

# SPIRIT OF KANSAS

## A Journal of Home and Household.

VOL. III.—NO. 13.

LAWRENCE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 1, 1874

WHOLE NO. 113.

### WILD OATS.

BY F. E. CHERRY.

[For The Spirit of Kansas.]

"For they have sown the wind and they shall reap the whirlwind."—[Bible.]

Ah! yes, they sow in April!  
The seeds begin to swell,  
And sprout behind the whisky bars,  
And in the gambling hell;  
Wherever they are dropped  
The wild oats spring again,  
And every stalk a note in hand  
To pay the Devil's train.  
Ah! poor misguided youth!  
The heavier these notes grow,  
The more they get endorsed on them,  
They reap the deeper woe.

'Tis May. Crop sowed! Well, wait awhile,  
They now begin to see,  
The peculiar kind of grain.  
That they have turned beneath the lea.  
Kind friends look over to their fields,  
And older neighbors too,  
The same that shook their warning heads,  
And spoke of this to you;  
They "couldn't see it" then, Oh, no!  
They plainly see it now,  
And feel a little anxious  
Where to put this crop, and how.

The crop's immense! the yield so great,  
How can they market it?  
Where will they get the sacks, and how.  
To store away replete,  
This yield of grain, of wild oats sown?  
They grow uneasy, now,  
And so in June they do propose,  
The whole crop up to plow,  
And plant a better;

For indeed they hate this kind of grain.  
It grows so fast and yields so much,  
It is not good, 'tis plain.  
But, like Canada thistles,  
It does the better grow  
For all this plowing under,  
They always find it so.  
July! They're heading out!  
A little later, though,  
But crop much more productive  
For all this plowing so;  
But less they like this kind of oats,  
As now they older grow,  
And say they work, and tug, and pull,  
To kill it out, you know.

Vain toil! They never can  
Destroy this crop or grain!  
And so they reap, and bind, and shock,  
With tears and groans of pain.  
Suffering may make them child-like,  
But still the crop will spread;  
A thousand hands will take their seed,  
And raise a crop indeed.  
The month wanes on; too late! too late!  
The remorseless harvest comes,  
And brings a curse to many souls,  
In the eternal home.

Lawrence, Kansas, 1874.

### THE ANNUAL SCRIPTURE SCHOOL CONFERENCE OF FRIENDS.

This Conference met at the Yearly Meeting house in this City on the 25th inst. at 2 p. m. and continued its session two days—the following programme embraced the topics for consideration at its several sittings.

I. Organization of Conference, and views in regard to the work and object pertaining thereunto.

II. Are our Scripture Schools doing the work that properly devolves upon them? (This includes reports from schools.)

III. How shall we secure the best attendance at our Scripture Schools?

IV. To what extent, if at all, are Friends called upon in their labors in the Scripture Schools to state, explain and endeavor to diffuse the principles peculiar to our Society?

V. Object Lesson.

VI. Suggestions as to the best method of explaining the Scriptures to children.

VII. Black Board Exercises.

VIII. Suggestions as to general Exercises in our Scripture Schools and what they should be, including the duties of Superintendents.

IX. The consideration of the importance of a right estimate of the guidance of the Holy Spirit in Scriptural Instructions.

X. Scripture Schools viewed in connection with home teaching and home influences.

XI. Class Drill and best method of conducting Scripture Schools.

To FRIENDS: These topics have been selected for consideration.

The Conference was not largely attended, but a deep interest was manifested in its work from first to last. It was evident that much careful labor had been bestowed on the preparation of the excellent papers that were read before the Conference. The consideration of each subject was opened by the reading of one or more papers which had been prepared by persons selected for that purpose, and then opportunity was given to all to express their views—many valuable suggestions and much experience touching the Scripture School work were brought to view.

A large Committee were appointed at the first session on the subject of organization and the nomination of officers.

At a subsequent session they made the following report:

That this be known as the Annual Scripture School Conference of Friends of Kansas Yearly Meeting. That the following persons be its officers for the next year. For president, Dr. Stewart of Lawrence, for Secretary, E. Ellen Cherry of Lawrence, for Vice President, Levi Woodward of Hesper; for Treasurer, Francis A. Wright of Lawrence; and that its next meeting be held at the same time and place next year. The report was agreed to.

Each session was opened and held in a devotional manner. Among the several excellent papers read, great satisfaction was felt at the reading of one by Francis A. Wright, on the 10th subject, one from the pen of Dr. William Nicholson, now in Washington City, on the same subject, one on the 6th subject, by Mary White of Prairie Center, and two by Drusilla Wilson and James Pitts, on the 9th subject.

