four-H Clubs already are growing in number. Jorge Bolton and Luis Diaz both mentioned the scarcity of farm machinery in their country. Chile has limited importations of machinery from our country because of their limited exports. A dollar shortage exists despite the large amounts of nitrates exported from Chile to the United States.

All foreign representatives are under the guidance of Dr. Fred Frutchey of the U. S. Extension Service, Washington, D. C.

Where to Clip the Cow



EEPING these 5 areas of the dairy cow clipped regularly is the first step in production of low-sediment milk, and will result in greater profits. It takes only a few minutes to clip a dairy cow, but when this is done, it greatly reduces the time needed to get the cow ready for milking. Clipped cows, however, also must be brushed and the udders washed with warm water and chlorine solution just before milking.



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# Weather Round-up

B LIZZARDS and below-zero weather have hit the Great Plains and Western stätes a costly blow Live.

Western stätes a costly blow. Live-stock losses are reported from: KANSAS—45,000 to 50,000 head sheep and 10,000 head cattle in Novem-ber 17, storm. Little loss since except for shrinkage. for shrinkage

NEBRASKA-25 to 75 per cent of

cattle lost on some ranches.

DAKOTAS—No heavy loss over states; some individuals suffered heavy

losses.

MONTANA—Less loss than anticipated despite one of worst winters.

COLORADO—Losses not expected to be very great.

WYOMING—Thousands of cattle and sheep have perished.

UTAH—Thousands of sheep frozen.

NEVADA—Several thousand cattle and sheep lost.

NEW MEXICO—Light losses to date.

ARIZONA-Losses expected to be

heavy in northern counties,
ALL STATES—Weight losses on
livestock will be heavy. There also will
be a big reduction in calf and lamb

U. S. AID—President Truman au-

crops.

U. S. AID—President Truman authorized use of defense and flood-control money for blizzard relief.

AIRLIFT (Haylift)—Into the farming picture came huge Army planes flying hay and other feed to stranded livestock. Examples: Last Sunday, 7 planes took off from Topeka Air Force Base with 25 tons of hay for cattle ranges of Western Nebraska; 600 tons of hay reported available at Topeka. Twenty-one Army planes took off last Saturday from Marshall Field, Junction City, carrying hay to Wyoming. Each plane reported carrying 60 bales of hay; 150 tons of hay available. Similar "Haylift" operations reported in other states. Some planes dropping food to humans cut off by storms.

AID—The 5th Army has moved into the Nebraska-Wyoming area to open roads. Airplanes cannot carry enough supplies for either cattle or humans. Fuel needs are critical.

HIGHWAYS—Biting winds whipped snow onto main highways—in

tiel needs are critical.

HIGHWAYS—Biting winds whipped now onto main highways in western

two thirds of Kansas; highways all

two thirds of Kansas; highways all over state made dangerous by ice and snow. Many farm roads needed bull-dozers to open them for use.

DAMAGE—Southeast and Northwest counties have been hardest hit by storms so far. Northwest Kansas suffered greatest livestock losses, while Southeast Kansas suffered greatest Southeast Kansas suffered greatest property damage due to ice storms that wrecked telephone and power lines. These damages will run into millions of dellars. of dollars

WORST BLIZZARDS One of the January, 1886, when almost the entire western half of the U. S. was parawestern half of the U. S. was lyzed. Worst blizzards in Kansas to this winter were in February, 1912, and March, 1931.

MOST SNOW—On January 3, this year, Mount Baker. Wash

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year, Mount Baker, Wash., reported 188 inches of snow on the ground to top the U. S. On January 17, snow ranged in depth from 3 inches to 12 feet over all the plains and mountain states. On January 31, Houston, Tex., had 3 inches of snow which equalled all previous records

KANSAS TEMPERATURES North Central and Northwest Kansas North Central and Northwest Kansas counties have had to take a back seat this winter on low temperatures. Chanute, in Southeast Kansas, reported the lowest temperature of the year at 23 degrees below zero on January 31, 1949. Temperatures over the state have not been as low as in some previous not been as low as in some previous

MOISTURE—The eastern third of

MOISTURE—The eastern third of Kansas had the wettest January in 60 years of weather records. In Kansas, 10 inches of snow usually equal an inch of moisture. In some mountain areas of the U. S. it takes up to 10 feet of snow to equal one inch of rain.

HIGHWAYS—Kansas highways have taken the worst beating in history. No estimate of damages can be made until after spring thaws. Northwest Kansas highways have been blocked the most, with Southwest Kansas running a close second. In some cases snow was packed so hard regular snow-moving equipment would not operate.

# Your Taxes Will Be Higher

(Continued from Page 4)

Truman in his State of the Union message called the "Fair Deal." It is designed to produce the "Welfare State." The Great White Father in the White House is to take care of all the wants as well as the needs of his children—somewhat like the Great White Father in the past has taken care of the Indians; and just look how well the Indians have done and are doing.

### More and Higher Taxes

Remember, Government has nothing Remember, Government has nothing to give the citizens except what it takes from the citizens. Not a thing else. Government has no other source of income. Government is not a producer of wealth. Government takes; Government spends. Recognizing that the program for the Welfare State at home and the Uplift plans for abroad will call for still heavier Government expenditures, President Truman has asked the Congress to increase the Federal tax takes

gress to increase the Federal tax take some \$6,190,000,000 a year.

Income taxes (principally from corporations, and individual incomes perhaps of more than \$6,000 a year) are to provide 4 billion of the more than

6-billion increase requested.
Pay rolls (thru withholding taxes)
are to be taxed an additional \$2,109,000,000 a year. This is to be accomplished by taking 2.25 per cent from wage and salaried incomes up to \$4,800
(present payroll tax is one per cent wage and salarted incomes up to \$4,800 (present payroll tax is one per cent on first \$3,000); and to increase employers share from one per cent up to 2.25 per cent. That makes 4.5 per cent. In addition, employers will contribute an additional 1.5 per cent payroll tax for unemployment insurance, making total payroll taxes 6 per cent. When the "free" medical service comes, there will be further increases in the payroll tax be further increases in the payroll tax

### Big Raise for President

In official circles, and presumably over the country, there was a feeling that the Nation was not doing right by President Truman in the matter of "take home" pay for the President. "take home" pay for the President. The \$75,000 salary shrunk to \$48,000 after Federal taxes were deducted; the little old \$40,000 expense allowance, what with high wages and high prices and all, was gone with the wind before the end of the year.

It was felt that the President of the United States is outiled to set least

It was felt that the President of the United States is entitled to at least \$100,000 a year in "take home" pay. But that would require close to \$250,000 a year salary, in addition to the \$40,000 expense account already allowed. (Upkeep on the White House is an additional \$260,400 a year.)

So the Congress compromised on \$100,000 a year salary, plus an increase of \$50,000 tax-free expense allowance (making the tax-free expense allowance \$90,000 a year). It is figured this will give the President \$110,000 a year "take home" pay for the biggest job in the world. the world.

The bill had to be passed before inauguration, January 20, because the Constitution provides that the President and a support that the President and a support to the passed before inauguration and the president and a support to the passed before inauguration and a support to the passed before inauguration, January 20, because the constitution provides that the passed before inauguration, January 20, because the constitution provides that the passed before inauguration and the passed before inaugur dent's salary cannot be increased or di-minished during his 4-year term of

By coincidence, on the same day the Senate Committee reported the pay increase favorably. President Truman told his press conference he believed the income tax increases ought to begin at \$6,000 a year, on farm income, too.

### More "Tax-Free" Pay

The President is not the only one to The President is not the only one to get a tax-free expense allowance to avoid having to pay income tax. The Vice-President (Barkley) now gets \$30,000 a year, plus \$10,000 tax-free expense money, Ditto the Speaker of the House (Rayburn). That is equivalent to \$50,000 a year in private life. Members of Congress get \$12,500 a year salary, plus \$2,500 tax-free expense allowance. pense allowance.

pense allowance.

Naturally, Congress cannot extend the tax-free expense allowance to all taxpayers—the Government needs the money. It gets back to what the late Senator "Jim" Reed of Missouri explained to the Senate one day: "Pass a special privilege to everyone, and the special privilege has no value for anyone."

(Continued on Page 29)

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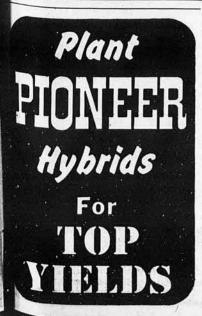
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ses may deduct expenses be ore figuring income tax returns, but nust prove to the satisfaction of the tax collectors that these are legitimate business expenses.

### You Pay the Taxes

Federal budget calls for collection of 41 billion dollars in taxes for fiscal year 1950, which starts next July 1, plus \$3,300,000,000 payroll taxes, or a total tax take of \$44,300,000,000. State and local tax collections, which are rising sharply, will take close to 15 billion dollars more, or a total of some \$60,-000,000,000 a year for taxes.

About 43 cents of each Federal tax dollar collected comes from individual income taxes. Corporations pay 28 cents; excise taxes bring in 19 cents of each Federal tax dollar; customs and miscellaneous, 10 cents. Individuals pay the excise taxes directly; as consumers the excise taxes directly; as consumers they also pay the corporation taxes, if the corporations sell their goods and services at profits which allow them to pay income taxes.

### How Money Is to Be Spent

On the assumption that Federal expenditures for the next (1950) fiscal year will be 42 billion dollars, it will be expended as follows:

Past and future wars (and carrying on the present cold war), take 76 cents of each Federal tax dollar, subdivided this way: Military establishment, \$14,300,000,000; foreign aid, \$6,700,000,000; war veterans, \$5,500,000,000; interest on war debts, \$5,500,000,000, for a total of 32 billion dollars.

The other 24 cents of the tax dollar

The other 24 cents of the tax dollar go for all other Government outlays, running expenses, pensions, development of natural resources, transportation subsidies, agriculture, housing, tion subsidies, agriculture, housing, education, for a total of some 10 billion dollars.

### **Farm Legislation Waits**

It probably will be mid-March be-fore Congressional sentiment will be-gin to "jell" on the social welfare pro-grams demanded by President Roose-velt, and also on the global crusade portrayed by President Truman in his in-

trayed by President Truman in his in-augural address. Farm legislation later. Meanwhile, as the United States News and World Report magazine sums it up, there's to be a free and easy attitude toward money and its use in the years ahead, "Mr. Truman's spend-ing plans strongly suggest that." ing plans strongly suggest that.

Of course, despite the many election mandates, it is not certain that Presi-dent Truman will get all he asks from Congress. But Washington thinks he will get most of it.

### What About Ferrets?

Dear Reader: I have your card ask-Dear Reader: I have your card asking for information on ferrets. The ordinary ferret is a semidomestic type of weasel that has a great reputation for killing rats. These animals are highly effective at times, but my opinion is they are greatly overrated. They must be trained and used by an experienced handler to give good results. They have been known to "go wild" and destroy poultry and other animals. If you are experienced in using ferrets and the animals are experienced, they will destroy large numbers of rats. They are by no means a final solution to the rat problem.

Cotton rats have been reported as

Cotton rats have been reported as spreading over the state quite rapidly in the last few years, so now much of the state is populated with these small rodents. Some of the men at the museum at Kansas University can send you reprints or otherwise give you information on this animal.

You ask about damage to farm crops by rats. It is estimated there are about the same number of rats in Kansas as there are human beings. So with the amount of food wasted in addition to that actually eaten, this amounts to a considerable toll. It must be a few million dollars every year.—E. H. Herrick, Prof. of Zoology, K. S. C.

### 4-II Scholarships

Eight educational scholarships are among awards to be given this year to winners in the National 4-H Poultry Achievement Program. The scholarships will be awarded by Dearborn Motors Corp., Detroit.

One major objective of the 1949 program is to find the place of poultry in the economy of the general farm. Another, to save grain by following efficient feeding methods.



— Double arm construction. — Con-trols in cab. Mounts under all 10 ft. to 16 ft. bodies, new or used.

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### Read the Ads in This Issue

There's a world of helpful information in the scores of advertisements in this particular issue of the Kansas Farmer. Read them carefully. If you want to find out more about the articles described, don't hesitate to write the advertiser.

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# **Kansas Flying Farmers** Royally Received in Mexico

By CHARLES HOWES



sunflower emblem pinned to the lapel of President Aleman's coat make A sunnower emblem pinned to the lapel of President Aleman's coat makes his acceptance official as an honorary member of the Kansas Flying Farmers Club. Pinning the emblem to his coat is Ailiff Neel, Windom, president of the Kansas club. Also accepted as an honorary member during the January vacation to Mexico was the secretary of agriculture, Sr. Nazario Ortiz Garza. Both men were presented with hand-lettered honorary membership certificates.

