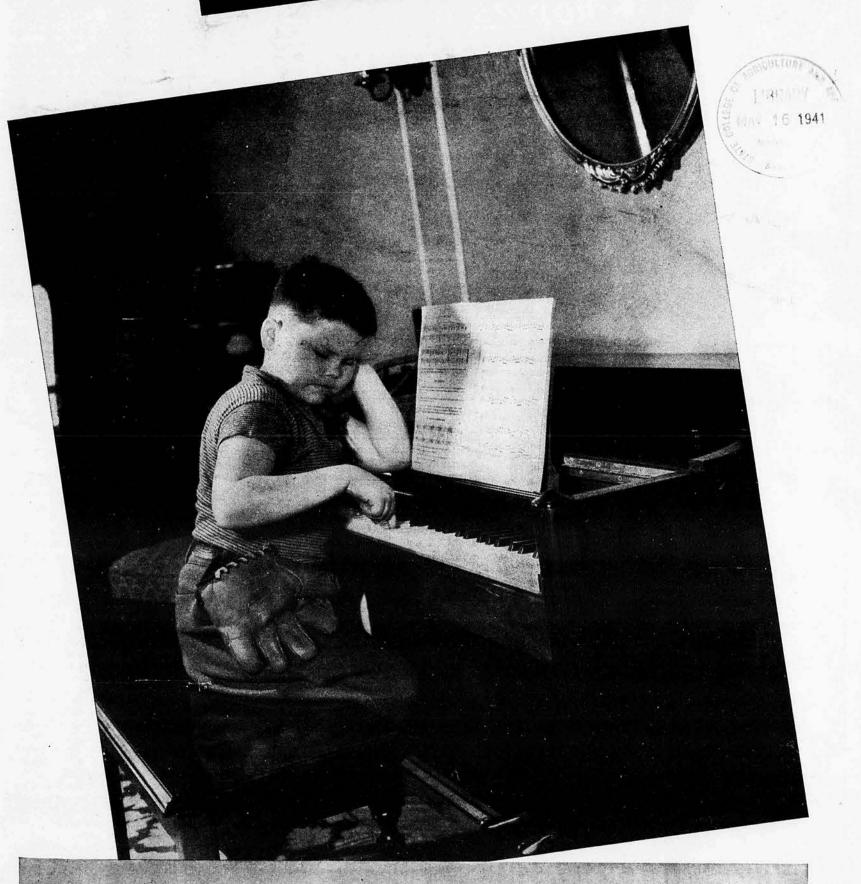
KANSAS
FARMER

MALL & BREEZE



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GROUND GRIP TIRES

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Town.....

Listen to the Voice of Firestone with Richard Crooks, Margaret Speaks and Alfred Wallenstein, Monday evenings, N. B. C. Red Network

Miracles We Create

Dear Editor-I'm in favor of sani. tary barns for the dairy cows. I know hens and chicks do best in good laying houses and brooders. You simply must have a good tractor and things to go with it. I know all of that.

But I don't subscribe to the idea that cows and hogs and plowing are more important than the inside of the home, What I mean is that many a farm kitchen needs a going over until they have sink, running water, a modern stove and plenty of convenient cup-board space. And brightening up the rest of the house wouldn't hurt any. thing either.

I just said to my husband, "We don't live as well inside the house as we farm outside. Here we are always looking for next year to bring us miracles. The only miracles are those we create as we go along day by day. We've done plenty outside the house. Let's do a little inside." I guess my salesmanship didn't sound so good, but he got the meaning. I even thought he looked a little guilty when he went out to work.

Well, I got a new stove. And if I don't get anything else until the next Presidential election I'll think I'm in luck, But it looks like my husband is going to make up for lost time. Anyway, he is measuring up the kitchen, tearing out a full up-and-down cupboard. He has a couple of paint brushes soaking in turpentine. But I'm bossing the job,

You don't know how refreshed I feel with something going on like this. I think money spent for household conveniences is well invested. I hope other farm wives follow my example.—Mrs. F. R. H.

Somebody Pockets Profits?

Dear Editor-I notice an item in a recent Kansas Farmer, "Bank Sells More Farms." Yes. And I consider this fact one of the greatest crimes on the escutcheon of the United States Government. In hard times, people were sold out of their hard-earned homes and acres, many times with only 1 or 2 more payments to make. Then the farm or ranch resold and somebody pocketed the profit between the payments made and the price of the farm. Think it over!-Nila Quick, Almont, Gunnison Co., Colo.

Persistence Pays

Dear Editor - I thank you very kindly for the \$2 prize money you sent me, which I won in the jingoleer contest. I appreciate it very much. I enjoy sending in entries, altho I sent 5 or 6 before I received a prize. My husband enjoys reading your paper, as well as I.—Mrs. John Muir, Mentor.

Highlight of 4-H Career

Dear Senator Capper-Some time back I received your letter of congratulations about my winning your 1940 boys' Kansas scholarship award. Recently I received official notice of this award from our state 4-H Club leader, M. H. Coe. Truthfully, I consider my winning of this award as the highlight of my 4-H career. Your letter and the news that it contained made me the happiest that I have ever been.

As you probably know, I am from Goodland, out in Western Kansas. I graduated from high school in 1936 and have spent the last 4 years on my father's farm in an attempt to earn enough money for a start in college. So you see the scholarship will come in very handy.

I am enrolled here at Kansas State College in the curriculum of agriculture, and I plan to major in the field of animal husbandry. I also have a fair natural ability to do freehand drawing. Some day when I can find time 1 will draw a freehand enlargement of your picture and send it to you. Well, I must close to prepare my lesson for tomorrow's chemistry class so-thanking you immensely for my scholarship. -James H. Shaver, Manhattan.

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HAT about the farm-labor situation? This question has suddenly loomed as a nation-wide problem, and farmers everywhere are casting anxious glances at the market for farm manpower. It is a market turned topsy-turvy by defense activity, and the view of it presents a big question mark to those who need hired help.

Because the flow of men into army life and industrial production draws heaviest on unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, it virtually skims the cream from usual supplies of farm labor. Need of mechanically talented men in defense industry attracts those best suited for operating farm machinery.

In addition to those in the army or navy, and those actively engaged in defense industries, nearly 1,000 Kansans are now enrolled in National Defense Training classes. These men and boys, ranging in age from 17 to 25, are being prepared for specialized mechanical jobs in the defense program. According to M. R. Wilson, assistant state supervisor of National Defense Training for Kansas, farm boys rank above all others in these classes because they know how to "dig in and get things done."

But with spring work moving in high gear and harvest time looming just around the corner, absence of these young men from farm duty apparently leaves a wide-open gap in the farm-work line-up. Conversation with farmers thruout the state indicates the problem is felt in nearly every area. The most critical condition seems to be in Southwestern counties where farmers report there already is a shortage of men. Farmers in Central and Northwestern counties report no serious condition yet, but most of them predict a labor shortage by harvest time.

Some contend that the situation may not become serious. They point out that widespread purchase of one-man combines, along with use of other labor-saving machinery thruout the year, is dependable protection against labor shortages at any time. It is explained, also, that workers below the draft age and some itinerant hands may be expected to help keep the wheels turning.

However, nearly everyone agrees that farmers are, at least, facing a new and different labor market. Probably the most accurate picture of this situation is found in records of the Agricultural Marketing Service of the U. S. D.

By ROY FREELAND

co-operating with the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. These records show that last month was the first time since 1928 when the demand has exceeded the supply of farm labor in Kansas.

The estimated supply, at only 79 per cent of normal, was the smallest on record. The supply was only 85 per cent as great as the demand. This contrasts with conditions in 1933, when farm labor supplies were about 31/3 times greater than the demand. It contrasts also with the situation of 3 months ago, when the supply of farm labor was slightly greater than the demand. These figures indicate there has been a

significant decline in the supply of farm labor, as related to demand, since the first of this year. Naturally, the problem is expected to become more acute as harvest time approaches.

All this explains why an intensive plan is being worked out to help fill the gaps in farm manpower. This job is being attacked by the Kansas State Employment Service, in co-operation with the Agricultural Extension Service of Kansas State College.

You can help them along, and help yourself at the same time, by reporting your expected labor needs. The first thing they wish to know is "Do you need help?" If so, how much, what kind, and when do you need it? Questions of this nature are included on a questionnaire which the Employment Service has sent to 36,-600 Kansas farmers.

Replies from these will serve as a basis for judging amounts and kinds of help that will be needed in different areas of the state at differ-

of the cards, you are urged to fill it out and mail it in. If you didn't receive one you can fill out and mail the duplicate which appears in this issue of Kansas Farmer

Immediately after receiving Mr. Zinn's order, officials of the State Employment Service referred to their files for names of suitable prospects. In this picture the occupational file is being checked by Earl S. Snowden, interviewer, left, and James W.

FARMAL



need of help on

IT IS NOT too early to begin boosting for the annual Dairy Month, which is scheduled for June, for every dairyman is looking forward to an intensive campaign in behalf of his industry. And dairy shows now are being held in many Kansas communities.

The campaign this year will stress the importance of milk as an essential part of human diet. Thousands of stores will feature milk, cheese, butter and other dairy products. Restaurants and hotels are going in for milk propaganda in a big way.

The dairy farmer is better off this year than during the late unlamented drouth when feed was scarce and "higher than a cat's back." However, there always is something to worry the producers of food, and the milk surplus just now is getting the attention of the planners. It is said that one out of every 15 Americans depend upon dairying and affiliated industries for a living. When the supply exceeds the demand, there is a sharp drop in earning and spending power of a high percentage of the people. It is to increase the prosperity of the dairy industry that the campaign will be waged during the month of June.

Milk is the most healthful of foods. Consumption is far below the level recommended by medical authorities. When you drink more milk, you improve the health and help one of the country's most important industries.

Noxious Weed Law

WILL you please print the law in regard to noxious weeds?—Subscriber.

General Statutes 2-1301 reads as follows: "Every person and every corporation shall destroy on all lands which he or it may own or occupy all weeds of the kind known as cockleburs, Rocky Mountain sandburs, burdocks, sunflower, Canada thistles, Johnson grass, at such times as the board of county commissioners may direct, and notice shall be published in one or more county papers for a time not less than 3 weeks before the time fixed upon for the destruction of said noxious weeds."

But the legislature of 1937 repealed this law and a new weed law was enacted in its stead. This

Uncle Tom on "Team Work" on the Farm

By ED BLAIR Spring Hill, Kansas

Said Uncle Tom, The farm's the place For us these busy days. There's always something here to do All help in various ways: Yes, cows to feed and poultry too And pigs that have a way Of telling if the feed is short That hungry pigs don't pay.

Up early? Yes before the sun Peeps at us from the East, Are all except the baby. Yes Her worries are the least. She takes her time for one more nap And mother's glad 'tis so For serving breakfast quickly now Is where she isn't slow.

'Tis teamwork where each does a part On farm or in the town
That makes the ledger balance show
You can't keep hustlers down.
Here father, mother, daughter too
All keep pepped up to high
And baby, bless her, does her part
Just sleeps and doesn't cry!



By T. A. McNeal

new law puts it in the power of the State Board of Agriculture to decide and adopt methods as official for control and eradication of noxious weeds and to publish such methods, and make and publish such rules and regulations as in its judgment are necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act.

Also under this law of 1937 the board of county commissioners of each county or the governing body of an incorporated city or any group of counties or cities may employ for a stated time each year, with the approval of the secretary of the state board of agriculture, a competent person as county, city or district weed supervisor. The duty of the weed supervisor, if one be employed, shall be to organize local associations by townships and cities or otherwise as may be considered most advantageous for the control and eradication of noxious weeds within his district.

The principal purpose of enacting the law of 1937 was to control the bindweed, but I do not find in that law any clause or statement that withdraws cockleburs from the list of noxious weeds, and so I take the position that this weed supervisor has as a part of his duties to eradicate as far as possible the cockleburs along with the bindweed. I do not know whether there has been any appointment made of a weed supervisor in your county but I presume there has. I would suggest that you go to the board of county commissioners and find out who the weed supervisor is and then get in touch with him and co-operate with him in exterminating the cockleburs.

Ask the City Council

THERE is no alley between A and B, who live in a small town. A and B built their fences and buildings on the line between them and each made their own outlet. On the side B lives there was a small strip of land left which B didn't have to pay for. On A's side there was none left for the other half alley. A bought all of the land and paid taxes on it for 30 years. B likes to have an alley. Could the city officials make A give a strip of land for the other half for an alley without paying A anything, and make A move his fence and buildings?—A. A.

I assume this small town is in Kansas and that it is a city of the third class. If it is, then the city council would have a right to establish or open this alley by passing an ordinance to that effect, and as A seems to have paid taxes on part of this alley for 30 years, while the city council would have a right to open up the alley and take part of his land, my opinion is they should also require B to pay to him the amount A has paid during these years for taxes on this alley if that can be shown.

Pay for Scalps

I WOULD like information in regard to furbearing animals that damage fowls, such as stray cats, coyotes, stray dogs, badgers, foxes or skunks. What can I do to protect my fowls?

—M. C. B.

The legislature of 1939 passed an act amending an old fish and game law so as to give the county commissioners of each county in the state, when they deem it advisable, the right to pay a bounty of not to exceed \$3 for each coyote or wolf scalp, provided that not to ex-

ceed \$1 may be paid on each coyote or wolf pup scalp, 10 cents for each gopher head, 10 cents for each crow head, 10 cents for each pair of jack rabbit ears, if said coyotes, gophers, crows or jack rabbits are caught and killed in such county.

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The legislature which just adjourned, further amended this law so that the state is made liable for the payment of these bounties. That is,

under the law as it will be when the statutes are published, the counties pay these bounties and the state then will reimburse the counties. But we have no law and never had a law which in any way protects the individual citizen against the thefts of coyotes. In other words, if a coyote destroys chickens or any other stock, there is no way in which the owner can get payment either from the county or the state.

Can Relation Be Resumed?

IN THIS case A and B are husband and wife. B is sent to hospital for insane. A marries. B is released from hospital and wishes to go back and live with A. Can she do so?—A. B.

According to the facts as stated in this question, A may be guilty of bigamy, as no divorce is mentioned, and might be prosecuted for that crime. However, an action to prosecute for that offense should have been started within 2 years after the crime was discovered. If this was a bigamous marriage it could be set aside and there would be no legal reason that I know of why A and B should not resume marriage relations.

Not a Valid Deed

HUSBAND and wife, A and B, own real estate in 2 counties in this state. A and B have deeds made to each of their children to a certain part of this real estate, the deeds to be delivered to the children after the death of A. They reserved a life estate for A and B during their lifetime. Are these deeds valid? What are the proper legal proceedings after the death of A and B?—M. R. J.

This undelivered deed is not a valid deed. It is necessary that a deed be delivered to the grantee during the lifetime of the grantor. Of course, this deed can be delivered and there may be a private understanding that the grantor will still continue to occupy the land with the consent of the grantee.

KANSAS FARMER

Continuing Mail & Breeze Vol. 78, No. 10

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One year, 50 cents; three years, \$1.

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Tarm Matters

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RECEIVED a letter the other day from Leon Henderson, administrator of Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply, in the Office of Emergency Management. All of us are likely to become better acquainted with Mr. Henderson in the next few years. He has the job of attempting to control prices during the

emergency, and to control them in the way that seems most likely to help in the national defense.

One thing that interested me much in Mr. Henderson's letter was his reference to farm prices. Mr. Henderson stated that he has long held—and still holds—that farm income is too low in comparison with national income; that the disparity should be corrected, and that correcting this disparity is part of his job as price administrator.

