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HUTCHINSON HAS GOOD WEEK Show of Cattle and Hogs Best Ever Made at Fair

THE Kansas State Fair drew a week of ideal weather. There is nothing a fair management dreads more than bad weather during fair time. The grounds of the big Hutchinson fair were never more attractive in appearance. As a result of the abundant rains of August the grass was as green as in the spring and all the flowers and shrubs of various kinds were in fine condition and added much to the landscape features. The grounds are well laid out to facilitate the staging of a big fair. The arrangement of the various buildings and improvements makes it possible for visitors to study the different sections in regular logical order and there is seldom any serious congestion at any one point.

The new agricultural building is the one big improvement of the past year. It is a large brick and tile structure, floored with cement and exceptionally well lighted. It occupies a prominent place near the main entrance, and is the first building to attract attention as one approaches the grounds. At the time of this year's fair the military camp of a battalion of the Second Kansas Infantry occupied several acres just to the north of this building. Leading from the agricultural building east to the grandstand is a cement walk some forty or fifty feet wide. This forms the main thoroughfare, and on the big day— Thursday—was taxed to the limit by people passing from the agricultural building to other parts of the grounds. The eating places and many of the amusement concessions are located along the side of this broad walk.

The visitor naturally stops at this first prominent building on entering the grounds. While its primary purpose is to house agricultural exhibits of all kinds, it was used this year for several educational exhibits. The building was comfortably filled, and one was impressed with the appropriateness of the arrangement. The school exhibit of Reno County has for several years been an interesting feature of the state fair and this exhibit occupied a large space in the agricultural building. For the first time nearly every school in the county furnished an exhibit. Although fully twice as much space as usual was furnished to S. P. Rowland, superintendent of this department, he could not place all the material sent in. A study of the exhibit revealed the practical character of the school work done in this county.

The Arkansas Valley is noted for its fine orchards. No better apples are grown anywhere in the country than in this locality. One big Reno County exhibitor of fancy Jonathans in boxes had prominently displayed the statement that he had produced 150,000 bushels of quality apples this year. The Arkansas Valley growers were not without competition in the showing of apples and other fruit. In the apple section we noted that T. P. Van Orsdal, of Shawnee County, drew a number of blue ribbons on plate exhibits.

In the farm crops section of the agri-

cultural building there was a large display of agricultural products, although nowhere near as much as would have been shown if weather conditions had been more favorable during the early part of the season. Quite naturally wheat was especially prominent in this section. There were twenty-five samples in the half-bushel class, all but two being hard winter wheat. A twenty-fivedollar prize was up for the best bushel of winter wheat and this brought out ten high-quality entries. The man winning first in this class had never shown before, and prepared and entered this exhibit only at the earnest solicitation of some of his friends. He did not realize the quality of the wheat he had grown, and it almost took his breath away when he learned he had won the grand prize for the best bushel of hard winter wheat shown.

Ordinarily there are a good many collective county exhibits at this fair, but this year only four were shown. The space alotted to these exhibits was of such a character as to enable the exhibitors to put them up in an even more attractive manner than at the Kansas Free Fair, where the four exhibits entered had been shown the week previous. The men in charge of the Jewell County exhibit had apparently profited by their Topeka experience and put their exhibit up in such fine shape that they were able to win out over the Leavenworth County exhibit, which took first place the week before. Franklin County was awarded third place, and Jefferson fourth.

There were very few exhibits of corn. Corn is unusually late this year, and this probably accounts in some measure for the small showing. Liberal prizes are offered for the various sorghums, both grain and forage. The southwest part of the state is exceptionally well adapted to growing these crops, and we were disappointed that large exhibits of

kafir, milo, and feterita were not shown. There were some very creditable samples of the sorghums on exhibition, but in view of their importance such exhibits should have been the outstanding feature of the agricultural section.

Fully one-fourth of the agricultural building was occupied by an educational display made by the Federal Department of Agriculture. This covered practically every activity of this department of our Government. There were models of different kinds of roads, models of fam buildings of various kinds, forestry products, and many educational charts of special importance at the present time because of the necessity for conserving our food resources to the fullest extent imménse amount of planning and labor and visitors lingered long as they passed up and down the aisles.

The live stock department of this fair was better filled than at any previous exhibition. The cattle show was probably the best ever made at Hutchinson. In fact in some ways the Hereford show was stronger than any exhibition of this breed ever made anywhere in Kansas. It was not especially in numbers that it excelled other Kansas shows. There were 114 animals of the Hereford breed in the competition. The entries were so uniform in quality and fitting that in some of the classes where the numbers ranged from eight to fifteen it was diffend of the class after the judge had arranged them in the order of their merit. The Texas and Mississippi exhibitors carried off a large portion of the first place awards. Four of the championships went to Merkel, of Texas, and the other two to the Mississippi herd. There were also strong herds shown from Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma. A tent was provided for showing cattle, but in the Hereford classes it was several times necessary

to get the animals out in the clear in order to have enough room.

Eight herds of Shorthorn cattle were shown, being practically the same show as at Topeka the week before. Kansas, Iowa, and Nebraska furnished the competing herds in this breed. As in the Herefords, there was an absence of any tail-end exhibits. The first and second places were fairly well distributed among the different herds, which is an indication of the uniform quality of the show. Achenbach Brothers, of Kansas, and Albert Hultine made the Polled Durham show. These herds are well matched and have met in the show ring many times. These hornless Shorthorns are increasing in popularity, and in all probability it will not be many years until they will rank with the Shorthorns in the number of exhibitors showing at our big fairs. The herds of H. & G. Croft, of Bluff City, Kansas, and Swiggart & Son, of Salisbury, Missouri, battled for the honors in the Galloway section. These two exhibitors have long been recognized as close to the front in the breeding and showing of these shaggy, black, beefy cattle so well diated to range conditions. In these herds this year were found some as well fitted animals of the breed as have ever been shown.

Four well-balanced herds represented the Angus breed, one each from the states of Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas. It was not so many years ago that it was necessary to go to some of the states farther east in order to see a show of really high-class Angus cattle. Times have changed, however, as was evidenced by the character of the animals shown at this fair. There were some changes in the judgments of the Kansas Free Fair where the same herds had competed the week before. The Texas entry which won the junior and grand championship at Topeka had to be content with the junior championship being awarded to the aged cow, Twinburn Pride 5th. The Cowden herd, of Texas, however, carried off seven first prizes and three championships.

Two very good hog barns have been built at Hutchinson since last year, and a much larger hog show could have been comfortably handled. There were in all about 540 hogs on exhibition. The strongest showing was made by the Duroc-Jersey breed. We noticed several new names among the exhibitors winning blue ribbons, among these being B. R. Anderson, of McPherson, and W. W. Trumbo, of Peabody. Mr. Trumbo succeeded in getting first on his boar, Constructor Junior, and also reserve junior championship. The names of the exhibitors and the awards of the live stock show are given in full on another page of this issue.

The poultry department, which will have a choice location in one of the ornate buildings of Electric Park, Kansas City, during American Royal week, already has sufficient entries to fill the capacity, and probably the number of entries from any one exhibitor will be limited. Uniform coops are provided.



NELLIE SEGIS PONTIAC, GRAND CHAMPION HOLSTEIN COW AT TOPEKA AND HUTCHINSON.-SHOWN BY THE GALLOWAY-MESSER FARM, WATERLOO, IOWA



Conserve Your Produce!

THE simplest and easiest THE simplest and easiest manner for storing perishable products such as potatoes and other root crops, fruits, etc., is to build a concrete storage cellar. This year more than ever before it is imperative from the standpoint not only of the grow-er but of the country at large, that every farmer provide suitable storage facilities on the farm for fruits and vegetables.

\$700,000,000 Wasted Annually That's the enormous amount in actual money that is wasted in the United States-food-stuffs, farm produce, etc. It is a conserva-tive estimate. Thousands of dollars of waste in the potato crop alone can be saved by pro-viding suitable storage. The tremendous annual loss in vegetables and fruits cannot continue now that the country is aroused to the importance of food conservation.

Concrete

Storage Cellar Storage Cellar The advantage of a concrete storage cellar to the farmer is that the crop can be marketed when prices are right. To the nation it means the conservation of food that hereto-fore has been thrown on a glutted market at harvest time. Keep enough produce for home use and have a large quantity to mar-ket later or when prices are higher and the country needs it. When stored in a concrete cellar apples and potatoes can be kept in good condition from one season's end to the beginning of the next. Now is the time to build a concrete storage cellar and no better material can be found than





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KANSAS FARMER FARM POWER Items of Interest About Automobiles, Engines, Tractors, and Motorcycles

T^N 1915 and 1916 tractor plowing dem-onstrations were conducted during the month of July at Hutchinson, Kansas. At these demonstrations hundreds of acres of wheat land were plowed earlier and deeper than usual. A num-ber of men who furnished land for the demonstrations wished to have it written into the agreement that it should be plowed to a specified depth in excess of the depth they ordinarily plowed their land.

It is of considerable interest to learn how this land responded to this work in such a season as 1916 and 1917. In August, A. L. Sponsler, secretary of the Kansas State Fair, was asked about the condition of the wheat on this land. He replied by stating that he had observed replied by stating that he had observed the wheat growing on the land in the demonstration fields and noted that it had produced a better growth on this deep early plowing than average wheat in the county. It had come on in good shape in spite of the dry fall and win-ter, stood all the punishment to which wheat is subjected, and made a fine yield. While Mr. Sponsler did not have detailed threshing reports, his estimate detailed threshing reports, his estimate was that the wheat on this land had yielded at the rate of about thirty bush-els to the acre. Following this state-ment from Mr. Sponsler, a more careful canvass was made of the wheat fields canvass was made of the wheat fields within a radius of ten miles of Hutchin-son and this revealed the fact that the wheat on the land used for the plowing demonstration last year had produced five bushels more to the acre than wheat had averaged in this area. This is strong evidence in favor of deep, early plowing for wheat. Vear in and war out what for wheat. Year in and year out, wheat on such plowing will produce larger yields than on land less carefully prepared.

American Tractors in France

In the tremendous European struggle that has just ended its third year, it is interesting to know that agriculture has come to occupy its "place in the sun," as the old saying goes. Americans have been under the impression that all the people of Europe were engaged chiefly in moniforduring gues making muniin manufacturing guns, making muni-tions and such materials as destroy human lives and cause devastation.

But such is not the case, for France as well as the other countries during this time have also devoted their time to tilling every available spot of land for the production of more foodstuffs, and they have not adopted the methods which are gradually disappearing, name-ly, the horse and horse-drawn plow, but they have adopted the tractor, and the American tractor at that.

This interesting picture illustrated herewith shows the American-made tractor in the French fields with German prisoners at work. The same machine is popular in the United States, where is it well known in practically every farm community. With chcerful philosophy and sober

industriousness the German prisoners in France are settling down to making the best of things. From the standpoint of the government and those who direct the nation's energies in wealth produc-

ECONOMIZING HAND LABOR IN FRANCE BY USE OF AMERICAN-MADE TRACTOR

tion, the important thing about prisoners is the work they can do. In France, a careful system has been evolved to sort out every kind of artisan, crafts-man and laborer and assign him where his abilities are most in demand. The farm laborer has been sent to the farming districts, the stone mason and the carpenter to the towns and villages in need of reconstruction. France has been singularly fortunate in that most of her prisoners are Germans, who are among the best all-round workers in the world. A large number of German prisoners have had a technical training or possess special skill in addition to the patient, plodding, persevering temperament born of centuries of Teuton domination over the people.

Keep Wheels Aligned

Unquestionably, there is not a motor-t in the land who is not desirous of obtaining the greatest possible service out of his tires, and especially is this true of the "average" car owner, writes Albert Marple in the current issue of American Motorist. Yet it is conserva-tively estimated that at least half of the cars on the roads these days have wheels that are more or less out of alignmenta condition which tends to shorten tire life.

In the majority of the cases where the wheels are out of alignment it is probable that the car owners are not aware of the fact; in others the owners may believe that the wheels are slightly out of line, but they do not wish to go to the expense and trouble of having them straightened, while there are some instances where the owners do not "give a rip," as the saying goes, whether the wheels are "in" or "out," so long as their cars run and the guaranteed mileage is secured out of the tires.

There is probably no abuse to which the casing can be subjected that will prove so injurious to it as will the very act of running it on a wheel that is out of alignment. The experienced motorist knows that when the tire that is "out" is run a certain grinding action is set up between the casing and the road sur-face which in time produces excessive face which, in time produces excessive wear and tear.

V. M. Emmert, agricultural agent of McPherson County, tells of finding a man using a dust collector on the air intake of his tractor. In three hours' work he collected a handful of dust. Think what it means to the efficiency of an engine and the time that it will last, to keep all of this dust out of the carbureter and cylinders.

In using a pit silo, the most impor-tant question to consider is how to get the silage out of the pit. A cheap der-rick may be constructed to take care of this if but one silo is to be filled. pulley attached to this derrick pulls up a large iron bucket. The derrick is so constructed that it will deposit the bucket in a wagon or a trough outside of the silo. If several silos are grouped together an overhead track similar to that used for hay may be built.



September 29, 1917

Barn doors which balk, stick and jump the track are an everlasting nuisance. What is more, they are unnecessary. Yours will never balk, never stick, never jump the track and will always run smoothly and easily if equipped with the

McKinney-Pittsburgh **Door Hanger**

There is a vertical adjustment which takes up all the sag, leaving plenty of clearance between door and floor. There is a lateral adjustment by which you can increase or decrease the space between door and wall. There are double, roller-bearing wheels which make it run smoothly; and deep-grooved runways, enclosed on top and sides, from which the wheels positively cannot jump.

The McKinney-Pittsburgh Door Hanger and Track are made substantially, of tested iron and steel. The outfit is weather-proof and bird-proof; and can be used on doors varying in thickness from one and one-half to two and one-half inches. Sold under a binding guarantee.

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NON-PARTISAN LEAGUE

"Farming the farmers" has been a popular pastime for a good many years. There is now being exploited in Kansas a movement known as the Non-Partisan a movement known as the Non-Partisan League. The promoters of this new project are learning, however, that Kan-sas farmers are blessed with a good bump of caution and do a little think-ing and investigating for themselves be-fore falling for the clever scheme of these organizers from other states. Our advice to Kansas farmers is to steer advice to Kansas farmers is to steer clear of this movement which can only result in weakening the influence of the two splendid farmers' organizations now so effectually representing farm activ-ities in the state.

ities in the state. The man at the head of the Non-Partisan League is accused by the lead-ing papers of the Northwest of being an I. W. W. and even worse. It is stated that he attended an I. W. W. convention in Kansas City in July. He has suc-ceeded in getting about two million dol-lars of money from farmers of the Northwest, and it is claimed that this is deposited in his own name and sub-ject to his draft only. One of the smooth-tongued organizers for this memory for Maurice McAuliffe. smooth-tongued organizers for this movement called on Maurice McAuliffe, president of the Farmers' Union, lately. We should have enjoyed being present at this interview. The Farmers' Union at this interview. of Nebraska, through its executive comof Nebraska, through its executive com-mittee, has gone on record against the Non-Partisan League, and following the visit of this organizer, Mr. McAuliffe wrote a most forceful editorial warning Farmers' Union members of the state against the movement. He takes the stand that the league is in reality a movement to destroy the really effective farmers' organizations now in existence and refers at some length to the Farmand refers at some length to the Farmers' Alliance, which was destroyed through the attempt to turn it into a political organization. Mr. McAuliffe said in part:

said in part: "If the founders and promoters of the Non-Partisan League have no purpose in view but to get the farmers organized politically to control the legislature, why didn't they go to work in South Dakota or Minnesota? The farmers of either of the above states are as much or more in need of legislative reforms than are the farmers of Kansas. And by the way, Kansas farmers have been doing fairly

Kansas farmers have been doing fairly well along legislative lines. "The founders of the Non-Partisan League are not working for the welfare of the farmers—the very opposite is true. They are working for the destruc-tion of the farmers' organizations that are now endangering the well being and safety of the commercial autocrats who are waying fat by bleeding both conare waxing fat by bleeding both con-sumers and producers.

