# THE NONFARM INCOME OF KANSAS FARM MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION FARMERS FOR YEARS 1973-1975

by

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## CHAPTER 1

#### INTRODUCTION

Nonfarm income is rapidly becoming the more dependable portion of many American farmers' total income. The farmer-producer is a price taker, possessing little or no bargaining power. The prices paid by him form a rather steadily increasing trend, while those received by him form a more erratic trend. Faced with much price and yield uncertainity, many farmers have taken insurance in the form of nonfarm income.

## Nonfarm Income Defined

As the components of farmers' nonfarm income vary depending upon the source cited, a definition is in order. Farmers' nonfarm income is that income, apart from the farming operation, which is received by the farm operator himself or by members of his family. It includes income from cash wages, salaries, commissions, tips, a nonfarm business or professional practice, rental of nonfarm property, dividends, interest, royalties, social security pensions, retirement pay, veterans benefits, gifts, inheritance and other nonfarm income.

Income received from government farm programs is not included as part of nonfarm income. Government payments represent an integral component of the American farm policy. Within limits, the producer chooses between more government payments or more freedom in picking a cropping pattern. As such, these payments represent a part of farm income.

Income from custom work, machine hire or rental of agricultural

property is also excluded from nonfarm income. Since the farm's machinery is often utilized in the acquisition of such income, many relevant expenses are included in the farm's operating expenses. Therefore, this income is more accurately identified as farm income. If the farm's machinery is not utilized or if a separate expense account is kept, then such income is considered to be derived from a nonfarm business. It is then included in nonfarm income.

Exceptions to the above definition of farmers' nonfarm income are either footnoted or explained in the text.

# **Objectives**

The major objective of this study is to determine the importance of nonfarm income to Kansas farmers. The relative significance of nonfarm income as a supplement to farmers' farm income is measured by: (1) the average amount of nonfarm income received per farm; (2) the distribution of the amount of nonfarm income received among the farms; and (3) the portion of the farmers' total net income that is derived from nonfarm sources.

Secondary objectives are: (1) to ascertain the difference, if any, in the amount of nonfarm income received by farmers throughout various areas of Kansas; and (2) to analyze the average amounts of nonfarm income received by various selected farm categories. Such categories include farm sales, principal operator's age and type of business organization.

In pursuit of these objectives, the nonfarm income of the Kansas Farm Management Association farmers was analyzed for the three year period, 1973-1975.

#### CHAPTER 2

## REVIEW OF LITERATURE

Although this study focuses on Kansas farmers, the nonfarm income data and other relevant statistics are presented on both the national and state levels for comparative purposes. Both the <u>Farm Income Statistics</u> (FIS) and the <u>United States Census of Agriculture</u> (Census) publish farmers' nonfarm income data on a national level. Unfortunately, the FIS does not publish this information for individual states. The Census provides the only nonfarm income data available on Kansas farmers.

## National Nonfarm Income Via Farm Income Statistics

The FIS defines nonfarm income of the farm population and of farmers as consisting of "income received from nonfarm wages and salaries, business and professional income, interest, and transfer payments, such as unemployment compensation, social security and veterans benefits...rental income from nonfarm sources, dividends and royalties." Custom work, machine hire and recreational income are counted as part of farm income. The FIS definition of farmers' nonfarm income coincides with the definition outlined in Chapter 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Economic Research Service, U.S., Department of Agriculture, Farm Income Statistics, Statistical Bulletin No. 557 (Washington, D. C., July 1976), p. v.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Ibid., p.iv.

## The Farm Population

The FIS publishes estimates based on two different concepts of farm income.<sup>3</sup> The first concept views the total farm population and analyzes their total personal disposable income from all sources.<sup>4</sup> The economic well-being of the farm population can then be compared with that of the nonfarm population.

The per capita personal income of the United States farm population increased from \$1,174 in 1960 to \$5,128 in 1975. In 1960, \$463, or 39% of the farm population's total per capita personal income was from nonfarm sources; by 1975, this figure had increased to \$2,562, or 50%. During the period, 1960-1975, the nonfarm per capita personal income of the farm population increased 1.5 times as fast as did their per capita personal income from farm sources (Table 2-1).

Excluding the year 1973, the per capita disposable personal income of the farm population from all sources has always been less than the per capita disposable personal income of the nonfarm population. In 1960, the per capita disposable income of the farm population was only 53.9% of the per capita disposable income of the nonfarm population. Due to abnormally

<sup>3</sup>Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Farm Population: "All people living on farms, including both farm operator families and hired farm-resident worker families." Ibid., p. 40.; Disposable Personal Income of Farm Population: "Includes returns from farming operations to resident farm operators for their capital, labor and management, after deduction of farm production expenses, plus farm wages and other labor income received by hired farm-resident workers, plus income received by farm residents from nonfarm sources less personal tax and nontax payments." Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Ibid., p. 42.

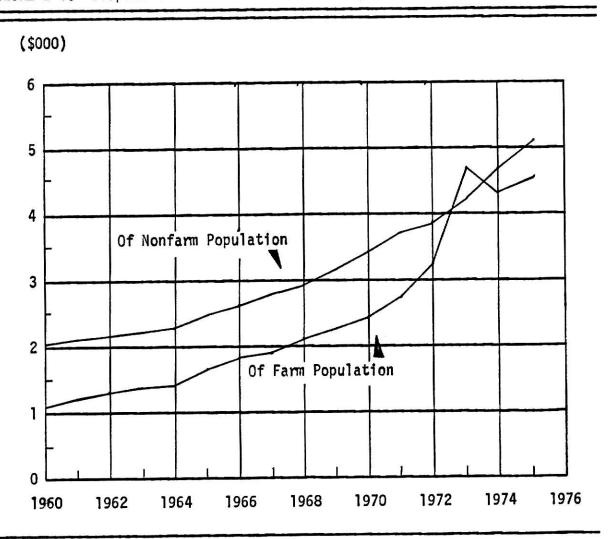
TABLE 2-1. Per Capita Personal Income of U.S. Farm Population by Major Source for Years 1960-1975.

Year	From Farm Sources	From Nonfarm Sources	From All Sources	Nonfarm As Share Of Total
1960	711	463	1,174	39.4
1961	771	516	1,287	40.1
1962	796	583	1,379	42.3
1963	824	670	1,494	44.8
1964	773	752	1,525	49.3
1965	968	860	1,828	47.0
1966	1,088	966	2,054	47.0
1967	1,022	1,080	2,102	51.4
1968	1,078	1,227	2,305	53.2
1969	1,254	1,252	2,606	51.9
1970	1,336	1,483	2,819	52,6
1971	1,426	1,621	3,047	53.2
1972	1,744	1,836	3,580	51.3
1973	3,065	2,063	5,128	40.2
1974	2,541	2,325	4,866	47.8
1975	2,566	2,562	5,128	50.0

Source: Farm Income Statistics, July 1976, p. 42.

high farm prices, this percentage reached a peak of 109.3% in 1973. By 1975 it had decreased to 89.6% (Figure 2-1).<sup>6</sup> This decrease, again placing the economic well-being of the farm population below that of the nonfarm population, resulted primarily from reduced farm prices and increased production costs.

FIGURE 2-1. Disposable Personal Income Per Capita.



Source: Farm Income Statistics, July 1976, p. 42.

<sup>6&</sup>lt;sub>Ibid</sub>.

## The Farm Operator Families

The second FIS concept of farm income views agriculture as a business or industry. It analyzes the total net realized income of farm operators according to its major sources: farm and nonfarm. The remainder of this thesis analyzes farmers' nonfarm income in light of this second FIS concept of total farm income.

Although the number of U.S. farms decreased from 3.96 million in 1960 to 2.81 million in 1975, 8 the total income earned per farm operator family increased from \$4,946 to \$18,208. During the period, 1960-1975, nonfarm income among farm operator families increased 1.5 times as fast as their realized net farm income increased. Realized net farm income per farm operator family increased from \$2,806 in 1960 to \$8,079 in 1975, while nonfarm income per farm operator family increased from \$2,140 to \$10,129 during the same time period. The years 1973 and 1974 are the only two since 1967 that nonfarm income has accounted for less than half of the farm operator families' total income (Table 2-2).9

# Nonfarm Income by Economic Class

Excluding the farms in Economic Class I, those having farm product sales of \$40,000 and over, nonfarm income among farm operator families increases as farm sales decrease. Farms having sales of less than \$2,500 reported an average nonfarm income of \$16,364 in 1975. In contrast, the

<sup>7&</sup>lt;sub>Ibid., p. iv.</sub>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Ibid., p. 58.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Ibid., p. 62.

TABLE 2-2. Income Per U.S. Farm Operator Family by Major Source for Years 1960-1975.

Year	Realized Net Farm Income	Nonfarm Income	Total Income	Nonfarm As Share Of Total
1960	2,806	2,140	4,946	43.3
1961	3,038	2,396	5,434	44.1
1962	3,099	2,683	5,782	46.4
1963	3,119	3,085	6,204	49.7
1964	3,272	3,366	6,638	50.7
1965	3,533	3,792	7,325	51.8
1966	4,312	4,262	8,574	49.7
1967	3,695	4,584	8,279	55.4
1968	3,972	5,036	9,008	55.9
1969	4,733	5,539	10,272	53.9
1970	4,788	5,874	10,662	55.1
1971	4,550	6,456	11,006	58.7
1972	6,204	7,160	13,364	53.6
1973	10,529	8,335	18,864	44.2
1974	9,826	9,329	19,155	48.7
1975	8,079	10,129	18,208	55.6

Source: Farm Income Statistics, July 1976, p. 62.

farms in Economic Class II, those having sales between \$20,000 and \$39,999, reported an average of \$5,577 nonfarm income per farm in 1975 (Table 2-3). 10

TABLE 2-3. Nonfarm Income Per Farm Operator Family by Value of Sales Class for Years 1973-1975.

		Year	
Product Sales	1973	1974	1975
Less than \$2,500	13,401	15,431	16,364
\$2,500- \$4,999	8,664	9,824	10,612
\$5,000- \$9,999	7,556	8,550	9,260
\$10,000- \$19,999	5,716	6,469	7,031
\$20,000 <b>-</b> \$39,999	4,499	5,091	5,577
\$40,000- \$99,999	5,191	5,886	6,501
\$100,000 and over	9,906	11,211	12,418
All Farms	8,335	9,329	10,129

Source: Farm Income Statistics, July 1976, p. 62.

There is an inverse relationship between the amount of a farm's product sales and the percent of its total income derived from nonfarm sources. In 1975, farms having sales of \$100,000 and over received 16.4% of their total income from nonfarm sources. Farms having sales of less than \$2,500 received 94.2% of their total income from nonfarm sources

<sup>10</sup> Ibid.

the same year (Figure 2-2).11

Figure 2-2 also illustrates that nonfarm income increased as a percentage share of U.S. farmers' total income over the period, 1960-1975. Excluding the year 1972, the portion of U.S. farmers' total income derived from nonfarm sources annually increased for all Economic Classes of farms having farm product sales of less than \$20,000. This upward trend is less pronounced for Classes Ib and II farms, those with sales from \$20,000 to \$99,999. There is relatively no such trend for Class Ia farms, those with sales of \$100,000 and over. Even so, nonfarm income remains a sizable portion of Class Ia farms' total income.

In 1975, 64% of the U.S. farms belonged in economic classes having sales of less than \$20,000. 12 These farms received 18% of the year's realized net farm income and 89% of the farmers' nonfarm income. As a group, over 84% of these farms' total personal income was from nonfarm sources. The remainder of the farms, those having \$20,000 or more of farm sales, received 82% of the total net farm income in 1975 and 11% of the farmers' total nonfarm income. These farms received 27% of their total personal income from nonfarm sources. 13

The above statistics indicate that the farming profession in the United States is rapidly becoming more dualized in nature. A relatively

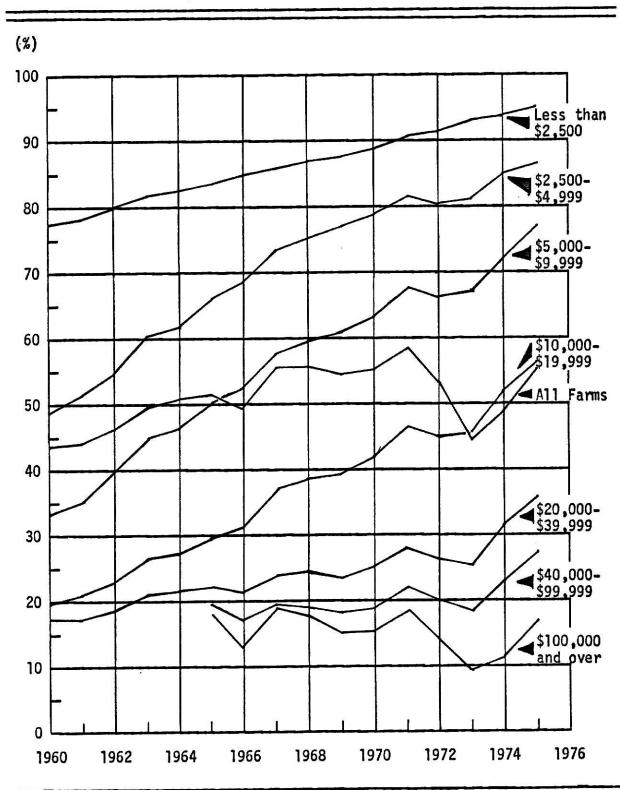
<sup>11</sup> Ibid.

