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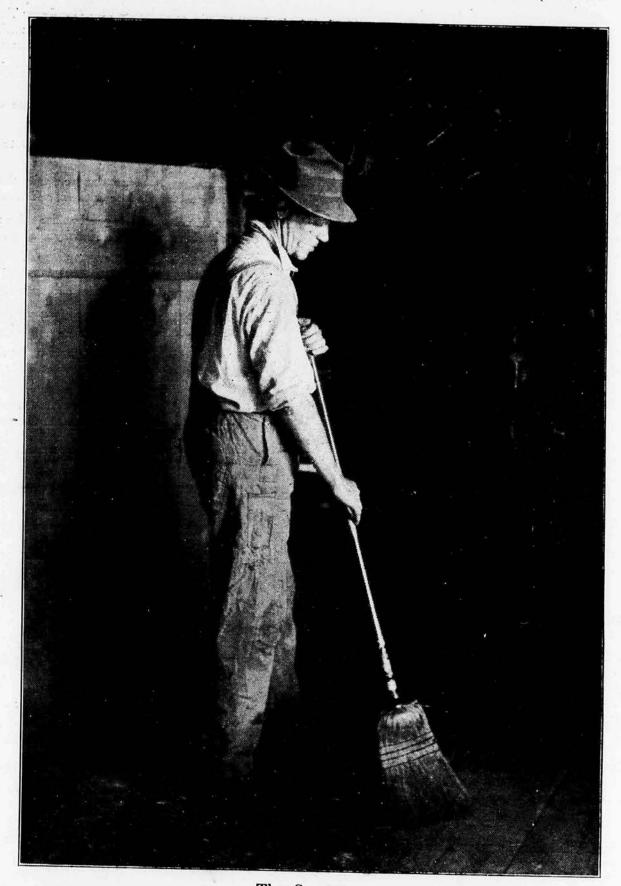
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FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZER

Vol. 45.

November 13, 1915

No. 46.



The Sweeper



Char Goodpur

An Accounting to the American People

THIS MONTH marks the fiscal close of the most phenomenal year The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company has ever known.

Goodyear tire sales were far, far greater than in any previous year.

They were far greater than the sales of any other tire in the world. Other Goodyear products registered an equally enormous gain.

It seems to us a fitting time to render an accounting to the American people, to whom we are indebted for this unprecedented prosperity.

And it also seems to us a propitious time to acknowledge another debt to one of the world's great industrial genuises, who spent almost his last days in a debtor's prison.

What this business is, in its first and last essence, it owes to Charles Goodyear.

It was not founded by the man whose honored name it bears.

But it has brought to that name, at last, the world-wide eminence which was denied him during his life.

His indomitable spirit has been a never-failing source of inspiration — in every branch of its thousandfold activities "his soul goes marching on."

Charles Goodyear was a man with a fixed idea — pre-destined, almost by reason of that fact, to disappointment, disaster and seeming disgrace.

His fixed idea was the vulcanization of rubber—and on this bed-rock idea there rests today that mighty industrial structure, the rubber business of the world.

In the remotest corners of the globe, wherever civilization pierces its way into the wilderness; in the jungles, and on the plantations, where millions of black men toil to satisfy the world's supply—Goodyear means rubber and rubber means Goodyear,

By right of inheritance, by right of adoption, by right of devotion to his high ideals, not merely the tire supremacy of the world, but the rubber supremacy of the world belongs to the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company.

And so this business which perpetuates his name is also animated by a fixed idea.

And that fixed idea is that The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company is bound to win the world-wide rubber supremacy if it simply upholds and maintains the goodness of Goodyear.

We believe firmly in the ultimate triumph of manufactured goodness.

We believe that the American people are everlastingly on the alert to find that which is worthy.

We believe they have awarded first prize to Goodyear because they believe in Goodyear.

We are convinced that no one can take that place away from us as long as we are true to them, and true to ourselves.

And because we prize this good will as the most precious asset of this business, nothing unworthy shall go out into the world under the brand of Goodyear.

The spirit of Charles Goodyear stands guard over every operation and every department in these great factories.

It says to every man on the Goodyear payroll, from the highest to the lowest: "Protect my good name."

Wherever, and whenever, man, woman, or child, thinks of aught that is made of rubber — we want their second thoughts to be of Goodyear.

And to the end, we repeat — nothing unworthy shall ever go out of these great factories under the brand of Goodyear.

The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company
AKRON, OHIO
F. A. Seiberling, President



Leading Goodyear Akron Products

Fabric and Cord Automobile Tires
Laminated Tubes for Automobile
Tires
Automobile Tire Accessories
Repair Materials
Automobile Rims
Pneumatic Tires for Trucks
Solid Motor Truck Tires

Tires for Fire Apparatus
Carriage Tires
Motorcycle and Cycle Car Tires
Motorcycle Tubes
Bicycle Tires and Tubes
Aeroplane Tires, Springs and Fabric
Military and Other Balloons

Rubber Soles for Shoes
Wingfoot Heels for Shoes
Lawn Hose
Radiator Hose
Kantkink Garage Hose
Steam Hose
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Hose
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Conveyor Belts
Transmission Belts
Rubber Bands
Molded Goods
Offset Blankets
Rubber Specialties

GOODYEAR TIRES



THE FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE

An Agricultural and Family Journal for the People of the Great West



TOPEKA, KANSAS, NOVEMBER 13, 1915

Roads and Real Care

Only Fifty Counties Obey the Law

NLY 50 counties in Kansas have complied with a law passed in 1911, which requires that every county

which requires that every county shall appoint a highway engineer. Worse than this, in only about 20 counties is the road work being done under the direction of the county engineer, in compliance with the spirit of the law. How many of the 10,500 township and county road officials in Kansas know what it costs a cubic yard to move earth with a grader, slip, wheeler, or wagon? How many know the cost of concrete and other bridge building materials? The officials may know how much it costs to grade a mile of road and contend that it is not necessary to know the cost a cubic yard. Why does a merchant keep a unit-cost of his wares? Is it not because he wants to buy from Is it not because he wants to buy from the man who sells the cheapest? A county should know if its roads and bridges are costing more than they should.

should.

Many counties are imposed upon in the purchase of materials and supplies, and are actually paying more, even in large quantities, than individuals have to pay in small amounts. They are occasionally sold machinery entirely unadapted to the work in hand. For individuals the many hands to the work in hand. stance one county bought a motor truck instead of an engine to pull graders. In a few months the motor truck was for sale. Another county bought nine small, four-horse graders at \$133 apiece small, four-horse graders at \$133 apiece to be used as drags. I know of several townships in the state which have bought large elevating graders at a cost of about \$1,200 to \$1,400 each, which they have used only a very few times. These machines are now for sale cheap, for the boards have found that they are for the boards have found that they are

for the boards have found that they are unable to hitch to them for less than \$25, and that the equipment is entirely too big for the work they have in hand. In these cases I have every reason to believe that the officials felt that they were getting just what they needed. Apparently, however, they were misled by the salesmen as to the equipment required.

evident that an engineer trained in road building will get better results than any set of men who give only a few days a month to their office. The county and township boards are generally made up of busy men, many of whom have to neglect their private business to attend to the duties of their office. It is an im-position on the part of the public to ex-



By W. S. Gearhart

pect these officials to attend to all of these details. A number of the county boards have found that they simply cannot do it, and have employed a com-netent county engineer. In such counpetent county engineer. In such counties the board decides the policy, and from the engineer's recommendations and estimates it determines what imand estimates it determines what improvements are to be made and the amount of money to be expended. The board then holds the engineer entirely responsible for the carrying out of this work. The boards are thus left free to devote their time to administrative matters. The results of this method of handling the highway work have been handling the highway work have been handling the highway work have been uniformly satisfactory not only to the county boards, but to the public as well. Elk, Wilson, Reno, Clay and Mitchell counties are good examples of this system of highway management.

In many counties there is entirely too much division of authority. There is no danger in concentrating the authority and responsibility for the actual construction and maintenance of our public highways in the office of county highway engineer so long as we have the recall. He should act under the direct supervision of the county board and the state highway department. The work state highway department. The work should be standardized and systematized throughout the state as much as pos-

In our highway work the county board should levy the required funds, de-cide where and how this money is to be

pare and approve all plans and specifica-tions for all road and bridge constructions for all road and bridge construc-tion and maintenance, and directly su-pervise the work. He should direct all road dragging and highway repair work. He also should keep a detailed cost rec-ord on each job, and make an itemized annual report on all the work accom-plished. This report should be pub-lished, so the taxpayers may know just what is being accomplished, and what it is costing. is costing.

Before the August meeting of the county board when the taxes are levied the county engineer should make a careful inspection of all the roads, bridges and culverts in the county, to determine what improvements must be made during the ensuing year, and prepare esti-mates of the probable cost of each piece of work. He should submit the estimates along with his recommendations on each piece of work to the county commissioners, to guide them in making their levies and providing adequate highway funds to properly maintain the roads and bridges. If the boards had such information they could then make their levies intelligently instead of guessing the amount of funds that may be

Road building is a business, and the sooner we recognize this the better for all concerned. In former times the land-owner did everything for himself. He tanned his leather and made his own Apparently, however, they were misled by the salesmen as to the equipment required.

The remedy for these ills is to have some one in charge of highway building who is qualified by education and training and free from political influences and who can be held responsible for results. The commissioners do not devote all their time and attention to their office, and it is self
board should levy the required funds, decide where and how this money is to be expended, award the contracts, give the wool and flax, spun the fiber, wove it into cloth and made his garments of it. He ground his own tools and who is qualified by education and training and free from political influences and who can be held responsible for results. The commissioners do not devote all bridges and culverts, and approve the plans for all important bridges and road work. The county engineer should present a should his own dand flax, spun the fiber, wove it into cloth and made his own tools and who is own tools and vehicles. He made his own tools and vehicle

Competent Engineers Are Needed

maker, it was impossible that he should be expert in all of these lines, and con-sequently the things he made were crude. The comforts he enjoyed were

few.

The farmer today has turned over to specialists nearly everything but the running of his farm and the building of his roads. In conjunction with his neighbors he even hires a specially trained butter and cheesemaker to handle his milk and cream—and serves a higher grade of butter and cheese on his own table as a consequence. The things aside from farming which a farmer still does for himself, such as road building, are the ones that are done the poorest.

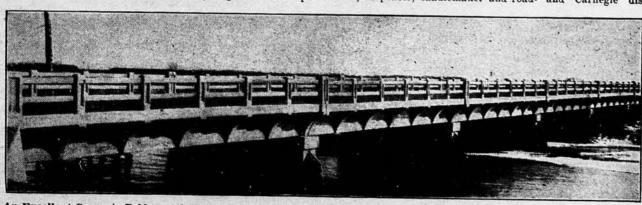
The ordinary engineering and super-vision expense of private corporations on any work of the character of road building and construction work is about During the year ending November 1, 1914, Iowa spent \$5,027,000 for bridges and culverts. All of this work was done under the direct supervision of the county engineer, and the entire engineering expense was only \$156,000, or 3.1 per cent of the total expenditure. There is nothing Kansas could do which would improve the highways so much as to spend 3 to 5 per cent of the highway funds collected annually for roads and bridges in employing competent engineers to supervise the work and the expenditure of this more work. penditure of this money.

When you are sick you call a doctor; when you are angry you call a lawyer; when you are broke you call the banker; when you are broke you call the banker; when you are in trouble you call the preacher; when you are ignorant you call the teacher; when you want wheat, corn, cattle, alfalfa or something good to eat you call the farmer. Then, when you are in need of good roads why don't you call the engineer, the good roads physician who will heal the wounds of the country roads, who will operate upon their surfaces and place them in perfect order?

Broom Corn Market

The broomcorn business appears to The broomcorn business appears to have shifted, temporarily at least, from the fields to the Wichita market, says Brooms, Brushes and Handles. With the cleaning up of the Lindsay, Lawton and Carnegie districts, in Oklahoma, where nearly all

the manufactures in the country were represented for a time, the buyers of these houses came to Wichita and the dealers did a good business. Upward of 60 cars of broomeorn, most of it 1914 erop was sold, and business still appears brisk. brush sold at \$85 to \$100; new dwarf sold at \$65 to \$100, according to quality and standard from \$110 to \$130.



An Excellent Concrete Bridge at Great Bend, Planned by W. S. Gearhart, the State Highway Engineer, That Indicates Forcefully the Need For Technical Training in Road Building.

DEPARTMENT EDITORS

Entered as second-class matter Feb. 16, 1906, at the postoffice at Topeka, Kansas, under act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SPECIAL TO ADVERTISERS.

Changes in advertisements or orders to discontinue advertisements must reach us not later than Saturday morning, one week in advance of the date of publication. We begin to make up the paper on Saturday. An ad cannot be stopped or changed after it is inserted in a page and the page has been electrotyped. New advertisements can be accepted any time Monday. The earlier orders and advertising copy are in our hands the better service we can give the advertiser.

Farmers Mail and

Members Agricultural Publishers' Association. Members Audit Bureau of Circulations Published Weekly at Eighth and Jackson Streets, Topeka, Kansas

ARTHUR CAPPER, Publisher. CHARLES DILLON, Managing Editor.

T. A. McNEAL, Editor. A. L. NICHOLS, Associate Editor.

E. W. RANKIN, Advertising Manager. One Year, One Dollar

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ADVERTISING RATES.

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110,000 circulation guaranteed.

DEPARTMENT EDITORS

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ADVERTISEMENTS GUARANTEED
WE GUARANTEE that every advertiser in
this issue is reliable. Should any advertiser
herein deal dishonestly with any subscriber,
we will make good the amount of your loss,
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month from date of this issue, that it is reported to us promptly, and that we find the
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contract that in writing to advertisers you
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Farmers Mail and Breeze."

Passing Comment--By T. A. McNeal

The Money Conference

The first "Government Money Conference," which was held at Chicago last week may or may not be the beginning of a successful educational move-ment with the object of securing a more general understanding of what money really is and what the proper function of the government is in relation to

the issuing of currency.

My old friend M. V. Rork was one of the speakers at the conference, his subject being "Money Without Interest." He writes enthusiastically about the conference and the way in which his speech was

There are some things concerning the money question which seem clear to my mind, but a great many very intelligent and honest people differ from me radically and as we are all liable to error I am willing to conside that possibly my resconing may be ing to concede that possibly my reasoning may be wrong. The only thing I ask of the person who differs from me is that he make the same admission differs from me is that he make the same admission—that is, that possibly he may be wrong. It is entirely useless for two persons to carry on an argument where either one dogmatically asserts that he is right and refuses to open his mind to any suggestion contrary to his established belief.

It seems to me that a common error in the minds of men is that money is wealth. I do not think money is wealth but I believe it to be only a convenient medium for the exchange of wealth. It prob-

wealth. The first commercial transactions were just wealth. The first commercial transactions were just the barter of commodities. One man, having more of a certain kind of commodity than he needed for his own consumption, traded his surplus of that particular commodity for another man's surplus of some other commodity. After a while it dawned on the minds of these primitive men that it would be very convenient if some commodity could be found be very convenient if some commodity could be found that most of the people desired, which could be used as a common medium of exchange. This need increased as commerce grew and men invented means of travel by which they could go a considerable distance from their homes and trade with strange

As all savage peoples loved ornaments, a commodity which could be used most easily for ornamentation suggested itself as the best medium of exchange. Gold and silver were discovered and as they were easily wrought into ornaments it was natural that they gradually should become the favorite common medium. That was before governments were organized, but even after governments were organized there was little or no thought of an organized system of credits and so the original system was continued.

credits and so the original system was continued.

Trade and commerce today, however, are carried on by exchange of credits and not by exchange of money, except to a very limited extent. It is a common error to say that a very large per cent of the business of the country is done on borrowed money. It is done on borrowed credit and the people who horrow furnish the credit themselves. The ple who borrow furnish the credit themselves. The government of the United States lends the credit of the whole people to the banks and in this way compels them to borrow back their own credit and

pay interest upon it.
It seems remarkable that persons of supposed intelligence and sense stand for such an illogical and unfair financial system, but the hard fact remains that they do stand for it and furthermore, that a majority of them seem to be ready to join in ridiculing anyone who proposes to change the system and permit the people to use their own credit withand permit the people to use their own credit without first handing it over to private individuals and
then paying these private individuals interest for
the privilege of using it.

This is the reason why I am not so hopeful as I
might otherwise be that the Chicago conference will

produce any good results. It may however, do something toward educating the people up to the point where they can see the light.

Voting Bonds

It is probable that at present the state of Kansas could sell at par 100 million dollars in 4 per cent bonds if our constitution permitted the voting of that amount, but I would oppose such an issue. If the state should vote 100 million dollars in 4 per cent bonds running 50 years it would require first an annual tax of 4 million dollars to pay the interest

on the bonds. During the life of the bonds the tax-payers of the state would be obliged to pay 200 million dollars in interest and then would still owe the principal. It is outrageous that the people of the state should be compelled to hand over their united credit to bond buyers and interest gatherers and then borrow that same credit back for their

The expenditure of 10 million dollars per annum for the next 10 years would not only be of great permanent benefit to the state in the way of the permanent benefit to the state in the way of the most extensive system of permanent roads ever established, but it would add very greatly to the immediate prosperity of the state. There would be no idle labor in Kansas during these 10 years except among those who did not want to get work. Bread lines and soup houses would be abolished at least so far as able bodied men were concerned, for they would have no excuse for depending on public would have no excuse for depending on public

Of course in order to put this plan into execution two things are necessary: first, a change in the constitution of the state of Kansas; and second, an act of congress permitting the depositing of non-interestbearing state and municipal bonds and the issuing of

United States currency based on the same.

But unless more of the people wake up to their own interest than ever have done so far that will not come to pass.

Preparedness

The great question that will come before the congress that will meet in less than a month will be the question of military preparedness. The indications are that this government is to be committed to a policy which has been tried out by all the great powers of Europe and which has brought its logical result—slaughter unparalleled in the history of the world; destruction of property beyond the power of human comprehension. And the end is not yet in sight.

It is estimated that 10 million men of the var ious warring nations already have been either killed or wounded. Two million permanent cripples already doomed to go through the remainder of their lives maimed and in most cases continual sufferers.

If the war continues another year, as it may, the

number will be doubled. The war debts of Europe will be increased by fully 30 billion dollars and the amount of property destroyed probably will reach the same inconceivable total. Europe is bleeding to death and every day fresh openings are made in its veins and arteries. A hundred years from now the effects of this awful and senseless conflict still will be apparent. And the worst effect perhaps of all, is that men, women and children are being taught to hate one another with a fierce, unreasonable hate. Love is to be strangled, confidence destroyed and in their place suspicion and unreasoning hate are to be enthroned.

To this policy the United States is to be committed. Our people are being taught to believe that our safety lies in being prepared to battle with all the world. We must also play the murder game which has resulted in such untold misery across the

True, it is asserted by the champions of military preparedness that we are not to prepare for aggression but only for reasonable defense. That is exactly what was asserted by every nation in Europe. Germany insisted that she was surrounded by nations is eleve of her commercial progress and that tions jealous of her commercial progress and that tions jealous of her commercial progress and that she must prepare an army and navy sufficient to protect her from invasion. England claimed that her commerce could be protected only by a navy large enough to match the navies of any two of the other powers. France saw the vast military preparations of Germany and believed that it meant that her neighbor intended to destroy her. Russia that her neighbor intended to destroy her. Russia insisted that she too must be protected by vast armies and navies or otherwise she would be cut off

from all opportunity to expand her commerce.

Not a single one of these nations would for a moment acknowledge that it had any thought of waging an aggressive war. It was building its war machine simply to insure peace. It did not insure peace and any man with a thimbleful of brains must have known that it would not.

Trust begats trust and suspicion engenders ans-

Trust begets trust and suspicion engenders suspicion. You do not fear your neighbor so long as he goes peacefully about his business and meets

you unarmed and in a friendly manner, but if he begins to go armed and give out intimations that he is doing it to protect himself from probable attack by his neighbors, including yourself, you at once become suspicious of his real intentions.

If the security of a nation depends on the strength of the armed force it are muston then it should go to

of the armed force it can muster then it should go to the end of the logic of that assumption. It should the end of the logic of that assumption. It should have compulsory military service and every man of military age should be drilled, armed and subject to call at a moment's notice. Germany did carry that theory to its logical conclusion. The other nations endorsed the theory but failed to carry it to the same logical conclusion. The result is the greatest war in history and the most widespread and unspeakable suffering.

unspeakable suffering.

If the advocates of military preparedness are right then it is folly to stop with a regular army of 200,000 men and a reserve army of 400,000 men. It is useless just to add a few more ships to our navy.

If as they say, we are likely to be attacked by the
combined forces of all the other nations of Europe and Asia, then we should have a navy equal to all the other world navies combined and an army as great as all of them combined can muster.

What supreme, what asinine folly. If this mili-Attack of the supreme, what asimine long. If this infinitely policy is adopted, there will be created immediately, here in the western world, the same atmosphere of distrust and suspicion which has ruined Europe. Militarism will spread over North and South America. Our sister republics will suspect the province and an atmosphere of suspicion will be our motives and an atmosphere of suspicion will be created all over North and South America.

What do you propose to do about it? It may be

the carrying out of this military program cannot be prevented, but at least you can express your disapproval to your member of congress.

California vs. Kansas

I have been asked since I returned from California what impressions were made on my mind in contrasting the two states, California and Kansas.

Well, what impressed me most was what the en-

terprise of man has done for the great state of California. A large part of that state was originally a desert. By the intelligent labor of man that desert, or a good deal of it, has been changed to a most inviting land. The orchards and fields look so clean and inviting that it is no wonder a great many people want to go there to live. It seems to meet that with the same amount of careful attention me that with the same amount of careful attention Kansas might be made even more beautiful than California, or at any rate it could be made much more inviting than it is now.

It is true that there are farms in Kansas that are well kept; the houses and other farm buildings are painted and in good repair; the fields are well tilled and free from weeds. When you see that kind of a farm it delights the eye and you feel proud of it. But truth compels me to admit that this is not the general condition. In far too many cases the fences are hidden by weeds. The fields are ill kept. The houses are unpainted and out of repair. The farm implements are left standing in the fields. There are no flowers nor well trimmed trees and shrubbery in the yards. In short, there is nothing inviting about the appearance of a large number of Kansas farms. There has been a good deal of improvement in the Kansas roads within the past three or four years but even yet bad roads, especially in eastern Kansas, seem to me to be the rule rather than the

exception. I believe that it is also true that the fertility of Kansas lands, owing to improper cultivation, is decreasing and that unless there is a change made in the methods of cultivation, farming in Kansas will become less and less profitable until the Kansas

farmer who is making any money out of his farm will be the exception rather than the rule.

If our young men are to be kept on the farms two things are necessary: One is that the farming business must be made profitable and the second is that iness must be made profitable and the second is that it must be made attractive. If farming means simply long hours of drudgery and small returns for the labor expended it is idle to talk about keeping the young fellows of ambition and energy on the farm.

They will go away where they believe they have a chance to do better in a financial way and have more enjoyment. enjoyment.

I do not think it a mere theory that good farming pays. As a rule the farmers who keep their

farms in the best condition are the most presperous. That by a proper system of cultivation the farms of Kansas could be made to produce double what they produce at present I do not have a doubt. Furtherproduce at present I do not have a doubt. Furthermore it does not cost any more to produce a good farm animal which always has good market value than it does to produce a runt which has almost no value at all. I think one trouble with most Kansas farmers is that they try to farm too much. They undertake more than they can do and do it well. Naturally this results in slovenly farming. There are so many duties pressing on the farmer that he has to neglect part of them and does only the things that seem to him necessary to be done. When his day of hurry and toil is ever he is too When his day of harry and toll is over he is too weary to think much about fixing things up around the place and the habit of just letting things go grows on him. There is no satisfaction in poor farming and poor stock, but there is immense satisfaction in good farming and good stock.
One of the arguments in favor of first class roads

is that they are certain to result in better kept farms. Invariably you see the best kept farms alongside the best roads just as you always will find the best kept houses on the streets of any town where there are the best sidewalks and the best kept

We are imitative creatures. Neatness begets neatness. Thrift begets thrift. When one man paints his house and beautifies his premises, his neighbor is likely to do the same thing for if he does not, the contrast makes his own premises appear more

I do not say that Kansas is behind a great many other states in the matter of keeping up her roads and her farms. No doubt we will come up to the average, but I do say that if the same amount of money and care, or if one half the amount of money and care, were expended in beautifying and improving the country in Kansas that are expended in California this state would look like a paradise.

Big Expenditures

Francis M. Elliott, whose interesting letter on California appeared last week, sends me the fig-ures furnished by R. H. Norton, one of the supervisors of Los Angeles county, showing the total amount expended during the last five years in building new and permanent roads in that county, outside of the incorporated cities and towns.

During these five years there has been expended on concrete country roads in Los Angeles country the enormous total of \$5,176,584. The number of miles of concrete road built in the county, outside of the cities and towns, is 455.28 miles at an average cost a mile of \$11,377. Now I would not advise any such enormous expenditure as that but I am in favor of making a start toward a system of permanent

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ave a more What ought to be done, but which I fear will not be done, is this: The state of Kansas should be permitted to vote non-interest-bearing 50 year bonds. These bonds should be deposited in the treasury of the United States as security for legal tender United States notes to be used in the building of state paved roads. On the notes the government should levy a tax of 21/2 per cent per annum. One half of 1 per cent would cover the cost of issuing the currency by the government and 2 per cent should go toward paying off the principal of the bonds. At the end of 50 years this tax of 2 per cent would pay the

Supposing that under this plan the state should sue 100 million dollars in non-interest-bearing bonds. Estimating the average cost for each mile of paved roads at \$10,000, this would be sufficient to build 100,000 miles of paved road or 125 paved roads from the east to the west line of the state and 250 paved roads from the north to the south line of the state. As it would be impossible to build all of these roads in a year or in perhaps less than 10 years, the bonds should not be issued faster than

the money was needed.
We will say that 10 million dollars in bonds was issued the first year. That would be sufficient to build 1,000 miles of road. The next year 10 million dollars more in bonds would be issued to build another thousand miles. The tax necessary to be paid for cost of issuing the currency and the sinking fund the first year would be \$250,000. This sinking fund the first year would be \$250,000. This would increase until it finally would reach an annual tax of 21/2 million dollars. Now while I have no means of knowing how much money or labor, which is or ought to be equivalent to money, is spent at present on the roads of Kansas, I will venture the assertion that it will amount to more than 21/2 million dollars. I include in this estimate all the money and labor spent by the various counties and townships in the state.

A German View

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—A recent issue of the Farmers Mail and Breeze contained an article similar to many you have published since the beginning of the European war apparently intended to sting the hearts of those readers who are born Germans, or who are at least of German descent

who are born Germans, or who are at least of German descent.

Now, Mr. McNeal, you surely remember that President Wilson at the outbreak of the war asked us to be strictly neutral and refrain from discussing war problems and conditions, especially in public of mixed opinion. Why not obey the request? As far as I am concerned, I do not keep an agricultural paper to read these one-sided articles of yours, or any other "Yankees," but for the reason that I always have valued your paper highly for the information it centains

on farming in our great state. I consider you fair minded otherwise and I admire your ability to pass fair judgment on almost any question or discus-

minded otherwise and I admire your ability to pass fair judgment on almost any question or discussion.

These articles in regard to the war though, show that you are so fanatically one-sided that you cannot be fair and therefore why not cut out every article pro and con? You condemn every action Germany is taking. If this action gives you a chance for criticism, why not criticize England for her interference with our commerce, or as a promoter of peace and disarmament you surely should join in the protest against the export of arms and ammunition from this country, especially since this alone is prolonging the war.

The tremendous proportions this export has assumed, together with the anti-German tone of the American press is bound to start our blood to boiling, for with tender heartstrings are we still connected with the country of our birth, our fatherland which stands and will stand after the war second to no other country of our birth, our fatherland which stands and will stand after the war second to no other country on the globe, because it is fighting a righteous war, a struggle for its existence against the intrigues of England mainly.

Since this country of ours, although calling itself strictly neutral, is helping Germany's enemies with all means in its power, aside from sending an army, even financially, is it a wonder that some patriotic Germans feel forced to de deep that in their mind would help the fatherland? The British have in the past shown plainly that their main object is to dominate all they can of the world in order to have colonial troops galore to fight for them and plenty of aid financially in case of a war like the present one. In spite of this, evidence is getting stronger every day that England is the Gog in the prophecy of the Bible Esekiel Chapters 38 and 39, and is therefore deomed to be defeated. If I fail to see this letter in print I shall conclude that you are hit pretty hard.

He noved war like the present which affects directly and indirectly every inhabitant of every

In a world war like the present which affects directly and indirectly every inhabitant of every country whether that country is engaged in the fighting or not, it is idle for any man who does any reading or thinking to be neutral. He is for one side or the other. I am not neutral. I make no pretension of being neutral. My sympathies are strongly with the allies although previous to the war I was a great admirer of Germany. I did not strongly with the alies although previous to the war I was a great admirer of Germany. I did not like its militarism but I admired the great enterprise shown by the German people. For that matter the German people challenge my admiration yet. I have no quarrel with them, but I think their leaders, those who control the policies of the German government and who are responsible for this war, deserve the lasting condemnation and execration of mankind.

But most of us are inconsistent. Mr. Neumann, in one paragraph of his letter insists that I shall cut out all articles pertaining to the war and in another paragraph at the close insists that his own letter shall be printed. Of course this means that Mr. Neumann thinks that in order to be fair I should publish letters and opinions favorable to Germany but should exclude all opinions favorable to the other side in the interest of strict neutrality. This would seem like a joke if I did not know that Mr. Neumann is in deadly earnest.

German bonds are selling every day in the markets of the United States. Millions of dollars worth of these bonds have been placed already. I have not a doubt that Mr. Neumann thinks that is entirely legitimate and even laudable, because the money is going to aid his fatherland, but when money or arms go the other side it becomes a most wicked thing in his opinion. Personally I would not invest in war bonds of any of the warring nations, but as a mat-ter of business it is legitimate for private individuals to invest their money in German bonds, English bonds, French bonds or Russian bonds.

In other wars Germany always has sold arms to the warring nations and would be buying arms from the United States now if she could get them across the ocean. Her indignation at the sale of supplies to the allies now is hypocritical and inconsistent with her own past practices.

I have no objection to any of the nations engaged in this war preventing as far as possible the sending of supplies to the other nations, although that necessarily interferes with the commerce of neutral nations. I would have no objections to Germany's submarine campaign against British com-merce if it had not been accompanied by ruthless, brutal murder. If the German submarines had been able to sink every English merchantman and shut off food supplies from England no valid objection could in my opinion have been made to it, provided the crews and passengers on these unarmed merchant vessels had been permitted to get to some place of safety before the vessels were sunk. There ought to be some little humanity shown even in war.

I am against Germany because her rulers, those who dictate her policies, have violated every principle of humanity and justified every form of unspeakable savagery. A German sympathizer sent me a pamphlet giving the German side of the in-vasion of Belgium. I read it with care, thinking that my previous opinions might have been wrong. It seemed to me to be the most heartless confession of barbarism I ever had read. It acknowledged that where shots had been fired from Belgian houses at the German troops all the inhabitants of the houses regardless of age or sex had been shot and justified it on the ground of military necessity. It acknowledged that men had been taken as hostages for the good conduct of Belgian cities and towns and that those hostages were to be executed in case some inhabitant of the town, whom these hostages could not control, should fire on the German troops.

The German government has excused and justified the indiscriminate massacre of Armenian men,

women and children by the Turks on the ground also of military necessity. By order of these same inhuman leaders a gentle-

woman, who had nursed alike the wounded of all the contending armies and whose only offense was that she had aided some of her own countrymen to escape from death which would have been cer-tain if they had not escaped, is stood up and shot to death. In striking contrast with this heartless cruelty was the conduct of the English military court which condemned a German woman who was attempting to furnish information concerning Brit-

ish armament to the German government, to only six months' imprisonment, although her act was clearly that of a spy.

Mr. Neumann is especially indignant at England. He does not seem to remember that Germany's alleged reason for declaring war was that it was done to protect herself from Russian invasion. The English

hish intrigue idea was an afterthought.

It is my belief that Germany finally will be defeated, but of course I cannot look into the future any further than any other man. If Germany wins, however, it will be the triumph of the most brutal militarism the world ever has known.

Defends Landowners

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze Tour articles in the Farmers Mail and Breeze are generally very fair, but, like Libyd George, you make a mistake in laying so much blame on the large landowners in Great Britain.

There may be some cases of the sort, but conditions there are very hard to remedy.

I was raised on a farm of 5,000 acres. At 17 I emigrated, my father assuring me that he was losing meney at farming. I know that wages were low, and had to be for a farmer to live. It took a capital of from \$3,000 to \$5,000 to stock a farm in those days, and fertilizers were an absolute necessity. Cheap wheat from foreign countries ruined lots of farmers, it cost toe much to raise, consequently there was nothing for a landowner to do but to put his land into pasture. A poor man could not handle any land, and had year would put him in a hole he could never disout of.

The Duke of Sutherland offered the government.

A poor man could not handle any land, the may year would put him in a hole he could never discout of.

The Duke of Sutherland offered the government 58,000 acres of land at \$5 an acre—this was after Lloyd George made such statements as yours. Did the government take him up? It did not. Why? Because it knew that a man could not make a living from 100 acres of it.

Another case in which a large quantity of land had been reclaimed from the sea. A great fuss was made about it. The owner offered it to the government at cost. On discovering that the land paid only 24 per cent the government said it would take it if the owner would raise the rent so that it would bring in 1 per cent more.

Small farms do not pay in England. Even now, plums, apples and other fruits do not pay for picking them—unless the farmer is very near a large town. Of course there was great distress in the cities, but do you not have the same trouble in your large cities? Even here in the country I meet lots of men hunting jobs, excepting maybe six weeks in the year.

I think you will find both the above cases on record.

Chetopa, Kan.

record. Chetopa, Kan.

County High School

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—I live in Coffey county and our school district is a joint district in Coffey and Woodson counties. The high school in Coffey county is at LeRoy. There is a high school at Neosho Falls, Woodson county. We live six miles from LeRoy and three miles from Neosho Falls. We cannot send to LeRoy on account of the distance and they charge us tuition at Neosho Falls. Have we any right to the privileges of the Neosho Falls high school under the Barnes high school law? If not, is there any way I can get the tuition from Coffey county to pay to Woodson county? Both counties have the Barnes high school law in operation.

Neosho Falls, Kan.

No. It would seem equitable that you should

No. It would seem equitable that you should be permitted to send your children to the Neosho Falls high school without tuition but unfortunately the law does not permit it and neither can you collect the tuition from Coffey county.

Chickens and Turkeys

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—We are bothered with our neighbors' turkeys and chickens as well as their hogs. We would like to learn through the Farmers Mail and Breeze what our rights are.

SUBSCRIBER. rights are. New Albany, Kan.

Turkeys and chickens are trespassers when on other premises than those of their owners and might be taken up or even killed by the owner of the prem-ises on which they are trespassing.

Hogs are not permitted to run at large in this state except in townships where a majority of the electors vote to allow them to run at large. Unless your township is one of these exceptions your neighbors' hogs have no right on your premises and the owner of them is liable for any damage they

About Quarantine

Editor The Farmers Mail and Breeze—A friend of mine lives in Wilson county and was taken with the scarlet fever. He called a doctor from Neoshe county who pronounced the disease scarlet fever. Then the doctor called the Wilson county health officer to quarantine my friend and family. Now the doctor from Neoshe county wants \$5 for fumigating the house. Do they have to have him or is it the Wilson county health officer's duty to fumigate the house?

Earleton, Kan.

MRS, G. C. H.

It is the duty of the health officer of Wilson

It is the duty of the health officer of Wilson county both to establish the quarantine and to fumigate afterward. The health officer is paid for his services out of the public funds of the county.