"It looks to me very much as though the fellows who came to Kansas from Minnesota or Dakota or any of the other states to promote a farmers' political organization here in Kansas have an im-

mense amount of gall and nerve. "If the farmers of Kansas want to form a political organization they have sense enough and ability here at home to do it without the assistance of a lot of important promoters who are working for the money they can get out of it. "This Minnesota gentleman who called

on me told me that the Non-Partisan League was going to put 100 organizers to work in Kansas right away, a suppose they are all smooth guys that have no interest in the Kansas farmers other than to get \$16 initiation fee and \$2.50 subscription to a paper out of each

52.50 subscription to a paper out of each one of them they can get to join the league." We feel that Kansas farmers are jus-tified in making the most careful inves-tigation before going into this political organization and paying the \$16 initia-tion fee demanded. Far better rally to the support of the existing organiza-tions. tions.

LICENSING PACKING HOUSES The Food Administration has an-nounced the following conference with

the live stock representatives September 5 and 6 that plans will be made for supervising the packing industry through a system of licensing until the close of the war. Such control cannot increase the amount of live stock in the country, but the Government should be able to learn whether there have been unneces-sary expenses in distributing meat prod-ucts. We hope something definite will develop as to the real causes of the vio-lent fluctuations in live stock prices on

our central markets. With the Government in charge, pack-ing house operators most assuredly cannot undertake to influence the prices paid for live stock without being found Live stock men have for years felt out. Live stock men nave for years fet certain that a few concerns were in a position to control prices, and have com-plained bitterly of this condition. It has been stated that there will be no at-tempt made to regulate live stock prices, but federal control of the packing indusout. try will certainly have some influence on the price situation. It ought to result in greater uniformity of prices. A real supervision will either convict or exonerate the packers of the charges that have been made and may result in some real reforms in the future methods of handling the business of slaughtering and distributing meat animals.

What does it actually cost to grow heat? The cost of producing any crop wheat? is variable due to uncertainties of the season, so the results based on a single year's figures are often misleading. Prof. L. E. Call, of the Agricultural Col-Prof. L. E. Call, of the Agricultural Col-lege, has done some figuring on the cost of growing wheat, and we submit his results, bring them up to date by in-creasing the cost of seed up to \$2.50 a bushel, which was the prevailing price this season. The items are as follows: Plowing \$138 are access herewing 22 this season. The items are as follows: Plowing, \$1.38 an acre; harrowing, 33 cents; double disking, 73 cents; drilling, 87 cents; seed, \$2.50; twine, 25 cents; harvesting, 54 cents; shocking, 24 cents; stacking, 84 cents; threshing, 78 cents; hauling crop to market, 42 cents; inter-est on investment, \$2.40; taxes, 25 cents—a total of \$11.04. The total re-turn from a fourteen-bushel crop under the Government guarantee of two dollars a bushel would be \$28. This leaves a net return of \$16.96 an acre. net return of \$16.96 an acre.

Can we not have some figures from farmers who have kept accurate ac-counts of the cost of growing and marketing wheat?

* * * Some people are saying that wheat is being withheld from market because farmers are dissatisfied with the Governfarmers are dissatisfied with the Govern-ment price. Whatever the cause, very few mills are being able to secure enough wheat to operate on full time. Un-doubtedly there are farmers who can-not break even in selling their wheat at the price fixed by the commission. The poet of producing the most enough cost of producing the most expensive bushel, however, cannot be taken as a measure in fixing a price on the whole production. It is a most novel experience to know exactly what wheat will bring for a considerable period ahead and this knowledge undoubtedly ac-counts in a considerable measure for the slowness with which wheat is moving to market. Knowing that it will bring just as much in a week or a month as at the present time, it is but natural to delay marketing until the most conve-nient time. A big acreage of wheat is being sown and due to shortage of labor it is calling for the most strenuous ef-fort to get the work done properly and at the right season. The thing most to be feared is a freight congestion later in the year. The railroads have greatly increased the freight movement through co-operative efforts in routing cars and getting maximum loading, but notwithstanding their most strenuous efforts, we are likely to have a serious freight tie-up this winter. We are mobilizing great armies in our many and widely distributed training camps, and enor-mous quantities of military supplies

power. condition in a few months and be un-able to market products and get needed supplies because of lack of cars and transportation facilities. Due to these facts, it would seem the part of wisdom to figure as far ahead as possible on the handling of either products sold or pur-chased which require railroad transportation.

Prof. George E. Bray, industrial en-gineer in the extension division of the Agricultural College, died September 1 in a Minnesota hospital, after a brief in a Minnesota nospital, after a brief illness. He had been connected with the college for a number" of years. In his work in the home study correspondence courses Professor Bray became well known throughout the country as the first man in the United States to intro-duce duce correspondence shop courses of study in the state and federal prisons. The home-made drier for fruit and vege-tables, plans of which were given in KANSAS FARMER of June 23, was the KANSAS FARMER of June 23, was the product of Mr. Bray's energy and in-genuity. This simple but effective drier was designed and thoroughly tested by Mr. Bray and given to the public just before his fatal illness. When the news of Professor Bray's death came, one of his follow washers who for years had his fellow workers, who for years had been closely associated with him, said this:

this: "Those of us who knew Professor Bray intimately feel that his splendid personality and sterling qualities influ-enced for good hundreds of men and women with whom he came into con-tact. His written work will continue to be of high value, but after all perhaps his greatest service was a result of his direct contact with men and women" direct contact with men and women."

Next week the American Royal Stock Show will be held in Kansas City, Mis-souri, at Electric Park. This show will be an exhibition of the four breeds of beef cattle only: Shorthorns, Herefords, Angus and Galloway. Horse shows will be given evenings, and there will be a poultry show. The superintendent of the poultry department has already en-gaged three judges of national reputa-tion. It is hard to become reconciled to an American Royal away from the stock tion. It is hard to become reconciled to an American Royal away from the stock yards. We hope some definite arrange-ment can be made for housing this great exhibition of live stock so that it can truly represent these interests in the

great Southwest.

Beginning with the present college year, Dr. J. D. Walters, of the Kansas Agricultural College, becomes professor emeritus and retires from active class work after a continuous service of forty-one years. Doctor Walters enjoys the unique distinction of knowing per-sonally every member of forty-odd classes that have graduated from the in-stitution during his long period of serv-ice. He came to the Agricultural College during the trying times of its early career and has always acted as a con-structive, stabilizing force in its remark-able growth and development during these years. Faculty, graduates, former students, and all who have ever been connected with the institution and who learned to know and appreciate Doctor Walters, will rejoice in this honor con-ferred upon him by the Board of Admin-istration. We do not expect him to m istration. We do not expect him to go into seclusion now that he has been relieved from active service. He will un-doubtedly give occasional lectures in the department of architecture, and he can be depended upon as ever to sympathetbe depended upon advise undergraduates or greet the returning alumnus.

There were eighty-five cattle in the barn devoted to the showing of dairy animals at the Kansas State Fair. This is probably the strongest dairy cattle show ever made at Hutchinson. Here also there were some changes made from the

must be kept moving. Cold weather al-ways reduces the efficiency of motive power. We may face a most serious ondition in a few months and be un-ble to market products and get needed supplies because of lack of cars and pransportation facilities. Due to these The Chestnut bull place in class at the Kansas State Fair. He had won the championship in Topeka against the same entries, but at Hutch-inson he showed very lame and probably for that reason did not impress the judge as he would if he had been in perfect condition. The Jerseys shown by the White City Jersey Farm, of Tulsa, Oklahoma, aroused the admiration of every lover of dairy cattle. Henry Stebbins, the manager of this farm, de-serves a great deal of credit for his con-Stebbins, the manager of this farm, de-serves a great deal of credit for his con-structive work in building up this herd to its present high standard of excel-lence. After the awards had all been made, the judge remarked that this farm had shown only one weak entry. Of the three aged cows shown, each one had a blue ribbon to its credit as a result of this war's showing each time the award this year's showing, each time the award being made by a dairy cattle judge of high standing. The same uniformity appeared in some of the heifer classes appeared in some of the heifer classes where several entries were made. The other Jersey cattle shown were from working herds. Some of them showed good Jersey type, but they could hardly compete with animals so carefully se-lected and polished up for the show as were the entries of the White City Jer-sey Farm Judge Graves, who placed were the entries of the White City Jer-sey Farm. Judge Graves, who placed the awards, has been himself a breeder of Jersey cattle for a great many years, and he took pains to explain to some of these beginners in the breed the points they should look for in selecting their animals, and even went to the extent of telling exactly what kind of a herd sire should be used on females of such type as they were showing. Beginners in a new breed of stock should be very appreciative of such consideration on the in a new breed of stock should be very appreciative of such consideration on the part of a judge. The only Ayrshires shown were those entered by William Galloway. The feature of the Ayrshire show was the presence of J. G. Watson, the field representative of the Ayrshire Becord Association. Mr. Watson is a the field representative of the Ayrshire Record Association. Mr. Watson is a great booster for this breed. He as-sisted in showing the cattle and was on hand for most of the week, talking up his chosen breed at every opportunity.

The usual carnival company occupied a prominent place on the Hutchinson grounds. The Governor made a short speech to the people in the grandstand following his review of the troops, but the noise in the motordrome nearby was so great that many people had difficulty in hearing him. While the prominence given such amusements might be criti-cised, the management of the Kansas State Fair deserves great credit for the State Fair deserves great credit for the amusement and entertainment features given in front of the grandstand in the afternoon and evening. During the races a skilled acrobatic company furnished entertainment between heats. There was something going on all the time. Each afternoon the National Guard bat-talion gave an exhibition drill and on talion gave an exhibition drill, and on Tuesday they were formally reviewed by the Governor and his staff. Some very fine aeroplane flights were given during the afternoons of each day. The evening performance consisted of one of the most spectacular pyrotechnic displays ever given in Kansas. This con-sisted of a representation in fire of the destruction of a village in France, all sorts of modern warfare imitations be-ing demonstrated. There were aeroing demonstrated. There were aero-planes shooting bombs of fire, and as a grand finale the United States was brought into the game and the Allies won out in the mimic warfare which was so vividly portrayed. The day at-tendance at the fair was rather disap-pointing to the management, but there pointing to the management, but there could be no such complaint of the grandstand attendance for the evening performance. The seats were crowded to their fullest capacity and people scemed to feel that they had received the worth of their money.

KANSAS FARMER September 29, 1917 SUCCESSFUL BEE CLUB Aim of Club is to Make Better Beekeepers of its Members

URING the winter of 1916-17 the DURING the winter of 1916-17 the Lyon County Boys' and Girls' Bee Club was organized by Charles A. Boyle, district club leader, and Hubert L. Popence, agricultural agent for this Kansas county. Mr. Boyle's purpose in organizing the club was not to increase the number of beekeepers but to make better beekeep-ers out of those already possessing bees.

ers out of those already possessing bees. Instead of having one or two neglected and almost forgotten boxes of bees hidden away somewhere under a tree, it was planned to give these bees a new home, decent treatment, and make them pay their own way, thus justifying their existence.

Modern equipment was one of the first things to be secured and the mem-bers soon found that move favorable prices were offered them when buying prices were offered them when buying a number of articles than if purchased by individuals. Nearly all hive parts can be purchased much cheaper when secured as "in the flat" rather than when nailed together. Furthermore, there is a considerable saving in freight. "When it came to purchasing equip-ment it was found that this would be divided into two classes—one to include

divided into two classes-one to include large articles to be used in common, and

the other individual equipment which each club member should own. In the first class were included text and reference books on beekeeping, as well as the leading magazines. The tools which were necessary for assembly tools which were necessary for assemb-ling hive parts were also included in this class. Some of the members were to raise extracted honey, and since an extractor was rather expensive for an individual club member to own, the club purchased the extractor and all equipment necessary for extracting.

Each club member was urged to subscribe to one bee journal and, if possible, secure a text book. Gloves, veils, smok-ers, hive tools, hives and hive parts-including supers, frames, sections, foundation, bee escape boards, and queen exeluders-were secured by each member for his individual needs.

for his individual needs. Since the object was to make better beekeepers rather than more beekeepers, it was planned to have each member make his start with a colony of bees, secured, if possible, from his parents. By so doing it was intended to make a practical demonstration, not only to his parents but to others, of just what could be accomplished by using modern methods and intelligent care in handling the bees. the bees.

The club opened in the spring of 1917 with twelve members. Four of these were obliged to discontinue but the other eight remained enthusiastic members throughout the season.

After organizing and registering, the policy which the club was to pursue was adopted. The amount of supplies which were to be used was estimated and the order placed.

In order that an exact rating should be given to each member, the hive with which he had started was examined and a value placed upon it. In making this examination the condition and strength of each colony, the race, age, and pro-lificness of the queen, and the condition of the hive and hive parts were all taken into consideration. If a colony was in an old box hive, which would here heve to be chonced to a better hive later have to be changed to a better hive, it received a lower valuation than it would have had it been already in a

modern hive. After each colony had been appraised and its value recorded, the club was ready to begin work. Mr. Boyle and Mr. Popence demonstrated how the hive parts should be put together, how many nails to use and where they should be used, and how to paint them so as to have all a uniform color.

Those who were going to raise ex-tracted honey learned how to make extracting frames and how to fasten in the wax foundation which was used to secure straight comb. Those who were interested in producing comb honey learned how to make the sections and how to fasten in the little sheets of wax or "starters."

Those who had colonies in old boxes were shown how to transfer them to modern hives with movable frames. 'After the bees are housed in their new homes they could be examined at any

By J. H. MERRILL, K. S. A. C.



PART OF APIARY EXHIBIT AT KANSAS STATE FAIR, HUTCHINSON

time because the frames in these hives

could be removed at will. As the work progressed new problems constantly presented themselves and Mr. Boyle and Mr. Popence were kept busy throughout the summer answering questions and solving problems.

After the honey season is over there is to be another valuation to determine the standing of each club member. Each contestant must submit an itemized account of all his expenses and receipts. Then his colonies will be examined along the following line: (1) The num-ber of colonies; (2) the strength of each colony; (3) the number of bees in each colony; (4) amount of stores; (5) im-provement in the race of the bees; and (6) possibilities of wintering.

The standing of each contestant is de-termined by adding the total receipts to the value of the colonies, minus the total

expenses. The interest and enthusiasm which the work has aroused can be shown in no better way than by quoting part of a letter from Mr. Boyle:

"Of the eight members who are con-tinuing the work, three are living in towns and the other five on farms. Two of these living in towns depend entirely upon the flight of the bees from the home yard for the gathering of the crop while one has moved to the new swarm, cast off this spring, to the country for better bee pasture. The three living in towns have all worked for comb (sec-tion) honey, each having, at this date, July 24, one super of sections filled and the bees working on another the bees working on another.

"Two of the members living in the country have worked mostly for comb (section) honey and are meeting with fair success. One has put on a super of extracting frames with full sheets of foundation to give a trial foundation to give a trial.

"Farm work has prevented these boys from giving the bees the needed amount of care; however, as the bees gather and store the honey and the members see

these stores increasing, their interest has been greatly quickened. "Those mentioned have had hives with

movable frames and they have been able to make examinations when necessary. This has been a distinct advantage in

This has been a distinct advantage in many ways. "The other three members have had hives, some with and some without frames, but in all these hives the combs have been built according to the fancy of the bees, which has resulted in crooked combs, making it impossible to examine the contents of the hive or know the condition of the queen or of the brood rearing except from external indi-cations. cations.

