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A USER TRANSPARENT DISTRIBUTED
DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

by

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A MASTER'S REPORT

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MASTER OF SCIENCE

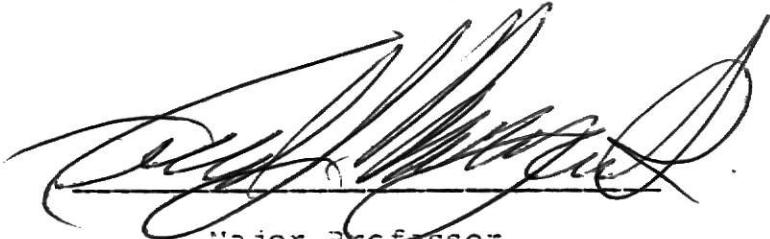
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Manhattan, Kansas

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I. INTRODUCTION

Data base management has received a great deal of emphasis in the last few years as business and government alike became aware of the role a data base plays in computer applications. Several data base management systems (IMS, System 2000, IDMS, TOTAL, ADABAS, etc. (1)) have been implemented to fulfill the needs of various organizations.

In spite of their power, existing data base management systems have some drawbacks.. One problem is that data base management manipulations require large amounts of computer resources, which can disrupt the performance of the system as a whole. The problem of data base security has received some attention in most implementations, but the application program, data base management system, and the data base itself still reside on the same machine. With a little ingenuity, it may be possible to bypass a data base management system's security provisions or access the data base without the use of the data base management system at all. An organization would also like to protect the physical media upon which the data base is kept. Some organizations keep multiple copies of a data base on machines which may be separated by great distances, but the major problem with this method is keeping all copies of the data base correctly updated. These are only a few of the problems facing current data base management systems.

The purpose of this report is to provide a description of a prototype distributed data base management system which will alleviate some of the problems described above.

Chapter two gives basic definitions used in this report and compares other work in distributed data base management systems to the methods used in this report. Chapter three discusses the hardware used in the system and the major software modules. The fourth chapter describes the software in some detail, while the fifth chapter discusses results obtained in this implementation. Chapter six lists several proposals intended to improve the system, and chapter seven concludes the report.

II. BACKGROUND

Distributed data bases and associated problems have been widely discussed (2-16) but relatively little has been implemented. For this report, the following definitions will be used:

1. Front-end - acts as user interface, receives input, transmits output.
2. Host - executes application program.
3. Back-end - controls data access by execution of data base operations.
4. Bi-functional - combines host and back-end functions.

These are the same definitions used in the technical report authored by Maryanski, et al. (17).

Canaday, et al. (18) implemented an experimental distributed data base management system called XDMS which is similar to the implementation discussed in this report. Canaday's implementation consisted of a single back-end (Digital Scientific META-4) and a UNIVAC 1108 as the host computer, whereas this implementation will use the Interdata 8/32 as a bi-functional machine and the Interdata 7/32 as a back-end. A second difference is that the XDMS software as written to conform to the CODASYL DBTG standards, while this implementation utilizes TOTAL (which does not conform completely to the CODASYL DBTG standards) as the data base management system. A separate message system and a series of interface routines between the application program and the data base management system complete the implementation.

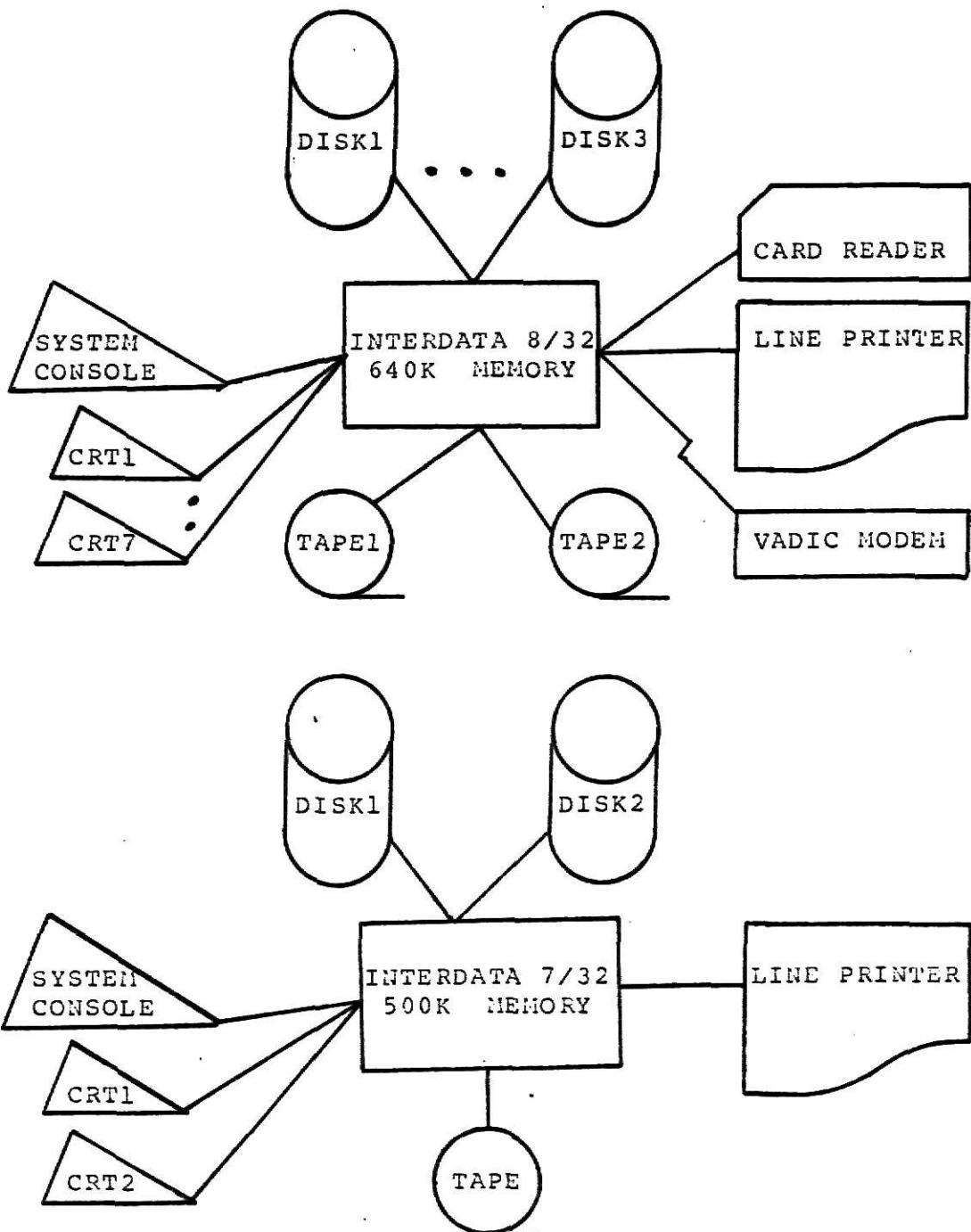
to make it a distributed data base management system. Canaday achieves a multi-user system by using re-entrant code, whereas this implementation achieves a multi-user system by including the small interface routines in each application program's task. The last difference is that Canaday's system allows concurrent changes to the data base and provides rollback and recovery features. Since this implementation is based on the version of TOTAL available on Interdata machines, concurrent update, rollback, and recovery are not found in this implementation.

III. SYSTEM ORGANIZATION

The hardware utilized in a distributed data base management system could range from mainframes for hosts, front-ends, and back-ends, a combination of mainframes and minicomputers, or a system based on minicomputers only. The use of minicomputers in a distributed data base system provides an economical and reliable alternative to the use of mainframes (4, 8, 17). This implementation is based upon an Interdata 8/32 and an Interdata 7/32. the Interdata 8/32 acts as both host, front-end, and back-end, while the Interdata 7/32 acts solely as a back-end. There is nothing in the hardware or software which would prevent the Interdata 7/32 from acting as host or front-end if so desired. The hardware associated with each computer and the lines connecting them are shown in FIGURE 1.

The software can be divided into four categories: the data base management system, the interface routines, the message system, and the application program. The concepts, functions, and relationships of these software modules are discussed in references (2, 17, 21). An attempt was made to use existing software in the implementation. A commercial data base system, TOTAL, by CINCOM, INC. (20), was chosen for the data base management system. The message system is a generalized system implemented in Concurrent PASCAL, which was developed for the MIMICS network (19). The interface routines are the host interface (HINT) and the back-end interface (BINT), both of which are written in COBOL. These interfaces allow the application program, also written in

FIGURE 1



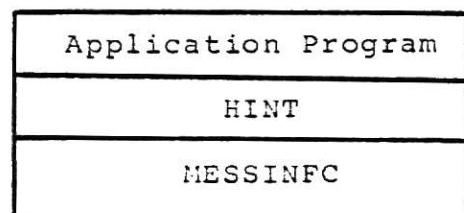
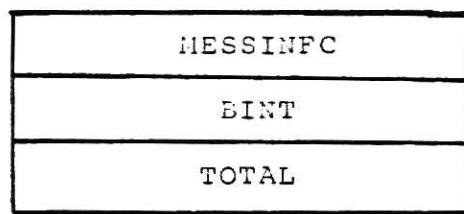
COBOL, to access any data base in the network via the message system without the user knowing upon which machine the data base resides. A third interface routine named MESSINFC, written in Interdata Common Assembler Language, is necessary to allow HINT and BINT to communicate with the message system.

The following steps are taken when a task on the front-end (host) machine issues a data base command:

1. A data base command in the application program produces a call to the host interface (HINT).
2. HINT formats the data base command into a message and through MESSINFC instructs the message system to send the message to the appropriate back-end interface (BINT).
3. The message system transmits the message from HINT.
4. BINT receives the message through MESSINFC and unpacks the message.
5. BINT calls the data base management system to perform the operation specified.
6. The data base management system executes the data base command.
7. The data base management system returns the data (if any) and the status to BINT.
8. The results returned by the data base management system to BINT are repacked and sent back through MESSINFC to the message system for return to HINT.
9. MESSINFC receives the returned message which HINT unpacks before returning control to the application

program.

These steps are almost identical to those given in reference (17). A diagram of the software components of each front-end and back-end task is shown in FIGURE 2.

FIGURE 2**FRONT-END TASK COMPONENTS****BACK-END TASK COMPONENTS**

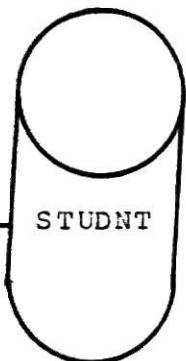
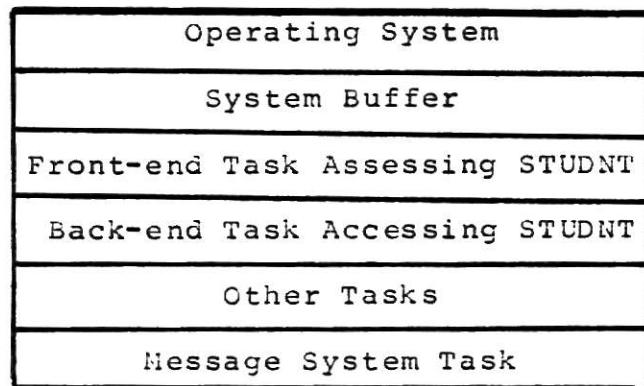
IV. SOFTWARE DESIGN

There were two major objectives in mind when the software for the distributed data base management system was written. First of all, a high degree of portability was desired so that a variety of computers could be incorporated into the distributed data base system network. To achieve this objective the application programs , back-end interface (BINT), host interface (HINT), and the message system are written in high-level languages. Only a small amount of code, called MESSINFC (see APPENDIX F), is written in machine dependent assembler language. The second objective was to make no changes in the TOTAL data base management system and place minimal restrictions on the application program. Both of these objectives have been met reasonably well.

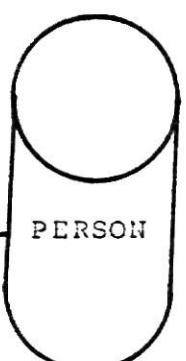
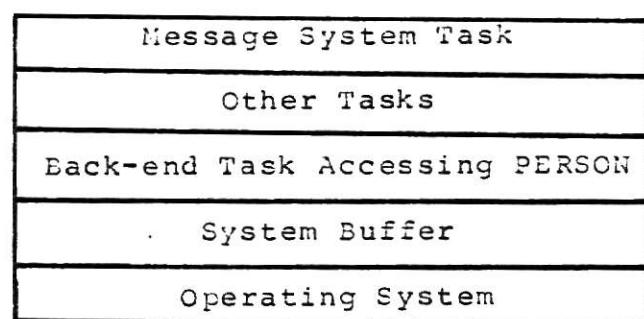
Two data bases were created in this implementation: PERSON (see APPENDIX B) resides on the Interdata 7/32 and STUDNT (see APPENDIX C) resides on the Interdata 8/32, as shown in FIGURE 3. Both data bases are 'synthetic' in that the contents of each data base is arbitrary, they are used only in proving the feasibility of the system. Note that the normal DEGEN CSS supplied by CINCOM, INC. requires the use of background when generating a data base from the DDL. Because of the configuration of the Interdata machines and the functions they perform, it was desirable to do all data base generations in the foreground. To do this, two new CSS programs, DBGEN1 and DBGEN2 (see APPENDIX A) were written. DBGEN1 must be executed and terminated normally before

FIGURE 3

INTERDATA 8/32 FRONT-END



INTERDATA 7/32 BACK-END



executing DBGEN2. The remainder of the steps taken during the creation of a TOTAL data base up through and including the DBFORMAT remain the same.

The COBOL source code for I832BINT and I732BINT, the back-end interfaces for the Interdata 8/32 and the Interdata 7/32 respectively, is given in APPENDIX G and APPENDIX H. These routines are nearly identical copies of each other. This was done as a first step towards a generalized BINT.

The actions of I732BINT can be described as follows: upon activation of the back-end task, I732BINT issues a call in paragraph ESTAB-TASK-ID to the message system in order to establish a connection to it. If the return status code of the connection attempt is non-zero, an error message is displayed and the task is terminated. Experience has shown that the cause of a bad connection is generally in the message system itself, so the back-end task should not be re-activated until the message system is cleared. Upon a return code of zero, execution proceeds to paragraph HELLO-THERE where it asks the message system for any requests awaiting it. It will continue to loop in this paragraph until it receives a request or until it has a bad receive. If it is a bad receive, execution branches to paragraph SYS-SINOF where I732BINT disconnects from the message system and terminates execution. With a good receive from the message system, I732BINT proceeds to paragraph BINT-UNPACK to unpack the input parameter, and it executes paragraph BINT-EXECUTE-CALL where it branches to the correct paragraph for executing the requested data base

management function. Should the requested function be invalid, BINT-ERROR is executed. Paragraphs BV1 through BV6 select the parameters required for the requested call to DBATAS, makes the call, and branches to BINT-REPACK. BUFL is repacked with the data and the status returned by the call to DBATAS (or from BINT-ERROR) in BINT-REPACK in preparation for the return through the message system. Paragraph GOOD-BYE attempts to send the contents of BUFL back to the front-end task. This paragraph will loop until it successfully sends BUFL into the message system, in which case it returns to MAIN-LOOP for the next request, or until the return status indicates a bad receive by the message system (which causes I732BINT to disconnect and terminate). When the last user issues a SNOFF command to the data base management system, I732BINT will automatically terminate execution.

To create a new version of the back-end interfaces to run in a second task on the same machine, or to accept commands from another front-end task, the FROMID and TOID must be changed to the correct machine and task identifying code. The message system needs these codes to know who sent it the message (FROMID) and where it is to send a message back to (TOID). For example, in I732BINT, FROMID has the character string value 'AAUQ' which indicated the Interdata 7/32 with the characters 'AA' and the particular task is identified by the 'UQ'. The character string value 'ABRH' of TOID indicates the Interdata 8/32 with the characters 'AB' and the particular task with 'RH'.

A second change which may need to be made is the lengths of some elements in the input parameter BUFL. Referring to I732BINT again, the length of the first element is set by the fact that there are only six different types of calls to DATBAS that I732BINT can make. The next five elements in BUFL have lengths required by TOTAL. The elements BCTRL, BVELEM, and BVAREA, however, have lengths which may vary as the application programs using the system change. For example, BCTRL (the data base control key) has been given a length of nine even though the data base PERSON has a control key with a length of six. This is because the data base STUDNT had a control key with a length of nine. Should another data base with a control key length of twelve be added to the network of distributed data bases, all of the BINT routines would need to have the length of BCTRL changed to twelve. This is another step taken towards a generalized BINT. Similar changes must be made to BVELEM and BVAREA as necessary. When changes such as these are made, the same type of change should also be made in the parameters CTRL, VELEM, and VAREA which are used in the calls to DATBAS.

Once a data base has been created and necessary changes have been made in the BINT routine which accesses it, another CSS program is used to link MESSINFC, the BINT routine, and the data base together in a single task. This CSS was named COBLEST, and its code may be seen in APPENDIX E. When this CSS is executed, the resulting back-end task is named according to the interface name supplied to it as a

parameter, e.g.-

```
COBLEST I732BINT,USR6:MESSINFC,TOTAL,PERSON
```

will create a back-end task named I732BINT.TSK. If several back-end tasks are to be created, the Interdata RENAME command can be used to change the name of this task as needed, e.g.-

```
REN I732BINT.TSK,PERSBACK.TSK
```

The COBOL source code for I732HINT and I832HINT, the host interfaces for the Interdata 7/32 and Interdata 8/32 respectively, is given in APPENDIX K and APPENDIX L. As a part of the move towards a generalized HINT, these routines are also nearly identical copies of each other.

