INVESTIGATIONS OF THE AXISYMMETRICAL CONFINED JET

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INTRODUCTION

The applications of the jet have been widely introduced in various engineering fields. For example, the jet water pump is one of them used in some Civil Engineering works such as deep-well pumping, booster pumping, dredging, tail water pumping and priming devices.

A jet boundary occurs between two streams which move at different speeds in the same general direction. Such a surface of discontinuity in the velocity of flow is unstable and gives rise to a zone of turbulent mixing downstream of the point where the two streams first meet. Some phenomena such as the width of the mixing region and the eddies existing in a jet are very important and of interest in practical applications. These phenomena are influenced by the velocity difference of the two streams.

As far as most engineers are concerned, high-velocity flow from a submerged outlet represents merely an irrecoverable loss of power, for a basic axiom of hydraulics states that the entire kinetic energy of such a jet will be dissipated through reactions with the surrounding fluid. The eddies generated by the velocity discontinuity between the jet and the surrounding fluid, will immediatly result in a lateral mixing process which will proceed both inward and outward with distance from the efflux section. Such lateral mixing produces a necessarily balanced action and reaction.

Literature on the problems of jets has been in existence since about 1920, but few articles have been concerned with the confined jet. However, past studies of the jet in an infinite fluid provide considerable knowledge for this special type of jet. In general, the analysis of the mixing region in a jet is very complicated and the characteristics of the confined jet have not yet been fully established.

THE PURPOSE OF THIS STUDY

The purpose of this study is to investigate the mixing process and the phenomena existing in the region of flow establishment of the confined jet. By utilizing dimensionless parameters, the mixing phenomena can be analyzed and a comparison may be made with the case of the jet in the infinite field.

SCOPE OF THE STUDY

The experiments were conducted in this way; the jet was formed by issuing a flow from a 5/8" diameter steel pipe into a secondary flow which was flowing in the same direction in a 5" diameter plexiglas pipe. The jet was discharged along the central axis of the main pipe. The confined jet was exisymmetrical.

The velocities of both the jet and the secondary flow were varied from 0 to 16.269 ft/sec. for the jet and from 0 to 5.277 ft/sec. for the secondary flow. The total quantity of the discharge of these two streams varied from 0.014 to 0.721 cfs. Four series of runs were used for obtaining the data for this study. Each series consisted of a constant secondary flow with five or six runs of different velocities, from 0 to 16.269 ft/sec., for the jet.

In order to determine the magnitude of the velocity changes in the main pipe, the coordinate distribution method was used. The velocities for each run were measured at intervals of 1/2" along the vertical diameter of the cross section and each 4" along the pipe past the outlet of the jet.

THEORY

Since it will be helpful for the further study of the confined jet, it is desirable to introduce some knowledge useful in the analysis for the case of a jet in an infinite field. The dimensional aspects of the phenomenon are first discussed, followed by the elementary physical analysis of the mean flow pattern.

Jets In the Infinite Field

If the Reynolds number for the fluid efflux from a submerged boundary outlet is not too low, the mean velocity V at any point should depend only on the coordinates X, Y, Z, on the efflux velocity V_0 , and on a linear dimension L_0 characterizing the particular outlet form.

The dimensionless relationship of these variables may be grouped as

$$\frac{V}{V_0} = f_1\left(\frac{X}{L_0}, \frac{Y}{X}, \frac{Z}{X}\right) - \dots - (1)$$

The differential equation of continuity is

$$\frac{9x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{9x}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$





The rate of flow Q, the momentum flux M, and the energy flux E past successive normal sections may be respectively written as the integral of the differential flux $V_X dA$, $(\rho V_X)V_X dA$ and $(\rho V^2/2)V_X dA$ over any normal section.

Therefore, the folling relations can be obtained

$$\frac{Q}{Q_0} = \frac{\int_0^{\infty} V_X dA}{V_0 A_0} = f_2 \left(\frac{X}{L_0}\right) - \dots (3)$$

$$\frac{M}{M_0} = \frac{\int_{-}^{\infty} (V_x)^2 dA}{(V_0)^2 A_0} = f_5 \left(\frac{X}{L_0}\right) - \dots - (4)$$

$$\frac{E}{E_0} = \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} V^2 V_x dA}{(V_0)^2 A_0} = f_4 \left(\frac{X}{L_0}\right) - \dots - (5)$$

Where the subscript "o" indicates the quantity at the efflux cross section and the non subscripted quantity is any arbitrary section downstream of the efflux cross section.

For the case of the jet in the infinite field, the tangential shear force within the mixing region should decelerate the jet and accelerate the surrounding fluid. Since this process is wholly internal, it follows that the momentum flux must be a constant for all normal sections of a given flow pattern.

$$\frac{M}{M_{0}} = \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} (V_{X})^{2} dA}{(V_{0})^{2} A_{0}} = 1 - \dots - (6)$$

Experimental data follow the general trend of the Gaussian normal probability function which is

$$\frac{V_{x}}{V_{max}} = \exp\left(-\frac{\gamma^{2}}{2\delta^{2}}\right) - (7)$$

where V_x , V_{max} , I and S are as shown in Figure 2.

The use of eq. 7 in the analysis permits cheracteristics of the entire flow pattern to be expressed in terms of the two parameters which define the proportions of the curve; the velocity V_{max} and the standard deviation 6.



Figure 2 Characteristics of the Normal - Probability Curve Then Eq. (1) reduces to

$$\frac{V_{\text{max}}}{V_{\text{o}}} = f_5 \left(\frac{X}{L_{\text{o}}} - \frac{\delta}{X}\right) - \dots$$
(8)

The condition of dynamic similarity simultaneously requires that at any cross section, regardless of the efflux velocity

$$\frac{G}{X} = C$$
(9)

In other words, the angle of jet diffusion must be constant.

Based on the above general consideration, we make an assumption for the two-dimensional case such that

$$\frac{e}{X} = c_1$$
 -----(10)

Equation (6) of the momentum flux will lead to the expression



Figure 3 Definition Sketch for Zone of Flow Establishment

The distribution of the longitudinal velocity component in the zone of the established flow may then be written as

$$\frac{\Psi_{X}}{\Psi_{O}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} c_{1}} - \frac{B_{O}}{X} \quad \text{Exp} \left[-\frac{1}{2(C_{1})^{2}} - \frac{\Psi^{2}}{X^{2}} \right] (12)$$

$$\frac{Q}{Q_{O}} = \sqrt{2\sqrt{\pi}} c_{1} - \frac{X}{B_{O}} \quad -----(13)$$

$$\frac{B}{B_{O}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3\sqrt{\pi}} c_{1}} - \frac{B_{O}}{X} \quad ------(14)$$

For the three-dimensional case, we can replace Y and B₀ by R and D₀ and integrate over the corresponding areas. Then the equivalent expressions for the condition that $S/X = C_2$ are

$$\frac{V_{\text{max}}}{V_0} = \frac{1}{2C_2} \frac{D_0}{X}$$
 (15)

$$\frac{V_{X}}{V_{0}} = \frac{1}{2C_{2}} - \frac{D_{0}}{X} \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2(C_{2})^{2}} - \frac{R^{2}}{X^{2}} \right] - \dots - (16)$$

$$\frac{Q}{Q_{0}} = 4C_{2} - \frac{X}{D_{0}} - \dots - \dots - (17)$$

$$\frac{E}{E_{0}} = \frac{1}{3C_{2}} - \frac{D_{0}}{X} - \dots - \dots - \dots - \dots - (18)$$

Under this analysis, Hunter Rouse (6) performed a very successful experiment in 1948 and obtained the following results;

For the two-dimensional case

$$C_{1} = 0.109 -(19)$$

$$\frac{V_{max}}{V_{0}} \int \frac{X}{B_{0}} = 2.28 -(20)$$

$$-\frac{Q}{Q_{0}} = 0.62 \int \frac{X}{B_{0}} -(21)$$

$$-\frac{E}{E_{0}} = 1.86 \int \frac{B_{0}}{X} -(22)$$

For the three-dimensional case

 $C_2 = 0.081$

$$\frac{\nabla_{\text{max}}}{\nabla_{0}} = \frac{X}{D_{0}} = 6.2-...(23)$$

$$\frac{Q}{Q_{0}} = 0.32 \frac{X}{D_{0}} -...(24)$$

$$\frac{E}{E_{0}} = 4.1 \frac{D_{0}}{X} -...(25)$$

Jets In the Finite Field

The primary assumption made for the jet in the infinite field was the constancy of momentum flux past successive sections. The condition of continuity was then satisfied by lateral flow from or to infinity. If the field of flow is finite, such lateral flow cannot occur at the outer limits. The discharge, instead of the momentum flux, past successive transverse sections must then be constant. The resultant change in momentum from section to section of the zone of diffusion requires that there be an accompanying pressure gradient.



Figure 4 Flow from a Jet in the Bounded Region

For a jet in a bounded region, as shown in Figure 4 the outer limit of the zone of diffusion will be that radius at which the velocity is equal to V_2 .

Although, from the experimental data (see Figure 9 to 13), the velocity profile in the central part of the conduit still has the property of the Gaussian normal probability function.

$$\frac{U_{mn}}{U_{max}} = \exp\left(\frac{-Y^2}{26^2}\right) - (26)$$

the value of δ/X will not be a constant but will be determined by the effects of the pressure gradient. Since δ/X is not a function of the Gaussian normal probability function, the analysis used for the previous case of the free jet is not applicable.

However, the general consideration of Eq. (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) are still satisfied if we replace all velocities by the relative velocities

 $U_{mn} = V_{mn} - V_2, U_{max} = V_{max} - V_2, U_o = V_1 - V_2-----(27)$ and make the range of the integration extend from 0 to D/2.

By analogy to the case of the mixing of streams, one would expect that the jet would diffuse at smaller and smaller angles as the ratio of the velocities $(V_1 - V_2)/V_1$ vary from 0 to 1. At the limit $V_{1=}$ V2, the rate of spread resulting from shear-generated turbulence would be zero.

The discharge $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (V_x - V_2) 2 \pi$ RdR past successive sections of the zone of diffusion must increase as the width of the zone increases. For an infinite field the increase in discharge would be supplied by

lateral inflow. For a finite field, if the ratio D/D₀ is large but finite, an increase in jet discharge is characterized by a slight reduction of the velocity outside the zone of diffussion. If V₂ is equal to zero, any reduction in the outside velocity obviously means a reverse flow from the diffusion jet to the area adjacent to the nozzle.

From the above discussion, the assumption of similarity must be retained also, but it may well require a different form than is used for the infinite field. Some dimensionless group relationships can be used to describe the above discussed phenomena.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

In 1934, Kuethe (?) investigated the turbulent mixing regions formed by a plane jet and an axially symmetrical jet issuing into a fluid at rest and he also extended his investigation to consider the general case of the mixing of two perallel streams of different velocities. Velocity profiles in the mixing region of an axially symmetrical jet were measured by means of a pitot tube and good agreement was found between theory and experiment.

In 1948, Rouse (6) made some assumptions when he studied the diffusion of submerged jets and obtained analytical relationships. The measurements were shown to be in substantial agreement with the analytical relationships. He also provided the single experimental coefficient required to complete the analysis in the two-dimensional and in the threedimensional cases. All results were reduced to a form immediately useful for design purposes for the flow of any liquid or gas at moderate to high Reynolds numbers.

