Twenty Pages

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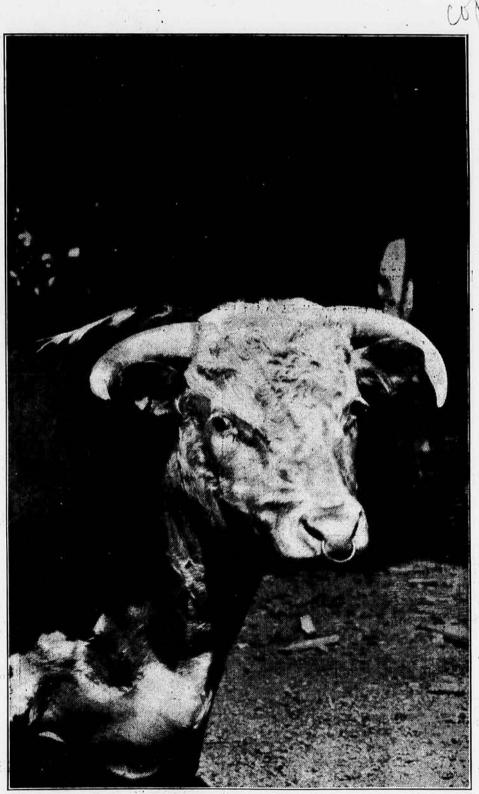
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FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE

Vol. 45.

June 26, 1915

No. 26.



Parsifal 24th

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JUST ABOUT FARMING

The sympathy of the whole country will go out for the farmers of those counties visited by destructive hail 20 million dollars every year. If this storms, last week. This is one of the trials that test the hearts of men and put to the severest strain their faith in the protecting care of Providence. It is to be hoped that the extent of the damage was exaggerated. To see the damage was exaggerated. To see the year's crops destroyed, the payment for a year's work cancelled in a few minutes; to know that the wherewithal for the coming winter's supplies and the summer's bills overdue has been wiped out in one stroke, this is the kind of misfortune that brings to the sur-face the fine stuff of which Americans are made.

Accounting

The marketing specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture have devised a complete accounting system and set of 15 forms especially adapted to the business of such eleva-tors. This system and the forms for its installation, which are described in Bulletin 236, "A System of Accounts for Farmers' Co-operative Elevators," was developed after a thorough study of all accounting systems now in use in the grain trade. It also includes suggestions made by a number of elevator managers and grain men throughout the country. Before publication the system recommended and the forms were submitted for careful tests in representative elevators in seven of the grain states. As a result of this practical business use of the forms, the system has been adopted by the Farmers' Union of Kansas, the Grain Dealers' association of Illinois, and the National Council of Grain Dealers' associations.

Chinch Bugs

During the last few years careful studies have been made, not only by the Kansas Experiment station but also by several other experiment stations, of the fungous disease which attacks the the fungous disease which attacks the conservation and plant food formation, chinch bug. In these investigations the disease was found commonly distributed over the entire bug-infested area, attacking not only the chinch bug but a large number of other species of insects. The results of these studies show that the artificial distribution of this fungous disease amounts to nothing, and even with favoreble conservation and plant food formation, and more than this it will help in destroying insects, especially the Hessian fly. If all the wheat fields of Kansas had been handled in this way last year there would not have been the damage from Hessian fly which occurred this season. disease amounts to nothing, and even with favorable conditions the artificial introduction will not hasten the action of the fungus. While this disease is apof the fungus. While this disease is apparently everywhere present, it should be stated that the proper climatic conditions must be had in order for it to propagate. These conditions are plenty of moisture and high temperatures. If these favorable conditions are had, the fine will break out and if the burst conditions are had. fungus will break out, and if the bugs are abundant it will soon spread among them and sweep them off in great numbers.

Roughage

A large part of the profit in farming nowadays depends on the utilization of the coarse roughage grown on the farm. The use of the silo is one of the best methods we have of canning or storing this coarse feed and keeping it in the best condition to be converted into salable products by means of livestock. the fertility of the land than simply to provide a market for the grain.

It has been stated that there is no

farming operation which so much resembles depositing money in a bank. Once more has the vital need of betas putting feed in a silo. It is no un-ter drainage been demonstrated in Kan-

Legumes

Perhaps the most obvious fact in crop growing is that a great increase is needed in the acreage of alfalfa in Kansas. This is true on almost every farm—there are few places that have a maximum profitable acreage of this legume. And there is going to be a great increase next fall in the alfalfa acreage, if the conditions are at all favorable at seeding time. Farmers are planning this increase in almost every community. This is a decidedly encouraging thing, for it will aid both in increasing the profits and in conserving the soil fertility.

Wheat

The acreage of wheat should be reduced greatly in Kansas, especially in the wheat belt, and more of the land used for sorghum crops and the legumes. This will make it possible to give more attention to the preparation of the land planted to wheat, and thus the yields and profits will be increased. As the Farmers Mail and Breeze showed in the issue of May 29, a difference of more than 30 bushels an acre in wheat yields has been obtained on the agronomy farm of the Kansas Experiment station at Manhattan by a variation in the seedbed preparation. This indicates the vital for care along this line.

Wheat land should be plowed or listed deeply just as early in the season as possible. If the acreage is large, so it is not possible to get over all of it soon after harvest, which usually is the case, it should be disked just as soon as pos-sible. This disking will aid in moisture

Farmers' Clubs

One of the well established facts is that the development of a community must come from within. Outside agencies may give the start but the people of the community must supply the constant energy needed in carrying on the development.

Farmers' clubs are one of the most farmers' clubs are one of the most effective agencies in developing a community. There were but few of them until the county agents began their work. They not only started the farmers' clubs but keep in touch with them, giving suggestions and aiding in arranging and providing programs.

ing and providing programs.

These farmers clubs are enlisting the people of the community in improvement work of the most vital kind. It is social, educational and economic, in a way bringing back the social life that used to be supplied in the husking bee, the barn raising, the singing school and There was a time when livestock was raised and handled for the sole purpose of providing a market for the grain produced. Especially was this true of cattle and hogs. Conditions have changed in these days of high priced grain. Livestock is still an important factor in the operation of every species. factor in the operation of every success- quality is produced in the community, ful farm but it is used more to con-sume the coarse feeds raised as by-products of the grain and to keep up turns.

Drainage

common sight in traveling over Kansas sas. This is true not only on the fields, every spring to see thousands of tons of where a great increase in the use of tiles feed being burned or otherwise wasted, is to be encouraged, but it also is true The loss from deterioration and damage with the streams. It will be profitable age from dust and sand during the winter when the fodder is cut and cured and straighten the channels of most of mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze.



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THE FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE

An Agricultural and Family Journal for the People of the Great West



Volume 45 Number 26

TOPEKA, KANSAS, JUNE 26, 1915

Quick Crops

There Still Is Plenty of Time to Grow the More **Drouth Resistant Plants**

By F. B. Nichols, Field Editor

sas. Continued rains have inter-fered with the planting plan on many farms, until it is now too late for the best results from some lines, corn for example. This makes it necessary to sow the unoccupied land to crops that will grow rapidly, and mature properly before frost. The principal aim in selecting crops for this purpose is to get those which will produce feed of the highest acre value in the limited growing period that remains. There are many crops that may still

There are many crops that may still be planted in time to give an ample opportunity for maturity before frost. Feterita, milo, cane and kafir are among the more important of the quick maturing crops, and of these feterita and milo are especially valuable. While you are considering this question don't forget cowpeas, which can be depended on to make a quick, profitable maturity in central and eastern Kansas in an average year. A big increase in the acreage of this legume is needed.

Much of the late sowing of these feed crops will be on land that has been planted to some other crop—corn per-

planted to some other crop—corn per-haps. When this is the case there frequently is a considerable question, if there is a fair stand of corn and the weeds are bad, as to whether it will pay to replant the field or to fight it pay to replant the field or to fight it out with the weeds. In many fields it will pay to replant, especially in eastern Kansas, where the weeds have had a very good chance this year. There are many farms, too, on which there is no question; the crop has either been drowned out or choked out by the weeds, and replanting is absolutely necessary.

because of its extreme drouth resistance, planting.
is especially valuable on such soil. It Don't forget cowpeas when consideralso can be expected to mature much ing the crops for late sowing. It is

LARGE acreage of quick maturing crops is needed this year in Kansas. Continued rains have interfered with the planting plan on the best results from some lines, corn to example. This makes it necessary of sow the unoccupied land to crops hat will grow rapidly, and mature respectively before frost. The principal aim of selecting crops for this purpose is the highest acre value in the limited rowing period that remains.

There are many crops that may still be planted in time to give an ample pportunity for maturity before frost.

digested. Experiments show that kafir has a feeding value of about 90 per cent of that of corn, and there is every reason to believe that feterita at least equals this. The flavor of the grain is very pleasant, not at all strong like

"It resembles corn in composition and has a high nutritive value. A chemical analysis shows that feterita contains 10.82 per cent moisture, 1.48 ash, 11.50 protein, 72.86 carbohydrates, and 3.34 fat. Corn has 10.89 per cent moisture, 1.70 ash, 11.70 protein, 80.50 carbohydrates, and fat 6.10. Kafir contains 9.73 per cent moisture, 1.70 ash, 12.69 protein, 72.36 carbohydrates, and 3.52 fat. The analysis of wheat showed 12.84 per cent moisture, 1.62 ash, 12.04 per cent moisture, 1.62 ash, cent moisture, 1.62 ash, 13.94 protein, 69.94 carbohydrates, and 1.56 fat."

All the seed of sorghums sown in this

state should be treated for kernel smut. This is a disease that causes great damage some years, and some loss with the untreated seed is to be expected every year. The damage may be almost eliminated by soaking the seed for an hour in a formalin solution. This solution is made by placing 1 pound of 40 per cent formalin in 30 gallons of water. The amount of seed to the acre for

these crops depends, as George K. Helder of the Hays Experiment station has said, on the vitality of the seed, the locality in which it is planted and the purpose for which it is grown. For example, in western Kansas where good kafir seed is planted for grain produc-tion from 3 to 4 pounds is ample, and farther east where the crop is grown for silage twice as much seed as this may be used, and in some cases even more. If one is undecided about the rate of planting he should find out if possible what the different rates of seed-

of these tell of good results with mile and feterita. A letter from G. M. Routh

of Salem, Mo., says:

"If I lose my stand of corn I shall plant mile and feterita. Last year I had 12 acres of low, wet land in corn, and as fast as the corn came up the wire worms cut it down. I replanted twice and still had no corn. Then with the lister I went over every row planting feterita because of a lack of knowledge milo where there was not enough corn concerning its feeding value. In general to pay me to leave it. The worms kept most of the farmers in Kansas who busy. I replanted the milo once. After July 4 I replanted 3 acres to milo and

(Continued on Page 15.)



A Field of Late Planted Feterita in Eastern Kansas. This Grop Has Ability To Resist Dry Weather and Hot Winds.

necessary.

Some of this land which will be planted to quick maturing crops is in bad physical condition. A great deal of it was worked when it had too much moisture. If a drouth should come in July and August the crops probably resistant crops for that section, but it would suffer more than usual. Feterita, does have a special value for late because of its extreme drouth resistance.

which germinate later. These weeds can be depended on to get started with great promptness. No matter what method is used it is highly important that the field should be freed from

In planting these late sown crops the question comes up as to just how late the planting can be made safely. This date varies considerably from year to year, depending on the growing condi-tions and on the date of the first killtions and on the date of the first killing frost. In general it is safe to plant
crops like milo and feterita well up
into July, although the quicker they
are planted the better chance there is
for a profitable crop. Feterita usually
needs 90 days or more for maturity—
depending localizations.

possible what the different rates of seeding have done on nearby farms under his
own soil conditions.

Many interesting letters have been
received from farmers recently about the
planting of late sown crops. Almost all
of these tell of good results with milo depending largely on the moisture conditions—and more time must be allowed for most of the kafirs. Some crops have a very quick maturity; Freed's sorghum for example, which is especially well adapted to the conditions in northwestern Kansas, frequently matures in from

Some farmers have feared to plant have tried the crop have been well pleased with it as a feed. H. M. Hill of



the Fields Where the Crops Must Be Replanted.

DEPARTMENT EDITORS

or Turner Wright
F. B. Nichols
Harley Hatch
C. W. Metsker

Entered as second-class matter Feb. 10, 1906, at the postoffice at Topeka, Kansas, under act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

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The Farmers Mail and Breeze

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T. A. McNEAL, Editor. A. L. NICHOLS. Associate Editor.

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Passing Comment--By T. A. McNeal

Concrete Roads and Transportation

I was talking, a few days ago, with a county engineer whose business it is to lay out and assist engineer whose business it is to lay out and assist in the grading and making of roads. His estimate of the cost of building first class concrete roads was that it could be done for about 75 cents a square yard. Increasing this estimate 5 cents a square yard and estimating the width of the road at 21 feet, the cost a mile not counting bridges, would be approximately \$9,000 a mile. As there are a great many miles of road that require no bridges it is probable that \$1,000 a mile on the average would be sufficient to provide for bridges, making the total cost including bridges, \$10,000 a mile.

We are at present expending on our army and

We are at present expending on our army and navy approximately 250 million dollars a year. According to frenzied militarists, with whom I am inclined to agree on this point, the army and navy would afford little if any protection in case of war with any first class power. As we have no need to the contract of the con with any first class power. As we have no need for either army or navy except in case of war and as our military experts tell us that what we have would avail us nothing in event of war, then the wise thing to do is to abolish both and expend the money for some useful purpose.

The distance from New York to the Pacific ocean is approximately 3,500 miles. The amount expended annually on the army and navy would construct annually on the army and navy would construct 71 concrete highways costing an average of \$10,000 a mile from the Atlantic to the Pacific. In ten years if an amount equal to that expended on the army and navy were used in building concrete highways there would be a perfect boulevard spanning the continent from come to come avery 18 miles the continent from ocean to ocean every 18 miles.

Of course it would not be expected that such a road would be built from ocean to ocean every 18 miles. The roads would be built so as to enable persons to reach the nearest market places most easily. In perhaps one-third of the country it would be unnecessary and be unnecessary and impracticable to build roads, while in other sparsely settled localities, few roads are needed.

Heretofore I have mentioned the possibilities to the farmers in the way of transportation. Consultation with those familiar with the cost of building and operating motor trucks confirms my previous esti-mates. With a proper system of motor trucks and well built concrete roads most of the products of the farm could be transported to market for half or less than half of the present cost.

Estimating that there will be 100 million bushels Estimating that there will be 100 million bushels of wheat to be hauled to market this season, the saving to the farmers of the state, if there were a complete system of concrete highways, would be not less than 5 million dollars in the cost of transportation of wheat alone. The general government should proceed to the building of a vast system of concrete highways. The material and labor should be paid for with non-interest-bearing treasury notes made a full legal tender in payment of debts, public and full legal tender in payment of debts, public and private, and receivable for all dues to the government, to be cancelled as fast as returned to the treasury. In order to obtain the revenue necessary to meet the increased expenditure—for the government should expend a billion dollars a year in constructing this system of national highways—the income tax should be increased greatly.

All incomes of \$1,500 and over should be taxed, the rate of tax increasing in proportion to the size of the income until in the case of incomes of more than \$100,000 the government should take practically all of it—that is, all in excess of the \$100,000. All state automobile taxes should be abolished under such a system but a reasonable tax should be levied the government on all motor trucks, automobiles and motorcycles.

There probably are about 5 million automobiles, motor trucks and motorcycles in the United States. With a complete system of concrete highways the number soon would be quadrupled. If an average tax of \$5 a year were laid on the number that would be in use then the revenue from that source alone would amount to a hundred million dollars a year, or sufficient to build 10,000 miles of road.

sufficient to build 10,000 miles of road.

Here would be something worth while. The building of these roads would afford labor at good wages for all the unemployed. New trade centers would spring up over the entire country. Factories would be brought to the raw material instead of transporting the raw material long distances to congested centers to be manufactured and then shipping the

manufactured product long distances back to the place of original production.

Our present system of transportation is built on

a wrong economic theory and must therefore give way to a more sensible and less expensive system. The building of a system of perfectly constructed concrete roads would do away with the most common and the most valid objection, in fact the only chiestion to government ownership of railroads objection to government ownership of railroads. There would not be an army of salaried employes as would not be an army of sataried employes as would be the case with government ownership of railroads. The people would do their own tranporting over these public highways and a large number of high salaried railroad officials would be compelled to hunt other occupations.

Speaking of High Salaries

The railroad magnates are shedding tears these The railroad magnates are shedding tears these days on account of what they call the unfair treatment given them. The general public for some reason objects to piling up an additional burden of several hundred million dollars a year in the way of increased freight rates and passenger fares. The railroad magnates insist that this objection of the general public is the most unreasonable. So far however, there has not been noticed any disposition to reduce the salaries of high officials in the railroad business.

For a good while the Rock Island has been in hard lines. It even has been hinted strongly that the road was looted by financial pirates and this has been given as a reason for its distressed condition. But the road is now in the hands of receivers. It must be said that very competent men have been selected to act as receivers. Our own Henry Mudge is one, and the people of Kansas believe that Henry Mudge is as competent a railroad man as there is in the United States.

the United States.

I observe that the court has fixed the salaries of these receivers at \$3,000 a month. In view of the fact that the road is bankrupt and the widows and orphans who are so touchingly referred to by the railroad magnates as the purchasers of railroad stocks, are not likely to get any dividends for some time to come, it does look to one in the branches of a tree where he has a birdseye view of the situation, that \$3,000 a month is a good deal to pay for managing the estate of a bankrupt.

I have observed a unanimous reluctance on the part of those who draw fat salaries to take less. Generally they talk as if they were not getting anywhere nearly what their services are worth. At the same time they are apt to express considerable

the same time they are apt to express considerable impatience with the people who are drawing down very moderate salaries, say \$40 or \$50 a month, because they express a desire to have their wages increased.

Down on the Drug Law

An indignant subscriber at Delphos, Kan., pours An indignant subscriber at Delphos, Kan., pours out his wrath on the new law preventing the sale of drugs without a physician's prescription. He says in part, "I for one have a right to have a weapon to slay a rabid dog or a venomous reptile and to be deprived of the privilege of keeping drugs to destroy serious pains such as inflammation or pleurist or any other serious disease is wished and pleurisy or any other serious disease is wicked and unjust. It is as bad as stealing little children

from their parents.

"I have used laudanum 50 or 60 years. So has my lady and so did her father before her and so my lady and so did her father before her and so my lady and so did her father before me. did my mother before me. They both were born in 1816 and lived until recently. My lady and I have had several attacks of these diseases but have had these remedies in the house and saved ourselves a doctor bill and maybe saved our lives and we have as much right to live as anyone else.
"It looks to me like a scheme of these doctors

to get the government to pass a law that will give them a better chance to graft. These doctors are a worse graft on the people than the saloons were and the law of the country upholds them in their grafting. I do not know how long the people will stand for this but I think there will be a day of reckoning."

The writer is dissatisfied also with our road laws. He says, "I always had the idea that we had good roads originally but I find where I have been used to traveling in dry weather they are so dusty that it makes them disagreeable and in a wet time they are horrid. I have said that the less they are cultivated the better the roads will be. Some will dispute this, but that is nothing for Kansas, for there have been enough lies told about the state to sink a whole nation."

Here's a Hopeful View

Writing from Thackerville, Okla., W. M. Turner, takes a hopeful view of the world in spite of the present war. He calls to mind the historic fact that only a few centuries ago the insane were supposed to be possessed of devils and imprisoned and tortured.

Mr. Turner also is inclined to defend the devil to some extent. It is his opinion that there has been an effort to lay some things on the devil that he is not to blame for. The present war is due to the inherent hellishness of some rulers in Europe, as Mr. Turner believes, but their sine should not be Mr. Turner believes, but their sins should not be shouldered onto the devil.

shouldered onto the devil.

"In the remote past," says Mr. Turner, "superstition was much more common than now. Then belieftin ghosts was common, now only the ignorant few believe in ghosts. The manner of teaching is the paramount cause of war. Just so long as loyalty of the garden variety is taught in the schools and colleges nations will envy other nations and the result of this envy will be bloodshed. The people are growing broader in their views and more tolerant and this must lead to a better future.

"Cheer up. Give man a chance to redeem himself

"Cheer up. Give man a chance to redeem himself and as for the devil, give him a rest. Monarchs are going to fade, which speaks well for the progress of man. Teach our youth international patriotism and the foolishness of war and that crime will cease. Socialism may do some good along that line."

Would We Sell Our Liberty?

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—I have been reading the Farmers Mail and Breeze with great interest. The sound reasoning and just presentation of the pending questions regarding the war in Europe echo my sentiment. If a man break into another man's house he probably will find resistance from the man who owns the house.

Germany has been preparing for this trouble since 1870. The great war indemnity France paid was used for armament and a quick, crushing blow was planned to annihilate France and afterward to strike England across the Channel. Belgium stood in the road. The short cut was frustrated by the Belgian resistance to this criminal proceeding.

History will record the judgment passed by the whole world on this barbarous invasion. Think of it! A people having done nothing to offend the aggressor but happening to be in the way of this terrible foe who wreaked vengeance upon them. simply because they spoiled the crushing blow intended for their neighbor!

I am a native of Switzerland, born in 1836. I came to the United States in 1867. You see that I am close to the end of my journey but I still take a keen interest in the world's progress. Never did I think such atrocious cruelty would be possible in this pretended enlightened Twentieth century. I am a lover of freedom. Will it be possible for the people of the earth to live in peace together? What have all the teachings of the centuries to show in the way of doing away with such savagery which makes the beasts of the Jungle seem tame by comparison?

Is there any truth in the report that German capitalists want to negotiate for the purchase of the Bethlehem steel plants, the Remington arm factories and close them? This would be selling our liberty and giving control of our government to a power that tries to crush everything which happens to arouse its temper. Such a movement should be resisted by all the people. All minerals should be national property and never sold to private persons. Before allowing these plants to go to foreign capitalists the gover

I of course know nothing more about the effort of Germany to purchase these plants than the rumor spoken of. Personally I have not considered that anything like that is likely to come about.

Another Opinion

Frank E. Miller, who lives at Abbeyville, Kan. is a very strong sympathizer with Germany and of course differs radically from Jacob Miller. Frank is especially hostile toward England, as most German sympathizers are.

"The common people of England," says Mr. Miller,
"live in constant dread of having either to go to the
poorhouse or starve to death," and continuing he says, "Here are the plans of the allies: The war shall be continued until Germany and Austria are forced to accept whatever terms will be given them. Each of the four great powers is pledged to continue the war until it is abandoned by unanimous consent of the four. There shall be no arbitration by Holthe United States or other neutral powers

land, the United States or other neutral powers but the four allies shall dictate the terms of peace. "There shall be three classes of nations established in Europe. Class A shall consist of Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy. Class B shall consist of Belgium, Holland, Servia, Spain, Portugal, Switzerland, Roumania, Greece and Bulgaria. Class C shall consist of Bohemia, Poland, Bavaria, Hungary and the other minor states into which by racial affinities the German and Austrian empires shall be split.

shall be split.

"The English are trying to rule the world. The favorite old expression, "The sun never sets on England's dominions," is true but we must stop and think England picks at every little land's dominions,' is true but we must stop and think how this comes to be. England picks at every little nation with the hope of conquering it. That wouldn't be so bad if England would do it alone, but instead of that she gets people of all sorts and colors to help her and in the present European war they are trying to drag every nation into the conflict."