The most distinctive feature of the society of Friends—that which marked them from the first and which they have with greater or less clearness borne since, is the importance they attach to the guidance of the Holy Spirit. They believe in the immediate revelation of God to man, that He manifests himself to every person, leading him to repentance and the blessed experience of His Salvation—That if each individual will attend carefully to the direct manifestation of the Holy Spirit, in the heart, which is the Comforter promised by the Savior, it will lead him out of error into truth.

The views held by Friends which are less peculiar to them now than formerly, on the subject of slavery, war, oaths, temperance, a ministry simply for a living, are outgrowths of this great fundamental belief. From George Fox to the present they have ever pointed men to that which is in them. Upon this they rely for the conversion of souls—they make it the primary rule for guidance. They believe in a ministry under the same preparation. They believe in the scriptures as a divinely inspired work to which there is not only no equal but to which no other work is in many respects comparable. But they believe that the scriptures as a guide hold a secondary place, and that to be profitable they are to be read by the light and interpreted by the direct revelation of God's Holy Spirit. They maintain there is no conflict between the two, but as the scriptures have their source from the Spirit of God they must therefore agree, and where any one holds the led by the Spirit contrary to the doctrine of Scripture he is under a delusion.

This doctrine Friends consider of the utmost importance in their Scripture School instructions, and hence their great care in setting it forth in their conference.

While the schools fall far short of doing the work that properly devolves upon them, (about half of the Friends in this yearly meeting being engaged in them.) yet looking at the past there is ground for much encouragement. The concern of the Conference seemed to be that the workers in these schools should make their efforts very direct to bring souls to Christ. The manner of bringing the Scriptures before children was beautifully portrayed by Mary White of Prairie Center. She maintained that children were mainly to be approached through their fancies, that things must be presented to them in pictures and that cheerfulness should envelope every subject laid before them. Many plans were suggested to draw the children to the Sabbath school, but one that seemed especially striking was to begin the relation of a short story to the children and stop in the midst of it and tell them the remainder would be told them at the next school. The children would not only come themselves but they would bring others with them.

It seemed a matter of regret that so many valuable thoughts could not come before a larger number.

### SOME PAPERS.

BY L. A. B. STOLLE.

Lying on our table, are some old and some new ones, to be looked over in one of those moments of unsettled mood, when there is everything to be done, and yet nothing which appears the right thing to be done at that time.

Here is a February number of the Kansas Farmer; and in it, a homesick lady, longing for a "cold smell of the sea in the air." My dear Madame, I have not the least objection to your getting homesick, or indulging in a "fit of discontent," if you wish; but don't, I beg of you, work any spell to bring us any more "cold smells" either from the sea or the Rocky Mountains this season. Here it is the last of March, and the merrily month is going out with a bristling mane, and roaring voice; a veritable lion. Let us hope that April, grass-wheeled, and violet-crowned, will bring us some of her usual clouds and tears, and give us an occasional breath of warm air.

Here is Augusta Moore, in the Evangelist, lamenting the death of her cat, "Victor Alexis." At least she thinks he died, as he seemed ill and went away, and she cannot find him. Take comfort, Augustus. Cats have a trick of running away. From the kindest of patronesses, for an occasional ramble. Victor Alexis may come back yet. A cat loving Domine from the far west condole with Augusta, but suggests that the cat died of his name. If she had suffered him to remain Thomas, he "might have been purring and rubbing his nose against her still." Now Domine, that is too bad!

Here are a couple of papers devoted to bringing all churches into one. Praise-worthy, perhaps, but I almost fear, not practicable. We shall probably get no further before the millennium, than to "break down the division walls," as I. Hyatt Smith once said, "so as to shake hands over them." It reminds me of a little church, nestled down among the trees, in the edge of an Indiana forest. The pastor announced that a minister of another denomination would assist him in administering the communion, the next Sabbath. He glanced, as he spoke, toward one of his members, a Presbyterian of the most rigid school, that covenanted Scotland ever sent out, and immediately called upon him to pray. Bro. G. complied, and thus he prayed: "Oh Lord, bless thy ministering servants, of every name under heaven, who keep thy word, and do thy work." And thus I think, should we all pray.

Now comes a stray number of the Kansas Chief, with a marked item in it. Success to you, Doctor, may paragraphs like that, with pills, patients, and pence, in plenty, pile up on the practice of your profession.