In 1955, Weinstein, Osterle, and Forstall (8) studied the momentum diffusion from a slot jet into a moving secondary fluid. By introducing the correlation theory they concluded that the spreeding coefficients for round and slot jets are independent of axial distances. This is analogous to results obtained for the case of a particle stream issuing from a point or line source into a field of homogeneous isotropic turbulence. Comparisons made between the slot jet and round jet diffusion processes indicate a relationship between the two mixing phenomena. In 1964, Barchilon and Curtel (12), based on Craya's "Approximate confined jet theory" which is based on the Reynolds number and the continuity equations, studied the details of the structure of an axisymmetric confined jet with backflow. They used two experimental apparatuses in the investigation; one utilized water and the other air. The experimental results have made it possible to characterize the mean structure of the eddy in terms of the similitude parameter Ct.

In 1964, Mueller (13) published a paper dealing with the determination of the optimum dimensions of the water jet pump so that the best efficiency could be obtained. He introduced several water jet pumps used in civil engineering such as indicated above in the introduction. Recommendations for the design of water jet pumps were also given.

In 1962, Maczynoski (11) added the consideration of the pressure factor into his study of a round jet in an ambient co-axial stream. The theorectical analysis indicates that the spread of the profile can be described by a characteristic length scale. The experimental results showed that near the center of the jet the profiles of the flow follow the Gaussian form but that near the edge they fall off with distance somewhat more steeply the Gaussian form and the variation of the lateral influx appears to be an important feature distinguishing jets with and without ambient streams.

EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

Experimental Apparatus

A photograph of the experimental apparatus is presented in Figure 5, and the schematic diagram is shown in Figure 6. Two stilling tanks were used in this experiment; a 2'x5'x7' tank used at the upstream end and a $2x'x^4'x^2y^2$ tank used at the downstream end. A 5" diameter plexiglas pipe 6' in length, which connected these two tanks, was used for the main experiment.

Water was pumped from a reservoir and two water supply lines were used to make the jet and the secondary flow. Water for the jet with a velocity from 0 to 16.269 ft/sec. was passed through a 5/8" diameter hose and a 5/8" diameter steel pipe which was placed along the central axis of the main pipe. The jet was introduced at a distance of 1' downstream from the entrance of the main pipe. Water for the secondary flow with a velocity of 0 to 5.277 ft/sec. was supplied by a 4" diameter pipe. It flowed into the upstream stilling tank and was passed through the main pipe where it joined the jet. The mixed flow then proceeded downstream to the stilling tank where the total quantity was measured at the weir.

In order to avoid the effects of the oscillation and to get a uniform secondary flow, a double-level screen was placed beneath the outlet of the 4" water supply pipe and a bellmouth of 4" in curvature was fixed to the entrance of the main pipe.

A piezometer tube fastened along the upstream tank wall was used for the upstream water level reading. On the main pipe, four pitotstatic tubes (see Figure 5) were spaced at 4" intervals from the outlet of the jet. They were used for measuring the velocities in the main pipe. The scales on the manometer tubes connected to the pitot tubes were graduated in increments of 0.001 ft.

A 7 7/16" x 9 1/2" rectangular weir was placed at the outlet of the downstream tank for measuring the total discharge. The reading of the water head at the weir was given by a point gage which was graduated in increments of 0.001' and was located at 1'-11" upstream from the weir.





Fig. 5 The Pitot-static Tube Used in This Experiment





Head on Weir, H, (ft.)

Fig.7 The Discharge Curve at the Weir

Preliminary Experiments

There were two preliminary experimental procedures: the calibration of the weir; and, the determination of the coefficients of the pitotstatic tubes. A rectangular weir was placed at the downstream reservoir outlet for determining the total discharge of the system.

The weir was calibrated over the range of flows. By timing the flow of a certain amount of water into a measuring tank and reading the corresponding head at the weir, the rate of flow could be calculated. The calibration curve is plotted as Figure 7.

After the weir was calibrated, coefficients of the pitot-static tubes were determined. The method of traversing the velocity profiles was used in this calibration. The head readings from the manometer were used to determine the velocity profile ($V_{p^{\pm}} \sqrt{2GH}$) and the mean of the integration of this profile gave the pitot-tube-measured mean velocity. Meanwhile, the head reading at the weir gave the real mean velocity in the pipe ($V_{m^{\pm}} Q/A$). Therefore, the coefficient of the pitot-static tube was $K_{m^{\pm}} V_p/V_m$. Several different rates of flow were used for each pitot-static tube calibration. The calculations and the data are given in appendices III, IV, and V. The results show that the coefficients for pitot tubes 1, 2, 3, and 4, were respectivly 0.9866, 0.9566, 0.932, and 0.961.

Experiments For Obtaining Data

After the weir and the pitot tubes had been calibrated, the main part of the research followed. The experiments included four series of runs. The velocities of the secondary flow were kept nearly constant but the velocity of the jet was varied for each run in a series.

In the first series, the secondary flow was zero and the velocity of the jet was varied from 0 to 16.269 ft/sec. (five runs among this range). For each run, the water heads were read both at the head tank and at the downstream weir which was used to measure the quantity of flow. Meanwhile, each pitot tube was moved upward over the upper half diameter of the main pipe, and measured successively the velocities of each section at 0, 0.166, 0.333, 0.500, 1.000, 1.500, 2.000, and 2.475 inches from the central axis of the main pipe.

In the same manner, the velocity of the secondary flow was varied from 0 to 5.277 ft/sec. and the velocity of the jet was varied over the same range as above. The data collected in each run are given in Appendices IV and V.

DATA ANALYSIS

Method of Analysis

As mentioned above, the relationships among certain dimensionless groups can be used for the analysis of this experiment. The phenomena existing in the confined jet will be described and discussed.

The jet and the secondary flow are assumed to be uniform before they first meet. The experimental results (see Figures 9 to 13) show that this assumption is acceptable. All the analyses are based on the values of $(V_1-V_2)/V_1$ from 0 to 1.

The velocity of the jet for each run was obtained from the manometer reading of the head on the first pitot-static tube which was located directly in front of the nozzle of the jet. This velocity is expressed as

 $V_{1=} K_{1} \sqrt{2GH_{1}}$ (28)

where H1 is the velocity head reading on the pitot-static tube.

 $K_{1}=0.986$, is the coefficient of the pitot-static tube. Therefore, the rate of jet flow will be

where $D_0 = 5/8"$, is the diameter of the jet nozzle.

The head reading at the weir and the calibration curve (Figure 6) give us the total discharge, Q, of the jet and the secondary flow. Then, the rate of the secondary flow will be

Q2= Q-Q1-----(30)

And the velocity of the secondary flow will be

 $V_{2=} Q_2/(A-A1) = Q_2/(D^2-D_1^2)/4----(31)$

where D= 5", is the diameter of the main pipe.

 $D_{1}=11/16"$, is the external diameter of the jet conduit.



Figure 8 Zone of the velocity measurements

The velocities at the points of each section can be calculated if the manometer head readings are given (see Figure 8)

 $V_{mn} = K_m \int 2GH_{mn} - (32)$

where m= cross sections 1, 2, 3, and 4.

 H_{mn} = the velocity head readings of the pitot-static tubes. When all these velocities have been obtained, the following modified velocities can be determined:

Umn=	Vmn-V2(33)
U _{max} :	= V _{max} -V ₂ (34)
Uo= 1	V1-V2(35)

With the above values, the following dimensionless groups are obtained;

$(R-D_0/2)/X$	Vs	U _{mn} /Uo
R/X	Vs	Umn/Umax
X/Do	Vs	Umax/Uo

Computation of Dimensionless Groups

All the experimental data were punched on IBM cards. The required computations were performed on the IBM 1620 Digital Computer. The flow diagrams are shown in Appendix III. All the input data have been printed in tabular form in Appendix IV and all the output data have been printed in Appendix V.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Velocity Profiles

The case of the secondary flow equal to zero was studied first. It is evident, from Figure 9 that a negative velocity existed outside of the diffusion region. This phenomenon indicates that an adverse pressure gradient was present and that circulation occurred within this region. As discussed in the theory, this adverse pressure gradient must satisfy the change in momentum requirements. Comparing the two runs in Figure 9, it is seen that the circulation grows as the velocity difference (V_1-V_2) increases. The Gaussian normal function is not able to describe the whole velocity profile for this case, because of the existance of the circulation.

For the cases with non-zero secondary flow, all the velocity profiles, plotted at the section where the two streams first meet, indicate that the velocity of two streams are uniform, and the velocity profiles downstream from this section seem to change from section to section in a very reasonable manner. The Gaussian normal function appears to satisfy the region near the longitudinal axis of the pipe. Figures 10 through 13 indicate no reduction of the outside velocity due to the effects of the jet diffusion. However, the experimental data in Appendix V show that the phenomenon of the velocity reduction is present. There is no circulation evident in any of the runs having secondary flow, but it is believed that the circulation will occur if the velocity difference becomes very large. The plotted data indicate that the distance required for the establishment of mixing over the entire diameter of the pipe is proportional to the velocity difference. After the mixing has been completed, the flow will proceed downstream with a new modified profile.



FIG. 9 VELOCITY PROFILES (A)



FIG. 10 VELOCITY PROFILES (B)



FIG. 11 VELOCITY PROFILES (C)



FIG. 12 VELOCITY PROFILES (D)





FIG. 13 VELOCITY PROFILES (E)

Maximum Velocity Along the Central Axis

From Figures 14 and 15, it is seen that the maximum excess velocity in the jet is inversely proportional to the distance from the jet nozzle. As the jet moves downstream, the value of X/D_0 increases and the curve changes gradually from a linear relationship to a non-linear relationship. For the case of the jet in an infinite field, the U_{max} , based on the theoretical analysis, will approach zero as the distance X goes to infinity. For the jet in the finite field, since continuity must be maintained, the U_{max} will approach a constant after the mixing process developes over the entire pipe cross section.

Figure 15 shows that the values of χ/D_0 at which the values of $U_{\rm max}/U_0$ approach a constant is dependent on the value of $(V_1-V_2)V_1$. Obviously, as $(V_1-V_2)/V_1$ increases the value of χ/D_0 at which $U_{\rm max}/U_0$ approaches a constant also increases. The value of $U_{\rm max}/U_0$ for the case of $(V_1-V_2)/V_1 = 0.320$ is about 0.105. The curves in this figure suggest that all the final values of $U_{\rm max}/U_0$ approach this value at some value of χ/D_0 .





Distribution of Velocity Along the Central Axis (B) Fig, 15

The Velocity Phenomena Downstream of the Jet

As mentioned above, the experimental results show that an adverse pressure gradient exists in the region outside the diffusion zone.

Figures 16 thru 18 show the relationship of U_{mn}/U_{max} at given cross sections of the pipe and at various ratios of R/X. The value of U_{max} will be positive for all runs. Therefore, an adverse pressure gradient exists if the value of U_{mn}/U_{max} is negative. The values of R/X at the wall of the main pipe for the section X₂, X₃, and X₄ are respectively 0.630, 0.315, and 0.210. Some negative values of U_{mn}/U_{max} existed near the wall for each of the above cross sections, but the effects are considered to be due more to adhesion to the wall than to the pressure gradient.