Why Feed Pigs by Hand

Pointers in Pork Production for Kansas Boys Who Enter the Big Contest

By John F. Case Manager, Capper Pig Club

ELF-FED hogs grow more rapidly, group was fed the grain in self-feeders are more thrifty, and yield a greater and all had access to salt. The remaining 30 days of the test 60 per cent even when self-feeders are used but every protein tankage in self-feeders separate thing considered it seems certain that it are more thrifty, and yield a greater profit than when fed by any other method. This not only applies to dry lot feeding but also is true in grain feeding when applied to swine on pasture. But no matter how good pasture or forage is provided, to yield the maximum age is provided, to yield the maximum amount in growth and profit a hog must have corn. Corn is the great producer of profitable pork when properly supplemented. Apparently Iowa pigs, at least, have developed sufficient "hog sense" to enable them to tell just how much corn is needed in fitting them for a quick trip to market, which isn't a smart thing after all. But Kansas boys now enrolling in the Capper Pig Club contest will find the story about these pigs "that went to school" an instructive and valuable one. and valuable one.

Few men in this country are better authorities on swine production than John Evvard, chief of that department in John Evvard, chief of that department in the animal husbandry section at the Iowa Experiment station. Mr. Evvard has carried out some notable experi-ments at the finely equipped station near Ames, but possibly none so impor-tant as a series of tests completed last month. Prof. Evvard and W. H. Pew, also of the animal husbandry depart-ment, thought the result of these exper-iments sufficiently important and interiments sufficiently important and interiments sufficiently important and interesting to justify them in inviting representatives of the farm press to a meeting at Ames, November 4. About 40 editors inspected the 400 pigs, and the pigs still survive. Never, probably, has there been so representative a gathering of the farm press. And many of the swine breed papers were represented. Every visitor was impressed with the magnitude of the experimental work carried on and with the systematic and careful manner in which the work is performed. Everyone who studies the records, and sees the swine is convinced that the tests as reported are absolutely

Many Kansas farmers who have will grow and fatten on alfalfa alone, or with a minimum of fat producing food.

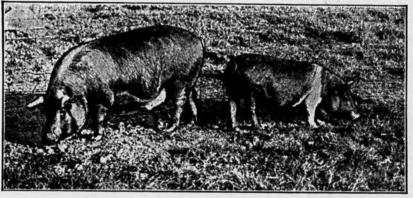
"To grow pigs on cheap forage has an economic fascination for most swine men," asserts Prof. Evvard. And it is But tests show that pigs given a limited grain ration do not eat as much forage as they should. Nor do they grow as thriftily and fatten for market es profitably as those fed plenty of corn and tankage in addition to alfalfa. At the Iowa Experiment station this year three groups of pigs, each pig 21/2 months old and weighing 41 pounds, were placed on alfalfa for a 120 day test. During the first 90 days group 1 was given 1 pound of shelled corn a day for each 100 pounds weight; group 2, 3 pounds a day for each 100 pounds weight, and group 3 had all the corn they cared for. Each

protein tankage in self-feeders separate from the corn was added. The pigs in group 1 ate 293 pounds of corn and 19 pounds of tankage for 100 pounds gain was less than a pound a day for the final average weight was but 116 pounds. Cost of grain to the 100 pound gain was \$4.15, leaving a profit of \$2.13 for each pig. Group 2 fed 3 pounds corn to 100 pounds pork a day gained almost a pound weight each day, weighing 155 pounds each at close of the test. These pigs each ate 340 pounds of corn and 12 pounds tankage for 100 pounds gain was \$4.56 and the profit was \$2.78. Group 3 on free feed of shelled corn ate 361 pounds of corn and 11 pounds tankage when I saw them November 4. Three pounds of corn and 11 pounds tankage for each 100 pounds gain but the final weight was 185 pounds. Cost of grain for each 100 pounds gain was \$4.79 and profit \$4.79 a pig. Corn was charged at 70 cents and tankage at \$2.50 for 100 pounds. No charge was made for salt or pasture. Market price was figured at \$7 a hundred pounds.

thing considered it seems certain that it will pay to add plenty of corn when the pigs are placed on alfalfa no matter how

coal placed in separate boxes. The seven groups had been on feed for 100 days when I saw them November 4. Three of these groups had free choice of the feeds given, each variety of food being placed in separate compartments. The first group was self-fed, the second was hand-fed twice and the third hand-fed ounds. No charge was made for salt or thrice daily. Three other groups were asture. Market price was figured at \$7 hand-fed twice daily but the feed was hundred pounds.

There was little difference in alfalfa water at all times. One group was hand-



Litter Mates (Hampshire Crossbred) But 69 Pounds Difference in Weight

Possibly the most important conclusion arrived at in conducting these numerous experiments was that invariably the hogs given free choice of properly prepared feed placed in a self-feeder excelled those that were hand-feed even as often as three times daily. And it was the old-fashioned feeder, the kind that any farmer can make, that did the work. Even breeding gilts have been successfully self-fed that way, and when I saw them every sow was thrifty in apeparance and apparently in prime condition for the work of producing and rearing pigs.

After being weaned in the spring the gilts were placed on rape pasture June 15. Shorts, tankage and oilmeal in separate feeders was provided for them and salt was supplied at all times. Shelled corn was feed by hand twice daily, hand-feeding of the fat producing food being considered preferable in this test. The entire herd of 48 gilts averaged 180 pounds October 25 and were a growthy, thrifty lot.

After 120 Days Alfalfa Pasturage. The Big Pig Had Corn.

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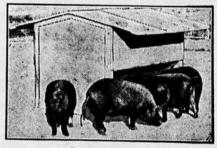
After 120 Days Alfalfa Pasturage. The Big Pig Had Corn.

Consumption on all three groups during fed twice daily on mixed feed but the season. To begin with the pigs fed water given was weighed as prescribed bittle corn ate more ealfalfa than those on builting pige fed water given was weighed as prescribed bittle eorn ate more ealfalfa than those on builting pige fed twice daily on mixed feed but the desaon. To begin with the pigs fed water given was weighed as prescribed bittle gorn ate more ealfalfa than those on builting pige grew. In the foregoing experiment, as in all ittel corn ate more ealfalfa than those by the group was the fed pigs grew. In the foregoing experiment, as in all ittel going are at more forage than group and an average daily gain of a samil one the larger fellows began to more t

pounds gain. The cost of feed was \$6.35 and the profit a pig 62 cents.

and the profit a pig 62 cents.

In the three groups hand-fed on feed mixed according to approved standards those handled according to the Kellner (recent German) method did best. These pigs weighed 121 pounds each and consumed 283 pounds corn, 59 pounds middlings and 66 pounds tankage for each 100 pounds gain. The feed cost \$6.03 and the profit was 77 cents. The group fed according to the Wolff-Lehmann standard (German) did the poorest of all, weighing but 101 pounds each at close of the 100 day period. They ate 334 pounds corn, 55 pounds middlings and 57 pounds tankage costing \$6.42 for each 100 pounds gain and the profit was



The Iowa Self-Feeder. Simple Inexpensive.

but 34 cents a pig. The group fed according to the Dietrich method, water being weighed, were next in competing for the booby prize. While they weighed 125 pounds each at close of the test they ate 311 pounds corn, 64 pounds middlings and 61 pounds tankage costing \$6.35 for 100 pounds gain and cutting the profit to 54 cents a pig. The Dietrich fed group given free access to water did the profit to 54 cents a pig. The Dietrich fed group given free access to water did better. They weighed 127 pounds each after eating 304 pounds corn, 63 pounds middlings, and 60 pounds tankage costing \$6.21 and would have sold at a profit of 67 cents a pig. In these experiments shelled corn was estimated at 70 cents, wheat middlings at \$1.45 and tankage at \$2.50 for 100 pounds. So relatively little of the salt, ash and charcoal was consumed that it was not considered in figuring profits. figuring profits.

Now here is the "meat" in this pig feeding experiment. The pigs provided proper feeds for growth and fat but allowed to balance their own ration had "hog sense" enough to choose just the proportional amounts necessary for the proportional amounts necessary for the most economical gains. Although they ate but 1 pound more in total weight of feed to the 100 pound gain than the Kellner mixed food lot the self-fed group averaged 34 pounds more weight and the cost of feed was 13 cents a hundred pounds less. The self-fed group ate less middlings and less tankage, the highest priced feeds, than any group. In the hand fed groups the pigs were allowed to eat at each feeding time until satisfied when the troughs were removed. In another experiment self-fed pigs weighing 42 pounds at 2½ months provided free choice of shelled corn, wheat middlings and tankage for 100 days ate exactly the same amount of corn—300 pounds—the same tankage and but 1 pound more middlings. These tests seem conclusive proof that the hog knows his business. In this latter experiment another group weighing 42 pounds each, free-choice self-fed for 100 days on corn supplemented with high protein corn products: gluten meal, cludays on corn supplemented with high protein corn products; gluten meal, gluten feed and oil-cake meal, averaged only ten feed and oil-cake meal, averaged only a fraction more than 88 pounds. These pigs ate 461 pounds of corn, 1 pound gluten meal, 24 pounds gluten feed and 63 pounds oil-cake meal to the 100 pounds gain, at a cost of \$7.03. Evidently the pig did not know enough to balance a strictly corn ration and ate so much shelled corn that it prevented rapid and economical growth.

More Good Stuff Coming.

The experiments described are only a few of those carried on at the Iowa Experiment station this year and others will be told about in later issues of the Farmers Mail and Breeze. Boys who enter the Capper Pig Club contest will be given some very valuable informa-tion which should enable them to show extremely profitable gains before the contest ends. Even if the contestant's sow and pigs must be kept in a dry lot from beginning until close of the contest there is a chance to win. "A little milk works wonders," asserts Evvard. It did work wonders in one experiment where bred sows placed in a dry lot before the (Continued on Page 30.)

Arthur Capper, Eighth and Jackson St., Topeka, Kan.

I hereby make application for selection as the representative of

I will send recommendations as requested, I will read carefully the bulletin entitled "The Feeding and Growing of Swine" published by the Kansas State Agricultural college, will follow all instructions carefully and will keep an accurate record of the weight of the sow when received, the weight of the sow and pigs when slaughtered, sold, or at the end of the contest, and the quantity of feed fed to the sow and her litter. I will do all the work myself as far as possible and will give complete direction as to how it is to be done at any time when I cannot do it myself.

and the water a connect do it myself.	
Signed	Age
Approved1	Parent or Guardian
Postoffice	

Cattle Pay the Best

Livestock Farming Is a Profitable System in Every County in the State

By F. B. Nichols

Livestock farming is winning in western Kansas. This is the most obvious thing in the study of the agriculture of the western third of the state, and it is a most hopeful indication of a more progressive and profitable future. It has been shown definitely that livestock farming will produce more money over an extended period than any grain farming system. The man who keeps a proper amount of livestock is always reasonably certain of getting the grocery bills paid.

always reasonably certain of getting the grocery bills paid.

A system of farming for the western third which is founded on livestock, drouth resistant crops and pit silos is reasonably permanent and certain. A grain farming plan is certain in but one thing, there will be many years in which there will be very little income. There there will be very little income. There will be years when the income from the will be years when the income from the grain crops will be high, of course, take northwestern Kansas as an example of that this year, but these years are not so frequent as might be desired. A proper acreage of the grain crops along with the livestock usually makes up an acceptable farming practice, and also allows one to get a good profit when a favorable season like the present one comes along.

favorable season like the present one comes along.

There is a very definite danger that farmers will be carried away by the fine results with the grain crops this season, however, and grow them, especially wheat, too much. If this occurs it will be most unfortunate. One would do well to consider the past experiences in the western third before he starts in for exclusive grain farming.

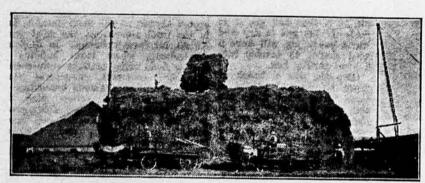
Here is the vital fact: The most prosperous and contented farmers in west-

Here is the vital fact: The most prosperous and contented farmers in western Kansas, as a class, are the livestock men. Just consider the examples of E. J. Guilbert of Wallace, the Middleton Brothers of Goodland, C. C. Cole and F. G. Goellart of Colby, A. L. Lee of Norton, C. F. Behrent of Oronoque, Thomas Jeffery of Norcatur and Charles Morrison of Phillipsburg. These men believe in livestock and they have made their money largely in this way. Most their money largely in this way. Most of them handle a proper acreage of grain, but they have not gone "wheat

"One of the greatest needs of this sec-"One of the greatest needs of this section is a greater appreciation of livestock," said H. T. Neilson of Norton, the district agricultural agent for northwestern Kansas, a few days ago. "Livestock, drouth resistant crops and pit silos make a combination that will win here, and give good profits. The fine results that have been produced along this line by the leaders have shown forcefully that there is to be a great development with livestock in the next development with livestock in the next

few years."

The man who features livestock is certain of his living, and at the same time he is in a position to take ad-vantage of good wheat years, too. For example, there is Thomas Jeffery of Norcatur. Mr. Jeffery is a leading live-stock man of his section; he has handled back gattle outercively; and beef cattle extensively, and he now is getting started into Holsteins. He has silos, and he features drouth resistant crops. This year Mr. Jeffery had 400 acres of wheat which averaged more than 25 bushels an acre. He produced 7800 bushels of wheat last season, and



Along the Streams Where It Will Grow Well.

and then to put the rest of the effort on the grain crops, which are uncertain but highly profitable some years.

Wheat has paid very well at Norcatur in the last two years, but this is no indication that the crop of 1916 will be profitable. It is reasonably certain that livestock, especially dairy cows, will pay, however, and that the drouth resistant crops such as feteriate. Dwarf kafir, mile and Sudan grass which were the followed by the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want which were the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want where the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want where the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want where the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the days of want where the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and thus conserved for the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and the feed to be saved in the feed to be saved in the favorable years, and the favorable years, and the favorable years, and ita, Dwarf kafir, milo and Sudan grass will produce at least some feed. By taking the diversified system one is

playing safe.
You can find similar examples all over western Kansas. It is libelous to say that this section goes in for exclusive grain farming—it does not, but too many farmers do. In that section, as in many communities farther east, there is not the respect for the more successful farmers that there ought to be.

The one of the big needs of western kansas is for the average farmers to wake up more extensively to the value of pit silos, and then dig them.

In connection with this, a larger acreage of the drouth resistant crops is of vital importance. There is a big acre-

Some astonishing results have been produced by the grain farmers who have persisted in their wrong methods, take the famous—or infamous—Colby "blown strip" for example. This section is an-chored down with weeds and crops in the more favorable places now, but if the more ravorable places now, but it it is subjected to grain farming again, and the seasons come as they did, the same trouble will be encountered, although perhaps it will not cause so much loss for the farmers have gained experience in handling it. But there will be other "blown strips" in future seasons in the exclusive grain growing communities, while a farming system based on livestock and a proper grain acreage will tend to avoid this.

Another farmer who has demon-Another farmer who has demonstrated that a proper grain acreage in connection with livestock pays is C. F. Behrent of Oronoque. His wheat averaged about 30 bushels an acre this year, and he had a good acreage, too. With his livestock he is breeding purebred Herefords and Poland Chinas and he is finding that they way wall too. finding that they pay well, too.

One of the especially inspiring stories of success through the combination live-

and thus conserved for the days of want which experience has shown are certain to come. A vast amount of feed has been wasted in the western third in the last two seasons which could have been saved if the silage room had been available. One of the big needs of western Kansas is for the average farmers to

In connection with this, a larger acreage of the drouth resistant crops is of vital importance. There is a big acreage of corn in western Kansas this year -a much larger acreage than the ex-perience of the past with this crop would justify. The leading livestock farmers are not planting this crop extensively as a rule, either—it generally is planted by the men from back east, who are determined to use the methods of the humid sections in western Kansas. While they got fair corn yields this season they are just as certain to have low yields in the future. The best demonstrated fact in crop growing in western Kansas is that the drouth resistant crops will greatly outyield corn over a series of years in both grain and silage. With this as an axiom it is quite obvious that corn has but a small place in the agriculture of that section.

An encouraging factor in the progress of better farming in western Kansas is the increasing interest in dairying. If you will get out among the average farmers you will find that many of them are thinking more kindly of cows than ever before, and you also will find many who are starting into milking on a small scale. If you do not believe this a talk with the grown befores talk with the cream buyers at the staof success through the combination lives at the success through th 7800 bushels of wheat last season, and \$16 left. That was the start; today of this he sold more than 6000 bushels he and his four sons, who all live on who have been milking cows have quit at \$1.45 a bushel—this was during a farms near him and with him make up very favorable time. Now not all the famous Middleton community, own have made from grain—this was to be expected anyway—but it also is true farmers Mail and Breeze. Papa thinks expected anyway—but it also is true. expected anyway—but it also is true that there is a growing appreciation that dairying has an important place.

are that there is a big place for live-stock, drouth resistant crops and pit silos, and that exclusive wheat farming is not the most profitable system, when taken over a series of average years.

Good Average For Pigs

F. B. Boyd of Jamesport, Mo., breeder F. B. Boyd of Jamesport, Mo., breeder of the original big bone spotted Polands had an excellent, well attended pig sale with an average of \$30. Col. P. M. Gross of Macon, Mo., Col. Charlie Nelson of Trenton and Col. J. Zack Wells of Kansas City, did the selling. The entire offering of 40 head was disposed of in two hours. Here is a list of the representative sales:

Number	
1-H. L. Faulkner, Jamesport, Mo\$3	
2-Jno. Hunter, Princeton, Mo 2	
4 Francis Authoritina, Mo 2	
4-Francis Aubray, Green City, Mo 5	
5-Wm. Lentz, Jamesport, Mo 8	1
9-R. Cole, Jamesport, Mo 2	i
Laren Loomis, Diamond Springs	
Nan	1
TODE. MCCray, Jamesport, Mo. 9	
Jan. Penn. Jamesport. Mo 9	
13-Geo. Goodbar, Gallatin Mo. 2	
17-E. C. Maharg, Harris, Mo 2	
19-Leonard Summers, Jamesport, Mo 2	
20-C. L. Downing, Gallatin, Mo 3	
22-J. H. Snider, Jamesport, Mo 2	
26-Albert Vands Gallert, Mo 3	
26-Albert Vaugh, Gallatin, Mo 3	
27-Chas. Hunter, Princeton, Mo 3	
32-Ralph Loomis, Bonner Springs, Mo 3	
ot-E. L. Beans, Tina. Mo 9	Ę
35-W. S. Lillitt, Munce, Okla	Ē
37-R. A. Miller, Jamesport, Mo 3	i

This Offering Was Right

farmers can carry on their farming operations so successfully as Mr. Jeffery, perhaps, but all can afford to consider his plan. His system is to handle some lines in which he is certain of a reasonable income every year, and then to put the rest of the effort on the grain crops, which are uncertainty. One of the best offerings of the seaaverage of \$35 on 70 head was not bad but it might have been more without hurting any of the buyers. The prices ranged from \$25 to \$70. Mr. Gurthet expressed himself as being very much pleased with the sale. Cols. Gross, McClure and Hamilton were the auctioneers. This is a list of the buyers and representative prices: and representative prices:

14.0 (c. 5.1)	
Number	
3-J. L. Winner, Pattonsburg, Mo\$5	•
4-T. A. Coplinger, Moberly, Mo 5	
6-Oliver Forber Temperty, Mo 5	
6-Oliver Farber, Jameson, Mo 6	
7-A. M. Tipton, Milan, Mo 4	5
8-Arthur Vest, Pattonsburg, Mo 4	8
9-J. W. Monk, McFall, Mo 4	5
10-J. F. Childs, McFall, Mo 3	2
12-W. N. Head, St. Joseph, Mo.	
15-J. A. Fiber, Pattonsburg, Mo 3	
17-Col. Hamilton, Maysville, Mo 5:	
21—Bridges Bros., Slater, Mo 41	
24-Louis Roberts, Jameson, Mo 4	
28-W. J. Morris, Pattonsburg, Mo 3:	1
29-C. E. Lowry, Pattonsburg, Mo 4	3
37-J. A. Fanning, Pattonsburg, Mo 30	
48-W. S. Mauring, McFall, Mo 3	1

Martin Kelly's Duroc Sale

A very good crowd of farmers and A very good crowd of farmers and breeders was in attendance at Martin Kelly's annual fall sale at Verdon, Neb., November 3. The offering was 'good and very well appreciated although there were some real snaps as there always are in auctions of this kind. Lack of fitting to some extent were the same of the fitting to some extent was responsible for low prices and a declining market made the bidding conservative. Col. J. C. Price had the sale in charge and gave out telling arguments in favor of pure-bred stock. He was very ably assisted by Col. Whitaker and Col. Scott. The two highest priced boars went to Kan-sas. John Hern of Elmo, Kan., bought two at \$50 each. A list of part of the sales follows:

N. O.Giesman, Humboldt,	Neb.	(32)		3.0	37		24
A. J. Weaver, Falls City.	Neh			•	ů	•	
A. J. Weaver		••	• •	•	•	•	
Frank Lichte, Falls City,			• •	• •			
Por Chible Bells City,	Neb.						. 3
Roy Shible, Falls City, Ne	D						. 2
A. J. Weaver							. 2
J. N. Weaver, Verdon, Neb							. 3
L. R. Parsons, Verdon, Ne	b			i i	ñ	68	. 0
John Hern, Elmo, Kan		•	•	•	•	*	
W. W. Arnold, Verdon, Ne			٠.	• •	•		. 5
I D Talmman Stall Ne	D				٠		. 3
L. R. Trimmer, Stella, Ne	D						. 3
A. J. Weaver							. 3
Jake Blue, Falls City, Ne	b	20.2	Alta	000	313		. 3
R. C. Illes, Everest, Kan					ı	0	3
James Radekin, Rulo, Neb		105		٠.	٠	•	
J. A. Proett & Son Alexan	dela		::.			•	

it is the best paper he can find to adtion is about through the period of readjustment which every new section must go through—the period in which eggs for me and six little ducks hatched there is a vast difference of opinion in regard to the best farming practice, many of the axioms of farming in western Kansas are now well established. sons. Our ponies are named Trixey and Spin. We can ride or drive them as we have two little saddles and a little cart. We take the eggs and cream to town for mamma lots of times.

Morland, Kan. Tina McFadden.



Country, and This Type of Farming Will Give the Best Profit.

Zook for the Ward

Time for Hog Talk in Kansas structural woods, but its superior qualities have made it the popular choice for many purposes. Southern yellow pine is universally recognized as the best ma-

What to Do and How to Do it Properly

BY P. H. PAGETT.

THE RAISING of hogs in Kansas seems simple at first thought. But, when we consider the fact that a 300-pound hog must pass through the hands of a shipper, a railroad company or two, a stockyards company, a commission firm, a packer, a wholesale firm, a traveling man, and a retail dealer before it reaches the consumer the problem becomes important. Every one concerned takes off a generous slice and we may consider our-selves lucky if the 300-pound porker has not dwindled to a suckling

pig when we measure our profits. The Kansas City market was short 18,800 cars of livestock in 1912. This market needed 2,000,165 cattle in 1901 and 3,716,404 hogs, while in 1912 only 1,943,390 cattle and 2,523,331 hogs were required. During this time there was an increase of 25 per cent in the population of the country. It can readily be seen that something must be done to produce more livesteek at lower cost.

produce more livestock at lower cost.

I suggest that every farmer breed his sows so that he will have a carload of fat hogs to market at one time. He should ship them to market himself, consigned to some reliable commission firm and if he does not get the top price he should learn the reason and correct the error the next time. If 75 or 100 pigs are farrowed at the same time they will be easier to handle and feed than if they were of different ages and sizes. The feeder will take ages and sizes. The feeder will take more pride in them and naturally give them the best care.

When the sows are bred turn them into an alfalfa pasture. The larger the pasture the better it will be for the Give them a feed of corn and shorts both morning and evening. If this plan is followed the sows will wander from a few hundred yards to half a der from a few hundred yards to half a mile from their sleeping place during the day, gathering green feed and insects. This may be a little hard on the alfalfa but it is good for the sows. The more closely one follows Nature's plans the more successful he will be. When the sow has plenty of exercise, sufficient protein in the feed, a decent place to farrow, and is treated kindly she will pay a large dividend on investment. The sow that is treated in this way rarely will have milk fever and starve her pigs and I have never known one that was and I have never known one that was cared for in this manner to eat her pigs.

If the weather is bad and there is danger of the pigs freezing some one should be with the sow at farrowing time. Line a box with old woolen cloth and put a jug filled with warm water, warm brick inside and cover the



box with a blanket. Dry every pig with a piece of flannel as soon as it arrives and place it in the box. Keep the pigs in the box until the sow is through farrowing and is quiet, then take out one pig at a time and get it to feed. If the bed is dry and warm every pig will have a good chance to develop into

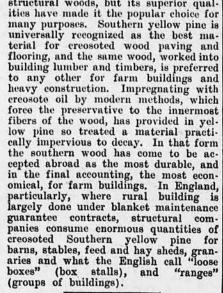
good chance to develop into a good thrifty hog. Give the sow a bunch of green alfalfa and plenty of clean water from which the chill has been removed and then do not bother her for 24

hours. The feed may be gradually increased so that she will be on full feed in one month. By this time she should be accustomed to alfalfa. Both sow and litter should have free access to pasture. Build a creep where the pigs can be fed by themselves when the sow begins to get thin. Shelled corn and shorts will make a good feed for the pigs and they make a good feed for the pigs and they should be fed just what they will clean up readily about three times a day. When the pigs are 10 weeks old the mother should be put in a dry lot adjoining the pasture and the pigs allowed to run in and out. The sow will "dry up" readually and in a few days can be taken gradually and in a few days can be taken away from the pigs. There will be little danger of spoiled udders if this method of weaning is practiced.

The pigs should be compelled to rustle in the alfalfa field and have no increase of feed for six or eight weeks. With the use of good judgment the pigs can be kept growing and the cost of production reduced one half. The hog is an early riser during the summer. He leaves the bed very early in the morning and forages while it is cool. If fed and watered later he will rest in the shade until it gets cool again in the evening and then go out and graze. He will come back and stay just long enough to get the evening feed, after which he will stay on the alfalfa until late at night. the use of good judgment the pigs can late at night.

It is a good plan to treat the hogs for lice about every two months. The treatment should consist of two sprayings about seven days apart. Any standard hog dip or crude oil can be used for this purpose. They also should have a treatment for worms. Three doses of five grain of santonin in three consecutive feeds followed with a dose of glauber salts will be effective. If lung worms are present sprinkle the sleeping quarters with a little turpentine. It is a good practice to keep a mixture of copperas, charcoal, and salt or the government hog cholera remedy before the hogs P. H. Pagett. at all times.

Beloit, Kan.



Old Trusty Poland Sale

T. E. Durbin of King City, Mo., had one of the greatest sales of the season. Trusty King, the state fair winner won the hearts of the breeders not alone as an individual but as a great breeder. The sale was conducted by Col. R. L. Harriman, Col. W. D. Gibson and Col. Louis Davis. A. M. Tipton of Milan, Mo., topped the sale at \$150. Bennett Bros., of Lee's Summit, Mo., got a daughter of Big Bob at \$130; these were the only yearlings in the offering. It was gen-erally conceded that E. E. Carver & Son of Guilford, Mo., bought the best pig in the sale. He was sired by Trusty King. The buyers:

Ating. The buyers:
Number •
1-A. M. Tipton, Milan, 10
2-Bennett Bros., Lees summit, Mo 1
3-E. E. Carver & Son Guilford Mo
4-Marion Miller, Stanberry, Mo
5-Bridges Bros., Slater. Mo 1
7-Wm, Seiffer, Hempie, Mo
8-W. W. Herd, St. Joe, Mo 9-J. K. James, Island City, Mo 1
9-J. K. James, Island City, Mo 1
10-Vantz Bros., Alb ny, Mo
11-Jno. Belcher, Raymore Mo
14-Ott Bros., Helena. Mo
15-O. Dennis, Chai, Shirg III
17-W. B. Wallace, Benceton, Mo
18-Will Ott, Union Star A
19-O. L. Garrett, Rea. Mo
20-T. E. Durbin, King City Mo 25-Wm. Kitchner, King City, Mo
25-Wm. Kitchner, King City, Mo
26-H. H. Callus, Pattonsburg, Mo
30-E. G. Fisher, King City Mo
34-Fred Cook, King City Mo.
36-R. C. Heeley, Amity, Mo
31-Jno. McCall, Albany, Mo
42-Evert McFall, Albany, Mo
44-J. A. Danielson, King City, Mo
45-Harry Workman, Union Star, Mo
47-E. W. Mosley, Weatherby, Mo
49-W. W. Head, St. Joseph, Mo
50—Geo. Bushold, King City, Mo
51-H. A. Crawford, Rea, Mo
52-O. C. Brown, King City, Mo
53-Wm. Ketchum, King City, Mo

TURN OVER TIME

When Nature Hints About the Food. When there's no relish to food and

all that one cats doesn't seem to do any good then is the time to make a turnover in the diet, for that's Nature's way of dropping a hint that the food isn't the kind required.

"For a number of years I followed railroad work, much of it being office work of a trying nature. Meal times were our busiest; and eating too much and too quickly of food such as is com-monly served in hotels and restaurants, together with the sedentary habits, were not long in giving me dyspepsia and stomach trouble which reduced my weight from 205 to 160 pounds.

"There was little relish in any food

and none of it seemed to do me any good. It seemed the more I ate the poorer I got and was always hungry before another meal, no matter how much I had eaten.

Then I commenced a trial of Grape-Nuts food, and was surprised how a small saucer of it would carry me along, strong and with satisfied appetite, until the next meal, with no sen-Prior to the outbreak of the European sations of hunger, weakness or distress

in my family have taken up the use of Grape-Nuts with complete satisfaction and much improvement in health.

ents been woefully curtailed.

Not American lumber costs more at all appears from time to time. They are a times in Europe than do many other genuine, true, and full of human interest.





SOUTH BEND WATCH CO. 2711 Studebaker St. South Bend, Ind.







Few Drones at K. S. A. C.

Fifty-five per cent of the students at the Kansas State Agricultural college— 5 per cent more than was the case last given by 182. year-are earning their way wholly or in part. Forty per cent are entirely selfsupporting.

Of the men students 55 per cent sup-port themselves completely, while 17 per cent more do this in part, leaving only 28 per cent that rely entirely on their parents for their income. As is always the case, the proportion of women students who support themselves is lower. Twenty-four per cent are entirely self-supporting and 9 per cent more are partly self-supporting.

More than 100 occupations are repre-More than 100 occupations are represented among the parents of the college students, though the fathers of nearly half of those who gave data on the subject are farmers. Of the 2,266 students enrolled in the fall term 316 did not state their parents' occupations. A

total of 893 of the remainder said their fathers were farmers, while 60 more referred to their fathers as ranch-"Retired" was the classification

Europe Misses Our Lumber

war many billion feet of American lumber were consumed annually in England,
France, Germany, Belgium, and Italy,
For Southern yellow pine, particularly,
ment has been so great all the others
for Southern yellow pine, particularly,
ment has been so great all the others there was an enormous and insistent demand, as that wood is even more popular for general construction uses in foreign countries than it is in America, where it supplies more than 36 per cent of all the lumber consumed. The Euro-therefore need a food that is predigested and concentrated in nourishment."

"There's a Reason."

"There's a Reason." try, but since fighting has become the principal business abroad the traffic has been woefully curtailed.

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one

Capper Against War Boosters was a special writer for the "Fur News" magazine of New York City, formerly editor of one of the largest trapping publications in America, and at present is editor-in-chief of a similar department in "Rod & Gun." Not many the first News" Not many the first News" Not many the first News" Expenditures Proposed For "Preparedness"

the governor said, in part:

I have conscientiously tried to stand
by the President of the United States

But, with all my loyalty—nay, because of my loyalty to my country, I cannot bring myself willingly to consent to the mad program of putting peaceful America on a military basis. It is, to my mind, worse than folly; it is an unspeakable crime, which, if it is accomplished may be expiated in human blood by our children and our children's children to children and our children's children to untold generations. I cannot subscribe to any policy which will send our Kansas boys—your sons and brothers—to die in needless warfare in the wilds of Mexico or on the high seas. We need our boys at home more than we need military glory. My friends, it must not be! The sane people of this country, the patriotic people of this country, the Christian people of this country, must stand as a unit against it.

We know that Europe is bleeding to

Before war began in Europe we were spending 67 per cent of our national income on war, past and future. Germany was spending 55 per cent. France and England 35. Why are we so unprepared

In this mad hysteria for preparedness the West is keeping its head, but the nation as a whole—it cannot be denied -has lost its balance for the moment.

It is not my habit of mind or tongue to impugn the motives of any man. I thank God that by temperament I have an abiding faith in my fellows. My 50 years of life in contact with all sorts and conditions of men, have strengthened rather than weakened that faith. But it is apparent to me—and it seems to me that it should be apparent to every observer-that the clamor for a military policy comes from two sources, the weak, emotional alarmists, tem-peramentally hysterical, unsafe and a peramentally hysterical, unsafe and a constant menace to their community and the nation and the professional fighters, men who glory in the glory of war, who have been longing all their lives for a taste of the real thing. And these professional butchers are backed by manufacturers who see hundreds of millions of dollars looming up ahead of them and whose fingers itch to get hold

straining every nerve to compromise us while the war scare they have so adroitly worked up is at its height. If they succeed, if we let them hurry us into this death trap—nothing is surer than that we shall be involved in a

IN several speeches, recently, Governor with their enormous natural resources and teeming populations, will take up the proposed "Billion Dollars for Preparedness" urged by the present administration at Washington. In an address at Kansas City, Kan., last week, old-world blunder repeated in this hemistrate governor said in part: isphere. We shall inevitably begin car-

the result of the average of the average that the state of the average of the average that the state of the average of the ave

the ammunition manufacturers to stampede this country into a military program that prepares not for home defense, but for carrying war across the seas.

Consider what immense benefits we could get by expending even a part of this vast sum on public roads. The price of just one modern battleship would build at least three trunk line death.

Yet in this country wild and frenzied appeals are now being made to us to hard-surface them to boot. For the arm against these war-exhausted, war-price of two battleships, we could grid-iron Kansas from end to end with concrete or tarviatel roadways. And good a tremendous factor in the defense of any country. They are absolutely necessary for the handling of troops and throws all of the risk upon the tenant if he is financially responsible. If not, artillery, as well as for the adequate the owner may lose part or all of his movement of supplies and munitions. This is a kind of preparedness we might well undertake and could undertake the owner may lose part or all of his rent, but usually he takes no further risks.

Land country. well undertake and could undertake without arousing the distrust or enmity without arousing the distrust or enmity found to be more rapidly exhausted of our friends and neighbors among nathan the farm operated by the owner tions, and without wasting our money. or rented for shares.

Then we should know no such thing as

Cash crops must be

idle men in America.

I would not in the slightest degree lessen the dignity of the American flag, or lower the standing of our nation among the peoples of the world. But ably will become more prevalent and designity and respect depend no more upon brute force among nations than men. It is no longer necessary to be a bully in order to command respect or

maintain dignity. American citizens has been destroyed and confiscated by the battling mobs in Mexico. This we deplore. But no patriotic citizen has the moral right—whatever his technical, legal rights may beto run the risk of involving an hundred of them.

These men who are purposely, deliberately, systematically, cruelly and wickedly promoting this war hysteria in the United States for the fat contracts it will bring them, know they give the American people time to think they will never commit themselves to the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism are the policy of militarism. So they are to make a few extra thousand dollars for himself. We may have the legal a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lectures on such subjects as rural architecture, water supplets a series of general lecture million people in war, to gratify a per-sonal whim, a passion for travel, or to make a few extra thousand dollars

Expert Help For Trappers

than that we shall be involved in a by GEORGE J. THIESSEN.