ANSAS Flying Farmers, 143strong, had an experience in U. S. "good-neighbor" policy, and received a liberal education in Mexican ceived a liberal education in Mexican hospitality during their 2-week, mid-January jaunt south of the border. They have returned to their blizzard-swept farms carrying Mexican newspapers with the flying farmer adventures emblazoned across the front pages, and with their minds full of new ideas about the Mexican people.

Climax of the trip was the visit with President Miguel Aleman. "Big Mike," as he would be known in this state, lived up to his reputation of friend-liness, and gave the visitors a big half-

lived up to his reputation of friend-liness, and gave the visitors a big half-hour. He shook hands with every mem-ber of the group, grinned heartily when it was suggested that he whip up a batch of biscuits, acknowledged the message from Governor Frank Carlson with, "I like your state very much." He visited Kansas City a short time ago as the guest of President Truman. The Kansas delegation visited the

The Kansas delegation visited the distinguished Mexican at Los Pinos, his official residence. As members pressed into the room, Ailiff Neel, president of the Kansas Flying Farmers, pinned a sunflower and flying wings to the President's lapel. Then, as he presented a framed certificate, Neel announced that the president now is a member of this biggest of our nation's state flying clubs.

### Kansas Flour to President

Following this, Bill Janssen presented the flour, encased in a satin sack, and the president then was given a pair of brass book ends, cast in the shape of a Jayhawk, and a note from the Kansas Governor, whom he met during the Kansas City visit. The book ends were donated by the Kansas In-dustrial Development Commission. All of the items were flown to Mexico.

The first good impression for the Kansans came with their arrival in Monterrey. At the airport was the state band of Nuevo Leon. The group played Mexican and U. S. music intermixed for 2 hours while the Kansans underwent customs and immigration proceedings. The dispatch with which the authorities handled the paper work and the organization of the program was the first item on which the northerners commented.

erners commented.

Then, as the taxis took off from the white, Spanish-style terminal, a police escort sounded siren signals for the 12-mile ride into town. The route was lined by Monterreans who had heard about the flying-folks from Kansas. Thruout their stay in Monterrey, the visitors were the toast of everyone and were entertained in royal style. and were entertained in royal style.

This included a banquet on the final

evening in the swank Casino club.

Twelve of the 67 planes which landed at Monterrey decided to make the flight to Mexico City. Others took a

different route by bus thru the tropical regions of Mexico.

We Kansans failed to see much in

the way of agriculture around Mon-terrey. This city is mostly industrial and imports most of what it eats. But and imports most of what it eats. But farther south, with more moisture, the regular pattern of well-planned farms and orderly production caused many to comment that "this looks much like our home state."

A lot of hemp is produced near Mexico City, from a plant called Ixtle, which is a lot like a century plant in appearance and is actually a sort of cactus. The Mexican farmers plant

cactus. The Mexican farmers plant this in single rows, far apart, leaving room for other crops to grow in between during the rainy season. The planting also serves to keep the soil from washing, since much of the cultivated across in comments to the cultivated across in the contract of the cultivated across in the contract of the cultivated across in the contract of the cultivated across in th tivated acreage is on a slope of 30 degrees or greater.

### Far Ahead of Us

Far Ahead of Us

Indeed, it appears the Mexicans were using this method of soil saving long before Kansans thought of it. Their methods of terracing and control are ancient, stemming back to the earliest times in this nation older than ours. Their dairy farms are spotlessly clean. They use hand labor in place of machines. Many of the Kansas farmers expressed amazement at the scrupulous methods of cleanliness, including the sweeping of cobblestone paving around the barns and buildings with dampened brooms to keep down the dust. the dust.

the dust.

The Kansans failed to see the Secretary of Agriculture during their stay. Because the weather in the United States delayed them for 2 days, the original schedule had to be juggled considerably and the agricultural official was unable to change his many appointments. Nevertheless, the fliers appointments. Nevertheless, the fliers were impressed more than just a little by the farming, despite the use of oxen and wooden plows in many sections, hand planting and harvesting, which seem to prevail.

production methods of the north have not taken hold in Mexico.

One Kansan spotted a 12-foot disk sitting out in the open, a few steel plow could be counted, but the Mexican say, "We're getting along all right why change?" So they plow and son and harvest thousands of farmed acre with human labor. with human labor.

Kansas farmers began their Mexica journey at Laredo on January 16. The left Laredo to return home on Januar 27, convinced that had it not been to an airplane they never would have visited the country.

visited the country.

Other articles on the Flying Farme trip will appear in early issues of Kar





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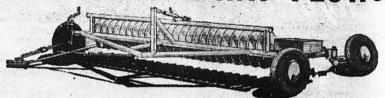
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# Marketing Viewpoint

By H. M. Riley, Livestock; John H. McCoy, Feed Grains; Joe W. Koudele, Poultry; Paul L. Kelley, Dairy Products.

What is the situation in the fats and oils market and how will this affect cream prices?—E. G. B.

Fats and oils have exhibited probably the sharpest price declines of any group of commodities during the last few weeks. For instance, cottonseed oil, which is used to make butter substitutes, now brings 14 cents a pound as compared with its recent peak of 40 cents. Lower prices for fats and oils probably will bring lower prices for butter substitutes. This in turn probably will cause consumers to shift from butter is prices of butter, if prices of butter do not fol-low the general trend of fats and olls prices. This would seem to indicate that we can expect lower prices for cream in the next few months.

I have some farm-stored wheat which is not under Government loan. What are the prospects for wheat prices in the future?—A. R. D.

An answer to that question must be based on prevailing conditions and probable future conditions which, of course, are subject to change. However, on the basis of the best available

ever, on the basis of the best available information, prices in the immediate future are expected to be relatively weak with a possibility of strengthening prices in the spring.

A recent report indicates that U. S. wheat stocks on January 1 were 857 million bushels. This is 62 millions more than a year earlier and the third largest on record for that date. Stocks of that size are ample for domestic needs that size are ample for domestic needs, anticipated exports and carryover. A generally downward trend in wheat prices has prevailed since early December, reflecting the large U. S. supplies, improved world food conditions and the relatively good condition of a record acreage of winter wheat in the U. S. Progress of the new wheat crop will be an important factor in future price

Some sources, however, are express ing concern over the possibility of a tight situation in free market supplies of wheat in the spring, due to the large quantity of wheat under loan which may not be available for marketing at that time.

I may raise some broilers this year. What is the outlook for poultry prices in general?—D. H.

During 1949, poultry meat prices are During 1949, poultry meat prices are expected to average somewhat lower than in 1948. Assuming a continued strong consumer demand, prices during the first few months of 1949 are likely to be close to 1948 levels. An increased volume of marketings in the last quarter of 1949 probably will depress prices below levels in the corresponding period of 1948. A decline in demand would tend to lower poultry meat prices furtend to lower poultry meat prices fur-ther relative to 1948 levels.

I would like to know what the price for stocker and feeder cattle will do by the time grass season opens. Would you consider it safe to buy cattle and hay now and feed until then?—E. S.

Normally stocker and feeder prices advance as the grass season approaches. At present the declining fat cattle mar-At present the declining fat cattle market has a bearish influence on stocker and feeder prices. Further price weakness is expected for fat cattle so the seasonal advance on stockers and feeder prices is likely to be small. The greater part of any advance would be expected about the time grass season starts.

It would be all right to buy cattle be-fore March 1 if you can buy hay locally at reasonable prices. Otherwise the cost of labor and hay might offset any gain due to rising prices for stocker and feeders as the grass season approaches

### Coming Events

February 5—Norton county 4-H county council, Norton, Legion hall, 1:30 p. m.
February 7 — Johnson county clothing school, Christine Wiggins, specialist,
February 7—Johnson county 4-H council meeting, Olathe, Legion building.
February 7 — Pottawatomie county beef and rops school, Westmoreland.

February 8—Lyon county crops, livestock and insect school, Emporia.

February 8—Shawnee county farmers day, C. L. King, Lot Taylor and L. E. Willoughby, in charge. It will be a plant disease, livestock and crop production meeting.

February 9—Chautauqua county horticul-ture meeting, Jerry Amstein, "Garden Culture and Care.

february 9—Johnson county rural life meeting, Olathe, Legion building.
February 9—Mitchell county rural life meeting, Velma McGaugh, state leader.
February 9-10—Woodson county Farm and Home improvement school, Vera Ellithorpe, Harold Ramsour, Leo T. Wendling, leaders, Yates Center. Yates Center

February 10—Finney county sheep and swine school, C. G. Elling, leader, Garden

swine school, C. G. Edward School, City.

City.

February 11 — Ottawa county balanced farming school, Minneapolis.

February 11—Labette county soil conservation district co-operators, annual meeting.

February 11 — Norton county rural life meeting with Velma McGaugh, Norton, 7:30 p. m.

meeting with veima accaugh, Norton, 7:30 p. m.

February 12—Osborne county 4-H officers training school, Osborne.

February 14-15—McPherson county farmers institute, garden-poultry meeting.

February 14-15—Osborne county balanced farming and family living school, Osborne.

February 15—Johnson county rural life meeting, Velma McGaugh, specialist.

February 16—Chautauqua county sheep and swine school, Carl Selby, specialist.

February 16—Lane county stag meeting for Farm Bureau men. County crops, livestock and crop disease control meeting.

February 16-17—Barton county farm machinery and home improvement school, Hoisington,

chinery and home improvement school, 1100 ington,
February 17—Woodson county 4-H tractor maintenance school, Walter Selby, leader,
Yates Center.
February 17—Jewell county 4-H leaders meeting, Glen Busset, leader.
February 17-18—Harvey county agricultural days, Newton.
February 18—Norton county tractor main-

February 18—Norton county tractor maintenance clinic, Norton, Legion hall, 10 a.m.

to 3:30 p. m. February 19 — Lane county 4-H model

meeting contest.
February 21—McPherson county garden-

February 21—McPherson county gardenpoultry meeting.
February 22—Harvey county orchard and
poultry day, Newton.
February 22—Pottawatomie county crops
meeting, Onaga.
February 22—Labette county-wide engineering school.
February 23—Woodson county farm management school, John Coolidge, leader.
February 23—Morton county 4-H leaders
training school, John Hanna, leader.
February 23—Jewell county, district crop
improvement and crop school, Concordia,
L. E. Willoughby in charge.
February 23-24—Harper county farmers'
institute.

institute.
February 24—Barton county crop improvement and certification school, Great Bend.
February 24—Allen county farm management meeting, John Coolidge, leader.
February 25—Shawnee county second stagnight, Garfield Park shelterhouse, 7 p. m. Program, The Chicken of Tomorrow. Phone 8682 for reservations.
February 25—Lane county poultry and garden meeting.
February 26—Johnson county 4-H food leaders training school, Elizabeth Randle, specialist.

specialist.

specialist.
February 26—Norton county 4-H junior leaders meeting with Glen Bussett, Norton, legion hall, 7:30 p. m.
February 28—Jackson county district administrative conference, Holton.
February 28 — Jewell county — Women's unit leaders school, Miss Johnson, leader.
February 28-March 1—Harvey county balanced farming meeting, Newton.
March 1—Norton county, electrical appli-

ances, care and maintenance; and adequate lighting. Harold E. Stover, Norton, Legion

Hall, 10 a. m. March 1 — Johnson county Afamily life

march 1— Johnson county, family life meeting.

March 1—Jewell county swine and sheep school, C. G. Elling, leader.

March 2-3—Jackson county foods and nutrition leaders training school, Helton.

March 3—Jeweil county poultry and garden school, W. G. Amstein, leader.

March 3—Johnson county plant disease control meeting, C. L. King, specialist.

March 3—Harrer county dairymen's din

March 3-Harper county dairymen's din-

March 4-5 — McPherson county balanced

March 4-5 — McPherson county balanced farming group meetings.

March 5—Osborne county 4-H Club day.

March 5—Norton county 4-H county council, Norton, Legion Hall, 1.30 p. m.

March 6—Johnson county rural life meeting, Olathe. Legion building.

March 7—Barton county poultry and gardening special interest meeting. W. G. Amstein and M. E. Jackson, specialists. Great Bend.

Bend.

March 7—Mitchell county, district 4-H leaders, Beloit. J. H. Johnson, leader.