But the Chief is manifestly on the war path now. Here are no less than seven different stabs at the Women's Crusade, in as many paragraphs. My dear Chief, are we to compliment you upon your shrewdness in the way you take to help daughters of Eve know we are in the right, your fun making will only make us the more determined in our way. Right glad are we to hear that the "leaders in this movement are generally the wives of preachers and leading church members."

Nor is it "rough upon our husbands" at all, that we should wish to pray for the all, that we should wish to pray for the husbands of less favored sisters, or that we should wish to shield our young sons from the temptations the liquor dealer knows so well how to use. That is a nice little joke, too, about the saloon keepers organizing and invading the churches, because here and there a person has gone crazy under the influence of religious excitement. A natural tendency to insanity will develop itself under any excitement, and it is noticeable that the last effort of a mind going to wreck, is frequently to grope for a foothold on what we instinctively feel to be the only sure refuge of helpless humanity. But, while we all know that the use of liquor tends directly and inevitably to insanity, who will say that that is the general tendency of religion? Here is a groan because they knelt in slush and mud with fine dresses on. Well, it was better so than to risk being dragged down to where they could get no dresses, either fine or decent. Better so, than to stand by and see the children of sisters and neighbors, shivering in rags, which it would do no good for ordinary charity to replace with better clothing, while the father, or perchance, the mother drinks, at the saloon or elsewhere.

"Solomon says strong drink is raging; but the women of Ohio in order to be even with strong drink are also raging." In the first place that is slandering the women; in the second place the case is one which calls for earnest work; far more really than if it were property and homes that were being destroyed with ordinary flames instead of the souls and bodies of husbands and sons perishing in what one good minister called liquid fire and distillate damnation. Platt wants the good sisters to "look at the cause of the evil, and pray the thirst out of the throats of the consumers;" a thirst that is created by the means used to quench it. Mrs. Swisholm talks about law and advises submission to it. She would hardly consider a man's house being his castle, as a sufficient excuse for his making it a stronghold for pestilence to endanger the lives of the community. The judge who made it a nuisance, might have felt called upon by the statute to do so; but it is to be hoped that he will exercise the same wisdom, when the nuisance of the drunkard making traffic is brought to him for judgment.

On the first page is a chapter of advice to unmarried ladies, well worth considering. One sentence runs thus: "Let young men understand that if they love ardent spirits better than they do you, you consider them already wedded to a more alluring mistress, and not disposed to be a bigamist." Well said; and better if acted upon. Go on Chief, and if you see any disposed to faint or struggle out of the ranks, shoot one of those well aimed sarcasms at them, and you will do much good, I have no doubt.

The wave is rolling on, east and west; and if it dies out when it meets the ocean on either shore, it will not die until it has done its own appointed share of the ceaseless warfare against one of the most subtle and deadly of Satanic influences.

### OUR TEXAS LETTER.

Denison, Texas, March 20, '74.

DEAR SPIRIT:

Bois D'Arc Grange, of whose organization I wrote you, is gaining strength rapidly. At our regular meeting four had conferred on them the fourth degree; after which a bountiful supply of good things were made to disappear in true patron style. The ladies (God bless them) deserve thanks for the zeal they manifested in its success, and to them we must give their meed of praise for the delicacies so well arranged.

A new Grange will be instituted within a short distance of Denison in a few weeks, and other points throughout the county are preparing to come into the ranks of the Patrons. Still in my the good work goes on.

The Daily News, of which Bro. B. C. Murray is the spirit, is devoted to much of its space to the interests of the Order. We have a well settled County and wealthy; the second in the great State of Texas; and it behooves us as Patrons to instill into the mind of conservative farmers, the advantages the Order presents, so that the purposes of its organization may be fully realized in our midst.

Owing to the dull times that have prevailed since the panic, there has been a good deal of croaking among some of that class that are in Denison, and they have not been slow in prophesying that the infant wonder would soon follow in the wake of other cities that sprang into existence as it did. When the passenger depot, express office, and merchandise cars were burned, it was declared that the last straw had been reached and Denison's fate was sealed. Still, notwithstanding all this, new life and brighter hopes have been instilled by the fact that a Union Depot to cost about \$30,000 is to be built at once. The H. & T. C. Round House, repair shops, and transfer warehouses are to be removed from Red River City to Denison, making this the terminus of both these trunk lines. The uncertainty has been overcome and property holders now ask from twenty-five to fifty per cent advance upon figures held before.