Mr. Miller concludes his letter by stating that he does not wish to hurt my feelings. While I am grateful for the consideration he need not worry any about my feelings. I most freely accord to every man the right to think as he pleases.

A Single Taxer's Views

A Single Taxer's Views

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—I read with much interest your argument against the single tax in connection with George Hughes's argument in its favor. At first reading it sounds conclusive but when we get under the surface it is faulty. In the first place the overhead charges upon the 10-story building are more in proportion to the investment than those upon the four-story building. It also is true that the depreciation is proportionately greater, so that at the end of 50 or 100 years when those buildings become obsolet you will find that the net income from the small building is as much as that from the large building, all else being equal; so the burden of taxation will be equalized indirectly.

You say you believe those most able to pay should pay most in support of the government. That is justifiable under our present system of taxation but is wrong in principle and will not be necessary under a just system.

I hope that your red headed friend eventually will convert you to a belief in the justness of the single tax. The single tax will not come until the farmers are for it—and you have the ear of the farmers.

Kansas.

If a man's assumptions are taken for granted it

Kansas.

If a man's assumptions are taken for granted it is easy for him to win an argument. Mr. Taylor assumes for example, that the overhead charges on a 10-story building are greater in proportion to the cost than on a four-story building. He does not say why and I apprehend that he would have great difficulty in proving anything of the kind.

The cost of heating a four-story building probably would be greater proportionately than the cost of heating a 10-story building. A four-story building would require an elevator. The 10-story building might require two elevators but they would serve at least two and a half times as many people as the elevator in the four-story building. If it were true that a four-story building would pay a better rate on the investment than a 10-story building then the 10-story building would not be built. 10-story building would not be built.

Mr. Taylor thinks that the principle that those

most able to pay should pay most for the support of government, is wrong. In this view he will have the most cordial support of the millionaires in this country, who insist that somebody else should pay their taxes and, it may be said, they very generally manage to accomplish their desire.

And Here Is Another

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—In your issue of April 17 you say, "I never have been able to see all the beauties in the single tax theory that seem to be entirely evident to its enthusiastic supporters." Again in your issue of May 8, commenting on a contribution by P. E. C., of Ottawa, which, among other things, states that the farmer produces what the population of the world eats and wears, you assume that P. E. C. must be a single taxer.

Now one of two things is evident to one who has read the works of Henry George. Either you have been misinformed sadly in regard to the theory of single tax, or by attributing absurd and irrational ideas to its advocates, as also some of our leading dailies do, you covertly try to prejudice the uninformed against it. I think it up to you to square yourself with your single tax subscribers.

Edna, Kan.

I have no desire to prejudice any reader against

I have no desire to prejudice any reader against the single tax theory nor have I the slightest conception of what Mr. Storm is driving at. He is evidently conversing through his head covering.

Sympathizes With Germany

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—I have read with much interest your articles in "Passing Comment" on the war in Europe. While you want to be just and fair and impartial you are another glaring example of the fallibility of great men. You boldly denounce Germany and defend the allies.

glaring example of the fallibility of great men. You boldly denounce Germany and defend the allies.

If there is any German blood in me I do not know it. My mother's people all came from the British Isles and my father had an Irish name and I suppose is of Irish extraction. Yet from the beginning of this struggle I have sympathized with the Germans. Most people with whom I have talked are against the Germans; most of the papers I have read are rather against than for the Germans; but knowing the German people and the history of the German nation as I do, I am constrained to believe that for brain and brawn and for all the essentials that go to make up a higher civilization, the German people are the greatest the world ever has produced.

The English are a great people. I think I had better change the tense of that and say they were

a great people. The factory system, the idleness and dissipation of the so-called upper class, and the use of alcoholic drinks by all classes have started the people of the British Isles well down on the toboggan slide of degeneracy. The British soldier is no match for the German, man for man. The German by his good sense, his industry, his patience and persistence outstripped the Britisher in the arts of peace and he easily can beat him in the arts of war.

But in duplicity and diplomacy the English states.

But in duplicity and diplomacy the English statesman has the German at a great disadvantage. Insanely jealous of Germany's growing industrial and commercial supremacy which she, Germany, had fairly won by her superior knowledge, skill and industry, England, unable to compete with her great rival, set about to stir up hatred of the Germans among the other nations. She succeeded, and what is the result? All Europe pitted in deadly combat against the peoples of Germany and Austria.

The degenerate Briton, the ignorant, untutored, half barbarous Russian and all the mongrel breeds of southern and southeastern Europe fighting with the bitterness of extermination the purest, most virile and most civilized race of people that this planet ever has been able to evolve.

of southern and southeastern Europe lighting with the bitterness of extermination the purest, most virile and most civilized race of people that this planet ever has been able to evolve.

The fact that the crown prince of Austria was killed and the blame laid to the Servians; the fact that the German emperor is haughty and imperious, (if he be so); the fact that Germany has seen fit to develop militarism in order to protect her unexampled industrial and cultural civilization; the fact that the Lusitania was sunk with some neutrals who had courted death by taking passage on it, are mere incidents. They do not change the greater and all inclusive fact that the greatest race of beings with the greatest civilization that the world has evolved up to the present time is being crushed out by a coalition of peoples whose supremacy in Europe would perhaps turn the horoscope of time back a thousand years. Perhaps I should not have used the word "supremacy" for no nation would be supreme in Europe after the German civilization was annihilated. There is no principle involved on the part of the allies. It is a war for loot. Germany is fighting for racial perpetuity and national existence.

She may make mistakes as in the case of the Lusitania. But if civilization, brawn and brain, virility, patience, persistence, industry, frugality, system, music, art, science, literature, temperance, ideal home life, large families of bright and well developed children, knowing how to feed, clothe, shelter and educate well 67 million people on 208,000 square miles of this planet is right the Germans are right; and the people who are trying to destroy them are wrong; for none of her enemies has accomplished what Germany has in all the lines above mentioned.

In free America and in England where they boast of constitutional liberty we don't like German discipline. We like our "Go-as-you-durn-please" method here and think German government is tyranny we had better have more of it in this country. In conclusion I will make this declaration or Norman, Okla.

The Mexican Situation

Editor The Farmers Mall and Breeze—I notice in your Passing Comment that you compare the Mexican situation to the past condition in Cuba and indicate that the same remedy we applied to Cuba would work in Mexico. I never have been in Cuba and have met only a few Cubans in Mexico. A great many Cubans are descendants of Spaniards and negroes while the Mexicans are of mixed Spanish and Indian blood. Mexico never had any negro slaves. I doubt if there is one negro to 100,000 Mexicans. Mexico is a difficult country to govern on account of what I will call "caste" for want of a better name.

The Mexican people are divided into two classes, the aristocrats and the peons. It is hard to understand the situation unless you can speak their language and become familiar with their customs. The first great stumbling block is caste. No gentleman, according to the Mexican idea of honor, can do any physical labor. A Mexican gentleman never works, never raises his hand for anything but to fight. Everything else is below his standard of honor. The peons are the laboring class and do all the work. They are the bees that gather the honey. They support the upper classes.

Honest elections are impossible under the Mexican constitution. Every voter must sign his ballot in order to show that there has been no fraud. After election the successful candidate can arrest, imprison or exile all those who voted against him on the charge that they are unpatriotic citizens conspiring against the government. So you can see that the only safe way for a voter to do is to hide out until the election returns are announced. If his vote was for the right man he goes and asks for a political job, but if he voted for the defeated candidate he had better keep out of sight and leave the country while the leaving is good.

The Socialist idea of confiscating the land and dividing it among the peons is popular. All revolutions are started on that plan. The custom of the past hundred years is supposed to have been to confiscate the property of the opponents of

lish. From their point of view they were somewhat justified in feeling that way toward us.

When Diaz was president it was a government of families—that is, each state was governed by an old man, the head of a large family. While I was there the discontent of some of the younger generation began to show itself. Madero started the ball rolling which has brought the avalanche.

A few years ago Mexico was a land of orphans and widows to the extent of one-fourth of the population. Now the proportion must be one-half. Even when times were good you could hear children crying by the hour for something to eat. You could see more needy beggars in half a day than you could see in a lifetime in the United States. What must be the condition after these years of short crops and revolution?

I am not a Catholic but I cannot help speaking a good word for that church. There is no other place on earth where the church has been so persecuted as in Mexico. While Diaz was in power the church. Since then it has seen nothing but persecution.

The impression that Mexico is not a healthful or productive country is wrong. When properly developed it will outrank California. Fifty kinds of fruit that California never heard of can be raised in Mexico. There is one state in Mexico that could rival Pennsylvania in the production of coal and iron.

It is our duty to go down there and stop the destruction of tife and property. It will not be a

rival Pennsylvania in the production of coal and iron.

It is our duty to go down there and stop the destruction of life and property. It will not be a big task to make the dove of peace rest in Mexico, but we will have to stay there a whole lot longer than we stayed in Cuba in order to accomplish the same results. The lower class is easy to govern. They are not revolutionists by choice. They have been forced into this thing and will quit gladly at the first opportunity.

This revolution business is a great thing for the Mexican politician. He starts with nothing but a six shooter and soon by robbery gets to be a rich man. It will take years to teach him that there are better ways of making a living.

Colony, Kan.

E. C. MEISSNER.

I am thoroughly satisfied that Mr. Meissner in his very interesting letter has the situation sized up correctly in Mexico. The leaders of the revolution do not want peace because they thrive better when the country is in a condition of anarchy.

Much as I have opposed intervention in Mexico except as a very last resort I am satisfied that it must come scoper or later and perheas the score.

must come sooner or later and perhaps the sooner the better. The idle leaders never will bring peace to that stricken land and if one of them should triumph it probably would mean no better condi-tions for the poor peons who are the only ones entitled either to help or sympathy.

The Sunday Schools and War

The Sunday Schools and War

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—Contrary to our usual custom we attended Sunday school one recent Sunday to meet our neighbors at a basket dinner. One topic for consideration brought the discussion down to date. What attitude shall the Sunday school take toward the peace movement? I was interested in the protest against the lessons used at this particular time. It seems that they are a recital of the triumphs of Jehovah's forces as recorded in the Old Testament.

While generally it was recommended that great care be taken in placing the interpretation, one radical, not a church member, advocated refusing to use them. It set me to wondering. The lessons are international. What persons compose the board that selects them? Could it be that they have been chosen with a purpose to influence the public mind in favor of war—to foster the spirit of war in the countries where it exists? Can it be that the Sunday schools have been made an ally of the forces of destruction that enthrall Europe? Is it the old, old story of the church serving the state to the destruction of its citizens? Or is it just the irony of fate?

MRS. SYLVESTER BARINGER.

MRS. SYLVESTER BARINGER. Westphalia, Kan.

Westphalia, Kan.
Probably the board which prepares the International Sunday school lessons did not have the purpose in mind suggested by Mrs. Baringer. It is true however, that every bloodthirsty hypocrite who tries to educate the people to believe that they should engage in war, bases his religious argument on the stories of the conquests of the Israelites.

Exemption From Military Service

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—Do the laws of Kansas prohibit the drafting of young men belonging to the Mennonite church in Kansas into the military service? Why compel the young men of other denominations to perform military service and let the Mennonites go free? Would not this be discriminating? Peabody, Kan.

A READER. It certainly would be if such were the case. The Constitution of the state of Kansas exempts from military service the members of all religious denominations whose members have conscientious scruples

against bearing arms.

Section I, Article 8, of the Constitution reads as follows: "The militia shall be composed of all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of 21 and 45 years, except such as are exempted by the laws of the United States or of this state; but all citizens of any religious denomination whatever who from scruples of conscience may be averse to bearing arms shall be exempted therefrom upon such conditions as may be prescribed by law." This clause has been a part of the Constitution since its adoption, which was a good many years before the Men-nonites made their settlements in Kansas.

Treason to the State

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—A discussion has arisen in our class concerning the trial and conviction of John Brown. He was arrested and tried in the Virginia courts and convicted of treason against the state of Virginia. Can the crime of treason be committed against a state? Iola, Kan. LLOYD E. ODER.

Yes. The crime of treason can be committed against a state. In Kansas treason is the only crime still punishable with death.

Any Feterita Seed to Sell? high. But even with this element included there is still a large speculative

Here's a Chance to Test This Crop With Moisture

BY HARLEY HATCH Jayhawker Farm

DEMAND for feterita has taken the entire local supply of seed. It is now too late to plant kafir expecting it to mature but there is still plenty of time for feterita. In fact, it is still just a little too early for it. Many farmers here planted feterita last year, it is still plenty of time for feterita last year, after corn was planted with the just after corn was planted with the result that it was ripe and had to be cut early in August. Following this was a wet fall and the feterita fodder entirely spoiled. Probably feterita is poor fodder to start with but if it does not represent the state of the stat not ripen until just before frost and does not get too much rain on it after that it may make feed that cattle will eat for a time during early winter.

Many will sow considerable cane or In fact, it should not be sown too early. Like all the fodders of the sorghum family it is at its best when it comes into the dough stage just as frost falls. Cut then it makes fine feed. If sown or planted early it gets woody and stock do not like it. Up to a short time ago cane seed was selling cheaper here than kafir but the demand will no doubt make cane worth the most for the rest of the season. It takes a full bushel of cane seed to each acre sown to make the growth fine enough so it will han-

We have cut both cane and kafir hay with a mowing machine and put it up in large bunches in the field and we have cut both with a grain binder. We have found that stock like the loose hay the best. One would think that nicely bound hay would be the best, but if we leave the choice to the stock they decide in favor of the loose article every time. We like to let the hay cure out pretty well and then put it up in bunches of about one-half ton each. Some say that cane hay needs only to wilt and it can then be bunched, and will cure out in the best of condition. That plan might work in very dry sections but here it will not do.

When we mentioned that we had had a few letters from persons in other states wishing to buy land we did not expect the multitude of letters which have come to us asking for the address of those persons. It is simply out of does rain every day we still find something on the farm that must be done, and so cannot conduct a real estate office. If we supplied the addresses to one we should have to write to all and

the swath just one week. It was damaged somewhat but not nearly so much as one would think. Had it been clover or prairie hay it would have been entirely spoiled. As it is, it will make good hay both for horses or cattle, but would not be salable.

We went at the crops again Thursday, June 10, helping a brother to re-plant his listed corn. His fields were drier than those on this farm so we kafir broadcast as soon as the ground joined forces and went at the job with can be plowed for it. Cane is the father three listers and one planter. We revorite because it makes more and slightly better hay. It can be sown as late listed 19 acres that day splitting the ridges which had been made in May. as July 10 and still make a full crop. The land worked well and the corn. went in in good condition. The usual rain came that night, fully 2 inches of it. We are not expecting to raise much corn this year in this locality.

This is written June 12, and the ground is as sodden as it can well be. We doubt very much whether a stand of corn is returned from any of that planted this week. It had not been in the ground long enough to start a sprout. Twenty acres of corn planted about May 12 is all the show we have on this farm for corn up to this date. This farm is better adapted to dry seasons than wet ones so we should re-member that we are not being treated so use of it. badly, having had five dry seasons pre-viously to this one.

A Brownell, Kansas, inquirer asks if it is possible for a man to buy a farm in this section of the state at the prices quoted a short time ago-\$40 to \$75 an acre-and in time make up the largest part of the purchase price from the land. In ordinary seasons a good farmer and manager can do this. It can be done, and has been done here, many times, but not in seasons like 1913 and 1915. It is such years as those that give a black eye to the farmer heavily in debt. We doubt the wisdom of buying a farm now unless the buyer has a good part of the price to pay down.
What that part should be will depend
on the man, on the farm he buys and
on the seasons that are sent him. Perhaps it is not too much to say that the question for us to supply them, be. the buyer should have 50 per cent of cause of the clerical work. Even if it the purchase price to pay down in order

Many prospective land buyers who When It Comes Along Don't Let It Get write us, especially those who have been renting for a number of years, say that that is out of the question. This will land prices are too high and that there be an answer to those who have sent requests for addresses.

We have one bushel of Silver Min.

value in many farm lands. Whether or not that element will be squeezed out in time or grow still larger no one can tell. The safe plan is, if a man finds a farm that suits and the price is not out of reason, to buy and not wait for land to go lower in price. It may not

Many renters also write complaining of the high rent charged. In seasons such as the last four have been cash rent is scarcely a fair proposition for the tenant; but what of the landowner who, in many cases, is paying 6 per cent on a large part of the value of the farm? We know the lot of the tenant is not one to be envied, but, what can be done? The men who complain of high rent say they do not like to buy because they cannot pay 6 per cent on the cost of the land. The most equitable plan is share rent but there are just enough uncertain tenants to make that plan unsafe as a general rule. In this part of the country the good tenant gets his pick of the farms and he also gets a chance at share rent if anyone gets it. In many localities tenants raise their own rent, in a way. They will bid against one another on the desirable farms and in turn the price of the less desirable ones follows.

We saw a farmer doing a wet weather job last week, putting manure around his young apple trees. When we questioned the wisdom of the practice he said that he had 200 hens running among the trees and that it would not take them loss to approach the manure overly them long to spread the manure evenly over the whole ground. We have never thought it wise to put much manure directly around the tree trunk; if it is scattered anywhere under the spread of the branches the tree will make full

Cabbage Worms

How shall I prevent worms from killing our cabbage? Prease advise me through the Farmers Mail and Breeze. E. V. K. Prairie View, Kan.

So many enemies attack cabbage that it isn't easy to answer your question at a long distance. We have been successful ourselves in ridding the plants of ful ourselves in ridding the plants of the ordinary green worm by spraying with kerosene emulsion diluted to 15 parts, but it should be applied before the infestation becomes general. In dry weather, which we seem never to have, road dust applied generously will kill the worms. Flour will do it also. If you are sure these cabbages are at-tacked by what we call the cabbage worm, and the plants have not headed you may use the oil emulsion. If they have headed you would better use hellebore. You can get it at the drug store.

A GOOD THING

Away From You.

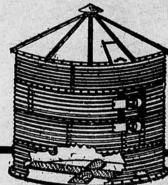
eager to try anything that held out a promise of help. And that is how I happened to buy a package of Grape-

gan to use it I noticed an improvement

perfectly and chronic constipation has been entirely relieved. I have gained in weight materially, and life is a very pleasant thing to me so long as I use Grape-Nuts once or twice a day. I have found by experiment that if I leave it

success in treating stomach troubles, and the secret of it is that he puts his pa-tient on Grape-Nuts food—it always brings back the power of digestion."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Well-ville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human



Your Grain Is Gold. Take Care of It

Sell when the market is high -not when it is lowest. Don't let the speculator, the elevator man, the insurance company, get all the profit.

The Security Corrugated Granary

Saves shrinkage from rats and mice, saves fire losses and insurance cost, storage charges and hauling expense. The only granary that really ventilates the grain. Perforated tube ventilator, with outside connections. Keeps the air circulating through the grain. The only granary with 8 corrugations to the sheet. 29 times stronger than plain sheets. Strongest roof on the market with separate ratter frame, strongly belted water-proof joints. Dormer manhole, made so the wind can't blow grain.

Made of 20 gauge galvanized steel and angle iron; strong and rigid; good for a lifetime. Costs no more than wood. Fire proof, rat proof, thief proof, worry proof.

Mail the coupon for booklet and price, and name of nearest dealer.

Mail This Coupon

Metal Products Company,
401 North Ninth St., Salina, Han.
Please send me booklet and prices of
the Security Corrugated Metal Granary,
and name of nearest dealer.

R. F. D..... Town.....

The New Tulsa Granary ·

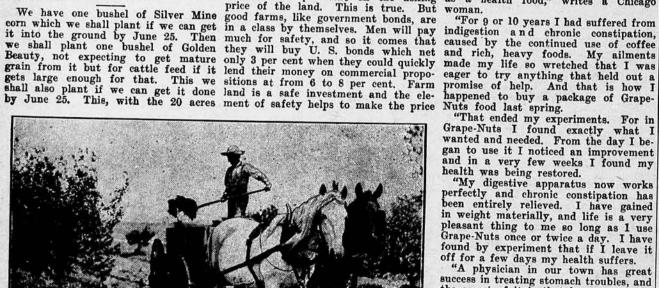
Built just like The Tulsa Silo— same quality Yellow Pine—same air-tight wall construction. Will last as long as the house you live in, and keep grain in good con-dition.

Capacity 1,000 Bu.

Portable

Costs less than metal—nothing to rust out. Has two heavy iron spouts for loading, or emptying. Can be used for small Silo. Store your wheat and get a better price. Your Tulsa Silo dealer can supply you, if not—Write us for Free information, and pamphlets on Silos.

The Tulsa Silo Co., Kansas City, Mo.



Haven't Thought It Wise to Put Much Manure Directly Around Tree Trunks; Be Careful of This."







A Big Crowd for Hutchinson

Thirty-Five Companies Have Entered the Kansas Traction Plowing Exhibit, To Be Held From July 19 to 24

THIRTY-FIVE of America's leading tractor and plow makers have entered for the Kansas Traction Plowing Exhibit to be given at Hutchinson July 19 to 24. No such interest ever has been shown in such a demonstration, in this country or abroad. Indeed the records up to June 24 including many letters from farmers showed an enthusiasm far surpassing the expectations of any of the most hopeful promoters.

One thousand acres will be plowed. This land is just south of Hutchinson, along the line of the Hutchinson and Southern Railroad, and is very uniform. It is a sandy loam, and as it contains no objectionable "sand-pits" it is ideal soil for a demonstration of this kind. The tractors will have a fair chance to Dayton-Dick Company.

Grand Detour Plow Company.

Gliver Chilled Plow Company.

Noternational Harvester Company.

Waterloo Gas Engline Company.

Waterloo Gas Plow Works.

Simplex Tractor Mfg. Company.

John Deere Plow Company.

Waterloo Gas Engline Company.

Universal Tractor Mfg. Company.

John Deere Plow Company.

Waterloo Gas Engline Company.

J. I. Case Threshing Company.

Kinnard-Haynes Company.

Aultman-Taylor Company.

Aultman-Taylor Company.

Sull Company

show their efficiency.

The purpose in holding the Hutchinson show is to make the principles of power farming available for farmers. A man who attends the demonstration will have a good chance to study the different makes, and to determine the demonstration will have a good chance to study the different makes, and to determine the demonstration will have a good chance to study the different makes, and to determine the demonstration will have a fair chance to Dayton-Dick Company—"Caterpillar" Tractor.

Dayton-Dick Company.

Chief Tractor Company.

Light Draft Harrow Co.—"Forkner" Light Draft Tilling Machine.

Joliet Oil Tractor Company—"Bates Steel Mile."

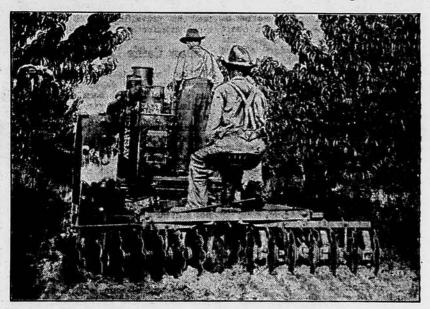
Emerson-Brantingham Implementation of the defermine the different makes, and to determine the different makes. a good chance to study the different makes, and to determine whether they are adapted to his needs. The officials and tractor operators expect to co-operate in this. In addition, lectures on power farming will be given by the leading tractor experts of the country, who will pay special attention in these talks to the financial end of power

farming.