March 8—Rush county garden and poultry disease school. W. G. Amstein and M. E. Jackson, leaders. LaCrosse court house.

### New Fair Group Head

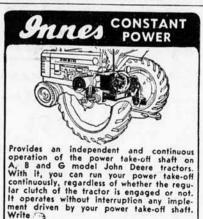
Delegates to the Kansas Fairs Association meeting, at Topeka, January 12, elected Dr. V. L. Partridge, of Coffeyville, as preident for 1949. He succeeds B. G. Wooddell, of Winfield.

Guy Webster, of Newton, was named vice-president. New directors elected were John Keas, Effingham; Floyd Sanders, Cheney, and Emergy Fager,



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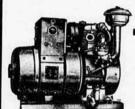
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# Kansas Well Represented At Denver Livestock Show

By MIKE WILSON

THE 43rd annual National Western Stock Show, in Denver, January 14 to 22, was held under terrible weather conditions, but quality of breeding herds on display was above all previous years. There also was the largest Hereford show on record at Denver. Numbers as well as quality of largest Hereford show on record at Denver. Numbers as well as quality of Aberdeen Angus and Shorthorn cattle were above normal. The individual fat steer show was not as large as in previous years, but the quality and finish of the steers were much above those displayed in years past.

In the yards were many carlet pens

In the yards were many carlot pens of Hereford bulls. Aberdeen Angus classes for pens of 5 and 3 bulls were filled to capacity with quality bulls, many of them from Kansas herds.

many of them from Kansas herds.

In the annual Hereford breeding cattle auction, 142 bulls made an average of \$2,266 a head and 47 females averaged \$786 a head. The 189 head grossed \$358,635 or a general average of \$1,898 to the head. The high-selling bull was M. W. Prince Larry 37th, consigned by Milky Way Hereford Ranch, of Phoenix, Ariz., and purchased by Bortz Brothers, of Uniontown, Pa., for \$36,750. Exactly \$2,000 was the top price paid for actly \$2,000 was the top price paid for females by Switzer Field, of Gunnison, Col., for Lady Skylark 1st, consigned by Trail's End Ranch, of Hillside, Col.

### Kansans at the Sales

Kansas breeders making sales or pur-chases in the Hereford sale are as folchases in the Hereford sale are as follows: Jansious Brothers, Prairie View, paid \$800 for HC Double Mixer to Harold L. Chapman, of Springerville, Ariz. CK Ranch, Brookville, paid J. F. Miller, Haden, Col., \$4,100 for Dandy Domino 62nd. Exactly \$1,025 was the successful bid of Neal McVay, Sterling, for D. Royal Domino 28th., from W. B. Barrett, Comanche, Tex. BB Super Domino 38th, consigned by Beauprez Brothers, Broomfield, Col., was sold to Doyle Heft, Coldwater, for \$650. Mr. Heft also paid \$700 to Cox & McInnis, Byrds, Tex., for Clee Domino. Donald Honey, Englewood, purchased AEF Publican Domino 4th, from A. E. Fogle & Son, Tuscola, Tex., at \$580. Wayne Ward, Ellandale, paid \$700 for JJ Larry Domino 5th, to Jack Haley, Escondido, Cal.

C. C. Mathews, Kinsley, sold 2 bulls

C. C. Mathews, Kinsley, sold 2 bulls thru the auction sale at \$730 and \$700, thru the auction sale at \$730 and \$700, the latter to George Overton, Jetmore. Thomas Worth, Park, consigned CK Cascade 14th, to the sale. He was bought by Vernon Linn, Kimball, Neb., for \$1,000. Thorp Hereford Farm, Britton, S. D., paid Woody Hereford Ranch, Barnard, \$1,000 for Larry Domino 14th. Foster Farms, Rexford, received \$1,500 for FF Alpine Domino 3rd, from Earl VonForell, Wheatland, Wyo. This is probably the largest number of bulls ever purchased at the Denver sale by Kansas buyers.

### What Angus Did

In the Aberdeen-Angus sale of breeding cattle, 54 bulls averaged \$813 and 40 females \$471. Exactly \$1,500 was paid for top female by R. T. & Mel Davis, of Wheatridge, Col., for a 2-year-old heifer from the East Woodlawn consignment, of Creston, Ill. A top of \$3,500 was made on bulls, paid by Colorado Angus Ranch, of Cheyenne, Wyo., for the reserve champion of the show. for the reserve champion of the show. This bull was shown and consigned by Rancheria Angus Ranch, Anderson, Cal. James B. Hollinger, Angus breeder, of Chapman, showed the reserve junior champion bull which later sold at auction for \$2,250 to T. A. Smart & Son,

Atwood, Col.

In the Aberdeen Angus show of pens of 3 and 5 bulls, Simons Angus Farm, of Madison, showed the first prize and of Madison, showed the first prize and champion pen of 3 bulls. All were sired by their herd sire, Eileen of Maize. This group of 5 bulls topped the sale at \$635 a head, going to C. E. & Ida Tupps, of Aurora, Col. Fifty-nine bulls selling in this range bull sale made a general average of \$426 a head.

The champion fat steer of the show was a Hereford, owned by Mitchell

was a Hereford, owned by Mitchell Munis, Gunnison, Col. He sold for \$2.75 a pound, this being 45 cents a pound above the price for last year's cham-

### College Steer Wins

The champion Angus steer and re-serve grand champion of the show was won by Kansas State College, of Manhattan. This steer auctioned for 75 cents a pound, the same price that was received for the 1948 reserve champion of this show. of this show

Karl Hoffman, of Ida Grove, Ia., again won the grand champion carload title on his load of fat Hereford yearling steers. They sold in the auction sale of fat cattle for \$48 a hundred pounds. This was \$2 below the price of Mr. Hoffman's champion load at the 1948 show. Josef Winkler, of Castle Rock, Col., won the grand championship on his load of Shorthorn feeder calves. This load of calves also made a world's record price.

calves also made a world's record price of \$77 a hunared. They were purchased by Fulton Foxley Commission Company, of Denver, for Boys Town, of Omaha, Neb.

The grand champion carload of fat

hogs shown by James Henry, of Longmont, Col., sold for \$23 a hundred.
Ray Johnston, of Greeley, Col., exhibited the grand champion load of fat lambs, that sold in the auction for \$27 a hundred.

a hundred.

Four Kansas breeding establishments Four Kansas breeding establishments captured championships in this year's show. James B. Hollinger, Chapman, showed reserve junior champion Angus bull; Triple S. Ranch, Rosalia, won reserve junior champion Angus female. Kansas State College exhibited reserve champion Hereford steer and reserve champion steer over all breeds on their junior yearling Angus steer, and CK Ranch, Brookville, won reserve champion on their carload of range bulls, which were senior calves. The calves sold to Wachter Ranch, Bismarck, N. D., for \$1,000 a head.

for \$1,000 a head.

High placings made by Kansas exhibitors are as follows:

HEREFORD BREEDING CATTLE: CK Ranch, Brookville, 1st place senior heifer calf; Walnut Hill Farm, Great Bend, 1st place junior yearling bull; Woody Hereford Ranch, Barnard, 5th place junior bull calf; C. C. Mathew, Kinsley, 5th place junior bull calf.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS BREEDING CATTLE: James B. Hollinger, Chapman, 1st
prize junior yearling bull and reserve junior
champion bull; Triple S. Ranch. Rosalia,
1st prize summer junior bull calves, 1st
place senior yearling heifer, 3rd place junior yearling heifer, 1st place senior heifer
calf, reserve junior champion female; Simon
Angus Farm, Madison, 4th place junior bull
calf, 4th place junior heifer calf.

CARLOAD OF HEREFORD BREEDING

calf, 4th place junior heifer calf.

CARLOAD OF HEREFORD BREEDING
BULLS: Carload 12 yearlings—2nd place,
CK Ranch, Brookville; reserve champion,
CK Ranch, Brookville; Carload 15 senior bull
calves—1st place, CK Ranch, Brookville; 3rd
place, J. A. Schoen & Sons, Lenora; 4th
place, L. L. Jones & Son, Garden City. Other
Kansas exhibitors in the carlot breeding
bull department were: Dan Casement, Manhattan; Frank Walsten & Son, Hutchinson;
John Hays, Hutchinson; Don Schaffer,
Hutchinson; A. R. Schlickau & Sons, Haven;
R. E. Frisby, Beardsley; Jim & Thad
Douthit, St. Francis; John Keller & Son,
St. Francis; and H. G. Reuber, Atwood.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS BREEDING BULLS:

ABERDEEN-ANGUS BREEDING BULLS: Pens of 5 and 3, Simon Angus Farm. 1st place and champion pen of 3 bulls; James B. Hollinger, Chapman, 3rd place on pen of three 2-year-old bulls.

OPEN CLASS FAT CATTLE: Kansas State College, Manhattan, champion Angus steer, reserve grand champion steer, reserve champion Hereford steer, 1st place Hereford lightweight steer, 5th and 6th place heavyweight steer, 1st place group of 3 steers, 1st place mediumweight Angus steer; Phillip Sherlock, St. Francis, 2nd place Shorthorn lightweight steer.

JUNIOR FAT CATTLE: Raymond Otto, Milford, 3rd place lightweight Aberdeen-Angus steer; Jean Brown, St. Francis, 4th place lightweight Aberdeen-Angus steer; Raymond Otto, Milford, 4th place medium-

weight Aberdeen-Angus steer; Wayne E. Cook, Hope, 4th place medium-heavy Aberdeen-Angus steer; Philip Sherlock, St. Francis, 1st place lightweight Shorthorn steer; Philip Sherlock, 5th place heavy. weight Shorthorn steer.

CATCH-IT-CONTEST STEERS: Bill Eric.

BEEF PRODUCTION CLASS: Bill Eric.

son, Marquette, 1st place.

CARLOAD FEEDER CATTLE: Herefords under one year old, Dan D. Casement, Manhattan, 2nd place.

JUNIOR BEEF SHOWMANSHIP CONTEST: Phillp Sherlock, St. Francis, 4th place on Shorthorn.

### Angus Sale Off

The American Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Association has canceled its National Building Fund Memorial Sale. The sale was scheduled for February 10, 11 and 12, at Chicago.

Breeders who have consigned animals to the memorial building sale probably will sell their animals at local sales and forward the money, states Frank Richards, secretary of the association sociation.



monkey business about it. Large caps with ordinary farm tractor. Grinds snapped corn with roughage or separ head and swing hammers. Get full this real honest-to-goodness Grinder.



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ley & New N.D. McM. Sory BEANS
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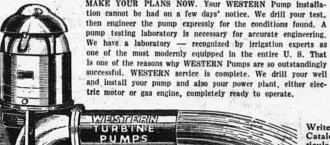
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FREDERICK STEINHEIDER
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Hy-Lines housed
Total eggs for year 37
AV. 226.9 EGGS
FER HY-LINE

RAIPH FLEMING
ITWIN. IIIInois
158 233
Hy Lines housed
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Tolai ees for yes
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Yes! Caponize Hens, roosters, any age. Tender-ize, fatten, flavorize. Valuable information. Sine, KF6, Quakertown. Pa.

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Owner of flock	Housed	Laid for Yr.	Per Hy-Line
Colorado Hospital Pueblo, Colo.	562	115,493	205.5
J. W. Goertz Newton, Kan.	152	36,373	239.3
Lester L. Smith Cedarvale, Kan	109	26,229	240.6
Mrs. Otto Roesler Junction City, I	156	. 35,639	228.4
Wayne Newcom Pretty Prairie,	132	27,951	211.7

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### OFFICIAL AVERAGES Hy-Lines, Leghorns, New Hampshires Illinois Egg Laying Test

Following information was compiled from official reports of Illinois Dept. of Agr.

Average Eggs Per Bird Per Year

ı	Year A	II Hy-Lines	All Leghorns	All N. Hamps.
ŀ	1944-45	206.2	123.2	131.2
ı	1945-46	234.2	188.5	165.7
1	1946-47	227.7	185.6	160.0
ı	1947-48	215.2	178.0	145.5
ı	Average	221.5	167.6	150.1

# Visit community Hatchery nearest

you for Genuine Hy-Line Chicks
Anthony Hoopes Hatchers
Belleville Christie Hatchers
Clyde Derusseau Hatchers
Enterprise Kidwell Hatchers
Hutchinson Mallory Hatchers
Kinsley Harris Hatchers 

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J. O. Coombs & Son

Please send me your NEW Hy-Line Chick Catalog.