The actions of I732HINT can be described as follows: the most often used elements of the message system parameter BUFL are given values from the parameters passed to it from the application program. Paragraph HINT-CALL-SELECT determines which function the user wants the data base management system to execute and branches to the appropriate paragraph. If an invalid function is requested, an error status is loaded and I732HINT returns control to the application program. The paragraph CALL-HINT-V006 is responsible for connecting the front-end task to the message system or disconnecting it from the message system upon receiving the SINCN or SINOF data base management function request. The paragraph SYS-SINON thru SYS-SINON-EXIT is performed to connect the front-end and the message system. If the connection is not good, I732HINT returns control to the application program. Paragraph SYS-SINOF thru

SYS-SINOF-EXIT is executed when the application program issues a SINOF data base management command. Paragraphs CALL-HINT-V001 thru CALL-HINT-V006 select the parameters required for executing the requested data base management function and places them in BUFL. The number moved to the element CALLER of BUFL will tell the back-end task which call to use in requesting a function from the data base management system. It then performs CALL-BINT thru CALL-EXIT to pass the contents of BUFL through the message system to the correct back-end. If BUFL is not passed to the message system correctly in CALL-BINTL, it will either loop until the message system accepts the parameters correctly or it will display an error message and return to the application program if there is a serious error involving the message system. If the message system accepts the parameters correctly, execution of I732HINT proceeds to the next paragraph, CALL-BINT2, which will loop until it correctly receives the expected message back from the back-end task or it will display an error message and return to the application program if there is a serious error involving the message system. Assuming that BUFL was transmitted and received with no problems, I732HINT will return control to the application program with whatever data and status the application program would expect from the data base management system.

The application programs are LOADPEOP, which accesses data base PERSON, and LOADSTUD, which accesses data base STUDNT. The COBOL source code for each program is found in

APPENDIX N and APPENDIX O respectively. The application programs accept only the following commands: ADD-M, DEL-M, WRITM, READM, READV, DELVD, ADDVC and WRITV. It is felt that this is a reasonable selection of commands to implement and test. Both application programs have almost identical structure, so only the basic functions of LOADPEOP will be discussed here. Upon initiation of the front-end task, LOADPEOP will attempt to sign on, to the data base PERSON through the message system in the paragraph SIGN-ON. If the SINON command is not executed correctly, control passes to paragraph CLOSE-EM and execution terminates. If the SINON command is executed correctly, paragraph GET-COMMAND is executed. The user is expected to enter one of the TOTAL functions listed above (or the word CEASE to terminate execution) and the number of successive times the user expects to use the command. LOADPEOP will then perform paragraph MASTER-TRANS or VARIABLE-TRANS, depending on the function, the specified number of times. The user may enter data or a carriage return as necessary in these paragraphs. When the user has entered the CEASE command, execution branches to paragraph CLOSE-EM to issue the SINOF command to the data base and terminates execution.

Application programs using TOTAL in a 'normal' environment and these programs, designed to utilize the distributed data base management system, are not coded in a radically different way. The differences are listed below:

1. Every call to DATBAS is replaced by a call to HINT.
2. Every call to HINT must have nine parameters, some

of which may by dummy parameters. The ordering of these parameters is important. Using the terminology of CINCOM, INC., the parameters and their order is: FUNCTION, STATUS, FILE, REFERENCE, LINKPATH, CONTROL, ELEMENTS, DATA AREA, END.

3. Some parameters may have to be padded with a FILLER clause or be declared to have a length somewhat longer than what it would have when not utilizing the distributed data base management system.

These are very straight foward changes to make. A pre-processor could be used to scan the call statements in the application program and change the calling name to BINT, add dummy parameters as necessary, and change parameter lengths to those specified by the data base administrator. This would be a good step toward a fully user-transparent distributed data base system. The reason for difference 1 should be obvious at this time. Difference 2 is to provide a single calling format to HINT for all data base management function requests. As previously discussed, HINT and BINT will determine which parameters are needed in the call to DATBAS. Since a generalized HINT and BINT is an objective to be met in the near future, the parameters CONTROL, ELEMENTS, and DATA AREA must be declared to have lengths corresponding to the lengths of these parameters in HINT and BINT. Since the longest control key passing through HINT and BINT in this implementation had a length of nine (for data base STUDNT), all parameters in the application programs, HINT, and BINT corresponding to the CONTROL

parameter must have a length of nine also. Similarly, the longest ELEMENTS parameter passing through HINT and BINT appears in application program LOADSTUD when accessing the variable record CRSE with data base STUDNT. This parameter (CRSE-DATA) has a length of sixty, so all other parameters corresponding to elements in the application programs, HINT, and BINT must also be declared to have this length. Lastly, the longest DATA AREA parameter passing through HINT and BINT appears in application program LOADPEOP when accessing the master record PEOP within data base PERSON. This parameter (PEOP-RECORD) has a length of eighty-two, so all other parameters corresponding to DATA AREA in the application program, HINT, and BINT must also be declared to have this length. These differences are not numerous or difficult to implement.

To create a front-end task using an application program, a HINT routine, and MESSINFC, a CSS program is used. This CSS was named COBESTAB, and its code may be seen in APPENDIX J. When this CSS is executed, the resulting front-end task is named according to the interface name supplied to it as a parameter, e.g.-

COBESTAB I732HINT,USR6:RICH3,USR6:MESSINFC

will create a front-end task named I732HINT.TSK. If several front-end tasks are to be created, the Interdata RENAME command can be used to change the name of this task as needed, e.g.-

REN I732HINT.TSK,PERSBACK.TSK

When bringing up the distributed data base management

system, the following steps should be taken in order:

1. Initiate the message system.
2. Initiate the back-end task(s).
3. Initiate the front-end task(s).

Since the message system is vital to the front-end and back-end, it should be started first. The back-end is started second since it must be executing normally before the front-end can be used. The front-end is brought up last since it relies on having both the message system and the back-end executing normally.

To initiate a back-end task, the following steps are taken at a user's console:

```
LOAD back-end task name  
ASSIGN 0,CON:  
START
```

To initiate front-end tasks, enter the following at the user's console:

```
LOAD front-end task name  
ASSIGN 0,CON:  
ASSIGN 1,CON:  
ASSIGN 2,hard copy device code  
START
```

V. RESULTS

This implementation of a distributed data base management system does appear to be a viable approach. Most of the testing of the system was done as changes were being made in the system. As such, no exhaustive system testing has been done at this time. A wide variety of activities, such as execution of COBOL, FORTRAN, PASCAL, and Assembler programs, editing, etc., take place on the Interdata machines. During a majority of the periods when the distributed data base management system was being tested, these other activities represented a significant load on the machines. This may make up for at least part of the loading heavy data base work would create.

When accessing a data base in the normal manner, the response time was instantaneous for all practical purposes - on rare occasions it took perhaps two seconds to return. Response time increased significantly when using the distributed data base management system. A front-end task on the Interdata 6/32 accessing a data base on the same machine had a response time of roughly four seconds. When using a front-end task on the Interdata 8/32 to access a data base on the Interdata 7/32, response time jumped to seventeen seconds. These response times are unacceptable in a commercial environment, but continuing developments in the distributed data base management system are expected to make the response times acceptable. It should be noted, however, that response time would not be further lengthened when running multiple front-end tasks, which would make these

response times seem more reasonable.

VI. FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

Work is currently underway to incorporate an IBM 370/158 in the system. The data base management system is TOTAL (22) as on the Interdata machines. There are a few differences in TOTAL for the Interdata and TOTAL for the IBM, but these differences are not great. One difference is that on the IBM machine a data base must be opened, signed on, and then closed and signed off, while the Interdata version only has the sign on and sign off to execute. The data base residing on the IBM is called PIECES (see APPENDIX D), and the back-end interface is called IBMBINT (see APPENDIX I). The function of IBMBINT is virtually the same as I732BINT and I832BINT. The message system on the IBM is written in Assembler Language, so no equivalent of MESSINFC and NEWINFC is needed - IBMBINT runs as a sub-task of the message system. Because of this, the method of checking for bad receives and sends is made in a separate call to the message system after the call for a receive or send. The host interface is called IBMHINT (APPENDIX M), which is modified to handle the TOTAL, OPENM, CLOSM, and DEQUE IBM TOTAL functions and to pass the ID's correctly. These ID's must be specified carefully so that the correct ASCII to EBCDIC conversion occurs. The calls to TRANSA and TRANSE provide translation for BUFL and BUFLTH. Since the message system does not handle floating point numbers, care should be taken to see that they are avoided in the application programs. The application program LOADPART, listed in APPENDIX P, is also quite similar to the other application

programs. Since this segment of the project is not fully operational, the programs listed in the appendices may be subject to many changes.

A second enhancement to the system will be a directory disk file in which the unique machine identifiers (TOID's and FROMID's) for all tasks and all data base files will be kept. Rather than editing the HINT routines to create a new front-end task or to add a data base to the system, the data base administrator will add the appropriate codes to the directory. The host interface will then search this directory and find the codes it needs.

A third improvement to the system would be the creation of a re-entrant code version of HINT and BINT to reside in system library space. Implementing this and the directory file will eliminate the work now needed to expand the system, improve performance, and perhaps provide some extra system security. With protected directory files, new CSS programs to create front-end and back-end tasks, and CSS programs to initiate tasks, the generalized HINT and BINT would help security by allowing the system user to have virtually no knowledge of the distributed data base management system's software, hardware, and their inter-relationships.

The overall response time of the system could be lowered by both hardware and software modifications. From a hardware point of view, high speed modems and transmission lines would help speed up the system, but the major factor in the high response time seems to be in the message system

software. Greater speed could probably be obtained by coding the message system in Common Assembler Language rather than in PASCAL, but this would be at the expense of portability. These changes would be somewhat harder to make than the preceding ones.

VII. CONCLUSIONS

This implementation shows distributed data base management systems can be created with minimal changes to existing data base management systems and with little or no additional hardware expense. With further work on the system, it could become competitive with the current non-distributed data base management systems in terms of economy, security, reliability, and ease of use.

A distributed data base management system in which an Interdata 8/32 and Interdata 7/32 could act as bi-functional machines, if so desired, was implemented. Other processors could be connected into the system easily as they are needed. The software utilized TOTAL, a commercially available data base management system, a PASCAL message system previously implemented at Kansas State University, and several front-end and back-end interface routines written in COBOL and Common Assembler Language. The hardware and software implementation details of the distributed data base management system are almost completely hidden from the user.

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*
* APPENDIX A *
*

```
$COPY
*****
*
*    INTERCAL TOTAL DATA BASE GENERATION
*
*****
$NU
$IFX  @1.CAL;DE @1.CAL;SEND
$IFX  DBUGN.WRK;DE DBUGN.WRK;SEND
AL  @1.CAL,IN,80/5
AL  DBUGN.WRK,IN,256/1
LO  DBUGN.TSK
AS  1,@2
AS  2,@3
AS  3,@1.CAL
AS  4,DBUGN.WRK
ST
$EXIT
```

LO CAL•TSK
\$IFX d1•OBJ;DEL d1•OBJ;¶ENDC
AL d1•OBJ,IN,126/1
\$IFNX CALS4•SCT:AL CALS4•SCT,IN,86/5:\$ENDC
\$IFNX CALS5•SCT:AL CALS5•SCT,IN,1024/1:\$ENDC
\$IFNX CALS6•SCT:AL CALS6•SCT,IN,126/1:\$ENDC
\$IFNX CALS8•SCT:AL CALS8•SCT,IN,86/5:\$ENDC
\$IFNX CALS9•SCT:AL CALS9•SCT,IN,86/5:\$ENDC
AS 1•d1•CAL
AS 2•d1•OBJ
AS 3•d3
AS 4•CALS4•SCT
AS 5•CALS5•SCT
AS 6•CALS6•SCT
AS 7•NULL:
AS 8•CALS8•SCT
AS 9•CALS9•SCT
ST !SCRATCHWORK!
\$EXIT

* * APPENDIX B * *

```

BEGIN-DATA-BASE-GENL-RATIION
DATA-BASE-NAME=PERSON
OPTIONS=OUTPUT=Y
SHARE-IO
  IOAREA=MAS1
  IOARLA=VAR1
END-IO

BEGIN-MASTER-DATA-SET
DATA-SET-NAME=PPOP,
  IOAREA=MAS1

  MASTER-DATA
  PEOPOP01=8
  PEOPTK1=6
  PEOPLKPE=8
  PEOPNAME=25
  PEOPSOSC=9
  PEOPADDR=20
  PEOPBIRTE=6
  PEOPHIRE=6
  PEOPSEX=1
  PEOPDIVN=2
  PEOPTELE=10
  PEOPFILL=20
END-DATA
  UKIVE=010•21•SYSS3
  TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECORDS=21
  END-MASTER-DATA-SET
  BEGIN-VARIABLE-ENTRY-UTA-S
  DATA-SET-NAME=PERS
  IOARLA=VAR1
  BASE-DATA
  PLRSPEOP=6
  PERSLKPE=8=PERSPEOP
  PERSTR1=6

```

PERSEXPR=2 PIC X(2) EXPERIENCE LEVEL CODE
PERSDATA=21 PIC X(21) PERSONAL DATA
END-DATA
DRIVE=012,227,SY33
LOAD-LIMIT=70
TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECORDS=227
END-VARIABLE-ENTRY-DATA-SET
END-DATA-BASE-GENERATION

*
* APPENDIX C *
*

```

BEGIN-DATA-BASE-GENERATION
DATA-BASE-NAME=STUDNT
OPTIONS=OUTPUT=Y
SHARE=IO
IOAREA=MAS1
IOAREA=VARI
END-IO
BEGIN-MASTER-DATA-SET
DATA-SET-NAME=STUD
IOAREA=MAS1
MASTER-DATA
STUDKOT=9          PIC X(9)      CONTROL KEY FOR STUD
STUDCTRL=9         PIC X(25)     LINK TO CRSE RECORDS (ALL)
STUDNAME=25         PIC X(25)     NAME
STUDSTAK=6          PIC X(6)      DATE STARTED
STUDGRAU=6          PIC X(6)      DATE TO GRADUATE
STUDYEAR=4          PIC X(4)      YEAR IN SCHOOL
STUDXTRA=10         PIC X(10)     FILLER
END-DATA
DRIVE=010,25,SY52
TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECURS=25
END-MASTER-DATA-SET
BEGIN-VARIABLE-ENTRY-DATA-SET
DATA-SET-NAME=CRSE
IOAREA=VARI
BASE-DATA
CRSESTUUE=9          PIC X(9)      CONTROL KEY TO STUD RECORD
STUDLKCR=8=CRSESTUU  PIC X(30)     LINK FROM STUD TO CRSE
CRSENAM=30             PIC X(30)     COURSE NAME
CRSENMBK=6             PIC X(6)      COURSE NUMBER
CRSELIN=4              PIC X(4)      COURSE LINE NUMBER
CRSESMSR=2             PIC X(2)      SEMESTER
CRSETORE=1             PIC X(1)      TAKEN OR ENROLLED

```

```
CRSEHORSE=1    PIC X(1)    HOURS
CRSEGRADE=1    PIC X(1)    GRADE
END-DATA
DRIVE=012,150,SYS12
LOAD-LIMIT=70
TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECORDS=150
END-VARIABLE-ENTRY-DATA-SET
END-DATA-BASE-GENERATION
```

* * APPENDIX D *
* *

```

//STEP1 EXEC DUMMY
//DD1   DD DSN=DS2L1.LOADLIB(LOADPART) ,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//DD2   DD DSN=DS2L1.PART,DISP=(ULD,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(TRK,1),VOL=REF=DS2L1.TOTAL.LINKLIB
//DD3   DD DSN=DS2L1.SUPL,DISP=(OLD,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(TRK,2),VUL=REF=DS2L1.TOTAL.LINKLIB
//STEP2 EXEC DUMMY
//DD1   DD DSN=DS2L1.LOADLIB(LOADPART) ,VOL=REF=DS2L1.TOTAL.LINKLIB,
//          SPACE=(TRK,(15,15,3)),DISP=(NEW,CATLG),DCB=(BLKSIZE=13030,
//          RECFM=U),UNIT=SYSDA
//DBGEN EXEC PGM=DBGEN
//STEPLIB DD DSN=DS2L1.TOTAL.LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//SYSPUNCH DD DSN=&DBSOURCE,DISP=(,PASS),UNIT=SYSDA,
//          SPACE=(TRK,(15,5)),DCB=BLKSIZE=3120
//SYSIN  DD *
BEGIN-DATA-BASE-GENERATION:
DATA-BASE-NAMLE=PIECS
SHAKE-IO
IOAREA=MAS1
IOAREA=VAR1
BEGIN-MASTER-DATA-SET:
DATA-SET-NAME=PART
IOAREA=MAS1
MASTER-DATA:
PARTROOT=8
PARTCTRL=9
PARTLKSU=9
PARTNAME=25
PARTUESC=30
PARTFILL=20
END-DATA:
DEVICE=3336
TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECORDS=25

```

CONTROL KEY FOR PART
LINK TO SUPL RECORDS (ALL)
NAME
PART DESCRIPTION
FILLER

END-MASTER-DATA-SET;
BEGIN-VARIABLE-ENTRY-DATA-SET:
DATA-SET-NAME=SUPL

IOARLA=VAR1

BASE-DATA:

SUPLPART=9 PIC X(9) CONTROL KEY TO PART RECORD
PARTLKSU=8 LINK FROM PART TO SUPL
SUPLNAME=25 PIC X(25) SUPPLIER NAME
SUPLADDR=20 PIC X(20) SUPPLIER ADDRESS
SUPLTELE=10 PIC X(10) SUPPLIER TELEPHONE
SUPLDATA=16 PIC X(16) SUPPLIER DATA
END-DATA;

DEVICE=3350

TOTAL-LOGICAL-RECORDS=100

CYLINDER-LOAD-LIMIT=70

EID-VARIABLE-ENTRY-DATA-SET:

END-DATA-BASE-GENERATION:

/*ASM EXEC ASMGCL ,COND=(4,LT,OBJEN)

/*SYSIN DD USN=&DBSOURCE,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)

/*LINKED-SYSLIB DD DSN=US2L1,LOADLIB,DISP=SHR

/*LINKED-SYSIN DD *

NAME PIECES(R)