He referred particularly to the announcement last month from Secretary of Agriculture Wickard that the Government would "stabilize" prices on pork, dairy and poultry products at 9 cents for hogs; 31 cents for butter; 22 cents for eggs; 15 cents for chickens; all based on Chicago markets.

I called attention at the time to the fact that all these prices are below parity prices, the announced objective of the Government thru the national farm program. I called attention to the fact that parity price for hogs on the farm is \$9.24 a hundred; that \$9 at Chicago is virtu-

ally a dollar under parity.

Some fears also were expressed that Secretary Wickard planned to "freeze" hog prices at 9 cents, and that inside of a year hogs at Chicago likely would reach \$10, if not frozen at a lower figure by the Government. Britain is going to need a lot of pork and other hog products, as well as poultry and dairy products—no wheat, I might add. Canada can supply Britain's wheat requirements for 2 years ahead without harvesting another burked of wheat

without harvesting another bushel of wheat.
"This is not a price-fixing measure," Administrator Henderson declares. "The guar-

anteed prices are minimum prices and no maximum prices have been agreed upon To date, we have taken no steps to establish ceiling prices on farm commodities."

Mr. Henderson says his job is to promote the national defense program, and to prevent "the type of price inflation which occurred during the last war. Unjustifiable price increases and profiteering must be checked wherever they occur."

Then comes the sentence that is of particular importance to farmers and all of us in the Farm Belt, and which I hope will not be forgotten as the emergency develope.

the emergency develops.

"But I will recognize what the Congress and the present administration have written into law," says Mr. Henderson, "namely, that the prices of many farm products have been too low to provide the farmer with a decent living wage for his labor.

"I have been a strong supporter of the objectives of the farm programs and I will continue to be," declares Mr. Henderson.

Now I sincerely hope that the policy outlined by Mr. Henderson will be followed. It certainly should be.

Frankly, beyond using the federal treasury and price controls to increase farm income—and I believe the Administration and Congress plan to do that—I do not look for much change in the national farm program as it affects wheat, cotton, corn, and tobacco in the next few years. Everything will be subordinated to winning the war.

However, I am working on a plan to change the direction of the program as regards basic surplus farm crops as soon as the war is over.



The plan is based on a positive attempt to export cotton, wheat, and other surplus crops to foreign countries. I can see no safe future for the Wheat Belt, the Cotton Belt, and the Corn Belt in pursuing this "isolationist" farm program of restricting production to the American market, so far as these commodities are concerned.

these commodities are concerned.

None of us know when this war will end; nor absolutely certain who will win it. It is safe to say, I think, that all the peoples and nations will lose the war, but in different degrees.

But it is fairly certain, I believe, that when the war is ended there will still be a highly industrialized Western Europe that can use American farm products. So I am working on a plan to exchange surplus American farm products for manufactured products abroad. It includes lowering tariff barriers sufficiently to take care of this exchange; at the same time prorating imports given this special status so that no one or a few American manufacturers will have to take the jolt of increased imports of manufactured goods.

I have introduced a bill calculated to accomplish this in the Senate. It is S. 1442. I want it to get careful study from Congress, and by farmers and manufacturers, so that it can be understood and perfected. I will be glad to send a copy of the bill, and a statement summarizing it, to any of you who will write me for it.

Looking ahead, I can see that it is going to take some careful planning and administration of a national farm program to cushion American agriculture against the post-war shocks, irrespective of the part the United States takes in the war, and irrespective of the terms of the armistice at the end of the war.

Athur Capper

Washington, D. C.

FROM V Jack Etag VIEWPOINT

By George Montgomery, Grain; Franklin L. Parsons, Dairy, Fruits and Vegetables; R. J. Eggert, Livestock; C. Peairs Wilson, Poultry.

What prices can I expect for goodgrade, well-finished steers that will be ready for market in July?—H. N. D., Doniphan Co.

Measured by present values, we are expecting slightly higher prices for the better grades of slaughter cattle by July. While federal reports indicate that there are about 16 per cent more cattle on feed this year than last, I doubt whether marketings will reflect this large an increase until later in the season. Furthermore, the usual seasonal price movement for this class and grade of slaughter cattle is upward after May, and considering the continued improvement in employment and the expansion in consumer incomes, at least slightly higher prices may be expected by July.

Will this be a good year to store wheat?—A. R., Jackson Co.

There usually is not much advantage in storing wheat in years when both the carryover and the new crop are large. Because terminal markets are nearly full of wheat, this year may be a good time to be prepared to store on the farm. If there is difficulty in moving the crop at harvest time, the market price may be lower than the loan rate. Later in the winter or next spring the market price may be equal the loan rate.

Has there been much increase in exports of poultry and eggs this year?—L. M., Nemaha Co.

During the first 3 months of 1941, exports of shell eggs were 14 per cent larger than during the same months last year; exports of dried and frozen eggs were about 2½ times as large, and exports of dressed poultry were nearly twice as large. These increases in exports are significant, altho they represent a relatively small proportion of the total production of the United States.

What are chances for profit from buying feeder pigs for an August market?—G. C., Kingman Co.

While the opportunity to make substantial profits from the purchase of feeder pigs probably has passed until the next phase of the hog cycle, we believe that the purchase of 100-pound,

healthy, feeder shoates at not more than \$9 to \$9.50 a hundred and heading them for an August market should yield good returns. The relationship between the price of feed and the price of hogs is highly favorable and somewhat higher hog prices are expected by midsummer. Additional support to prices is expected from a seasonal decrease in hog supplies and an expanding domestic and foreign demand for pork and lard.

Trend of the Markets

Please remember that prices given here are Kansas City tops for best quality offered: Week Month Year

140	Ago	Ago	Ago
Steers, Fed	\$11.75	\$11.85	\$10.75
Hogs	8.80	9.05	6.00
Lambs	12.00	11.75	11.10
Hens, 4 to 5 Lbs	.18	.181/	
Eggs, Firsts	.201/2		
Butterfat, No. 1	.32	.29	.23
Wheat, No. 2, Hard	.92%		1.07
Corn, No. 2, Yellow	.711/		
Oats, No. 2, White	.38%	.401/4	.41
Barley, No. 2	.501/6	.50	.54
Alfalfa, No. 1	12.00	14.50	17.50
Prairie, No. 1	9.50	9.50	9.00

Crops to Get Going Over

All Kansas farmers are invited to Manhattan for the annual Agronomy Field Days, to be held May 21 and 22. Those in about the southern half of the state are invited for the first day, while those in the northern half are invited for May 22.

Co-operating with the agronomy department in this event is the dairy department which is providing a forenoon program, beginning at 10 o'clock each day. At 1:30, the afternoon program will begin at the Agronomy Farm. Discussions and demonstrations will concern the following: Oats varieties, spring barley and flax, water losses by evaporation and by plant use, rotations, fertilizers, lime and manure, alfalfa varieties and culture, tame and native grasses, wheat and barley varieties, sorghums, relative value of legumes, and Madrid sweet clover.

For Quick Cash

Meade county stockmen are running to sheep. Rexford Brothers shipped in from Farnsworth, Texas, 1,650 head to graze down the big wheat growing here. Meade farmers say that for quick money, sheep are a pretty sure thing.

DAIRY ESSAY CONTEST

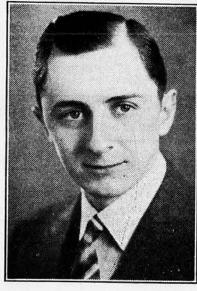
Closes Soon—So Get Busy

THERE are exactly 2 weeks until I the closing date of the big dairy essay contest, in which \$800 to \$1,000 in calves and prizes are being offered thru Kansas Farmer Mail & Breeze. The red-letter date around which every boy and girl in Kansas should put a heavy circle is May 31, for all essays must be mailed not later than that

From time to time, Kansas Farmer has announced the simple rules and the various prizes offered in this contest.



Raymond H. Gilkeson, chairman of the dairy essay contest, and one of the judges.



Cecil Barger, Kansas Farmer associate editor, who will help judge the essays.

If you have missed these, look up back issues of Kansas Farmer or drop a card to the editor and he will be glad to send them to you. It is sufficient to say here that anyone between the ages of 13 and 20 is eligible.

Besides numerous smaller prizes, first prizes for each of the 5 dairy breeds are to be purebred bull calves, dropped before January 1 of this year.

In the Jersey division of the contest, first prize will be the senior bull calf, Windmoor Glossy Owl 419185, given by Carl Francisco, Edna. This calf was dropped November 1, 1940, and was bred at Windmoor Farm, as were his dam and granddam. He has a pedigree reaching back to championship Island of Jersey ancestors.

The calf derives the "Owl" in his name from his illustrious sire, senior



F. W. Atkeson, head of dairy department, Kansas State College, one of the judges.



Roy Freeland, associate editor of Kansas Farmer, one of the judges in the contest.

herd sire at Windmoor, Progress Owl of Windmoor, the youngest Superior sire of the Jersey breed, Silver Medal tested sire with his first 12 daughters averaging 13,291 pounds of milk and 685.67 pounds of fat. These great cows are therefore sisters to the prize calf.

Dam of Windmoor Glossy Owl is Windmoor Pioneer Carmen, classified Very Good, second highest type rating given by the American Jersey Cattle Club. She is now on Register of Merit test and has made 365 pounds fat in 177 days up to May 1, 1941. She was state test leader in January, 1941, with and Service Member Bean.

75.8 pounds of fat. When his dam Grover Meyer, Basehor; for Brown finishes her present test, Windmoor Glossy Owl will be a Three Star bull.

The paternal grandsire of the prize essay calf is The Owl's Bonnie Progress, Gold and Silver Medal Reserved sire with 25 daughters averaging 13,-252 pounds of milk and 732.92 pounds of fat. The paternal granddam is the great producing cow, Spermfield Owl's Poppy, Medal of Merit, Gold and Silver Medal cow with a record of 18,056 pounds of milk and 1,005.8 pounds of fat at 10 years of age.

"We had intended keeping this calf for service in our own herd," says Mr. Francisco, "but decided to offer him when the call went out for calves for the essay contest." The boy or girl who wins this calf will own one of the best Jersey bull calves in Kansas.

First prize in the Guernsey division of the contest will be Jo-Mar Governor's Improver, purebred bull calf given by Jo-Mar Farm, Salina; for Holsteins, Springrock Ormsby Fobes, given by



J. W. Linn, state extension dairy specialist, who will help select winning essays.

Swiss, Romeo of Silver Creek, given by Henry Duwe, Freeport. The Ayrshire calf has not been selected yet, but it will be of highest quality.

The prizes will be awarded in a special ceremony at the Kansas Free Fair in Topeka, in all cases except the Brown Swiss prizes. The Brown Swiss ceremony will be held at the Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson, since no Brown Swiss are shown in Topeka.

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By September, this fall when the presentations will be made, most of these bull calves will be almost a year old, with a value of approximately \$200 or more. Think of winning a \$200 calf! which is yours to do with as you please.

Chairman of the contest, which is being conducted thru the co-operation of Kansas Farmer and the 5 dairy breed associations, is Raymond H. Gilkeson, managing editor of Kansas Farmer. Assisting him in judging the essays will be F. W. Atkeson, head of the department of dairy husbandry, Kansas State College; Roy Freeland, associate editor, Kansas Farmer; James W. Linn, extension specialist in dairy husbandry, Kansas State College; and Cecil Barger, associate editor, Kansas

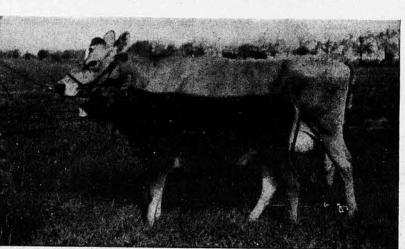
The five winning essays in Kansas—top for each breed—will be entered in the national contest, competing against 11 other states, and this contest will be conducted by O. E. Reed, chief of the U. S. Department of Dairy Industry.

Now is the time to get busy on this big contest. You have plenty of time to write your essay and get it in the mails. Subject of the essay is "Why Dad Should Keep Purebreds and Why He Should Keep - - - - ," the blank to be filled with Holstein-Friesians, Jerseys, Ayrshires, Brown Swiss, or Guernseys. Get your teacher, leader, or county agent to sign your entry to indicate it is bona fide. Send it to Dairy Contest Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka—and who knows, maybe you will win a valuable prize!

Trails Marked Chickens

By J. M. PARKS, Manager Kansas Farmer Protective Service

EMBERS of the sheriff's force, M Ottawa county, and F. L. Overstake, Capper representative, spent a good part of Easter Sunday following the twin track of a trailer rim from the Glen Bean farm, R. 1, Tescott, to Salina in search of a thief who had stolen 14 of Bean's hens. Some time ago, however, Bean had prepared for such an occasion by marking his chickens with the identification mark assigned to him thru Kansas Farmer. When the trail led to a poultry dealer in Salina, it was easy to pick out the Bean chickens because of his individual mark. As a result of this co-operation between Bean and the law-enforcement officers, 2 more chicken thieves have been put out of business. A \$25 reward, paid by Kansas Farmer, was divided between the sheriff's force



Windmoor Glossy Owl, the bull calf that will be given in the dairy essay contest sponsored by Kansas Farmer, stands by his mother, Windmoor Pioneer Carmen, an outstanding producer. Carl Francisco, Edna, had originally intended to keep the calf for use in his own herd.



Follows Trunk Trail

On returning home about December 6, M. L. Lowen, R. 1, Russell Springs, found that his house had been ransacked. He called the sheriff and they together followed the trail of a trunk which had been dragged for about 2 miles. There the trunk had been broken open and robbed of some valuables. A suspect was picked up and soon confessed to the burglary and later was given a penitentiary sentence. Since Sheriff L. L. Smith did not claim any of the reward, Kansas Farmer sent Mr. Lowen a check for \$50.

Junk Dealer's Record Helps

When a carburetor was stolen from tractor belonging to W. A. Spence. Hoxie, a son, Alvin, found and identified the stolen article at a local junk dealer's market. Luckily, the dealer kept a record which revealed the name of the person who delivered it. He was proved guilty of the theft and given a reformatory sentence. Spence and his son each received half of the \$25 re-Service Member Bean.

To date in its war on thievery, Kansas Farmer has paid out a total of \$31,910 in cash rewards for the conviction of 1,365 thieves.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS

Need Advice of Family Doctor

PLEASE discuss operations in your next issue," requests a subscriber. "One doctor tells my aunt she must be operated on for tumor. Another says there is no tumor and the (----) machine shows none. She doesn't know what to believe."

Many inquiries come about such perplexities. They certainly are perplexing to the average man, and they are made still worse when a quack doctor throws into the argument such evidence as may be adduced by a worthless machine with a high-sounding pseudoscientific name.

Illness is bad enough, but one gets used to the idea that all flesh is heir to certain ailments. But operations surgical operations—are seldom anticipated and always terrifying. Nobody disputes the necessity for surgery in emergencies. When a terrible accident has occurred and limbs must be amputated, bones set or burns treated, the surgeon is counted a ministering angel and every facility is offered for his work. The times of doubt are when the patient is managing to get along without great distress. Perhaps there is disability that reduces efficiency to about 50 per cent. Perhaps there some pain, but on the other hand the patient manages to sit up to the table and take some share in household duties, and one is prone to remember that symptoms may be nothing more than threats.

What shall we do then? How may we know that surgical operation is the wise course? How can we tell that this doctor is not after a fat fee? It would certainly be fine if a surgeon would guarantee results! The arguments can have but one conclusion. No advice is worthwhile unless presented by one whose authority is backed by knowledge.