The school house which has been in an unfinished state for a few months is to be finished at once. The Board of Trade, which by the way is an active organization, is holding out strong inducements for manufactures, while the city proposes to remit taxation on all manufactories started in Denison. A number of enterprises are under way now.

The revival and temperance excitement has reached Denison, and a good work has been done in the M. E. Church, (Rev. A. Jennings, Pastor). Some sixty have been added to the Church. A temperance league has been formed and about a hundred and fifty have already signed the pledge. M. V. B. Bennett, the "Brick Pioneers" of South Kansas, who is now in Denison, is an active leader in this laudable and necessary movement.

The spring time is well under way, and the citizens are improving their property; gardening is well over with, and greens are being offered in market. Fruit farms are being initiated. The wheat looks splendid.

A much larger tract of wheat is being sown than ever before. The planters are realizing now the benefits to be derived from increasing the variety of their products.

Instead of devoting all their time to the raising of cotton, and buying their flour, meal, &c., they are beginning to find that wheat is just as good to raise for profit, as cotton; and can be produced with much less time and labor devoted to it. Having also the excellent gristing facilities afforded by the Boss, Jennings & Co., Mill, a further inducement is held out.

Efforts are being made to utilize the copper that lies in such inexhaustible quantities west of us, and a stock company is being organized to erect smelting works, &c., at this point.

I am much pleased to learn that the Lawrence Dam is proving a success. Hope to see the Head Center in a flourishing state soon, from the erection and furthering of manufactures on the banks of the Kaw.

G. M. C. Smith



# The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, APRIL 1, 1874.

## Patrons' Department.

The Spirit of Kansas was the first newspaper in Kansas to espouse the cause of the Grange, and the only one that makes the advocacy of that cause a specialty. It is the leading Grange paper of the State. It will publish all Ballings and other official and general information in relation to the Order. It will aim to represent and promote the interests of that Order, and of Agriculture in general, in Kansas and the West.

Members of the Order who desire to aid in the dissemination of its principles, and contribute to the accomplishment of its purposes, can do so in no more effective way than to aid in the circulation of The Spirit of Kansas as generally as possible among the people, and especially among the farmers of the State.

No many letters containing money for us have been lost in transit, that we cannot longer be responsible for money sent otherwise than by P. O. money order, or by registered letter when mailed at an office not a money order office.

## OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

ELECTED AT SIXTH ANNUAL SESSION.  
Master—Dudley W. Adams, Waukon, Iowa.  
Overseer—Thomas Taylor, Columbia, S. C.  
Secretary—T. A. Thompson, Plainville, Minn.  
Steward—J. A. Vaughan, Early Grove, Miss.  
Assistant Steward—G. W. Thompson, New Brunswick, New Jersey.  
Chaplain—Rev. A. M. Grosh, Washington, D. C.  
Treasurer—F. M. McDowell, Corns, N. Y.  
Secretary—O. H. Kelley, Georgetown, D. C.  
Gate-keeper—O. Dinwiddie, Orchard Grove, Lake county, Indiana.  
Ceres—Mrs. D. W. Adams, Waukon, Iowa.  
Fama—Mrs. O. H. Kelley, Washington, D. C.  
Florida—Mrs. J. A. Vaughan, Early Grove, Iowa.  
Lady Asa's Steward—Miss C. A. Hall, Georgetown, D. C.

OFFICERS OF THE KANSAS STATE GRANGE.  
Master, M. E. Hudson, Mapleton, Bourbon county.  
Treasurer, John Boyd, Independence, Montgomery county.  
Steward, E. D. Smith, Jewell county.  
Assistant Steward, J. B. Richer, Franklin co.  
Chaplain, W. S. Hanna, Ottawa, Franklin co.  
Treasurer, H. H. Angell, Sherman City, Cherokee county.  
Secretary, J. W. Snyder, Franklin co.  
Steward, J. A. Vaughan, Early Grove, Miss.  
Gate-keeper, O. Dinwiddie, Orchard Grove, Lake county, Indiana.  
Ceres—Mrs. D. W. Adams, Waukon, Iowa.  
Fama—Mrs. O. H. Kelley, Washington, D. C.  
Florida—Mrs. J. A. Vaughan, Early Grove, Iowa.  
Lady Asa's Steward—Miss C. A. Hall, Georgetown, D. C.