"Hives of ten frames with full sheets of foundation were put above those eight frame hives and the bees invited and expected to go up and occupy them for brood-rearing so that a queen ex-cluder might have been placed between these bodies and the transfer made with-out much trouble.

"The bees thought differently and in each case they filled the hive body with fine new honey and have begun on other supers set above or under these full bodies. Some other plan must be adopted this fall or next spring for transferring these swarms. "One of the boys has caught three

stray swarms besides the smaller nat-ural increase. The last one of the caught swarms was a very large one and came to him one Friday evening and was put into a hive body made of two supers nailed together and frames with full sheets of foundation given. In just eight days the swarm had the combs well drawn out and more than half filled with honey.

"In another place, one of the first "In another place, one of the first swarms caught was put into a new hive body which the bees soon filled to over-flowing; a new super was given them and they filled that, when another super was given and that is pretty well filled with nice white honey from sweet clover and alfalfa. Another swarm, much



BEE CLUB MEMBERS MAKING FIRST SPRING EXAMINATION OF HIVES

later, was put into an eight-frame body, without frames or foundation, as no other hive was ready and before any help came the swarm had nearly filled help came the swarm had nearly filled the body with comb and honey, so a second eight-frame hive body, with full sheets of foundation, was given, and this is nearly filled at this time. We expect them to gather more from the alfalfa, as this crop is doing well in this locality

affairs, as this crop is doing well in this locality. "The crop already gathered, and the prospect of more this season, has so stimulated the boys that one has said he expects to increase to fifteen colonies next year and make that the maximum for his place

for his place. "Another expects to sow more sweet clover for pasture, and his father says they will encourage him in making bee-keeping a profitable part of the farm business.

"Another has the support of his par-ents in undertaking to develop this as a profitable side line to the general farm

a profitable side line to the general farm operations they have engaged in. "It is the intention of many of these members to requeen most of the hives with pure Italian queens (untested) this fall. These will be secured from one of our best and most reliable breeders of the state. We feel that more can be ac-complished by securing good stock in beekeeping just as in other lines of farm work. Another year many will try rais-ing their own guerne in some one of the ing their own queens in some one of the various ways used by good beekeepers.

"With all these farm boys and girls there is a growing interest and a desire to do better beekeeping than has been done in their locality heretofore and see that the ability of the bee is used to aid them in securing more of nature's sweets for home use and then have some to sell.

"A fall farm products show is being planned for the early part of November, at which time we hope to be able to give additional evidence of the profit-ableness of this particular activity for the farm boy and girl."

EDITOR'S NOTE .- Two members of this pioneer boys' and girls' bee club made exhibits at the Kansas Free Fair. The apiary department was in charge of J. W. Priddy, and he had arranged and shelved his exhibit of comb and strained honey and the different strains of bees in a tasteful manner. This is a depart-ment of the fair that, could well be greatly enlarged. The extending of the club work among the boys and girls will serve to increase interest in bees and chould accoult in the production of a should result in the production of a great deal of this valuable food.

great deal of this valuable food. In the showing at Topeka, Tom Strat-ton, a member of the Lyon County Club, won the second prize of three dollars in cash on white comb honey. This prize was won in open competition with men from all parts of the state, the first place being given to O. A. Keene, secre-tary of the State Beekeepers' Associa-tion Edward Palmer, the other Lyon Edward Palmer, the other Lyon tion.

tion. Edward Faimer, the other Lyon County Club member, won second place on white strained honey. Spencer A. Lloyd, an Iola boy, pre-sented an interesting exhibit in the apiary department, showing the differ-ent stages in the filling of the comb with honey, beginning with the empty comb and finishing with the comb filled and canned

and capped. The display of food products in which honey had been used instead of sugar noney had been used instead of sugar for sweetening, interested many house-wives, particularly at this time, in view of the high cest of sugar. Raisin pie, cookies, cake, jelly, conserve, preserves, and pineapple, peaches, and plums canned in honey, and honey tomato butter were among these foods.

The splendid results obtained by this Lyon County club should serve to inter-est other boys and girls in bee work. Those who become interested in bee Those who become interested in bee work find it most fascinating as well as profitable. In order to be ready for next year's harvest of honey, the bees and the necessary equipment should be obtained this fall. We hope to hear of other bee clubs being organized over the state. Prof. J. H. Merrill, of the entomological department of the agricultural college at Manhattan, is in charge of the apiary instruction and will gladly fur-nish the necessary help to those who wish to take up bee work.

KANSAS FARMER September 29, 1917 COMMON-SENSE ROAD MAKING

Type of Roads For Different Sections Depend on Kind And Amount of Traffic

IN THE people's pavilion at the Kan-sas Free Fair one day was devoted to the subject of roads. On several evenings of the week there were also given motion picture films on roads. Kansas now has a state highway de-partment and plans are being made to bring about a more systematic handling of the road-building work of the state. Among the numerous good talks made

Among the numerous good talks made on Good Roads Day in the pavilion, was one by W. S. Gearhart, state highway

one by W. S. Gearnart, state highway engineer. "The type or types of road best adapted to Kansas conditions," said Mr. Gearhart, "is receiving serious consider-ation in many sections of the state, and the county officials and the big public-spirited road enthusiasts are attacking this problem in earnest.

spirited road enthusiasts are attacking this problem in earnest. "When a comprehensive system of one hundred to two hundred miles of main roads are to be improved in a county at one time, the types can be selected on a scientific economical basis after a traffic census has been taken on the dif-ferent roads and the population and the property valuation along each road are known. known.

"The cost of road service is the first cost, plus the maintenance cost, plus the interest on the money invested, divided by the number of users; therefore, if the type is properly adapted to the traffic, the cost of service will be ap-proximately the same on all types.

proximately the same on all types. Every type of road has a value, or ability to render service, and a corre-sponding cost. For instance, if the av-erage annual cost of an earth road, in-cluding first cost, the maintenance cost and interest on the money invested is \$250 per year and it carries an average traffic of one hundred vehicles per day, then the cost to the county per user is \$2.50 per year.

*2.50 per year. *Assuming that the average annual cost of a gravel road, including first cost, the maintenance cost and interest on the money invested, is \$750, and it carries an average traffic of three hun-

carries an average traffic of three hun-dred vehicles per day, the cost to the county per user is \$2.50 per year. "Assuming that the average annual cost of a concrete or brick road, includ-ing first cost, the maintenance cost and interest on the money invested, is \$1,500, and it carries an average traffic of 600 vehicles per day, then the cost to the county per user is again \$2.50 per year.

"When each road in a system has been properly designed, one type is as good as another; that is, an earth road or gravel road in the right place is as good as a concrete or brick road where a con-orate or brick road where a concrete or brick road is required, and on account of the difference in cost, a great deal better than a concrete or brick road where only an earth or gravel road is needed.

"The type of road used in each case should be selected as we would plan a sewer or tile drain system; that is, by using the size of tile or type of road surface required in each place to perform the function demanded of it. No one would consider using all four-inch or all sixteen-inch tile in a drainage or sewer system, and for the same reason no one type of road should be selected for a whole system of roads, unless each road "The type of road used in each case whole system of roads, unless each road in the system will probably carry ap-proximately an equal amount of traffic. "Many economies can be effected by building a comprehensive system of roads at one time and there is the furroads at one time and there is the fur-ther advantage of getting the roads sooner and enjoying them longer, but unfortunately there has been little con-sideration of this method of road im-provement in Kansas. The adoption of such a system would mean the interval such a system would mean the improve-ment of about ten per cent of the roads in a county within a period of about five years.

"When the piecemeal, one-road-at-a-time method is adopted for the improvement of a few main roads, we have an entirely different problem and it is now evident that this system will be used to build the main through roads connecting



EXHIBIT OF KANSAS GOOD BOADS ASSOCIATION AT KANSAS FREE FAIR, TOPEKA, AND KANSAS STATE FAIR, HUTCHINSON

the principal cities and market centers the principal cities and market centers in Kansas, and as soon as these roads are completed they will be required to carry an enormous automobile and motor truck traffic and the county that over-looks this fact and builds a type of road not suited to this heavy traffic is sure to have a sad expensive experience.

to have a sad expensive experience. "When the average daily traffic does not exceed one hundred to two hundred vehicles per day, no type of road can be more economically constructed and maintained than an earth road and no other type of road responds to intelligent di-rection more quickly or more satisfactorily.

"In order to economically maintain any type of road it is necessary to cut down the hills, fill up the low places, provide adequate drainage, protect the side ditches and build the bridges and culverts of concrete or stone.

"Regardless of the type of road to be constructed, the road should be built to permanent grade and the permanent drainage structures built large enough to drainage structures built large enough to carry the water and wide enough to safely carry the traffic. These improve-ments are of the most permanent char-acter and should be made whether the road is to be surfaced at this time or not, for they will give the best possible earth road for the money invested and such an earth road can be more econom-ically maintained by continuous drag-

such an earth road can be more econom-ically maintained by continuous drag-ging than any other. "A well-built gravel road is probably the best cheap surfaced road that can be constructed in Kansas at this time and with reasonable maintenance will economically carry an average daily traffic of from two hundred to three hun-dred vehicles per day.

dred vehicles per day. "Practically every county in the state has deposits of gravel suitable for road purposes if properly used, but unfor-tunately this type of construction has received little or no constileration except in five or six counties. Most of the in five or six counties. Most of the gravel obtained from the rivers and much of the pit gravel does not contain much of the pit gravel does not contain a sufficient amount of binder to hold particles together when placed in a road. To such gravel from 15 to 25 per cent of good binder clay should be added. "When the average daily traffic on a road exceeds three hundred to four hun-

dred vehicles, or when there is reason-able grounds to believe that in a short time after the road is completed, like on a cross-state highway, it will carry a traffic exceeding this amount, asphaltic concrete, Portland cement concrete, or brick roads generally will be most eco-nomical when the first cost, interest on the investment, maintenance cost and the character of the service rendered are considered.

"Fortunately, Kansas has a large number of cement and brick plants, an abun-dance of good sand and chats, an abun-reasonable amount of gravel and lime-stone suitable for these types of construction.

"Nature has provided the materials "Nature has provided the materials and the legislature has enacted the nec-essary laws and now it is up to the peo-ple to finance the roads if they want to pull Kansas out of the mud." While only one day was devoted to this important subject in the people's pavilion, there was an exhibit in the agricultural building which proclaimed the general of good roads in a most ef-

agricultural building which proclaimed the gospel of good roads in a most ef-fective manner throughout the week. This exhibit occupied twenty-five or thirty feet of wall space and was in charge of J. Frank Smith, secretary of the Kansas Good Roads Association. This strong organization has a large membership and good financial backing. It has undertaken a comprehensive cammembership and good financial backing. It has undertaken a comprehensive cam-paign of education on the roads question and through this exhibit was able to present in the most striking manner the fundamental facts of road building and the relation of good roads to general agricultural prosperity. In staging this exhibit Mr. Smith had the co-operation of the State Highway Department, the Topeka Chamber of Commerce, the To-peka Automobile Club, and the engineer-ing department of the Agricultural Coling department of the Agricultural Col-lege. A series of models showing differ-ent types of roads were shown as well as types of bridge construction. There were also numerous photographs, maps, and charts, and some striking lessons were pointed out by cartoons which oc-cupied a prominent place on the wall space. Educational literature on roads was distributed to thousands of people each day. It was simply impossible for visitors to pass this exhibit without pausing to study it in detail. Mr. Smith pausing to study it in detail. Mr. Smith and his assistants were kept busy from morning till night answering questions and discussing the many phases of this subject which touches most closely all the people of the state. The cut on this page shows a portion of this exhibit. The Kansas Good Roads Association has offices in Toucks, and

Association has offices in Topeka, and Mr. Smith will gladly answer all ques-tions bearing on roads and especially the administration of the new road legisla-tion. A copy of the pamphlet entitled The Road Builder will be sent free to

anyone making request. The exhibit is being shown at the Kansas State Fair in Hutchinson.

Silo-Filling Hints

It will soon be time to fill the silo. Some are filling already. This is one of the hurry-up jobs of the year. Ev-

erything should be made ready for a continuous run when cutting starts. The cutter should be put in first class shape, special attention being given to the knives and knife heads. An extra set of knives should be on hand. The blower, fan and knives should run at the rated speed. Poor joints and a leaky blower mean more power and clogging. The cutter bar should be in good condition and the knives and bar properly adjusted to each other. If any erything should be made ready for a properly adjusted to each other. If any extras are likely to be needed for the corn binder, they should be on hand.

corn binder, they should be on hand. Authorities agree that the nearer ripe the corn is, if it contains enough water to make good silage, the sweeter the silage will be and consequently the more palatable; also the greater the amount of digestible nutrient it will contain. Roughly speaking, a majority of the ears should be dented. When large quantities are to be cut it is necessary to begin before the corn is at its best.

quantities are to be cut it is necessary to begin before the corn is at its best, otherwise the last cut will be too ripe. Short-cut silage means greater silo capacity, less air space, and if the corn is a little dry, less likelihood of spoil-ing. Short cutting also means reduced capacity of the machine and more power. If the stalks are coarse and woody the waste is greater than in long-cut silage. In fine-stalked corn that is very green there is less difference between the long and short cut. When corn is very dry from being

When corn is very dry from being over-ripe or frozen, it is often necessary to apply water to the silage in order to make it keep. Enough water should be applied to moisten thoroughly the whole mass. There is little danger of apply-ing too much water.

Roughly speaking it takes one and a half to two horsepower gas for every ton per hour of green corn cut one-half inch in length and blown thirty feet high. From this it will be seen that to cut ten tons an hour one-half inch long and blow into a silo thirty feet high will require approximately a fifteen or twenty horsepower gas engine. If the same amount per hour is cut one-fourth an inch long 10 ably more power.

Ford County farmers are willing to increase the wheat acreage of the county if seed and labor for harvesting next it seed and labor for harvesting next year's crop are assured. Enough seed was grown in the eastern part of the county to seed that section, but five or six carloads of this wheat were shipped out of the county early. John V. Hep-ler, emergency demonstration agent of Ford County, is working with the bank-ers and elevator men in an effort to supply seed where it is needed. supply seed where it is needed.

Kansas Farmer Dairy Club How to Keep Records

A S MANY of the Dairy Club mem-bers are just beginning their year's records, we are using a sample milk record on this page to show how these should be made out. The rec-ord for each calendar month should be kept on a separate blank, and the num-ber of pounds given each day recorded in the space at the right of the proper date. Spaces are provided for both morning and evening milkings. The rec-ord shown began with the evening of April 11 and so the number of pounds given at the first milking was entered in the lower half of the space numbered eleven. Business men usually balance eleven. Business men usually balance their accounts and close all records on the last day of each month, and this is

the last day of each month, and this is a good practice for us all. The total amount of milk for the month is found by adding the numbers set down each day. For the percentage of butter fat the test of the sample sent to Manhattan the fifteenth of the month is used. If a record begins after the fif-teenth, the test for the next month is teenth, the test for the next month is used. A test of 3 per cent would mean that each hundred pounds of your cow's milk contained three pounds of butter fat, or that 3 per cent of each pound of milk was butter fat. The word "per cent" really means hundredths, so we may say 3 hundredths just as well as 3 per cent. It is convenient to write this .03. The amount of butter fat in the milk your cow gives for the month is milk your cow gives for the month is found by multiplying the total amount of milk by the test expressed in hun-dredths, pointing off in the result ob-tained as many decimal places as you tained as many decimal places as you have in both the numbers you are mul-tiplying. For instance, if the total amount of milk for the month was 477 pounds and the test 3.8 per cent, the total butter fat would be .038 times 477 pounds or 18.126 pounds. The record here shown is one of last

The record here shown is one of last year's and the weights are given in pounds and fourths or eighths of pounds. This year all members use a scale grad-uated to tenths of a pound so that the fractions may be written decimally, mak-ing the addition easier. The sample bottle sent in will be re-turned to you from Manhattan, but all the tests are mailed to us and sent out from this office, reaching members about

from this office, reaching members about the last of each month.