The values of U_{mn}/U_{max} of most of the runs were positive at section X2 (Figure 16), since the diffusion of the jet is still narrow when it passes this section and the flow carried from the outside stream is so small that it does not create an adverse pressure gradient. This situation has been changed by the time the flow reaches section X3. At section X3 negative values of U_{mn}/U_{max} are present over a large range of R/X (see Figure 17). This indicates that there is an adverse pressure gradient existing in this region. When secondary flow is zero, this adverse pressure gradient will cause recirculation. As the jet moves downstream to section X4 (Figure 18), the value of U_{mn}/U_{max} becomes positive for most runs. This change illustrates that the adverse pressure gradient has disappeared and the mixing has been completed over the entire cross section. The flow will proceed downstream with a new modified velocity profile. The effects of the jet will decrease as the flow moves downstream.

Another dimensionless group, based on the values of U_{mn}/U_0 (Figure 19 thou 24), have been used to describe how the velocity profile for each run changes as the flow moves downstream. These curves show the same phenomena observed above; the largest adverse pressure gradient occurs at section X3 and disappears at section X4. The adverse pressure gradient exists only in the zone where mixing is present.

The value of U_{mn}/U_0 is always positive as long as the value of $(R-D_0/2)/X$ is less than zero. It is found that no adverse pressure gradient exists near the central axis. At section X_3 the region of adverse pressure gradient moves nearer the central axis as the values of $(V_1-V_2)/V_1$ become smaller.











Distribution of Longitudinal Velocity of Flow (.8.) from Orifice Fig 20








CONCLUSIONS

The characteristics of the jet diffusion in the finite field are quite different from those of the jet in the infinite field. In general, the former case is more complicated.

It was found that the Gaussian function, which was used very successfully in the study of a free jet, can be used for only a small region in the central part of the velocity profile for the confined jet..

It was found that the experimental results could be analyzed by means of dimensionless parameters. The experimental results show that, in contrast to the case of the infinite field in which the mixing continues as long as there is flow and the mixing extends to infinity, the mixing of a confined jet is completed within a determinable distance after the jet and the secondary flow meet. The mixed flow will continue downstream with a fixed profile.

The fundamental theoretical difference between the case of the finite field and infinite field is that finite field flow must satisfy the condition of continuity rather than the constancy of the momentum flux which must be satisfied in the infinite field. As mentioned in the theory, the pressure gradient, which may be influenced by many factors, will play an important role in the confined jet study.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER STUDY

The following are recommended as subjects for further investigation. Since the difference of the velocities of two streams will influence the production of the adverse pressure gradient, the investigation of higher velocity jets is suggested. The higher the velocity of the jet the more pronounced will be the influence. For such an investigation, a more powerful jet resource is required.

The above idea of changing the velocity leads to another suggestion. If the direction of one of the streams is changed, the effects of the adverse pressure gradient will also change. Therefore, let two streams meet from converging directions.

In general, as the ratio D/D_0 decreases, the reduction of the velocity outside the diffusion region will become more pronounced and reverse flow may occur (depending on the ratio V_2/V_1). It is suggested that an investigation be made by changing the ratio D/D_0 . If the ratio is near 1, the effects of the shear forces existing along the solid boundary should be considered. It may be possible to incorporate boundary layer theory in this case.

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

TABLE OF NOMENCLATURE

A	:	cross sectional area of the main pipe
Ao	:	cross sectional area of the jet nozzle
Al	:	area of the outside cross section of the steel pipe
Bo	:	the width of the jet nozzle for two-dimensional case
C	:	the constant of jet diffusion in the infinite field
Cl	:	the value of C for the two-dimensional case
C2	:	the value of C for three-dimensional case
D	:	the inside diameter of the main pipe
Do	:	the inside diameter of the jet nozzle
Dl	:	the outside diameter of the jet conduit
Е	:	the energy flux at any section
Eo	:	the energy flux at the efflux section
G	:	the acceleration of gravity of the earth, 32.2 ft/sec?
Hn	:	the head reading of the n th . point on the piezometer
HD	:	the water level reading at the downstream tank
HU	:	the water level reading at the head tank
HW	:	the head reading at the weir, HW=HD-2.251'
HWL	:	the water level difference between upstream and downstream tanks
Hl	:	the heading reading of the jet nozzle on the pitot-static tube
Km	:	the coefficient of the m th pitot tube, m= 1, 2, 3, and 4
Lo	:	a linear dimension characterizing the particular outlet form
М	:	the momentum flux at any section
Mo	:	the momentum flux at the efflux section
Q	:	the rate of total flow
ହ _ତ ି	:	the rate of flow at the efflux section
Ql	:	the rate of jet flow
Q2	:	the rate of the secondary flow
R	:	the radial distance from the longitudinal central axis
т	:	the temperature of the water
Umax	:	the modified maximum velocity, $U_{max}=V_{max} - V_2$
υο	:	the modified efflux velocity, $U_0 = V_1 - V_2$

Umn	:	the modified velocity, $U_{mn} = V_{mn} - V_2$
v	:	mean velocity at any point in flow
Vm	:	the mean velocity in the pipe used in the calibration of the
		pitot tube
Vmax	:	the maximum velocity at the central axis
Vmn	:	the velocity at the n th point of the m th section
V _x	:	mean velocity in X direction
V _o	:	the efflux velocity of the jet
Vy	:	mean velocity in Y direction
Vz	:	mean velocity in Z direction
Vp	:	the pitot-tube-measured mean velocity used in the calibration
		of the pitot tube
Vl	:	the velocity of the jet
V2	:	the mean velocity of the secondary flow
X	:	the distrance along the central axis from the jet
Y	:	the coordinate distance in Y direction
X _m	:	the sections of the velocity measurements, $m=$ 1, 2, 3, and 4
Z	:	the coordinate distance in Z direction
6	:	the deviation of the Gaussian normal function

APPENDIX II

FLOW DIAGRAMS USED FOR DIGITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM



Fig. 25 The Determination of the Coefficients of pitot-static tubes



Fig. 26 The Calculation of the Fundamental Values of velocities, discharge, velocity ratio and discharge ratio.

(A)











Fig. 28 The calculation of $\frac{X}{D_0}$ and $\frac{U_{max}}{U_0}$





Fig. 29 The calculation of $(R-D_0/2)/\chi$ and U_{MIN}/U_0

APPENDIX III

COMPUTER PROGRAMS USED FOR THIS STUDY

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(N4N) ///5X4HHU1=F6.3.3X4HHU2=F6.3.3X4HHU3=F6.3.3X4HHU4=F6.3) 5X4HHD1=F6.3.3X4HHD2=F6.3.3X4HHD3=F6.3.3X4HHD4=F6.3) 6X3HQ1=F6•3•4X3HQ2=F6•3•4X3HQ3=F6•3•4X3HQ4=F6•31 6X3HV1=F6•3•4X3HV2=F6•3•4X3HV3=F6•3•4X3HV4=F6•31 COEFFICIENTS OF THE PITCT TUBES V3N Vl=Ql/(3。1416*(((5。/12。)**2-(11。/(16。*12。))**2)/4。)) VZN (3XF8.3,3XF8.3,3XF8.3,3XF8.3,3XF8.3) F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3) VIN V2=Q2/(3.1416*((5./12.)**2/4.)) V3=Q3/(3.1416*((5./12.)**2/4.)) V4=Q4/(3.1416*((5./12.)**2/4.)) (F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3) [F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3] F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3) IF (2.475-R) 102,103,102 PUNCH 4.HU1.HU2.HU3.HU4 5 .HD1 .HD2 .HD3 .HD4 U1=SQRT(2.*32.2*H1/12.) U3=SORT(2.*32.2*H3/12.) U4=SQRT(2.*32.2*H4/12.) THE CALIBRATION OF THE U2=S0RT(2•*32•2*H2/12•) READ 1.HU1,HU2,HU3,HU4 PUNCH 10,R,U1,U2,U3,U4 READ 2.HD1.HD2.HD3.HD4 READ 8.R.H1.H2.H3.H4 6+01+02+03+04 7.01.02.03.04 READ 3,01,02,03,04 (/53H SC TC 101 σ CF 4AT F CRMAT FCRMAT CRMAT CRMAT FCRMAT FCRMAT CRMAT CRMAT FCRMAT PUNCH PUNCH PUNCH PUNCH CN 101 102 103 N ŝ 4 \$ 6 10 9 r 00

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(N4N)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3HHU=F6.3,4X3HHD=F6.3,4X3HHW=F6.3,4X4HHWL=F6.3,5X2HT=F5.2]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           (3H01=F6.3*4X3HV1=F6.3*4X3H02=F6.3*5X3HV2=F6.3*5X2H0=F6.3)
(6HV2/V1=F8.3*4X6H02/01=F8.3*4X11H(V1-V2)/V1=F8.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              VBN
                                                                                                                                                                                                     V2=02/(3.1416/4.*((5./12.)**2-(11./(16.*12.))**2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            V2N
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (3XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3)
    (1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          [F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3.F8.3]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            VIN
                                                                                                                                                                  Q1=U1*(3.1416*(5./8./12.)**2/4.)
THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET
READ 1,4U0,4D,00,T
                                                                 U1=0.986*SQRT(2.*32.2*H1/12.)
                                                                                 U2=0.956*SORT(2.*32.2*H2/12.)
                                                                                                 U3=0.932*SQRT(2.*32.2*H3/12.)
                                                                                                                   U4=0.961*SQRT(2.*32.2*H4/12.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      IF (2.475-R) 102.106.102
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PUNCH 5.HU.HD.HW.HWL.T
                                                                                                                                  PUNCH 4, R, UI, U2, U3, U4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       6 • Q1 • V1 • Q2 • V2 • Q
                                                READ 3,R,H1,H2,H3,H4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      HWL=(HU-7.91)-12.*HW
                                                                                                                                                  IF (R) 105,104,105
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PUNCH 7.A.B.AA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (///51H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       AA= (U1-V2)/U1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      HW=HD-2.251
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       101
                                PUNCH 2
                                                                                                                                                                                    02=0-01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     A=V2/U1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      B=02/01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          F CRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       60 10
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     PUN CH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     V1=U1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             END
              101
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THE CALCULATION OF R/X)
                                                                                                                                                                  R / X2
                                                                                                                                                                 (/49H R R/X] R/
(F8-3,F8-3,F8-3,F8-3)
(3XF6-3,13XF6-3,5XF6-3)5XF6-3)
C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (2A)
101 PUMCH 1
                                                                                                                                                   (F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3)
                                                                                                             IF (R-2.475) 102,104,102
                                                                                                 PUNCH 5.R.RX2.RX3.RX4
                                                READ 4 . R. H1 . H2 . H3 . H4
                        REA.D 2.HU.HD.Q.T
                                                                                                                                       (/27H
                                                                                     RX4=R/12.
                                                            RX2=R/4.
                                                                        RX3=R/8.
                                    PUNCH 3
                                                                                                                                                 FCRMAT
FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                       FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                      FORMAT
                                                                                                                                                                           F CRMAT
                                                                                                                           STOP
                                                                                                                                                                                                     END
                                                                                                             103
                                                102
                                                                                                                           104
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R / X4)