COUNTY COUNCILS.  
Montgomery and Howard: John Boyd, Master, E. Taylor R. S. W. H. Barnes C. S. and agent.  
Lyon: P. B. Maxson Master, C. F. Conklin secretary. Meets in Emporia on the first Saturday in each month.  
Sedgewick: E. P. Thompson Master, John L. Zimmerman secretary, Sedgewick city.  
Neosho: Jas. A. Songer Master, L. G. H. Greene secretary, Osage Mission. Meets the 2d Thursday of each month.  
Wilson: Wm. Spencer Master, J. C. Moore, Secretary, meets at Fredonia.  
Douglas: Meets second Tuesday of each month in anti-monopoly club rooms, in Lawrence, C. W. Lawrence, Master; J. T. Stevens, Secretary.  
Woodson: Meets the last Friday of each month. M. C. Smith, Secretary, Neosho Falls.  
Mitchell: H. C. Babcock Master, Thos. M. Fisher Secretary, F. P. Snyder Agent. Regular Meeting on Tuesday of each month. P. O. Glen Elder.  
Morris County Council, Horace Hurley, Master, Wm. Donahue, Secretary and County Agent. Council Grove, meets the second Saturday in each month, alternately at Council Grove and Parkville.  
Clay: H. H. Taylor secretary and agent; meets at Masonic hall in Clay Center the second Wednesday of each month.

DEPUTIES.  
Commissioned by M. E. Hudson, Master Kansas State Grange since the last session:  
R. S. Osborn, Bull City, Osage county.  
J. J. McClintock, Kerwin Phillips county.  
H. C. Babcock, Cawker City Mitchell county.  
B. L. Beasly, London Summer county.  
J. H. Brad, Prairie Grove Republic County.  
S. C. Monroe, Brookside Rice county.  
G. N. Nichols, Delphos Ottawa county.  
P. B. Maxson, Emporia Lyon county.  
J. J. McKee, Frankfort Marshall county.  
J. H. Blair, Eden Doniphan county.  
J. T. Ricketts, Garnett Anderson county.  
G. F. Gard, Eureka Greenwood county.  
U. M. Morgan, Tonganoxie Leavenworth Co.  
A. N. Case, Honeock Saline county.  
G. B. Spaulding, Hilldale Miami county.  
Eugene DeBarn, Hutchinson Reno county.  
Z. Meredith, Olathe Johnson county.  
C. B. Spaulding, Hilldale Miami county.  
J. R. Dukes, Parkersville Morris county.  
W. E. Fletcher, Republican city Clay county.  
J. C. Curphey, Humboldt Allen county.  
H. O. Clark, Rippon Labette county.  
W. S. Matthews, Seneca Neosho county.  
E. A. Hodge, Marion Centre Marion county.  
W. F. Lison, Benton Butler county.  
G. S. White, Dillon Dickinson county.

Parties wishing an experienced officer to organize Granges in Central Kansas, or to give instruction in the work of the Order, will address (enclosing stamp), W. S. HANNA, dress (enclosing stamp), Chaplain of the State Grange, Junction City, Kas.

The "Patrons Code and Manual of Practice" is now ready. Send to J. A. Cramer Lawrence, Kas., for the pocket edition bound in cloth. Single copies, 20 cents. Per doz., \$2.20.

## LIST OF SUBORDINATE GRANGES.

ALLEN COUNTY.

No. NAME. SECRETARY. P. O. ADDRESS.

