# Mannsas Fallmet



BASIC SHIPMENTS of semen include 12 vials, 2 for each dairy breed. They are attached by rubber bands to cans of ice and are insulated and packed.



HARRY MUDGE, in the station laboratory, examines a sample of semen befor shipment. The new Service Uninow serves 48 counties.



EARL L. FARMER, in charge of artificial breeding work at Kansas State College packs a field kit for shipment to a local inseminator.

# Success in a Hurry

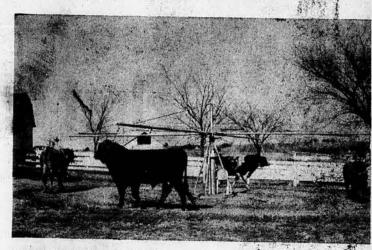
What dairymen saw and heard at Manhattan was good news

SUCCESS has come in a hurry to the Kansas Artificial Breeding Service Unit, Manhattan. After only 6 months of operation, the unit held open house for Kansas dairymen on Labor Day, September 4. What dairymen saw and heard about the new plant and its operation was good news indeed. Here is a brief progress report for you folks who didn't get to attend the open house.

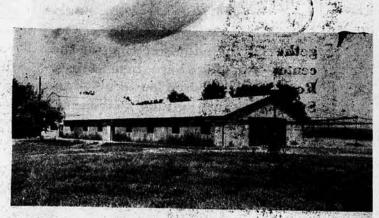
The Kansas Artificial Breeding Service Unit is serving 48 active local units in 48 counties. These 48 units represent 4,992 dairymen and about 45,000 cows. "About 3 times the volume we expected," says Prof. F. W. Atkeson, head, dairy husbandry department, Kansas State College.

Breeding efficiency has been increasing from the very start. First month it was 41 per cent on first service. In April it climbed to 53 per cent, May 56 per cent, and June 62 per cent. The national average for all natural and artificial breeding is 63 per cent. "We feel pretty good to reach such a high level of efficiency in the first 6 months," says Professor Atkeson, "since everybody on our resident and field staff was green to start with."

This improved efficiency is even more remarkable when you stop to think new local units [Continued on Page 30]



BULLS AT THE CENTRAL STATION get 1 hour exercise daily, walking 1½ miles in the process. The exerciser is operated by an electric motor.



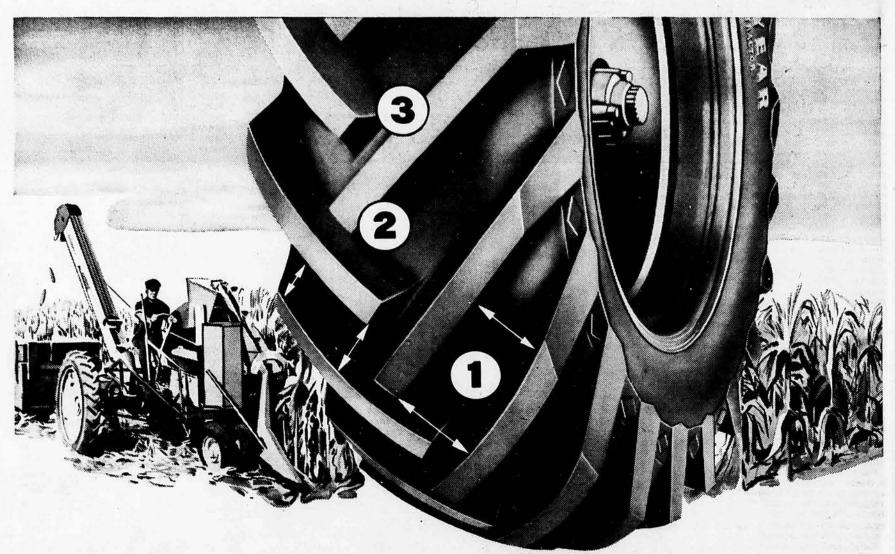
OPEN HOUSE was held September 4, at Manhattan, for the new Kansas Artificial Breeding Service Unit, shown here. The barn is 40 by 140 feet, housing 29 buils, the laboratory and offices.

MANHATTAN KANS
COMP-K 2 COPIES

## • Roasting Ears Take Spotlight. Page 4

<sup>•</sup> Insure Against Disease......Page 10

<sup>•</sup> Tough Life for Insects........... Page 14



# First choice of farmers -because it's first in traction

Only Super-Sure-Grips give you all three!

Wedge-Grip Action. Note how Goodyear Super-Sure-Grip lugs are set closer together at the shoulder than at the center—don't flare out as in most tires. Result: soil is wedged between Super-Sure-Grip lugs, giving a stronger, firmer grip.

Straight-Bar Lugs. Because Goodyear's husky lugs are set straight as a ruler, they give you more gripping surface than lugs that toe in. Result: SUPER-SURE-GRIPS give you full-lug pull for their full length and depth — the greatest pull on earth!

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C.E.N.T.E.R. Only Goodyear gives you straight, even-balanced, equal-size, wedge-grip lugs—with no mud collecting connectors, hooks or knobs. Result: SUPER-SURE-GRIPS give deeper bite, more even pull, smoother ride, longer wear!

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# GOODFYEAR

Super-Sure-Grip Tractor Tires

Super-Sure-Grip—T. M.
The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio

FFECTIVE January 1, America's Social Security program will bring farmers into a new relation with the federal government. About everybody connected with farm work—on or off the farm—will now be under social security. Under the new Act, passed during the latter part of August, benefits are extended to farm workers who meet certain conditions of employment. Regular farm workers can get a pension at 65. Or benefits will go to survivors.

The new Social Security Act requires farmer-employers to pay half the cost and collect the other half from the worker. The farmer must keep records for both himself and the worker. Also, he must make payments for both to the U. S. Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Revenue.

The program is concerned with 3-month quarter work periods. Here are the conditions which bring a worker under the act. He must first work continuously for one employer for one quarter; altho he gets no credit for this toward his pension, he is not taxed. Then he must work for the same employer for at least 60 days out of the next quarter. His cash earnings must be not less than \$50. The steady worker is favored. One who changes employment must work about 2 quarters to get credit for one.

### Who Pays the Tax

Who Pays the Tax

The total tax is 3 per cent on the first \$3,600 of a worker's pay. The worker and his employer both pay 1½ per cent. The employer turns this tax into the government at the end of each quarter. The same kind of form used in other businesses will be used.

Farmers who are or may be subject to social security taxes should keep records on which payments to the government may be based. Farmers also should see to it their workers are registered for social security and have a social security number.

Rules and regulations on how the new Act works will be issued in the near future. Information can be obtained from the nearest U. S. Bureau of Internal Revenue office.

### New Egg Cases, Flats And Fillers Designed

Eggs produced today have "grown"—they're larger than those of a few years ago, reports the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The PMA conducted studies on sizes of eggs produced, measuring a total of 16,000 eggs. Studies also were made on development of new standards and specifications for egg cases and packing materials. The poultry industry also investigated this problem of fitting the slightly larger eggs of today into cases and materials in general use.

Now, new "regular" egg cases and fillers designed to cut losses thru shipping are being advocated. The new standard fillers may be used in oldstyle cases, but the new standard flats require the new standard depth of case, which is 13 inches.

According to PMA, here is what egg-case users should do now: (1) buy only new-style, "regular" egg cases

### KANSAS FARMER

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Topeka, Kansas

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Three years, \$1; one year, 50 cents. Copy 5c.

and fillers; (2) after October 1, 1850, specify "regular" flats when making purchases; (3) keep old-style flats on hand for use during the coming packing season for use with old standard egg cases still in circulation; and (4) help yourself and the industry to cut down egg losses by changing over to

Social Security Benefits SEP 16 1950w-style cases and packing materials social security Benefits SEP 16 1950w-style cases and packing materials manufacturers of these materials have agreed to make them available during the 1951 egg-packing season.

### Larger Eggs Produced

The work of developing new stand-The work of developing new standards and sizes began about 5 years ago.
The PMA comments that science started it. Almost 20 years of breeding for improved chickens produced better layers and larger eggs

### Four Foreign Farmers Complete Kansas Training

LIBRARY

FOUR young farmers from 2 "Marshall Plan" European countries who have been "working guests" on Kansas farms the last 2 months, completed their on-the-job training, August 14. A. F. Turner, Extension district agent at large at Kansas State College, states they have moved on to further agricultural study in other states.

The 4 foreign farmers are: Niels P.

The 4 foreign farmers are: Niels P. Dundtoft, 25, and Svend E. Hansen, 22, of Denmark, and J. M. Brinkman, 20, and Jan Weijns, 26, of the Netherlands. They were brought to the United States by the Economic Cooperation Administration.

Dundtoft lived on the Fred Richards farm, in Shawnee county, near Meri-

den. There he observed a diversified Kansas farm operation, including wheat harvest. Hansen observed the large Holstein dairy of the Phillips Brothers, in Pottawatomic county. The Grover Poole ranch, located in the Flint Hills south of Manhattan, was the summer home of Brinkman. Weijns has been learning Kansas agricultural practices at the farm of Gaylord Munson, Junction City.

son, Junction City.

There are a total of 35 young Danish farmers from dairy, stock and grain farmers from dairy, stock and grain farms now visiting in America. Under a similar ECA plan, 49 young Dutch agriculturists are also studying our farm methods by observation and work on various types of farms.

### **Announce Wheat Price Support**

Secretary of Agriculture Brannan announced August 21 the national average price support for the 1951 wheat crop will not be less than \$1.99 a bushel. This is the same as the support level now in effect for the 1950 crop.

According to the Production and Marketing Administration of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, the 1951 crop support is announced in accordance with applicable legislation that support for field crops be announced in advance of the planting season. As the planting season approaches for spring-seeded 1951 crops, consideration will be given to the individual situation confronting each crop. Support levels will be announced based upon considerations.

The Agricultural Act of 1949 makes The Agricultural Act of 1949 makes price support mandatory for 1951 crop wheat at 80 to 90 per cent of parity. If parity is higher at the beginning of the 1951-52 marketing year, the support will be increased to reflect 90 per cent of parity at that time. But in no event will the support be less than \$1.99 a bushel as a national average. bushel as a national average.

### Senator Capper on Radio

Every Sunday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock Senator Arthur Capper discusses national questions over WIBW radio station.



• On the Erlin P. Schweitzer farm, Osborne, Kansas, this Diesel D2 is shown pulling a 27-foot drill hitch. At third speed, the outfit easily seeds 8 acres per hour, with the D2 burning less than 134 gallons of low-cost fuel.

So the man on the deep-cushioned seat takes it easy, sowing 80 acres in a 10-hour day. Aside from filling the drill boxes, his main effort is a light pull on a handy steering lever - to turn around at the ends!

You simplify your farming a lot of ways when you hitch your future to "Caterpillar" Diesel Power. Non-slip all-soil traction assures, a big pulling power bonus. Savings on fuel expense commonly run 60% to 80%, compared to spark-ignition power replaced. Advantages like these greatly increase manpower efficiency; provide unusual control of operating costs; help boost yield and profit.

Request your copy of the "Caterpillar" booklet on wheat farming at any Kansas "Caterpillar" store. And feel free to drop in and discuss any phase of farming or con-servation work with "Caterpillar" Diesel Equipment.

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# Roasting Ears Take the Spotlight

Here is the story of how the Lower Kaw Valley is making sweet corn replace many acres of Irish potatoes—at a good profit

By DICK MANN

HARMERS around Turner, in Wyandotte county, would like to start a new national pastime. This would begin at mealtime with the words: "Please pass the roasting ears." You see, sweet corn is becoming a major crop in the lower Kaw valley where Irish potatoes once reigned supreme. Some sweet corn always has

EARS ARE PACKED 5 dozen to the sack by this field worker. Average yield is 125 to 150 sacks an acre.

been raised in the lower Kaw, but acreage has expanded rapidly in the last year or so.

This expansion probably is due to the improved marketing outlet thru the Valley Growers Packing Co. This company combines the talents of 2 ex-farmers, Eugene Hale and Arthur Creten, Jr., with those of 2 marketing experts, Don and Frank Palermo.

These 4 men operate a year-around packing business, using both locally-grown and shippedin products. Sweet corn is a new and rapidlygrowing part of the local business.

Sweet corn at the plant is packed 5 dozen ears to the sack and sold under the brand name, "Green Valley."

"Last year we bought 140,000 sacks of sweet corn from farmers in this area," says Mr. Hale. 'This year we will handle 200,000 sacks and hope for more next year."

This means about 1,500 acres in the area are devoted to sweet corn. Average production runs 125 to 150 sacks an acre. The average grower plants about 30 acres, altho some growers get up to 90 to 100 acres. Biggest daily run at the plant this year was 5,400 sacks.

Sweet corn season in the valley lasts from about July 15 until frost. Prices fluctuate considerably during the season, depending a lot on the season in other corn-growing areas. This year the price to farmers started off at \$1.25 a sack, went down gradually to 60 cents about August 1, then started up again. Last year the price started at 60 cents and kept climbing to

"Our average price to farmers for the entire season will run 80 to 90 cents a sack," says Mr.

All picking is done by hand and the labor cost to farmers is about 10 cents a sack. "Our cost at the plant for clipping and sacking corn runs about 35 cents a sack," says Mr. Hale. It costs another 10 cents a sack [Continued on Page 26]

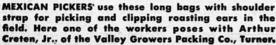


JOHN J. JUBIN, inspector, checks grade on Green Valley brand corn. It must meet U. S. No. 1 standards. Man in rear is spraying shaved ice over layers of corn in truck for shipment.



SACKED CORN is put aboard freight cars or trucks for shipment to city markets.







GROWERS AND PACKERS pose with sacks of Green Valley sweet corn: Lint Worthington, grower; Eugene Hale, Arthur Creten, Jr., and Don Palermo, packers; John J. Jubin, inspector, and Arthur Creten, Sr., grower.

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NE result of the huge military program set off by the Korean war—prelude to World War III in the opinion of many—is higher farm prices. Also, higher prices to be paid by farmers; higher wages; higher taxes-and higher inflation

(cheap money) all the way around.

The Bureau of Agricultural Economics this month estimates farmers' net income for 1950 will be \$1,400,000,000 larger than the pre-Korean estimates indicated. Pre-Korea "cash receipts from farm marketings" were previously estimated by BAE to drop from 1949's \$28,000,000,000 to around \$25,200,000,000 about a 10 per cent drop.

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September's BAE estimate for cash receipts for 1950 is around \$27,500,000,000. This would be a drop of only 2 per cent from 1949, instead of the earlier estimated 10 per cent.

• . Gross farm income now is estimated by BAE to be \$31,500,000,000 for 1950, compared to \$32,200,000,000 in 1949. Gross farm income, in the BAE "book," includes cash receipts from marketings, value of home consumption of farm products, rental value of dwellings, and government payments.

With farm production expenses higher than in 1949," the BAE report states, "farm operators' realized net income this year may total about \$13,000,000,000, as compared with \$14,-000,000,000 last year and the postwar record of \$17,800,000,000 in 1947."

Previous BAE estimates had placed the realized net income anticipated at \$11,600,000,000.

Part of the estimated increase in cash receipts from farm marketings, of course, is due to the actual and anticipated increase in demand for farm products, due in turn to war demands and to much higher wages in industry, full employment, and more dollars for workers to spend.

Later on, thru restrictions on consumer credit and thru allocations and priorities in industry



(followed by scarcities in goods on the market) and not improbably some form of rationing of consumer goods, still more dollars will be available for food purchases. To the extent of course, that steeply higher taxes do not siphon the extra dollars into the Federal and state and local treasuries.

Another era of inflation, with cheaper and cheaper dollars, which amounts to government taking away a percentage of saved dollars as well as of "spending" dollars, lies ahead. How long it will last, how high it will go, how much it will cheapen the purchasing power of the dollar, no one can tell.

Thanks to the war, the national income of \$300,000,000,000 set as the 1954 goal by President Truman last January, may be attained by 1951, certainly not later than 1952. But the dollars will be cheaper dollars. That means the dollar value of tangible property, especially real estate, will continue going up. Farm real estate prices already have responded to the inflationary urge, as most farmers already are aware.

Getting around to the "human beings" side of the economic picture, here are some advance statistics, believed to be reliable:

Before Korea, our own armed forces were a little under 1,500,000. By the end of 1950 they are planned to reach 2,000,000. By March or April they are expected to be up to 2,500,000, and then 3,000,000 by next summer. President Truman was informed that the total may go higher. The Pentagon expects the total to climb considerably higher than 3,000,000, even without all-out world war.

Prospects are that:

Fathers in the 19 to 26 age bracket will be drafted in early 1951. Men over 26 may not be

drafted in 1951-not a guarantee, in Washington opinion. Deferments for students are more likely to be tightened than loosened. The present law exempting veterans from the draft will be changed, some of these will be drafted. How many de-

pends upon developments in the Far East, the Near East, in Europe.

Twice as many men will be taken from civilian life into the armed services next year as will be taken this year. At least one million young workers will be drawn for military service. Another half-million will go into civilian government services, in Washington and thruout the county. If and when complete controls go on, the number of civilian government employes will go still higher. Present bureaus will expand. There will be many new bureaus; the head of each bureau will center his efforts on increasing the number of "his" employesthe more employes, the higher his rank and pay.

And the demands for workers in industry, particularly in industries connected with the war activities, are going up by leaps and bounds, already. I have learned of estimates in the Department of Labor that 70 million employed, in addition to more than 3 million in the armed services, will be needed when the military program is in full swing.

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Kiplinger's sees, as a result of the higher wages and higher prices, both price and wage controls in effect by next spring. Look at the figures (estimates just given) and figure it out for yourselves. No wonder President Truman is calling for "sacrifices." Looks as if there will be plenty of sacrifices for all.

Athur Capper

# President Has Power to Control U. S.

By CLIF STRATTON

Production Act. But the Defense Production Act. But the general term for it is the controls act. Conrol authority given the President amounts to a complete delegation of power to control the entire economy of the United States. It gives the President authority to make allocations, to control prices, control wages, to ration consumer goods.

But Congress did not specify how these things are to be done. That will be up to the Executive branch of the government. Different agencies will handle different fields in the controlled areas; each will write its own rules and regulations. These rules can, and probably will, be changed from day to day as the effects of previous rules and regulations cause dislocations in production and marketing. There is bound to be confusion to be confusion.

One thing Congress did attempt.
That was to protect farm products
against too low ceilings.

against too low cellings.

For instance, no price ceilings can be set on any farm product at less than parity, or at less than the price prevailing during the May 24-June 24 (1950) period, whichever is the higher.

In case of ceilings on products made from farm commodities, the retail price ceiling should reflect the minimum price back to the farmer. Processors are to be allowed fair margins on top of the farm minimums. Price ceilings can be set higher than the minimum just described, but no lower. scribed, but no lower.

If congressional instructions are carried out in the spirit and letter of the act, there will be no price ceilings on farm products for some time to come. As the general price level goes up, so

Kansas Farmer's National Affairs Editor

Under the act, fluid-milk price ceilings cannot be fixed at a lower level than is established by marketing agreements and orders. In areas where there are no agreements, the Secretary of Agriculture can set floor prices which take into account production costs. If price ceilings are set on fluid milk, that means they will be at pretty high levels.

Congress did this intentionally, altho sometimes in rather murky language. Feeling in Congress was that the Administration does not intent to held reeling in Congress was that the Administration does not intend to hold down wage increases, which means prices will go up on things the farmer has to buy. Also, felt city consumers will be "hollering" for price ceilings on foods, with odds the farmer would be caught in the middle. So Congress proceeded to postpone the time when ceil-

will parity. Could mean no controls on food either—for a while.

Under the act, fluid-milk price ceilings cannot be fixed at a lower level than is established by marketing agreements and orders. In areas where there are no agreements, the Secretary of

ably is one of the last that will be used.

The President's authority to fix priorities and allocate materials applies to farm products as well as industrial products. He now has authority to require that orders from essential users be given priority over others. Government also may allocate supplies of any materials among the various users to (1) make sure military needs are met and (2) that what is left be divided fairly among civilian users. fairly among civilian users.
It is not anticipated Government will

try to allocate farm products at the farm level. However, food processors can just as well get ready for orders to

fill military orders first; also to be directed to set aside part of their production for military or other essential users. Meat packing industry is expecting allocation orders within a few

Hoarding by individuals or business concerns is subject to fines and imprisonment.

Probability controls on agriculture and foods will come slowly at first does not mean they will not be imposed not mean they will not be imposed later. The Planners want all-out controls over everything as soon as the machinery is perfected. The Planners do not have to run for office; the White House is not nearly so eager for controls (particularly price and wage) as advising Planners are. advising Planners are.

Wayne Darrow informs there is a conflict in top official circles as to how tough and how soon the Government should go into the control program.

The President's Council of Economic Advisers (headed by Leon Keyserling), the National Security Resources Board (headed by W. Stuart Symington), the Federal Reserve Board (headed by Thomas McCabe), hold that all-out controls—except price and wage ceilings

Thomas McCabe), hold that all-out controls—except price and wage ceilings and rationing—should be effected now. On the other hand, departmental groups headed by Secretary of Commerce Charles Sawyer, want to proceed more cautiously; use voluntary bases as much as possible; hold interference with business to a minimum. Washington feels that Symington today is the President's top man in setting control policy. And Symington is one of the "tough" guys, except where Labor is concerned. He has picked a policy committee of which an even half are strongly pro-Labor.

### A Child Needs All These

Every child should have mud pies, grasshoppers, waterbugs, tadpoles, frogs, mud turtles, elderberries, wild strawberries, acorns, chestnuts, trees to climb, brooks to wade in, waterlilies, woodchucks, bats, bees, butterflies, various animals to pet, hayfields, pine cones, rocks to roll, sand, snakes, huckleberries and hornets; and any child who has been deprived of these has been deprived of the best part of his education.

-By Luther Burbank.

# DOUBLE USE OF QUONSETS ADDS TO FARM INCOME

Versatile, all-steel buildings safeguard crops serve as farm shelters the year around



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### Coming, October 7 . .

Who wouldn't like to clear 100 per cent on their investment? Not one year hut every year! It can be done-It is being done. In some cases the return has been 200 per cent. Actual return above investment and all costs for 7 years was 210 per cent for one man.

What in? Why, the sheep business. Experts say that doubling or trebling the number of sheep in Kausas would not strain present feed, labor, or other resources, would not mean a decrease in any other livestock, and would add greatly to net farm income.

If you are interested in this, don't miss the special article giving the whole story of sheep and lambs coming to you in the October 7, 1950, issue of Kansas Farmer. It will be written by one of the country's real authorities. It will be a "cash profit" article you will wish to follow.

### Mary Lou Goes to England

The Curtis Farm Produces 80 Bushels of Wheat an Acre; Sounds Mighty Good, Doesn't It?

You remember Kansas Farmer promised to bring you letters from our 3 Kansas 4-H'ers who are spending some time on European farms this summer. Here is the fourth one from Mary Lou Edwards, of Manhattan, written from Lincolnshire, England.

EARMR. GILKESON: We9 United Kingdom delegates are now in the East Midlands area, after spending a very enjoyable 3 weeks in the Northern area. By this time I am in agreement with the English people; that altho the countryside is beautiful in early summer, it is even more beau-tiful in harvest season. While there are still the greens in grass and trees, the amber wheat and oats fields are red with poppies, potatoes are in full bloom and the white blossoms look like a flower garden, and the red and white clover is in bloom—it's almost like a rainbow. Everyone still has flowers in the gardens around their houses. Altho roses are gone, zinnias, cosmos, mariroses are gone, zinnias, cosmos, mari-golds, gladiolas, carnations and snap-

dragons are blooming in their place.

For the first time since we arrived, our group of 9 has now split up into groups of 3, and gone to 3 different counties of the Midlands. Margaret Dial, from Arkansas, Fay Sumpter, from Kentucky, and I, are in Kesteven, an area of Lincolnshire county. I am about 25 miles from Lincoln. We have each gone to a different farm, and are staying with one farm family for the entire 3 weeks, and so we're getting a chance to see and learn some real Engchance to see and learn some real Eng-lish farming, from a pitchfork handle.

### **An Interesting Family**

It's harvesttime here on "Wheat Farm" where I am living with Mr. and Mrs. Tom Curtis. The 2 Young Farm-ers in the family are Joan and Dick. Joan, the 22-year-old daughter, teaches at the village school. She is on summer holiday now for 6 weeks, but the rest of the year she teaches reading, writing and arithmetic to the 8- to 11-year-old children. Dick, the 20-year-old son, is the farm foreman. He is up early each morning to go to the fields and give instructions on the day's work to the farm laborers. Dick is just starting his own herd of registered Lincoln-Red Shorthorns, and is as proud of his stock as any Kansas 4-H'er would be back

The Curtis family farms 362 acres, which are in 3 separate farms. Main crops are wheat, sugar beets and potatoes, with some peas, barley, oats and grass. Mr. Curtis' farm really lives up to its name of "Wheat Farm" because some of his fields of wheat have yielded as much as 80 bushels to the acre. Average production over a period of years would be 55 to 60 bushels, and that still sounds mighty good, doesn't it? Hy-brid 46 is the variety planted, and it's noted thruout Lincolnshire for its high production. All wheat planted here is

This is only one example of the intensity of British farming today. Costs of production here are enormous in order to make such high crop yields. Be-sides being more mechanized than our farms at home, these farmers must pay for hired labor. On this 360 acres Mr. Curtis has employed 15 men and women full-time, besides hiring 20 to 25 extra men to help during harvest seasons, especially for wheat, potatoes and peas. High concentration on crop rotation and soft fertilization also adds to cost



Mary Lou Edwards

of production, until in the end the farmer's net profit isn't as great as a farmer at home growing 25 to 30 bushels an

British farmers must of necessity continue to produce at this high rate. A little over a million people are working on British farms to feed 20 to 25 million Britons—in a country about one fifth the size of the Province of Quebec.

It is indeed surprising to note that England, Scotland and Wales are roughly comparable to the state of Idaho in area. When the United King-dom population of 50 million is compared with the combined population of the United States and Canada (160 million), the density of population in Brit-ain becomes apparent. Here lies one of the primary problems: how to feed all these people on the small area of available farm land—little more than half an acre per person.

### Much Like Home

Mrs. Curtis runs her household and provides for her family of 4, quite like my mother does at home. They have an 8-room farm home, and except for lack of electricity is similar to my own. There is a modern bathroom, and "Kolar" gas is used for lights, cooking and lar" gas is used for lights, cooking and ironing. A neighboring farm girl comes in each day to help, since Joan is away most of the time teaching school. Monday is washday. All the white clothes are boiled in a "copper" and the rest are done in a machine with all the "turning" and wringing done by hand; Tuesday the ironing is done with either the gas or flat iron; churning just the gas or flat iron; churning, just enough for the family use, is done on Wednesday; Thursday the houseclean-ing, and Friday the whole family goes to Lincoln for market day. Of course, Saturday is left for week-end baking, bread, cakes, tarts and buns.

Mrs. Curtis keeps the garden and takes care of the yard. Her flock of 200 chickens, plus the cream and egg money, make up her spending money, for the most part. So, even the I am 5,000 miles from home, sometimes life seems so much the same that I can hardly re-alize I'm not back in Kansas. The differences in our way of life are only small, and essentially these people are just like all Americans—living and (Continued on Page 7)





(THERE IS NO OTHER LIKE ITI)

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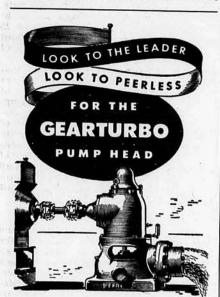
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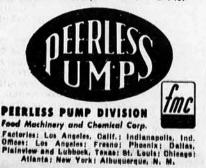
. Strictly one-man machine,

te today for digger facts, new low prices. OTTAWA MFG. CO., 5-011 Elm St., Ottawa, Kans.