All records must begin October 1. If your cow is not giving milk at that time, start the feed record then and the

milk record as soon as you begin saving her milk after she freshens. The feed record is kept in the same way as the milk record, each day's ration being re-corded under the proper headings on the right of the date. If some of the record right of the date. If some of the record blanks sent you are of heavy paper and others of lighter weight paper, tack a heavy one up in the barn each month to use in jotting down weights of milk. The milk should always be weighed and the weights recorded immediately after milking. Use the light weight record blanks for mailing. This will save post-age and the lighter weight blanks are more convenient to mail, as they can be folded. Be careful to write your figures

be folded. Be careful to write your figures plainly and not so lightly that they will become indistinct before the end of the month. Make careful copies of your milk and feed records at the end of each month and mail one copy of each to the Kansas Farmer Dairy Club, care of KAN-SAS FARMER, Topeka, Kansas, and one to your banker. These copies for mailing should be made out in ink, as in folding and handling the records pencil marks become blurred and hard to read. The records for each month should be sent to us and to your banker not later than the tenth of the following month. If there is anything you do not understand, write us at once and get it straightened out. Let's be business men and women.

Why not plan to have the cows of the dairy herd freshen in the fall? The breeding of cows during September, Oc-tober, and the first half of November is tober, and the first half of November is not good practice, because cows bred at that time freshen in June, July, or the first part of August. At this time poor pasture, heat and flies cause rapid fall-ing off of milk flow. The best time to have cows ralve is in October and No-vember, as they will then give the larg-est flow when prices for milk products are highest and they are nearly dry when hot weather comes. To calve at this time, cows must be bred between December 20 and February 20.

A good prepotent bull always builds up the production capacity of a dairy herd. Bulls have been known to sire heifers that produced from 100 to 150 pounds more butter fat in a year than their dams. A pure-bred sire with good production records back of him is al-ways cheapest in the end.

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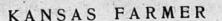
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September 29, 1917



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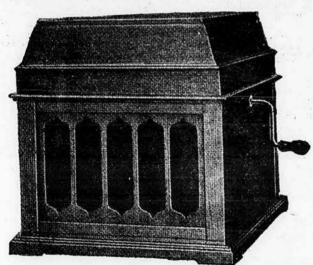
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CONCRETE FOR PERMANENCE

FARM AND HERD.

W. R. Huston, of Americus, Kansas, who owns one of the great herds of Durocs in Kansas, reports his herd doing well. He has succeeded in building up a herd of choice individuals and the blood lines of his herd are the best of the breed. He has a choice lot of sows sired by Country Gen-tleman, one of the great boars of the breed and a son of the second prize aged boar at the Interstate Fair, Sioux City, Iowa; also a number by the great Crimson Wonder bred boar, Gold Medal. A feature of his herd at this time is the choice lot of young stock sired by Taylor's Model Chief, a win-ner at a number of the big fairs.

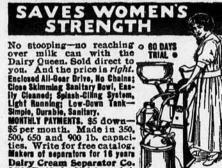
G. M. Shepherd, of Lyons, Kansas, was one of the successful showmen of high-class Duroc swine at the big fairs this year. Mr. Shepherd's herd boar, G. M.'s Crimson Won-der, sired the champion junior yearling boar at the Kansas State Fair, and Illustrator 2d was the sire of the champion futurity lit-ter. Mr. Shepherd is the owner of one of the good herds of Kansas and a feature of the herd at this time is the splendid lot of spring boars that are ready for service that will make real herd headers.

L. W. Terwilliger, of Fernwood Farm, Wauwatosa, Wisconsin, reports their Hol-steins doing well. Fernwood Farm is one of the noted dairy cattle farms in Wiscon-sin and foundation stock for many good herds in the Southwest are from this farm.

W. R. Huston, Americus, Kansas, is developing a splendid herd of Duroc swine. They are the Golden Model, Model Chief and Great Wonder families. This year Mr. Hus-ton has raised fifty-six spring pigs that are outstanding, and a feature of the herd at this time is the choice boar pigs that will make real herd headers.

Arthur Anderson, of Clyde, Kansas, has announced a sale of pure-bred big-type Polands to be held October 13. A choice offering of big-type Polands will be cata-logued for this sale. The offering will be in good breeding condition and will repre-sent the best blood lines of the breed.

Henry Koch, of Edina, Missouri, owner of the famous White Oak Park herd of big-type Polands, reports his herd doing well, Mr. Koch has been breeding Polands for a number of years. His herd was started with the best big-type breeding and individuals that he could buy and all of his foundation stock was selected from famous big-type herds, regardless of price. By scientific breeding he has succeeded in building up a herd of big-type Polands that are famous



Dairy Cream Separator Co. 1501 Washington St., Lebanon, Ind. THE NEW 1918 MODEL \$ AND

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Our young readers who contemplate attending business college this fall or winter will find it to their advantage to write KANSAS FARMER for information that will be valuable to them.

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DESK D, KANSAS FARMER Topeka, Kansas

for size and quality. The boars at the head of this herd are two of the great sires now in service. Missouri Jumbo weighs 1,100 pounds, has lots of quality and is a great breeder. Long Big Joe weighs 1,000 pounds, has a twelve-inch bone, and is very high quality and a great sire. The sows of the herd are a choice lot, sired by noted boars of the breed, and a great feature of the herds at this time is the outstanding lot of fall and spring boars.

The greatest mistake we make, next to feeding "scrub" cows, is the "scrub" feeding of good cows.



Sheep At Kansas Fairs

There have been much larger ex-hibits of sheep in Kansas than were made this year at the Kan-sas Free Fair and the Kansas State Fair sas Free Fair and the Kansas State Fair at Hutchinson. In 1915 there were over 500 sheep shown at Topeka. In quality of exhibits, however, the sheep shown this year were well worthy of high com-mendation. The Agricultural College showed thirty-four head representing the four breeds, Hampshire, Shropshire, Southdown, and Horned Dorset. These animals were the cream of the college flocks and were well fitted for exhibi-tion. The college entries won twentytion. The college entries won twenty-three first prizes and nine champion-ships. This heavy winning by the col-lege entries is no disparagement of the exhibits made by individual breeders. It is generally recognized that A. M. Pater-son, of the Agricultural College, is the best sheep man ever connected with the best sheep man ever connected with the institution. In developing this new live stock industry we would not feel satis-fied if our Agricultural College did not have the best representatives of these different breeds it is possible to obtain. Kansas is in the beginners' class in breeding and showing sheep, and it is fortunate that so capable a judge as W. L. Blizzard placed the awards at the Kansas Free Fair. The judging ring is a splendid place to learn when the work is done by a man who so thoroughly unis done by a man who so thoroughly understands what constitutes true merit. The exhibitors all recognized Mr. Bliz-zard as a man understanding thoroughly

the task he had to perform. At the Kansas State Fair the follow-ing week there were 143 sheep shown, several flocks from that part of the state Deing entered in addition to the flocks shown at Topeka the week previous. This is the largest exhibition of sheep ever made at this fair and it attracted considerable attention. The Shropshires were judged by O. A. Homan, of Pea-body, and the remaining classes by C. L. Buskirk, of Newton, and Mr. Homan, jointly. The awards at these two fairs are given below: being entered in addition to the flocks

KANSAS FREE FAIR Exhibitors-Kansas Agricultural College, Manhat-tan, Kan.; Clarence Lacey, Meriden, Kan.; C. E. Woods, Topeka, Kan.; W. W. Waltmire, Peculiar, Mo.

Aged Rams-1, Kansas Agricultural College, with-out competition. Yearling Roms-1, Kansas Agricultural College; 2, Laces Lacey. Ram Lambs-1, 3 and 4, Lacey; 2, Agricultural College. Champion Ram-Agricultural College. Aged Ewe-1, Agricultural College; 2 and 3, Lacey. Yearling Ewe-1, Lacey; 2 and 3, Agricultural Col-lege.

Tearling Lewe-1, Lacey; 2 and 3, Agricultural College, Ewo Lamb-1, Lacey; 2 and 3, Agricultural College, Champion Ewe-Agricultural College; 2, Lacey, Flock-1, Agricultural College; 2, Lacey, Lamb Flock-1, Agricultural College; 2, Lacey, May Hamb Flock-1, Agricultural College, 2, Lacey, Aged Ram-1, Agricultural College, without com-potition. Yearling Ram-1 and 2, Waltmire, without compe-tition.

tIti Ram Lamb-1, Agricultural College; 2 and 3, Walt-

Ram Lamp-1, Agricultural College. mira. Champion Rum-Agricultural College. Aged Ewe-1 and 2, Waltmire, without competition. Yearling Ewe-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3 and 4, Waltmire. Ewe Lamb-1, Agricultural College; 2 and 3, Walt-

Ewe Lamb-1, Agricultural College; 2 and 3, Walt-mire. Champion Ewe-Agricultural College. Get of sire, aged flock and lamb flock all were awarded to Waltmire without competition. DORSETS. All entries in classes for this breed were awarded to the Kansas Agricultural College without competi-tion.

Exhibitors-Kansas Agricultural College and W. W. Aged Rams-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Walt-

Aged Rams-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire. Ram Lamb-1, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire. Champion Ram-Agricultural College; Aged Ewe-1, Waltmire, without competition, Yearing Ewo-1 and 3, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire, 2, W Waltmire. Ewe Lamb-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Walt-

Eve Lamb-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Walt-mire, Champion Ewe-Agricultural College. Get of Sire-Waltmire, without competition. Flock-1, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire, COTSWOLDS. All prizes for this breed were awarded to C. E. Woods, without competition.

STATE FATE

KANBAS STATE FAIR Exhibitors John Coldwater, Chase, Kan.; Clarence Lacey, Mariden, Kan.; Kansas Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan.; Dr. F. B. Cornell, Nickerson, Kan.; C. E. Woods, Topeka, Kan.; W. W. Waltmire, Pe-cultar, Mo.; J. L. Kyle, La Cygne, Kan. SHROPSHIRES. Aged Ram-Agricultural College, without compe-tition. Yearling Ram-1, Agricultural College; 2, Lacey; Coldwater. Ram Lamb-1, Lacey; 2, Cornell; 3, Agricultural College: Aged Ewe-1, Coldwater; 2, Agricultural College; J. Lacey; Yearling Ewe-1 and 3, Lacey; 2, Agricultural Col-lege. Jaccy, Yearling Ewe-1 and 3, Lacey; 2, Agricultural College.
 Yearling Ewe-1, Lacey; 2 and 3, Agricultural College.
 Flock-1, Lacey; 2, Agricultural College.
 Pen of Three Lambs-1, Agricultural College; 2 and
 Lacey.
 Champion Ram-Lacey.
 Champion Rwe-Coldwater.
 COTSWOLDS.
 All awards in this section were made to C. E.
 Woods, without competition.
 DELAINE MERINOS.
 All awards to Waitmire, without competition.
 HAMPSHIRES.
 Aged Ram-1, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire.

Yearling Ram-Waltmire, without competition. Ram Lamb-I, Agricultural College; 2, Cornell, 8, Waltmire.

Ram Lamb-1, Agricultural College; 2, Cornell, 3, Mainine. 1 and 2, Waltmire; 3, Cornell, Yearling Ewe-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Waltmire; 4, Cornell, 2, Agricultural College; 5, Waltmire, Pens of Three Lambs-1 and 2, Cornell; 3, Walt-mire, Champion Ram-1, Agricultural College, Champion Ram-1, Agricultural College, Association Special-Flock, Cornell, without com-petition. OXFORDS.

petition. Aged Ram-1, Kyle; 2 and 3, Waltmire. Yearling Ram-Waltmire, without competition. Aged Ewe-1 and 3, Waltmire; 2, Kyle. Ewe Lamb-1, Kyle; 2, Coldwater; 3, Waltmire. Flock-1, Kyle; 2, Waltmire. Pen (three lambs)-Waltmire, without competition. Champion Ram-Kyle. Yearling Ewe, Association Special-Kyle, without competition.

Aged Ram-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Walt-

Miro, Yearling Ram—Agricultural College, without com-petition, Ram Lamb—I, Agricultural College; 2, Waltmire, Aged Ewe—Agricultural College, without competi-

Acc Ewe-Agricultural College, without competi-tion. Yearling Ewe-1 and 2, Agricultural College; 3, Waltmire. Flock-Waltmire, without competition. Pen of Three Lambs, Champion Ram and Champion Ewe-Agricultural College, without competition. All awards to Agricultural College, without com-petition. FAT WETHERS AND LAMES.

FAT WETHERS AND LAMBS. All awards to Agricultural College, without com-petition.

Wheat and Live Stock

Kansas is now planning to put out ten million acres of wheat. At the present million acres of wheat. At the present time the conditions seem exceptionally favorable for a big crop next year. There has been plenty of rain to soak up the soil and when wheat land goes into the winter with a reserve of moisture the chances are strongly in favor of its mak-ing a big yield

chances are strongly in favor of its mak-ing a big yield. The wheat-production mark set for Kansas by the National Council of De-fense calls for a record-breaking crop. It means the planting of ten millions of acres of wheat, which is more than one-fifth of the total acreage the Council has allotted to the winter wheat states. A twenty-bushel yield, which is not by any means impossible, and a two-dollar price, would mean \$400,000,000 to Kan-sas for the wheat crop alone. Let us not forget, however, the dairy cow and the live stock industry in talk-ing and thinking of breaking all wheat-production means even more to the state

production means even more to the state in establishing the permanent prosperity of our farmers than does a big wheat of our farmers than does a big wheat crop. We notice ex-Governor Hoard, of Wisconsin, has been doing some figuring along this line in which he compares what he gets from his alfalfa and dairy cows with the profits of wheat growing. He says that on his farm his seventy acres of alfalfa this year has yielded in two crops three and a half tons to the acre. He sold some of the first eron two crops three and a half tons to the acre. He sold some of the first crop, which produced 2.2 tons to the acre, for \$16 a ton, or a total of \$35.20 an acre. The second crop yielded at the rate of one and a quarter tons to the acre, of which some was sold for \$17 a ton, mak-ing this return \$21.25 an acre, or a total for the two crops of \$56.45. Even with a twenty-bushel yield of wheat and a price of \$2.50 a bushel, the wheat crop would return but \$50 an acre, and there is still another crop of alfalfa to be is still another crop of alfalfa to be harvested. Mr. Hoard maintains that with dairy products at their present prices they will return a good profit from feeding alfalfa hay at \$17 a ton.

We do not fully appreciate the fact that live stock converts into cash large quantities of feed and forage that cannot be used directly as human food. The dairy cow and all kinds of live stock help to build up the soil, which means increasing its capacity for producing crops. The important thing to consider is to have the best types of live stock for performing this work of converting feed into money. The experience through which we are now passing will probably result in bringing about a great improve-ment in the class of live stock fed.

It has been estimated that there are about twenty-two million dairy cows in the United States and the annual value of their products reaches the enormous sum of nearly one billion dollars. Only the corn crop exceeds the dairy products as a source of income to the farmers of the nation.

No man knows all there is to learn about farming. Let us learn all we can from each other.