R/X3

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THE CALCULATION OF X/DO)
 C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (3A)
                                                                              IF (X-16.) 102,103,102
                                                                                                              FCRMAT (5XF8.3)
                                                                                                  FCRMAT (/27H
                                                        PUNCH 2.A
                                 D0=5./8.
            101 PUNCH 1
                                            A=X/D0
                                                                   *++X=X
                                                                                       STOP
                      ×=0•
                                                                                                                         END
                                             102
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×3
                                                                                                 THE CALCULATION OF (R-D0/2)/X)
R X1 X2
                                                                                                                    (F8.3)
(3XF6.3,13XF6.3,5XF6.3,5XF6.3)
THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET. (4A)
PUNCH 1
                                                          RXD4=(R-5./16.)/12.
PUNCH 4.R.RXD2.RXD3.RXD4
                                                                              IF (R-2.475) 102,104,102
                                                RXD3=(R-5./16.1/8.
                                      RXD2=(R-5./16.)/4.
                                                                                                 (/33H
                             READ 3.R
                   PUNCH 2
                                                                                                 FCRMAT
                                                                                                          FCRMAT
                                                                                                                     FCRMAT
                                                                                                                              F CRMAT
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                                                                                                                                        END
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U4N/UMAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      ///3X3HHU=F6.3,4%3HHD=F6.3,4X2HQ=F6.3,4X2HT=F5.2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U3N/UMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                          V2= 22/(3.1416/4.*((5./12.)**2-(11./(16.*12.))**2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       THE CALCULATION OF UMN/MAX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U2N/UMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (3XF6.3,3XF6.3,4XF6.3,4XF6.3,4XF6.3,4XF6.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       U1N/UMAX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (F8.3, 78.3, F8.3, F8.3, F8.3)
THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (2B)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      [F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3]
                                                                                                                                                                         Q1=U1*(3.1416*(5./8./12.)**2/4.)
                                                                                                              U2=0.956*SQRT(2.*32.2*H2/12.)
                                                                                              U1=0.986*SORT(2.*32.2*H1/12.)
                                                                                                                             U3=0.932*SORT(2.*32.2*H3/12.)
                                                                                                                                            U4=0.961*SQRT(2.*32.2*H4/12.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       PUNCH 6,R,UU1,UU2,UU3,UU4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     IF (2.475-R) 102,106,102
                                                                               READ 4.9R.9H1.9H2.9H4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       œ
                                                                                                                                                            IF (R) 105,104,105
                                                PUNCH 3, HU, HD, Q. T
                              READ 2.HU.HD.Q.T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        JU3=(U3-V2)/UM3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        JU4 = (U4-V2)/UM4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UU1 = (U1--V2) / UM1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       JU2=(U2-V2)/UM2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1/51H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (/32H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UM3=U3-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                          UM1=U1-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           UM2=U2-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        UM4=U4-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      GC TC 101
                                                               ۰
۲
                 PUNCH 1
                                                                                                                                                                                           02=0-01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FCRMAT
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                                                               PUNCH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    END
                                                                                                                                                            103
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                              101
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e x
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 //3HHU=F6.3.4X3HHD=F6.3.4X2HQ=F6.3.4X2HT=F5.2)
                                                                                                                                                                   V2=Q2/(3.1416/4.*((5./12.)**2~(11./(16.*12.))**2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ×2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     THE CALCULATION OF UMAX/UD)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  X
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (25XF6.3.2XF6.3.2XF6.3.2XF6.3)
THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (3B)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3)
                                                                                                                                      Q1=U1*(3.1416*(5./8./12.)**2/4.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                IS3HVALUE CF UMAX/UO AT
                                                                                        U2=0.956*SORT(2.*32.2*H2/12.)
                                                                                                        U3=0.932*SQRT(2.*32.2*H3/12.)
                                                                                                                       U4=0.961*SQRT(2.*32.2*H4/12.)
                                                                         U1=0.986*SQRT(2.*32.2*H1/12.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     PUNCH 6, UM01,UM02,UM03,UM04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  [F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    [F (R-2.475) 102.106.102
                                            REA 3.R.H1.H2.H3.H4
                                                          IF (R) 105,110,105
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        PUNCH 4,HU,HD,Q,T
                             READ 2.HU.HD.Q.T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (/30H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UM04=UM4/UM1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             IMU/IMU=IOMU
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           UM02=UM2/UM1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          UM03=UM3/UM1
                                                                                                                                                                                    UM1=U1-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                  UM2=U2-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                               UN3=U3-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                UN:4=U4-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  C TC 101
                                                                                                                                                    02=0-01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ۵
                PUNCH 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   FCRMAT
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U4N/U0)
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           U3N/NO
                                                                                                                                                                                                    V2=Q2/(3.1416/4.*((5./12.)**2-(11./(16.*12.))**2))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (31H THE CALCULATION OF UMN/U0)
(F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         U2 N / U0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     (3XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3.5XF6.3
THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (4B)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      (F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3,F8.3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         UIN/U0
                                                                                                                                                                      01=U1*(3:1416*(5./8./12.)**2/4.)
                                                                                         U1=0.986*SQRT(2.*32.2*H1/12.)
                                                                                                          U2=0.956*SQRT(2.*32.2*H2/12.)
                                                                                                                       U3=0.932*SQRT(2.*32.2*H3/12.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           PUNCH 6+R+VX01+VX02+VX03+VX04
                                                                                                                                      U4=0.961*SQRT(2.*32.2*H4/12.)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        IF (2.475-R) 105,125,105
                                                                          RE4D 5.R.H1.H2.H3.H4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         α
                                                                                                                                                       IF (R) 115,111,115
                                              PUNCH 3, HU, HD, Q, T
                             READ 2.HU.HD.Q.T
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (/53H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (31H
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             VX02=UX2/V0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            VXC3=UX3/V0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            VX04=UX4/V0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              VX01=UX1/V0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         GC TC 103
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  UX1=U1-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 UX2=U2-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  UX3=U3-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               UX4=U4-V2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     V0=U1-V2
              PUNCH 1
                                                               4
                                                                                                                                                                                       02=0-01
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FCRMAT
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      FCRMAT
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                                                             PUNCH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       FCRMAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    END
                102
                             103
                                                                            105
                                                                                                                                                         1110
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APPENDIX IV

INPUT DATA TO DIGITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM

THE INPUT DATA FOR THE CALIBRATION OF PITOT TUBES

,		SERIES	(1)	
HU1 11.68	HU2 11.56	HU3 11.56	HU4 11.68	
HD1 2•487	HD2 2•482	HD3 2•482	HD4 2•487	
Q1 •230	Q2 0.223	Q3 0.223	Q4 0.230	
R •000 •500	H1N	H2N 0,54	H3N 0.54 0.55	H4N 0.60
1.000	0.62	0.59	0.54	0.62
2.000 2.475	0.57 0.50	0.53	0.50 0.34	0.59

SERIES (2)

HU1	HU2	HU3	HU4	
16.58	16.85	16.85	16.58	
HD1	HD2	HD3	HD4	
2.643	2•651	2•651	2.643	
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
•480	0•492	0.492	0•480	
R •000 •500 1•000 1•500 2•000 2•475	H1N 2.70 2.72 2.62 2.40 2.20	H2N 2•40 2•79 2•73 2•67 2•37 1•42	H3N 2•59 2•68 2•67 2•59 2•06	H4N 2.68 2.70 2.60 2.50 2.10

		SERIES	(3)	
HU1	HU2	HU3	HU4	
20.22	19.97	19.97	20.22	
HD1	HD2	HD3	HD4	
2.726	2.719	2.719	2.726	
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
.621	0.615	0.615	0.621	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
•000		3.79	4.02	4•37
.500 1.000	4.50	4.39	4.26	4.37
2.000	3.93	3.97	3.71	3.50

THE INPUT DATA FOR THE MAIN STUDY

SERIES (1)

HU 7.500	HD 2•299	Q 0.033	T 23•0	
R •000 •166 •333	H1N 47.00	H2N 19.25 15.05 5.75	H3N 4.80 4.25 3.90	H4N 0.90
.500 1.000 1.500	0.08	1,75 0,04 0,03	2.80 0.60 0.00	0.76 0.29 0.04
2.475	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.02
HU 7.700	HD 2•2°5	Q 0.030	T 24.00	
R •000 •166 •333	H1N 37•37	H2N 15.70 12.00 4.90	H3N 3•40 3•20 2•65	H4N 0∙67
•500 1•000 1•500 2•000	C•04 0•02 0•02	1.25 0.03 0.02 0.02	1.90 0.41 0.00 0.05	0.52 0.23 0.08 0.06
2.475	0.02	0.05	0.01	0.02
HU' 7.820	HD 2•289	Q 0.024	T 25•1	
R •000 •166 •333	H1N 25.08	H2N 13.05 7.30 2.05	H3N 2.75 2.45 2.20	H4N 0.70
•500 1•000 1•500 2•000 2•475	C•08 U•06 O•04 C•06 O•04	0.72 0.02 0.00 0.02 0.02	1.50 0.25 0.03 0.03 0.00	0.40 0.15 0.02 0.04 0.00

HU	HD	Q	Т	
7.90	2.283	0.020	26.00	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	17.45	8.75	2.40	0.50
.166		4.00		
.333		1.85		
.500	0.03	0.41	1.40	0.33
1.000	0.03	0.02	0.25	0.06
1.500	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
2.000	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.02
2.475	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
HU	HD	Q	т	
8.000	2.275	0.014	26.5	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	HAN
.000	8.57	4.06	1.05	0.20
.166		3.05		0.10
.333		1.05		
.500	0.01	0.40	0.70	0.21
1.000	6.00	0.04	0.32	0.07
1.500	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.02
2.000	6.00	0.01	0.02	0.01
2.475	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01

SERIES (2)

HU	HD	0	т	
11.80	2.523	0.283	17.5	
R	HIN	H2N	HBN	H4N
•000 -	40.35	20.90	9.65	4.55
•166		8.85	6.90	4.05
•333		2.64	3.90	2.49
•500	0.93	0.82	3.35	2.25
1.000	0.79	0.78	0.80	1.15
1.500	0.79	0.73	0.67	0.66
2.000	0.72	0.67	0.63	0.50
2.475	0.66	0.50	0.40	0.38

HU	HD	Q	т	
11.96	2.519	0.277	17.5	
R	MIN	HZN	HISN	H4N
.000	32.10	17.50	1.01	2 20
.100		1 70	0 . 40	2 70
• 3 3 3	0.97	1.79	2 20	1 00
1 000	0.07	0.01	2 0 75	1.02
1.600	0.70	0.74	0.69	0.68
2 000	0.74	0.67	0.65	0.55
2.000	0.67	0.48	0.41	0.34
2.041.5	• • • •	0040	0041	0004
HU	HD	Q.	T	
12.25	2.525	0.285	17.5	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	23.55	11.92	6.70	3.40
.166		4.37	5.55	3.00
•333		1.42	4.09	2.60
.500	0.86	0.92	2.01	2.17
1.000	0.87	0.81	0.84	0.98
1.500	0.86	0.79	0.74	0.75
2.000	0.84	0.78	0.71	0.68
2.475	0.80	0.60	0.47	0.47
HU	HD	· Q ·	т	
13.00	2.547	0.319	17.5	
R	HIN	H2N B 40	H3N	H4N
.000	16.00	8.49	2.12	2 93
• 100		3.90	4.20	2.00
• <i>3 3 3 3</i>	1 0.9	1 18	2.00	1.92
1 000	1 12	1.06	1.10	1.73
1 600	1.08	1.05	1.04	1.05
2.000	1.06	1.03	1.04	1.01
2.475	1.03	0.78	0.65	0.63
LU1	HD	0	т	
13.45	2.557	0.333	17.5	
1.70.12	20000	•••••		
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	8.66	4.86	3.39	2.15
•166		2.65	2.70	1.91
•333		1.67	1.90	1.77
.500	1.23	1.33	1.45	1.64
1.000	• 24	1.22	1.24	1.35
1.500	1.24	1.20	1.22	1.29
2.000	1 12	1.18	1.72	0.93
(a 64 / 7)	1013	V . 7 1	VedU	VaOI