Here is where the family doctor comes into the picture; the physician whom you, as the head of a family, have chosen long before, making no haphazard selection, nor taking the idle word of a neighbor, but giving the matter more careful consideration than if you were selecting a minister or a banker. Is he skillful? Is he intelligent? Is he thoroly schooled? And, above all, is he a man of unquestionable integrity? There is no disguising the fact that in such matters, with their tremendous importance, you are in the hands of your home doctor and the surgeon. You must abide by their decisions. How important that your choice should be well and deliberately made!

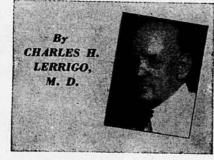
We Sweat All the Time

My son 21 years old never sweats, or rather, never perspires. What would be the cause of this? Is there a cure for it, and what is the cure, if any?—Mrs. C. G. R.

There are millions of sweat glands in the body of every living person and they work all the time. When excessive action or unusual heat arouse them to profuse excretion, the skin becomes perceptibly moist and we say that we are sweating. As a matter of fact, we sweat all the time. So does your son. Perceptible perspiration is not a necessity.

Hints on Surgery

Dr. C. H. Lerrigo has prepared a special letter, "Hints About Surgical Operations." Any reader desiring a copy should clip this item and send it along with an envelope addressed to himself, and stamped with a 3-cent stamp, to Dr. C. H. Lerrigo, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Be sure to include the stamped, self-addressed envelope and this item clipped from Kansas Farmer.



Cold Water for Psoriasis

What about the disease of the skin known as psoriasis? What causes it, and what will cure it?—R. W.

I cannot tell the cause of psoriasis. There are many guesses but authorities admit that the cause is unknown. It is not believed to be contagious, but there is a tendency for it to appear in many members of the same family. My personal experience is that regular daily bathing of the skin of the entire body with cool or cold water, then rubbing into the skin an emollient such as cocoa butter is a good palliative. Specialists in diseases of the skin claim they are getting better results with treatment than formerly. If you have not appealed to such a specialist in late years it is worth while.

Sore on Lip May Be Cancer

I have a sore on my lip which a surgeon called a tumor but not a cancer. He says it will have to be cut out and I shall also have to have all of my lower teeth and part of the upper ones pulled out. He will have to take some glands out of my throat on each side. He thinks it a serious operation and does not give me much hope.—B. G. R.

Your surgeon could give such advice only on the theory that the tumor is really a cancer. He is proposing radical treatment. It may be necessary, but offered with such a gloomy prognosis I do not think very much of it. If you have cancer he is doing you no favor in hesitating to say so; and if this is the case it seems to me that a case so far advanced would be likely to find its best hope in radium treatment.



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Costs Less to Operate and Maintain!

... and, in addition, Chevrolet for '41 is the most powerful and the most spirited of all the biggest-selling low-priced cars.

You save money when you buy a Chevrolet! You save on gas, on oil, on upkeep.

And more important even than that, you get top satisfaction along with the savings!

Chevrolet for '41 brings you faster acceleration, more hill-climbing ability, easier driving and smoother riding—as well as more beauty and luxury—than any other biggest-selling low-priced car!

It's first in sales, first in value in '41, for the tenth time in the last eleven years. Because it's the only car with all the features listed here in Chevrolet's famous "Quality Quiz." So buyers everywhere are asking themselves, "Why Pay More? Why Accept Less?" and are choosing Chevrolet!

Better see your nearest Chevrolet dealer today and buy the car that owners say is "First Because It's Finest!"

CHEVROLET MOTOR DIVISION, General Motors Sales Corporation DETROIT, MICHIGAN

You'll "FIRST because it's FINEST!"

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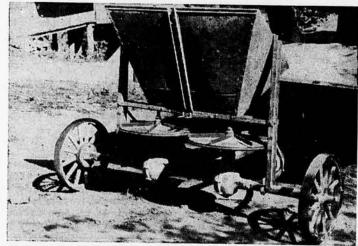
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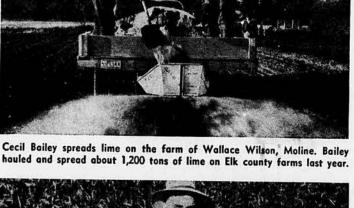
LIME AND FERTILIZER For Southeast Kansas



Frank Pecka, Burlington, made this lime spreader from the rear ends of 2 old model T's. It does an exceptionally good job of spreading.

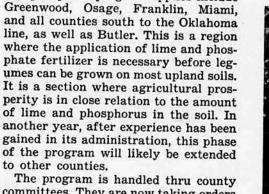


hauled and spread about 1,200 tons of lime on Elk county farms last year.





Paul Fundis, Coffey county, shows the difference that sweet clover plowed under 8 years ago made on a 1940 wheat crop. Wheat at left made 261/2 bushels an acre, while the check at right made only 14 bushels.



The program is handled thru county committees. They are now taking orders for the treble phosphate and have charge of its distribution. Agricultural lime is handled by contracts made directly with the limestone pulverizing plants.

By WALTER J. DALY

IME, legumes and phosphate ferti-

east Kansas—are getting a big boost as

lime and phosphate fertilizer are being

made available to farmers complying

with the Agricultural Conservation Pro-

for the "conservation of materials and

services," this new addition to the farm

program makes it possible for farmers

in 18 counties in this region to get lime

and treble phosphate fertilizer and then

pay for these materials with a set-off

from their 1941 acreage allotment and

phate fertilizer has been distributed and

several counties have spread more than

1,000 tons of lime under this program.

In 3 weeks, Allen county spread 1,500

tons; Linn county has set as a goal

and phosphate program applies include

Kansas counties in which the lime

Already over 1,200 tons of treble phos-

soil-building payments.

6,000 tons spread in 1941.

to other counties.

Designated as a program to provide

lizer-long the criterion for a

prosperous agriculture in South-

IN ADDITION to the advantage of get-ting lime and fertilizer and then paying for it out of 1941 farm program payments, farmers may obtain phosphate fertilizer at a substantial discount due to the favorable price obtained by the AAA because of their large purchases.

The treble phosphate fertilizer obtained under this program can be used only for the carrying out of soil-building practices approved under the Agricultural Conservation Program for Kansas. These include the application of this fertilizer to or in connection with the seeding of legumes and grasses.

E. A. Cleavinger, extension agronomy specialist for Kansas State College, believes farmers will find it profitable to use most of this lime and fertilizer as an aid to alfalfa and sweet clover production. Some fertilizer might also be used with grass seedings.

For many years successful farmers in Southeast Kansas have demonstrated that with lime and phosphate fertilizer it is possible to grow good alfalfa and sweet clover in this region, and they have made money doing it. The Cronin brothers, Louis and Charles, of Burlington, have produced upland alfalfa for years, and they say, "We never fail



Two members of the Neosho county AAA committee show the effect of lime on the growth of sweet clover at the Vernie Umbarger farm, Earleton.



Fine material in the lime does the good the first year or 2, says E. A. Cleavenger, K. S. C. crops specialist, to L. C. Williams, of the College, left, and Albert Criger, chairman of the state AAA committee.

to get a stand." Then add, "You can't grow alfalfa without lime," and pointing to a rank field of alfalfa where the first crop stood 2 feet high, one of the brothers remarked, "It's the phosphate fertilizer that makes the alfalfa grow so big." It was a fall-seeded field, and summer fallow the previous year was also given credit for part of the rank growth.

Farther south, in Coffey county, is Paul Fundis who is making farming pay with the lime, phosphate, legume combination. He has been using this system long enough so that the added soil fertility pays him dividends every time he grows a crop. In 1940, wheat on ground that had a crop of sweet clover plowed under in 1932 made 261/2 bushels an acre while wheat in the same field where there had never been sweet clover produced only 14 bushels an acre. Except for the sweet clover and the lime and phosphate fertilizer that were used to grow this legume this entire field has been handled the same, so Fundis gives the sweet clover credit for the extra 121/2 bushels an acre.

OWN in Montgomery county, near the Oklahoma line, is the F. P. Friedline farm where lime and sweet clover have been a part of the farming rotation since 1924. It has been kept up ever since with the addition of phosphate fertilizer and alfalfa. When asked whether it paid, Mr. Friedline pointed to a sandy upland field where the corn would beat 50 bushels an acre and across to the next field where wheat last summer produced at the rate of 40 bushels an acre. County Agent A. W. Knott, of Montgomery county, once remarked, "Friedline's success is the result of a long-time conservation program. You don't get this kind of results the first couple of years after you start to build up a worn-out farm.

In the early twenties, William Hyson, of Blue Mound, bought an old worn-out 40 acres of land that the neighbors considered too poor to be worth farming. Since then it has had several rounds of sweet clover and alfalfa along with lime and phosphate fertilizer, and now there isn't a more productive field in the neighborhood.

The proof that lime, phosphate fer-tilizer and legumes will do the job is present in every county in Southeast Kansas, but the difficulty is that most farmers have felt that they could not afford the cost necessary to put a longtime conservation program into effect on their farms. Some have tried it for a year and then dropped out, because soil conservation does not usually pay much in the way of net dividends the first year

or two. Now farmers of Southeast Kansas who wish to build up their farms are able to get the necessary lime and phosphate without putting out the cash. Thru the Agricultural Conservation Program the government is ready to co-operate with the farmers who operate the land in a program to build back the worn-out acres of Southeast Kansas. It is a part of the program to keep productive the natural resources of America.

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Livestock Men Give Tips 1941

THERE is no better way of gather-ing tips on livestock raising and management than visiting with other management than visiting with other livestock men. Last issue, we chatted with a number of beef and dairy cattle breeders, discussing their ideas and their methods. Now we continue this

Alfred Tasker, Delphos: Have bred Shorthorn cattle 14 years. Never keep o cow that isn't a good milker, because it takes milk to raise a good calf. Cull out poor stock closely and it isn't long until you have a good producing herd. Believe if more people who buy bulls would make sure they are good purebreds, they would be better off; a lot of them are called purebreds, but there are no papers with them. Am going to plant more alfalfa; don't think you can beat it and silage for winter feed.

E. L. Barrier, Dalebanks Farm, Eureka: Established my Angus herd 38 years ago, believing the breed, with their excellent feeding and grazing ability, high dressing percentage and high quality of meat, were destined to become the leading beef cattle of America. A large majority of "tops" on our big markets are made on Angus. Pasture is important. Don't overload it, don't go on prairie grass too early. Use rye, barley, wheat and sweet clover; in fact, anything you can get to lengthen the pasture season in fall and spring especially so your grass gets a start. Deferring grazing on the pas-tures 2 weeks in spring has done more for my wild grass pasture than any-thing else. For me, silage has proved one of the best rations for b

herds, with just a little alfalfa hay. In the past, the packer has paid a great deal of attention to dressing percentage. In the future I believe he will pay an equal amount to grading of beef. As a finishing ration, nothing is better than barley, oats and corn; and I think kafir and some of the grain sorghums are going to come into the same category.

J. B. Herrington, Silver Lake: I gave my pasture a complete rest for 2 ye after the drouth of 1934. It is foolish to try to raise livestock without an adequate supply of good pasture. Be particular never to over-graze. In my estimation there is no feed the equal of alfalfa hay for stock cattle. Have been raising Shorthorn cattle for 41 years, and they are ideal for small years, and conditions. Good feed and good farm conditions. care are prime essentials for success.

Walbert J. Ravenstein, Belmont: The success formula with livestock includes choosing a good breed, preparing to have plenty of feed, supplements, minerals and fresh water at all times; and be on the job at all times to give the livestock proper feed and care. Good pasture and a silo are the greatest assets in my business. Started my registered Hereford herd 6 years ago when I purchased 8 cows from John N. Luft, Bison. Purchased a sire from John Ravenstein, of Willow Creek Stock Farm. Have sold bulls in 5 different states and have built up my herd to include 34 select females, with which I have been successful in breeding off 75 to 80 per cent of the horns.

Calves Gain More

When creep-feeding calves, never let the feeder get empty as the calves will get hungry and when the feeder is filled they will eat too much and get "off feed." This precaution, as well as others, are included in the complete and thoro leaflet, "Creep-Feeding—A Profitable
Method of Beef Production,"
issued by Kansas Farmer. For
your copy send a 3-cent stamp for mailing to Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

Andrew O. McIntire, Duquoin: We have been well pleased with a roughage mill to grind fodder from grain sorghums. We use 3 wagons. The fodder is ground and tramped into the wagons solid where it stands a few days and heats. It seems cattle like this feed better after it sets than they do when it is freshly ground. Sometimes the ground feed is much like silage. Our mill cracks the grain, mixing it thru the feed. I have had a few registered Shorthorns since 1920, when I bought one cow at a dispersal sale. I only got one heifer calf from her, but this calf proved to be a good brood cow and I have saved the best heifers. Had some bad luck with short feed crops, and have culled rather close, so I have only a small herd kept in connection with my father's and my brother's grade herd. We plan to keep about 30 to 40 cows and some replacement heifers.

John Hayes, Hutchinson: Pick quality stock, feed well, and make your word good for success with livestock. Never sell an animal you don't like to your neighbor. If you can't sell him a good one, don't sell him. Have had Herefords since 1914. There will be times when the best of cattle will not sell well. Keep your chin up as well as your papers, and success lies at the end

E. G. Becker, Mt. Bethel Farm Herefords, Meriden: Pasture is one of the chief feeds on this farm, and the cattle could not be kept at a profit without it. Have been sowing grass seed every year recently. Brome, sweet clover and oats have proved best. Silage has been fed here since 1912. Chief crops used are Pink kafir and sorgo. My Hereford herd was started in 1930, and has made progress due to good seed stock, good feed and care. Have used artificial breeding method on horses for about 15 years.

J. B. Shields, Grand View Stock Farm, Lost Springs: I started breeding registered Herefords in 1896, with one cow. Next year I bought a half sister of the first cow, and from these 2 cows I built most of my herd, using good bulls. When I started butchering and selling meat the Herefords netted me from \$3 to \$5 more to the carcass. and I soon had a demand for male calves as others soon found that out also. I have always found grass the cheapest feed, so bought grass land and have taken good care of it. When it is rolling we run lister furrows around the hills, thereby holding the water in the furrows. Grass is gree and stays green longer below the fur-

Lester H. Kolterman, Onaga: My Polled Herefords have really been developed from the horned kind, with the best bloodlines back of them. Pastures have been grazed to what they were

capable of carrying, and the grass has come back well since 1935, until this year they will carry their full number of cattle. Water has been a greater problem than grass. We are gradually (Continued on Page 13)

MakeHay EASY WAY

Mary D STACKER
LOADER
Simplifies Hay Handling
Picks up from swath,
windrow, shock — dumps
on wagon or stack. Fits
any rowcrop tractor. Easy
to handle. 17 foot lift.
Speedy—handles 30 acres per day. Cost low.
Find out NOW! Write for FREE literature.

NATIONAL Vitrified SILOS

Everlasting TILE SILOS

Cheap to install. Free from trouble, steel reinforcing every course of tilo.

NATIONAL TILE SILO COMPANY

New DUPLEX Rotary Scraper

"5000 Hours in 3 Years_ Still Going Great Guns!"



Steady Going at Low Cost--Almost No Time Out for Tractor Repairs! No Wonder Mobiloil Saves Me So Much!"

TF you're looking for tractor protection that's absolutely dependable—yet helps you save oil and fuel expense—listen to Farmer George Allen:

"Fifteen years ago, I bought my first drum of Mobiloil. My operating costs have stayed so low ever since, I've never switched brands once. Take my present tractor. Three years old-and every bearing fitting perfectly. That's protection!"

Mr. Allen's is not an exceptional case. Why not let Mobiloil help save money on your farm?

HERE'S YOUR MONEY-SAVING LINE OF FARM PRODUCTS

MOBILOIL—to protect cars, trucks, farm engines.
MOBILGAS—for power—smoothness—thrifty mileage. MOBILGREASE NO. 2—to resist ear in farm machinery.