BY GEORGE J. THIESSEN.

Are you prepared to pay the price in blood and tears and peace and progress that Europe is paying for a cycle of preparedness and one brief year of war?

I see only unending misfortune in this stenographer's fees, stationery and step. Let the United States arm itself to the teeth and straightway the rapidly growing republics of South America,

BY GEORGE J. THIESSEN.

George J. Thiessen, an authority on tinued to adjust the fixtures, "Didn't you hear my question?" demanded Mrs. Codding. "How dare you be so rude?"

The German gulped convulsively, and then, in the most gentle of voices, replied:

The German gulped convulsively, and then, in the most gentle of voices, replied:

"I haf my mouth full of screws, und trifte to all who send 25c to pay for them, in the most gentle of voices, replied:

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"I have the fixtures.

"Didn't you hear my question?"

BOOK

"Are you prepared to pay the price in tinued to adjust the fixtures.

"Didn't you hear my question?"

"ACCOUNT BOOK

"ACCOU

Not more than five questions will be answered for any one reader each issue. Write plainly, giving full name and address. Be brief and clear with questions. Address all inquiries to Trapping Department, the Farmers Mail and Breeze.

Questions to be answered by letter direct must be marked "personal" and

the governor said, in part:

I have conscientiously tried to stand by the President of the United States in every position he has taken in regard to the European War and the Mexican Anarchy. This is no time for the honest citizen who has the least strain of patrictism in his make-up, to "play polities" or indulge in partisanship. With all Europe plunged in a mad debauchery of blood; with the whole world in a tense, strained, hysterical condition; with the possibility of one false move plunging us in the dreadful conflict—to maintain an attitude of the strictest loyalty and supreme faith in those to whom are entrusted the destinies of our nation.

But, with all my loyalty—nay, because of my loyalty to my country, I cannot bring myself willingly to consent to the mad program of putting peaceful American Latins unending possibilities in the dreadful conflict.

Then a coalition against the means of turning these nations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning these nations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning those notions armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning those notions are calculations against the means of turning those notions are calculations against the means of turning those notions are calculations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning those nations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning those nations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the means of turning those nations into armed camps, just as occurred in Europe, Then a coalition against the European deaded and hated U. S. by these South American Latins will bring about the all Europe at loss to both. Figures gathered on the first stroke and conditions of the contract should be a loss to both. Figures a loss to both. Figures aloss to both. Figures aloss to bot -tenfold. It means a crushing burden owner 3.6 per cent. The tenant who added to the already over-burdened rented his crop land for a share and his wage-earner, producer and taxpayer.

I hope the people of Kansas will oppose vigorously the attempt of the eastern jingoes, the battleship builders and the amount the amount of the right of fleed or all or part of the right of fleed or all or part of the right of fleed or

all or part of the risk of flood or drouth than the average tenant. The

It was in a city that 1,200 hungry, shivering men were counted in the bread line, one night last winter. Farming may not be the best paid business in the world, but it never needs a bread line nor a free soup house to keep its workers from starving. starving.

Cash crops must be relied upon much more exclusively by the amount and must pay a fixed cash rent as securing

Short Course for Artisans

Blacksmiths, millwrights, automobile It is true that the lives of American men, surveyors, road overseers, and citizens have been lost in the war zone county commissioners, as well as farm-of the Atlantic and the property of ers will have a chance, this winter, to ers will have a chance, this winter, to get at the agricultural college some practical work helpful in their occupations. Special short courses in traction en-gines, concrete construction, shop work, and road building have been announced for the ten weeks in which farm work is usually slack, from January 4 to March 15. Experts in the college will

Mrs. Codding was having some new window fixtures put up in her house one day, and she stood near by watching the workman.

"Don't you think you have placed those fixtures too high?" she asked.

The workman was a stolid German, and, making no reply whatever, continued to adjust the fixtures.

"Didn't you hear my question?" demanded Mrs. Codding. "How dare you be so rude?"

The German gulped convulsively, and then, in the most gentle of voices, replied:



Big Ben At Home On the Farm

In your room, or son's, or beside the hired man's bed. It's all the same to Big Ben for he's right at home. He knows it's his business to be first one up and to wake the others in time for morning chores.

Leave it to him to rouse the heavy sleepers-men who work long hard days andsleeplikelogsatnight.

He's at home on the farm and earns his keep the very first day, same as he's doing on thousands of farms.

If your dealer hasn't him, a money order addressed to his makers, Westclox, La Salle, Illinois, will bring him postpaid. \$2.50 in the States—in Canada, \$3.00.



6 LACE CURTAINS FREE ture free with each box, WILSON CHEMICAL CO., Dept. N. 104, TYRONE, PA.



Medal of Honor Awarded



Look for the Triangle

The New Perfection Line

The Superior Jury of Awards of the Panama-Pacific Exposition has awarded the New Perfection Line a medal of honor—this being the only line to be so distinguished. distinguished.

In addition, the NEW PERFEC-TION Heater received an individual Gold Medal, as did each of the oil-burn-ing devices bearing the NEW PER-FECTION name.

In all, it was a wonderful triumph—a sweeping tribute to quality—

-The quality you should demand when you buy your heater.

You need the NEW PERFECTION

because it is the greatest comfort you can install in your home; an aid to good health; a means to economy; the cleanest heat you can use.

Easy to care for; ready by striking a match; burns 10 hours on one gallon of oil; can't smoke. No trouble to re-wick, because wick and carrier are combined—the fresh wick all ready to put in, clean, smooth and ready to light.

Your dealer has the NEW PERFEC TION Oil Heater on exhibition, the heater that won the Gold Medal, from the Medal of Honor Line. He will be glad to show you the different models,

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (Indiana), CHICAGO, U.S. A For Best Results Use Perfection 011

ROOFING!

Galvanized Freight Paid Prices

Buy Your Roofing Now Prices W-R-E-C-K-E-D

Send us your order now. We will give you the buying treat of your life. We have literally wrecked and smashed all previous prices. We absolutely save you from 1/8 to 1/2 on staple quality roofings. We are prepared to furnish you every grade of Ready Roofings, Metal Roofings, Ceiling and everything needed in the covering line.

This is the greatest sale of roofing we have ever advertised. We advise that you order direct from this advertisement. We guarantee satisfaction—your meney back if you are not pleased. Our 23 years of honest dealing is your eafeguard.

XALA PER ROLL

These Prices For Quick Buyers Order Now. Be Sure to Mention Correct Lot Number

Lot No. 57 AR-310. AJAX high grade, rubber surface roofing, put up 108 square feet to the roll, two to three pieces to a roll, complete with nalls and cement. 3 ply, 94c; 2 ply. 38c; 1 ply, 74c; 2 ply, 38c; 2 p

All the above prices are f. o. b. cars Chicago, NOT freight prepaid.

FREICHT PREPAID PRICES

Send us to-day a sketch of your building, showing the size of your roof, length of raft-s, etc.; or if you want Ceiling or Siding, give us the dimensions, so we can readily figure it your requirements, and thereby give you freight prepaid prices that are bound to mean tremendous savings to you.

COUPON

C.H.W.Co., Dept. AR 57, Chicage
Send me free of all cost,
samples of roofing, and
quote me freight paid prices.
The kind of building I
have to cover is.

Length of Rafters ...

Do you want our Building

Roofing Price Wrecker AR52

Chicago House Wrecking Co. 35th and Iron Streets Chicago

How to Select Prize Corn

Pick Your Best Ears, Win the \$25 Capper Premium

BY JOHN F. CASE

A Champion Ear That Sold for \$50.

WELL-FILLED ear tips aren't the only thing to consider, hoys, when you are selecting corn for the Capper con-test, or any other test, or any other corn show. Usually the novice in the corn show game chooses ears that have good tips and butts no matter how lacking they may be in other important essentials. Almost all the samples I handled while judging the Capper boys corn contest last year showed that the exhibitors had selected the ears because of their nicely filled tips and well-rounded butts instead of considering length, circumference breed type and condition for seed. After

tion for seed. After A Champion Ear That Sold for \$50. wedge shaped but not growing show corn is only to secure better should be about 1½ times the kernel's seed corn. And to get an ear that will width at its widest part and it should count when we are shelling for seed next, he of uniform thickness. seed corn. And to get an ear that will count when we are shelling for seed next spring we must have around 10 inches in

length, not a nubbin of 8 inches or less.

Few standard varieties of corn grown in Kansas call for less than 10 inches in length or 71/2 inches in circumference. In selecting a 10 ear sample every effort should be made to have the entire sample uniform. Nothing displeases a judge more than to see a sample of corn varying in length and shape. It is an excellent plan to choose one ear coming as near standard requirements as you can find and use it as a model to select the remaining nine. The best shape for an ear of corn is as nearly cylindrical as possible. It should not be decidedly tapering but should carry the same thickness from butt to tip. Usually a tapering ear has shallow kernels toward the tip and a planter cannot drop them

evenly.

The size of an ear of corn intended for exhibition is important, but that feature should not be over-emphasized. I have yet to see unusually large ears that were as good for seed as the stand-ard size. Discard the ears that are overgrown because of weather conditions this year. Examine closely and you will see that every one has defects as a show specimen. Nor should the ears be small. The general rule is to select ears slightly above the medium in size and you will find by measuring ears of this kind that most of them come near the standard most of them.

dard requirements. The butt of your show ear should be well filled out with deep, regular kernels, compactly and evenly arranged about a cup-shaped cavity I inch in diameter. The stalk scar in most varieties should be about ¾ of an inch. See that the butt is not coarse and wide. Well filled tips add much to the attractiveness of a show ear and if cars can be found that come up to other requires. be found that come up to other requirements and also have tips filled near or over the end they will come mighty near winning the money. But it is better to have an ear of good size and length, properly proportioned and bearing deep kernels well out to the end than a short,

completely tipped one.

Corn for exhibition should be in good market condition. That means that it must be well matured. Samples in the

compact, with little space between the rows of kernel's. Wide rows of kernels. Wide furrows usually mean shallow kernels. Then, too, the cob should not be too coarse nor too fine but almost invariably the ear having a medium sized cob will produce deep kernels showing strong vitality. Large. strong vitality. Large, coarse cobs naturally contain more moist contain more moist-ure, the ears dry slowly and the germ may be damaged by freezing. It is possi-ble to get kernels too long and cebs toe alim, but as a rule the medium sized cob bearing compact, wedge shaped kernels is the one to select. Kernels should be

be of uniform thickness.

It is allowable to remove two kernels It is allowable to remove two kernels from an ear intended for exhibition in order to determine character of germ, size of cob and shape and size of kernels. These kernels should be taken from the same side of the car. The germ is very important and it should be examined carefully. It should be large, extending well over the surface of the kernel and when broken or cut open should present a bright, oily appearance.

should present a bright, oily appearance.

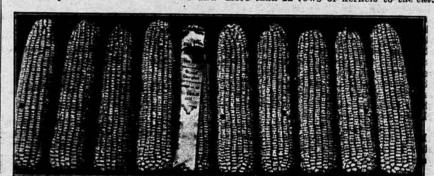
The ears of a sample of corn should be free from injury, smutted kernels and decayed or dead spots. An ear having % of the kernels dead is considered a dead ear and two dead ears bar the dead ear and two dead ears bar the sample. Kernels should be free from a mixture of colors. Mixture in yellow corn is indicated on the caps of kernels and on white corn on the kernels sides. Mixed kernels will disqualify your entry and unless your corn is from purebred seed it has no chance to win. Be sure that the cob in each ear of your sample is the proper color, for an off-colored cob also bars the entire sample. In yellow corn the cob should be deen colored cob also bars the entire sample. In yellow corn the cob should be deep red, in white corn, white. Possibly a few Kansas boys are growing St. Charles County white which is distinguished by having a bloed red cob. Intermediate or pink cobs in red cob varieties indicate a lack of purity.

The medium rough types usually are best. Ears that are fairly rough usually have a large circumference in proportion to length, small space between rows, and a deep grain. If your corn conforms to

a deep grain. If your corn conforms to breed type though, the judge is not likely to dwell long on the indentation, but in selecting the samples see that like every other particular the indenta-tion is uniform.

tion is uniform.

After all, boys, bear in mind that in selecting corn for exhibition you should be guided by the principles laid down in choosing good seed. No matter how fine an ear of corn may appear, nor how perfect it may be according to show standards, if it will not grow it should be thrown in the feeding crib. If you planted good seed, though, and the ears have grown on vigorous stalks you will find few ears that will not show strong germs. Twisting rows, flat or crooked ears, dropped rows and depressions on the ear are to be discriminated against. There should be not less than 16 nor contest last year had cobs so "sappy" the ear are to be discriminated against, that one could twist the ear in pieces. There should be not less than 16 nor See that your show ears are solid and more than 22 rows of kernels to the ear.



Notice the Uniformity of Ears in This San All Standard Length ple. Straight Rows and Good Butts and Tips.

Sport That Doesn't Pay

A Kansas farmer had a flock of 15 quails on his farm. One day he went to town, and as he bought his groceries he said to the merchant, "Come out some day next week. Pve a bunch of quail saved up for you." And the storekeeper went with dog and gun. As the day-closed, the merchant genially bade Mr. Farmer good-day, and the 15 quail lay lifeless in his automobile. The farmer, warm-hearted, friendly and neighborly, didn't realize the tragedy of it, or that he had robbed himself of the worth of a good horse just to show his good will. a good horse just to show his good will. The merchant would not have tolerated for a moment any desire to injure this for a moment any desire to injure this friend of his, but neither had he figured the cost. He saw only in anticipation the pleasure he would have in presenting to his wife the toothsome morsels.

Now let's go over to the ice-box and take out a few facts we have laid up.

Every one of these 15 quail had been picking up and destroying an average of 20 bugs, worms and insects a day. That would be 300 a day, and a little in excess of 2,000 a week, or about 10,000 a month. You can carry this along proportionately, as long as the supply of bugs and insects continues. And that is the cost of the pleasant time Mr. Farm. the cost of the pleasant time Mr. Farm-er gave to Mr. Merchant.

What about the next season for this farmer? Suppose he had conserved and cared for this flock of quail, and in turn each pair should raise a brood next year; how many insects and pests would all the birds together have relieved him of?

But he didn't conserve them. He still has a good supply of insect pests left over, however. They multiply a thous-and times more rapidly than the birds do, and this farmer positively deserves no pity whatever when the pests swarm no pity whatever when the pests swarm "Blue Gingham Folks," by Dorothy upon his fields and trees, and actually Donnell Calhoun, is a little collection of

ning seven days after freshening is 27.2 pounds of butterfat from 651 pounds of milk. Her sire is Sir Hengerveld De Kol Abbekerk 58779; her dam is Netherland America De Kol 99460. She was bred by Merritt Wilcox, Moravia, New York; and she is now a ward to the control of the c York; and she is now owned by Oliver Cabana Jr., Elma Center, New York. In the junior 4-year class of the eight months division she displaces Maple Crest Pontiac Girl 143952, whose record heading 1832 days from freshening in 1717. begun 353 days from freshening is 17.17 pounds of butterfat from 408.8 pounds

Books Received

A lively new story of business life is "The Business Adventures of Billy Thomas," by Elmer E. Ferris, Billy Thomas is a thoroughly likable young man and his efforts to make good are entertaining reading. He makes his start as a traveling selection and helps a discontinuous content. as a traveling salesman and helps a discouraged country merchant put new life into his business. Incidentally, Billy marries the merchant's daughter, but all this is only the beginning of the story. "The Business Adventures of Billy Thomas" is published by the MacMillan Company, 64-66 Fifth Avenue, New York.

"Happy Hollow Farm," by William R. Lighton, tells the author's own experience in moving from the city to an abandoned farm. The farm was bought to furnish the proper setting for a home Mr. and Mrs. Lighton had been planning Mr. and Mrs. Lighton had been planning for several years, but under wise management it proved to be a paying business proposition also. The book is written in an easy, entertaining stylethat makes enjoyable reading. "Happy Hollow Farm" is published by the George H. Doran Company, 38 West 32nd Street, New York.

Capper Prize, \$25 for Boys

F YOU ARE a Kansas boy between 10 and 18 years old, and grew an acre or more of corn, you cannot afford not to enter a 10 ear sample of your corn in the Capper Boys' Corn Show. The first prize is \$25, second and third prizes are bronze medals, and the next 10 samples will win honor diplomas signed by Mr. Capper. This show will be held in the Capper Building, Eighth and Jackson Streets, Topeka, Kan., December 11, 1915.

Pack 10 ears of corn carefully, being sure that your name and address is written plainly on the outside of the package, and send it to the Secretary, Capper Corn Show, the Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan., not earlier than November 25, nor later than December 2. After the show your corn is yours to do with as

destroy his crop. No one is so much stories about real persons, the everyday to blame as he. But he is not the only kind of folks who live and work and farmer blind to his best interests. Millove in a simple, homey way everyone lions of dollars' worth of grain and understands. All the characters are fruit are ruined yearly by insects and lovable from Miss Abby Bliss, the little bugs. It is the natural result brought seamstress who longed to make somewhere our over heads by as releases and upon our own heads by carelessness and profligacy. The revenue from the products wasted in this way in the United States in a few years would be sufficient to make comfortably independent every inhabitant, On the other hand we know that if bird life were extinct, five years nothing green would remain. Uncomfortable to think about, in't it?

you please.

If we are to realize the peril, it is our duty to adopt stringent regulations for all bird life. We do not need less law; perhaps we need more. Also we need education both of the farmer and the shooters of they may realize the inthe shooters, so they may realize the importance of the vast damage resulting from the killing of the birds and game, and so that restraint may be exercised not so much because of the act upon our statutes, as because of the real peril to be shunned. Let every farmer in Kansas prairie chickens, or your birds of any kind, sue him for the damage he unquestionably causes to your crop with every bird he kills. Liberal, Kan. G. M. Gle G. M. Glenn.

How's This For Creamy Milk?

A new record has been established A new record has been established for butterfat production in the junior dyear class, in the division covering tests begun not less than 240 days from freshening. The cow Milanhurst America De Kol 143441 produced 22.6 pounds of butterfat from 467 pounds of milk in seven consecutive days. She freshened when A years 2 months 0 days all when 4 years, 2 months, 9 days old, and Brother Ford? In a began her test 279 days from freshen-ing. Her record made on a test begin- nine seconds.—Life,

The packers say they do not know where the wide difference goes that is due to the low price paid the cattle producer and the high price paid to the meat dealer, but their profits of 37 per cent last year show where some of it went. An investigation by the Trade Commission might show something interest-ing about hog prices in October.

thing pretty and pink instead of spending her days on brown calico, to Euphrasia Tibbitts whose sudden rebellion against her husband's "closeness" made a bonfire of the wornout parlor furniture and wakened affection that had be shunned. Let every farmer in Kansas been asleep for 30 years. "Blue Gingham constitute himself a game warden on Folks" is published by the Abingdon his own land, and if some miscreant Press, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York. The shoots your quails or prairie chickens. price is 75 cents.

Some Menagerie

"It's funny, isn't it, that everybody in our family's some kind of an ani-

"Some kind of an animal, Bobby? What do you mean?"
"Well, mother's a dear, you know."
"Yes, certainly."
"And my baby sister is mother's little lamb, and I'm the kid, and dad's the goat."—Kellogg's Square Dealer.

Why not turn the navy over to Brother Ford? In six months he would be turning out a battleship every forty-

Heat all rooms with one fire



Heat your house all over-not in "spots" like this one.

Why not have safe, pleasant warmth distributed evenly all over your house, day and night, all winter long? Every year you do without radiator heating you are losing money, for over one-half of your house isn't used, because it is so chilly. You might as well cultivate only 10 of your 40 acres of corn—you get an income from the corn, so you work the full forty. You can get a fine "happy family" income from an all-over, evenly-heated house by putting in an outfit of

The gains and benefits to wife and children are great with IDEAL radia-tor heating. Instead of a "warm spot" right around the stoves in dining room and kitchen, you can open the whole house and heat it all with one fire run

low on moderate days and stronger on will be better and the doctor's bills won't eat into your bank account. Your wife will have the use of all the rooms; your children will be happier; no ash-dust, coal-gas, or dirt; and the fuel money you will save will astonish you beyond the big results obtained. or dirt; and the fuel money you will save will astonish you beyond the big results obtained. No more trouble to run the IDEAL-AMERICAN outfit, warming the whole house, than it is to lug coal and ashes for one stove which heats only one room with unhealthful "spotted" heat. Make up your mind to look into the heating proposition at once. Call up the nearest local dealer and get an estimate for heating your house with an IDEAL Boiler and AMERICAN Radiators. It is not necessary to have running water or live near water mains, for the water ment for the IDEAL Boiler may be placed in a side room or "lean-to" and will deliver the heat to the radiators just as you want it.

heat to the radiators just as you want it.

IDEAL Boilers burn the cheaper local fuels. You have no trouble to get splendid results from soft coal, screenings, lignite, wood, pea coal, oil, or gas, and putting in the outfit will boost the value of your property. You will have a lifetime of good service from the outfit without any necessity of repairs or overhaulings, no annual blackening, storing, etc.

The IDEAL Boiler will run continuously for 8 to 24 hours without requiring attention, depending on severity of the weather and easily attended by one of the young people in the household.

Folks who have installed IDEAL-AMERICAN heating will never have any other kind and that's as good recommendation as we can give to anyone.

OLD homes may be heated as easily as new ones, for there is no tearing out of walls or partitions, or confusion in installing IDEAL - AMERICAN outfits. Just as easy to put in, in the "dead" of winter! Safest heating known—no fire risk!

Write a postal-card today to us for our (free) book "Ideal Heating" Do this at once and learn all about this money-saving and comfort-bringing improvement, with which the most successful farm homes schools strong which the most successful farm homes, schools, stores, churches, etc. are heated. Don't put off writing for "Ideal Heating." Do it now.



A No. 020 IDEAL Boiler and 262 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner \$185, were used to heat this farm house, at which price the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include cost of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which vary according to climatic and other conditions. Warehouses and Showrooms in all AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY Department F-5 Chicago

Needed on Every Farm

You can cultivate your fields quicker and easier—keep the soil in better condition—greatly increase the yield of alfalfa, grain, corn, fruit and other crops and make bigger profits by using Forkner Spring Tooth Tillers in place of the disk or drag harrow. These wonderful, light draft tillers with their flexible spring teeth stir the soil to great depth, kill the weeds, thoroughly mulch the surface soil and leave the ground in perfect shape to conserve moisture, promote plant growth and prevent washing or blowing of sell. Forkner Tillers not only save time, labor and money but they increase your profits by promoting the growth of crops.

Especially Adapted For Alfalfa and Summer Fallow Work

Built in all sizes for one to six horses—4 ft. to 15 ft. cut—any desired size for tractor—the right size for every farm. Special styles for alfalfa and summer fallowing. You can't afford to farm with old style tools when you can buy Forkner Tillers for about the same price.

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And Free Book "Modern Soil Tillage."

Catalog shows full line of Former Tillers, all sizes, Free Book tells how to cultivate all crops to get best results. Write today for your free copy.

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Where Rural Roads are Good

California Has Begun a Mighty Work of Construction

BY FRANCIS MARSHALL ELLIOTT

TALIFORNIA is building , roads not only for today but for generations to come. After all sorts of heart-breaking experiences with every imaginable material and construction, un-der every kind of misdirection, the question of good roads went into the cam-paign of 1908 as one of the big issues. Town and country joined hands and hearts in a demand for state highconstruction. The result of this campaign was the election of public offi-cials pledged to the good roads program. Commissions to investigate various methods of construction and plan a uniform system of permanent state highways were appointed.

The state legislature met in 1909, received the reports of the various commissions previously appointed, and got down to business with promptness.

The first move was to create the California highway commission by providing for three commissioners to be ap-pointed by the governor. These three highway commissioners were to consti-tute an executive committee of the state department of engineering, already in existence, and one of the most valuable and efficient departments of the state government. The state department of engineering is composed of an advisory board of seven members including the governor, state superintendent of hositals, president of the state board of harbor commissioners, the state engineer and the three members of the highway commission. A salary of \$3,600 a year was provided for each of the three members of the state highway commission. It is under the direct control and supervision of these three commissioners that California is expending millions of dollars annually upon the most superb and permanent system of public highways constructed since the days of the Roman Empire.

But the legislature of 1909 did not cease its labors for good roads with the creating of a state highway commission and providing the salaries therefor. It passed a referendum act providing for a state good roads bond issue of 18 million dollars and submitted the question to the people for approval in the general election of 1910. By an overwhelming vote the people ratified the action of the legislature.

Since 1910 bonds to the value of 161/2 million dollars have been sold and the proceeds either expended for construction purposes or put in the state treasury subject to the demands of the commis-The following tabulation will indicate the work done up to October 1,

Oiled Concrete (8-inch concrete pavement with thin bituminous wearing surface) 800 miles at \$9,920 a mile.

Asphalt on Concrete (8-inch concrete pavement with 3-inch asphalt cushion or top dressing) 20 miles at \$18,500 a

Oil macadam,. 19 miles at \$6,850 a mile. Asphalt on macadam, 16 miles at \$14, 900 a mile.

Water bound macadam, 12.9 miles at \$10,950 a mile.

Graded and under construction, 305 and good bridges.



miles at \$8,970 a mile. The state highway com-mission has therefore constructed, in the last five years, or has now in course of construction a total of 1175 miles of permanent concrete public highway at an average cost of \$11,681 a mile. The counties through which the state highway passes build all bridges and culverts at county expense and under supervision of the state highway commission.

The major portion of this gigantic work of construc-tion has been done by private contractors under competitive bidding, and under the specifications, supervision and inspection of the state department of engineering. The act creating the state highway commission authorizes that body to perform the work of construction under its control,

directly, and by day labor, if preferable to having the work donee by private con-tractors, and some sections of the great state highways have been so constructed. The legislature of 1915 also authorized the use of convict labor in state road construction but it is unlikely that this will be done to any extent during the prevalence of unemployment among the free workers of the state who need the employment and the wages it represents.

All of this great work has so far been accomplished by the state with no hint of scandal or the slightest irregularity in management. California now has several million dollars of "Good Roads" money in the treasury and a million and a half dollars of the original 18 million dollar bond issue remains to be sold. Already it is an accepted fact throughout the state that the next state legislature will authorize another good roads bond issue of 15 million dollars and there will be no opposition to this legislation. Wouldn't that proposal shock a conservative Kansas voter cold and stiff? It certainly would.

The people of California are satisfied that they have made no mistake. They reach this conclusion from various points of view. In arriving at a policy of permanent road building by the state the people made certain observations. Every voter held a seance with himself and he whispered something like this in his

own ear.
"In California are several thousand miles of steam and electric railroads, roads bonded for from \$50,000 to \$150,000 a mile and they are stocked for equal or greater amount. If we, the people, can build a system of permanent cost of \$12,000 a mile, over which we can reach our local markets via the motor truck and the automobile, without cost, we can cut out the local freight and passenger graft, and the private transportation companies can go hang!

Can You Trap Mink?

Mink are not strictly water animals but they follow water courses as guides in Kansas. Therefore, along creeks will be found the most successful course in which to set traps. There is a good profit in trapping for mink, and since they are a great enemy of the farmer, he in particular should desire to get rid of the "king of the chicken killers."

Mink are fond of such bait as fish, rabbit, squirrel, birds, mice and rats. They will eat the carcass of muskrat. but the other meats are best. Mink are not large, but quite strong. Some have used the number "O" trap with success, but trappers state that the number "1" is the best all around trap, according to E. W. Gage in the Michigan Farmer. As a certain scent will attract mink, it is best to use a number of different types of traps, such as steel traps, both bait and blind sets, as well deadfalls. 88

The trapping season for mink opens about December 1, and continues until

winter opens to spring weather.

After the trapper has become accustomed to the traits of mink, they are easy to trap. If you should find where a mink has left his burrow do not take a mink has left his burrow do not take the trap away, for he will return in a few days. When finding a place where the mink has laid up for a rest, do not trap on the trail he has already traveled, for when he comes out he will be sure to go straight on just as if his journey had not been interrupted; so set the traps and bait accordingly and when he comes out he will be very hungry and bite your bait.

hungry and bite your bait.

Minks are not so original as some animals. They are in the habit of traveling the same courses day after day, as between two swamps, and thus they make a well-defined runway through the snow or grass. This makes it easy for the trapper in snowy weather. In swimming from one side of a stream to another, they are sure to land in the identical spot each time, which makes it easy to catch them on landing.

Minks are able to scent iron traps. The traps should be boiled in ashes, and kept clean and dry. For shy animals never use bait of any kind, but set the traps where they are sure to go. The places where mink are sure to are into holes, dens, hollow stumps and logs, and to make a success the traps should be set at all these places. The most successful trappers have covered the traps with feathers. The mink, seeing these and scenting what he sup-poses is a weasel, will dig them up. He is trapped before he is aware of the presence of an enemy.

When you see signs of mink set the traps as near the water's edge as possible. Make a steep bank a foot or more high. Here dig a hole in the bank of to 8 inches does need low expects to et a line and low enough to let the water flow in. Get a forked stick, cut off one fork about 1 inch long, the other 6 to 8 inches long. Sharpen the end of the long fork and concrete highways at an approximate run it through the bait, which is fresh, cost of \$12,000 a mile, over which we up to the fork. The bait is now fast-can reach our local markets via the ened on the stick which is run into the bank as far back in the hole as possible.

The first mink to come along will be sure to find it. Therefore, set the trap near the entrance, but always in the We will get into the bond and transportation game on our own account. We sticks, say a foot in length, and stick shall save the interest on our good roads these in the mud, making a fenced lane bonds every year in several directions:

We should worry!"

This is an old trick in transportation of the water. Take weeds or taking the water. Take weeds or the sticks, say a foot in length, and stick shall save the interest on our good roads these in the mud, making a fenced lane over the trap in order to get the batt.

This is an old trick in transportation. Mr. Elliott will have another article It was first instituted by the Indians, in the Farmers Mail and Breeze, in an and it has caught more mink than most early issue, on the subject of good roads of the other common trap-tricks with



wrote the man who had tried all lights and found kerosene in Angle Lamps best and cheapest. We want you to make a 30 days' trial test. Find out about this strong, clear, unshadowed light by actual use. No smoke, odor or danger. One quart of kerosene burns 16 hours; little attention and no technical knowledge required. No pipes to clog, no mantles, no valves to get out of order, no heat, no undershadow, Wonderful eye comfort Sand post card for Catalog No. I comfort. Send post card for Catalog No. J

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THE HOG MOTOR is both a grinder and feeder. With it your hogs will grind their own grain, saving you money and labor. This machine will care for 30 hogs on full feed at a saving of 25% of the grain and a pig of 40 lbs. can operate the grinder. Grinds all kinds of grain, coarse or fine, separate or mixed. No waste—grain always dry, clean, fresh. Send for booklet We Are Rooting for You.

AGENTS WANTED.

Hog Motor Company 716 Andrus Building, Minneapolis







This Magnificent Structure was Built Across a Valley, One-Quarter of a Mile, to Connect with the State Grade on What Would Happen if This Should Be Suggested in Kansas?

Still Too Wet for Plowing

But No Finer Autumn Days Have Been Seen at Jayhawker Farm

BY HARLEY HATCH

THE man who wanted to put in full time at farm work during the last week could not lay any blame to the weather if he did not. I never saw a finer brand; not too warm and not too cool, with 'scarcely breeze enough to turn the wind-mill. Cattle are still out on pasture and are getting at least part of their living.

The first of this week good machine with 30 rec-we gave our west hillside another trial with the plow and found it Motor cars are in demand now and phonstill too wet. Water was standing in ographs are out of date. ing the four dry years. It was all right to have that area of moist ground when all else was drying up but just now the moisture business is a little overdone there. Today, October 30, it looks as if the would be another week before that.

Since Tuesday morning we have been keeping one plow going on the 17 acre oat stubble which was manured this fall. It is very hard plowing; in 20 years we have not seen the ground plow so hard as it does now. The continuous pelting of nearly 6 feet of water which has fallen here this year has made land as hard as the road. This field is covered with a growth of crabgrass which sprang up after the oats were cut and it is literally as thick as the traditional "hair on a dog's back." We plowed one day with the gang plow and then gave that over to take up the single sulky which cuts a 16-inch furrow. Even that is load enough. Really I think that an old fashioned moldboard breaker would work best on this field; the sod is almost as tough as the original prairie.

The car of potatoes ordered by the Grange came this week. They were early Ohios and were well ripened and ought to keep until next spring in good condition. We all had the choice of taking them loose for 56 cents or sacked for 60; almost 600 bushels were ordered loose and only 600 bushels were ordered. loose and only 60 bushels sacked. Local merchants were asking 75 cents a bushel for the same quality potatoes off the ear. A big profit for them, you may say! Well, I am not so sure of that. Probably at that figure they make a legitimate profit and all will agree that they are entitled to that. The reason they make a more on 10 cent massing. they make no more on a 19-cent margin might be disclosed if we could get a glimpse at their books. When a small town merchant is carrying all the way from \$2,000 to \$4,000 on his books with perhaps 20 per cent of that not collectable one can see why marging are able one can see why margins are so large. Many merchants are tremendously imposed upon in this matter of credit; of course, it is their fault if they extend eredit to fellows who never intend to pay but it is a fault most merchants have so I conclude that it is not easy to dodge the deadbeats.

I attended another public sale this week. The usual lot of junk farm machinery was offered for sale and was sold by the single piece. It really should have been sold by the acre; in that way less time would have been taken up and the stuff probably would have brought as much money. This particular farmer had been "carrying on," as the New Englanders say, some 400 acres of land and we should judge that he picked up his stock of farming tools at just farming tools at the result of diagent attendance at pastic sales and buying the stuff that sells ing down the market the way they did for the least money. If a man does not the packers made money, of course. That care what he works with he can now was why they did it. But it is taking a pick up a corn raising outfit at almost fine way to make friends among growany sale for about \$5.50. A lister with ers and shippers and to build up the livehalf an inch of rust on it will cost \$1, stock market. It seems that farmers

the bill as "extra good milk cows." It seems the fashion to bill every cow as "extra good" which of course fools no one. As a matter of fact, there probably



are not half a dozen extra good milk cows in the township if there are any at all. When I say this I mean "extra good" such as would pass in a dairy country. The cows sold at the sale were common farm cows which had been milked. They brought the average price paid around here this fall of \$60. Phonographs seem to be going out of fashion; a

Every issue of our local paper records two or three accidents caused by corn binders. A certain make has exposed cogs and near these cogs grass and corn are liable to catch. In an endeavor to paw this away the operator gets his fingers too near the rapidly whirling cogs and mangled fingers are the result. One local doctor dressed three sets of it would be another week before that particular spot was dry enough to plow. mangled fingers in one day recently, as a result of this kind of an accident. Either corn binder operators should cease trying to clear away trash by hand or else the makers of the machines should cover the moving parts so no accident could happen.

> How far is a man justified in protecting such growing property as fruit and melons? From time immemorial boys melons? From time immemorial boys have claimed the privilege of helping themselves to the products of orchards and melon patches without paying the usual penalty for theft and most men, remembering the time when they were boys, have been content to let it go that way. But last week a boy in a Vermont town who was caught helping himself to grapes was shot by the owner of the fruit with a double barreled gun loaded with dried peas. I suppose the gunman had no thought of doing more than severely touching up the boy but than severely touching up the boy but what he really did was to put out both the poor fellow's eyes. No doubt the man who shot feels keen remorse over his deed but remorse will not bring back eye sight.