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Name. Address of Box No. City. State Express Office

I inclose \$\_\_\_\_\_deposit on my order for DeForest Blueblood
Started Chicks as marked below. Prices F. O. B. hatchery. ASSORTED HEAVY BREEDS: No Sex Guarantee

hundred 2½ to 3 wk. old.....at \$20.90 per 100 hundred 3½ to 4 wk. old......at 24.90 per 100

ASSORTED ALL BREEDS: No Sex Guarantee
hundred 2½ to 3 wk. old......at \$17.90 per 100 hundred 3½ to 4 wk. old.....at 21.90 per 100

Terms on started chicks only: 10c per chick deposit with order. Balance two weeks before delivery date. No C.O.D. on started chicks. We guarantee 100% live delivery subject to inspection. Be sure to name the express office. Started chicks must be shipped express collect.

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Cherokee Seed Oats—True to name seed. Write for prices, bag, truck load or carlot. Harry Bullock, Oskaloosa, Kan., or United Hybrid Growers Association, Shenandoah, Ia.

Hybrid Watermelon Seed. Grow miraculous melons easily. 700 seeds \$1.00. Free catalog. Airline Farm, Rossville, Kan.

For Sale: Hardiest and best yielding Alfalfa and Pasture Grass Seed. Bober's Seeds. Box 751, Rapid City. S. D. For Sale—Sand Love Grass \$2.00 per pound. A. Lewis Oswald — Rotherwood — Land of Oz. Hutchinson, Kan.

Sericea Lespedeza cleaned and scarified, 30c lb. prepaid. Orris Van Meter, Mildred, Kan.

### • SERVICES OFFERED

# SILOS REPLASTERED

Stock Tanks and Reservoirs
Built and Repaired
Lightning Frotection Service
BE-SO COMPANY, 207 West 51st St.,
Kansas City 2, Mo.

• FARMS—KANSAS

160 Acres—1 mile town and high school, on main highway, level upland, 100 plowed, 60 good pasture, 50 in wheat goes, good buildings, electricity, \$14,000. T. B. Godsey, Emporia, Kan.

For Sale—Well improved 160 acres. Write for particulars. Lars Peterson, Owner, Osage City,

### • FARMS-MISCELLANEOUS

Includes 31 Head Stock . . . 159-acre Eastern Kansas farm watered by stream, well, and pond, immediately available at \$10,100 including 11 milk cows. 9 heifers, 3 steers, registered bull, 2 teams, 80w, 2 shoats, 85 poultry, equipment! Cravel RFD road, 5 miles town; 80 tillable, balance good pasture, home orchard: nice 5-room house, electricity signed for, 30x40 barn, good set poultry buildings, milk house, garage; aged disabled owner's standout at \$10,100 complete, terms. Featured in big free Spring catalog many states just off press! United Farm Agency, 428-KF BMA Bldg., Kansas City 8, Mo.

Strout's Farm Catalog, Fall-Winter issue mailed free! Over 2,800 genuine bargains Coast to Coast. Tell us what you want. Where? Price? Terms? Save thru Strout Realty. 20 West 9th St., Kansas City 6, Mo.

1440 Acres Washington county, Colorado. Fair improvements. 320 acres under cultivation. Good stock-grain farm. Price \$36,000. Terms. Louis Miller, Frankfort, Ind.

### PLANTS AND NURSERY STOCK

Open Field Grown Plants: Cabbage, Onions, Po-tatoes, Peppers, Tomatoes, Beets, Lettuce, Caulitover, Broccoll, Asparagus, Flowers, To-baco, Brussels sprouts, Eggplant, All leading varieties, State certified, Guaranteed to please, Write for catalogue and free plant offer, North Texas Plant Farm, Franklin, Texas,

Strawberry Plants Postpaid. Premier. Aroma Blakemore, Klondike, Tenn. Beauty, Dunlaps Missionary, 100—81.25; 500—84.00; 1,000—87.00. Everbearings, Progressive and Gems, 100—\$2.50. 500—\$8.00; 1,000—\$15.00. Warren H. Lackey, Harrison, Tenn.

Certified Strawberry Plants—Aroma, Blakemore, Klondyke, Dunlaps, Gem Supreme, \$5.00 thousand; Gem Beauty, Klonmore, \$7.50; Gem Everbearing and Minn. 1166, \$12.00; Progres-sive, \$8.00. Tom Ramsey, Harrison, Tenn.

Too Many Peach Trees: Prices reduced. 18-24 in. Sc. 2-3 ft. 12½c. 3-4 ft. 20c. 4-5 ft. 27½c. Most all leading varieties. Prices on other nursery stock on request. Otis Wheeler's Nursery. Amity, Ark. Grapevines—Concord or Fredonia, heavy 2-year 10—\$2.00; 3-year bearing size, 10—\$3.00, postpaid. 20 leading varieties, list free. Strawberry plants, Boysenberries, Blackberries, Raspberries, Asparagus, Raspberries, Asparagus, Raspberries, Stilwell, Okla.

Complete Berry Garden \$3.00 prepaid. 25 Thorn less Boysenberry, 25 Red Raspberry, 50 Blake more. 50 Klondyke Strawberry. Rye Nursery Alma, Ark.

50 Two-Year Concord grapevines \$4.00, list free. Ponzer Nursery, Rolla. Mo.

# • FLOWERS AND BULBS

Gladiolus—125 glant, exhibition, varieties. Dahlias, Cannas, Imported Lilies. Lowest prices. Big specials. Free catalog ready. Foley Gardens, Freeport, Ill.

### • FILMS AND PRINTS

# 3c Deckledge Reprints 3c

Beautiful Velox Deckledge prints made from your negatives only 3c each, 6 or 8 Exposure rolls developed and printed on deckledge paper 25c. Artcraft DeLuxe enlargements three 5x only 50c. Four 8x10 enlargements from negatives \$1.00. Your favorite photo copied and 10 printed made 65c.

SUMMERS STUDIO, Unionville, Mo.

This Ad Plus 35c gives you 16 Jumbo, oversize, enlarged prints from any 8-exposure roll developed. Falargement coupon free. Quality and quick service for 19 years. Skrudland, 6444-H Diversey, Chicago.

16 Enlarged Jumbo Oversize Prints from any 6-8-, 12- or 16-exposure roll film developed only 35c and this ad. Free coupon. Modern Electronics Co. River Grove, Ill.

Three Prints Each 8-exposure roll 40c. Two each 35c. One each 25c. Reprints 3c. L. V. Eastman. Bode. Iowa.

This Ad and 25c gets you 10 oversize reprints or 5 - 4x6 enlargements. Jumbo Printers, Lake Geneva 5. Wisc.

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# You Can Now Buy Original Kirlin Corn Cultivator

ore than 50 years, the Kirlin has been t word in efficient and economical corn

sition.
s in single or double row, tractor drawn, sled-type runners, adjustable and reble; two 16-inch discs each row, Alecerk oiled, cast fron boxings; discs adto any angle; knives behind runners from the control of today for particulars. Attractive deale proposition apen on application.

THE L. KIRLIN CULTIVATOR CO.

r V-Pulleys 6 to 30-inch diameter and elt conversion drives for international 1255P, 122; Case A6, A, B, C, H, M, K, (8); Holt-Caterpillar 34, 36; drives for here 17, 5A, 5; Engine drive for M-M Jr. 3, 44. Avoid breakdowns, lost time; re-bration; save repair costs. Directions for ing. Write for free descriptive literature air machine, Farrar Machine Shop, 112 Norwich, Kan. Norwich, Kan.

Norwich, Kan.

Ie—Combine unloading augers to fit BaldOliver 30, Minneapolis Moline Gl. 2, 3, 4,
beere 17, Case K12 and A6, McCormickg No. 122, 123 and 125, This is the fastest
west auger on the market. V-Belt converor No. 122, SP123 and SP125 McCormickg Combines, Hodges auger grain elevation
pper, 3-wheel carriage, nothing like it.
Bridgeport Equipment Co., Inc., Bridgechr.

and Used Tractor Parts. Write for big, 1949 catalogue; tremendous savings. Sat-lon guaranteed. Central Tractor Wrecking les Moines 3, Iowa.

ale—High speed road gear attachment, 15 es per hour, easy to install to fit John Deere ars A and B, also McCormick-Deering reg-farmall, F20 and F30 tractors, Bridgeport ment Co., Inc., Bridgeport, Nebr.

arters for Tractor Parts, most all makes, for free 76-page 1949 catalogue. Acme Salvage Company, Lincoln, Nebr.

y Duty Canvases for New Holland Balers, alog free, Hudson Machinery Co., Los An-27, Calif.

REMEDIES-TREATMENT

muk—Piles, Fistula, Colon-Stomach, as-ted conditions, Latest methods, Thornton or Clinic, Suite C-206, Kansas City, Mo.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Place to Buy a piano, Bennett Music House, years in Wichita, quality and price, you get Liberal trade-in for old piano, Famous Spinets \$495.00 to \$1,000.00. Come to the or write Bennett's—free catalog.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

of the Best Opportunities to buy a going siness in North Central part of Kansas. espoils-Moline Machinery and Studebaker and trucks, This is a going business, no. Will rent the building, immediate posses-Contact P. M. Newell, Phillipsburg, Kan,

### **Trend of the Markets**

Please remember that prices given ere are Kansas City tops for best ere are Kansas uality offered.

	Ago	Ago	Ago
teers, Fed	\$27.00	\$32.25	\$33.00
logs	21.75	22.00	27.65
ambs	24.75	25.25	25.25
lens, 4 to 5 lbs	.25	.25	.18
ggs, Standards	.411/2		
utterfat, No. 1	.60	.63	.871/2
Vheat, No. 2, Hard	2.26%		
orn, No. 2, Yellow .	1.391/2		2.25
ats, No. 2, White	.82	.901/2	
arley, No. 2	1.32	1.30	1.80
lfalfa, No. 1	30.00	30.00	38.00
rairie, No. 1	17.00	17.00	19.00

MISSOURI STATE HEREFORD HOG BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION
SHOW AND SALE
Show at 10 A. M. — Sale at 1 P. M.
Monday, February 21
Welty Sale Pavilion

Nevada, Missouri 45 HEAD—30 Bred Gilts 10 Open Gilts — 5 Boars

Banquet—Evening of February 20 ECIAL—Free Gilt given away to lucky 4-H or F. F. A. member.

Write for catalog to L. TANZBERGER, Sec., Tina, Mo. Auctioneer: Hugh Campbell Don Bowman for this Publication

# BERGSTEN'S Improved Hampshires

w offering outstanding Fall Boars. Im-E. BERGSTEN & SONS, Randolph, Kan.

HYLEDALE

Bred and open gilts, same breeding as winners in Car-cass Contest at American Royal, Established type, Se-them. DALE SCHEEL DALE SCHEEL Emporla, Kan.

55 HAMPSHIRE GII.TS
for March and April, 10 months old, 270 to 325 lbs. immuned. \$80 Reg. \$75 eg. Off beits, \$70.

What About Cowpeas?

Do you have any information about cowpeas? I desire the latest informa-tion on this subject.—Richard McCoy,

We have grown cowpeas off and on at this station, and carried them in experimental tests, for a great many years. We find there are many varieties differing a great deal in their growth habits

differing a great deal in their growth habits.

The variety you would want to grow will depend largely upon the purpose you want to use it for. Some varieties, which are very early, produce an abundance of seed but very little forage, and the leaves drop off before the seed is all ripe and they are really not much good for forage. They are not very good either for plowing under for green manure. I refer to such varieties as the Red Ripper.

manure. I refer to such varieties as the Red Ripper.

Then there are the large, late varieties which produce an abundance of forage and the leaves remain green until frost. But the crop of seed is very light and does not all mature at once, so you will find ripe pods, green pods in all stages of development, and bloom on the plants at the same time. This type of cowpea is best for forage and green manure, but the seed is always.

on the plants at the same time. This type of cowpea is best for forage and green manure, but the seed is always hard to get, and it is difficult to harvest very much of a crop of seed from it. Such varieties as that are the Brabham and the Whippoorwill.

There is another group of varieties in between, such as the New Era. This is a fairly good seed producer, but still produces a good deal of forage.

One of the greatest difficulties of growing cowpeas is to get the seed. It is nearly impossible to get pure seed of cowpea varieties. Usually the seed is badly mixed and the varieties most likely to be available are the Brabham, the New Era and the Whippoorwill.

The Blackeye cowpea is another variety grown in Oklahoma to a considerable extent. The seed is used for human food in much the same way as navy beans. You should be able to get seed from seed houses of the south.