<sup>12&</sup>lt;sub>Ibid., p. 58.</sub>

<sup>13&</sup>lt;sub>Ibid., p. 62.</sub>

<sup>14</sup> Frank Orazem, Economic Status of Kansas Farms, Cooperative Extension Service, Kansas State University (Manhattan, Kansas, Nov. 1973), pp. 7-9.

FIGURE 2-2. Nonfarm Income of Farm Operator Families as a Percentage of Their Total Income by Value of Sales Class for Years 1960-1975.



Source: Farm Income Statistics, July 1976, p. 62.

small percentage of the farms receive a large portion of the total net farm income and a small portion of the farmers' total nonfarm income. These few farms are the ones most normally affected by farm policy decision-making. The majority of the farms receive a small portion of the total net farm income and a large portion of the farmers' total nonfarm income. Supply-oriented government farm programs do little to aid these farms.

## National Nonfarm Income Via U.S. Census of Agriculture

Prior to the 1974 Agricultural Census, income from custom work, machine hire, rental of agricultural property and government farm programs was included in the Census definition of farmers' nonfarm income. Although this overstates the importance of farmers' nonfarm income, it does not detract from the significance of nonfarm income to the health of the farm economy.

Unfortunately, the General Report of the 1974 Census has not, to date, been published. The 1969 Census is therefore the most recent Census containing national farmers' nonfarm income data.

According to the Census, over 80% of the farm-households reported nonfarm income in both 1964 and 1969. The average amount of nonfarm income received per U.S. farm was \$3,183 in 1964 and \$6,252 in 1969. The

<sup>15</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>United States</u>
<u>Census of Agriculture: 1969</u>, vol. 1, <u>Farm Finance</u> (U.S. Government Printing
Office, Washington, D.C., 1974), p. 46.

<sup>16</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>United States</u>
Census of Agriculture: 1964, vol. II, <u>General Report</u> (U.S. Government
Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1968), p. 568; <u>U.S. Census of Agriculture:</u>
1969, <u>Farm Finance</u>, pp. 46-47.

corresponding averages for the two years, 1964 and 1969, published by the FIS are \$3,366 and \$5,539 respectively. The slight discremancy between the FIS and Census averages can be attributed to: (1) differences in definition of farmers' nonfarm income; and (2) continual revision and updating of statistical figures by the FIS.

Nearly 40% of the farm operators reported that other members of their household earned nonfarm income in 1964. These other members earned approximately one-fourth of the total nonfarm income received by the farm-households. The remaining three-fourths was earned by the farm operator himself. 18

Over half of the total nonfarm income received by farm-households in both 1964 and 1969 was from wages and salaries. Nonfarm businesses or professions accounted for 11% of the farmers' nonfarm income both years (Table 2-4). 19

The percentage number of farm operators reporting days of work off the farm decreases as one moves from an economic class of lower sales value to one of higher sales value. The portion of the nation's farm operators reporting days of work off the farm has also increased over time. It increased from 20% in 1959 to 27% in 1969 for the farms in Economic Class I, those having product sales of \$40,000 or more. Over the same period, 1959 to 1969, the percentage of farm operators reporting days

<sup>17</sup> Farm Income Statistics (July 1976), p. 62.

<sup>18</sup>U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1964, General Report, p. 511.

<sup>19</sup> Ibid., p. 568.; <u>U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1969</u>, <u>Farm Finance</u>, pp. 46-47.

TABLE 2-4. Nonfarm Income Per Farm Operator Family by Major Source for the United States and Kansas for Years 1964 and 1969.

	United	States	Kan	sas
	1964	1969	1964	1969
Total Number of Farms Percent Reporting Ave. Nonfarm Income	3,157,857 81.2 3,183	2,409,416 82.0 6,252	92,440 82.3 3,095	86,057 78.5 5,585
Wages and Salaries Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	1,707,663 6,450,996 64.2	1,268,427 8,839,905 58.7	47,322 154,096 53.9	40,780 230,441 47.9
Nonfarm Business or Profession Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	310,603 1,155,445 11.5	236,984 1,654,388 11.0	9,217 30,295 10.6	6,929 34,482 7.2
Soc. Sec., Pensions, Vet. & Welfare Pmts. Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	784,882 841,580 8.4	434,289 754,306 5.0	19,203 20,859 7.3	11,323 18,134 3.8
Govt. Farm Programs Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	NA*	1,062,313 2,432,059 16.1	NA	48,866 141,732 29.5
Custom Work and Rental Of Ag. Property Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	NA	466,910 855,169 5.7	NA	22,687 40,029 8.3
Rent from Nonfarm Property, Interest, Dividends, etc. Farms Reporting Amount (\$000) Percent of Total	1,043,352 1,605,144 16.0	242,008 524,153 3.5	43,224 80,898 28.3	11,247 15,822 3,3
All Nonfarm Sources Farms Reporting Total Amount (\$000)	2,563,655 10,053,169	1,976,251 15,063,968	76,071 286,148	67,545 480,641

Source: U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1964, General Report, p. 568.; U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1969, Farm Finance, p. 46.

<sup>\*</sup>NA: Not Available.

of work off the farm rose from 43% to 57% for Class V farms, those having sales between \$2,500 and \$4,999. In 1959, 45% of all farm operators reported days of work off the farm. By 1969, this figure had risen to 54%. 20

# Kansas Nonfarm Income Via U.S. Census of Agriculture

According to the Census, 82% of the 1964 and 85% of the 1969 Kansas farm-households reported nonfarm income. The corresponding national figure for both years was 80%. The average amount of nonfarm income received per Kansas farm was \$3,095 in 1964 and \$5,585 in 1969. The averages are slightly lower than the national averages of \$3,183 and \$6,252.

As on the national level, approximately three-fourths of the Kansas farm-households nonfarm income was earned by the farm operator himself in 1964. 22

Wages and salaries accounted for 54% of Kansas farm-households non-farm income in 1964 and for 48% of it in 1969. Nonfarm businesses or professions accounted for 11% of their nonfarm income in 1964 and for 7% of it in 1969. Nationally, over half of the farm-households nonfarm income was from wages and salaries, while 11% of it was from nonfarm businesses or professions in both 1964 and 1969. Because of the Census definition of farmers' nonfarm income, these percentage figures are relatively low (See

<sup>20</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>United States</u> Census of Agriculture: 1959, vol. II, <u>General Report</u> (U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1962), pp. 1212-1213.; <u>U.S. Census of Agriculture</u>: 1969, <u>Farm Finance</u>, pp. 44-45.

<sup>21</sup> U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1964, General Report, p. 568,; U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1969, Farm Finance, p. 46.

<sup>22&</sup>lt;sub>U.S.</sub> Census of Agriculture: 1964, General Report, pp. 566-568.

Table 2-4).23

As reported for all United States farmers, the percentage number of Kansas farmers reporting days of work off the farm increases both over time and as the value of sales decreases. In 1959, 43% of all Kansas farm operators reported days of work off the farm. This number increased to 51% by 1969. Nationally, these percentages compare with 45% and 54% respectively.<sup>24</sup>

Farmers' nonfarm income was re-defined for the 1974 Census. Income from custom work, machine hire, rental of agricultural property and recreational services became farm related income. Income from government farm programs was considered to be a component of farm income. The 1974 Census definition of farmers' nonfarm income coincides with the definition of farmers' nonfarm income as outlined by the FIS.

According to Preliminary Reports of the 1974 Census, the average nonfarm income per commercial Kansas farm was \$4,430. It varied from \$3,084 in the North Central District to \$5,723 in the East Central District (See Table 2-5 and Figure 2-3). Nearly 58% of the 1974 commercial Kansas farms received nonfarm income. Since the nonfarm income of Kansas farms having sales of less than \$2,500 were not included in the above Census study, it

<sup>23</sup> Ibid., p. 568.; U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1969, Farm Finance, p. 46.

<sup>24</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>United States</u>

Census of Agriculture: 1959, vol. II, part 21, <u>Kansas</u> (U.S. Government

Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1961), p. 7.; U.S. Department of Commerce,

Bureau of the Census, <u>United States Census of Agriculture: 1969</u>, vol. II,

part 21, <u>Kansas</u> (U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1972), p. 6.

<sup>25</sup>U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, <u>United States</u>
Census of Agriculture: 1974, <u>Preliminary Report</u>, <u>Kansas</u> (U.S. Government
Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1976), p. 4.

<sup>26</sup> Ibid.

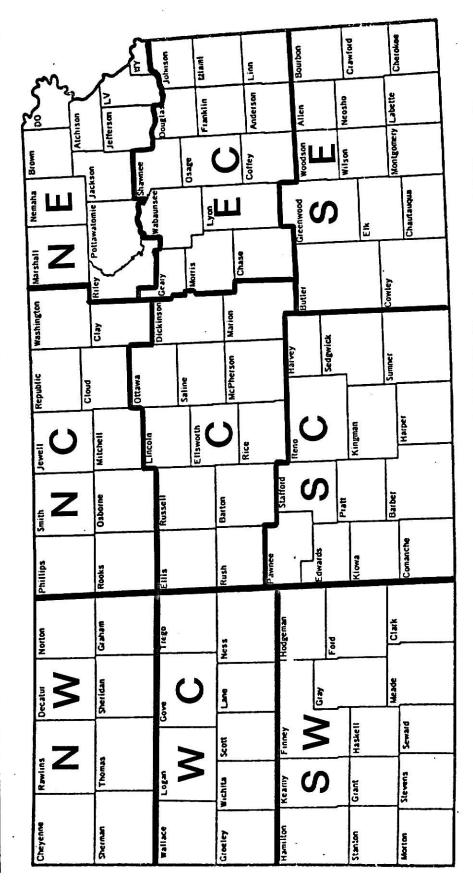
TABLE 2-5. Nonfarm Income Per Commercial Kansas Farm by District Area for 1974.

District Area	Number of Farms	Farms Reporting	Percent Reporting	Income (\$000)	Average (\$/farm)
NW	4,329	2,335	53.9	16,171	3,736
WC	3,647	1,935	53.1	13,469	3,693
SW	5,442	2,915	53.6	24,128	4,434
NC	8,634	4,638	53.7	26,626	3,084
C	9,266	5,428	58.6	38,110	4,113
SC	9,930	5,694	57.3	44,571	4,489
NE	8,451	4,874	57.7	36,416	4,309
EC	9,236	5,717	61.9	52,854	5,723
SE	9,896	6,105	61.7	52,577	5,313
STATE	68,831	39,641	57.6	304,922	4,430

Source: U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1974, Preliminary Report, Kansas, op. cit..

can be assumed that more than 58% of all Kansas farms received nonfarm income in 1974 for an average greater than \$4,430.

The Census statistics indicate a strong similarity between Kansas and United States farms with respect to their nonfarm income. Although relevant Kansas data is only available for 1974, the national averages published by the FIS provide a guideline for the nonfarm income received by Kansas farmers in the 1970's.



Kansas Crop Reporting Districts.

FIGURE 2-3.

Source: Kansas State Board of Agriculture, Farm Facts: 1974/1975 (Topeka, Kansas, 1975), p. 2F.

### CHAPTER 3

#### INVESTIGATION

The Kansas Farm Management Association is the source of data for this thesis. This chapter contains a brief history of that association, along with definitions of selected terms it uses.

## The Kansas Farm Management Association

The Kansas Farm Management Association (KFMA) has roots dating back to 1909 when the first specialists in farm management were appointed as part of the Kansas Cooperative Extension Program. Associations 1 and 2 were first formed in 1930. The KFMA has now developed statewide, encompassing all 105 Kansas counties. It consists of six area associations numbered in their sequence of formation (Figure 3-1).

As of January 1, 1976, there were 3,070 farm units in the State Association. It included 770 more farmers as members of partnerships or corporations for a total of 3,840 farmer-members.<sup>2</sup>

The KFMA developed around three basic functions: research, education and service. First, it provides a source of authentic records for research. Each farm unit presently keeps records in a farm account book. At the end

John H. Coolidge, Extension Farm Management in Kansas 1909-1972 Emphasizing 42 Years of Farm Management Development, Cooperative Extension Service, Kansas State University (Manhattan, Kansas, Sept. 1973), pp. 1-4, 7-9, 20-29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Farm Management Summary and Analysis Report, Kansas 1975, Cooperative Extension Service, Kansas State University (Manhattan, Kansas, 1976), p. 5.

Crawford Bourbon Ling. Anderson Labette Neosho Allen Jefferson Atchison Woodson Wilson Coffey r'ollawatomie Jackson Nemaha poomuaar O T Marshall Chase Riley owiey Sutter . Washington Dickinson Clay Haivey S Kingman Ellsworth Lincoln Mitchell Reno Osborne Russell Baiton Pratt Comanche Kiowa Phillips Rooks Rush EIIIs Clark Graham Trego Norton Ford Ness IJ 3 Gove Seward Haskell Finney Thomas Rawlins Logan Stevens Kearny Grant Cheyenne Wallace Hamilton Sherman urceley Stanton Morton

Area Associations of the Kansas Farm Management Association. FIGURE 3-1.

Source: Farm Management Summary and Analysis Report, Kansas 1975, Cooperative Extension Service, Kansas State University (Manhattan, Kansas, 1976), p. 5.

of each year all units undergo a complete year-end-analysis whereby detailed financial statements and balance sheets are construed. These, coupled with other farm related information, are stored on computer discs. In the performing of research utilizing this confidential information, individual identities are preserved. Secondly, the Association provides education to the farmers. Members become more acquainted with the importance of good bookkeeping. And thirdly, appointed fieldmen provide service to the members. These fieldmen make farm visits in assisting the farmer. They also aid the farmers by helping prepare their income tax returns.