The best means of driving a vertical pump with a horizontal driver. Pre-cision-cut, spiral bevel gears. Positive cool oil, forced feed lubrication of gears and bearings. Ample safety factor. Compact, weatherproof. Good looking. Discharge casting built to receive other types of drives. Range: Up to 300 h.p. Lifts: To 1000 feet. Capacity: Up to 30,000 g.p.m.

Write for descriptive Bulletin B-140.



working for a better world for future generations, and ever striving toward world peace.

The people of Lincolnshire are among the most sports-minded in England. Most all of the Young Farmers belong to tennis, cricket, hockey and football clubs. Last Monday here on the farm the whole family quit work at 1 o'clock to go to the Horncastle show where Joan entered in the girls' 100- and 200-yard races. She has shown me numerous cups and prizes she and Dick have won in athletics. One evening we went to a sports day in Lincoln to watch Arthur Wint, the half-mile Olympic champion and McDonald Balley, 100-yard British record holder, in action. They were eager to learn to play baseball, too, and since we didn't have enough people for teams we played a game of "work-up."

Even tho our U. K. group is divided up now, we have been meeting once or twice each week for a field day. On one occasion we visited the University of Nottingham, and toured the campus buildings, agricultural grounds, and saw the fine herds of pedigreed Lincoln-Red Shorthorns in their home surroundings. In the afternoon we were invited to inspect the artificial-insemination

ings. In the afternoon we were invited to inspect the artificial-insemination

On a visit to the National Agricul-

conter.

On a visit to the National Agricultural Advisory Service we found the functions to be quite similar to our own Extension Service. The council serves to bring the latest of scientific and technical advice to the farmer, and help him with his individual problems. We recognized many of the books in their library as ones from our own classrooms, and bulletins of U. S. Extension Service.

At the Oakham Agriculture Show our group participated in the livestock-judging competitions. We judged Shorthorn dual-purpose cattle, and then gave oral reasons over a microphone. We were mighty proud of Harold Baxter, Tennessee, who won the contest and was awarded a silver cup. Dale Stahl, from Kentucky, placed second, being just one point behind Harold. Even the girls didn't do badly!

Along with all this we still find time for some entertainment. We all went swimming in the North Sea—it was cold, and we nearly froze, but at least we can say we've been there. We spent one evening at Black Pool, England's "Coney Island," where we could swim, dance, and go to the pleasure beach to ride the "round-a-bouts." We've been to Scarbrough and to Skegness, 2 other seaside resorts, to see British films and vaudeville shows, because this too, has a part in our IFYE program—to see how European farm families live. But only by actually living in a farm home these last few weeks—helping to cook breakfast, gather the eggs, shock wheat, thresh peas, visiting in the evening, going to the village church on Sunday—and sharing in the family trials and tribulations can the fullest appreciation of living and better understanding ever come to be.

Friday, we 9 Americans will meet in London for the week end, and then

standing ever come to be.
Friday, we 9 Americans will meet in London for the week end, and then travel down to the south of England. It will be quite a change from working in the harvest field here from 7:30 in the morning riding the binder, and then shocking the wheat until dark at night.

-Mary Lou Edwards.

### **Cleans Drains**

My car developed a habit of break-My car developed a habit of breaking speedometer cables. So I put one of those old cables to work in my home. Just fasten one end of the cable into a hand or breast drill, just like you would a metal bit. With this combination you have a ready-made drainpipe cleaner. Insert the cable into the drainpipe and turn it with the hand drill. It cleans the collection from the drainpipes.—E. R. pipes.-E. R.

### Prevent Fires

Let's get ready to observe Fire Prevention Week, October 8 to 11. An excellent little booklet, "Fire Safety on the Farm," published by the National Board of Fire Underwriters, is now available which has helpful suggestions on how to prevent fires. Also, if you are planning to build or remodel your home or barns, there is much information on how to build for fire safety. For a free copy of the booklet, please address Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.





 ${\sf S}$ trength to stand up under the strain of crowding animals as well as the stress of years and weather is built into Sheffield Fence. Made of uniform, high quality steel, with every step of manufacture under rigid Sheffield control, Sheffield Fences are built to give under impact — and spring back into position without sagging or breaking. A fence is only as good as its ability to bar the way — and when your Sheffield Fence says "stop!" it means it.

See your neighborhood Sheffield Dealer today and have him show you these features that give Sheffield Fence its strength and long life.

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It requires more steel to make Sheffield Fence -but it costs no more.

SHEFFIELD Bolts and Nuts Are Stronger Too!

SHEFFIELD STEEL CORPORATION KANSAS CITY

# **Building with youth for a BETTER KANSAS**

(UPPER LEFT) Horsemanship instructors lead a group off for a ride on the camp Palominos.

(UPPER RIGHT) There is always plenty of good, wholesome food on the tables at the Ranch.

(LOWER LEFT) A group of 4-H members start out on a hike through the rolling hills and fields.



(LOWER RIGHT) Everyone enjoys a cool dip in the Rock Springs Ranch swimming pool.



This is your business-monaged, sax-paying electric companies of Kansas, working together to bring better living to your community and to your county-prother example of our American tree Enforprise System of work."



ENCOURAGING and building leadership among farm youth is the most important job that any of us can undertake.

One of the outstanding means for undertaking this program is the Rural Leadership Training Center at Rock Springs Ranch, the State 4-H Camp. Here, Kansas youth and adults participate in an influential center of democracy which enriches the individual lives of all who attend.

The electric utilities of Kansas are naturally proud of having been allowed a small part in making this camp possible. But these companies all understand that this is no place to stop. Each Company, through its rural department and rural representatives, is actively engaged in helping to promote the various farm projects and youth organizations that make better farmers, better community leaders and better citizens.

# ELECTRICITYDoes the Job Better!

Central Kansas Power Company
Kansas City Power & Light Company
The Kansas Power and Light Company

Eastern Kansas Utilities, Inc.

Kansas Gas and Electric Company

Western Light & Telephone Company

from the
Pioneers of
Rural
Electrification

After soil test mobile mixer supplies . . .

## Fertilizer by Prescription

By ED RUPP



MOBILE MIXER: Limestone from the truck at left is being elevated into the mixer barrel. Phosphate, potash if needed and ammonium sulphate were put into the mixer thru the elevator at right. After all fertilizer components are in the huge barrel, it revolves to mix the goods much like a concrete mixer. Spiral vanes inside the barrel move fertilizer forward. Then the drum is reversed to move the

retrilizer just the way you need it. Mixed as a prescription for your soil and then applied. That is a new service being offered by Hayes Farm Fertilizer, a division of L. W. Hayes, Inc., 4550 Main Street, Kansas City, Mo. A demonstration of this mobile mixing and applicating equipment was made at the Hayes quarry, west of Paola, September 5.

First step in this new service is a quick test of soils to be treated. Then fertilizer is mixed according to requirements of the soil as indicated by the test. Final step is application of the mixed goods to the soil by use of specially equipped fertilizer trucks.

In One Operation ERTILIZER just the way you need

### In One Operation

In One Operation

This is the most advanced step to date in the rapid development of the plant food industry. Only a few years ago a few far-sighted farmers were buying lime, spreading it with wagons and manure spreaders. Soon after custom lime trucks appeared. Quite recently a few lime contractors offered another service, custom spreading of rock phosphate. You might say this step by the Hayes company had to come. It was the next step to take. In one operation major plant food requirements of the soil are applied according to dictates of the soil test.

First public demonstration of the new service was made on a 15-acre field near the Hayes quarry. Two types of soil were apparent in this field. Several samples were taken from each area to make 2 typical samples for testing.

The first area showed need of 2 tons of limestone an acre. It was low in phosphate. Soil test showed about 1,000 pounds of rock phosphate were needed. There was no apparent potash deficiency but nitrogen content was low. Ammonium sulphate was applied at the rate of 300 pounds an acre which would supply about 60 pounds of available nitrogen an acre.

Second area in the 15-acre field showed slightly less acidity, only 1½

Second area in the 15-acre field showed slightly less acidity, only 1½ tons of limestone were required. However, there was a greater prosphate deficiency. It required 1,200 pounds an acre to bring the soil up to maximum production condition for that element. Again there was no apparent potents Again there was no apparent potash

shortage but 300 pounds of ammonium sulphate again were needed in the nitrogen department.

The fertilizer was mixed in 3-acre batches and spread on the field to bring soil up in fertility to maximum production condition.

Necessarily, the demonstration was slow. The entire procedure was taken step by step. The mixer was not started until soil tests were completed. It tended to make the procedure look slow. In actual practice, soil testing will be done in advance. Then mixing and applicating departments will be able to work without delay. Actual mixing time for each 3-acre batch was about 16 minutes.

A rapid calculation of cost for this particular field was made by Mike O'Keefe, general manager of L. W. Hayes, Inc. It was itemized by the acre like this: Lime, \$3; ammonium sulphate, \$7.74; rock phosphate, \$10.80; mixing expense, \$2.65; hauling and spreading, \$3.35. Total cost \$27.54 an acre. That expenditure, it was pointed out, is intended to put the soil in top production condition for a 10-year period. Use of starter fertilizer seeded with the crop could be beneficial.

### Borrows An Idea

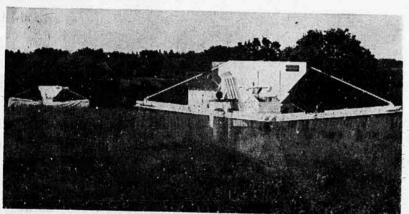
cross section of the crowd attending this premiere demonstration showed a large percentage representation of the limestone and fertilizer industries the limestone and fertilizer industries in this area. A representative of the New York state limestone producers association was present. He stated publicly he intended to carry the idea back to his home state, use it there.

There may be unforeseen difficulties in this new custom method of fertilizer application. But these kinks can be

in this new custom method of fertilizer application. But these kinks can be ironed out as they arise. It does seem to be a logical step in fertilizer service. In fact, your reporter has been looking for this development for several years. Ever since a prominent agronomist in this area predicted that some day a complete fertilizer service like this would be available to farmers.

Several advantages seem apparent. One is this: Only the plant food elements needed are applied. That alone could be a saving to the farmer. Too, total plant food needs of the soil can be met with one trip over the field.

met with one trip over the field.



TRUCK SPREADERS: Within a few minutes after the prescription batch of fertilizer is mixed, it is transferred to these fertilizer trucks and spread over the field. Forward truck carries a canvas protector to keep wind from blowing fertilizer.

You'll find Beauty on the Outside and...

# FRIGIDAIRE QUALITY

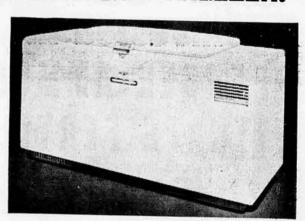
On the Inside of Your

# FRIGIDAIRE HOME FREEZER!

(shown here) \$36975

9 cu. ft. size only \$29975

18 cu. ft. size only \$47975



And Quality is more important in your home freezer than in any other electric appliance you buy. Here's why: Inside your food freezer you'll find that you have around \$16.00 in food for every cubic foot of space. That food must stay frozen or become waste. And it must remain at a fairly constant low temperature or it loses value in a matter of weeks. Constant temperature, economical operation, heavy-duty insulation and the world-famous Meter-Miser compressor are your guarantees for the safe-keeping of the de-licious fruits, vegetables and meat-cuts. Start this season right with a Frigidaire Home Freezer with all the many marvelous new fea-

Come In! See why You Can't Match a Frigidaire

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# INCREASED YIELDS bring \$2 to \$5 for every 51 invested in SPENCER AMMONIUM NITRATE FERTILIZER

NINE EXTRA BUSHELS OF WHEAT per acre! A \$3 to 44 investment in Spencer Ammonium Nitrate
Fertilizer should give you nine more bushels of
wheat at harvest time if you have taken care of
the phosphate and potash requirements of your
soil. Yes, some of your neighbors probably are
doubling their wheat yields with Ammonium doubling their wheat yields with Ammonium Nitrate—and you can do it, too! Ask your county agent or farm adviser for information on this big-profit use of nitrogen.



FIVE TIMES AS MUCH BROMESEED! You can often harvest five times as much seed from your stand of bromegrass if you apply Spencer Ammonium Nitrate Fertilizer! In one actual test, 300 pounds of Ammonium Nitrate brought added profits of \$160 an acre! Remember, there's no such thing as "sod-bound" bromegrass. There is only nitrogen-starved bromegrass. Top-dress with Spencer Ammonium Nitrate Fertilizer now to get these extra earnings from your brome fields!



STEP UP CORN YIELDS! Thousands of profit-minded farmers have discovered they can boost corn production as much as 100% by using a balanced starter fertilizer and then side-dressing with Spencer Ammonium Nitrate Fertilizer at the sec-ond or third cultivation. Remember, 70% of all Midwestern soil is nitrogen-deficient. Don't let lack of plant food rob you of profits! Get the whole story of soil-building with nitrogen in handy Spencer Fact Folders from your fertilizer



INCREASED ORCHARD EARNINGS! Apple, pear, peach, plum and cherry orchards lack nitrogen more often than any other plant food. Spencer Ammonium Nitrate Fertilizer can help you enjoy big-ger, more consistent harvests. Write to Spencer Chemical Company for information on the application of Ammonium Nitrate to your orchard.



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A few cents an acre spent for seed treatment can mean improved stand, yield and quality



### **Treat Grain Seed** To Insure Against Disease

By GORDON WEST

COW THE best seed and the best returns will be yours. The best seed you can sow is quality seed which has been chemically treated after cleaning. It's good insurance against certain diseases. Spending a few cents an acre for treatment means improved stand, yield and quality. Result is extra millions of dollars for Kansas farmers each year.

The increase in number of plants

more than pays for cost of the material. Treating with Ceresan, for example, costs only 3 cents a bushel. There's no money lost if seed is treated according to recommendations.

Treating seed also is a good citizenship proposition. If all wheat growers in Kansas were to quit treating seed, it would be only a few years until stinking smut would be causing a major loss in the state. Various smut diseases reduce the yield and quality

of cereal and forage crops each year. One objection to treating seed is that materials available are somewhat irritating to some people. This irritation usually can be avoided by treating outof-doors and taking precautions to stay out of the dust as much as possi-ble. Working on the side of the ma-chine from which the wind is coming is a help. Taking a bath as soon as treat-ment is finished for the day is a great help in avoiding skin irritation.

### More Plants Grow

C. L. King, Kansas State College Extension plant pathologist, has conducted many experiments on seed treatment. He has found an average of 4 per cent more plants grow from treated wheat seed. Some lots of seed produced as high as 14 per cent more plants. This occurred even tho the seed-testing germinator showed seed to test over 90 per cent. Wheat seed can be treated any time after seed has been well-cured following harvest.

Here's an example of seed and money saved per acre. A grower uses one bushel of untreated wheat seed an acre. He could treat the seed and get the same number of plants by planting only 57.6 pounds of seed. On each acre this would save 2.4 pounds of seed worth 7.2 cents. At the same time the grower is insured against stinking

### Cost Is Low

All smuts of oats can be controlled by seed treatment with New Improved Ceresan or Ceresan M. Barley seed should be treated every year with either of the 2 chemicals named. Sorghums are especially susceptible to seed decay and seedling blight, often resulting in poor stands. Seed treat-ment results in more uniform stands. Cost of treatment is often less than a cent per acre for sorghums planted in the row. Treating corn and flax seed often gives more uniform stands and increased seedling vigor. There are 5 recommended treat-

ments—4 use a chemical dust and one uses hot water:

(1) Treatment with Ceresan M or New Improved Ceresan. These 2 chemicals are very effective in controlling grain smuts in Kansas. An outstandgrain smuts in Kansas. An outstanding advantage is they may be used to control all seed-borne diseases commonly controlled with other fungicides. This way, only one disinfectant is needed. It should be applied at rate of ½ ounce per bushel of seed. (Flax requires 1 ounce per bushel). Gravity-type treaters are adequate for applying either of the 2 chemical dusts. Ceresan M can be used also in a sharm. Ceresan M can be used also in a slurry machine, is as effective as New Improved Ceresan and is less irritating to the operator.

to the operator.

(2) Treatment with copper carbonate. This dust should be applied at full strength (about 50 per cent copper) at 2 ounces per bushel, or diluted copper carbonate dust (about 20 per cent) at 3 ounces a bushel. It should not be applied with a gravity-type treater but a rotary-type. Every kernel needs to be completely covered.

(3) Treatment with Spergon. This dust should be applied at the rate recommended on container. Mixing should

ommended on container. Mixing should be done thoroly, preferably in rotary mixing machine. Since sorghums require such a small amount of seed per acre, some growers partially fill a gallon bucket or old cream can. Then they shake or roll the container until seeds are evenly coated. (A complete story on treating sorghum seed appeared in the May 21, 1949, issue of Kansas Farmer). Special formula Spergon can be applied with a slurry machine. This machine mixes a small amount of water with one of the special formula dusts and applies this mixture to the seed. Since a slurry machine costs about \$600, hybrid seed companies and big seed producers and distributors operate them. There probably are about 30 machines in Kansas.

(4) Treatment with Arasan. Appliquire such a small amount of seed per

(4) Treatment with Arasan. Application can be made as for Spergon. A good mask which covers mouth and nose should be worn. Preferable method of applying Arasan to seed is with a slurry machine.

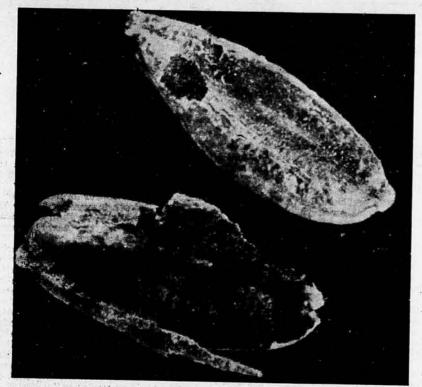
(5) Treatment with hot water. This method controls loose smut of wheat and brown loose smut of barley. Great care and special equipment are required. A source of steam and an accurate thermometer are 2 of the necessary there. Full details on 6 the recessary sary items. Full details on 6 stages in this treatment are available from Kan-sas State College Extension service. Kansas State College workers are

now experimenting with a promising new seed treatment—Panogen. It's an oil instead of a dust so eliminates dust irritation to handlers. The cost is only about 4 cents to treat a bushel. To date it seems it may be dripped against the inside wall of a mixer. With a little mixing it gives the seed the desired treatment. In the 2 years it has been

(Continued on Page 11)



ELMER GRAPER, retired Thomas county agent, is one of many Kansans giving farmers seed cleaning-and-treating service by means of portable outlits.



STINKING SMUT germs are carried to the field on the surface of the seed. Dis-infecting the seed with modern seed treatment is cheap insurance against losses.

tried, Panogen has given good results in controlling smut. It produces increased stands, too. A machine for applying this oil is available for large operators or custom operators at \$600 to \$700.

About the same number of bushels were treated by farmer-operated treating equipment.

Treated seed is poisonous. Never feed it to livestock. It should never be sold for milling purposes either.

### Many Mixers Available

Many Mixers Available

There is a variety of treating equipment available. Homemade hand mixers can be used. Also available are commercial, automatic, power-driven and gravity-type mixers. Seed growers who have farm-size seed cleaners may have an attachment installed for applying dust. Some farmers feed the seed and dust thru the auger part of the combine. Many use concrete mixers, auger loaders or barrel mixers.

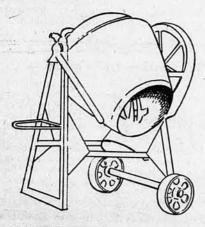
The gravity-type machine can be

The gravity-type machine can be easily made on the farm. Main material needed is a 55-gallon metal drum. Information on constructing and using the machine is available from Kansas State College Extension service in Extension Circular 216, "Grain Seed Treatment in Kansas."

### Just Be Careful

There are several precautions to take when individuals or businesses install cleaning-treating equipment. Flying dust of the seed treatment materials should be prevented from escaping within the building. This dust is often very irritating to workers. Use of a slurry machine solves this problem. Those who do not wish to use slurry equipment can place the cleaner near an outside wall. Seed is elevated from the cleaner up and out thru the wall to dust-treating equipment installed on a small platform attached to the outside of the building. An inexpensive custom treater can be made by using an auger from an old, discarded combine and a commercially-purchased automatic dust feeder. It can be powered by running a small belt thru the There are several precautions to take ered by running a small belt thru the wall to the cleaner.

An estimated 2,200,000 bushels of wheat seed planted for the 1950 crop were treated by using stationary, custom cleaning-treating outfits. Portable custom cleaning-treating outfits treated an estimated 1,100,000 bushels.



CONCRETE MIXERS are used on many Kansas farms to mix seed and chemi-cal dust for treating against disease.

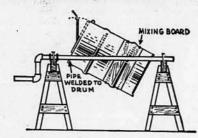
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were treated by larmer-operating equipment.

Treated seed is poisonous. Never feed it to livestock. It should never be sold for milling purposes either.

### How Long to Store Grain

The question often arises about danger to seed germination and storage length. Copper carbonate-treated seed may be stored indefinitely. Ceresantreated wheat, sorghum, and flax seed should be left uncovered in a bin, pile or sacks for at least 24 hours before seeding. Oats and barley require at least 48 hours. Usually, treated wheat, oats, barley and flax should not be stored more than 2 months before seeding time. However, Ceresan rarely The question often arises about daning time. However, Ceresan rarely causes any damage, even when it is on



THIS OIL-DRUM mixer thoroly covers eed coats in treating seed against

the seed for a year, provided seed is kept dry. Treated sorghum seed should not be stored more than 2 weeks be-cause of uncertainity as to effect on germination.

### What Farmers Find

Kansas farmers have had some profitable and interesting experiences in treating their grain seed. The practice is growing in popularity and profitableness.

In Reno county, it is estimated about 50,000 acres of treated wheat seed was sown last fall for this year's harvest. The Farm Bureau made a portable seed cleaner and treater available at a charge of 7 cents a bushel. In 29 tests the last 2 years in this section of Kansas, seed treatment made an average increase of 3.6 bushels of Osage oats per acre. County agent Charles A. Hageman says, "If we get 3 bushels increase on 35,000 acres of oats next year in Reno county, this practice would be worth over 105,000 bushels. At 50 cents a bushel this would be a total of \$52,000. At a cost of 5 cents per acre for treatment, or \$1,750, there would be a net increase of more than \$50,000."

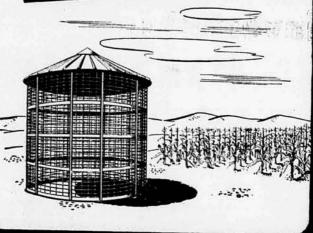
In Seward county a large seed

\$50,000."

In Seward county a large seed cleaner-treater is owned and operated by Alvin Mattkin. Last year, 42,000 bushels of wheat alone were treated. County agent V. S. Crippen helped line up the jobs and sold the public on planting clean, treated seed. Mr. Crippen says, "Why should a farmer spend from \$3 to \$8 an acre to prepare a seedbed and not spend 15 cents preparing the seed? Why take the risk of not (Continued on Page 31)

# BEST... for the WEST

CLINTON **WELDED WIRE FABRIC** for Corn Cribs



See Your Local Dealer

The Colorado Fuel and Iron Corp., Denver

WIRE PRODUCTS





Granite City's STRONGBARN is an amazing new corrugated roofing and siding that's better than conventional steel by ACTUAL TEST! It's easy to apply, wears longer because it's tougher, can be installed quickly and easily. You can build a better barn with STRONGBARN, so try it soon. You'll never use another kind of siding or roofing.

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will stand up under heavier loads than

# RONGBARN

# RONGBARN

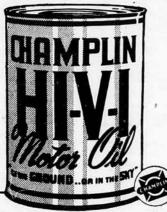
# STRONGBARN

does not dent or bend under blows that would distort other roofing.





HI-V-I gets its name from its high viscosity index . . . ability to flow instantly and freely at starting speeds . . . to retain sufficient body for safe high-speed lubrication of engines.



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Because of this, HI-V-I motor oil won't break down or thin out ... engines are lubricated completely at any temperature! HI-V-I picks up sludge matter and holds it in suspension to be drained with the oil . . . no danger of abrasive wear with HI-V-I motor oil in engines.

A state officer of the National Jr. Vegetable Garden Ass'n. Harold-

ine is proud of her prize-winning garden. In addition to her 4-H work she finds time to

play Softball and is a

member of the high-

school basketball team.

\*Stands up at boiling and above! Flows freely at zero and below!

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# **Buy United States Savings Bonds**





Maybe you didn't realize it, but . . .

### **Grapes Will Grow** in Every County

By JAMES SENTER BRAZELTON

SEPTEMBER is the month for grapes in Kansas. Grape growing is still a flourishing industry in Doniphan county, altho acreage now cannot compare to what it once was.

Brenner and Doniphan, 2 ghost towns of this area, owed their former existence to a very flourishing wine in-

istence to a very flourishing wine industry which had its beginning about 1850. Famous wine cellars of that day are still intact, and the town of Brenner took its name from the family most prominent in the important wine-making industry. Doniphan was a river town and between 1860 and 1870 thrived by its commerce in wine by the hogshead. According to local history it was not uncommon for 3 or more river freighters to be loading wine at the same time at the port of Doniphan.

Grape growing in Doniphan county had its beginning wine at the same time at the port of Doniphan county and the beginning wine at the same time at the port of Doniphan county and its beginning wine at the same time a

had its beginning when early French immigrants settled here and attempted to grow grapes on these hills like they were grown in the homeland. Even to this day harm is done by following and disseminating foreign practices which are not adapted to conditions and varieties in this country. Old World grapes were introduced at the beginning of the Colonial period and their culture was attempted for 200 years.

### Concord Is Standard

After repeated failures with these, growers finally turned to the wild species of America. Early plant breeders like A. S. Rogers, Jacob Moore, and T. V. Munson succeeded in developing T. V. Munson succeeded in developing many varieties popular today. Just 100 years ago Ephriam Bull, of Concord, Mass., one of these experimenters, gave us the Concord, which serves as a standard by which other American grapes are judged. It belongs in the group of black grapes, ripens in midseason and is of good quality. The plant is hardy, vigorous, productive and resistant to pests. It is the most widely-planted variety in Kansas.

Here is what R. W. Campbell, Kansas State College, has to say about some newer varieties being tried out in the vineyard on the horticultural farm at Manhattan. Seneca—high-

in the vineyard on the horticultural farm at Manhattan. Seneca—high-quality, weak vine, low yield. Sheridan—similar to Seneca, better when grafted. Steuben—purplish-black, dessert quality, productive, Geneva selection. Seibel 1,000—French-American hybrid, productive, black, high quality, bunches and berries small, apparently bardy. Ontario—yellow early good hardy. Ontario-yellow, early, good dessert quality.

Grape growing on a commercial scale is confined to a few localities in Kansas. According to horticultural authorities at Manhattan, grapes could be grown in nearly every county in the state. But commercial development should be restricted to those sections should be restricted to those sections in which climate, soil and markets are especially favorable. Leading counties in order of present grape acreage are Doniphan, Johnson, Wyandotte and Shawnee with the planting in Doniphan county exceeding the sum of that in the other 3 counties. Reno and Sedgwick counties lead in the central part wick counties lead in the central part

To the list of those who have made grape history should be added the name of a Kansas man, Emmett H. Schroeder, of Hutchinson. This man is the owner of a most remarkable col-lection of grapes. In a very short time he has built up a collection that rivals the famous collection at the Geneva, N. Y., fruit experiment station. From every available source he has assembled grape varieties that would tax the ability of a botanist to describe. In this collection he has at least 50 vinifera varieties, the European grapes that are the basis of the California wine and raisin industry.