Tractors are not adapted to every place in Kansas, but it is believed that they can be used profitably on a larger number of farms. The Hutchinson show

Wallis Tractor Co.—"Wallis Cub."
Dauch Mfg. Company—"Sandusky" Tractor.

H. M. Bainer of Amarillo, Tex., agricultural demonstrator for the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway will be field manager for the plowing exhibit. Mr. Bainer is a Kansas man, and a graduate of the Kansas State Agricultural college of the class of 1900. He taught farm mechanics for seven years, in the Iowa State college and the Colorado Agricultural college, before he became a mem-ber of the Santa Fe organization. He



The Small Modern Farm Tractors Are Well Adapted to Many Kinds of Work and They Are Winning Their Way by Efficiency.

will give the best possible opportunity to has had a great deal of experience with

from the territory covered by the Hessian Fly Special on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad. The speakers on this train advocated deep, early plowing in preparing for the wheat crop, to make the conditions favorable for avoiding Hessian fly injury, for this is needed along with late sowing and the destroying of the volunteer wheat. Deep plowing early in the season can be done much better with a tractor than with horses, for an engine has the power to pull the plows at a proper depth, and it can go ahead steadily even if the weather is hot.

Increased vields early preparation for wheat, a factor that is being considered more and more in buying tractors. These higher returns have done a great deal to promose the tractor business of Kansas. In many cases they have more than paid for the cost of the tractor in a season or two. The firms which have entered the Hutchinson show are:

The Avery Company—5 Tractors.
Peorla Tractor Company.
Mayer Bros. Company—"Little Giant."
Hart-Parr Company—"Little Devil."
Bullock Tractor Company—"Creeping

Grip."

Hall Bros. & Reeves—"Bull" Tractor.

Hume Mfg. Company.

Parrett Tractor Company.

will give the best possible opportunity to determine which engine you especially tractors. favor and what it can do when compared with the other makes. All of the leading tractors will be there.

It is expected that an especially large the exhibit. The field assistants for Bainer will be F. A. Wirt, R. E. Mr. Bainer will be F. A. Wirt, R. E. Wiseman and W. A. Buck, all of the division of engineering of the Kansas State Agricultural college. Mr. Wirt will be the first assistant to Mr. Bainer, and he will have general charge of the surveying and the depth of plowing. Mr. Buck will be fuel inspector. Mr. Wiseman will pay special attention to the operation of the tractors.

Leading Kansas Corn Growers

The National Top Notch Farmers' club is an organization formed to advance the farming interests, and especially crop growing. Charles F. Mills of Springfield, Ill., is secretary. Farmers who have produced 100 or more hyphole. who have produced 100 or more bushels of corn an acre may become members. The Kansas members of this association with their corn records in bushels are:

Name. Yield J. A. Baxter, Auburn. 104
J. A. Baxter, Auburn. 104
J. M. Gilman, Leavenworth, No. 1 114.4
Paul Gilman, Leavenworth, No. 1 107
C. E. Hildreth, Altamont. 106
J. G. Haney, Oswego. 105
C. C. Mayer, Leavenworth, No. 1 101
W. D. Roppey, Severance. 108
J. C. Robinson, Towanda 100
W. J. Tod, Maple Hill. 100
Sumner G. Trent, Hlawatha 117
William James, Colvery 116

High-priced land is justified only by high-class farming.



"STAR-A Good Thing To Pass Along"

Men Who Chew Are Men Who DO

N the big power plants, like those that harness Niagara Falls, and aid the progress of American manufacturing, we find men chewing—and they're chewing STAR.

And here's why men of big minds and big bodies chew and boost STAR:

STAR plugs are thick—that means more of the rich, chewable inside for you. A thick STAR plug won't dry out like a thin plug and every STAR plug weighs a full 16 ounce pound. STAR is made clean and kept so.

Try STAR and you'll know why one hundred and twenty-five million 10c pieces are sold each year.

16 oz. Plugs

CHEWING TOBACCO LEADING BRAND OF THE WORLD

Logatta Myere Tobacco Con

Livestock Profits

ticks; cures mange, scab, skin troubles, sores, wounds and prevents abortion in cattle.

Used and Endorsed by 50 Agricultural Colleges

No other live stock remedy is so highly regarded by breeders and live stock authorlities. For twenty years it has stood every test. Cheaper than home-made mixtures and
absolutely reliable. Send a dollar bill for a can of Zenoletum postpaid, sufficient to
make 50 gallons of positive disinfectant. Full gallon can to make 100 gallons, \$1.50 parcel post paid. If it is not all you think it ought to be you get your money back; no
argument—just morey back. Write for ZENNER'S VETERINARY ADVISER, FREEargument-just money back. Write for ZENNER'S VETERINARY AUVIDED, SADEZENNER DISINFECTANT COMPANY, 180 Lafayette Av., Detroit, Mich.

FILL OUT THIS COUPON AND SEND 1 WITH YOUR CONTRIBUTION TO THE KANSAS BELGIAN RELIEF FUND.



LENDIEUM .

This is a picture of the Family Food Box that the National Commission will pack, in the warehouse in New York, and send in the relief ship to gium. These boxes cost \$3.00 packed for shipment. Each erson who gives a food box will receive a permanent re-membrance from the National Commission in the form of an engraved certificate. The Kansas Belgian Relief Fund Executive Committee will forward all subscriptions, and will publish in the newspapers the name of every person who gives to this fund.

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and thereby do my share toward sending 10,000 Family Food Boxes from Kansas to the starving people of Belgium

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Explains how siloing doubles feed values of crops; describes



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"My dealer tells me it costs him more than any other 5c cigar. I believe him—it sure is worth twice as much."





ANDEL 22 CAL HUNTING RIFLE Free

Cow Testing Clubs Increase

Accurate Records of Milk and Butterfat Production Have Proved Their Usefulness

ONE hundred and sixty-three co-operative cow-testing associations were in operation last year in the United States. This shows a rapid growth when it is remembered that the first er to have it done by the tester. Exassociation in this country was organized in Fremont, Mich., in 1905, and that as late as 1908 only six associations had been formed. The next year, however, there were 25 and the number has increased rapidly ever since.

As a matter of fact the number of dairymen who actually do keep records of their work for the whole year is insignificant; moreover it is really cheaperince makes the tester. Experience makes the tester rapid and accurate. It would take the average farmer a long time to become familiar enough with all the details to do the work as well as the tester does.

That a cow- testing association actually do keep records of their work for the whole year is insignificant; moreover it is really cheaperince makes the tester rapid and accurate. It would take the average farmer a long time to become familiar enough with all the details to do the work as well as the tester does.

That a cow- testing association actually does pay has been proved beyond all

perienced he may be, to estimate with any accuracy the yearly production of milk from any cow. Some animals start with a very good production and then drop to an ordinary flow, while others give a much more regular yield. The latter may at the end of the year have given the farmer much more milk, but he probably will consider the former to be the profitable one. As a matter of fact few men can guess within a quart how much milk there is in a pail, and if one is selling the product of his herd on a butterfat basis he knows even less of the yield from each individual animal.

The main purpose of the cow-testing association, is to enable its members to hire a tester to keep the records which in practice it is almost impossible for the farmer to keep for himself. The tester should arrive at the farm in time for the afternoon milking, weigh the milk given by each cow in the herd, and take a sample of it to test for butter-fat. At feeding time he weighs the feed given each cow and estimates the amount of roughage. He keeps a record of feed given to dry cows as well as those in milk, for it is obvious that the total cost of feed for the year must be taken into consideration. The following morning the individual production of the herd is weighed again and if the ration is changed the feed also is ration is changed the feed also is weighed. Later in the day the Babcock test is used to determine the percentage of butterfat in each cow's milk. From these figures it is possible to estimate the amount of milk and butterfat given in a month by a cow and set against it the amount of feed consumed. This method, of course, does not pro-duce scientific accuracy, but careful tests have shown that the results are within 2 per cent of the cow's actual produc-

For Better Records.

Another feature of the tester's work is to watch the prices of various feedings and then to work out for the farmer the most economical ration. This, with the weighing and testing of the milk, will occupy him until it is time to leave in order to arrive at the next farm to test the afternoon milking. Thus the tester devotes one day a month to every member in the association and this limits the number of members to 25 or 26, the number of working days in a month, and defines within somewhat narrow limits the expenses of conducting the association. This has been found to be about \$550 a year, including the salary of the tester, the cost of the acid for the Babcock test, and miscellaneous expenses. penses. All expenses usually are borne by the members in proportion to the number of cows they own. Where the herds are large this may be \$1 a cow, but generally it is \$1.50 a year for every cow. To many farmers it may seem unnecessary to hire a man to do work which they themselves are profestly. which they themselves are perfectly capable of doing. The answer to this is that while the farmer could do it, it is likely that during the pressure of other work he would slight the tests.

Many a golden of a pewter reality.

England's Ulster warm this weather.

increased rapidly ever since.

The principle on which these associations work is both simple and yet important. Year after year many farmers milk cows that do not pay for the feed they consume. Indeed, the average annual production of a cow in this country is 4,000 pounds of milk, containing 160 pounds of butterfat. The best dairymen say there is no profit in such production, and of course there are many cows that fall far below these figures. To make his herd a success that are costing him money, and keep those that are bringing it in to him.

Exact Records Are Needed.

This is not so easy as it may seem. Experiments continually show that it is impossible for any man, however experienced he may be, to estimate with any accuracy the yearly production of this kind was formed in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other hand the recontinued. On the other hand the recontinued to this kind was formed in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other hand the recontinued to financial results. There are seven herds that have remained continuously in the Michigan association ever since it was formed, in 1905. In 1906 they included 50 cows and in 1913, 69 cows. In 1906 the average yield for each cow was 5,885 pounds of milk and 231 pounds of butterfat; in 1913 it was 6,123 pounds of milk and 284 pounds of fat. In the meantime prices of both feed and dairy products had risen. The profit, however, to the dairymen in the association or an increase of \$28.85. It certainly any accuracy the yearly production of particular to this kind was formed in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other hand the recontinued. On the other hand the recontinued. On the other hand the recontinued to this kind was formed in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other hand the recontinued. On the other hand the recontinued to production of this kind was formed in 1905, 76 for one reason or another have been discontinued. On the other

in 1906, \$22.23 and in 1913 it was \$51.08, or an increase of \$28.85. It certainly paid these dairymen, therefore, to employ a tester even if it cost them \$1.50 a year for every cow.

Not only do these records show which cows make or lose money for their owners, but they show to what extent each is profitable, the amount of feed given to each cow, and what kinds of feed at prevailing prices produce the most satisfactory financial results.

Show Cattle Leave Quarantine

After an imprisonment of seven months and two days, the dairy show herds have finally been released, says Kimball's Dairy Farmer. Monday morning, May 31, the state and federal authorities inspected for the last time the test steers and hogs that have been employed since February as prospective detectors of any foot and mouth disease germs that might yet be lurking among the dairy show cattle.

This inspection, like the numerous constant had proceeded it indicated that

ones that had preceded it, indicated that not a steer or a hog had become infected with the disease. They were released and inside of an hour were on board the cars and headed for the stock yards to be slaughtered under federal inspec-

Releases were then issued to those exhibitors whose home states would permit the return of their cattle. Quarantines were removed. Camp was broken. Attendants were, for the first time in more than seven months, permitted to leave the barns and return again without being fumigated.

An Unmannerly Cow

Please tell me how to make a cow give down her milk. I have a good cow but after giving about a quart of milk she holds her milk and will not give it down unless the calf is turned to her, then she gives it freely.

Mena, Ark,

Cowe 1th.

Mena, Ark.

Cows, like other animals, are largely creatures of habit. In my judgment this cow has been spoiled by letting the calf run with her, either during the present milking period or during some previous milking period and she has got in the habit of letting the calf take the milk and will not give it down to the milker. Very often people have the habit of letting the calf nurse the cow first and then milking the strippings. Most cows will soon learn to give the milk down will soon learn to give the milk down freely while the calf is nursing and hold it up or cut the supply short when the milker tries to get his share. If this is a good cow and you are going to keep her, simply keep the calf away from her and keep it entirely out of her sight. While she may not do extra well this year you will save her for years to come and get her over this habit of holding up her milk.

K. S. A. C., Manhattan.

Many a golden opportunity becomes a pewter reality.

England's Ulster is uncomfortably

Range Flocks are Vigorous

Small Yards Have Many Disadvantages in Poultry Growing

BY JAMES E. RICE

taining vigor. The best modern system of poultry husbandry is one that combines the growing of crops and the raisbine of poultry. The old idea of keeping of poultry. The old idea of keeping a flock of chickens in a bare yard is all bare yards 49 per cent. From the pulwrong. That is not poultry farming, it lets on the range we reared 92 per cent is "barnyard" poultry keeping. One can of the chickens hatched, and from the continue this method by exercising great care, and expending a large amount of labor in keeping things sanitary. It also labor in keeping things sanitary. It also is necessary to get new blood occasionally from farm reared stock. The system of poultry farming that will survive, however, is one that will enable the hens and chickens to run in orchards and fields. Instead of charging the use of the land to the hens, we can harge it to the grow that is being and charge it to the crop that is being pro-

Give Them Fresh Air.

Let the hens live in houses where they always have fresh air. Perhaps there has been no one thing in recent years that has had a greater influence in the development of the poultry industry than investigations in the proper housing of poultry. We thought at one time that the one great difference between summer and winter, when the hens did lay and when they did not lay well, was a difference in temperature. As a result we built our houses with the idea of keeping the heat in. We attempted to make the houses warm with double-boarded walls, and in some Let the hens live in houses where they with double-boarded walls, and in some instances with double-glazed windows. We have since found that the evil of breathing impure air and living in a humid warm room was a great deal more injurious than cold pure air.

Modern poultry houses are built at less than one-half of the former cost, and provide for the house to be open most of the time, or never closed. There the hens are not breathing impure air, and they do not undergo the violent changes from the warm damp air of the house to the cold of outdoors. The open house is the only sort that is at all com-

power, and better chickens. Two years ago we were getting 40 weak chickens from every 100 eggs we put into our incubators. Our hens were confined in incubators. Our hens were confined in small, bare yards. We moved about 150 hens from these quarters and put them in colony houses down on the north care should be given to the gathering pasture slope, and let them run. We and storing of the eggs in the late spring fed them precisely the same ration, but the fertility and hatching power of the eggs rapidly increased until within a few weeks we were getting eggs that would hatch 70 strong chicks from 100 eggs instead of 40 weak ones. The difference in vitality of the little chicks was very marked. We had been losing most of the 40 weak chicks, and almost none of the 70 strong chicks died.

be removed from the flock.

The greatest trouble from blood rings in eggs occurs in hot weather. Special the eggs in hot weather. Special the eggs should be gathered at least twice a day, placed in a room or cellar twice a day, placed in a none of the 70 strong chicks died.

The Two Classes.

The next fall we divided the flock, leaving 35 hens down on the range and not shutting them up at all during the fall and winter. We brought 35 to the poultry yards and put them into a house similar in every way to the one used by the range hens, and fed them the same ration. The only difference in care was that the one flock had free range and the other was shut up in November and was not outdoors again until the ground was bare in the spring. Then when they were let out they were allowed to run only on a restricted, bare yard, and were fed some sprouted oats every day for green food. We also started experiments with pens of pullets.

The 35 pullets that were allowed to your on free range laid 184 ears each in

Notice that there was only one cent dif-ference in the cost of feed, and yet the range birds produced 17 eggs more than sold at market prices and the average profit after cost of feed, labor and interest on investment had been figured out, was \$3.25 a hen for those that had been on free range, and \$2.50 for those December 1.

PREE range for the poultry flock is in confinement. This was a difference one of the important factors in main- of 75 cents a year in favor of the pultaining vigor. The best modern system lets that never had been shut up sum-

Range Hens' Good Work.

The hens on the range laid 105 eggs each, while the hens in the bare yards laid 90. The hens on the range cost \$1.16 to feed, and the hens in the bare yards cost \$1.30. It will be noted that in this instance the hens that laid the most eggs cost the least to feel. An most eggs cost the least to feed. Apparently they found lots of food on the range. The net profit for a hen on the range was \$1.40, and for a hen in the bare yard 83 cents. For some unaccountable reason the percentage of chicks hatched was 57 per cent from the hens on range, and 74 per cent from those in bare yards. We reared 84 per cent of the range chicks hatched, and 81 per cent hatched from eggs laid by hens in the bare yards. The pullets reared from range stock began laying earlier and laid better than those that came from the hens in confinement. from the hens in confinement.

Our second year's work verified the first year's experiments. The net result for the two years' work, including 10 flocks of fowls, five of which were on range for one or two years and the other five of which were kept confined in the houses in winter and allowed to run in small yards in summer, was about two dozen eggs a hen in favor of the range hens.

Why Does a Fresh Egg Rot?

It is conservatively estimated that there is an annual loss in eggs in this country of 45 million dollars. Practically all of this enormous loss is sustained by the farmers of this country, as it is on the general farms that the as it is on the general farms that the fortable in the heat of summer.

We have made some experiments to part of this loss can be prevented by determine how important the factor of the production of infertile eggs, which close confinement is in the matter of are laid by hens that do not have a getting stronger fertility and hatching male bird with them. The male bird has nower and better chickens. Two years no influence whetever on the stronger of the production of the productio no influence whatever on the number of eggs laid. Therefore, as soon as the hatching season is over the male should be removed from the flock.

sible to hatch an infertile egg or cause a blood ring to form in one. It is gen-erally considered that eggs become in-fertile from 7 to 14 days after the male bird is removed from the flock. Re-peated experiments have shown that where fertile and infertile eggs are kept under similar conditions, the fertile eggs spoiled much quicker, due to the fact that they deteriorate faster than infertile eggs in the average summer tem-perature. Summer heat has the same effect as the hen or incubator on fertile eggs. Sell, kill, or confine the male bird as soon as the hatching season is over.

Cold Sorage Apple Holdings

According to a statement issued by the Office of Markets and Rural Organization, United States Department run on free range laid 164 eggs each in the year. Those confined in the bare apples placed in cold storage may the year. Those confined in the bare apples placed in cold storage may apple placed in the coolers June 1. This range birds for the year was \$1.17, estimate is based upon the reports of the bare yards cost \$1.16. 175 firms, and the progress of the movement from these plants through the season was as follows: In December, 9.1 per cent of the total holdings; in birds in confinement. The eggs were January, 17.6 per cent; in February, 21.7 l at market prices and the average per cent; in March, 25.4 per cent; in fit after cost of feed, labor and in April, 15.3 per cent; and in May, 9.1 per cent, amounting to 98.1 per cent of all the apples held by these storages on



THE new chew that everybody likes is the Real Tobacco Chew.

Tastes better, lasts longer and satisfies you better than any of the old kind. Made of pure, rich, sappy, mellow tobacco.

A little chew of pure, rich, mellow tobacco-seasoned and sweetened just enough—cuts out so much of the grinding and spitting.

THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW IS NOW CUT TWO WAYS!! W-B CUT IS LONG SHRED. RIGHT-CUT IS SHORT SHRED. Take less than one-quarter the old size chew. It

will be more satisfying than a mouthful of ordinary tobacco. Just take a nibble of it until you find the strength chew that suits you, then see how easily and strength chew that suits you, then see how easily and evenly the real tobacco taste comes, how it satisfies, how much less you have to spit, how few chews you take to be tobacco satisfied. That's why it is The Real Tobacco Chew. That's why it costs less in the end. The taste of pure, rich tobacco does not need to be covered up. An access of licorice and sweetening makes you spit too much.

One small chew takes the place of two big chews of the old kind.

((Notice how the salt brings out the rich tobacco taste.))

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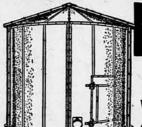
This year wheat is higher but Canadian land just as cheap, so the opportunity is more attractive than ever. Crada wants you to help to feed the world by tilling some of her soil—land similar to that which during many years has averaged 20 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre. Think what you can make with wheat around \$1 a bushel and land so easy to get. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain growing.

The Government this year is asking farmers to put increased acreage into grain. Military service is not compulsory in Canada but there is a great demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for service. The climate is healthful and agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools and churches convenient. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

GEO. A. COOK

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Saving Money by Canning be prepared at home and carried in self-sealing cans; then it will be little trouble to add the ice water and serve. Paper

If Fruit Must Be Bought It Is Cheapest in Season

BY MRS. C. W. ROWLEY

RUITS that discolor badly should be pared with a silver knife and dropped into cold water made slightly acid with lemon juice until enough are pared to fill one can.

The jars and covers should be well sterilized. I use a little car-bolic acid, which is one of the best germ killers, 3 to 5 drops of the acid for a pint of the water in which I scald the cans. I put the cans on the stove, fill with the carbolized water and boil them. then empty them

can much annoyance will be saved.

One way to can fruit is to fill the jars with perfect fruit, cover loosely, and place in a boiler, on a rack of slats, with something between the jars so they will not touch. Put on in cold water that comes two-thirds of the way to the top of jars, bring to the boiling point and boil 3 hours with the boiler closely covered.

Excess fruit juices should always be canned for future use. They can be used in ices and in punch, and they are of much value in sickness, especially he juices of elderberry, grape, black-

berry, and pineapple.

Another method is to cover the bottom of the oven with asbestos or a shallow pan of water. Fill sterilized jars with prepared fruit and pour in enough sirup to fill the jar solidly. Cover loosely and place jars in a moderately hot oven and cook 10 minutes. Then fill again with hot sirup and seal tightly. This method retains the color, flavor, and shape of the fruit. Store the fruit in a dark, cool place. Too much heat spoils fruit, and dampness induces

jars with clean prepared fruit and pour-ing in clean cold water to the brim. Pour in water until all air bubbles have been forced out, then seal. If there is no cover for the jar cover with a thick layer of sterile cotton batting tied down firmly with a tin laid on top to protect it. The cotton should not be sterilized by boiling, but by heating in the oven. Such rhubarb is fine for pies. Gooseberries, I am told, can be canned the same way.

Fruit butters may be made in large quantities by boiling, mashing with a wire potato masher and baking in the oven, stirring often, while the top of the stove is preparing a new supply. Wild plum, gooseberry, and tomato but-ters are improved by the use of an equal quantity of apples.

Canning Vegetables.

In canning vegetables we do not have labor. to contend with yeasts and molds, Let which we find in fruits, but with bacteria. Bacteria thrive in meat, milk, to bu and vegetables. They live both in the buy to spore, or seed, form, and in the growing form. Boiling will kill them in the growing form but will not kill them in the spore form. To prepare vegetables to keep we must treat them in such a way as to destroy both the growing bacteria and the spore forms. This is the reason most vegetables, especially peas, string beans and corn, should be peas, string beans and corn, should be boiled a third time before canning. The first boiling kills all growing bacteria. In the 24 hours following the spores to bring such refreshments as will rehave time to germinate, the second boiling kills them, and the third boiling is for safety's sake, to destroy anything left from the second boiling. Beets, summer squash, asparagus, and lima beans are canned the same as corn.

Only freshly picked corn should be used, as the sugar content diminishes rapidly after picking. Fill the cans full

prepared the same as for fruit canning and boil 1 hour. Set where it will cool, and fasten the covers securely. The seccovers and repeat the boiling, then tighten. Repeat the process third day. After the third heating

Beans may be boiled until tender, and fill with clear boiling water, when then canned by adding I tablespoon they are ready to use. If cans and covgood vinegar to each can. This also iners are so arranged that the worker sures tomatoes' keeping. I have read
knows the exact cover that fits each that sweet potatoes may be canned in

a sirup. The peculiar effect light has upon fruits and vegetables canned in glass is probably responsible for the preference many women have for tin cans. I prefer to use glass and keep them in the dark.

dark.