In growing cowpeas we think it is best to plant them in rows using about

from seed houses of the south.

In growing cowpeas we think it is best to plant them in rows using about 20 to 25 pounds of seed to the acre, and then cultivate them very much the same as you would cultivate garden beans. If the ground is very clean of weeds they can be drilled broadcast at the rate of about a bushel to a bushel and a peck to the acre, and they will make a heavy, solid growth. Usually if they are planted in rows, the rows will grow together until the ground is completely occupied by the plants.

Cowpeas should be harvested for hay when they have made the maximum vegetative growth, and after the first pods are beginning to ripen. Pick at a time when you have plenty of time for them to cure in fair weather. The crop is difficult to cure because the stems are quite juicy. I think soybeans are much

quite juicy. I think soybeans are much easier to cure and make a nicer-quality hay than cowpeas.—J.W. Zahnley, professor of crops, K. S. C., Manhattan.

### When to Plow

Atomic energy may play an important part in the future of agriculture. The U. S. D. A. is planning extensive research in soil and plant science to learn exactly how radioactive elements behave when put into soils. Facts will be sought on the movement, the fixation, and the release of various radioactive substances in various soil types. These studies are expected to result

These studies are expected to result in new and more precise knowledge, which will help farmers know when to plow and cultivate and fertilize for best results with different crops on different soil types.



"I guess it's okay, fellas."

# HARTMANS' BIG SMOOTH POLAND

# **Annual Bred Sow Sale** Monday, February 28

In sale pavilion on farm 2 miles north and  $\frac{3}{4}$  west of Elmo, 14 miles south of Abilene, highway K 15.

### 40 Top Bred Sows and Gilts

10 Picked Boars.

10 selected Gilts of fall farrow.

Offering sired by or bred to such great tried boars as Wonder Boy, All Midwest, General Ike, Chal-lenger's Best and Mixer Buster.

Bred and fed for the best results

When bigger and smoother Polands are produced we will grow

(Over 40 years of constructive breeding.) Everything immune.

Hartmans' Orange, 900-lb. sow.

For catalogue write

### ELMO VALLEY POLAND CHINA FARM

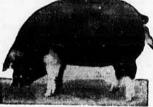
J. J. HARTMAN & SON (Owners), Elmo, Kansas

Auctioneer: Col H. S. Duncan Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer Send sealed bids to auctioneer or fieldman in our care at Elmo, Kansas.

# Kansas Poland Breeders Annual Sale

February 14, St. Marys, Kan.

35 Bred Gilts - 8 Fall Gilts 8 Fall Boars



This is perhaps the finest offering that this organization has ever put in any public auction. The hogs are well bred and carefully selected from the following breeders in Kansas:

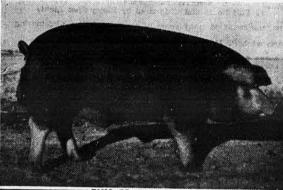
JOE DVORAK, Marion
OLEN STREEBIN, Ottawa
NEWELL COON, Burlingame
HOMER ALKIRE, Belleville
HARRY TURNER, Harper
ARDEN KROHN, Scandia
HARRIS RAMSOUR, Alta Vista
K. C. WIDLER, Burns
GLENN WISWELL, Spring Hill
HERB SCHROEDER, Walton

R. H. WILLIAMS, Clay Center PAUL WILLIAMS, Clay Center RAY SAYLER & SONS, Manhattan HAYES BECK, Manhattan HAYES BECK, Manhattan
HERBERT RINDT, Herington
HENRY HAIN, Spearville
C. R. ROWE & SON, Seranton
JOHN SAYLER SON & DAUGHTER, Lyndon
KENNETH BRENNER, Abliene

We extend this invitation to all 4-H Club leaders and F. F. A. supervisors and members to take part in our judging contest at 10 o'clock the morning of the sale. There will be \$50 offered in cash prizes. Don't miss it. There will be a banquet the night before the sale in the basement of Allen's Cafe. Make reservation early to Mr. McLin. For information and catalog contact

GORDON McLIN, Sale Manager, Silver Lake, Kan.

Jison, Auctioneer Dillon Williams and Everett Hoopler, Ringmen



Bauer Bros. Poland **Bred Sow Sale** Friday, February 11 at 1 P. M.

at 1 P. M.
Fairbury, Nebr.
Bred Gilts—Tops from 125
head, the get of Copyright
and other boars. Bred to
such sires as Gladstone,
one of the greatest boars
ever brought to our farm. Selected Fall Boars by Copyright, whose sons head many leading herds. Descendants of Midwest, Grand Nation and other sires. For catalog address sires. For catalog address uer Bros., Gladstone, Nebr. Auct.: Harve Duncan Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer

THIS IS GLADSTONE



Tues., Feb. 15-1:30 p. m. 4 Mankato, Kan. (sale barn)



Purebred Poland China Gilts weighing up to 400 pounds. 25 Duroc Gilts, not registered.

All bred to our good registered Poland China boars to farrow from late February to early May. Well bred, well developed gilts that will meet the needs of breeders, 4-H and F. F. A. members, farmers and commercial

RAYMOND O'HARA, Mankato, Kansas

at Marysville Sale Pavilion — 1 P. M.

References of the party

# Marysville, Kansas — February 12

Marysville is located 100 miles west of St. Joseph, on U. S. Highway 36. 55 miles north of Manhattan on highway 77, 65 miles south of Lincoln, Nebraska.

### 50 HEAD OF SELECTED BRED GILTS

10 Fall Boars of top breeding and good individuals. This outstanding offering is selected from the good herds of the following Duroc breeders in Kansas:

from the good herds of the following Di
HERMAN POPP, Haven
RALPH SCHULTE, Little River
BEN A. FLETT, Delphos
GEORGE L. SEELY, Manchester
ALLEN LARD, Clay Center
G. F. GERMANN & SON, Manhattan
ARTHUR E. ROEPKE, Waterville
EDWARD F. BLECHA, Munden
W. H. HILBERT, Corning
MORLEY BROS.; Belleville
FRANK ALEXANDER, Corning
JACK SLEICHTER, Abilene

CHARLES L. STREETER, Rucy MARVIN P. STEIN, Sedgwick VERN V. ALBRECHT, Smith Center PHILLIP C. WENDIAND, Manhattan L. G. WEATH & SON, Manhattan CHARLES H. BEYER, Belleville VERN HARDENBURGER, Narka E. M. KIDDER, Bird City WILLIAM RILINGER, GOT CHARLES L. STREETER, Riley DONALD SCHUMAKER, Wamego SHERWOOD BROTHERS, Concordia

For information and catalog write,

KENNETH E. MAKALOUS, Sale Manager

Mike Wilson with Kansas Farmer

# 3RD ANNUAL DUROC BRED GILT SALE

Tuesday, February 15

**422 Illinois Avenue** South St. Joseph, Mo.

Starting at One O'clock
A Choice Group of 40 Bred Gilts.
Popular bloodlines. Well developed.
ad mail order bids to auctioneer in our care. Write for catalogue



DANNEN RESEARCH FARM, Box 429, St. Joseph, Mo.

# Annual Duroc Sale, Monday, February 7

Judging contest in the A. M. for F. F. A. and 4-H Club members. Instructors and leaders are invited to bring their students and participate in this event at 9:30.

60 REGISTERED DUROCS

50 Bred Gilts — 10 Fall Boars and Gilts

This great offering of gilts are bred to Western Star, a great son of Red Star, the 1,300-pound twice Onio champion and modern Duroc boar at the last Duroc Congress. This excellent offering of gilts are sired by many great boars. As I have bought many top gilts in the fall sales, Catalogs on request.

VERN V. ALBRECHT, Smith Center, Kan.



# Miller's Duroc Production Sale Monday, February 21 50 HEAD OF QUALITY DUROCS

Sows and Gilts sired by Fancy Spot Light and bred to High Flyer (by First Base), Red Master (by Royal Master) and Model Keepsake (by P & K Type).
 Fall Boars and Gilts sired by Fancy Spot Light.

The offering is a good useful one, the result of many years of careful selection and mating of the best bloodlines. on farm near town. Starts at 1 P. M. For catalog write

**WELDON MILLER, Norcatur, Kansas** 



ATTENTION! EASTERN KANSAS SWINE PRODUCERS
PLAN TO ATTEND THE

# Southwest Missouri All-Breed Bred Gilt CONSIGNMENT SALE

Thursday, February 10, 1949 — 1 P. M. Welty Bros. Sale Pavilion — Nevada, Missouri

60 HEAD OF QUALITY REGISTERED BRED GILTS
Also 5 to 10 Head of Real Top Fall Boar Pigs

Durocs — Hampshires — Spotted Polands — Berkshires
Consigned from the good registered herds of that section of the state. All Cholera immuned. This will be a quality offering. Bred to top quality herd sires. Take advantage of the good corn-hog ratio and buy some of these good registered bred gilts.

Sale sponsored by

DONALD J. BOWMAN, Sales Manager, Hamilton, Mo.
Write at once for sale catalog,
tioneers: Connie McGennis, Darwin Johnson and Welty F

### Soil in Wrong Place

Conservationists and engineers now place a value of 175 million dollars as the annual damage from all forms of sediment and sedimentation (deposit-ing soil) in the U.S.

This cost includes 50 million dollars

This cost includes 50 million dollars worth of damage to agricultural land, an equal amount from sedimentation in storage reservoirs, and a lesser amount from damage to drainage and irrigation systems, harbors and river channels, recreation and wildlife, as well as added cost of maintaining highways, railroads and other facilities.

The American Royal Live Stock Show, at Kansas City, has been chosen for the 1949 National Shorthorn Shows A premium purse of \$25,000 will be divided among breeding classes, carlots, feeders and individual steers, with all animals registered with the association eligible. Shorthorns and Polled Shorthorns will compete together in the same classification, it is announced.

A sale of 100 head of Shorthorn breeding cattle will be held in connection with the national show.

### Public Sales of Livestock

Aberdeen-Angus Cattle

Aberdeen-Angus Cattle

February 22 — U. S. Center Aberdeen-Angus
Breeders' Association, Smith Center, Kan.
February 24-25 — Heart of America Breeders'
Association, Kansas City, Mo. W. Clay
Woods, Secretary, 912 Commerce Bidg.,
Kansas City, Mo.
February 28—Johnston Brothers, Belton, Mo.
J. B. McCorkle, Sales Manager, Suite 3710
A. I. U. Bidg., Columbus 15, Ohio.
March 1—Penney & James, Hamilton, Mo. J. B.
McCorkle, Suite 3710 A.I.U. Building, Columbus 15, Ohio.
March 8—C. E. Reed, Wichita, Kan.
March 29—South Central Nebraska Angus Breeders, Hebron, Nebr. Claude L. Rowley, Sale

Guerasey Cattle

May 2 — Missouri Guerasey Breeders' Association, Columbia, Mo. H. A. Herman, Secretary, Eckles Hall, Columbia, Mo.

tion, Columbia, Mo. H. A. Herman, Secretary, Eckles Hall, Columbia, Mo.

Hereford Cattle

February 10-11—Nebraska Hereford Breeders'
Association, Grand Island, Nebr. Clare Clement, Sale Manager, Ord. Nebr.
February 17—Oklahoma-Kansas Hereford Breeders' Association, Blackwell, Okla, Marsh B. Woodruff, Secretary, Blackwell, Okla, Marsh B. Hereford Association, Hutchinson, Kan. A. G. Pickett, Secretary, Manhattan, Kan. A. G. Pickett, Secretary, Marnattan, Kan. Brookville, Kan. February 26—C. K. Ranch. Brookville, Kan. February 28—C. K. Ranch. Brookville, Kan. February 28—C. Hutchinson, Kan. Brookville, Kan. Association, 300 West 11th St., Kansas City, Marysville, Marysville, March 16—Morris County Hereford Breeders' Association, Council Grove, Kan. March 16—Morris County Hereford Breeders' Belleville, Kan. Association, Auvood, Kan. H. A. Rogers, Manager, Atwood, Kan.

Holstein Cattle

February 16-Hugh White, Overland Park, Kan.

Shorthorn Cattle

Shorthorn Cattle

March 23—Central Kansas Shorthorn Sale, Fair Grounds, Hutchinson, Kan. Frank E. Leslie, 516 West 15th St., Hutchinson, Kan. March 31—Mid-Kansas Shorthorn Breeders Sale, Salina Kan. Mervin F. Aegerter, Sales Manager, Seward, Nebr.

April 6—North Central Kansas Shorthorn Breeders Sale, Beloit, Kan. Edwin Hedstrom, Secretary.