SERIES (3)

HU	HD	Q	Т	
14.87	2.620	0.438	19.8	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	50.73	30.42	13.43	7.58
.166		11.06	10.48	6.19
.333		3.15	6.23	5.06
.500	2.01	2.08	4.95	3.51
1.000	1.96	2.01	1.79	1.89
1.500	1.96	1.98	1.79	1.70
2.000	1.89	1.89	1.74	1.63
2.475	1.68	1.25	1.17	. 107
нυ	нр	Q	т	
14.62	2.611	0.422	20.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	42.43	25.30	11.39	6.55
•166		11.15	9.05	5.68
.333		2.62	5.03	4.56
.500	1.91	1.81	3.19	3.43
1.000	1.85	1.75	1.68	1.81
1.500	1.83	1.74	1.66	1.63
2.000	1.78	1.72	1.61	1.53
20410	1.70	1.33	1.03	0.87
ни	но	Q	т	
14.79	2.610	0.420	20.4	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	33.60	20.00	9.57	5.46
.166		8.65	7.50	4.75
• 333		2.72	4.59	3.61
.500	1.94	1.84	2.85	3.08
1.000	1.89	1.82	1.71	1.85
1.500	1.88	1.80	1.71	1.75
2.000	1.84	1.74	1.65	1.57
2 . 415	1.00	1+42	1.02	1.01

HU	HD	0	т	
14.86	2.605	0.415	20.4	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	25.40	14.65	7.80	4.53
•166		6.35	6.32	4.14
.333		2.40	4.05	3.38
.500	1.91	1.81	2.62	2.72
1.000	1.88	1.78	1.75	1.83
1.500	1.81	1.77	1.72	1.73
2.000	1.77	1.72	1.62	1.69
2.475	1.63	1.26	1.04	1.17
HU	HD	Q	т	
14.98	2.607	0.416	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
•000	15.59	9.64	5.53 -	3.25
•166		4.12	3.83	3.00
.333		2.03	3.12	2.56
.500	1.92	1.86	2.07	2.21
1+000	1.88	1.81	1.76	1.86
1.500	1.85	1.80	1.75	1.81
2.475	1.64	1.32	1.04	1.69
HU	HD	Q	т	
15.02	2.604	0.412	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	7.25	5.05	3.12	2.44
•166		2.58	2.75	2.24
•333		1.89	2.13	2.11
.500	1.93	1.86	1.95	1.95
1.000	1.91	1.85	1,84	1.89
1.500	1.84	1.83	1.81	1.89
2.000	1.62	1.00	1.19	1.63
20412	100	1036	1+15	1.027

SERIES (4)

HU	HD	Q	Т	
22.60	2.777	0.728	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
•000	40.48	27.12	14.60	9.75
.166		21.95	14.02	9.62
• 333		9.35	11.25	8.90
.500	5.31	6.05	8 • 25	7.50
1.000	5.66	5.78	5.84	6.10
1.500	5.66	5.61	5.56	5.50
2.000	5.30	5.35	4.95	4.32
2.475	4.65	3.12	2.42	2 • 39
ын	HD	0	т	
22.69	2.775	0.725	21.0	
22007	20115	0.125	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	HAN	HAN
.000	31.16	20.10	12.00	8.75
.166		12.30	11.00	8.30
.333		6.74	9.45	7.70
.500	5.75	5.98	7.22	7.08
1.000	5.63	5.72	5.85	6.13
1.500	5.54	5.70	5.47	6.04
2.000	5.29	5.26	4.98	4.57
2.475	4.73	3.37	2.62	2.50
20115	4615	5051	2.002	2000
Q1	02	03	04	
22.68	2.772	0.721	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	H4N
.000	20.09	13.54	9.15	7.10
.166		8.24	8.76	7.12
.333		6.80	7.15	6.78
.500	5.38	5.76	6.49	6.57
1.000	5.57	5.79	5.71	5.85'
1.500	5.65	5.74	5.57	5.71
2.000	5.19	5.17	5.00	4.98
2.475	4.48	3.78	2.53	2.37
01	Q2	Q3	04	
27.70	2.770	0.715	21.0	
R	HIN	H2N	H3N	HAN
.000	11.30	8.40	4 69	6 09
-166	11030	6.12	6.25	6 00
.333		5.42	5.95	5.07
.500	5.42	5-62	5.69	5.01
1.000	5.59	5.73	5.66	5.70
1.500	5.62	5.70	5.56	5.61
2.000	5.33	5.23	5.13	4.05
2.475	4.33	2.98	2.43	2.20
			6075	6960

APPENDIX V

CUTPUT DATA FROM DIGITAL COMPUTER PROGRAM

C C THE CALIBRATION OF THE COEFFICIENTS OF THE PITOT TUBES

HU1=11.680 HD1= 2.487 Q1= .230 V1= 1.719	HU2= HD2= Q2= V2=	11.560 2.482 .223 1.635	HU3=1 HD3= Q3= V3=	1.560 2.482 .223 1.635	HU4=1 HD4= Q4= V4=	1.680 2.487 .230 1.687
R •000 •500 1•000 1•500 2•000 2•475	VX1 0.000 1.839 1.824 1.809 1.749 1.638	VX2 17 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.3	2 794 779 764 887 910	VX3 1.702 1.718 1.702 1.702 1.638 1.351	2	VX4 1.794 1.839 1.824 1.824 1.779 1.371
VP1= 1.690	VP2:	= 1.560	VP3=	1.530	VP4=	1.610
K1= •979	K2=	• 955	K3=	•936	K4=	•954
HU1≃16•580 HD1≃ 2•643 Q1≈ •480 V1= 3•588	HU2=] HD2= Q2= V2=	6.850 2.651 .492 3.608	HU3=10 HD3= Q3= V3=	6.850 2.651 .492 3.608	HU4=1 HD4= Q4= V4=	6.580 2.643 .480 3.520
R • 000 • 500 1 • 000 1 • 500 2 • 000 2 • 475	VX1 0.000 3.807 3.821 3.750 3.589 3.436	VX2 3 • 5 3 • 8 3 • 8 3 • 7 3 • 5 2 • 7	89 69 28 85 66 61	VX3 3•728 3•792 3•785 3•728 3•325 2•506		VX4 3.792 3.807 3.735 3.663 3.357 2.809
VP1= 3.550	VP2=	3.470	VP3=	3.350	VP4=	3.380
K1= •989	K2=	.961	K3=	•929	K4=	.961

HU1=20.220	HU2=19	.970	HU3=1	9.970	HU4=2	0.220
HD1= 2.726	HD2= 2	.719	HD3=	2.719	HD4=	2.726
Q1= •621	Q2=	•615	Q3=	•615	Q4=	.621
V1= 4.642	V2= 4	•510	V3=	4.510	V4=	4.554
R	VX1	VX2		VX3		VX4
.000	0.000	4.5	10	4.645	5	4.843
.500	4.914	4.8	54	4.781		4.843
1.000	4.892	4.8	32	4.759)	4.793
1.500	4.804	4.7	70	4 • 708	3	4.731
2.000	4.592	4.6	16	4.462	2	4.334
2.475	4.297	3.3	57	3.038	3	3.536
VP1= 4.600	VP2=	4.300	VP3=	4.200	VP4=	4.400
K1= •990	K2=	•953	K3=	•931	K4= .	969

MEAN OF THE COEFFICIENTS

K1= •986 K2= •956 K3= •932 K4= •961

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (1)

THE CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VALUES (SERIES 1)

R VIN V2N V3N V4 N .000 15.660 9.717 4.730 2.112 .166 8.592 4.451 .333 5.311 4.264 .500 2.930 3.613 •646 1.941 2.930 .443 1.672 .384 0.000 1.199 1.000 1.500 2.000 • 396 1.672 .323 .445 .323 •313 •683 •443 0•000 .668 0.000 2.475 .315 HU= 7.560 HD= 2.299 HW= .048 HWL= -.986 T=23.00 Q1= .033 V1=15.660 Q2= 0.000 V2= 0.000 Q= .033 V2/V1= 0.000 Q2/Q1= 0.000 (V1-V2)/V1= 1.000 V1N V2N 8•775 7•672 R V3N V4N .000 13.963 3.981 1.822 3.862 .166 .333 4.902 3.515
 2.476
 2.976

 384
 1.382

 313
 0.000

 313
 .483

 .495
 .216
 .500 •457 1.605 •323 1.000 1.068 1.500 .323 .630 •323 •323 2.000 .323 .313 .483 .545 2.475 .323 .495 .216 .315 HU= 7.700 HD= 2.295 HW= .044 HWL= -.738 T=24.00 Q1= .030 V1=13.963 02= 0.000 V2= 0.000 Q= .030 V2/V1= 0.000 Q2/Q1= 0.000 (V1-V2)/V1= 1.000 . V1N V2N V3N V4N .000 11.439 8.000 3.580 1.863 .166 . 5.984 3.379 .333 3.171 3.202 .500 .646 1.879 2.644 1.408 1.000 .560 •313 1.080 .862 •374 1.500 •457 0.000 .315 •560
 2.000
 .560
 .313
 .374
 .445

 2.475
 .457
 .495
 0.000
 0.000

 HU= 7.820
 HD= 2.289
 HW= .038
 HWL= -.546
 T=25.10

 Q1= .024
 V1=11.439
 02= 0.000
 V2= 0.000
 0= .024
 V2/V1= 0.000 Q2/Q1= 0.000 (V1-V2)/V1= 1.000

	R	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N	
	.000	9.542	6.551	3.345	1.574	
	.166		4.429			
	.333		3.012			
	s500	.396	1.418	2.555.	1.279	
	1.000	• 396	•313	1.080	• 545	
	1.500	•228	•313	• 305	.223	
	2.000	• 396	•313	0.000	• 315	
	2.475	•228	0.000	0.000	0.000	
HU=	7.900 H	D= 2.283	HW= •032	HWL=3	94	T=26+00
Q1 =	.020 V	1= 9.542	Q2= 0.000	V2= 0.0	00	Q= +020
V?/1	/1= 0.000	Q2/Q1=	0.000	(V1-V2)/V1=	1.00	00
	*	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N	
	.000	6.687	4.462	2.212	•996	
	•166		3.868			
	•333		2.269			
	•500	•228	1 • 401	1•806	1.020	
	1.000	0.000	.443	1.221	.589	