Learn to Use Milking Machine

I WE are to keep up our dairy pro-duction we must in some way over-come the serious shortage of labor which exists. Dairymen everywhere are complaining that it is almost impossible to get good dairy help. The situation will be even more serious in the course of a few months than it is now. No other class of farm labor is harder to get than skilled dairy labor. Unless the men milking cows can get along with less help than in the past, many of them will have to cut down their dairy herds. There is a limit to what one man can do. The milking machine is offering what

There is a limit to what one man can do. The milking machine is offering what is apparently the only possible solution of this problem of labor shortage. The mechanical milker does not do away with all the hand labor of milking and handling cows, but it does make it pos-sible for one man to milk from a third to a half more cows in the same time. While milking machines may have ob-jectionable features, we believe that the mechanical milker is here to stay. We might just as well make up our minds first as last to accept the milking ma-

might just as well make up our minds first as last to accept the milking ma-chine and take up seriously the task of learning how to successfully operate it. Success with any new piece of ma-chinery is largely a matter of learning how to use it. We had to learn how to use reaping machines, twine binders, and other improved farm machinery. The strongest kind of prejudice existed against the reaper when it first came out, and it was slow to take its place as a piece of necessary farm equipment. When the twine binder first began to be used, farm machinery companies had be used, farm machinery companies had to keep a lot of experts in the field to furnish first aid to those who are learnfurnish first aid to those who are learn-ing how to use the binders. Now nearly every farmer understands thoroughly the mechanism of his improved farm ma-chinery and can correct anything that goes wrong without sending to the fac-tory for an expert. It will be the same with the milking machine. The success of the dairyman with this labor-saving device will depend in large measure upon his determination to master the details of this machine and learn to make it do of this machine and learn to make it do its work just as he has learned how to operate other machinery. Since it is certain that labor condi-tions will be worse instead of better

next spring and summer, those who hope to keep up their dairy production will undoubtedly find it necessary to begin early to look into the possibility of cutting down the hand labor connected with handling a bunch of dairy cows. It will take some little time to become ac-quainted with the machine and it would be far better to begin when other work is not pressing as hard as it does during the season of field work.

Three-Day Butter Fat Contest Premiums to the amount of \$150 were Premiums to the amount of \$150 were offered by the Kansas Free Fair in the three-day dairy production contest con-ducted during fair week. Last year thir-teen cows were entered in this contest, all of them registered. This year only eight cows were entered. The contest is open to grade cows and it is not nec-essary that the animals competing in this classification be entered in the regthis classification be entered in the reg-ular dairy cattle competition. Not an animal was brought in from any of the many good dairy herds around Topeka. Of course the shortage of labor is the

main reason for dairymen not entering this contest. It is also recognized that a cow cannot be expected to make as good a record at a fair as at the home barn, but putting on such a contest should be accepted as an opportunity to do something for the cause of promoting the dairy industry. It features the im-portance of dairying and helps to lead the public to a fuller realization of the place the dairy business occupies in the production of human food. The exhibitors of registered herds were

The exhibitors of registered herds were The exhibitors of registered herds were the only contestants. Three mature cows were entered, representing respec-tively the Holstein, Jersey and Ayrshire breeds. Three Holstein heifers under three years of age were in the competi-tion and there were single entries only in the Aurabian and there were single entries only tion and there were single entries only in the Ayrshire and Jersey heifer classes. The best record was made by the two-year-old heifer, Eudora Pontiac Colan-the, belonging to the Galloway-Messer herd of Waterloo, Iowa. This heifer won the KANSAS FARMER silver trophy cup which was won by the United States Indian School of Genoa, Nebraska, last year, the cow winning the cup at that time producing in the three days 111.6 pounds of milk and 5.29 pounds of but-ter fat. This herd was not shown at the Kansas Free Fair this year.

ter fat. This herd was not shown at the Kansas Free Fair this year. The trophy will be properly engraved and held for one year by the Galloway-Messer farm. It can only be perma-nently held by a contestant winning it three years in succession. We hope some Kansas dairyman will come to the front and win this engrave year. and win this cup next year. The records of the cows in this three-day butter fat test are given in the table on this page.

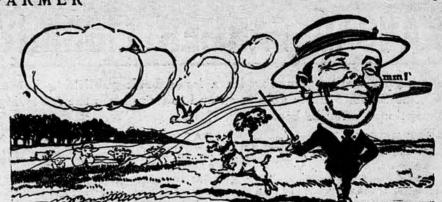
What Makes Yellow Butter?

Everybody likes yellow milk and but-ter but sometimes the color is absent. This absence is especially noticeable in butter. Chemists investigated the cause of this variation in color as long ago as 1830 but it remained for the dairy de-partment of the Missouri College of Agriculture to determine the real source and nature of the natural color of dairy products. Three years of investigation not only showed the cause of the natural color but made clear the nature and source of the yellow color that is found in the body fat of cattle. The color in the tallow is exactly the same as that found in butter. Cows that give yellow butter have yellow body fat, while those which give a whiter butter have whiter

body fat. The coloring matter in both cases is carotin, so called since it was first found in carrots. The yellow color in milk and butter is not made by the animal, but comes from the feed. This coloring sub-stance is found in all green leaves, which accounts for the yellow butter in sum-mer. By continued feeding of feeds free from advaring matter it was nossible, in from coloring matter it was possible, in the experiments conducted, to obtain white butter from a Jersey cow. As a result of the work a list of feeds that will give yellow butter and those that will not is available.

We notice that Nebraska farmers are planning to take advantage of the op-portunity to buy high-grade calves at comparatively low prices in Wisconsin. Very good calves are being sold there at reasonable prices because of the high

PRODUCTION RECORDS OF COWS IN	ſ	THR	EF	E-DAY	TEST
				Pounds Milk	Pounds Butter Fat
Cows THREE YEARS OLD OR OVER- Flush Emma De Kol II De Kol-Holstein - Coleman & Son, Denison, Kansas.			•	90.2	2.672
White Sox Queen-Jersey					2.41
Old Sarah of Scotland Farm-Ayrshire William Galloway, Waterloo, Iowa.			-	29.4	1.079
COWS UNDER THREE YEARS OLD-			•	92.7	3.57
Nellie Segis Pontiac-Holstein Galloway-Messer Farm, Waterloo, Iowa.		• •	٠	61	2.35
Buffalo Ella II—Holstein Coleman & Son, Denison, Kansas.			•	38.7	1.92
Idyl's Menlo—Jersey					2.477
Nora Spencer—Ayrshire		• •	•	64.1	2.488



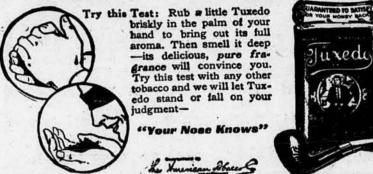
HOW do you know the wind is off the meadow? our Nose Knows

by the fragrance. Fragrance is Nature's most perfect expression of goodness—perfect because it appeals to you personally and is *infallible*. There is a definite personal appeal in the *pure fragrance* of the best to-bacco—an appeal that carries Nature's guarantee of infallible goodness—and "Your Nose Knows."

Such an appeal you will always find in



Made of the most fragrant leaves of the tobacco plant -the tender Burley leaves, ripened in the Blue Grass sunshine of Old Kentucky-Tuxedo has a pure fra-grance all its own-"Your Nose Knows."



Feed the Fighters! Win the War! **Save the Yields!** Harvest the Crops!

On the battlefields of France and Flanders the United States boys and the Cana-dian boys are fighting side by side to win for the World the freedom that Prussian-ism would destroy. While doing this they must be fed and every ounce of muscle that can be requisi-tioned must go into use to save this year's crop. A short harvest period requires the combined forces of the two countries in team work, such as the soldier boys in France and Flanders are demonstrating.

THE COMBINED FIGHTERS IN FRANCE AND FLANDERS AND THE COMBINED HARVESTERS IN AMERICA WILL BRING THE ALLIED VICTORY NEARER

A reciprocal arrangement for the use of farm workers has been perfected between the Department of the Interior of Canada and the Departments of Labor and Agri-culture of the United States, under which it is proposed to permit the harvesters that are now engaged in the wheat fields of Oklahoma, Kansas, Iowa, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Minnesota, and Wisconsin to move over into Canada, with the privilege of later returning to the United States, when the crops in the United States have been conserved, and help to save the enormous crops in Canada which by that time will be ready for harvesting.

HELP YOUR CANADIAN NEIGHBORS WHEN YOUR OWN GROP IS HARVESTED Canada wants 40,000 Harvest Hands to take care of its 13 Million Acre Wheat Field

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GEO. A. COOK, Canadian Government Agent, 2012 Main St., Kansas City, Mo.

price of milk and other dairy products. The extension division of the Agricul-The extension division of the Agricui-tural College of Nebraska reports that inneteen men have recently purchased 116 calves, being aided in their pur-chases by men of this division. They are still receiving inquiries and orders. The deiry division of the Kansas Agri-The dairy division of the Kansas Agricultural College has been of the greatest service to dairymen of Kansas along similar lines. In view of the fact that some dairymen were reported to be under the necessity of selling good cows, the dairy department of the Kansas Ag-ricultural College offered to act as a clearing house between buyer and seller, the idea being that there were plenty of places in Kansas where these cows could be placed and there was no necessity for sending them to market or slaughter.

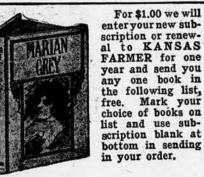
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of Twinburn Sth; 5, Sutton & Porteous, Black Al-Hster. Benlor Champion and Grand Champion Bull-Prizemere. Junior Champion Bull-Barbarian of Twinburn. Aged Cows-1, Kershaw, Twinburn Pride 5th; 2 and 4. Robertson & Son, Gay Rose R and Black-bird 101; 3, Cowden & Son, Blackcip McHenry 131st; 2 and 5. Robertson & Son, Key of Twinburn and Twinburn Blackcip McHenry 131st; 2 and 5. Robertson & Son, Key of Twinburn and Twinburn Blackcip McHenry 131st; 2 and 5. Robertson & Son, Key of Twinburn and Twinburn Blackcip McHenry 131st; 2 and 5. Robertson & Son, Key of Twinburn and Twinburn Blackcip McHenry 131st; 2 and 5. Robertson & Son, Key of Twinburn 24. Senior Yearling Heifer -1. Cowden & Son, Myrs of Topeks; 2. Kershaw, Muskogee Rose 241; 3. Robert-60n & Son, Twinburn Blackcip McHenry 1404; 5. Bohor Yearling Heifer Calt-1 and 2. Cowden & 50n, Myra C 3d and Kaona; 3. Korshaw, Muskogee Donna 3d; 3. Robertson & Botherson Pride; 5. Robertson & Son, Twinburn Blackbird 101. Benlor Yearling Heifer Calt-1. Sutton & Porteous, Miss Heatherson; 2. Kernhaw, Muskogee Donna 4th; 4. Robertson & Son, Twinburn Blackbird 101. Benlor and Grand Champion Female – Twinburn Pride 5th. Junior Champion Female-Myra of Topeka. Aged Herds-1, Cowden & Son; 2. Kershaw, Young Herd-1, Robertson & Son; 2. Kershaw, Kesthaw, 6. Robertson & Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Sonden & Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Cowden & Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Cowden & Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Robertson & Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Sonden Son; 2. Kershaw, Calf Herds-1, Sonden Son; 2. Kershaw, Kershaw, 6. Robertson & Son; 2. Robertson & Son; 2. Kershaw, 6. Robertson & Son; 2. Robertson & Son; 2. Kershaw, 6. Kershaw, 6. Kershaw, Mushore of Cow-1 and 4. Cowden & Son; 2. Rob-Kitson & Son; 3 and 5.

SHORTHORNS. SHORTHORNS. Exhibitors -- William Herkelmann, Elwood, Iowa; Howell Rees & Son, Pilger, Neb.; John Rogier, Whitowater, Kan, : H. Pritchard, Walnut, Jowa; A. L. Harris, Osage City, Kan, : H. H. Holmes, To-peka, Kan.; Rapp Bros., St. Edwards; Neb.; H. Homan & Sons, Peabody, Kan. Judge-Ed Patterson, Bunceton, Mo. Aged Bulks-1. Herkelman, Cumberland Standard; Holmes, Clipper Brawith. Two-year-old Bulls-1, Rees & Sons, Violet's Dale; 2, Happ Bros., Thatton Master. Senior Yearling Bulls-1, Holmes, Viscount Stamp, without competition. Junior Yearling Fulls-1, Herkelman, Cumberland "Senior Yearing Bulls-1, Holmes, Viscount Stamp, without competition. Junior Yearing Bulls-1, Herkelman, Cumberland Goods; 2 and 4. Rapp Bros., Omega Secret and Pride's Renown; 3, Rees & Son, Ruberta Goods Model: 5, Harris, Commander. Senior Bull Calf (thirteen shown)-1, Pritchard, Daio's Rellance: 2, Holmes, Count Valentine; 3, Rees, Brawith Goods; 4, Pritchard, Dale's Guardeer; 5, Rapp Bros, Omega's Honor; 6, Herkelman, True Goods; 7, Regier, Eidelstein. Junior Bull Calf-1, Pritchard, Dale's Viscount; 2, Holmes, Red Gauntlet; 3, Herkelman, Prince Cum-berland; 4, Harris, Prince Valentine 5th. Senior and Grand Champion Bull-Violet's Dale, Junior Champion Bull-Dale's Rellance. Aged Cows-1, Rees, Soncie Goods; 2, Herkelman, Collynie Resewood; 3 and 6, Holmes, Honor Maid and Empress; 4 and 5, Harris, Crystal Maid and Roseleaf. Two-year-old Heifers-1, Rees, Lady Violet Sth; 2, Herkelman, Village Venice; 3, Holmes, Fancy Twen-tieth; 4, Harris, Sunflower Lady. Senior Yearling Heifer-1 and 2, Herkelman, Gypay Maid and Lady Sultan; 3, Reese, Rosaline Goods 2d; 4, Pritchard, Dale Rosebud; 5, Holmes, Riverside Princess.

Do. Junior Bull Calf-1, White City Farm, Phillipia's Noble. Senior and Grand Champion Bull-Noble's Hand-some Prince. Junior Champion Bull-Majesty's You'll 4Do. Junior Champion Bull-Majesty's You'll 4Do. Junior Champion Bull-Majesty's You'll 4Do. Matthews, Lucello Danna. Two-year-oid Heffers-1, White City Farm, Dame Togo of Windsor Place, without competition. Senior Yearling Heifers-1, White City Farm, Lady of Windsor Place, without competition. Junior Yearling Heifers-1, 2 and 3, White City Farm on Distinction's Princess, You'll Do Champion. Queen and Goiden Noble's Cocotic; 4, Matthews. Jersoy Belle. Senior Heifer Calves-1, 2 and 3, White City Farm, You'll Do Gambogs Dorine, Resebud's Fairy and You'll Do Fradilla. Junior and Grand Champion Cow-Osout Farm. Yinginia Resebud and Georgia You'll Do. 4. Pritchard, Date Average And A. Rapp Bros., Junior Yearling Heifers-1 and 3. Rapp Bros., Barmpton Flower and B utterfly Lady; 2, Pritchard, Victoria 73d; 4 and 7, Holmes, Hallwood Gold Drop

5th and Ashwood Keepsake; 5, Reese, Gay Lady; 6, Herkelman, Lady Cumberland. Senior Helfer Calt-1, Rapp Bros., Village Violet; 2 and 4, Rees, Good Masie and Lady Ruberta; 3, Pritchard, Mysie 3d; 5, Regler, Call Eighth; 6, Re-gler, Dale Victoria. Junior Helfer Calf-1 and 3, Pritchard, Victoria 74th and Dale Banglei; 2 and 4, Rapp Bros., Barnp-ton Flower 2d and Village Secret; 5, Herkelman, Lady Milared; 6, Holmes, Honor Maid 2d; 7, Harris, Roseleaf 2d. Senior and Grand Champion Cow-Rees & Son, Lady Violet Sth. Junior Champion Cow-Rapp Bros. on Barmpton Flower.