Farm units are not placed on the computer discs if pertinent information is deemed missing or inaccurate by the fieldmen. The number of farms and the information on the discs vary slightly over time as information is provided and mistakes corrected. Since KFMA outside (nonfarm) income data was not placed on disc prior to 1973, only three years data was obtained. Over 80% of all 1973, 1974 and 1975 KFMA farm units are included in this analysis.

# Specific Data Collected

The following specific information was collected for each KFMA farm unit included in the analysis:

Farm Number
Principal Operator's Age
Number of Operators
Type of Business Organization
Gross Farm Income (\$000)

<sup>3</sup>Coolidge, Extension Farm Management in Kansas 1909-1972, pp. 17-18.

Net Farm Income (\$000)

Taxable Outside (Nonfarm) Income (\$00)

Deductible Outside (Nonfarm) Expense (\$00)

Net Nonfarm Income (\$00)

Non-Taxable Outside (Nonfarm) Income (\$00)

Farm Product Sales (\$00)

Total Capital Managed (\$000)

Total Acres Managed (00).

As indicated above, certain data was rounded when collected. All computer calculations were performed in the above rounded denominations. Since all dollar figures were converted to thousands for tabular presentation, certain averages and percentages within the tables themselves cannot be exactly verified. Information presented in this study may vary slightly from other analyses using the same data because of continual disc data revision and rounding errors.

## Definitions and Abbreviations

The terms in the preceeding list merit definition in order that the results of this analysis may be correctly understood. The farm number identifies a farm not only by area association but also by county. The KFMA recognizes seven business types. They are single-part-owner, single-owner, single-tenant, partnership-part-owner, partnership-owner, partnership-tenant and corporation. In this study the first three types are referred to as 'single units', and the last four types are referred to as 'other units'. Together they comprise all 'farm units' in the Association.

The KFMA computes all farm income values by the inventory or accrual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Year-end-analyses of Kansas Farm Management Association Members.

method. Gross Farm Income (GFI) is thereby an income measure of farm production. GFI equals (Sales + Ending Inventory) minus (Purchases + Beginning Inventory). A negative GFI may be realized, ceteris paribus, by a decrease in the per unit value of inventory. Net Farm Income (NFI) equals GFI minus (Total Cash Expense + Depreciation + Expense Inventory Change). NFI measures the return to the operator's labor, management and equity capital. 5

Taxable Outside Income (TNFI) represents the gross amount of taxable nonfarm income received by the farm operator or by members of his family. The farm operator is liable for the income taxes corresponding to this income. TNFI is kin to GFI. TNFI plus GFI equals Total Gross Income (TOTGI). Deductible Outside Expense (DEXP) consists of those nonfarm expenses which are deductible for income tax purposes. Expenses incurred in the operation of a nonfarm business are included in this category. Net Nonfarm Income (NETNFI) equals TNFI minus DEXP. NETNFI represents, as nearly as possible, farmers' nonfarm income as identified by the Farm Income Statistics and the 1974 Census of Agriculture. NETNFI plus NFI equals Total Net Income (TOTNI).

All income figures, both farm and nonfarm, are on a before-tax basis. The amount of Non-Taxable Nonfarm Income (NTNFI) reported by each farm was obtained. This information was not included in the analysis upon the discovery that it is misleading. Money drawn from savings accounts and introduced into the farm business was being recorded as NTNFI.

This grossly exaggerated the amount of NTNFI actually received. NTNFI is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Farm Management Summary and Analysis Report, Kansas 1974, Cooperative Extension Service, Kansas State University (Manhattan, Kansas, 1975), pp. 2-3.

realized by receiving interest on certain city and municipal bonds, gifts, inheritance, beneficiary payments of a life insurance policy and other non-taxable nonfarm income. Since large amounts of NTNFI are the exception and not the rule, suffice it to say that an average of no more than \$100 per KFMA farm would normally be received.

Farm Product Sales (SALES) equals the summed cash value of all farm products sold. It corresponds to the Census definition of farm sales.

Total Capital Managed (TCAP) equals the value of owned land and buildings plus the value of rented land. TCAP represents the total average value of capital used in the farm operation throughout the year. Total Acres

Managed (TACRES) equals acres owned plus acres rented.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Farm Management Summary and Analysis Report, Kansas 1975, p. 11.

### CHAPTER 4

### ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

In this analysis, the receipt by farmers of nonfarm income is treated as a separate enterprize apart from the farming operation. As such, both gross and net nonfarm income figures are presented. This facilitates comparison between farmers' farm and nonfarm income receipts.

# Kansas Farm Management Association Nonfarm Income

As illustrated in Table 4-1, nonfarm income is the more stable portion of Kansas Farm Management Association (KFMA) farmers' total income. Over the three-year period, 1973-1975, the mean average Taxable Nonfarm Income (TNFI) received by KFMA farm units varied \$790, while their mean average Gross Farm Income (GFI) varied \$29,160. During the same period their mean average Net Nonfarm Income (NETNFI) varied \$470, while their mean average Net Farm Income (NFI) varied \$42,040.

Between 1973 and 1975, the percentage number of KFMA farm units receiving TNFI remained fairly constant. 78% of the farm units received TNFI in both 1973 and 1975, while 80% of them received TNFI in 1974. The mean average TNFI received per farm unit analyzed was \$4,260 in 1973, \$5,050 in 1974 and \$4,820 in 1975.

The KFMA farm units received a total of \$10.5 Million TNFI in 1973, \$13.1 Million in 1974 and \$12.3 Million in 1975. TNFI ranged from 3.4% of their Total Gross Income (TOTGI) in 1973 to 5.1% of it in 1974.

TABLE 4-1. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KP1A Farm Unit for Years 1973-1975.

	Year		
	1973	1974	1975
Number of Farm Units	2,464	2,601	2,546
Gross Farm Income Ave. GFI (\$/farm) Total GFI (\$000)	122,490 301,823	93,330 242,740	102,480 260,908
Net Farm Income Ave. NFI (\$/farm) Total NFI (\$000) NFI as % of GFI	56,720 139,760 46.3	14,680 38,187 15.7	21,210 53,989 20.7
Taxable Nonfarm Income Ave. TNFI (\$/farm) Total TNFI (\$000) TNFI as % of TOTGI	4,260 10,495 3.4	5,050 13,135 5,1	4,820 12,276 4.5
Net Nonfarm Income Ave. NETNFI (\$/farm) Total NETNFI (\$000) NETNFI as % of TNFI NETNFI as % of TOTNI	2,950 7,259 69.2 4.9	3,340 8,691 66.2 18.5	2,870 7,296 59.4 11.9

A negative NETNFI was realized by 10% of the KFMA farm units in 1973, 11% in 1974 and 13% in 1975. A positive NETNFI was realized by 70% of the farm units in both 1973 and 1974, and by 68% of them in 1975. The mean average NETNFI per farm unit analyzed was \$2,950 in 1973, \$3,340 in 1974 and \$2,870 in 1975. These averages are much lower than corresponding national figures. The average nonfarm income per United States farm was \$8,335 in 1973, \$9,329 in 1974 and \$10,129 in 1975.

Farm Income Statistics (July 1976), p. 62.

The KFMA farm units realized a total NETNFI of \$7.3 Million in both 1973 and 1975, and \$8.7 Million in 1974. NETNFI was 69% of TNFI in 1973, 66% in 1974 and 59% in 1975. NETNFI was only 4.9% of the farm units' Total Net Income (TOTNI) in 1973, as opposed to 18.5% in 1974 and 11.9% in 1975.

NFI was 46% of the KFMA farm units' GFI in 1973, 16% of it in 1974 and 21% of it in 1975. In low net-farm-income years, such as 1974, nonfarm income represents a significantly larger portion of KFMA farmers' TOTNI than it does in high net-farm-income years, such as 1973.

## Distribution of Nonfarm Income Among KFMA Farm Units

Although the mean is the most commonly quoted measure of central tendency, both the mode and median are important when analyzing skewed income distributions. In a normal distribution, the mean = median = mode. In a positively skewed distribution, the mean > median > mode; whereas in a negatively skewed distribution, the mean < median < mode.

In analyzing the distribution of KFMA nonfarm income, frequency distributions were constructed for both TNFI and NETNFI for each of the three years, 1973-1975 (See Appendix Tables A-1 to A-6). The number of farms falling in each select TNFI (NETNFI) category was counted and the total amount of TNFI (NETNFI) received by these farms was totaled. Moving from a low nonfarm income category to a higher one, the number of farms was positively skewed whereas the amount of nonfarm income was negatively skewed.

The modal TNFI farm category was zero TNFI, the first of the distribution, each of the three years. The modal NETNFI farm category was zero NETNFI each year. Repeatedly, the median TNFI farm category was \$1,000-\$1,499 and the median NETNFI farm category was \$500-\$999.

In contrast, the TNFI category containing the modal amount of TNFI was consistently \$100,000 and up, the last of the distribution. The modal NETNFI category was also the last of the distribution, \$100,000 and up. The median and mean TNFI and NETNFI categories varied slightly over the three-year period. The median amount of TNFI was between \$12,500 and \$19,999, while the mean TNFI per farm unit was between \$4,000 and \$5,499. The median amount of NETNFI was between \$12,500 and \$22,499, while the mean NETNFI per farm unit was between \$2,500 and \$3,499.

The percent of the total farm units in each category was compared to the percent of the total TNFI (NETNFI) received by them. Approximately 80% of the farm units received TNFI each year, while approximately 70% of them realized a positive NETNFI. The top 1% of the farms, those receiving the largest amounts of NETNFI, received at least 25% of the total NETNFI. The mean NETNFI category represented less than 4% of both, the farm units and the total amount of NETNFI received by them, each year.

The distributions of TNFI and NETNFI among the KFMA farm units for each of the three years, 1973-1975, are graphically portrayed by Lorenz Curves (Figures 4-1 and 4-2). The cumulative percentage number of farms is graphed against the cumulative percentage amount of TNFI (NETNFI) received by them. The straight line represents the line of equality. The degree of inequality of the distribution is represented by the departure from the

FIGURE 4-1. Lorenz Curves Portraying the Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units for Years 1973-1975.

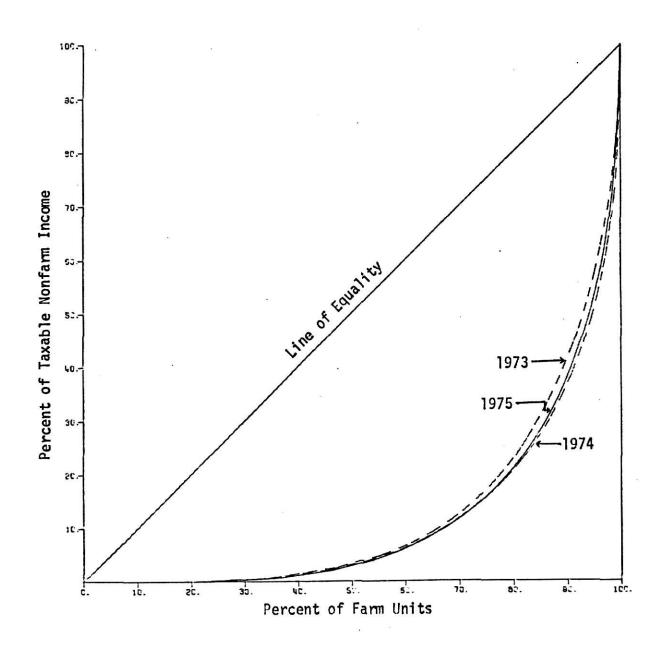
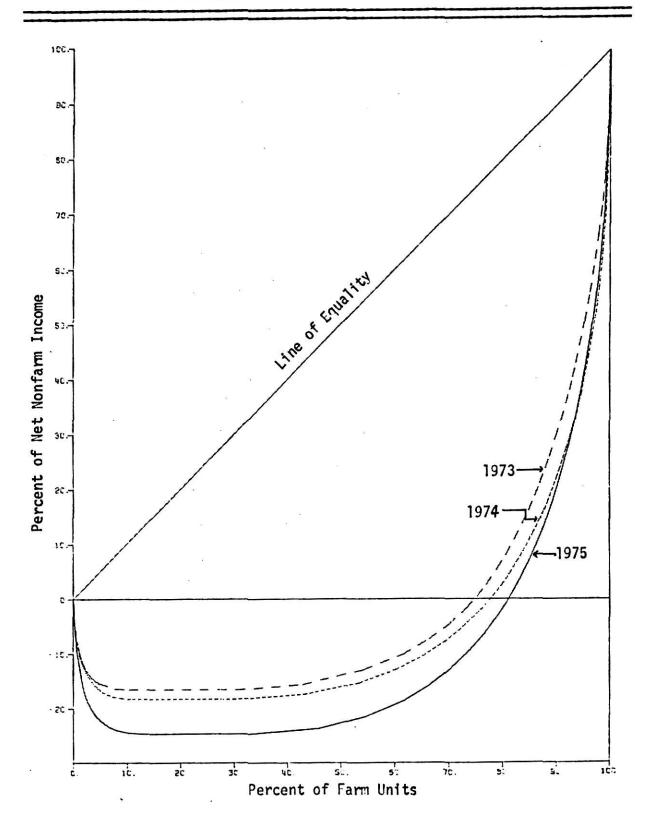


FIGURE 4-2. Lorenz Curves Portraying the Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units for Years 1973-1975.



straight line. As illustrated, both TNFI and NETNFI distributions are extremely skewed. A small portion of the KFMA farm units received a large portion of the total nonfarm income, and vice versa.