Besides using canned fruits and vegetables we would all be healthier and probably wealthier if we stored away some dried fruits and vegetables, and green vegetables such as beets, parsnips, carrots, winter radish, and cabbage. Dried corn and field beans make a fine acceptable for the working man's winter. succetash for the working man's winter fare. The dried pumpkin and squash pies of olden times were superior to the present "factory canned" pumpkin pies.

Money Made by Careful Buying.

Many vegetables may be bought in the fall at a profit if we know how to keep them. Lime in a cellar ie always good to remove dampness and to purify the air. There is usually a saving in buying fruits at market prices to can, as a few prices will illustrate: Toma-toes last fall sold for 50 cents a bushel. Rhubarb may be canned by filling the tomatoes. Sixteen tin cans at 40 cents dozen cost 531/3 cents, a total of a dozen cost 53½ cents, a total of \$1.03½, or 6½ cents a can. In the winter we priced tomatoes by the case (two dozen cans) at our local store and got a price of \$3.10, or about 13 cents a can. Pears at \$1.50 a bushel, or 20 quarts canned, cost about 11½ cents a can. Bought in cans they usually cost 20 cents. We paid 75 cents a bushel for budded peaches, which made the cost a little more than 8 cents a can. The market goods cost 20 to 25 cents a can. The figures I have given for home can-The figures I have given for home canning include sugar at 5 cents a pound. The cans usually are used twice, which will cover any variation in the price of sugar. It will be seen then, that a quart each of tomatoes, pears and peaches canned at home cost 26 cents. The same amount of fruit bought canned from the store would cost 52 cents, which gives us a good price for our

Let us have plenty of fruit and vegetables for winter use, even if we have to buy canned goods; but if we must buy the canned goods let us always buy at cash prices if possible.

Zeandale, Kan.

A Good Way to Spend the Fourth

I would suggest private picnics in some nearby grove, on a river if possible, and not more than six miles distant, so and not more than six miles distant, so the children will not be too tired with the trip. Write or phone the invita-tions, at the same time requesting each to bring such refreshments as will re-quire simple preparation, nut and meat sandwiches or cold meat, fresh beet

to add the ice water and serve. Paper plates and paper napkins may be bought for a small sum, this adding to the convenience of those who go.

Swings should be provided, and such games as do not require much physical exertion. Those who prefer quiet may bring their books and magazines. This picnic may be for all day and dinner, or for afternoon and supper.

Place in the boiler prepared the same

Hazelton, Kan.

Better Way to Spend Money.

If the money squandered for firing off cannon, shooting fire crackers, and for fireworks at night could be spent for a free-for-all laborman's picnic, with pure lemonade, homemade ice cream, popcorn, peanuts free for his children, flags and music, and a good dinner, July Fourth would be a blessing.

D. A. Ellsworth.

Pittsburg, Kan.

Pittsburg, Kan.

and cooling if the covers are found air tight store in a dry, cool, dark place.

Picnic Means a Good Time.

Picnic Means a Good Time.

July 2 and 3 I prepare some "extras" and on the morning of the Fourth we make a big freezer of ice cream. Then the three little ones are dressed in clean, dark gingham and we are ready for our (Continued on Page 13.)



These patterns may be had at 10 cents each from the Farmers Mail and Breeze.

Girls' one-piece apron 6870 is cut in

five sizes, 4 to 12 years.

Middy blouse 7271, for misses and small women, is in sizes 14, 16, 18 and



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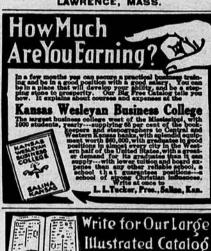
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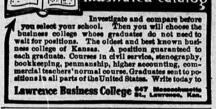
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Who Named the Week Days?

Betty Didn't Know Till Aunt Anne Told Her

BY MARY CATHERINE WILLIAMS

WEDNESDAY'S the hardest day of all to spell," sighed Betty as she closed her speller with a slam and tossed it on the table. "I've studied slipped the chains on the monster. When my spelling lesson half an hour tonight, the Fenris-wolf found he was chained, and just as like as not when class comes he snapped his mighty jaws together tomorrow I'll forget to put that old 'd' in rage and so Tyr lost his arm."

"Say, Tyr was a brave chap, wasn't days have such hard names any way. "Say, Tyr was a brave chap, wasn't he?" cried Billy. "I like those god fellows, Aunt Anne; tell about some more of them."

Aunt Anne? Do you know?"

"Thursday hes."

Aunt Anne looked up from her crochetup from her crocheting with a smile.
"Nobody knows exactly who did the naming, Betty, it happened so long ago, but if you've finished your lessons I'll tell you what the days were named for."

"Oh, goody, that

"Oh, goody, that means a story!" cried Betty. "Billy, Aunt Anne's going to tell us a nice

story. Come on, you can hear it too."

So the two children perched thempewerful the earth trembled and all the selves on the arms of Aunt Anne's big skies rumbled. Thunderbolts were blows

chair and Aunt Anne began.

"We are going back a long, long way into history times," she said; "hundreds of thor's fiery red beard across the sky."

You've Seen Freya's Necklace. or years before anybody knew there was such a place as our own America. There weren't any big cities in northern Europe then, for England and Germany and Norway and those countries were covered with great forests, and the people were almost as wild as the wolves and wild boars that roamed in the woods. There weren't any schools, and the only churches were sacred groves of trees, and there were so many gods to worship and there were so many gods to worship folks must have had a hard time keeping track of them all. They had many wonderful stories to tell of the things these gods did, and they believed them, too, though the stories seem like fairy tales to us now.

Odin's White Horse.

"The great home of the gods was a wonderful place called Valhalla where warriors who had died in battle drank a magic drink called mead from ox-horn a magic drink called mead from ox-horn cups and feasted at great rough board tables. Odin was the name of the great father and king of the gods. He was all wise, for he had drunk from the well of wisdom kept by the giant Mimir. From his throne in Valhalla Odin could see out all over the world of men. Every evening two great black ravens came and perched on Odin's shoulders and told him all the news they had gathered as they flew up and down over the fields of earth. Two wolves were Odin's comof earth. Two wolves were Odin's com-panions, and he rode on a snow white horse with eight hoofs, which was as swift as the wind itself. He carried a spear forged for him by the queer little dwarfs who lived in the underworld, and he had a golden helmet and breastplate. It was Odin, the people thought, who made the world, for he and his brother lifted the earth out of the great waters, and when he found on the earth two figures the dwarfs had carved from a tree trunk, he breathed his breath into them and they became the first man and woman."

"Wasn't it queer folks believed all that?" said Betty softly. "But what did all that have to do with the names of days, Aunt Anne?"

"Why, one of the days was sacred to Why, one of the days was sacred to Odin," answered Aunt Anne. "Some folks called him Woden, so his day was called Wodenstag or Wodensday."
"Oh, that's Wednesday!" cried Betty delightedly. "I'll remember the 'd' now 'cause I'll think of Woden. Whose day

was Tuesday?" "Tuesday was the day of Tyr, the war god," Aunt Anne continued. "He was the bravest of the gods. When the Fenris-wolf, a terrible monster in the was the bravest of the gods. When the Fenris-wolf, a terrible monster in the form of a giant wolf, was doing much harm in the land of the gods and on the fields of earth, the gods decided to chain him, for the wolf was immortal and could not be killed. Now the only way to make the wolf stay quiet was for one of the gods to place his hand in the monster's mouth, and all the the cows give tobacco."

A group of Chinese boys was discussing the relative merits of two billboards one advertising Carnation Milk, the other Bull Durham. One of the boys was discussing the relative merits of two billboards one advertising Carnation Milk, the other Bull Durham. One of the boys was discussing the relative merits of two billboards one advertising Carnation Milk, the other Bull Durham. One of the boys was discussing the relative merits of two billboards one advertising Carnation Milk, the other Bull Durham. One of the boys was discussing the relative merits of two billboards one advertising Carnation Milk, the other Bull Durham. One of the boys was explaining the signs to the others, and could not be killed. Now the only so:

"In America they have he cows and the monster's mouth, and all the the cows give tobacco."

"Thursday be-longed to Thor, the god of storms, and the strongest of the gods. He was a god gods. He was a god of peace, also, and protected the homes of the people and gave justice to the oppressed. Thor's day was the favorite day for weddings and the old dings, and the old Saxons liked to keep it a holiday. Thor's weapon was a mighty hammer. The blows he dealt

skies rumbled. Thunderbolts were blows of Thor's hammer, the people thought,

You've Seen Freya's Necklace.

"Weren't there any lady gods, Aunt Anne?" asked Betty. "Didn't they have

"Yes indeed, dear, there were many goddesses, and one of them has a day of her own—a nice day, too, for it is Friday."

"Oh, I like Friday 'cause it's the next day to Saturday. Whose day is Friday, please ?"

"Freya was her name," replied Aunt Anne. "She was the wife of Odin and was wonderfully beautiful. She had a gorgeous robe of feathers in which she could fly far and wide, and the rainbow was the glint of the sunlight on a sparkling necklace Freya wore. Sunday and Monday were named for the sun and the moon and Saturday was named

and Monday were named for the sun and the moon, and Saturday was named for an old Roman god called Saturn who had charge of the sowing of seed."

"There, now," Aunt Anne added as she folded her crocheting, "the week is ended, and so is the story."

"I'm glad as glad can be you told me about those days," Betty said softly as she laid her little hand caressingly on Aunt Anne's cheek. "They will be lots nicer now I know what they're named for, won't they, Billy?"

"Sure thing," Billy agreed.

What Constitutes a State?

What constitutes a state? Not high-raised battlements or labored Not high-raised battlements or labored mound.

Thick wall or moated gate;
Not citles proud, with spires and turrets crowned;
Not bays and broad-armed ports,
Where, laughing at the storm, rich navies ride;
Not starred and spangled courts,
Where low born baseness wafts perfume to pride.

No! Men—high-minded men—
With powers as far above dull brutes endued,
In forest, brake, or den,
As beasts excel cold rocks and brambles rude;
Men, who their duties know,
But know their rights, and, knowing, dare maintain;
Prevent the long-aimed blow,
And crush the tyrant while they rend the chain.

These constitute a state;
And Sovereign Law, that state's collected
will,
O'er thrones and globes elate
Sits empress, crowning good, repressing ill.
Smit by her sacred frown,
The flend Dissension like a vapor sinks;
And e'en the all-dazzling crown
Hides his faint rays, and at her bidding
shrinks.

shrinks.

-Sir William Jones.

The Chinese Theory.

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	Treed	"A"	"B"	"C"	"D"			
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30 x 3 %	12.20	13.35	14.20	21.70	23.60			
32 x 3 %	14.00	15.40	16.30	22.85	25.30			
34×4	20.35	22.30	23.80	31.15	33.55			
36 x 4%	28.70	32.15	33.60	41.85	41.40			
37x5	33.90	39.80	41.80	49.85	52.05			

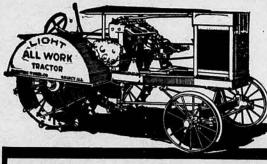
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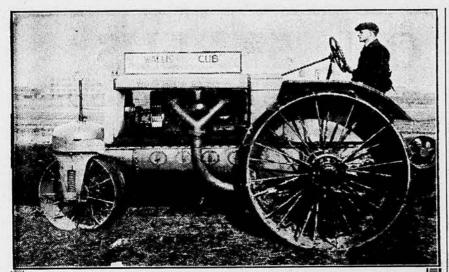
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Their Faith in Herefords

Marshall County Breeders Are Doing Great Things in Co-operation

BY JOHN W. JOHNSON

that business who is not willing to co-operate. The word is doing double duty, these days, but it is a fine, clean, and mightily inspiring word for all that. It is the word, and the spirit it engenders, that has made Marshall county what it is today in livestock. And that is say- a most excellent herd. George E. Miller, ing much, not only with respect to son-in-law of Judge Goodwin, has an ex-Herefords but to hogs and horses and cellent herd in which the breeding of In such a county men do things worth while. It is through the earnest-ness of such men, imbued with such spirit, that the Hereford history and Hereford popularity are being preserved in Kansas

The white-faces were introduced into Marshall county 40 years ago by J. E. Woodard and Walter Morgan of Irving. Mr. Morgan, son-in-law of the late

in this country. He settled in Ohio but came west with Mr. Morgan in 1872 locating in Marshall county and estab-lishing there some of original Ashton importation. From this foundation sprang the Morgan, now the Preston herd, one of the oldest, possibly, in Kaneas.

Herefordshire of Kansas.

With these two herds at Irving as an incentive others were founded all over the county so that now Marshall is of-ten referred to as the "Herefordshire of

The herds finally became so numerous that a few years ago the breeders or-ganized a show and sale association which prospered for a time but for the last two or three years has been inac-tive. William Acker of Vermillion is the president and Frank Preston secretary. The association will be put in working order next fall and Marshall county Herefords will be again in the public eye.

Noted herd bulls have been numerous in Marshall county. Walter Morgan in-troduced Silver Lord, a son of the great Anxiety 4th. Among the earlier breed-Anxiety 4th. Among the earlier breeders who assisted materially in building up Hereford interests there was the several breeds is well represented. A. late F. D. Yarick. After Mr. Yarick's L. Albright, N. E. Copeland, W. F. Fuldeath his son-in-law, E. R. Morgan, continued the herd and introduced the grand champion bull, Onward 18th. Judge Goodwin for a number of years was a strong factor in Hereford affairs A. B. Skadden & Son, Frankfort, W. J. in Marshall county. His farm was the Harrison Axtell are the leading Duvesting Polymer. in Marshall county. His farm was the home of Alliant, a bull of great scale the death of Judge Goodwin his Here-ford business was continued by his daughter, Miss Lou Goodwin. Among the choice bulls in Miss Goodwin's herd was Beau Mystic, another grand champion. J. M. Winter was another constructive breeder. It is believed by many that his was one of the really great herds owned in the West a few years ago. He introduced the two great sires, Theodore by Wild Tom and Sher-idan by Boatman. At his death his son B. M. Winter took up the work and now has a fine herd. Unfortunately in ty absorbed the herds.

Some Notable Sires.

the largest and strongest herds in the and delivers illustrated lectures at many county. The chief sires in service were Governor by Boarman and Constantine by Baccalaureate. Drennen Bros. established and own one of the strongest herds in the county. Beau Donovan and Brightlight by Lamplighter did excellent work in their herds. S. W. Tilley, one of the older breeders, has one of the large herds. One of his leading bulls is a son of the great Majestic. William a son of the great Majestic. William Acker, president of the association for 20 years a Hereford breeder, has an excellent lot. The great bull, Abercrom- year's crops.

IT MAY be set down as a truth worth bie, has left his stamp upon Mr. Acker's remembering wherever livestock roam herd. C. G. Steele's herd was brought the hills that no man will succeed in prominently to the attention of Hereford breeders everywhere recently when he bought the great bull Parsifal 24th. The picture of this bull adorns the first cover page of the Farmers Mail and Breeze this week.

J. F. Sedlaeck is a young breeder with cellent herd in which the breeding of the great Beau Mystic predominates. B. E. and A. W. Gibson are building well on a solid foundation in Hereford breeding. Thomas Wallace owns one of the good herds and will be remembered as buying the Bull Christy in the Miss Lou Goodwin dispersion. James Shaughnessy is a progressive, wide-awake Hereford breeder and successful farmer. His herd ing. Mr. Morgan, son-in-law of the late is headed by the bull Rex 415054. E. W. Thomas Ashton, a native of Herefordshire, England, is living contentedly and in excellent health with his son-in-law, Kan., are proprietors of one of the good herd. Howell Bros. of Herkimer, Kan., are proprietors of one of the good herds in the county. W. B. Hunt & Son ware among the older breeders of Hereford men of the county.

Thomas Ashton brought from England, in 1852, one of the very first importations of Hereford cattle ever seen in this country. He settled in Ohio but husbandry department of an agriculture of the shift of is headed by the bull Rex 415054. E. W. husbandry department of an agricul-tural college in one of the southern states.

The Shorthorn Family.

Shorthorn cattle breeders in Marshall county are popularizing their favorite breed. Dr. P. C. McCall of Irving and A. B. Garrison & Son, G. F. Hart and H. A. Berens, all of Summerfield, among the leading breeders of Short-horns in this county. Gallop Bros. at Blue Rapids, also have a good herd. The three breeders at Summerfield live within a short distance of that place. Dr. McCall lives a short distance from Irving.

The dairy cattle breeding business is well represented with C. H. Mills, Joe Krasney and B. N. Welch of Waterville who breed high class Jersey cattle. The three herds came from the famous Chester Thomas herd that was dispersed at Waterville two years ago. The best of breeding prevails in the three herds. Lackland Bros. at Axtell breed and import from Wisconsin Holsteins and are from that famous Holstein state. They are good men to get in touch with for the buyer.

in Marshall county. His farm was the Harrison, Axtell, are the leading Durochome of Alliant, a bull of great scale Jersey breeders. Mr. Layton also breeds and quality by the famous Corrector. At O. I. C. hogs and Red Polled cattle. Ben Swank & Sons, Blue Rapids, breeds Poland Chinas and Duroc-Jerseys. Mr. Swank is one of the older breeders of purebred hogs in the county. F. B. Weimpe, Frankfort, breeds Hampshires and has a good herd. John Byrne, con-nected with one of the banks at Axtell, breeds Barred Rock chickens and has excellent pens of leading strains of both White and Barred Rocks.

The breeders in Marshall county are a progressive and wide-awake group. This is shown in the efforts of the Marshall one sense these three great herds have ciation. The United States government been dispersed, but fortunately the enterprising Hereford breeders in the enterprising Hereford breeders in the enterprising the ente provides the serum and the services of an instructor in charge, and all of the work is done under his direction. The state agricultural college contributes the services of Dr. O. E. Strodtman who has Cottrell Bros. and later Fred Cottrell the educational work in the county in for Irving have long maintained one of hand. He assists with the other work points in the county. Ben Bell, a hog breeder, is deputy livestock sanitary commissioner. Permanent headquarters at Marysville are in charge of B. W. Murphey, assigned by the federal government. Every farmer in Marshall county takes an active interest in the work and wonderful progress has been made since June, 1914, in eradicating hog

Save all the manure to grow next

Careful of Fire July 4

We are again nearing the annual celebration of Independence Day and it would seem that a few timely hints as to the proper observance of the day, to to the proper observance of the day, to the end that less fatalities and less fire waste be committed, would not be amiss and I would suggest that in view of the terrible conflict now being waged among our sister nations an added weight of sentiment be given the sane Fourth movement in that the day's cel-phrations should suggest the pleasures of

Fourth movement in that the day's celebrations should suggest the pleasures of peace rather than the horrors of war.

If explosives must be used the authorities should limit their use to public parks and to certain hours of the day, having close supervision by competent persons. The firing of any kind of explosives among the closely built frame buildings which compose most of our cities certainly is in accord with the reckless spirit that is sometimes indulged in regarding fire. If before any celebration all cities and towns would have a thorough cleaning up of the rubhave a thorough cleaning up of the rub-bish that may have accumulated and the use of explosives be restricted as to time and place, the police and fire war-dens might have at least a fighting chance to minimize the results. In lieu thereof it is the duty of every city to arrange for its people suitable amuse-ments or exercises of a patriotic nature tending to teach patriotism and loyalty. This office will be glad to provide upon application interesting programs of this

To this end we beg to recommend that so far as it is possible a sane Fourth of July be observed; that trash and other combustible materials be removed that are visiting of any celebrations: from the proximity of any celebrations; that same Fourth ordinances be passed and strictly enforced where it is prac-ticable and that the fire works ordi-nance recommended by this department

be used where it is possible.

In this connection it might be of interest to note that the number of deaths and injuries as a result of the celebraand injuries as a result of the celebra-tion of Independence Day has decreased from 4,449 in 1903 to 1,506 in 1914, a decrease of about 66 per cent which should in itself lead us to be encouraged and to urge the good work on. Let us make every effort to make 1915 break the record.

L. T. Hussey. the record. State Fire Marshal.

A Good Way to Spend the Fourth

(Continued from Page 10.)

holiday. We drive about two miles to holiday. We drive about two miles to large timber where we meet several friends. Our hammocks are hung, robes and pillows spread, then the men take up their lines and fish. Everyone has enough to eat, has a good time, and has the quiet that a small picnic affords with no one hurt. All go home happy after a day of real rest. Lulu Landis. Robinson, Kan.

New Game for the Children.

A few patriotic games will be enjoyed by the children on the Fourth. In the game of "Rally 'Round the Flag" they form a circle, with one in the center holding an American flag. If the staff of the flag is 4 feet long all the better; and it should be pointed at the end. The children join hands and sing:

The Union forever! Hurrah, boys, hurrah!

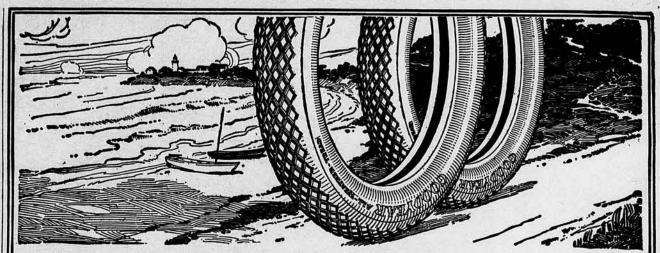
Down with the traitor! Up with the star,
While we rally round the flag, boys, rally
once again,
Shouting the battle cry of freedom!"

Shouting the battle cry of freedom!"

When the children sing, "Hurrah, boys, hurrah!" they wave their right hands high in the air. As they sing, "Down with the traitor!" all stoop to the ground. As they sing "Up with the stars," all jump up, and the child in the center waves the flag to the end of the verse then sticks the sharp end of the staff in the ground. As the children begin to sing the third line, "While we rally round the flag," they join hands and circle around until the verse is finished, when they drop hands

join hands and circle around until the verse is finished, when they drop hands and run, while the child in the center counts, "One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, halt!"

If the standard bearer sees any child's feet move after he cries "halt," he has the privilege of tagging that child, who is then an ally of the standard bearer and helps tag the other children he sees moving. If a child can reach the flag and touch it without his movements being seen by the standard bearer or his ing seen by the standard bearer or his allies, he is free. When all have gained freedom, or been caught, the game is finished and may be repeated if desired, choosing a different standard bearer.



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\$500,000 Better Yet Users Pay \$5,000,000 Less

Note these amazing facts:

Goodyear tires, as built this year, will cost us \$500,000 more than if built like 1914 Goodyears.

That's because of improvements.

Yet this year's output will cost our users some five million dollars less than if sold at 1914 prices.

That's because of a big price reduction, made February 1st. It was our third in two years, totaling 45 per cent.

Why Better Tires?

You ask why we add that half-million dollars in face of such reductions.

We have always added every betterment our experts could discover. And we spend

on research \$100,000 yearly just to seek improvements out.

Goodyears may pass Goodyears, but we make sure that no rival ever can.

What Extras Cost

Goodyear Fortified Tires embody many extras. Five of them are features found in no other tire that's built. Others are found in but few.

Based on current output, those extras this year will cost us \$1,635,000.

That is, if we omitted our exclusive features, which all others do omit-

And other protections which most makers

We could probably add to our profits this year more than 11/2 million dollars.

But What of You?