September 29, 1917

Lady violet Sdi. Junior Champion Cow-Rapp Bros. on Barmpton Flower. Get of Siro-1, Rapp Bros., get of Village Pride; 2, Rees Bros., get of Ruberta's Goods; 3, Fritchard, get of Dale Clarion; 4, Herkelman, get of True Cum-berland 3d; 5, Holmes, get of Prince Val 4th; 6, Regier, get of Dale's Emblem. Produce of Cow-1, Herkelman, produce of Lady Violet 5th; 2, Fritchard, produce of Resebud; 3, Rapp Bros., produce of Barmpton Lady 3d; 4, Har-ris, produce of Reseleat. Aged Herd-1, Rees; 2, Herkelman; 3, Holmes. Young Herd-1, Rapp; 2, Pritchard; 3, Herkel-man; 4, Rees, 5, Hoimes. Calf Herd-1, Pritchard; 2, Rapp; 3, Holmes; 4, Rees; 5, Herkelman; 6, Regier.

POLLED DURHAMS.

Exhibitors — Achenbach Brokhans. Albert Hultine, Saronville, Neb.; Joseph Baxter, Clay Center, Kan. Judge-Ed Patterson, Bunceton, Mo. Aged Bull-1, Baxter, Select Goods, without com-petition. Two-year-old Bulls — 1. Hultine, Baselawn Mar-Aged Bull-1, Barter, Select Goods, without com-petition. Selicity of Bulls - 1, Hultine, Roselawn Mar-shall, without competition, Sunny Sultan and Intensified Sultan; 2, Hultine, Royal Goods. Junior Yearling Bull-1, Hultine, Double Goods, Junior Yearling Bull-1, Hultine, Double Goods, Without competition. Senior Bull Calf-1 and 2, Hultine, Christmas Goods and Orange Bud. Junior Bull Calf-1, Hultine, Royal Goods, with-out competition. Senior and Grand Champion Bull-Roselawn Mar-shall.

out competition.
Senior and Grand Champion Bull-Roselawn Marshall.
Junior Champion Bull-Sunny Sultan.
Aged Cows-1 and 3, Achenbach Bros., Sultana and Minuto Sd; 2, Hultine, Winsome; 4, Baxter, Scottish Betty.
Two-year-old Heifers-1, Achenbach Bros., Sultana Frances; 2, Hultine, Cyrene 2d.
Senior Yearling Heifer-1 and 3, Achenbach Bros., Fatima and Felice; 2, Hultine, Gloster Princes; 4
and 5, Baxter, Scottish Sultana and Silsy Calt.
Junior Yearling Heifer-1, Hultine, Select Fern; 2, and 4, Achenbach Bros., Sultana Carmine, Sultana Thankful and Sultana Martha.
Senior Heifer Calf -1 and 2, Hultine, Gloster Countess 2d and Sultana 3d; 3, Achenbach Bros., Minuto Sth.
Junior Heifer Calf-1, Achenbach, New Year's Gift; 2.
Baxter, Little Betty.
Senior and Grand Champion Female-Sultana. Junior Champion Female-Falma.
Aged Herd-Hultine, without competition.
Calf Herd-Hultine, without competition.
Get of Sire-1 and 3. Achenbach Bros., set of Meadow Sultan and Intenso Sultan: 2 and 4. Huitine, Set of Meadow Sultan and Intenso Sultan: 2 and 4. Huitine, Set of Meadow Sultan and Intenso Sultan Set.
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HOLSTEIN-FRIESIANS.

Barter, produce of Jesse Kingsley 2d. HOLSTEIN-FRIESTANS. Texhibitors-Galloway-Messer Farms, Waterloo, Jowa; Albechar Holstein Farm, Independence, Kan.; J. M. Chestnut & Sons, Denison, Kan. Judge-C. T. Graves, Maitland, Mo. Aged Bulls-q. Galloway, King Segis Ormsby; 2, Albechar, Sir Juliana Grace De Kol; 3, Chestnut, Johanna of Bonheur Champion 2d. Senior Bull Calves-1, Chestnut; 2, Albechar, Albe-char Juliana Data Grace De Kol; 3, Chestnut, Johanna of Bonheur Champion 2d. Senior Bull Calves-1, Chestnut; 2, Albechar, Albe-char Juliana Dornado De Kol; 3 and 4. Galloway, Segis Lad Pontiae Korndyke and King Ramona Blanche Ormsby. Senior Bull Calves-1, and 2, Galloway, Prince Korndyke Segis Dornsby and Prince Bangor; 3 and 4, Chestnut. Senior Champion Bull-King Segis Johanna Ormsby. Junior and Grand Champion Bull-Prince Korndyke Segis Ormsby. Maged Cows-1, Galloway, Jewel Walker Gerben of Cedar Side; 2 and 4, Albechar, Princes Alta Gerster De Kol and Johanna Lilly; 3, Chestnut, Beatitudo Wayne De Kol. Two-year-old Helfers-1 and 2, Galloway, Nelle Begis Pontiao and Eudora Pontiae Colantha; 3, Chest-nut, Buffalo Ella Hi; 4, Albechar, Martia McKinley Hengerod. Senior Yearling Heiffors-1, Anbechar, Hengerreid Gerster Beauty De Kol; 2, Galloway, Delphia Segis Mid Pontiao Ormsby and Ormsby Buffalo Mergereid Mergen Pontiao Chest. Mid Pontiao Ormsby and Ormsby Buffalo Mergereid Mid Chestrut. Mid Pontiao Ormsby and Ormsby Buffalo Mergereid Mid Pontiao Ormsby and Ormsby Buffalo Mergereid Mid Pontiao Orms Pontiac. Junior Champion Female — Eudora Maid Pontiac Ormsby.

Maged Herd-1 and 2, Galloway; 3, Albechar; 4, Aged Herd-1 and 2, Galloway; 3, Albechar; 4, Chestnut. Young Herd-1, Galloway; 2, Chestnut; 3, Albechar, Calf Herd-1, Galloway; 2, Chestnut; 3, Albechar. Get of Siro-1, 2 and 3, Galloway, King Segis Pon-tiao Combination, King Segis Johanna Ormsby and Hengereld King. Produce of Cow-1 and 3, Galloway, Eudora Maid of Pontiac II and Dalay Mercodes Johanna Ormsby; 2, Albechar, Hengerveld Gerster De Kol.

JERSEYS.

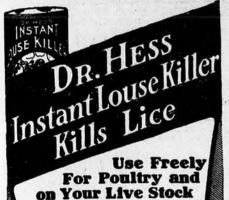
JERSEYS. Exhibitors—G. F. Braden, White City Jersey Farm. Tulsa, Okla; C. B. Palmer, Marion, Kan.; W. O. Matthews, Hutchinson, Kan. Judge-C. T. Graves, Mailland, Mo, Agod Buil-1, White City Farm, Noble's Handsome Prince, without competition. Two-year-old Buil-1, Palmer, Monalu's Eminent. no competition. Senior Yearling Buil-1, White City Farm, Majesty's You'll Do; 2, Matthews. Senior Buil Calf-1, White City Farm, Twice You'll Do.

Junior Bull Calf-1, White City Farm, Phillipia's

Junior Champion Cow-Distinction's Princess Junior Champion Cow-Distinction's Princess Get of Sire-White City Farm, get of Yod'll Do Get of Sire-White City Fain, See Champion. Produce of Cow-White City Farm, produce of Ozour Farm Princess. Aged Herd, Young Herd and Calf Herd-White City Farm, without competition.

GALLOWAYS. Exhibitors-H. G. Croft, Bluff City, Kan.; O. H. Swiggart & Son, Salisbury, Mo.

September 29, 1917



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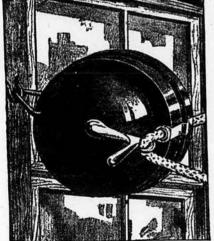
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2. Swiggart, Lord Standy, Eirod; 2. Swiggart, Lord Scond. Junior Buill Calf—1, Croft, Eirod; 2. Swiggart, Lord Scond. Aged Cow—1, Croft, Carlotta of S. F.; 2. Swig-gart, Little May. Two-year-old Cow—Croft, Meadow Queen. Senior Yearling Heifer—1, Croft, Evaline of Green Bush. Junior Yearling Heifer—1, Croft, Gwendolyn Third of Green Bush. Senior Heifer Calf—1, Swiggart, Pride 17th; 2 and 3, Croft, Vina 2d of Green Bush and Vina of Wonder. Junior Heifer Calf—1, Croft, Sylvia; 2, Swiggart, Rose 2d of Avondale, Senior and Grand Champion Bull—Evora 2d of Sallsbury. Senior and Grand Champion Cow—Carlotta of L. F. Junior Champion Cow—Gwendolyn 3d of Green Bush.

Bush. Aged Herd and Young Herd—Croft. Call Herd—1, Croft; 2, Swiggart. Get of Sire—1 and 3. Croft, get of Choice Master; 2, Swiggart, get of Lord Othelio 2d. Produce of Cow—1, 3 and 4. Croft, produce of Gwendolyn, Lady Love of Maples, Nelle of Bluff City; 2, Swiggart, produce of Lady Stanley 5th.

Gwendolyn, Lady Love of Maples, Nelle of Bluff City; 2, Swiggart, produce of Lady Stanley 5th. HEREFORDS. Trhibitors-Henry M. Halff, Midland, Texas; C. M. Largent, Merkel, Texas; La Vernet Stock Farm, Jackson, Miss.; Klaus Bros., Bendena, Kan.; M. D. Pike, Weatherford, Okla.; Goernandt Bros., Aurora, Kan.; Jesse Engie & Sons, Sheridan, Mo.; Carl Miller, Belvue, Kan.; W. I. Bowman & Co.; Ness Judgo-W. J. Brown, Fall River, Kan. Aged Bulls-1. Halff, Beau Homer; 2, Bowman, Larence Fairfax; 5, Klaus, Beau Onwerd. Two-year-old Bulls-1 and 4, Davis, Vernett Prince Sett, Vernett Site; 2, Largent, Shadeland Lad 2d; 3, Halff, Beau Homage; 5, Miller, Larry; 6, Fike, Brittol Fairfax; 7, Bowman, Lord Generous. Benior Yearling Bulls-1 and 2, Largent, Rhome Lad and Gay Lad Jr.; 3, Engle, Beau Blanchard 25ti; 4, Davis, Vernett Prince 43d; 5, Halff, Winner H 2d; 6, Klaus, Beau Onward 52d. Junior Yearling Bulls-1, 4, 6 and 7, Largent, Prince Fairfax; Burnett Fairfax; Dale Fairfax, Beau Fair-fax; 2, Miller, Mischief Mixer 7th; 3, Halff, Beau H 252th; 5, Engle, Beau Blanchard 53d and Beau Blanchard 53d; 5, Davis, Hing Vernet 2d; 4, Pike, Vernet Fairfax; 5, Zargent, Rhome Lad 2d. Senior Calf-1 and 2, Engle, Beau Blanchard 53d and Beau Blanchard 53d; 5, Davis, King Vernet 2d; 4, Pike, Vernet Fairfax; 5, Maus, Beau Onward 64th; 6, Halff, Sagamore 657th; 7, Largent, Rhome Lad 2d. Junior Sull Calt-1, Largent, Kleburg Lad; 2 and 4, Halff, Hero H 702 and Homer H 707; 3, Vernet, Vernet Prince 57th; 5, Bowman, Generous Garileld; 6, Miller, Echo Lad 79th; 7, Klaus, Beau Onward 68th.

Hairi, Hero H 702 and Homer H 707; 3, Vernet, Vernet Frince 57th; 5, Bowman, Generous Garfield; 6, Miller, Echo Lad 79th; 7, Klaus, Beau Onward 68th.
Senior and Grand Champion Bull-Vernet Prince 8dth.
Junior Champion-Prince Fairfax.
Aged Cows-1, Largent, Rosy Britisher; 2, Vernet, Maples' Lass 38th; 3 and 5, Halff, Emma Bell and Dore; 4, Pike, Delliah; 6, Klaus, Miss Onward 23d; 7, Bowman, Charlotte.
Two-year-old Helfer-1 and 5, Largent, New Year Joy and Beauty Fairfax; 2, Vernet, Vernet Princess 36th; 3, Halff, Silver Bell; 4, Klaus, Miss Onward 33d; 6, Pike, Lady Hewe; 7, Miller, Simple Ten.
Senior Yearling Helfer-1, Largent, Shadeland's wernet Princess dist; 4, Pike, Carl G's Lass; 5, Klaus, Miss Onward 34th; 6, Halff, Miss Dover; 7, Pike, Miss Forn.
Tuniy Yearling Helfer-1 and 6, Halff, Belle H 22 and Heroine H 608; 2, Largent, Dolle Fairfax; 8 and 7, Engle, Belle Blanchard 32d and 31st; 4, Pike, Baby Briton; 6, Miller, Echo Lass 12th.
Senior Helfer Cal -1, 2 and 3, Engle, Belle Blanchard 63d, 4th and 61st; 4, Largent, Mararet Fairfax; 5 and 6, Halff, Heroine H 608 and Hero's Dore; 7, Pike, Prognetiv.
Junior Champion Female-Shadeland's were 201; 5, Malff, Heroine H 608 and Hero's Dore; 7, Pike, Prognetiv.
Junior Champion Female-Shadeland's Jowei 20, Sentration Genetics, 2, Engle, Belle Blanch-ard 40h; 3, Halff, Heroine H 608 and Hero's Dore; 7, Pike, Prognetiv.
Junior Champion Female-Shadeland's Jowei 24.
Sentor Champion Female-Shadeland's Jewei 24.
Aged Herd-1, Largent; 2, Davis; 3, Halff; 4, Pike; 5, Klaus.
Junior Champion Female-Shadeland's Jewei 25.
Miller; 6, Pike.
Cal Herd-1, Largent; 2, Davis; 3, Halff; 4, Pike; 5, Klaus.
Junior Herd-2, Largent; 2, Davis; 3, Halff; 4, Pike; 5, Miller.
Get of Sire-1 and 4, Largent, get of Point (Comfor Lard, Stand Champion Female-Shadeland's Jewis; 6, Miller.
Get of Sire-1 and 4, Largent, get of Poi

SWINE AWARDS. DUROC-JERSEYS.