/*FORMAT EXEC PGM=FORMAT

/*STEPLIB DD DSN=DS2L1,LOADLIB,DISP=SHR

/* DD DSN=US2L1,TOTAL,LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
/*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A

/*PARTI DD DSN=DS2L1,PART,DISP=(CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,

/* SPACE=(TRK,1),VOL=REF=DS2L1,TOTAL,LINKLIB

/*SUPL DD DSN=DS2L1,SUPPL,DISP=(CATLG),UNIT=SYSDA,

/* SPACE=(TRK,2),VOL=REF=DS2L1,TOTAL,LINKLIB

/*SYSIN DD *

FORMAT PIECES PART,SUPL

*
* APPENDIX E *
*

```

> IFNULL @1:$COPY
* CALLING FORMAT: COBTEST INTERFACE NAME,ASMBLR INTERFACE NAME,
* TOTAL,DATA-BASE NAME
$NO
$EXIT:$ENDC
$IFNX @1.OBJ:$COPY
* FILE @1.OBJ DOES NOT EXIST

$NO
$CLEAR !$EXIT ;$ENDC
$IFX SYS2:ESTAB.CMD ;DEL SYS2:ESTAB.CMD ;$ENDC
$IFNX @1.TCM
$BUILD SYS2:ESTAB.CMD
ESTA
IN @1.OBJ
EDIT SYS2:C00200.LIB/S
IN @2.OBJ
IN @3.OBJ
IN @4.OBJ
BU TA,@1.TSK
AWAP
END
$ENDB
$ENDC
$IFX @1.TSK:DE @1.TSK; ;$ENDC
$IFNX SYS2:ESTAB.SCR ;AL SYS2:ESTAB.SCR,IN,126/4 ;$ENDC
$IFX SYS2:ESTAB.LST ;DEL SYS2:ESTAB.LST ;$ENDC
AL SYS2:ESTAB.LST,IN,126/4
LO TET32
AS 1,@1.OBJ
AS 3,PR;
TE 4,IN,126
$IFX @1.TCM:AS 5,@1.TCM; ;$ENDC
$IFNX @1.TCM:AS 5,SYS2:ESTAB.CMD; ;$ENDC
AS 7,CON;

```

ST
\$ EXIT

L-2

* *
* APPENDIX F *
* *

TITLE MESSAGE SYSTEM INTERFACE FROM INTERDATA COBOL

* * * POSSIBLE TASK CANCELLATION ERRORS
* * * BECAUSE OF BAD COBOL CALL

CODE MEANING

* * *
54 WRONG NUMBER OF ARGUMENTS
55 ILLEGAL REMOTE-ID LENGTH
56 ILLEGAL LOCAL-ID LENGTH
57 ILLEGAL STATUS LENGTH

* * * POSSIBLE BAD STATUS RETURNS
* * * NOT DUE TO MESSAGE SYSTEM

CODE MEANING

* * * 58 UNABLE TO DETERMINE LOCAL-ID

COBOL CALLING SEQUENCES AND DATA TYPES

- * * *
1) CALL 'SEND' USING REMOTE-ID, MESSAGE, STATUS
2) CALL 'RECV' USING REMOTE-ID, MESSAGE, STATUS
3) CALL 'CONN' USING REMOTE-ID, LOCAL-ID, STATUS
4) CALL 'DISC' USING REMOTE-ID, STATUS
* * * WHERE THE FOLLOW DATA RULES APPLY

```

*      REMOTE-ID IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 4
*
*      LOCAL-ID IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 4
*
*      STATUS IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 2
*
*      MESSAGE IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME
*
*      TITLE    INITIAL SET UP
*
*      REGISTER DEFINITIONS
*
        ALL      EQU      0
        TEMP2   EQU      0
        LINK    EQU      1
        TEMP    EQU      1
        TOWHOM  EQU      2
        STATUS  EQU      2
        WHOAMI  EQU      2
        ERROR   EQU      3
        COMMED  EQU      4
        ERLINK  EQU      5
        BUF1ADD EQU      6
        LEN1ADD EQU      7
        BUF2ADD EQU      8
        LEN2ADD EQU      9
        BUF3ADD EQU     10
        LEN3ADD EQU     11
        ARG4    EQU     12
        ARG1    EQU     13
        ARG2    EQU     14
        ARG3    EQU     15
*
        TITLE PROCEDURE SEND-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
```

```

* PROC SEND-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
* DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
* COMMAND = 'SEND'
* DO P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
* RCV-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
* TO-WHOM
* SEND-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-ADDRESS) =
* BUFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT
* SEND-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-LENGTH) =
* BUFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT
* SEND-THE-MESSAGE
* CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
* SEND-SCB (STATUS)
* RETURN
*
* SPACE
* SPACE
* SPACE
* ENTRY
* SEND
* STM
* BAL
* LI
* BAL
* ST
* LIS
* ST
* ST
* STH
* STH
* CHI
* BL
* ST
* STH
* TOWHOM, SEND RMID
* TOWHOM, 0
* TOWHOM, SENDTXBF R01-
* TOWHOM, SENDCMBF R01-
* TOWHOM, SENDLNTX R01-
* TOWHOM, SENDLNCM R01-
* LEN2ADD, 129
* LEN2ADD, 129
* SEND.CMD
* BUF2ADD, SENDTxBF
* LEN2ADD, SENDLNTX
* JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977

```

```

B      SEND.GO          R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
SEND.CMD ST      BUF 2ADD,SENDCMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH     STH      LEN 2ADD,SENDLNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
SEND.GO EQU      *          R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
SVC      0,SENDSV
LH      STATUS,SENDCDOU
STH     STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
LM      ALL,REGSAV
A       15,0(15)
BR      15

TITLE PROCEDURE RECEIVE-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
*      PROC   RECV (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
*      DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
COMMAND = RECV
DO P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
RECV-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
*
*      TO-WHOM
RECV-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-ADDRESS) =
BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT
RECV-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-LENGTH) =
BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT
RECEIVE-THE-MESSAGE
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
RECV-SCB (STATUS)
RETURN
*
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
ENTRY    RECV
STM      ALL,REGSAV
BAL      LINK,P10DUMB
*
*      RECV

```

```

LI      COMM'D, C 'RECV'
BAL      LINK, P5CHKARG
ST      TOWHOM, RECVRMID
LIS      TOWHOM, 0
ST      TOWHOM, RECVTXBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
ST      TOWHOM, RECVCMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH     TOWHOM, RECVLNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH     TOWHOM, RECVLNTR R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH     LEN2ADD, 129   R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
CHI
BL      RECV.CMD      R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
ST      BUF2ADD, RECVTXBF
STH      LEN2ADD, RECVLNTX
B       RECV.GO      R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
ST      BUF2ADD, RECVCMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH     LEN2ADD, RECVLNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
*      *           R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
RECV.CMD
STH
RECV.GO
EQU
SVC
LH      STATUS, RECVCDOU
STH      STATUS, 0 (BUF3ADD)
LM      ALL, REGSAV
A       15, 0(15)
BR      15
*      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
TITLE PROCEDURE CONNECT (REMOTE-ID, LOCAL-ID, STATUS)
*      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
*      PROC   CONN (REMOTE-ID, LOCAL-ID, STATUS)
*      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
*      DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
*      COMMAND = 'CONN'
*      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *
*      DO P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
*      DO P06-CHECK-LOCAL-ID
*      GET-LOCAL-ID
*      IF SUCCESSFUL-ID-RETRIEVE
*      CONN-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
*      TO-WHOM
*      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *      *

```

```

* WHO-AM-I = LOCAL-ID (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT)
* CALLER (LOCAL-ID) =
*   CALLER (WHO-AM-I)
*   BUILD-NEW-LOCAL-ID
*   SEND-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
*     REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
*     RCV-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
*       REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
*       CONN-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
*         REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
*         DISC-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
*           REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
*           CONNECT-TO-MESSAGE-SYSTEM
*             CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
*               CONN-SCB (STATUS)
*                 CALLER (WHO-AM-I) =
*                   REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
*
* ELSE
*   CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) = 58
* ENDIF
* RETURN
*
* SPACE
* SPACE
* SPACE
* ENTRY      CONN
* STM        ALL, REGSAV
* BAL        LINK, P10DUMB
* LI         COMM'D, C'CONN'
* BAL        LINK, P5CHKARG
* ST         TOWHOM, CONNRMID ; CHANGED TO SAVE REG. 2
* L          LINK, LOCALID R01 - JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
* BNZ        MULTCONN NOT THE FIRST CONNECTION,

```

```

*           ; SO DON'T DO THE GETID SVC0.

BAL          LINK,P6CKLCID
SVC          0,GETIDSVC
LH           STATUS,GETSTAT
BNZ          P3E001
L            WHOAMI,0(BUF2ADD)
NI           WHOAMI,X'FFFF'
LR           TEMP2,WHOAMI
             R01-JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977

MULTCONN EQU *
             WHOAMI,LOCALID
NI           WHOAMI,Y'FFFFF0000'
OR           WHOAMI,TEMP2
ST           WHOAMI,SENDLCID
ST           WHOAMI,RECVLCID
ST           WHOAMI,CONNLCID
ST           WHOAMI,DISCLCID
ST           WHOAMI,0(BUF2ADD)
SVC          0,CONNNSVC
LH           STATUS,CONNCDOU
STH          STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
BS           P3X001
             *
             STATUS,58
LHI          STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
STH          *
             STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
P3E001      EQU
LH           ALL,REGSAV
STH          15
A            15,0(15)
BR           15

TITLE PROCEDURE DISCONNECT (REMOTE-ID,STATUS)
*
*           PROC  DISC (REMOTE-ID,STATUS)
*
*           DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
*           COMMAND = 'DISC'

```

```

* DO P08-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
* DO P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
* DISCONNECT-FROM-MESSAGE-SYSTEM
* CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2RD-ARGUMENT) =
* DISC-SCB (STATUS)
* RETURN

SPACE
SPACE
SPACE
ENTRY      DISC
STM        ALL,REGSAV
BAL        LINK,P10DUMB
LI         COMM,C'DISC'
BAL        LINK,P8CK2ARG
ST         TOWHOM,DISCRMID;STORE REMOTE ID.
BAL        LINK,P7CKRMID
SVC        0,DISCSV
LH         STATUS,DISCCDOU
STH        STATUS,0(BUF2ADD)
LM         ALL,REGSAV
A          15,0(15)
BR         15
TITLE      P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
* PROC      P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
* IF NUMBER-OF-CALLER-ARGUMENTS NOT = 3
* CALLER-ERROR = 1
* DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
ELSE
* LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT =
* CALLER (LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT)
* IF LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT NOT = 4

```

```

    * CALLER-ERROR = 2
    * DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
    *
    * LENGTH-3RD-ARGUMENT =
    * CALLER ( LENGTH-3RD-ARGUMENT )
    * IF LENGTH-3RD-ARGUMENT NOT = 2
    * CALLER-ERROR = 4
    * DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
    *
    * ELSE
    *   BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT =
    *   CALLER ( BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT )
    *   TO-WHOM =
    *   REMOTE-ID ( BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT )
    *   BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT =
    *   CALLER ( BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT )
    *   BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT =
    *   CALLER ( BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT )
    *   BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT =
    *   CALLER ( BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT )
    *
    * ENDIF
    * ENDIF
    * RETURN
    *
    * SPACE
    * SPACE
    * SPACE
    *
    * P5CHKARG LM ARG4,0(15)        4(N+1)
    * CLHI ARG4,16
    * BES P5E001
    * LHI ERROR,1
    * BAL ERLINK,P9ERROR
    * B P5X001
    *
    * P5E001 EQU

```

```

L      LEN1ADD,4 (ARG1)
CLHI    LEN1ADD,4
BES     P5E002
LHI     ERROR,2
BAL     ERLINK,P9ERROR
B      P5X002
*      *
P5E002   EQU
L      LEN3ADD,4 (ARG3)
CLHI    LEN3ADD,2
BES     P5E003
LHI     ERROR,4
BAL     ERLINK,P9ERROR
B      P5X003
*      *
P5E003   EQU
STM ALL,TEMPSAV
L      BUF1ADD,0 (ARG1)
TOWHOM,0 (BUF1ADD)
L      BUF2ADD,0 (ARG2)
L      LEN2ADD,4 (ARG2)
L      BUF3ADD,0 (ARG3)
*      *
P5X003   EQU
P5X002   EQU
P5X001   EQU
BR     LINK
TITLE P06-CHECK-LOCAL-ID
*      *
*      PROC P06-CHECK-LOCAL-ID
*      *
*      IF BUFFER-LENGTH-2RD-ARGUMENT NOT = 4
*      CALLER-ERROR = 4
*      DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
*      ENDIF
*      RETURN
*      *

```

```

SPACE
SPACE
SPACE
P6CKL CID CLHI LEN2ADD,4
      BES P6E001
      LHI ERROR,4
      BAL ERLINK, P9ERROR
      BS P6X001
      EQU *
      EQU *
      BR  LINK
      TITLE P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
*
* PROC P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
*
* IF BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT NOT = 4
* CALLER-ERROR = 2
* DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
* ENDIF
* RETURN
*
SPACE
SPACE
SPACE
P7CKRMID CLHI LEN1ADD,4
      BES P7E001
      LHI ERROR,2
      BAL ERLINK, P9ERROR
      BS P7X001
      EQU *
      EQU *
      BR  LINK
      TITLE P08-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
*

```

```

PROC    P0B-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
*
* IF NUMBER-OF-CALLER-ARGUMENTS NOT = 2
*
* CALLER-ERROR = 1
*
DO P0B-CALLER-ERROR
L18L
*
* BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT =
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT)
TO-WHICH =
NE,OTE-ID (BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT)
*
* BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT =
CALLER (BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT)
*
* BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT =
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT)
*
* BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT =
CALLER (BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT)
*
RT 0(RB)
*
SPNLT
SPNCE
SPNLT
*
PROC2AbD
L04      ARG1,0(15)          4(N+1)
CL04      ARG1,12
DE      DE001
L04      ERROR,1
BT      ERKLMK,P-ERROR
B      B0001
P0B001      OF1,0(CASE2)
L      L0WHICH,0(BUFFER)
L      LEMIAUD,4(ARG2)
L      LDF2AUD,0(ARG3)
L      LFWZAUD,4(ARG3)
L      L0001
END

```

```

      *      PROC  P10-CALLER-ERROR
      *      CALLER-ERROR = (CALLER-ERROR - 1) * 8
      *      MESSAGE-LENGTH = ERROR-TABLE (CALLER-ERROR)
      *      CONSOLE-MESSAGE-LENGTH =
      *      MESSAGE-LENGTH = MESSAGE-ADDRESS
      *      MESSAGE-ADDRESS = CALLER-ERROR
      *      MESSAGE-LENGTH =
      *      MESSAGE-PREFIX (MESSAGE-ADDRESS) =
      *      COMMAND
      *      ISSUE-MESSAGE-TO-CONSOLE
      *      CANCEL-TASK (100)
      *      SPACI
      *      SPACE
      *      SPACE
      *      P10-ERROR
      *      S15  ERROR+1
      *      S15  ERROR+2
      *      L    TEMP,ERRTAB(TEMP)
      *      S16  TEMP,ERRLEN
      *      L    TEMP,ERRTAB+4(TEMP)
      *      S1   TEMP,ERRADD
      *      S1   CANCEL(TEMP)
      *      SVC  CANCEL SVC
      *      SVC  <100
      *      P10-CHECK=0,6-14 ERROR-A-ADDRESS
      *      PROC  P10-CALLER-INTERVAL-A-ADDRESS

```

```

*      *      IF DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS-ON-HALFWORD
*      *      PUT-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS-ON-FULLWORD
*      ENDIF
*      RETURN
*
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
P10DUMB    NI          15,2
           BZS          P10E001
           L           15, LASTREG
           AIS          15,2
           ST           15, LASTREG
           BS          P10X001
P10E001    EQU          L          15, LASTREG
           *           *
           EQU          BR           LINK
           TITLE        LOCAL DATA AREAS
*
*      REGISTER SAVE AREA
*
*      REGSAV    DAS          15
           LASTREG   DAS          1
           TEMP SAV  DAS 16
*
*      ERROR MESSAGE TABLE
*
*      ERRTAB    ALIGN        4
           DAC         MESS1LEN, MESS1, MESS2
           DAC         MESS3LEN, MESS3, MESS4
*
*      ERROR MESSAGES

```

```

*
*          ALIGN    4
MESS1      DC      EQU     C'XXXX-54  WRONG NUMBER OF ARGUMENTS'
                  *-MESS1
                  4
*          ALIGN    4
MESS2      DC      EQU     C'XXXX-55  ILLEGAL REMOTE-ID LENGTH'
                  *-MESS2
                  4
*          ALIGN    4
MESS3      DC      EQU     C'XXXX-56  ILLEGAL LOCAL-ID LENGTH'
                  *-MESS3
                  4
*          ALIGN    4
MESS4      DC      EQU     C'XXXX-57  ILLEGAL STATUS LENGTH'
                  *-MESS4
                  4
*          TITLE   SVC BLOCKS
*          GET ID SVC
*          *
*          ALIGN    4
GETIDSVC   DB      0
                  1
                  H'0'
*          GETSTAT  DC      DAC    0
LOCALID    DAC    0
                  0
*          SEND SVC
*          *
*          ALIGN    4
SENDSVC    DB      1
                  0
                  2
                  A(SENDSCB)
                  4
*          RECEIVE SVC