# KFMA Nonfarm Income By Area Association

The average mean amounts of farm and nonfarm income received per farm unit in each of the six area associations are presented in Table 4-2. Over the three-year period, 1973-1975, Association 1 received the lowest average TNFI in both 1974 and 1975, and the lowest average NETNFI each year. In contrast, Association 3 repeatedly received both the highest average TNFI and the highest average NETNFI. Over the period, the average TNFI varied from a low of \$2,270 in 1974 for Association 1 to a high of \$9,070 in 1974 for Association 3. The average NETNFI varied from a low of \$430 in 1975 for Association 1 to a high of \$6,010 for Association 3 in 1974. The remaining nonfarm income averages for the six area associations were between these extremes.

In 1973, the portion of each area association's TOTNI attributed to NETNFI varied from 2.2% in Association 1 to 6.8% in Association 3. In 1974, this portion varied between 11.3% in Association 5 and 64.0% in Association 6. The farm units in Associations 1, 4 and 6 reported abnormally low NFI averages in 1974. Consequently, their NETNFI represented over 40% of their TOTNI. In 1975, this portion varied between 1.7% in Association 1 and 17.5% in Association 6. Although Association 3 received the highest average NETNFI each year, NETNFI often represented a smaller portion of its TOTNI than did the NETNFI of the other area associations. This resulted

TABLE 4-2. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Area Association for

Years 1973-1	3-1975.						
Area Association (#)	-	2	8	4	5	9	All Farms
1973  Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	321 130.68 59.24 3.20 1.33	402 101.52 47.26 3.35 2.56 5.2	565 162.74 77.81 7.51 5.66	395 100.65 41.19 3.19 2.09 4.8	303 132.80 74.19 3.35 2.44 3.2	478 98.59 39.81 3.35 2.18 5.2	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	416 80.50 1.33 2.27 0.95	401 88.97 19.66 4.13 3.33	544 140.09 36.98 9.07 6.01	430 72.97 4.47 5.02 3.24 42.0	305 97.63 22.66 4.30 2.90 11.3	505 71.70 1.57 4.21 2.80 64.0	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	411 111.04 25.51 3.09 0.43	453 90.29 21.66 4.06 2.91 11.8	467 132.49 28.93 8.23 5.94 17.0	401 91.29 17.66 4.15 2.37 11.9	309 105.02 25.54 4.55 3.15	505 86.02 10.32 4.46 2.19 17.5	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

from Association 3 receiving an average NFI that was generally higher than the average NFI's of the other five associations.

### Distribution of Nonfarm Income Among KFMA Area Associations

The distributions of TNFI and NETNFI among the six KFMA area associations for the years, 1973-1975, are summarized in Appendix Tables B-1 to B-6. Since these distributions resemble the skewed nonfarm income distributions of all the KFMA farm units, their mean averages are limited in portraying the relative amount of nonfarm income received per farm unit in each area association. More concentration is therefore placed on the percentage number of farm units in each association receiving nonfarm income. By comparing the cumulative percentage number of farms with the cumulative percentage amount of TNFI (NETNFI) received by them, the relative inequality of the nonfarm income distributions among the area associations can be compared. As the farm median of an association falls in a relatively higher TNFI (NETNFI) category, a relatively larger portion of that association's farm units are receiving a relatively larger average amount of TNFI (NETNFI).

Of the area associations, Association 3 had the highest portion of farm units receiving TNFI each year. Either Association 1 or 4 had the lowest portion of farm units receiving TNFI. At least 90% of the farm units in Association 3 received TNFI each year, while not more than 72% of the farm units in either Association 1 or 4 received TNFI.

In each of the three years, over 70% of the farm units in Associations 3 and 5 realized a positive NETNFI. In contrast, less than 65% of

the farm units in either Association 1 or 4 realized a positive NETNFI.

Association 3 also had a larger portion of farms receiving larger absolute amounts of nonfarm income than did any other association.

The NETNFI distributions are more unequal than the TNFI distributions because several farm units realized negative NETNFI's. Over the three year period, the most unequal NETNFI distribution was possessed by Association 1 in 1975. While 16% of its farm units realized a negative NETNFI, 61% of them had a positive NETNFI. Because of the negative NETNFI, the top 5% of the farm units were given credit for all of the NETNFI received.

## Relative Amount of Nonfarm Income Per KFMA Area Association

Table 4-3 compares the nonfarm income received by each area association without directly utilizing averages. The relative share each association had of the total number of KFMA farm units is compared to the relative amount of the total KFMA TNFI and NETNFI that it received. A positive difference indicates that an association received more than its relative share of nonfarm income, and vice versa. A zero difference indicates that an association received its exact relative share of TNFI (NETNFI).

Associations 1 and 3 again emerge as extremes. Association 1 received far less than its relative share of the total KFMA nonfarm income, while Association 3 received far more than its relative share. Association 6 follows 1 in consistently receiving less than its proportionate share of nonfarm income. The remainder of the associations generally indicated slight negative differences.

TABLE 4-3. Relative Amount of KFMA Nonfarm Income Received by Area Association for Years 1973-1975.

Area Association	Percent of Farms	Percent of TNFI	Percentage <sup>*</sup> Difference	Percent of NETNFI	Percentage Difference
1973					
1	13.0	9.8	-3.2	5.9	-7.1
2	16.3	12.8	-3.5	14.2	-2.1
3	22.9	40.4	17.5	44.1	21.2
4	16.0	12.0	-4.0	11.4	-4.6
5	12.3	9.7	-2.6	10.2	-2.1
6	19.4	15.3	-4.1	14.3	-5.1
Total	99.9	100.0	0.1	100.1	0.2
1974					
1	16.0	7.2	-8.8	4.6	-11.4
2	15.4	12.6	-2.8	15.3	-0.1
3	20.9	37.6	16.7	37.6	16.7
4	16.5	16.4	-0.1	16.0	-0.4
5	11.7	10.0	-1.7	10.2	-1.5
6	19.4	16.2	-3.2	16.3	-3.1
Total	99.9	100.0	0.1	100.0	0,2
1975			_		•• •
1	16.1	10.4	-5.7	2.4	-13.7
2	17.8	15.0	-2.8	18.0	0.2
3	18.3	31.3	13.0	38.0	19.7
4	15.8	13.5	-2.3	13.0	-2.8
5	12.1	11.5	-0.6	13.4	1.3
6	19.8	18.4	-1.4	15.1	-4.7
Total	99.9	100.1	0.2	99.9	0.0

<sup>\*</sup>Percentage Difference: Percent of TNFI minus Percent of Farms.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Percentage Differecne: Percent of NETNFI minus Percent of Farms.

### Kansas Farmers Nonfarm Income By KFMA Association Areas

The 1974 Census Preliminary Report on Kansas<sup>2</sup> enables comparison between the nonfarm income averages of the KFMA farms and those of all commercial Kansas farms. Table 4-4 presents the 1974 average NETNFI per KFMA area association farm, along with the 1974 average nonfarm income per commercial Kansas farm in each of the KFMA association areas.

Both studies indicate that the farms in the north central area of Kansas (Association 1) received the lowest average amount of nonfarm income. Unfortunately, the exact cause of this phenomena could not be determined since the source of the farmers' nonfarm income was unavailable. Contributing factors may be the relative lack of industry and mineral fields in this area of Kansas.

The KFMA farms receiving the most nonfarm income were those in Association 3. The Census statistics indicate that the commercial farms in KFMA Association Areas 2,4 and 6 received more nonfarm income, on the average, than did the commercial farms in the KFMA Association 3 Area. This discrepancy may result from the skewness of the KFMA nonfarm income. However, since the KFMA farms represent the above average Kansas farm, those KFMA farms in Association 3 may actually receive more nonfarm income, on the average, than all the commercial farms in the same area. Association 3 KFMA farmers may own more land than the average farmer in the same area and benefit more via royalties from the large mineral field in southwest Kansas.

<sup>20.</sup>S. Census of Agriculture: 1974, Preliminary Report, Kansas.

TABLE 4-4. Net Nonfarm Income Per KFMA Farm Unit by Area Association and Nonfarm Income Per Commercial Kansas Farm by KFMA Association Area for 1974.

Area Association	Number of Farms	Farms Reporting	Percent Reporting	NETNFI (\$000)	Average (\$/farm)
1	416	289	69.5	396	950
2	401	352	87.7	1,334	3,330
3	544	497	91.4	3,272	6,010
4	430	287	66.7	1,392	3,240
5	305	268	87.9	884	2,900
6	505	419	82.9	1,412	2,800
State	2,601	2,112	81.2	8,691	3,340
Association Area	Number of Farms	Farms Reporting	Percent Reporting	Income (\$000)	Average (\$/farm)
1	14,138	7,753	54.8	46,219	3,269
2	10,897	6,486	59.5	51,414	4,718
3	8,851	4,686	52.9	35,992	4,066
4	11,093	6,683	60.2	57,567	5,189
5	9,283	5,028	54.2	35,464	3,820
6	14,569	9,005	61.8	78,266	5,372
State	68,831	39,641	57.6	304,922	4,430

Sources: Kansas Farm Management Associations Records; <u>U.S. Census of Agriculture</u>: 1974, <u>Preliminary Report</u>, <u>Kansas</u>, op. cit..

The KFMA Area Associations 2, 4 and 6 contain Kansas' largest cities.

Consequently, the farmers in these areas may receive more nonfarm income than the farmers in other areas since the opportunity for nonfarm employment is naturally greater.

# KFMA Nonfarm Income By Economic Class

The division of the KFMA farms by economic class illustrates that the Association represents the larger, not the average, commercial Kansas farm (Table 4-5). Only 2% of the 1974 KFMA farms had product sales of less than \$10,000, while 81% of them had product sales of \$40,000 or more. In contrast, 29% of all 1974 commercial Kansas farms had sales of less than \$10,000, while only 28% of them had sales of \$40,000 or more. Nationally, 35% of the 1974 commercial farms had sales of less than \$10,000, while 22% of them had sales of \$40,000 or more. 4

The small number of KFMA farms constituting the lower sales classes prohibits meaningful comparison of their nonfarm income averages with those on either a national or state level. Economic Classes II, Ib and Ia, containing over 90% of the KFMA farms, provide the basis for comparisons.

The average NETNFI received by the top three economic classes of KFMA farms (those having sales of \$20,000 and greater) varied \$1,280 between 1973 and 1975. The average NETNFI was a low of \$2,530 for Economic Class II in 1973 and a high of \$3,810 for Economic Class Ia in 1974. Although the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Ibid., p. 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Farm Income Statistics (July 1976), p. 58.

TABLE 4-5. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Value of Sales Class for Years 1973-1975.

Economic Class	١٨	۸	IV	Ш	11	Ib	Ia	
SALES (\$000)	Below 2.5	2.5-4.9	5.0-9.9	10.0-19.9	10. 10.	20.0-39.9 40.0-99.9	100.0 % Up	Farms
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	8.47 3.07 0.00 0.00	66.00 18.75 0.57 0.27 1.5	25 56.28 16.56 2.10 1.91	128 52.33 18.98 4.41 3.77	398 59.26 27.63 3.47 2.53	1069 94.46 49.19 3.34 2.60 5.0	825 204.56 88.75 5.97 3.57	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)  NETNFI as % of TOTNI	11 46.18 16.00 0.22 0.22	3 6.00 3.80 3.47 36.6	43.66 0.93 2.77 2.25 70.8	107 52.27 2.59 9.12 7.72	341 44.19 4.72 3.73 2.94 38.3	1074 59.72 11.33 3.85 2.66 19.0	1024 151.83 23.34 6.47 3.81	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	55.20 -8.40 0.52 -0.40	35.14 8.14 0.76 0.73 8.2	43 4.86 2.43 2.15 30.7	116 54.01 5.62 3.69 2.94 34.4	390 45.56 5.66 3.50 2.62 31.7	1107 68.21 13.98 4.27 3.19 18.6	878 180.72 40.35 6.42 2.63 6.1	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

national nonfarm income averages among the top three economic classes rose each of the three years, they were consistently lowest for Economic Class II and highest for Economic Class Ia (See Table 2-3). In 1975, Economic Classes II, Ib and Ia received nonfarm income averages of \$5,577, \$6,501 and \$12,418 respectively. These national nonfarm income averages are considerably higher than the corresponding averages including only KFMA farms.

Moving from Economic Class III to Ia, NETNFI decreased as a percent of the KFMA farms' TOTNI. Nationally, as the value of product sales classes increased, the portion of the farmers' total income derived from nonfarm sources likewise decreased. The portion of national farmers' total income in Classes II, Ia and Ib that was derived from nonfarm sources was consistently higher than that of the KFMA farmers belonging in the same economic classes.

The above statistics indicate that the KFMA farmers on the average received less nonfarm income than did the nation's farmers within the same economic classes. These KFMA farmers also received less of their total income from nonfarm sources than did the nation's farmers. The skewness of the KFMA farmers' nonfarm income has been illustrated. Unfortunately, the <a href="Farm Income Statistics">Farm Income Statistics</a> does not publish the distribution of farmers' nonfarm income. The absence of this data prevents further comparison between KFMA and national farmers with respect to their nonfarm income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Ibid., p. 62.