Exhibitors-Howell Bros., Herkimer, Kan.; W. R. Crow & Sons, Hutchinson, Kan.; W. W. Otey, Win-field, Kan.; G M. Shepherd, Lyons, Kan.; Perfec-tion Stock-Farm Union, Okla.; W. W. Jones, Clay Center, Kan.; W. W. Zink, Turin, Kan.; R. L. Hurst, Bolckow, Mo.; B. R. Anderson, McPherson,

Kan.; W. W. Trumbo, Peshody, Kan. Judge-E. Z. Russell, Omaha, Neb. Aged Bears-1, Howell Bros. Elk Colonel; 2 and 3. Crow; 4. Oley. Senior Yearling Boar-1, Crow, Potentate; 2, Zink;

Aged Boars-1, Howell Bros., Elk Colonel; 2 and S. Crow; 4. Otex. Junior Yearling Boar-1, Crow, Potentate; 2, Zink; S. Crow, Yearling (six shown)-1, Anderson, Royal Grand Wonder; 2, Howell; 3, Shepherd; 4, Perfection Stock Farm. Junior Boar Pig (sight shown)-1. Shepherd, Crimson Gano; 2, Howell; 3, Crow; 4, Jones. Benior Boar Pig (four shown)-1. Trumbo, Con-Structor Junio: Gar-Potentate, Junior Champion Boar-Potentate. Grand Champion Boar-Potentate. Aged Sows (six shown)-1. Perfection Stock Farm. Graduate Queen; 2, Grow; 3 and 4. Hurst. Benior Yearling Sow (treelve Jonewn)-1. Hurst. Coinstructor Junio: Goar-Potentate. Aged Sows (six shown)-1. Perfection Stock Farm. Jefender Queen; 2, 3 and 4. Crow, hown)-1. Hurst. Coincel's Dream; 2, Crow; 3 and 4. Shepherd. Senior Sow Pig (ten shown)-1. Zink; 2, Shepherd; Senior Sow Pig (ten shown)-1. Crow, Fu-turity Girl; 2, Zink; 3, Crow; 4. Shepherd. Senior and Grand Champion Sow-Perfection Stock Farm., Graduate Queee. Junior Champion Sow-Zink. Aged Herds-1, Crow; 2, Perfection Stock Farm; 3, Crow; 4, Hurst. Toung Herds-1, Shepherd; 2, Crow; 3, Howell; 4, Zink. Get of Sire (eleven entries)-1, Shepherd, G. M.'s Crimson Wonder; 2, Perfection Stock Farm; 3, Crow; 4, Howell. Produce of Sow (ten entries)-1, Shepherd, produce of Golden Girl Again; 2, Howell; 3, Shepherd, 2, Shepherd, Bender Gasin; 2, Howell; 3, Shepherd, 4, Shepherd, 5, Crow; 4, Howell.

¹. Howell. Produce of Sow (ten entries)—1, Shepherd, produce of Golden Girl Again; 2, Howell; 3, Shepherd; 4, Crow.

POLAND CHINAS.

DOLAND CHINAS.
DATAND CHINAS.
Exhibitors-B. E. Hodson. Ashland. Kan.: Phil Dawson. Endicott. Neb.: A. J. Erhart & Sons, Nees City, Kan.; E. R. Meyers, Hutchinson, Kan.; W. E. Esley, Diler. Neb.; Y. O. Johnson. Aulne. Kan.; Olivier & Sons, Danvile, Kan.; C. B. Paimer. Marien, Kan.; Dienning Ranch, Oswego, Kan.; Wichta Live Stock Remedy Co., Wichta Kan.; C. B. Paimer. Michtal Live Stock Remedy Co., A. Big Wonder.
Judge-J. P. Bennett, Lee's Summit, Me. J. Schler, Co. M. Paimer. Michtal Live Stock Remedy Co., A. Big Wonder.
Scalor Yearling-I. Dawson, Nebraska Bob; 2.
Paimer, King Dudiey; 3, Johnson, Fashionable Fries. Junior Yearling (eight shown)-1. Hodson, What's Wanted: 2. Dawson, Jumbo Chief; 3, Erhart, Frihart's Big Chief: 4, Mayers, Jumbo Bob.
Senior Boar Pig-1 and 2, Deming Ranch; 3, Erhart, 4, Dawson.
Junior Yearling Sow-1, Dawson, Robina 4th; 2, Paimer, Loly Wonder; 3 and 4, Deming Ranch; 2, Paimer, Loly Wonder; J. Dawson, Robina 4th; 2, Paimer, Loly Wonder; J. Dawson, Hobina 4th; 2, Paimer, Loly Wonder; 3, Belav, Nebiraska Belle.
Junior Sow Fig (fourteen shown)-1, Dawson; 2.
Olvier; 3, Erhart, 4, Deming Ranch.
Junior Sow Fig (fourteen shown)-1, Olvier; 2.
Erhart; 3 and 4, Deming Ranch.
Junior Champion Boar-Long Bob.
Senior Champion Sow-Long Bob.
Junior Champion Sow-Long Bob.
Junior Champion Sow-Long Bob.
Junior Champion Sow-Long China (S. Deming Ranch, Champion Sow Pig (Source shown)-1, Olvier; 2.
Erhart; 3 and 4, Deming Ranch.
Junior Champion Sow-Long Bob.
Junior Champion Sow Pig and 3, Deming Ranch; 4, Paimer, Champion Sow-Robina (Str. 2007)

A Palmer. A Darson; z and o, Denning Ranch; Young Herd (bred by exhibitor)--1, Olivier; 2, Deming Ranch; 3, Epley; 4, Erhart, Get of Sire:--1, Deming Ranch, Long What's Wanted; 2, Erhart, Big Hadley Jr.; 3, Olivier, A Wonderful King; 4, Epley, Expansion Long. Produce of Sow--1, Erhart, Lady Jumbo Equal; 2, Deming Ranch, Receiver's Maid; 3, Olivier, Logan's Price; 4, Epley, Mammoth Lady.

CHESTER WHITES.

CHESTER WHITES. Exhibitors-Coleman & Crum, Danville, Kan.; Ar-thur S. Mosse, Leavenworth, Kan.; F. C. Gookin, Russell, Kan.; W. W. Waltmire & Sons, Peculiar, Mo.; E. J. Smiley, Perth, Kan. Judge-E. Z. Russell, Omaha, Neb. Aged Boars (three shown)--1, Coleman & Crum, Pride of Aall; 2. Mosse; 3. Gookin. Senior Yearling Boars (four shown)--1, Coleman & Crum, Veto; 2. Waltmire; 3. Gookin, 4. Mosse, Junior Yearling Boars (three shown)--1, Mosse, Junior Yearling Boars (three shown)--1, Mosse, Senior Boar Pigs (four shown)--1, Coleman & Crum, Veto; 2. Waltmire, 3. Waltmire, Senior Boar Pigs (four shown)--1, Coleman & Crum, Senior Boar Pigs (four shown)--1, Coleman & Crum, Boar Pigs (four shown)--1, Mosse, 4. Gouding Boars (in shown)-1, Mosse, 4.

Don wonder: 2, Coleman & Crum; 3, Waitmire. Senior Boar Pigs (four shown)-1, Coleman & Crum, Smiley's Kind; 2, Waitmire; 3, Mosse; 4, Gookin. Junior Boar Pigs (ten shown)-1, Mosse, Don Royal; 2, Smiley; 8, Mosse; 4, Waitmire. Junior Champion Boar-Smiley's Kind. Aged Sows (six shown)-1, Coleman & Crum, Tip Top; 2, Coleman & Crum; 3, Waitmire; 4, Mosse, Senior Yearling Sows (two shown) -1 and 2, Gookin. Junior Yearling Sows (two shown) -1, Smiley, Echo's Fancy; 2 and 3, Waitmire & Sons. Senior Sow Pigs (five shown)-1, Waitmire, Ruby Wonder; 2, Smiley; 3, Mosse; 4, Waitmire, Ruby Wonder; 2, Smiley; 3, Mosse; 4, Waitmire, Ruby Senior Sow Pigs (seven shown)-1, Coleman & Crum; 2, Mosse; 3, Waitmire; 4, Coleman & Crum. Senior and Grand Champion Sow-Tip Top. Junior Champion Sow-Huby Wonder. Aged Herds-1, Mosse; 2, Waitmire, 2, Coleman & Crum.

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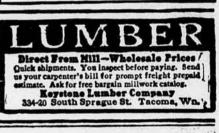
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Talk to your plumber in any nearby town. Ask about "Standard" fixtures. Demand the "Standard" Green and Gold label. Write for the book today.

Standard Sanitary 11)fg. Co. Dept.211, Pittsburgh



- Get of Siro-1, Waltmire; 2, Mosse; 3, Waltmire; 4, Coleman & Crum. BERKSHIRES. Exhibitors-Sutton & Porteous, Lawrence, Kan.; R. C. Obrecht, Topeka, Kan.; Kansas Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan. Judgo-E. Z. Russell, Omaha, Neb. Aged Boar-1, Obrecht, Pathfinder 3d. Junior Yearling Boar-1, Sutton; 2, Agricultural College; 4, Obrecht. Junior Boar Pigs-1 and 3, Sutton; 2, Agricultural College; 4, Obrecht. Junior Yearling Sows-1 and 2, Sutton; 3 aud 4, Obrecht. Senior Yearling Sows-1 and 2, Sutton; 3 aud 4, Obrecht. Senior Sow Pig-1, Sutton; 2, Obrecht. Junior Sow Pig-1 and 4, Agricultural College; 2 and 3, Sutton. Senior and Grand Champion Boar-Pathfinder 3d. Junior Champion Boar-Sutton. Senior and Grand Champion Sow-Sutton, Classy Stumy, Junior Champion Sow-Sutton, Charmer's Duchess. Aged Herd-1, Suttor; 2, Obrecht. Toung Herd-1 and 3, Sutton; 3, Agricultural Col-lege; 4, Obrecht; 2, Sutton; 3, Agricultural College. Toung Herd-1, Obrecht; 2, Sutton; 3, Agricultural College. Bet of Siro-1, Obrecht; 2, Sutton; 3, Agricultural College. Produce of Sow-1 and 3, Obrecht; 2 and 4, Sutton.

- Produce of Sow-1 and 3, Obrecht; 2 and 4, Sutton. The Perfection Stock Farm, Union, Okla., exhibited sixteen head of Tamworths, filling every class and taking all awards.
- HAMPSHIRES. Exhibitors-George W. Ela. Valley Falls, Kan.; Scudder Bros., Doniban, Neb.; W. O. Matthews, Hutchinson, Kan.; Ernest Kirby, Union, Okla. Judge-E. Z. Russell, Omaha. Neb. Aged Boars-I. Scudder, General Jones; 2, Mat-thews, Tom Kirby. Senior Yearling Boar-1, Scudder, America. Junior Yearling Boar-1, Ela, Halcyon Cody; 2 and 3, Scudder. Senior Boar Pigs-1, Scudder, Platte River; 2 and Scudder. Junior Boar Pigs-1 and 3, Matthews; 2 and 4, Scudder.

- Scudder. Aged Sows-1, 2 and 3, Scudder, Scudder's Illen 2d, Opal, and Lorene. Senior Yearling Sows-1, 2 and 3, Scudder, Alfalfa Queen, Edna Girl, and unnamed. Junior Yearling Sows-1, 2 and 3, Scudder, Nancy, Allen Lady 4th. Senior Sow Pigs-1, Scudder, Smooth Girl; 2 and 3. Scudder.
- Senior Sow Pigs-1, Scudder, Smooth Girl; 2 and Scudder. Junior Sow Pigs-1, 2 and 3, Scudder. Senior and Grand Champion Boar-General Jones. Junior Champion Boar-Platte River. Senior and Grand Champion Sow-Scudder's Allea 3,

nd. Junior Champion Sow—Smooth Girl. Aged Herd—1, 2 and 3, Scudder. Young Herd (bred by exhibitor)—1 and 2, Scudder, Get of Sire—1 and 2, Scudder; 3, Matthews. Produce of Sow—1 and 2, Scudder; 3, Matthews.



SHOWN BY GOSSARD BREEDING ESTATES, PRESTON, KANSAS

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Classified Advertising

Advertising "bargain counter." Thousands of people have surplus items of stock for sale—limited in amount or numbers hardly enough to justify extensive display advertising. Thousands of other people want to buy these same things. These intending buyers read the classified "ads"—looking for bargains. Your advertisement here reaches over 60,000 farmers for 5 cents a word per week. No "ad" taken for less than 60 cents. All "ads" set in uniform style, no display. Initials and numbers count as words. Address counted. Terms, always cash with order. SITUATIONS WANTED ads, up to 25 words, including address, will be inserted free of charge for two weeks, for bona fide seekers of employment on farms.

POULTRY.

WHITE ROCK EGGS, \$4 PER HUN-dred. Nora Lamaster, Hallowell, Kansas.

SELLING OUT. EXTRA GOOD REGIS-tered black Percheron, \$600; bay Belgian, \$350; two black jacks, \$350 and \$500. All sound and guaranteed. Lewis Cox, Concor-dia, Kansas.

THE STRAY LIST.

TAKEN UP --- ON THE 5TH DAY OF September, 1917, by Mike Paul, of Marien-thal, Kansas, one gray mare, weight 1,100 pounds; wire cut on both front fost. Dean Trueblood, County Clerk.

REAL ESTATE.

OWNER OFFERS STOCK AND DAIRY ranch in prosperous Southwest Kansas, Land of opportunity. Terms, S. W., care Kansas Farmer.

NORTH CENTRAL KANSAS, OSBORNE County seed, grain and stock farms, \$20, Best wheat and corn land, \$35 to \$50, "Here is the place." J. F. Baum, Natoma,

Real Estate For Sale

10,000 ACRES of good grazing land, well watered, for \$3 to \$5. All crops good. No drouth, no hot winds. Grass for cattle and corn for hogs. Best country in the world to live and make money.

W. W. TRACEY - ANDERSON, MISSOURI

FOR SALE

Or Exchange for Kansas Property 220 acres of rice and timber lands six miles south of Stuttgart, Ark. Address owner, JOHN W. HARBESON, Tonganoxie, Kansas

180 A. Meadow, 7 miles R. R. town, this county. Level, no rocks; no overflow; every acre tillable; made 200 tons No. 1 baled hay this season; hay \$15 per ton here now. \$28

SOUTHEEN REALTY CO., McAlester, Okla.

202 ACRES BOTTOM FARM Highly improved, 6½ miles of Lyons, Kansas; 175 a. under cultivation, 25 a. al-falfa, 25 a. timothy, 50 a. wheat, 75 a. in corn, balance timber; % mile of school Price to sell at \$20,000.00. For particulars write F. M. Buchheim, Real Estate, 521 West St., Topeka, Kansas.

BEAUTIFUL SHAWNEE COUNTY KANSAS FARMS NEAR TOPEKA '160 a. farm, \$80; 160 a. farm, \$65; 43 a. farm, \$3,800. Can fit you out inany size farm desired. E. Z. terms. J. E. THOMPSON (The Farmer-Land Man) Tecumsch, Kansas

Kansas.

AGENTS WANTED.

12

MAN TO WEAR FINE SUIT, ACT AS agent; big pay, easy work. Banner Tailor-ing Co., Dept. 738, Chicago.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED — MARRIED MAN WITH A small family to work on farm by month. Steady work year round. J. M. Miller, Rte. 1, Elmdale, Kansas.

WANTED-MEN-WOMEN, 18 OR OVER, Government jobs, \$100 month. Big oppor-tunity for farmers. War necessitates hun-dreds appointments. Write for list posi-tions. Franklin Institute, Dept. G-82, Rochester, N. X.

CATTLE.

120 HEAD OF HIGH GRADE HOLSTEIN cows and heifers, priced for quick sale. H. F. McNutt, Oxford, Wisconsin.

FOR SALE — DOUBLE STANDARD Poiled Durham bulls. Write for description and price, C. M. Albright, Route 2, Over-brook, Kansas.

NINE HEAD HIGH GRADE HOLSTEIN cows due to calve in October. They are bred to a registered bull whose nearest two dams average over 900 pounds butter. R. E. Stuewe, Alma, Kansas.

FOR SALE — VERY CHOICE HIGH-grade Holstein calves, either sex, three te six weeks old, at \$20 per head, crated for hipment. Or if you want dairy cattle of any age, I will buy them at a commission from the best herds in Southern Wisconsin. Albert M. Hanson, Whitewater, Wisconsin.

HIGHLY BRED HOLSTEIN CALVES, either sex, 15-16th pure, from heavy mik-ers, five to seven weeks old, beautifully marked. \$23, crated and delivered to any station, express charges paid here. Send orders or write. Lake View Holstein Place, Whitewater, Wisconsin.

DOGS.

TRAINED BEAGLES, RABBIT HOUNDS, forhounds, coon, opossum, skunk dogs, set-ters, pointers, house, farm dogs. Ferrets. Catalog 10c. Brown's Kennels, York, Pa. TRAINED RABBIT HOUNDS, FOX hounds, coon, opossum, skunk dogs, setters, pointers, ferrets. List free. Violet Hill Kennels, Hanover, Pa.