But Goodyear users would pay. Those extras save our users many times the cost

In those extras lies the reason why Goodyear outsells any other tire. And in that

mammoth output lies the reason for the value that we give.

Think of these things when other tires are offered. Each Goodyear extra means a saving to you. Any dealer, if you ask him, can supply you Goodyear tires.

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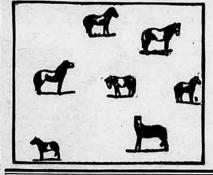
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ing three straight lines you can put each one in a pen by himself. If you can do this we will send you as a prize, a packet of five beautifully embossed postcards litho graphed in rich colors, and also a certificate for 1500 Free Votes in our grand contest for two beautiful Shetland ponies. All you have to do is to enclose a two cent stamp in your letter to pay postage and cost of mailing.

Two Ponies Given Away

Remember the Ponies will absolutely be given away in the grand contest which we will tell you all out. Send your answer at once so you can entered in this great contest. Full partic-rs by return mail.

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Hundreds of amazing bargains! Write now for free copy of our new catalog, with life-like pictures of harness, saddles, bridles, blankets, bits, etc.

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BUFF ROCKS-WILLIAM A. HESS, HUM-boldt, Kan.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS ONLY FOR 18 years, \$1.00 for 15, \$4.00 for 100 eggs. Josias Lambert, Smith Center, Kan.

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Young and old stock ready to ship now.
Half price. A. H. Duff, Larned, Kansas.

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EGGS. S. C. BROWN LEGHORN. WON first on cockerel, pullet and pen. \$2.00 per 15, \$5.00 per 100. H. N. Holdeman, Mcade, Kan.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS. Chix hatched now lay this winter. Eggs special price \$3.00 per hundred. Harry Givens, Madison, Kan.

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WHITE WYANDOTTE EGGS AND COCK-erels from prize winning stock. Eggs, 15 for \$1.00, 50 for \$3.00, 100 for \$5.50. We guarantee nine chicks per setting or dupli-cate at half price. Cockerels \$2.00, 3 for \$5.00. G. A. Wiebe, Beatrice, Nebraska.

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BUFF ORPINGTONS. SPLENDID LAYERS and prize winners. Can please you, Cat-alog ready. August Petersen, R. 2, Churdan, Iowa.

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SETTING SEASON OVER, I WANT TO start you in the Light Brahma business with my fine \$3 and \$5 hens at \$1 each and eggs at \$1 for 100. Mrs. J. R. Kenworthy, Wichita, Kansas.

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BLACK LANGSHAN EGGS, FROM MY best pens and yard, at ½ price. \$1.50 and \$3.00. J. A. Lovette, Poultry Judge, Mullinville, Kan.

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POLLED ANGUS BULLS FOR SALE. M. H. Arnold, Toronto, Kansas. PEDIGREED MULEFOOT BOAR PIGS FOR sale. Fred Baker, Courtland, Kan.

STANDARD BRED STALLIONS FOR SALE right. D. H. Bibens, Larned, Kan.

ABERDEEN ANGUS BULLS. TRAIN COL-lies. Jno. Marriage, Mullinville, Kansas.

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HIGH GRADE HOLSTEIN CALVES either sex, 3-4 weeks old. \$17 each, crated. Burr Oak Farm, Whitewater, Wis.

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Shorthorn, Holstein, Guernsey, Hereford,
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Start a herd. Mention this paper, and breed
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REPLANT THAT GROUND WITH OFFI-cially approved Sudan seed. Big crop splendid hay in two months. Wilson G. Shelley, McPherson, Kan.

PURE SUDAN GRASS. 25C A LB. PRE-paid to your station. Advantages of our seed: 1, Kansas grown. 2, No Johnson grass or other pests. 3, Inspected and approved by the Kansas Experiment station. 4, Not grown near other sorghums. 5, Good ger-mination test guaranteed. W. H. Gould & Sons, Dodge City, Kan.

LATE SEASON—AFRICAN KAFIR. THIS wet, late season has made it necessary to plant early-maturing crops. Your one best bet is the Kafir grown from that I imported from Africa last year. This matures in 75 days and also makes excellent fodder. I guarantee this was even in height and unmixed. \$1.75 per bushel, while it lasts. Write today. Asher Adams, Osage City, Kan.

WINTER EMMER—HARDIEST OF ALL cereals. Stands drouth best. Provides more winter pasturage than rye or wheat. Yields 50 to 125 bushels. Resists Hessian fly and chinch bugs. Write for samples, prices and booklet about successful "101" Ranch winter grain crops, also forage crops—Sudan grass, Seeded Ribbon cane, kafir, feterita, etc. Miller Brothers, "101" Ranch, Box J. Bliss, Okla.

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FOR SALE—FOUR BOTTOM MOLINE EN-gine gang plow. Howell Brog., Gaylord, Kan.

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FOR SALE—HOUSE, LOT, STORE AND cream station. A thriving business. Address B. J. Moore, Hooser, Kan. FOR SALE—THRESHING RIG, 25 h. engine and nearly new sep., ready to go to work. Harry Dyck, Moundridge, Kan.

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EQUITY OF \$1200 IN NEW RESIDENCE rents \$18, for part payment on western Kansas land. J. A. Hansberry, McAlester, Okla.

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IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL OR LEASE hotels, write me. E. Coltrane, Hotel Broker, Hutchinson, Kansas.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—13 H. P. STEAM engine good shape or will trade automobile for small separator. T. F. Waters, Mayetta, Kan.

WANT CLEAR FOR EQUITY, 10 ROOM house, barn, 8 lots in Winfield, Price \$5,000.00, Mtg. \$1,000.00. Progressive Realty Co., Winfield, Kan.

160 ACRES IMPROVED, WILSON CO., Kan., \$10,000. 3 houses Fredonia, Kan., \$2,200. Trade for farm north of Kaw and east of Blue rivers. Bader & Webster, Junc-tion City, Kan.

GROCERIES AND CHINAWARE; NO FIX-tures; to exchange clear for clear land or town property; goods are new; in stocks from \$1,000 to \$25,000. Ernest Key, 302 Poyntz Ave., Manhattan, Kan.

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UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE business of exceptional merit. \$500 and services required. Address, Success Silo System, Kansas City, Mo.

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GRAY CO. LAND FOR SALE. \$12.50 TO \$30.00. J. H. Kimes, Montezuma, Kan.

WOULD EXCHANGE — BEST FORTY acres in Douglas county. J. D. Kennard, Lawrence, Kan.

SWEDE, GERMAN, BOHEMIAN OR ANY good farmers write for my booklet of 56 irrigated farms. No payment required; 1 to 10 years to pay. In North Texas not far from Ft. Worth and Dallas. E. C. Stovall, Owner, Graham, Texas.

FOR SALE-4 SEC. RUNNING WATER, timber, good soil, improved. Write Box 25, Edmond, Kan.

FOR SALE-160 ACRES IN CHEYENNE county, Kan., level, \$1,600, terms, Peter Meyer, Walworth, Neb.

IMPROVED HOMESTEAD RELINQUISH-ment of 324 acres, close to good town. Price \$1,000. P. O. Box 112, Hugo, Colo.

FOR SALE—160 A. BEST PART INDIANA highly improved, 3 R. R. within two miles. Mrs. Will Rhoades, Converse, Indiana FOR SALE—GOOD IMPROVED 80 NEAR Cherryvale, Kansas. Will take good plow tractor for part. Murry Diven, Coats, Kan.

SELL YOUR PROPERTY QUICKLY FOR cash. No matter where located. Particulars free. Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 5, Lincoln, Neb.

BUY MEADE CO. LAND. GOOD CHOICE wheat land \$15 ac. up. Close to town. Come and see me before you buy. J. P. Ballard, Plains, Kan.

FOR SALE—ONE QUARTER SECTION, well improved, 5½ miles of county seat of Grant Co., Okla. B. E. Dick, owner, Raymondville, Texas.

IMPROVED FARM 320 ACRES; PART BOT-tom; 4 ml. Winfield. Owner non-resident must sell. For improved acreage tracts, city homes, write Progressive Realty Co., Winfield, Kan.

SOUTHEAST OKLAHOMA WHEAT AND oat farm for sale extra cheap direct from owner. Need money quick in other business. Half cash, balance easy. W. J. Milburn, owner, 701 Colcord Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.

PRODUCTIVE LANDS; CROP PAYMENT or easy terms along the Northern Pac. Ry, in Minn., N. D., Mont., Idaho, Wash. and Ore. Free literature. Say what state interests you. L. J. Bricker, 46 Northern Pac. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

FREE LAND—ANOTHER DISTRIBUTION of choice land, part of Demonstration Plantation, the show plantation of the South. Free to people having it improved within five years. Need never live on the land. Address Commissioner H. L. Holmes, Block 31, Calvert, Alabama, for particulars.

FARM FOR SALE—MISSISSIPPI'S WONderful oats, record breaking corn crops and
prize winning cattle, combined with her excellent low priced farm and splendid health
conditions, are attracting more responsible
northern farmers than any southern state.
This is our call to you. Write for illustrated
booklet. Information Bureau, Box 92, Jackson, Miss.

OKLAHOMA—160 ACRES FERTILE PRAIrle valley, 1½ miles Blocker, Pittsburg
Co., Okla, (Choctaw Nation), 110 cultivated;
50 pasture; 6-room house; other buildings;
splendid water; new land, new improvements; healthy climate; fine neighborhood.
Price including 90 acres growing crops
\$6.500 (worth \$8,000), favorable terms, or
will sell 80 and lease remainder to purchaser. J. M. Hughes, (owner), Blocker,
Oklahoma.

Oklahoma.

FINE TOPEKA HOME FOR SALE—I WILL sell my place in Topeka, located on the most beautiful street in the city, near limits of city, two blocks from street car, two blocks from fine old shade, park like surroundings, lot 61½ by 205 feet, eight room house, modern in every detail, hardwood finish, four fine mantels and grates, of oak, brick and tile, big sleeping and dining porch, both screened, barn, poultry houses, etc., etc. Fine place for farmer who wants to move to the capital city. Price \$5,500, worth more. Cash or terms. Interest only 6 per cent instead of the usual 7 per cent. No trade. Address R. W. E., care Mail and Breeze.

PATENTS

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SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET, ALL ABOUT Patents and Their Cost. Shepherd & Campbell, Patent Attorneys, 500 C Victor Bldg., Washington, D. C.

PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. WRITE FOR free books. Patents advertised for sale at our expense. Advice free. Pattison and Company, 962-G street, Washington, D. C.

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IDEAS WANTED—MANUFACTURERS ARE writing for patents procured through me. Three books with list 200 inventions wanted sent free. Advice free. I get patent or no fee. R. B. Owen, 34 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C.

MEN OF IDEAS AND INVENTIVE ABIL-ity should write for new "List of Needed Inventions," Patent Buyers, and "How to Get Your Patent and Your Money." Advice free. Randolph & Co., Patent Attorneys, Dept. 25, Washington, D. C.

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SMALL POWER THRESHERS FOR GRAIN, maize, peanuts, peas, etc. Hand and Pony hay presses. Particulars free, W. H. Stop-ple, Dallas, Texas.

FARMS WANTED

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I HAVE SOME CASH BUYERS FOR salable farms and ranches, owners only, write C. C. Buckingham, Houston, Texas.

WANTED-TO HEAR FROM OWNER OF good farm or unimproved land for sale, H. L. Downing, 111 Palace Bidg., Minneapolis, Minn.

I HAVE SOME CASH BUYERS FOR SALE-able farms. Will deal with owners only. Give full description, location, and cash price. James P. White, New Franklin, Mo.

FARMS WANTED. WE HAVE DIRECT buyers. Don't pay commissions. Write describing property, naming lowest price. We help buyers locate desirable property free. American Investment Association, 28 Palace Bidg., Minneapolis, Minn.

HELP WANTED

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MEN-WOMEN WANTED. \$75.00 MONTH. List government jobs open—free. Franklin Institute, Dep't A-51, Rochester, N. Y.

BE A DETECTIVE. EARN \$150 TO \$200 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 401 Westover Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

I CONDUCTED GOVERNMENT EXAMINA-tions—can help you secure railway mail or other government positions. Trial examina-tion free. Ozment, 38R, St. Louis.

FARMERS WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN everywhere. Government jobs \$70 month. Short hours. Vacations, Rapid advancement. Steady work. Many appointments during summer and fall. Common education sufficient. Write immediately for list of positions now obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. A. 51, Rochester, N. Y.

MAILE HIELP WANTED

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GOVERNMENT FARMERS WANTED. \$60 to \$125 monthly. Age 21 to 50. Ozment, 38F, St. Louis.

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN; \$100 monthly. Experience unnecessary; hundreds needed by the best railroads everywhere. Particulars free, 796 Railway Bureau, East St. Louis, Ill.

WANTED. MEN AND WOMEN TO QUALify for government positions. Several thousand appointments to be made next few
months. Full information about openings,
how to prepare, etc., free. Write immediately for booklet G-68. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

AGENTS

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AGENTS—MAKE BIG MONEY SELLING our washing machines. Experience not necessary. Complete, durable, easily op-erated shows for itself. Write today. Ray Mfg. Co., Sterling, Kan.

SILO AGENTS WANTED

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SELL REINFORCED CONCRETE STAVE silos. Write Success Silo System, Kansas City, Mo.

OPEN TERRITORY FOR TABER LINED Silo, the only non-shrinkable wood silo manufactured. Address Taber Lumber Co., Dept. I, Keokuk, Ia.

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CREAM WANTED—THE INDEPENDENT Creamery Company of Council Grove, Kansas, buys direct from the farmer. Write for particulars.

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SPECIAL PRICE LIST PURE CALIF.
honey free. Produced by one of our Calif.
aplaries. Explains grades, sized packages,
prepaid prices. Inspection allowed before
payment. Sample for dime to pay postage.
Spencer Apiarles, Dept. D, St. Louis, Mo.

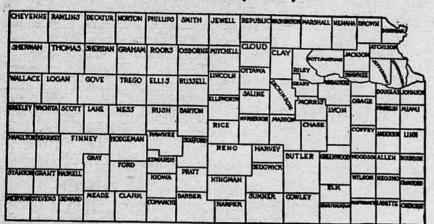
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GET THE LATEST SONGS SIX MONTHS before they reach your city. Send twenty-five cents for three new songs and catalogue. We furnish any music published. Sons poems wanted also. Etna Sales Co., 1431 Broadway, New York City.

The Weather Still Is Wet frost did not come until late. We used an early variety, Hickory King. In case of half a stand of early corn plant the

Harvest Will Begin Soon on Soft Fields-Crop Conditions Are Very Favorable in Gray County



ET weather still continues to delay the farm work in eastern Kansas, but farther west the extra moisture has been well received. This is especially true in Gray county, where the crops are looking very good. There will be an immense acreage that will be planted over, to feterita, milo and other quick maturing crops. Considerable hail damage is reported from the wheat belt.

Greeley County—The last week has been fine and farmers are rushing their crops in. A great deal of listed stuff had to be re-planted. Barley and wheat doing very well. F. C. Woods, June 19.

F. C. Woods, June 19.

Kingman County—Plenty of rain. Wheat damaged some by fly. Kafir nearly all must be planted over on account of rain. Pastures good. Stock doing well. Wheat 98c to \$1.—B. F. Shelman, June 15.

Lincoln County—Weather getting drier, Wheat will be ready to harvest about June 26. Corn small and will not be laid by before harvest. Grass good. Stock doing well. Alfalfa all stacked.—E. J. G. Wacker, June 17.

Barton County—Heavy rains the last two weeks have delayed farming. Corn is making a slow growth. Crops gamaged by hall in some parts of county. Harvest will begin about July 1. Wheat looks good.—J. A. Johnson, June 19.

Wyandotte County—This is the wettest season for some time. Few corn fields have been cultivated since they were planted and the ground is weedy and water soaked. There is the poorest prospect for corn in years.—G. F. Espenlaub, June 19.

Sect County—Fine weather for crops. Corn is large enough to cultivate. Most of the cane and feterita planted before the heavy rains must be replanted. Some wheat injured by hail. Grass the best in years. No disease among stock.—J. M. Helfrick, June 19.

Linn County—Heavy rains continue with much damage to crops and property. A cyclone passed through the county this week doing considerable damage to property and killing some stock. Oats good. Most of the kafir is to be planted yet.—A. M. Markley, June 19.

Marshall County—Heavy rain on June 17 smashed the small grain down flat on the ground. Second crop of alfalfa will be a heavy crop. The heavy rain of June 17 overflowed all the lowlands and did considerable damage. Potato crop will be heavy.—F. G. Stettnisch, June 18.

-F. G. Stetnisch, June 18.

Pratt County—Plenty of moisture and thousands of acres of wheat and other crops have been badly damaged by hall. Wheat is damaged some by fly and straw worm. Grass is better than for several years. Alfalfa doing very well. Stock doing well on grass.—J. L. Phelps, June 19.

Elk County—The heavy rauss continue.

on grass.—J. L. Pheips, June 19.

Elk County—The heavy rains continue with hard wind storms. Corn badly washed out and it will be replanted as soon as it is dry enough. First crop of alfalfa badly damaged. Pastures good and livestock doing well. Some fields of prairie hay badly damaged by rain.—Mrs. S. L. Huston, June 18.

Dickinson County—Plenty of rain and wind and cool weather. Not much harvesting will be done before July 4. Wheat damaged some by fly. Oats beginning to head. Most of the corn has been worked once, Some kafir and feterita planted three times. Second crop of alfalfa coming fast.

—F. M. Lorson, June 20.

—F. M. Lorson, June 20.

Summer County—Wheat harvest will begin about June 24. Some wheat looks good but a lot of it will be poor. Oats are all headed out and look fine. Most all the corn and kafir has been replanted the last week. Wheat \$1; corn 85c; cats 55c; cattle 5c to 7½c; hogs 7c; eggs 12c; butterfat 25c; brollers 15c.—E. L. Stocking, June 19.

Grant County—Weather fine for the last

broilers 15c.—E. L. Stocking, June 19.

Grant County—Weather fine for the last week for working the ground. Crops late on account of the wet spring. Farmers about through planting but some feed is to be put in yet. Corn looks very good. Grass is fine and all stock doing well. Alfalfa being cut and it is good. Horses and cattle high. Maize 90c.—J. M. Kineman, June 16.

Harvey County—Corn weedy and backward and a good deal of it replanted. It is still rainy. Wheat looking bad because of rust and the effects of the fly and much of it is falling down. The average yield will be light. Pastures good and livestock doing very nicely. Wheat \$1; corn 65c; eggs 13c; chickens 18c.—H. W. Prouty, June 18.

Greenwood County—Crop conditions discouraging on account of too much rain.
Corn stand is poor and much of it will have to be replanted. It is too wet to plant kafir or other forage crops. Nearly all the first crop of alfalfa was damaged and some of it is not cut yet. Oats poor and the

acreage is small. Wheat below the average. Stock of all kinds doing well. Pastures and meadows very good but weedy.—
John H. Fox, June 19.

John H. Fox, June 19.

Wallace County—We have had 10 days without rain and the weather is getting warm. Some listed fields were getting very weedy and alfalfa was getting over-ripe on account of wet weather but the cultivator and mowing machine are being used now, all crops growing rapidly. Pastures were never better and stock doing well.—Charles McKinley, June 18.

Grav County—Wheat is in the dough

McKinley, June 18.

Gray County—Wheat is in the dough stage and harvest will begin by July 1. The prospects in this locality are fine. Corn and kafir look very well but some kafir and maize had to be replanted. Pastures good and stock thriving. A very large amount of new land is being broken for wheat. Potatoes very good. Eggs 14c; butterfat 21c.—A. E. Alexander, June 19.

Philling County—We have had a week and

butterfat 21c.—A. E. Alexander, June 19.

Phillips County—We have had a week and three days work since the rain ceased. Wheat is looking fine. Some hall in this locality. Wheat planted in the stubble is damaged some by fly. All other crops look very good. Pastures fine. Stock doing well, Most of the alfalfa has been badly damaged by the rains. No hogs on the market. Corn 76c; wheat \$1.06.—Roy Stanley, June 17.

Ottawa County—Excessive rain has de-layed farm work very materially the last month. Wheat is filling well considering the moisture and it will yield nearly as well as last year. Harvest will begin in another week and the wheat will be cut mostly with binders. Cern is all planted. First crop of alfalfa nearly all spoiled by rain but second crop will be heavy.—W. S. Wakefield, June 19.

Wakefield, June 19.

Leavenworth County—It has rained so much of late the farmers have been unable to do much field work. Wheat is ripening and falling in some places but several warm, dry days will be needed before binders can be used. Corn is having a hard time with the weeds and wet weather, and it is turning yellow in places. There is still some wheat left from last year.—George S. Marshall, June 19.

OKLAHOMA.

Kiewa County—Clear, warm weather and farmers are rushing wheat harvesting. Many farmers are building granaries to store their wheat and hold it for better prices. A fine oat crop is ready to cut. Second crop of alfalfa is ready. Eggs 10c.—T. Holmes Mills, June 19.

Harmon County—Crops in bad condition.

More rain than in several years. A large amount of crops being planted over. Most of the alfalfa lost in the recent rains. Wheat and cats very good. Some wheat getting ripe. A few hogs being shipped. No sale for horses and mules. Eggs 20c; mile 70c cwt.—R. R. Grant, June 13.

McIntosh County—Plenty of rain. Wheat has been cut between showers. Oat harvest has begun. Corn is from waist high to full tassel. Potatoes good crop. Peaches very nice but the brown rot is bad in early varieties. Cotton is below normal. Alfalfa ready to cut.—H. S. Waters, June 16.

Quick Crops

(Continued from Page 3.)

cane mixed and got a stand. The 3 acres made about 25 tons of feed, most-

acres made about 25 tons of feed, mostly well headed.

"Another patch of 2 acres was not planted until dry weather struck us. I seeded this to feterita July 10 after a sprinkle of rain. It stood about 3 inches high until August 10, when we had a good rain. Then it came out and part of it made good heads before frost I of it made good heads before frost. I cut up about 5 tons of roughage from this piece. I consider mile the best roughness. Feterita makes a little more grain, but it must be cut at the proper time or it shatters badly. If mile is cut up when in the dough the stock will eat it all, but if allowed to ripen the stalks become woody."

In eastern Oklahoma and in the

southern part of eastern Kansas many farmers sow quick maturing varieties of corn when planting late. A letter re-ceived recently from a farmer in Oklahoma savs:

"Here in eastern Oklahoma we have planted corn as late as July 10 and gathered a fair crop of well-matured ears, but the planting was on new land and missing hills with Whippoorwill cowpeas. If winter feed is the vital question both peas and corn may be cut and cured. If winter feed is not needed, after gathering the best of the corn and the first crop of peas, turn in the fattening hogs and the milk cows. The cows should be fed well, first, as the peas, like clover, are likely to cause bloat.

"If the entire field had to be replanted, half could be planted to Hickory King corn, the other half to cowpeas and feterita, with perhaps an acre of sorghum for hay, and 1 acre sown to Spanish peanuts on which to turn the fattening hogs. They would need only a little corn to finish them off."

The important thing with these quick maturing crops is to plant something— to give the land a chance to make some to give the land a chance to make some profit even if the conditions were not favorable in the spring. Pick out the crops that have given the best results in connection with quick maturity. Above all don't get discouraged if you have lost a stand or two of corn. There is plenty of time yet to grow a good feed crop if you will act promptly.