```

COMMAND
WHAT EVER
STATUS OF GET ID
ID IN THE FORM CMTP
- NUMBER INDICATES PASCAL

COMMAND
WHAT EVER
STATUS
ADDRESS OF SCH
NOT USED

*	RECVSVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DB	DB	0	STATUS
	DS	DS	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DAC	DAC	A (RECVSCB)	NOT USED
	DS	DS	4	
*	CONNECT SVC			
*	CONN SVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DB	DB	0	STATUS
	DS	DS	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DAC	DAC	A (CONN SCB)	NOT USED
	DS	DS	4	
*	DISCONNECT SVC			
*	DISCSVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DB	DB	0	STATUS
	DS	DS	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DAC	DAC	A (DISCSCB)	NOT USED
	DS	DS	4	
*	CONSOLE MESSAGE SVC			
*	ERRSVC	ALIGN	4	X '40' , 7
	DB	DB	X '0'	
	DC	DC	H '0'	
	DAC	DAC	0	
	TITLE	TITLE	SCB BLOCKS	

```

* SEND SCB
*   ALIGN 4
SENDSCB EQU *
SENDRMID DS 4
SENDLCID DS 4
SENDCMBF DAC 0
SENDTXBF DAC 0
SENDLNCM DC H'0'
SENBLNTX DC H'0'
SENDCUIN DC H'60'
SENDCDOU US 2
SENDCMD DC H'2'
*
SPACE 3
* RECEIVE SCB
*   ALIGN 4
RECVSCB EQU *
RECVRMID DS 4
RECVLCID DS 4
RECVCMBF DAC 0
RECVTXBF DAC 0
RECVLNCM DC H'0'
RECVLNTX DC H'0'
RECVCDIN DC H'63'
RECVCDOU DC H'0'
RECVCMD DC H'5'
*
EJECT
* CONNECT SCB
*
```


FILE MESSAGE SYSTEM INTERFACE FROM INTERDATA COBOL

* REVISION 02: REMOTE-ID LENGTH RESTRICTIONS RELAXED TO
* ALLOW FIVE BYTE PARAMETER (OF WHICH ONLY FIRST FOUR ARE USED)

POSSIBLE TASK CANCELLATION ERRORS
BECAUSE OF BAD COBOL CALL

CODE	MEANING
54	WRONG NUMBER OF ARGUMENTS
55	ILLEGAL REMOTE-ID LENGTH
56	ILLEGAL LOCAL-ID LENGTH
57	ILLEGAL STATUS LENGTH

POSSIBLE BAD STATUS RETURNS
NOT DUE TO MESSAGE SYSTEM

CODE	MEANING
58	UNABLE TO DETERMINE LOCAL-ID

COBOL CALLING SEQUENCES AND DATA TYPES

- 1) CALL 'SEND' USING REMOTE-ID, MESSAGE, STATUS
- 2) CALL 'RECV' USING REMOTE-ID, MESSAGE, STATUS
- 3) CALL 'CONN' USING REMOTE-ID, LOCAL-ID, STATUS

```

4) CALL *DISC* USING REMOTE-ID, STA, US
   *
   * WHERE THE FOLLOW DATA RULES APPLY
   *
   *      REMOTE-ID IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 4
   *      (OR 5 WHERE FIRST 4 BYTES ARE USED)
   *
   *      LOCAL-ID IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 4
   *
   *      STATUS IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME OF LENGTH 2
   *
   *      MESSAGE IS A 77 OR 01 LEVEL NAME
   *
   *      TITLE INITIAL SET UP
   *
   *      REGISTER DEFINITIONS
   *
   *          ALL      EQU    0
   *          TEMP2   EQU    0
   *          LINK    EQU    1
   *          TEMP    EQU    1
   *          IOAHOM  EQU    2
   *          STATUS   EQU    2
   *          WHOMI   EQU    2
   *          ERROR   EQU    3
   *          COMMU   EQU    4
   *          ERLINK  EQU    5
   *          BUF1ADD EQU    6
   *          LEN1ADD EQU    7
   *          BUF2ADD EQU    8
   *          LEN2ADD EQU    9
   *          BUF3ADD EQU   10
   *          LEN3ADD EQU   11
   *          ARG4    EQU   12

```

```

ARG1      EQU    15
ARG2      EQU    14
ARG3      EQU    15
TITLE     PROCEDURE SEND-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
*      PROC SEND-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
*
*      DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
*          COMMAND = *SEND*
*      DO PUS-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
*          RECV-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
*              TU-WHOM
*          SEND-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-ADDRESS) =
*              BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT
*          SEND-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-LENGTH) =
*              BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT
*          SEND-THE-MESSAGE
*          CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
*              SEND-SCB (STATUS)
*          RETURN
*
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
*      ENTRY
*      SEND
*          STM    ALL,REGSAV
*          BAL    LINK,P10UUMB
*          L1    COMM,C*SEND*
*          BAL    LINK,P5C1KARG
*          SF    TOWHOM,SENDRNU
*          LIS    TOWHOM,U R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
*          SF    TOWHOM,SENDUXBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 5, 1977
*          SF    TOWHOM,SENDUCMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
*          STH    TOWHOM,SENULNFX R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977

```

```

STH    !0WHOM,SENDLNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
CH1    LEN2ADD,129   R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
BL     SEND,CMU      R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
      BUF2ADD,SEN0TXBF
      LEN2ADD,SEN0LNTX
      SEND,GO      R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
      BUF2ADD,SEN0CMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
      LEN2ADD,SENULNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
      *
      SVC          0•SEN0SVC
      LH           STATUS,SEN0DC0U
      STH          STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
      LR           ALL,REGSAV
      A            15.0(19) 15
      BR           15

      LITTLE PROCEDURE RECEIVE-MESSAGE (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)

      *      PROC      RECV (REMOTE-ID,MESSAGE,STATUS)
      *      DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
      *      COMMAND = •RECV•
      *      DO P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
      *      RECV-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
      *      TO-WHO!
      *      RECV-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-ADDRESS) =
      *      BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT
      *      RECV-SCB (DATA-BUFFER-LENGTH) =
      *      BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT
      *      RECEIVE-THE-MESSAGE
      *      CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
      *      RETURN
      *      SPACE

```

```

SPACE
SPACE
ENTRY      RECV      ALL•REGSAV
STH        STM      LINK,P100UMB
BAL        BAL      COMM,C•RECV
LI         LI       LINK,PSCHKARG
BAL        BAL      TOWHOM,RECRMU
ST         ST       TOWHOM•0
LIS        LIS      TOWHOM,RECVTXBF R01-
ST         ST       TOWHOM,RECVCMBF R01-
STH        STH      TOWHOM,RECVLNCM R01-
STH        STH      TOWHOM,RECVLNTX R01-
CH1        CH1      LEN2ADD,129  R01-
BL         BL       RECVR•CMD   R01-
ST         ST       BUF2ADD,RECVTXBF
STH        STH      LEN2ADD,RECVLNIX
B          B        RECV•GO    R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
RECV•CMD  ST       BUF2ADD,RECVCMBF R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
STH        STH      LEN2ADD,RECVLNCM R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
EQU        EQU      *
RECVR•GO  SVC      0•RECVSVC
LH         LH       STATUS•RECVDOU
STH        STH      STATUS•0(BUFF3ADD)
LM         LM       ALL•REGSAV
A          A        15,0(15)
BR         BR       15

* LITTLE PROCEDURE CONNECT (REMOTE-ID,LOCAL-ID,STATUS)
* PROC  CONN (REMOTE-ID,LOCAL-ID,STATUS)
* * DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERUATA-ADDRESS
* * COMMAND = •CONN,
* * DO PUS-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS

```

```

* * * * *
DO PUS-CHECK-LOCAL-ID
GET-LOCAL-ID
IF SUCCESSFUL-ID-RETRIEVE
CONN-SCB (REMOTE-ID) =
TO-WHOM
WHO-AM-I =
LOCAL-ID (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT)
CALLER (LOCAL-ID) =
CALLER (WHO-AM-I)
BUILD-NEW-LOCAL-ID
SEND-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
RECV-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
CONN-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
DISC-SCB (LOCAL-ID) =
REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
CONNECT-TO-MESSAGE-SYSTEM
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) =
CONN-SCB (STATUS)
CALLER (WHO-AM-I) =
REBUILT-LOCAL-ID
ELSE
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-3RD-ARGUMENT) = 50
ENDIF
RETURN
* * * * *
SPACE
SPACE
SPACE
ENRY
STM
BAL
CONN
ALL,REGSAV
LINK,PLUDWHD
CONN

```

```

LI      COMM'D.CCONN*
BAL    LINK,P5CHKARG
SI      TOWHOM,CONNHWID ;CHANGED TO SAVE REG. 2
L      LINK,LOCALID R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
BNZ    MULTCONN          NOT THE FIRST CONNECTION,
*           ! SO DON'T DO THE GETID SVC0.

BAL    LINK,P6CKLCID
SVC    0,GETIDSVC
LH    STATUS,GETSTAT
BNZ    P3L001
L      WHOAMI,0(BUF2ADD)
NI      WHOAMI,X,FFFF.
LR      TEMP2,WHOAMI
MULTCONN EQU   *           R01- JIM R. - DEC. 3, 1977
L      WHOAMI,LOCALID
NI      WHOAMI,Y,FFFF0000.
OR      WHOAMI,TEMP2
ST      WHOAMI,SENULCID
SI      WHOAMI,RECVLCIU
ST      WHOAMI,CONNLCIU
ST      WHOAMI,DISCLCID
SI      WHOAMI,0(BUF2ADD)
SVC    0,CONNNSVC
LH      STATUS,CONNCCUU
STH    STATUS,CONNCCUU
BS      STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
P3L001 EQU   *
LH      STATUS,58
SIH    STATUS,0(BUF3ADD)
L0U   ALL,REGSAV
P3X001 A      15.0(15)
BR      15

LITTLE PROCEDURE L1CONNECT (REMOTE-ID,STATUS)

```

```

***** PROC DISC (REMOTE-ID,STATUS)
DO P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
COMMAND = 'DISC'
DO P08-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
DO P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
DISCONNECT-FROM-MESSAGE-SYSTEM
CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2RD-ARGUMENT) =
DISC-SCB (STATUS)
RETURN

SPACE
SPACE
SPACE
ENTRY
STW
DISC
ALL,REGSAV
LINK,P10DUMB,
COMMDC,DISC,
LINK,P8CK2ARG
TOWHOM,DISCRMID;STORE REMOTE ID.
BAL
LINK,P7CKKMD
0,DISCSVC
LN,STATUS,DISCCD0U
STH,STATUS,U(BUF2AUD)
LM,ALL,REGSAV
A,15,0(15)
BK,15
ITLE
P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
***** PROC
P05-CHECK-CALLER-ARGUMENTS
IF NUMBER-OF-CALLER-ARGUMENTS NOT = 3
    CALLER-ERROR = 1
*****
```



```

P5E001
LHI          ERROR,1
BAL          ERLINK,P9ERROR
B      P5X001
*           LEN1AUD,4(ARK61)
LEN1AUD,4
P5E002
CLHI          LEN1AUD,5    R02-DAVE S-FEB 14, 1978
BES          P5E002    R02-DAVE S-FEB 14, 1978
*           ERROR,2
LHI          ERLINK,P9ERROR
HAL          P5X002
B      EQU
*           LEN3AUD,4(ARK63)
LEN3AUD,2
P5E003
CLHI          LEN3AUD,3
BES          P5E003
LHI          ERROR,4
BAL          ERLINK,P9ERROR
P5X003
B      EQU
*           LEN3AUD,4(ARK63)
BUF1AUD,0(ARK61)
TOWHOM,U(BUF1AUD)
BUF2AUD,U(BUF2AUD)
LEN2AUD,4(ARK62)
BUF3AUD,U(BUF3AUD)
P5X003
EQU
P5X002
EQU
P5X001
EQU
BR          LINK
TITLE P06-CHECK-LOCAL-ID
*           P06-CHECK-LOCAL-ID

```

```

* * IF BUFFER-LENGTH-2RD-ARGUMENT NOI = 4
* * CALLER-ERROR = 4
* * DO PG9-CALLER-ERROR
* * ENDIF
* * RETURN
* * SPACE
* * SPACE
* * SPACE
P6CKLCID CLHI LEN2ADD+4
          BES P6E001
          LH1 ERROR+4
          BAL ERLINK,P9ERROR
          BS P6X001
P6E001 EQU *
P6X001 EQU *
          BK LINK
          TITLE P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
* * PROC P07-CHECK-REMOTE-ID
* * IF BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT NOI = (4 OR 5) R02-DAVE S-FEB 14,1978
* * CALLER-ERROR = 2
* * DO PG9-CALLER-ERROR
* * ENDIF
* * RETURN
* * SPACE
* * SPACE
* * SPACE
P7CKRMID CLHI LEN1ADD+4
          BES P7E001
          CLHI LEN1ADD+5 R02-DAVE S-FEB 14,1978

```

BLS P7E001 R02-DAVE S-FEB 14, 1976
 LH1 ERROR,2
 BAL ERLINK,PSERROR
 BS P7X001
 *
 P7E001 EQU *
 P7X001 BR LINK
 TITLE P08-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
 *
 * PROC P08-CHECK-FOR-TWO-ARGUMENTS
 *
 * IF NUMBER-OF-CALLER-ARGUMENTS NOT = 2
 * CALLER-ERROR = 1
 * DO P09-CALLER-ERROR
 * ELSE
 * BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT =
 * CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT)
 * TO-WHO =
 * REMOTE-IU (BUFFER-ADDRESS-1ST-ARGUMENT)
 * BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT =
 * CALLER (BUFFER-LENGTH-1ST-ARGUMENT)
 * BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT =
 * CALLER (BUFFER-ADDRESS-2ND-ARGUMENT)
 * BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT =
 * CALLER (BUFFER-LENGTH-2ND-ARGUMENT)
 *
 * RETURN
 *
 * SPACE
 * SPACE
 * SPACE
 *
 * P3CK2ARG LH ARG1,0(15)
 * CLH1 ARG1,12 4(N+1)
 * BE P8E001
 * LH1 ERROR,1

```

BAL      ERLINK,PERRKOK
B
EQU      PBX001
        *     BUF1ADD,0(ARG2)
        L      TOWHOM,0(BUF1ADD)
        L      LEN1ADD,4(BUF2ADD)
        L      BUF2ADD,0(ARG3)
        L      LEN2ADD,4(ARG3)
PBX001   EQU      *
        BR      LINK
        TITLE P09-CALLER-ERRKOK
        *
        *      PROC      P09-CALLER-ERROR
        *
        *      CALLER-ERROR = (CALLER-ERROR - 1) * 8
        *      MESSAGE-LENGTH = ERROR-TABLE(CALLER-ERROR)
        *      CONSOLE-MESSAGE-LENGTH =
        *      MESSAGE-LENGTH =
        *      MESSAGE-ADDRESS =
        *      ERROR-TABLE + 4(CALLER-ERROR)
        *      CONSOLE-MESSAGE-LENGTH =
        *      MESSAGE-ADDRESS =
        *      ERROR-MESSAGE-PREFACE (MESSAGE-ADDRESS) =
        *      COMMAND
        *      ISSUE-MESSAGE-TO-CONSOLE
        *      CANCEL-TASK (100)
        *      *
        *      SPACE
        *      SPACE
        *      SIS      ERRKOK,1
        *      SLLS     ERROR,5
        *      L       TEMP,ERRTAB(ERROR)

```

```

STH      TEMP,ERRLEN
L       TEMP,ERRTAB+4 (ERROR)
ST      TEMP,ERRADD
ST      COMM,0(TEMP)
SVC     2,ERRSVC
SVC     3,100

TITLE P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
*
*      PROC      P10-CHECK-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS
*
*      IF DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS-ON-HALFWORD
*          PUT-DUMB-INTERDATA-ADDRESS-ON-FULLWORD
*      ENDIF
*      RETURN
*
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
*      SPACE
P10DUMB NI      15,2
BZS      P10E001
L       15,LASIREG
AIS      15,2
ST      15,LASTREG
BS      P10X001
EQU      *
L       15,LASIREG
EQU      *
BR      LINK
TITLE LOCAL DATA AREAS
*
*      REGISTER SAVE AREA
*
*      REGSAV DAS      15
LASTREG DAS      1

```

TEMPSAV DAS 16

* * ERROR MESSAGE TABLE

*	ERRTAB	ALIGN	4	MESS1,MESS1,MESSLEN,MESS2
		DC	MESSLEN,MESS3,MESSLEN,MESS4	
*	*	ERKUR MESSAGES	*	
*	MESS1	ALIGN	4	C'XXXX-54 WRONG NUMBER OF ARGUMENTS'
	MESSLEN	EQU	*	-MESS1
		ALIGN	4	C'XXXX-55 ILLEGAL REMOTE-ID LENGTH'
	MESS2	DC	*	-MESS2
	MESSLEN	EQU	*	-MESS2
		ALIGN	4	C'XXXX-56 ILLEGAL LOCAL-ID LENGTH'
	MESS3	DC	*	-MESS3
	MESSLEN	EQU	*	-MESS3
		ALIGN	4	C'XXXX-57 ILLEGAL STATUS LENGTH'
	MESS4	DC	*	-MESS4
	MESS4LEN	EQU		SVC BLOCKS
*	*	GET ID SVC		
*	GETIDSVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
		DB	0	WHAT EVER
	GETSTAT	DB	1	STATUS OF GET ID
	LOCALID	DC	H'0'	ID IN THE FORM CMTP
		DAC	0	- NUMBER INDICATES PASCAL
*	*	SEND SVC		