Duroc Hogs
February 7-Vern V. Albrecht, Smith Center,
Kan.

February 12—Kansas State Sale, Marysville. Kan. February 12—Kansas State Sale, Marysville. Kan. February 15—Cannen Mills Farms, St. Joseph. Mo. C. W. Glassell, Manager, St. Joseph. Mo. February 15—Cannen Mills Farms, St. Joseph. Mo. C. W. Glassell, Manager, St. Joseph. Mo. February 15—Cannen Mills Farms, St. Joseph. Mo. February 15—Cannen Mills Farms, St. Joseph. Mo. February 21—Weldon Miller, Norcatur, Kan.

• Hampshire Hogs February 26-O'Bryan Ranch, Hiattville, Kan. Hereford Hogs

Hereford Hogs

February 18—Kansas State Sale, Holton, Kan.
Milt Haag, Secretary, Holton, Kan.
February 21—Missouri State Breeders' Show and
Sale, Nevada, Mo. L. Tanzberger, Secretary,
Tina, Mo. Poland China Hogs

Poland China Hogs

February 11—Bauer Bros., Gladstone, Nebr. Sale at Fairbury, Nebr.
February 14—Kansas Poland China Breeders, St.
Marys. Gordon McLinn, Sale Manager, Silver Lake, Kan.
February 15—Raymond O'Hara, Mankato, Kan.
February 24—Missouri State Breeders' Show and Sale, Carroliton, Mo. Paul Bogart, Sec., Holt, Mo.
February 28—J. J. Hartman & Son, sale at farm. Elmo, Kan.

Spotted Poland China Hogs

February 14—H. E. Holliday & Son. Richland, Kan., and Clyde Miller, Rt. 2. Topeka, Kan. Sale at Fairgrounds, Topeka, Kan. February 22 — Kansas Spotted Poland China Breeders Sale, Marysville, Kan. Wayne L. Davis, Sale Manager, Mahaska, Kan.

Hogs—Several Breeds
February 19—Clay County Hog Breeders, Clay
Center, Kan.

Berkshire Hogs
February 28 — Kansas Berkshire Association, Hutchinson, Kan.

O I C Hogs

February 11—Kansas O I C Swine Breeders Association, Fredonia, Kan, Vernon Zimmerman, Secretary, Inman, Kan.

Hogs—All Breeds

February 10—Southwest Missouri All-Breed Bred
Gilt Consignment Sale, Welty Bros. Sale
Pavilion, Nevada, Mo. Donald J. Bowman,
Sales Manager, Hamilton, Mo.

Sheep-Atl Breeds

June 24-25—Midwest Stud Ram Show and Sale Sedalia, Mo. Rollo E. Singleton, Secretary, Columbia, Mo.

HOGS



MISSOURI POLAND BREEDERS' ASSN.

SHOW and SALE
Show—10:30 A. M. Sale—1 P. M.
Thursday, February 24
Reed Sale Pavilion Carrollton, Missouri

Bred Sows—Fall Boars—Open Gilts A show window sale. A quality offering consigned from many of the good Missoun For catalog write to-

PAUL BOGART, Sec., Holt, Mo. Don Bowman for this Publication

# **Spotted Poland Sale**

Topeka, Kansas February 14, 1949

HERBERT or H. E. HOLLIDAY Richland, Kansas or CLYDE MILLER Rt. 2, North Topeka, Kan.

# Kansas Spotted Poland **Breeders' Association BRED SOW SALE**

at the Sale Barn at

Marysville, Kan., Feb. 22

Write WAYNE L. DAVIS, Sale Mgr Mahaska, Kansas

### Offering REG. SPOTTED POLAND CHINA GILTS

Bred to Silver Lad (son of Big Chief) and grandson of the 1946 Grand Champion for February. March and April farrow. Also a few spring boars and fall pigs.

Everything double immuned.

EARL AND EVERETT FIESER
Norwich, Kansas

# REG. SPOTTED POLAND FALL BOARS and GILTS

BLANKE BROS., Bremen, Ka

# SPOTTED POLAND **Bred Gilts and Fall Pigs**

Choice quality and breeding ready for immediate shipment. CARL BILLMAN, Holton, Kansas

REG. SPOTTED POLAND FALL BOARS and GILTS FOR SALE red by Royal Prince. September farrow. Fr. asonable. Write
J. A. BUCKLES, Rt. 1, Mound City, Mo.

Poland Fall Boars and Gilts

ed by "Mixer's Buster," Kansas grand char n. and by "Choice Goods," Kansas first pri ior yearling. Priced reasonable. C. R. ROWE & SON, Scranton, Kansas

### **Livestock Advertising Rates**

4 Column inch (5 lines) \$3.00 per issue 1 Column inch....... 8.40 per issue The ad costing \$3.00 is the smallest ac-cepted.

Publication dates are on the first and third Saturdays of each month. Copy for livestock advertising must be received on Friday, eight days before.

JESSE R. JOHNSON, Livestock Editor MIKE WILSON, Fieldman. Kansas Farmer - Topeka, Kansas

CLA HOG

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G. F.

DUROC ll ages, b rown Printest we ev BEN M.

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### HOGS

CLAY COUNTY PURE BRED HOG BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION

# **BRED GILT SALE**

Saturday, February 19, 1949 Clay Center, Kansas

1:30 P. M. Fairgrounds Under cover and in heated building. 30 BRED GILTS—7 BOARS 2 OPEN GILTS

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for on

Will be an offering of fall boars and open gilts.

Consignors:

VORSIGNOTS:
IN ROGERS—Spotted Polands
MARTIN—Chester Whites
LEN LARD—Durocs
RRY HILDENBRAND—Durocs
J.ARD SCHURLE—Durocs
RL LEIPERSBERGER—Durocs
U. WILLIAMS—Black Polands
J.ON WILLIAMS—Black Polandr
H BROS.—Hampshires ROTH BROS.—Hampshires FORGE D. CARPENTER—Berksbires

Write for a catalog to GEORGE D. CARPENTER, President Clay Center, Kansas Ross Schaulls, Auctioneer

# **Wreath-Streeter DUROC SALE**

at 1 P. M. at the Wreath Farm, 2 miles west of

# Manhattan, Kan. February 8

40 Registered Duroc Bred Gilts A few Registered Hereford Calves pionship breeding plus individual ex-

WREATH FARM, Manhattan, Kan. or CHARLES L. STREETER Riley, Kansas Bert Powell, Auctioneer

SHEPHERD'S SUPERIOR DUROCS Offering excellent Bred Glits sired by or bred to super-Spotlight, Lo Thickmaster, Perfect Trend or latter February and March farrow. Also serv-ceable boars—big thick, deep bodied, Real Red wavy hammed. Visitors say "Best I ever saw." None better. Registered. Immuned. See these or write before buying elsewhere. Durocs only since 904. Prices right. G. M. Shepherd, Lyons, Kan.

### **DUROC BRED GILTS**

so Fall Boars selling privately this winter. its by Topper and Kan Be, bred to Star King r March and April farrow. Husky Fall Pigs by piper and Kan Be. HAVEN HOLLOW FARM, G. F. Germann & Son, Manhattan, Kan.

DUROC BRED GILTS AND BOARS ll ages, by Top Crown by the Illinois champion from Prince. Satisfaction or your money back. sets we ever raised. BEN M. HOOK & SON, Silver Lake, Kausas

## REGISTERED DUROC FALL PIGS impionship breeding of popular bloodlines cial on boar pigs during February. Victor R ring, McPherson, Kan., 7 m. south, 1½ west

TENNANT'S PRODUCTION DUROCS Sale—Choice gilts bred to Fleet Commandon of Fleetline 1947 Jr. Lowa Champion. Sole winners at Kansas Free Fair. O. A. TENNANT, Manhattan, Kan.

10 TOP BRED BERKSHIRE GILTS Sell in Two Sales FEBRUARY 19 County Sale, Clay Center FEBRUARY 28

State Sale, Hutchinson
anddaughters of The Bomber and bred to
tooln Creek Typesetter. Nebraska reserve
implon. Broad backed fall pigs, either
tor sale at farm ready to ship.
GEO. D. CARPENTER & SONS,
Clay Center, Kansas

## SHEEP

Congratulations to DICK T. BROWN Olathe, Colo. on receiving the 1948 National 4-H



Carriedale Sheep

on with any other breed of livestock or any dall crops.
CORRIEDALES not only won Dick The dational 4-H Club Championship, the President Truman Silver Service and a \$200 cholarship but they are sending him to colege at Colorado A & M College, Fort Collins, 500. Is your boy or girl's college education sured? For Dick's complete story and for a formation on Corriedale sheep, write ROLLO E. SINGLETON, Secretary American Corriedale Association on North Garth Ave.

Columbia, Mo.

AUCTIONEERS

BERT POWELL

LIVESTOCK AND REAL ESTATE
Plass Avenue Topeka, Kan

### IN THE FIELD



Jesse R. Johnson Topeka, Kansas

nd MIKE WILSON, Livestock Pieldman, Muscotah, Kansas.

AMONG the many services that make Kansas Farmer a good investment from the standpoint of its readers is the livestock advertising department. Not only does this service make it possible for readers to locate and select good breeding stack many stack. good breeding stock more economically but the general educational value of its well written and attractively displayed advertisements, together with photos of correct-type animals, is hard

Seeing the picture of a high-produc-ing, modern-type dairy cow has, in many instances, started a poor or indifferent dairyman on the highway to success. And, if the cow's record appeared with the picture, sooner or later there was a change of ownership of the low-producing cows in that herd.

Sale reports and other livestock news are a next of the advertising that helps

Sale reports and other livestock news are a part of the advertising that helps to increase and maintain interest in good livestock growing, which is the farmers most important industry. Purebred livestock auction attendance, the result of advertising, affords the best opportunity for comparing the relative merits of different breeds of livestock, together with the study of type and general price trends. Prospective buyers secure valuable knowledge by attending sales of this kind. They study the sale catalog, compare the animal selling with his pedigree in the book and, in this way, acquire some knowledge of the value of different bloodlines. Once it was hard for new buyers or beginners to understand why livestock of the same color and size and varying so little in general appearance

of the same color and size and varying so little in general appearance should sell at such wide range of prices. But for the advertising and other kinds of publicity made possible by publications like Kansas Farmer, improved and registered livestock distribution would have been much slower. And, in proportion, Kansas would not now enjoy its present high state of general prosperity.—Jesse R. Johnson.

FRED C. GERMANN, Jr., member of the firm of GERMANN & SON, owners and operators of the Haven Hollow Duroc farm, at Manhattan, will graduate soon from Kansas State College, and is already making plans to breed more and better Durocs than in the past. Fred has achieved quite a reputation as a livestock judge during the past few years. It is good to know that he is another of the outstanding young men with a college education who will stay on the farm and continue to carry forward the state's programs for increased wealth by the livestock and diversified farming route.

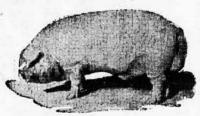
The FIESER BROS., Earl and Everett, of Norwich, in the edge of Kingman county, have proved the wisdom of diversified farming and livestock growing in their section of Kansas. They established herds of registered Spotted Poland Chinas several years ago when growing registered purebred hogs was something of an experiment. But, by a careful study of type, feeding methods and mating animals that carry the blood of the best strains of the breed, they have developed a type of hog that is acceptable to the farmer trade. While not important from the standpoint of more or even better pork, the well-distributed spots on the big well-balanced, heavy-hammed and strong-backed Fieser hogs make for attractiveness. The brothers also breed registered Polled Shorthorn cattle and animals from the herd always sell around the tops in association sales.

Due to an oversight the NORTH CENTRAL KANSAS MILKING SHORTHORN ASSOCIATION sale held at Salina several weeks ago was not reported in Kansas Farmer. The offering was chosen from many of the good herds of the territory and sold without any special fitting. A fairly good crowd was in attendance and although the was not the territory and sold without any special fitting. A fairly good crowd was in attendance and although the was a real success. Consignors and buyers both were satisfied and thinking of another sale sometime in 1949. The top female went to Chester H. Rolfs, of Loraine, at \$480, and Charles Heinze, of Wilson, paid \$400 for the high bull. The bulls, including some quite young, brought a general average of \$258, and the females, including young things, averaged \$271. The weather was unsatisfactory—cold, windy and some rain. Gus Heidebrecht was the auctioneer and the sale was managed and conducted by Gordon L. Jannsen, of Bushton, and M. H. Peterson, of Junction City.