	1.500	0.	.000	• 2 2 1	•483		•315	
	2.000	0,	000	•221	.305		.223	
	2.475	0.	000	0.000	0.000		223	
HU=	8.000	HD=	2.275	HW= .024	HWL=	198	T=2	6.50
Q1 =	.014	V1=	6.687	Q2= 0.000	V2=	0.000	Q=	.014
V2/1	/1= 0.	.000	Q2/Q1=	0.000	(V1-V2)	//1=	1.000	

THE CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VALUES (SERIES 2)

R V1N V2N V3N V4N .000 14.509 10,125 6.707 4.749 .166 6.588 5.671 4.480 .333 3.598 4.264 3.513 .500 2.081 2.005 3.952 3.339 1.000 2.030 1.956 1.931 2.387 1.500 2.030 1.892 1.767 1.809 2.000 1.938 1.813 1.714 1.574 2.475 1.856 1.366 1.566 1.372 HU=11.800 HD= 2.523 HW= •272 HWL= •626 T=17•50 Q2= •257 V2= 1•884 Q= •283 V1=14.509 Q2= .25? Q1= .031 V2/V1= .130 Q2/Q1= 8.155 (V1-V2)/V1= .870

R 000 166 333 500 1.000 1.500	V1N 12.941 2.131 2.068 2.030	V2N 9.212 5.461 2.963 1.993 1.905 1.866	V3N 5.980 5.483 4.302 3.338 1.870 1.793	V4N 4.300 4.044 3.658 3.069 2.147 1.836			
2.000	1.965	1.813	1.741	1.651			
HU=11.960	HD= 2.519	HW= 268	HWL= .8	34	T=17.50		
Q1= •028	V1=12.941	Q2= •249	V2= 1.8	65	Q= •277		
V2/V1=	•144 Q2/Q1=	9.046	(V]-V2)/V1=	• 8	56		
R	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N			
.000	11.085	7.646	5.589	4.105			
•166		4.630	5.086	3.856			
•333		2.639	4.366	3.590			
.500	2.118	2.124	3.061	3.279			
1.000	2.131	1.993	1.979	2.204			
1.500	2.118	1.968	1.857	1.928			
2.000	2.093	1.956	1.819	1.836			
2.475	2.043	1.715	1.480	1.526			
HU=12.250	HD= 2.525	HW= .274	HWL= 1.0	52	T=17.50		
Q1= 024	V1=11.085	Q2= .261	V2= 1.9	54	Q= .285		
VVVII	•176 Q27Q1=	11.068	(V1-V2)/V1=	•87	24		
	MIN	Van	1/21				
.000	9,137	6.453	4.885	2 0 2 0			
166	70151	4.374	4-425	3.745			
.333		2.602	3.645	3.347			
.500	2.374	2.406	3.158	3.085			
1.000	2.417	2.280	2.264	2.469			
1.500	2.374	2.269	2.202	2.281			
2.000	2.352	2.248	2.202	2.237			
2.475	2.318	1.956	1.741	1.767			
HU=13.000	HD= 2.547	HW= •296	HWL= 1.5	38	T=17.50		
Q1= .019	V1= 9.137	Q2= .300	V2= 2.2	39	Q= .319		
V2/V1=	•245 Q2/Q1=	15.388	(V1-V2)/V1=	• 7 5	55		
R	V1N	V2N		V3N	V4N		
-----------	---------	------------	------	----------	---------	------	-------
.000	6.722	4.88	2	3.975	3.264		
•166		3.60	5	3.548	3.077		
.333		2.86	2	2.976	2.962		
.500	2.533	3 2.55	4	2.600	2.851		
1.000	2.544	+ 2.44	6	2.404	2.587		
1.500	2.544	4 2.42	6	2.385	2.529		
2.000	2.513	3 2.40	6	2.385	2.439		
2.475	2.428	3 2.13	6	1.931	2.004		
HU=13.450	HD= 2.5	557 HW±	.306	HWL=	1.868	T=17	7.50
Q1= .014	V1= 6.7	722 Q2=	•319	V2=	2.382	Q =	• 333
V2/V1=	•354 Q2	2/Q1= 22.2	52	(V1-V2)/	'V1= •6	46	

THE CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VALUES (SERIES 3)

R	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N	
.000	16.269	12.215	7.912	6.129	
.166		7.365	6.990	5.539	
.333		3.931	5.389	5.008	
.500	3.238	3.194	4.804	4 • 171	
1.000	3.198	3.140	2.889	3.061	
1.500	3.198	3.116	2.889	2.903	
2.000	3.140	3.045	2.848	2.842	
2.475	2.961	2.476	2.335	2.303	
HU=14.870	HD= 2.620	HW= .369	HWL=	2.532	T=19.80
Q1= .035	V1=16.269	Q2= .403	V2≖	3.015	Q= •438
V2/V1=	•185 Q2/Q1=	11.636	(V1-V2)	/V1= •81	.5

V3N V4N R V1N V2N 5.698 .000 11.140 7.287 14.879 6.495 5.306 .166 7.395 3.585 4.842 4.754 .333 3.856 4.123 .500 3.157 2.980 1.000 3.107 2.930 2.798 2.995 2.921 2.782 2.842 1.500 3.090 2.905 2.740 2.754 2.000 3.047 2.191 2.077 2.475 2.978 2.554 HWL= 2.390 HD= 2.611 HW= .360 Q2= .390 T=20.00 ' HU=14.620 V1=14.879 V2= 2.918 Q= +422 Q1= .032 Q2/Q1= 12.312 (V1-V2)/V1= .804 •196 V2/V1=

R V1N V2N V3N V4N .000 13.240 9.904 6.679 5.202 .166 6.514 5.913 4.852 .333 3.653 4.626 4.230 .500 3.181 3.004 3.645 3.907 1.000 3.140 2.988 2.823 3.028 1.500 3.132 2.971 2.823 2.945 2.000 3.098 2.921 2.773 2.789 2.475 2.943 2.639 2.181 2.237 HU=14.790 HD = 2.610HW= .359 HWL= 2.572 T=20.40 V2= 2.929 Q= .420 02= .392 Q1= .028 V1=13.240 V2/V1= .221 Q2/Q1= 13.889 (V1-V2)/V1= .779 V1N V2N · V3N V4N .000 11.512 8.477 6.030 4.738 .166 5.581 5.428 4.530 .333 3.431 4.345 4.093 .500 3.157 2.980 3.495 3.672 1.000 3.132 2.955 2.856 3.012 1.500 3.073 2.946 2.832 2.928 2.000 3.039 2.905 2.748 2.894 2.475 2.916 2.486 2.202 2.408 HU=14.860 HWL= 2.702 T=20.40 V2= 2.919 Q= .415 HD= 2:605 HW= .354 07= .390 Q1= .025 V1=11.512 V2/V1= •254 Q2/Q1= :5.921 (V1-V2)/V1= .746 R V1N V2N V4N V3N .000 9.019 6.876 5.077 4.013 .166 4.495 4.225 3.856 .333 3.155 3.814 3.562 .500 3.165 3.020 3.106 3.310 1.000 3.132 2.980 2.864 3.036 1.500 3.107 2.971 .2.856 2.995 2.000 3.056 2.913 2.832 2.894 2.475 2.925 2.544 2.202 2.303 HW= • 356 Q2= • 397 HU=14.980 HD= 2.607 HWL= 2.798 T=21.00 01= .019 V1= 9.019 V2= 2.966 Q= •416 V2/V1= •329 Q2/Q1= 20.650 (V1-V2)/V1= •671

0 V1N V2N V3N V4N .000 6.150 4.977 3.814 3.478 .166 3.557 3.580 3.332 .333 3.045 3.151 3.234 .500 3.173 3.020 3.015 3.109 1.000 3.157 3.012 2.929 3.061 1.500 3.098 2.996 2.905 3.061 2.000 3.082 2.938 2.889 3.012 2.475 2.943 2.544 2.295 2.807 HD= 2.604 HW= .353 HWL= 2.874 T=21.00 V1= 6.150 Q2= .399 V2= 2.982 Q= .412 485 Q2/Q1= 30.442 (V1-V2)/V1= .515 HI1=15.020 Q1= .013 V2/V1= .485 Q2/Q1=

+ .

THE CALCULATION OF THE FUNDAMENTAL VALUES (SERIES 4)

R	V1N '	V2N	V3N	V4N	
.000	14.533	11.533	8.250	6.951	
.166		10.376	8.084	6.905	
.333		6.772	7.242	6.642	
.500	5.264	5.447	6.201	6.097	
1.000	5.434	5.324	5.218	5.498	
1.500	5.434	5.246	5.091	5.221	
2.000	5.259	5.123	4.804	4.627	
2.475	4.926	3.912	3.359	3.442	
HU=22.600	HD= 2.777	HW= .576	HWL=	8.378	T=21.00
01= .031	V1=14.533	02= .697	V2=	5.210	Q= .778
V2/V1=	•359 Q2/Q1=	:2.512	(V1-V2)/	'V1= .64	1

R	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N	
.000	12.751	9.929	7.479	6.585	
.166		7.767	7.161	6.414	
.333		5.750	6.637	6.178	
.500	5.477	5.416	5.801	5.924	
1.000	5.420	5.297	5.222	5.512	
1.500	5.376	5.287	5.040	0.000	
1.500	5.376	5.287	5.050	5.471	
2.000	5.254	5.079	4.818	4.759	
2.475	4.968	4.066	3.495	3.520	
HU=22.690	HD= 2.775	H₩= .574	HWL=	8.492	T=21.00
Q1= .027	V1=12.751	Q2= .698	V2=	5.216	Q= .725
V2/V1=	.409 Q2/Q1=	25.688	(V1-V2)	/V1= .59	1 1

R	VIN	V2N	V3N	V4N	
.000	10.238	8.149	6.531	5.932	
.166		6.357	6.390	5.940	
.333		5.775	5.773	5.797	
.500	5.298	5.315	5.500	5.706	
1.000	5.391	5.329	5.159	5.385	
1.500	5.429	5.306	5.096	5.320	
2.000	5.204	5.036	4.828	4.969	
2.475	4.835	4.306	3.434	3.427	
HU=22.680	HD= 2.772	1 W= -521	HW1 =	8.510	7-21 00
Q1= .022	V1=10.238	0.2= .699	V2=	5.227	1=21.00
V2/V1=	.510 02/01=	32-054	111-1211	V1= 4	0= •/21
	42741	52.0004	1.41-4211	v1- ••	90
R	VIN	V2N	1/2.01	V/A NI	
.000	7.678	6.410	5 5 3 0	5 / 00	
144	1.010	5 430	50750	2.489	
333		2.479	5.441	5.467	
• 3 5 3	6 000	7+156	5.267	5.440	
.500	2.323	5.250	5.146	5.412	
1.000	5.401	5:301	5.137	5.357	
1.500	5.415	5.287	5.091	5.273	
2.000	5.273	5.065	4.890	4.480	
2.475	4.753	3.823	3.366	3.362	
HU=22.700	HD= 2.770	HW= .519	HWL=	8.562	T=21.00
Q1= .016	V1= 7.678	Q2= .699	V2=	5.222	Q= .715
V2/V1= -	.680 Q2/Q1=	42.707	(V1-V2)/	V1= .3	20

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (2A)