POWER FUEL—for fuel economy. MOBILOIL GEAR OILS—in grades your engines require.
BUG-A-BOO kills insects quickly.
SANILAC CATTLE SPRAY—for

all-day protection.

SOCONY-VACUUM OIL COMPANY, INC.

Your Mobiloil Man IS A GOOD MAN TO KNOW



A NEW HAT—always—that's the thing that will pep up your ward-robe any time, any day. And you needn't be a skilled milliner to make smart hats this season. The most stylish shapes are easy to copy—many of them are tiny—others have brims. Gay flowers, perky bows or floating wisps of veils are used for trimmings.

How many times have you wished for a new hat, one to go with a certain dress? But hats have a way of running into money—fast—so it's a good idea to learn to make them yourself.

There's no excuse for not having 2 or 3 different hats for each costume when you can make one from a 15-cent fold of crepe paper—yes, paper, nothing more or less! With more than 40 colors from which to choose you may make your hats to match your costume or accessories, or in contrasting colors if you like.

The hats pictured are woven or crocheted—both methods easily and quickly done. Then, this season, there is also the new braided hat—like the one sketched. To make any of these hats, you cut the crepe paper across the grain right thru the entire fold 1½ inches wide. To help get the strips of paper into form you'll need a little gadget called a crepe paper twister. Following the instructions on the twister, pull the crepe paper strip thru the larger hole to make a raffia-like strand. If you do not have a crepe paper twister—one costs only 10 cents—better order one when you send for

the instructions for making the hats.

The secret of the ease of making the braided hats is a 5-strand braid of "crepe raffia" attached to a simple buckram foundation with "liquid thread"—a new product that may be purchased in 5- and 10-cent stores. It fastens the braid as smoothly and firmly as if it were sewed with needle and thread—and in less than a quarter of the time.

Use 5 strands of crepe raffia and make of them a firm flat braid. Fasten the 5 strands together at one end and, starting with the right-hand strand, bring it over the next strand to the left, under the next, over the next, and under the last strand to the left. Continue in this way, always working with the right-hand strand. Keeping the strands perfectly flat, push them together to form a tight braid. Try using strands of different colors and see what lovely color effects you can get. Finish with a protective coat of crepe paper lacquer, white shellac or waterrepellent solution—then have no worries if you get caught in a thunder-

We'll send you instructions for the 4 hats pictured on this page and several more styles besides—no charge—just glad to be of service. Simply send a postcard to Ruth Goodall, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kansas. We shall also be glad to have mailed to you any of the materials necessary for making the hats if you are unable to find them in your home stores.



adds a smart finish, and for a perky touch stick in a quill or two.

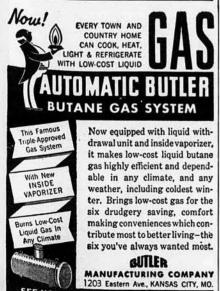




NERVOUS **Cranky Women** HEED THIS ADVICE!!

Do cross, upset nerves caused by monthly functional disturbances make you fretful, peevish at such times? Are you annoyed by peri-odic pain, weakness and distress of "irregularities"?

Then try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—famous for over 60 years in helping hundreds of thousands of women to relieve this distress, calm jittery nerves due to such disturbances and help build up resistance against these annoying symptoms. Pinkham's Compound is WORTH TRYING!



SEE YOUR BUTLER DEALER NOW OR WRITE US FOR FULL FACTS!

Let's Use Sunshine

By JESSIE HAGGARD

So many folks living in the country drape their windows with curtains, both heavy and light, that I sometimes wonder if they realize how much they are missing. A great many country houses are dark in the first place, so there is no need of curtains to shut out the light. The view from a window in a country home is usually beautiful in itself. Maybe the sky, maybe flowers and fields lush and green in summer. maybe trees and brown grass in winter. Perhaps you have a view of a hill or the road or maybe the pasture—but always beauty!

From my window in the kitchen I see, looking down, a pasture, and on a level with my eye, the highway, with a scene ever shifting, always chang-ing, and in the distance a slight rise. is 21/2 miles distant to town where my youngest boy attends high school, yet I see the building looming against the sky. On clear days I hear the drum corps marching, and that lends en-chantment and interest to the view. I can hear the bell at the grade school ring and always it brings peace over the fields. I feel a vast contentment

Four for Play

ALL IN ONE PATTERN



Pattern 8925—Sunsuit, overall, frock and bonnet! They're all yours in this one easy and inexpensive pattern! By repeating it half a dozen times you'll have your tot completely equipped for summer. Each piece in this sweet quartet emphasizes her cuteness and curves, and each piece is as comfortable as her own personal skin! Sizes 1 to 5 years. Size 2 requires 2¾ yards 35-inch material for the whole thing; 3 yards trimming. How nice if mamma could dress herself as simply.

Pattern 15 cents. Address: Fashion Service, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

for I love this part of the state, and I thank God for schools.

Let's run the blinds to the top of the windows and let the sunshine in. There's no reason in the world to go peering about at your sewing or cooking with the blinds halfway down and drapes and curtains over the windows.

In the city, people make use of blinds and curtains for reasons of privacy, but in the country we don't need so much privacy for houses are farther apart. Let's check up on our selves and see if we are getting enough sunlight and are using the marvelous view that nature intended us to have.

Crisp, Crunchy Crust

By KATHLEEN STEWART

To get a crisp, crunchy crust under your custard or cream pies, roll it in graham crackers.

Make your piecrust according to your favorite recipe but do not have the dough too moist in spots, as the edges of the shell will have a tendency to break. Use 1/3 cup graham cracker crumbs which have been made fine by running them thru a sieve. Place the crumbs on your breadboard and spread out the size of the pie plate to be used. Place the dough on the crumbs and roll out with the rolling pin. Be careful not to get any crumbs on the top the crust as this will cause it to soak when the custard is poured in. It may be necessary to flour the rolling pin well and frequently, as the dough cannot be turned to prevent sticking. Place the crust in the pan, trim as

usual and place in a cool place to stand from 4 hours to overnight. After standing, pour custard in and bake. This rolled-in-graham cracker dough starts to bake immediately, allowing none of the shortening to melt, and is thoroly baked by the time your custard pie is ready to take from the oven.

Never-Fail Method

By HOMEMAKER

Having trouble in removing the printing from some of those flour sacks? Try this method: Rip the sacks open and wash in lukewarm water to remove all flour. Rub the printing with laundry soap, then roll up and let soak for a few hours. Wash in warm water, rubbing soap on any print that remains. Place the sacks in a solution of the following proportions, using enough water to cover the sacks: 8 gallons of water, 1 tablespoon of lye and ½ cup of kerosene. When the solution is warm, add the sacks and boil them until the printing has disappeared, stirring frequently. Remove sacks, wash in soapsuds and rinse thru several clear waters. If the sacks appear pink, place in a bleach solution for a few minutes.

Frame It to Match

By MONETTE

Is the frame of the mirror above your dressing table a bit shabby? Why not frame it with material to match the skirt around the table? All you'll need is some glue and a bit of patience Add a 2-inch ruffle in a color to pick up the color scheme of the room



with

SEIDLITZ SUNFAST RED SEMI - PASTE QUAKER **BARN PAINT**

Mixed equal parts with Linseed Oil

Made in semi-paste form to save you money. Reduce it gallon for gallon with linseed oil and get two gallons of paint far superior to any thin, ready-mixed barn paint.

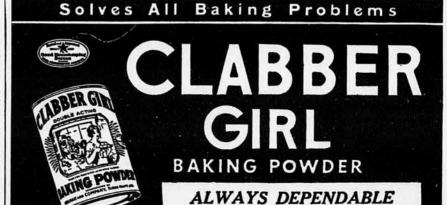
Quaker Red is excellent for all outside surfaces: roofs, fences, silos, barns and other buildings.

See your Seidlitz dealer ONE GALLON or write MAKES TWO

SEIDLITZ PAINT & VARNISH COMPANY 8th & Garfield, Kansas City, Mo.







Since 89% of Chick Diseases are BOWEL TROUBLES about DRINKING WATER

Be sure to start your chicks right. Keep drinking water containers clean—keep the brooderhouse sanitary—and see that Dr. Salsbury's Pheno-Sal tablets are put in the drinking water. Dr. Salsbury's PHENO-SAL...(1) Checks germ growth in drinking water. (2) Medicates digestive system.

drinking water. (2) Medicates digestive system.

Phen-O-Sal tablets don't lose their strength by contact with feed and litter that get in the drinking water, nor do they oxidize inside the chick.

Cost is low—125 tablets (\$1.00) will medicate 62 gallons of water for baby chicks. For genuine Dr. Salsbury's Phen-O-Sal tablets, see your Dr. Salsbury dealer who may be a hatcheryman, druggist, feed, or produce dealer.

FEED DR. SALSBURY'S AVI-TAB to Your Baby Chicks. It's An Effective Flock Conditioner.

Dr. Salsbury's Laboratories Charles City, Iowa



FERTILIZER BIGGER CORN EARS

PLANT-BREEDING scientists have or potash—are deficient in the soil, the contributed to efficiency in the form of hybrid corn—probably the most efficient seed man has ever known. Agricultural engineers have developed wonderfully accurate mechanical planters to place the living kernels shallow or deep, close together or far and few between; however the farmer must have them for best results under his own particular growing conditions. The national soil conservation program is playing a part in agricultural effici-89.2 bushels an acre as compared with ency, too, by reducing the waste of soil 76.7 bushels made by corn on the same erosion and encouraging better cropgrowing practices.

One practical way by which farmers can step up their corn yields and crop quality and by so doing lower crop production costs this year, is thru the intelligent use of commercial fertilizers at planting time.

Bushel for bushel, hybrid corn requires no more plant food than openpollinated corn. But, because of its greater growing and yielding power, it makes a heavier demand on the land for precious nitrogen, phosphate and potash. Obviously 75 bushels of hybrid corn will require more of these elements than 50 bushels of other corn. For every pound of these essential plant nutrients that it draws from the land, however, it converts many, many pounds of the elements, oxygen, hydrogen and carbon, which are "free as air," into ears, tassels, roots, stalks and leaves.

As a result, when any of the essential plant foods-nitrogen, phosphate

corn is unable to make as much use of the "free" elements and plant growth and yields suffer.

Generally speaking, corn grown on land of low fertility shows the biggest response from applications of fertilizer, but even on fertile soils, fertilizer makes a difference. For example, on the Virgil Love farm in Mercer county, Ill., scene of the 1940 state corn husking contest, fertilized corn produced

field left unfertilized for comparison. A similar test was made on the Henry Keppy farm at Davenport, Ia., in the field used for the 1940 national corn husking contest. Here, unfertilized corn yielded a good crop of 85

Crop quality and higher market grade is one of the rewards of using fertilizer. Many of the championship show samples have been produced with fertilizer help.



Fertilizer gives the farmer a head start on the weeds by getting the corn off to an earlier, more vigorous start. Note fertilized section at left.

bushels an acre, but corn in the same field given the benefit of a quick start and strong growth thru the application of quickly available (0-12-12) commercial fertilizer used at the rate of 80 pounds an acre, produced an extra 10.5 bushels an acre.

Each acre of fertilized corn showed an additional profit of \$8 an acre over that which had been left unfertilized as a check on the David Dykstra farm. site of the 1940 Iowa state husking contest at Mitchellville.

A 2-12-6 analysis fertilizer was used at the rate of 100 pounds an acre, and in addition, potash was applied broadcast on several alkali spots in the field.

When accurately measured at harvest time, the corn on the fertilized ground yielded 93 bushels an acre, while that on land which received no fertilizer produced 19 bushels an acre less! Speaking of crop quality, twice as many nubbins per acre were produced on the unfertilized land as were

produced in that part of the crop grown with the aid of fertilizer.

Recent interest in narrow-row planting is expected to focus even more attention on the need for balancing plant food nutrients in the soil with readily available commercial fertilizers.

C. L. Gunn, prominent breeder of hybrid seed corn, has been experimenting with heavier-than-normal corn planting rates for several years. According to Gunn, thick planting tends to delay maturity and increase the percentage of lodging. More plants per acre or per square yard of soil require more of the plant food elements, and when these are lacking, particularly phosphates and potash, delayed maturity and weaker stalks are likely to result. To avoid these weaknesses and still get the extra yield possible by heavier rates of planting, Gunn believes farmers will have to bring the plant nutrients in their soil into better balance with the proper fertilizers.

Help Us Find a Master

OU can help us in the job of find-Ying 5 outstanding men to be named for the 1941 class of Kansas Master Farmers. If you decide who is the best farmer you know, and then send his name to us, your nomination might Last, but not least, he must be a lead us right to one of the very men farmer who has provided a comfortwe are looking for.

As you know, Kansas Master Farmers are chosen from nominations made by readers of Kansas Farmer. Anyone can make a nomination and any man living on a Kansas farm is eligible to be nominated. He may be a tenant, owner, or farm manager.

award, he must be a sound, practical farmer, respected by his neighbors and known for his honesty and square dealings. It is essential that he has made a success of his farming business. able, enjoyable home for his family and best possible educational advantages for his children.

You know of a good farmer who meets these requirements. So we invite you to fill out the coupon below. giving his name. Mail to Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan. All nominations To qualify for the Master Farmer must be in this office, please, by June 1.

A Smile of Satisfaction

For the last thirty years, COLORADO SILVER TIP BALE TIES have won friends galore with each bundle bringing happy, trouble-free baling hours.

SILVER TIP BALE TIES are tough, pliable and uniformly strong. Identify the genuine with the familiar Green Bonnet, the sign of "no delay" baling practice . . . Packaged for quick and easy operation.

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GAUGE \$3.90

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Complete Line of Colorado Fence 8-Line Wire Sheep Fence... 48-Inch Chicktite Fence ... **HEADQUARTERS for BALE TIES**



MASTER FARMER NOMINATION BLANK

I wish to nominate

(Name of candidate)

(Address of candidate)

(Name and address of person making nomination) All nominations must be mailed to Kansas Farmer, Topeka, by June 1.

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Farm Problem Has Two Heads

By CLIF STRATTON Kansas Farmer's Washington Correspondent

ASHINGTON, D. C.—Suggestion of Secretary of the Treasury that Congress reduce government expendi-tures a billion dollars a year, and take half the cut out of farm benefit payments, apparently is not due to be approved by this Congress. Odds are that he federal government is going to take more steps, and pay more funds out of the treasury in the coming year, to bolster income for the producers of wheat, corn, tobacco, rice.

Whether farm income in the surplus-producing areas is to be bolstered by increased payments, or thru higher loans to sustain prices, or by a combination of these, should be decided within a few days. One reason for the immediate decision is that Secretary of Agriculture Wickard has called for a national referendum of wheat mar keting quotas May 31. And before the referendum is held the Administration would like to be able to tell wheat growers what is in prospect for the coming crop year in the way of gov-ernment payments, loans and, in a general way, controls of production and marketing.

The present war—by the time this

is in print President Roosevelt may have stated plainly that it is our war and that we are in it—has accentuated the 2-headedness of the farm problem.

Britain, and later perhaps a large part of continental Europe, are expected to draw largely upon the West-ern Hemisphere for foodstuffs. That means there is in sight an increasing market for some American farm products. But this list does not include wheat, cotton, tobacco. Canada has enough wheat in storage and on the ground to supply her own and British needs for the next 2 years, if Canada produced no wheat this year. There is enough cotton stored in the United States to supply the world needs for more than a year. Apparently Europe is not going to take tobacco from this country for some time to come, at least not in appreciable quantities.