The encouragement that came to the BAUER BROS., of Gladstone, Nebr., when they exhibited and won grand championship on their young boar, State Fair, at the Nebraska State Fair several years ago, was probably responsible for the incentive that carried them to their present high place among the best Poland China breeders in the entire country. Realizing that it is hard to reach the top and still more difficult to stay there, they undertook to establish something of a universal type. This was done by keeping what they considered the best daughters of State Fair for several years. Then the problem of securing just the right type of herd sires was an-

# KANSAS OIC SWINE BREEDERS SHOW AND SALE

Fredonia, Kansas February 11, 1949



# 30 Bred and Open Gilts---10 Boars

Consigned by the Following Breeders in Kansas:

IRL HOLZRICHTER, Burrton.
DONALD WEBBER, Independence.
VERNON ZIMMERMAN, Inman.
G. H. McDONALD, Fall River.
ALLEN TETER, Hutchinson.

J. R. ADAMS, Fredonia. OTTO DELFS, Inman. CLIFFORD MILLER, Conway. SYLVESTER MARTIN, Mt. Hope. S. D. MILLER, Conway. CHARLES TURNER, Coffeyville.

For catalog write Vernon Zimmerman, Sec.-Treas., Inman, Kan.

Judge-Prof. C. E. Aubel, Kansas State College, Manhattan, Kan.

Auct.-Col. Harold Watkins

Fieldman-Mike Wilson, Kansas Farmer, Topeka Kansas OIC Breeders Banquet and Meeting 7:00 P. M., Thursday, February 10 Fariss Hotel, Fredonia, Kansas.

# Kansas Hereford Hog Breeders' Association Sale

February 18 — Holton, Kansas

40 Bred Gilts. Bred for spring farrow, carrying the service of some of the breeds most popular boars. 20 Open Gilts, sired by noted sires.

6 Fall Boars, some of herd boar material. You will find in the tabulations of this offering the blood of such great boars as Fashion Model, Prize Goods, Bright Model the junior champion boar at the 1947 Kansas State Fair. Also the blood of Riverside Chief. Anyone interested in top Hereford hogs should not fail to attend this sale. There will be a banquet on the night of February 17, at the Holton Hotel for breeders and those interested in Hereford hogs. For catalog and information write:

MILT HAAG, Sale Manager, Holton, Kan.

Bred Gilt Sale 60 production bred gilts Feb. 26
mated to Illinois Grand Feb. 26
Champion Tradewind. All gilts selling are
from litters of 10 or more. Write for Catalog. O'BRYAN RANCH - Hiattville, Kansas



other problem. That this problem has been well solved is evident when visiting the herd and noting the uniformity of over 100 females to be seen on the farm. This great array of good Polands has come about by searching and finding such sires as Copyright, many of whose first sons are going out to head leading herds of the country. The new sire purchased to assist Copyright is Gladstone, said to be one of the great prospects of the breed. It would be interesting to know just how many great boars and sows have gone out from this herd to add wealth to the pork producers of Kansas, Nebraska and other states.

Writing from his farm at Moline, J. E. HUGE-NOT says, "Please run the advertisement a couple of more times. We have had plenty of inquiry and several buyers but still have more good Milking Shorthorns for sale." Mr. Hugenot formerly lived out west and was a big wheat grower. Now he is a general farmer and devotes most of his time to his fine herd of registered Milking Shorthorns. Mr. Hugenot mentions the fact that his wife has been ill in the hospital but is back home again and on the way to recovery.

On his well-balanced stock farm near the town of Ada, in Ottawa county, PAUL J. STUDT is making a success of breeding and improving registered Milking Shorthorn cattle. His cow herd, the foundation of which were Brookside Clay 13th and young stock mostly sired by Nauvoo Champion R. M., are classified Very Good and Good Plus. The herd is maintained much as the average cattle are cared for on most Kansas farms. Mostly out in the open the year around to develop strong legs and rugged health.

One of the interesting things connected with the livestock industry is the inclination of many boys who grow up on a purebred livestock breeding institution to carry on the work and, in many instances, do a better job than was done by their fathers. The love for good livestock is doubtless an inherited trait. RAY RUSK, of Wellington, who, with his son, breeds registered Hereford cattle and has one of the good herds of Southern Kansas, is a good example. The big, well-improved farm is located only a few miles from the Ira Rusk farm, where good registered Percheron horses were grown a quarter of a century. Ira was the father of Ray.

Z. B. CRAIG & SON HOLSTEIN sale, Columbia, Mo., January 6, attracted a large crowd with contending bidders on Holsteins from 6 states. Missouri buyers purchased 57 of the 71 head selling. Mature females averaged \$356, with females of all ages averaging \$263.10. About three fourths of the offering were grades, which sold readily at prices that were exceptionally good. Two top cows were registered and they sold for \$505 and \$500. These 2 cows went to R. T. Senter: Ironton, Mo. Oscar Goodin & Son, Lawton, Okla., were heavy buyers, taking 10 head. David Anderson, Thayer, was the heaviest Kansas buyer as he purchased 4 head and bid on several head in trying to add to this number.

### **AUCTIONEERS**

### Livestock Auctioneer

A number of registered dairy and beef cattle sales booked this fall for breeders and associations. I have sold successful for others—why not you? For sale dates phone or wire me at Rich Hill, Mo.

C. C. "CONNIE"

McGENNIS

Box 116, Rich Hill, Mo.





### C. W. Bill'Crites AUCTIONEER

Experienced and capable. Farm Sales, Real Estate and Purebred Livestock.

Junction City, Kan. Phone 1090X



### HAROLD TONN

Auctioneer and Complete Sales Service Write, phone or wire Haven, Kansas

Frank C. Mills, Auctioneer Alden, Kansas

Ross B. Schaulis, Auctioneer

Purebred Livestock. Real Estate and Farm
Sales. Ask those for whom I have sold.
CLAY CENTER. KANSAS

Only a few head stayed near Columbia. A fine day brought out a large crowd interested in seeing that the Holsteins sold at good prices. No effort was made to fit the offering. Glen G. Davis, Columbia, was the sales manager. Bert Powell was the auctioneer, assisted by Walker, Harrison and Bowman.

Despite the fact 8 inches of snow had covered South Central Kansas, the SCHLICKAU & OLIVIER BROTHERS annual Hereford sale, held

# **Kansas Hereford Association Annual Sale**

The Eleventh Heart of America Aberdeen-

Angus Breeders' Assn. Show and Sale

serviceable-age bulls and 40 females selected from the Midwest's most prominent herds, with the nations leading bloodlines represented. Families represented include, Miss Burgess, Zara, Ericas, Blue Ribbon Blackbirds, Prides, Missouri Barbara, Georgina, Rosemere Barbara, Blackcap Bessie and many others.

Catalog may be had by writing to

"Attend the Heart of America Angus Week of Sales"

February 26—L. M. Thornton, Garden City, Mo. February 28—Silver Top Dissolution Sale, Belton, Mo.

March 1—Penney & James Production Sale, Hamilton, Mo. March 2—North Central Missouri Breeders, Chillicothe, Mo.

March 3—Northeast Missouri Breeders, Memphis, Mo.

THE ANNUAL

**Round-Up Hereford Sale** 

Kansas City, Mo.--Feb. 24 & 25

(Show 10 A. M. Feb. 25-Sale 1 P. M. Feb. 25)

The consignment consists of 100 head and will include 60

Secretary, W. Clay Woods 912 Commerce Building Kansas City 6, Mo. etioneers: Johnston and Sims



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Hred Schartz, Ellinwood
R. Schen, Hurchinson
R. Staffer
Smale, First Nat'l Bank, Hurchinson
rginds Smith, Barns
Stevenson Estate, Codell
liban Volkiand, Bushton
ary Waner and Sons, Florence
L. Welch, Ablieue
F. Williams, Upsses
thur Williams, Upsses
thur Williams, Upsses
thur Williams, Leson
M. Wright and Son, Vesper
M. Wright and Son, Vesper

# February 21, 1949

to be held at the State Fairarounds in

# Hutchinson

Show the morning of the Sale Sale at 1:00 P. M.

# 75 Head

For catalog write

A. G. PICKETT, Secretary

Kansas Hereford Association Kansas State College Manhattan

Freddie Chandler, Auctioneer Mike Wilson for Kansas Farmer

Field Representative, Edward F. Moody 736 South Kansas Avenue

Olathe, Kan.

Kansas City, Mo.

Monday

February 28

10 A. M. American Royal Building

202 Head, 181 Bulls, 21 Females
Herd Bulls—Range Bulls—Farm Bulls

an with this publication

in Harper, January 27, was a success, Fifteen bulls, most all calves, made an average of \$310 a head. Rex E. Haggard, of Wellington, paid \$560 for the top bull from the Schilekau consignment. Waite Brothers, of Winfield, were the successful bidders on the top female of the sale, a May 13 heifer, carrying the service of H. C. Larry Domino 50th. The price paid for this female was \$620. The 50 females sold ranged in price from \$190 to \$620 a head.

It's always interesting to receive a letter from LEO BREEDEN, of Great Bend. Leo has one of the good Miking Shorthorn herds of the state, headed by the bull, Robin's Searchlight. Two former bulls were of Griffarm breeding. Mr. Breeden was a wheat grower until about 20 years ago. He bred registered Duroes on the side, but his ohief delight was in growing big fields of wheat. A veteran of World War I, he returned to the farm and went thru a series of big and little wheat yields and low prices. In desperation, he undertook and succeeded in breeding dual-purpose catific as a part of general farming. His first herd bull was Otis Chief, a May & Otis bred buil.

Riley county Duroc breeders met at Manhattan, January 14, and organized an association to be known as the RILEY COUNTY DUROC BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION. The following officers were elected: President, Orville Tennant, Manhattan; vice-president, Albert Linn, Riley, and secretary-treasurer, Fred Germann, of Manhattan. Matters were discussed having to do with the breeding and selling of more and better Durocs. Plans are being made to hold an association sale sometime in April under the management of the secretary.

Farmer to announce April 22 as the date for holding the annual NORTHWEST KANSAS MERRIPORD BRICEDERS' ASSOCIATION sale Mr. Rogers says the weather is tough out in his section of the state.

I.EO F. BREEDEN writes: Please stop my ad. Sold all of the Milking Shorthorns I adver-tised in Kansas Farmer. The advertisement surely brought results.

### Beef CATTLE

Oklahoma--Kansas **Hereford Breeders Annual Sale** Thursday, February 17 Blackwell, Oklahoma



61 HEAD: 36 Bulls, 25 Cows The ninth sale of this group brings from 21 Breeders the best offering in the history of the event.

O-K Herefords (the finest in Northern Oklahoma and Southern Kansas) Sale at Fair Grounds

For catalog write

Box 230, Blackwell, Okla. R. Johnson with Kansas Farn

# **REG. HEREFORDS**

Bulls 10-24 months old; also a number of bred and open Heifers. Best

RAY RUSK & SON Wellington, Kansa

# REG. HEREFORD BULLS

Hazlett and WHR Breeding big, rugged bulls from 12 to 14 months old WAITE BROS., Winfield, Kansas

# Reg. Hereford Bulls for Sale We have 2 full brothers of the prize winning Walnut Hill Bonny, a 2-year-old and a yearling. Also some other bulls, Walnut Hill Hereford Ranch, Great Bend, Kan.

We Offer Polled Herefords

Polled Hereford Bulls of serviceable ages.
Also a few Helfers.
GEORGE L. RIFFEL & SON, Hope, Kansa

Mention KANSAS FARMER When Writing Advertisers Dairy CATTLE



Averaging 10,000 pounds of 4% milk year after year until a ripe

Mine year after year that a ripe old age.

More than 300 Ayrshire cows have produced from 100,000 to 200,000 pounds of 4% milk during their lives, no other breed has

so many. Start now with the breed that is built right and bred

Write for booklets or help in locating foundation stock.

AYRSHIRE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION 260 Center St., Brandon

M.

Ax

Pabst's Holstein family at Sunnymede Farm, Topeka

Pabst Burke Lad Star

Pabst Burke Ned

Pabst Hickory Creek Roamer Daughter of Pabst Roamer

ons of Pabst Burke Lad Star are available

C. L. E. EDWARDS, Topeka, Kan.

# GUERNSEY HEIFERS



For Sale 50 Head of High Grade Heff-ers due to freshen in 30 to 90 days. All Tb. and Bang's tested. Also a nice selection of Guernsey bulls. d.

so a nice selection of nsey bulls.