Another Commencement Has Gone

Two hundred men and women were graduated last Thursday from the Kansas State Agricultural college. Most of sas State Agricultural college. Most of these were in the farm or domestic science courses, and a very high proportion of the class expects to go back to the country. The commencement address was delivered by Dr. Charles A. Prosser, director of the William Hood Dunwoody Industrial institute.

Dunwoody Industrial institute.

Doctor Prosser, who is perhaps the foremost expert in vocational education in the United States, spoke on the subject, "Setting the Seen Above the Unseen." He presented the principles underlying vocational education, pointing out that its purpose was to prepare the man or the woman to work well. At the same time, however, he showed that general education and vocational education, to a considerable extent over cation, to a considerable extent, over-lapped. General education, he said, helps one to work better in one's chosen place in life, while no worthy vocational school fails to fit its pupils for intelligent cit-

While commending the efforts of colleges and universities to train men and women to be leaders in the professions and industries, he advocated further efforts to prepare the great mass of the people for efficient work in life. He emphasized service, which should be in-telligent, effective, and happy.

Strained Tendons

One of my mules apparently has rheumatism. He walks on his toes, Scammon, Kan.

J. H. B.

Your mule probably has strained the tendons in some way. This has been followed by contraction of these tendons which causes the heels to be elevated, or the animal walks on its toes. or the animal walks on its toes. You should first get the inflammation to subside by using the following treatment: Place a layer of cotton around the diseased tendons and a bandage to the outside of this. The cotton is to be kept moist with the following mixture. ture:

After the inflammation has thus been reduced the animal must be sujected to a surgical operation which consists in cutting one of the tendons so that the heel will again reach the ground. You should have a competent, graduate veterinarian do this for you.

R. R. Dykstra.

K. S. A. C., Manhattan.

Trim the Hedges

Is a person required to trim a hedge around an orchard if it is along the public highway? There is other hedge on the road that isn't trimmed.

Cedar Point, Kan.

M. L. T.

Yes. The law specifically requires you to trim the hedge. Your duty as a law-abiding citizen should not be based on what some other man neglects to do.

The highest duty of State and Federal Governments is to place agricultural education within the reach of all.

The farmer cannot be helped until he organizes, and the Government can best help the farmer through organization.



F you wear PARIS GARTERS; you forget you have them on. They are tailored to fit the leg and are very comfortable. They do not bind the leg; only the softest material comes in contact with your skin; no metal touches you. And your socks will stay up neatly and securely all the time.

Look for the name that is stamped on the inside of the shield when you buy; then you know you are get-ting the fullest value for your money.

250 per pair

A. Stein & Co. Malers Children's HICKORY Garters Chicago

100 Ton SILO

\$210.F.O.B.

\$210.F.O.B.

THE K. C. SAFETY SILO

is the most perfectly constructed
and easiest erected silo, has the
most convenient Door-LadderChute and Anchoring arrangement. Continuous hinged doors,
independent ladders, circle faced
chute. Water-proofed frame,
sections ready to set up. Belflocked, Self-plumbed, Self-Seaffeld.

Requires no expert to build. Costs less, and

Requires no expert to build. Costs less, and takes less time to build than other silos. Furnished single wall or double wall, any size from a wash tub to a Sky-Scraper, sinb-sili furnished. Frices the lowest Write for complete information. Kansas City Silo Co., 508 Ridge Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.







MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at 5 cents a word. Four or more insertions 4% cents a word each insertion. No display type or illustrations admitted.

HARNESS AND SADDLES—WRITE TO Inskeep & Schaubel, Manhattan, Kansas, for their new illustrated catalogue.

FORMULA: FOR MAKING ANYTHING under the sun sent for ten cents, three for 25c. John Schloesser, Charleston, Arkansas. WANTED TO RUN ENGINE OR SEPA-rator; machinist; 9 yrs. field experience. M. L. MacPherson, Route 3, Carthage, Mo. WANTED — GOOD THRIFTY SHOATS.
Well marked Holstein heifers and good quality stock calves. Write Fred P. Hill,
Route 7, Topeka, Kan.

WALNUT LOGS WANTED, 14 INCHES and up diameter, in carload lots; cash paid at shipping point. Frank Purcell, 515 Dwight Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

FRITZ'S WIZARD FLY AND INSECT DE-stroyers. Recommended by world's largest packers. 25 cents a package or \$2.25 per dozen. Ernst Meyer, Hope, Kansas.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS EARN GOOD salaries. We train you in four to five months for actual service, either Morse or Wireless; positions sure. Write today. Wichita Telegraph College, Wichita, Kan.

THE NICHOLAS-DERRINGTON CARBON remover gives your engine more power and speed. Increases mileage forty per cent, Guaranteed to do more than claimed for. Write for particulars. Nicholas-Derrington, Box 185, Topeka, Kan.

WANTED BY MARRIED MAN AND WIFE.
Middle aged, experienced Kansas farmera,
want to rent a good stock proposition for a
term of years, where owner and renter make
good. Reference unlimited. Address 747
Park Ave., Racine, Wis.

BIG BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

Dealers whose advertisements appear in this paper are thoroughly reliable and the many bargains are worthy of your consideration

Special Notice discontinuance or dera and change of oppy intended for the Real Estate Department must reach this office by 10 olock Saturday morning, one week in advance of publication to be effective in that issue. All forms in this department of the paper close at that time and it is impossible to make any changes in the pages after they are electrotyped

BEST LANDS, best prices, best terms. Write me. W. R. White, Geneseo, Kan.

320 A. wheat land, \$4, ½ cash, bal. 3 yrs. Owner, Box 443, Syracuse, Kan.

ALFALFA land, Sedgwick Co. Write for price list. G. R. Davis, Valley Center, Kan.

240 A. FARM, modern imp., 110 a. alfalfa, Neal A. Pickett, Arkansas City, Kan.

960 A. Hamilton Co.; all grass, plenty water. \$6 a. Walter & Patton, Syracuse, Kan.

FINE imp. farms \$35 up. Catholics write. New church. John Collopy, Turon, Kan.

FORD CO. farms, Catholic College and com-munity. Millikan & Turner, Dodge City, Kan.

80 A. 3 ml. out. Good imp. 25 a alfalfa. Price 15,500. Decker & Booth, Valley Falls, Kan.

EASTERN KANSAS corn, alfalfa and wheat land \$40 up. A. E. Clark & Son, Pomena, Ks.

SUMNER CO. wheat and aifalfa farms. Write for list. F. J. Wolfe, Conway Springs, Kan.

190 A. IMP. 46 alfalfa, bal, wheat, corn, pas-ture, \$12,000. Lindholm & Son, Kingman, Ks.

BARGAIN—Choice, well improved quarter. Good terms. J. E. Sullivan, Effingham, Kan.

IMP. FARMS, alfalfa, corn and wheat lands \$50 up. Mott & Kohler, Herington, Kan.

FARMS and ranches, northeast Kansas, \$35 to \$125 acre. Geo. Loch, Marysville, Kan.

FREE! Illustrated booklet describing richest Co. in Kan. Hosey Land Co., Columbus, Ks.

480 A. ALL GRASS. Every acre can be cult. \$12.50 per acre. Box 215, German Col-onization Co., Plains, Kansas.

MUST SELL—12 highly improved alfalfa and grain farms; will pay car fare for 30 days to see these lands. Tate, Howard, Kan.

HAVE 10 GOOD RANCHES 1000 to 10,000 a., well watered, Barber Co. Wheat and alfalfa farms. Terms. Kackley, Hutchinson, Kan.

BARGAINS in imp. alfalfa, corn and wheat farms. Right prices, easy terms. Proctor & LeGrande, South Haven, Sumner Co., Kan.

WHEAT, OATS, COEN, ALFALFA lands. Famous Sumner County, Kansas. ½ wheat with farms. H. H. Stewart, Wellington, Kan.

BARGAIN: Improved 200 acres, 120 cultivated; 40 bottom, running water, timber; price \$12,000. Will consider small trade. Write Studebaker, Salina, Kan.

PRATT CO. well imp. choice 160, 4½ ml. Preston. 130 a. wheat, ½ goes; bal pas-ture. Phone, rural route. \$10,500; 10 years on \$3,000. Chas. E. Dye, Preston, Kan.

160 ACRES 12½ miles from Garden City. Good smooth leve! wheat land, a bargain. Price \$1400 cash. Also other good bargains. Chus. I. Zirkle, Owner, Garden City, Kan.

FINE 400 acre stock farm, 240 acres cultivation. First class alfalfa, wheat and corn land, 160 acres pasture. Fine fencing, silo, barn and other improvements. \$37.50 per acre. Couch Land Co., Anthony, Kan.

FINE BARGAINS in wheat and alfalfa land on Solomon Valley. Send for fine list of Layton Bros., Osborne, Kansas.

160 A. well impr. 1 ml. town, \$15,000. 240 a. fine improvements, \$24,000. J. Jenson, Hiawatha, Kansas.

FOR BARGAINS in improved farms in Cath-olic settlements. Exchanges made. Write Frank Kratzberg, Jr., Greeley, Kansas.

30 A. level wheat land, 8 mi. elevator. Unimproved. \$8,500.00 or \$3,000 quarter. Geo. W. Day. Meade, Kansas.

320 A. well improved wheat farm, 5½ miles out. Close to school. ½ of 170 a. wheat goes. Price \$7,200. Terms. Nate Neal, Minneola, Kan.

160 ACRES in north Morton county; black loam soil; all in grass; every foot tillable; \$6 per acre.
L. J. Pettijohn, Dodge City, Kan.

WESTERN lands in Kansas, Oklahoma and Colorado. Wheat and malze lands in any quantities. Cash or terms. W. F. Craddock, Richfield, Kansas.

IMPROVED DAIRY FARM—70 acres pas-ture, 25 alfalfa, 65 cult., close to big "Pet" milk condensory. Price \$8,750. Write Papes, Mulvane, Kansas.

BLUE RIBBON on alfalfa was won by Lyon County at Wichita; land at from \$50 to \$100 per acre. Write for list. T. B. Godsey, Emporia, Kan.

FORD COUNTY FARMS, 640 a. smooth wheat land, well improved, 6 ml. Dodge City; will subdivide; 440 a. cult., bal. grass, 335 a. Other farms for sale.

G. L. Painter & Co., Dodge City, Kan.

406 ACRES—WELL IMPROVED.
Worth \$75 per acre, but on account of illhealth in family, will sell at a sacrifice.
Chas. T. Thom, Isabel, Kan.

3120 A. IDEAL RANCH—Adjacent to Ness Co., Kan. In compact body; 90% tillable; 1,000 a. bottom alfalfa land; rich soll; 800 a. in cultivation. Two sets imp. Can lease 3,000 a. joining. Abundance water. Price \$30,000, terms. For particulars address C. F. Edwards, Ness City, Kansas.

FOR SALE. 40 acres, improved, three miles Valley Falls; ½ mile school. \$100 per a. 129 acres, improved. 3½ ml. Valley Falls, ½ mile school. \$80 per acre. Bargains in any size farms. Write or see Harman Farm Agency, Valley Falls, Kan.

WE OWN 13,600 ACRES IN FEBTILE Pawnee valley, smooth as a floor; best al-faifa and wheat land on earth; five sets of improvements; shallow water; will sell 80 Frizell & Ely, Larned, Kansas.

EVERYBODY SAYS they're worth it. ½ sec. no imp., extra good, all in wheat, \$20,000. ½ sec., rolling, imp., good for stock farm, \$15,000. 160, no imp., priced right, 80 a. \$3,000.

Clark & Keller, Pratt, Kansas.

WHEAT AND ALFALFA LANDS.
nta Fe Railroad land. Easy payments.
Ellis Thornhill, Halstead, Kansas.

COFFEY COUNTY, EASTERN KANSAS.
Good alfalfa, corn, wheat and tame grass lands. List free. Lane & Kent, Burlington, Ks.

MORTON COUNTY, KAN., LANDS. 320 acres, level, black loam soil, shallow to water. Price \$1400 cash. Investigate, Cecil B. Long, Richfield, Morton Co., Kan.

Cecil B. Long, Richfield, Morton Co., Kan.

WE HAVE FINE FARMS of all sizes and ranches. We can suit the homesecker or investor. Prices will undoubtedly be higher after our big crop is harvested. Let us send you free big list of bargains, illustrated. Buxton & Rutherford, Utics, Ness Co., Kan.

STOCK AND GRAIN BARGAIN.

SQUARE section 2 mi. of Waverly. Fine location. School on farm. Fair 6 room house. New barn. Orchard. One-half fine blue grass. Price \$50 per a. Your terms. This is a real bargain. I do not keep bargains. I sell them and am going to sell this one.

W. H. Lathrom, Waverly, Kan.

15 YEARS TO PAY FOR STOCK FARM IN CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS.

320 acres 6½ miles town, 70 acres cultivated, 10 acres alfalfa, timber, 250 acres best grazing. Everlasting water. Five room house, extra good barn, orchard, telephone, 1½ miles school. Price \$12,500.00, \$1,500.00 cash, balance 15 years at 5 per cent.

J. E. Bocook & Son, Cottonwood Falls, Kan.

FARM BARGAIN

One of the finest 80 acre improved farms in Nemaha Co., Kan., for quick sale, at a great bargain; terms, no trade. SEWELL LAND CO., GARNETT, KANSAS

KIOWA COUNTY Land bargains. Write for descriptions. Several of my own farms; can make terms to suit. C. W. Phillips, Greensburg, Kan.

Butler County Ranch

850 acres with 325 of finest bottom, 80 alfalfa, balance blue stem pasture, Highly improved, Ideal location, Inquire V. A. Osburn, El Dorado, Kansas.

WRITE US TODAY

WRITE US 1000A
for free lithographed maps of
Ness County, Kansas, and list of
land bargains.
Miner Bros., Ness City, Kan.
Established 1885.

2—Rare Bargains-Choice level 160 a. farm, \$4 a. cash. Also well imp. alfalfa farm 163 a. Perfect title. Immediate possession. \$50 a. Terms, West-ern Real Estate Exchange Co., Syracuse, Ks.

I Appraise Property

Topeka and Shawnee County, Kansas. L. F. GABLINGHOUSE, TOPEKA, KANSAS 10 years' experience, Reference, Bank of Topeka.

80 Acres Only \$1000
Only 7 ml. Wichita. Good, smooth black
loam soll. Plenty bldgs. Possession at once.
Only \$6,000. \$1,000 cash, time on bal,
B. M. Mills, Schweiter Bldg., Wichita, Kan.

FARM SNAPS

FARM SNAPS

We shall sell four farms between now and September 1st at whatever they will bring. Your own price and your own terms. Will accept as low as one-fifth down—balance over period of twenty years if desired. This may seem "fishy" but we mean just what we say. If you can use one of these farms it will pay you to write for further information and description.

640 acres—choice for all grains and grasses improved—within eighty miles of Kansas City, near Sedalia—All Tillable.

Any part of 800 acres extra choice, Linn County, Kansas, near good towns.

240 acres Labette County, Kansas—well improved—near Parsons.

The best orchard bargain in United States; 218 acres, half orchard; thoroughly equipped, and combined with hogs and poultry. Eastern Kansas. Big crop this year.

Refer any Bank in Kansas City.

If interested at all, write us today.

INLAND SECUBITY CO.,

Commerce Bidg.,

Kansas City, Me.

NEW MEXICO

adjoining main line of Santa Fe R. R., close to two towns. Adjoining lands retailing at \$20 per acre, but owner wants cash for other business and will sacrifice at half value. Parsons Realty Company, Optimo, N. Mex.

FARM LOANS

FARM AND CITY MORTGAGES a specialty.
Write us if you wish to borrow.
Perkins & Co., Lawrence, Kan.

FARM LOANS, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, low rates, liberal privileges, most favorable terms. No delay. You get all you borrow.

you borrow.
The Deming Investment Co., Oswego, Kan.
Branch offices: Wichita, Kan.; OklahomaCity,
Muskogee, Durant, Okla.; Little Rock, Ark.

MISSOURI

KERAN & WEGNER, real estate, Lockwood, Mo. Write for information, English or

160 A. well imp. Well and spring. 60 a. cult., bal. timber. R. F. D. and phone. \$17.50 a. Terms. J. A. Hunt, Marshfield, Mo.

160 ACRES for \$1,200.00. 40 a. cuit, bal. in virgin timber. 3 room house, barn, etc. Close to school and P. O. I have other bargains. R. F. Jenkins, Ava, Mo.

BOCKAWAY BEACH, the choicest spot on beautiful Lake Taneycomo in South Mo. Fine fishing, boating, bathing. Lots; Acres; Farms, Low prices. Easy terms. Literature free. A. Merriam, Eilis & Benton, Kan. City, Kan.

80 A. WELL IMP. 2 good springs. Cistern; 60 a. grass; orchard, bal. timber. Lists. A. Cawthra, Fordland, Mo.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

If you want a home in a mild, healthy climate with pure water and productive soil and where land can be bought at a reasonable price write Frank M. Hammel, Marshfield, Mo.

166 ACRES POLK CO., MO. Four miles from Bolivar, the county seat. Fine public road, rural mail, telephone. Farm highly improved. Best of soil, running water, idea for raising blooded stock. Trade established. Prices right and liberal terms. (Owner.) R. H. Brown, Bolivar, Mo.

Fine Southwest Missouri Farm

AT A BARGAIN.

320 acres, 250 in high state cultivation, fenced and cross fenced with wire, fine 8 room house, 3 good barns and other outbuildings, fine well, 4 everlasting springs and creek, 3 miles to good town on Frisco R. R., % mile to school, R. F. D. and telephone, \$37.50 per acre. Terms.

B. S. Phillips, Marshfield, Missouri.

AN OZARK BARGAIN

Eighty acres unimproved fruit land, splendid neighborhood, one mile and half from railroad, same distance from Merimac river in Dent County, Missouri. Seven miles from Salem, the county seat; \$15.00 per acre. First check for \$1200 takes it, perfect title.

I. D. GRAHAM CAPPER BLDG., TOPEKA, KAN.

ARKANSAS

WRITE Dewell Land Company for bargains in Arkansas lands. Walnut Ridge, Ark.

RICH VALLEY FARMS with all new build-ings on most liberal terms ever offered. Valley Park Imp'm't Ass'n, Edwardsville, Ill.

IF INTERESTED IN N. E. ARKANSAS farm and timber lands, write for list. F. M. Messer, Walnut Bidge, Ark.

ARKANSAS farms and cut-over timber lands are safe and sensible investments. Right now is the time to buy. Write for list and pamphlet. Ben H. Crowley, Paragould, Ark.

122 A. 4 mi. of Waldron, Co. seat. 65 a. in cult.; valley land; 2 sets improvements; good fruit; good roads. Price only \$25 per a. Frank Bates, Owner, Waldron, Ark.

L'STOP PAYING BENT! Own your own home. Cheaper than renting. Our new plan tells you how. Rich, sure crop land, no rocks or swamps. Free Map. Tom Blodgett Land Company, Desk 3, Little Bock, Ark.

Best Stock-Grain-Hay Farm in this Beautiful Ozark Valley. Best Located—Attractive Home—Health—Scenic View. Price, Haif Value, 205 acres, All Good. \$7,500—Terms.—J. P. Hodge, Mansfield, Ark.

80 ACRES, bench and upland, with 60 cleared. House, barn, orchard, etc. Good neighborhood, 6 miles out. Price \$1,365.00. Other farm lands for sale. Write J. L. McKamey, Imboden, Ark.

FREE GOVERNMENT LAND
Information; FREE MAP and list: Arkansaw Dirt.
Geo. R. Steinhauser, 501 Pine Street, St. Louis.

TEXAS

CHEAP LAND. McMullen Co., Texas. Only \$1 per a. cash, bal. 10 yearly payments. fine climate, all good land. F. A. Connable, Commercial Bank Bldg., Houston, Tex.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY good black prairie land near Houston; any size tract; very cheap; easy terms. L. Bryan & Company, Houston, Texas,

With the rent you pay. Best land in famous corn and hog belt of Toxas. Sold on rental terms. Crops the year round.

T. Kingston, Harlingen, Texas.

FOR SALE

Farms, ranches and business propositions in south and southwest Texas, or lovely homes in Beautiful Yoakum. Are you interested? Write us just what you want and we will help you to get it. Can make you low prices and long terms. We also have some fine colonization propositions. Watch our ads. Woolsey-Lacy Realty Co., Box 246, Yoakum, Texas.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

200 ACRES, nicely imp., 40 a. alfalfa, to trade. Youngs Realty Co., Howard, Kan.

LAND, sale or exch. Mo. to Pacific, Dakota to Gulf. Fultz, 311½ N. Main, Hutchinson, Ks.

BIGHAM & OCHILTREE sell and trade best corn, alfalfa, wheat land in U. S. Write for list. 116 N. 8th, St. Joseph, Mo.

HEADQUARTERS for best wheat and alfalfa lands in Kansas; will exchange and assume. Jones Land Co., Sylvia, Kansas. FARM and grazing lands. Custer, Blaine, Thomas and Hooker Cos., for sale and trade. B. C. Empfield, Broken Bow, Neb.

FARMS AND RANCHES, imp. and unimp., for sale or trade throughout Western Kansas. Eugene Williams, Minneels, Kan.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Arkansas farm lands, close to railroad, \$10 to \$25 per acre. Shaeffer Land Company, 641 Reserve Bank Bidg., K. C. Mo.

STOCK RANCH, 460 A. 160 a. cult., 100 a. bottom; 45 a. alfalfa, bal, native grass. Will run 100 head cattle. Good imp. Want N. Wokla. A. A. Murray, Westmoreland, Kan.

FOR SALE OR TRADE, well improved 80 acre farm. Neodesha three miles, John W. Deer, Neodesha, Kansas.

6 STOCKS of general mdse., 3 stocks of hardware and implements, 10 residences, 8 farms, to exchange for income property, Hemphill Land Co., Lawrence, Kan.

TWO NICELY IMPROVED Harvey Co. farms, and \$16,000.00 clothing stock, for Western Kansas land. Cook & Francis, Newton, Kan.

SIX APARTMENT flat, south near Armour Blvd. Rents \$2880; price \$30,600, 12 apart-ment \$50,000; good \$25,000, \$29,000 and \$14,000 general mdse. All want farms. G. W. Goldman, N. Y. Life Bidg., K. C., Mo.

Buy or Trade 36-page Exchange Book, 5 cts.

NEW MEXICO RANCH FOR SALE, 13,000
a. grazing land, half mile to Shoemaker,
on main line Santa Fe R. R. Fenced and
cross fenced. River through ranch. Price \$7
per a. This includes a farm of 100 a., 60 a.
of which is in alfalfa under irrigation. Good
house of 6 rooms and bath room, big porch,
large barn, good orchard and nice shade
trees. 10 head of horses and mules, all
household goods and farm machinery,
\$20,000 cash will handle this proposition,
balance long time at 6% interest. Will take
good Kansas or Oklahoma land up to \$30,000.
Address, 88 Ranch, Optime, N. Mex.

FINE STOCK AND GRAIN FARM

Address, 88 Hanch, Optimo, N. Mex.

FINE STOCK AND GRAIN FARM
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
480 a., 158 a. in cultivation, 43 a. alfalfa
and tame grass, remainder in blue grass
pasture, 6 room house, barn 40x40, hay
shed 44x60, 200 ton silo, other outbuildings,
close to school, and town. Will consider
exchange for good wheat land up to half
value.

Write for full description of this, and
other farms for sale and exchange.