Regarding the recent assault on the hog market by the packers during which prices were dropped \$1.25 in two days, a friend from Spring Hill, Kan., writes to inquire what we think about hog prices and further asks what we expect to get a bushel for the old corn we are feeding to hogs. We don't think the Farmers Mail and Breeze would care to print what we think about the recent print what we think about the recent print what we think about the recent course of the market. As to what we expect to get for our old corn, we will say that about 60 cents seems likely to cover it if the market continues along as it has during the past week. When we consider that this corn could have been sold at the crib for 75 cents a bushel at one time this summer it can be seen how much we have made by following the advice of the packers' Chicago organ to "finish all livestock before sending to market."

Even if there were justification for lower hog prices there was no justification for such an assault on prices in the space of two days. The loss suffered by shippers averaged around \$225 a car. Of course we must acknowledge the power of the packers to fix prices but even at that they might have used a little sense and have spread the reduction cked the sense and have spread the reduction just over 10 days or so, thus giving shippers Many an outfit of farm machinery is more easily. It was a case of manipulation pure and simple, however. By tearnair an men of rust on it will cost \$1, stock market. It seems that farmers a cultivator, new in Cleveland's administration, will be \$1.50 more, while a planter of the vintage of 1888 can easily be had for \$3.

The cows. 12 or 14 in number, were on where it will not equal demand or take where it will not equal demand or take It the consequences.

The earth under the chicken coops soon gets foul. Move them about.





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Laws You Ought to Know

County Aid For Fairs; Taxes, and the Feed Stuffs Act

BY C. D. YETTER

Country commissioners are required to assist fair associations in their counties which have held two fairs in succession by paying an amount from the county funds equal to one half of the amount of premiums paid by such association provided the amount paid by the county is not in excess of certain specified amounts according to the popus the county is not in excess of certain specified amounts according to the population of the county.

County treasurers are to make a writ-ten statement of the personal and real property tax of any person requesting it, provided the request is made in writing, provided the request is made in writing, and gives a correct description of the real estate, and the city or township where the personal property is located. They are prohibited from making a charge for notifying any person of the amount of his taxes, and they may receive a check or draft by mail for the payment of such taxes. If the check is not paid on presentation, they may cancel the receipt issued for such payment on their books, and the receipt then becomes void.

In counties where the office of the In counties where the office of the county surveyor is not kept open each day of the week the records of that office are to be kept in the office of the register of deeds for the convenience of the public. The register of deeds is held responsible on his official bond for the safety of these records.

When a deed is to be recorded the register of deeds is required to see that it has been entered on the transfer rec-

It is known to every family doctor that most of the children doctor that most of the children born half-witted, deficient, or degenerate, are born so because their fathers were drunk or were half drunk when they were begotten. One form of insanity begins in families in this way and the mental weakness thus created is transmitted for gen-erations. Dr. Geisel, of the famous Battle Creek sanatorium, declares 50 per cent of all indeclares 50 per cent of all indeclares 50 per cent of all insanity is due to drink in the first, second or third generation. "It is the business of parenthood," says Dr. Geisel, "to rear sound men and women, but we cannot do it in 'wet' territory any more than we can raise healthy swine in an unsanitary pig sty."

ord, and the county clerk receives 10 cents for the benefit of the county for each transfer of land, and 5 cents for each transfer of each town lot, the person having the transfer made to pay this amount.

Commercial Feed Stuffs.

The apparent purpose of the Kansas commercial feeding stuffs law is to let the consumer know what he is buying, to act as a check on the adulterating of stock and poultry foods, and to protect manufacturers and dealers in the use of their brands.

The requirements for handling these commercial feeds may be divided into three sections: feeds exempt; feeds sub-ject to a tonnage tax, and feeds requiring an annual registration fee. exempt from inspection and registration are whole seeds and grains; whole hays, straws, cottonseed hulls and corn stover when unmixed with other materials and all other materials containing 60 per cent or more of water.

Feeds requiring a tonnage tax and inspection fee are any poultry foods, or
feeding stuffs which are the by-products
of starch factories, glucose factories, cereal breakfast food factories, breweries
or distilleries, meat packing establish.

The booking agent was introduced.

"Mr. Jones," said he, "I called to see
you in regard to a Chautauqua."

"It won't do a bit of good," spoke up
the prominent citizen. "My wife and
or distilleries, meat packing establish. or distilleries, meat packing establish-ments or slaughter houses. No registra-tion fee is required for this class, but the person or firm responsible for placing them on the market must apply to the director of the Agricultural Experiment station of the Kansas State Agricultural college for sufficient tax tags, or stamps, to protect each lot or package sold, each order for stamps or tags to be not less in amount than \$5.

Manufacturers or dealers in all other

brands of commercial feeding stuff not for?

Flour mills having a capacity of more than 300 barrels of flour each 24 hours must pay \$10 for the registration of each brand; mills of 50 barrels or less capacity are required to pay \$3 for each brand.

Chops and Corn Bran.

The registration fee on chops and corn bran is based on annual output, and where this is not more than 50 tons the fee is \$1; more than 50 tons and not more than 200 tons, \$2; more than 200 tons and not more than 500 tons, \$5. Where the annual fee is less than \$8, a sworn statement of the amount manufactured in the previous year is required. It is to be understood that the fiscal year is considered to close June 30.

As to Brands.

All commercial feeding stuff sold in this state must bear a tag or label in plain view and printed in the English language, giving the name and address of the person or firm responsible for placing such feed on the market; the minimum net weight of the contents of the package; the name, brand or trade mark of the feeding stuff contained in such package; the minimum per cent of crude protein, minimum per cent of crude protein, minimum per cent of crude fat, maximum per cent of crude fiber and the specific name of each ingredient used in its manufacture.

When any poultry foods or the byproducts of factories mentioned as those

products of factories mentioned as those carrying a tonnage tax are sold in bulk or package the person or firm selling the same is required to deliver a tax tag or stamp showing the payment of the tax, and, if requested to do so a card giving the information in regard to the manufacturer's name and the contents of realess.

manufacturers name and the contents of package.

All other feeds must be registered annually with the director of the Agricultural Experiment station of the agricultural college. A certified copy of the statement as to name, brand, contents and so on must be sent, and when the director so requests, a sample of not less than one pound, with an affidavit that the same is a representative samthat the same is a representative sample. The word "brand" includes the trade mark or name under which the commercial feeding stuff is sold, and also the feed itself. Registration may be refused if the brand is misleading or decentive or if all the ingredient corrections. deceptive or if all the ingredients are not

found to be as stated.

A penalty is provided where the contents are improperly stated, or matter of little or no feeding value, or substances injurious to stock or poultry are added

Only the important features of this law can be touched on in an article of this kind, but complete details may be had by addressing the director of the Agricultural Experiment station, feed control section at the Kansas State Agricultural college, Manhattan.

Too Late

A booking agent for a Chautauqua bu-reau visited a small town in the Mid-dle West. He called on a man who said that in order to introduce a Chautauqua it would be necessary to see the most prominent man in town. Together they called on the "first citizen," and the

carefully and have already decided on another machine."

What Did Pa Say Then?

Willie-Pa!

Pa—Yes? Willic—Teacher says we're here to

help others.
Pa—Of course we are.
Willie—Well, what are the others here



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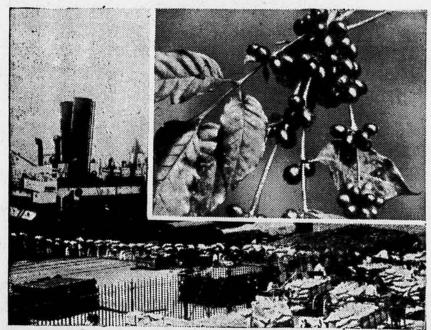






This is Where Your Josse Comes From

(Copyright by F. G. Carpenter



Upon many of the steamers the coffee was being carried on the backs of men. They took the bags from the warehouses, carried them to the decks of the steamers and dropped them into holds. In this process a dark stream of porters flows from the wharves to the steamer. The men go on the trot, each loaded with a bag of 132 pounds. Some of them earry the bags on their shoulders, leaning them against the back of the head; at a cost of about 76 million dollars. We take approximately three-quarters of a billion pounds of this coffee every year, and should we stop drinking it, the people would have a panic and millions of them would be on the edge of starvation. Our annual coffee imports are more than 1 billion pounds, or more than 50 pounds for every one of our families. In other words we use a pound of coffee a week to every family in the United States.

The coffee from most of the estates comes here in beans of different sizes and shapes. Some are good and some bad, but they are all mixed together. Before they can be exported they have to go through separators and graders.

Many of the steamers are now loaded with endless belts like those upon which wheat is carried from place to place in our great elevators. These belts run wheat is carried from place to place in our great elevators. These belts run upon carriers which begin in the base-ment of the great coffee warehouse and wind their way under the floor until they reach the wharves. Here they rise and travel overhead and empty their loads into the holds of the steamers. The bags are dropped on to the belts and are not touched again until they are packed in the holds. As they move along through the air they seem to be fairly alive. They look like gigantic mice or seals crawling along.

Leaving the wharves, I went into the warehouses. There are more than a score running for a mile or so along the docks. They cover acres and are packed from floor to roof. The bags are laid up like cordwood, and a warehouse may be a solid mass of these bags of coffee. In one of the warehouses the men were loading. Great, lusty fellows, they were. Their muscles were like those of prizefighters and all were broad shouldered and thick necked. I took out my watch and counted their speed. They dropped the bags on the chute at the rate of one every second. At every time my watch ticked 132 pounds of coffee fell upon the traveling belt, and started on its way to the hold of the steamer. The hourly stream measured a little less than 8,000 pounds and every 12 hours 100,000 pounds of coffee were loaded by each of the belts.

ANTOS, Brazil. — Everything in on for months. At times more than 50 Santos is coffee. The town is built million pounds are loaded in a single Santos is coffee. The town is built upon coffee beans and the fortunes of its citizens rise and fall with the prices of coffee. The people here talk pound and leave some to spare. At the nothing else and as they talk they drink. They drink so much of this beverage that they grow sallow and the muscles of their faces twitch continutually. When one of them sits in a chair, resting his toes on the floor, his knees bob up and down with nervousness and his whole system seems afflicted with St. Vitus dance.

Upon many of the steamers the coffee ess and his whole system seems afflict. In 1913 the crop was more than 13 million bags, and its value was over 200 million dollars.

Before they can be exported they have to go through separators and graders. There are a number of such institutions There are a number of such institutions in Santos, and two of the largest are owned by an American, Mr. Lawrence. It was with the owner that I went through them. The mills are much like a great flouring mill. The coffee is carried to the top of the building, and it falls by gravity through the various machines. The mill is run by electricity, and the machinery is such that the dirt is taken out and the beans graded according to their size and character. The grading is exact, and out of the same sack will come Mocha and Java and almost every variety of coffee unand almost every variety of coffee un-der the sun. Indeed, the most of the Mocha coffee we use has never seen Arabia, and almost every bit of our Java coffee is grown in Brazil.

During my stay here I have visited some of the great houses that send coffee to the United States. The care taken is wonderful. Every shipment, whether it be of a thousand bags or 50,000, is sampled and tested. The coffee is graded according to quality and this is tested by sight, feel and taste. Coffee tasting is a profession and there are tested by sight, feel and taste. Coffee-tasting is a profession and there are men here in Santos who do nothing else. Every shipment is carefully sam-pled and the sample is roasted and tasted. The result gives the grade and this is sent with the shipment to the United States, forming the basis of the United States, forming the basis of the price of the coffee and as to how it shall be sold.

the belts.

Let the cows take their own time to This work begins in July and keeps and from the pasture.

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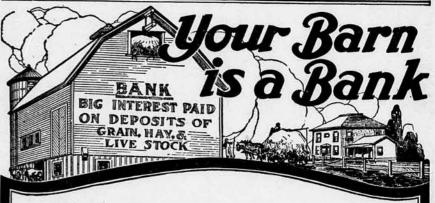
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To Determine the Breeding Type

An experiment is being started by the An experiment is being started by the animal husbandry department of the Kansas State Agricultural college to clear up a few details about the breeding types of Shorthorn cows. Twenty purebred cows, which have been selected from the leading bands of the United animal husbandry department of the Kansas State Agricultural college to clear up a few details about the breeding types of Shorthorn cows. Twenty purebred cows, which have been selected from the leading herds of the United States, will be used, and the test will last 20 years. These are excellent animals. The bull which will be used on them is Matchless Dale, the present head of the college herd. This bull has obtained a great deal of fame from the winnings which have been made by the purebred steers sired by him. He has been the sire of the champion Shorthorn steer at 14 shows, including the International, American Royal and Denver.

W. A. Cochel, the head of the depart-

Nine Years in West Kansas

. We have had the most nearly perfect season in Western Kansas this year that



It Is Hoped That This New Test With Shorthorn Cows Will Establish More Definite Information in Regard to Their Real Utility Value.

ment started this test with the idea good condition when I got them to our of showing the utility value of Shorthorn cows. He has observed, as have most of the leading breeders, that the and water, and several buckets of water real breeding performance of a cow cannot always be measured by what she can do in the show ring. There are cows in the college herd, just as there are in other herds, which will not score high, but which produce excellent calves, and but which produce excellent calves, and which have made the owners good profits. Do such cows have types which are definite? Can a test of this kind establish principles which will help in judging this utility value? Is the fact that some cows produce calves which are especially profitable due somewhat to their milk production? It is hoped that this test will help to answer these and some related questions. It will be carried on in co-operation with the United States Department of Agriculture.

Dollars From the Straw

Here are some figures for men who say that straw is a nuisance and should be burned:

be burned:
On the state experiment station in Ellis county, which regularly grows about 400 acres of wheat, the average yield for the last five years, (1910 to 1914 inclusive), has been a little more than 17 bushels an acre, while the average wheat yield for the county during

and water, and several buckets of water were used for each tree, when I set them in the large holes I prepared for them. The result was that only three or four of the trees died. The forest trees were only a few inches high. Practically all of them grew, and now some of them are 20 feet high.

of them are 20 feet high.

The fruit trees began bearing three or four years after planting. This year we had a large crop of peaches and plums, and an excellent yield of apples and cherries. All of these crops are free from worms, and we did not spray. We harvested 250 bushels of peaches from 50 trees. Some of the trees yielded 7 or 8 bushels. The Crosby, Elberta, Champion, Crawford Early, Crawford Late and the Alexandria are good bearers. I have kept the trees well cultivated, but never have irrigated them.

There is a windbreak on the north.

There is a windbreak on the north south and west of the orchard. This consists of two rows of Honey Locusts which are now about 15 feet high. These trees make an excellent protection. I consider the Honey and Black Locust the hardiest varieties of forest trees to plant in the West, for they are almost the weather proof dry weather proof.

I have bought some land in westers



A Destructive Farm Practice: Farmers Burning Straw in Ellis County Early Last Spring. Wheat Is Planted in the Stubble in the Foreground.

the same period has been 10.6 bushels Kansas, but never have sold an acre, an acre. On the experiment station In the last two years many of us have from which these records are taken no straw is burned, it is either fed or scattered back on the ground where it grew. Of course, not all of this difference in yield is due to the scattering of straw, as deep and early plowing is the rule, but the straw returned makes the ground handle better, helps it to hold more water, aids in preventing blowing, and thus makes larger crops possible. K. S. A. C. G. E. Thompson.

The farmers of the United States grew 981 million bushels of wheat, this year,

breaking all records.

grown larger crops than our fellow farmers in the central and eastern parts of the state. They value their land at \$100 or more an acre, while land in Morton or Stevens counties can be bought for \$12 to \$20 an acre.

I believe that western Kansas affords greater opportunities today for an energetic, ambitious man than any other place in the world. If a man is a knocker he should stay away, for we have no time to listen to him.

W. D. Thompson,

Representative 125th Dist. Rolla, Kan.

Guarding the Meat Supply

More than 58 million meat animals were slaughtered in establishments under federal inspection during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915. Since approximately 60 per cent of the animals killed in the country are slaughtered in establishments where federal inspection is maintained, it appears that about 100 million meat animals are now being killed every year in the United States. Of the animals subjected to federal inspection, 299,958 were condemned as unfit for human use, and 644,688 were condemned in part. Thus a little more than 1½ per cent of all the animals inspected were condemned either in whole More than 58 million meat animals

spected were condemned either in whole or in part. These figures include only cattle, calves, sheep, goats, and swine.

Tuberculosis was the chief cause of the condemnations. More than 32,644 carcasses of cattle and 66,000 carcasses of swine were entirely rejected on account of this disease, and in addition parts of 48,000 cattle and 440,000 swine also were rejected. Hog cholera was realso were rejected. Hog cholers was responsible for the next largest loss, nearly 102,000 swine being condemned en-

ly 102,000 swine being condemned entirely on this account.

The annual appropriation for the federal meat inspection service is now about \$3,375,000, so the cost to the people would be between 5 and 6 cents an animal if the service were confined entirely to the inspection of the animals and carcasses. In addition, however, great quantities of the meat and products are reinspected. In this item there was a very considerable increase during the last fiscal year, the reinspection resulting in the condemnation of a total of nearly 19 million pounds of products of one kind or another. Furthermore, 245 million pounds of imported meat or 245 million pounds of imported meat or meat products were inspected, and more than 2 million pounds were condemned or refused entry.

In the course of its work, the Bureau of Animal Industry, which is in charge of the meat inspection service, has discovered a new method of destroying trichinae in pork, which is an additional safeguard to human health. Refrigeration at a temperature of 5 degrees Farcheit or lower for a period of 20 deve tion at a temperature of 5 degrees Farenheit, or lower, for a period of 20 days will destroy these parasites which occasionally give rise in human beings to the serious disease known as trichinosis. Hitherto the only known safeguard against this disease has been thorough cooking of all pork and pork products, and those persons who neglect this precaution have always been more or less exposed to the danger. Unless pork is exposed to the danger. Unless pork is known to have been subjected to re-frigeration it should be thoroughly cooked. The microscopic examination of pork for the detection of trichinae has been abandoned as the usual methods have proved inefficient.

In this connection it is interesting to

note that more swine were slaughtered in the past year in establishments un-der federal inspection than ever before. A total of 36,247,958 were inspected at the time of slaughter, and approximately. 35,900,000 were passed for food.

Why She Laughed

Little Madge had been listening to her mother reading from the paper. All was silent for some little time, and then Madge burst out laughing very sud-

denly.
"Why, dearie," said the mother, "what

"I was thinking of what you just read about the wild people in Africa, mother," replied the child.

"But there was nothing amusing about that, dear."
"Why, yes, there was, mother," said Madge, "about their beating on their tum-tums till they could be heard for

He Started Something

"Now," said the farmer to the new hand from the city, "I want you to clean up the pigsty, the stable, the hen-house and all other houses of the stock."

The new hand worked vigorously for a couple of days. Then he appeared before his employer with both cyes nearly closed, his mouth swollen and red lumps all over his face, neck and

"Gimme my money," he said; "I'm a-goin' to quit." "What's the matter?" said the farmer.

"I don't know what's the matter," said the victim, "but it happened when I started to clean the beehive."—Grit.



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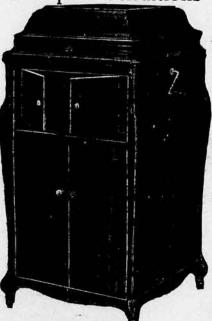
Hearing is believing. Any Victor dealer in any city in the world will gladly play any music you wish to hear and demonstrate the various styles of the Victor and Victrola—\$10 to \$300.

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You Can Win a Beautiful Pony Too

I have already given away 24 fine ponies and paid several hundred dollars to boys and girls for sending pony names and this is your chance. Be sure and state which name is for pony No. 1 and which name is for pony No, 2 and tell me which Pony you would rather have for your own. In case of a tie both parties tying will receive a prize just like the one for which they are tied. Be Sure and Send Your Name Promptly

Don't delay but send the two best pony names you can think of at once. Be sure and ad your own name today so I can tell you how you can win one of the ponies for which you send a name. Only one name for each pony accepted from each family. Address

THE PONY MAN, 59 Popular Bldg, Des Moines, Ia.

Silver Deposit Creamer and Sugar Bowl This Offer Good For 20 Days Only



PONY NO. 2

Our Special Offer We will send one

free and postpaid to all who send \$1.00 to pay for one year's new or renewal subscription to Mail and Breeze. The or your money will be promptly refunded. MAIL AND BREEZE, Dept. S.C.10, Topeka, Kan.



place except the school house in which to vote, hold literary societies, or have lectures. Considering these things, the women decided to see what they could do, and organized the Richland Township Hall club, with the primary purpose of getting a township hall. Officers were elected, president, vice president, secretary, and treasurer. We carried petitions, got signers, called an extra election, and won; and in 18 months our hall was completed.

While waiting for our hall we met and sewed for any member who wanted us, charging according to the number present. Each member took something for dinner, the hostess being allowed to furnish only bread, butter, potatoes, and

for dinner, the hostess being allowed to furnish only bread, butter, potatoes, and coffee. We also furnished lunch at sales, pieced comforts and sold them, and held ice cream and pie socials. In this way we made money enough to make the first payment on a piano to be put in the hall. Just before the 1914 election we invited the county candidates and the district representative to dates and the district representative to a pie social, which netted us \$58,50. This more than finished paying for the piano. We also asked for and got a much needed addition to our depot. When aid was asked for the Belgians we gave \$5. We have made arrangements for a cir-

culating library, the books to be kept at the hall, which will be open certain days to exchange books. We held "literary" all last winter in the hall, and have organized again for the coming winter. Our purpose is to do anothing winter. Our purpose is to do anything we can to benefit the community as well as one another. Lula Smith.

R. 1, Basil, Kan.

Is Any One Too Busy?

keep a house nicely, but do not let the house keep you. Husbands, sons and daughters are prouder of the woman who can do more than bake and scrub and sew. An afternoon away from work cand sew. An atternoon away from work occasionally breaks the monotony, and rests the tired nerves; and the work can easily be caught up the next day. Join a club, and you will be surprised to find how well you like your neighbors when you get acquainted with them.

The Merry-Go-Round club to which I belong was organized 10 years ago. The membership is limited to 30; dues are \$1 a year. This buys flowers for the sick, furnishes refreshments for our open meetings, and provides a picnic in Each hostess choos ject for her roll-call two weeks in advance. Questions, quotations, helps in reducing the cost of living, best books read, recipes, and other things furnish excellent discussions. One pleasing roll call was our "first school recitations." This was a school program, and was carried out even to the little individual lunch baskets. If a member is absent she is required to pay a forfeit in the form of a reading, story, music, anything to help with the afternoon's program. If she has time she writes a paper; or sometimes an extract is read from a

Special days receive special attention. The hostess is limited to two articles for refreshment besides the drink. Every sixth meeting the members entertain the husbands and families in the evening; between 75 and 100 attend. A

is home-coming day, and former mem-

is home-coming day, and former members who have moved away come and enjoy the day with us.

This is not a study club, although we have studied the "Kansas Voters' Manual," which is more than men voters take time to do. The object of our club is "friendliness, sociability, and mutual help," and the motto is, "Keep mutual help," and the motto is, "Keep on keeping on." The value of little kindnesses to one another, the friendships formed, the companionship of 30 women meeting every few weeks never can be expressed.

Ottawa, Kan.

These Women Do Things

[Prize Letter.]

The Mothers' club of the Prowers school was organized a little more than a year ago with 10 members. The leading purpose of the organization was to improve our school house and grounds, and provide good times for the children whose opportunities for social pleasures are limited.

Our school house was in a sorry state. The walls had not been cleaned for more than five years; the woodwork was painted an ugly drab; the whole appearance of the building was anything but inviting. We persuaded the school board to have the walls tinted and the wood work painted to harmonize. Then wood work painted to harmonize. Then we set about raising funds to buy a piano for the school. A pie supper was first given, and from the sale of pies and a cake sold in a voting contest we realized \$105. A first payment of \$100 was made on our piano. We got a good second hand piano for \$160. Then we gave dances, one each month, until we had enough to pay the remainder due I wish every woman could belong to a club. Perhaps your neighborhood is too sparsely settled for a large club, but large or small, have one. You may think you are too busy to go; but there will be work to do when you work no more. It is well enough to pay the remainder due had enough to pay the remainder due several interesting clippings by the several interesting clippings by the time it returns to its owner. When the books are ready we all left to pay for a year's subscription to for and carry away the particular book we had said we wanted to buy. In two weeks each book passes on to the next, and articles contained therein are other, and articles contained therein are

Who Has Tried Farm Ice?

"We are trying to find an easy and inexpensive way to provide a summer ice supply for the farm-er's wife. We are hunting for information as to whether ice is a real saving, and whether it is cheaper on the average farm to buy ice in quantity or build and use an ice house." So writes a woman, telling of the work an organization of women in her neighborhood is doing. The Farmers Mail and Breeze will be glad to receive letters on this subject, for the help of these and other farm people who are considering the same thing.

Will those who have had experience with farm ice write? Be as definite as you can. If you can include in your letter plans for an ice house such as you would recommend, with a description of the best way of filling it, all the better. First prize will be \$1 in cash. Second and third prizes will be a year's subscription or renewal to the Farmers Mail and Breeze. For other letters used there will be a year's subscription to Cap-per's Weekly. Send your letter before December 1, addressed to the House Conveniences Editor, Farmers Mail and Breeze.

When Women Get Together

Best Things For Home and Family Come From Going Outside and
Mixing With Others

Tead and discussed at the meetings.

The club meets the first and third Fridays of each month. The first meeting is held at the school house, where the needs of the school are discussed by the teacher and the various members. The second meeting is held at the homes of the members in turn, and light reference of the members are served. Always some ar-

few good pictures for the school room walls, and some books for a library, also to beautify and improve the school grounds. This is a small rural school grounds. This is a small rural community, and because of our lack of numbers the work for each member is more than it would be in a place where there could be more. But the results have well repaid the efforts made.

Elizabeth Carney.

Prowers, Colo.

Just One Meeting a Year

Our club holds only one meeting a year, yet it has been a great comfort to its 20 members. We are somewhat shut in during the winter; and a fertile brain conceived the idea which devel-oped into the following plan: Each member decides on a new book she wants to buy—fiction, travel, or any other subject—and gives the name to the leader. One order brings the 20 yolumes to the home of the leader early in September. Then with the aid of in September. Then with the aid of her typewriter she prepares 20 neat slips which she pastes lightly on the first fly leaf. These slips give the names of the members in the order in which the books are to pass from one Convenience in exchange is to another. Convenience in exchange is the law in the order of names. The list when finished runs something like this:

Every second Thursday No. 1 passes a book on to No. 2; No. 2 passes the book she has on to No. 3; No. 3's goes to No. 4; and so on. After each member's name on the typewritten list is the name of the book she has bought. We like that, because it gives us a chance to know what is before us, and to treasure any book reviews or magazine comments to compare with our own opinions when that book reaches us. Often an envelope book mark will collect

for her own property. We have learned to pass them on promptly, and we find our book club a great pleasure as well as a benefit, without being a burden. Maud S. Dawson.

Hamilton, Mo.

Soap Good As You Buy

Some soap is coming in for the big soap contest. A package came the other day with the following verse:

Just a little bar of soap.
I come to you today.
To join the other little bars
Who, too, have joined the fray.
I may not be as white as some,
And yet I am not black.
But of good "lather" qualities
I think I will not lack.
And whether best, or second best,
Or even, "not a cent."
My maker thinks I'm very fine,
So I will be content.

It isn't necessary to send in the soap now; there is nearly a month yet for making it. But all soap must be in by December 15. Only a small cake of soap need be sent. A cake 2 inches square and half an inch thick will be large enough. The soap should be dry, and carefully wrapped to prevent smashing.

carefully wrapped to prevent smashing.

Empty a can of lye into a jug containing 2½ pints of cold water and stir thoroughly. It will soon get hot; let stand until cold. In a basin melt 5½ pounds of any kind of fat or melted grease; this grease must not contain any salt. Let it stand until it is just warm, then pour the liquid lye into the melted fat, in a continuous stream. melted fat, in a continuous stream. When the consistency of sirup is ob-

tained pour the mixture into a square, wooden box lined with a damp piece of muslin to prevent sticking to the sides and bottom. Cover with a blanket and set in a corner of the kitchen until the next day. Then cut out and put away.

Four States Lost To Suffrage

sician, and once a month gives a talk to the children on music and musical composers. This is followed by a short piano concert. These talks and concerts are enjoyed by the club members as well as by the children.

This year we are planning to the club members as few good pictors.

Now that Kansas women have the right to vote they are watching with interest the growth of the suffrage movement in other states. Four states have voted on equal suffrage this fall, and despite the fact that President Wilson and several members of his cabinet Massachus.

Massachus the children of the suffrage with interest the growth of the suffrage movement in other states. Four states have voted on equal suffrage this fall, and despite the fact that President Wilson and several members of his cabinet Massachus. and despite the fact that President Wilson and several members of his cabinet voted for it, in four states, New Jersey, Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania, suffrage lost. The women are not discouraged, however. The East is proverbially conservative. The fact that the subject was even permitted to come to a vote is a sign of advance. Women in favor of suffrage feel that the smallness of the majorities cast against the women promises well for their success in a not far distant future.

George-You will make me a good wife, I know.

Jane—I know I will make you a good husband.—Sydney Bulletin.



These patterns may be had at 10 cents each from the Farmers Mail and Breeze.

The pattern for shirtwaist-7476 is cut in seven sizes, 34 to 46 inches bust

Rag doll 7450 is cut in sizes 16, 20, and 24 inches in length. The pattern consists of doll, one-piece dress, and



Skirt 7459 is in six sizes, 22 to 32 inches waist measure. Dress 7474 is in five sizes, for girls 0

to 14 years. Dress 7445, five sizes 34 to 42 inches bust measure.

USE THIS COUPON FOR PATTERN ORDERS.

The Farmers	Mail	and	Breeze,	Pattern
Departmen Topeka,	Wan		Fig. 1	
Dear Sir-	Enclos	ed f	ind	cents,
for which s	ena m	e the	8 TOHOW	ing pac

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Pattern	No	Size
Pattern	No	Size
Name		
Postoffice		

R. F. D. or St. No.....BE SURE TO GIVE NUMBER AND SIZE,

Cakes For Cool Mornings

BY MABEL GRAVES.

Cool weather brings thoughts of hot graham muffins, toast and griddle cakes. In summer we can get along on plain white bread, but for winter we want something hot every morning; and more than that, we want a change. There are dozens of recipes for different kinds of breads hot and cold. And it seems a

dozens of recipes for different kinds of breads, hot and cold. And it seems a great pity that any family should settle down to one or two kinds for life. This is one of the duties of women—to see that the family not only has good food, but a variety. It means more pleasure for the family, and better digestions, with no extra expense except in thought. Thinking over the question of griddle eakes, the other day I went to the store to see about a new griddle. In stock I found the old time cast iron griddle, with which I had years of acquaintance; soapstone griddles, which also have stood the test of years; and a griddle newer and more attractive than the others; made of aluminum. Aluminum is popular for cooking utensils, because is popular for cooking utensils, because it is light in weight and easily cleaned. Cakes may be fried on it without fat, thus making it possible to have hot cakes in the morning without a house filled with smoke. An aluminum grid-



dle costs more than the others, but adding to its other advantages the fact that it never rusts it seems to be worth

Plain wheat cakes are the starting point in all griddle cakes; but they are more digestible with some of the coarser more digestible with as corn meal, or rye flours added, such as corn meal, or rye or graham flour. The patented pan-cake flours have been successful just because people liked the mixture of flours, and women didn't want to go to

Rice Pancakes.

One-half pint boiled rice well beaten in gradually to 1 quart hot milk. Pour this slowly onto 2½ cups flour and ½ cup corn starch, into which 3 teaspoons baking powder have been sifted, beating all the while. Add ½ teaspoon salt, 2 teaspoons corn sirup, 2 ounces melted butter, and yolks of 2 eggs. Lastly add the whites of eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Bake on a hot griddle.

The rotation of the wind sound to hear! It seems to chill you through and through With a strange and speechless fear. It's the voice of the night that broods outside When folks should be asleep.

And many and many's the time I've cried To the darkness that brooded far and wide Over the land and deep:

"Yooocooo! The Wind

"Yooocooo?"

The wind sound to hear!

It's the voice of the night that broods outside when folks should be asleep.

Over the land and deep:

"Whom do you want, O lonely night, That you wall the long hours through?"

And the night would say in its ghostly way:

"Yooocoooo!

Yooocoooo!

Corn Griddle Cakes.

Corn Griddle Cakes.

Two cups flour, ½ cup corn meal, 1½ level tablespoons baking powder, 1½ teaspoons salt, ½ cup sugar, 1½ cups boiling water, 1½ cups milk, 1 egg, 2 tablespoons melted butter. Add the meal to the boiling water and boil 5 minutes. Turn into bowl, add milk, and remaining dry ingredients mixed and sifted, then the egg well beaten, and butter. Cook the same as other griddle

That this was true I must allow—You'll not believe it, though!

Yes, though I'm quite a model now, I was not always so.
Suppose you make the test:
Suppose you make the test:
Suppose when you've been bad some day and up to bed are sent away.
From mother and the rest—From mother and the rest—From the wind will moan in its ruefullest tone:

"Yoooooooo!" cakes.

Quick Buckwheat Cakes.

Sift together 2 cups best buckwheat flour, 1 cup wheat or graham flour, and 4 teaspoons baking powder. Add enough water to make a thin batter, and stir in well 2 tablespoons sirup Butter as taken from the griddle, and serve hot with sirup or honey.

spoons baking powder, 1 egg, ½ pint each of milk and water. Sift the dry ingredients all together, add the beaten egg, milk and water, and fry.

Good For Ironing Day

A discarded milk pan makes an ex-cellent iron heater, whether you heat your irons on the range or on the gas or coal oil stove. As the inverted pan is hard to remove from the stove when hot a handle may

be riveted on. An old wooden tub handle is excellent for this purpose, as it does not get hot.

Mrs. Ethel L. Comstock.

Orleans, Neb.

When Shoes Are Too Large

Boys and girls who are growing rapidly usually have to buy their shoes a half size or size too large in order to provide for future growth. If a shoe fits when purchased it pinches before it is half worn out, and must either be endured or thrown away. If too large when bought it wrinkles, and you never have a pretty shoe. Too large a shoe have a pretty shoe. Too large a shoe is also uncomfortable right from the start, as it is apt to chafe the heel and cause painful callouses on toes and sole.

The best thing to do in order to insure a comfortable and good looking shoe from start to finish is this: Go to the store and have a perfect fit; then in the very same style of shoe buy a size or half size larger. This matter will depend on how fast you grow and have long you ween a shoe. Do not have how long you wear a shoe. Do not have the buttons changed at once. Take the shoes home and proceed as follows: Cut a piece of heavy paper the size and shape of the sole, slip this inside the shoe, and put the shoe on. After you have walked about the room take it off and trim the paper according to the impression the inside of the sole has made. With this as a pattern cut a made. With this as a pattern cut a sole of thin leather; chamois is good, or the wrists of old long gloves. Paste one in each shoe, and it will reduce the size of your shoe from a half size to a size, depending on the thickness of the leather. If it is not enough put a layer of cloth under the leather. After you have worn the shoe a little get the but-tons put on to fit. In a few months you can remove the leather. A few weeks later have the buttons set back, and your shoe will fit to the end.

Jennie E. Stewart.

Boulder, Colo.

Potato Pancakes.

The potatoes should be peeled over night and allowed to soak in cold water. In the morning drain well, grate, and again drain. To each pint of pulp add 2 eggs well beaten, 1½ teaspoons sirup, ½ teaspoon salt, a dust of pepper, and enough flour to permit of easy baking, usually about 1 tablespoon. Fry thin.

Corn Criddle Cakes

"Y00000000! Y0000000! Y0000000!" -Eugene Field.

Fooling the Kid

Ethel—"Mamma told me I could stay in the parlor last night while Mr. Hug-gard was calling on sister Bess." Elsie—"And did you?"