104 Owl creek W. H. Collins Humboldt

105 Dublin W. H. Noble Humboldt

120 Crescent valley J. C. Kaho Judo

121 Salem E. T. Bede Elkhart

122 Elm Grove E. L. Moore Elkhart

210 Maple grove J. Cleaver Iola

228 Neosho valley E. L. Moore Iola

249 Bethel E. L. Moore Iola

326 Rock Hill E. Lowe Iola

327 Prairie Dell Mrs. L. Bartlett Iola

328 Rock Hill E. Lowe Iola

329 Imperial C. L. Knowlton Geneva

330 Mayflower J. Gibson Odessa

401 Deer creek B. D. Allen Iola

412 Elmer J. Gibson Iola

471 Diamond Sarah A. Wise Iola

289 Putnam E. E. Birmingham Richmond

290 Central city S. A. Baird Mineral point

291 Greely E. M. Johnson Greely

292 Walker E. M. Johnson Greely

293 Pearl E. M. Johnson Greely

294 Jackson E. M. Johnson Greely

295 Washington E. M. Johnson Greely

296 Liberty E. M. Johnson Greely

297 Harmony E. M. Johnson Greely

332 Multifloras G. M. Fuller Huron

333 Myrtle E. M. Johnson Greely

334 Evergreen E. M. Johnson Greely

335 Shannon hill E. M. Johnson Greely

336 Eden E. M. Johnson Greely

337 Good Intent E. M. Johnson Greely

338 Prairie Queen E. M. Johnson Greely

339 Arrington E. M. Johnson Greely

340 Pleasant grove E. M. Johnson Greely

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412 Elmer J. Gibson Iola

471 Diamond Sarah A. Wise Iola

289 Putnam E. E. Birmingham Richmond

290 Central city S. A. Baird Mineral point

291 Greely E. M. Johnson Greely

292 Walker E. M. Johnson Greely

293 Pearl E. M. Johnson Greely

294 Jackson E. M. Johnson Greely

295 Washington E. M. Johnson Greely

296 Liberty E. M. Johnson Greely

297 Harmony E. M. Johnson Greely

332 Multifloras G. M. Fuller Huron

333 Myrtle E. M. Johnson Greely

334 Evergreen E. M. Johnson Greely

335 Shannon hill E. M. Johnson Greely

336 Eden E. M. Johnson Greely

337 Good Intent E. M. Johnson Greely

338 Prairie Queen E. M. Johnson Greely

339 Arrington E. M. Johnson Greely

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# The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, APRIL 1, 1874.

## Where Has It Gone?

The expenses of the Government for the fiscal year commencing 1st. of July last, have been over four hundred millions. We commenced the year with nearly a hundred millions in the Treasury—to-day the National strong box is empty, and the Secretary has been obliged to draw out twenty five millions of the reserve funds to pay current expenses. Each man, woman and child in the country pays the General Government about ten dollars a year for being governed, beside the State and local taxes, aggregating two or three times as much more. Is there any need of this? Add to this the fact that a thousand millions or more of the wealth of the country is tied up in Government Bonds, owned mainly by large capitalists, and pays no taxes, and another fact is developed—that from sixty to eighty millions of the four hundred are paid by the working people. The small dealers and farmers of the country, who cannot afford to own bonds, pay this sum in addition to their fair proportion of the National taxation, to make up the deficiency to that amount caused by the exemption of the bonds in the hands of large capitalists and Bankers. The original cost of these bonds to the purchaser has been paid twice over by the Government already, and yet they have paid no taxes to the support of that Government. How long is this state of things to run? How many times more must the people pay these Bonds, and get nothing in return?

Sunday, April 26th, 1874, will be the fifty-fifth anniversary of the order of Odd Fellows in the United States, and a general thanksgiving proclamation has been issued by Most Worshipful Grand Sire Logan, of the Grand Lodge, appointing that day as a season of thanksgiving and prayer to God for His manifold blessings.

Maj. Wm. J. Bodenhamer, Receiver of Public money at Springfield Mo., is said to be a defaulter in the sum of \$16,000.

Hon. Calvin Reasoner, member of the present House of Representatives, has been appointed Receiver at the Cawker City Land Office.

The people pay \$842,203.26 a year for the maintenance of each one of the fine regiments of artillery in the regular army, or \$4,211,016.36 a year for the whole, for which not an item of return is made or can be made in time of peace. A large part of this force is kept about Washington, where the only apparent purpose secured is to afford a lot of young officers the opportunities for showy but useless parade, and the elegant fashionable leisure peculiar to the Capitol.

The Republican State Central Committee, at its late session at Topeka, proposed to re-establish party distinctions, as follows:

"We propose to draw the party lines strictly; those who are not for us are against us. We want no camp-followers and time servers, but only men who vote and act on principle, and who will stand by all the just acts of the party. It is to be a long fight and a vigorous one, and it cannot but result in determining who are the true Republicans and who have been hanging on the verge with a sordid and single eye to place and patronage."

But what are the issues upon which the lines are to be drawn, and who is going to draw them? It takes something besides whip cracking, pronouncements and hifalutin resolves to re-establish party lines, as these gentlemen will find about election time.

The Record says that Col. G. W. Vesle, A. M. Coddington, Ira Smith, and other citizens of Topeka, are about forming a company for the purpose of manufacturing fire proof iron blinds for doors and windows.

Also that shortly after noon Monday, the body of a man named H. M. Wolverton was found hanging in the cellar of Dr. Rucker's residence in North Topeka, life being extinct. The body had been thus suspended about two hours when discovered.

Mr. Wolverton came to Topeka some four weeks ago, from Albany, N. Y., for his health. He was about 50 years of age, and a member of the firm of Wolverton & Co., extensive shoe manufacturers of Albany.

It is said that Ralph Waldo Emerson will succeed Disraeli as Lord Rector of the Glasgow University.