# KFMA Nonfarm Income by Select Categories of GFI, NFI, TCAP, TACRES and AGE

The KFMA farms were divided by farm income receipts in an attempt to determine if their nonfarm income depended upon their receipt of farm income. Except for the end classes, there was little relationship between nonfarm income and GFI (Table 4-6). In each of the three years, 1973-1975, the average TNFI for those KFMA farms realizing a negative GFI was higher than the State Association's average TNFI. The average NETNFI for those KFMA farms realizing a GFI of less than \$25,000 was higher than the Association's average NETNFI each year. Both, the average TNFI and the average NETNFI for those farms having a GFI of \$250,000 or greater, were higher than the Association's TNFI and NETNFI averages.

The relationship between nonfarm income and NFI was similiar to the one between nonfarm income and GFI (Table 4-7). Both, average TNFI and average NETNFI for those farms realizing a negative NFI, were higher than the Association's corresponding averages. Farms realizing a NFI of \$100,000 or more also had higher nonfarm income averages.

Tables 4-6 and 4-7 indicate that KFMA farmers seek to earn more nonfarm income when their farm income is lacking. On the other hand, farmers with the higher farm incomes also had higher nonfarm incomes. This may result from the additional nonfarm investment opportunities, such as savings accounts, stocks or bonds, accruing to a farmer in a relatively good year. A possible explaination for the relatively high nonfarm income averages of KFMA Association 3 farmers may be, therefore, their abnormally high 1973 NFI.

There was a positive relationship between the amount of capital

TABLE 4-6. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Select Categories of Gross Farm Income for Years 1973-1975.

GFI (\$000)	Below 0	0-24	25-49	50-74	75-99	100-149	150-199	200-249	250 & Up	A11 Farms
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	.63.00 -152.67 4.90 4.23 -2.9	68 15.87 -3.75 5.17 4.57 555.4	298 38.50 15.46 3.94 3.16	465 61.19 27.47 3.02 2.28 7.7	426 86.06 40.21 2.73 2.00	594 121.49 60.35 3.49 2.57	269 172.23 85.36 5.33 3.37	150 224.49 105.57 6.64 4.35	191 377.90 163.97 9.87 5.24	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	39 -26.62 -100.59 15.07 14.35 -16.6	283 15.27 -15.48 4.97 3.94 -34.2	597 37.45 -3.34 3.71 2.52 -306.9	502 61.74 7.90 3.70 2.45 23.7	371 86.47 16.44 3.47 1.88	389 121.75 24.07 4.54 2.97 11.0	186 171.70 46.55 5.38 2.57 5.2	98 222.27 47.74 14.41 9.93	136 389.33 115.57 11.79 7.17	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
1975 Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NFIRFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	12 -19.83 -75.58 6.60 5.67 -8.1	173 17.31 -6.19 4.04 3.34	519 37.91 2.78 4.06 3.10 52.7	574 61.32 10.74 4.03 2.92 21.4	378 86.53 16.89 4.22 2.71 13.8	411 120.76 28.30 4.77 2.91 9.3	210 171.74 39.14 5.42 2.35 5.7	110 222.61 54.92 5.52 1.65 2.9	159 379.68 101.15 11.16 2.94 2.8	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Select Categories of Net Farm Income for Years 1973-1975. TABLE 4-7.

NFI (\$000)	Below 0	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-49	50-74	75-99	100 å Up	All
1973  Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)  NETNFI as % of TOTNI	70 69.86 -34.49 7.30 6.69	26 35.88 1.92 3.38 2.73 58.6	92 7.35 4.98 4.45 37.7	126 53.47 12.25 4.71 3.79 23.6	133 60.79 17.11 3.95 2.12 11.0	139 63.15 22.04 3.67 2.67 10.8	789 87.49 36.21 2.87 1.96 5.1	462 125.99 60.98 3.21 2.06 3.3	268 157.44 84.90 4.89 3.19 3.6	359 275.79 153.40 7.67 5.09 3.2	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	871 57.62 -27.81 5.15 3.59 -14.8	182 58.29 1.91 3.29 2.23 53.9	210 63.81 7.15 3.77 2.83 28.4	217 64.30 12.09 3.48 2.15	171 75.88 17.13 6.45 4.77	133 84.70 21.59 3.16 1.91 8.1	431 108.34 34.71 4.72 3.08 8.1	186 155.02 60.45 6.97 3.95 6.1	83 206.12 85.80 8.67 4.71 5.2	322.34 160.79 7.94 4.91 3.0	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	521 60.12 -16.99 5.99 4.35	213 2.32 2.03 3.37 2.41 54.3	267 63.08 7.03 2.74 1.92 21.4	252 66.38 11.71 3.71 2.82 19.4	231 76.55 16.94 3.59 2.37 12.3	187 87.01 21.93 5.26 2.28 9.4	524 116.07 34.35 5.07 3.00 8.0	176 187.71 61.02 5.72 2.92 4.6	81 249.49 85.53 5.62 -0.39	94 376.15 147.85 8.91 2.84 1.9	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

managed by the KFMA farms and the amount of nonfarm income they received (Table 4-8). Although there were some categorical exceptions, both TNFI and NETNFI increased as capital managed increased. In each of the three years, 1973-1975, the KFMA farms managing \$1,000,000 or more of capital received the highest nonfarm income averages.

Generally, the average nonfarm income of the KFMA farmers also increased as the number of acres managed increased (Table 4-9). The category of farms managing 3,000 or more acres received the highest average TNFI and NETNFI's in both 1974 and 1975, and the second highest averages in 1973. The larger KFMA farms are located in western Kansas, in Associations 3 and 5. As shown earlier, Association 3 received more nonfarm income than any other area association. Since the source of KFMA nonfarm income was not available, it was impossible to specify the actual existence of a definite relationship between total capital managed or total acres managed and nonfarm income.

The most striking relationship was between KFMA nonfarm income and principal operator's age (Table 4-10). With few exceptions, both TNFI and NETNFI averages increased as age increased. This may result from the older operators being more financially secure than the younger operators. Many older operators are more reserved and more willing to invest available money in nonfarm sources.

Due to the distribution of KFMA nonfarm income, a few farms

possessing the larger amounts of nonfarm income could upset a potential

trend. It is therefore hard to identify any definite consistent relationship

between the above categories considered and KFMA farmers' nonfarm income.

Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Select Categories of Total Capital Managed for Years 1973-1975. TABLE 4-8.

TCAP (\$000)	Below 100	100-199	100-199 200-299	300-399	400-499	500-599	669-009	700-799	800-899	666-006	1000 & Up	All Farms
1973 Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. WETNFI (\$000)	50 34.40 10.34 2.79 2.56 19.8	286 51.47 22.76 3.08 2.28 9.1	534 74.14 33.93 2.78 2.08 5.8	466 96.88 46.81 3.41 2.51 5.1	358 117.34 55.77 3.88 2.73 4.7	230 137.07 67.93 3.64 2.33 3.3	190 166.97 81.93 6.24 4.81	99 199.30 87.28 7.44 4.35	230.21 106.38 3.42 2.37 2.2	48 255.85 108.44 6.74 3.61	126 362.31 155.61 13.22 7.80 4.8	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	38 29.08 2.89 2.05 1.67 36.6	232 37.36 5.56 3.66 2.38 30.0	461 48.42 6.46 3.25 2.40 27.1	485 67.74 11.09 3.84 2.58 18.8	359 74.60 8.31 4.94 3.60 30.2	301 97.88 17.06 4.13 2.92 14.6	201 107.59 14.81 5.53 2.25 13.2	125.65 21.82 21.82 6.68 4.34	94 159.55 25.93 5.97 3.10	62 178.87 32.13 5.73 4.32 11.9	202 262.29 45.94 13.33 8.97 16.3	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. nFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. nETNFI (\$000)	19 53.84 9.95 4.64 4.31	150 43.56 8.59 2.67 1.84	291 49.34 9.49 2.66 1.87 16.5	334 63.54 12.08 4.61 3.26 21.3	354 80.59 16.71 4.03 2.73 14.0	295 89.56 18.93 3.80 2.32 10.9	265 100.00 20.52 4.18 2.54 11.0	188 117.33 29.49 4.97 2.27 7.2	132 118.61 22.41 6.03 2.88 11.4	116 138.23 26.16 5.63 2.89 9.9	352 225.56 47.26 9.10 4.76 9.2	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

TABLE 4-9. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Select Categories of Total Acres Managed for Years 1973-1975.

TACRES (#)	Below 500	200-999	1000-1499	1500-1999	2000-2499	2500-2999	3000 & Up	All Farms
1973  Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	270 72.31 23.44 3.31 2.60 1 10.0	729 82.90 36.71 3.07 2.08 5.4	573 117.08 54.94 3.73 2.37 4.1	362 143.77 69.02 4.63 2.92 4.1	198 156.46 77.62 7.27 5.43 6.5	115 172.57 86.24 4.98 3.63	217 239.22 114.85 7.12 5.23	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	276 54.43 5.77 4.23 3.35 1 36.7	796 64.24 9.89 3.98 2.77 21.9	598 89.91 14.79 5.53 3.67	384 113.55 19.88 5.06 2.94 12.9	114.80 16.13 5.17 3.42 17.5	128.99 22.83 5.12 2.37 9.4	218 181.45 27.72 8.52 5.73 17.1	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	261 70.13 13.59 3.10 1.90 1 12.3	804 73.74 14.57 3.84 2.59 15.1	570 98.03 20.95 4.75 2.80 11.8	371 124.03 27.68 6.11 3.65 11.7	210 131.37 27.08 5.59 2.52 8.5	123 141.16 33.56 5.66 3.12 8.5	207 176.22 32.39 7.43 4.15	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Select Categories of Principal Operator's Age for Years 1973-1975. TABLE 4-10.

AGE (Yrs.)	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75-84	All Farms
1973  Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	18 72.56 40.22 2.76 2.14 5.1	301 116.13 50.76 2.78 1.78	629 130.42 59.24 3.85 2.64 4.3	833 126.93 58.87 4.36 2.80 4.5	580 116.88 56.05 5.21 3.86 6.4	86 94.27 48.09 5.25 4.24 8.1	17 111.35 47.53 5.28 5.12	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NETNFI (\$000)	29 53.55 18.17 1.71 1.55 7.9	314 89.72 10.34 2.96 2.00 16.2	652 102.55 12.54 4.30 2.79	846 94.75 15.45 5.15 3.17	640 88.68 17.01 6.11 3.93	108 74.94 20.65 8.72 8.07 28.1	12 95.83 3.92 11.47 10.40	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34
Number of Farms Ave. GFI (\$000) Ave. NFI (\$000) Ave. TNFI (\$000) Ave. NFTNFI (\$000)	40 57.10 15.65 1.60 0.82	293 91.39 18.71 2.26 1.25 6.3	621 113.90 21.95 4.43 2.77 11.2	862 109.42 20.63 4.89 2.61 11.2	605 95.21 22.61 6.32 4.01	71.98 22.24 6.09 3.95 15.1	8 23.25 6.20 5.20 18.3	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9

# KFMA Nonfarm Income By Business Type

The preceding analysis makes no distinction between the different types of business organization of the KFMA farm units. Table 4-11 presents the KFMA farm and nonfarm income averages for both single units and other units. Other units consist of partnerships and corporations.

In each of the three years, 1973-1975, the average farm incomes of the KFMA other units was higher than those of the KFMA single units. For both business types, the highest average farm incomes were received in 1974. Since partnerships and corporations involve more than one person (family), their farm incomes should, on the average, be higher than those of the single units.

The KFMA other units received higher average TNFI's than did the KFMA single units in each of the three years, 1973-1975. However, 1974 was the only year in which the other units received a higher average NETNFI than did the single units. Since the other units have more people capable of receiving nonfarm income than do the single units, they should have higher nonfarm income averages. Association 1 possesses a larger relative share of the KFMA other units than does any other area association. It also received less nonfarm income than did any other association. This may account for the apparant contradiction which allowed the KFMA single units to have more NETNFI than did the KFMA other units in both 1973 and 1975.

TABLE 4-11. Farm and Nonfarm Income Averages Per KFMA Farm Unit by Business Type for Years 1973-1975.

Business Type	Single Units	Other Units	Farm Units	
Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)  NETNFI as % of TOTNI	2122 112.60 52.36 4.22 3.07 5.5	342 183.89 83.76 4.49 2.17 2.5	2464 122.49 56.72 4.26 2.95 4.9	
Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)  NETNFI as % of TOTNI	2187 85.23 14.39 4.77 3.17	414 136.08 16.20 6.55 4.24 20.7	2601 93.33 14.68 5.05 3.34 18.5	
Number of Farms  Ave. GFI (\$000)  Ave. NFI (\$000)  Ave. TNFI (\$000)  Ave. NETNFI (\$000)  NETNFI as % of TOTNI	2106 89.99 17.54 4.71 3.07 14.9	440 162.26 38.74 5.38 1.90 4.7	2546 102.48 21.21 4.82 2.87 11.9	

#### CHAPTER 5

#### CONCLUDING REMARKS

### Obstacles

In determining the importance of nonfarm income to the Kansas farmer by analyzing Kansas Farm Management Association (KFMA) records, several inherent obstacles were encountered: (1) the KFMA farms do not represent the average Kansas farm; (2) the skewness of the nonfarm income distributions greatly diminishes the significance of the means obtained; (3) the amount of nonfarm income earned by the farm operator himself could not be identified from that earned by other members of his family; (4) the nonfarm income could not be categorized by type (source); and (5) a trend over time could not be established as only three years of data were available. Many of these obstacles could be overcome by conducting a random survey of all Kansas farmers.

### Conclusions

Regardless of the above restrictions, two major conclusions can be drawn from this analysis. (1) many KFMA farmers do receive nonfarm income. A random sample of all Kansas farms would reveal an even larger portion of them receiving even larger average amounts of nonfarm income. Facing extreme price and yield uncertainty as well as inflation, the Kansas (American) farmer has increased need for more, more-reliable nonfarm income.