*	SEND SVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DS	DS	0	STATUS
	DAC	DAC	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DS	DS	4	NOT USED
*	*	RECEIVE SVC	*	*
*	RECV SVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DS	DS	0	STATUS
	DAC	DAC	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DS	DS	4	NOT USED
*	*	CONNECT SVC	*	*
*	CONN SVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DS	DS	0	STATUS
	DAC	DAC	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DS	DS	4	NOT USED
*	*	DISCONNECT SVC	*	*
*	DISC SVC	ALIGN	4	COMMAND
	DB	DB	1	WHAT EVER
	DS	DS	0	STATUS
	DAC	DAC	2	ADDRESS OF SCB
	DS	DS	4	NOT USED

```

*** CONSOLE MESSAGE SVC

*          ALIGN    4      X'40007
*          DB      DS      *
*          DC      DS      4
*          ERRLEN   DAC     0
*          ERRAUD   TITLE   SCB BLOCKS
*          SENDSCB  *      *
*          ALIGN    4      *
*          SENUSCB  EQU    *
*          SENDRMID DS      4
*          SENOLCID DS      4
*          SENUCMDF DAC     0
*          SENDTXHF DAC     U
*          SENLLNCM DC      H'0
*          SENLNLTX DC      H'0
*          SENDCDIN DC      H'60
*          SENDCDOU DS      2
*          SENLCMD DC      H'2
*          ALIGN    4      *
*          RECEIVE SCB
*          ALIGN    4      *
*          KECVSCB  EQU    *
*          RECVRMID DS      4
*          RECVLCID DS      4
*          KECVCMHF DAC     0
*          KECVIXHF DAC     0
*          RECVLNCM DC      H'0

```

```

LENGTH OF DATA TEXT
CODE.IN (MESSAGE COMMAND)
CODE.OUT (MESSAGE RETURN STATUS)
MESSAGE COMMAND CLASS
*
EJECT
*
* CONNECT SCB
*
    ALIGN EQU *
    CONNSCB CONNRMID DS 4
    CONNLCLIU CONNLCID DS 4
    CONNCMBF CONNCMD DS 0
    CONNTXBF DAC 0
    CONNLNCM DC 0
    CONNLNTX DC 0
    CONNCDIN DC 0
    CONNCDOU DS 2
    CONNCMD DC 0
*
    ALIGN EQU *
    DISCSCB DISCKRID DS 4
    DISCLCLIU DISCLCID DS 4
    DISCCMBF DISCCMD DS 0
    DISCTXBF DAC 0
    DISCLNCM DC 0
*
    ALIGN EQU *
    REMOTE ID
    LOCAL ID
    COMMAND TEXT BUFFER
    DATA TEXT BUFFER
    LENGTH OF COMMAND TEXT
    LENGTH OF DATA TEXT
    CODE.IN (MESSAGE COMMAND)
    CODE.OUT (MESSAGE RETURN STATUS)
    MESSAGE COMMAND CLASS
*
DISCONNECT SCB
*
    ALIGN EQU *
    SPACE DS 4
    SPACE DS 4
    SPACE DS 4
*

```

DISCLNYC	DC	H*0*
DISCCDIN	DC	H*5*
DISCCDOUT	DS	2
DISCCMD	DC	H*1*
*		

LENGTH OF DATA TEXT
CODE.IN (MESSAGE COMMAND)
CODE.OUT (MESSAGE RETRUN STATUS)
MESSAGE COMMAND CLASS

LITTLE SYMBOL DICTIONARY
END

* *
* APPENDIX G *
* *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. BINT.

REMARKS. 'BINT' IS THE INTERFACE PROGRAM THAT
DIRECTLY ACCESSES THE BACKEND DBMS. IT RECEIVES
THE CALLING PARAMETERS VIA THE PACKED PARAMETER
BUFFERS BUF1. IT DETERMINES THE CALL
DESIRED, AND EXECUTES THAT CALL. THE RESULTS
ARE REPACKED AND THE PARAMETERS RETURNED.

* THIS VERSION DESIGNED FOR 7/32 TO 8/32 INTERTASK COMMUNICATION
*

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* DATA PARAMETERS:

```
77 FUNCTION      PIC X(5).  
77 STAT          PIC X(4).  
77 FILE-NAME    PIC X(4).  
77 REFER         PIC X(4).  
77 LINKPATH     PIC X(8).  
77 CTRL          PIC X(9).  
77 VELEM        PIC X(60).  
77 VAREA         PIC X(82).  
77 ENDP         PIC X(4) VALUE 'END..'.  
*
```

* MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS FOR INTELAND'S INTERFACE:

```
77 FROMID      PIC X(4) VALUE 'AAUG' .
77 TOLID       PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABRH' .
77 MSTAT       PIC 9(5) COMP .
```

* SYSTEM USER COUNTER:

```
* INITIATED FOR ONE USER TASK ONLY AT THIS TIME:
77 ACTIVE-USERS   PIC 99 VALUE 1.
```

* INPUT PARAMETERS BUF1 AND BUF2:

```
01 BUF1.
  03 BCALLER      PIC 9.
  03 BFUNCTION    PIC X(5) .
  03 BSTAT        PIC X(4) .
  03 BFILE-NAME   PIC X(4) .
  03 BREFFR       PIC X(4) .
  03 BLINKPATH   PIC X(8) .
  03 BCTRL        PIC X(9) .
  03 BLEVEL       PIC X(60) .
  03 BVAREA       PIC X(82) .
```

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

```
INIT-ROUTINE.
* INITIALIZE MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION:
ESLAB-TASK-ID.
CONNECT-INTO-SYSTEM.
CALL *CONN* USING
TOLID FROMID MSTAT.
```

IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD CONNEX! * UPON CRT
STOP RUN.

*
*****REPEAT
*

MAIN-LOOP.
* RECEIVE REQUEST FROM USER:
HELLO-THERE?
CALL *RECV* USING
TOD BUFI MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 32 THEN DISPLAY
*BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL RECV AGAIN,
UPON CRT
GO TO HELLO-THERE
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD RECV* UPON CRT
GO TO SYS-SINOF.

BINT-UNPACK.
MOVE BFUNCION TO FUNCTION.
MOVE BFILE-NAME TO FILE-NAME.
MOVE BVAREA TO VAREA.

BINT-EXECUTE-CALL.
GO TO BV1, BV2, BV3, BV4, BV5, BV6
DEPENDING ON BCALLER.

BINT-ERROR.
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

* DATABASE CALL ROUTINES:

BV1. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL *DATBAS, USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER
LINKPATH CTRL VELEM VAREA
ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV2. MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL *DATBAS, USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME CTRL
VELEM VAREA ENDP.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV3. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL *DATBAS, USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER

VELEN VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV4. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT REFER
VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV5. MOVE CTRL TO CTRL.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME
CTRL VAREA ENDP.
GU TO BINT-REPACK.

BV6. CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT VAREA ENDP.
* IF FUNCTION = *SINON* AND STAT = ****!
* * THEN ADD 1 TO ACTIVE-USERS.
* IF FUNCTION = *SINUF* AND STAT = ****!
* THEN SUBTRACT 1 FROM ACTIVE-USERS.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BINT-REPACK.
MOVE STAT TO BSTAT.

MOVE VAREA TO BVAREA.

* RETURN INFORMATION TO USER:

```
GOOD-BYE.  
CALL *SEND* USING  
      TOID BUFI MSTAT.  
IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY  
  'BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN'  
UPON CRT  
GO TO GOOD-BYE  
  
ELSE  
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO  
DISPLAY 'BINT ABORT-- BAD SEND' UPON CRT  
GO TO SYS-SINOF.
```

* SEE IF ANY USERS STILL ON THE LINE:

```
IF ACTIVE-USERS GREATER THAN ZERO  
THEN GO TO MAIN-LOOP.
```

```
*****UNTIL ACTIVE-USERS = 0.  
*
```

* TERMINATION ROUTINE:

```
SYS-SINOF.  
CALL *DISC* USING TOID MSTAT.  
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO  
DISPLAY 'BINT ABORT-- BAD DISCONNECT' UPON CRT.
```

STUP RUN.

* *
* APPENDIX H *
* *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. BINT.

REMARKS. 'BINT' IS THE INTERFACE PROGRAM THAT DIRECTLY ACCESSES THE BACKEND DBMS. IT RECEIVES THE CALLING PARAMETERS VIA THE PACKED PARAMETER BUFFERS BUF1. IT DETERMINES THE CALL DESIRED, AND EXECUTES THAT CALL. THE RESULTS ARE REPACKED AND THE PARAMETERS RETURNED.

* THIS VERSION DESIGNED FOR 8/32 TO 8/32 INTERTASK COMMUNICATION

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* DATBAS PARAMETERS:

77	FUNCTION	PIC X(5).
77	STAT	PIC X(4).
77	FILE-NAME	PIC X(4).
77	REFER	PIC X(4).
77	LINKPATH	PIC X(8).
77	CIRL	PIC X(9).
77	VELEM	PIC X(60).
77	VAREA	PIC X(82).
77	ENDP	PIC X(4) VALUE 'END..'. PIC X(4)

* MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS FOR IRELAND'S INTERFACE:

```
77 FROMID PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABUQ'.
77 TOID PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABRD'.
77 MSTAT PIC 9(4) COMP.
```

* SYSTEM USER COUNTER:

* INITIATED FOR ONE USER TASK ONLY AT THIS TIME:
77 ACTIVE-USERS PIC 99 VALUE 1.

* INPUT PARAMETERS BUF1 AND BUF2:

```
01 BUF1.
  03 BCALLER PIC 9.
  03 BFUNCTION PIC X(5).
  03 BSTAT PIC X(4).
  03 BFILE-NAME PIC X(4).
  03 BREFER PIC X(4).
  03 BLINKPATH PIC X(8).
  03 BCTRL PIC X(9).
  03 BVELEM PIC X(60).
  03 BVAREA PIC X(82).
```

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

INIT-ROUTINE.
* INITIALIZE MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION:
ESTAB-TASK-ID.
CONNECT-INTO-SYSTEM.
CALL *CONN* USING
TOID FROMID MSTAT.

IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD CONNECT* UPON CRT
STOP RUN.

*****REPEAT
*

MAIN-LOOP.
* RECEIVE REQUEST FROM USER:
HELLO-THERE.
CALL *RECV* USING
1OID BUF1 MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 32 THEN DISPLAY
BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL RECV AGAIN
UPON CRT
GO TO HELLO-THERE
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD RECV* UPON CRT
GO TO SYS-SINOF.

BINT-UNPACK.
MOVE BFUNCTION TO FUNCTION.
MOVE BFILE-NAME TO FILE-NAME.
MOVE BVAREA TO VAREA.

BINT-EXECUTE-CALL.
GO TO BV1, BV2, BV3, BV4, BV5, BV6
DEPENDING ON BCALLER.

BINT-ERRUR.
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

* DATBAS CALL ROUTINES:

BV1. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL 'DATBAS' USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER
LINKPATH CTRL VELEM VAREA
ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV2. MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL 'DATBAS' USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME CTRL
VELEM VAREA ENDP.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV3. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEM.
CALL 'DATBAS' USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER

VELEM VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV4. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT REFER
VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV5. MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
CALL *DAIBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME
CTRL VAREA ENDP.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV6. CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT VAREA ENDP.
* IF FUNCTION = 'SINON' AND STAT = '*****'
* THEN ADD 1 TO ACTIVE-USERS.
* IF FUNCTION = 'SINOF' AND STAT = '*****'
* THEN SUBTRACT 1 FROM ACTIVE-USERS.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BINT-REPACK.
MOVE STAT TO BSTAT.

MOVE VAREA TO BVAREA.

* RETURN INFORMATION TO USER:

```
GOOD-BYE.
CALL 'SEND' USING
    TOID  BUFL  MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY
    *BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN*
    UPON CRT
    GO TO GOOD-BYE
ELSE
    IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
        DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD SEND* UPON CRT
        GO TO SYS-SINOF.
```

* SEE IF ANY USERS STILL ON THE LINE:

```
IF ACTIVE-USERS GREATER THAN ZERO
    THEN GO TO MAIN-LOOP.
```

```
*****UNTIL ACTIVE-USERS = 0.
*
```

* TERMINATION ROUTINE:

```
SYS-SINOF.
CALL 'DISC' USING TOID  MSTAT.
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
    DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD DISCONNECT* UPON CRT.
```

STOP RUN.

* * APPENDIX I * *

```
//COB EXEC COB3CL
//COB.SYSIN DD *
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. BINT.
REMARKS. *BINT* IS THE INTERFACE PROGRAM THAT
DIRECTLY ACCESSES THE BACKEND DBMS. IT RECEIVES
THE CALLING PARAMETERS VIA THE PACKED PARAMETER
BUFFERS BUF1 AND BUF2, DETERMINES THE CALL
DESIRED, AND EXECUTES THAT CALL. THE RESULTS
ARE THEN REPACKED AND THE PARAMETERS RETURNED.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
SOURCE-COMPUTER. IBM-370.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. IBM-370.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* * DATABASE PARAMETERS:
*    77 FUNCTION          PIC X(5).
*    77 STAT              PIC X(4).
*    77 FILE-NAME         PIC X(4).
*    77 REFER              PIC X(4).
*    77 LINKPATH          PIC X(8).
*    77 CTRL              PIC X(9).
*    77 VELM              PIC X(60).
*    77 VAREA             PIC X(82).
*    77 ENDP              PIC X(4) VALUE 'END.'.

* * MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS:
*
```

```

77 101D          PIC 9(9) COMP-3 VALUE 414254500.
77 FROMID       PIC 9(9) COMP-3 VALUE 424104010.
77 NSMODE        PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC VALUE 0.
77 OUTCMD        PIC X(128).
77 OUTCMULTH    PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC VALUE 0.
77 INCMD         PIC X(128).
77 INCMULTH     PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC.
77 MSTAT         PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC.
77 ECB           PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC.
77 BUF1LTH       PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC.
77 BUF2LTH       PIC 9(8) COMP SYNC VALUE 0.

* SYSTEM USER COUNTER:
* INITTED FOR ONE USER TASK ONLY AT THIS TIME.

* 71 ACTIVE-USERS      PIC 99 VALUE 1.

* INPUT PARAMETERS BUF1 AND BUF2:
*
* 01 BUF1.
*   03 BCALLER        PIC 9.
*   03 BFUNCTION       PIC X(5).
*   03 BSTAT          PIC X(4).
*   03 BFILE-NAME      PIC X(4).
*   03 BREFER          PIC X(4).
*   03 BLINKPATH       PIC X(8).
*   03 BCTRL           PIC X(9).
*   03 BVELEN          PIC X(60).
*   03 BAREA           PIC X(82).

* 01 BUF2.
*   02 DUMMY-ELEMENT  PIC X(1).

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

```

```

INIT-ROUTINE.
*
* INITIALIZE MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION.
*
* ESTAB-TASK-ID.
    CALL *MSWNTSK* USING FROMID MSTAT.
    IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
        DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD TASK ID* UPON CONSOLE
        STOP RUN.

CONNECT-INTO-SYSTEM.
    CALL *MSCONN* USING
        FROMID TOID MSMODE OUTCMD OUTMDLTH
        INCMD INCMDLTH MSTAT ECB.
    CALL *MSCHECK* USING ECB.
    IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
        DISPLAY *BINT ABORT-- BAD CONNECT* UPON CONSOLE
        CALL *MSPURGE* USING FROMID FROMID MSMODE MSTAT ECB
        STOP RUN.

MAIN-LOOP.
*
* RECEIVE REQUEST FROM USER.
*
* HELLO-THERE.
    MOVE 177 TO BUF1LTH.
    CALL *MSRECV* USING
        MSMODE FROMID TOID BUF2 BUF2LTH
        BUF1 BUF1LTH MSTAT ECB.
    CALL *MSCHECK* USING ECB.
    IF MSTAT = 32 THEN
        DISPLAY *BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL RCV AGAIN*
        UPON CONSOLE
        GO TO HELLO-THERE

```

ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
DISPLAY 'BINT ABORT-- BAD RECEIVE' UPON CONSOLE
GO TO SYS-SINOF.

BINT-UNPACK.
CALL 'TRANSE' USING BUFL1 BUFLTH.
MOVE BFUNCTION TO FUNCTION.
MOVE BFILE-NAME TO FILE-NAME.
MOVE BVAREA TO VAREA.

BINT-EXECUTE-CALL.
GO TO BV1, BV2, BV3, BV4, BV5, BV6, BV7, BV8
DEPENDING ON BCALLEK.

BINT-ERROR.
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.
* * DATBAS CALL ROUTINES.
* *

BV1.
MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BULLEN TO VELLEM.
CALL 'DATBAS' USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER
LINKPATH CTRL VELLEM VAREA
ENUP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV2.

```

MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
MOVE BVLEM TO VLEM.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME CTRL
VLEM VAREA ENDP.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV3. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVLEM TO VLEM.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME REFER
VLEM VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV4. MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT REFER
VAREA ENDP.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV5. MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.
CALL *DATBAS* USING
FUNCTION STAT FILE-NAME
CTRL VAREA ENDP.
GO TO BINT-REPACK.

BV6. MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL.