The foregoing explains why the Administration is facing 2 directions in the national farm program. It is try-ing to reduce still more the production of wheat, cotton, tobacco. It is trying to increase production of pork, dairy and poultry products, some vegetables. Also, it is planning to hold down increased food costs to consumers the coming year to 10 per cost

ers the coming year to 10 per cent.

Domestic wheat supply for 1941-42 is estimated at 1,200 million bushels; domestic disappearance at 675 million bushels, leaving 525 million bushels carryover.

"Wheat has been selling lower this year than last," the Bureau of Agricul-tural Economic reports, "but prices are expected to continue to average relatively high as compared with prices in other surplus-producing countries—as long as Government loan and export

subsidy programs are continued.
"A government loan on the new crop soon to be harvested in this country is dependent upon a favorable vote in the national marketing quota referendum

tentatively announced for May 31."
Under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, if a referendum on marketing quotas on any commodity is held, and the producers refuse to vote (two-thirds majority required to carry) marketing quotas, then there (Continued on Page 14)

Livestock Men Give Tips

(Continued from Page 9)

turning to ponds as wells are not doing the job. For 20 years have used cane and corn silage for winter roughage; surely is great for carrying cattle thru winter Didn't like it as well when silos winter. Didn't like it so well when silos first came into use, but wouldn't do

without silage for winter now. Have had my first calves born to heifers vaccinated for Bang's disease, and have no complaint to make. But am not convinced it will do the job and want to try it out for my own satisfaction before I would swear by it. It may be all right, but I want to know from my own experience.

O. J. Shields, Lost Springs: Started raising registered Herefords in 1921. Always stressed the importance of buying good type bulls. Can't expect inferior breeding stock to produce good calves, any more than you can pick grapes from thistles. Shortage of cattle during the last few years has been good for our grazing areas; it has given them a chance to rest and reseed. The silo has been called "the fruit jar of the field" and that is true. It is the best known means of preserving feed and retaining its feed value. More silos on the farms would mean more profits:

Jesse James, Kanorado: The thing that helped us most with our Herefords was the selection of thickness, easy fleshing qualities, good feet, straight legs and strong heads in our cows and herd bulls. I started my herd in 1931 with 20 heifers of Domino breeding, and now have about 65 cows in the breeding herd. Pasture rotation helps a great deal. Silage has proved satis factory, and dry chopped feed is used extensively here with good results.

W. A. Love, Partridge: Have been interested in Shorthorn cattle since a small boy, as father had them. Have learned that by adding a few dollars to the price of the bull, the first crop of calves will make up the difference in price over a poorer bull. Didn't like the dehorning job so bought a polled bull. Then, I thought, "Why not get a registered cow or two, since the demand for Polled Shorthorns is so great." That was 24 years ago, and all the time our motto has been to build the herd with the best bull obtain-

Pasture is important. We use rye for early spring until native grass ready with a good start. Then a little Sudan is one of the best supplements that can be found. Of course, we have wheat for winter pasture, so have grazing most of the time that the and ground are fit to have cattle out. We have a trench silo that holds about 160 tons which is a great thing in solving the feed problem

After 24 years, we find the field of learning very broad. Have come to the conclusion that a lifetime is scarcely long enough to establish and build up a purebred herd. But it should be the work of at least 2 generations, and then we can hope that the third generation may not under the interest of the state of t eration may not undo the job, but will go on with the good work and come nearer to perfection.

John C. Keas, Locust Lea Farm, Effingham: When I was graduated from college, I took a job with Fairfield Farm, Topeka, where I learned to like Ayrshires. Was in partnership with the Barwood Farm, starting in 1928, and in 1938 I started my present herd. Good pasture is the key to successful dairying. My permanent pasture is divided into 3 fields for rotation grazing. Thus I expect to greatly increase the carrying capacity of the permanent pasture. Also will pasture Sudan, sweet clover and lespedeza.





HIGH PROTEIN FEEDS — Staley Growing Feeds are high protein feeds blended to help bring growing birds along rapidly—to help you have cockerels and broilers ready for the early market—to help you put pullets into laying condition in time for the high prices. It takes only about 11c worth of Staley's Growing Mash plus your farm grains to feed a bird until laying mash is required. It is inexpensive and, when fed to healthy birds under good conditions, helps you make real profits out of your birds. Get Staley Growing Mash or Pellets now—and get your FREE Gladiolus Bulbs.

BUY FROM YOUR STALEY FEED DEALER Mfd. by STALEY MILLING COMPANY, Kansas City, Mo.



New Tractor Sweeprake





LINCOLN TENT & AWNING CO. 1616 "O" St., Lincoln, Nebraska

ON WEEDS!

• There's no room

for weeds in a field of growing

corn. The quicker and more effi-

ciently you can get rid of them, the

better corn crop you'll be harvest-

ing next fall. And when it comes

to cultivating it's hard to find a

more thorough weed killer than

the famous Farmall Shifting-gang Cultivator, equipped with Hi-

Speed Sweeps. With this outfit you can get closer to the hills without damage to the corn than is possible

with rigid frame cultivators. Just

THUMBS DOWN

Farm Problem

(Continued from Page 13)

will be no government loans on that commodity during the marketing year. Congressional conference commit-

tees are struggling this week with 2 important farm bills, the annual agricultural appropriation bill, and the bill to increase marketing quota penalties on excess production. The House wrote into the latter a provision making loans on basic commodities mandatory at 75 per cent of parity on those commodities; quota penalties would be increased from 15 cents a bushel on wheat and corn to 50 per cent of the loan value.

The Senate increased the House appropriation for parity payments by 150 million dollars for this year, and 88 millions for next year, making the total 662 millions for the 2 years, instead of 424 million dollars. Senate Committee on Agriculture also approved-without having a bill before it for formal action—making loans mandatory at 85 per cent of parity.

At this time a possible compromise looks like the 85 per cent loans and annual parity payments of 212 millions dollars; alternative, 75 per cent loans and parity payments of 662 millions for the 2 marketing years.

Whatever plan is finally approved, there will be more government aid to sustain wheat prices, accompanied by more drastic government controls to hold down wheat production until such time as there appears likelihood of a market outside the United States for wheat and flour.

not only guides the tractor but shifts the gangs sidewise-at the same time! When you cross-culti-

vate, this exclusive quick-dodging

action is especially valuable...par-

row Hi-Speed Farmall Cultivators

at the nearby International Har-

vester dealer's. The McCormick-

Deering line also includes horse-

drawn cultivators in sizes and types

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY

to meet all acreages and crops.

Be sure to see the two and four-

ticularly if hills are out of line.

OTTAWA FFA BOYS

Win Top State Honors

ESTING last year's attendance by **B** 200, about 1,200 Kansas vocational agriculture boys and their instructors were in Manhattan, April 28 and 29, for their state judging and farm mechanics contests, and the annual state convention of Future Farmers of America. Those present represented more than 6,000 Kansas boys enrolled in high school vocational agriculture classes.

ing contests included 133 teams, while school team, coached by James F.

Second high score in the agricultural contests went to a team from Chanute, coached by E. L. Collins. Members of this team were Phillip Cooper, Charles Tyler and Joe Arthur. They placed first in crops, third in dairy, and ninth in poultry. A team from the Manhat. tan high school, coached by H. L. Kug. ler, was third in agricultural judging

Highest score in poultry judging Competition in the agricultural judg- was won by the Quinter Rural high



This team from Ottawa captured high. est honors in the agricultural division of the recent State High School Vocational Agriculture Judging Contest, held in Manhattan. Left to right, the team members are Robert Hull, Frederick Wood, Eldon Finch and C. O. Banto, coach.

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83 teams matched skill in farm mechanics work. Sixty-four schools competed in the better chapter contest. and 46 talented young speakers vied for oratorical honors.

New president of the state FFA organization, elected during the 2-day event, is George Stetler, of Abilene. Other officers elected are: Leonard Sharp, Great Bend, vice-president; Keith Loyd, St. Francis, reporter: Merwin Gilmore, Osborne, secretary: Lavern Oltner, Olathe, treasurer; A. P. Davidson, Manhattan, executive adviser; and L.B. Pollom, Topeka, adviser.

Winner of the public speaking contest was Harold Ray, of Iola, who will represent Kansas in competition for national honors next fall. Ten schools received outstanding recognition in the better chapter contest. They are Newton, Great Bend, Highland Park, Chanute, Lebanon, Manhattan, Olathe, Shawnee Mission, Smith Center and Winfield.

Top honors in the agricultural judging events went to the team from Ottawa. Coached by C. O. Banta, this team was composed of Eldon Finch, Robert Hull and Frederick Wood. In addition to making the highest total score in agricultural contests, this team was first in animal husbandry, fourth in crops, and ninth in dairy judging.

Harold Ray, of Iola, topped a field of 46 entries to rank as state winner of the FFA Public Speaking contest.

Shea, while dairy judging honors went to a team from the Newton high school coached by R. M. Karns.

Merwin Gilmore, of Osborne, coached by E. F. Yoxall, was high individual of the entire agricultural judging division. Following close behind was Eldon Finch, of Ottawa, and Delbert Clark, Onaga.

Highest honors in farm mechanics went to the Downs high school. This team, composed of Miles Cooley and Lawrence Verbrugge, was coached by Charles Mantz.



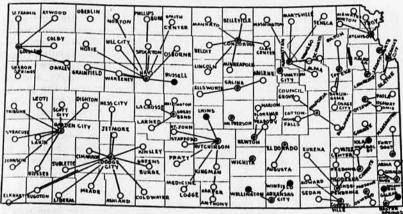
Highest score in farm mechanics was made by the team from Downs. Left to right in the picture at left, they are: Miles Cooley, Charles Mantz, coach, and Lawrence Verbrugge.

Members of the first prize team in crops judging, from Chanute, have a look at certificates and ribbons collected by their school in the state contest. Left to right: Joe Arthur; Charles Heaton, alternate; E. L. Collins, coach; Charles Tyler; and Phillip Cooper.

a gentle turn of the steering wheel McCORMICK-DEERING Hi-Speed FARMALL CULTIVATORS

Above is ne, and Topeka. Service t

Do You Need Help?



OFFICES OF K.S.E.S. O EVERY TWO WEEKS . EVERY WEEK

Farmers expecting to need help, and workers in search of a job, are urged to register their needs with the nearest office of the Kansas State Employment Service. By consulting the above map, you can see what office is located nearest you. Permanent offices are open all week days, while part-time offices are open only at weekly or bi-weekly intervals.

expect to need help or if you will need a job, you are urged to register your needs with your local office of the Kansas State Employment Service. This service maintains at least one office in every Kansas county, and registration is absolutely free, both for employers and employes. Some of these are fulltime offices and others are itinerant or art-time offices.

Word from the office of Charles B. Newell, executive director for the Kansas Division of Unemployment Compensation, explains there will be close co-operation between county agricul-tural agents and local offices of the State Employment Service, in handling

the labor problem.
Your county agent can tell you where an Employment Service office in our county is located. He also has a chedule showing when the part-time or itinerant offices are open. In addion to this, all county agents in counties not having a full-time employment office have been provided with lists nowing names of those who have regstered as desiring farm work in your ounty, along with some description of

heir qualifications. If the Kansas State Employment Service does not have a full-time office n your county you should contact your unty agent regarding farm workers. ew additions to the list will be sent

the county agent every 2 weeks. You may wonder why it is so imporant that you register your needs for farm labor. An explanation comes from the office of Mr. Newell. The State Employment Service is taking steps to make labor available where needed nd when needed. To do this it is necesary to have an accurate record of how uch will be needed.

All colleges, junior colleges and high

Direction from above town: Miles.

General Farm Hands

Married Couples

Harvest Hands

Tractor Operators

Combine Operators

Drivers

schools have been contacted in a drive to secure the registration of all stu-dents interested in farm work. The WPA has agreed to discontinue its projects wherever the shortage of farm labor warrants such action.

W. C. Connor, state director of employment for the WPA in Kansas, explains that local sponsors of WPA projects in the various counties have been notified they may curtail or discontinue projects, wherever necessary, to relieve the farm labor situation. Mr Connor explains that the decision in each case will be made by local sponsors in the counties, such as city and county commissioners, township boards, school boards and similar groups.

It is recommended to these officials that whenever there are jobs enough to utilize the WPA workers at prevailing wage rates, projects should be discontinued. All WPA workers are required to maintain active registration with their local Employment Service offi-

If recruits from schools and colleges, along with emergency labor from Kansas WPA projects do not satisfy the demand, additional help may be imported from other states. Possibilities of such action as a means of guarding against an acute labor problem at harvest time, are now being investigated.

At present, more than 66,800 people egistered in the files of the Kansas State Employment Service. At time of registration, each person desiring work is carefully interviewed by experienced interviewers with the Employment Service. Each applicant is then classified according to occupa-tional experience and knowledge. When the service receives an order for workers, those in charge refer immediately

> Board & Room Furnished Yes. No.

Tenant House Furnished No.

Will you have sufficient housing for men needed

Yes..... No.....

Make and Size Tractor

to the file which contains cards of those who are classified under the type of work which is called for in the order.

It is a gigantic organization which, at present, is giving special attention to an important farm problem. You can help the cause along by registering your needs for help or your desire to work. Remember, if you want work, register with the State Employment Service in your county. If you need help or expect to need it, see your county agent or call on your local office of the State Employment Service.

Kansas Farm Calendar

May 17—Twenty-ninth Annual Kansas attle Feeders' Day, Kansas State College,

May 17—Twenty-ninth Annual Kansas Cattle Feeders' Day, Kansas State College, Manhattan.

May 19—Foods and Nutrition, Leaders Training Meeting, Decatur county.

May 19—Farm Machinery Field Day, Montgomery county.

May 19—Claude R. Wickard, Secretary of Agriculture, speaks at open farm meeting. Hutchinson.

May 20—Neosho County Farm Machinery Demonstration, by John M. Ferguson, at S. T. Walkley Farm, Chanute.

May 20-21—First National Polled Shorthorn Congress, Fair Grounds, Des Moines, Ia.

May 21—Chautauqua County Garden Tour.
May 21-22—Agronomy Field Days, Kansas
State College, Manhattan.
May 23—A.C.P. Meeting in Lyon county.
May 26—Nemaha County Soils and Crops

May 27-Soils and Crops School, Sedgwick

May 27—District A.C.P. Meeting at Colby. May 29—Labette County Farm Tour. May 31—Wheat Marketing Quota Ref-rendum.

June—Dairy Month.
June—Dairy Month.
June 2-7—State 4-H Club Round-Up, Kanas State College, Manhattan.
June 10 — District Publicity Meeting,

June 12—Comanche County Wheat Field Day, B. H. Hewett Farm, Coldwater. June 18—Garden Tour of Women's Unit Projects, Nemaha county.

Everyone is invited to send dates of public events of interest to farm people for the Kansas Farm Calendar. No charge is made for publishing.



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Tucks every feed. Saves foliage. Eliminates hay being graded as stemmy. Avoids scattering and litter. No threshing, cutting, mashing or shattering. Investigate new light model No. 18 for one and two plow tractors. Other models for any and all baling needs. Bear Cat Grinders and Fox Pick-Up Cutters.

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PennZoil Motor Oil - the

PennZoil Bus, Truck & Tractor Oil—a low-priced, high-quality motor oil economical to use in equipment whose age or condition does not justify PennZoil.

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Lubricant — A specially
compounded lubricant made
to stand up under hard tractor
work. Provides a cushion under

lubrication of high-spec Diesels, and for more hours

Cants — have excellent lubri-cating qualities. Will provide safe lubrication for expensive quare under all operating con-ditions.