One can scarcely believe more than 5,000 grape varieties have been named and described in the last 2 centuries in America. European varieties thru crossing with American species have had a strong influence on varieties grown here. French grape breeders have developed a wide range of wine grapes that carry the quality of the Old World varieties, and the disease resistance and hardiness of American varieties.

Mr. Schroeder has dozens of these

French hybrids in his collection. He has more than 50 hybrids from the lifetime's work of Munson, down in Texas. The new varieties from the Geneva station are represented by 21 kinds, and the newer breeding work in South Dakota is represented by 13 varieties. He has more than 60 varieties developed by the early experimenters of this country.

In the Schroeder vineyard French-America hybrids are purposely grown under the most adverse conditions to

under the most adverse conditions to eliminate those lacking resistance to disease and insects. Mr. Schroeder says, "It is true they are not all good, neither are they as an individual variety adaptable to all climates and soils. adaptable to all climates and soils. But among them are varieties suitable to almost every part of the United States and to every soil type, for the table, juice or wine. Many of them have fruit closely approaching that of the fine vinifera varieties."

The history of grapes dates a long time back. They were probably first cultivated by the early Greeks and later by the Romans. The Bible, both the Old and New Testaments, abound with references to either grapes or wine.

references to either grapes or wine. Grape seeds have been found entombed with the mummies of Egypt. Early American history relates the story of "Leif the Lucky" with his band of adventurers from Iceland landing on the shores of America about 1,000 A. D. and naming the country "Wineland" because of the wild grapes found grow-

ing in such profusion.

Franciscan monks brought grapes from Europe to California in the latter half of the 18th century, and because of the favorable climate the plantings were successful and provided the parent stock for what has now become a great industry.

great industry.

Grapes have long been celebrated in song and story. They have been the inspiration or provided the title for such modern books as Steinbeck's, "The Grapes of Wrath," and Joseph H. Cocannouer's, "Trampling Out the Vintage" Vintage."

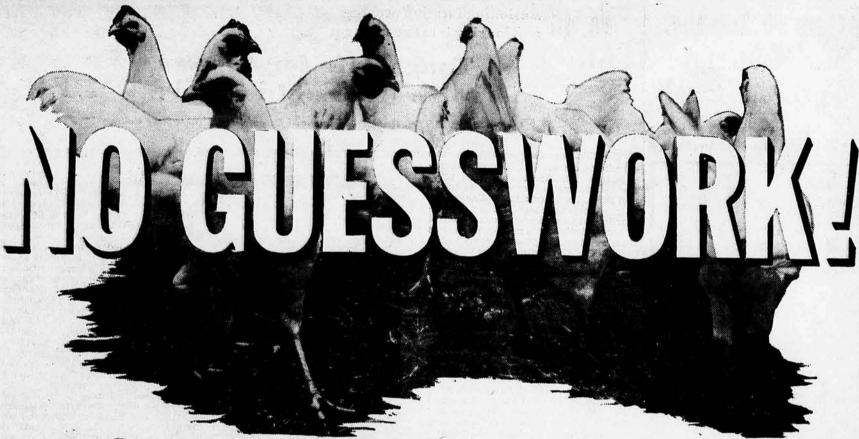
### For Beauty, Also

Grapes could be used to good advantage in landscaping Kansas farm homes. The vines offer a wide variation in decorative use, while at the same time producing a crop of deli-cious fruit to eat out of hand. One of the most decorative of the grapes is the Delaware, which also produces the fruit that is used in the production of champagne. The vines come into bearing the third or fourth year, can be trained to high or low trellises, bear annual crops and even in winter give decoration to a garden with their ma-hogany-colored canes. They do not demand rich soil but must be planted in full sun to properly ripen their crops

Grape vines may provide a welcome shade to a doorway, give privacy to an outdoor living room or, trained on a trellis, may make a shaded walk from house to well or house to garage and at the same time supply plenty of fruit for juice or jelly or for eating fresh. Other varieties that may be suggested for landscaping use are Robidoux, recently introduced by the Missouri experiment station; the yellow Portland, an excellent eating grape; Catawba, famed in poetry and song; Fredonia, an early black grape and Kendaia.

### To Ladies in Weighing

If you are overweight or underweight and desire to guard your figure and health, you will be interested in the handy purse-size booklet, "Down the Scale or Up." It is written in a clever, humorous style. easy to read and understand. A table of calories in various foods is given in the last 6 pages of the booklet. We can give your order prompt attention as long as our supply of booklets last. Please address Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and include 5c for mailing charges.



# You Can Know RIGHT NOW How Much Your Hens Will Pay When You Feed Them GOOCH'S BEST!

### MASH-AND-SCRATCH METHOD

(1 part GOOCH'S BEST to 1 part farm grain) Performance Chart for

GOOCH'S BEST 20% Layer-Breeder

To produce a doz. eggs when you buy 100# of GOOCH'S BEST 20% Layer-Breeder for:

\$4.60 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 10.9c per dox.

4.80 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 11.4c per dox.

5.00 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 11.9c per dox.

5.20 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 12.4c per dox.

5.40 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 12.8c per dox.

NOTE: Cost of farm grain not included.

NOW YOU KNOW YOUR GOOCH'S BEST COST for a dozen eggs. These figures are based on actual egg production records, adjusted to the average expectancy for average layers under good farm conditions and good management.

Pick out your hundredweight price. Follow across to find your GOOCH'S BEST cost per dozen eggs.

IF YOU DON'T HAVE YOUR OWN GRAIN, YOU'LL GET COMPARA-BLE RESULTS FROM GOOCH'S BEST ALL-

### 26% FREE-CHOICE METHOD

(1 part GOOCH'S BEST to 2 parts farm grain)

Performance Chart for

GOOCH'S BEST 26% Laying Supplement

To produce a dox. eggs when you buy 100# of GOOCH'S BEST 26% Laying Supplement for:

\$4.80 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 7.6c per dox. 5.00 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 7.9c per dox.

5.20 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 8.3c per dox.

5.40 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 8.6c per dox.

5.60 your GOOCH'S BEST cost is 8.9c per dox.

NOTE: Cost of farm grain not included.

NO GUESSWORK! These figures show at a glance your GOOCH'S BEST cost for a dozen eggs, whether you feed the Mash-and-Scratch or 26% Free-choice Method. Compare this cost to your selling price to see how much you make.

### See How Much Better Egg Production on GOOCH'S BEST Can Be than Average!

100 lbs.

GOOCH'S BEST 20% Layer-Breeder GOOCH'S BEST 26% Laying Supplement

With highly bred, closely culled birds on GOOCH'S BEST Laying Feeds under the best care and management, you can equal or excel these production records right on your own farm!

Gooch Experimental Farm Year-Around Production Average Production 55 dozen eggs 42 dozen eggs 82¾ dozen eggs 63 dozen eggs



### THIS IS IMPORTANT TO YOU!

You can depend on GOOCH to bring you the full benefit of the latest nutriyou the full benefit of the latest nutri-tional developments. That was proved again this spring when hundreds of poultry raisers who started their pullet flocks on GOOCH'S BEST recorded the

fastest chick growth and development in their entire experience.

Look at this New Hampshire Red Cockerel which was a fryer at 8 weeks; weighing 2 pounds 12 ounces. The pen average was 2 pounds 7.30 cm and Theorem 10 cm 11 months to receive the second se 7.38 ounces! Usually, you expect it to take 10 or 11 weeks to grow a

bird of this weight.

What made this exceptional growth possible? It was the neverwhat made this exceptional growth possible? It was the neversatisfied attitude of the GOOCH nutritional staff that brought you Condensed Sardine Fish Solubles, then Fermentation-Process APF, then—early this year—Aureomycin APF . . . all the latest developments passed on to you as soon as GOOCH proved that they were sound and

GOOCH'S BEST with Multiple APF has made birds grow as never before. You can have the advantage of this same kind of feed efficiency for your layers when you feed GOOCH'S BEST this fall!

Gooch Feed Mill Co., Lincoln, Nebr., Salina, Kans., Dalhart, Tex.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE . . . or GET BOTH AT YOUR GOOCH DEALER with your GOOCH'S BEST GOOCH WATERER Check these advantages: Here's What You've Been Asking For! BIG 5-FT. GOOCH FLOCK FEEDER only \$329 Galvanized steel trough and ends

15-gauge steel
Chemically treated clear wood perches with your GOOCH'S BEST perches 16% larger trough © 50)

GOOCH'S BEST Freder- LAYING F

# Gets 10,266 lbs. Of Butterfat From One Cow!

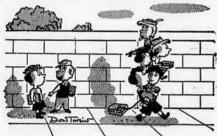
Leo Coppini Raised World's Lifetime Butterfat Champion On 15 Acre Ranch



Leo Coppini shows his record-breaking cow, Silken Lady's Ruby of F. Leo's another of many farm champions who get farm-size breakfast nourishment from Wheaties!

FERNDALE, CALIF.—Leo Coppini, a Larro feeder, has always lived on the same 15 acre ranch. But his fame is nationwide. He's earned World's Lifetime Butterfat Production Championship of all breeds with his 20-year old Jersey, Silken Lady's Ruby of F.

"OLD RUBY" has produced 184,883 lbs. of milk, on two milkings daily. Milk enough to cover Leo's Wheaties! He likes plenty of real nourishment under his belt in the morning. Gets it—from Wheaties, milk and fruit!



"Before he ate Wheaties, he just carried their books!"

Four Generations of Coppinis have lived on ranch Leo now owns. Four generations of family are *Wheaties eaters*, too. Not unusual! Wheaties are America's favorite whole wheat flakes. Lots of people like you like Wheaties!

You get all the healthful bran and wheat germ in Wheaties. Fine family food! Give you B-vitamins, minerals, protein, food energy. All this, plus that famous second-helping flavor. For farm-size breakfast nourishment, tomorrow morning start your day with Wheaties, "Breakfast of Champions!"



Extra value with Wheaties. Coupons in Wheaties and other General Mills products for Queen Bess Pattern Silverware, by Oneida Community Silversmiths.



# No. 16 Reviewing farming progress and looking into the future

### Tough Life for Insects to Be Worse in Future

By ROGER C. SMITH, Head, Department of Entomology, Kansas State College

STRICTLY speaking, insecticides are chemicals which, in one way or another, kill insects (not just repel them) and such other forms as mites and ticks. Spectacular new discoveries in insecticides the last 50 years are primarily responsible for better control of many destructive species of insects than was thought possible early in the first half of the century. It is interesting to look back and see steps by which better insecticides were achieved.

Early in the first decade of the century, Paris green was the standard insecticide for chewing insects. It was first used in 1867 for control of Colorado potato beetle. I remember my father telling about the farmer who became tired of jarring potato beetles from potato plants into a bucket containing some kerosene, and went to a drugstore to buy some Paris green to kill the potato beetles. After he bought a small package, he said to the druggist, "Now tell me how I use this bug poison." The druggist said, "You catch the potato beetles and give each beetle a little of the poison on a toothpick." The farmer replied, "Oh, after I catch them, I just step on them and mash them." The druggist not to be outdone, replied, "Well, that's a good way, too."

Paris green had its faults, but when

Paris green had its faults, but when applied in time, gave good results against potato beetles, cankerworms, and similar leaf-eating species. My first venture with insect control with insecticides was helping spray the home orchard with Paris green for cankerworms.

### Made Some Progress

Lead arsenate in the paste form appeared commercially in 1895, and the powder form, which was an improvement, appeared in 1909. Lead arsenate had some definite advantages over Paris green and very largely replaced it. Calcium arsenate appeared in the powder form in 1914 and was first used for dusting cotton in 1919. It, too, had some advantages, so it was thought real progress was taking place.

Neither of these arsenicals could be used in poison baits to destroy grass-

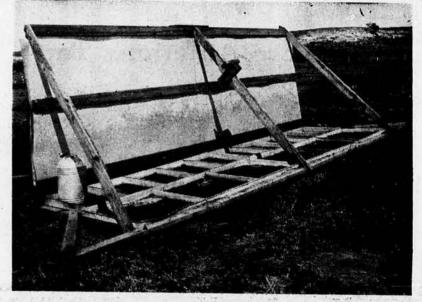
Neither of these arsenicals could be used in poison baits to destroy grasshoppers and cutworms, but Paris green and white arsenic began to be used early in the half century with considerable success. Value of the Kansas bait made with either of these poisons in bran plus pulverized citrus and some molasses for county-wide grasshopper control campaigns was demonstrated in Kansas in 1913. Work with the poison baits since then has consisted primarily in testing substitutes for all of the ingredients, using sodium fluoride, sodium arsenite and finally at the close of the half century, chlordane or toxaphene as the chemical poisons mixed in part bran and sawdust.

The general objections to arsenical insecticides caused studies to be made of fluorine compounds, so that early in the first half century, sodium fluoride became a practical remedy for roaches and chicken lice. Since this material could not be used on plants, sodium fluosilicate, barium fluosilicate and sodium fluoaluminate, commonly known as cryolite, were developed for killing insects on plants and in poisoned baits. All of these materials, particularly cryolite, are recommended commonly for certain pests under certain conditions today.

### Safe for Man

The fluorine compounds are poisonous to man, so more and more attention was given to testing the so-called botanical insecticides. This term includes the well-known pyrethrum which has been most commonly known in farm homes as "insect powder." More recently, derris, which is a rotenone bearing compound of plant origin, became widely used for application to such plants as lettuce, beans, tomatoes, and similar garden plants used for human food. It is safe as far as man is concerned, but expensive for large-scale applications and ineffective against many insects.

At the close of the first half century, the killing effectiveness of pyrethrum has been strengthened by addition of



REMEMBER THIS? It's an old-fashioned hopperdozer for catching and destroying grasshoppers under conditions in which bran mash baits were not satisfactory. Spraying vegetation upon which grasshoppers are clustered with Chlordane or Toxaphene has replaced the hopperdozer.—Photo by Department of Entomology, Kansas Agricultural Experiment Station.

certain chemicals called synergists, and more recently, a chemical has been made which closely resembles pyrethrum. It has just been given the name allethrin. Perhaps at the close of the next half of this century, chemically made pyrethrum will be widely used for insect control where there is danger of poisoning man or livestock.

ger of poisoning man or livestock.
Insecticides so far mentioned, other than the so-called botanicals, have no effect on such sucking insects as aphids. These insects constitute serious problems in greenhouses, on vegetable crops, ornamental plants, house plants and virtually all other kinds of plants. Applying tobacco dust to plants to discourage plant lice is a very old practice, so chemists made extracts of tobacco to obtain the poisonous alkaloid known as nicotine, in concentrated form. It was found to be highly effective for control of plant lice and some other sucking insects. "Black Leaf 40" is such a common brand the public often uses this term as the equivalent for nicotine sulfate, but there are numerous other brands containing standard 40 per cent of nicotine by weight. This valuable insecticide is still a standard chemical for use in control of aphids, and possesses certain advantages over some of the newer insecticides as well as some disadvan-

### Has Been Replaced

Lime-sulfur early became the standard insecticide for control of scale insects and has been used thruout the first half of this century. It is still useful for scale control, but miscible oils

and DDT very largely have replaced lime-sulfur spray for this purpose.

Early in the century, application of insecticides in dust form became popular with some very definite advantages. Applying dusts wastes insecticides but saves time. Highly specialized machinery and equipment for application of insecticidal dusts have been developed, ranging from the simple plunger-type of garden duster to powerful blowertype dusters by which large areas or tall trees can be dusted in a short time.

insecticidal dusts have been developed, ranging from the simple plunger-type of garden duster to powerful blower-type dusters by which large areas or tall trees can be dusted in a short time. Disadvantage of dust applications is that they are likely to blow away in windy weather, so at the close of the first half of the century, greater emphasis is being placed on spraying with less use of dust except for small hand-operated equipment. There is a great variety of power sprayers with the trend towards one-man machine for use in orchards and fields.

The science of entomology had set-

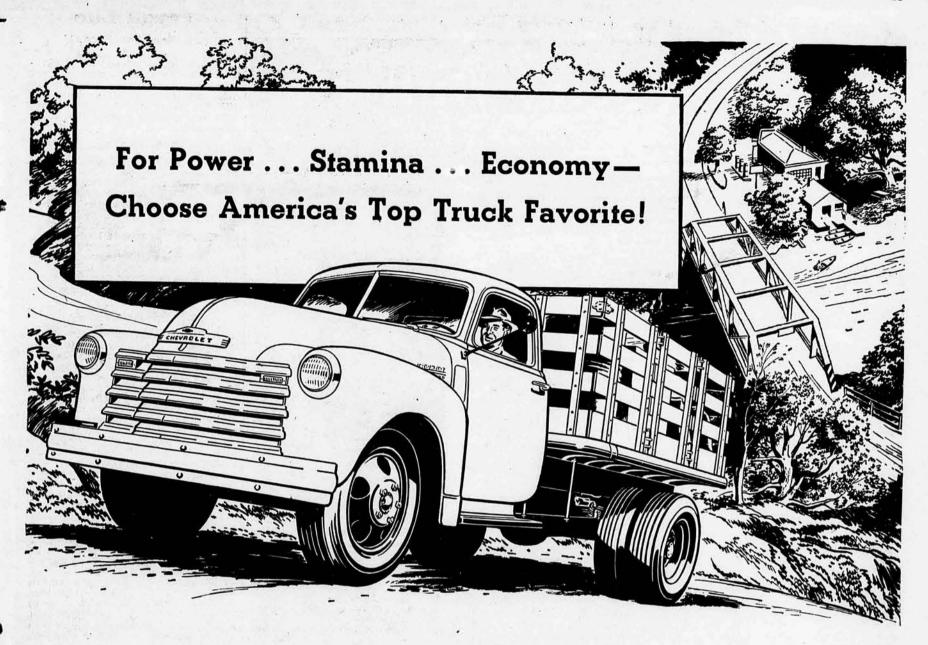
use in orchards and fields.

The science of entomology had settled down in a comfortable rut near midway in the half century, resigned to the use of these and some other well-known standard materials for insect control. It is true chemists, entomologists, and others were trying to increase the advantages of each of the old insecticides and reduce the disadvantages so they would be more widely used. It seemed foolish, however, to think of spraying fields of corn, wheat and alfalfa so that farm practices were thought of as the main practical method of dealing with field crop pests. But in 1941, it was discovered a com-

But in 1941, it was discovered a compound now known as DDT, which first had been made in 1874 and set on the (Continued on Page 16)



UP-TO-DATE METHOD of grasshopper control is spreading Chlordane spray by airplane. This new chemical is a good 'hopper poison with lasting effects of from 1 to 3 weeks. Note airplane flies very low to do the job.





# ADVANCE-DESIGN TRUCKS

Here's the "worker" you've wanted . . . the Advance-Design Chevrolet truck! It's the most powerful Chevrolet truck ever built . . . handles every job easier, faster, with utmost economy.

If you want a life-size picture of the ideal farm truck, watch these new Chevrolet trucks in action! To put it plainly, they're unbeatable. Chevrolet has never built a truck with so much power . . . with so much real get-up-and-go. They're sturdy, dependable, easy to handle . . . and they're economical. You save money every mile and every load with Chevrolet's low cost of operation and up-keep. And you save on purchase price too—get more for your dollars. Your good judgment will tell you that Chevrolet is the truck that belongs on your farm. See your Chevrolet dealer.

CHEVROLET MOTOR DIVISION, General Motors Corporation. DETROIT 2, MICHIGAN

### PAYLOAD LEADERS

For low cost per ton mile, Chevrolet trucks are the choice of thrifty farm owners. Chevrolet's rugged construction and allaround economy cut running and upkeep costs—let you haul your loads with real reductions in operating expense.

### PERFORMANCE LEADERS

On the hills or on the straightaway, the super efficient new Chevrolet trucks are miles ahead in performance. They give you high pulling power over a wide range of usable road speeds—and high acceleration to cut down total trip time.

### POPULARITY LEADERS

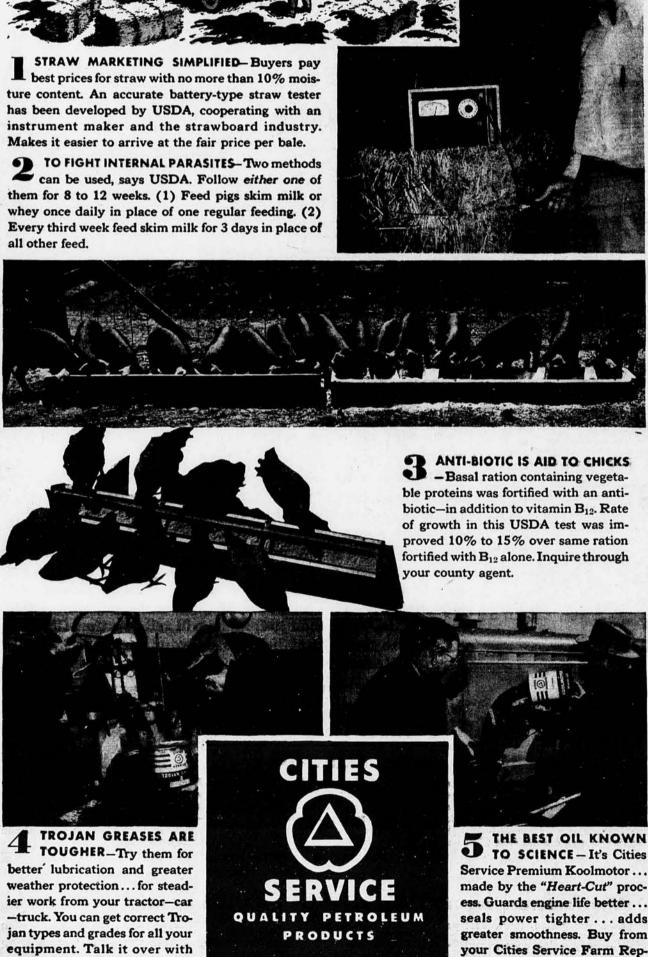
Chevrolet trucks have led in demand and sales for the last eight consecutive truck production years... are far ahead again this year according to current registration figures. Here's convincing proof of greater owner satisfaction.

### PRICE LEADERS

From low purchase price to high resale value, you're money ahead with Chevrolet trucks. Chevrolet's rock-bottom initial cost —outstandingly low cost of operation and upkeep—and high trade-in value, all add up to the lowest price for you.

Plus all these Advance-Design features: TWO GREAT VALVE-IN-HEAD ENGINES: the new 105-h.p. Loadmaster and the improved 92-h.p. Thriftmaster—to give you greater power per gallon, lower cost per load • THE NEW POWER-JET CARBURETOR: smoother, quicker acceleration response • DIAPHRAGM SPRING CLUTCH for easy action engagement • SYNCHRO-MESH TRANSMISSIONS for fast, smooth shifting • HYPOID REAR AXLES—5 times more durable than spiral bevel type • DOUBLE-ARTICULATED BRAKES—for complete driver control • WIDE-BASE WHEELS for increased tire mileage • ADVANCE-DESIGN STYLING with the "Cab that Breathes" • BALL-TYPE STEERING for easier handling • UNIT-DESIGN BODIES—precision built.





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Accessories for the farm

TO SCIENCE — It's Cities Service Premium Koolmotor... made by the "Heart-Cut" process. Guards engine life better ... seals power tighter . . . adds greater smoothness. Buy from your Cities Service Farm Representative.

### Tough Life

(Continued from Page 14)

shelves for more than 60 years, had remarkable insecticidal properties. It not only killed flies with surprising thoroness, but the chemical continued to kill flies when any came in contact with the sprayed surface for weeks afterwards.

### Residual Killing

I can remember when I first heard of this claim. It seemed so incredible I did not take it seriously. But the claim was true and is now so widely known and understood that residual killing has come to be a desired prop-erty of most new insecticides. Of course, Paris green and lead arsenate killed leaf-eating insects for days after the application to leaves providing it was not washed off. But the residual effectiveness of DDT persisted for a varying length of time despite various kinds of weether. kinds of weather.

### **DDT** Stimulated Study

DDT was first released to the public in 1945 and, in the 5 years at the close of the first half century, has become the most thoroly investigated and discussed insecticide the world has ever known. Use of DDT for insect control it as epochal and revolutionary in entomology as the energy of atomic fis-sion is in the field of physics. DDT con-trols many species better than was possible by any earlier known insecticide. It stimulated chemists and in-dustry more than any other insecticide discovered in a search to find other organic compounds which would give better control for pests for which DDT was not satisfactory. So, in rapid succession, came chlordane, toxaphene, benzene hexachloride, methoxychlor, tetraethyl pyrophosphate, hexaethyl tetraphosphate and parathion. At end of the half century, the pure gamma form of benzene hexachloride known as lindane, which provides a remark-ably satisfactory insecticidal material without the main objections of techni-cal benzene hexachloride, became available to the public. Aldrin, dieldrin and others scarcely out of the screening and testing stage, are becoming well known laboratory terms.

### No Serious Complications

But the new insecticides in some ways are too good. They have resulted in residue hazards under certain conditions which, at the close of the first half century, are being carefully assayed. There are suggestions that DDT when applied to the soil persists so long the soil may be unfavorably affected. The fear expressed by some observers that the so-called "balance of nature" may be seriously upset by wide-scale use of DDT has so far proved of minor importance. At the proved of minor importance. At the close of the first half of the century, all these new problems are being en-ergetically investigated with no very serious complications discovered so far in extensive tests.

According to Dr. F. C. Bishop, assistant chief of the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine USDA, more than a billion pounds of insecticides are used annually, but despite this astronomical figure, insects will cause damage of food crops estimated at 4 billion dollars a year. New mate-rials are needed to stop this damage.

So the first half century closes with a large array of new insecticides, ro-denticides, and fungicides. Each appears to have certain advantages and one or more disadvantages. Each is proving satisfactory for control of one or more pests but less satisfactory for

### Hunt "Ideal" Insecticide

The ideal insecticide has not yet been discovered. The ideal appears to be a compound as widely effective against a great range of pests as parathion with its freedom from residue hazards to man and livestock: the safety of pyrethrum or derris to man with the long residual property, the compatibility with fungicides and weed killers and the cost of DDT. Chemists thruout the world are searching for just such an insecticide and, as a result of their searches chemicals with surpristheir searches, chemicals with surprising new properties and uses are being discovered. No one seems to think the ideal insecticide is impossible to attain. It is as has been described for American ingenuity, "the difficult we do quickly, but the impossible takes a little longer."

### How Would You...

- Raise 50,000 Broilers?
- Get Higher Egg Prices?
- Remodel a Laying House?
- Raise 5,000 Turkeys?



HOW THEY GROW: In 10 or 12 weeks, these broilers on the August Scheetz farm, Shawnee county, will be on a restaurant menu. Mr. and Mrs. Scheetz look over some of the 50,000 broilers produced each year.

SEMING is believing. That is why folks are taking an increased interest in the many farm tours planned by Kansas State College Extension service.

Take poultry tours, for instance. In Shawnee county this season—just as in many other counties in Kansas—farmers interested in poultry took a day off to tour the county for on-the-farm inspection of top-quality poultry proservice.

Take poultry tours, for instance. In Shawnee county this season—just as in many other counties in Kansas—farmers interested in poultry took a day off to tour the county for on-the-farm inspection of top-quality poultry programs.

At the Scheetz Leghorn farm, near Topeka, visitors saw 2 entirely different types of poultry programs—production of 50,000 broilers a year for specialized restaurant trade, and raising 1,500 pullets for laying-flock replacement.

### Four Important Points

Broilers on the Scheetz farm are raised in batteries because, says Mr. Scheetz, battery production is best where you are starting and finishing batches of broilers every week. Some points learned about broilers at this ston were:

stop were:
1. Broilers grow slower in hot

2. Good-quality chicks should be used.

3. A good high-protein commercial feed should be used thruout the grow-

feed should be used thruout the growing period.