```

```
CALL 'DATBAS' USING  
FUNCTION STAT CTRL LINKPATH ENDP.  
* ADD 1 TO ACTIVE-USERS.  
*  
* GO TO BINT-REPACK.  
  
BV7. MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.  
CALL 'DATBAS' USING FUNCTION STAT LINKPATH ENDP.  
SUBTRACT 1 FROM ACTIVE-USERS.  
GO TO BINT-REPACK.  
  
BV8. CALL 'DATBAS' USING FUNCTION STAT  
FILE-NAME ENDP.  
GO TO BINT-REPACK.  
  
BINT-REPACK.  
MOVE STAT TO BSTAT.  
MOVE VAREA TO BVAREA.  
* RETURN INFORMATION TO USER.  
* GOOD-BYE.  
* ESTABLISH LENGTH OF BUFFERS.  
*  
MOVE 177 TO BUF1LTH.  
CALL 'TRANS' USING BUF1 BUF1LTH.  
CALL 'MSSENU' USING  
MSMODE FROMID TOID BUF2 BUF2LTH  
BUF1 BUF1LTH MSTAT ECB.  
CALL 'MSCHECK' USING ECB.
```

```

IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY
  *BINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN.
  UPON CONSOLE
  GO TO GOOD-BYE

ELSE
  IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
    DISPLAY 'BINT ABORT-- BAD SEND' UPON CONSOLE
    GO TO SYS-SINOF.

*
* SEE IF ANY USERS ARE STILL ON THE LINE.

*
* IF ACTIVE"USERS GREATER THAN ZERO
* THEN GO TO MAIN-LOOP.

*
* TERMINATION ROUTINE:

*
* SYS-SINOF.
  CALL 'MSDISC' USING FROMIU TOID MSSMODE MSTAT ECB.
  CALL 'MSCHECK' USING ECB.
  IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
    DISPLAY 'BINT ABORT-- BAD DISCONNECT' UPON CONSOLE.
  CALL 'MSPURGE' USING FROMID FROMID MSTAT ECB.
  STOP RUN.

//LKED. SYSMOD DD DSNE=DS2L1,LOADLIB,DISP=OLD
//LKED. TOTLIB DD DSNE=DS2L1,TOTAL,LINKLIB,DISP=SHR
//LKED. MSLIB DD DSNE=DSQ76,TXTLIB,DISP=SHK
//LKED. SYSIN DD *
INCLUDE TOTLIB(DATBAS4)
INCLUDE TOTLIB(TRANS)
INCLUDE MSLIB(MSCALL,SYSCALL)
LIBRARY *(DATBASXT)
NAME BINT(R)

```

* * APPENDIX J *
* *

```

$IFNULL @1:$COPY
* CALLING FORMAT: COBESTAB INTERFACE NAME,APPLICATION NAME,
* ASSEMBLER INTERFACE NAME.
*
$NO
SEXIT:$ENUC
$IFNX @1.OBJ:$COPY
* FILE @1.OBJ DOES NOT EXIST
$NO
$CLEAR ;$EXIT !$ENDC
$IFX SYS2:ESTAB.CMD !DEL SYS2:ESTAB.CMD !$ENDC
$IFNX @1.TCM
$BUILD SYS2:ESTAB.CMD
ES TA
IN @1.OBJ
IN @2.OBJ
EDIT SYS2:CBU200.LIB/S
IN @3.OBJ
BU TA,@1.TSK
AMAP
END
$ENDB
$ENDC
$IFX @1.TSK!DE @1.TSK:$ENDC
$IFNX SYS2:ESTAB.SCR !AL SYS2:ESTAB.SCR,IN,126/4 !$ENDC
$IFX SYS2:ESTAB.LST !UEL SYS2:ESTAB.LST !$ENDC
AL SYS2:ESTAB.LST,IN,126/4
LO TET32
AS 1,@1.OBJ
AS 3,PR:
TE 4,IN,126
$IFX @1.TCM:AS 5,@1.TCM:$ENDC
$IFNX @1.TCM:AS 5,SYS2:ESTAB.CMD:$ENDC
AS 7,CON:
ST

```

\$EXIT

J•2

* * APPENDIX K * *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. PINI.

REMARKS. "PINI" IS THE HOST INTERFACE DBMS PROGRAM.

THE DATABASE PARAMETERS ARE PACKED INTO DATA

BUFFERS: BUF1 • WHICH ARE THEN PASSED

TO "BINI" • THE BACKEND DBMS INTERFACE.

"BINI" EXECUTES THE PHYSICAL CALL AND RETURNS THE RESULTS.

* THIS VERSION DESIGNED FOR 8/32 TO 7/32 INTERTASK COMMUNICATION

*

ACTIVE DATABASE PARAMETERS USED BY THE
PROGRAM ARE:

FUNCTION

STAT

FILE-NAME

REFER

LINKPATH

CTRL-FIELD

VELEMENTS

VALUES.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-B-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-B-32.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

DATA DIVISION.

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

```
* MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS FOR IRELAND'S INTERFACE:  
* 77 FROMID PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABRH'.  
* 77 TOID PIC X(4) VALUE 'AAUG'.  
* 77 MSTATI PIC 9(4) USAGE COMP.
```

* PARAMETER BUFFER FOR INTERFACE CALL

```
01 BUF1.  
 03 CALLER PIC 9.  
 03 FUNCTION PIC X(5).  
 03 STAT PIC X(4).  
 03 FILE-NAME PIC X(4).  
 03 REFER PIC X(4).  
 03 LINKPATH PIC X(8).  
 03 CTRL-FIELD PIC X(9).  
 03 VELTENIS PIC X(60).  
  
03 VAREA PIC X(82).
```

LINKAGE SECTION.

* INPUT PARAMETERS

```
77 BFUNCTION PIC X(5).  
77 BSTATI PIC X(4).  
77 BFILE-NAME PIC X(4).  
77 BREFER PIC X(4).  
77 BLINKPATH PIC X(6).  
77 BCIDL PIC X(4).  
77 BVELTEI PIC X(60).
```

```
77  BVARCA          PIC X(182).  
77  BEND           PIC X(4).
```

```
PROCEDURE DIVISION USING  
BFUNCTION BSTAT BFILE-NAME BREFER  
BLINKPATH BCTRL BTERM BVARCA BEND.
```

```
* MOVE PARAMETER ELEMENTS INTO BUFFER  
MOVE BFUNCTION TO FUNCTION.  
MOVE BFILE-NAME TO FILE-NAME.  
MOVE BVARCA TO VAREA.
```

```
HINT-CALL-SELECT.
```

```
* DETERMINE TYPE OF CALL
```

```
IF FUNCTION = *READV* OR  
FUNCTION = *READR* OR  
FUNCTION = *READU* OR  
FUNCTION = *WRITV* OR  
FUNCTION = *DELVD* OR  
FUNCTION = *ADDVC* OR  
FUNCTION = *ADDAV* OR  
FUNCTION = *ADDVB*  
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V001  
  
ELSE IF FUNCTION = *READW* OR  
FUNCTION = *WRITH* OR  
FUNCTION = *ADD-R* OR  
FUNCTION = *DEL-M*  
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V002  
  
ELSE IF FUNCTION = *RDWXL*  
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V003
```

```

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'MARKL' OR
FUNCTION = 'QUIET'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V004

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'KGLOC'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V005

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'SINUN' OR
FUNCTION = 'SINOF'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V006

* ELSE AN INVALID CALL:
ELSE MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT
GO TO HINT-EXIT.

*****CALL-HINT-V001*****
*
* READV
*
* READR
*
* READD
*
* WRITV
*
* DELVD
*
* ADDVC
*
* ADDVA
*
* ADDVB
*
* *****CALL-HINT-V001*****

```

CALL-HINT-V001.
MOVE 1 TO CALLER.
MOVE BEEFER TO REFER.

MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCRTL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELM TO VELLEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO HINI-RETURN.

```
*****  
* CALL-HINI-V002:  
* READW  
* WRTF  
* ADD-W  
* DEL-W  
*  
*****
```

CALL-HINI-V002.
MOVE 2 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCRTL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELM TO VELLEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINI-RETURN.

```
*****  
* CALL-HINI-V003:  
* RNNX1  
*  
*****
```

CALL-MINT-V003.
MOVE 3 TO CALLER.
MOVE REFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO REFER.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-MINT-V004:
* MARKL
* QUITI
*

CALL-MINT-V004.
MOVE 4 TO CALLER.
MOVE REFER TO REFER.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO REFER.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-MINT-V005:
* RETLOC
*

CALL-HINT-V005.
MOVE 5 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-HINT-V006:
* SIMON
* SINOF
*

CALL-HINT-V006.
MOVE 6 TO CALLER.
IF FUNCTION = 'SINON'.
PERFORM SYS-SINON THRU SYS-SINON-EXIT.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
IF FUNCTION = 'SINOF'.
PERFORM SYS-SINOF THRU SYS-SINOF-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

HINT-RETURN.
* RETRANSFER PARAMETER VALUES
MOVE STAT TO BSTAT.
MOVE VARFA TO BVAREA.
HINT-EXIT.
EXIT PROGRAM.

* SUBROUTINES FOR MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION:

SYS-SINON.
* CONNECT INTO MESSAGE SYSTEM:
CONNECT-INTO-SYSTEM.
CALL *COMN* USING
TOID FROMID MSTAT.
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
PERFORM *SYSTEMERR
GO TO HINT-EXIT.
SYS-SINON-EXIT. EXIT.

SYS-SINOF.
* DISCONNECT FROM SYSTEM:
SYS-DISCONNECT.
CALL *DISC* USING TOID MSTAT.
SYS-SINOF-EXIT. EXIT.

CALL-BIN1.
* CALL THE MESSAGE SYSTEM FOR BUFFER IO:
CALL-BIN1.
CALL *STND* USING TOID BUF1
MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY
*HINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN,
UPON CRLF
GO TO CALL-BIN1
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM HSYSERR
GO TO HINT-EXIT.
CALL-BIN12.
* RECEIVE REPLY FROM BACK END:
CALL *RCEV* USING TOID BUF1

MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 32 THEN DISPLAY
*HINT: INIT OUT-- WILL RCV AGAIN,
UPON CRT
GO TO CALL-BIN12
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PFKFORU MSYSERRUR GO TO HINT-LXIT.
CALL-LXIT. EXIT.

MSYSERRUR.
* FATAL MESSAGE SYSTEM ERROR;
DISPLAY *HINT: MESSAGE SYS ERROR-- REQUEST ABORTED, UPON CRT.
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.

*
* APPENDIX L *
*

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. HINI.

REMARKS. •HINI• IS THE HOST INTERFACE DBMS PROGRAM.
THE UATHAS PARAMETERS ARE PACKED INTO DATA
BUFFERS: BUF1 • WHICH ARE THEN PASSED
TO •BINT• THE BACKEND DBMS INTERFACE.

•BINT• EXECUTES THE PHYSICAL CALL AND RETURNS THE RESULTS.

* THIS VERSION DESIGNED FOR 8/32 TO 8/32 INTERTASK COMMUNICATION

ACTIVE DATABASE PARAMETERS USED BY THE
PROGRAM ARE:

FUNCTION

STAT

FILE-NAME

REFLN

LINKPATH

CTRL-FIELD

VELEMENTS

VAREA.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODELL-8-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

DATA DIVISION.

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS FOR IRELAND'S INTERFACE:

77 FROMID PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABRD'.
77 TOLD PIC X(4) VALUE 'ADUQ'.
77 RSTAT PIC Y(4) USAGE COMP.

* PARAMETER BUFFER FOR INTERFACE CALL

U1 BUFI.
 03 CALLER PIC 9.
 03 FUNCTION PIC X(5).
 03 STAT PIC X(4).
 03 FILE-NAME PIC X(4).
 03 REFER PIC X(4).
 03 LINKPATH PIC X(8).
 03 CTRL-FIELD PIC X(9).
 03 VELMENTS PIC X(60).

 03 VARIA PIC X(32).

LINKAGE SECTION.

* INPUT PARAMETERS

77 BFUNCTION PIC X(5).
77 BSAT PIC X(4).
77 BFILE-NAME PIC X(4).
77 BREFER PIC X(4).
77 BLINKPATH PIC X(8).
77 BCIRL PIC X(9).
77 BVTLRL PIC X(60).

77 BVARLA
77 BENO
PIC X(32).
PIC X(4).

PROCEDURE DIVISION USING
BFUNCTION BSTAT BFILNAME BREFER
BLINKPATH BCTRL BFILEN BVARLA BENO.

* MOVE PARAMETER ELEMENTS INTO BUFFER
MOVE BFUNCTION TO FUNCTION.
MOVE BFILNAME TO FILE-NAME.
MOVE BVARLA TO VAREA.

HINT-CALL-SELECT.
* DETERMINE TYPE OF CALL

IF FUNCTION = *READ* OR
FUNCTION = *READR* OR
FUNCTION = *READD* OR
FUNCTION = *WRITV* OR
FUNCTION = *DELVD* OR
FUNCTION = *ADDVC* OR
FUNCTION = *ADDA* OR
FUNCTION = *ADDVB*
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V001

ELSE IF FUNCTION = *READW* OR
FUNCTION = *WRITW* OR
FUNCTION = *ADDW* OR
FUNCTION = *DELW*
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V002

ELSE IF FUNCTION = *RDVXT*
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V003

```

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'MARKL' OR
FUNCTION = 'QUIE'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V004

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'PROLOC'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V005

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'SINON' OR
FUNCTION = 'SINOF'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V006

* ELSE AN INVALID CALL:
*   ELSE MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT
*   GO TO HINT-EXIT.

*****CALL-HINT-V001*****
*
*   READV
*   RLADR
*   RLALD
*   WRITV
*   DTLVD
*   ADDVC
*   ADDVA
*   ADDVls
*
*****CALL-HINT-V001*****
MOVE 1 TO CALLER
MOVE BREFR TO REFLR

```

MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELEM TO VLEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BLINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-HINT-V002:
* READIN
* WRITIN
* AUDIT
* DELIN
*

CALL-HINT-V002.
MOVE 2 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELEM TO VLEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BLINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-HINT-V003:
* READIN
*

CALL-HINI-V003.
MOVE 3 TO CALLER.
MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO FINI-RETURN.

* CALL-HINI-V004:
* MARKL
* GUICI
* *****

CALL-HINI-V004.
MOVE 4 TO CALLER.
MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO FINI-RETURN.

* CALL-HINI-V005:
* KLUOC
* *****

CALL-HINI-VOUS.
MOVE 5 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* * CALL-HINT-VOUSE:
* SINON
* SINOF
*

CALL-HINI-VOUE.
MOVE 6 TO CALLER.
IF FUNCTION = 'SINON'
 PERFORM SYS-SINON THRU SYS-SINON-EXIT.
 PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
IF FUNCTION = 'SINOF'
 PERFORM SYS-SINOF THRU SYS-SINOF-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

HINT-RETURN.
* RETRANSFER PARAMETER VALUES
 MOVE STAT TO BSTAT.
 MOVE VARA TO BVAREA.
HINT-EXIT.
 EXIT PROGRAM.

* SUBROUTINES FOR MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION:

SYS-SINON.
* CONNECT INTO MESSAGE SYSTEM:
CONNECT-INNO-SYSTEM.
CALL *CONN* USING
TOID FROMID MSTAT.
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERU
PERFORM MYSYSERROR
GO TO HINT-EXIT.
SYS-SINON-EXIT. EXIT.

SYS-SINOF.
* DISCONNECT FROM SYSTEM:
SYS-DISCONNECT.
CALL *DISC* USING
TOID MSTAT.
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM MYSYSERROR.
SYS-SINOF-EXIT. EXIT.

CALL-BIN1.
* CALL THE MESSAGE SYSTEM FOR BUFFER 10:
CALL-BIN1.
CALL *SEND* USING TOID BUF1
MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY
HINT: TIME OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN
UPON CRI
GO TO CALL-BIN1.
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM MYSYSERROR
CALL-BIN12.
* RECEIVE REPLY FROM BACK END:

```
CALL *RECV* USING IODD BUFI  
    MSTAT.  
IF MSTAT = 32 THEN DISPLAY  
    *HINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL RECV AGAIN*  
UPON CRT  
GO TO CALL-BIN12  
ELSE  
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM MYSERROR GO TO HINT-EXIT.  
CALL-EXIT. EXIT.  
  
MYSERROR.  
* FATAL MESSAGE SYSTEM ERROR:  
DISPLAY *HINT: MESSAGE SYS ERROR-- REQUEST ABORTED* UPON CRT.  
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.
```

* * APPENDIX A * *
* *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. BINT.
REMARKS. BINT IS THE HOST INTERFACE DBMS PROGRAM.

THE DATABASE PARAMETERS ARE PACKED INTO DATA

BUFFERS: BUF1 WHICH ARE THEN PASSED

TO BINT, THE BACKEND DBMS INTERFACE.

BINT EXECUTES THE PHYSICAL CALL AND RETURNS THE RESULTS.

* THIS VERSION DESIGNED FOR 8/32 TO 370 INTERTASK COMMUNICATION

*

ACTIVE DATABASE PARAMETERS USED BY THE
PROGRAM ARE:

FUNCTION

STAR

FILE-NAME

REFER

LINKPATH

CTRL-FIELD

VELEMENTS

VAREA.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-B-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-B-52.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

DATA DIVISION.

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* MESSAGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS FOR IRELAND'S INTERFACE:
 77 FROMID PIC X(4) VALUE 'ABTP'.
 77 BSIAI PIC 9(4) USAGE COMP.
 77 TOLD PIC 9(9) COMP-5 VALUE 424104010.*

* PARAMETER BUFFER FOR INTERFACE CALL

01 BUFL1.
 03 CALLER PIC 9.*
 03 FUNCTION PIC X(5).
 03 STAT PIC X(4).
 03 FILE-NAME PIC X(4).
 03 REFER PIC X(4).
 03 LINKPATH PIC X(8).
 03 CTRL-FIELD PIC X(9).
 03 VLEMENTIS PIC X(60).
 03 VARLKA PIC X(82).*

LINKAGE SECTION.

* INPUT PARAMETERS

77 BF-UNCTION PIC X(5).
77 BSIAI PIC X(4).
77 BF-FILE-NAME PIC X(4).
77 BUFL1 PIC X(4).
77 DLINKPATH PIC X(9).
77 CTRL PIC X(9).
77 BVLLER PIC X(60).*

77 BVAREA
77 BEND
PIC X(82).
PIC X(4).

PROCEDURE DIVISION USING
BFUNCTION BSTAT BFILE-NAME BFER
BLINKPATH BCTRL BVLEM BVAREA BEND.

* MOVE PARAMETER ELEMENTS INTO BUFFER
MOVE BFUNCTION TO FUNCTION.
MOVE BFILE-NAME TO FILE-NAME.
MOVE BVAREA TO VAREA.

HINT-CALL-SELECT.
* DETERMINE TYPE OF CALL

IF FUNCTION = 'READV' OR
FUNCTION = 'READR' OR
FUNCTION = 'READU' OR
FUNCTION = 'WRITV' OR
FUNCTION = 'DELVU' OR
FUNCTION = 'ADDVC' OR
FUNCTION = 'ADVA' OR
FUNCTION = 'ADDVB'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINI-V001

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'READW' OR
FUNCTION = 'WRITW' OR
FUNCTION = 'ADD-W' OR
FUNCTION = 'DEL-W'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINI-V002

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'RDWXL'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINI-V003

```

USE IF FUNCTION = 'MARKL' OR
FUNCTION = 'QUIET'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V004

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'KLOC'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V005

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'TOTAL'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V006

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'DEQUE'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V007

ELSE IF FUNCTION = 'OPENH' OR
FUNCTION = 'CLOSEH'
THEN GO TO CALL-HINT-V008

* ELSE AN INVALID CALL:
* ELSE MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT
* GO TO HINT-EXIT.