One pint graham flour, ½ pint corn We played blind man's buff, and they meal, ½ pint flour, 1 heaping teaspoon let me be the blind man nearly all the brown sugar, ½ teaspoon salt, 2 tea-

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specially designed and built by the largest independent Factory in the
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We don't ask you to pay us a sent until you have used this wonderful modern light in your own home ten days—we even prepay transportation charges. You may return it at our expense if not perfectly satisfied after putting it to every possible test for 10 nights. You can't possibly lose a cent. We want to prove to you that it makes an ordinary oil lamp look like a candle; beats electric, gasoline or acetylene. Lights and is put out like old oil lamp. Tests at 33 leading Universities and Government Bureau of Standards show it in Constant of Standards show it in the constant of Standards show it in the constant of Standards show it in the constant of the constan

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home will buy after trying. One farmer who had
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Save the stalks!—they're half, the crop in actual feed value. The Appleton cuts of shreds the stalks; the fodder saved paying whole operating cost. First successful machine husker made; built by Apple-

ton Standards from 43 years experience in farm machinery making. Husks cleanest, shells least; equipped with most efficient corn saver. Sizes for 4 h. p. and up gasoline engine.

Guaranteed to do more and

Appleton Mfg. Co., 597 Fargo St., Bate

Now Comes the Corn Husking

Cooler Weather is Welcome in the Kansas Fields

By Our County Correspondents

ROSTY mornings are just the thing to put the corn in condition for cribbing, and they make it more pleasant for the men who are doing the huskbing, and they make it more pleasant for the men who are doing the husk-A great deal of the corn still is wet and sappy, and hardly fit to crib. Many sales are reported, and prices at most of them were good. Lots of fall plowing is being done this year. Rewould be welcomed in some counties. Rain

KANSAS

Rooks County—Husking corn soon will teep the farmers busy. Threshing is pro-tressing nicely. Wheat making from 10 to 10 bushels to the acre. The growing wheat teeds rain as it is turning yellow.—C. O. Thomas, Nov. 5.

Kearny County—Very warm weather the last two weeks with no rain. Most of the wheat is sown and soil is in good condition for it. Blackleg among young cattle in different parts of the county. Farm work is about a month behind former years.—A. M. Long, Nov. 6.

Nemsha County—Corn gathering has begun and the yield is fair and quality good. Wheat seeding is finished and the acreage is decreased 50 per cent from last year. Livestock bringing good prices at public sales. Not as much hog cholera as last year.—C. W. Ridgway, Nov. 5.

Bayler County—Fina week for all kinds of

sales. Not as much hog cholera as last year.

—C. W. Ridgway, Nov. 6.

Barber County—Fine week for all kinds of work, especially threshing. A large amount of wheat threshed, although it is damp and tests low. Stock doing well on grass yet. Not enough frest to kill second growth vegetation yet. New corn 50c to 55c; cream 25c.—G. H. Reynolds, Nov. 5.

Cherokee County—Wheat sowing about finished. Some fly in the early sown wheat. Most of the corn is good and husking has begun. Fine weather the last six weeks and the farmers are taking advantage of it. We need some rain now. Wheat \$1.05; corn 55c; hogs \$6.80.—A. E. Moreland, Nov. 6.

Thomas County—Fine weather continues. A large number of stock sales. Wheat sowing nearly finished. Considerable building being done. Wheat making good pasture. No corn on the market yet. Threshing not nearly done, Machines cannot get men at \$3 a day. Wheat \$2c; barley \$3c.—C. C. Cole, Nov. 6.

Mitchell Cannty—Warm dry weether and

Nov. 6.

Mitchell County—Warm dry weather and a good rain is needed for the wheat. Not as large an acreage of wheat sown as usual. Corn crop good and farmers have begun gathering it. A large amount of roughness. Stock generally doing well. Wheat 90c; hogs \$6: eggs 25c; butterfat 26c.—S. C. DePoy, Nov. 6.

Miami County—Ideal fall weather and no rain for the last three weeks. Roads getting dusty. Farmers piewing, and repairing buildings. Corn toe green to crib yet. Some corn being marketed. Considerable hog choiera reported. A good shower would do the wheat good. Stock still on pasture and doing nicely.—L. T. Spellman, Nov. 6.

Scott County—Warm weather. Wheat not all sown yet. Early sown wheat looking very good. Corn dry enough to crib. Hogs not very plentiful. Feed crop is mostly in the windrow or shock. Some cane standing yet. A big crop of hay has been saved. A large number of farmers holding their wheat for higher prices.—J. M. Helfrick, Nov. 5.

higher prices.—J. M. Helfrick, Nov. 5.

Comanche County—Wheat sowing and feed cutting finished. Late feed especially good and very heavy. Wheat acreage about 90 per cent of last year. Fly reported to be in some of the early sown wheat. Some of the wheat is being pastured. Pastures still fairly good, as there has been no general killing frost. Some cattle to be shipped.—S. A. DeLair, Nov. 6.

Lincoln County—Weather getting drier. Wheat sowing about all done. Late sowing needs rain to bring it up well. First sowing of wheat growing rapidly and some of it is covering the ground. Farmers beginning to husk corn and it is yielding from 50 to 70 bushels to the acre. Threshing not finished yet. Pastures dry but good. Wheat 90c; corn 50c.—E. J. G. Wacker, Nov. 5.

Cloud County—Two weeks of dry warm

corn 50c.—E. J. G. Wacker, Nov. 5.

Cloud County—Two weeks of dry warm weather has enabled the farmers to finish wheat seeding but there is considerable threshing to be done yet. Late sown wheat would be benefited by a good rain as it is coming along rather slowly. Corn good but too green to crib yet. A good many public sales and cattle and hogs selling high but horses rather dull sale. All livestock doing well. Potatoes and fruit plentiful. Wheat 95c; petatoes 65c; corn 50c.—W. H. Plumly, Nov. 5.

Anderson County—Three weeks without rain and ground is getting dry and hard. A good deal of plowing done. Early sown wheat up and tooking very good. Acreage of wheat smaller than was expected. White clover and bluegrass pastures still good. Corn husking has begun and some corn is

Coffey County—Three weeks of fine weather. Feed all cut and farmers busy plowing, hauling manure and shucking corn. A few silos standing idle. Some stock on pasture yet and doing well.—A. T. Stewart, Nov. 4.

OKLAHOMA.

McLain County—Weather dry the last two weeks. Farmers busy gathering corn and cotton. Some peanuts have been gathered and they made a big yield. Some hogs dying with cholera. Corn 40c; cotton 11½c; eggs 25c.—L. G. Butler, Nov. 6.

McIntosh County—Fine fall weather. Corn being gathered rapidly and is making from 15 to 60 bushels. Cotton has been kept picked up to now. Wheat seeding is finished, and the acreage is light. Corn 40c; wheat 80c; eggs 25c; hogs 6c; cattle 5c.—H. S. Waters, Nov. 6.

Payne County—Fine weather the last three weeks. Wheat all sown and up. Acreage is not as large as was intended owing to the wet weather preventing plowing. Plenty of feed of all kinds and it is not very high. Fat cattle about all sold. Wheat 90c; oats 28c; corn 40c; kafir 40c.—F. F. Leith, Nov. 6.

Texas County—Ideal fall weather for formers to do their work. No Willing feets.

28c; corn 40c; kafir 40c.—F. F. Leith, Nov. 6.

Texas County—Ideal fall weather for
farmers to do their work. No killing frosts
yet. Farmers have been very busy the last
two weeks gathering row crops, sowing
wheat and threshing. With so much work
at once help is a little scarce at \$2 a day
and board Volunteer wheat badly damaged
by fly. A few public sales and everything
sells for reasonable prices, except horses.
Eggs 30c; wheat \$1; apples \$5c; potatoes \$1.

—Frank Free, Nov. 5.

A Truck and a Real Profit

E. D. Hartzell of Rossville has built up a good business in the buying of eggs from the farmers of that section and selling them in Topeka, 17 miles away. He has a 1-ton Buick truck, and a trailer which he can use if necessary, and the poultry is bought on the farms, and delivered in Topeka two or three hours later, with a very small shrink. The truck cost \$1,225, and the excellent roads allow it to be run about 15 miles, loaded and pulling the trailer, on a gallon

of gasoline.

Mr. Hartzell has been in the poultry business five years. His plan is to buy on a basis of 1 cent a pound under Topeka prices on the farms, which makes peka prices on the farms, which makes a much better deal than taking the chickens to the smaller grocery stores in that section, which would have to pay express or freight on the birds to Topeka and stand a heavy shrink. Until last year he used teams, which made the work rather slow—he says that he can do as much work with his truck now as with four teams. Last year he purchased an old motor car, but the repair chased an old motor car, but the repair bills were too high. This year he bought the new Buick truck, which he has run an average of 80 miles a day for 60 days, and the total repair bill has been 70 cents, and this was caused by tire trouble. He has hauled as much as 3,800 pounds, and the average load has been about 3,000 pounds. The cost is much less than with teams.

A business such as that which has

A business such as that which has been established by Mr. Hartzell will become very common in the future, with the development of better roads in Kansas. The produce is gathered quickly and cheaply, and it is delivered at a lower cost than under any other plan. The chickens are at the poultry plants in Topeka soon after they leave the farms. Mr. Hartzell is developing an farms. Mr. Hartzell is developing an important feature of the better system of distribution which is coming.

An acre of corn can be placed in a silo for no more than the cost of shock-



This Truck Is Owned by E. D. Hartzell of Rossville, and It Is Used to Deliver

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Requirements of the Udder

Seventh Article in Series on Judging Dairy Cattle

BY GILBERT GUSLER Ohio State University

O understand the requirements placed difficulty and results in close thighs on the udder it is necessary to under-stand something of the process of milk

To make the rump wide and level latstand something of the process of milk manufacture. All the work of making or secreting milk is performed in the udder. The materials are brought to the udder in the blood, through a system of arteries. The branch which entered the rump wide and level laterally as well as from front to rear, the thurls and pin bones must be high and wide apart. Freedom from fat is also a necessary condition in these parts.

The thighs should be long, thin, flatering the udder. tem of arteries. The branch which enters the udder is called the mammary artery and it sends a branch to each of the four divisions of the udder. The blood, after passing through the udder, ample room for attachment and also collects at the top of that organ and to indicate no tendency to accumulate returns to the lungs and heart through two sets of veins. One set leads through the abdominal cavity. The other set consists of two veins known as the mammary, or milk, veins which run forward one under each side of the abdomital tapers finely to the switch, quality is indicated.

wide apart. Freedom from the parts.

necessary condition in these parts.

The thighs should be long, thin, flat with an incurving back edge. They



Large Elastic Milk Veins Indicate a Copious Flow of Blood Through the Udder. The Large Ones Usually Are Long and Crooked.

The teat canal extends through the teat to its orifice, which is closed by a circular, or sphincter, muscle on the strength of which depends the ease of milking. This canal connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known per end with an irregular cavity known sea the milk eight and the connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known sea the milk eight are repelled of search leaf of the connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known sea the milk eight are repelled of search leaf of the connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known search and connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known search and connects at its upper end with an irregular cavity known search and company narrowness of chest and the search and company narrowness of chest and company narrowness of constitution. The hind the company narrowness of constitution. The hind the company narrowness of constitution. The hind the company narrowness of constitution in a weak strength of which can be company narrowness of constitution. The hind the company narrowness of constitution in a weak strength of which can be company narrowness of constitution. The hind the company narrowness of constitution in a weak strength of the company narrowness of constitution. as the milk eistern which is capable of holding a small quantity of milk. Leading from the milk cistern in all directions through the quarter are milk ducts which divide and sub-divide and intercommunicate until they finally lead to groups of minute sacs, or follicles, called alveoli, three or four of the University of Missouri began to keep record of the milk and butter production of a small Jersey cow. This assistant has gone and others have come and gone, but the Jersey cow is still on the job. In the 15

some fatty tissue and the interior struc-ture is given shape and the milk cistern and milk ducts are formed by connecudder depends primarily on the amount of healthy secreting tissue within it and is indicated by the size, mellowness, and soundness of the organ. These requirements coupled with certain requirements as to shape introded to meintain a day.

proximate cost of keeping her was \$50 a year, or a total of \$750.

The average daily production of milk for the 15 years was a little more than 9 quarts a day. During her best year she produced a little more than 18 quarts a day. quirements coupled with certain requirements as to shape, intended to maintain

If the butter was sold instead of

Rather wide, well spread, and fairly prominent hips, or hocks, are characteristic of the dairy cow. They should not project above the spine, however. Width of hips will affect the width, or spread, of barrel.

influence the room for the udder attachment, as well as the ease of calving. Proper construction requires that the Brooks Wholess rump be long, wide, and level from the Advertisement. hips to pin bones and nearly level laterally. The tail head should not rise but should carry out a straight horizontal top line to the dropping of the tail.

The drooping rump makes calving diffiant the dropping di cult. The narrow rump causes similar teeth."-Life.

men to points where they enter the abdominal wall through the milk wells.

Externally, the udder is divided into four quarters, each supplied with a teat. Internally, these divisions are almost from front or rear, and should have completely separated from each other fine smooth shank bones. Often the by membranous walls similar to those forming the outer walls of the udder, rather crooked at the knees. Such legs and of the udder, rather crooked at the knees. Such legs are company narrowness of chest and should be comparatively short, set rather wide apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should be comparatively short, set rather wide apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should be comparatively short, set rather wide apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should be comparatively short, set rather wide apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely straight when viewed from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squarely and firmly under from front or rear, and should have apart but squ

\$6,000 Profit From a Cow

licles, called alveoli, three or four of which are arranged on the ends of the minute milk ducts like bunches of small

minute milk ducts like bunches of small grapes. These small sac-like bodies are lined with epithelial cells and are surrounded by blood capillaries and by lymph vessels. The process of secreting milk is performed by these epithelial cells.

Plainly, these alveoli compose the real glandular tissue, the essential part of the udder. The udder also has within it some fatty tissue and the interior structure.

years she has produced 108,968 pounds of milk and 5,000 pounds of butter.

Her best year's record was 13,322 pounds of milk and 730 pounds of butter.

During the 15 years this cow, Grace Briggs, has given birth to 12 calves. The last calf sold for \$300, and the average for the 12 is about \$200. About \$2,400 was obtained from the sale of all the calves. Figuring the entire milk production for 15 years at 8 cents a quart. duction for 15 years at 8 cents a quart, the total would be \$4,358.72. The ap-proximate cost of keeping her was \$50

the health, cleanness, and attractive-ness of the udder are the things to look for.

If the putter was soid instead of the milk, at the price of 35 cents a pound, the total for the butter pro-duction from Grace Briggs would be duction from Grace Briggs would be \$2,041.55.

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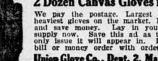
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The Forester's Daughter

A Romance of the Forest Service in Colorado

BY HAMLIN GARLAND

(Copyright, 1915, by Hamlin Garland.)

Wayland Norcross, son of a wealthy lumberman in an eastern state, goes to Colorado in search of health. At Bear Tooth he meets Berrie, the pretty daughter of Joseph McFarlane, forest supervisor, who becomes his fellow passenger in the stage coach for a day. Berrie is greeted by her lover, CHff Belden, a cowbay, supposed to be interested in a saloon at Meeker's Mill, where Norcross is bound. Berrie guides Norcross to his destination. They ride away together toward the mountains. A shower intercepts them and the girl gives the yeath her raincoat. There is a rough element at Meeker's, and Norcross chooses Landen, the ranger, as his companion. Landon loves Berrie. Cliff notices Berrie's interest in the tenderfoet and warms him away. He also takes his betrothed to task. She resents this and breaks their engagement. Nash, the ranger at Bear Tooth, gives Wayland points en ferestry. Berrie's She resents this and breaks their engage-ment. Nash, the ranger at Bear Tooth, gives Wayland points on ferestry. Berrie's father offers him a place in the service.

(Chapter 5 Continued.)

At last Mrs. McFarlane rose and Berea, reluctantly, like a child loath to miss a fairy story, held out her hand to say good night, and the young man saw on her face that look of adoration which marks the birth of sudden love, but his voice was frank and his cleane. but his voice was frank and his glance kindly as he said:
"Here I've done all the talking when I wanted you to tell me all sorts of

things."

can't tell you anything." "I can't tell you anything."

"Oh, yes, you can; and, besides, I want you to intercede for me with your father and get me into the service. But we'll talk about that tomorrow. Good night."

After the women left the room Nor-

After the women left the local cross said:
"I really am in earnest about entering the forest service. Landon filled me with enthusiasm about it. Never mind the pay. I'm not in immediate need of money, but I do need an interior life."

need of money, but I do need an interest in life."

McFarlane stared at him with kindly perplexity. "I don't know exactly what you can do, but I'll work you in somehow. You ought to work under a man like Settle, one that could put you through a training in the rudiments of the game. I'll see what can be done." done.'

of the game. It see what can be done."

"Thank you for that half promise," said Wayland, and he went to his bed happier than at any moment since leaving home.

Young Norcross soon became vitally engaged with the problems which confronted McFarlane, and his possible enrollment as a guard filled him with a sense of proprietorship in the forest, which made him quite content with Bear Tooth. He set to work at once to acquire a better knowledge of the extent and boundaries of the reservation. It was, indeed, a noble possession, Containing nearly \$00,000 acres of woodland and reaching to the summits of the snow lined peaks to the or woodland and reaching to the summits of the snow lined peaks to the east, south and west, it appealed to him with silent majesty. It drew upon his patriotism. Remembering how the timber of his own state had been slashed and burned, he began to feel a sense of personal responsibility.

Reproduces, talking, singing and instrumental music. Clear at the part of the snow lined peaks to the snow plays Coltaming mearly 800,600 acres of the snow lined peaks to the snow lined peaks at south and reaching to the sum mits of the snow lined peaks at sent, build a fire in the rain and the star sponsibility.

Buy Husking Gloves Now

I be pay the postare. Largest and lined to the snow lined peaks at the star that the peaks at the snow lined peaks at the Here is the most unique, popular novelty of the year—a nity little leather holeter and metal gun, an exact duplicate of a "day and a quiet authority. They were less policemen than trusted agents of a federal department. Nevertheless, there was much to admire in the older men, who possessed a self reliance, a knowledge of nature and a western novelty. Sold in big citles at a high price. Send live to pay for 3-months trial subsection to our big home and family magazine and received the COWBOY WATCH FOB and GUN free. Address, there exact pays and girls. The one real course of the cowBOY WATCH FOB and GUN free. Address, there exact pays and girls. The one real course of the "school-" in the contemptuous of the "school-" it is a long way to a doctor from Settle's station. He was annoyed as well as touched agents of a federal department. Nevertheless, there was much to admire in the older men, who possessed a self reliance, a knowledge of nature and a certain rough grace which made them interesting companions and rendered that the was still far from looking the brave price. Send live to pay for 3-months trial subscription to our big home and family magazine and received the cowBOY WATCH FOB and GUN free. Address, there exact the interesting companions and rendered that the was annoyed as well as touched agents of a federal department. Nevertheless, there was much to admire in the older men, who possessed a self forester he felt himself to be. He reliance, a knowledge of nature and a wild, but I do intend to master the trailer's craft."

"I'll teach you how to camp if you'll trailing, and while they were secretly a little contemptuous of the "school-" surveys with father, and I al-

outfit and his training, and under her



Don't you wish it would last forever?"

direction he learned to pack a horse,

Edgar C. Farris, a hog raiser, West-port Station, Kansas City, Mo., has per-fected a simple method of salt treatment for prevention of hog cholera and other diseases. Farmers who have used it say it is a splendid conditioner.

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Harry Doornbos, a well known hog raiser near El Dorado, Kan., is using it and says his hogs are all healthy and coming fine, with positively no sign of siekness in his herd, although there is cholera all around him.

cholera all around him.

Here is something hog raisers are certainly interested in, and should investigate. If Hickory Salt is all that is claimed for it, and costs so little, and is producing such successful and satisfactory results as Mr. Doorubos and others say it is, every farmer with one or more hogs should write the Hickory Salt Mfg. Co., Westport Station, Kansas City, Mo., for full and complete information regarding it.—Advertisement.

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figure estimates, wages, taxes and in-terest on any sum of money, any number of days, at any rate—talls bushels and pounds in loads of grain correct amount at any price; waight ind prices of livestock; contents of cribs, wagens, bins, etc. Is is a "lighting calculator" always ready when you want R. Bound in red clebt covers, 128 pages, pocket size, One copy ALLEY FARMER BOTA TOPEKA, KAN ways take my share of the work. I with increasing dismay the fact that threw that hitch alone." She nodded he had overlooked another phase of toward the pack horse, whose neat the ranger's job. "I couldn't chop a load gave evidence of her skill. "I hole through one of these windfalls in told father this was to be a real camping expedition, and as the grouse season is on we'll live on the country. Can you fish?"

"Just about that," he laughed.

When the property is the property of the property along the property and the property along the p

good luck."

They both grew uneasy as time passed for fear something or someone would intervene to prevent this trip, which grew in interest each moment, but at last the supervisor came out and mounted his horse, the pack ponies fell in behind, Berrie followed, and the student of woodcraft brought up the rear. up the rear.

IN CAMP.

IN CAMP.

FOR several miles they rode upward through golden forests of aspens. On either hand rose thick walls of snow white boles, and in the mystic glow of their gilded leaves the face of the girlshone with unearthly beauty. Twice she stopped to gaze into Wayland's face to say, with hushed intensity: "Isn't it wonderful? Don't you wish it would last forever?"

Her words were poor, ineffectual, but her look, her breathless voice, made up for their lack of originality. Once she said: "I never saw it so lovely before. It is an enchanted land!" with no suspicion that the larger part of her ecstasy arose from the presence of her young and sympathetic companion. He, too, responded to the beauty of the day, of the golden forest as one who had taken new hold on life after long illness.

Meanwhile the supervisor was calmily leading the way upward, vaguely conscious of the magical air and mystic landscape in which his young folk floated as if on wings, thinking busily of the improvements which were still necessary in the trail and weighing with care the clouds which still lingered upon the tallest summits, as if debating whether to go or to stay. He had never been an imaginative soul, and now that age had somewhat dimmed his eyes and blunted his senses he was placifly content with his path. The rapture of the lover, the song of the poet, had long since abandoned his heart. And yet he was not completely oblivious. To him it was a nice day, but a "weather breeder."

"I wonder if I shall ever ride through this mountain world as unmoved as he seems to be?" Norcross asked himself after some jarring prosaic remark from his chief. "I am glad Berrie respends to it."

At last they left these lower, wondrous forest aisles and entered the unharden cloak of firs whose dark and

At last they left these lower, won-drous forest aisles and entered the un-broken cloak of firs whose dark and slient deeps had a stern beauty all

heir own. The horses began to labor with roar-The horses began to labor with roaring breath. A dozen times he thought, "We must be nearly at the top," and then other and far higher ridges suddenly developed. Occasionally the supervisor was forced to unsling an ax and chop his way through a fallen tree, and each time the student hurried to the spot, ready to aid, but was quite useless. quite useless.

"One of the first essentials of a ranger's training is to learn to swing an ax," remarked McFarlane, "and you never want to be without a real tool. I won't stand for a hatchet ranger."

ax," remarked McFarlane, "and you never want to be without a real tool. Ther you I won't stand for a hatchet ranger."

The sky was overshadowed now and a thin drizzle of rain filled the air. The rotte over his shoulders, but McFarlane rode wisteadily on, clad only in his shirt sleeves, unmindful of the wet. Berrie, however, approved Wayland's caution. "That's right; keep dry," she called while back, "Don't pay any attention to father, he'd father get soaked any day than unroll his slicker. You mustn't take him for a model yet awhile."

He no longer resented her sweet solicitude, although he considered himself unentitled to it, and he rejoiced under the shelter of his fine new coat. He began to perceive that one could be defended against a storm.

After passing two depressing marshes, they came to a hillside so steep, so slippery, so dark, so forbidding, that one of the pack horses balked, shook of t

one of the pack horses balked, shook his head and reared furiously, as if to say, "I can't do it, and won't try." And Wayland sympathized with him. The forest was gloomy and cold and

The forest was gloomy and cold and apparently endless.

After coaxing him for a time with admirable gentleness, the supervisor, at Berrie's suggestion, shifted part of the load to her own saddle horse, and

load to her own saddle horse, and they went on.
Wayland, though incapable of comment, so great was the demand upon his lungs, was not too tired to admire the power and resolution of the girl, who seemed not to suffer any special inconvenience from the rarefied air. The dryness of his open mouth, the throbbing of his troubled pulse, the roaring of his breath, brought to him

"Just about that," he laughed. —he had eaten a very early breakfast "Good thing you didn't ask me if I —and he fell to wondering just where could catch fish." He was recovering his spirits. "It will be great fun to have you as instructor in camp science. I seem to be in for all kinds of shut," he told himself. "Surely I can good luck."

They both grew uneasy as time gled on. gled on.

gled on.

Up and up the pathway looped, crossing minute little boggy meadows on whose bottomless ooze the grass shook like a blanket, descending ravines and climbing back to dark and muddy slopes. The forest was dripping, green and silent now—a mysterious menacing jungle.

"I'm glad I'm not riding this pass alone," Wayland said as they paused again for breath,

"So am I," she answered, but her thought was not his. She was happy at the prospect of teaching him how to camp.

to camp.

at the prospect of teaching him how to camp.

At last they reached the ragged edge of timber line, and there rolling away under the mist, lay the bare, grassy, upward climbing naked neck of the great peak. The wind had grown keener moment by moment, and when they left the storm twisted pines below its breath had a wintry nip. The rain had ceased to fall, but the clouds still hung densely to the loftiest summits. It was a sinister yet beautiful world—a world as silent as a dream, and through the short, thick grass the slender train ran like a timid serpent. "Now we're on the divide," called Berea, and as she spoke they seemed to enter upon a boundless Alpine plain of velvet russet grass. "This is the Bear Tooth plateau." Low monuments of loose rock stood on small ledges, as though to mark the course, and in the hollows dark ponds of icy water lay, half surrounded by masses of compact snow.

"This is a stormy place in winter,"

"This is a stormy place in winter,"
McFarlane explained. "These piles of
stone are mighty valuable in a blizzard. I've crossed this divide in August in snow so thick I could not see a rod."

Half an hour later they began to de-Half an hour later they began to descend. Wind twisted, storm bleached dwarf pines were first to show, then the firs, then the blue green spruces, and then the sheltering deeps of the underspoiled forest opened, and the roar of a splendid stream was heard. But still the supervisor kept his resolute way, making no promises as to dinner, though his daughter called: "We'd better go into camp at Beaver lake. I hope you're not starved," she called to Wayland.
"But I am" he replied so frankly.

"But I am," he replied so frankly that she never knew how faint he really was. His knees were trembling with weakness, and he stumbled dangerously as he trod the loose rocks in the nath.

They were all afoot now descending swiftly, and the horses romped down the trail with expectant haste, so that the trail with expectant haste, so that in less than an hour from timber line they were back into the sunshine of the lower valley, and at 3 o'clock or thereabouts they came out upon the bank of an exquisite lake, and with a cheery shout McFarlane called out, "Here we are, out of the wilderness!" Then to Wayland, "Well, boy, how did you stand it?" "Just middling" replied Wayland.

"Just middling," replied Wayland, reticent from weariness and with joy of their camping place.

With businessike certitude Berrie unsaddled her horse, turned him loose and lent a skillful hand at removing the panniers from the pack animals, while Wayland, willing, but a little uncertain, stood awkwardly about. Under her instruction he collected dead branches of a standing fir, and from these a few cones kindled a blaze, while the supervisor hobbled the horses while the supervisor hobbled the horses and set the tent.

One by one the principles of camping were taught by the kindly old rancher, but the hints which the girl gave were quite as valuable, for Wayland was eager to show her that he could be and intended to be a forester of the first class or perish in the at-

mcFarlane went further and talked freely of the forest and what it meant to the government. "We're all green at the work," he said, "and we old chaps are only holding the fort against the thieves till you youngsters learn how to make the best use of the do-main."

Berrie was glowing with happiness.
"Let's stay here till the end of the
week," she suggested. "I've always
wanted to camp on this lake, and now

I'm here I want time to enjoy it."
"We'll stay a day or two," said her father, "but I must get over to that ditch survey which is being made at the head of Poplar and then Moore

(Continued on Page 30.)



the national joy smoke

can be smoked all day long, and all evening, without any kind of a come-back but real and true joy. It certainly has the flavor you like best because it is the choice of smokers, not only in the United States, but all over the world! Now, if men of all tastes and all nations say that Prince Albert is right, we are certain it will meet your favor!

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WE offer these Special Outfit suggestions on Victrolas. The records included in these outfits are 10-inch double-faced records of your own selection, or if you prefer other records you may select them to the same value from the Victor Catalog of over 5,000 selections. We give you the benefit of our experience, our superior service and our musical knowledge, which gives you exceptional advantages in selection and advice. Particular people will appreciate this.



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Jenkins Outfit 4-A

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Jenkins Outfit 6-A

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GOOD WHITE ROCK COCKERELS \$2.00, Esther C. Miller, Bennington, Kan., R. 1.

BARRED ROCK COCKERELS \$1.00 ANI \$1.50 cach. Mrs. R. S. Fish, Waverly Kan.

BUFF ROCKS—A FEW HENS AND MALES to spare, William A. Hess, Humboldt, Kan.

FOR SALE—ABOUT 100 PURE BRED White Plymouth Rock hens. Lock Box 17, Kincaid, Kan.

BUFF PLY, ROCKS, FOUR GOOD BREEDing pullets and one cockerel \$7.00. W. F. Alden, Ellsworth, Kan,

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Guaranteed winners both for the farm and the show room. Half price now. A. H. Duff, Larned, Kan.

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LARGE, DARK ROSE COMB REDS. COCKerels, pullets. Bargains. Sunnyside Farm, Havensville, Kan.

SPECIAL SALE OF 300 SINGLE COMB Reds. Write for price list. C. E. Florence, El Dorado, Kan.

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BUTTERCUP POULTRY YARDS. I WILL mate you a trio of beautiful Buttercups \$200 egg strain) for \$10 and ship November 1. Book your orders now and avoid disappointment. No better Buttercups in United States. Prosperity and happiness with this breed. W. C. West, R. No. 5, Topeka, Kan.

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WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS, hens cheap. H. O. Collins, Fontana, Kan., R. F. D. No. 2,

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Prize winning stock. Mrs A.ivin Tennyson, Lamar, Kan.

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FOR SALE, FINE BUFF ORPINGTON cockerels, farm raised, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Mrs. Walter Clark, Oskaloosa, Kansas.

OVERLOOK POULTRY FARM HAS 50 BIG

OVERLOOK POULTRY FARM HAS 50 BIG boned Buff Orpington cockerels for quick sale. \$2-\$3-\$5 ench. Chas, Luengene, Box M 149, Topeka, Kansas.

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FAWN AND WHITE RUNNER DUCKS—Good stock. \$1.25 each. Mrs. Jake Ayers, Sabetha, Kan.

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UNTIL NOV. 15TH, GOOD BLACK LANGshan cocks and ckls., \$1 and up. Mrs. Geo. W. King, Solomon, Kan.

BLACK LANGSHANS \$1.50 and \$2.00 BACH and Buff and Partridge Cochin Bantams \$2.00 and \$2.50 per pair. R. C. Krum, Stafford, Kan.

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NARRAGANSETT TURKEYS. MRS. RIPley Smith, Cleveland, Mo.

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BREEDERS CHEAP IN ALL VARIETIES
Leghorns, Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds.
Orpingtons, Langshans, Cochins, Brahmas
Rocks, Bantams, ducks, geese, turkey and
Pearl and White guineas.
Bare Poultry Co.,
Box 819, Hampton, Iowa.

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FOR SALE—PIGEON FARM PLANT WILL clear \$1,000.00 annually. Little labor. Address The Squab Ranch, Hastings, Neb.

POULTRY WANTED

TURKEYS, CHICKENS, GUINEAS WANT ed. Coops loaned free, The Copes, Topeka, Kansas.

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Ideal Stock Farm, Concordia, Kan.

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HIGH GRADE HOLSTEIN CALVES, either sex, 3-4 weeks old. \$17 each, crated. Burr Oak Farm, Whitewater, Wis.

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FOR SALE—GRADE GUERNSEY HEIFers. 2 will be 2 next spring. Served Oct,
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HORSES FOR SALE—100 HEAD OF range horses, consisting of mares and geidings. Will sell in carload lots; price \$25.50 per head. Can deliver horses to points in Colorado. Kansas, Oklahoma or Texas, Write me. Harry Lammon, Harrington, New Mex.

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LONG GREEN LEAF TOBACCO TO CHEW or smoke, 20 and 25 cents per pound, 100 pounds delivered. True Cutler, Holt, Mo.

8 H. P. PORTABLE INTERNATIONAL engine; has magneto and friction clutch pulley. First class condition. Alfred Woodward, Burrton, Kan., R. F. D. 3.

PRAIRIE HAY. WE HANDLE HAY IN
large quantities and can make shipment
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City Grain & Elevator Co., 416 Main street,
Osage City, Kansas.

FOR SALE: A THREE TON AVERY AUTO truck rigged for all kind fieldwork, also with pulley for all kinds beltwork, with dray rack and box with 3 large seats, all overhauled, only run around 150 days full day's work; reason too big for my use. Address Box 133, Hope, Kan.

FOR SALE—FINE PIECE OF PROPERTY in Winfield, Kan., two story, 7 room modern house, all complete, gas, electric lights. Oak floors down stairs. ½ block ground, garage, 1 block from car line. Price \$3,800 for quick sale, part cash, balance 6 per cent. Will sell all or part of ground with the house. Jenny Turner, owner, Maxwell, N. Mexico.

FINE TOPEKA HOME FOR SALE—I WILL sell my place in Topeka, located on the most beautiful street in the city, near limits of city, two blocks from street car, two blocks from street car, two blocks from fine old shade, park like surroundings, lot 61½ by 205 feet, eight room house, modern in every detail, hardwood finish, four fine mantels and grates, of oak, brick and tile, big sleeping and dining porch, both screened, barn, poultry houses, etc., etc. Fine place for farmer who wants to move to the capital city. Price \$5,500, worth move. Cash or terms. Interest only 6 per cent instead of the usual 7 per cent. No trade. Address R. W. E., care Mail and Breeze.

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GOOD 160 ACRE FARM \$25 PER ACRE. Write Neal Finney, Amo, Colo.

FARM NEAR LARNED SUITED FOR dairying, Frank Dodge, Larned, Kan., Route 2.

FINE QUARTER SECTION NEAR TOWN. Write for particulars, W. F. McBride, Hobart, Okla.

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FOR SALE—CHEYENNE COUNTY QUARter \$1800; have had offer \$3200. Write Lock Box 17, Potter. Kansas.

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320 ACRE FARM, FOUR MILES TO STAtion. Improvements cost six thousand, Price \$12,800. Fred A. Reed, Salina, Kan.

160 A. 2 MILES FROM ESKRIDGE, KAN. Well improved, in good shape, fine location. \$60 per acre. R. Reynolds, Eskridge, Kan.

FOR SALE—GOOD WHEAT, ALFALFA and stock farms in Elk county. For description write owner, W. R. Glasscock, Moline, Kan.

SELL YOUR PROPERTY QUICKLY FOR cash. No matter where located. Particulars free. Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 6, Lincoln, Neb.

SELL OR TRADE. RAW, FENCED, UNincumbered upland quarter, 4 miles east of Garden City, cheap. F. L. Mathews, Sterling, Kan.

640 A., 4½ Mi. OF CO. SEAT. 12,000 BU. of grain this year. 270 a. in wheat. For sale reasonable. No trade. Geo. Shriwise, Jetmore, Kan.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—110 A., ALFALFA, sllo, good barn and house, well watered, school on farm, close to trading point. Wm. Davis, R. 4, Carbondale, Kan.