4. For profit the birds should reach 3 pounds by 10 to 12 weeks.

You can't have a good flock of laying hens in the fall unless you do a good job of growing pullets. At the Scheetz farm, early pullets are preferred because they come into production when egg prices are highest. "Range shelters are the most important piece of equipment for developing good pullets," says Mr. Scheetz. Rye is used on the range and pullets are fed a pulletlets," says Mr. Scheetz. Rye is used on the range and pullets are fed a pullet-developer feed, plus whole oats. They are allowed to go several hours during mid-day without feed. "It helps their digestion to get their stomachs emp-tied out every day," Mr. Scheetz ex-plains. A main point stressed at all farm stops was this:

Egg prices are always above aver-

fall production. Visitors also were asked to make suggestions on how to remodel an outdated laying house.

This laying house, built in the 1920's, is 30 feet by 54 feet, but divided lengthwise with a partition in the middle. The house also has a stepped-up roof over one half with cloister windows at the top for light. The old roosts are too high off the floor and the house has other defects. The Youngs wanted to know how to remodel it with a minimum of costs. Here are the recommendations made by M. A. Seaton, Kansas State College Extension poultry specialist:

1. Take out the lengthwise partition and put in a part partition across the depth to make 2 rooms 30 by 27 feet.

2. Put in straw loft to improve ven-

3. Take out old roosts and put in modern droppings pits with roosts on top 18 inches above floor instead of the present 30 inches. Roosts would consist

of 7 perches 14 inches apart.
4. One square foot of open front was recommended for each 10 square feet of floor space. Muslin curtains should be used to close openings in bad

weather.
5. Use of built-up litter was suggested to cut down labor. Experiments have proved that birds are actually healthier where built-up litter is used.

### Too Much Light?

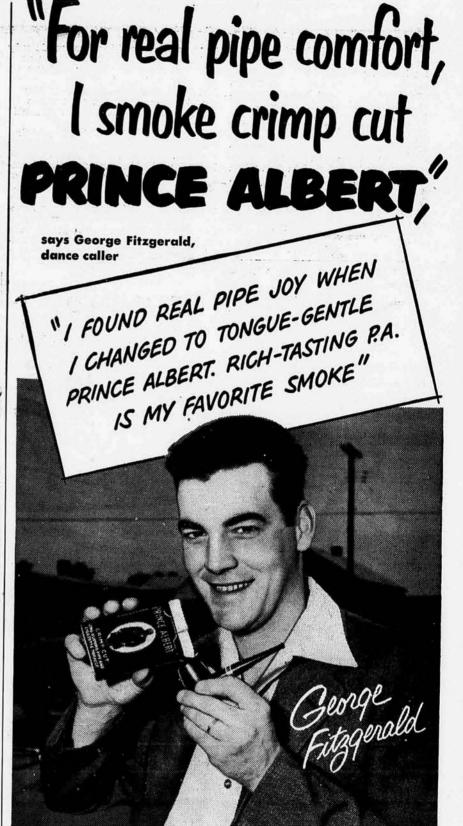
The Young poultry house is darker than most and the Youngs were won-dering whether this was bad. Mr. Sea-ton pointed out that light is not as eston pointed out that light is not as essential as generally believed. In fact, he says, there will be less cannibalism if the house is not too light.

Mr. and Mrs. U. R. Zeller and their (Continued on Page 18)

(Continued on Page 18)



CONTEST: Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Krasny, center, help M. A. Seaton, right, tell the story of a laying contest between hybrids and Leghorns conducted on the Krasny farm. Results not yet complete. center, help M. A. Seaton, right, tell the



Prince Albert has the natural fragrance of choice tobacco. Yes, you get a richer-tasting, milder smoke in a pipeful of crimp cut P. A. - specially treated to insure against tongue bite.







### **How Would You?**

(Continued from Page 17)

daughter, Connie, took the visitors on a tour of the Zeller Royal Turkey Ranch. They have a breeding flock of 450 hens and annually raise some 5,000 turkeys, in addition to selling hatching eggs. The Zeller flock is U.S. Pullorum clean, highest possible rating.

Most important point brought out here was that turkey production is a highly specialized business that is profitable only for experts. "Turkey raising shouldn't be dabbled in just when conditions look good," explained Mr. Seaton. daughter, Connie, took the visitors on a

Visitors at the turkey farm were amazed to find the value of poultry manure in soil building. Mr. Zeller said his land was light sandy soil that blew

year on the farm his wheat made only 11 bushels, his oats 18 bushels an acre. After 3 years of raising turkeys on range, plus alfalfa in the crop rotation, Mr. Zeller had corn that made 102 bushels, 4 acres of wheat that made 70 bushels and his cets made 20 bushels. bushels, and his oats made 90 bushels an acre

LIBRARY

MANHATTAN

an acre.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Krasny find poultry is profitable—better than their ewe flock—when handled on a volume basis. They had been reading that farmers should either "get in or get out" of the poultry business, so they "got in."

They remodeled an old horse barn, used the regular laying house, and converted an old shed so they had room for 500 lavers. This year they started out



LEARN LESSON: Farmers on the Shawnee county poultry tour look over range shelters, said by owners to be their most valuable piece of equipment for raising

ary 17. They found they could buy chicks a little cheaper in January or February than in March or April.

Getting chicks cheaper and having them early enough for egg production when prices are high in fall, gives Krasnys a double chance for profit.

Altho the Krasnys do not sell eggs on a grade basis, they gather them 3 times a day in wire baskets and take them direct to the basement. It is important to cool eggs immediately to them direct to the basement. It is important to cool eggs immediately to maintain their quality, says Mrs. Krasny. As a result of the special care given eggs, the Krasnys have a buyer who picks up their eggs and pays them a premium for quality. Poultry on this farm is proving so profitable the Kras-

nys are building a new 26- by 70-foot laying house, using latest plans recommended by Kansas State College.

While at the Krasnys, visitors also heard preliminary figures on a laying test between hybrid and Leghorn chickens during the last laying season. The Krasnys were conducting the test for a hatchery.

A point stressed by Mr. Seaton was to vaccinate for Newcastle while chickens are about 10 weeks old, because waiting until pullets are in production causes them to fall off in eggs.

Wing vaccination will upset birds more than nostril application, Mr. Seaton explains, but is more sure and will give longer immunity.

give longer immunity.



TAKES KNOW-HOW: Producing prize Broad Breasted Bronze turkeys like these takes experts, says M. A. Seaton, center, Kansas State College poultry specialist. With him are, left to right: Preston Hale, Shawnee county agent; U. R. Zeller, Mrs. Zeller, and daughter, Connie, owners of the Zeller Royal Turkey Ranch.

### **Market Lamb Production Contest Is Announced**

A NEW 1950-1951 Kansas Market Lamb Production Contest is being announced. Co-operating in the project are the Chamber of Commerce of Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas State College, Manhattan. A folder describing the project in detail has been mailed to all Vocational Agricultural teachers and county agents. The contest will be based on good practices recommended for the last several years by Kansas State College Extension livestock specialists and the animal husbandry department.

Will Award Plagues NEW 1950-1951 Kansas Market

### Will Award Plaques

Awards will consist of plaques and certificates of merit. To the 4 highest scoring flocks in each of the 2 competitive classes will go bronze and walnut plaques. Certificates of merit will be offered to the next 4 places in each class for honorable mention. For each class for honorable mention. each class for honorable mention. For highest scoring flock, a sweepstakes prize consisting of a silver trophy will be awarded. All awards will be presented at the annual bred ewe sale of the Kansas Sheep Breeders Association to be held in the fall of 1951. Carl Elling, Kansas State College Extension animal husbandryman, is state chairman of the project.

Cliff J. Kaney, vice-president in charge of the Chamber's agricultural department, says there are several reasons for launching the project. "There has been a large depletion of farm flocks of

sheep in Kansas. The committee wishes to encourage farmers who like to raise sheep to adopt the project and thus also increase Kansas farm income. Market lamb production fits in nicely with the entire average farm set-up in most of Kansas and helps balance the farming enterprise and the farm income. It is hoped many flock owners who have gone out of the sheep business, because of annoying incidents such as predatory animals and stray dogs, will be induced to get back in," says Mr. Kaney.

Winners of the contest will be decided by a contest committee. The scoring form will be based on weight of lambs marketed per ewe, weight and grade of wool sold per ewe, feeding and management practices, and average age of lambs sold. sheep in Kansas. The committee wishes

### **Money Makers for Club**

Officers of clubs are now think-Officers of clubs are now thinking of plans for making money and we can recommend the leaflet, "Money Makers for Your Club." There are several suggestions which may appeal and which are entertaining. For a copy of the leaflet, please address Entertainment Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Price 3.





BLUEBERRY MUFFINS PLEASE: Add 1 cup canned blueberries to regulation muffin

FILL PAN 3/3 FULL: Stir any muffin mixture only until the flour is moistened.



# 66 N Is for More Muffins

### By Florence McKinney

WONDERFUL way to serve bread is the muffin way. In stores there are muffin mixes. On your shelves there are makings for many varieties from blueberry to pecan muffins. There are quick-mix breads of the muffin type, baked, however, in loaf pans. Here we offer several to tempt you and your guests.

### Blueberry Muffins .

2 cups sifted enriched flour 1/4 cup sugar 1 egg, beaten

3 teaspoons baking 1 cup milk powder

1 teaspoon salt

2 tablespoons melted shortening 1 cup blueberries

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and

sugar. Combine egg, milk, blueberries and shortening. Add liquid to flour mixture, stirring only until flour is moistened. Fill greased muffin pans 2/3 full. Bake in hot oven (425° F.) for 20 minutes. Makes about 16 to 18 small or 12 medium-sized or 8 large muffins.

### Pecan Mussins

2 cups sifted enriched 1/4 cup brown sugar flour 1 egg, beaten 3 teaspoons baking 1 cup milk powder 1 teaspoon salt

2 tablespoons melted shortening pecans

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and sugar. Combine egg, milk and shortening. Add liquid to flour mixture, stirring only until flour is moistened. Fill greased muffin pans 2/3 full. Place a pecan half or a teaspoon of chopped pecans on top before baking. Sprinkle with sugar. Bake in hot oven (425° F.) for 20 minutes. Makes 16 to 18 small, 12 medium-sized or 8 large muffins.

EAT YEAR AROUND: For good eating, add chopped pecans to regulation muffin

### Corn Kernel Mussins

2 cups sifted enriched flour

3 teaspoons baking powder

1 teaspoon salt 2 tablespoons sugar

1 egg, beaten

1 cup milk 2 tablespoons melted shortening 2 cups canned or fresh corn

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and sugar. Combine egg, milk, shortening and corn. Add liquid ingredients to flour mixture, stirring only until flour is moistened. Fill greased muffin pans 2/3 full. Bake in hot oven (425° F.) 20

minutes. Makes 16 to 18 small, 12 mediumsized or 8 large muffins.

### Apricot Upside-Down Coffeecake

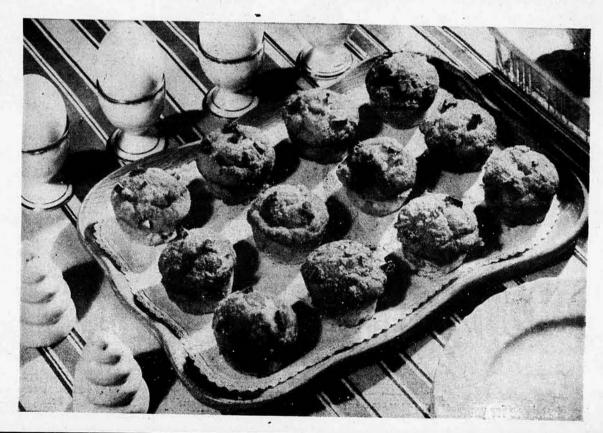
11/2 cups sifted enriched flour

1/2 teaspon salt 1/2 cup sugar

2 teaspoons baking

1 egg, beaten 1/2 cup milk 3 tablespoons melted shortening

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and sugar. Combine egg, milk and shortening. Add to flour mixture, [Continued on Page 20]



stirring until the mixture is smooth.

up butter ¼ cup brown sugar 16 cooked dried apricot halves 1/4 cup butter

Melt butter in 8-inch square pan. Sprinkle with brown sugar. Arrange apricot halves evenly over butter-sugar mixture. Cover with coffeecake batter. Bake in moderately hot oven (400° F.) for 25 minutes. Makes 1 coffeecake.

### Ruby Cranberry Coffeecake

11/2 cups sifted enriched flour

ing powder ½ teaspoon soda 1 teaspoon salt

½ cup sugar 1/2 cup chopped 1 cup mashed egg, beaten

1/4 cup melted shortening 4 slices canned cranberry jelly 16 pecan halves

Sift together flour, baking powder, soda and ½ cup sugar. Add nuts and mix well. Combine bananas, egg and shortening. Add to flour mixture, stirring until smooth. Pour into greased 8-inch square pan. Cut slices of cranberry jelly into ¼-inch-thick slices and then cut into quarters. Place pieces of ielly evenly on top of batter. Put a jelly evenly on top of batter. Put a pecan half on top of each piece of jelly. Sprinkle entire top with ¼ cup sugar. Bake in moderately hot oven (400° F.) for 30 minutes. Makes 1 coffeecake.

### Applesauce Bread

2 cups sifted % teaspoon cloves enriched flour % cup chopped nuts 3 teaspoons baking 1 egg, beaten powder % cup brown sugar 1 teaspoon salt 1 cup applesauce % cup melted shortening

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and cloves. Add nuts. Combine egg, brown sugar, applesauce and shortening. Add to flour, stirring only enough to moisten flour. Pour into greased, lined loaf pan, 8½ by 4½ inches. Bake in moderate oven (350° F.) for 50 minutes to 1 hour. Makes one 1-pound loaf.

### Bit O'Meat Muffins

2 cups sifted enriched flour

3 teaspoons bak-

ing powder
1 teaspoon salt
2 tablespoons sugar 1 egg, beaten 2 tablespoons melted

shortening

1 eup milk 1 teaspoon horse-radish

2 teaspoons Worcestershire

1½ cups diced cooked meat 4 hard-cooked eggs, diced

Sift together flour, baking powder, salt and sugar. Combine egg, milk, shortening, horseradish, Worcester-shire sauce, meat and diced eggs. Add liquid ingredients to flour mixture, stirring only until flour is moistened. Fill greased muffin pans ¾ full. Bake in hot oven (425° F.) for 20 minutes. Serve hot. Makes 12 large muffins.

### News To You?

Provide enough electric outlets for all your lamps and appliances. Space them every 12 feet along the wall and in small areas about 3 feet apart.

Soap and heat set more summertime stains. Sponge with cold water, then rub with glycerin and wash as usual.

Mildew is extremely difficult to remove. Best prevent it. Air, sunshine and dry heat will aid in preventing its

When your child is old enough to choose his clothing, accompany him to the store and let him make his own decisions.

When you give your child an allow-ance, don't make it a payment for lit-tle jobs around the house or farm. And don't tell him how to spend his allow-ance either. Guide the spending thru family talks in day-by-day living.

Gates at top and bottom of stairs are a safety measure in a home where there are creeping children.

Be careful with fluorescent light bulbs after they are burned out. Bury them, so there'll be no temptation for children to play with them. The glass shatters easily and the inside coating of the tube is dangerous.

with Hills Bros friendlier flavor



Try it and see for yourself why Hills Bros Coffee makes and keeps friends?

Libraries Libraries

ANT a good book to read? There's Wa way... an easy one. You can get from one to 50 books to augment your small community library or to arrive at your own house just for yourself. This service is offered by the State Library and the Traveling Library at the State House in Topeka.

Any resident of Kansas is eligible, so

Any resident of Kansas is eligible, so you may count yourself in. If you want one book and up to 5, write to the State Library and all you pay is the return postage and you may keep them for 3 weeks. If you live in a community with a town under 2,000 people, any community group is eligible to get trunks of books from the Traveling Library. These trunks are packed with the books you request in 25- and 50-book sizes. The fee for the former is \$1.50 for 4 months. The larger, 50-book trunk will arrive for a fee of \$2.50 and it may be kept 6 months. kept 6 months.

The Traveling Library will be able to send you almost all kinds of books, children's, books on crafts of all kinds, fiction, history, biography, nearly anything you wish. The State Library carries a wide variety but no fiction. Postage alone will bring you from 1 to 5 books on a 3-week loan basis.

Here we are again with another letter from a farm woman reader concerning the library situation in her county. It shows the interest of folks in the relationship between good reading and good citizenship.

Dear Editor: At a recent meeting of our home demonstration unit, we discussed our library service in Marion county. It seemed most of the women were of the opinion that services in this part of the county were satisfactory as we have a nice public library in our town, plus school and church libraries.

Later I visited the librarian in our town and found things quite different. She said schoolteachers from all over

the county come in and ask for as many books as they're allowed to take out. These are teachers from small town schools as well as those from rural districts. The reason is that over a period of years, insufficient funds have been provided to replace or buy new books for school libraries in addition to public libraries. I was surprised to learn there are many homes that do not take daily papers or magazines.

I'm not exactly able to say how libraries should be supported. However, I cannot think of a better way than by some form of taxation.

I cannot think of a better way than by some form of taxation.

If we do not provide proper reading material for our schools, public libraries and homes, we'll pay for it with the lives and conduct of our children. I'm wondering whether the trash we see on the newsstands isn't already the result of paglest along that line

the newsstands isn't already the result of neglect along that line.

Personally, I can't see why the average rural home can't have sufficient reading material. We have many magazines at moderate prices that contain articles of interest to every member of the family. If parents read, it isn't difficult to encourage children to read, and most families have the means to supply their homes with books and magazines.

I realize school children need to read certain books along with their studies that are not found in the average home.

that are not found in the average home. Parents expect the school libraries to provide them, so we as parents must support the best possible method to supply our libraries with good books. Farm life for me would be dull without reading material. Regardless of where we live we must keep up with the times. I can never find the time to read all I'd like. We can get some points of view on current events over the radio, but to get the most out of life and broaden our minds, we must read. Anyway we can promote more and better reading is another step toward better citizenship.—By Mrs. Karl Seifert.

### Something Different . . . Pansy Doily



The center of the pansy doily is white, the edge made of shaded lavenders and shaded whites. Pattern with directions and picture will be sent for 5 cents. Write to the Home Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and ask for Pensy Doily, number 5911.

### Hints for the Jelly Maker

Sugar is sugar, that is if it's granulated. It is made from either sugar beets or sugar cane and the final products are exactly the same. One is exactly as good as another when making jelly and other fruit preserves.

A full, rolling boil, so often mentioned in jelly recipes, means a full, high, tumbling boil that can't be stirred down.

It's not wise to double a jelly recipe. Follow the recipe exactly, measure every ingredient with a standard measuring cup and the boiling time to the minute. Measure all fruits after they are crushed. This is because of difference in size of fruits.

The jelly bag may be squeezed or not as you choose. Squeezing will increase the quantity and flavor of the jelly, but it will not be quite as clear as when allowed to drain naturally.

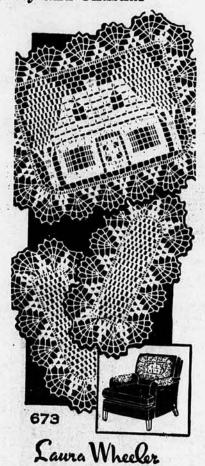
Commercial pectins may be used in making any jelly and are necessary with some fruits that lack enough natural pectin. Bottled pectin cannot be substituted for powdered pectin. The recipe on the bottle or package should be followed exactly. Use of commercial pectin increases the amount of jelly considerably.

Weeping jelly or the separation of a small amount of sirup is normal and will not spoil unless mold begins to grow on the seepage. To prevent weeping, leave a half-inch space at the top when filling the jars and cover carefully with paraffin, cover tightly and store in a dark cool place.

### For Peppy Parties

For September entertainment ideas, let us suggest our leaflet, "A School Days Party," (price 3c). It gives invitation, decoration and game suggestions. Another leaflet for the beginning of the fall season is our jolly playlet, "A Ticket for Amy." Requires 3 characters and scene is laid in railway ticket office. Price 5c. We can give your order prompt attention. Please address Entertainment Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

### Easy and Unusual



This is the house that you can build with your crochet hook. New and unusual design for chair-set. It's plain crochet with petal-mesh. Crochet the center then add the border. Use No. 30 cotton. Complete directions included.

Send 20 cents for pattern to Needlework Editor, Kansus Farmer, Topeka.



MRS. LYDIA SCHROEDER of Wauwatosa, Wisconsin, a blue-ribbon winner in the home-economics exhibition at the 1949 Wisconsin State Fair.

"My canned goods and baked goods have won lots of prizes at the State Fair in the past ten years," says Mrs. Schroeder, "and Beet Sugar has been a prize-winning ingredient in all my entries. I know it's a perfect performer."

Thousands of U. S. housewives agree completely with Mrs. Schroeder. They know from their own experience that there's no better sugar than pure Beet Sugar—the sugar prize-winners use—for home-canning, baking, and all kinds of cooking. And at the table, too. So next time you buy sugar, be sure to tell your grocer you want Beet Sugar. One or more of the famous brands—shown below—are always available in your community.

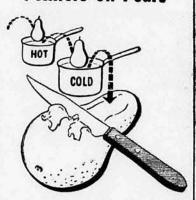
### PEAR-ORANGE HONEY

3 large (3 cups sliced) oranges 8 large (9 cups sliced) pears ¼ cup lemon juice 9 cups Beet Sugar ½ tsp. powdered ginger ¼ tsp. salt

Wash but do not peel oranges; quarter and slice crosswise into thin wedges. Wash, peel, core and quarter pears; then slice crosswise into thin wedges. Combine all ingredients in large saucepan. Boil 35 to 40 minutes or until mixture gives jelly test by sheeting from clean metal spoon (219°-221° F. on candy thermometer). Pour into hot sterilized jars or jelly glasses, seal or paraffin at once. Makes about 4 pts. or eight 8-ounce glasses.

IMPORTANT! Beet Sugar is a 100%-American product. When you buy Beet Sugar you are supporting an important home industry.

### **Pointers on Pears**



Peel Them With Ease by scalding first in hot water for about 1 minute. Then plunge pears into cold water. Use a light scraping motion to remove the yellow under the skin.

### Bake Them To Please

Pour over 6 unpeeled pears a syrup of ½ cup Beet Sugar, ½ cup water, 2 thsps. butter or margarine, 1 thsp. lemon juice, and ½ tsp. almond extract. Cover and bake in mod. hot oven (400° F.) about 1 hour or till tender, basting occasionally.

nancy Haven

Consumer Service Department
Western Beet Sugar Producers, Inc.,
P.O. Box 3594,
San Francisco 19, California

YOUR BEST BUY IS Beet Sugar WESTERN BEET SUGAR PRODUCERS, INC.





### Freeze Before Frost

GREEN peppers, if they are firm and crisp are excellent for how. GREEN peppers, if they are firm and crisp are excellent for home-freezing. That's good news for the farm homemaker whose pepper plants are most heavily laden just as frost approaches. Freezing is an easier way and quicker too, than canning. Green peppers are popular with most folks for they add a dash of green color to favorite salads and relishes, and they offer vitamins A'and C in extra-good measure. measure.

For use in salads, they should be frozen without preheating. They are crisper that way. Use them in salads before they are completely thawed for the sake of crispness.

For use in cooked dishes, preheat them because it softens the peppers, makes them pack more compactly. Here are directions for freezing: Wash peppers, cut out stems, cut in half, re-move seeds and slice or not as desired. Unheated halves or slices may be packed directly into containers and put packed directly into containers and put into the freezer. No headspace is necessary. For preheating, give halves 3 minutes time in boiling water, slices 2 minutes. Then chill immediately in cold water, drain and pack tight in containers, leaving a half-inch headspace.

Use leafproof, moisture proof jars, cartons or bags.





Prize cook Mrs. C. H. Parrett says, "I wouldn't use any yeast but Fleischmann's."

# **Topeka Mother Wins Kansas Free Fair Cooking Contest**

Gary, Larry and Celia Parrett proudly hold up Mom's ribbons for all the world to see. Mom is Mrs. C. H. Parrett of Topeka, Kansas, who carried off 4 first prizes in cookery at the Kansas Free Fair. Says prize cook Mrs. Parrett, "Good cooking takes plenty of practice, but it also takes the finest ingredients.

When you bake at home, for instance, you have to use the best yeast for the best results. I wouldn't use any yeast but Fleischmann's. It's always fast and lively and dependable. It's never once let me down."

That's right! Prize-winning cooks prefer Fleischmann's Yeast to all others.



35-inch.

9325—Just one main piece to cut and takes one yard of 54-inch material. Misses sizes 10 to 18.

9222—Casual dress with mandarin collar. Three main pattern parts. Sizes 12 to 20 and size 40. Size 16 takes 41/8

yards of 39-inch material.

9375—Double-breasted frock with bib effect and slantaway pockets. Sizes 14 to 20 and 32 to 42. Size 16 takes 4% yards of 35-inch material.

4616—Smooth-fitting jumper and blouse for the teen-ager. Sizes 10 to 16. Size 12 jumper takes 4 yards 39-inch material; blouse 2½ yards of 35-inch. 4727—Backbone of wardrobe. Mix and match with other separates. Waist sizes 24 to 32 inches. Size 28 takes 1% yards of 54-inch material.

4718—Practical and pretty. Sizes small (14 to 16) and medium (18 to 20). One yard of 35-inch material for small size.





Send 25 cents for each pattern to the Fashion Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

### Books On Review

### Tree Crops

If your farm land is washing away,

If your farm land is washing away, if you have rocky, hilly pasture land yielding little or no profit, if you need a windbreak which will also pay you money, here is a book for you to read. "Tree Crops, A Permanent Agriculture" is written by Dr. J. Russell Smith who is an authority on the subject of trees for the purposes mentioned. He has much to say in his book on experiments every farmer can and should try out.

out.

It is illustrated with many photographs of both good and bad management, land with and without trees and the results. We think this is a book which might well be a monetary asset to any farmer. It is published by the Devin-Adair Company, 23 East 26th Street, New York 10, N. Y. Cost \$6.

### **Party Games**

Here is a new and different book of party games that contains the favorite get-together pastimes of Hollywood and Broadway celebrities. Every game is described in easy-to-play fashion, making it suitable for any adult or teen-age party. The book contains 31 such games.

"Party Games" was written by Maggi McNellis and Hubie Boscowitz and published by Prentice-Hall, Incorporated, New York City. See your own public library or your bookstore. Cost \$1.95.

### For Fall Programs

"So Much a Dozen." Cast of 13 nen, women and children. Surpris-

men, women and children. Surprising and hilarious.

"A Ticket for Amy." Comical play. Scene laid in railway ticket office. Three characters.

"Over the Garden Fence." Playlet written in poetry. Two women characters. Simple stage scenery. Suitable for community, club or girl's Sunday-school class.

There are a few of the plays we have to offer readers. Please address Entertainment Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, and enclose 5c for each copy desired.

### **Growing Roses**

Since most authorities agree that fine roses should be planted in the fall,

fine roses should be planted in the fall, we recommend a new book on their culture which gives detailed instructions on every point.

"Growing Roses" by Frank R. Norris, is a small paper-bound book for the beginner. It includes several full-page colored photographs of roses and drawings explaining their culture.

It covers everything from soil treatment, spraying to pruning. It lists the most suitable types to grow in this area.