```

```

* CALL-HINT-V001:
* READV
* READR
* READD
* WRITV
* DLEVD
* ADDVC
* ADDVA
* ADDVB

```

* *****

CALL-HINI-V001.
MOVE 1 TO CALLER.
MOVE BREFER TO REFER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BREFER.
GO TO HINI-RETURN.

* *****

* CALL-HINI-V002:
* READIN
* WRITE
* ADD-IN
* DEL-IN
*

* *****

CALL-HINI-V002.
MOVE 2 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCTRL TO CTRL-FIELD.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINI-RETURN.

* *****

* CALL-MINT-V003:
* RNNX1

* *****

CALL-MINI-V003.
MOVE 5 TO CALLER.
MOVE BKEFER TO REFER.
MOVE BVELEM TO VELEMENTS.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BKEFER.
GO TO HLT-RETURN.

* CALL-MINT-V004:
* MARKL
* JUIE1
* *****

CALL-MINI-V004.
MOVE 4 TO CALLER.
MOVE BKEFER TO REFER.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
MOVE REFER TO BKEFER.
GO TO HLT-KL-FUKU.

* CALL-HINT-V005:
* KULOC

CALL-HINT-V005.
MOVE 5 TO CALLER.
MOVE BCTBL TO CTRL-FIELD.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-HINT-V006:
* TOTAL

CALL-HINT-V006.
MOVE 6 TO CALLER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
MOVE BCTBL TO CTRL-FIELD.
PERFORM SYS-SINON THRU SYS-SINON-EXIT.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* CALL-HINT-V007:

* D500T

* *****

CALL-HINT-V007.
MOVE 7 TO CALLER.
MOVE BLINKPATH TO LINKPATH.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
PERFORM SYS-SINOF THRU SYS-SINOF-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

* *****

* CALL-HINT-V008:
OPEN
CLOSE

* *****

CALL-HINT-V008.
MOVE 8 TO CALLER.
PERFORM CALL-BINT THRU CALL-EXIT.
GO TO HINT-RETURN.

HINT-RETURN.

* RETRANSFER PARAMETER VALUES
MOVE STAF TO BSTAT.
MOVE VAREA TO BAREA.
HINT-EXIT.
EXIT PROGRAM.

* SUBROUTINES FOR MESSAGE SYSTEM COMMUNICATION:

SYS-SINON.

* CONNECT INTO MESSAGE SYSTEM:
CONNECT-INTO-SYSTEM.
CALL 'CONN' USING
TOID FROMIO MSTAT.
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO
PERFORM MYSERROR
GO TO HINT-EXIT.
SYS-SINON-EXIT. EXIT.

SYS-SINOF.

* DISCONNECT FROM SYSTEM:
SYS-DISCONNECT.
CALL 'DISC' USING
TOID MSTAT.
SYS-SINOF-EXIT. EXIT.

CALL-BINT1.

* CALL THE MESSAGE SYSTEM FOR BUFFER 10:
CALL-BINT1.
CALL 'SEND' USING
TOID BUF1
MSTAT.
IF MSTAT = 29 THEN DISPLAY
'HINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL SEND AGAIN'
UPON CRT
GO TO CALL-BINT1
ELSE
IF MSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM MYSERROR
GO TO HINT-EXIT.
CALL-BINT2.
* REACTIVE REPLY FROM BACK END:

```
CALL *RECV* USING IOU BUFI  
VSTAT.  
IF VSTAT = 32 THEN DISPLAY  
*HINT: TIMED OUT-- WILL RECV AGAIN*  
UPON CRT  
GO TO CALL-BINT2  
ELSE  
IF VSTAT NOT EQUAL ZERO PERFORM MSYSERROR GO TO HINT-EXIT.  
CALL-EXIT.  
CALL-BINT2.
```

MSYSERROR.

* FATAL MESSAGE SYSTEM ERROR:
DISPLAY *HINT: MESSAGE SYS ERROR-- REQUEST ABORTED* UPON CRT.
MOVE 'XXXX' TO STAT.

* APPENDIX N *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. LOADPEOP.
REMARKS. •LOADPEOP• IS THE APPLICATION PROGRAM WHICH ACCESSES
THE DATA BASE PERSON ON THE INTERDATA 7/32 THROUGH THE
DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
CONFIGURATION SECTION.
SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.
SPECIAL-NAMES.
C01 IS TOP-OF-PAGE.
INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
FILL-CONTROL.
SELECT PRINT-OUT ASSIGN TO LU02-PRINTER.

DATA DIVISION.
FILE SECTION.
FD PRINT-OUT
DATA RECORD IS PEOP-PERS-OUT.
01 PEOP-PERS-OUT.
05 CARRIAGECON
05 INDATA
05 OUTDATA
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* * TOTAL PARAMETERS AND I/O RECORD STRUCTURES.
*
* 77 FUNCTION
77 STAT
77 PEUP
77 PERS
77 SINON
77 SINFOF
77 ENDP
77 PEOP-DATA
* ADDRPEOPTLCPPEOPHIKEPEOPBIRTPEOPSOSEND.

PIC X(5).
PIC X(4) VALUE '****'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'PEOP'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'PERS'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'SINON'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'SINFOF'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
PIC X(6) VALUE 'PEOPCTRLPEOPNAMEPEOP'.
-

77 PERS-DATA
*EXPRDATAEND.

77 ENUMBER
77 DUMMY1
77 DUMMY2
77 DUMMY3
77 DUMMY4
77 REFERENCE
77 LK-PATH
77 FIRST-REALV
01 PEOP-IN.
 05 PEOP-NUM
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-NAM
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-AUR
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-TEL
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-MIK
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-BRT
 05 FILLER
 05 PEOP-SOC
 05 FILLER
01 PERS-IN.
 05 PEKS-EMP-NO
 05 FILLER
 05 PERS-DATE
 05 FILLER
 05 PERS-CODE
 05 FILLER
 05 PERS-PERSONAL
 05 PEOP-RECORD
 05 XNUMBER
PIC X(60) VALUE 'PERSPEOPPEKSSTKPEKS'
PIC X(9).
PIC X(4) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(8) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(9) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(60) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(4).
PIC X(8) VALUE 'PEOPLKE'.
PIC X(3).
PIC X(6).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(25).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(20).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(10).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(6).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(6).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(9).
PIC X(6).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(6).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(2).
PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
PIC X(21).
PIC X(6).
N=2

```

05 NAME          PIC X(25).
05 ADDRESS       PIC X(20).
05 TELEPHONE    PIC X(10).
05 HIRE-DATE    PIC X(6).
05 BIRTH-DATE   PIC X(6).
05 SUC-NUMB     PIC X(9).

01 PERS-RECORD.
  05 EMP-NO      PIC X(6).
  05 DATE-STARTED
  05 EXPERIENCE-CODE
  05 PERSONAL-DATA
  05 FILLER      PIC X(21).
  05 FILLER      PIC X(47) VALUE SPACES.

01 PRINT-LINE.
  05 FILLER      PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 DATA1       PIC X(5).
  05 FILLER      PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 DATA2       PIC X(4).
  01 PRINT-COMMAND.
  05 FILLER      PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 COMP        PIC X(5).
  05 FILLER      PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 NUMB        PIC 9(3).

01 INPUT-COMMAND.
  05 COMMAND     PIC X(5).
  05 NO-TIMES    PIC X(5).
  01 SCHEMA.
    03 TASKIU    PIC X(8) VALUE 'LOADPEOP'.
    03 DBMODU    PIC X(6) VALUE 'PERSON'.
    03 AMODEU    PIC X(6) VALUE 'UPDATE'.
    03 LOGOPT    PIC XX   VALUE 'NL'.
    03 KRALH-1.
    03 FILE-1    PIC X(4) VALUE 'PEOP'.
    03 MOUE-1    PIC X(4) VALUE 'PRIV'.
    03 STAT-1    PIC X(4) VALUE SPACES.

```

```

U3 RLALM-2.
  U5 FILE-2      PIC X(4) VALUE 'PLRS'.
  U5 MODE-2      PIC X(4) VALUE 'PRIV'.
  U5 STAT-2      PIC X(4) VALUE SPACES.
  U3 FILLER      PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
  U3 FILLER      PIC X(32) VALUE SPACES.

PROCEDURE DIVISION.
SIGN-ON.

*   SIGN ON TO THE DATA BASE IMMEDIATELY.

*   OPEN OUTPUT PRINT-OUT.
CALL 'HINT' USING SINON STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY1 DUMMY2
DUMMY3 DUMMY4 SCHEMA ENDP.
IF STAT IS EQUAL TO '****' THEN GO TO GET-COMMAND.
MOVE SINON TO DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PEOP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PEOP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
GO TO CLOSE-EM.
GET-COMMAND.

*   MAIN LOOP - ACCEPTS USER DATA BASE FUNCTION COMMANDS.

*   DISPLAY 'ENTER 5 CHARACTER COMMAND.' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT COMMAND FROM CRT.
DISPLAY 'ENTER 3 DIGIT NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS.' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT NO-TIMES FROM CRT.
MOVE COMMAND TO COMM.
MOVE NO-TIMES TO NUMB.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PRINT-COMMAND TO INDATA.

```

DISPLAY PLOP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
 WRITE PEOP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING TOP-OF-PAGE.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'CEASE' THEN GO TO CLOSE-EM.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'ADD-M' OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO
 'READ-M' OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'DEL-M' OR COMMAND
 IS EQUAL TO 'WRIT-M' THEN PERFORM MASTER-TRANS
 THRU MASTER-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'READV' OR COMMAND IS EQUAL
 TO 'UELVD' OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'ADVC' OR
 COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'WRITV' THEN PERFORM
 VARIABLE-TRANS THRU VARIABLE-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
 GO TO GET-COMMAND.
 MASTER-TRANS.
 * * * * *

ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE MASTER DATA BASE FILE
 TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
 * * * * *

DISPLAY *ENTER 6 DIGIT EMPLOYEE NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT XNUMBER FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 25 CHARACTER NAME.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT NAME FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 20 CHARACTER ADDRESS.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT XADDRESS FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 10 DIGIT TELEPHONE NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT TELEPHONE FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 6 DIGIT HIRE DATE.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT HIRE-DATE FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 6 DIGIT BIRTH DATE.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT BIRTH-DATE FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 9 DIGIT SSN.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT SOC-NUMB FROM CRT.
 MOVE XNUMBER TO PEOP-NUM.
 MOVE NAME TO PLOP-NAM.
 MOVE XADDRESS TO PEUP-ADR.

```

MOVE TELEPHONE TO PEOP-TEL.
MOVE HIRE-DATE TO PEOP-HIR.
MOVE BIRTH-DATE TO PEOP-BRT.
MOVE SOC-NUMB TO PEOP-SOC.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PEOP-IN TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PEOP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PEOP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
MOVE XNUMBER TO ENUMBER.
MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
CALL *HINT* USING FUNCTION STAT PEOP DUMMY1 DUMMY2 ENUMBER
PEOP-DATA PEOP-RECORD ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO *****, THEN PERFORM STOP1
GO TO MASTER-EXIT.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *READ*, THEN MOVE XNUMBER TO PEOP-NUM
MOVE NAME TO PEOP-NAM
MOVE ADDRESS TO PEOP-ADR
MOVE TELEPHONE TO PEOP-TEL
MOVE HIRE-DATE TO PEOP-HIR
MOVE BIRTH-DATE TO PEOP-BRT
MOVE SOC-NUMB TO PEOP-SOC
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE PEOP-IN TO INDATA
DISPLAY PEOP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE PEOP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
MASTER-EXIT.
VARIABLE-TRANS.

* ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE VARIABLE DATA BASE FILE
* TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
*
DISPLAY *ENTER 6 DIGIT EMPLOYEE NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT ENP-NO FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 6 CHARACTER DATE STARTED,* UPON CRT.

```

ACCEPT DATE-STARTED FROM CRT.
DISPLAY 'ENTER 2 CHARACTER EXPERIENCE CODE.' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT EXPERIENCE-CODE FROM CRT.
DISPLAY 'ENTER 21 CHARACTER PERSONAL DATA.' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT PERSONAL-DATA FROM CRT.
MOVE EMP-NO TO PERS-EMP-NO.
MOVE DATE-STARTED TO PERS-DATE.
MOVE EXPERIENCE-CODE TO PERS-CODE.
MOVE PERSONAL-DATA TO PERS-PERSONAL.
MOVE * * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PERS-IN TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PEEP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PEEP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
DISPLAY 'READING 1ST RECORD IN CHAIN ?' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT FIRST-READY FROM CRT.
MOVE * * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE FIRST-READY TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PEEP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PEEP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF FIRST-READY IS EQUAL TO 'YES' THEN MOVE 'LKPE'
TO REFERENCE.
MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
MOVE EMP-NO TO ENUMBER.
CALL 'INIT' USING FUNCTION STAT PERS REFERENCE LK-PATH
ENUMBER PERS-DATA PERS-RECORD ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO '****' THEN PERFORM STOP1
GO TO VARIABLE-EXIT.
IF REFERENCE IS EQUAL TO 'END' THEN DISPLAY 'END OF CHAIN.'
UPON CRT
MOVE 'END' OF CHAIN. TO INDATA
WRITE PEEP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'READY' AND REFERENCE IS NOT
EQUAL TO 'END' THEN MOVE EMP-NO TO PERS-EMP-NO
MOVE DATE-STARTED TO PERS-DATA

```
MOVE EXPERIENCE-CODE TO PERS-CODE
MOVE PERSONAL-DATA TO PERS-PERSONAL
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE PERS-IN TO INDATA
DISPLAY PEEP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE PEEP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
VARIABLE-EXIT. EXIT.
STOP1.

* * DISPLAY ERROR STATUS RETURNED BY DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE
* MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

* MOVE FUNCTION IU DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
DISPLAY PEEP-PERS-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PEEP-PERS-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
CLOSE-EM.

* * SIGN OFF OF THE DATA BASE AND TERMINATE EXECUTION.
* CALL 'HINP' USING SINOF STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY2
DUMMY3 DUMMY4 SCHEMA ENDP.
CLOSE PRINT-OUT.
STOP RUN.
```

* *
* APPENDIX O *
* *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. LOADSTUD.

REMARKS. 'LOADSTUD' IS THE APPLICATION PROGRAM WHICH ACCESSES
THE DATA BASE STUDENT ON THE INTERDATA 8/32 THROUGH
THE DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.

OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL-8-32.

SPECIAL-NAMES.

C01 IS TOP-OF-PAGE.

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

FILE-CONTROL.

SELECT PRINT-OUT ASSIGN TO LU02-PRINTER.

DATA DIVISION.

FILE SECTION.

FD PRINT-OUT

DATA RECORD IS STUD-CRSE-OUT.
01 STUD-CRSE-OUT.

05 CARRIAGECON

PIC X.
05 INDATA

PIC X(132).
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* TOTAL PARAMETERS AND I/O RECORD STRUCTURES.

* 77 FUNCTION

PIC X(5).
77 S1AT
77 S1UD
77 CRSE
77 SINON
77 SINOF
77 LNUP
77 STUD-DATA
PIC X(4) VALUE '*****'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'STUD'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'CRSE'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'SINON'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'SINOF'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
PIC X(60) VALUE 'STUDCTR STUDNAMESTUD
*' STARS STUDCRSE STUDYEARNU .

77 CRSE-DATA

 NRBRCRSELINOCRSLTOREREHORSCRSEGRADEND.
 77 SNUMBER

 77 DUMMY1

 77 DUMMY2

 77 DUMMY3

 77 DUMMY4

 77 REFERENCE

 77 LK-PATH

 77 FIRST-READY

 01 STUD-IN.

 05 STUD-NUM

 05 FILLER

 05 STUD-JAM

 05 FILLER

 05 STUD-STR

 05 FILLER

 05 STUD-YER

 05 STUD-YEK

 PIC X(60) VALUE 'CRSESTUDOCKSENAMECRSE'
 PIC X(9).*

 PIC X(4) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(8) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(9) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(60) VALUE SPACES.
 PIC X(4).*

 PIC X(8) VALUE 'STUDLKCR'*.
 PIC X(3).*

 PIC X(9).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(25).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(6).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(6).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(4).*

 PIC X(9).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(30).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(6).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(4).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
 01 CRSE-IN.

 05 CRSE-STUD-NO

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-NAME

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-NUMBER

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-LINE-NO

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-TAKEN-OR-LNR

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-HOURS

 05 FILLER

 05 CRSE-GRADE

 PIC X(9).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

 PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.

 PIC X(1).*

```

01 STUD-RECORD.
  05 STNUMBER          PIC X(9).
  05 NAME              PIC X(25).
  05 DATE-STARTED     PIC X(6).
  05 DATE-TO-GRAD     PIC X(6).
  05 YEAR              PIC X(4).
  05 FILLER            PIC X(32) VALUE SPACES.

01 CRSE-RECORD.
  05 STUD-NO           PIC X(9).
  05 COURSE-NAME       PIC X(30).
  05 COURSE-NUMBER     PIC X(6).
  05 LINE-NO            PIC X(4).
  05 TAKEN-OR-ENROLLED PIC X(1).
  05 HOURS             PIC X(1).
  05 GRADE              PIC X(1).
  05 FILLER            PIC X(30) VALUE SPACES.

01 PRINT-LINE.
  05 FILLER            PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 DATA1             PIC X(5).
  05 FILLER            PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 DATA2             PIC X(4).

01 PRINT-COMMAND.
  05 FILLER            PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 COMM               PIC X(5).
  05 FILLER            PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
  05 NUMB               PIC 9(3).

01 INPUT-COMMAND.
  05 COMMAND            PIC X(5).
  05 NO-TIMES           PIC 9(3).

01 SCHEMA.
  05 TASKID             PIC X(8) VALUE 'LOADSTUD'.
  05 DBMODULE            PIC X(6) VALUE 'STUUNT'.
  03 AMODED              PIC X(6) VALUE 'UPDATE'.