PennZoll's 5-gal utility can is han-dy for many uses around farm when





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Packed with handy hints on the care and operation of tractors and farm machinery. "Tractors & Farm Ma-chinery" will save you three, trouble and money. For a free copy, write The Pennsoil Co., Oil City, Pa., Dept. E.

bove is a copy of a post card mailed out to 36,000 farmers in Kansas. If you did not receive o, and will need farm workers, please cut out the above blank and mail it to Kansas Farmer, Topeka. It will be forwarded to the Employment Service. Doing this will help the Employment ervice to know how much farm labor will be needed in different sections during the year.

Name

APPROXIMATE LENGTH TIME DATE NEEDED WILL USE MEN

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P. O. Address Telephone

Goat Show June 30

The Kansas State Dairy Goat Show, and annual convention of Kansas Dairy Goat Society, Inc., will be held this year June 30, in the judging pavilion of Kansas State College, Manhattan. An educational program, including demonstration and exhibition of equipment, will be one of the features of the day. Plenty of free literature for those interested in the industry will be available and no admission charge is to be

W. H. Martin, of Kansas State College, will be in charge of milk sample scoring and Dr. A. O. Shaw will judge the show. Animals of 5 breeds whose ancestors were imported from France, England, and Switzerland will be seen at the show. These 5 breeds of animals are French Alpine, Nubian, Rock Alpine, Saanen and Toggenburg, and the

breeder of each animal can trace the pedigree to the imported stock. There will be on exhibit all ages of these small dairy animals which give from 4 to 8 quarts of milk daily.

One of the national registry societies will have a representative present and other guests and exhibitors are expected from Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Illinois. There will be classes for both bucks and does and for well-bred grade does as well as purebred animals.

All junior breeders, 4-H Club members and F. F. A. students are invited to participate in the stock judging contest. Those expecting to enter stock or milk samples, and those expecting to attend the breeders' luncheon or enter the judging contest, should write to Carl W. Romer, of Admire, president of the Kansas Dairy Goat

On account of defense program activities in this territory, all those wishing overnight accommodations should also write to Mr. Romer.

This exhibition is made possible by the co-operation of Kansas State College, Manhattan Chamber of Commerce, and Kansas State Dairy Goat



DOES LOW TEST-WEIGHT

PENALIZE GOOD WHEAT?

Wheat problems of interest to Kansas farmers are studied by Dr. C. O. Swanson, in the department of milling industry at Kansas State College.

Hastings **GRAIN BIN**

Hastings Equity Bin Co. Dept. K-11, Hastings, Nebr.

Society, Inc.

FOR WORMS IN

New phenothiazine worm treatment -easy to give -effective

- PTZ Powder (phenothiazine) has been found to be effective against two types of worms in swine. It removes over 90% of the nodular worms and 60% of the common large roundworms. (Oil of Chenopodium has around 70% efficiency against large roundworms and does not remove nodular worms.) And, best of all, the higher the infestation, the better PTZ works.
- PTZ Powder is not only effective but has the added advantage that it is given in the feed. It is a single-dose treatment and is relatively non-toxic.
- PTZ Powder costs only a little more than 3 cents per pig. Get PTZ Powder from your Dr. Hess Dealer or write Dr. Hess & Clark, Inc., Ashland, Ohio.

THE lights dare not go out for a single instant during an operation in a hospital. Many hospitals, as well as schools, stores, theatres, and public buildings, have Exide Batteries for emergency lighting. All batteries look much alike, but in buying a battery for your car, truck

YOU START

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THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY, Philadelphia The World's Largest Manufacturers of Storage Batteries for Every Purpose Exide Batteries of Canada, Limited, Toronto

I more about test weights and their value in determining the price received for wheat which you sell. For some time there has been considerable discussion of the fact that some wheat varieties urged upon Kansas farmers as "good milling" wheats sell at lower prices because of low test weight.

This was the principal objection to a proposal introduced in the recent session of the Kansas legislature, for the purpose of limiting and registering wheat varieties. As the legislators rejected the idea of limiting varieties, they passed a resolution urging the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States to make an immediate study and revision of federal standards for wheat, to the end that farmers will be paid for their wheat more nearly on a basis of true value and quality.

Now, vital information of a similar nature comes from Doctor C. O. Swanson, of the Milling Department at Kansas State College, who has found that decreased test weight due to wetting does not decrease flour yields of the wheat. In a recent speech before the annual joint meeting of the Association of Operative Millers, at Manhattan, Doctor Swanson reported that decrease in test weight of wetted wheat influences only the yield of flour from a given volume of wheat, and not the yield from a given weight of wheat.

This is of particular significance to farmers because the price of wheat they sell is based on weight per volume, yet their wheat is measured in terms of weight only. Mr. Swanson's experiments were made with Turkey wheat. Some shocks were covered and others were left exposed to the weather. In a few trials, water was added to the threshed grain to provide additional weathering effects.

Lowest test-weight among the various samples was on wheat that had withstood the most exposure. Two such samples tested 55.1 and 55.8 pounds to the bushel, and both were classed as No. 5, sample grade hard red winter wheat. Yet these samples yielded virtually as much flour from 60 pounds of wheat as other samples testing as high as 60.4 pounds to the bushel and grading as high as No. 1, dark hard winter wheat.

If you talk to those familiar with grain markets they will tell you that wheat ranking as No. 5 sample grade would normally sell at least 10 cents a bushel lower than wheat grading No. 1 dark hard, altho they may yield the same amount of flour if grade is de-termined by test weight that has been influenced by weathering.

Doctor Swanson hastens to explain that these experiments deal with test weight only from the standpoint of

OU soon may be hearing more and wetting and weathering, and that test weight of your wheat may be affected by many other factors. But insofar as wetting is concerned, he points out that it decreases test weight merely by causing the wheat kernel to expand. The same materials still remain, Doctor Swanson explains, but there is more air space in the kernel and it takes more space. This explains why 60 pounds of this kind of wheat will yield just as much flour as other wheats, altho the weight of a given volume is lower.

However, because of other factors affecting test weight, there are good reasons for test weight to remain as a consideration in determining wheat grades and prices. As explained by Dr. H. H. Laude, in the College Department of Agronomy, test weight of different wheat samples within the same variety usually varies according to the plumpness of kernels, unless that plumpness is caused by wetting and swelling. Under normal conditions this natural plumpness is a factor in the quality of the wheat and in the amount of flour it will yield, either by weight or by volume measure.

Because of this fact, there might be considerable confusion in market grading practices if radical changes were made in importance of test weight as a factor in determining grade and price of wheat. This problem would also be imminent in any attempt to alter the importance of test weight because of low-testing varieties, such as Tenmarq, which are in favor with milling interests.

Doctor Laude feels that to do justice to both farming and milling interests, plant breeders developing new wheat varieties must strive for varieties that combine high test-weights with good milling qualities. This, he reasons, is probably a more likely solution to the problem than that of making drastic changes in market grading systems to lessen the importance of test weight.

Liquefied Fuel Gas

Many farmers evidently are considering the installation of propane, butane or related fuel systems, judging from the scores of orders recently received from readers for the bulletin on "Bottled Gas." This circular gives practical worthwhile information about the nature and use of liquefied gas, installation, equipment for storing. For a copy of this bulletin, please address Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Price 5 cents.

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Blue Andalusian Chicks, Bloodtested, Good layers of white eggs. Eck Hatchery, Mound-idge, Kansas.

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Austra-Whites—From ROP sired Leghorns fe-males, U. S. Approved, Bloodtested, Satisfac-tion guaranteed, Let us tell you about our chieks. Uphum Sunnyslope Hatchery, Junction City, Kan.

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Monday, May 26

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Kansas Alfalfa \$8.40; Oklahoma Alfalfa \$7.50; White or Yellow Sweet Clover \$3.30; German Millet \$1.50; Sudan Grass \$1.70; Hybrid Corn \$3.50; Atlas Sargo \$1.10; Cow Peas \$2.00; Cane \$1.25; Flax \$2.00; All per bushel. Complete price list, samples and catalog upon request. Standard Seed Company, 19 East 5th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

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Certified Atlas \$2.95; certified Kansas Orange \$4.95; affidavit Atlas, Kansas Orange, Sumac and Sourless \$1.95, All cwt, Sudan \$3.50. All good germination. Dan Eitzen, Hillsboro, Kan.

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Vegetable Plants—Large, stalky, well rooted, hand selected, roots mossed. Tomatoes—Earliana, John Baer, Marklobe, Bonny Best, Stone, Early Jewel, 300 50c; 500 75c; 1000 \$1.35; 2000 \$2.50. Cabbage—all varieties, 300 50c; 500 75c; 1000 \$1.25. Onions—Bermudas, Sweet Spanish, 500 60c; 1000 \$1.00. Pepper—Sweet, Hot, 100 40c; 300 \$1.00; 500 \$1.25. Potato plants—300 \$1.00; 500 \$1.25; 1000 \$1.75. All Postpaid. Satisfaction guaranteed. Culver Plant Farms, Mt. Pleasant, Texas.

Sweet Potato Plants. Northern grown. Prices prepaid. Yellow Jersey. Red Jersey. Nancy Hall, Red Bermuda, Yellow Bermuda, California Golden, Southern Queen, Yellow Yam, Black Spanish, Big Stem and Vineless Yam: 100-500. 300-\$1.50: 1000-\$2.50: 5000-\$10.00. Shipments daily. Roots well packed. Rolle Clemence Truck Farm, Abliene, Kan. Phone 37-F-03.

37-F-03.
Certified, Frost-Proof Cabbage and Onion Plants.
Cabbage, All Varieties, Parcel Post Prepaid,
200, 65c; 500, \$1.00: 1,000: \$1.75; Express collect 2,500, \$2.00. Onion, All Varieties, Parcel
Post Prepaid, 500, 60c; 1,000, \$1.00; Express collect 6,000, \$2.00. Prompt shipment, safe arrival, satisfaction guaranteed. Catalog free, Union Plant Company, Texarkana, Arkansas.

Sweet Potato Plants (Soonerland Brand). Certify each shipment to contain only plants grown from government inspected, best quality seed. Porti Rican, Jersey, Red Bermuds, Nancy Hall. 500-75c; 1000-\$1.25; 5000-\$5.25. Tough field grown. Prompt shipment, extra count. Dealers wanted. Thomas Sweet Potato Plant, Thomas, Okla.

Send No Money, Pay Postman, Certified Frost-proof Cabbage, Onions, Tomatoes, Pepper, Sweet Potatoes, Eggplants, Any variety, Moss packed, Mixed as wanted, 550-75c; 700-\$1.00; 1000-\$1.25; 5000-\$5.00. Transplanted Cabbage, Tomatoes, Pepper, Eggplants, 100-\$1.00; 500-\$3.00. Dixie Plant Farm, Troup, Texas.

\$3.00. Dixie Plant Farm, Troup, Texas.

Millions Nancy Hall and Porto Rican potato plants, 500-60c;1,000-\$1.00; 5,000 or more, 90c thousand. Treated to prevent disease. Tough, well rooted, open grown plants. Prompt shipment. Farmers Plant Co., Gleason, Tenn.

Certified Plants, Postpaid. Improved Porto Rico, Red Velvet Potato, Cabbage and Tomato. Assorted if wanted; 500-85c; 1000-\$1.50; 2500-\$3.50. Satisfaction guaranteed. Thos. F. Reid, Russellville, Ark.

Certified Sweet Potato Plants; Red Velvet, Porto Rico; Nancy Hall, Yellow Jersey, Pump-kin Yam, 500-85c; 1,000-\$1.40. Lots \$1.25, 10,000 prepaid. Fred Perry, Harris, Arkansas.

Certified Potato plants, Nancy Hall, Porto Rico, Red Velvet, 1,000-\$1.50; 3,000-\$4.25. Tomato plants, 300-65c; 500-90c; 1,000-\$1.40. Prepaid. A. O. Bowden, Russellville, Ark.

Prepaid Certified Nancy Halls or Porto Rican, roots wrapped, over count. Prompt shipment 500-\$1.00; 1.000-\$1.75; 5.000-\$7.50. Richardson Plant Co., Murray, Ky.

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Nancy Hall and Porto Rican, 1,000-\$1.10; 2,000-\$2.20; 5,000-\$5.00; 10,000-\$10. Prompt Delivery. J. C. Dillinger, Gleason, Tenn.

Best Quality Nancy Hall or Porto Rican Potato plants. 75c-1,000. Cash with order. Rushing & Son, Gleason, Tenn.

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White Goose 95c; Grey Goose 85c; White Duck
67c; Colored Duck 57c; Quilly Goose and Duck
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Kentucky's Special—Guaranteed best mild smok-ing or red chewing, 12 pounds \$1.00. Recipe, flavoring free. Valley Farms, Murray, Ky.

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Used No. 7 John Deere Combine on rubber in excellent condition; used 22 inch Racine separator in good condition; 28 inch Rumely in fair to good condition. Dixon Hardware and Implement Co., Junction City, Kansas.

Latest Type 28x46 Allis-Chalmers Separator, Long feeder. 4 plow, Allis-Chalmers Tractor Complete with helts, One 12-ft. Minneapolis-Moline Model B. Combine. Schiesser Implements, Eskridge, Kansax.

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Combine Owners,—Greatest Rasp bargain for Rasp and Spike Tooth Cylinders. Ausherman Mfg. Co., 200 S. Wichita, Wichita, Kansas.

For Sale: Used John Deere No. 7 Gleaner-Baldwin and International combine. Cheap. Write Mark Jacobsen, McCool Junction, Nebraska.

New D-2 Caterpillar tractor, late model, 40 inch gauge top seat. Dixon Hardware and Imple-ment Co., Junction City, Kansas.

Sacrificing 6 Gleaner-Baldwin used combines, account wheat failure here. Auburn Machine Works, Auburn, Nebraska.

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Used 15 and 20-Foot combines for sale. Also tractors and other farm machinery. B. J. Herd. Coldwater, Kan.

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For Sale—28-inch Rumely Separator \$125.00. Ready to go. E. A. Hladky, Emmett, Kansas. Used Baldwin Combines for sale. Shaw Motor Company, Grainfield, Kansas.

For Sale: 28-inch Avery steel thresher. Paul Hearting, Halstead, Kansas.

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Wanted-Nearly new Case 32-in. thresher. Good condition. Venner Lear, Bern, Kansas.

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Write for Free, Big 1941 tractor parts catalog, all makes. Tremendous savings, satisfaction guaranteed. Central Tractor Wrecking Company, Boone, Iowa.

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Save on Tractor Parts. Write for New 1941 Catalog. Tractor Parts Co., 1925 McGee, Kansas City, Mo. New and Used Tractor Parts at a saving. Trac-tor blocks rebored. Tractor Salvage Co., Sa-lina, Kan.

Pupples: Shepherds, Collies. For watch and stock. Reasonable. E. N. Zimmerman, Flanagan, Ill.

Rat Terrier Pups. Bred for ratters. Satisfac-tion guaranteed. Crusaders Kennels, Stafford, Kansas.

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Abortion Protection one calfhood vaccination.
Government licensed vaccine; money back guarantee. Free literature. Farmers Vaccine Supply Company, Department P, Kansas City, Mo.

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Wanted: Farmers to use Ruhm's Phosphate: best, cheapest source of phosphorus everybody needs so badly. Write D. W. Emmons, McCune, Kan., for full information, or Ruhm Phosphate Co., Mt. Pleasant, Tenn.

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For Sale or Trade: Brick Garage and Store Building located on main highway 30 miles from Denyer. Original cost of construction \$35,000. Incumbrance \$3,000. Will trade for improved farm. H. D. Hoskins, 509 17th Street, Denyer. Colorado.