THE CALCULATION OF R/X

R	R/X1	R/X2	R/X3	R/X4
.000		0.000	0.000	0.000
.166		•042	.021	.014
.333		.083	•042	.028
.500		•125	.063	•042
1.000		• 250	•125	.083
1.500		.375	.188	.125
2.000		•500	.250	.167
2.475		•619	•309	.206

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (3A)

THE CALCULATION OF X/DO

VALUES AT X2=6.400 X3=12.800 X4=19.200

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (4A)

THE CALCULATION OF (R-D0/2)/X

R	X1	X 2	X3	X4
.000		078	039	026
.166		037	018	012
.333		.005	.003	•002
.500		•047	•023	.016
1.000		•172	.086	.057
1.500		•297	•148	.099
2.000		• 422	•211	•141
2.475		•541	.270	.180

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (2B)

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UMAX (SERIES 1)

HU= 7	7.500	HD=	2.299	Q=	.033	T=23.00
R • 000 • 16 • 33 • 500 1• 000 1• 500 2• 000 2• 47	00 66 93 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	041 025 021 021 000	X U2N/U 1.000 .884 .547 .302 .046 .040 .033 .046	MAX	U3N/UMAX 1.000 .941 .901 .764 .354 .000 .145 .000	U4N/UMAX 1.000 .919 .568 .212 .317 .150
HU= 7	.700	HD=	2.295	0=	.030	T=24.00

R	UIN/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		.874	•970	
•333		•559	.883	
.500	.033	• 282	.747	.881
1.000	.023	.044	.347	.585
1.500	.023	.035	000	.345
2.000	.023	.035	.121	.299
2 • 475	• 023	.056	.054	•172

HU= 7.820 HD= 2.289 Q= .024 T=25.10

R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
·166		•748	.944	
.333		• 397	.895	
.500	.057	.235	.739	.756
1.000	.049	•039	.302	• 464
1.500	• 040	.000	.105	.170
2.000	.049	•039	.105	.240
2.475	• 040	•062	.000	.001

HU= 7.900	HD= 2	283 Q=	•020	T=26.00
R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMA	
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
• 333		•676		
.500	.042	•217	.764	.813
1.000	• 042	•048	.323	•347
1.500	.024	•048	.092	.143
2.000	• 042	•048	.000	.201
2.475	•C24	.000	.000	.002
HU= 8.000	HD= 2.	275 Q=	•014	T=26.50
R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

	10000	1.0000	1.000	1.4000
.166		.867		
.333		.509		
.500	.034	•314	•817	1.025
1.000	.000	.100	.552	.592
1.500	.000	.050	.219	• 317 ·
2.000	.000	.050	.139	.225
2.475	.000	.000	.000	.225

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UMAX (SERIES 2)

HU=11.800	HD= 2.	523 Q=	•283	T=17.50
R	UIN/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		• 571	.785	.906
•333		•208	.493	.569
• 500	.016	•015	.429	.508
1.000	.012	.009	.010	.176
1.500	.012	•000	024	026
2.000	.004	009	035	108
2.475	002	039	108	179

519 Q: .2

•277 T=17.50

R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		•489	.879	.895
.333		•150	. 592	.737
.500	.024	.018	.358	.495
1.000	.018	.006	.001	.116
1.500	.015	.000	017	012
2.000	.009	007	030	-•088
2.475	.000	045	117	233

HU=12.250	HD= 2.	525 G=	•285	T=17.50
R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMA)
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		•470	.862	.884
•333		•120	•664	•760
.500	.018	.030	.305	•616
1.000	.019 -	.007	.007	.116
1.500	.018	.003	027	012
2.000	.015	.000	037	055
2.475	- 010	= 042	-1120	- 100

HU=13.000 HD= 2.547 Q= .319 . T=17.50

R	UT NZUMAX	112N /UMAX	13NZUMAY	U.A.N.ZUMAY
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		.507	.826	.896
.333		.086	.531	.659
.500	.020	.040	.347	.503
1.000	.026	.010	.010	.137
1.500	.020	.007	014	.025
2.000	.016	.002	014	001
2.475	.011	067	188	281

HU=13.450 HD= 2.557 Q= .333 T=17.50 R U1N/UMAX U2N/UMAX U3N/UMAX U4N/UMAX .000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 .166 .489 .732 •787 .333 .192 .373 .657 .500 .035 .069 .137 .531 1.000 .037 .026 .014 .232 1.500 .037 .018 .002 .166 2.000 .030 .009 .002 .064 2.475 .011 -.099 -.283 -.429

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UMAX (SERIES 3)

HU=14.870	HD=	2.620	Q=	•438	T=19.80
R	UIN/UMA	X U2N/L	мах	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000)	1.000	1.000
•166		•473		.812	.810
.333		.100		.485	.640
•500	.017	.019		• 365	.371
1.000	•014	.014		026	.015
1.500	.014	.011		026	036
2.000	.009	.003		034	055
2.475	004	059		139	229

HU=14.620 HD= 2.611 Q= .422 T=20.00

R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	UANZUMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
.166		.545	.819	.859
•333		•081	•441	.661
.500	.020	.008	.215	.434
1.000	.016	•001	027	.028
1.500	.014 .	.000	031	027
2.000	.011	002	041	059
2.475	.005	044	166	303

HU=14.790 HD= 2.610 Q= .420 T=20.40

R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UMAX	U3N/UMAX	U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
•166		•514	.796	.846
•333		•104	.452	• 572
• 500	.025	.011	•191	•430
1.000	.021	.008	028	.044
1.500	.020	•006	028	.007
2.000	•016	001	041	061
2.475	.001	042	199	304

HU=14.860	HD= 2	•605	Q=	•415	T=20.40
R	UIN/UMAX	U2N/U	мах	U3N/UMA	X U4N/UMAX
.000	1.000	1.000		1.000	1.000
.166		•479		.806	.885
.333		.092		.458	-645
.500	.028	.011		185	.414
1.000	.025	.006		020	-051
1.500	.018	.005		028	-005
2.000	.014	003		055	014
2.475	+.000	078		230	281
HU=14.980	HD= 2	.607	0=	•416	T=21.00
2	UIN/UMAX	U2N/U	XAN	U3N/UMA	X U4N/UMAX
.JOC	1.000	1.000		1.000	1.000
.166		• 391		.597	.850
•333		•048		•401	.569
.500	.033	•014		.066	•328
1.000	.027	.003		048	.067
1.500	.023	.001		052	•028
2.000	.015	014		064	069
2.475	007	108		362	633
HU⇒15.020	4D= 2	.604	Q=	•412	- T=21.00
R	U1N/UMAX	U2N/UM	AX	U3N/UMA)	
.000	1.000	1.000		1.000	1.000
.166		.288		.720	.706
.333		.032		.203	.508
.500	.060	•019		.040	.256
1.000	• 055	.015		064	.159
1.500	.037	.007		093	.159
2.000	.031	022		112	.060
2.475	012	219		825	352

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UMAX (SERIES 4)

HU=22.600	HD= 2.	777 Q=	•728	T=21.00
R • 0 0 0 • 1 6 6 • 3 3 3 • 5 0 0 1 • 0 0 0 1 • 5 0 0 2 • 1 0 0 2 • 1 7 5	U1N/UMAX 1.000 .024 .024 .024 .005 031	U2N/UMAX 1.000 .817 .247 .037 .018 .006 014 205	U3N/UMA) 1.0C0 .946 .668 .326 .002 039 134 609	U4N/UMAX 1.000 .973 .822 .509 .165 .006 335 -1.016
HU=22.690	HD= 2.	775 Q=	•725	T=21.00
R •000 •166 •333 •500 1.000 1.500 1.500 2.000 2.475	U1N/UMAX 1.000 .035 .027 .021 .021 .005 033	U2N/UMAX 1.000 .541 .113 .042 .017 .015 .015 029 244	U3N/UMA) 1.000 .859 .628 .259 .003 -078 -074 -176 761	U4N/UMAX 1.000 .875 .702 .517 .216 -3.811 .186 334 -1.239
HU=22.680	HD= 2.	772 0=	•721	T=21.00
R •000 •166 •333 •500 1•000 1•500 2•000 2•475	014 033 040 -005 -078	U2N/UMAX 1.000 .387 .188 .030 .035 .027 065 315	U3N/UMAX 1.000 .892 .419 .210 052 100 306 -1.374	U4N/UMAX 1.000 1.012 .808 .680 .224 .132 366 -2.550
HU=22.700	HD= 2.	770 Q=	•715	T=21.00
R •000 •166 •333 •500 1•000 1•000 2•000 2•475	041 .041 .073 .078 .021 191	U2N/UMAX 1.000 .214 056 .023 .066 .054 132 -1.170	U3N/UMA) 1.000 .691 .140 243 272 416 -1.052 -5.878	U4N/UMAX 1.000 .915 .813 .711 .504 .189 -2.780 -6.970

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (3B)

THE CALCULATION OF UMAX/UD (SERIES 1)

HU= 7.500 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/UO	2•299 AT	Q= •033 X1 1•000	T=23 X2 •621	•00 X3 •302	X4 •135
HU= 7.700 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/UO	2•295 AT	Q= .030 X1 1.000	T=24 X2 •628	•00 X3 •285	X4 •130
HU= 7.820 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/UO	2.289 AT	Q= .024 X1 1.000	T≖25 X2 ∙699	•10 X3 •313	X4 •163
HU= 7.900 HD= Value of umax/u0	2.283 AT	Q= .020 X1 1.000	T=26 X2 •687	•00 X3 •351	X4 •165
HU= 8.000 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/UO	2.275 AT	Q= .014 X1 1.000	T=26 X2 •667	•50 X3 •331	X4 •149
THE CALCUL	TICN OF U	JMAX/UO (S	SERIES 2) .	
HU=11.800 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/U0	2•523 AT	Q= •283 X1 1•000	T=17 X2 •653	•50 X3 •382	×4 •227
HU=11.960 HD= VALUE OF UMAX/U0	2•519 AT	Q= •277 X1 1•000	T=17. X2 •663	50 X3 •371	x4 •220
HU=12.250 HD= VALUE CF UMAX/UC	2•525 AT	Q= •285 X1 1•000	T=17. X2 •623	50 X3 • 398	X4 • 236

HU=13,000 HD=	2.547	Q= .319	T=17.	50	
VALUE OF UMAX/110	AT	X1	X2	X3	X4
VALUE OF OF ANYOU		1.000	.611	.384	.244
100-10 (FO ND-	2 557	0- 333	T-17-	50	
HIT=13.450 HU=	20001	V1 0755	¥2	¥3	X 4
VALUE OF UMAX/UU	AI	1 000	E76	367	. 202
		1.000	• 5 / 6		• 205
THE CALCULA	ATION OF L	MAX/UO (S	SERIES 31		
THE CRECCE					
HU=14.870 HD=	2.620	Q= .438	T=19	80	
VALUE OF UMAX/UO	AT	X1	X2	X3	X4
		1.000	•694	.369	•235
HU=14.620 HD=	2.611	Q= .422	T=20	.00	
VALUE OF UMAX/UD	AT	X1	X2	X3	X4
VALUE OF GRAATON		1.000	.687	.365	.232
		1.000			
HU-14 700 HD-	2.610	0= .420	T=20	40	
VALUE OF UMAY/UO	AT	¥1	¥2	X3	X4
VALUE OF OMANIOU		1.000	-676	.364	.220
		1.000			
NUE14 840 NDE	2 605	0= .415	T=20	- 40	
HU-14.000 HU-	AT	X1	¥2	¥3	X4
VALUE OF OMAXIOU	· · · ·	1,000	-647	.362	.212
		1.000			
UN-14 080 HD-	2 607	0416	T=21	.00	
H(1=14.980 HU-	2.007		¥2	***	¥4
VALUE OF UMAX700	AI	1 000	646	340	.173
		1.000	040		
10-15 020 NO-	2 606	0- 412	T=21	. 00	
HU=13.020 HD=	2.004	W- +412	V2 1-21	¥2	YA
VALUE OF UMAX/UU	AI	1 000	630	262	-156
	'	1.000	000	0205	e 1 2 0