MANSFIELD LAND COMPANY,
Ottawa, Kansas.

BUSINESS INCOME

Three story solid brick building on Grand Ave. in the heart of the business center of Kansas City, Mo., to exchange for good farm or ranch. Write us for other bargains. THEODOR C. PELTZER INVESTMENT CO.

\$500,000.00

worth of Kansas and Oklahoma real estate mortgages wanted immediately, any amounts running any length of time. Submit your offers to Mr. Parks, Suite 414, Bitting Bldg. Wichita, Kansas

COLORADO

FOR SALE: Fruit tracts and irrigated farms in Northern Colorado. Write me what you want. A. H. Goddard, Loveland, Colorado.

A FEW BEAL BARGAINS in land. 160 acres all farm land, 5 miles from town, ½ mile to school; good little house, 20 feet to soft water. 35 acres in corn now. \$15 per acre. Harry Maher, Deer Trail, Colo.

TWO FINE improved Colorado farms 320 and 640 acres near railroad—7 and 12 miles from Denver. Good water rights, fully equipped and stocked for general farming, poultry and hog raising, all under cultivation. Big grain crops and big money makers, For quick turn price and terms address E. W. Genter, Owner, 619 Commonwealth Bidg., Denver, Colo.

ELBERT COUNTY

20,000 acres of land in the rain belt in ELBERT COUNTY, COLORADO, where corn is making from 20 to 30 bushels, oats 30 to 80 bushels and all crops in proportion. \$8.00 to \$25.00 per acre, your terms.

Our specialty, 160 acres seven miles of good town and railroad, 120 acres in cultivation, north slope, fair improvements, all fenced, \$1,100 worth of crops were taken off of this farm in 1914. Price \$12.50 per acre.

Terms.

Write us for description and literature.
We need you and you need the land. THE SILLS LAND COMPANY, SIMLA, ELBERT COUNTY, COLORADO, or PUEBLO, COLORADO.

OKLAHOMA

40 A., 3 room house, outbuildings, 20 a. cleared, 1 mi. P. O. Price \$300. Other farms cheap. Baker Land Co., Poteau, Okla.

SOUTHERN BEALTY CO., McAlester, Okla., is offering cheap farms and pastures in Eastern Oklahoma, on good terms. Write them if interested.

I'M STILL SELLING LAND at \$8 to \$30
per acre. Over 100 farm homes sold to
readers of Mail and Breeze in the past ten
years. My Free List and Map will interest
you. Perry DeFord, Oakwood, Okla.

F. M. TARLTON & CO., will mail you list of farms in northeast Oklahoma. Write them. Vinita, Oklahoma.

BARGAIN.

Well improved 160 acres in Kay County,
4 miles to town, ½ mile to school, crop
worth probably \$1,000.00 goes if sold soon.
\$2,500.00 cash, \$5,000.00 good terms.

Mason Investment Co., Newkirk, Oklahoma.

WHY STAY IN DEBT AND PAY INTER-EST ON HIGH PRICED LANDS or remain only a renter when equally good land is yet to be had at \$10, \$20 and \$30 per acre in Oklahoma? Write or come and see me. Frank Meadows, Hobart, Okla.

Oklahoma Land For Sale

Good land in Northeastern Oklahoma; price from \$20.00 to \$35.00 per acre. Write for price list and literature.

W. C. Wood, Newsta, Okla.

NEBRASKA

IBRIGATED lands \$40 per a. and up. Graz-ing lands \$5 and up. Write for information. J. F. Calbaugh, North Platte, Neb.

CHEYENNE CO. wheat averages 25 bu. Corn 35. A few snaps at \$15 to \$30. Easy terms, Osborn&Kratz, BendedAbstracters, Sidney, Neb

COMB. stock, grain and dairy farms. 50% cheaper than same quality land farther east. Howard & Richardson, Ravenna, Neb.

MONTANA

FAMOUS JUDITH BASIN, MONTANA.
Wonderful grain and stock country, rainfall unfalling, mild winters, delightful sumers, healthful climate, crop failures unknown, extra fine stock ranches, natural alfalfa and timothy land, greatest non-irrigated grain growing section in United States, holds record winter wheat and barley. No destructive insects. Write for literature. J. W. Studebaker, State Agent, McPherson, Kansas.

WISCONSIN

30,000 ACRES cut-over lands; good soil; plenty rain; prices right and easy terms to settlers. Write us. Brown Brothers Lumber Co., Rhinelander, Wis.

WE WANT more settlers to locate on the rich, mellow clay loam farm land in Rusk Co. Write for free map and folder. Fuast Land Co., Box 101, Conrath, Wis.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

QUICK CASH for property or business. No matter what or where it is. Special terms to owners. Dept. F. Co-operative Salesman Co., Lincoln, Neb.

IDAHO

IMPROVED irrigated lands, \$60 a. up. Write for booklet. J. C. Lindsey, Twin Falls, Idaho.

FLORIDA Farming pays. Rich rolling lands
Practically every crop grown here
profitably. Land prices below real
value, Get in on ground floor. Writes,
Board of Trade, Box 501, Quiney, Fla.

The nation's menu must be made up from the fields, pastures, orchards and gardens, and to farm intelligently the farmer must know what is needed.

Fat Cattle Are In Demand HOGS FEED CHICKENS

Grain Was Somewhat Higher—Sheep Declined \$1 and Lambs \$2 During the Week

THE demand for fed cattle is increasing. Prices last week advanced 10 to 15 cents at Kansas City and are the highest this year. Some prime yearling steers and heifers mixed sold at \$9.50, and heavy steers up to \$9.35. A good many bunches of choice steers sold at \$8.75 to \$9.15. Heavy Colorado steers sold up to \$9. and fed steers from below the quarantine line up to \$8.50. Reports from both Colorado and Southern feeding sections indicate that most of the cattle have been marketed. Grass fat cattle are moving more freely though the receipts are still below normal for this season of the year. At this time last year Kansas was marketing that class, but this year the grass is too "washy" to put much gain on cattle.

Export demand for cattle is increasing. Monday, June 7, about 1,000 steers were bought by Armour & Co., in Chicago to go to Europe. Monday, June 14, Swift & Co. took a similar number and last Monday Morris & Co. took about 1,000. For several weeks past Swift & Co. have been exporting from Toronto, but in this country the big packers are anxious for that business. The cattle are going to France for army use.

Demand for butcher cattle was active at firm prices. The supply was small for the season of the year and fed grades were unusually scarce. Straight heifers sold up to \$9.30. Veal calves were 25 to 50 cents higher, top \$10.25. The supply of stock and feeding cattle is light in keeping with the season of the year and fed grades were and prices remain firm. As quarantine restrictions are removed in eastern states inquiry for thin cattle increases.

Range of prices:

STEERS.

Range of prices:

STE	ERS.
Fair to good	e 8.00@8.30
	\$7.00@7.50 5.50@7.00 4.90@5.50 4.25@4.90 8.75@9.50
QUARANTIN	
Steers, grain fed Steers, meal and cake Steers, grass fat Cows and heifers Cows, fair	fed 7.00@8.00
FEEDERS AN	
Selected feeders Good to choice feeders Medium to good feed Common to fair feede Choice to fancy stock Medium to good stock Prime Stock cows Stock calves Ktilling bulls Veal calves	\$7.00 @ 8.50 @ 8.50 ers 6.35 @ 7.60 ers 5.90 @ 6.30 ers 7.00 @ 7.50 ers 6.50 @ 7.55 ers 6.50 @ 7.55 ers 6.50 @ 7.25 ers 6.50 @ 8

Lamb Prices Declined.

Lamb Prices Declined.

Lamb prices declined \$2 this week, and sheep \$1. The top price for lambs at Kansas City last week was \$9.50, compared with \$11.60 last week. This week's decline is attributed to the fact that prices for sheep have been the highest ever known and entirely out of line with cattle and hogs. Increasing supplies are expected from now on. Spring lambs are quoted at \$9 to \$9.60, ewes \$4.75 to \$5.25 and wethers \$5.25 to \$5.75.

Hogs Are Steady.

The supply of hogs here at Kansas City last week was normal and the demand was fairly good. Trade was free and the best hogs went to the scales at fully steady prices. The quality was good. The extreme range of sales was made from \$7.07.50 a cwt. and the bulk of sales ranged from \$7.50.07.60 a cwt. Range of prices:

_Cattle-		Last week.	Year ago
Kansas City .		20.425	16.600
Chicago		38 300	41.700
Five markets		95,445	84,92
Hogs- Kansas City .		44 500	42.656
Chicago		107.000	140,000
Five markets Sheep-	•••••	258,500	314,000
Kansas City .		36.200	25.875
Chicago		45.700	73,000
Five markets		101 000	

No. 2, \$10.50@12.50. Straw—Wheat and oats, \$4.50@5.

Kansas City Grain Advanced.

Kansas City Grain Advanced.

Hard wheat prices last week rose 1c to 2½c. Demand continued good. Sales were: No. 2, 1 car \$1.24; 1 car \$1.23, 3 cars \$1.20, 1 car \$1.19, 4 cars \$1.18; No. 3, 3 cars \$1.22, 1 car \$1.20, 6 cars \$1.17, 1 car \$1.16; No. 4, 1 car smutty \$1.15, 1 car \$1.16; No. 4, 1 car smutty \$1.15, 1 car \$1.16; No. 4, 1 car smutty \$1.09; sample, 1 car cleaned weights \$1.08; live weevil, 1 car \$1.18. 1.12; No. 3, nominally \$1.13@1.16; 1 car \$1.16; No. 3, nominally \$1.13@1.16; 1 car \$1.16; No. 3, nominally \$1.11@1.15, 1 car bulkhead \$1.10. Mixed Wheat—No. 3, 3 cars \$1.11. White Spring—No. 3, 1 car \$1.03. Demand for corn was fairly good at unchanged to ½c higher prices. Sales were: No. 2, white, 3 cars 75½c, 1 car 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 2 mixed, 1 car 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 76c, 1 car 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No. 3, 4 cars 75c; No. 3, 2 cars 75c; No

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Kansas City, Mo., June 19.—Quotations on 'change were as follows:
Eggs—Extras, new white wood cases included, 18c a dozen; firsts, 16½c; seconds, 13½c.
Butter—Creamery, extra, 26c a pound; firsts, 24c; seconds, 22c; pound prints, 1c higher; packing stock, 19½c.
Live Poultry—Broilers, 18@21c; hens, No. 1, 11½c; roosters, 8½c; turkeys, 13c; ducks, young, 14c; old, 10c; geese, 6c.

An Increase in Grain Receipts

State grain inspection receipts at the Kansas City, Kan., office have jumped from an average of 16 cents a week to more than \$500 a week in the last year. Carl Pickell, chief clerk under George B. Ross, grain inspector, has reported that the Kansas City office has reported 2,550 cars of grain in the last three weeks, the receipts approximating \$1,650. At this rate the receipts for the entire month will come close to \$2,000. The receipts of the office for June, 1914, totaled 64 cents.

Inspector Ross moved his headquarters from Topeka to Kansas City weeks ago, when the department began inspection in Kansas under the new law passed by the 1915 legislature, which made it a misdemeanor for employes of the Kansas City Board of Trade to cross the state line into Kansas and inspect shipments of grain. The result is that the state is collecting the fees that formerly were collected on Kansas that formerly were collected on Kansas grain on Kansas soil by the Missouri

board of trade.

The Kansas department will begin

weighing the grain July 1, which practically will double the receipts.

Mr. Ross was appointed by Governor Hodges, in 1913, and was retained in office by Governor Capper because of the officient and fair administration. his efficient and fair administration of the office under the old law.

and the best hogs went to the scales at fully steady prices. The quality was good. The extreme range of sales was made from \$7.07.50 a cwt. and the bulk of sales ranged from \$7.50.07.60 a cwt. Range of prices:

Cholee hogs, over 250 pounds. \$7.45.07.50 a cwt. Cholee hogs, over 290 pounds. \$7.00.76.60 b Cholee hogs, over 290 pounds. \$7.00.76.760 b Cholee hogs, over 290 pounds. \$7.00.760 b Cholee hogs, over 290 pounds. \$7.00.760 b Cholee hogs, over 290 pounds. \$7.00.760 b Cholee

Meat Meal—Feeding Tankage. Ground Bone—Meat Scraps. For particulars and prices address, COCHRANE PACKING COMPANY Central and Water Streets, Kansas City, Kansas.

LIVESTOCK AUCTIONEERS.

FLOYD CONDRAY, Stockdale, Kansas

R. L. Harriman, Bunceton, Mo. Solling all kinds of pure bred livestock. Address as above

ANIMAL PHOTOGRAPHY and sketching: all mals. Write for prices. Harry Spurling, Taylorville, III.

John D. Snyder Sells pure bred live stock, real estate and general sales. HUTCHINSON, KAR.

Livestock auctioneer. Write for open dates. Jas. T. McGulloch, Clay Center, Kan. The breed I am selling for every year. Write for open dates.

Spencer Young, Osborne, Kan. Livestock Auctioneer. Write for dates.

WILL MYERS, Livestock Auctioneer BELOIT, KANSAS. Ask the breeders in North Central Kansas. FOR DATES ADDRESS AS ABOVE.

Be an Auctioneer

Travel over the country and make big money. No other profession can be learned so quickly, that will pay as big wages. Next. 4 weeks' term opens Aug. 2, 1915. Are you coming?

Missouri Auction School Largest in the World. W. B. Carpenter, Pres. 818 Walnut St., Kansas City, Mo.

Col. E. Walters Skedee Oklahoma W.B. Carpenter 818 Walnut St. Kansas City, Mo.

Sell your farms and city property at auction, as well as your pedigreed livestock. Write either for dates. Also instructors in

Missouri Auction School

BERKSHIRES.

Hazlewood's Berkshires Spring boars, bred gilts—immune: priced to sell. W. O. HAZLEWOOD, WICHITA, KANS.

High-Class Berkshires Winter and spring pigs of either sex and outstanding boars a specialty. Write J.T. BAYER, YATES CENTER, KANSAS

Big Type Unpampered

BERKSHIRES Cholera Immune. 150 sows bred to Fair Rival 10th, King's 4th Masterpiece, Truetype, King's Truetype, and the great show boar King's 10th Masterpiece. All long, large and heavy boned. Sows farrow every week from March 1 to Dec. 1. 80 bred sows and gilts to farrow soon. Open gilts and boars ready for service. Not a poor back or foot. Every man his money's worth. E. D. KING, Burlington, Kansas.

Sutton Farm Berkshires

The Greatest Winners of 1914

Winning at the five leading state fairs, issouri. (inter-state) Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, (inter-state) lowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma where are held the largest swine shows in the world—over 100 Championships, firsts and seconds, including Grand Champion Boar Prize at each show on the 1000-pound DUKE'S BACON.

Herd headers, foundation stock and show yard material our specialty.

Sutton Farm, Lawrence, Kans.

HAMPSHIRES.

C. I. Drumm & Sons, Longford, Kan. Breeders of Hamp-Spotted Polands 4 Nov. Hampshire boars, \$15 each. Spring pigs, both sexes and breeds 1 yr. bull. Address as above.

Shaw's Hampshires Boars ready for service. Spring pigs, either sex. Pairs and trios at reduced prices. All nicely belted. Satisfaction



HAMPSHIRES Best of blood lines, well marked pigs, pairs or trios, with young boar to mate gilts. Breeding stock at all times for sale. Satisfaction guaranteed. S. E. SMITH, LYONS, KANSAS.

Registered Guernsey Bulls,

Anyone interested in a Guernsey built of the best breeding should look up the ad of T. W. Bradley in this issue. Mr. Bradley is proprietor of the Barrymore Guernsey Farms at Parkville, Mo., where he has one of the state's best herds of Guernseys. The stock is of the very best breeding and are first class individuals. Look up the ad and write for more definite information.—Advertisement.

Sutton Farm Doddles.

Sutton Farm Doddles.

It was a very inspiring sight to see the cows, calves and show herds of Aberdeen Angus, at the Sutton & Porteous ranch just north of Lawrence. A very notable feature is, no matter what lot you are looking at, there is among them a champion or the get of champions. Sutton & Porteous have enjoyed a show record equaled by few and those who breed Angus will do well to keep this herd in mind when buying new stock.

—Advertisement.

HAMPSHIRES

REGISTERED HAMPSHIRES 150 gilts and boars, all ages, Cholera immuned Description guaranteed. C. E. LOWRY, Oxford, Kan.

IMMUNE HAMPSHIRES Boars, bred gilts, tried sows and weanlings. Out prices for 30 days. DR. E. G. L. HARBOUR,



For Hampshire Hogs, Dutch Belted Cattle, Arab Stallion COLLIE DOGS AND WRITE & W. WEISENBAUM, ALTAMONT, KANSAS.



Pure bred, well-belted sows and gilts for sale; will farrow in April and May. Also herd boar and soveral spring boars, all well marked and good blood. Write for information; satisfaction guaranteed E. G. BURT, Eureka, Kansas.

POLAND CHINAS.



CHINAS

Pigs—big type—pedigreed. Pairs and trios. Shipped on approval.

Davis Bros., Box 12, Lincoln, Nebr.

Big Type Poland Chinas for sale. Fall and spring pigs, either sex. Priced low. F. F. WARNER & SON, Bloomfield, Iowa

Original Big Spotted Polands Fall glits open or bred to your order. Spring boars and glits. Write for prices and descriptions. Boar sale November 2.
ALFRED CARLSON. CLEBURNE, KANSAS

Big Type Poland China Pigs Big husky fellows ready to ship. Pairs or trios ot related, sired by Smooth Columbus, Mc. Won-er, Big Wonder and Wonder Chief, Farmers prices, vrite for guaranteed descriptions. Ed.Sheehy, Hume, Mo.

HEDGE WOOD STOCK FARM Leading Big Type Polands

For the next 60 days we will make special prices on weanling pigs. R. F. HOCKADAY, PECULIAR, MO.

Fairview Poland Chinas

P. L. WARE & SON, PAOLA, KANSAS

I Am Booking Orders for a fancy line of my blue ribbon, reserve champion and grand champion boars, also out of prize winning sows. Satisfaction guaranteed. Express prepaid. Start a fancy herd from one of the greatest show herds in existence. W.Z. BAKEN, Rich Hill, No.

ENOS BIG TYPE POLANDS!

Extra good young boars ready for service by Or-phan Chief and Glant Jumbo; 5 herd headers in the lot. Also a few choice glits for first of May farrow. Prices right. Quality high. Must sell soon. A. R. Enos, Ramena, Ka.

Becker's POLAND CHINAS
Spring gilts, Hadley, Expansion, Mastodon, and other
leading strains and safe in pig to Orphan Boy, by Orphan
Chief. Fall pigs, pairs and trios, by Orphan Boy and
Hadley's Wonder, a grantson of A Wonder.

WE PAY THE EXPRESS 00 weaned pigs. Polands and Durocs. \$12.00 Each, Immuned

Guaranteed to never have Cholera. Guaranteed to please or money back. Ozark Hog Ranch Co., 810 Olive, St. Louis, Mo.

Erhart's Big Type Polands

A few choice late fall males sired by Orphan Big Gun and Big Hadley Jr. Also a few late October pigs by the great 1200 pound Robidoux. Am now booking orders for spring pigs by these boars to be shipped in June. Send your order early. Address

A. J. Erhart & Sons, Ness City, Kan.

O. I. C. HOGS.

Herd Boar For Sale Gilts to farrow open. Pigs, pairs and trios. A. G. Cook, Luray, Kan.

One Good Herd Boar For Sale, and four Sep-bred O. I. C. G. W. ACKLEY, PORTIS, KANSAS

O. I.C. BRED SOWS and GILTS

A few tried sows and gilts bred for summer farrow; boars ready for service, pairs and trios not related. Best I ever offered. Very reasonable prices. JOHN H. NEEF, BOONVILLE, MISSOURI

TURNER'S CHESTER WHITES and Chief Select breeding. \$15 each, Pairs \$22, Trios \$35.Buy early and save on express One of the largest and best herds in the west. Amoe Turner, Wilber, Saliae Co., Nob.

O. L. C. Private Sale! 70 March and April pigs at \$15 each. Choice Sept. boars \$15 to \$25 each. Sept. gilts bred to your order. Write for further information. CHAS.N. SNYDER, Effingham, Kan. (Atchison County)

Choice O.I.C.Pigs

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Spring pigs, \$12 each, \$23 per pair; \$33 per trio. Bred glits, \$30 to \$25 each. Have spring boars, no kin to glits or their pigs. Bred sows, \$30 to \$35. My herd carries prize winning blood and represents the most popular strains in the country. Each individual guaranteed to satisfy. F. J. GREINER, BILLINGS, MISSOURI

WHAT BREEDERS ARE DOING

FRANK HOWARD, Manager Livestock Department. FIELDMEN.

A. B. Hunter, S. W. Kansas and West Okla, 614 So. Water St., Wichita, Kan. John W. Johnson, N. Kansas and S. Ne-braska. 820 Lincoln St., Topeka, Kan. Ed R. Dorsey, North Missouri, Iowa and Illinois, Cameron, Mo. Jesse R. Johnson, Nebraska, 1937 South 16th St., Lincoln, Neb. C. H. Hay, S. E. Kan., So. Mo. and E. Okla., 4204 Windsor Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

PUREBRED STOCK SALES.

Claim dates for public sales will be pub-lished free when such sales are to be adver-tised in the Farmers Mail and Breeze. Other-wise they will be charged for at regular

Jacks and Jennets.

Sept. 15—W. H. Ronejue, Atlanta, Mo. Oct. 15—Geo. Lewis & Son, Stahl, Mo. Shorthorn Cattle.

Aug. 12—Chris Wilson, Glåsco, Kan. Oct. 27—Henry H. Kuper, Humboldt, Neb. Oct. 28—E. E. Dowell & Son, Hiawatha, Kan.

Poland China Hogs.

Poland China Hogs.

Sept. 1—C. D. McPherson, Grantville, Kan.
Sept. 28—J. O. James, Braddyville, Ia.
Sept. 29 and 30—J. D. Gurthet and Ed W.
Cook, Pattonsburg, Mo.
Oct. 15—O. B. Clemetson, Holton, Kan.
Oct. 21—B. Sigel Brown, Reeds, Mo.
Oct. 20—A. F. Bilnde and Geo. Brown; sale
at Tecumseh, Neb.
Oct. 20—H. C. Graner, Lancaster, Kan.
Oct. 21—H. B. Walter, Effingham, Kan.
Oct. 26—Herman Gronniger & Sons, Bendena, Kan.
Oct. 27—Fred G. Laptad, Lawrence, Kan.
Nov. 3—J. L. Griffiths, Riley, Kan.
Jan. 21—A. F. Bilnde and Geo. Brown; sale
at Auburn, Neb.
Jan. 26—A. J. Swingle, Leonardville, Kan.
Feb. 2—Frazer Bros., Waco, Neb.
Feb. 31—H. J. Beall and Wisel Bros., Roca,
Neb.

Neb.
Feb. 11—S. A. Nelson & Sons, Malcolm, Neb.
Feb. 15—Herman Gronniger & Sons, Bendena, Kan.
Feb. 18—H. C. Graner, Lancaster, Kan.
Feb. 17—Ed Sheehy, Hume, Mo.
Feb. 17—H. B. Walter, Effingham, Kan.
Feb. 18—J. H. Harter, Westmoreland, Kan.

Spotted Poland China Hogs.

