Revenue Insurance

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The introduction of revenue insurance contracts began with crop year 1996. The four contracts offered are Income Protection (IP) in selected counties, Crop Revenue Coverage (CRC), Revenue Assurance (RA), and Revenue Assurance with the Harvest Price Option (RA-HPO) that are offered statewide (Table 1).

Premiums are higher for CRC and RA-HPO than MPCI, while in some cases IP and RA premiums are lower than MPCI premiums. IP and RA will often pay lower indemnity payments when market prices increase, causing lower premium costs.

Revenue indemnity payments are based on a calculated harvest price that may increase or decrease during the growing period. If the harvest price is higher, then RA-HPO and CRC coverages are automatically increased and the revenue to count is subtracted from the higher guarantee to determine indemnity payments.

If harvest prices increase under IP or RA, it will require a larger yield loss to trigger any payments. For example, a $5.25 futures price on a 70 percent IP or RA contract would require a 50 percent yield loss to trigger a payment, while MPCI, RA-HPO, and CRC would require a 30 percent yield loss.

No Price Guarantee: None of the revenue products guarantee price. It is possible to have a price decline and still meet the revenue guarantee because of higher yields. A grower's local elevator price is normally lower than the calculated revenue prices.

Table 1. *Side-by-Side Comparison of MPCI, CRC, RA and RA-HPO*

Product	MPCI	CRC	RA	RA-HPO
Coverage Levels	50% -85%	50% -85%	65% -75%; 76%-85% with Whole Farm Unit	65% -75%; 76%-85% with Whole Farm Unit
Units	Optional, Basic	Optional, Basic, Enterprise	Optional, Basic, Enterprise	Optional, Basic, Enterprise
Price Election	Set by RMA	Aug 15-Sep 14 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2002 wheat contract	Aug 15-Sep 14 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2002 wheat contract	Aug 15-Sep 14 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2002 wheat contract
Harvest Price	N/A	June 2003 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2003 wheat contract	Jul 1-14, 2003 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2003 wheat contract	Jul 1-14, 2003 Average closing price of KCBOT July 2003 wheat contract
If Harvest Price Increases, Indemnity Payment Change	NO	INCREASE	DECREASE	INCREASE
APH	SAME	SAME	SAME	SAME
Early Loss Payments	YES	Minimum Payment	None	None
Maximum Price Move	N/A	$2.00	No Price Limit	No Price Limit
% of Premium Paid[1]	SAME	SAME	SAME	SAME

[1]*Percent subsidy for coverage levels of 50% is 67%; 55% & 60% is 64%; 65% & 70% is 59%; 75% is 55%; 80% is 48%; and 85% is 38%.*

REVENUE INSURANCE WORKSHEET
Analysis of Per Acre Net Cash Flow

Crop: ______________
Situation: ____________

Insurance Contract (Central Kansas Wheat)	MPCI	CRC	CRC	RA-HPO	RA-HPO	RA	RA	IP	IP	Your	Your
Harvest Price Scenario		Low Price	High Price	Low Price	High Price	Low Price	High Price	Low Price	High Price	Farm	Farm
Projected Crop Sales and Other Cash Inflows											
1. Enter Yield per Planted Acre	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	______	______
2. Expected Market Price + LDP	$3.15	$3.15	$5.25	$3.15	$5.25	$3.15	$5.25	$2.80	$5.25	$______	$______
3. Expected Sales: (Line 1 x Line 2)	$31.50	$31.50	$52.50	$31.50	$52.50	$31.50	$52.50	$28.00	$52.50	$______	$______
4. Counter Cyclical Payment	$6.46	$6.46	$0.00	$6.46	$0.00	$6.46	$0.00	$18.36	$0.00		
5. DIRECT FSA PAYMENT & OTHER RECEIPTS, NO LDP[1]	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$17.68	$______	$______
6. Total Receipts: (Line 3 + Line 4 + line 5)	$55.64	$55.64	$70.18	$55.64	$70.18	$55.64	$70.18	$68.04	$70.18	$______	$______
$ of Coverage											
7. Average Yield for Insurance (APH)	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	______	______
8. Coverage Level (50% 55% 65% 70% 75% 80% 85%)	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	70%	______%	______%
9. Bushels per Acre Yield Guarantee (Line 7 X Line 8)	28.0									______	______
10. Price Election/Expected Price[2]	$3.15	$3.73	$3.73	$3.73	$3.73	$3.73	$3.73	$3.53	$3.53	$______	$______
11. Minimum Revenue Guarantee (Line 7 X Line 8 X Line 10)		$104.44	$104.44	$104.44	$104.44	$104.44	$104.44	$98.84	$98.84	$______	$______
12. Liability (Total Coverage)	$88.20	$160.44	$160.44	No-Limit	No-Limit	$104.44	$104.44	$98.84	$98.84	$______	$______
13. Premium (Farmer Paid)[3]	$2.17	$3.28	$3.28	$3.62	$3.62	$2.40	$2.40	$6.85	$6.85	$______	$______
Projected Crop Cash Requirements											
14. Enter Preharvest Cash Operating Expense[4]	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$54.90	$______	$______
15. Enter Harvest Cash Expense per Acre	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$13.60	$______	$______
16. Enter Expenses/Bushel ($0.24 x Yield)[5]	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$2.40	$______	$______
17. Debt Service, Other Fixed Cash Needs[6]	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$40.94	$______	$______
18. Family Living[7]	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$26.67	$______	$______
19. Total Cash Requirements: (Sum Line 14 to Line 18)	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$138.51	$______	$______
Indemnity Payment & Premium											
20. Bushel Loss per Acre (bu.)	18.0									______	______
21. Harvest Market Price		$3.15	$5.25	$3.15	$5.25	$3.15	$5.25	$3.15	$5.25	$______	$______
22. Final Revenue Guarantee1,2		$104.44	$147.00	$104.44	$147.00	$104.44	$104.44	$98.84	$98.84	$______	$______
23. Less Revenue to Count		$31.50	$52.50	$31.50	$52.50	$31.50	$52.50	$31.50	$52.50	$______	$______
24. Indemnity Payment per Acre	$56.70	$72.94	$94.50	$72.94	$94.50	$72.94	$51.94	$67.34	$46.34	$______	$______
25. Net Insurance Payment Received: (Line 24 - Line 12)	$54.53	$69.66	$91.22	$69.32	$90.88	$70.54	$49.54	$60.49	$39.49	$______	$______
26. Net Cash Flow: (Line 5 - Line 12 - Line 19 + Line 25)[8]	-$28.34	-$13.21	$22.89	-$13.55	$22.55	-$12.33	-$18.79	-$13.98	-$28.84	$______	$______

[1]Direct payment is not subject to price or yield risk but the counter cyclical payment is subject to price risk. [2]Price elections and revenue prices are available from local insurance agents. [3]Premium rates for a specific farm and proven yield can be obtained from insurance agents. [4]Obtain crop expense estimates from your records or KSU Farm Management Association Summary. Use only cash expenses because this is a cash flow analysis. [5]With a low yield, cash expenses of some harvest costs, such as trucking and storage, decline. [6]Debt load, off farm income and/or livestock enterprises will affect cash requirements. [7]Assumes $40,000 for family living cost and 1,500 acres of crop land (Source: KSU Farm Management Association Summary). [8]Net cash flow was used for the analysis because normally a farm will not be profitable when a crop disaster occurs. The farmer's short-term strategy is to cover cash flow requirements.

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MF-2100 October 2002