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130 Acres, Shawnee County, Excellently located 13 miles from Topeka, on Hwy. 24. Well improved good 6-room bungalow, very good bullings. Small family Orchard and Vinyard 25. A 24. A 40. A 18. A 25. A 25.

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320 acres, 10 miles from Parsons on rock road, 143 acres cultivated, 122 acres native hay, bal, pasture. House, 2 barns, and other buildings. \$1250 down and \$532.98 annually pays interest and principal.

The Union Central Life Ins. Co. 412 C. B. & L. Bidg. Topeka, Kansas

Attention---Tenant Farmers

I have two improved 80-acre farms in Wilson County, Kansas. These farms are for sale on payments like rent.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. These farms are well located and ready to move into. About half grass and half farm land.
Only a small down payment and \$125.00 per. year will pay both interest and principal, I also have others on similar terms. WHY RENT? Geo. H. Cowgill, 518 W. 2nd, Chanute, Kan.

LAND-MISCELLANEOUS

FEDERAL LAND BANK

Farms for sale in Kansas, Oklahoma, Colorado and New Mexico. See National Farm Loan Asso-ciation in your county or write direct. Give lo-cation preferred.

More New Farm Land. Washington, Minnesota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, North Dakota. De-pendable crops, favorable climate. Write for lit-erature list of typical bargains. Specify state, J. W. Haw, 81 Northern Pacific Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

REAL ESTATE SERVICES

Wanted to hear from owner of farm or unim-proved land for sale. Wm. Hawley, Baldwin, Wisc.

SPARROW TRAPS

Sparrow Trap that does the work. A customer writes, "A few weeks ago I sent for your sparrow trap plans, made one and it works fine." They are easily to build. Send 10c for plans. Sparrowman, 1715A Lane, Topeka, Kansas.

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Free Book—to Piles, Fistula, Stomach and Colon sufferers. 122 pages, Illustrated. Latest in-stitutional methods, Write today, McCleary Clinic, E 2540 Eims Blvd., Excesior Springs, Mo.

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Wool Batting, mattress pads, comforters. Quilts custom made. Wool batts recarded. Catalog free. Middlebury Woolen Mills, Middlebury, Ind.

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Wanted — Ambitious Hustlers. Sell Rawleigh products. Needed every home. Easily sold. Pleasant work. Should make good earnings at start and increase rapidly. We teach you how. Rawleigh's Dept. E-50-KFM, Freeport, Ill.

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Free: Brand New Catalog selected, bargain-priced items. Unique, interesting, helpful. Recessities, specialties, gift suggestions. Save money, Rush postcard for your copy today, Lianerch Shop, 538J Wales Avenue, Lianerch,

Traps for Catching Pocket Gophers. (Sure catch). Circular free. Renken Trap Co., Crete, Nebr.

Watch Potato Tests

Kaw Valley potato growers will be watching test plots at Topeka, Lawrence and Bonner Springs this year for information on improved varieties, culture and resistance to soil disease. These plots are to be grown by Scott Kelsey, of Topeka; Emil Heck, of Lawrence; Brune Brothers, of Lawrence;

and L. P. Kindred, of Bonner Springs.

These 4 plots, totaling about 40 acres, carry experiments of primary interest to potato growers in determining fertilizer treatment of potatoes, the proper kind and the amount to the acre when used on irrigated and nonirrigated land. The 4 plots are irrigated with the exception of the Heck farm Three different rates of application of the fertilizer are used with 5 types of fertilizer.

Testing varieties is another experiment being carried on at the same time. Of the potato varieties, Irish Cobbler, the most important valley potato, will be planted on about 75 per cent of the acreage in Kansas this year, and Triumph on about 20 per cent. Remaining plantings will include other varieties. Warba and Red Warba which may have definite commercial

possibilities are important varieties in the experimental state.

Soil Scurf is one of the potato diseases on which specialists are trying to determine cause and control. It is believed the disease originates from the type of soil used. In order to solve the disease mystery, seed has been obtained from several farms and planted on Sweet clover and alfalfa land. In this way, the potato experts hope to compare the potatoes with those originally grown on the land where they got the seed. Besides atempting to determine the cause of the Soil Scurf. the horticulturists at the same time hope to gain valuable seed information from the experiments.

Kansas Hog Tops

A Kansas bred hog ranked first in the 1940 individual Hampshire brood sow production contest, while a Sunflower state herd won the silver trophy for first place in the Hampshire herd production contest, according to the National Registry at Peoria, Ill.

The Hampshire sow, Sunflower Rose, raised a litter of 13 pigs to an all-time record 56-day weaning time weight of 590.5 pounds to win the gold medal in the individual production contest. This sow, bred by Kennedy Brothers, Pleasanton, Kan., and qualified as Registry of Merit Sow No. 4 for the United States by Mrs. Verne Kennedy, was sold last summer to Firman Carswell, Kansas City, Kan.

For the highest producing herd of 10 or more Hampshire brood sows, first honors went to Ethyledale Farm, Emporia, Kan., owned by Dale Scheel. Every sow in this herd was production tested and at the 56-day weaning time their litters averaged 281.93 pounds each. The average herd of hogs in the United States averages 167.75 pounds at the same age.

Pageant for Children

A pageant is an excellent feature for the Children's Day program, because it gives almost all the children of the community a chance to take part. Our pageant, "Children of America," is planned to be as flexible as possible, so that it will fit any existing situation. Some of the scenes may be omitted if the pageant is too long. Speaking parts have been cut to a minimum, so that it will be easy to stage the pageant without elaborate preparation and rehearsal. This pageant is suitable for any number of children. Costumes may be devised from materials found in most homes. If you wish this leaflet, send your request with 3 cents to cover mailing costs, to Leila Lee, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

Capper Publications, Inc., Bonds

A prospectus issued by Capper Publications, Inc., offers the readers of Kansas Farmer the following:

-\$5,000,000.00-

(1) First Mortgage 51/2 Per Cent Bonds payable in ten years. (2) First Mortgage Five per cent

Bonds payable in five years. (3) First Mortgage 41/2 Per Cent Bonds payable in one year.

(4) First Mortgage Four Per cent Certificates payable in six months.

The bonds are issued in demoninations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000, and the certificates are issued in demoninations of \$50, \$100 and \$500. The present sale price of any of these bonds or certificates is par without premium or other cost.

This announcement is neither an offer to sell, nor a soliciation of offers to buy any of these securities. The offeronly any or these securities. The onering is made only by the prospectus, copies of which may be obtained by writing to Capper Publications, Inc., Topeka, Kansas Such requests will be answered promptly.—Adv.

IN THE FIELD



Jesse R. Johnson Topeka, Kansas

C. B. CALLAWAY, of Fairbury, Nebr., writes that the Nebraska Milking Shorthorn breeders will hold their annual show and picnic at Seward, Nebr., June 9. Kansas breeders are invited.

GERALD JENKINS, Guernsey breeder located at Wichita, is retaining his heifers but letting his buil caives go, selling part interest in them individually or the entire animal, as the buyer desires. Bourndale Rex and Langwater Valor breeding predominate. Mr. Jenkins has a small herd of high-producing cows.

R. R. WALKER AND SON, Shorthorn breeders of Osborne, attach much importance to the matter of health in their breeding operations. The herd has recently passed 2 clean tests for Bang's. The firm believes this increases the demand for breeding stock. The highest-priced female in the North Central Kansas sale held at Beloit last fall came from the Walker herd.

Brookside Mapperton 78th, owned by PAUL FARNEY, Abbyville, was grand champion of the South Central Kansas Milking Shorthorn show held at Lyons May 9. Retnuh Dairymaid, owned by Joe Hunter, of Retnuh Farms. Geneseo, was grand champion cow. Every junior championship for females went to females bred by Retnuh Farms, of which Joe and Hobart Hunter and Dwight Alexander are proprietors. and Dwight Alexander are proprietors

ISAAC RIFFEL AND SONS, of Woodbine, and his sons, Harry and Manuel, of Hope, report excellent results from advertising recently carried in Kansas Farmer. They say, "Thanks for the advertising; we are almost entirely sold out of Polled Hereford bulls which we advertised in Kansas Farmer and there is still a good demand." The Riffel family have large, strong herds of registered Polled Herefords.

C. E. McCLURE, Hampshire breeder of Re-C. E. McCLURE, Hampshire breeder of Republic, writes that he has 175 spring pigs to date, many of them sired by Fancy Clipper. The litters are: exceptional for size and uniformity. Mr. McClure says, "We did the right thing by keeping Fancy Clipper for our own use." Mr. McClure has one of the strong herds of the entire country. Breeding stock from his herd has gone to many states.

Wednesday, May 21, will be ABERDEEN ANGUS day at Hutchinson. On that date the MID-KANSAS ABERDEEN ANGUS BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION will hold their annual sale at the fair grounds. Thirteen leading herds of Kansas have consignments, and care has been taken both by the consignors and management in making selections for this sale. Quality and breeding will be matched and the offering will meet the expectations of discriminating buyers.

O'BRYAN RANCH, located at Hiattville in Bourbon county, is now the home of the great herd of registered Hampshire hogs formerly owned by E. C. Quigley. This purchase included herd sires of note, famous as prize-winners, and sows descended for many of the greatest families of the breed. The ranch now has a fine lot of young stock on hand, and it invites inspection from our readers who are interested in better quality and better-bred Hampshires.

E. O. RASMUSSEN HEREFORD SALE, held at Frankfort, April 24, was well attended by a large crowd of Kansas buyers. The entire offering of 63 head sold for \$6,538. Fifteen bulls averaged \$118.50, and 48 females almost \$100. The cattle sold in their everyday clothes, but were fairly well appreciated, especially cows with calves at foot. Many new buyers were present. Mr. Rasmussen had bred every animal that sold except the herd bull, all of them descendants of 2 or 3 cows.

One of the Guernsey herds of Kansas is located at Sabetha. KEITH VAN HORN, the owner, established this herd a few years ago by the purchase of 1 registered cow and a couple of grades. From the 1 cow he now has 3 daughters and 4 granddaughters in production, and 6 open helfers. He has his third bull from the Skyline Dairy, located at Lincoln, Nebr. The Van Horn Guernsey herd average more than 400 lbs. of fat for the year of 1940. The bull now in service is from a dam with 6 D. H. I. A. yearly herd averages of 500 lbs. fat.

I recently inspected the great young polled Hereford buil, Mischief Domino 4th, in service in the FRED W. LAMB AND SONS HERD, at Macksville, in Stafford county. He has grown deeper in body and smoother during the past year and weighs a ton and 70 pounds. This buil is not only an outstanding buil as an individual but is proving himself as a sire of cattle, the kind the trade demands. The Lambs invite inspection of the buil and herd in general. The 1,200-acre ranch is located on the Rattlesnake river in Southern Stafford county.

Frank Madden, Salina, topped the C-K
RANCH HEREFORD SALE on April 21, paying
\$1,175 for Advance Brol Domino. Real Prince
D. 32nd was the second top, going to J. H.
Clawson, of Texas, at \$675. A top of \$250 was
made twice on females, one going to Bea Mar
Farm, Washington Court House, Ohio, and the
other one to J. H. Clawson, of Texas. Sixty-four
head sold for a general average of \$260. The bull
average was \$280, and the average on females
was \$210. About 850 buyers and visitors were in
attendance. As usual, Kansas buyers took the
bulk of the offering. The cattle were nicely conditioned but not fat. The local demand was
especially good.

I know of no breeder who takes more time in making up his mind where to go for a herd built and is harder to satisfy than EARLE CLEMMONS, of Waldo. The slightest flaw invariably kills a sale. So when looking forward to a visit one instinctively feels that he will like the built that Mr. Clemmons has selected. The built selected to follow Ashbourne Browndale was Missouri Supreme, a son of Sni-A-Bar Dreadnaught. by Prentice; with a dam carrying the blood of Marshall Joffre, Challenger Cumberland Gift and other great sires of the breed. Deep red and low set, Mr. Clemmons picked him to nick just right with the females sired by the good buils that had preceeded him to the farm. That the selection was justified is proved by the great lot

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For Also ca P Bar PLEVN

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MILKING SHORTHORN CATTLE

lowa Milking **Shorthorn Sale**

MASON CITY, IOWA SATURDAY, JUNE 14
50 Cows . . . 10 Bull Calves Minnesota Sale June 13, Mankato, Minn., 100 miles away.

Attend both sales on one trip.

Free catalog from Roy A. Cook, Sale Manager Independence, Iowa

POLLED MILKING SHORTHORNS

Craig Offers Milking Shorthorns
For sale—a proved cow to freshen July 7.
Also calves sired by Cornerview Choice.
MAX CRAIG, ADMIRE, KAN.

POLLED SHORTHORN CATTLE

Banburys' Polled Shorthorns HERD ESTABLISHED 1907
J. C. BANBURY & SONS
PLEVNA (Reno County) KANSAS

SHORTHORN CATTLE

DOLES HORNED AND POLLED HORNS old established herds. Good bloodlines. Cows, bulls and heifers. Visit our herds. W. W. & A. J. Dolle, CANTON (McPherson Co.), KAN.

For Sale Registered Shorthorns oreed type.
J. J. THORNE, KINSLEY, KAN.

POLAND CHINA HOGS

Poland China Boars & Gilts known herd boars. Bred sows after May 1. W. A. DAVIDSON & SON, SIMPSON, KANSAS

Better Feeding Polands nd. Spring pigs, either sex. E. WITTUM & SON, CALDWELL, KAN.

DUROC JERSEY HOGS

Duroc Boars and Gilts BEN HOOK & SONS, SILVER LAKE, KANSAS

40 SHORT THICK DUROC BOARS
All sizes. Stout built, short-legged, easy-feeding type.
Registered immune, shipped on approval, Photos, prices,
on request, 35 years a breeder.
W. R. Huston, Americus, (in Eastern) Kansas

BOARS, SERVICEABLE AND WEANLINGS

Une outstanding 12 mo. old, Booking orders for gilts
and sows for fall farrow. Top quality and breeding.

Write for prices and descriptions.

G. M. Shepherd, Lyons, Kansas

HAMPSHIRE HOGS

McCLURE'S HAMPSHIRES w good fall boars by Rough Diamond. Top pigs, gilts and boars by Fancy Clipper of today's meat type). Vaccinated and y to go. C. E. McCLURE, REPUBLIC, KAN.

Entire Quigley Herd Reg. thingshire hogs now on our farm. We ofter for said choice all and spring boars, gilts, sows and pigs.

D'Bryan Ranch, Hiattville (Bourbon Co.), Kan.

AUCTIONEERS AND SALES MANAGERS

BERT POWELL

AUCTIONEER
LIVESTOCK AND REAL ESTATE
1531 Plass Avenue Topeka, Kan.

AYRSHIRE CATTLE

AYRSHIRE DAIRY CATTLE

AYRSHIRE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION 260 Center St., Brandon, Vt.

DAIRY CATTLE

of red helfers and young bulls now on the farm. The Clemmons herd was founded about 20 years ago and the foundation cows are of Shallenberger, Sni-A-Bar and Tomson breeding. Calves from grade herds in the territory and on the farms where Clemmons bulls have been used prove the value of good blood. Mr. Clemmons buys these calves from year to year and now has 50 on hand from his own herd and herds of the locality that are splendid examples of Shorthorn feeding quality. A visit to the Kemburn Shorthorn Farm will prove profitable and enjoyable.

About the last and best opportunity to buy registered Holsteins at auction this spring will be MRS. E. P. MILLER'S DISFERSAL, to be held at Junction City, Thursday, May 22. The entire herd sells and with them choice consignments from the good herds of H. J. MEJERKORD, HENRY HATESAHL, and G. STANBROUGH, 3 leading breeders of Washington county. Also several head from the good herd of HARVEY BROTHERS, Ogden. The attraction of the sale will be 20 fresh cows now milking from 40 to 75 pounds of milk daily, herd sires ready for service, and bull calves for those willing to wait while a high-class calf grows into maturity. For catalog of this sale write at once to G. R. Appleman, Linn.