Sept. 23—Thos. F. McCall, Carthage, Mo. Oct. 6—H. T. Dickerson, Jameson, Mo. Nov. 2—Alfred Carlson, Cleburne, Kan.

Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

July 28—Dr. C. E. Still, Kirksville, Mo.
July 28—A. L. Guthridge, Clearwater, Kan.
Sept. 1—W. W. Otey & Sons, Winfield, Kan.
Sept. 2—C. D. McPherson, Perry, Kan.
Oct. 14—Geo. Klusmire, Holton, Kan.
Oct. 27—Fred G. Laptad, Lawrence, Kan.
Nov. 3—Martin Kelley, Verdon, Neb.
Nov. 8—E. N. Farnham, Hope, Kan.
Jan. 24—Geo. Briggs & Sons, Clay Center,
Neb. Nov. 3—Martin Kelley, Verdon, Neb. Nov. 8—E. N. Farnham, Hope, Kan. Jan. 24—Geo. Briggs & Sons, Clay Neb. Feb. 24—J. M. Layton, Irving, Kan.

Chester White Hogs. Feb. 24-J. M. Layton, Irving, Kan.

S. W. Kansas and W. Oklahoma

BY A. B. HUNTER.

Wesley W. Trumbo, Peabody, Kan., has immuned his spring crop of Durce pigs and they are a nice thrifty lot of the fashionably bred kind. He is making attractive prices, especially on pairs and trios. Write him for particulars, mentioning the Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

Ash Grove Durocs.

Ash Grove Duroes.

Paul Sweeney of Bucklin, Kan., owner of the Ash Grove herd of Duroc-Jersey swine, carries a regular card advertisement in the Farmers Mail and Breeze. He has been enjoying a good trade and is changing his copy with this issue. He has already sold all the spring pigs he can spare as he is keeping a nice lot of gilts for a bred sow sale next spring. His present offering includes gilts bred for September farrow, also a nice lot of fall and spring boars. Everything is guaranteed and he is offering his stock at farmer's prices. Write him if interested and kindly mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

Plan a Visit to Lookabaugh's.

Plan a Visit to Lookabaugh's.

H. C. Lookabaugh, Watonga, Okia, has recently purchased the great bull, Fair Acre Sultan, by White Hall Sultan, and 40 head of richly bred cows and heifers from the best herds of the North and East to mate with him and his other splendid herd bulls. On this account he has decided to put on a summer reduction sale of Shorthorns, and is offering 60 head, 20 young bulls and 40 heifers, 14 to 18 months old. They are richly bred and Mr. Lookabaugh has so much faith in them that he offers to guarantee satisfaction or money refunded. He also offers, as you will note in his advertising, to pay 50 per cent of the purchase price of any female for her calf at a year old. This is the time to get bargains at Pleasant Valley Stock Farm and if you have been planning to visit and talk Shorthorns with Lookabaugh now is the best time. Write, wire or phone him when to meet you. Please mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze,—Advertisement.

Shepherd's Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

Shepherd's Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

G. M. Shepherd of Lyons, Kan., is offering seven fine Duroc-Jersey boars of September farrow. They are sired by Good Enuf's Chief Colonel and Otey's Dream and are out of exceptionally well bred dams. Three of these are of strictly herd header material. Mr. Shepherd is anxious to move these boars during the next 30 days. He has 80 fine spring pigs and can sell pairs or trios not related. If interested write him, mentioning the Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

Your Pick My Band 27 Blk, 3-4-5-Yr.-Old

Stallions, \$400; Your bick my band 18 blk. 2-yr-old stallions, \$300. Registered Percherons. Sound, blg-boned, extra growthy. Sire black 2260 lb. Imported; dams mostily ton imported blacks. It's the peddler's profit that makes stallions dear buyers can save hundreds of dollars by coming to this ranch for growers prices and big selection. Just above Kansascily. Fred thandler, Fercheon Ensels, R., Charlion, i.e.

Percheron Stallion SAMMASETTE 4601. Pages old, a page breeder, a cound, for M. Wilson, LEBANON, KANSAS.

MULE FOOT HOGS.

Mule Foot Hogs Stock of all kinds for won in 1912, '13 and '14 than any herd in the U. S. Write your wants. ZENE G. HADLEY, Wilmington, O.

Registered Mule Foot Hogs Large, growthy kind. Some choice stock for sale.
Write for prices. Freeland & Hildwine, Marion, Kan.

DUROC-JERSEYS.

DUROCS 200 FALL and SPRING PIGS, both sex. Priced for quick sale. ALEX C. HILL, Hope, Kansac

TRUMBO'S DUROCS

Choice gilts, bred or open, sired by The Climax, by Climax, and of the great sow, Doty; also a few fall boars. Sprin plgs pairs and trios unrelated, priced reasonable, and satis action guaranteed. Wesley W. Trumbo, Peabody, Ks.

Walnut Grove Durocs

One herd boar, also several other boars. Spring igs, either sex; also booking orders for bred sows pigs, either sex; also booking orders for bred sows.
The Man with R. C. Watson, Altoona, Kan.

Huston's Durocs

Special prices on 15 nice fall boars, the tops of our fall litters sired by Country Gentleman 132541 and Goldden Model 4th 161011. All immune. " W. R. Huston, Americus, Ks

Ash Grove Durocs Choice gilts, bred for September farrow. Fall an apring boars at farmers' prices. Everything guaranteed PAUL SWEENEY, BUCKLIN, KANSAS

Rice County Herd Durocs U need a boar—better buy him now. 7 fine Sept, boars, sired by Good Enuff's Chief Col. and Otey's Dream. From excellent dams. 80 spring pigs. Every hog immune. Write your wants today. G. M. SHEPHERD, LYONS, KANSAS

Immune Bred Gilts \$25 Each

Ten classy fall gilts, bred for September farrow, also bred sows. Large easy feeders, very best of breeding. Fall boars ready for service.

JOHN A. REED, LYONS, KANSAS

DUROC-JERSEYS.

Duroc Boars and Gilts September farrow 220 each J. B. Duncan, Flush, Ks. (Shipping Petnt, St. George, Es.)

BONNIE VIEW STOCK FARM

Spring pigs for sale, sired by Tat-A-Walla, Kant's Model Enough and A Critic; also three registered Holstein bulls, 6 months to 3 years old. SEARLE & COTTLE, BERRYTON, KANSAS

WOODDELL'S DUROCS Herd headed by Rex E. Nuff by Good E Nuff Again King and brother to Otey's Dream. Spring boars and gilts priced reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. G. B. WOODDELL, WINFIELD, KANSAS



Duroc - Jerseys!

100 spring pigs \$10. Gilts with litters \$40. Johnson Workman, Russell, Kan.

Howe's Durocs

Sows and glits strong in the best blood of the treed and bred to my good herd bears. I am now eady to book orders for early spring pigs, pairs and ries unrelated. Priced where you will buy and be leased. J. U. HOWE, Route S, Wichitz, Kansga.

Hillcrest Farm Durocs-30 October boars and gilts for sale, Also spring pigs, both sexes at weaning time, Popular breeding and popular prices. Give me a trial order.

DR. E. N. FARNHAM, HOPE, KAN.

Bancroft's Durocs

D. O. BANCROFT, OSBORNE, KANSAS

Maplewood Farm Durocs

We offer 40 bred sows at attractive prices. Big, well grown spring gilts. Best of breeding. Address,

MOTT & SEABORN, HERINGTON, KANSAS

Rahy bears \$10 February and March farrow, sixed by Bell the Boy, he understand first arthur arthur than the Boy and the second for the second first the second for the second first the blargest boin farmed second for ever used and a sixong sixe. A few fall gills bred to Bell the Boy, for \$55, All stock faminus. Any hos, not satisfactory can be resurred by paying express one way. Call and see our boy and poulty farm. Half section fenced hog tight with two big farrowing barns, notices equipment and up to date watering system.

ROSE Comb Rhode Island Reds troop rice vinners 20 incubates word of colory broad them carried. Shipping points: Corway, Metherses, Medors. R. W. BALDWIN, CONWAY, KAN.

REGISTERED HOLSTEINS one five month old bull, by Shadybrook Gerbon Sir Korndyke, Write of further information. BEN SCHMEIDER, Nortonville, Kas

HOLSTEIN BULLS—DUROC-JERSEYS

Holstein buils, six months to 3 years old. Also fall glits. Very reasonable prices. Bonnie View Stock Farm, Berryton, Kansas, or 1429 Topeka Ave., Topeka, Kansas.

Maplehurst Guernseys! Choice registered and grade cows and heifers for sale. A registered herd bull for sale or trade.

A. P. BURDICK, NORTONVILLE, KANSAS

LINSCOTT JERSEYS Premier Register of Merit Herd, Est. 1878. For sale at farmers prices noted Golden Fern, herd bull of proven quality. Greatest official butter tests. R. J. LINSCOTT, HOLTON, KANSAS

SUNFLOWER HERD

HOLSTEIN-FRIESIANS Young service bulls and bull calves from A. R. O. dam at prices never before offered. F.J.Searle, Oskaloosa, Kar

HOLSTEIN CATTLE All females and service-able bulls sold, Have nothing to offer now but bull calves from a few weeks to four months old. The calves are from good producing dams, some giving as much as 70 pounds T. M. EWING, Independence, Kan.

Higginbotham's Holsteins

A few choice registered young bulls for sale at prices that are right. HIGGINBOTHAM BROS., ROSSVILLE, KAM.

TREDICO HOLSTEINS!

Registered Herd each individual will make 8000 pounds as 2-year-old or equivalent. Head of herd has nearest 7 dams that average 22.32 pounds butter in 7 days. Bull calves to sell that are right. GEO. C. TREDICK, KINGMAN, KANSAS

DAIRY CATTLE.

HOLSTEINS Bull calves better than ready to use. H. B. COWLES, TOPEKA, KANSAS.

JERSEY COWS

I will sell my whole herd of good young Jersey milch cows from registered bulls, in any number from one to all hands. All cows, now bred, will drop calves from my six registered bulls. These cows are bred for milk. I will also sell from one to one hundred head of spring calves from these cows by registered bulls. This stock can be seen at my ranch, 8½ miles south of Lakin, Kan. Call or write me. F. P. McALISTER, LAKIN, KANSAS

Herd headed by Sir Julianna Grace DeKol. Dam, semi-official record one year, milk 22,087 pounds, butter 924 pounds. Sire's dam, semi-official record, one year as three year old, butter 1,028 pounds; three years con-secutive 3,000 pounds. Bull calves for sale.

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Three Young Registered Bulls for sale, carrying the blood of Raymond of the Preel, Glenwood Boy of Haddon, Mashers Sequel. Out of dams of exceptional breeding. Write for prices and pedigrees.

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SOLD OUT will have some choice young malesandfemales to offer about August 1,1915. Accordial invitation is extended to anyone wishing to visit the farm.

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Registered horned and double standard polled
Hereford Bulls For Sale
Also a few horned heifers. JOHN M. LEWIS, LARNED, KANS.

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We have a few extra fine Hereford Bulls or sale and twenty cows. Get our herd cat-log. J. J. EARLY, Box B-186, Baring, Mo.



50 Hereford

SAM DRYBREAD KANSAS

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CAPITAL VIEW GALLOWAYS

om 6 months to 2 years; also a few females rnand quick maturing type. G. E. Clark, Topeka, Kan.



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Yearling and two years old. Best of breeding and a grand lot of individuals. Write for prices and descriptions. E. J. GUILBERT, Wallace, Kans.

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Aberdeen Angus Cattle Herdheaded by Louis of View-point 4th. 150624, half by other to the Champion cow of America.

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Young stock sired by reliable herd huils for sale, singly or in car lots. See our herd of cows and show herd at Lawrence or write us. Phone, Bell 8454. Sutton & Porteous, Route 6, Lawrence, Kan.

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FOSTER'S RED POLLED CATTLE Write for prices on breeding cattle. C. E. FOSTER, R. R. 4. Eldorado, Kansas.

RED POLLED CATTLE BEST of BLOOD LINES and cattle that will please you. Cows, heifers and young bulls, at attractive prices. I.W.POULTON, MEDORA, KAN.



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Double Standard Polled DURHAMS Six yearling bulls. A number of under year-ling bulls. 2 good French draft stallions and some jacks. C. M. HOWARD, Hammond, Ks.

Shorthorn Bulls For Sale! 1 two-yr-old, 4 yearlings and 1 long yearling. Reds and roans. L. M. Noffsinger, Osborne, Kan.

Pure Bred Dairy Shorthorns

Double Marys (Flatereck Strain) and Rose of Sharon families. Registered Pol: and Chinns. Breeding stock for sale. Address R. M. ANDERSON, Beloit, Kansas

For Sale 20 Shorthorn Bulls 18 to 25 months old. Mostly by a spiendid grandson of Choice Goods.
United States Gypsum Co., Blue Rapids, Ks.
(On the E. R. Morgan Farm.)

Shorthorn Bull Fine roan, 14 months old, Pure Scotch.

C. E. HILL, Toronto, Kansas

SHORTHORNS

KELLEY BROS., CARDNER, KANS.

Pearl Herd Shorthorns

Valiant 346162 and Marengo's Pearl 391962 in service on herd. Choice early spring bulls by Valiant for sale. Thrifty and good prospects, Scotch and Scotch topped. Correspondence and inspection invited

C. W. Taylor Abilene, Kansas

N. Kansas and S. Nebraska

BY JOHN W. JOHNSON.

The United States Gypsum Company, Blue Rapids, Kan., offers 20 Shorthorn buils, ranging in ages from 18 to 25 months old. They are a selected lot and are to be found on the E. R. Morgan farm joining Blue Rapids. Write them at Blue Rapids today, mentioning their advertisement which appears in the Shorthorn section of this issue of the Farmers Mail and Breeze,—Advertisement.

B. N. Welch, Waterville, Kan., has for sale an unusually well bred Jersey buil, 1 year old. He is a grandson of Golden Fern's Lad and out of 500 pound cow by Gold Link's Gold Boy. This bull is for sale at a fair price and should go to some good Jersey cattle herd. Look up Mr. Welch's advertisement in the Marshail county breeders' advertising section and write him for more complete information about this bull.—Advertisement.

Busy at Capital View Ranch.

During the past two weeks G. E. Clark, proprietor of the Capital View herd of registered Galloway cattle, has been very busy sorting out and shaping up his breeding herds for their respective pastures, so as to get the cows in separate pastures whereby they can be bred to some one of the numerous herd bulls that he thinks will cross best. The cow herd numbers about 250 head and he is using such bulls as: Imported Emperor of Drumlanrig, a very choice animal and bred by the Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry, K. G., K. T., Drumlanrig Castle, Thornhill, Scotland, Imported Novelist, sired by Javelin, that won first premium four years at Dalbeattle, three times at Castle Douglas, also Dumfries and other great shows of Great Britain. Meadow Lawn Medalist, by imported Worthy 3d, he being grand champion at World's Fair, 1904, and many other great shows. Casino, by imported Captain 4th of Tarbreoch, champion bull for four consecutive years. Meadow Lawn Medalist and Casino have also won high show-ring honors and proven themselves sires of great merit. Mr. Clark's show herd, which he has been so successful with the past three years, are mostly sired by Meadow Lawn Medalist, and he now has some very choice individuals a mong his yearling bulls he is offering for sale elsewhere in this issue, sired by this great bull, also a few by a son of the great bull imported Campfollower 3d of Stepford, that weighed over 2,500 pounds and cost Mr. Clark more money than was ever paid for a Galloway bull in America. He is offering about 30 head of these bulls, and anyone in need of a choice individual at the regular price of range bulls can be thin from the Capital View herd at this time. A visit to this herd where many of the good, animals of the breed are kept will be a benefit to anyone interested in good cattle, Do not fall to see these young bulls if at all in need of a bull.—Advertisement.

N. Missouri, Iowa and Illinois

BY ED. R. DORSEY.

Fred Chandler's Percherons.

Fred Chandler's Percherons.

At Chariton, Iowa, Fred Chandler maintains one of the largest herds of Percherons in the country. Here he has established a collection of breeding animals that ranks well up among the Percheron stude of the United States. Among the noted mares in this herd should be mentioned Dutch, Black Beauty, Queen Mabel, Lady Brilliant, Juiette, Eugene, Ertrude, Belle of France, Goldie, Brilliant's Model Marie, and others. These mares are producing coits every day and Mr. Chandler is very busy at this time taking care of them. Being a thorough horseman, Mr. Chandler knows how to produce the big ones, the kind that are in demand in every breeding community and he takes special pride in showing his customers the sires and dams of his offering. Besides the 2-year-olds and yearlings there are about 30 head of 3 and 4-year stallions ready for saie at this time. They will average in weight from 1,750 to 2,150. Many of these horses Mr. Chandler offers at prices make it possible for every community to have a strictly high class stallion in its midst. We especially recommend Mr. Chandler and his bred Percherons to readers of this paper. When writing him kindly mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze.—

Nebraska

BY JESSE R. JOHNSON.

Frazer Brothers Claim Date.

Frazer Brothers Claim Date.

Frazer Brothers, the big type Poland China breeders, at Waco, Neb., authorize us to claim February 2 as the date for their yearly bred sow sale, Frazer Brothers have one of the best herds in Nebraska, numbering over 125 head. At the head of the herd are the splendid big boars Big Jumbo, one of the very best sons of the noted Wade's Jumbo, Long Jumbo, a son of McGrath's Jumbo, and Timm's Image, a son of Big Timm. The 100 spring pigs are by the boars mentioned with some by Big Bone Giant, a Peter Mouw bred boar. The sow herd is composed of large smooth animals that combine some of the best breeding of the times, Frazer Brothers are careful and reliable breeders and have built up a good business by breeding the kind that the best trade demands.—Advertisement.

S. E. Kan., S. Mo. and E. Okla.

BY C. H. HAY.

C. E. Hill. Shorthorn breeder, Toronto, Kan., has for sale a fine Scotch bull. He is roan in color, 14 months old, and the best he raised this year. His sire was Golden Cruickshank. Anyone wanting a good herd bull will do well to write Mr. Hill at once.—Advertisement.

Hockaday's Poland Chinas.

R. F. Hockaday, Peculiar, Mo., has for sale some spring pigs out of some of the best sown that have been sold in this section the past two years. Some of these pigs are nearly ready for service and we recommend them to any of our readers who want Poland Chinas.—Advertisement.

Marshall Co. Pure Bred Stock Breeders

poses. It is economy to visit herds located in one locality. For the best in purebred livestock write these breeders or visit their herds.

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Willowbrook Farm Herefords Nearling and twoyear-old heifers for sale. Also a choice lot of young bulls. B. M. WINTER, HIVING, KANSAS

HEREFORDS—POLANDS Herds established 30 years, 125 Herefords. 90 spring pigs, and 18 bulls, 11 to 15 months old, for sale. S. W. TILLEY, IRVING, KANSAS

Sedlaeck Herefords! A nice of young bulls for this fal.'s trade. Address, JAS. F. SEDLAECK, BLUE RAPIDS, KAN.

PRESTON HEREFORDS Herd established in 1881. Come to Marshall county for Herefords. Address F. W. PRESTON, Blue Rapids, kansas

Choice Two-Year-Old Bred Heifers and a Feb. buil for sale. Also 10 spring buils. Address GEO. E. MILLER, Dlue Rapids, Kansas

B.E.& A.W.Gibson, Blue Rapids, Kas. ld bull and some choice young bulls. Address as

Home of Parsifal 24th Write me about a good herd bull. 25 spring buils for this fall's trade. C. G. STEELE, BARNES, KANSAS

FIVE YEARLING BULLS FOR SALE! 12 spring bulls for the fall trade. For prices and descriptions address, Tom Wallace, Barnes, Kansas

Wm. Acker's Herefords! About 25 spring bulls for this fall and winter trade. Address WM. ACKER, Vermillion, Ks.

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For Sale-4 Jersey Bulls sired by Lorne, out of St. Lambert bred cows. Ready for service. C. H. MILLS, Waterville, Kanses

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Dr.P.C.McCall, Irving, Kansas Short-horns, For sale: One 10 months old pure Scotch buil and one 18 months old Scotch topped buil. Write for prices.

or prices. G. F. HART, Summerfield, Ks.

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10 Shorthorn Bulls 5 March and April calves. Write for prices. H. A. BERENS, SUMMERFIELD, KANSAS

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Registered Hampshires Weaning pies 810 each ton guaranteed. F. D. Wempe, Frankfort, Kan.

POLAND CHINA HOGS.

Albright's Polands For Sale Jan. gilts. 12 last fall gilts. 34 March and April boars and gilts. A. L. ALERIGHT, WATERVILLE, KAN.

COPELAND'S POLANDS For Sale: 14 Sept. gilts bred to your order. 40 March and April pigs. Address N. E. COPLLAND, Waterville, Kansa

DUROC-JERSEY HOGS

Red Polls, Duroc-Jersey, and O. I. C. hogs. Boars of both breeds at reasonable prices. Bred sow sale, Feb. 24. J. M. LAYTON, IRVING, KAN.

10 September Gilts bred for fell boars and gi to by Illustrator, 40 March and April pigs, B. F. SKADDEN & SON, Frankfort, Kansas

W. J. HARRISON ANTELL, KAN. Red Polled Leghorns, Breeding stock for saic. Correspondence invited.

Bred Sows and Gills for Sept, and Oct. Far-boars. A nice lot of March and April pics. Address HOWELL BROS., HERKIMER, KARS.

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Young Heifers. 14 to 18 Months Old.

Young Heifers, 14 to 18 Months Old.

We guarantee satisfaction and any time within 12 months when you buy two or more of these Shorthorns and feel you have bought them too high ship them back and get your money. 6 to 9 months' time if required. A written guarantee will also be given to pay you 50 per cent of purchase price of any female for her calf at a year old. We have recently purchased Fair Acre Sultan, by White Hall Sultan and 40 head of richly bred cows and heifers from the best herds of the north and east, to mate with him and our other herd bulls and here this summer sale of Shorthorns to make room for them.

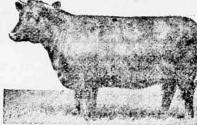
Every day, right now, is burgain day at Pleasant Valley Stock Farm. If you have been planning to give us a visit come soon. Write, phone or wire when to meet you.



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175 Head of Shorthorns consisting of many choice animals that carry the blood of neted sires and fashionable families. Built up from foundation stock purchased from the best breeders of the Southwest.

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Mich.

The 12 H-P. WITTE engine on my farm has been used for many purposes, and at all times has given the bear of shisfaction. Find by comparison with other size out of operation is considerably less. — John M. Egan, Pres. Metropolitan Street Railway Co., Kanasz City, Mo.

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I am a good friend of the WITTE engine, having used B. 22 H-P. for nearly seven years.—Jas. R. Plumb, R. P. D. No. 1, Emporia, Kana.

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During the 12 years, my 12 H-P. WITTE engine has cost me practically nothing for requirs. I run a 15-inch ensiling cutter and cut a waspon-load of green corn in h-inch lengths and lift it into the silo in 12 minutes. I still believe that no engine is better.—John A. Reynolds, Winchester, Kana.

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None.

My 6 H-P. WITTE engine certainly does to work in great shape. It takes just one-aif as much gasoline as the make made made which my partner is using.—M. Heinback, Heartwell, Rebr.

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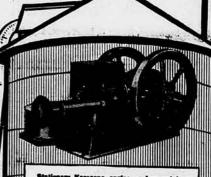


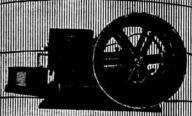
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