FULL BLOOD RUSSIAN WOLF HOUND pups, six months old. White with lemon markings. \$15 each. Irish. stag pups, \$10 each. Geo. E. Hineman, Dighton, Kansas.

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AIREDALES AND COLLIES GREATEST of all pups. Grown dogs and brood matrons. Large instructive list. Sc. W. R. Watson, Box 128, Oakland, Iowa.

FOR SALE — HIGH CLASS FOX AND coon hounds. The kind that can deliver the goods. Bred right and broken right. If you want a good one, write me. Price rea-sonable. A. F. Sampey, 317 E. Mt. Vernon St., Springfield, Missouri.

TREES, SEEDS AND PLANTS.

FULCASTER SEED WHEAT FOR SALE, \$2,50 per bushel. Sacks extra. J. C. Starr, Vinita, Oklahoma.

PURE-BRED HIGH-YIELDING TURKEY red hard seed wheat, cleaned and graded, at \$3.00 a bushel. Ferdinand Hubka, Vliets, Kansas.

TREE PLANT THIS FALL. NEVER A better time. Save money and get our terms, Write today for fruit book and information about growing fruits. Buy direct—it pays. Headquarters for well selected seeds. Box No. R, Wichita Nurseries & Seed House, Wichita, Kansas.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FREE FOR SIX MONTHS-MY SPECIAL offer to introduce my magazine, "Investing for Profit." It is worth \$10 a copy to any to provide necessities and comforts for self and loved ones. It shows how to become richer quickly and honestly. Investing for Profit is the only progressive financial jour-nal and has the largest circulation in America. It shows how \$100 grows to \$2,200. Write now and I'll send it six months free. H. L. Barber, \$31,28 W. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago. H. L. B. Chicago.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1,024 YEARS AMERICAN HISTORY, 80c postpaid. Elias Pelton, Hudson, Kansas.

ONE NEW ALMO FARM ELECTRIC 60-light plant, cheap. Kern & Mead, Great Bend, Kansas.

HONEY.

HONEY—NEW CROP. SEND FOR PRICE list. Bert W. Hopper, Rocky Ford, Colo. HOGS.

CHESTER WHITES - MAY PIGS AT armers' prices. Gust Claussen, Bunker Hill, Kansas.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

EVERBEARING, \$2 PER HUNDRED; common varieties, \$1 per hundred. Choice thrifty stock. State inspected. Pedigreed. J. A. Dowden, North Bend, Neb.

"It takes a heap-o' livin' in a house t' maked it home. A heap o' sun and shadder; an' yer some-times hev t' roam. Afore ye reely 'preciate the things ye lef' behind And be head of the set of the set

Government Denies Rumor

ment intends to attempt to appropriate the foods which the housewives of this country have canned, dried, and pre-served during the summer, have eman-ated from unauthentic sources.

In a communication received from the United States Department of Agricul-ture by Edward C. Johnson, dean of the division of extension of the Kansas Agricultural College, the authorities state emphatically that no such course has ever been contemplated by the Govern-ment. On the contrary, both the De-partment of Agriculture and the Food Administration are strongly urging the housewives to can and preserve all sur-plus fruits and vegetables in order that the households themselves may have a cheap and plentiful supply of food. There is no truth in the widely circulated statement that the Government

A prominent place was given to the boys' and girls' club department at the Kansas State Fair. This showing of club work at the big fairs is a new de-parture. A splendid beginning has been made, and we will expect this depart-ment to become one of the strong fea-tures in the years to come. Otis E. Hall, state club leader, of the extension division of the Agricultural College, was division of the Agricultural College, was superintendent of this section. The idea of canning surplus products for home use has been one of the important features of the club work. Canning exhibits constituted a large part of the showing made. These exhibits were arranged on made. These exhibits were arranged on shelves running up in the form of steps. A number of Mother-Daughter canning clubs were entered at the Hutchinson fair. Twenty-four mother-daughter teams were represented by the Fair Oak Club, of Rice County, which had on ex-hibition 269 pint jars of the various products. This club was a close second to the avcentional exhibit made by the to the exceptional exhibit made by the Bonner Springs Mother-Daughter Club, this club having gone to the expense of shipping its exhibit to the Hutchinson fair after winning the club honors at Topeka the week before. The contest for club honors between these two contestants was so close that the judge finally decided to divide the money, giving \$50 to the Bonner Springs club and \$25 to Fair Oak. The sewing work of the girls in Class A attracted a great deal of attention. There were twenty-seven school dresses tastefully displayed on the walls in this department. In all there were in the neighborhood of 180 entries in the sewing classes. The conditions governing the entries in the boys' and girls' club department were given in full in describing this exhibit at the Kansas Free Fair, these two fairs each putting on this club work for the first time this year. There was very little duplication of exhibits at these two fairs. The boys and girls that made the fine showing at Hutchinson were from the section of the state naturally tributary to that fair, and the exhibits at Topeka came from the northern and eastern parts of the state. The awards follow: CANNING CLUBS

CANNING CLUBS Boys and Girls' Products—1, Maude Jac-ques, Strong City; 2, Marcella Whitcomb, Cottonwood Falls; 3, Margaret McClintock, Wichita: 4, Merle Bell, Lyons; 5, Mabel Lewis, Strong City. Mother-Daughter Products—1, Mrs. Alice Sells, Maple Hill; 2, Mrs. Clyda Greene, Bonner Springs; 3, Mrs. Hubert L. Popenoe, Emporia; 4, Mrs. Thomas Marks, Emporia; 5, Mrs. Fred McClintock, Wichita. Mother-Daughter Club Honors—1, Bonner

We desire to make this department just as helpful as possible, and believing that an exchange of experiences will add to its value, we hereby extend an invitation to our readers to use it in passing on to others experiences or sugges-tions by which you have profited. Any questions submitted will receive our careful attention and if we are unable to make satisfactory answer, we will endeavor to direct inquirer to reliable source of help. Address Editor of Home Department, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Hansas.

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Crisp Cornmeal Cake

1 cupful milk 1 cupful milk 1 cupful white commeal 1 to the second sait 1 the boiling point is reached. It is not necessary to stir. Spread on a shallow buttered pan to a depth of about one-fourth of an inch. Bake in a moderate over until crien oven until crisp.

Zuni Indian Bread

1 cupful white cornmeal 1 cupful white cornmeal 1 cupful yellow corn meal 1 cupful water 1 teaspoonful salt 1 cupful chopped suct 1 cupful chopped suct Mix all well together, form into rolls about five inches long, roll in greased paper and hele in a moderate oven our paper, and bake in a moderate oven one hour. Serve hot. The habit among the Indians was to roll these cakes in the husks of corn, a method which is some-times followed by campers.

Poor Man's Biscuit

- 1 pint cold water 3/2 teaspoonful soda 1 teaspoonful sale 1 tablespoonful sugar 1 tablespoonful lard 2 cupfuls flour 1 rounding teaspoonful baking powder

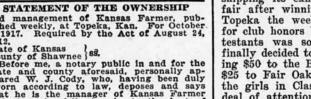
Roll out or drop from spoon.—MRS. C. B. MARTIN, Route 2, Pittsburg, Kansas.

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Wonderful Egg Producer

Any poultry raiser can easily double his profits by doubling the egg produc-tion of his hens. A scientific tonic has been discovered that revitalizes the flock been discovered that revitalizes the flock and makes hens work all the time. The tonic is called "More Eggs." Give your hens a few cents worth of "More Eggs" and you will be amazed and delighted with results. A dollar's worth of "More Eggs" will double this year's production of eggs as if you wish to try this great of eggs, so if you wish to try this great profit maker, write E. J. Reefer, poultry expert, 4636 Reefer Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., who will send you a season's supply of "More Eggs" Tonic for \$1 (prepaid). So confident is Mr. Reefer of the results that a million dollar bank guarantees if you are not absolutely satisfied your dollar will be returned on request and will be returned on request and dollar the "More Eggs" costs you nothing. Send a dollar today or ask Mr. Reefer for his free poultry book that tells the experience of a man who has made a fortune out of poultry .--- (Adv.)

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ing 1 per cent or more of total amount of stock: T. A. Borman, Topeka, Kan. M. A. Low, Topeka, Kan. S. H. Pitcher, Topeka, Kan. John R. Mulvane, Topeka, Kan. E. W. Rankin, Topeka, Kan. C. W. Devine, Topeka, Kan. E. T. Guymon, Hutchinson, Kan. W. C. Richardson, New York, N. Y. W. J. Cody, Topeka, Kan. W. F. Evans, St. Louis, Mo. Dean R. Low, Bartlesville, Okla. F. W. Barteldes, Lawrence, Kan. A. T. Reid, Topeka, Kan. Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: None, (Signed) W. J. CODY,

None, (Signed) W. J. CODY, Business Manager, Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 21st day of September, 1917. S. H. PITCHER, (Seal.) My commission expires March 17, 1919.

POULTRY WANTED. PROFITABLE EASY MARKETING. Coops and cases loaned free. Daily remit-tances. Poultry and eggs wanted. The Copes, Topeka.

HORSES AND MULES. SHETLAND PONIES, ALL AGES AND colors. Friced to sell. C. H. Clark, Le-compton, Kansas.

Rumors that the American Govern-

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expects to take food from any family.

State Fair Club Exhibits



Treatment of Cholera

HE past few weeks have brought a number of inquiries in regard to fowl cholera and the methods of control. This is one of the diseases that is decidedly rare. It appears only in cases of extreme filth or where carried by some diseased bird or animal. It is one of the most dangerous of all poul-try diseases and when well established in a flock a cure is well nigh impossible. in a flock a cure is well nigh impossible. Especially is this true where the birds have free range. It is very contagious and may be carried from flock to flock by birds, dogs, eats, or on the feet of the poultryman. Blood spilled from an infected bird or the flesh of a dead bird eaten by other fowls will cause the disease to spread so that it is necessary to carefully gather all such and burn them. All litter in the houses where diseased All fitter in the houses where diseased birds have been should be gathered and burned, then all houses and runs should be thoroughly disinfected and the disin-fection repeated every time a sick bird is discovered.

The usual symptoms of this disease are a droopy, listless attitude of the fowl. It will stand around all bunched wings drooped, head down, eyes nearly if not quite closed. Comb and face will be very pale. There will be an unquenchable thirst. The sick fowl will often drink until the water will run will often drink until the water will run from the mouth when the head is low-ered. The crop will be distended and the bird becomes very thin and weak. Often in the last stages of the disease the bird will fall when endeavoring to walk. There is always diarrhea accom-panying the trouble. The voidings are frequent and watery, often appearing frothy. There is often a spasm at the last in which it is not uncommon for the low it to erv out as if in great pain. fowl to cry out as if in great pain. No definite cure can be given for the

trouble. Unless the affected bird is of great value, thump it on the neck with some blunt instrument, thus breaking its some blunt instrument, thus breaking its neck without spilling any of the blood, and burn the carcass. When the disease is discovered in the first stages, give a few drops of creolin in the drinking water—just enough to color the water slightly. One-tenth of a grain of cor-rosive sublimate to a quart of water is also beneficial. Thoroughly disinfect all cuarters and runs.

quarters and runs. Unfortunately anything that causes bowel trouble and death is called by many cholera, and any simple remedy that caused a cure is thereafter called a cholera cure. Many irregularities will cause bowel trouble, such as smutty grain, filthy places in which to gather for the trouble of the troubl teed, semi-decayed meat-in fact, any-thing that tends to disturb digestion. Lice when present in large enough num-bers will by their irritating presence cause the mucous membranes to become unhealthy and give off a watery dis-charge. As these conditions if neglected

ause death, the verdict is cholera. In cases of common diarrhea a few drops of camphor on a spoonful of sugar dissolved in the drinking water will usually affect a cure. A dose of epsom salts dissolved in the drinking water or given in a wet mash will usually remove the offending matter from the digestive tract and give relief. In all such cases a thorough search should be made to discover the cause.—N. L. HABRIS.

Green Feed for Poultry

When chickens have access to grow-ing green stuff, they eat a great deal bess grain, stay in better physical con-dition, lay more and better eggs, and work longer and live longer. In order to get these benefits outside

In order to get these benefits outside of the summer or growing season, we would especially recommend this year that the poultry runs or a patch of ground near the poultry house be seeded somewhere between the first and fif-teenth of September with winter rye or

With favorable conditions sown thus carly there should be a heavy mat of green food a month later or about the time other green stuff is killed by frost. Between October 15 and April 15 there is nothing green that grows that chick-cus like better than growing rye or wheat. It is a better and safer food

than sprouted oats and infinitely less trouble.

than sprouted oats and infinitely less trouble. Sowing later than September 15, ex-cept perhaps along the southern tier of counties, is useless as it will not make enough growth to stand chickens pas-turing on it. Also, if its other benefi-cial quality is to be of value, namely purifying the soil, then there should be a chance for a rank growth. The baby chick business is growing in this state. Mr. Flueheart, of the Flue-heart Hatchery, made us a call last week. He reports a good business the past year. In most cases where those making a business of selling day-old chicks have advertised, they have been unable to meet the demand. Shipping eggs for hatching purposes is a very unsatisfac-tory business. The express companies and parcels post carriers are so careless in handling the eggs that many good eggs are spoiled if not broken. This dis-satisfaction is not experienced where day-old chicks are sold. When you buy satisfaction is not experienced where day-old chicks are sold. When you buy a chick there is no three weeks' wait to see what you have. It is also more satisfactory to the seller, as he has no settings to replace because of poor hatches from one cause or another. The day of the community hatchery is not far off. One man giving his entire time to the care of a large incubator can do better work as well as hatching chicks more economically than where every person tries to hatch just a few. In every neighborhood some man or woman every neighborhood some man or woman will be glad to take the eggs from an entire community and incubate them. A small charge per egg will be made, all unhatched eggs being returned to the owner. At present prices it costs from four to six cents to hatch chicks with the small incubators. This does not count the hatches that are ruined by the person who is so busy that the machine is forgotten. The man who is in the business can hatch for less money and make a good profit:

Cull Stock and Save Feed

In traveling over the state of Indiana In traveling over the state of Indiana during the summer, a member of the poultry division of Purdue University came to the conclusion that the average poultry flock of the state could be culled with profit. He found in many flocks quite a number of superannuated old hens that ate expensive feed and did not lay enough eggs to pay the feed bill. These old hens are in the same class with the boarder cow. In feeding class with the boarder cow. In feeding the flocks it seems the common practice to cut down on the feed. The better and more profitable plan would be to cull out the undesirable flock and feed well the productive fowls.

The pullet year is the most profitable part of the fowl's life. Only the excep-tional hens can be kept through a second winter at a profit unless they have ad-ditional value as breeders. Hens on the farm now over two years old should be consumed at home or sold. If the farmer doubts his ability to distinguish a hen's age, he can put one hog ring on the right leg of each bird as she ends her pullet year. This is inexpensive and

her pullet year. This is inexpensive and easy of identification. If feed is scarce as well as expensive, then it will pay to sell all the young roosters that won't make money and all the stunted, undersized and slow-grow-ing pullets. Anything that will not lay or grow profitably should be sold, leav-ing their feed for poultry that is more profitable. profitable.

The females that have just finished their first year should be sold as soon as they quit laying, unless for some reason or other a few must be kept as next year's breeders. The Purdue periment Station has found that if October 1 be the date for culling, 95 per cent of the birds that had been poor lay-ers would be pretty well moulted and show the yellow color in beak and shanks. The good layer would either not have started moulting or would be ragged, but in good vigorous condition with all her beak, shank and skin color "laid out" and absent. The early moulter was the poor layer and will seldom get back into laying before the late moulter and then not until near Christmas time.



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