FREE 320 ACRE COLORADO HOMEsteads almost gone. Last chance for free farms. Fine water. Rich loam soil. Write Smoke & Ray, Box 555, Pueblo, Colorado. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—CLEAR 80 A. in Laramie Valley, ½ mi. of R. R. station, 8 mi. of Laramie City, Wyo. Level, subirrigated. Progressive Realty Co., Greeley, Colo.

gated. Progressive Realty Co., Greeley, Colo,
FOR SALE OR TRADE 80 A. OF TIMBER
land in Madison Co., Mo. Price \$2,000.
Want Kansas land. Would consider cattle
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Schoor, Mound City, Kan.

JEWELL CO. QUARTER—85 A. PLOWED, 20 a. alfalfa, balance pasture and timber. 8 room house, barh, corn crib and granaries, Plenty of water. A good farm. Price \$80 per acre. W. Guy Gillett, Otego, Kan.

YOUR FARM OR CITY PROPERTY CAN be sold. Our plan will sell it. Particulars will convince you. Write at once. Henry Satis Company, 693 Second avenue, Detroit, Michigan.

MUST BE SOLD IN NEXT 3 WEEKS, 169
acres unimproved, 5 miles from R. R.
town. Cuts 100 tons of hay. Will include
80 tons of hay for \$11.00 per acre. Will give
terms. Chas. L. Wolf, Dickens, Neb.
FARMS AND RANCHES \$4.50 UP. STOCK.

FARMS AND RANCHES \$4.50 UP. STOCK, dairying and farming. Corn, maize, kafir, sorghum, wheat, etc., raised. Good climate. Schools and churches. Write for particulars. Amistad Realty Co., Amistad, Union Co., N. Mexico.

160 A. McPHERSON CO., 90 CULT., BAL. pasture, fair improvements, \$8,000; mortgage \$2,000. Want suburban city property of 40 or 80 acres or within 2 miles of town in eastern Kansas. W. E. Lundquist, McPherson, Kan.

Pherson, Kan.

PRODUCTIVE LANDS: CROP PAYMENT or easy terms along the Northern Pac. Ry. in Minn., N. D., Mont., Idaho, Wash. and Ore. Free literature. Say what state interests you. L. J. Bricker, 46 Northern Pac. Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES 1 MILE FROM State Agricultural college, ½ mile from town. Excellent home for old couple retiring, for small darry or to send children to college. Part alfalfa land. Improved. \$4,500.00. Terms. C. H. Thompson, Stillwater, Oklahoma.

NORTHERN MINNESOTA—CHEAP, FERtile land; easy terms, Excellent climate, sweet water, good markets. Grasses grow luxuriantly. The ideal cattle country. Write for information. Northern Minnesota Development Association, Mail & Breeze Department, Duluth, Minn.

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SELL US YOUR FURS AND HIDES,
Highest prices. Honest and liberal grading. Prompt returns. An old reliable house
for all shippers. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Send for special price list at once. Ohsman
& Sons Co., Box 748, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

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ONE GOOD SIX ROOM HOUSE, ONE TWO room house, the only produce and creamroom house, the only produce and creamery business in town, for trade for land in Stevens, Grant or Morton Co., Kan. Inquire Box 105, Englewood, Clark Co., Kan.

FIRST CLASS GROCERY AND MEAT market for sale \$3500. Would consider small farm in exchange. Have poor health, Must sell. J. A. Powell, 10th and Quindaro, Kansas City, Kansas.

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FOR SALE. NEW HONEY. SAMPLE AND prices on application. Glen C. Voorhees, Tranquility, Calif.

LIGHT AMBER EXTRACTED HONEY. 2-60 pound cans \$8.40. Broken combs 2-56 pound cans \$10.64. V. N. Hopper, Las Cruces, N. Mex.

HONEY—FANCY WHITE EXTRACTED, 2 60-lb, cans \$11.00. Light amber \$10.00, Amber \$8.50. Single cans 25 cents extra, Bert W. Hopper, Rocky Ford, Colo.

HONEY—CO-OPERATE TO BUY, YOU can save. A car of choice California extract light amber alfalfa honey, 5 gal. cans. My own crop direct to consumer. How much can you use? Tell your agent and neighbors. Sample free, Will divide. Honey doesn't spoil. Harry Cross, 1107 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

Business Chances

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FREE FOR SIX MONTHS—MY SPECIAL offer to introduce my magazine "Investing For Profit." It is worth \$10 a copy to anyone who has been getting poorer while the rich, richer. It demonstrates the real earning power of money, and shows how anyone, no matter how poor, can acquire riches, investing For Profit is the only progressive financial journal published. It shows how \$100 grows to \$2,200. Write now and I'll send it six months free. H. L. Barber, 425-28 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

HOMIES WANTED

Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at s cents a word. Four or more insertions 4½ cents a word each insertion. No display type or illustrations admitted.

THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY OF NEW York wishes to provide homes in the country for the many poor and homeless children who come under its care. These children have been diligently trained to fit the new family life into which they are to enter. If a mistake has been made in the choice or for any reason the child be not satisfactory, the Society bears the expense of its return. If you apply for a child you should be prepared to satisfy the Society that you will furnish the comforts of a home; that you will treat the little one as a real member of your family by taking the place of father and mother to him as far as possible. If you have never had a boy about you, you can hardly imagine how interesting he can be and how he can renew your interest in life by relieving you of many of the small cares of the farm. Or possibly send you a sweet little girl to cheer your household in return for the comfort and protection f an approved home. We are anxious to find a home for twin boys, Edward and Edwin, eight years old, very bright, interesting boys, light hair, blue eyes, and always wide awake. Another boy William, eleven years old, a very attractive boy of Swedish descent. Two girls of fifteen, May and Victoria, want a home where they can attend school. Kindly send your name and address telling about your home and I will be pleased to correspond with you. Make application to Anna Laura Hill, P. O. Box 26, Topeka, Kan.

CREAM WANTED

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CREAM WANTED—THE INDEPENDENT Creamery Company of Council Grove, Kan-sas, buys direct from the farmer, Writ: for particulars.

MISCELLANEOUS

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I NEED A GOOD AUTO; WILL TRADE you good land, G. N. Kysar, Goodland,

FOR SALE—SORGHUM THAT IS SORghum. Sample ten cents. W. P. Waters, Pyatt, Ark.

FOR SALE -GUARANTEED Send 2 cent stamp for prices. Rash Bros. Centerville, Kan.

WANTED-WHITE ESQUIMO-SPITZ PUP-ples about six weeks old. Brockway's Ken-nels, Baldwin, Kan.

WANTED TO BUY—A NO. 1 COON, skunk and opossum hound. Must be a good one. What have you? Address P. C. X., care Mail and Breeze.

LUMBER—WE SHIP TO CONSUMERS AT wholesale. Send us your itemized bills for estimate. Lowest prices on Bois D' Arc, cedar and oak posts. Telephone poles and piling. McKee Lumber Co, of Kansas, Emporia, Kansas.

BIG BARGAIN FOR SHORT TIME ONLY Send only 10 cents and receive the greatest farm and home magazine in the Middle West for six months. Special departments for dairy, poultry and home. Address Valley Farmer. Arthur Capper, publisher, Dept. W. A. 10, Topeka, Kansas.

PATENTS

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PATENTS THAT PAY, \$600,812 CLIENTS made. Searches. Advice and two books free. E. E. Vrooman & Co., 885 F, Washington, D. C.

PATENTS SECURED THROUGH CREDIT system. Free search. Send sketch. Book and advice free. Waters & Co., 4215 Warder Bldg., Washington, D. C.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET, "ALL ABOUT Patents and Their Cost." Shepherd & Campbell, Patent Attorneys, 500C Victor Bidg.. Washington, D. C.

PATENT WHAT YOU INVENT. IT MAY be valuable. Write me. No attorney's fee until patent is allowed. Estab. 1882. "Inventor's Guide" free. Franklin H. Hough 532 Loan & Trust Bidg., Washington, D. C.

MEN OF IDEAS AND INVENTIVE ABILily should write for new "List of Needed
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WRITE FOR LIST OF PATENT BUYERS who wish to purchase patents and what to invent with list of inventions wanted, \$1,000,000 in prizes offered for inventions. Send sketch for free opinion as to patentability. Write for our Four Guide Books sent free upon request. Patents advertised free. We assist inventors to sell their inventions, Victor J. Evans & Co., \$25 Ninth, Washington, D. C.

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Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at cents a word. Pour or more insertions 44 cents a word ash insertion. So display type or illustrations admitted.

CHRISTIAN HELPERS AND FARMER tenants wanted. No capital required. Jno. Marriage, Mullinville, Kan.

BE A DETECTIVE. EARN \$160 TO \$300 per month; travel over the world. Write Supt. Ludwig, 401 Westover Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

City, Mo.

U. S. GOVERNMENT WANTS CLERKS.
Men—women 18 or over, \$70.00 month.
Vacations List of positions now obtainable
free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dep't D 51, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED FARMERS—MEN AND WOMEN
everywhere. U. S. government jobs. \$75
month. Short hours, Vacations, Rapid advancement. Steady work, Many appointments coming. Common education sufficient. No pull required, Write immediately
for list of positions now obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. D 51, Rochester, N. Y.

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GOVERNMENT FARMERS WANTED. \$60 to \$125 monthly. Free living quarters. Write Ozment, 38F, St. Louis.

Write Ozment, 38F, St. Louis.

MOLER BARBER COLLEGE. MEN WANTed. Special fail rates. Write for free catalogue. 514 Main Str., Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED. A MARRIED FARM HAND, FOR
winter or year. Send references first letter,
to B. C. McClelland, Milo, Lincoln Co., Kan.

SALESMEN WANTED FOR FRUIT AND ornamental trees. Experience unnecessary. Outfit free. Pay weekly. The Lawrence Nurseries, Lawrence, Kan.

I CONDUCTED GOVERNMENT EXAMinations. Can help you secure railway
mail or other government positions. Trial
examination free. Ozment. 38R, St. Louis.
WE GUARANTEE YOU A GOOD POSITION
paying from \$15 to \$25 per week by taking
a course in Stuhl's Institute of Watchmaking and Engraving. 207 Altman Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

MOTORMEN—CONDUCTORS; \$80 MONTH-ly. Interurbans everywhere. Experience un-necessary; qualify now; state age. Booklet free. Electric Dept., 812 Syndicate Trust, St. Louis, Mo.

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN; \$100 MONTH-ly. Experience unnecessary. Hundreds needed by the best railroads everywhere. Particulars free. 796 Railway Bureau, East St. Louis, Ill.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, MEN, 20-40 years old, for electric railway motormen and conductors. All parts U. S.; \$60 to \$100 monthly. Experience unnecessary. Write for application blank. National Railway Training Association, Dept. 49, Kansas City, Mo.

AGENTS

Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at cents a word. Four or more insertions 14 cents a word ach insertion. No display type or illustrations admitted.

MAKE BIG MONEY SELLING FEED cookers and tank heaters. Write quick. Fulton Mfg. Co., Toledo, Ohio.

AGENTS SELL OUR 7-PIECE DANDY kitchen sets, worth \$2.50, for \$1.25. Easy sellers. Big money. Write for particulars. Oklahoma Agency Co., Alva, Okla.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL WINFIELD Reliable Trees. Pure bred—True to name. Growers of a general stock. Will pay a lib-eral commission. Cooper and Rogers, Win-field. Kan.

YOUNG MAN, WOULD YOU ACCEPT A tailormade suit just for showing it to your friends? Then write Banner Tailoring Co., Dept. 177, Chicago, and get beautiful samples, styles and a wonderful offer.

DEAS WANTED—MANUFACTURERS ARE
writing for patents procured through me.
Three books with list hundreds of inventions warted sent free. I help you market
your invention. Advice free. R. B. Owen,
degrees and a wonderful offer.

AGENTS—MEN OR WOMEN. A REAL—honest to goodness—sells itself line—over 250 light weight, popular priced necessities. We pay 100% commission. \$6 a day can be made at the start. No capital—no experience required. Enormous demand—sells fast—big repeaters. Valuable territory open—all or spare time. Elegant agent's outfit furnished free. Write today. Postal will do. American Products Co., 3484 American Bidg., Cincinnati, O.

Beef Prices Take a Drop

Packers Are Succeeding in Their Effort to Force the Hog Market Down to a \$6 Basis

PAI SIEERS-	
Prime, heavy, corn fat	\$9.50@10.00
Prime medium weight	9.25@ 9.85
Fair to good	7 1562 0 M
western steers, choice	7 FAVOR 0 FA
Common to fair killers	E TEM C AE
Trine yearlings	8.50@ 9.75
COWS AND HEIFERS	
Dulma	

Choice hogs, over 200 pounds. \$6.8047.15 Choice hogs, over 200 pounds. 6.7047.10 Light hogs, 150 to 200 pounds 6.8047.15 Pigs 5.0046.60 Rough to common 5.7546.50 Bulk of sales 6.7047.10 SHEEP—

 Stiller
 \$8.25@8.65

 Lambs
 \$6.25@7.00

 Wethers
 5.56@6.40

 Ewes
 5.40@6.15

 Feeding lambs
 7.60@8.25

 Goats
 4.25@5.00

Ship Us Your Stock That You WanttoMarket

Our twenty years' experience on this market will save you money. Each department is looked after by competent men. Our weekly market letter will be sent free upon request. See that your stock is billed to us.

Ryan-Robinson Commission Co. 421-5 Live Stock Ex., Kansas City, Mo.

FARMS WANTED

Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at 6 cents a word. Four or more insertions 4½ cents a word each insertion. No display type or illustrations admitted.

TO HEAR FROM OWNER OF good farm or unimproved land for sale. H. L. Downing, 111 Palace Bidg., Minne-apolis, Minn.

I HAVE SOME CASH BUYERS FOR SALE-able farms. Will deal with owners only. Give full description, location, and cash price. James P. White, New Franklin, Mo.

FARMS WANTED. WE HAVE DIRECT buyers. Don't pay commissions. Write describing property, naming lowest price. We help buyers locate desirable property free. American Investment Association, 28 Palace Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Receipts of Livestock.

Cattle—	Pre- ceding week 75,559 30,500 194,600	Year ago. 58,000 52,500 169,200
Kansas City 50,659 Chicago 126,000 Five markets 279,550 Sheep—	96,250 95,000 196,650	70,600 131,000 336,500
Kansas City	31,250 63,000 221,250	96,850 111,000 220,400

Large Exports of Wheat.

Large Exports of Wheat.

Wheat exports continued on a large scale last week, far in excess of the average of published reports of foreign purchases during the last few weeks, affording evidence that the business is not going through the usual channels and is negotiated with more or less secrecy by agents of foreign governments. The reported export sales in all positions were only about 5 million bushels, and that is somewhat above the average for some weeks past, but the actual clearances last week, as reported by Bradstreet's were 10,134,069 bushels from United States and Canada, and the Broomhall reports show 51½ million bushels shipped from North America in the last four weeks an average of nearly 13 million bushels weekly.

The persistence of the large export movement kept the market strong last week, and the close, though somewhat below the top, was about 2 cents higher than the week before.

More Canadian Wheat Going Out.

A large proportion of last week's exports was Canadian wheat, and this is likely to continue true of the movement for the next few weeks. More than 2 million bushels of Canadian wheat went out "in bond" from United States ports and there were large shipments from Canadian ports. The immense Canadian wheat movement has not yet shown up so much as was to be expected in the exports, but large quantities are now available at ports and the movement abroad will increase.

Corn Prices Up a Few Cents.

Corn Prices Up a Few Cents.

News affecting corn futures was mostly favorable to the buying side last week and rather strong sentiment developed. Foreign purchases of new corn were claimed almost every day, though the amount sold generally was kept secret. It was claimed that contracts for new corn made in the past two months exceed 10 million bushels. Exports last week were only 239,000 bushels, a moderate quantity but the largest in some weeks past.

Complaints were numerous that much of the new corn in the Northern districts was soft and of no marketable value. Private estimates of the crop, made without regard to quality, forecasted a yield the largest on record.

Hard Wheat—No. 2, nominally \$1.02@1.09; No. 3, nominally 98c@\$1.08½; No. 4, 99@98c. Soft Wheat—No. 2, nominally \$1.12@1.14; No. 3, \$1.03@1.10; No. 4, 85@96c. Corn—No. 2 white, nominally 61@61½c; No. 3, nominally 59½@0c; No. 2 yellow, nominally 61@62c; No. 3, nominally 60@60½c; No. 3, nominally 61@62c; No. 4, 60c. Oats—No. 2 white, nominally 37@37½c; No. 3, 361½c; No. 4, 35½c; No. 2 mixed, nominally 34@53½c; No. 3, nominally 34%53½c; No. 3, nominally 34%53½

No. 3, 36½c; No. 4, 35½c; No. 2 mixed, nominally 34@35½c; No. 3, nominally 32½

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Eggs-Extras, new white wood cases included, 31c a dozen; firsts, 28c; seconds, 22c.

22c.

Butter—Creamery, extra, 28c a pound; firsts, 26c; seconds, 25c; pound prints, 16 higher; packing stock, 19c.

Live Poultry—Broilers, under 2 pounds, 16c; springs, 2 to 3 pounds, 14½c; 3 pounds and over, 11¾c; hens. No. 1, 11c; roosters, young, 11c, old 8½c; turkey hens and young toms 15c, old toms 13c; ducks, 11½c; geese, 9c.

BIG BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

Dealers whose advertisements appear in this paper are thoroughly reliable and the many bargains are worthy of your consideration

Special Notice discontinuance or-ders and change of copy intended for the Real Estate Department must reach this office by 10 o'clock Saturday morning, one week in advance of publication to be effective in that issue. All forms in this department of the paper alose at that time and it is impossible to make any changes in the pages after they are electrotyped.

WRITE PAPES, Mulvane, Kan., for list dairy farms near big milk condensary

IMP. 40, all cuit.; lays good, \$3200; 3½ mi. out. Becker & Booth, Valley Falls, Kan.

160 A. Hamilton Co. raw grass land, \$4.50 a. No trade. Walter & Patton, Syracuse, Kan.

4920 A. 10 mi. Meade, 700 a. farm land, bal. pasture, \$12.50 a. G. W. Day, Meade, Kan.

IMP. FARMS, alfalfa, corn and wheat lands \$50 up. Mott & Kohler, Herington, Kan.

FBEE! Illustrated booklet describing richest Co. in Kan. Hosey Land Co., Columbus, Ks.

480 A. ALL GRASS. Every acre can be cult. \$12.50 per acre. Box 215, German Col-onization Co., Plains, Kansas. FOR BUSINESS, homes or farms at Baldwin, Kan., seat of Baker University, write D. E. Houston & Co. Some trades.

WHEAT, OATS, CORN, ALFALFA lands. Famous Sumner County, Kansas. 14 wheat with farms. H. H. Stewart, Wellington, Kan.

½ SEC., 200 cult., 20 alfalfa, bal. pasture, well improved, spring and well. \$18,000. Terms. Hill & Murphy, Holsington, Kan.

IMPROVED choice 240 a. 4 mi. Preston, Pratt Co., Kan. 210 a. wheat, all goes to purchaser. Price \$14,500. 37,500 cash, no trades. Chas. E. Dye, Preston, Kan.

160 A. improved, good upland farm, 4 miles out; \$55.00 a. Easy terms. J. M. Conlan, St. Marys, Kansas.

1,440 ACRE RANCH, improved, \$10 per acre, terms. 890 acre ranch near city, \$15. Cliff Tomson, Syracuse, Kan.

NORTHEAST KAN. Good improved farms in bluegrass section, \$60 to \$100. Send for list. N. Compton, Valley Falls, Kan.

NICELY IMPROVED 160 a. farm close to Catholic town; new railread building. J. H. King, Cawker City, Mitchell Co., Kan.

220 ACRES FOR SALE. 260 acres wheat, balance pasture; near town and school. For the price and terms write H. M. Snare, Coldwater, Kansas.

160 A. 2 mi. from R. R. town; 80 a. corn, 10 a. alfalfa, 15 a. hog pasture, bal. pasture and meadow; 6 room house, good barn; well and cistern. Very cheap, if sold soon, \$45,00 per acre.
Rosenquist & Renstrom. Osage City. Kan. per acre. quist & Renstrom, Osage City, Kan.

TREGO CO. 160 acres 8 miles from Ransom, 80 acres in cultivation, 80 acres fine grass; 40 acres more tiliable, on main road and telephone line. Don't wait to write, come and see this. Price \$1,500.00.
V. E. West, Ransom, Kansas.

BUYERS for 1, ½ and ¼ sections of cheap farm land in western counties of Kansas. On new line of railroad preferred. Write me what you have; price and terms. Tyler Mullins, Elkhart, Kan.

MUST SELL ACCOUNT OTHER BUSINESS.
Can't look after alfalfa and crops. 160
acres, good land, good location, good roads,
close to town, R. F. D., and telephone. How
much can you pay down and what time do
you want on the remainder? Price \$8,000.
Arthur Rich, Fredonia, Kansas.

YOUR CHANCE. 160 acres, 4 ml. from Peabody. All extra good land under plow; good 7 room house. Good barn 40x60; scales, granary, etc. Nice shade, School 1 ml. Bargain for short time at \$70 per a.; time on \$7200. gain for short time \$7000.
Mollohan Land Co., Penbody, Kan.

160 ACRES, 5 miles of Ottawa, every acre nice, smooth, tiliable land; 60 acres in fine blue grass, timothy and clover pasture; 14 nice, smooth, tillable land; 60 acres in fine blue grass, timothy and clover pasture; 14 acres affaifa; 25 acres timothy and clover meadow, good 1½ story, 9 room house good barn, chicken house, hog house, corn crib for 5000 bushels of corn, fenced hog tight. Price \$75 per acre. \$3,000 cash, remainder long time at 6%.

Casida & Clark, Ottawa, Kansas.

800 ACRE TRACT NICE WHEAT LAND

J. A. Jackson, Syracuse, Kan. FIVE FARM BARGAD

Write just what you want. Frank H. Burnett, Benedict, Wilson County, Kansas.

BEST FARMING AND PASTURE LAND in southern Kansas, prices from \$20 to \$50 per acre. Write for list. Greene, Longton, Kansas.

160 A., 3½ MI. OUT. IMP. FAIR. 130 cult., 30 grass, good water, fenced. Second bottom. \$10,500. Mtg. \$4,000, 6%. Ed A. Davis, Minneapolis, Kan.

WE OWN 13,600 ACRES IN FERTILE Pawnee valley, smooth as a floor; best al-falfa and wheat land on earth; five sets of improvements; shallow water; will sell 80 acres or more. Frizell & Ely, Larned, Kansus.

Improved 480 Acre Bargain

190 a. in cult., 110 a. fine meadow. 175 a. blue stem pasture; rich soil. A big snap. Price \$30 per a. Worth \$50. M. T. Spong, Fredonia, Kansas.

2-Rare Bargains-2

Choice level 160 a. farm, \$4 a. cash. Also well imp, affalfa farm 168 a. Perfect title. Immediate possession, \$50 a. Terms, West-ern Real Estate Exchange Co., Syracuse, Ks.

STOCK FARM—240 ACRES

18 mi. Topeka, 3 mi. R. R. town, 40 a. bottom, 80 a. pasture, 25 a. wheat, some alfalfa, orchard, 7 r. house, barn, 40 head stock, sheds, corrals, feed cooker, windmill, wells spring pand, 360 a. Terms. No trade. wells, spring, pond. \$60 a. Terms. No trade J. E. Torrington, 106 W. 6th. Topeka, Kan

Biggest Ranch Bargain in Kansas 5.274 acres, Butler Co. Over 3,000 acres beautiful, level, rich, tillable and all finest blue stem, limestone pasture, one body. Timber and everlasting water. \$21.

V. A. Osburn, El Dorado, Kansas.

80 Acres Only \$750

South of Wichita near Wellington; all good upland soil; good bldgs.; fruit; alfalfa; only \$3,000; \$750 cash, \$750. March 1st.

R. M. Mills, Schweiter Bldg., Wichita, Kan.

CHASE COUNTY STOCK RANCH 640 acres 2 miles from shipping point. 100 acres best creek bottom, 75 acres alfalfa, timber, creek, 540 acres best bluestem pasture, running water, splendid improvements. No overflow, no gumbo, best combination in the county. Price \$25,000,00, liberal terms.

J.E. Boccok & Son,
Cottonwood Falls, Kansas.

Make Big Money With Cows

64 a., joining city, well improved, fitted up for dairying, all tillable, all in fine clover and blue grass. Cheap alfalfa hay on neighboring farms. A big money maker. Fine markets, in gas oil, coal and zinc towns. Owner quitting because of age offers this for \$5000, on easy terms. Write D. H. Wallingford, Mound Valley, Kan.

If you want to buy a farm or ranch, in the coming wheat, corn and stock county of the West, write me as we have bargains from \$8.00 to \$25 per acre. Both improved and unimproved. Let me know what size farm you want and how much you want to pay on the same on the same, W. V. Young, Dighton, Kansas,

LAND \$15 to \$35 an acre; with corn making 60 bu, to acre; wheat 20 to 40; all other 60 bu. to acre; wheat 20 to 40; all other crops good. Send for literature.
Buxton & Rutherford, Utica, Ness Co., Kan.

A Few Bargains

4000 acre ranch for sale, Western Kansas, \$5 per acre. 160 acres, unimproved bottom rand Trego Co., \$10 per acre. 180 acres Billis Co., small improvements, \$1800: good terms. 160 acres Gove Co., \$1700 cash. 160 acres bottom land, improved, 1 mile Billis, \$60 acre, small payment, long time on balance. \$20 acres, improved, near Cakley, 220 acres wheat, ½ goes to purchaser, price \$8000. S0 acres, well improved, near Salina, \$80000. Owner will take ½ in trade for the above two tracts and give good terms on balance. Want clear residence, suburban home or grocery stock. Write us what you want. Lands bought, sold and exchanged. Western Real Estate Co., EHis, Kan.

Two Great Bargains

640 acres, 5 miles from Garden City, in Arkansas Valley; all irrigated from Garden City ditch, Great Eastern Reservoir and large pumping plant, insuring plenty of water at all times. 400 acres good stand of alfalfa. Will raise finest crops of anything adapted to this section. Two sets of improvements. Will sell all or half. Price, \$115 per acre.

Also the best 1500 acre ranch in Western Kansas; 8 miles west of Syracuse, along Arkansas River. 400 acres wild hay, 40 acres alfalfa, 60 acres Sweet clover; fine shelter. Abundant summer and winter pasture. Price \$20,00 per acre or will trade for Illinois land. Liberal terms will be made on either of see places. Address

Geo. A. Caldwell, Decatur, Illinois

Ness County Lands

Good wheat and alfalfa lands at \$15 to \$25 per acre. Fine crops of all kinds in 1914 and better crops in 1915. No better soli in Kansas. Land in adjoining counties on the east \$40 to \$75 per acre. Buy here while land is cheap. Write for price list, county map and literature. No trades.

Floyd & Floyd, Ness City, Kansas.

CALIFORNIA

FOR SALE—40 acre fruit farm, \$20,000.00, half cash, balance, terms. Income \$75.00 per acre. Box 31, Reedley, Fresno Co., Calif.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

LANDS TO TRADE for general merchandise. J. M. Denning, Park, Kansas.

TRADES EVERYWHERE. Exchange book free. Bersie Agency, El Dorade, Kan.

LANDS for sale and exchange for western lands. John Goff, Willow Springs, Mo.

260 ACRES timber, agriculture land; close to god town. \$2600. Weaver, Seligman, Mo

FARMS and land to exch. for mdse. or income property. C. L. Kraft, Little Rock, Ark.

240 ACRES all bottom land, well imp., to trade. Youngs Realty Co., Howard, Kan.

E. KANSAS farms in Catholic settlements. Exc. Frank Kratzberg, Jr., Greeley, Kan. IMP. FARMS, some in Catholic settlement. Exc. Severn & Hattick, Williamsburg, Kan.

BEST exchange book in U. S. 1,000 nonest trades. Graham Bros., Elderado, Kan.

BIGHAM & OCHILTREE sell and trade best corn, alfalfa, wheat land in U. S. Write for list. 116 N. 8th, St. Joseph, Mo.

HEADQUARTERS for best wheat and alfalfa lands in Kansas; will exchange and assume. Jones Land Co., Sylvia, Kansas.

FINE ALFALFA, wheat, corn and pasture land for sale or trade, cheap. Write L. S. Hoover, Eureka, Kan.

LAND and make for sale or exchange.

Co-operative Realty Co., Humansville, Mo.

IMPROVED and unimproved farms and ranches for sale or trade. Send for list. Bader & Webster, Junction City, Kan. THREE HIGHLY IMPROVED alfalfa and

grain farms, eastern Kansas; encumbered one-third value. Want cash or clear prop-erty. Nathan Tate, Howard, Kansas.

FARMS. 160 a. 3½ ml. of Lawrence, Kan. 120 acres 2½ miles of Ottawa, Kan. 160 acres 1½ miles of Hallowell, Kan., to exchange for clear western Kansas land. Write owner, J. C. McCanles, Lawrence, Kan.

TO EXCHANGE QUICK for mose. General stock preferred. 720 a. of all smooth, unimproved land located in Lane Co., Kan. No better soil in the state. Approximate value \$21 per a. I have all kinds of wheat and alfalfa land for sale. Address C. F. Edwards, Ness City, Kansas.

RETAIL STORE MAKING GOOD MONEY.
Want land west of Hutchinson.
Hugh Conner, Hutchinson, Kan.

80 ACRE FARM, Howell county, Missouri for sale cheap. Farms, city property and merchandise everywhere for sale and exchange. Write us your wants. J. W. Brown, State Savings Trust Co., Springfield, Mo.

160 A. 1½ mi. Soldier, Kan. All in cultiva-tion; 4 r. house, small barn, good well; land lays good. Price \$12,000, mig. \$5000 at 8%. Owner will trade equity for stock of mdse. 160 a. in Sheridan Co., 50 in cult., bal. grass. 3½ mi. from Guy. \$3200, mig. \$750; will trade equity for rental property. N. Rasmus, Wetmore, Kan.

240 ACRES, Riley Co., well improved, 120 in cultivation; 4½ from town. Price \$45,600. Mtg. \$3000; for grass or dairy farm near good town. 7 room, modern dwelling in Mineral Wells, Tex. \$5,500 clear for 80 or equity in quarter.

3. C. Weaver, Wakefield, Kan.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
A splendid shallow water relinquishme bearing vineyard, good bearing orcha 320 acre irrigated attalfa farm must disposed of on account of mortgage.

Olney Realty Co., Olney Springs, Colo.

TRADE YOUR SHORTHORNS FOR LAND.
We have several good farms both improved and unimproved; priced to sell and will accept registered Shorthorn cattle as part or whole pay. If interested write today for description of land.

Jacob C. Good, Owner, Ohiokasha, Okla.

369 A. fine valley land well located, splendld stock and grain farm, about 30 a. fine timber, no rock or gravel. Price for quick sale \$61 per acre.

120 a. 3½ mi. Ottawa, good buildings, good soil, splendid water, fine shade, yard, beautiful home proposition. Priced right for immediate sale. Write for free booklet, describing farm bargains.

Mansfield Land Company, Ottawa, Kansas.

Homes in the Ozarks 160, well improved, \$2400. 120, well impr., \$1200. 40 a. well improved, \$600. 4400 acres best unimproved land in state for sale cheap or exchange. Write us for lists and par-ticulars. Ozark Realty Co., Ava, Me.

GOOD FARM NEAR LIBERAL 160. acres, mixed land, 7 miles from town.
120 acres in cultivation. Small house, well and windmill. About 100 acres in apring crop, one-fourth goes with the land. Price 34500; will carry \$1600 on land three years and take in good livestock or rental property for part. Must have not less than \$1500 cash. Write for list of other lands.
Land-Thayer Co., Liberal, Kansas.

ARKANSAS

FOR CHEAP CORN, alfalfa and truck farms write W. L. Perkins, Ashdown, Ark.

WRITE Dowell Land Company for bargains in Arkansas lands. Wainet Ridge, Ark.

ALFALFA, cotton and corn farms. Easy terms. S. P. Thompson, Marked Tree, Ark.

DO YOU WANT to buy, sell or trade land, houses, mdse., anywhere? Owners only, no commission. C. B. Haney, Bentonville, Ark.

ARKANSAS LAND. Write us for prices and information about our products. H. H. Houghton & Son., Jonesboro, Arkansas

200 A. impr. Part valley; 60 a. cuit., 2½ ml. rairoad, \$29.00 acre. Terms.
C. L. Kraft, Little Bock, Ark.

Price \$6000; \$1000 cash, terms on balance.
P. M. Thompson, Ft. Smith, Ark.

NEW RAILBOAD, new town, cheap lands in the Ozurks. For information write C. C. Feemster, Immigrant Agent for the Ozurks Railway Co., Mountain Home, Ark.

160 ACRES; 25 cultivated; 45 can be; well improved; orchard; good timber; well watered; 4 mi. ratiroad. Price \$750. Free list. W. J. Copp, Calico Rock, Ark.

180 A. black sandy loam, ½ in cultivation. Grow corn, wheat, oats, alfalfa, cotton. \$40 acre. Pike and railroad. Polk Real Estate Co., Little Rock, Ark.

478 A. STOCK and grain farm, 100 bottom cultivated, houses, barns; water power, 0.00, terms. Farm list free. Ward, The Land Man, Mtn. Heme, Ark.

WRITE FOR FREE "WARRANTY DEED" of farm bargains, improved, 14.00 per acre and up. New Home Land Co., Spposite Union Station, Little Rock, Ark.

OZARK COUNTRY HOMES. The Yellville News & Mining Reporter tells about them. Also of Ark. Zinc Field. Correct information weekly, 31 a year. Get posted before you come. Address, Vellville, Ark.

ARKANSAS 5,000 acres, fine level valley land; any size tract \$6 to \$12 per acre; third cash, bal. 9 yearly payments. Write for literature. Shaeffer Land Company, 641 Reserve Bank Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

1,000 ACRES in high fertile valley; 200 acres in cultivation. Unlimited stock range. Spring water and railroad through farm, \$15.00 per acre. Will divide, L. P. Coleman, Little Bock, Ark.

486 ACRES; 160 cult. 5 room res. 4 room tenant house; very rich loam. 6 miles of Jonesboro; rock road, R.F.D., phone. One of the best farms in Arkansas for the money. Price \$40.00 per acre. Terms. Southern Land & Loan Co., Jonesboro, Ark.

FARMS as low as \$5 and \$10 per acre, located at the foot hills of the Ozark Mountains, in Independence Co., Ark. Description sent for the asking. Wright Half-acre Beal Estate Co., Batesville, Ark.

329 ACRES WELL IMPROVED.
6 miles of Clarksville, the county seat of Johnson Co., Ark. All under fence, about all in cultivation, 3 sets houses, barne; 3 fine ever-flowing springs; ideal grass and farming land. Good for stock farm. Price for quick sale, 34,000.

M. S. Park, Clarksville, Ark.

WE PAY RAHLEGAD FARE

To Arkansas special land sale. Sell 40 a. or more. 14,000 a. in tract. Good level land, near large city. Good market, raifroad, automobile pike. No rock, no swamps; very healthy. \$10 per a., easy terms Refund money paid any time during purchase period if dissatisfied, or will loan purchase money 2 years 8% int. for improving land. Bank guarantees fulfillment of contract.

Alexander & Son, Little Bock, Ark.

Arkansas 160 acre farm, 40 a. in grass.
One 4 room house, 1½ ml. from bown.
Every acre can be cultivated. \$7.50 acre.
Clowdis Land Co., Ashdown, Ark.

COLORADO

POOR MAN'S CHANCE. Fine imp. 320 a. Kit Carson Co., Cole. \$5000, terms. O. W. Gale, 108 N. Nevada, Colorado Springs, Cole.