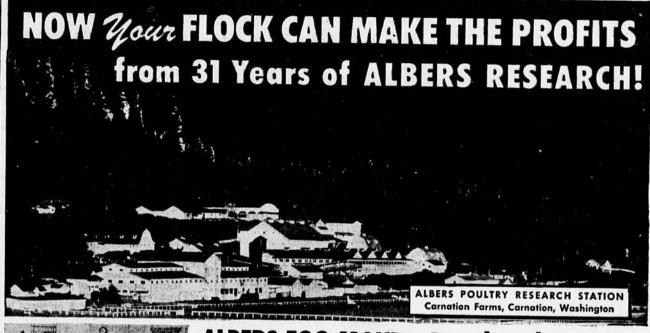
This book is published by the Borden Publishing Company, Los Angeles, California. Cost \$1.25.

### Montana, Here I Be

This rugged homespun yarn about a frontier Robin Hood is told with vigor and humor. The exhibits of Comanche John, the famous road agent, on the Montana trails of the 60's will please the regular Western fans and convert some new ones. Here is good entertainment. Suitable for a birthday or Christmas gift for the young folks. Written by Dan Cushman, it is published by The MacMillan Company, 60 Fifth Avenue, New York 11, N. Y. Try your own public library. Price \$2.50.

### **Halloween Party Plans**

A new leaflet has been prepared A new leaflet has been prepared which includes plans for a complete evening of games, fortunes and stunts. A suggested menu is included. It will be suitable for any age from teen-agers on up. To get this leaflet send 3 cents to the Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.







LET THIS SPECIALIST HELP YOU to greater laying house profits. Your friendly Albers field man brings you the rich benefits of personal experience in poultry feeding, housing and care. You can contact him any time through your Albers

**ALBERS EGG MAKER, Developed Here For** You, Offers NEW Laying-House Profits!

Available at Last to Midwest Egg Producers — FAMOUS ALBERS EGG MAKER . . . Proved Through Years of Exhaustive Tests at the Giant Albers Research Station. (above)

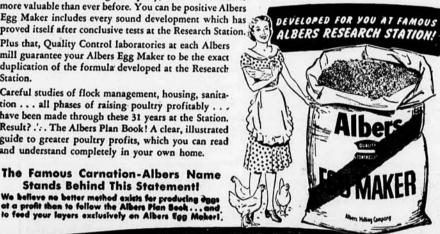
We knew 31 years ago, when the first flock went on test here, that honest RESEARCH . . not razzle-dazzle . . . would produce the feeds that give growers top profits. Today, with important nutritional discoveries coming so rapidly, Albers Research is more valuable than ever before. You can be positive Albers

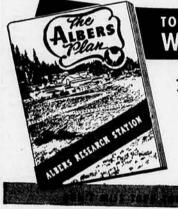
proved itself after conclusive tests at the Research Station. Plus that, Quality Control laboratories at each Albers mill guarantee your Albers Egg Maker to be the exact duplication of the formula developed at the Research

Careful studies of flock management, housing, sanitation . . . all phases of raising poultry profitably . . . have been made through these 31 years at the Station. Result? . . . The Albers Plan Book! A clear, illustrated guide to greater poultry profits, which you can read and understand completely in your own home.

The Famous Carnation-Albers Name Stands Behind This Statement!

We believe no better method exists for producing aga at a profit than to follow the Albers Plan Book... an to feed your layers exclusively on Albers Egg Mohe





TO HELP YOU GET BEST RESULTS WITH YOUR FIRST ALBERS PURCHASE WE'LL GIVE YOU THIS VALUABLE POULTRY BOOK!

This COMPLETE GUIDE To Poultry Profits May Save You \$100, This Season Alone!

128 pages of big, educational pic-tures of actual tests at famous Albers Research Station. Clear, down-to-earth suggestions for mak-ing poultry pay bigger profits. Con-tains everything you need to know tains everything you need to know about chickens from start to finish.

SAVE THIS COUPON! (Offer expires Nov 30, 1950).

When filled out and presented to your Albers or Spear Dealer, this coupon entitles you to one copy of the Albers Plan Book, with your first 300 lb purchase of Albers Egg Maker. Leave coupon with your dealer and your book will be promptly mailed to you. If your dealer does not sell Albers Egg Maker, write his name on this coupon and mail to Albers Milling Co., 1009 Baltimore, Kansas City 6, Mo.

Name.. Town.

Dealer's Name.. I certify the above feeder has made an initial purchase of 300 lbs of Alber Egg Maker, and is entitled to a free copy of the Albers Plan Book for Poultr Dealer's Signature....

## MAKE A BIRTHDAY GIFT to Crippled Children

The Capper Foundation for Crippled Children, Topeka, Kansas

HYDRAULIC LOADER

Easy to Mount

and More Than 60 Other Row Crop and Wide Tread Tractors

If you own a John Deere AR, the Jayhawk Hydraulic Loader will fit it, operating off the Powr-Trol on the tractor. No other pump needed. The Jayhawk also can be mounted easily on other hard to fit tractors, and on some 60 more conventional types. Tested to 2850 Pounds, Equipped with Pat-ented Jayhawk automatic load leveler. 3-way bulldozer, sweep rake, 20-ft. hay crane and snow scoop atbulldozer, rake, 20-crane and scoop attypes.

Iere is a loader that will handle a ton a

minute, that has no overhead framework to interfere with operation in barns and sheds, and that you can attach and detach in three

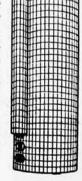
"It's the simplest and easiest to operate I've ever seen," writes a Kansas farmer. You will like the Jayhawk, too. Write for FREE CIRCULAR, low prices today.

WYATT MFG. CO., INC. JAYHAWK FARM IMPLEMENTS SINCE 1903 SALINA, KANSAS

Buy U. S. SAVINGS BONDS

### A SALINA SILO pays for itself as it earns for YOU

Salina Concrete Stave Silos are constructed for a lifetime of durability and service. Heavy, power tamped, steam curedstaves. Distributed locking joints. All steel, air-tight, free swinging doors. Many other exclusive features . . . and remember, a Salina Silo pays for itself as it earns for you! Write today for



The Salina Concrete **Products Company** 

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TIMBERLOCK

Revolutionary! SOMETHING REALLY

An ELECTRIC HYDRAULIC UNDERBODY HOIST



**ALL PARTS** OF A STANDARD MANUFACTURER

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SCRICULTURE 14

### The Old Chisholm Trail

One of your favorite writers will have an article for you in the October 7, NSAS 950, issue of Kansas Farmer. She is Lela Barnes whom you have enjoyed so much in her stories about early days in Kansas.

This time Mrs. Barnes will take you along the old Chisholm Trail where millions of cattle were herded to market. Be sure and watch for "The Old Chisholm Trail" in the October 7, Kansas Farmer.

If you would avoid disease and insect problems . . .

### Move Your Garden

By WILLIAM G. AMSTEIN, Kansas State College

ARDENS too often are kept in the

ARDENS too often are kept in the same location year after year. Many problems of diseases, insects and fertility are the result of this continuous cropping. If 2 or more locations are used, many garden problems would be handled.

Usually it is easier to keep the same garden location. No doubt there are some advantages—convenience to house, area already is fenced, near a water supply for irrigation, provided with natural or planted windbreak. These and similar features are often good reasons for keeping the same garden location too long.

A 2-area garden plan for growing vegetables may be a practical arrangement for you and help avoid some of the accumulated soil, disease and insect problems. In this system vegetables are grown on an area one year, and the other area the same year is

sect problems. In this system vegetables are grown on an area one year, and the other area the same year is used as a lot for poultry and is planted to a soil-improving legume crop.

Some advantages of a 2-area garden are that fall plowing can be done at the proper time. No long season vegetables will be in the way to keep the job from being carried out on time. Likewise, a longer and later fall garden program may be followed. The vegetable area will be in a soil-building crop the next year. Late vegetables can often remain until freezing weather requires their harvest. Some root crops such as parsnips can be left and harvested thruout the winter.

### Aids Insect Control

Aids Insect Control

Rotation of crops from one location to another will help handle many insect and disease control problems. Otherwise, they become more of a problem with continuous cropping. With the alternate use as a poultry area, both garden and poultry disease problems will be lessened. At the same time a more suitable garden soil-fertility program can be developed with 2 areas available. Either a fall and winter cover crop can be included, or a summer cover crop used if preferred.

Last but certainly not least in importance, the poultry should be kept up. Since, as is the case on many farms, both garden and poultry are near the

up. Since, as is the case on many farms, both garden and poultry are near the house, this arrangement serves to keep poultry fenced in rather than fenced out of everything else.

It is time to plant a fall garden cover crop, whether you follow a 1-, 2-, or 3-garden area plan. A legume or a non-legume or a combination of these crops can be used. Where possible a winter legume crop should be used.

The best garden and orchard soilbuilding crop in most sections of Kansas is winter vetch, a legume. Our neighbors in Oklahoma and Missouri seem to make much greater use of this

seem to make much greater use of this fine legume crop than we do in Kansas. Yet in a few Kansas counties, especially in Reno county, dairymen have found vetch an excellent pasture and soil-building crop when planted along with Balbo rye. Up to about the middle of Sentember is a good time to seed with September is a good time to seed vetch

### For Dance Fun

It isn't too late to send for your It isn't too late to send for your copy of the popular little 30-page booklet, "Let's Square Dance." It gives the background and history of calls, definition of terms, and a list of available records. The supply is limited so we suggest an early order to Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Price 3c.

and rye for most satisfying results.
Seed cost as well as lack of seed sources and local experience with winter vetch have been reasons for limited plantings found in many sections of Kansas. Results at the Kansas State College horticultural farm for 25 years with winter vetch indicate it is one of our best garden cover crops. As is the case with most legumes, in seeding vetch it is necessary to innoculate the seed. Also, in many sections, use of phosphate will greatly improve the stand, rate of growth and total value of the crop to be plowed under next spring. Seeding Balbo rye along with vetch is a good practice. Fifteen to 20 pounds of good vetch seed to the acre is enough.

Non-legumes such as rye, wheat, barley or oats also make a good cover crop. However, some of these will often require attention earlier next year

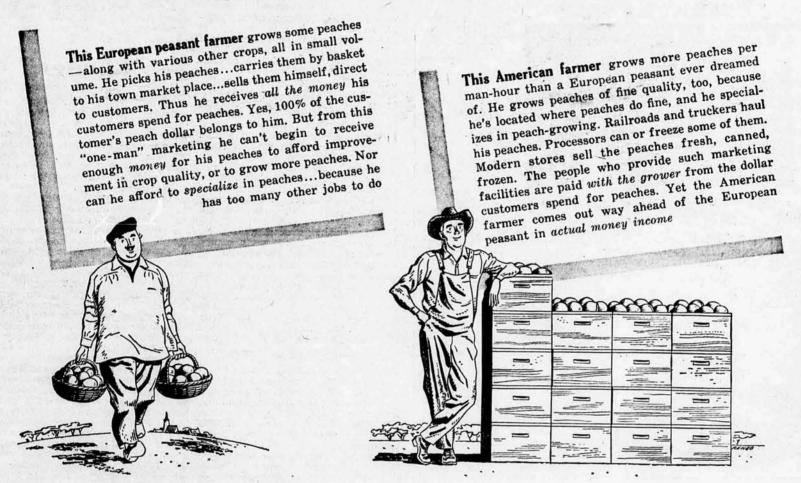
crop. However, some of these will often require attention earlier next year than vetch if used as a green manure crop. Use of cover crops planted this fall, combined with a poultry range next spring and summer, should induce picking a new garden site in 1951. If you do not have an alternate garden site or do not care to plant the entire area to a cover crop, you can arrange to use one third to one half or more of the garden space in cover crops this fall and winter. In late April this cover crop can be turned under in time for planting the main season crops such as tomatoes, beans, sweet corn and the vine crops such as cucumbers and squash.





# TWO WAYS TO SELL PEACHES...

# Which pays farmers better?



Compared to the market-it-yourself system, the American way sells many times more dollars' worth of peaches. American farmers can produce more efficiently—and they can specialize by crop or area—because modern marketing facilities are available to move their bigger, better production to customers.

True, growers here in America get less than 100% of the customer's food dollar. But...because there is mass consumption ... they are able to farm on a mass production basis. Thus American growers receive more money.

The U.S. farmer's share of the food dollar spent for fresh fruits and vegetables today is around 40¢. This share drops to about 25¢ for canned fruits and vegetables. It hits around 28¢ for rolled oats, expensive to process... 70¢ to 75¢ for good grade beef, butter and eggs.

The grower's percent of the food dollar varies from crop to crop because one crop requires more processing, cleaning, grading or packaging charges than another. Or entails more service charges for storage, wholesaling or freight.

### Bigger share of Safeway dollar goes to growers

Safeway's business is the retailing of food.

This function, you know, is sometimes lumped with other charges under the blanket term, "costs of distribution." But Safeway has nothing to do with farm-to-warehouse hauling costs. And in most of the processed foods, others—not Safeway—'do the processing and packaging.

For all our retailing services averaged over all farm crops— Safeway requires less than 14¢ out of the dollar customers pay for food at our stores.

This 14¢ covers all our costs of doing a retail business (such costs as wages, rents, taxes, advertising, etc.) plus a profit. In 1949 our profit was 1½¢ per dollar of food sales at Safeway stores.

Safeway costs are lower than average for such retailing services. In fact, our costs today represent a smaller part of the food dollar than Safeway required 10 years ago.

Of course, the dollar volume of our sales has increased, due in part to higher food prices. But our labor and other costs are up even more sharply. Chiefly because we've learned year by year to operate more efficiently can we return to farmers today a larger share of each dollar of Safeway sales.

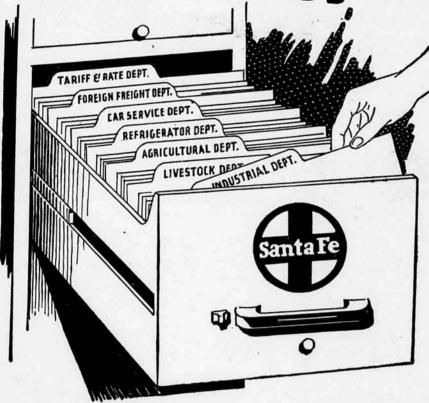
The Safeway idea of selling more food per store and per employee isn't ours alone. We are in free competition with many stores working toward the same end.

It seems to us that is good for everybody—for farmer, customer and store man alike. We invite you to test our ideas of how a store should be run by doing your food shopping at Safeway, where almost onefifth of all customers are farm families.



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M. C. Davis Sons, Box KZ-1, Bonner Springs, Kans. H. C. Davis Sons, Box KZ-1, Bonner Springs, Kans.

**Roasting Ears** 

(Continued from Page 4)

for icing on railway cars, and 5 cents a sack for icing on trucks." The clipping process consists of running ears thru a slicing machine that trims butts of ears and takes off worm damage at the

silk end of the ear.
All corn marketed by the company under the Green Valley brand is U.S. No. 1, since a full-time inspector is employed under the new marketing law administered by the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. Trained and approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. riculture, this inspector is hired by the State Board and farmed out to the company, which pays him a minimum salary plus a fee for each load of corn inspected.
John J. Jubin, of Louisiana, is the

inspector working at the plant this season. "U. S. No. 1 sweet corn," he says, "must have an ear 5 to 8 inches long. Shucks must have good green color and the ear must be well filled with grain in the milk stage. All worm damage must be removed."

"Our early sweet corn market is in Chicago and the Great Lakes states," says Mr. Hale. "Later, the market shifts to Southern states, altho we sell quite a lot in Kansas, Oklahoma and

"This year the government is a big buyer because so many army camps are being reopened. All corn sold to the government is on a low-bid basis. Large chain stores are our biggest regular customers," Mr. Hale continues. "They buy on a daily contract basis and re-distribute over a large area. A steady supply of sweet corn in volume is the most important thing in getting the chain store business.

### Trained Field Crews Help

Because hand picking sweet corn in the field takes a lot of temporary labor some farmers have hesitated going into the sweet corn production business. The company has solved this problem by making a working agreement with a field crew of expertly trained Mexi-

Crews of these Mexicans will pick the corn, field grade and clip it, pack in shipping sacks, and truck to the packer for 25 cents a sack. Of this amount the grower pays 15 cents a sack while the packer pays 10 cents but supplies the sacks.

"These Mexican pickers are so expert in their line," says Mr. Creten, "they seldom miss taking only the No. 1 ears." Pickers carry long canvas sacks with shoulder straps. These bags are dragged along the ground thru the field. Pickers reach out and pick an ear, tell by the feel whether it is diseased, whack off the 2 ends with a knife, and put it in the long bag.

Dumping spots are located at inter-

vals thru the fields. Other workers then pack and carry sacks to the trucks.

When sweet corn is sacked-either in the field or at the plant—each ear is place-packed so all butt ends face the same way. Then when sacks are put into trucks or rail cars for shipment they are laid with butt ends of the ears on the top. This is done so melting ice used for refrigeration will not run in-side the husks and damage the grain. Icing a car or truck of corn is done

about like filling a silo. After a layer of corn is placed in the car or truck, huge cakes of ice are run thru a shaving machine. The shaved ice then is blown thru a large hose and sprayed in a layer over the corn.

### Much Larger Market

"Next year we want to add a field spraying service to eliminate worm damage," says Mr. Hale. "We plan to buy the machine and put it out to growers on a rental basis. By spraying corn while it is in the silk stage and thus cutting worm damage to a minimum, we can get into a new market—the un-

clipped corn market.

"Consumers in New York and a lot of the big Eastern cities," Mr. Hale says, "do not like to buy clipped corn.

Unclipped corn will bring a premium on those markets. It also will stand up in quality longer after being put in in quality longer after being put in stores. We hope one third of our corn production next year will be sold on the unclipped market."

There isn't any limit to the amount

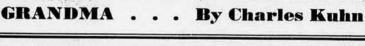
of sweet corn valley growers could sell if the company can get into the un-clipped corn market, Mr. Hale believes. "We think we can sell all they can raise," says Mr. Hale. Kimball Backus, director of mar-

keting for the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, is enthusiastic over the growth of the sweet corn business in the lower Kaw valley and the grading program being used. "We have been looking for some crop to take the place of Irish potatoes, and sweet corn looks like a natural in the Turner area," he

### Is Your Lease Verbal?

One reason there are so many misunderstandings between landlords and tenants is that 3 out of 4 farm leases are verbal. Memories often are not reliable.

Experience shows that a good writ-ten farm lease can protect the interests of both parties. County agents now have copies of standard farm leases covering crop-share, crop-share-cash, cash, standing rent, and livestock-share renting. It may pay you to get a copy before you make your next farm-lease agreement.













6-cylinder Ford Model F-2 shown has an 8-ft. Express Body mounted on a 122-inch wheelbase.



# "17 miles per gallon means I'm saving money with my new Ford!"

### Says Vic Walz of Neligh, Nebraska

"After 100,000 miles I finally traded my old Ford for a new 6-cylinder Model F-2 Express. The new job performs even better than the old one. There's plenty of power when needed to get over icy and muddy roads. And its economy is saving me real money. You can bet my next truck will be another Ford.



"'Sunday-go-to-meeting' kind of a cab, too. Real riding comfort and style." Ford-welded, all-steel cab has Air Wing ventilators in door glass. Level Action cab suspension, lounge-type seats.



"I get a king-size load into my 8-ft. Express. And there's plenty of carrying-heft in the chassis." Payload capacity of the 96-in. long, 54-in. wide F-2 Express is over 1,900 lbs. on 7.50-16 tires.



"I saved money on the low Ford price, and it's a cinch I'll save a lot more on gas, oil and repairs." Switch to Ford! Farmers everywhere find that Ford Trucks do more per dollar.



"Power is never lacking for the biggest and toughest kind of a haul," Walz tells Ford Dealer Contois.

Only Ford gives you a choice of V-8 or Six, four engines for over 175 models, 95-h.p. to 145-h.p.

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Yes ... a ready-to-eat OAT CEREAL with a whale of a lot of  $\subseteq GO$  power!

Betty Crocker of General Mills, America's best-known food authority, asks: "Have you discovered the breakfast goodness and energy value of a bowlful of Cheerios, milk and fruit?" If not, put Cheerios on your shopping list today. Try these crunchy little toasty "doughnuts" made from oats. Get the new "family-size" package.





By CHARLES HOWES

ALTHO school started some time ago, it may not be amiss to remind mothers who pack lunches for the children that you can make upla week's supply of sandwiches in advance. You no doubt have heard of the idea before, but a good idea wears well

but a good idea wears well.

Just wrap those sandwiches in some Just wrap those sandwiches in some moistureproof paper, put a small label on each for identification, and stow them in the freezer or freezer compartment of your electric refrigerator. As you need them, pack away in the lunch box and let them thaw during the morning at school. The bread will be as fresh as the day you made them.

One caution is suggested by the experts, however. Egg salad is not a satisfactory filling to handle in this manner.

On television the other night we were introduced to a gadget to revolutionize and electrify the old-fashioned wienie and electrify the old-fashioned wienie roast, thereby taking away the last vestige of pleasure from an old American custom. This modern machine no longer makes it necessary to build a fire in the woods, search for forked sticks, and roast the sizzling dog to a good turn. Simply plug in this "Speedy Wienie," as it is called, place as many as 3 franks therein, and in just 2 minutes, "hot dog!"

Decidedly not in the gadget class of electrical contrivances is the new 7-million-dollar power plant which the Kansas Gas and Electric Company has begun in Sedgwick county south of Wichita. It is a radically new plant, not only because it incorporates all of the latest scientific controls, including television, but because it will have no walls and no roof. It can use gas, oil or coal as fuel, with the first named as the regular source. It is scheduled for completion sometime in 1952.

We heard of a new device to trap poor husband who may have overstayed his night out. There is a small, inconhis night out. There is a small, inconspicuous radioactive charm as part of the outfit. This charm can be slipped in hubby's pocket or sewed slyly in the lining of his coat or hat. The other part is an electric recording arrangement which is operated when radioactive husband passes the door, marking to the minute his arrival. More productively, the machine has been used to mark the arrival and departure of wild birds.

The General Electric Company has assembled a 10-car trainload of apparatus to demonstrate to the nation all the machinery used to create electric power, to distribute it, and to put it to work. The plan is for the train to visit more than 150 cities during this year and in 1951.

You can buy an electric deodorizer that may have a growing number of uses. The little electric heater is about half the size of a teacup. A small cake of a preparation which gives off a substitute odor when heated is used with the device. Just whether there is a choice of odors for the heater was not stated.

In a builder's magazine the other day In a builder's magazine the other day we ran across an electric saw that should have value on a farm. It is a tool designed to cut thru any material from rubber to stainless steel and it uses gun sights to follow a line. Blade widths vary from ½ to 1 inch to eliminate whip or snapping, and the unit can be swiveled 360 degrees and locked in any cutting tangent. It has the appearance of an electric drill with the blade projecting from the forward end blade projecting from the forward end.

There's a grease-trap and air-filter kitchen range device that combines fluorescent lighting as added usefulness. It is in the form of a canopy for the electric range and uses a 2-speed ventilator fan to clear the air in the room.

You can buy a fire-alarm system for house and buildings, a complete unit with 12 or more thermostats, alarm bells, a transformer and plastic-coated electric wire. Two of the thermostats are set at 165 degrees for installation over heating units and in attics, the rest are of the 135-degree variety.

There is an answer to the deep-There is an answer to the deep-shadow problem found around the needle of many sewing machines, a problem which gives a lot of seamstresses considerable eye discomfort. Westinghouse has made quite a study of sewingmachine lights and says the solution is nearly always in additional lighting to supplement the single source of light usually provided by a machine. Some general room illumination is a requirement, however, because it assists in softening the shadows on the working area.

Are you a French-fry fan? A new electric utensil gives you deep-fat frying plus a corn popper in aluminum. Furthermore, there are no "test runs" spuds or doughnuts to see whether the fat is hot. A pilot light shows when the fat is ready, while a thermostat keeps the temperature just right for hot or cool frying. cool frying.

We can pass along a few ideas right here that may induce you to keep your electric fan out of the closet for awhile. Many folks think the fan season is over with the last rose of summer. Nope, keep the artificial breeze handy. Comes winter, why not let the fan distribute the heat that gathers at the ceiling by placing it beside the register or other heat outlet. By aiming it at a nearby wall and just below the ceiling, the temperature difference between floor and ceiling can be reduced.

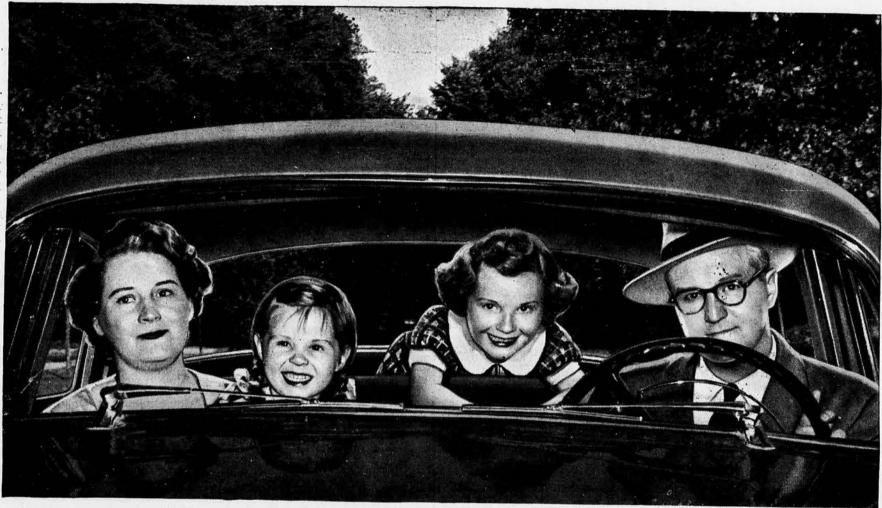
Another winter use for an electric fan is as a drying agent for clothes, fabrics, waxed surfaces, paint or scrubbed areas. A little air circulation will help a lot in drying, also for refreshing clothes that have been hung in the closet and mildewed. Or to hurry the thawing of frozen foods, a fan can save half to two thirds of the time required by room-temperature thawing quired by room-temperature thawing. So don't put the fan in mothballs—yet.

Electricity now is being applied to pasteurization of milk, magazines tell us, with several home-size installations on the market. The fact these are automatic, holding the temperature at the pasteurizing level for required periods, then shutting off the heat, saves the attention necessary when the job is done with ordinary utensils. An electric agitator is another laborsaver. Of tric agitator is another laborsaver. Of course, the secret seems to be in rapid cooling after the process of heating, so most models of electric pasteurizers have a means of running cold water into the double bottom that surrounds the milk container, giving farmers the same effect as dairy pasteurization.

Incidentally, have you lubricated your electrical equipment lately? Some pieces that have moving parts need some thoro care of this sort with regularity. Fans may be in need of an oil job following summer duty (who said it was hot?) and some attention may be paid to that electric razor, furnace blower, emery wheel, saw, or motors of many duties around the farm.

### Once Covered by Ice

At least 4 times during the great Ice Age, continental glaciers pushed southward from Canada. The second of these invasions covered Northeastern Kansas as far south as the Kansas river valley and as far west as the Big Blue



MR. AND MRS. J. L. LANGLEY of Fond du Lac probably never think of themselves as the kind of people who make America tick—but they are. Mr. Langley is an insurance claim adjuster, a civic-minded taxpayer, a good provider for his family.

Mrs. Langley keeps the home for her husband and two daughters, yet finds time for useful community service. You'd be glad to have the Langleys as friends—and we're proud that they have been customers for Standard Oil products for many years.

# THESE ARE THE PEOPLE WE TREASURE

You know that you are appreciated as a customer. We appreciate the Langleys and millions of other customers of ours. We treasure them—and one reason why is that we have to work hard to get them and hold them.