There have been fewer accidents on the K. P. Road during the past, than upon any other in the U. S. During the whole year only one engine was off the track.

When the Republican party was formed, did those who stood sponsors for it exclude candidates for admission because of past political opinions or acts? Was Butler questioned when he entered the Republican party? Was Logan questioned? Do the past acts of Beutregard and other rebel Generals prevent their admission to the Republican party now? Is it not, rather, faithfulness to the new pledges by which they are judged?—(Standard of Saturday.)

The personal citations in the above are unfortunate, so far as they are made to establish the doctrine that a Reform element must not make "conduct in past political parties" a test of fellowship in the new. True, Butler was not questioned when he applied for admission into the Republican party, but how much better it would have been for the party and the country if he had been.

The case of Logan is not quite so bad, though bad enough; while that of Beutregard and other rebel Generals, is but little, if any better. They all betrayed the party they belonged to, to join the Republican party the moment they became satisfied that it would be the successful party. The two first, especially, brought into it the malpractices and evil characteristics which they so glaringly illustrated in their old partisan affiliations, and which, if possible, have been elaborated and intensified in the new. They, and others like them, made the Democratic name and party odious, and it is through their malign influence and such as they, that the leadership of the Republican party has become permeated with the same odious characteristics. So much for their not having been "questioned when they entered the Republican party." Let those who compose the Reform element take warning from the effect of these fearful examples of admitting applicants from the old organizations without reference to their "conduct in past political parties."

There is no such thing as reforming a professional politician, in any effective sense of the term. If his conduct was bad in the old party, it will be as much worse in the new as his increased experience and opportunities will enable him to make it. He never leaves his old party so long as he thinks there is a probability of its retaining its power—he never joins a new party until he has become pretty confident of its success, and that it has an exalted seat in its synagogue for him. This conclusion reached, there are none so blatantly zealous as he—none so ready to illustrate their new born zeal at all times and in all places, in season and out of season—in words—none so ready to be sacrificed to the public good in any official position that might accidentally be left open, from the U. S. Senate to the village Mayor, as he. Nothing comes amiss to him, be it the ermined robe of power, or a cast off suit of political old clothes.

Judge Louis Dent, brother of Mrs. President Grant, died at his residence in Washington on the 28th inst.

The Commonwealth gives some particulars of the arrest of young Belford, who robbed the K. P. R. office in Topeka of some seven thousand dollars in February last. He was arrested at New Orleans on Tuesday night, and yesterday Mr. Hafik Lindsey started for that city with a requisition to bring him back to Topeka.

His arrest was accomplished in a singular manner, and the parties responsible for it ought to be regularly employed on the U. S. detective force. A draft for \$112.50 was received at the express office in this city from New Orleans, drawn by A. Battey on Mr. J. Clark, a clerk in the A. T. & S. F. office in North Topeka. The draft was shown by Sam. Davidson, the express agent, to Major Anderson, who immediately recognized the writing as Belford's. The agent of the Southern express company at New Orleans was thereupon notified that Belford was badly needed here, and that a reward of \$300 would be paid for his arrest and detention until an officer could be sent to take him in charge. A reply was soon received announcing his arrest, and stating that he agreed perfectly with the description forwarded.

The new House is undergoing a thorough renovation from turret to foundation stone. The dining room has been much improved, and when finished will be one of the most beautiful in the west. The floors of the middle stories, which were formerly of the same material as the sea, have been covered with a level as a billiard table. The walls are being papered and the ceilings whitened throughout the building. A new bridal chamber is being fitted up on the third floor, fronting on Kansas avenue. Other improvements have been and are being made, and within a few days the interior of the Teft will present a greatly changed and much beautified appearance. Topeka Commonwealth.

## Liberty Guard Reunion.

The remnant now living of the old Liberty Guard, who composed the Abolition party of 1844, is to hold a re-union in Chicago in June next. It will be an interesting meeting, historically as well as otherwise, for though there are few of them now living, the memories that cling around the issues and struggles of that time, when it cost something to be on the side of liberty, are still vivid, and can never be erased from the minds of those who opened the great battle which resulted so gloriously for the cause of human enfranchisement and progress. We all boast of the great achievements of the war, and the advances made in the perfection of popular liberty during and since that sanguinary strife, and we have good reason to be proud of them, but it was the superior comprehension, and the great courage, moral and physical, of those who composed the old Liberty Guard of '40 and '44, that made the achievements of the war possible, and opened the way, on this continent, for the establishment of a truer liberty, and a higher and better political and social life, than we had hitherto known.