(2) the amount of nonfarm income received varies among the KFMA

area associations. Since the sources of nonfarm income could not be identified, the exact causes for this variation could not be determined. However, the Census has shown that wages and salaries, followed by nonfarm businesses or professions, are the largest sources of farmers' nonfarm income. In a society where half of the farmers' income is nonfarm, an important farm policy consideration is the provision of seasonal employment for its farmers.

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Census of Agriculture: 1964, 1969

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX TABLE A-1. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1973.

		Farm I	Jnits			Taxable Nor	ıfarm Inco	me
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amoun (\$000		Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9 8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9	553 314 301 201 133 97 84 56 63 59 43 35 30 25 34 36 26 36 14 15 19 18	22.44 12.74 12.22 8.16 5.40 3.94 3.41 2.27 2.56 2.39 1.58 1.75 1.42 1.22 1.01 1.38 1.46 1.46 0.57 0.65 0.61 0.77 0.73 0.41	553 867 1168 1369 1502 1599 1683 1739 1802 1861 1900 1943 1978 2008 2033 2067 2103 2129 2165 2179 2195 2210 2229 2247 2257	22.44 35.19 47.40 55.56 60.96 64.89 68.30 70.58 73.13 75.53 77.11 78.86 80.28 81.49 82.51 83.89 85.35 86.40 87.87 88.43 89.08 89.69 90.46 91.19 91.60	0.0 73.7 205.5 234.2 225.5 214.2 226.6 178.7 231.8 247.9 182.7 223.7 199.9 186.5 245.5 275.5 213.7 313.1 129.3 154.8 201.0 117.4	0 0.70 0 1.96 0 2.23 0 2.15 0 2.04 0 2.16 0 1.70 0 2.21 0 2.36 0 1.74 0 2.13 0 1.90 0 1.78 0 1.59 0 2.63 0 2.63 0 2.63 0 1.48 0 1.94 0 1.92 0 1.12	0.00 73.70 279.20 513.40 738.90 953.10 1179.70 1358.40 1590.20 1838.10 2020.80 2244.50 2444.40 2630.90 2797.60 3043.10 3318.60 3532.30 3845.40 3974.70 4129.50 4485.60 4686.60 4804.00 4925.20	0.00 0.70 2.66 4.89 7.04 9.08 11.24 12.94 15.15 17.51 19.26 21.39 23.29 25.07 26.66 29.00 31.62 33.66 36.64 37.87 39.35 40.80 42.74 44.66 45.78 46.93
12.0-12.4 12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9 30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9	10 46 29 30 16 15 5 8 5 4 3	0.41 1.87 1.18 1.22 0.65 0.61 0.20 0.32 0.20 0.16 0.12 0.45	2267 2313 2342 2372 2388 2403 2408 2416 2421 2425 2428 2439	92.00 93.87 95.05 96.27 96.92 97.52 97.73 98.05 98.42 98.54 98.99	121.2 626.0 465.2 560.6 341.6 353.7 127.5 231.8 155.9 135.4 107.3 421.5	5.96 4.43 5.34 60 3.25 70 3.37 70 1.21 70 1.49 70 1.29 70 1.29 70 1.29	5551.20 6016.40 6577.00 6918.60 7272.30 7399.80 7631.60 7787.50 7922.90 8030.20 8451.70	52.89 57.33 62.67 65.92 69.29 70.51 72.72 74.20 75.49 76.52 80.53

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-1 (continued).

		Farm 1	Units		Ta	xable Nor	nfarm Inco	me
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	5 2 1 1	0.20 0.08 0.04 0.04	2444 2446 2447 2448	99.19 99.27 99.31 99.35	202.10 87.50 46.20 47.70	1.93 0.83 0.44 0.45	8653.80 8741.30 8787.50 8835.20	82.46 83.29 83.73 84.19
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	5 2 2 1 3	0.20 0.08 0.08 0.04 0.12	2453 2455 2457 2458 2461	99.55 99.63 99.72 99.76 99.88	280.60 122.70 144.00 80.50 288.00	2.67 1.17 1.37 0.77 2.74	9115.80 9238.50 9382.50 9463.00 9751.00	86.86 88.03 89.40 90.17 92.91
100.0 & Up	3	0.12	2464	100.00	743.80	7.09	10494.80	100.00

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-2. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1974.

		Farm I	Jnits			Ta	xable Non	farm Inco	me
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent		Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9 8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9	533 358 299 186 158 106 89 91 72 59 55 30 32 32 19 26 29 20 28 16 20 8 12	20.49 13.76 11.50 7.15 6.07 4.08 3.42 3.50 2.77 2.27 2.11 1.35 1.92 1.15 1.23 1.23 0.73 1.00 1.11 0.77 1.08 0.62 0.77 0.31 0.46 0.42	533 891 1190 1376 1534 1640 1729 1820 1892 1951 2006 2041 2091 2121 2153 2185 2204 2230 2259 2279 2307 2323 2343 2351 2363 2374	20.49 34.26 45.75 52.90 58.98 63.05 66.47 69.97 72.74 75.01 77.12 78.47 80.39 81.55 82.78 84.01 84.74 85.74 86.85 87.62 89.31 90.08 90.39 90.85 91.27		0.00 84.30 201.00 220.80 265.20 234.40 240.10 292.40 267.10 246.80 257.80 181.60 284.10 185.90 213.70 228.90 147.10 213.50 251.60 185.20 271.70 163.40 89.70 140.20 134.50	0.00 0.64 1.53 1.68 2.02 1.78 1.83 2.23 2.03 1.88 1.96 1.38 2.16 1.42 1.63 1.74 1.12 1.63 1.92 1.41 2.07 1.62 0.68 1.07 1.02	0.00 84.30 285.30 506.10 771.30 1005.70 1245.80 1538.20 1805.30 2052.10 2309.90 2491.50 2775.60 2961.50 3175.20 3404.10 3551.20 3764.70 4016.30 4201.50 4473.20 4636.60 4850.00 4939.70 5079.90 5214.40	0.00 0.64 2.17 3.85 5.87 7.66 9.48 11.71 13.74 15.62 17.59 18.97 21.13 22.55 24.17 25.92 27.04 28.66 30.58 31.99 34.06 35.30 36.92 37.61 38.68 39.70
12.0-12.4 12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9 30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9	45 37 29 18 14 11 9 5 6 4 3	1.73 1.42 1.11 0.69 0.54 0.42 0.35 0.19 0.23 0.15 0.12	2419 2456 2485 2503 2517 2528 2537 2542 2548 2552 2555	93.00 94.43 95.54 96.23 96.77 97.19 97.54 97.73 97.96 98.12 98.23	6	615.10 591.00 539.40 382.40 334.20 284.60 256.20 152.00 201.90 147.50 117.20	4.68 4.50 4.11 2.91 2.54 2.17 1.95 1.16 1.54 1.12 0.89	5829.50 6420.50 6959.90 7342.30 7676.50 7961.10 8217.30 8369.30 8571.20 8718.70 8835.90	44.38 48.88 52.99 55.90 58.44 60.61 62.56 63.72 65.26 66.38 67.27

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-2 (continued).

		Farm t	Jn i ts		Ta	xable Nor	ıfarm Inco	me
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	8 1 4 2	0.31 0.04 0.15 0.08	2563 2564 2568 2570	98.54 98.58 98.73 98.81	331.10 43.30 184.90 96.40	2.52 0.33 1.41 0.73	9167.00 9210.30 9395.20 9491.60	69.79 70.12 71.53 72.26
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	7 7 4 2 0	0.27 0.27 0.15 0.08 0.00	2577 2584 2588 2590 2590	99.08 99.35 99.50 99.58 99.58	382.00 449.50 297.10 173.50 0.00	2.91 3.42 2.26 1.32 0.00	9873.60 10323.10 10620.20 10793.70 10793.70	75.17 78.59 80.86 82.18 82.18
100.0 & Up	11	0.42	2601	100.00	2341.10	17.82	13134.80	100.00

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-3. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1975.

		Farm t	Jnits		Ta	xable Non	farm Inco	me
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9 8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9 12.0-12.4 12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9	567 367 245 193 137 114 95 77 55 54 51 40 35 41 35 21 22 22 16 10 14 14 12 58 35 21 10 8 8	22.27 14.41 9.62 7.58 5.38 4.48 3.73 3.02 2.16 2.12 2.00 1.57 1.37 0.82 1.37 0.82 0.86 0.86 0.63 0.39 0.55 0.47 2.28 1.37 0.82 0.82 0.86 0.63	567 934 1179 1372 1509 1623 1718 1795 1850 1995 2030 2071 2106 2127 2162 2183 2204 2226 2248 2264 2274 2288 2302 2314 2372 2407 2429 2460 2468 2476	22.27 36.68 46.31 53.89 59.27 63.75 67.48 70.50 72.66 74.78 76.79 78.36 79.73 81.34 82.72 83.54 84.92 85.74 86.57 87.43 88.92 89.32 89.32 89.32 90.42 90.42 90.42 90.42 96.62 96.62 96.94 97.25	0.00 82.70 168.70 227.80 234.00 252.40 256.00 243.80 204.20 226.00 239.30 208.10 200.10 254.90 234.70 150.30 268.80 172.80 182.10 200.50 213.60 163.20 107.60 164.20 146.10 791.60 560.20 407.00 444.80 236.10 207.90 232.20	0.00 0.67 1.37 1.86 1.91 2.09 1.99 1.66 1.95 1.70 1.63 2.19 1.41 1.48 1.63 1.74 1.33 0.88 1.27 1.34 1.19 6.45 3.62 1.92 1.69 1.89	0.00 82.70 251.40 479.20 713.20 965.60 1221.60 1465.40 1669.60 1895.60 2134.90 2343.00 2543.10 2798.00 3032.70 3183.00 3451.80 3624.60 3806.70 4007.20 4220.80 4384.00 4491.60 4647.20 4811.40 4957.50 5749.10 6309.30 6716.30 7161.10 7397.20 7605.10 7837.30	0.00 0.67 2.05 3.90 5.81 7.87 9.95 11.94 13.60 15.44 17.39 19.09 20.72 22.79 24.70 25.93 28.12 29.53 31.01 32.64 34.38 35.71 36.59 37.86 39.19 40.38 46.83 51.39 54.71 58.33 60.26 61.95 63.84
30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9	12 4 5 5	0.47 0.16 0.20 0.20	2488 2492 2497 2502	97.72 97.88 98.08 98.27	373.00 134.50 181.10 190.60	3.04 1.10 1.48 1.55	8210.30 8344.80 8525.90 8716.50	66.88 67.97 69.45 71.00

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-3 (continued).

		Farm (	Units	4224	Ta	Taxable Nonfarm Income			
TNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent	
40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	4 3 2 2	0.16 0.12 0.08 0.08	2506 2509 2511 2513	98.43 98.55 98.63 98.70	165.40 132.90 91.50 97.30	1.35 1.08 0.75 0.79	8881.90 9014.80 9106.30 9203.60	72.35 73.43 74.18 74.97	
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	7 9 5 1 2	0.27 0.35 0.20 0.04 0.08	2520 2529 2534 2535 2537	98.98 99.33 99.53 99.57 99.65	370.70 587.70 365.20 83.90 192.20	3.02 4.79 2.97 0.68 1.57	9574.30 10162.00 10527.20 10611.10 10803.30	77.99 82.78 85.75 86.44 88.00	
100.0 & Up	9	0,35	2546	100.00	1473.00	12,00	12276.30	100.00	

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-4. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1973.

		Farm !	Jn <b>its</b>			Net Nonfa	arm Income	
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
Below -24.9	9	0.37	9	0.37	-346.70	-4.78	-346.70	-4.78
-24.912.5 -12.410.0	19 10	0.77 0.41	28 38	1.14 1.54	-334.80 -111.40	-4.61 -1.53	-681.50 -792.90	-9.39 -10.92
-9.99.0 -8.98.0 -7.97.0 -6.96.0 -5.95.0	2 6 4 10 1	0.08 0.24 0.16 0.41 0.04	40 46 50 60 61	1.62 1.87 2.03 2.44 2.48	-19.20 -49.80 -29.90 -62.20 -5.10	-0.26 -0.69 -0.41 -0.86 -0.07	-312.10 -861.90 -891.80 -954.00 -959.10	-11.19 -11.87 -12.28 -13.14 -13.21
-4.9-4.5 -4.4-4.0 -3.9-3.5 -3.4-3.0 -2.9-2.5 -2.4-2.0 -1.9-1.5 -1.4-1.0 -0.9-0.5 -0.4-0.1	9 3 5 7 10 10 13 34 40 65	0.37 0.12 0.20 0.28 0.41 0.41 0.53 1.38 1.62 2.64	70 73 78 85 95 105 118 152 192 257	2.84 2.96 3.17 3.45 3.86 4.26 4.79 6.17 7.79	-42.70 -12.70 -18.70 -22.10 -26.40 -21.60 -40.30 -27.50 -14.70	-0.38	-1001.80 -1014.50 -1033.20 -1055.30 -1081.70 -1104.10 -1125.70 -1166.00 -1193.50 -1208.20	-13.80 -13.98 -14.23 -14.54 -14.90 -15.21 -15.51 -16.06 -16.44 -16.64
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9	494 307 282 177 120 87 81 49 42 51 38 40 38 27 29 23 26	20.05 12.46 11.44 7.18 4.87 3.53 3.29 1.99 1.70 2.07 1.54 1.62 1.10 1.18 0.93 1.06	751 1058 1340 1517 1637 1724 1805 1854 1896 1947 1985 2025 2063 2090 2119 2142 2168	30.48 42.94 54.38 61.57 66.44 69.97 73.25 75.24 76.95 79.02 80.56 82.18 83.73 84.82 86.00 86.93 87.99	0.00 73.10 193.60 204.50 203.30 189.70 219.50 158.10 154.30 213.80 178.00 207.60 216.60 166.90 194.20 166.70 200.80	1.01 2.67 2.82 2.80 2.61 3.02 2.18 2.13 2.95 2.45 2.86 2.98 2.30 2.68 2.30	-1208.20 -1135.10 -941.50 -737.00 -533.70 -344.00 -124.50 33.60 187.90 401.70 579.70 787.30 1003.90 1170.80 1365.00 1531.70 1732.50	-16.64 -15.64 -12.97 -10.15 -7.35 -4.74 -1.72 0.46 2.59 5.53 7.99 10.85 13.83 16.13 18.80 21.10 23.87

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-4 (continued).