FOR SALE: Fruit tracts and irrigated farms in Northern Colorado. Write me what you want. A. H. Geddard, Loveland, Celerado.

acre. Deeded rainbelt lands \$15 up. Irrigated land \$60 up. Town lots \$100 up. Easy terms. Colorado Colony Co., Sterling, Colo.

25 BU. WHEAT LAND from \$5 to \$15 per acre in tracts to suit. Particulars.
Pinkham & Davis, Holly, Colorado.

329 A. 10 ml. Yoder; ½ ml. school, store and P. O. Adjoining land held at \$25; on line proposed interurban Ry. Price \$12.50. Horace Meloy, Calban, Colorado.

125 HEAD well bred two-year-old feeding steers \$6.50 per 100 pounds, weighed at Deer Trail, Colo. 150 acres fine wheat land \$25.00 an acre; 36 cash, bal. 3 years 6%. Harry Maher, Deer Trail, Cole.

SONE GOOD COLORADO FARMS.

280 a. improved, some timber, snap, \$4200,
75 a., 8-room house, barn, living water,
joins town, 2 R. R., creamery, sacrifice,
\$2500. 5 a. choice affalfa, suburban home
\$750. Write
Keen Bros., Fueblo, Colc.

MISSOURI

WRITE J. H. Wright, Marshfield, Missouri, for farm lists of good farms.

STOP; LISTEN! 80 a. impr. farm \$885.Views; other farms. McGrath, Mtn. View, Mo.

BARGAINS in high class farm near Kansa: City. Some Exc. L.W.Kircher, Cleveland, Mo

KERAN & WEGNER, real estate, Lockwood, Mo. Write for information, English or German.

160 A. well imp. Well and spring. 50 a. cult., bal. timber. R. F. D. and phone. \$17.50 a. Terms. J. A. Hunt, Marshfield, Mo.

120 ACRES, 3 miles out. Lays fine. Eight room house; large barn; fruit; tame grass for stock and dairy purposes, \$45.00 a. Terms. Baker Inv. Co., Mountain Grove, Mo.

POOR MAN'S CHANCE—\$5 down, \$5 month-ly buys 40 acres good land; near town; some timber, healthy location. Bargain price \$200. Box 425-O, Carthage, Mo.

160 ACRES, 1 ml. of good R. R. town near Cape Girardeau; well improved. Produces 75 bu. corn, 5 cuttings alfalfa. Best land in U. S. Climate excellent; health good. \$50 per a. Warren L. Mabrey, Jackson, Mo.

5 AND 10 ACRE TRACTS on county road, close to Branson, on Lake Taneycomo, all in cultivation or part timber. Terms to suit.

York Development Co., Branson, Mo.

PLEASANT HOMES IN MISSOURI OZARKS 80 acres, house, barn, spring; only \$700. I own and control 10,000 acres, any size tract. Easy terms, good water, climate unexcelled. Frank Hays, Ava, Mo.

Methodist Farms

We have a large list of bargains for Methodist families wanting homes in the Ozarks. Write for lists, etc. Methodist Land & Colonization Co., Box 234, Steelville, Mo.

SOUTHEAST MISSOURI LANDS—If you want to become independent, buy lands in Southeast Missouri, in the rich drained lands that raise anything and raise it certain. All I ask is a chance to "SHOW YOU." Prices are very reasonable. No trades considered. Write for literature and information. F. S. Bice, Oran, Missouri.

OKLAHOMA

FOR SALE: 80 acres. \$20.00 acre. Bargain R. H. Waters, Anadarko, Oklahoma.

OKLA. LANDS. 40 to 500 a. tracts. Write for list. Roberts Realty Co., Nowata, Okla.

CHOICE Oklahoma lands at attractive prices.
Address C. W. Smith, Kingfisher, Okla.

FOR INFORMATION about lands and loans write Jordan Land & Loan Co., Pauls Valley, Oklahoma.

F. M. TARLTON & CO., will mail you list of farms in northeast Oklahoma. Write them. Vinita, Oklahoma.

FINE GRAZING AND FARM LANDS for sale in Eastern Oldahoma. Write J. L. Shinaberger, McAlester, Oklahoma.

850 ACRES, 200 cult., 150 rough timber pasture, imp. Joins station. Good water
 \$27.50 a. C. M. Smith, Crowder, Okla.

40 A. 7 mi. McAlester, 25 a. cult., fenced hog tight. 5 room house, barn, 2 wells, orchard. Corn made 50 bu. per a. \$21 per a. Terms. Southern Realty Co., McAlester, Okla.

WE HAVE 40 FARMS TO SELL; 10 a. to 1000 a. Three ranches, cheap land, 1000 to 20,000 acres. Correspondence solicited. Ref. any bank in Pittsburg County. Crowder R. E. Co., Crowder, Okla.

CHOICE CORN and alfalfa bottom lands, fine upland farms, also grazing land, Write today for list of Oklahoma Bargains, for Bros., Chickasha, Okla.

BUX NOW from owner, best 650 a. farm (will divide) in Oklahoma, 3 mi. from Vinita, Well improved; strong, level land; 3 sets of buildings. W. M. Mercer, Aurora, III.

BEST LOCATED improved alfalfa, grain, dairy, hog and poultry quarter. 70 acres alfalfa, fifty spring crop; orchard; running water; mile to Jefferson. Price \$16,000. John Bogers, Jefferson, Okla.

Co., Okla. 4 miles east of El Reno; 500 acres in cultivation, bal. in alfalfa and pasture. Improvements are good. \$65 a.; terms. H. H. Medlen, Box 1064, Muskogee, Okla.

Oklahoma Land For Sale

Good land in Northeastern Oklahoma; price from \$20.00 to \$35.00 per acre. Write for price list and literature.

W. C. Wood, Nowata, Okla.

SEE THIS

160 acres 1½ miles out—good soil and water—fair improvements—120 sowed to wheat, price only \$3500—good terms. Free

nd map. Perry DeFord, Oakwood, Okla.

QUICK PROFITS

The big crop, the big war and everything points to another of the booms in land such as have made thousands of men rich. Good land is yet to be had at ten dollars per acre and up in Oklahoma, youngest of the agricultural states. Come and see.

Frank Meadows, Hobart, Okla.

SOUTH DAKOTA

South Dakota Lands

On corn, alfalfa and grain land, South Dakota gets as large an acre yield as states farther east where land is priced two to three times as high. The price raised every year and now is the time to buy. For State bulletins address Department of Immigration, Capital E3, Pierre, S. D.

NEBRASKA

I HAVE FINE ALFALFA FARMS
in tracts from 160 acres to 1000 acres, and
best corn and wheat land at prices from \$8
to \$30 per acre. These prices will not last
long. Write me today.
A. T. Cowings, Benkelman, Neb.

WISCONSIN

30,000 ACRES cut-over lands; good soil; plenty rain; prices right and easy terms to settlers. Write us. Brown Brothers Lumber Co., Rhinelander, Wis.

IDAHO

CROPS ARE SURE IN IDAHO

600 acres all cultivated. Best wheat section in Northwest. \$40.00, terms. Other bargains on hand. Tell us your wants.

H. W. Arnold & Co., Bolse, Idaho.

MONTANA

GET A HOME in the Famous Yellowstone Valley, Montana. Bumper world's prize winning crops every year. Investigate; write for booklet just issued. The Cartersville Irrigated Land Company, Fremont, Neb.

SOUTH AMERICA.

YOU CAN GET free ranch in South America by assisting in paying expenses to secure million acre concession. Rich soil, fine cli-mate. Highest references. Map 25c. Box 498, Sawtelle, Calif.

NEW YORK

WE SELL WELL IMPROVED FARMS srowing big crops, in Central New York, for less money than you pay for raw, inferior land out West. Come now and see for yourself. McBurney & Co., 309 Bastable Block, Syracuse, New York. Or ask McBurney & Co., 703 Fisher Bldg., Chicago, Ill., to mail you free list of New York farms for sale.

Old Age Forces Sales

165 acres, 12 acres wood and timber, 66 room house, water at house and barns; two barns, basement with 40 cow stalls; house papered, painted and plastered. Carriage house; granary, hog house, hen house, smoke house, school, church, creamery & mile, Hay, grain, stock, tools included, 8 cows, two horses young stock. Wagons, plows, harrows, mower, rake, grain drill, harness, sleighs, everything. \$5000; part cash. Hall's Farm Agency, Owego, Tioga Co., N. Y.

MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA STOCK FARM. 640 acres good level land, black loam, deep clay subsoil. Every foot plow land. 400 acres under cultivation, 80 a. red clover, 30 a. timber, balance upland hay and pasture. Good 7 room house, 2 large stock barns, 2 wells with windmill, 10,000 bu. granary, blacksmith shop, hog barns, machinery shed. Near school, church and creamery. Only \$35 per acre on terms. W. J. Westfall Land Co., 740 Plymouth Bldg., Minneapolls, Minn.

FARM LOANS

FARM AND CITY MORTGAGES a specialty.
Write us if you wish to borrow.
Perkins & Co., Lawrence, Kan.

FARM LOANS, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, low rates, liberal privileges, most favorable terms. No delay. You get all

you borrow. The Deming Investment Co., Oswego, Kan. Branch offices: Wichita,Kan.; OklahomaCity, Muskogee, Durant, Okla.; Little Rock, Ark.

TEXAS

POSITIVE PROFITS on the Panhandle plains. The best cheap land proposition on earth. Our bumper crops will prove it. Write at once for descriptive folder.

J. N. Johnson Land Co., Dalhart, Tex.

TEXAS FARM FOR SALE BY OWNER. Well imp. 300 a. farm in rainbelt one mi. from good town on R. R. \$25.00 per a., third cash, bal. suit purchaser. Excellent crops now on farm. Oil well being drilled in town. J. O. Ehlinger, Owner, Box 1307, Houston, Texas.



Horse Book

he is considered the world's greatest authority in this field.

Our Great Offier! By a special arrangement direct properties of the publishers we are able for a limited time to offer desnous Horse Book! cbsolutely Free-postage propeid—to all who send \$1.00 to pay for a one-year-new or renewal-subscription to our big farm weekly. Send your name and \$1.00 at once.

When writing to advertisers please mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze.

WHAT BREEDERS ARE DOING

FRANK HOWARD, Manager Livestock Department.

FIELDMEN.

A. B. Hunter, S. W. Kansas and West Okla., 614 So. Water St., Wichita, Kan. John W. Johnson, N. Kansas and S. Ne-braska. 820 Lincoln St., Topeka, Kan. Ed R. Dorsey, North Missouri, Iowa and Illinois, Cameron, Mo. Jesse R. Johnson, Nebraska, 1937 South 16th St., Lincoln, Neb. C. H. Hay, S. E. Kan., So. Mo. and E. Okla., 4204 Windsor Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

PUREBRED STOCK SALES.

Claim dates for public sales will be published free when such sales are to be advertised in the Farmers Mail and Breeze, Otherwise they will be charged for at regular rates.

Jacks and Jennets.

Nov. 15—W. H. Romjue, Atlanta, Mo. Dec. 14—Hineman & Hutchins, Sterling, Kan. Dec. 14—H. T. Hineman, Dighton, Kan., and D. J. Hutchins, Sterling, Kan. (Sale at Sterling, Kan.) March 7 and 8—L. M. Monsees & Sons, Smithton, Mo.

Percheron Horses.

Dec. 16-J. C. Robison, Towarda, Kan. Percherons and Other Draft Breeds.

Jan. 25, 26, 27, 28—Breeders' Sale Co., Bloomington, Ill.; C. W. Hurt, Mgr., Arrowsmith, Ill.

Shorthorn Cattle.

Nov. 80—Levi. Eckhardt, Winfield, Kan. Jan. 20—Richard Roenigk, Morganville, Kan., at Clay Center, Kan. Feb. 5—Frank Uhlig, Falls City, Neb. March 23—Ben Lyne, Oak Hill, Kan. Sale at Abilene, Kan.

Holstein Cattle.

Nov. 17—J. U. Howe, Wichita, Kan. Nov. 18—Mott & Seaborn, Herington, Kan. Dec. 16—John Weinert, Falls City, Neb.

Hereford Cattle.

March 4—Carl Behrent, Oronoque, Kan. Sale at Norton, Kan.

Poland China Hogs.

Poland China Hogs.

Nov. 15—W. Z. Baker, Rich Hill, Mo.
Jan. 14—J. G. Burt, Solomon, Kan.
Jan. 18—D. C. Lonergan, Florence, Neb.
Jan. 21—A. F. Blinde and Geo. Brown; sale
at Auburn, Neb.
Jan. 25—M. J. Swingle, Leonardville, Kan.
Jan. 25—M. J. Crow, Webb, Ia.
Jan. 26—J. L. Griffiths, Riley, Kan.
Jan. 28—S. E. Wait, Blue Mound, Kana.
Jan. 31—S. A. Nelson & Sons, Malcolm, Neb.
Feb. 1—W. Z. Baker, Rich Hill, Mo.
Feb. 2—Frazer Bros., Waco, Neb.
Feb. 3—H. J. Beall and Wisel Bros., Roca,
Neb.
Feb. 4—J. A. Godman, Devon, Kan.

Neb.
Feb. 4—J. A. Godman, Devon, Kan.
Feb. 5—Fred B. Caldwell, Howard, Kan.
Feb. 9—C. A. Lewis, Beatrice, Neb.
Feb. 10—Wm. McCurdy, Tobias, Neb.
Feb. 15—K. S. A. C., Manhattan, Kan.
Feb. 16—Ed Sheehy, Hume, Mo.
Feb. 16—Herman Gronniger & Sons, Bendena, Kan.

Feb. 16—Herman Gronniger & Sons, Bendena, Kan.
Feb. 17—H. C. Graner, Lancaster, Kan.
Feb. 18—H. B. Walter, Effingham, Kan.
Feb. 18—J. H. Harter, Westmoreland, Kan.
Feb. 23—F. E. Moore & Sons, Gardner, Kan.
Feb. 25—A. J. Erhart & Sons, Ness City,
Kan. Sale at Hutchinson, Kan.
Feb. 27—Ben Anderson, Lawrence, Kan.
Feb. 29—E. M. Wade, Burlington, Kan.
Feb. 29—E. M. Wade, Burlington, Kan.
March 4—Carl Behrent, Oronoque, Kan. Sale
at Norton, Kan.
March 1—W. V. Hoppe & Son, Stella, Neb.
March 23—Ben Lyne, Oak Hill, Kan., Abilene, Kan.

Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

Nov. 17—Lant Brothers, Dennis, Kan.
Nov. 17—J. U. Howe, Wichita, Kan.
Nov. 17—Mott & Seaborn, Herington, Kan.
Nov. 23—R. W. Baldwin, Conway, Kan.
Dec. 15—John O. Hunt, Marysville, Kan.
Jan. 24—Geo. Briggs & Sons, Clay Center,
Neb.

Dec. 15—John O. Hunt, Marysville, Kan. Jan. 24—Geo. Briggs & Sons, Clay Center, Neb. Jan. 25—J. C. Boyd, Virginia, Neb. Feb. 2—Martin Kelly, Verdon, Neb. Feb. 4—W. M. Putman, Tecumseh, Neb. Feb. 5—J. H. Proett & Son, Alexandria, Neb. Feb. 15—K. S. A. C., Manhattan, Kan. Feb. 23—R. W. Baldwin, Conway, Kan. Feb. 24—J. M. Layton, Irving, Kan.

Chester White Hogs. Feb. 24-J. M. Layton, Irving. Kan.

S. W. Kansas and W. Oklahoma

BY A. B. HUNTER.

Here is a book that should be in the hands of every horse owner! Admittedly the greatst book on the subject ever written and practically worth the subject and practically worth the work of the

Hull's Duroc-Jersey Offering.

Hull's Duroc-Jersey Offering.

D. W. Hull of Americus, Kan., has a card announcement in this issue of Farmers Mail and Breeze in which he is offering choice Duroc-Jersey spring pigs. These pigs are sired by High Cherry Col., by Cherry Col., by Tippy Col., and out of High Lottie, by High Col. The dams of the pigs are by Billie the Twister, Taylor's Model Chief and Crimson Wonder Again. Mr. Hull's herd boar and bred sows carry the very best and most popular blood lines. The pigs are nicely grown and will suit any of our readers who will place an order with Mr. Hull. Write him about prices

and further particulars and kindly mention Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

PARTICIPATION STATES TO STATES THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Coming Shorthorn Dispersion.

Coming Shorthorn Dispersion.

Levi Eckhardt, Winfield, Kan., will sell at auction, Tuesday, November 30, his entire herd of Shorthorns, consisting of 180 head. Mr. Eckhardt has sold his ranch and these cattle must sell. Included in the offering will be 80 mature cows, 15 2-year-old heifers, 20 yearling heifers and 40 young bulls, 8 to 23 months old, also 25 heifer calves 8 to 14 months old. Mr. Eckhardt has been a breeder of Shorthorns for 30 years. He founded a working dairy herd of Shorthorns in the state of Wisconsin from which a number of the older females of his present herd were drawn. On this Wisconsin herd were used sires such as Forest Pride, a sire that produced such beef and milking qualities combined that he was retained for eight successive years, Sylvan Champion, a J. H. Miller bred bull, the show bull Debonair, Pride of Crawford, Silver Crown, and others of like note helped to lay the foundation of this great milk and beef producing herd. On these females Mr. Eckhardt has been using for the last few years such sires as Rosewood Dale, by the great Avondale and Satin Royal, by Choice Archer. Rosewood 92d. Over 75 head of the younger animals are by this son of the great Avondale, and a very large part of the breeding females offered are now safe in calf to him. His calves show that thick fleshed true Avondale type, so much admired. These cattle have been raised under modern ranch methods and will be ready to respond to feed and care and be money-makers for whoever buys them. If you want Shorthorns, you cannot afford to miss this great sale. Send your name today for catalog and arrange to attend. Please mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

A Bouquet of Shorthorns

A Bouquet of Shorthorns.

H. C. Lookabaugh, Watonga, Okla., has for several years been selecting breeding Shorthorn females from the best families and regardless of price. The best that the herd books show and the very best produced by the leading American breeders have been selected and retained on the Pleasant Valley Stock Farm which is today the home of such noted Shorthorn females as Lady Fragrant, the mother of Radium, Village Flower 2d, by Imported Villager, Lord's Violet by Lavender Lord and Isabella, the grand champion Shorthorn female that won sweepstakes over the four beef breeds at Nebraska State Fair, 1914, and one of the wonderful features of this great herd is the large number of these outstanding producing females found in the herd. The writer recently saw right at a hundred head of these breeding cows cut into one pen and a Shorthorn enthusiast present aptly described them when he said, "Never before have I seen such a bouquet of Shorthorns." The great sire Fair Acres Sultan could not have found a better home; he is by White Hall Sultan and out of Snow Bird, junior champion at the American Royal, a full sister of Snowflake, the sire of Ringmaster, three times International grand champion. He is also the sire of the undefeated young herd of 1914 and is the sire of more Iowa State Fair prize winners; 1915, than any other buil. This great sire is also ably assisted by such sires as Avondale's Choice, by the great Avondale and out of a dam from the family that praduced imported Choice Goods, world's champion, 1904, Watonga's Searchlight, Double Dale, by Avondale, Augustine, by Villager and Belle's Searchlight, by Searchlight, all having proved their worth as sires. If you want Supply you. When you call or write, please mention Farmers Mail and Breeze.—Advertisement.

N. Kansas and S. Nebraska

BY JOHN W. JOHNSON.

J. G. Burt, Solomon, Kan., breeds Poland Chinas and has advertised his herd in the Farmers Mail and Breeze. He will hold a bred sow sale in Solomon, Kan., Monday, February 14, which is the day before the Agricultural college sells at Manhattan, Mr. Burt will sell about 40 head and they will be good ones. He is bringing them in from the farm to better accommodate his visitors on that date. The sale will be advertised in the Farmers Mail and Breeze, Those who intend going to the sale at the college can attend both sales very conveniently.—Advertisement.

Choice Shorthorn Bulls.

Choice Shorthorn Bulls.

C. W. Taylor, Abilene, Kan., is one of the well known breeders of Shorthorns in central Kansas, His herd of Scotch and Scotch topped Shorthorn cattle which is maintained on his big ranch near Pearl, Kan., is one of the really good herds in the West. Mr. Taylor lives in Abilene but goes to his farm every day. At present he has for sale eight bulls that will be 2 years old in the spring and about 15 spring bull calves. They are roans and reds and good rugged youngsters that are sure to suit you. Look up Mr. Taylor's advertisement in the Shorthorn section of the Farmers Mail and Breeze and write him for descriptions and prices.—Advertisement.

Griffiths Gets Good Average.

Griffiths Gets Good Average.

Last Wednesday was King of Kansas and Long Jumbo Jr. boar and gilt sale day at J. L. Griffiths's farm near Riley, Kan. Of course they did not bring as much as they should but every pig intended for the sale sold and the average on the boars was \$25 while the average on the gilts fell below that figure somewhat. It was a grand, good offering, sired by the two great boars mentioned above and while the average was as good as the average boar sale has been this fall it was not near enough, considering the quality of the offering. John Griffiths's farmer friends did just what everybody said they would do, came out and made his sale a pretty good sale. Mr.

Griffiths is justly proud of his local support. The top was \$45, paid by S. B. Amcoats of Clay Center. Among other breeders from a distance were F. M. Gifford, Wakofield, Kan.; Hubert J. Griffith, Clay Center, Kan

Secret's Sultan for Sale.

Secret's Sultan for Sale.

Lively interest has been taken among Shorthorn breeders in S. B. Amcoats's offer to sell his well known herd buil Secret's Sultan Se3833, got by Missie's Sultan. This buil is now 4 years old and was bred by Bellow Brothers, who used him quite extensively in their herd before they sold him to Mr. Amcoats. Mr. Amcoats is reserving 15 of his helfers for his own herd and thinks it best to sell him. He is a great sire and would prove of great value to any breeder needing such a buil. Mr. Amcoats also has for sale a lot of younger buils ranging in ages from 10 to 14 months old. Write him and mention his advertisement in the Farmers Mail and Breeze when you do so.—Advertisement.

Fancy Duroc-Jersey Swine.

Fancy Duroc-Jersey Swine.

D. O. Bancroft of Osborne, Kan., is enjoying a nice line of business as a result of his advertising in Farmers Mail and Breeze, Since October 29 he has sold 11 head of Duroc-Jerseys, as follows: Six spring gilts to H. L. Garber, Portis, Kan.; one boar and one gilt to J. W. Gledhill, Portis, Kan.; one boar to H. J. Woodburg, Cawker City, Kan.; one boar to G. E. Thaemert, Sylvan Grove, Kan. and one weanling boar to William Graesch, Sylvan Grove, Kan. Mr. Bancroft raises a large number of Duroc-Jerseys each year. He tops each year's crop for breeding purposes, the others go to the feed lot. He keeps his herd up to the minute in the matter of breeding, using the best individuals of the most popular blood lines for his herd headers. His customers come back for more of the same kind. Write him if interested and he will gladly quote you prices on anything in the line of Duroc-Jerseys.—Advertisement.

Comp's Duroc-Jersey Sale.

Comp's Duroc-Jersey Sale.

J. A. Comp of White City, Kan., has been breeding purebred Duroc-Jersey hogs for 10 years. He has used great care and good judgment in selecting his brood sows and herd boars. The present herd boar is Major 139875, bred by J. R. Blackshere and sired by the Blackshere show boar, Valley Chief, out of a granddaughter of Lincoln Model, the sow that produced so much of the sensational show stuff exhibited by Mr. Blackshere. On Tuesday, November 16, Mr. Comp will make a draft sale including 11 boars, 14 gilts and two tried sows. This is Mr. Comp's first sale and he feels that the offering will please any of our readers who will attend the sale. White City is located on the Rock Island and M. K. & T. railroads and only a little way from Herlington where Mott & Seaborn sell Duroc-Jerseys November 17. Both these sales can be attended at practically the same expense. Arrange to attend this sale.—Advertisement.

Carlson's Polands Sell High.

Carlson's Polands Sell High,
Alfred Carlson's public sale of Spotted
Poland Chinas at Cleburne, Kan., last Tuesday was attended by a representative lot
of admirers of that popular breed. The sale
was held in town and Mr. Carlson took
very good care of his visitors, entertaining
them at the hotel and providing them with
nice comfortable quarters where the sale
was held. Among the visitors from a distance who were buyers were R. J. Bazant,
Narka, Kan.; James F. Dawkins, Irving,
Kan.; Walter Reed, Salina, Kan.; J. W.
Holm, White City, Kan.; Jack Shehl, Westmoreland, Kan.; F. J. Woltman, Haddam,
Kan.; Davis & Edwards, Chapman, Kan.;
Thomas Weddle, Wichita, Kan.; and A. J.
Prockish, Wamego, Kan. A Mr. Lund of
Cleburne was a good buyer but with this
exception everything went to the breeders

I have 16 very choice March Duroc-Jersey boars at reasonable prices. They are big and smooth. JOHN O. HUNT, Marysville, Kan.



Choice Stock for Sale.

Davis & Edwards, Chapman, Kan,, are breeders of Spotted Poland Chinas and Angus cattle. Starting in this issue of the Farmers Mail and Breeze they are advertising for sale 10 top spring boars and a nice lot of gilts of the same age for sale at prices that are consistent. They have three 5 months old Angus bull calves that are for sale. This firm is in the Angus and Spotted Poland China business to stay and have bought nothing in starting their herds that was not first class in every particular. The foundation stock for their Spotted Poland China herd came from preminent castern herds and represents the leading families of this popular breed. The boars they are offering are of the best of breeding and individual merit and will be sold worth the maney as they have kept only a very few of the best ones for sale for breeding purposes. Write them at once for prices and descriptions.—Advertisement.

Hartman's Poland China Sale

Hartman's Poland China Sale.

J. J. Hartman, Elmo, Kan., sold Poland Chna boars and glits at his farm near Elmo last Thursday. Everything sold with the exception of a few of the younger boars. It was an offering of big, smooth Poland Chinas that had been well grown and presented in most excellent condition. Among the breeders present were W. A. Prewett, of Asherville, Kan.; A. R. Enos of Ramona, Kan.; Clem Bell of Abliene; William Singer of Abliene, and W. F. Walker of Newkirk, Okia., who was a good buyer. Every breeder present had a good word for the most excellent offering that "Johnnie" Hartman was presenting. The general average on almost 50 head was right at \$25. It was one of the very best efferings the writer has seen this season and deserved far better prices. The sale was conducted by W. C. Curphey and James Burton. Mr. Hartman is in the business to stay and with the kind of Poland Chinas he has raised this season he will soon be commanding the attention of breeders all over the country. He attracted attention this fall at the Dickinson county fair by loading his best Polands into wagons and hooking them onto his big tractor and bringing them to the show. He was the only exhibitor of hogs at the fair.—Advertisement.

Maplewood Stock Farm Sale.

Maplewood Stock Farm Sale.

Mott & Seaborn, owners of the Maplewood Stock Farm, will hold a big two days' sale at their farm near Herington, Kan., Wednesday and Thursday, November 17 and 18. On the first day they will sell 100 head of registered Duroc-Jersey hogs including 20 sows, 20 fall boars, 40 fall and spring gilts and 20 weil grown, well bred fall and spring boars. The Holstein offering will consist of 56 head including 40 strictly high grade cows and helfers and four purebred bull calves from the Mott & Seaborn herd, with a consignment of 12 head of purebred cows and helfers from Dr. Schuyler Nichole's herd, Mott & Seaborn established this herd some years ago with an idea of maintaining a strictly high class dairy herd. Any of the cows which have failed to live up to the requirements of such a herd have been disposed of from time to time. Only the choicest individuals and best producers being retained. Just recently they have decided to keep only purebred cattle in the herd. This is the reason they are offering their grades in this sale. We urge all our readers who are interested in strictly high class Holsteins to attend this sale believing that they will find exactly what they want and cattle that will prove profitable to them. The large numbers of both hogs and cattle insure bargains. Remember the dates, Wednesday and Thursday, November 17 and 18.—Advertisement.

Clark's Galloway Cattle Sale.

Advertulement.

DUROC-JERSEYS.

Hull's Duroc Jerseys
A few good pring boars and clits, alloostra good fall pigs, both sex. D. W. HULL, Americus, R. Kan., will make a draft sale of Topkia, Kan., will make a follows; 100 cove plays, both sex. D. W. HULL, Americus, R. B. purched and registered. The coverage of the pigs, both sex. D. W. HULL, Americus, R. B. purched and registered. The coverage of the pigs, both sex. Ansas Mike SewAld, B. EUDORA, KANSAS MIKE SEWARD, EUDORA, KANSAS MIKE SEWARD, EUDORA, KANSAS MIKE SEWARD, EUDORA, KANSAS MIKE SEWARD, W. W. HULL, Americus, R. B. purched and registered. The coverage of the pigs, both sex. Ansas Mike Seward, D. W. HULL, Americus, R. B. purched and registered. The coverage of the properties of the sex. Ansas Mike Seward, D. B. EUDORA, KANSAS MIKE SEWARD, EUDORA,

Nebraska

BY JESSE R. JOHNSON.

Johnson Workman, Russell, Kan.

J. C. Boyd of Virginia, Neb., was never so well supplied with big, fine, richly bred spring boars as now. His Durces are second to none in both breeding and individuality. The herd is among the strongest in the whole country and for uniformity, heavy bone and strong backs hard to equal anywhere. Just now Mr. Boyd offers 30 extra choice spring boars, all immune, at prices that are indeed low for such size and quality. Twenty-five dollars to \$35 is



The blood of champions. Entire herd; 2 herd boars, 10 herd rows, young boars, bred gilts, yearling gilts, 50 fall pigs, no related. BUCKEYE STOCK FARM, OLEAN, MO.

Crocker's Immune Duroc Boars | mune and shipped on approval. No money down before you get the heg. Prices \$25 to \$50 each.

F. C. Crocker, Filley, Nebraska

Rice County Herd Durocs FORTY fine fall, winter and spring boars. Sired by Good Enuff's Chief Col., G. M.'s Crimson Wonder, Col. Chief, Otey's Dream, Illustrator II. From excellent dams. 30 days' special price. Write today describe your wants. G. M. SHEPHERD, Lyons, Ks.

Trumbo's Durocs

25 Duroc boars, big, stretchy fellows; fashionable slood lines, all immune, \$25 each. Sold on approval. Write today, Wesley W. Trumbo, Peabody, Kanssa.

Wooddell's Durocs!

The best lot of spring boars and silts we ever of-fered—Good E Nuff Again King, Graduate Col., and other good blood lines. G. B. Wooddell, Winfield, Kan. **BONNIE VIEW STOCK FARM**

Spring pigs for sale, sired by Tat A-Walls, Kant's Model Enough and A Critic; also two registered Holstein bulls, six menths old. SEARLE & COTTLE, BERRYTON, KANSAS

Immuned Duroes!

Plenty of spring boars and glits. Best of breeding. Stock guaranteed.
F. J. MOSEE,

GOFF, KANSAS

Maplewood Duroc-Jerseys Everything leasure. For sale: 15 tried sows to farrow in October, 25 fall gilts bred or open. Big bear and gilt sale Nov. 17. Holstein cattle sale day following. Write for further information.

MOTT & SEABORN, HERINGTON, KAN.

HORSES

HOME-BRED PERCHERON, BELGIAN, SHIRE Stallions and mares for sale at \$230 to \$400 such except two.

Also Imported Stallions. Frank L. Stream, Greaten, tows

For Sale or Trade for Hyestock, one young stand-sound and speedy. S. W. BLOOM, Florence, Kan.

DUROC-JEBSEYS.

Durocs, Tried Sows Gilts, bred or fine boars. A. C. HILL, HOPE, KANSAS.

Duroc-Jersey Bargain Prices pigs, Crimson Wonder and Mo. Chimax breeding 20 gilts bred for fall farrow Wonder and Mo. Climax breeding. 20 gilts bred for fal R. T. & W. J. GARRETT, Stoole Oity, Noi

Hillcrest Farm Durocs

Tried sows and gilts to farrow in Oct, Choice gilts \$25. Boars ready for service, \$20. Sows with litters at side at bargain prices. Write for full particulars.

DR. E. N. FARNHAM, HOPE, KAN. (Dickinson Co.)

BOARS OF SIZE AND QUALITY

70 big stretchy spring boars and gitts of February and March farrow. Sired by the grand champion of three states, Long Wonder; Overland Defender, B. & C.'s Masterplece, Superba's Climax. From big type dams of Superba, Defender, Tatarrax, Col., and Golden Model blood lines. Also & head of fall pigs at \$10 each, pairs \$18, trios \$25. Send at once and get first choice. JOHN A. REED, LYONS, KANBAS.



BANCROFT'S DUROCS

Everything on the farm properly immunised. No public sales. For private sales apring boars; also gilts open or bred to order for spring litters and September pigs, either sex, when weaned. Reasonable prices on first class stock.

D. O. BANCROFT, Osborne, Kans. (Shipping Point Downs, Kans.)

BALDWIN

Young service boars \$15 each, sired by Bell the Boy, the first prize winner at Kansas State, Tennessee State, and Interstate Fairs in 1914. Gifts \$25, bred to Model Top Again, winner at Hutchinson and Topoka State Fairs this fall. Baby boars of fall farrow \$8, and baby gitts \$12, sired by Bell the Boy. A few gitts for sale to farrow late this fall. All stock immune. Call and see our hog and poultry farm. Rose Comb Reds, Cockerels \$2. Also some registered Shorthorn Baby Bulls.

R. W. BALDWIN, Conway, Kansas

POLAND CHINAS.

Wiebe's Immune Polands 25 Boars. 30 Gilts. Ship on approval. Have sold in ten states. G. A. WIEBE, BEATRICE, NEB.

Enos Mammoth Polands 3 fall boars; herd headers. 6 of my very best herd sows, bred for early farrow by Massdom King. 70 spring pigs; best I ever raised, by Orphan Chief and was been supported by the piece of the right. Wastodom King. Size, quality and prices just right. Wasto today. A. R. ENOS, RAMONA, KANSAS.

Sale of Prize Winners NOV. 15, W. Z. BAKER, RICH HILL, MO.

Big Type Poland Chinas!! either sex. Prices very reasonable. Address OTTO SCHEIDT, E. F. D. 1, Racine, Mo.

Hig March and April boars priced to move; also a choice fall herd boar. Glits based to your order, to a great son of King of Wonders. Fall plgs. Write me. ANDREW KOSAR. DELPHOS, KANSAS

IMMUNE POLAND CHINAS

Some extra fine stretchy boars and gilts, just right for early breeding. Some bred sows and gilts. The best of big type breeding, cholers proof and at tarmers prices. We guarantee in every way. ED. SHEEHY, HUME, MISSOURI

POLAND CHINAS

Immune Boarson Approval 10 extra choice Poland China boars at \$25 each on approval. Write W. A. McIntosh, Courtland, Kan.

Spring Boars by King Hadley Large, big-boned, must sell quickly. Write J. B. MYERS, GALVA, KANSAS

BLOUGH'S BIG POLANDS I am offering a choice lot of big, growthy, heavy boned boars out of 700 and 800 pound sows of the best big type breeding. At most reasonable prices, Everything guaranteed cholera immune for life. JOHN M. BLOUGH, BUSHONG, KANSAS

BIG BONED POLAND CHINAS

100 early spring pigs by Jumbo Boy, Leon King, Orange Surprise, Ringold King, etc. Also a few bred sows and 2 good herd boars. Guarantee and pedigree accompanies each order. Manchester Bros., Leon, Iowa.

Original Big Spotted Polands

20 March boars—20 March gilts. Tops of 100 head. 15 fall gilts bred or open. The big litter kind. Address R. H. McCUNE, Longford, (Clay Co.) Kan.