```

```

U3 LOGOUT      PIC XX VALUE 'NL'.
U3 REALM-1.
05 FILE-1
05 MODE-1
05 STAT-1
U3 REALM-2.
05 FILE-2
05 MODE-2
05 STAT-2
U3 FILLER
U3 FILLER
PIC X(32) VALUE SPACES.

```

PROCEDURE DIVISION.
SIGN-ON.

```

* SIGN ON TO THE DATA BASE IMMEDIATELY.
*
OPEN OUTPUT PRIN1-OUT.
CALL 'HINT' USING SINON STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY2
DUMMY3 DUMMY4 SCHEMA ENDP.
IF STAT IS EQUAL TO '***', THEN GO TO GET-COMMAND.
MOVE SINON TO DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
GO TO CLOSE-EM.
GET-COMMAND.

```

```

* MAIN LOOP - ACCEPTS USER DATA BASE FUNCTION COMMANDS.
*

```

```

DISPLAY 'ENTER 5 CHARACTER COMMAND.' UPON CRT.
ACCEPT COMMAND FROM CRT.
DISPLAY 'ENTER 3 DIGIT NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS.' UPON CRT.

```

ACCEPT NO-TIMES FROM CRT.
 MOVE COMMAND TO COMM.
 MOVE NO-TIMES TO NUMB.
 MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
 MOVE PRINT-COMMAND TO INDATA.
 DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
 WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING TOP-OF-PAGE.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *CEASE*, THEN GO TO CLOSE-EM.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *ADD-M* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO
 READ-M OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *DEL-M* OR COMMAND
 IS EQUAL TO *WRITW* THEN PERFORM MASTER-TRANS
 THRU MASTER-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *READY* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL
 TO *DELV*D* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *ADVC* OR
 COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *WRITV* THEN PERFORM
 VARIABLE-TRANS THRU VARIABLE-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
 GO TO GET-COMMAND.
 MASTER-TRANS.
 * * ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE MASTER DATA BASE FILE
 * TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
 *
 DISPLAY *ENTER 9 DIGIT STUDENT NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT STNUMBER FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 25 CHARACTER NAME.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT NAME FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 6 CHARACTER DATE STARTED.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT DATE-STARTED FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 6 DIGIT DATE TO GRADUATE.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT DATE-TO-GRAD FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 4 CHARACTER YEAR IN SCHOOL.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT YEAR FROM CRT.
 MOVE STNUMBER TO STUD-NUM.
 MOVE NAME TO STUD-NAM.

```

MOVE DATE-STARTED TO STUD-STR.
MOVE DATE-TO-GRAD TO STUD-GRD.
MOVE YEAR TO STUD-YER.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE STUD-IN TO INDATA.
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
WHITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
MOVE STUD-NUMBER TO SNUMBER.
MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
CALL 'HANT' USING FUNCTION STAT STUD DUMMY1 DUMMY2 SNUMBER
STUD-DATA STUD-RECORD ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO *****, THEN PERFORM STOP1
GO TO MASTER-EXIT.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'READ', THEN MOVE STUD-NUMBER TO STUD-NUM
MOVE NAME TO STUD-NAME
MOVE DATE-STARTED TO STUD-STR
MOVE DATE-TO-GRAD TO STUD-GRD
MOVE YEAR TO STUD-YER
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE STUD-IN TO INDATA
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT
WHITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
MASTER-EXIT.
VARIABLE-TRANS.

* ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE VARIABLE DATA BASE FILE
* TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
*
DISPLAY *ENTER 9 DIGIT STUDENT NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT STUD-NO FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 30 CHARACTER COURSE NAME.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT COURSE-NAME FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 6 CHARACTER COURSE NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT COURSE-NUMBER FROM CRT.

```

```

DISPLAY *ENTER 4 CHARACTER LINE NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT LINE-NO FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 1 CHARACTER TAKEN OR ENROLLED CODE.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT TAKEN-OR-ENROLLED FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 1 CHARACTER NUMBER OF HOURS.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT HOURS FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 1 CHARACTER COURSE GRADE.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT GRADE FROM CRT.
MOVE STUD-NO TO CRSE-STUD-NO.
MOVE COURSE-NAME TO CRSE-NAME.
MOVE COURSE-NUMBER TO CRSE-NUMBER.
MOVE LINE-NO TO CRSE-LINE-NO.
MOVE TAKEN-OR-ENROLLED TO CRSE-TAKEN-OK-ENR.
MOVE HOURS TO CRSE-HOURS.
MOVE GRADE TO CRSE-GRADE.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE CRSL-IN TO INDATA.
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
DISPLAY *READING 1ST RECORD IN CHAIN ?* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT FIRST-READY FROM CRT.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE FIRST-READY TO INDATA.
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF FIRST-READY IS EQUAL TO *YES* THEN MOVE *LKCR* TO REFERENCE.
MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
MOVE STUD-NO TO SNUMBER.
CALL *HIFT* USING FUNCTION STAT CRSE REFERENCE LK-PATH
SNUMBER CRSE-DATA CRSE-RECORD ENDUP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO **** THEN PERFORM STOP1
GO TO VARIABLE-EXIT.
IF REFERENCE IS EQUAL TO *END* THEN DISPLAY *END OF CHAIN.*
```

```

UPON CRT
MOVE *END OF CHAIN* TO INDATA
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *READY* AND REFERENCE IS NOT
EQUAL TO *END* THEN MOVE STUD-NO TO CRSE-STUD-NO
MOVE COURSE-NAME TO CRSE-NAME
MOVE COURSE-NUMBER TO CRSE-NUMBER
MOVE LINE-NO TO CRSE-LINE-NO
MOVE TAKEN-OR-ENROLLED TO CRSE-TAKEN-OR-ENR
MOVE HOURS TO CRSE-HOURS
MOVE GRADE TO CRSE-GRADE
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE CRSE-IN TO INDATA
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
VARIABLE-EXIT. EXIT.
STOP1.

* DISPLAY ERROR STATUS RETURNED BY DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE
* MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.
*
MOVE FUNCTION TO DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
DISPLAY STUD-CRSE-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE STUD-CRSE-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
CLOSE-EM.

* SIGN OFF OF DATA BASE AND TERMINATE.
*
CALL *HINT* USING SINFOF STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY1 DUMMY2
DUMMY3 DUMMY4 SCHEMA ENDP.
CLOSE PRINT-OUT.

```

U-9

SIUP RUN.

* * APPENDIX P *
* *

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. LOADPART.

REMARKS. *LOADPART* IS THE APPLICATION PROGRAM WHICH ACCESSES
THE DATA BASE PIECES ON THE IBM/370 THROUGH THE DISTRIBUTED
DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL=8-32.
OBJECT-COMPUTER. INTERDATA MODEL=8-32.
SPECIAL-NAMES.

C01 IS TOP-OF-PAGE.

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.

FILE-CONTROL.
SELECT PRINT-OUT ASSIGN TO LU02-PRINTER.
DATA DIVISION.

FILE SECTION.

FD PART-OUT

DATA RECORD IS PART-SUPPL-OUT.
01 PART-SUPPL-OUT.

05 CARRIAGECON

PIC X.
05 INDATA
PIC X(132).

WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.

* TOTAL PARAMETERS AND I/O STRUCTURES.

* 77 FUNCTION
77 SIAI
77 PART
77 SUPPL
77 TOTAL
77 OPENM
77 CLOSEM
77 DEQUE
77 ENDP
PIC X(5).
PIC X(4) VALUE '*****'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'PART'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'SUPPL'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'TOTAL'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'OPENM'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'CLOSEM'.
PIC X(5) VALUE 'DEQUE'.
PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
P-1

```

77 DUMMOU          PIC X(9) VALUE 'PIECES'.
77 TASKNAME        PIC X(8) VALUE 'LOADPART'.
77 PTNUMBER        PIC X(9).
77 DUMMY1          PIC X(4) VALUE SPACES.
77 DUMMY2          PIC X(8) VALUE SPACES.
77 DUMMY3          PIC X(9) VALUE SPACES.
77 DUMMY4          PIC X(60) VALUE SPACES.
77 DUMMY5          PIC X(82) VALUE SPACES.
77 REFERENCE       PIC X(4).
77 LK-PATH         PIC X(8) VALUE 'PARTLKSU'.
77 FIRST-REALV    PIC X(3).
01 PART-IN.
05 PART-NUM        PIC X(9).
05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
05 PART-NAM        PIC X(25).
05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
05 PART-DES        PIC X(30).
01 SUPL-IN.
05 PART-SUPL-NO   PIC X(9).
05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
05 SUPL-NAME       PIC X(25) VALUE SPACES.
05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
05 SUPL-ADR        PIC X(20).
05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
05 SUPL-TEL        PIC X(10).
01 PART-RECORD.
05 PNUMBER         PIC X(9).
05 PNAME           PIC X(25).
05 PDESC            PIC X(30).
05 FILLER          PIC X(18) VALUE SPACES.
01 SUPL-RECORD.
05 SNUMBER         PIC X(9).
05 SNAME           PIC X(25).
05 ADDRESS          PIC X(20).

```

```

05 SIELEPHONE          PIC X(10).*
05 FILLER              PIC X(10) VALUE SPACES.

01 PRINT-LINE.
    05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
    05 DATA1            PIC X(5).
    05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
    05 DATA2            PIC X(4).

01 PRINT-COMMAND.
    05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
    05 COMM             PIC X(5).
    05 FILLER          PIC X(5) VALUE SPACES.
    05 NUMB             PIC 9(3).

01 INPUT-COMMAND.
    05 COMMAND          PIC X(5).
    05 NO-TIMES         PIC 9(3).

01 PAKI-DATA.
    05 PARTCTRL         PIC X(8) VALUE 'PARTCTRL'.
    03 PARTNAME         PIC X(8) VALUE 'PARTNAME'.
    03 PARTDESC         PIC X(8) VALUE 'PARTDESC'.
    03 ENDS              PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
    03 FILLER           PIC X(32) VALUE SPACES.

01 SUPPL-DATA.
    03 SUPLPART         PIC X(8) VALUE 'SUPLPART'.
    03 SUPLNAME         PIC X(8) VALUE 'SUPLNAME'.
    03 SUPLADDR         PIC X(8) VALUE 'SUPLADDR'.
    03 SUPLTLE          PIC X(8) VALUE 'SUPLTE'.
    03 ENDS              PIC X(4) VALUE 'END'.
    03 FILLER           PIC X(24) VALUE SPACES.

PROCEDURE DIVISION.
SIGN-ON.
*      SIGN ON AND OPEN UP THE DATA BASE IMMEDIATELY.
*      OPEN OUTPUT PRINT-OUT.

```

```

CALL 'HINT' USING TOTAL STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY2 DUMMY3
DBMOD DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.
IF STAT IS EQUAL TO '****' THEN GO TO OPEN-UP.
MOVE TOTAL TO DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
GO TO THATS-IT.

OPEN-UP.
CALL 'HINT' USING OPENM STAT PART DUMMY1 DUMMY2 DUMMY3
DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO '****' THEN MOVE OPENM TO DATA1
MOVE STAT TO DATA2
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES
GO TO CLOSE-EM1.

CALL 'HINT' USING OPENM STAT SUPL DUMMY1 DUMMY2 DUMMY3
DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO '****' THEN MOVE OPENM TO DATA1
MOVE STAT TO DATA2
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES
GO TO CLOSE-EM2.

GET-COMMAND.
*
* MAIN LOOP - ACCEPTS USER DATA BASE FUNCTION COMMANDS.
*
* DISPLAY 'ENTER 5 CHARACTER COMMAND.' UPON CRT.

```

```

ACCEPT COMMAND FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 3 DIGIT NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT NO-TIMES FROM CRT.
MOVE COMMAND TO COMM.
MOVE NO-TIMES TO NUMB.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE PRINT-COMMAND TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING TOP-OF-PAGE.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *CEASE* THEN GO TO CLOSE-EM2.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *ADD-M* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO
*READM* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *DEL-M* OR COMMAND
IS EQUAL TO *WRITM* THEN PERFORM MASTER-TRANS
THRU MASTER-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *READV* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL
TO *DELVD* OR COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *ADDCV* OR
COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *WRITV* THEN PERFORM
VAILABLE-TRANS THRU VARIABLE-EXIT NO-TIMES TIMES.
GO TO GET-COMMAND.
MASTER-TRANS.

*
* ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE MASTER DATA BASE FILE
* TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
*
DISPLAY *ENTER 9 DIGIT PART NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT PNNUMBER FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 25 CHARACTER PART NAME.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT PNAME FROM CRT.
DISPLAY *ENTER 30 CHARACTER PART DESCRIPTION.* UPON CRT.
ACCEPT PDDESC FROM CRT.
MOVE PNNUMBER TO PART-NUM.
MOVE PNAME TO PART-NAME.
MOVE PDDESC TO PART-DESC.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.

```

MOVE PART-IN TO INDATA.
 DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
 WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
 MOVE PNUMBER TO PNUMBER.
 MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
 CALL 'HINT' USING FUNCTION STAT PART DUMMY1 DUMMY2 PNUMBER
 PART-DATA PART-RECORD ENDP.
 IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO '***' THEN PERFORM STOP1
 GO TO MASTER-EXIT.
 IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO 'READM' THEN MOVE PNUMBER TO PART-NUM
 MOVE PNAME TO PART-NAME
 MOVE PUESC TO PART-DES
 MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
 MOVE PART-IN TO INDATA
 DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT
 WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
 MASTER-EXIT.
 VARIABLE-TRANS.
 * * ALL TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING THE VARIABLE DATA BASE FILE
 * TAKE PLACE IN THIS LOOP. ENTER DATA AS NEEDED.
 *
 DISPLAY *ENTER 9 DIGIT PART NUMBER.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT NUMBER FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 25 CHARACTER SUPPLIER NAME.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT SNAME FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 20 CHARACTER SUPPLIER ADDRESS.* UPON CRT.
 ACCEPT SADDRESS FROM CRT.
 DISPLAY *ENTER 10 CHARACTER SUPPLIER TELEPHONE NUMBER.* UPON
 CRT.
 ACCEPT STELEPHONE FROM CRT.
 MOVE SNUMBER TO PART-SUPL-NO.
 MOVE SNAME TO SUPL-NAME.
 MOVE SADDRESS TO SUPL-ADR.

```

MOVE STELEPHONE TO SUPL-TEL.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE SUPL-IN TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
DISPLAY * READING 1ST RECORD IN CHAIN ? UPON CRT.
ACCEPT FIRST-READ FROM CRT.
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON.
MOVE FIRST-READY TO INDATA.
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF FIRST-READY IS EQUAL TO *YES* THEN MOVE *LKSU*
TO REFERENCE.

MOVE COMMAND TO FUNCTION.
MOVE SNUMBER TO PTNUMBER.
CALL *HINT* USING FUNCTION STAT SUPL REFERENCE LK-PATH
PTNUMBER SUPL-DATA SUPL-RECORD ENDP.
IF STAT IS NOT EQUAL TO **** THEN PERFORM STOP1
GO TO VARIABLE-EXIT.
IF REFERENCE IS EQUAL TO *END* THEN DISPLAY *END OF CHAIN.*

UPON CRT
MOVE *END OF CHAIN.* TO INDATA
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
IF COMMAND IS EQUAL TO *READY* AND REFERENCE IS NOT
EQUAL TO *END* THEN MOVE SNUMBER TO PART-SUPL-NO
MOVE SNAME TO SUPL-NAME
MOVE SADDRESS TO SUPL-ADK
MOVE STELEPHONE TO SUPL-TEL
MOVE * TO CARRIAGECON
MOVE SUPL-IN TO INDATA
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
VARIABLE-EXIT. EXIT.
STOP1.

```

```

*** DISPLAY ERROR STATUS RETURNED BY DISTRIBUTED DATA BASE
*** MANAGEMENT SYSTEM.

MOVE FUNCTION TO DATA1.
MOVE STAT TO DATA2.
MOVE PRINT-LINE TO INDATA.
MOVE • TO CARRIAGECON.
DISPLAY PART-SUPL-OUT UPON CRT.
WRITE PART-SUPL-OUT AFTER ADVANCING 2 LINES.
CLOSE-ENV2.

*** CLOSE DATA BASE AND TERMINATE.

*** CALL 'HINT' USING CLOSM STAT SUPL DUMMY1 DUMMY2
      DUMMY3 DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.
CLOSE-ENV1.
CALL 'HINT' USING CLOSM STAT PART DUMMY1 DUMMY2
      DUMMY3 DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.

THAT'S IT.
CALL 'HINT' USING DEQUE STAT DUMMY1 DUMMY1 TASKNAME
      DUMMY3 DUMMY4 DUMMY5 ENDP.
CLOSE PRINT-OUT.
STOP RUN.

```

A USER TRANSPARENT DISTRIBUTED
DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

by

Richard Dale Housh

B.S., Kansas State University, Manhattan Kansas, 1976

AN ABSTRACT OF A MASTER'S REPORT
submitted in partial fulfillment of the
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MASTER OF SCIENCE
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The purpose of this project is to design a distributed data base management system which runs on a variety of processors and is transparent to the user.

A prototype version of the distributed data base management system will be implemented. This implementation runs on the Interdata 8/32 and Interdata 7/32 processors, both utilizing the OS/32-MT3 operating system. The data base management system is CINCOM, INC.'s TOTAL, while the remainder of the software is written in an assortment of languages. Data bases may reside on either machine and few restrictions are placed on the user.