Hardly any business is more competitive than the one we're in. Americans can buy petroleum products from thousands of separate companies, from a quarter of a million service stations.

That's why Standard Oil is careful in selecting the many thousands of independent service station dealers who sell our products

to you. All of them, by the way, are men who had a chance to look over the field and who decided that Standard is the company they want to do business with.

Our training programs aim to help our dealers serve you better. Their stations are located where it will be as handy as possible for you to buy. And we make fine products for them to sell.

One reason why we can make better products more economically, and make them more readily available, is that Standard Oil and its subsidiary companies are an integrated organization. Our 46,700 employees work together to find crude oil, transport it, refine it into more than 2,000 useful products and distribute those products for sale.

The quality petroleum products you find at the Standard oval torch sign have been well established favorites for years. For example, more of you buy Red Crown Gasoline than any other brand. In a competitive business like ours, this is something to be proud of. We treasure you as a customer, and work to hold your confidence.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (INDIANA)



A 4021 TAL SELECTION OF TOTAL CONTRACT

E. I. LINSCOMB, a member of one of our drilling crews, is one of our 46,700 employees—drillers, transportation workers, refiners and marketers—who work together from the ground up to keep our thousands of independent dealers and you supplied with quality petroleum products.

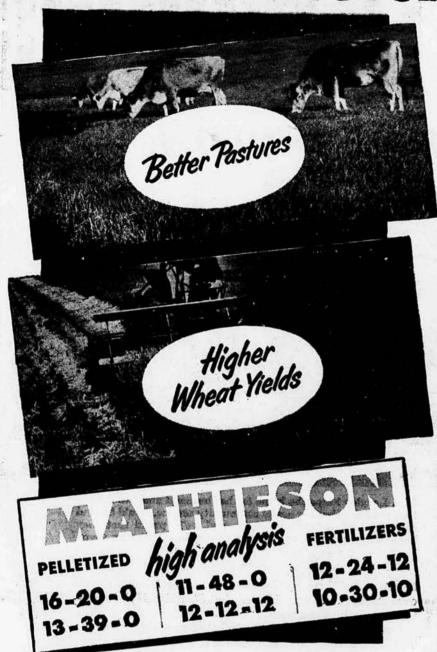


RALEIGH C. HALL of Independence, Missouri, works at our Sugar Creek refinery. Like all our employees, he has back of him a big investment in tools and equipment, to help him earn a good living and to produce more for you. This is made possible by the investment of our 96,800 owners.



H. L. BRUMMER, center, and C. R. Waldroff, right, are partners in the service station business in St. Joseph, Missouri. They and thousands of other independent dealers treasure you as customers just as we do. They depend on your patronage, as we do, to grow and prosper.

# FARMER'S CHOICE



There's a big difference between high analysis fertilizers in pellet form and low analysis mixed fertilizers—and the difference means bigger yields of protein-rich wheat and mineral-rich forage at DEFINITE SAVINGS TO FARMERS. Here are a few reasons why Mathieson high analysis pelletized fertilizers are different and better—offer farmers a real opportunity to save on plant food costs and application costs as well:

- Pellets are free-flowing—no sticking or bridging in the drill—provide easier, more even distribution in the field.
- Each pellet is uniform in plant food content. No separation or segregation of ingredients because pellets are a compound, not just a mixture.
- Plant food in these pellets is completely soluble in water, hence more quickly and completely available.
- Mathieson high analysis pelletized fertilizers contain from 36 to 59 units of plant food. ONE TON EQUALS TWO OR THREE TONS of low analysis fertilizers in plant food content—saves on the unit cost of plant food and on handling, hauling, storage and application costs.

This fall take full advantage of these new, improved Mathieson high analysis fertilizers in pellet form. Save money on your plant food costs. Save money on application costs. Get better results than ever before. Order your supply from your Mathieson dealer today.



Serving Industry, Agriculture and Public Health

MATHIESON CHEMICAL CORPORATION

# Thoughts to live by

### Persistence

SOME years ago, I heard a speaker say a victorious army is one that stays on the battlefield 5 minutes longer than the enemy. Gettysburg is a good illustration. In the battle fought there, the losses were almost equal, but Meade stayed on the field after Lee retired. The invasion was stopped not because the boys in blue out-fought the boys in gray, but because they outlasted them.

The man who will not give up is sure to win eventually. A small lad was given a pair of skates. Learning to use them was a painful experience. He sat down hard. He fell on his knees. He bumped his head. After one hard fall, he was crying as he struggled to his feet. A sympathetic bystander said, "Boy, why don't you take the skates off?" His reply was a gem: "I didn't get them to give up with, but to learn to skate with."

When failure comes our way, there are three things that we can do:

1—Blame someone else. Adam put the blame on Eve. She ate the forbidden fruit; he simply kept her company. Many children who fail in school accuse the teacher of being unfair. We can do more about our own faults than about those of others—but not if we "pass the buck."

2—We can give up. There are no great illustrations in this field. The person who gives up makes no lasting imprint upon the pages of history. Life moves on, and he is for-

gotten. 3—Try again. One great merchant was so full of hayseeds when he first went to town, he had to work for nothing to gain experience. His first store failed, but he refused to give up the idea that he could make a profit selling things cheaply. How glad we are he persisted. And, of course, he made a sizable fortune doing it. Zane Grey was a dentist who was more interested in writing western novels than in filling cavities and pulling teeth. Again and again his manuscripts were rejected, but he wrote on. Five years without salary, and five finished novels without an acceptance. Finally a publisher was willing to take a chance. And he discovered there was a market for Grey's product. The reading public was so eager for his novels both author and publisher prospered. Years ago, a young man named John Mark deserted his companions in the time of trial. It was a blot on his reputation that one of his friends was loath to forget. That would have caused some men to give up, but John Mark would not let one mistake ruin his life. He struggled on, making a major contribution to the cause of Christianity.

The chances are great we will all make mistakes, that we will not achieve success as a result of our first endeavor. "If at first you don't succeed—" what will you do? The world tips its hat to people who "try, try again."

-Larry Schwarz.

### Success in a Hurry

(Continued from Page 1)

and new technicians have been added monthly. Five training conferences for men doing artificial-breeding work were held in the first 6 months of operation.

Bulls used in the Kansas artificial-breeding program are of very high quality. Of the 30 bulls of all breeds now owned by the central unit, 16 are proved sires or have enough daughters on test to be considered proved. This compares with an average of 36 per cent for bulls of like proved quality for all artificial-breeding units in the

United States.

All unproved bulls used at the station, regardless of breed, are sired by proved bulls and out of daughters of proved bulls. "This has proved to be a method of selection that has a high degree of expectancy," says Professor Atkeson.

### Bulls Must Be Good

Whether bulls are proved or unproved they must be equal to the upper 25 per cent of all proved bulls of that breed in the nation. "We are setting a very high standard from a production standpoint," says Professor Atkeson, "yet we are giving considerable attention to type, too. We want good-type bulls and are getting the best type possible. Much credit must go to the committees selected by the various breed associations to work with us on bull selections. Their help has been invaluable."

Professor Atkeson also gives much credit for the success of the artificial-breeding program to county agents. "They have done a swell job of paving the way thru educational work," he says.

The barn used for the central unit is 40 by 140 feet. It has stable room for 29 bulls and also houses the feed room, the offices and a complete laboratory. Location of the unit is on the old Bluemont College site, %-mile west of the present college campus.

The longest shipping time for semen from the central unit to any local unit is 18 hours. Most semen is delivered in

less than 12 hours. A basic shipment of semen is 12 vials, 2 of each breed, and shipments are made every other day, including Sundays.

including Sundays.

No. 2½ cans of water frozen solid form the core for the shipping package. Vials of semen are attached to these cans by rubber bands. Cans then are wrapped in insulating paper, boxed and shipped. The semen will remain good 48 hours at 80° temperature.

### Will Save Time

Kansas is the first state unit in the U. S. to take IBM breeding cards to the field to record all services directly. "Value of getting such records is speed," says Professor Atkeson. "We can get a 2-weeks jump on most units in finding and eliminating troubles in the field that our field records."

A special fieldman, A. N. Moeller, formerly with the University of Illinois, has been hired to work with local unit problems. Earl L. Farmer, assistant professor of dairy husbandry at the college, is in charge of the central station work. "Every man on our staff is trained to do every job so we won't break down in case any one man quits or gets sick," says Professor Atkeson. "Some state programs have failed because too much of the load was carried by only one man."

What about the future of the Kansas Artificial Breeding Service Unit? "We expect to take in another 8 local units this next year," says Professor Atkeson. "We also believe present customers will increase their use of artificial breeding by 10 per cent. Naturally, we hope to further increase our efficiency rate as the organization becomes stabilized. But you can definitely say this. We are mighty pleased with the progress so far."

### Handy Shelf

A small shelf on a bracket outside the back door gives you a place to unload packages or groceries while you let yourself in.—E. A. K.

### **Treat Grain Seed**

(Continued from Page 11)

having a protective dust on your seed to keep off stinking smut and other fungus diseases? It's better to be safe." His county has several small, individually-owned cleaner-treater machines doing good work.

Wilbur W. White, county agent in Morton county, says farmers there have practiced seed treatment for smut practically 100 per cent for several years. "Smut in sorghum fields here is so rare one can drive for miles and not see a single smut-infected head."

head."
In Cheyenne county, E. W. Underwood, of Bird City, treats many thousand of bushels of seed wheat for farmers each year. The St. Francis Grain and Feed Company has a portable cleaner and treater which they rent out for 15 cents a bushel.

### Farmer-Operated Treater

Joe Koal, a Rawlins county farmer, operated a portable seed cleaner and treater last year for the Farm Bureau. Their program treated more than 1,700 bushels, and indications are as much will be treated this year. Jewell O. Gebhart, county agent in Ellis county, reports they have several custom operators who treat seed each fall.

In Decatur county, a portable seed cleaner and treater is made available for use thruout the county by the Farm Bureau. Last year about 9,000 bushels of seed were cleaned and treated. Loyd "Hap" Vernon has been running the machine under supervision of County Agent Lee Vineyard. Vineyard plans to emphasize seed cleaning and treating this fall.

Last year 21,000 bushels of wheat

ing this fall.

Last year, 21,000 bushels of wheat were cleaned with a portable seed cleaner operated by the Osborne County Farm Bureau. Bulk of it was treated for smut.

Farm Bureau. Bulk of it was treated for smut.

Preston Hale, Shawnee County agent says farmers there plant smutfree wheat seed. "Once a community is smut-free it's not hard to keep it that way. Harvesting circles are much smaller since the small combine is used at only 3 or 4 neighbors. We are doing a lot of seed treatment, largely for more vigorous seedling growth. Our oats are in about the same fix as the wheat—we just don't have smut any more since we plant smut-free seed. Ninety per cent of the sorghum seed is treated as we don't seem to keep it free of smut thru clean seed as we have done with wheat."

New Portable Outfit

### New Portable Outfit

In Johnson county there are many individually-owned and operated seed cleaners and treaters. C. T. Hall, county agent, also says there are 2 large com-mercial seed cleaners and treaters. Robert McAnany, at Shawnee, owns a new portable outfit.

new portable outfit.

Sumner county has one of the most complete seed cleaning and treating services of any Kansas county. Ho-Bart Frederick, county agent, says his 1949 annual report showed 10 stationary cleaners and 2 portable cleaners were operating. In addition, a large number of farmers own small cleaners. Nearly all of the 90 per cent of the wheat cleaned is also treated. The 12 cleaners mentioned all have treaters attached. The following towns have businesses operating commercial cleaner-treaters: Wellington, Perth, Corbin, Caldwell, Oxford, Belle Plaine, and Conway Springs.

A dollar spent on seed disinfectant in Kansas returns an average of \$21.70 to the farmer.



'Good morning, Mr. Cole. Has Georgie's birthday party started yet?

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Correct lubrication keeps equipment on the job -thus saves you time and money! And the right lubricants for your farm machines are . . .

Mobiloil ... world's first, foremost and largest-selling motor oil. Gives triple-action performance . . . full protection . . . full power . . . peak operating economy!

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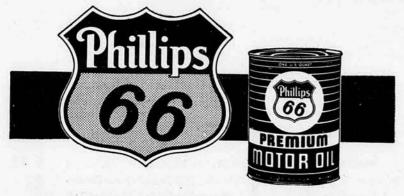
# NOW! SAVE UP TO 5¢ A GALLON

# **ON PHILLIPS 66** MOTOR OILS AND GREASES

Farmers! Now you can save as much as 5¢ a gallon on famous Phillips 66 Motor Oils, Greases and Gear Oils. Simply order your 1951 supply of these products now . . . and set a single delivery date between January 1 and May 31, 1951. You pay no money down. Arrangements for payment can be made when you take delivery. The more you buy, the greater the saving. Discounts are offered on orders as small as 15 gallons.

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ASSURED SUPPLY! Phillips 66 Motor Oils and Greases when needed! HIGH QUALITY! Phillips 66 Products help farm equipment last longer! NO MONEY DOWN! Make payment arrangements at time of delivery!



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Hear Rex Allen and the Sons of the Pioneers Every Friday Night Over C.B.S.

# Have you heard-?

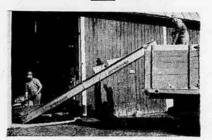
Notes on New Products and Folks Who Make Them

TEDERLE LABORATORIES are now marketing an improved Aureomycin ointment for treating bovine mastitis. Lederle veterinary scientists recently proved doubling the amount of aureomycin in each tube greatly increased effectiveness of this product. No undesirable reactions occurred in the udder, either.

The improved ointment also can be

The improved ointment also can be used as a preventive measure against mastitis infections when injuries to the udder or teat occur. Applications should be made locally to the wound. Each affected quarter should be infused with one full tube of Aureomycin Ointment for Udder Infusion.

Here's a new angle on the age-old tug-of-war between man and sticking wooden drawers. The Junior-Pro Products Co., of St. Louis, Mo., say their new Roll-eez product is the greatest improvement in wooden drawer construction ever made. Roll-eez is a plastic roller bearing mounted on a steel pin and frame. The metal parts are cadmium-plated to resist rust, and each unit comes factory lubricated. Special unit comes factory lubricated. Special cement-coated nails are supplied with each set. Roll-eez bearings can be easily and quickly installed tools.



The Sturgeon Bay Manufacturing Co., Sturgeon Bay, Wis., has a new elevator on the market—the "Lightning Loader." It can be picked up and moved from one job to another as it's made of aluminum, is light in weight, and has aircraft-type construction. One man can handle and position the elevator. It is supposed to do all the jobs of a large elevator.

Minimum power is required for one

elevator.

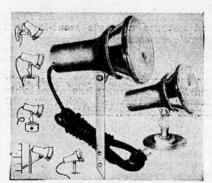
Minimum power is required for operation. A ½-horsepower electric motor or 1½-horsepower gasoline engine will operate the 16-foot unit. It is made in 16- and 20-foot lengths with a 4-foot extension. The "Lightning Loader" can be used for loading grain, feed and ear corn quickly and easily.

Just introduced is a new 3-bottom plow for use on the Allis-Chalmers "WD" tractor. It is manufactured by the Wiard Plow Co., Batavia, N. Y.

The Wiard "WD" Linkage permits maximum adjustments of the plow and complete coordination between implement and tractor. To meet all types of soil conditions, the new plow is available with 4 type bases for 10-, 12-, 14- or 16-inch furrow widths. All implements are available with a wide variety of rigging.

This company offers mounted type plows and linkage for Allis-Chalmers "B" and "C," Farmall "C," Ford, Ferguson and similar type tractors.

Massey-Harris dealers have a new Hydraulic Farm Loader catalog available for distribution. Descriptions and illustrations are given on 3 new loaders. A feature in the catalog is news about 6 new laborsaving attachments to "help you do a better job of farming all year 'round."



Farm lighting gets a boost with anrarm lighting gets a boost with announcement of a new, handy, portable lighting fixture. The new unit has just been developed by the Stone Manufacturing Company, Elizabeth 4, N. J. It can be used for floodlighting, yard lighting, spotlighting or other farm lighting in portable or permanent mounting indoors or outdoors.

It consists of a cast aluminum lower

doors or outdoors.

It consists of a cast aluminum lampholder with 3 mounting accessories. These provide interchangeable mounting positions on posts, wall, floors, building corners, in the ground or on junction boxes. The lampholder adjusts to any direction. The new unit comes completely wired with 10 feet of weather-proof cord and molded rubber plug for any AC-DC outlet.

A Kansas concern—Bert-Wetta-Van-Horn, of Maize—designed and built 3 new alfalfa harvesters. They are known as "Field Queens." Each new unit is unique because it cuts, loads, and chops the crop. This makes the alfalfa ready for the dehydrator without further processing. Cutting a 7-foot swath, the unit moves across the field pulling a trailer to receive the crop. Units are currently in operation or on order for use in Kansas and 7 other Midwest states.

60

The New Holland Machine Company has added 2 new products to their line for 1950. They are a tractor mower and an all-steel, heavy-duty farm wagon announces the company.

The mower is an extra heavy-duty machine designed to cut heavy stands of all forage crops efficiently at ground speeds up to 7 miles an hour. It is a 2-wheel, semimounted mower with the front rigidly mounted to the tractor drawbar.

With 4 auto-type wheels and a greater turning arc, the New Holland 4-ton wagon will follow a tractor with maximum stability. An adjustable

maximum stability. An adjustable reach and the sharp turning angle provide maximum flexibility and stability on rough ground.



A hydraulically-powered tailgate loader for pickup trucks is now on the market. Called Lift-O-Matic, it was developed by the National Lift Co., Waukesha, Wis., subsidiary of Gar Wood Industries, Inc., Wayne, Mich. It can be easily installed on most pickup trucks. Its lifting capacity is 1,000 pounds. Hydraulic power is provided by a fan-belt-driven hydraulic pump with its self-contained clutch. Pump operates only when lifting power is needed.

The Lift-O-Matic is all steel and sturdily constructed. One man can handle all loading and delivery. This eliminates tough, back-breaking duties. The new loader will outlast the truck under normal conditions. A hydraulically-powered tailgate

normal conditions.

Don't Let Worms Reduce Egg Profits

# remove large roundworms intestinal capillaria worms

from chickens with



### Individual Treatment Contains Rotamine Won't Knock Egg Production

Due to Rotamine's thorough but gentle action, Rota-Caps get the worms, yet birds do not get sick or go out of production. Enables you to worm anytime...even when birds are in production. Individual treatment easy to use. Favorite of poultry raisers from coast to coast. Packaged for various size flocks. Buy Rota-Caps at your hatchery, drug or feed store. Dr. Salsbury's Laboratories, Charles City, Iowa.

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Hermann buildings are custom-made i get just exactly the building you need, hape, any size. And you get it at rock-marker of the parlors of the moride. Compare Hermann prices and ty with any other in the world! Write for free details, or send a sketch of the ing you need, and we'll send you a free ate—so low it will surprise you!

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PAYS FOR ITSELF QUICKLY! Krimper-Kracker's low cost will amaze you— extra profits from one season can pay for it. A size for every farm—¾ to 25 HP, 4000 to 30,000 lbs. per hr. Requires only 1/6 the power of ham-mermills, Wagon box loader optional. Write for free literature and prices today! AGENTS! Honest, steady profits, write for territory. Marketing Viewpoint

By Harold M. Riley, Livestock; Leonard W. Schruben, Feed Grains; Paul L. Kelley, Dairy Products.

We have some spring calves, some weighing about 400 pounds and others weighing about 250. How should we handle them to stand best chance of making most money?—K. K.

making most money?—K. K.

If your calves are of high quality and would sell for \$30 or more per hundredweight, it might be desirable to sell off those that will weigh 400 pounds or more. The lighter calves could be carried over winter on light grain ration (5 lbs. or less per head per day) and good roughage, pastured next spring and early summer, and then fed out in the dry lot for 90 to 120 days for next fall's market.

Should you decide to grain feed all the calves this winter, you should probably head them for a June market. As you no doubt know, it takes a rather long feeding period to fatten calves. Selling them after a short feed of 90 to 100 days probably would not be advisable.

ble.

If you sell off the cows this fall the late October-November market should hold up well on these light calves. This would enable you to put on additional gains in the meantime.

My local market offers unusually good oats (38-pound cleaned) at 88 cents and I am considering should I store my needs for 2 years at least. What would be the disadvantage here? -P. H.

I believe oats prices in general will not decline too much, if any, during the 2 years ahead. On balance, I believe chances for a price advance are just as good as for a decline. This might not as good as for a decline. This might not apply to your area specifically as there is usually a considerable price variation from one area to another. Are fewer acres being planted in your area? If so, prices to you would likely be stronger than average.

Another important consideration, it seems to me, is the proportion you use oats in your operations. Sometimes it's more important to have good-quality oats than having the possibility of some savings. How does this fit your situation?

tion?

Do you have adequate storage? Will the oats stay in good condition while in storage? Will you be needing that storage for something else?

After answering these questions and others you think of, you will be in a much better position to judge whether you should buy oats now. Frankly, if I needed the oats and they represented a relatively small proportion of my costs of operation, I wouldn't hesitate too much in buying a 2-year supply if they were exceptionally good oats.

What are good dairy cows worth and what is the outlook for prices of these kinds of cows?—J. N.

what is the outlook for prices of these kinds of cows?—J. N.

Market prices for dairy cows by grades are difficult to obtain. However, sale prices from limited sources may be helpful to farmers interested in purchasing heifers or replacement cows. Year-old grade heifers have been reported selling for about \$185. Heifers old enough to breed or just bred have been quoted at \$250. Grade springer heifers ready to freshen have been selling for \$250 to \$350. Farmers have been receiving from \$250 to \$350 and up for commercial grade cows. Registered cows have been selling at much higher prices and at a recent dispersal sale, averaged about \$600 a head.

In part, the present level of cow prices is due to a renewed interest in dairying in late 1949 and early 1950. The high level of beef cattle prices also helps establish the basis of prices paid for dairy cows. The sharp change in the international situation may cause many farmers to emphasize farm enterprises other than dairying. As a result it is probable milk cow prices are at or near a peak for the immediate future.

future.

### **Handy Light**

A spring from an old upholstered chair makes a neat holder for the extension light. It protects the bulb against breaking and permits standing the light on the floor or hanging it up. It is a good substitute for a conventional trouble-light for work in out-of-the-way places.—E. A. K.

# RUNNING WATER

### A DEMPSTER PUMP for EVERY NEED!

YESI There is a DEMPSTER Pump to fit your own farm needs. DEMPSTER equipmen increases livestock and poultry production. Cows give more milk — hens lay more eggs — livestock finishes earlier — with a plentiful supply of fresh water delive by a DEMPSTER System. You can make more farm profits . . . have city conveniences on your own farm . . . an enjoy the comforts of city-living right in own farm home.

BUT! You must have the right water system for your farm so that all these advantages can be yours.

Fill out the coupon below and mail it in for your copy of "RUNNING WATER"

— a booklet explaining how to figure your own farm needs and what DEMPSTER equipment will satisfy your farm needs. You must get the right pump in order to have a successful water. in order to have a successful water

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This DEMPSTER SPLASH LUBRICATED DEEP WELL WATER SYSTEM is effi-cient, quiet, economical.



powered and fully AUTO-MATIC. It guarantees 25-ft. suction at 1200-ft. altitude

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grain. More palatable! More digestible! More economical! Increases feed value up to 50%. Capacities for the smallest to the largest feeder. 18-Mo. "Roll Service

FARNAM EQUIPMENT COMPANY
Dept. 621, Phoenix, Ariz. or Omaha, Nebr.

## **Personal**

To Women With Nagging Backache

As we get older, stress and strain, over-exertion, excessive smoking or exposure to cold sometimes slows down kidney function. This may lead many folks to complain of nagging backache, loss of pep and energy, headaches and dizziness. Getting up nights or frequent passages may result from minor bladder irritations due to cold, dampness or dietary indiscretions.

If your discomforts are due to these causes, don't wait, try Doan's Pills, a mild diuretic. Used successfully by millions for over 50 years. While these symptoms may often otherwise occur, it's amazing how many times Doan's give happy relief—help the 15 miles of kidney tubes and filters flush out waste. Get Doan's Pills today!

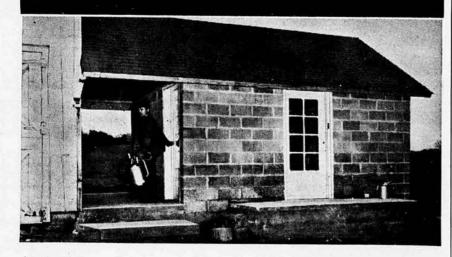
### NEW MILKING SYSTEM'AMAZES DAIRYMEN!



Now you can milk without stooping, carrying or pouring. No full cans to lift in and out of milk refrigerator. You can own this system for as little as \$476! Connect milking machine to your T-33 milk refrigerator, and you have the 20TH CENTURY SYSTEM OF VACUUM REFRIGERATED MILK! No pipelines needed. Puts cow's udder in right spot for milking. Milk flows direct from cow's udder into shipping can in T-33, where it is vacuum refrigerated. Starts cooling instantly. When first can is full, milk automatically by-passes into next can. Keeps milk grade high, bacteria count low, because milk is not touched by hands or exposed to outside contaminated air. Pays for itself in 6 to 12 months! Its easy operation will amaze you. For free literature write:

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# Get grade "A" prices more easily with a concrete milk house



A sanitary milk house is a necessity in the production of high quality, sweet, fresh milk to meet grade "A" standards. The milk house illustrated makes it easy to meet all current community regulations-and to market the grade "A" milk that brings bonus payment checks.

And consider the extra advantages! A concrete milk house is simple to build-easy to keep clean. The time it takes to build

it is saved many times over in labor and hours of cleaning.

Your Lehigh Cement dealer will be glad to advise you regarding this and other concrete construction work-and he'll show you how to keep costs down. Ask him about it next time you're in town.





3 men and a boy can build

a milk house like this which requires...

FOR FOOTINGS, FLOORS AND PLATFORM 60 sacks of Lehigh Cement 6 cu. yds. sand 8 cu. yds. gravel

FOR WALLS

4 sacks Lehigh Mortar Cement 1/2 cu. yd. mortar sand 349 8x8x16-in. regular blocks 58 8x8x16-in, corner return blocks 28 8x8x8-in. corner return blocks

### LEHIGH PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY

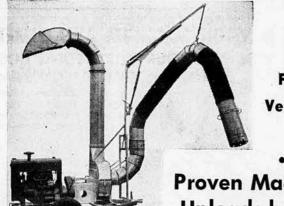
ALLENTOWN, PA. . CHICAGO, ILL. . SPOKANE, WASH.

It's Easy to Do a Little "Shopping in the Advertising Columns of Kansas Farmer

When you find the item you want, read the manufacturers' description and then hunt up your local dealer. Likely he has the product in stock you have been reading about in the Kansas

Kansas Farmer Recommends Its Advertisers!

## If You Own a Forage Harvester You Need a Pieck Blower



Operated Fast—Clean Versatile—Safe

Sure

One Man

**Proven Machine That** Unloads by Vacuum

The Pieck Vacuum Blower is an ideal unloading device for anyone who owns a field-chopper, for hay, wet or dry, straw and for corn silage. Its capacity is ample for any forage harvester on the market.

The blower can be used with ordinary farm wagons or trucks. It is a one-man operation. The Pieck Blower eliminates wagon conveyors and dump systems,

shoveling, raking and choked feed tables.

It is all but impossible to plug the pipe of the Pieck Blower. There is no feed table to back to or lift out of the way— just drive under the tube and start to unload.

Available with belt pulley for 3-plow tractor or motor mounting.

KUCKELMAN IMPLEMENT CO.

Seneca, Kansas

Local dealers wanted.