W. L. SCHULTZ
Hillsboro, Kansas

**Home Farm Dairy** 

REGISTERED GUERNSEYS Since 1906 High Production. Correct Type Popular Bloodlines. Ransom Farm, Homewood (Franklin Co.), Kan

# Beef CATTLE

PENNEY and JAMES Seventh Annual Draft Sale of Aberdeen-Angus

> Hamilton, Missouri March 1, 1949

The Sales Offering: 49 Bred Heifers carrying the service of Eileenmere 487th. Eileenmere 999th. Envious of Hamilton, Envious Burgess H., Homepiace Elleenmere 72nd. 7 Open Heifers and 9 Bulls, 9 of them sons of Eileenmere 487th. The usual high quality that has prevailed in the past Penney & James' sales will be offered. For catalog address

J. B. McCORKLE, Sales Manager, Suite 3710 A.I.U. Bidg., Columbus, 15, Ohio

POLLED SHORTHORN BULLS
This farm has bred and consigned 2 Grand
Champions, 2 Reserve Champions, and 2 highestselling cattle for the 3 annual Kansas State
Polled Shorthorn sales,
Miller Stock Farms, Mahaska, Kan.



# Polled Shorthorns for Sale

Offering Bulls, Cows and Helfers, We offer 36 Bulls, a few of serviceable age. Pew bred cows and open females. Officially vaccinated. Remember—some of the best, newest blood that has made record prices in Polled Shorthorn History. Our greatest herd sires are "Cherry Hill Hallmark" and "Red Coronet 2nd." Champion female and topselling but at the Kansas State Show and Sale selling but at the Kansas State Show and Sale by "Red Coronet 2nd" (Herd established 1967).
Location—we are 22 miles west and 6 miles south of Mutchinson, Kan.

Phone 1312. C. BANBURY & SONS.

AMERICAN HEREFORD ASSOCIATION

Kansas City 6, Mo.

# Marshall County Hereford Assn.



Sale 12:30 P. M.

# March 7, 1949 Marysville, Kansas

**A Production Sale** Top from 18 Good Herds

65 Head Reg. Herefords—Horned and Polled 55 Bulls --- 10 Females

**Consignors:** 

onald M. Baker, Marietta ank Sedlacek, Bremen erhardt Dettke (Pld.) Marysville aldemar Hanke, Waterville A. Hawke, Bigelow

owell & Barclay, Marietta obert R. Mayer, Marysville . M. Newman & Son (Pld.) Axtell dw. J. Sedlacek, Marysville

Don Breeding, Herkimer Fred Osterkamp, Waterville Elmer Peterson & Son, Marysville

Jervis Rowe (Pld.), Marysville E. O. Rasmussen, Vliets Henry Sedlacek, Marysville Harold Stump, Blue Rapids Jos. F. Sedlacek, Frankfort Hugo Vogler & Sons, Waterville

For catalog write:

LMER E. PETERSON, Sec.-Treas., Marysville, Kan. Judge from Kansas State College

**Marshall County Hereford Association** 

Jesse R. Johnson or Mike Wilson

# Announcing THE OLD RELIABLE HEREFORD ASSOCIATION SHOW and SALE, FEBRUARY 10 & 11

Grand Island, Nebraska

(Harry's Sale Pavilion) Sale February 11 at 12 Noon



### 100 HEAD

- 83 Bulls including some top herd-bull prospects, as well as excellent bulls for farmers and ranchers. A number of coming two year olds.
- 17 Females, cows and heifers, including some select open and bred heifers and cows with calves at foot. Among the attractions there will be 20 Polled Bulls (all but 3 calved in 1947).

Offering picked from leading Nebraska herds.

CLARE CLEMENT, Sale Mgr., Ord, Nebraska

# Holstein Dairy Cattle Sale

100 Head of Cows and Heifers

I will sell at public auction at my farm on Highway 69 at 85th St.,

Overland Park, Kan.—Wednesday, February 16

at the south edge of Kansas City (Sale starts at 1 P. M.)

HEAD COWS, fresh and very close springers, extra large, 6-7 gal.

SPRINGER HEIFERS, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., fresh inside of 30 days.

BRED HEIFERS to freshen in September or October, 800 lbs., extra good.

BULLS, 1,000 lbs. each. This is a very outstanding herd of Holsteins

alfhood vaccinated. If you want cattle of high production, attend this sale. Sale Under Cover

**HUGH WHITE (Owner)** 

# HOLSTEIN CALVES

• Fine selection of heautiful Wisconsin Roistein helfer and bull calves. Fifty on hand at all times. Registered. Well started, no milk required.

Send for Pictures and Price List.

J. M. McFARLAND & Son

# SMOKY VALLEY HOLSTEINS

OFFERING HIGH PRODUCING COWS.
Leading Bloodlines.
W. G. BIRCHER & SONS, Ellsworth, Kan

### **BULL CALVES FOR SALE**

U. S. Center Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Association

# Fourth Annual Show and Sale

**Registered Angus Breeding Cattle** 

Smith Center, Kansas—Tuesday, February 22, 1949 Show 9:00 A. M. - Sale 1 P. M.

24 Bulls --- 61 Females





These cattle are consigned by 23 of the leading breeders of Southern Nobraska and Northern Kansas. For catalog write

LEONARD PATMAN, Secretary, Smith Center, Kansas

Judge, Don Good, Manhattan, Kansas

Ham James, Auctioneer

Mike Wilson for Kansas Farmer

# L. M. THORNTON ANGUS FARMS PRODUCTION SALE

Saturday, February 26

Garden City, Missouri

SELLING 50 HEAD—12 Bulls and 38 Females

The Sales Offering: The 12 Built are ready for service and are here-heading managing services and daughters of Epic Removes and Elemants of Bree and Open Selling sons and daughters of Epic Removes and Elemanters 504th. Epic Removes 5,000 1946 Heart Of America grand champion—a full bounder sells. Elimentmers 50 he \$2,000 1947 Heart Of America grand champion—brothers and material sell self-sons and daughters of Bear Eric 5th. Repeater of Whenthand Had and Beill Bog Special Attraction—Selling 2 daughters of Black Prince of Sunheam and hedge outside.

If you can use a top quality herd sire or more foundation females, amend this for sale catalog write L. M. THORNTON, 2825 East 18th St., Easting City, M.

L. M. THORNTON ANGUS FARMS, Garden City, Mo.

Heart of America Sale Circuit: February 25—Heart of America Assn. Kansas Circ Ma. February 25—L. M. Thornton, Garden City, Mo.: February 25—Johnson Bouchers' Shuerar Farm, Belton, Mo.; March 1—Penney & James, Hamilton, Mo.; March 1—Penney & James, Hamilton, Mo.; Warnt 1—North Cenum Missouri Assn. Chillicothe, Mo.; Warnt 1—Northern Wissouri Assn. Chillicothe, Mo.; Warnt 1—Northern Wissouri Assn. Chillicothe, Mo.; Warnt 1—Northern Wissouri Assn.

### Dissolution Sale of the SILVER TOP FARM'S ABERDEEN-ANGUS HERD

Sale will be held at the Johnston Brothers' Farm near BELTON, MISSOURI, on FEBRUARY 28, 1949

150 HEAD OF PUREBRED ABERDEEN-ANGUS WILL SELL



rite to J. B. McCorkle, Sale Managen, Suite Stell A. L. U. Buig, Cu 13. Ohio, or Johnston Brothers, Bellum, No.

JOHNSTON BROTHERS, BELTON, MISSOURI

"ROY G., CRESTER R., and NOAR E."

Sale Newhemarters: Phillips British, Kannas City, Will.

REGISTERED SHORTHORNS

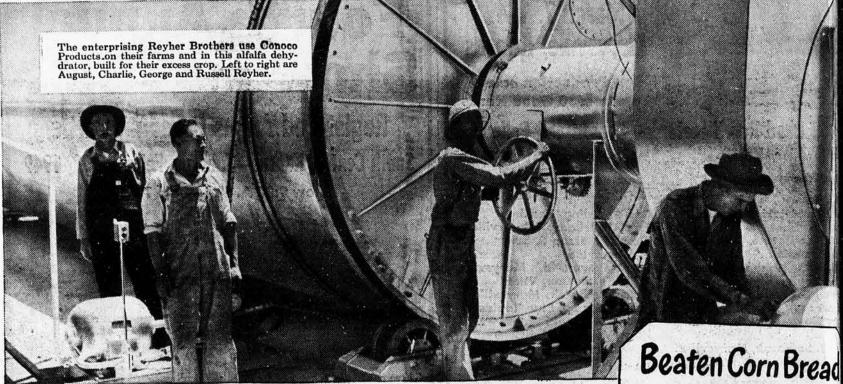
Saddle Horses: Pataminas, gaiten garbeit American, Saddle Bred

Stock and snow prospects. One or where State Jersey Bull Colvess dissuited drams, are space State. Will amore space States.

# PUREBRED JERSEYS



# The Tank Truck



# More than Turkeys Could Eat!

The problem facing the Reyher Brothers was what to do with all that alfalfa. There they were—raising turkeys by the tens of thousands-and suddenly they had far more alfalfa on their farms than they knew what to do with.

The brothers, Charlie and George Reyher, have for years prosperously farmed in the Arkansas River valley near McClave, Colo. Turkeys for holiday dinner tables were their chief crop-Charlie has grown as many as 32,000 in a single year. To develop these birds, The Reyhers raised their own feed-alfalfa, corn, barley and wheat. But then the alfalfa fields began to produce far more than was needed just for their own feedings.

With the familiar enterprise of all American farmers, the Reyhers set to work to do something about it. They built their own alfalfa dehydrator.

"When we started farming," George

Reyher reports, "we were using several different kinds of oils. We had one tractor that used Conoco's oils and greases, and we found that the repair bills for this tractor were 75 per cent less than for any of the other tractors!

"That experience . . . taught us a darn good lesson. . . . When we can cut our repair bills 75 per cent by using Conoco Nth Motor Oil and Conoco Greases, that's a sound investment."

Using Conoco Nth Motor Oil can be a sound investment for you, too! Because there's an exclusive added ingredient in Conoco Nth that fastens an extra film of lubricant right to the working parts of tractor and truck engines—actually OIL-PLATES them. This OIL-PLATING protects engines from metal-eating combustion acids—from carbon and sludge due to wear. Change to Conoco Nth Motor Oil-and save!



1 t. salt

rnmeal, salt and melted butter in mi Add boiling water, beating vigorousl Continue to beat until smoothly blen o lukewarm, beating occasionally to Blend milk and beaten eggs, and sti Blend milk and beaten eggs, and sti deat sufficiently to blend. Bake in d 8" x 8" x 2" pan in 350° F. oven 45 r but into squares and serve hot.

# FARM KITCHEN

# Fence Post Fasteners

Used harrow teeth, set into the base of fence posts, will keep the posts from pulling out, according to Chas. E. Newman, R. 1, Minco, Okla.



# Galoshes Markers!

Do your youngsters lose their galoshes? Mark them the way suggested by A. J. Ros-enbaum, Charlo, Mont.—cut an initial in a tire tube patch
—"patch" it to the rubber.

# PRIZES FOR IDEA



Send your original is to The Tank Truck in of this paper—and s genuine \$8 D-15 H Disston Hand Saw eyery idea that's prin every idea that's pri

Your Conoco Age

# Best For Every Farm Use!



"I can recommend Conoco oils and greases as the best for all farm pur-poses," says Bert Wynn, R. 2, La-mar, Mo. "I own

and operate 350 acres of Barton County land, and have used Conoco Products for the last 10 years. I have a 12-year-old Allis-Chalmers WC that has been used early and late-has had lots of hard service.

. We have never had any trouble with the transmission or differential of this tractor. I am well pleased, too, with the service I get from Conoco Agent Guy Ross of Lamar." Why don't you take a tip from Mr. Wynn—change, now, to Conoco Products—"The Best for All Farm Purposes."

# Nth Always on the Job!



It's surprising how many farmers take the time to write in about the good service they get from Conoco Products. Like this letter from Carl S.

Thorne, Lehigh, Iowa. "Dear Sirs:" he writes, "Just a word about the Conoco Products supplied me through Ivan Skoglund, your Conoco Jobber out of Dayton, Iowa. I operate 2 Farmall tractors, combine, corn-picker, plow, and disc, and have a 1936 Plymouth. . . . Conoco Nth Motor Oil's OIL-PLATING - always on the job, day and night, summer and winterhas kept my tractors running in perfect condition at all times."