STANDARD AYRSHIRE HERD, located at Tulsa, Okla., will be dispersed on Wednesday, May 28. A. W. Petersen, of Oconomowoc, Wis., has consented to manage the sale of this good offering. The herd, now in a high state of production, is the result of a dozen years of careful sire selection and with a proper understanding of how to mingle the best in bloodlines. Mr. Petersen, a thore and careful judge of dairy type, recommends this offering which, to the writer means much. The Penshurst and Auchenbrain lines of breeding as seen in the pedigrees are reasons for believing in the offering. Still another reason, and one of equal merit, is herd test of 4.2 per cent. Mr. Petersen states that the cattle are broke to halter, and the mature cows have partial or complete D. H. I. A. records. Mr. Petersen calls attention to advancing prices, which, he says, is another good reason for buying now. For catalog write A. W. Petersen, and mention Kansas Farmer.

mention Kansas Farmer.

On his well-appointed stock farm extending along Calvary creek near Coldwater, W. P. MORTON is breeding registered Hereford cattle suited to improve herds where new blood is needed. In service in the herd is the bull Sparatan G., bred by the late S. S. Spangler, of Hutchinson. The cow herd has responded well to the matings with this bull as shown by 3 calf crops. Fifteen or 20 daughters have been reserved for breeding cows. The demand for all kinds of breeding stock has been unusually good, and sales have been made frequently. Only a few young bulls are left in the pens. The foundation cows were sired by Domino Boy. Almost 100 head are on creep feed. Formerly 150 to 250 hogs were grown and marketed. The place is unusually well equipped for swine growing, and more attention will probably be given to hogs in the near future. The Morton farm is situated so a few acres are irrigated, and as high as \$1,100 worth of vegetables have been sold in a single year.

One of the newer breeders of registered Milking Shorthorns, who has shown unusual skill in making foundation selection, is G. E. ROBERTS, who lives a few miles northeast of Pratt. With good judgment for a beginner, he has brought together one of the best small groups of cows to be seen in any herd in his part of the state. The herd includes well-bred cows with level udders from such herds as Bigwood and Reece, and Mischler and Son. One of the top females purchased in the Lawerence Strickler dispersal is a daughter of Walgrove Lewis and out of one of the great breeding Strickler cows. The Mischler red cow has already produced enough fat and milk in 6 months to guarantee a place in the R. M. class. She is a daughter of Pencord Cardinal Imp., and her dam is rich in the blood of old General Clay. In the herd is Otis Cchieftain and Glenside breeding. The herd buil, Bandmaster Baron Lad, is a son of Walgrove Lewis and out of a polled cow, said to be one of the really high-producing cows of her time. The herd is on D. H. I. A., and satisfactory records are being made.

with unabated enthusiasm, BIGWOOD AND REECE, Pratt, continue with their program of breeding better registered Milking Shorthorns. This program calls for better herd sires whenever changes are made. The most recent purchase was the bull calf, Walgroves Noble Conquest, purchased for the firm by Bill Hardy at the Walgrove dispersal. This calf has now grown into one of the best red, young, straight bulls in the entire territory. His dam has a first calf record of 11,836 lbs. of milk and 444 lbs. of butterfat. His sire has something like 25 Register of Merit daughters to his credit. This bull follows Fairacres Jerry, the dam of which had 11,565 lbs. milk and 488 lbs. fat. These bulls are making good on cows carrying the blood of such sires as Otis Chieftain, Imp. Pencord Cardinal, and Woodlyn Bates, mixed with plenty of Clay blood. The herd is on D. H. I. A. test, and records up to 300 lbs. of fat with ordinary care and feeding are being made. A 19-year-old, purchased from the late Warren Hunter, has dropped 5 bulls for her present owners, that have been sold for \$500. Two heifers and her last calf, born last December, are priced at \$100. The cow is still in the herd and has been rebred.

FANCY DAIRY HEIFERS

"FREE" Guernsey, Holstein, Jersey or Shorthorn bull with order of five \$12 holfers. Sent on approval.

SHAWNEE DAIRY CATTLE CO., Dallas, Tex.

GUERNSEY CATTLE

Choice Guernsey Heifer Calves

Four choice month-old high-grade Guernsey
LOOKOUT FARM, LAKE GENEVA, WISO.

GUERNSEY BULL CALVES

A line-bred Foremost; a Langwater; and a Buttered, if desired. Gerald Jenkins, R. 2, Wichita, Kan.

Rathbun Offers Guernsey cows and heifers. D. H. I. A records. Good quality and breeding.

J. N. RATHBUN, Hoisington, Kan.

Wo have some very good young bulls for sale out of sons We would like to buy a few good registered females. Lester Combs, Secy., Sun Farms, Farsons, Kan.

KANSAS FARMER Publication Dates, 1941

May																3-17-31
June																14-28
July		٠							٠							12-26
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Advertising

To insure being run in any issue, copy should be in our office one week in ad-vance of any date given above.

of Hunter, who was awarded a cash prize of \$1.50. Second and third prizes were \$1 and 50 cents, and were won by Sheldon Baird and Marvin Wilson, both of Hunter. Sixty head of cattle were shown.

Public Sales of Livestock

Hereford Cattle

May 31—Bone Stock Farms, Parker, S. D. November 12—Morris County Hereford Breed-ers, Council Grove.

Aberdeen Angus Cattle

y 21—Mid-Kansas Aberdeen Angus Breed-ers' Association sale at Hutchinson. George Hetzel, Kinsley, secretary.

Ayrshire Cattle

May 28—Standard Ayrshire herd, Tulsa, Okla-homa, Sales Mgr., A. W. Petersen, Ocono-mowoc, Wis. Shorthorn Catttle

October 11—Bellows Brothers, Maryville, Mo. Polled Shorthorn Cattle

May 22—National Polled Shorthorn Sale, Des Guernsey Cattle

September 25—Southeast Kansas Guernsey Breeders' Association, Parsons. Lester Combs, Secretary, Parsons.

Jersey Cattle

October 6-Rotherwood Jersey Farm, Hutchin-Holstein Cattle

May 22—Mrs. E. P. Miller Dispersal, Junction City, G. R. Appleman, Linn, manager. October 16—Jake Zarnowski Holstein Dispersal Sale, Newton. October 21—Kansas Midwest Holstein-Friesian Breeders Sale, Herington.

Recharged in a Jiffy

A new, rapid-rate battery charger that revitalizes batteries while motorists wait is being installed in many of the retail store and dealer outlets The Firestone Tire and Rubber Co. The new unit, which is equipped with automatic controls to assure proper recharging, can revitalize a run-down battery in 20 to 80 minutes.

Problems of exchanging a discharged battery for a rental while the slow-charging units build up the battery, and of exchanging the rental for the recharged battery a day or so later, no longer need bother motorists. With the rapid-rate battery charger, a run-down battery now can be charged while the customer has his car serviced.

HEREFORD CATTLE

Walnut Valley Hereford Ranch Bulls 10 to 18 months old. Grandsons of Haz-ford Rupert 25th, Bocaldo Tone 19th, and a son of Hazford Rupert 25th. Females of the same age and breeding. LEON A. WAITE & SONS, WINFIELD, KAN.

CHOLERA DANGER

Serious Threat This Spring; Increased Outbreaks Have Been Reported

Every farmer should be doubly-watchful against hog cholera this spring. In three years, outbreaks have increased nearly 40%. The virus is widespread, and spreading more.

widespread, and spreading more.
For safety, spring pigs should be vaccinated with serum and virus as early as possible, preferably around weaning time. In dealing with cholera, vaccination is the ONLY protection. It strikes so swiftly, spreads so rapidly, that your entire herd may be wiped out, unless your hogs have been immunized well in advance.

But be sure to have the vaccinating done by a Veterinarian. Taking chances with amateur vaccinating methods is too risky, especially when skilled Veterinary vaccination costs so little, and the added safety is worth so much more. Call your Veterinarian; have your pigs protected NOW, before cholera reaches your neighborhood.

Associated Serum Producers, Inc.

GRAIN BINS

Bird, rat, fire, stormproof. Bar-gain prices on best ventilated bin. Less than 10% shrinkage. 500-bushel, \$78.95. 1,000-bushel, \$115.50. Binder twine, bale ties, mower and binder parts and canvases. Free farm supply catalogue.



Western Merc. Co., 1609 Liberty, K. C., Mo

HOLSTEIN CATTLE

Thonyma Holsteins

Our May offering is a grandson of the All-Time All-American 3-year-old, Man-O-War Progressor. He was born Feb. 1. The calf's dam classified "Very Good" as a 4-year-old. She made 430 lbs. fat at 2 yrs. and 431 lbs. fat sa 3-year-old. She is sired by a show buil with an index of 506 lbs. fat, All records on 2-times-n-day milking. Write for pedigree and pictures.

REED'S FARM DAIRY, LYONS, KAN.

BE SURE OF A PROFIT

Buy your registered Holstein buil from our high-producing, officially classified, Tb. accredited and Bang's-free herd.

FOR SALE: BULLS—Several good type, well-bred yearling and younger buils. Some from dams with records up to 795 lbs. B. F. 1940 herd average was 501.6 lbs. B. F. on 52 head. Our prices will in-terest you and our type, breeding and production will impress you. Farm in Northwest Missourt, 18 miles S. E. of Maryville and 1 mile off Highway No. 4. Write JOSEPH GEMMEKE, Mgr., Clyde Hill Farm, Clyde (Nodaway Co.), Mo.

HOLSTEIN BULL FOR SALE

old and registered. Good breeding and records. CORNELUS A. LADY, R. 1, ABILENE, KAN.

DRESSLER'S RECORD HOLSTEINS ows in herd are daughters and granddaughters of state's highest butterfat record cow, Carmen Pearl man, 1,018 lbs. fat. Bulls for sale. H.A. Dressler, Lebo, Kan.

ANGUS CATTLE

Dalebanks Aberdeen Angus Farm Choice young bulls, best of breeding and type, from a herd whose culls consistently top the best markets, E. L. Barrier, Eureka, Kan.

Mrs. E. P. Miller's

Holstein Dispersal Sale

Southeast Corner of

Junction City, Kansas, Thursday, May 22, 1941

40 REGISTERED HOLSTEINS 40
Consignments from H. J. Meierkord, Linn, Kansas; Henry Hatesahl, Greenleaf, Kansas; Harvey Brothers, Ogden, Kansas; and G. Stanbrough, of Washington, Kansas.

20 Fresh Cows milking from 40 to 75 lbs. a day. Herd sires—ready for service and small calves. Also some good farm machinery.

Health Certificates Furnished. Write for Catalog to:

G. R. APPLEMAN, Sales Manager, LINN, KANSAS tioneers: McCulloch and Powell Jesse R. Johnson, Fieldman

ONE BIG DAY OF OPPORTUNITY IN REGISTERED AYRSHIRES-135 HEAD

The STANDARD AYRSHIRE DISPERSAL

 $\star\star\star$

At Standard Dairy Farm

Tulsa, Okla., Starting at 10:00 a. m.

Wed., May 28

Unusual opportunity to secure quantity lots of quality Ayrshires for foundation purposes!

Tuberculin and Blood Tested
135 REGISTERED AYRSHIRES

Founded in 1929 with several important purchases of foundation females from leading eastern herds, and through use of popularly-bred show and production sires, the STANDARD herd will be Leompletely dispersed in this sale. Complete or partial will be the completely dispersed in this sale. Complete or partial better than 25% on milking animals prove the herd test of better than 25% on milking animals prove the herd test of Penshurst and Auchendigrees show herd rich in Lessnessock, horned and all animals trained of the sale of the

AY in registered Ayrshires!
For Catalog or Other Information Address—
A. W. PETERSEN, Sale Mgr., OCONOMOWOC, WIS.
Auctioneers: Robert Seitz, Bert Powell, Roy Pauli

Things are looking up for Western Slope fruit growers—thanks to modern transportation and distribution methods they're getting more of their crops to market than in the old days. One interesting new development is the bulk shipment of fruit which Mr. Goess explained to me like this: "For the last few years," he said, "all this area has been selling part of its fresh fruit crop, except cherries, to truckers who haul it in bulk to midwestern and southwestern states - as much as 15 tons to the load. These truckers usually leave here in the evening. The night trip through the Rocky Mountains chills the fruit, and at dawn the next morning the truckers pull a heavy canvas over their load. This keeps the fruit chilled and firm until it reaches the end of its journey — which is sometimes a thousand miles away from here"

ON COLORADO'S WESTERN SLOPE I CHECKED WITH A

HIGH ELEVATION FRUIT GROWERS

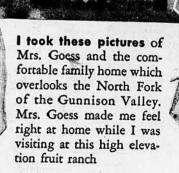
I sat with Al Goess and Mrs. Goess on their front porch of a summer evening and we were exactly 6180 feet above sea level. Spread out before us was the North Fork of the Gunnison Valley, beautiful with far-reaching fruit orchards. Across the valley loomed Grand Mesa, tallest flat top mountain in the world; behind us was Mount Lamborn. "This is high elevation farm country," Al Goess remarked. I could see it really is.

Back in 1900 when he graduated from Columbia University Al Goess had other plans in mind than being a farmer. He came to Colorado because of serious illness. Slowly regaining his health, he preached one year, then turned to teaching. But fate had a different job in store for him.

Mrs. Goess, whom he married in 1905, had inherited 20 acres of bare sage land in Delta County, near Paonia, their present home. While Al Goess taught school he hired a few acres of fruit planted on this place and worked there in his spare time. He liked the work so well that one day he decided to turn farmer himself. Gradually he built up his orchards, bought more land, planted more fruit. Today he raises some of the best fruit on the western Colorado slope and he is a well-known farm leader. Mr. Goess is a former vice-president of the Colorado State Farmers Union, president of the North Fork Public Irrigation District, a director of the Colorado State Chamber of Commerce. I think you'll enjoy his story.



tant jobs on the ranch, here being done by Jay Hall, the Goess hired hand. Goess plants a heavy cover crop of vetch, sweet clover and alfalfa in the spring and disks it under in midsummer. The whole ranch is kept under ditch water irrigation. Goess prunes his trees systematically, thins the fruit for quality, and adds commercial fertilizer as he finds it is needed



A Safeway Farm Reporter Interview of

interest to Kansas

Farmers

Mr. Goess (shown here loading boxed apricors) and one hired man do all the work on his 55acre ranch except at harvest. Average fruit production yearly runs around 14 tons of cherries, 50 tons of apricots, 200 tons of peaches. Fruit operations start about the first week in July, with cherries, and wind up late in September with freestone peaches. Mr. Goess has his own packing shed on the ranch and believes in packing only number one fruit. All his fruit is sold fresh. Packed fruit is shipped through the Union Fruit Company, a farm cooperative of which Mr. Goess is one of the charter members

TOOKING BACK now I'm mighty glad my early illness turned me into a Colorado farmer," Al Goess told me. "I like the Western Slope country-and I like the progress we farmers are making in this section.

"Working in local and state affairs I've met lots of farm leaders and swapped views with them. Naturally, Safeway and the other food chains come in for much discussion, and I find they're making new friends all the time.

"Every little while you hear how the chains have moved big quantities of some crop that is in oversupply - and thereby supported the market. They buy constantly at fair market prices, then distribute direct so they can offer a money-saving to consumers. say the farmers of the country can be glad that chain stores like Safeway are on the job nowadays. They've shown that they sincerely want to help us."

THE SAFEWAY FARM REPORTER