POLAND CHINA BOARS

20 good big fellows by Long King's Best and A Wonder's Equal at \$30. You can't beat them at this money. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Graner, Lancaster, Kans.

Faulkner's Original Spotted Polands

300 original spotted Poland China pigs ready for immediate delivery. Highelew Stock Farm is the head-quarters for the original spotted Poland Chinas and we sell more of this breed than any other firm in the world. We are not the originator but the preserver H. L. Faulkner, Bex E, Jamespart, Mo. of the original spotted Polands. Write for particulars.

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FLOYD CONDRAY, Stockdale, Kansas Livestock auctioneer. Write for open dates.

R. L. Harriman, Bunceton, Mo.

Spencer Young, Osborne, Kan. Livestock Auctioneer. Write for dates.

John D. Snyder AUGT., successfully sells pure bred live stock, real estate and general sales. HUTCHIMSON, KAN.

Rule Bros., H. T. & R. D., Ottawa, Kan. Livestock sales a specialty. Write for dates.

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HAMPSHIRES.

Hampshire Hogs type; best of breeding Special prices on young boars. Breeding stock for sale, ROY N. BUNYON, DECATUR, INDIANA

REGISTERED HAMPSHIRE HOGS Bred gilte

REGISTERED HAMPSHIRES 150 gilts and boars, all ages. Cholera immuned. Description guaranteed. C. E. LOWRY, Oxford, Kan.

Shaw's Hampshires 150 registered Hampshires, all ages, nicely beited, best of breeding, all im-muned double treatment. Satisfaction ned double treatment. Satisfaction ranteed. Priced to sell. WALTER SHAW, R. 6, Wichits, Kas.



O. L. C. HOGS.

IMMUNED O. I. C'S April and July pigs. Special ing time. A. G. COOK, LURAY, KANSAS

Western Herd O. I. C. Hogs A splendid herd boar for sale. Also spring boars and gilts in pairs and trios not related. F. C. GOOKIN, Russell, Kan.

75 Chester White Spring Boars

Chief Select and White Rock breeding. No culls AMOS TURNER, WILBER, NEBRASKA, (SALINE CO.)

Smooth Heavy Boned O.I.C.'s Pigs not akin from two months up. Boars not related to glits and sows. Best of breeding at farmer's prices. Write today for circular. F. J. GREINER, BILLINGS, MO.

Alma Herd "Oh I See" Hogs

A trial will convince you; anything sold come eight weeks on up. All stock shipped. O. D., on receipt of \$10. Write for price st. HENRY FEHNER, ALMA, MISSOURI from C. O. list.



BERKSHIRES.

Hazlewood's Berkshires! Yearling glits, bred. Spring pigs priced for quick sale. W. O. HAZLEWOOD, WICHITA, KANSAS

High-Class Berkshires

J. T. BAYER, YATES CENTER, KANSAS 25 March Gilts Bred or open. 10 yearling and two year old sows, bred to order or open.
R. J. LINSCOTT, HOLTON, KANSAS

Berkshire Boars

Ready For Service from \$25 to \$35. A few real fancy fellows at higher prices. Also fall pigs, both sexes. Sutton Farms, Lawnence, Kan.

HOLSTEINS.

BRAEBURN HOLSTEINS 20 years breeding, with better sires at every change. Write me for bull calves **H. B. Cowles, Topeka, Kan.** with this backing.

Segrist & Stephenson, Holton, Kansas Prize winning registered Holsteins. Bulls from three months to yearlings for sale. Address as above.

the price for a limited time and every pig will be shipped subject to approval. The best blood lines obtain in the herd and it is worth something to be sure the pig suits or an be returned.—Advertisement.

J. F. Foley, the Poland China breeder of Oronoque, Kan., has about a dozen nice summer boars that he will sell cheap. They were rather young for his October 30 sale but are all right for service now. They are mostly by Panama Giant. All immune and will be priced low.—Advertisement.

Hoppe's Big Poland Chinas

Hoppe's Big Poland Chinas.

W. V. Hoppe & Sons of Stella, Neb., announce their annual bred sow sale for March 1. The Hoppe herd was established 20 years ago and 25 public sales have been held. Few Nebraska breeders have gone out and bought more high priced breeding stock and few herds have so much noted big breeding. Many of the best lowa herds have been drawn upon for breeding stock and the present herd boar, one of the longest and biggest boars in the entire West, came from lowa. He weighs 1,000 pounds in flesh and is a son of the great boar Mammoth King, by Long King. On dam's side he carries the blood of the noted Giantess, Big Prospect, and Price families, His name is 1 Am King and he is one of the outstanding good boars of the breed. The sows in this herd have great scale, many of them weighing 700 pounds and a few as high as 800 pounds. Among them are daughters of A Wonder, Pawnee Nelson, Chief Price Again 2d, Long Wonder and Blue Valley. Everything on the farm is immune. Application for catalog may be filled any time. Please mention this paper when writing.—Advertisement.

Successful Breeder Claims Date.

Successful Breeder Claims Date.

Some time ago the writer spent a half day very piensantly at the home of Carl Behrent of Oronoque, Norton county, Kansas, Mr. Behrent is one of the wide awake progressive young men of this section of Kansas and the success he is making in the purebred stock business should be an example for any young man in the West. Some years ago the foundation stock for a herd of registered Herefords was laid with stock from a good Missouri herd. This purchase of Lord Wilton breeding was followed by a Shadeland bull, then a strongly bred Anxiety bull was place at head of herd followed by the present bull. Princepal 17th, one of the great bulls of the state. The herd now numbers about 50 head. Mr. Behrent established a herd of registered Poland Chinas about the same time and now has one of the good herds of Kansas. His principal herd boar, Blue Valley Look, is a grandson of Tom Walker's noted boar, Blue Valley. He is a splendid breeder and his get are noted for lots of size and nice smooth coats. A new boar, a son of Long Wonder, has been bought to assist Blue Valley Look. Among the big sows in herd are many daughters of Blain's Last Hadley, the greatest son of old Big Hadley. Mr. Behrent has about a dozen nice spring boars for sale, sired by Blue Valley Look and Panama Giant. March 4 is the date of his spring sale of bred sows, Hereford bulls and heifers. Ask any time for catalog.—Advertisement.

S. E. Kan., S. Mo. and E. Okla.

BY C. H. HAY.

Those in the market for a Shorthorn bull calf will be interested in the ad of C. E. Hill, Toronto, Kan., who is offering a red and a roan. These calves are good individuals and are extra well bred. See Mr. Hill's ad and write for prices.—Advertisement.

The L. W. Peters dispersion sale of French Draft horses was very well attended and good prices prevailed throughout. The top was \$500 on a black stallion. Colonel R. L. Harriman assisted by Colonel J. K. Harmon conducted the sale in a very creditable manner. J. M. Nolan of Paola was a consistent bidder on the better class of stallions.—Advertisement.

Latham's Duroc Sale.

This is the final notice of the sale of good Durocs to be held at Ottawa, Kan., November 20. This offering will consist of 15 dandy spring boars, about 20 good spring gilts and a few tried sows. Those interested in good Durocs should be at this sale.—Advertisement.

Shorthorn Bulls and Heifers.

Shorthorn Bulls and Heifers.

A. M. Markley & Son of Mound City, Kan., are offering a very select lot of Shorthorn bulls and heifers. They have at the head of their herd Dutchess Searchlight 348529, a 2,500 pound son of the champion Searchlight. Mr. Markley has shown this bull and a number of his get at some of the leading county fairs and they have been practically undefeated. Much credit in the development of the herd is due the funior member of the firm, who is one of the state's most enthusiastic young breeders.

—Advertisement.

Godman's February Sale.

Godman's February Sale.

J. M. Godman is back in line again this fall, attending the leading Poland China sales and buying up the top sows and gilts. Mr. Godman has topped or nearly topped practically all of the best sow sales of this section the past two years and today he is credited with owning about the best herd of sows in this section. February 4, he will make his first big sale and to say that the offering will be outstanding is a very mild way of putting it. A special train will convey the crowd from Fort Scott to Devoni—Advertisement.

Jones's Jerseys Win More Honors.

Jones's Jerseys Win More Honors.

At the American Royal a very libral share of the prizes in the dairy show fell to the good herd of Jerseys owned by J. E. Jones of Liberty, Mo. These awards were printed in a recent issue of Farmers Mail and Breeze. Since the class awards were made Mr. Jones has been awarded first prize in the seven day butter contest. This prize was won by a 2-year-old daughter of Financial Countess Lad. Sne was also second in her class in the show ring. Mr. Jones won third in the seven days butter contest with a 3-year-old cow. He also won first and fourth in class of cow with largest yearly butter record scoring highest number of points by the judge. Mr. Jones considers these later awards of really more importance to the dairy than the awards of the

HOLSTEIN CATTLE

Holsteins For Sale high bred registor service. N. S. AMSPACKER, JAMESTOWN, KANS

Sunflower Herd Registered Holsteins 50 in herd. Attractive prices on springers, bred cows and helters. Bull calves. F. J. Scarle, Oskaloosa, Kan.

HOLSTEINS A few choice registered young bulls for sale at prices that are right. Higginbotham Bros., Rossville, Kansas.

BONNIE BRAE HOLSTEINS I am offering this week two splendid granddaughters of DeKol 2nd Paul DeKol, two years old this fall; one just fresh; the other soon will be. One 3-year-old Ormsby helfer due Nov. 19, a fine one; one 3-year-old DeKol helfer due in Jan. One 5-year-old DeKol cow due in Jan. These cattle are all perfect; if you want registered females come and see them.

IRA ROMIG, Station B, TOPEKA, KANSAS

MAPLEWOOD HOLSTEINS Herd headed by Canary Butter Boy King. You are invited to visit our herd of Holsteins. Write for gen-eral information, as to what we have for sale.

Mott & Seaborn, Herington, Kansas

HOLSTEIN CATTLE.

Some of the best Holstein breeding stock can be purchased at the

TREDICO FARM, KINGMAN, KAN PRODUCTION, BREEDING, Tuberculin Tested Herd

Holstein Cattle

Herd headed by a grandson of Pontlac Korndyke. Average record of dam and sire's dam, butter 7 days, 29.4 pounds, 36 days 117.3 pounds. Bull calves for sale from extra good producing dams. T. M. EWING.

Albechar Holstein Farm

offers some richly bred young bulls sired by a 32-pound bull and whose dams' sire is a 30,26-pound bull, a ¾ brother to the sire of the world's cham-pion cow, Finderne Hollingen Fayne.

Shulthis, Robinson & Shultz INDEPENDENCE



I am offering two hundred head of bred and unbred Holstein heifers for sale. They are bred up until practically full bloods. They are from the very best milking strains of these famous dairy cattle. If you want HOLSTEINS see my herd before buying. I can supply you at the right price. Write for J. C. Robison, Towanda, Kansas

Girod's Holstein Cattle







Springers, coming 2 and 3 years, single lot or car loads. Also a few registered and high grade bulls, ready for service. Wire, phone or write.

O. E. TORREY, TOWANDA, KANSAS

Marshall Co. Pure Bred Stock Breeders

Nothing but first class animals offered for sale for breeding pur-poses. It is economy to visit herds located in one locality. For the best in purebred livestock write these breeders or visit their herds,

HEREFORD CATTLE.

Willowbrook Farm Herefords and twoyear-old heifers for saie. Also a choice lot of young bulls. B. M. WINTER, IRVING, KANSAS

HEREFORDS—POLANDS Herds established fords. 90 spring pigs, and 18 buils, 11 to 15 months old, for sale. S. W. TILLEY, IRVING, KANSAS

Choice Young Bulls For Sale Maple Lad 34th 397607 and Real Majostic 378628. Write your wants. J. F. SEDLACEK, BLUE RAPIDS, KANSAS

PRE STON HEREFORDS Herd estab lished in 1881. Come to Marshall county for Herefords. Address F. W. PRESTON, Blue Rapids, Kansas

Choice Two-Year-Old Bred Heilers and a Feb. bull for sale. Also 10 spring bulls. Address, GEO. E. MILLER, Blue Rapids, Kansas

Hereford Bulls on year herd bull; one 14-months-old bull, some spring bulls. B. E. and C. M. GIBSON, BLUE RAPIDS, KAS.

Home of Parsifal 24th Write m about a good herd bull. 25 spring bulls for this fall's trade. C. G. STEELE, BARNES, KANSAS

Wallace Herefords Inspection incriptions. THOS. WALLACE, BARNES, KAN. Wm. Acker's Herefords!

About 25 spring bulls for this fall and winter trade. Address WM. ACKER, Vermillion, Ks. Clear Creek Herefords

eeding cows in herd. J. A. SHAUGHNESY, Axtell, E.

HEREFORDS Big and rug-miles out. W. B. Hunt & Son, Blue Rapids, Kas.

DAIRY CATTLE.

Mills' Jerseys One 16 month bull.

sa's Lost Time 124818. R. C. R. I. Red cockerels, 75c ench.
C. H. MILLS, WATERVILLE, KANSAS

WILLOW SPRINGS JERSEY FARM Golden Fern's Lad's Lost Time 25562 at head of herd. Offers a few young bull calves. Joseph Kramy, Waterville, Ks.

JERSEY BULL By a grandson of Golden Fern's Lad, out of a 500 pound cow. Price 250. Duroc-Jersey spring pigs for sale. B. N. WELCH, Waterville, Kans.

HOLSTEINS Cows and heifers for sale.
Registered and grade. Address
LACKLAND BROS., AXTELL, KANSAS

SHORTHORN CATTLE.

For Sale: Two Pure Scotch bulls and a Irving, Kansas. On Union Pacific and Central Branch of Missouri Pacific. DR. P. C. McCALL, Irving, Kas.

Eight Bulls reds and roans. 6 to 18 months old. Scotch and Scotch topped Write for prices. G. F. HART, Summerfield, Ks.

Shorthorns, Polands Lyr. bull for sale. 1 tried and April boars. A. B. Garrison & Son. Summerfield, Kansas 10 Shorthorn Bulls 5 March and April calves Write for prices. H. A. BERENS, SUMMERFIELD, KANSAS

HAMPSHIRE HOGS.

Registered Hampshires Top boars and gilts not related. F. B. WEMPE, Frankfort, Kansas

POLAND CHINA HOGS.

Albright's Polands For Sale, Jan gilts. 12 last fall gilts. 34 March and April boars and gilts. A. L. ALBRIGHT, WATERVILLE, KAN.

Copeland's Private Sale Poland China boars and gilts. March farrow. Also fal gilts, bred or open. M. E. GOPELAND, Waterville, Kan

DUROC-JERSEY HOGS.

Red Polls, Duroc-Jersey, and O. I. C. hogs. Boars of both breeds at reasonable prices. Bred sow sale, Feb. 24. J. M. LAYTON, IRVING, KAN.

10 September Gilts bred for fall boars and glits by Illustrator, 40 March and April pigs.

W. J. HARRISON AXTELL, KAN. Red Polled Leghorns. Breeding stock for sale. Correspondence invited.

Spring Boars by five different sires. A offered. HOWELL BROS., HERKIMER, KAS.

FANCY POULTRY.

Plymouth Rocks Barred (Thompson strain) and white. Stock for sale. Eggs in season. Address JOHN BYRNE, Axtell, Kansas

AUCTIONEERS.

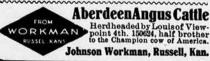
S. B. CLARK, SUMMERFIELD, KANS.

Jesse Howell, Herkimer, Kan. of Howell Bros., breeders can make you money on your next sale. Write for dates.



14 large, good boned black Jacks coming 3 to 7 years old. If you want a good jack at the right price or a few good Jennets we can deal. Write or call on

Philip Walker Moline, Elk County, Kansas



ANGUS BULLS

m eight months to one year old. Females for sale, open. Farm joins town. Correspondence and W. G. Denton, Denton, Kans.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS CATTLE

Young stock sired by reliable herd bulls for sale, singly or in car lots. See our herd of cows and show herd at Lawrence or write us. Phone, Bell 8454. Sutton & Porteous, Route 6, Lawrence, Kan.

RED POLLED CATTLE.

FOSTER'S RED POLLED CATTLE Write for price on breeding cattle C. E. FOSTER, R. R. 4. Eldorado, Kansas.

Pleasant View Stock Farm Red Polled cattle. Choice young bulls and helfers. Price reasonable. HALLOREN & GAMBRILL, Ottawa, Kansa

RED POLLED CATTLE • BEST of BLOOD LINES and cattle that will please you. Cows heifers and young bulls, at attractive prices. I.W.POULTON, MEDORA, KAN.



Riley County Breeding Farm 75RedPolls, 45 Percherons

A choice lot of young bulls for sale, 12 of them by a son of Cremo, the 18 times champion. Visitors welcome. Farm near town. Address

Ed Nickelson, Owner, Leonardville, Kansas

HEREFORDS.

Registered horned and double standard polled Hereford Bulls For Sale

Blue Valley Breeding Farm

HEREFORDS POLAND CHINAS BARRED ROCKS 25 bulls, 6 to 20 months, at \$75 to \$100, laid down at your station in Kansas, 50 cows and heifers for sale. Address

Fred R. Cottrell, Irving, Kansas

Jersey Cattle Bulls and boars for sale.

Jersey Cattle Dornwood Farm Chester White Hogs

Topeka, Kansas

QUIVERA JERSEYS Males and fe-males for sale at all times. One bull ready for immediate service. Our cow are paying at the pail. E. G. Munsell, Herington, Kansar

LINSCOTT JERSEYS

First Register of Merit herd in Kansas. Est. 1878. Oaklands Sultan, 1st. Register of Merit sire in Kansas, is dead. Last chance to get one of his daupters, \$100. R.J.LINSCOTT, HOLTON, KAN.



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It's the book, because it's the authority on the breed—the beauti-

ful, ever-paying Jersey.

This book, "About Jersey Cattle, "goes way back to the beginning of the breed, shows how it was line bred and protected from mixture by law, and shows why it has developed into the most economic and most persistent-milking of all breeds. It gives tests, yields, etc., proving that the Jersey is the money cow—the "Giant of The Dairy."

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The book is free out worth a lot. Send a postal for your copy today.

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Jacks and Jennets

14 large, good boned black
Jacks coming 3 to 7 years
old. If you want a good
jack at the right wellow.

Durocs by the Pound.

Durocs by the Pound.

Mike Seiwald of Eudora, Kan., believes in giving his customers their money's worth and is therefore selling his Durocs by the pound. This is an excellent opportunity for our readers to buy a good boar or a few gilts. These pigs are streed by Graduate Col. Jr. 153595 or Seiwald's Col. 136515, Their dams are by such boars as Gold Colonel 138517, Seiwald's Colonel 138515, Gold Colonel 2d and others. These pigs have all been double treated and are without doubt immune. See Mr. Seiwald's ad in the Duroc columns of this paper and write him for any other information desired.—Advertisement.

Publisher's News Notes

Rats and Mice Cause Millions in Farm Loss. Rats and Mice Cause Millions in Farm Loss.

According to government statistics the damage done by rats and mice to agricultural products throughout the United States, amounts to millions of dollars yearly. This terrific loss is so vital that it demands the livest interest on the part of every American farmer. A new exterminator of the rat and mouse pest has just appeared on the market, called "Rid-of-Rats," which is claimed to be absolutely non-poisonous. A good feature of this preparation is the fact that it is perfectly harmless to man, bird or beast, but it destroys rats and mice unfailingly. Information that would be interesting to every farmer, together with full particulars regarding "Rid-of-Rats" and other Berg specialties will be gladly sent by writing to Berg & Beard Mfg. Co., Inc., 61 Fleet Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Forester's Daughter

(Continued from Page 23.)

is coming over to look at some timber on Porcupine."

is coming over to look at some timber on Porcupine."

The young people cut willow rods and went angling at the outlet of the lake with prodigious success. The water rippled with trout, and in half an hour they had all they could use for supper and breakfast, and, behold, even as they were returning with their spoil they met a covey of grouse strolling leisurely down to the lake's edge. "Isn't it a wonderful place?" exclaimed the happy girl. "I wish we could stay a month."

"It's like being on the Swiss Family

happy girl. "I wish we could stay a month."

"It's like being on the Swiss Family Robinson's island. I never was more content," he said fervently. "I wouldn't mind staying here all winter."

"I wouldn't mind staying here all winter."

"I wouldn't she laughed. "The snow falls four feet deep up here. It's likely there's snow on the divide this minute, and camping in the snow isn't so funny. Some people got snowed in over at Deep lake last year, and nearly all their horses starved before they could get them out. This is a fierce old place in winter time."

As the sunset came on the young people again loitered down to the water's edge, and there, seated side by side on a rocky knoll, watched the phantom gold lift from the willows and climb slowly to the cliffs above, while the water deepened in shadow and busy muskrats marked its glossy surface with long silvery lines. Mischievous camp birds peered at the couple from the branches of the pines, uttering satirical comment, while squirrels, frankly insolent, dropped cones upon their heads and barked in saucy glee.

Wayland forgot all the outside world.

cones upon their heads and barked in saucy glee.
Wayland forgot all the outside world, forgot that he was studying to be a forest ranger, and was alive only to the fact that in this most bewitching place, in this most entrancing hour, he had the companionship of a girl whose eyes sought his with every new phase of the silent and wonderful scene which shifted before their eyes like a noise. shifted before their eyes like a noise-less yet prodigious drama.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Why Feed Pigs by Hand

(Continued from Page 6.)

pigs were born and fed corn alone as a pigs were born and fed corn alone as a grain ration supplemented by buttermilk not only throve but the pigs weighed 44 pounds each at 60 days old. And the sows had gained 40 pounds each during the suckling period. Can you beat that? Enter the contest now so you can secure a sow that will farrow garly enough to enable you to dispect of early enough to enable you to dispose of the pigs on the fall market. Remember, the pigs on the fall market. Remember, boys, there are no strings tied to this proposition. Clip the entry coupon, sign your name, and mail it today. If you haven't the money to buy a purebred sow, Arthur Capper will lend it to you and it isn't even necessary to ask dad to sign the note. Line up for the contest and do it now. If you don't some other fellow will represent your county for it fellow will represent your county for it isn't going to be a difficult matter to secure entries. The age limit is 12 to 18. Every boy in Kansas is invited to send in his name for enrollment in this club. The cash prizes are \$25, \$20, \$15, \$10 and \$5. In addition Mr. Capper will duplicate every cash award won at your home county fair.

POLLED DURHAMS.

Double Standard Polled DURHAMS

Six yearling bulls. A number of under year ling bulls. 2 good French draft stallions an some jacks. C. M. HOWARD, Hammond, Ks

GALLOWAY CATTLE.

Bulls, Cows, Heifers
CAPITAL VIEW GALLOWAYS

I want to sell 200 head and will make special prices
for next twenty days. Breeding same as my show herd.
G. E. CLARK, 205 W. 21st St., TOPEKA, KANSAS.

SHORTHORN CATTLE.

Shorthorns

a 2500 pound bull, and from cows weighing 1400 to 1600 pounds.

A. M. Markley, Mound City, Kansas

Scotchand Scotch Topped Bulls

from 10 to 14 months. Also Secret's Sultan 363833 for sale. Correspondence and inspection invited.

S. B. Amcoats, Clay Center, Ks.

SHORTHORN CATTLE

Shorthorn Bulls For Sale! Six heifers, two-year-olds. Reds and roans. L. M. NOFFSINGER, OSBORNE, KANSAS

Pure Bred Dairy Shorthorns lies. Registered Poland Chinas. Breeding stock for ale. Address R. M. ANDERSON. Beloit, Kansas

SHORTHORNS

Two bulls, one red and one white. Priced to sell. C. E. HILL, TORONTO, KAN.

Pearl Herd Shorthorns

Valiant 346162 and Marengo's Pearl 391962 in service on herd. Choice early spring bulls by Valiant for sale. Thrifty and good prospects. Scotch and Scotch topped. Correspondence and inspection

C. W. TAYLOR

LOOKABAUGH'S SHORTHORNS

300 Head Six or nine months 300 Head

HERD HEADED by Fair Acres Sultan, by White Hall Sultan; dam, Snow bird, junior and grand champion at the American Royal and full sister of Snowflake, the sire of Ringmaster, three times International grand champion. He is also the sire of the undefeated young herd of 1914, and sired more Iowa State fair, 1915 prize winners than any other sire. Assisted by Avondale's Choice, by Avondale's Scarchlight and of the replendid breeding sires.



YOUNG BULLS AND HEIFERS, Scotch and Scotch topped on milking strains 375, \$100 and up. 2 heifers and bull not related, \$250. 2 cows with calf at foot, milking strain, \$350. 8 heifers and one Scotch herd bull all for a \$1000. Bulls in carload lots, \$100 to \$150 each. This is the home of Isabella, srand champion Shorthorn female, sweepsakes over all beef breeds at Lincoln 1914, Lady Fragrant, the mother of Radium, Yillage Flower 2nd. The profession of the control of th

Buy A Young Herd Bull. Sired by one of our herd headers and out of one of our herd cows such as Lavender Bloom 2nd, Maxwelton's Jealousy, Lomon Bud, Lovely, Vol. 58, Miss Lancaster, Butter Miss or Duchess of Gloster 14th.

H. C. LOOKABAUGH, WATONGA, OKLAHOMA

Public Registered Galloway Cattle Thursday, Nov. 18



100 Cows and Helfers 120 5 Yearling Steers

All but the steers are registered and a richly bred lot all through. COWS and HEIFERS. Some with calves at foot. One of the best bred and one of the most useful offerings from the buyer's standpoint sold in years. They are the smooth, well-conditioned kind, not pampered and belonging to the most popular families of the breed, tracing to such sires as Imported Campfollower 3d of Stepford, Imported Starlight of Tarbreoch, Imported Black Prince of Durhamhill, Imported Captain 4th of Tarbreoch, Imported Orion, Imported The Ballie of Lockside, Imported Galloway King, Imported King Hensol, Meadow Lawn Medalist by Imported Worthy 3d, and many other noted sires. All cows of serviceable age are bred to some one of my herd bulls, Imported Novelist, Imported Emperor of Drumlanrig, Meadow Lawn Medalist or Onward of C. V. The cattle will please and should be profitable as they have been to the owner.

G. E. CLARK, Owner, Topeka, Ks.

AUCTIONEERS—CREWS & ANSEL

South Slope Stock Farm Registered Duroc-Jersey Hog Sale White City, Kan., Tuesday, Nov. 16

I am offering in this sale: 11 head of boars, 14 head of gilts, 2 tried sows, bred by sale date.

These boars and gilts are sired by Major 130875. I purchased this boar of J. R. Blackshere of Elmdale, Kan. His breeding is hard to beat, his grandsire being Valley Chief 51095, and granddam on sire side being Lincoln Model 225004, with equally good breeding on dam's side. They are good boned, growthy individuals. This is my first registered hog sale. I have been raising registered hogs for 10 years. Come and look this offering over. I'know you will not be disappointed. Free transportation to and from farm, 1½ miles south of town. My sale date is the day before Mott & Seaborn's sale at Herington, Kansas.

J. A. Comp, White City, Kansas

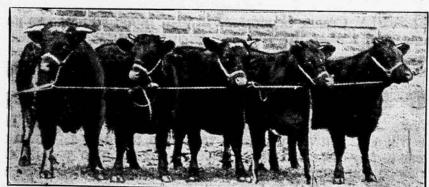
White City is located on the Rock Island and M. K. & T. R. R. Auctioneer-Col. W. A. Fisher.

Coming Shorthorn Dispersion Sale

180—Useful Reds, Whites and Roans—180 Winfield, Kansas, Tuesday, November 30, 1915

Under cover right in town commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., rain or shine.

- 80 Mature Cows
- 15 Two-year-old Heif-
- 20 Yearling Heifers
- 25 Heifer Calves 8 to 14 Months Old
- 40 Bulls 8 to 23 Mos. Old.



75 Head

of these younger Shorthorns are Grandsons and Granddaughters of the Great Avondale with true Avondale type. Thick fleshed, easy feeding kind.

Greatest Opportunity of the Season to Buy Shorthorns

We have sold our ranch and the cattle must go. You set the price. The 115 head of cows and heifers are safe in calf to Rosewood Dale, by Avondale and out of Imported Rosewood 92. Some are bred to Satin Royal, by Choice Archer, out of the splendid cow Minnie 37th. The older females of this herd are from our Wisconsin herd and by Forest Pride, a bull used for eight successive years on the get of such milking strain sires as Sylvian Champion, Debonair, Silver Crown and Pride of Crawford, all prize winning bulls wherever shown. Hence the females of this offering can be relied upon to produce milk as well as beef. A number are by nature hornless and eligible to register in both Polled Durham and Shorthorn Associations. These cattle not only have the most desirable blood lines but have been raised under modern ranch methods, are ready to respond to feed and care and make money for the buyer. If you want good Shorthorns you cannot afford to miss this great opportunity. Send your name today for catalog. Address

LEVI ECKHARDT, Winfield, Kansas Auctioneers, Fred Reppert, John D. Snyder, Lafe Burger, O. F. Hurt. Fieldman, A. B. Hunter.

300 three and four year old heavy Panhandle feeding steers for sale privately.

Duroc-Jersey Hog Sale

Wichita, Kan., Wed., Nov. 17

The Greatest Duroc Sale Ever Held At Wichita

82—Head—82

All Immune by Double Treatment

20 Tried Sows. Big, stretchy, high class herd

30 handsome, growthy spring gilts.

20 choice summer gilts.

10 fancy spring boars ready for service.

2 herd boars, show prospects. The kind good breeders are looking for.

Mr. Howe is an old reliable, constructive breeder. In the days of the Wichita and southwestern fair, his Durcos always won the champion prizes and a majority of the other ribbons. He has always stood out for stretch and size, even in the days when everything was sacrificed for quality. His other hobby is color.

It is not necessary in this ad to go into detail further than to say if you want good Durco breeding stock get in your automobile or on the cars and come to this sale; you will not be disappointed. For the last eight years I have attended every auction of registered hogs sold in Wichita and these Durcos are the best ever offered at a Wichita sale. Catalogs are now ready. Write Mr. Howe for yours today.

Yours truly,

A. B. HUNTER.

Fieldman for Capper Publications.

Two registered cows now fresh. One Holstein Cows registered heifer to calve in early spring. One purebred but non-registered heifer to calve in early spring. One purebred but non-registered heifer to calve in early spring. One purebred but non-registered two-year-old heifer fresh in spring. Also 6 head of horses.
Parties from a distance stop at Pennsylvania Hotel; free conveyance to and from farm, near city. Address

J. U. HOWE, ROUTE 8, WICHITA, KANSAS

J. D. Snyder, Auctioneer.

A. B. Hunter, Fieldman.

Big Two Days Sale

Maplewood Stock Farm four miles south of

Herington, Kans., Nov. 17-18

Wednesday, November 17 100 Registered Duroc-Jerseys

20 sows with splendid litters by their side by Geimon's Good Enuff by Good Enuff Again King, the 1913 grand champion.

20 fall gilts to farrow the last of November.

40 fall and spring gilts, sold open. 20 well grown and well bred fall and spring boars.

Thursday, November 18

56 Holstein Cows and Heifers These cattle will be sold with a positive guarantee that they



are just as represented. All were carefully selected for this herd but our recent decision to breed registered cattle only in the future decided us to make this sale. For more than a year the herd has been headed by our herd bull, Canary Butter Boy King whose first six daughters made from 14 to 23 pounds and all entered the advanced registry class. the advanced registry class. Four pure-bred bull calves by this bull are in-cluded in the sale.

Dr. Schuyler Nichols consigns 12 purebred registered cows and heifers, all fresh or springers.

Free conveyance to and from the farm. Best of R. R. connec-Ask your agent to route you. Catalogs ready to mail upon application. For catalogs address,

MOTT & SEABORN, Herington, Kan.

Auctioneer-Jas. T. McCulloch. Fieldman-J. W. Johnson. (Mention the Farmers Mail and Breeze when you write for catalog.)

Get Your Cream Separator NOW Get the Big Extra Winter Profits

Right now is harvest time for the dairyman. The late Fall and Winter months are the best time of all the year for making high-grade, high-priced dairy butter at a good profit. If you don't own a cream separator, or if you have an out-of-date machine that is hard to clean, hard to run, or a poor skimmer—you can't afford to overlook the remarkable offer we make you here. Think of it! For ONLY \$2 we will place any of our big, light running, easy cleaning, perfect skimming NEW BUTTERFLY Cream Separators in your home and let you pay for it out of the extra cream profits it saves and makes for you.

Our Easy Payment Plan Has Helped Over 50,000 Farmers Make More Money

It will do as much for you. We are the sole manufacturers of the NEW BUTTER-FLY Separators. We will ship you any machine we make, for only \$2 down and give you a whole year to pay our low factory prices. We will give you 30 days

free trial at our risk so you can prove to your entire satisfaction before you stand back of your machine with a Life-Time Guarantee against all defects in material and workmanship. Over 50,000 NEW BUTTERFLY Cream Sepand day the year 'round to keep up with the demand from thousands of cow owners who are glad on these easy terms. You can have one, too. Just fill out the coupon and we will send you the most liberal offer ever made by any factory to cream separator buyers. Send today.



For Any Size—Direct From Factory

Think of getting one of these splendid money-making, money-saving machines on a plan whereby it will earn its own cost and more BEFORE YOU PAY. You won't feel the cost at all. You can't afford to be without a separator any longer—especially when you can secure the NEW BUTTERFLY at such low factory prices.

No. 2 Junior — a light running, easy cleaning, close skimming, durable, life-time guaranteed separator. Skims 95 quarts per hour. We also make five other sizes up to our big 800 lb. capacity machine shown here—all sold at similar low prices and on our liberal terms of only \$2 down and a year to pay.

Days' Free Trial—Guaranteed a Life-time

Fill Out	t This	Coupon-	Mail	Today

ALBAUGH-DOVER CO.

2260 Factory: Marshall Blvd., Chicago

Gentlemen:-

Without obligation on my part, please mail me FREE Catalog Folder of New Butterfly Cream Separators and your special "Easy Payment" offer.

I keep.....cows.

R. F. D. No......State.....

You can have 30 days FREE trial and see for yourself how easily one of these splendid machines will earn its own cost and more before you pay. Try it alongside of any separator you wish. Keep it if pleased. If not you can return it at our expense and we will refund your \$2 deposit and pay the freight charges both ways. You won't be out one penny. You take no risk whatever. Postal brings Free Catalog Folder and direct from factory offer. Buy from the manufacturers and save money. Write today.

2260 Marshall Boulevard, Chicago Read What These New Butterfly Owners Say

The New Butterfly Soon Pays
for Itself
augh-Dever Co., Chicago
irs: The New Butterfly pays for itself in a
le while. I hope any person seeing the adverment and needing a machine will get one. I
is £2.16 on my cream this week where I only
le £1.20 before. I never could believe that
parator made that much difference, but I
ainly do now. You couldn't get it back for
eather price. It is certainly a daisy.

MENNO RUSH, Lewiston, Ohlo

Eight Pounds More Butter Per Week from Five Cows

augh-Dover Co., Chicago intlemen: I like your new Butterfly Cre vator. We make 8 pounds more ing and close skimming. Yours truly,
CORT ENGLEMAN, Corydon, Ind.

Much Easier to Clean Than Others on the Market

On the Market

Albaugh-Dover Co., Chicago
Gentlemen: We like the New Butterfly Separator very much, for it runs so nice and easy.

My wife says the Butterfly Separator is so much easier to wash and keep clean than others on the market.

ABRAHAM P. KURTZ, E. Akron, Ohlo,

Would Not Trade It for Any Other

Albaugh-Dover Co., Chicago
Dear Sirs: Your separator is the marvel of
separators and should be given first place on
separators and should be given first place on
separators and should be given first place on
severy farm. We have never had any trouble
with it and it does its work to perfection. We
would not trade it for the highest
priced machine on the market.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Herrington, Kan.