### **Damage From Pests Not Very Serious**

K ANSAS farmers can look forward to a year of light damage from insects, visitors at the Fall Agronomy Field Day, at Manhattan, were told. The Field Day was held at the Kansas State Experiment Station, September 1. September 1.

The large-scale planting of Pawnee wheat in Central Kansas was given credit by college entomologists for the low Hessian fly count in that area this fall. Only large population of fly in Kansas this fall is in extreme Northwest Kansas west Kansas

west Kansas.

Altho there is European corn borer infestation in the 2 northern tiers of counties clear across Kansas, numbers of borers are small. Southwestern corn borer infestation has been found in Kansas as far northeast as Clay county but, again, numbers of borers are low. Grasshopper population this year also is very low.

### Attacks Sweet Clover

Most serious trouble in Kansas right now may be the sweet clover weevil, which attacks the crown of the sweet clover plant. This weevil is especially dangerous, as little is known about its control and it knocks out the farmer's attempts at a strong legume rotation. Use of DDT against the adult weevil was offered as the only present known control.

In discussing fertilization of crops with commercial fertilizers, agronomists gave the following observations from research experiments at the station: Most successful application date for phosphate on wheat is at seeding time. Best amount is 30 to 40 pounds of phosphate an acre. Thirty pounds is contained in 150 pounds of 20 per cent or 65 pounds of treble superphosphate.

Split applications of nitrogen—half at seeding and half during winter or early spring—have been giving 2 bushels more wheat an acre than applying all at any one time. Forty pounds of nitrogen (120 pounds of 33½ per cent) is best amount.

Tests on use of liquid fertilizers on crop seeds are being tried in 6 spots over Kansas this year, but no data on results is yet available.

### Too Much Prussic Acid

In crop experiments agronomists reported they were about ready to drop their work on sweet varieties of Sudan grass. While they have succeeded in getting a high disease resistance in sweet sorghums, experiments also have resulted in too high a content of prussic acid. "Disease resistance and high HCN content seem to go together, which makes a tough breeding problem," visitors were told.

One Sudan which may be heard from later, however, is one with a Leoti

cross. It has good tillering and leafiness

and considerable disease resistance.
Thirty-four varieties of grain sorghums from 5 states were examined examined by visitors at sorghum variety plots. These 34 varieties are the best being offered by the 5 states in this area, and are being tested at Manhattan to see which is the best adapted for Eastern Kansas ern Kansas.

### Lose Alfalfa Seed

Kansas farmers lose one third of their alfalfa seed because of inefficiency of present harvesting methods, visitors were told. In the 1949 seed crop that meant a loss of 4 million pounds, worth at least 2 million dollars on the present market for Kansas Common alfalfa seed.

Since no better methods have been found, farmers must continue present methods of harvesting alfalfa seed. Their net harvest can be increased, it was pointed out, by spraying or dusting alfalfa to control insects and by use of honeyhees to increase acad by use of honeybees to increase seed pro-

duction.

Tests with honeybees on clover fields have shown that at Hays 0.6 bees per square yard produced 95 pounds of honey and 72 pounds of seed an acre. At Manhattan 1.6 bees per square yard produced 254 pounds of honey and 192 pounds of seed an acre. Two to 3 colonies of bees per acre of alfalfa are recommended for boosting seed production.

Several new corn hybrids are now recommended for Kansas, it was learned at the field day program. New recommended for Kansas, it was learned at the field day program. New hybrids recently released are US523W (experimental K2299) and K1859. US523W is a white hybrid similar in maturity to K2234 and K2275. It has a higher shelling percentage and driesmore rapidly than K2234, and is usually higher yielding in the eastern one third of the state. US523W is more drouth resistant than K2275 and outvields it except under conditions which drouth resistant than K2275 and out-yields it except under conditions which are most favorable for corn. KI859 is an early yellow hybrid that has made an outstanding record in the north central and northwest sections of Kan-sas. It is very drouth resistant and seems particularly adapted to with-stand adverse conditions.

Some promising double-crosses not yet released are KI830, KI835, KI886, K2300, K2353, and K2356.

K2300, K2353, and K2356.

Wabash, a new hybrid soybean selected from a cross of Mansoy and Dunfield, is proving to be tops in central part of Eastern Kansas. It has a high yield, resistance to lodging, and a high oil content. Top soybean varieties for the last 4-year period are: Wabash, Gibson, Chief, Hongkong, S100 and Lincoln.

### **Coming Events**

September 25—Thomas county beef tour, with Bass Powell.

September 25 — Norton county, landscape and shelterbelt tour.

and shelterbeit tour.

September 25—Elk county, 4-H council meeting, Howard.

September 26—Leavenworth county, fall field day, with L. E. Willoughby.

September 26—Sedgwick county, fall field

day.
September 26—Jefferson county, balanced farming organizational meeting, Oskaloosa, September 27—Cheyenne county, conservation tour, Cheyenne county farms.
September 27—Pottawatomic county 4-H leaders select champions, Westmoreland Legion Hall. 8 p. m.

leaders select champions, Westmoreland Legion Hall, 8 p. m.
September 28—Ford county, sorghum field day, Dodge City experimental field.
September 28—Johnson county cornfield day with L. E. Willoughby, Olathe.
September 29—Johnson county annual home demonstration unit achievement day, Olathe.

Olathe.
September 30 — Pottawatomie county
4-H'ers on Radio Station KSAC.
September 30—Clark county 4-H achievement banquet, 4-H building, Ashland.
October 2-6—Pottawatomie county soil conservation week.
October 3—Johnson county, family life meeting on home management, with Gladys Myers, Olathe.
October 4—Jefferson-Jackson counties, 2-county cornfield day.
October 4—Thomas county, sorghum field day, Colby Experiment Station, Colby.
October 5-6—Norton county, leaders' training school on room arrangement, Norton.

October 5-7—Chautauqua county free fair and reunion, Sedan. October 6—Pottawatomic county, Wamego

farmers day tour and evening program, Wa-

mego.
October 7—Wabaunsee county annual feeder calf show and sale.
October 10—Pottawatomie county corn field day, with L. E. Willoughby, KSC Crops and Soils Specialist.
October 10—Stanton county sorghum field day.

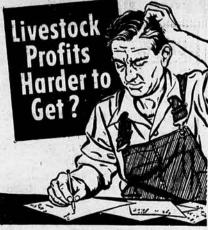
and Soils Specialist.
October 10—Stanton county sorghum field day.
October 11—Morton county, crops and engineering meeting, with Bieberly & Selby, KSC specialists.
October 11-13—Norton county, Republican Valley 4-H fat stock show, McCook, Neb.
October 12—Shawnee county, crops tour, with L. E. Willoughby in charge.
October 13—Miami county beef tour.
October 18—Osborne county, cornfield day. October 18—Osborne county, cornfield day. George Verhage farm, Downs.
October 19—Lane county, farmers and Rotary members sorghum meeting and field tour, dinner, Christian Church, Dighton.
October 19—Elk county, 4-H Junior leadership party with Longton Booster 4-H Junior Leaders as hosts, Longton.
October 25—Jefferson county cornfield day, tour.
October 25—Rush county achievement day for home demonstration unit members.
October 27—Sedgwick county, beef tour.

October 25—Rush county achievement day for home demonstration unit members.
October 27—Sedgwick county, beef tour.
October 27—Shawnee county Farm Bureau annual meeting.
October 30-November 4—Extension conference, Manhattan.
October 31—Brown county, Hiawatha corn show (district).

show (district).

November 6—Cheyenne county, tour of feed lots

November 9-Miami county 4-H achievement banquet.
November 13—Johnson county, annual Farm Bureau meeting, Olathe.



# BIG 6

Most grasses and home-grown grains no longer supply enough vital minerals for proper livestock feeding. That's why livestock suffer from depraved appetites, emaciation, slow gains, brittle bones, etc.—why your livestock profits are not what they might be.

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BIG 6 has what it takes to raise thrifty, strong-boned profitable live-stock—contains salt, cobalt, manstock—contains sait, copart, man-ganese, iron, copper and stabilized iodine. It's a low-cost way to safe-guard livestock profits. Provide BIG 6 for all your livestock.





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recraft. Everything needed by beginners anced hobbyists and professional leathers. Largest stock of supplies in U. S. Modpited tooling leathers, top quality calf-tools, supplies, kits. Send 10c for big cata. C. Larson Co., 820 S. Tripp, Dept. 191, go 24.

# Classified Advertising Department Stansas Farmer • FILMS AND PRINTS • FARMS—KANSAS Only \$1,000.00 Down: 80 acres, share of crops included, on gravel road, 4½ town, ½ river, mail, milk, School bus routes, barn, garage, pour lines, fair 4-room house, 33 cultivated, balance pasture, \$4,700.00, \$1,000.00 down. Free folder. Peterson Realty, Osage City, Kan.

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Cuts and borders are permitted only in Poultry, Baby Chicks, Livestock and Pet Stock Ads. Write for special display requirements. Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan.

DeForest Master Controlled Breeding gives you top quality Blueblood Chicks at reasonable prices. Write for free information today. DeForest Hatcheries, Box E, Peabody, Kansas.

Chicks, bloodtested, Production Reds, Barred, White Rocks, Hampshires, Reds, \$9.95; pullets, \$11.85. White, Brown Leghorns, Austra-Whites, \$8.95. Pullets, \$12.85. Heavies, \$8.95. Fryer Specials, \$5.5. 100% alive FOB. Clinton Chick Store, Clinton, Mo.

Bush's White. Barred Rocks, Hampshire Reds, \$10,95. Pullets, \$11.95. Cockerels, \$10.95. Big type Eggbred Brown, White Leghorns, Austra-Whites, Black, Buff, Minorcas, \$8.95. Pullets, \$13.95. Heavies, \$8.95. Leftover, \$5.95. FOE 100% alive. Bush Hatchery, Clinton, Mo.

Barred, White Rocks, Hampshires, Reds, \$10.95, Pullets, \$12.85. Brown, White Leghorns, Aus-tra-Whites, \$8.95. Pullets, \$13.95. Heavies, \$9.75 Tableuse, \$5.95. FOB 100% alive. Thompson Chicks, Springfield, Mo.

# 8,000 PULLETS

MRS. CARRIE I. RUPF'S POULTRY FARM Box 1504 Ottawa, Kan.

### · LIVESTOCK ITEMS

Make More Profit under average farm condi-tions. Raise Milking Shorthorns. For average farmer Milking Shorthorns are unbeatable. Pro-duce 4% milk. Have greater carcass value than other breeds. Second to none in producing milk and meat from home-grown roughage and grain from your farm! Free facts. Or subscribe to Milking Shorthorn Journal. Six months, \$1.00; one year, \$2.00; three years, \$5.00. American Milking Shorthorn Society, Dept. KF-5, 313 South Glenstone, Springfield 4, Mo.

### • DOGS

Black English Shepherds. Breeder 25 years. Shipped on approval. 10c for pictures and de-scription. H. W. Chestnut, Chanute, Kan.

English Shepherd Pupples. Spayed females. Also registered Collies. E. J. Barnes, Collyer, Kan.

Chinchillas—Easy, profitable, hobby-retirement, Desirable quality, Reasonable price range, Write for literature, Visit, Devine's Chinchilla Ranch, 3300 Gillham Road, Kansas City, Mo.

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K-M SILO COMPANY

# SILO SEAL Protect your silo walls write today for free literature.

McPHERSON CONCRETE PRODUCTS CO. 04-1126 West Euclid McPherson, Kansas

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You Can Build over a mile of terraces per day with a Terra-Tiller. Also, build road beds, water ways and diversion ditches. Write for in-formation. Kiowa Mfg. Co., Kiowa, Kan.

New and Used Tractor Parts—Write for big, free 1950 catalog; tremendous savings. Satis-faction guaranteed. Central Tractor Parts Com-pany, Des Molaes 3, 1a.

Corn Picker, New Idea: 2 row, like new. James C. McClelian, P. O. Box 135, Bowling Green, Kentucky.

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82-Volt Appliances! Select from the World's largest line. Enjoy city conveniences. High quality, Low prices. Catalog free. Haines Corp., Dept. F, Minneapolis 2, Minn.

### • HOME EQUIPMENT

Parts for All Stoves, ranges, heaters, furnaces back to 1886. Fit guaranteed. Write for prices, Give make, model and part number. Blue Belle Co., Dept. C, 1307 Howard, Omaha, Nebr.

Notice—We ship stove repairs direct to you from Chicago, any make, any model or kind of stove, range or furnace. All parts guaranteed to fit Give full name of stove, range or furnace, model number, name of manufacturer and state parts wanted. Central States Repair Co., Defiance, O.

### FIRE AND AUTOMOBILE

See our local agent.
Farmers Alliance Insurance Co.
Alliance Mutual Casualty Co.
McPherson, Kansas

### • WANTED TO BUY

Farmers: Increase your profits. Ship your Cream to Farmers Produce, 203 W. 10th St. Hays, Kansas.

shipping directions. American Bird Co., 2609.

### • HOBBIES-HOMECRAFT

### **PHOTO** CHRISTMAS CARDS

your negative 18 cards and envelopes for Add 35c if you send a picture. 1 Deckledge each on 8-exposure rolls, 25c. 2 each on osure rolls, 35c. Price list sent with orders. SUMMERS STUDIO, Unionville, Mo.

Great News! Price reduction on our famous Century Jumbo Oversize finishing. Our new Chicago plant makes these reductions possible and new improved equipment. exclusive with Century, produces sensationally magnificent quality work. Any 8-exposure roll finished deluxe style only 30c. 12-exposure, 45c. 16-exposure, 55c. 36-exposure, 51c. All oversize reprints, 4c each. Free mailers. Send us your next order, you will be delighted with results. Century Photo Service, Box 5208, Chicago 80, Ill.

16 for 25c. Any standard 8-exposure roll developed with 15 velox deckledge prints, 25c. 10c package mounting corners and enlargement coupon free with this ad. Skrudland, 6444-F Diversey, Chicago, Ill.

Eight-exposure Roll printed one of each 25c; two each 35c; one each Jumbo 35c, Star Photo Denver, Colo.

### • EDUCATIONAL

AUCTION SCHOOL

America's Leading Auctioneers Teach You. Students sell actual Sales. Largest school in world. 17 years in Operation. Don't be misled. Term soon. Free catalog. Write REISCH AUCTION SCHOOL. Mason City, Iowa

Ft. Smith Auction School, Fort Smith, Ark. Term soon. Veteran approved. Course includes roded announcing.

• AGENTS AND SALESMEN

At Last! Something new and sensational in Christmas cards. Show gorgeous satins, velours and metallics never before offered. Gets easy orders fast! Pays up to 100% cash profit. Free samples of 30 Christmas cards with name. 50 for \$1.00 up. 80 assortments. Personalized book matches and stationery, gift items, 2 assortments on approval. Write Puro Co.. 2801 Locust, Dept. 087-L, St. Louis, Mo.

### · KANSAS CERTIFIED SEED

Certified Seeds Grown in the famous Kaw Valley. Pawnee Wheat, Cherokee Oats. Chester A. Spray, Rt. 1, Lawrence, Kan.

Certified Achenbach Brome Grass free of chess and other weed seeds. Recleaned and bagged. Thello Dodd, Concordia, Kan.

Wichita Wheat. Germination 98%. Purity 99.84%. Price \$2.75 per bushel. Leonard C. Brown, St. Francis, Kan. Certified Pawnee Wheat. Sacked or bulk. Overhead bins. Dale E. Leichliter, Nickerson, Kan.

Certified Pawnee Wheat. Earl Collins, Flor-ence, Kan.

### OF INTEREST TO ALL La. Cane Syrun Co.

La. Cane Syrup Gal. \$1.60; 31 Quilt Patterns 30c; 500 Page Dictionary 50c; Gigantic Limas 4 lbs. \$1.00 postpaid. Goodwill Bargains, Fullerton, La.

Save Chicken Feed! Don't feed the sparrows high priced chicken-feed. My homemade trap guaranteed to catch them by the dozens. Easy to make. Plans 10c and stamp. Sparrowman. 1715 Lane. Topeka. Kan.

### • OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Outdoor Tollets, Cesspools, Septic Tanks cleaned, deodorized with amazing new product. Just mix dry powder with water; pour into toilet, Safe, no poisons. Save digging and pumping costs. Postcard brings free details. Burson Laboratories, Dept. V-18, 955 Willard Ct., Chicago 22, Ill.

Fairmount Maternity Hospital—Seclusion and delivery service for unmarried girls. Adoptions arranged; low rates; confidential. 1414 East 27th St., Kansas City, Missouri.

### SAVINGS AND LOANS

Let the Maliman help you save. Our advertisement in this issue tells how you can save by mail and earn 3% at the current rate. We'll be glad to send you full particulars. Max Noble, president. United Building & Loan Association, 217 East Williams, Wichita, Kan.

### • BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bees for Profit. Polinate your crops. Increase yield many times with bees on your farm plus profit from sale honey and beeswax. Full strength colonies ready to work, any quantity, extra supers for honey included. Loading point. Minatare. Nebr. Fall or spring delivery. Write Bradshaw & Sons, Wendell, Idaho, for details.

### • FARMS-MISCELLANEOUS

800 Acres Cheyenne County, Colorado. Improved stock-grain farm. 640 acres adjoining farm land under lease. Price \$28,800. Terms. Louis Miller, Frankfort, 1nd.

Own a Farm in the agricultural center of the United States. Write for new 1950 catalog describing many productive farms. Suiter Farm Company, Realtors, 1016 Baltimore, Kansas City, Mo.

Strout's New Catalog. Farms, Homes, Country Businesses, World's largest! 3029 outstanding bargains, 31 states. Mailed free. Save thru, Strout, 20 West 9th St., Kansas City 6, Mo.

Big Free Fall Catalog, farm bargains, many equipped, illustrated, many states! United Farm Agency, 428-KF BMA Bldg., Kansas City 8 Mo.

### • REMEDIES—TREATMENTS

Latest Methods treating Piles, Fistula, Colon-Stomach disorders. Write for free book, Mc-Cleary Clinic and Hospital. E940, Excelsion Springs, Mo.

### Trend of the Markets

Please remember that prices given ere are Kansas City tops for best quality offered:

	Ago	Ago	Ago
Steers, Fed	32.00	\$31.50	\$31.50
Hogs	24.10	25.00	22.25
Lambs	28.00	28,25	24.00
Hens, 4 to 5 lbs	.23	.23	.22
Eggs, Standards	.33	.33	.531/4
Butterfat, No. 1	.51	.51	.55
Wheat, No. 2, Hard	2.33 1/4	2.30 1/4	2.18%
Corn, No. 2, Yellow	1.481/2	1.47	1.31 %
Oats, No. 2, White	.84	.80	.7314
Barley, No. 2	1.34	1.23	1.15
Alfalfa, No. 1	28.00	24.00	26.00
Prairie, No. 1	15.50	15.50	14.00

THE 1950 NORTH CENTRAL KANSAS FREE FAIR as usual attracted very large attendance thruout the 5 days in session. Exhibits in some of the livestock departments were probably not quite as large as in some past years but the quality ran very high. The 4-H Club department was unusually large and quality was above all past expositions. As this fair is now past, Secretary Homer Alkire, who did a fine job, can settle himself down and devote his full time once again to his farming operations. These include the production of high-class registered Poland China hogs and Shorthorn cattle.

According to E. E. VARY, of Sterling, Ill., who manages many Guernsey sales, the interest in this breed is increasing very steadily thruout the Southwestern states. Mr. Vary has selected a very creditable group of Guernseys with which he will make a promotion sale at the State Fair grounds this fall. The animals are selected for production as well as breeding. There also will be many show prospects as well as many which will be suitable for 4-H Club projects. Mr. Vary has also paid a great deal of attention to the health of this offering. Those interested should drop a request for an illustrated catalog to E. E. (Al) Vary, Pennington Road, Sterling, Ill.

### STEEL CULVERTS

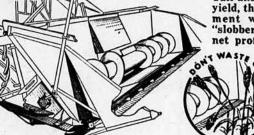
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QUICK DELIVERY

STEEL MFG. & WAREHOUSE COMPANY Genesee St. Kansas City 15, Missouri VI. 9143

THE HESSTON SORGHUM ATTACHMENT WILL PAY YOUR HARVESTING COSTS



WITH THE GRAIN YOU SAVE! Tall and short stalks, thin or heavy yield, the Hesston Sorghum Attachment will eliminate cutter be "slobber" and increase your harvest net profit.

This field-proved attachment extends the sickle ahead and upward six inches, providing ample space for tall stalks to fall into the trough and under the auger. The upward slant prevents heads from falling off in front of the sickle bar. Installation is simple., , no cutting, welding or holes to drill. Engineered and precision-built to fit your combine.

SEND TODAY FOR DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER AND PRICES AND MENTION YOUR MAKE OF COMBINE

MANUFACTURING CO., INC. 180 Evans St. Hesston, Kans. ATTACHMENTS HAVE THOUSANDS OF SATISFIED USERS HOGS

J. A. Buckles & Herman **Ideker Sixth Annual Sale** of Registered Spotted **Poland China Hoas** 

Mound City, Mo. Sat., Oct. 7



SEP 16 1950

McKee Barn -- 1:00 P. M. The offering consists of 60 HEAD 30 Head from each herd. 30 Boars and 30 Gilts, Spring Farrow

The Buckles offering are sired by Silver Dream, a son of Citation out of Royal Prince and Improver Lad dams.

and Improver Lad dams.

The Ideker offering are sired by Commando Again (2 litters by Type Setter), and out of Missouri King dams. All double treated for cholera. Buy your Spots from this sale—our hogs have made good in the past, Write at once for catalog to:

J. A. BUCKLES, Mound City, Mo., or HERMAN IDEKER, Craig, Mo. Auctioner: Col. Dick Kane, Wisner, Nebr.

### CHOICE SPOTTED POLAND

Spring Boars and Open Bilts for Sale. Best of bloodlines, Low down easy feeding kind. HENRY G. BLETSCHER, Bala, Kan.

REGISTERED SPOTTED POLAND CHINAS Choice Spring Boars and Gilts with plenty of length, deep sides and deep full hams, sired by Pawnee King and Blue Ace. Four merit litters. Double immune. J. V. CUNDIFF, Talmage, Kan. (4½ miles N.)



Kansas Poland China **Breeders Association BOAR AND GILT SALE** October 18, 1 P. M.

Kansas State Fair Grounds, Hutchinson, Kan. This offering of boars and gilts are selected on individual merit and bloodlines from the leading herds in Kansas. For your free cata-log and information address RAY SAYLER, Sale Manager, Manhattan, Kan.

Mike Wilson, Auctioneer

## **Buy Missouri** POLAND CHINAS

Sale is 15 miles northeast of Leavenworth, Kan., or 5 miles east of Platte City, Mo., on 92 highway, 1 mile north and ½ west to farm.

70 HEAD SELL ON

Saturday, October 7

We sell the 1950 Missouri grand champion boar, a fall yearling and as good a boar as you will find anywhere, 39 spring boars and 30 gilts. All prize winners in the spring pig classes sell, We have our usual number of big rugged spring boars and good broody looking gilts that will appeal to the farmer.

For catalog write to

N. L. FARMER & SON, Platte City, Mo.

### REGISTERED POLAND CHINA SPRING BOARS AND GILTS



Sired by Sparkle, Manchu's Pride and Bucks Model. Good

GLENN F. WISWELL Springhill, Kansas

### **BUY MISSOURI DUROCS**

in the Farris & Son Sale on

Wed. Night—7:30 P. M. October 11

We are just across the river at Faucett, Mo. Faucett is 11 miles south of St. Joseph and 40 miles north of Kansas City on highway 71.

25 DUROC BOARS—25 DUROC GILTS (All March farrow.)
They are practically all sired by North Star an eastern bred boar and he is proving himself a great breeding boar in our herd. This is new blood for Kansas buyers. A registered, cholera immune offering.

For sale catalog write
FRED FARRIS & SON, Faucett, Mo.
Aucts.: Ferrel, McCall, Mendenhall

### **EXCELLENT DUROC GILTS**

Bred for September, October and November farrow to King of Diamonds, Perfect Trend, Deets King, Choice Fall and Spring Boars of popular breeding unequalled for ability to reproduce top quality and conformation. Write today for complete information and prices, or come. Duroes only since 1904.

G. M. SHEPHERD, Lyons, Kansas

REGISTERED MINNESOTA No. 1
SPRING BOARS AND GILTS

Sired by boar from University of Minnesota herd with excellent record of production. Gained 100 lbs. on 295 lbs. of feed. GERALD FARR, Beloit, Kansas



# Roy Koch's Night Sale of CHESTER WHITE HOGS

Sale held at Sales Pavilion

Marysville, Kansas 7:30 P. M., Tuesday Night, Oct. 10

45 HEAD WILL SELL 25 Spring Boars and 20 Spring Gilts

Sired by "Champ Jr. Successor" reserve junior champion of Iowa; "Domestic Producer" a litter mate to the breeds highest-selling boar 1949; "Chief 1st" top boar in W. S. Browning sale 1949. This is an excellent place to secure desirable seed stock or add some good individuals to your herd.

FARMERS NOTE—We have more good big rugged boars and real broody looking gilts than in any previous sale. We can suit you with type and quality and they don't sell too high. For Chester Whites that have pleased both breeder and farmer we invited you to inspect this offering. Offering is registered and cholera immune.

For sale catalog write ROY KOCH, Bremen, Kansas
Mike Wilson with Kansas Farmer

### KANSAS STATE DUROC BREEDERS BOAR AND GILT CONSIGNMENT SALE

Horton, Kansas — October 14 Abilene, Kansas — October 10

100 HEAD TO SELL IN BOTH SALES

Consignments now being received. Write today for entry blanks. If interested in membership write to the secretary. Plan to consign your best to the states biggest swine events.



HERMAN POPP, Secretary, Haven, Kansas



### COMPLETE DISPERSION OF **BROWN SWISS CATTLE** SEPTEMBER 26-1 P. M.

At the farm 5 miles south of White City and ¾ mile west. 13 miles northeast of Herington. 18 miles northwest of Council Grove. 5 miles northeast of Herington. 18 miles northwest of Council Grove. 5 miles north and ¾ west of Highway 50 on White City road.

20 HEAD OF REG. BROWN SWISS. This is a small but very select herd of high quality and good breeding. There are 10 cows all good ages sired by a son of Janes Royal. 4 2-year-old heifers sired by a grandson of Colonel Harry. 6 yearling heifers by the same sire. They are all line bred Jane of Vernon. Our herd sire a 3-year-old bull sired by Demonstrator who is in turn sired by the great Colonel Harry. A good individual. Also an extra good saddle mare 5 years old and well broke. dle mare, 5 years old and well broke.

J. C. SCHUBERT & B. N. WERNER, Owners

Mike Wilson, Auctioneer

### The 8th Annual Sale of the KANSAS STATE GUERNSEY BREEDERS' ASSN. Is a Consignment Sale Sponsored by the State Assn. to Promote More and Better Guernseys in Kansas

The consignments have been selected by the State Sale Committee, so that each buyer may be assured of quality cattle. The sale will be held at the State Fair Grounds in Hutchinson, Wednesday, October 25th, at 1:00 P. M. There will be 10 heifers especially selected which may be purchased by 4-H Club and FFA members only. They will make excellent 1951 club projects. Additional consignments of outstanding cattle have been secured from Nebraska, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Mississippi as well as the top herds of Kansas. Buyers can be assured of quality cattle.