		Farm I	Units			Net Nonfa	rm Income	
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.0-10.4 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9 12.0-12.4	19 29 12 13 21 17 15 9	0.77 1.18 0.49 0.53 0.85 0.69 0.61 0.37 0.28	2187 2216 2228 2241 2262 2279 2294 2303 2310	88.76 89.94 90.42 90.95 91.80 92.49 93.10 93.47 93.75	155.40 251.20 110.90 125.60 214.00 181.20 168.30 105.00 85.20	2.14 3.46 1.53 1.73 2.95 2.50 2.32 1.45 1.17	1887.90 2139.10 2250.00 2375.60 2589.60 2770.80 2939.10 3044.10 3129.30	26.01 29.47 30.99 32.72 35.67 38.17 40.49 41.93 43.11
12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9 30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9 40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	40 24 24 15 11 7 4 5 0 4 5 2 0 1	1.62 0.97 0.97 0.61 0.45 0.28 0.16 0.20 0.00 0.16 0.20 0.08 0.04 0.04	2350 2374 2398 2413 2424 2431 2435 2440 2444 2449 2451 2451 2452 2453	95.37 96.35 97.32 97.93 98.38 98.66 98.82 99.03 99.03 99.19 99.39 99.47 99.47 99.55	546.20 383.30 446.70 322.20 258.60 178.90 114.80 0.00 143.10 192.20 80.50 0.00 47.40 47.50	7.52 5.28 6.15 4.44 3.56 2.46 1.58 2.17 0.00 1.97 2.65 1.11 0.00 0.65	3675.50 4058.80 4505.50 4827.70 5086.30 5265.20 5380.00 5537.40 5680.50 5872.70 5953.20 6000.60 6048.10	50.63 55.91 62.07 66.50 70.07 72.53 74.11 76.28 76.28 78.25 80.90 82.01 82.66 83.32
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	4 0 1 1 2 3	0.16 0.00 0.04 0.04 0.08	2457 2457 2458 2459 2461 2464	99.72 99.72 99.76 99.80 99.88	226.30 0.00 73.20 80.50 186.90 644.30	0.00 1.01 1.11 2.57	6274.40 6274.40 6347.60 6428.10 6615.00 7259.30	86.43 86.43 87.44 88.55 91.12

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-5. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1974.

		Farm l	Jni ts			Net Nonfa	arm Income	
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
Below -24.9	12	0.46	12	0.46	-573.60	-6.60	-573.60	-6.60
-24.912.5 -12.410.0	19 6	0.73 0.23	31 37	1.19 1.42	-322.50 -71.30	-3.71 -0.82	-896.10 -967.40	-10.31 -11.13
-9.99.0 -8.98.0 -7.97.0 -6.96.0 -5.95.0	6 8 10 11 7	0.23 0.31 0.38 0.42 0.27	43 51 61 72 79	1.65 1.96 2.35 2.77 3.04	-56.50 -67.10 -73.90 -70.60 -38.40	-0.65 -0.77 -0.85 -0.81 -0.44	-1023.90 -1091.00 -1164.90 -1235.50 -1273.90	-11.78 -12.55 -13.40 -14.22 -14.66
-4.94.5 -4.44.0 -3.93.5 -3.43.0 -2.92.5 -2.42.0 -1.91.5 -1.41.0 -0.90.5 -0.40.1	9 8 14 12 12 22 30 41 51	0.35 0.31 0.31 0.54 0.46 0.46 0.85 1.15 1.58 1.96	88 96 104 118 130 142 164 194 235 286	3.38 3.69 4.00 4.54 5.00 5.46 6.31 7.46 9.03	-42.00 -33.40 -29.40 -45.60 -32.60 -26.50 -36.80 -35.80 -27.30 -9.90	-0.30 -0.42 -0.41 -0.31	-1315.90 -1349.30 -1378.70 -1424.30 -1456.90 -1483.40 -1520.20 -1556.00 -1583.30 -1593.20	-15.14 -15.53 -15.86 -16.39 -16.76 -17.07 -17.49 -17.90 -18.22 -18.33
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9	489 347 270 176 130 103 91 84 60 43 38 34 44 33 31 23	18.80 13.34 10.38 6.77 5.00 3.96 3.50 3.23 2.31 1.65 1.46 1.31 1.69 1.27 1.19 0.88 0.62	775 1122 1392 1568 1698 1801 1892 1976 2036 2079 2117 2151 2195 2228 2259 2282 2298	29.80 43.14 53.52 60.28 65.28 69.24 72.74 75.97 78.28 79.93 81.39 82.70 84.39 85.66 86.85 87.74 88.35	0.00 80.10 179.10 208.50 219.20 228.30 245.40 270.70 179.70 177.50 176.90 250.10 206.50 163.50 123.30	0.92 2.06 2.40 2.52 2.63 2.82 3.11 2.54 2.07 2.04 2.04 2.36 2.38 1.88	-1593.20 -1513.10 -1334.00 -1125.50 -906.30 -678.30 -432.60 -161.90 58.60 238.30 415.80 592.70 842.80 1047.80 1254.30 1417.80 1541.10	-18.33 -17.41 -15.35 -12.95 -10.43 -7.80 -4.98 -1.86 0.67 2.74 4.78 6.82 9.70 12.06 14.43 16.31 17.73

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-5 (continued).

		Farm l	Jn <b>its</b>			Net Nonfa	rm Income	
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.0-10.4 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9 12.0-12.4	21 25 13 19 16 16 8 8	0.81 0.96 0.50 0.73 0.62 0.62 0.31 0.31	2319 2344 2357 2376 2392 2408 2416 2424 2433	89.16 90.12 90.62 91.35 91.96 92.58 92.89 93.19 93.54	171.90 217.40 120.60 183.30 162.60 170.10 90.00 93.60 110.40	1.98 2.50 1.39 2.11 1.87 1.96 1.04 1.08 1.27	1713.00 1930.40 2051.00 2234.30 2396.90 2567.00 2657.00 2750.60 2861.00	19.71 22.21 23.60 25.71 27.58 29.54 30.57 31.65 32.92 37.52
12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9 30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9 40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	30 36 18 13 11 9 6 3 5 4 1 4 0 2	1.15 1.38 0.69 0.50 0.42 0.35 0.12 0.19 0.15 0.04 0.15 0.08 0.08	2463 2499 2517 2530 2541 2550 2556 2559 2564 2568 2569 2573 2573 2575 2576	94.69 96.08 96.77 97.27 97.69 98.04 98.27 98.39 98.58 98.73 98.77 98.92 99.00 99.04	399.60 578.00 334.70 275.40 257.50 232.20 168.60 90.80 168.70 146.10 39.70 165.60 93.20 48.00	3.85 3.17 2.96 2.67 1.94 1.04 1.68 0.46 1.91 0.00 1.07	3260.60 3838.60 4173.30 4448.70 4706.20 4938.40 5107.00 5197.80 5366.50 5512.60 5552.30 5717.90 5811.10 5859.10	57.52 44.17 48.02 51.19 54.15 56.82 58.76 59.81 61.75 63.43 63.89 65.79 65.79 66.86 67.42
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	6 4 3 3 1 8	0.23 0.15 0.12 0.12 0.04 0.31	2582 2586 2589 2592 2593 2601	99.27 99.42 99.54 99.65 99.69	320.20 253.10 218.60 253.90 92.10	2.91 2.52 2.92 1.06	6179.30 6432.40 6651.00 6904.90 6997.00 8690.90	71.10 74.01 76.53 79.45 80.51

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-6. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units in 1975.

		Farm (	Jnits		-	Net Nonfa	arm Income	<del></del>
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
Below -24.9	19	0.75	19	0.75	-714.50	-9.79	-714.50	-9.79
-24.912.5 -12.410.0	26 6	1.02 0.24	45 51	1.77 2.00	-454.90 -67.10	-6.23 -0.92	-1169.40 -1236.50	-16.03 -16.95
-9.99.0 -8.98.0 -7.97.0 -6.96.0 -5.95.0	4 6 6 5 12	0.16 0.24 0.24 0.20 0.47	55 61 67 72 84	2.16 2.40 2.63 2.83 3.30	-37.80 -50.60 -45.00 -31.40 -65.90	-0.52 -0.69 -0.62 -0.43 -0.90	-1274.30 -1324.90 -1369.90 -1401.30 -1467.20	-17.47 -18.16 -18.78 -19.21 -20.11
-4.94.5 -4.44.0 -3.93.5 -3.43.0 -2.92.5 -2.42.0 -1.91.5 -1.41.0 -0.90.5 -0.40.1	7 5 7 10 20 18 23 33 54 60	0.27 0.20 0.27 0.39 0.79 0.71 0.90 1.30 2.12 2.36	91 96 103 113 133 151 174 207 261 321	3.57 3.77 4.05 4.44 5.22 5.93 6.83 8.13 10.25 12.61	-33.20 -20.80 -25.40 -32.40 -53.00 -39.10 -38.40 -39.10 -38.80 -13.10	-0.46 -0.29 -0.35 -0.44 -0.73 -0.54 -0.53 -0.54 -0.53	-1500.40 -1521.20 -1546.60 -1579.00 -1632.00 -1671.10 -1709.50 -1748.60 -1787.40 -1800.50	-20.56 -20.85 -21.20 -21.64 -22.37 -22.90 -23.43 -23.97 -24.50 -24.68
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-1.4 1.5-1.9 2.0-2.4 2.5-2.9 3.0-3.4 3.5-3.9 4.0-4.4 4.5-4.9 5.0-5.4 5.5-5.9 6.0-6.4 6.5-6.9 7.0-7.4 7.5-7.9	504 344 222 178 116 98 55 50 41 39 31 32 26 15	19.80 13.51 8.72 6.99 4.56 3.85 3.69 2.67 2.16 1.96 1.61 1.53 1.22 1.26 1.02 0.59 0.82	825 1169 1391 1569 1685 1783 1877 1945 2000 2050 2091 2130 2161 2193 2219 2234 2255	32.40 45.92 54.63 61.63 66.18 70.03 73.72 76.39 78.55 80.52 82.13 83.66 84.88 86.14 87.16 87.75 88.57	0.00 76.60 152.70 210.60 197.60 215.30 255.00 216.10 203.00 208.90 192.70 201.50 178.10 198.40 174.60 108.40	2.96 2.78 2.86 2.64 2.76 2.44 2.72 2.39 1.49	-1800.50 -1723.90 -1571.20 -1360.60 -1163.00 -947.70 -692.70 -476.60 -273.60 -64.70 128.00 329.50 507.60 706.00 880.60 989.00 1150.60	-24.68 -23.63 -21.53 -18.65 -15.94 -12.99 -9.49 -6.53 -3.75 -0.89 1.75 4.52 6.96 9.68 12.07 13.56 15.77

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX TABLE A-6 (continued).

		Famil	Units			Net Nonfa	rm Income	
NETNFI Category (\$000)	Number	Percent	Cum.* Number	Cum. Percent	Amount (\$000)	Percent	Cum. Amount (\$000)	Cum. Percent
8.0-8.4 8.5-8.9 9.0-9.4 9.5-9.9 10.0-10.4 10.5-10.9 11.0-11.4 11.5-11.9 12.0-12.4	17 23 17 17 11 8 10 9	0.67 0.90 0.67 0.67 0.43 0.31 0.39 0.35	2272 2295 2312 2329 2340 2348 2358 2367 2376	89.24 90.14 90.81 91.48 91.91 92.22 92.62 92.97 93.32	140.10 201.00 155.40 164.50 112.20 85.70 111.10 105.50 110.00	1.92 2.75 2.13 2.25 1.54 1.17 1.52 1.45 1.51	1290.70 1491.70 1647.10 1811.60 1923.80 2009.50 2120.60 2226.10 2336.10	17.69 20.45 22.58 24.83 26.37 27.54 29.06 30.51 32.02
12.5-14.9 15.0-17.4 17.5-19.9 20.0-22.4 22.5-24.9 25.0-27.4 27.5-29.9 30.0-32.4 32.5-34.9 35.0-37.4 37.5-39.9 40.0-42.4 42.5-44.9 45.0-47.4 47.5-49.9	42 30 18 19 7 5 7 2 3 1 0 2	1.65 1.18 0.71 0.75 0.27 0.20 0.27 0.20 0.27 0.08 0.12 0.04 0.00 0.08	2418 2448 2466 2485 2492 2497 2504 2509 2516 2518 2521 2522 2522 2524 2525	94.97 96.15 96.86 97.60 97.88 98.08 98.35 98.55 98.55 98.90 99.02 99.06 99.06 99.14	572.30 487.50 332.50 401.50 170.20 133.00 202.50 155.10 235.60 73.80 116.80 41.60 0.00 94.30 48.70	1.82 2.78 2.13 3.23 1.01 1.60 0.57 0.00 1.29	2908.40 3395.90 3728.40 4129.90 4300.10 4433.10 4635.60 4790.70 5026.30 5100.10 5216.90 5258.50 5352.80 5401.50	39.86 46.54 51.10 56.60 58.94 60.76 63.54 65.66 68.89 69.90 71.50 72.07 72.07 73.37 74.03
50.0-59.9 60.0-69.9 70.0-79.9 80.0-89.9 90.0-99.9	4 7 3 1 1 5	0.16 0.27 0.12 0.04 0.04	2529 2536 2539 2540 2541 2546	99.33 99.61 99.73 99.76 99.80	215.10 446.20 214.70 85.60 91.20 841.80	2.95 6.12 2.94 1.17 1.25	5616.60 6062.80 6277.50 6363.10 6454.30 7296.10	76.98 83.10 86.04 87.21 88.46

<sup>\*</sup>Cum.: Cumulative.