THE CALCULATION OF UMAX/UD (SERIES 4)

HU=22.600 HD=	2.777	Q= .728	T=21.	00	
VALUE OF UMAX/UO	AT	X1	X2	X3 X	X4
		1.000	•678	•326	• 187
HU=22.690 HD=	2.775	Q= .725	T=21.	00	
VALUE OF UMAX/UO	AT	X1	X2	X3)	X4
		1.000	•626	.300	• 182
	-		*		
HU=22.680 HD=	2.112	Q= •/21	1=21.	00	
VALUE OF UMAX/UG	AT	X1	X2	X3 2	X4
		1.000	.583	•260	• 141
HI1=22.700 HD=	2.770	Q= •715	T=21.	00	
VALUE OF UMAX/UO	AT	X1	X2	X3 2	X4
		1.000	.487	.129	.109

C C THE STUDY OF THE CONFINED JET (48)

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UO (SERIES 1)

HU= 7.500	HD= 2.2	99 Q=	.033	T=23	8.00
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N	100	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•621		302	•135
.166		.549		284	
.333		• 339		272	
• 500	.041	•187		231	•124
1.000	•025	.028		107	.077
1.500	.021	.025		000	.029
2.000	.021	.020		044	•043
2.475	.000	.028		000	.020

HU= 7.700 HD= 2.295 Q= .030 T=24.00

R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/U0	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•628	.285	+130
.166		• 549	.277	
.333		• 351	.252	
.500	.033	•177	•213	•115
1.000	.023	.027	.099	.076
1.500	.025	• 022	000	•045
2.000	.023	• 022	.034	.039
2.475	.023	.035	.015	.022

HU= 7.820 HD= 2.289 Q= .024 T=25.10

U4N/U0	U3N/U0	U2N/U0	U1N/U0	R
•163	• 313	•699	1.000	.000
	.296	.523		.166
	.280	•277		.333
.123	.231	•164	.057	.500
.076	.095	.028	.049	1.000
.028	.033	.000	.040	1.500
.039	.033	.028	.049	2.000
.000	.000	.044	.040	2.475

HU= 7.900	HD= 2.28	3 Q=	•020	T=26	•00
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N	/00	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.687		351	•165
.166		.464			
.333		.316			
.500	.042	.149		268	.134
1.000	+042	033		113	• 1 5 7
1.500	.024	.033		032	034
2.000	.042	.031		000	024
2.475	.024	000	•	000	•055
			•		•••••
HU= 8.000	HD= 2+27	5 Q#	•014	T=26	.50
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N	/00	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•667	•	331	•149
.166		.579			
•333		•340			
.500	.034	.210		270	.153
1.000	.000	.066		183	-088
1.500	.000	.033		72	-047
2.000	.000	.033		146	.034
2.475	- 000	.000		100	034

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UD (SERIES 2)

HU=11.800	HD= 2.	523 Q=	•283	T=17	7.50
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N	/00	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•653	•	382	+227
.166		•373		300	.206
.333		•136		188	.129
.500	.016	.010		164	.115
1.000	.012	.006		004	.040
1.500	.012	.000	(009	006
2.000	.004	006		014	025
2 . 475	002	025	(041	041

HU≈11.960	HD= 2.	519 Q=	•277	T=17.50
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/U	0 U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.663	• 37	.220
.166		.325	.32	7 .197
.333		.099	.22	.162
.500	.024	.012	.13	3 .109
1.000	.018	.004	.00	0 025
1.500	.015	.000	00	6003
2.000	.009	005	01	1019
2.475	.000	030	04	4 == 051
HU=12.250	HD= 2.	525 Q=	•285	T=17.50
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/U	0 U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.623	•39	8 •236
•166		•293	• 34	•208
•333		•075	• 26	• 179
.500	.018	.019	•12	•145
1.000	•015	.004	.00	3 •027
1.500	.018	•002	01	1 -•003
2.000	.015	.000	01	5013
2.475	.010	026	05	2047
HU=13.000	HD= 2.	547 Q=	•319	T=17.50
	112 10 /110	11221 (110		
R 0.00	010700	021/00	USNIU	04N/00
.000	1.000	.611	• 38	• 244
•160		. 109	• 31	•218
0 2 7 2 E O ()	0.20	• 05 1	•20	• 161
1 000	.020	• 024	•13	•123
1.000	.020	.006	.00	• 033
1.500	.020	• 004	00	•006
2.000	.016	.001	00	000
20413	•011	041	07	-•068
HU=13.450	HD= 2.	557 Q=	• 333	T=17.50
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/U	0 04N/00
.000	1.000	.576	• 36	7 .203
.166		•282	•26	• 160
•333		•111	•13	1 •134
.500	.035	•040	.050	•108
1.000	.037	015	.00	.047
1.500	.037	.010	+000	•034
2.000	.030	.005	.000	•013
2.475	-011	057	104	- 097

HU≠14.870	HD= 2.	620 Q=	•438	T = 1	9.80
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N	/00	U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.694		369	.235
.166		.328		300	.190
•333		.069		179	.150
.500	.017	.014		135	.087
1.000	.014	.009	(010	.003
1.500	.C14	.008	(010	008
2.000	.009	.002		013	013
2.475	004	041	(51	054
HU=14.620	HD= 2.	611 Q=	• 422	T=2	0.00
P	113 11 / 110	11211/110	1124	(110	
- 000	1,000	697	03117	265	0411700
-166	1.000	- 374		200	• 2 3 2
.333		-056		161	-154
.500	.020	.005		78	101
1.000	.016	.001		010	-006
1.500	.014	.000		011	006
2.000	.011	001		015	014
2.475	.005	030	(061	070
HU=14 .79 0	HD= 2.	610 Q≖	•420	T=2	0.40
	111 11 /110	11211/110	112.0	(110	114 11 / 110
.000	1,000	676	USNI	244	220
344	1.000	•0/0	•	204	•220
222		• 140	• 4	209	•187
.500	0.25	.070	•	160	• 126
1.000	.021	.006		110	+095
1.500	.020	-004		10	•010
2.000	016	000		115	= 014
2.475	.001	028	0	73	067

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UO (SERIES 3)

HU=14.860	HD= 2.60	5 Q=	•415	T=20.40
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N/1	JO U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.647	.30	.212
.166		.310	.25	.187
.333		.060	• 10	.137
.500	.028	.007	.0.6	.088
1.000	025	.004	00	.011
1.500	.018	.003	0	.001
2.000	.014	002	0;	003
2.475	000	050	08	059
HU=14.980	HD= 2.60	7 Q=	•416	T=21.00
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/1	JO U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•646	• 34	•173
•166		•253	• 20	•147
•333		•031	+14	40. •098
.500	.033	.009	•0;	23 •057
1.000	+027	.002	0;	.012
1.500	.023	.000	0	.005
2.000	.015	009	0;	012
2.475	007	070	-+12	-•110
HU=15.020	HD= 2.60	4 Q=	•412	T=21.00
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/0	UQ U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.630	• 20	53 •156
.166		•182	+14	.111
.333		.020	•0	53 •080
.500	.060	•012	· •0:	•040
1.000	.055	.010	0	.025
1.500	.037	.004	02	.025
2.000	.031	014	+.02	•009
2.475	012	138	2	055

THE CALCULATION OF UMN/UD (SERIES 4)

HU=22.600	4D≠ 2.	777 Q=	•728	T=21.00
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/1	U0 U4N/U0
.000	1.000	.678	• 3	26 .187
.166		• 554	• 30	.182
.333		.168	• 2	.154
• 500	.006	•025	•10	06 .095
1.000	•024	•012	.00	•031
1.500	•024	• 004	01	•001
2.000	.005	009	04	44 -•063
2.475	031	139	19	190
HU=22.690	HD= 2.	775 Q=	•725	T=21.00
R	UIN/UO	U2N/U0	U3N/L	0 041/00
.000	1.000	.626	3(.182
.166		.339	•25	.159
.333		.071	• 18	.128
.500	.035	.026	.01	78 .094
1.000	.027	.011	.00	.039
1.500	.021	.009	02	692
1.500	.021	.009	02	.034
2.000	.005	018	05	53061
2.475	033	153	-•22	225
HU≃°2.680	HD= 2.	772 0=	•721	T=21.00
R	UINZUO	112N/110	113.11	10 U4N/U0
.000	1.000	-583	.26	50 141
.166		.226	.23	142
.333		.109	.10	.114
.500	.014	.018	.05	.096
1.000	.033	.020	01	3 032
1.500	.040	.016	02	.019
2.000	005	038	08	052
2.475	078	184	35	
HU=22.700	1D= 2.	770 Q=	•715	T=21.00
R	U1N/U0	U2N/U0	U3N/L	JO U4N/U0
.000	1.000	•487	• 12	.109
.166		•104	• 0 8	•099
• 333		027	.01	.8 .088
.500	.041	.011	03	•077
1.000	.073	.032	03	•055
1.500	.078	.026	05	•021
2.000	•021	064	֥13	
1.415	- 191	570	=.75	6 - 758

INVESTIGATIONS OF THE AXISYMMETRICAL CONFINED JET

by

Wen-shiuh Hwang

B.S., National Taiwan University, Formosa, 1963

AN ABSTRACT OF A THESIS

submitted in partial fulfillment of the

requirements for the degree

MASTER OF SCIENCE

Department of Civil Engineering

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY Manhattan, Kansas

The difference in velocity between a jet and the region into which it is discharged will give rise to a pronounced degree of instability, the kinetic energy of the oncoming flow steadily being converted into kinetic energy of turbulence and the later steadily decaying through viscous shear.

The purpose of this thesis is to observe the above phenomena in a confined jet. The study of this type of jet has been based on the condition of continuity rather than the constancy of momentum flux and has been analysed by the introduction of some dimensionless groups.

For a confined jet without a secondary flow, there will be recirculation occurring within the region outside of the jet. For the case of a jet with a moving secondary flow, the recirculation will disappear. The velocity in the region outside the diffusion zone will be reduced by some amount which is dependent on the magnitude of the difference of the velocities of the two streams.

The experimental results obtained show that the process of mixing will be completed within a determinable distance downstream of the jet. The maximum velocity along the central axis of the jet will approach a constant value as the flow continues downstream.

This investigation indicates that the Gaussian function method used in the study of a free jet is inadequate for the treatment of the confined jet. However, the introduction of dimensionless groups provides a very good solution.