As examples, two world record cows have been sold in the Kansas sale. Prices in the Kansas sale have been very reasonable, however, since these selected quality cattle have brought only slightly more than some of the top farm sales. A catalog giving the complete pedigree and all production records for each animal in the sale may be obtained from

C. J. GRABER, Secretary, Route 1, Newton, Kansas

# Fourth Annual Tri-State Brown Swiss Sale



45 Carefully Selected Registered Brown Swiss Selling more good cows than in any former sale. A number of choice bred heifer and several open heifers. The 5 bulls selling are strictly the herd heading kind. This is a sale of 25 breeders from Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska. See October 7 Kansas Farmer for list of Kansas breeders who consign to this sale and other information.

Write now for catalog to'ROSS ZIMMERMAN, Secretary TRI-STATE SALE COMMITTEE, Abbyville, Kan., Rt. 1
Auctioneers: Bert Powell, Charles Cole, Glen McCormick
Mike Wilson with Kansas Farmer

### DUROC BRED GILTS

From a top sow herd and bred to Royal Fleet Line 1st and the 49er Nebraska Junior Champion, A few are bred to New Design, Also spring pigs. B. M. HOOK & SON, Silver Lake, Kansas

FARM
PRODUCTION
HAMPSHIRES

FIND Improved for type and bigger litters. Best of breeding. Choice fall boars and fall gilts ready to go.

DALE SCHEEL
Emporia, Kan., Rt. 2

REGISTERED SPOTTED POLAND CHINA Boars and gilts sired by four leading boars: Raymond's Rocker, Television, Hi Vigor and Kelly Kid. Double immune. For information write or call. GEO. RAYMOND, Garnett, Kan.

### SHEEP

### **Yearling Shropshire Rams**

Another bunch of husky rams ready to go. D. V. SPOHN, Superior, Nebr.

### Chappell's Shropshires

Thirty years of constructive breeding. Now offer-ing our greatest production of rams and ewes. Show rams and ewes. Stud rams and foundation ewes. CHAPPELL'S FARM, Green Castle, Mo.

### (HOGS)

### UNITED STATES DUROC BREEDERS' ASSN. SALE

October 4th Smith Center, Kansas

> Show at 10:00 A. M. Sale at 1:00 P. M. at the fair grounds

Selling 25 husky

Selected from 20 members of this organization. Individ-uals and breeding are unequalled.



For catalog and information write VERN V. ALBRECHT, Sec. and Treas. Smith Center, Kansas

Bert Powell, Auctioneer

### JOINT SALE

of Outstanding **Duroc Boars and Gilts** October 7 at Huston farm Americus, Kansas

Huston offering sired by

EUREKA—Sire of '49 Colorado grand cham-pion, recently selling for \$1,500. '49 junior champion boar at Topeka and Hutchinson fair. GOLDEN MONARCH—Brother of mother of nations highest PR sow, all breeds this cham-pion sow carries two other lines of Huston breeding.

Stewart offering sired by

FANCY KING—A son of Lo-Down Fancy. HILLSIDE STAR—A grandson of Red Star and Crown Prince. Write for catalog to

LESLIE STEWART or WILLIS HUSTON Americus, Kansas Auctioneer—Bert Powell

100 REG. HAMPSHIRE HOGS Sell at Auction, at Paola Sale Barn

Paola, Kan., October 14, 1950



Bred Sows and Gilts—Sows and Litters, Open Spring Gilts and 25 Spring Boars. Immune and ready for breeding. This offering selected from good litters of production tested bloodlines. We welcome your visit and inspection of this offering any time. Also our herd boars and our sow herd, which is mostly O'Bryan bred. Farm located 6 miles south, 1 mile west and ¼ south of Gardner, Kan. Judging contest at 11 A. M. for 4-H and FFA members, a weanling sow pig to each for prizes.

For further details write for catalog to JOHN FRUIT, Edgerton, Kan. Auctioneers: Darwin Johnsons, Deerfield, Mo. Wade Morris, Paola, Kan.

## Hampshire and Hereford **Private Sale**

Because of other interest we are going to sell half of our herd of registered Hampshire hogs. 35 gilts 3 months old; 10 boars 3 months old; 8 gilts 5 months old; 20 gilts 6 months old; 16 bred tried sows; 15 bred gilts to start farrowing Nov. 2. Our herd boar, Empire, is out of the dam that farrowed the \$8.500 Tru-Mold and his sire Conquest is out of the \$8,000 Comprest. We offer 4 registered Hereford bulls for sale, These bulls are good herd sire prospects. NO Sunday Sales. DWAIN HOLCOM, Gypsum, Kan.

Kansas Hampshire Hog Breeders' Association

### 4TH ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT SALE

Bred Gilts, Spring Boars and Open Gilts, nmediately following the Hampshire judging Tuesday afternoon, September 19

Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson, Ks.

This offering will consist of hogs selected from the leading herds in Kansas. Many of the sale animals will be show prospects and will be exhibited at the State Fair. Those of you breeders who have not yet made your entries do so immediately by contacting Carl G. Elling, Secretary-Treasurer and Sale Manager, Manhattan, Kan.

Col. Bert Powell, Auctioneer Mike Wilson for Kansas Farmer

### Dairy CATTLE

### DAIRY SALE

### Thursday, September 28 12 Miles South of Wichita on

Highway 81 and 2 Miles East

HAND'S AYRSHIRES 25 Registered Milk Cows. 2 Regis-tered Bulls. 8 Registered Calves. These cows are on herd test and have a classification of .848. For catalog write

WALTER HAND, Mulvane, Kan.

# DAIRYMEN! Reg. Holsteins

60 Springing and Fresh Cows, Open and Bred Helfers; 4 Buils, From Missouri best herds. All with production records and clean health tests. All profitable kind and at prices you set.

Missouri State Holstein Sale Ozark Empire Fairground, Springfield, Mo. 12:30 P. M. — October 2, 1950

For sale catalog write to J. E. CROSBY Jr., Secretary 113 Waters Hall, Columbia, Mo.

Auctioneer: Bert Powell, Topeka, Kan.



### WISCONSIN HOLSTEIN CALVES For Higher Production Herds

Exceptional offering of registered and pure bred Holstein, Guernsey and Brown Swiss heif-ers and bulls from the finest herds. Tested, vaccinated. Well started—no milk required. Fine selection always on hand; Approval shipment. Write today.

### SERVICEABLE-AGE BULLS FOR SALE October 1, 1950



Are grandsons of Carnation Madcap Marshall whose 3 near-est dams have a record of 1011 lbs. fat.

GILBERT BEAGEL Alta Vista, Kansas

### HIGHER VIEW DAIRY FARM HOLSTEINS

Located 4 miles north of Hays, on highway 183. Featuring the bloodlines of Clyde Hill and the Crescent Beauties. We have 125 head in our herd. Serviceable-age bulls for sale at all times. We offer a few females occasion-ally. Visitors always welcome. J. D. & E. E. FELLERS, Hays, Kan.

### Sunnymede Farm Holsteins

ee our milking daughters of "Burke" Senior Sire

Pabst Burke Lad Star

Sire: Wisconsin Admiral Burke Lad Dam: Ollie Lady Star Nettie Sons of Pabst Burke Lad Star available. For increased production use "Burke's." C. L. E. EDWARDS, Rt. 9, Topeka, Kan.

### REG. BROWN SWISS BULLS

Bull calves up to 8 months old. Priced to sell. See or write MARVIN ALL, McPherson, Kan., Rt. 2, 3 south and 1 east of McPherson

### **GUERNSEY SALE**

Sale on 71 Highway, 7 miles of

### Carthage, Mo. Thursday, September 28

41 REGISTERED GUERNSEYS

(4th Annual Consignment Sale) Selling 10 Cows, 10 Bred Helfers, 17 Open Helfers, 4 Bulls. The highlight of the sale is a 5-year-old son of Langwater Country Squire. Several show prospects sell. This sales offering represents consignment from a number of good herds. For Sale Catalog Write to

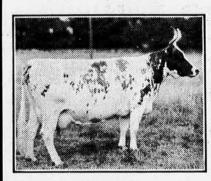
MR. and MRS. L. K. EARL, Sale Managers, Route 2, Carthage, Mo. Auctioneers: Bert Powell & Newman Brothers

## **HYCREST** FARM **GUERNSEYS**

Offering 2 good yearling bulls out of tested dams. They are sired by a bull whose dam 682 lbs. fat 2X 305 days. His first daughters will finish with over 400 lbs. as 2-year-olds 2X 305 days.

HYCREST FARM, Olathe, Kansas

### DAIRY SALE



Sale will be held at the McKinley Winter

**Livestock Pavilion** 

Dodge City, Kan. Sept. 27, 1:00 P.M.

### 65 HEAD OF DAIRY CATTLE

- 45 Head of Registered Ayrshires.
- 20 Head of High Grade Holsteins, 2- and 3-year-old heifers.
- 2 Registered Ayrshire Scottish Bred Bulls. 40 of these cows will be fresh by sale day and not later than October 10.

For catalog write to

RUSSELL RIEGEL, Ford, Kansas

### 3rd Annual Nebraska Ayrshire Assn. Consignment Sale Lincoln, Nebraska, Saturday, September 23

Sale starts at 12:30 o'clock. Nebraska State Fair Grounds

### 45 Head Sell

Consignments are from many outstanding Nebraska herds as well as a few prominent Iowa and Kansas breeders. The sale will include daughters of several proved and studied sires. They are mostly bred heifers, young cows in milk or close up, yearling heifers and heifer calves. A few buils of serviceable age or near, whose dams have at least 400 lbs. or more M. E. butterfat record. A few Canadian bloodlines will also be presented.

CONSIGNORS: Merritt Cook, Nemaha, Ia.; Ben Nannen, Pierson, Ia.; John Zwaggerman, Sheldon, Ia.; Raymond Landes, Hamlin, Kan.; Ernest Hageman, Ithaca, Nebr.; Gerald Hall and Mryl Hall, Elmwood, Nebr.; E. G. Rohrke, Norfolk, Nebr.; Harry Warner & Son, Allen, Nebr; Adolph Larson, Hastings, Nebr.; Clarence Bronzynski, Windside, Nebr.; and Earl D. Christensen, North Bend, Nebr. tensen, North Bend, Nebr.

Judging contest at 10 A. M., September 23, for boys and girls of 4-H and FFA ages, will be held, with Credit Awards of \$30 and \$20 for those below 15 years of age, \$30 and \$20 for those between 15 and 20 years. Credit awards to be applied toward purchase of heifer calves during the sale. All animals offered in sale are Tb. and Bang's tested and many are calfhood vaccinated.

For sale catalog and pre-sale banquet reservations write EARL D. CHRISTENSEN, Sale Manager, North Bend, Nebr.

### COMPLETE DISPERSAL MEADE AYR FARMS REGISTERED AYRSHIRES



Meade, Kansas Monday, September 25 at 12 Noon

75 of the breeds best. This is one of the nation's best herds and an opportunity of a lifetime to buy them at your own price. Foundation stock, calf club heifers, herd building animals from baby heifer calves to the breeds best living sires. Health—Tb. and Bang's tested.

Byron Fisher, Owner For catalog write to Frank V. Lile, Sales Manager, Bellefontaine, Ohio Auctioneers: Col. George Roberts, Meade, Kan.; Col. Joe Lile, Bellefontaine, O.

# **Foundation Cattle**

The First Cornhusker Invitational Guernsey Sale Monday, September 25, Lincoln, Nebr. 4-H Barn, State Fair Grounds, 12:30 P. M.

Good Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa Herds Are Sending 10 COWS — 30 BRED HEIFERS — 5 OPEN HEIFERS

The cows and the dams of the heifers have production records. The consignors have been liberal in sending animals from the top of their herds. These cattle carry popular proven blood and proven production. You will find the useful kind in this sale.

Sale headquarters: Cornhusker Hotel, Lincoln, Nebr. Please make your reservations early.

Write for catalog to E. E. (AL) VARY, Sales Manager

Route 2, Sterling, Illinois, Phone 2941-3

In cooperation with the Nebraska Guernsey Breeders' Association

### **BULL CALVES FOR SALE**

We bred and developed the first and only Holstein cow in Kansas to produce 1,000 pounds of fat in 365 consecutive days. Young builts with high-production dams or granddams.

H. A. DRESSIÆE, LEBO, KAN.

Ross B. Schaulis, Auctioneer Purebrod Livestock, Real Estate and Farm Sales. Ask those for whom I have sold. CLAY CENTER, KANSAS



### HAROLD TONN

Auctioneer and Complete Sales Service

Write, phone or wire Haven, Kansas

### Beef CATTLE

It Will Pay You to Start Thinking Now About the F. T. BROWN & SON POLLED SHORTHORN October 9 **OPPORTUNITY SALE** at Oxford, Nebr.

Oxford Commission Co. Pavillon at 1 P. M. Selling 16 Bulls—44 Females. Also several 4-H Club calves. The bulls include the 4-year-old sire Collynie Foremost and 11 of his sons. This bull is sired by Lynnwood Nugget. He is sire of the entire 1950 Brown show herd. The show herd will nearly all sell in this sale. The females include 22 cows with calves. 22 Bred Cows and Bred Heifers, 2 Open Heifers. They are mostly daughters of Collynie Front Rank and Collynie Foremost. Many of them carry the services of Hilldale Collynie 10th, half brother to 1948 International grand champion female, and to the 1950 National Polled Congress Show and Sale top-selling bull.

F. T. Brown & Son, Owners Mervin F. Aegerter, Sale Manager Seward, Nebraska J. E. Halsey, Auctioneer

NOW OFFERING A FINE GROUP OF SCOTCH SHORTHORN BULLS
Ranging in age from 10 to 14 months. Nice reds
and roans sired by Prince William 20th.
GLENN E. IACY & SON, Miltonvale, Kansas



Ride the Pony Express by Consigning to and Attending the 2ND PONY EXPRESS REG.

### HEREFORD CONSIGNMENT SALE

Thursday, October 5
Purebred Livestock Sale Pavillon
South St. Joseph, Mo.

80 HEAD OR MORE—Registered Herefords
of the type you would like to own (both
horned and polled) will sell that day. Also
number of steer Huckers of the suitable for
club work. So will sell that day. Also
number of steer Huckers of the suitable for
club work. Plan to one popular boodlines represented. Plan to one popular boodlines represented. Plan to one popular boodlines represented by the steer of the suitanding event. At my of the good herds of this area
will have actile there. We can still use a few
more consignments—mail yours today. For
further information or catalog write;
BONALD I MOWIAN, Sales Manager,
Hamilton, Missouri
Auctioneer; Freddie Chandler

FOR SALE — 12 Registered
POLLED and HORNED HEREFORD HEIFERS
Real Plato Domino breeding 6 to 8 months old.
E. H. PETERMAN, Elisworth, Kan.

**Double Standard Hereford Bull** 3 years old. Domino breeding, Registered. See or write CLIFTON HOSTERMAN Rt. 1 (7 miles south) Admire, Kan.

AMERICA'S FASTEST GROWING

BEEF BREED
Proof of the profit-making ability of Angus cattle is the rapid growth of this modern breed. In 1949 the Angus breed was the only major beef breed showing increases in both registration and transfers of purebred cattle. For informatic bred cattle. For information write Dept. KF AMERICAN ABERDEEN-ANGUS BREEDERS ASSOCIATION, Chicago 9, Illinois

### Dual-Purpose CATTLE

### RED POLL BREEDERS

Red Polls at the Kansas State Fair at Hutchinson, Kan.



Plan to be present Show Day Sept. 20 at 1:00 o'clock When Red Polls will be judged by Chester R. Graff, Bancroft, Nebr.

For breeders list, literature and other information write to

Kan. Red Poll Breeders' Assn.

The 8th Annual MILKING SHORTHORN **Breeders Fall Sale** October 21, 1950

Fairbury, Nebraska

45 Head Selling. The offering will include 10 bulls and 35 females. Selected from some of the leading herds in Nebraska. For catalog and information write

> MAX KIMMERLING Beatrice, Nebr.



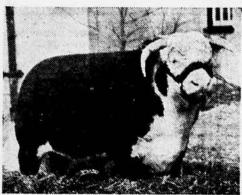
# WHR **HELMSMAN 4th**

His Get and Service Will Be a Feature in This Sale LONGVIEW FARMS INVITES YOU to Their First Hereford Sale

# **Thursday** September 28

65 Reg. Herefords Sell—10 Bulls, 20 Cows (with calves at side, or to calve soon), 20 Bred Heifers, 10 Open Heifers.

Offering features the get and service of WHR Helmsman 4th (pictured here), LVF Helmsman 16th (pictured here), and the service of WOC Jayhawker D. 98th and LVF Blocky Domino 3d.



LVF HELMSMAN 16TH

These Herefords sell in good practical condition, and are bred and selected to go on and do a good job in any herd. Longview Herefords are making good in purebred herds, farm herds and in commercial herds over a wide area, and regardless of your needs you will find cattle in this sale that will satisfy you. These Herefords sell in

Transportation will be furnished to the farm from any of the downtown Kansas City Hotels by calling the farm office DWight 5458.

FOR CATALOG, ADDRESS

LONGVIEW FARMS, Lee's Summit, Mo.

Russell Parker, General Manager Donald Bowman with Kansas Farmer

### E. A. RIEDINGER REG. HEREFORD PRODUCTION SALE

RIEDINGER HEREFORD RANCH DE SOTO, MO., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29

- Sale at ranch in tent 1 mile north — Lunch on grounds



56 LOTS - 81 HEAD

You will find top breeding plus quantity plus quality at Riedingers.

Featuring the blood of OJR Royal Domino 10th;
TH North Star 9th; WHR Helmsman 66th and 88th;
Bar 13 Conqueror 35th; and Larry Domino 50th.
Selling a top proven sire—RH Ed Mar Star, calved
March 11, 1946, a top son of TH North Star 9th.
25 Young Brood Cows with calves at foot.
25 Bred and Open Heiters
7 Yearling Bulls—Several herd bull prospects.

3 sons of OJR Royal Domino 10th. 1 son of MW Larry Domino 96th. 1 son of Super Blanchard VM. 1 son of Don J. Mixer 11th. 1 son of TH North Star 9th.

RH ED MAR STAR sells. A top son of TH North Star 9th. Calved 3-11-1946. Bang's.

E. A. RIEDINGER, Owner, DeSoto, Mo.

Write at once for catalog to
DONALD J. BOWMAN, Sales Manager, Hamilton, Mo.



### COMING! COMING! COMING!

Yes the consignments are coming in from all 4 states.

Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas for the Second 4-State

REG. HEREFORD CONSIGNMENT SALE

Joplin, Mo., Wednesday, September 27
It looks like a Great Offering of Registered Hereford Bulls and Females of the right type consigned from the good here of this area.

### Announcing the Complete Dispersal of THE S. W. BURNHAM HERD OF REGISTERED HOLSTEINS

York, Nebraska, Tuesday, September 26, 1950

80 Head of Registered Holsteins Including 48 Cows in Production ast years herd average 430.4 fat on 2 X on 27 head DHIA. A young herd with only 2 over years old.

5-years oid.

20 head of heifer calves, from babies up to nearly 1 year old.

4 herd sires are included in the offering. 1 from (Ex.) dam; 2 from (V. G.) dams; 1 from (G. P.) dam; all with good records.

Catalog out about September 15, write for yours now to

T. HOBART McVAY, Sale Manager, Nickerson, Kan. Auctioneers: Robt. E. Seitz, Waukeska, Wis.; Glenn McCormick, Codar, Kan.

# **John Stumps & Son Polled Hereford Reduction Sale**

Bushton, Kansas, October 10, 1950



SELLING - 90 HEAD

25 Bulls-11 coming two-year-olds, 14 yearlings.

65 Females
15 Open Heifers
50 Bred Cows and Heifers, some with calves by side

Calves sired by ALF Beau Rollo 39th—4521538—245176 and JMP Beau Domino—4661630—257648, he sired by Beau Perfect 243d.

Cows are bred to JMP Beau Domino—4661630—257648 Captain Plato 44th—5591804—352045 PVF Adv. Worth 39th—5045148—303389 MKP Pld. Helmsman 10th—5697959—360812

### JOHN STUMPS & SON, Owners, Bushton, Kansas

For Catalogs and information, write VIC ROTH, Sale Manager, Box 702, Hays, Kan.

Auctioneer: Freddie Chandler

3 HERD SIRES—NOTE:

Captain Plato 44th sired by Captain Plato, son of Real Plato Domino, the bull that sold in the Fritz Kerbs sale to Mr. Wescott at a record price for that age bull.

PVF Adv. Worth 39th, bred by Jesse Riffel & Sons, son of PVF Adv. Worth 2d, the National Champion.

MKP Pld. Helmsman 10th, bred by Joe C. Maes, son of WHR Pld. Helmsman, the oustanding sire bred by WHR, now in service in the Maes herd.

As this is a reduction sale, cattle selling are many of our tops. A son of JMP Beau Domino was top-selling bull in the first Kansas Polled Hereford Association Sale in 1948.

# WALNUT VALLEY



# **REG. ANGUS BULLS**

Herd sire, 4 years old, Bandolier breeding and 10 Yearling Bulls. JOHN MOORMAN Hutchinson, Kan. Ph

# L. W. THIEMAN'S POLLED SHORTHORN SALE



October 18, 1950

Concordia, Mo.

15 Bulls -

KING OF THE VANITIES 1018T—A son of the 1948 International grand champion bull, King of the Vanities 50th. He is one of the 15 outstanding bulls selling in this sale.

For the catalog and other information, write today to: MERVIN F. AEGERTER, Sale Manager, Seward, Nebraska Auctioneers: J. E. Haisey and C. D. Swaffar

Northeast Kansas Aberdeen-Angus Breeders' Association Ninth Consignment Sale of

# **REG. ABERDEEN-ANGUS CATTLE**

at Schofield, Chestnut, Earhart Sale Pavilion 1/2 mile west on highway 36



# Hiawatha, Kan. Saturday, October 7

Sale Will Start at 12:30 Sharp

100 HEAD: 60 Reg. Cattle and 60 4-H and FFA Club Calves 10 Bulls, 30 Females

Lunch will be served by Mt. Zion 4-H Club Mrs. Max Dickerson, Hiawatha, Kan., Clerk

### CONSIGNORS:

	Bulls	Females
W. F. Winters and son, Robinson, Kan.		9
william riolden, Kodinson, Kan		1
Max Hargrove, Emngham, Kan		
Sterling Gilmore, Highland, Kan.		9
C. E. Ward, Highland, Kan.		~
Harry Dandliker, Hiawatha, Kan.	+	2
J. C. Long and son, Haddam, Kan.	7	5
Henry Tegtmeier, Jr., Bern, Kan.	2	1
W. D. Gilmore, Highland, Kan.	1	3
Roy Martin Highland Wan	2	6
Roy Martin, Highland, Kan.	1	0
Hugh Gilmore, Highland, Kan.	1	1
Robert Miller, Highland, Kan.	1	5
ward dimore, Highland, Kan.	0	1
Lyle Beohmer, Seneca, Kan.	1	0
Dale Smith, Willis, Kan.	0	16

Cattle in sale are sired by such bulls as Prince Sunbeam 29th, Rev. Blk. Prince, Sunflower Eston 4th, Ever Prince Rev. 2nd, Revemere of Wheatland 50th, Blackcap Bandolier 19th, Highland's Sunbeam Lad, Ever Prince 33rd, Blackcapper W. 11th and other good bulls. (Ever Prince Elbus.)

For your free catalog send your name to HARRY DANDLIKER, Sale Manager, Hiawatha, Kan.

Auctioneer, Ray Sims, Belton, Mo.

Officers: President, Harry Ukena, Highland, Kan.; Vice-President, Hugh Gilmore, Highland, Kan.; Directors, George Hook, Morrill, Kan.; Max Hargrove, Effingham, Kan.; C. E. Ward, Highland, Kan.; Sterling Gilmore, Highland, Kan.

# Complete Herd Dispersion of the famous

# L. M. Thornton Angus Herd

at the farms

# Garden City, Mo., Monday, October 2

(50 miles southeast of Kansas City, Mo.)—Sale Starts 11:00 A. M.

150 HEAD SELLING
25 Bred and Open Heifers—Retained for herd replacements.
85 Herd Cows many with calves at side and rebred.
3 Proven Herd Bulls and several herd sire prospects.
Note—A grand set of cattle are being offered to the highest bidder. You are invited to come and buy with confidence. We sell every registered Angus on the farm.

Ask for catalogue now-Visit the herd anytime-Mail address

L. M. THORNTON, 2825 East 18th St., Kansas City 1, Mo.

tioneers—Johnston and Simms Donald Bowman with Kansas Far

Don't Miss It, Mark Your Calendar—Tuesday, October 11, Is the Date. The Sale Will Be Held at Windsor Place, Boonville, Mo.



Selling 18 BULLS 55 FEMALES

oo FEMALES
is a Mark of Distinction
have "Windsor Royal
75555" in a pedigree.
pre is your opportunity to
id some of this reliable
eed improving blood to
our herd.

WINDSOR ROYAL OUT show herd sell.

Write for a catalog. WINDSOR PLACE, Boonville, Mo.

W. C. WINDSOR, Owner — GERALD WRIGHT, Manager Coloneers: A. W. Thompson and Jewett Fulkerson Donald Bowman with Kansas Far

## EMMADINE FARMS, INC. Attend Our Second Annual PRODUCTION SALE Breckenridge, Mo., October 9, 1:00 P. M

SALE IN TENT AT THE EMMADINE FARM

60 HEAD SELL







Featuring the Get and Services of the 3 noted Emmadine Herd Sires

**MW Larry Domino 36th MW Larry Domino 87th TT Mission Triumph** 



group of helfers and they all sell. Herb Hogan, Emmadine Manager, in the background.

15 Bulls ranging in age from Senior calves to 2-year-olds. 10 head ready for service. Four sons of MW Larry Domino 36th, 4 sons of MW Larry Domino 87th, 5 sons of TT Mission Triumph, and 2 sons of MW Larry Domino 83rd

32 Bred Heifers, bred to the 3 Emmadine herd sires, 4 already have calved

on the ground.

13 Open Heifers, sired by the 3 Emmadine herd sires.

All the show herd of their own breeding sell—the cattle that stood well at Illinois and Missouri.

Den't miss this all out good sale—your opportunity to acquire show

Write for a Catalog Now!

### EMMADINE FARMS, INC.

BRECKENRIDGE, MO.

J. C. Penney, President

Auctioneers—A. W. Thompson, Jewett Fulkerson and Ray Sims

Donald J. Bowman, Hamilton, Mo., Fieldman for Kansas Farmer

# **Buy Missouri ABERDEEN-ANGUS**



Smithville, Mo., Oct. 10

This Is the Annual Production Sale from the David & Margaret Miller, Sun-Up Farm Herd

The Offering includes: 29 Yearling Heifers sired by grandsons of Eileenmere 487th or General Of Page. Most of them will be bred to a son of Eileenmere 487th and from a champion Missouri Barbara cow shown at the Heart of America sale. 21 Cows with calves at side or close to calving. This is a group of females that should return a quick profit. 5 Bulls—1 proven sire and 4 yearling bulls. and 4 yearling bulls

Families that Sell: McHenry Barbaras, Cridlan Evergreens, Miss Buress, Queen Mothers, Blackbirds, Blackcaps, Ericas.

Your attendance will be appreciated.

For sale catalog address

J. B. McCORKLE, Sales Mgr., 3850 A.I.U. Bldg., Columbus, Ohio

Announcing Our First

# **Hereford Production Auction**

After 30 Years of Breeding Herefords STRAIGHT HAZLETT BLOODLINES



80 HEAD 30 Bred Heifers 30 Open Heifers 20 Young Bulls

October 20

R. D. ELY, Owner, Attica, Kansas Auctioneer: Bill Heldenbrand

**IS...** 

So Pleasant to grow

So Productive to harvest

So Profitable to feed or sell

THAT, this year more farmers are growing PIONEER than ever before in history!

In '51... Plant the No. 1 Hybrid... PIONEER