APPENDIX B

APPENDIX TABLE B-1. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1973.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
TNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Pe <b>rc</b> en	t of Farm	s	
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	28.4 41.4 56.7 72.0 81.6 88.5 91.9 97.5 100.0 100.0	25.9 38.6 53.0 70.7 79.6 85.8 90.8 98.0 100.0 100.0	9.4 18.2 28.5 49.0 65.0 74.0 82.3 95.4 98.2 99.5	38.5 51.1 60.5 74.7 81.3 85.8 89.9 98.5 99.0 100.0	15.2 30.7 41.9 64.0 79.5 85.8 90.8 99.3 100.0 100.0	22.4 37.9 51.5 66.5 81.4 88.1 92.0 97.7 99.6 100.0	22.4 35.2 47.4 64.9 77.1 83.9 89.1 97.5 99.4 99.9 100.0
TNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of TNFI		
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	0.0 0.9 4.1 11.5 22.4 35.3 44.1 72.4 100.0 100.0	0.0 0.9 3.8 12.0 21.2 32.8 45.5 79.3 100.0 100.0	0.0 0.3 1.2 5.5 13.3 20.5 30.0 57.0 69.8 82.5 100.0	0.0 0.9 2.9 10.4 18.0 26.3 36.8 73.8 79.1 100.0	0.0 1.2 3.7 13.5 29.4 41.2 53.4 92.7 100.0 100.0	0.0 1.0 3.7 10.7 26.1 38.7 48.9 73.2 93.0 100.0	0.0 0.7 2.7 9.2 19.3 29.0 39.3 69.3 84.2 92.9

APPENDIX TABLE B-2. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1974.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
TNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of Farms	5	
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	32.9 51.2 62.5 76.7 87.3 93.0 95.2 98.3 100.0 100.0	12.0 25.4 37.7 57.1 74.8 84.6 90.5 98.0 99.5 100.0	10.3 20.8 32.9 50.0 66.2 75.2 81.4 93.9 97.1 98.7 100.0	34.2 46.8 57.2 72.8 83.7 86.8 90.0 97.0 98.6 99.1	13.8 29.2 40.3 61.6 77.7 84.6 87.2 96.7 99.4 100.0	20.4 34.3 45.8 63.2 76.5 83.0 89.5 97.4 99.0 100.0	20.5 34.3 45.8 63.1 77.1 84.0 88.7 96.8 98.8 99.6 100.0
TNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of TNFI		
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	0.0 1.7 5.0 14.7 30.6 46.3 54.5 76.2 100.0 100.0	0.0 0.8 2.8 9.9 25.2 39.6 52.7 80.6 92.7 100.0	0.0 0.3 1.2 4.4 10.8 16.7 22.7 44.8 56.8 68.5	0.0 0.6 1.9 7.1 14.5 18.3 23.9 44.9 57.1 63.6	0.0 0.8 2.6 10.2 23.2 33.6 39.1 70.3 90.4 100.0	0.0 0.8 2.7 9.4 21.1 30.6 44.0 71.0 84.1 100.0	0.0 0.6 2.2 7.7 17.6 25.9 34.1 58.4 72.3 82.2 100.0

APPENDIX TABLE B-3. Distribution of Taxable Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1975.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
TNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of Farms	<u>1</u>	
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	29.7 49.6 58.6 72.3 83.2 88.6 91.7 99.0 99.3 99.8 100.0	20.3 37.5 46.6 66.0 80.1 86.3 91.2 97.1 99.4 99.8 100.0	9.0 19.5 30.2 47.1 64.5 75.2 81.6 92.9 97.0 99.1	37.7 48.9 56.1 73.3 83.8 86.0 89.5 97.0 99.0 99.8 100.0	14.6 29.8 40.1 60.5 73.5 81.6 87.7 97.4 98.7 100.0	22.8 35.8 46.9 64.6 76.4 84.0 88.5 96.8 99.0 99.6	22.3 36.7 46.3 63.7 76.8 83.5 88.3 96.6 98.7 99.6 100.0
TNFI Category (\$000)	,		Cumulati	ve Percen	t of TNFI		
0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0-99.9 100.0 & Up	0.0 1.4 3.3 10.3 22.5 33.0 41.7 77.5 80.1 90.6 100.0	0.0 1.0 2.6 10.0 22.4 31.8 41.9 62.0 82.4 89.0 100.0	0.0 0.3 1.2 4.8 12.3 20.2 26.9 49.2 65.6 82.8 100.0	0.0 0.6 1.7 8.3 17.1 20.4 27.8 56.8 73.4 87.9	0.0 0.8 2.3 9.4 19.2 30.1 41.4 73.3 82.4 100.0 100.0	0.0 0.7 2.4 8.9 18.2 28.5 37.3 62.5 78.5 87.1	0.0 0.7 2.0 7.9 17.4 25.9 34.4 60.2 75.0 88.0

APPENDIX TABLE B-4. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1973.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
NETNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of Farm	s	
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	20.6 40.8 53.6 67.0 77.6 86.9 91.9 94.1 99.1 100.0	6.7 31.4 45.3 60.2 73.9 82.6 88.3 91.8 98.8 100.0	9.7 18.1 27.1 37.5 55.8 68.7 77.5 84.6 96.5 98.6 100.0	5.8 42.5 56.0 65.3 79.0 84.6 88.9 92.4 99.5 99.7 100.0	8.6 22.1 34.7 48.8 68.3 82.1 89.1 92.7 100.0 100.0	12.6 32.8 47.1 58.4 72.8 84.5 90.6 93.5 98.1 99.6 100.0	10.4 30.5 42.9 55.0 70.1 80.6 86.9 91.0 98.4 99.6 100.0
NETNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of NETN	FI	
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	-76.5 -76.5 -74.3 -67.3 -55.6 -28.8 -6.3 7.5 71.2 100.0 100.0	-8.7 -8.7 -7.4 -3.3 5.1 17.0 30.8 42.5 83.0 100.0	-11.0 -11.0 -10.6 -9.4 -4.2 4.1 13.6 24.3 56.1 67.9	-9.7 -9.7 -8.2 -5.1 5.6 15.6 27.5 41.6 88.0 91.1	-10.4 -10.4 -9.1 -4.8 7.7 26.7 44.6 56.9 100.0 100.0	-27.2 -27.2 -25.7 -22.1 -11.3 7.3 24.1 36.1 66.8 89.4 100.0	-16.6 -16.6 -15.6 -12.7 -4.6 8.1 21.1 32.9 70.4 83.3 100.0

APPENDIX TABLE B-5. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1974.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
NETNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of Farm	s	
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	9.9 40.4 58.7 70.0 81.0 93.5 96.7 97.9 99.5 100.0	4.2 16.5 30.7 42.6 61.6 79.1 87.5 92.3 98.5 99.5	13.6 22.2 32.2 41.9 58.1 71.1 80.3 85.1 95.4 97.6 100.0	8.8 42.1 54.7 64.9 77.7 86.1 89.8 92.8 98.1 98.8 100.0	11.8 23.9 38.7 48.2 70.2 81.3 87.2 90.2 97.7 99.7	15.8 32.9 45.7 55.2 70.5 80.8 87.3 91.5 97.6 99.2 100.0	11.0 29.8 43.3 53.6 69.4 81.5 87.8 91.4 97.7 99.0
NETNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of NETN	FI	
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	-44.9 -40.9 -32.8 -13.9 29.8 49.7 60.0 86.0 100.0	-6.0 -6.0 -4.9 -2.5 6.4 24.7 40.1 52.3 80.9 91.1	-18.5 -18.5 -18.1 -17.0 -12.4 -4.7 4.4 11.3 38.2 50.2 100.0	-17.2 -17.2 -16.3 -14.3 -7.7 1.1 8.4 16.7 41.4 47.8 100.0	-15.3 -15.3 -14.2 -12.0 -0.8 12.6 25.5 34.7 70.6 91.8 100.0	-25.1 -25.1 -24.0 -21.7 -12.7 0.5 14.7 27.5 59.1 80.1 100.0	-18.3 -18.3 -17.4 -15.3 -7.7 4.9 16.4 25.7 54.1 67.4 100.0

APPENDIX TABLE B-6. Distribution of Net Nonfarm Income Among Kansas Farm Management Association Farm Units by Area Association in 1975.

Area Association	1	2	3	4	5	6	State
NETNFI Category (\$000)			Cumulati	ve Percen	t of Farm	s	
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	15.8 41.6 61.1 68.1 80.1 88.8 92.7 95.1 99.5 99.5	13.9 30.7 46.8 55.2 71.1 84.6 89.2 94.1 97.8 99.6 100.0	9.2 18.6 29.8 39.6 55.7 71.5 79.7 85.0 94.7 97.9	11.0 44.9 55.4 62.8 77.8 87.5 90.3 92.8 98.8 99.5	4.5 19.1 33.7 44.7 64.4 77.0 86.1 91.6 99.0 99.7	18.2 37.4 48.1 58.0 72.5 83.8 89.1 91.7 98.2 99.2 100.0	12.6 32.4 46.0 54.9 70.2 82.3 87.8 91.6 97.9 99.2 100.0
NETNFI Category (\$000)		Cumulative Percent of NETNFI					
Below 0.0 0.0 0.1-0.4 0.5-0.9 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.0-24.9 25.0-49.9 50.0 & Up	-361.2 -361.2 -352.1 -340.8 -297.7 -229.5 -175.3 -126.4 12.9 12.9 100.0	-16.1 -16.1 -14.8 -12.7 -4.1 12.6 22.1 36.7 55.9 79.8 100.0	-7.6 -7.2 -6.0 -1.3 8.3 16.6 24.4 50.9 67.5	-14.6 -14.6 -13.5 -11.4 -1.3 12.8 19.6 28.8 69.0 80.7	-7.7 -7.7 -6.6 -4.3 5.5 19.7 37.2 51.8 88.2 94.1	-47.4 -47.4 -46.3 -43.0 -32.7 -14.2 0.9 11.4 55.8 70.1 100.0	-24.7 -24.7 -23.6 -21.4 -12.8 2.0 13.7 25.2 58.9 74.0 100.0

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## THE NONFARM INCOME OF KANSAS FARM MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION FARMERS FOR YEARS 1973-1975

by

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B. S., Kansas State University, 1975

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#### ABSTRACT

A farmer's nonfarm income consists of that income, apart from the farming operation, which is received by the farm operator himself or by members of his family. Nonfarm income represents the more stable portion of a farmer's total income.

The nonfarm income of the Kansas Farm Management Association (KFMA) farmers was analyzed for the three year period, 1973-1975, in an attempt to determine the importance of nonfarm income to Kansas farmers. Relevant information was drawn from computer discs containing KFMA data. The amount of Taxable Nonfarm Income (TNFI) and Net Nonfarm Income (NETNFI) per Association farm was obtained. Unfortunately, the source of this nonfarm income was unavailable.

Approximately 70% of the KFMA farms received TNFI, while approximately 80% of them received NETNFI. The mean average TNFI received per KFMA farm was \$4,260 in 1973, \$5,050 in 1974 and \$4,820 in 1975. The mean average NETNFI received per KFMA farm was \$2,950 in 1973, \$3,340 in 1974 and \$2,870 in 1975. Over the three year period, 1973-1975, the KFMA farms' average Net Farm Income varied \$42,040, while their average NETNFI varied \$470. NETNFI represented 4.9% of their Total Net Income in 1973, 18.5% in 1974 and 11.9% in 1975.

The KFMA nonfarm income mean averages obtained for the State
Association and for select categories of area associations, product sales,
gross farm income, net farm income, total capital managed, total acres
managed, principal operator's age and type of business organization are

obscured by the extreme negative skewness of the nonfarm income data. The top one percent of the KFMA farms repeatedly received approximately one-fourth of the total KFMA nonfarm income. This skewness prohibited normal statistical analysis. The mode and median, as well as the mean, possess special significance in the analysis of KFMA nonfarm income.

This study found that: (1) many KFMA farmers do receive nonfarm income; and (2) the average amount of nonfarm income received by the KFMA farmers varies throughout the state. The KFMA farmers in Association 3 (southwest Kansas) received the most nonfarm income, while those in Association 1 (north central Kansas) received the least. Since the KFMA represents the above average Kansas farm, the receipt of nonfarm income should have an even greater impact upon the average Kansas farm.