The Old Guard is dying, but it never surrendered. A few years more, and the earth will have closed over the last of that band of bravest and truest men that the world ever knew.

There are six herds of Texas cattle on the way to Wichita, numbering in the aggregate some twelve or fifteen thousand head. They are to arrive early in May.

The New York Tribune decides that the bond between the President and General Butler, is the natural one of sympathy in the pursuit of vulgar ends by vulgar means.

The nomination of Friend Mahlon Stubbbs as agent of the Kaw Indians was rejected by the Senate. Friend Stubbbs has been agent for this tribe of red men ever since the Quaker policy was inaugurated.

The Troy Republican says eight thousand hogs have been slaughtered and packed in Doniphan County during the past winter. Also that the farmers in that county have commenced putting in their spring wheat.

A tract of five hundred acres of timber was burned on last Friday night. The fire was set by sparks from a locomotive lodging in the dry brush. The fire was finally checked by a timely rain on Saturday.

An effort is being made to get a new trial for Tweed.

Two freight trains came in collision on Saturday last on the Pennsylvania Central railroad, near Jersey City, killing the fireman and brakeman, and fatally wounding the conductor, named Metz.

A trade mark treaty between the United States and Russia was signed in St. Petersburg on Friday last, giving American manufacturers equal rights with those of Russia. This is the first treaty signed in both the Russian and English languages.

## Curious Discovery.

A company boring for coal on the town site of Alma, in Wabunsee county, the other day, struck salt water at a depth of 530 feet. After the fresh water had been pumped out the brackish liquid rushed out to the height of three feet above the surface. The saline density of the water was sufficient to float an egg upon its surface. There has been brought to our office a specimen of the water, which is of an intensely salt flavor, and of salt crystals, one quart of which was obtained from the evaporation of a gallon of water. The owners of the well have been visiting the salt regions of Salina to learn facts in reference to salt production with a view to working their discovery.—Commonwealth.

## A LITTLE EGG STORY.

The Leavenworth Times relates the particulars of a piece of rather cute financing in the egg trade, that occurred at Easton a few days ago.

A merchant there concluded to make a run in the egg trade, and procure three Granger trade by paying the farmers three cents a dozen more for eggs than his rivals; one of whom named Adamson, had a very large quantity of them. When Mr. Adamson learned this fact, he captured the business, by procuring the services of all the boys in the neighborhood, and all the market bakers in town, loading his own eggs into the baskets, and sending them by the boys to the rival merchant, who paid cash for the eggs until Adamson had no eggs, nor the rival merchant any money, before the trick was discovered.

Too late for the fair—an old bachelor.

Because Mr. Buell, who has been excluded from the Senate Reporter's gallery for alleged libel upon Senator Chandler, is a Democrat, and a correspondent of a Democratic newspaper, a large proportion of the Republican press seen disposed to quietly acquiesce in the action of Mr. Ferry, who, as chairman of the committee on rules, caused Buell's expulsion. Buell's offense was in telegraphing to the Detroit Free Press, for which he was acting as Washington correspondent, that Senator Chandler had appeared in the Senate Chamber in a state of intoxication.

Of course, if Buell stated what was not true, he ought to be punished, and Ferry served him right, but there is a very strong probability that he told the truth—that Chandler was drunk in the Chamber, and if he was, it was not the first time, by any means. Ferry is Chandler's colleague from Michigan, and his personal and partisan friend, and it is not unfair, in view of all circumstances, to suspect that his action has been taken to cover up Chandler's disgrace, and by punishing Buell, create the impression among those who have no knowledge of Chandler's intemperate habits, that he has been slandered, and thus prevent the facts from damaging him in the next winter's Senatorial canvass in Michigan. The fact is, and is well known to all who have been thrown into any degree of intimate association with him, that Chandler habitually displays the characteristics of a coarse grained, ignorant, violent boor, besides being a drunkard. He has become immensely wealthy—has been elected three times to the Senate from Michigan, through vigorous party discipline and money, and expects to buy his way in again next winter, for the fourth time.

These facts are so well known, that there is no probability that Chandler's libel suit against the Free Press will ever be brought to trial, unless he feels pretty certain that he can buy up court and witnesses.

Chandler is to Michigan what Pomeroy was to Kansas, except that he is not venal. He don't take small bribes. He is the political Dictator of his State, and unless the Grangers have attained strength enough to defeat him, he is quite certain to continue such for another six years after next winter. He is a man of indomitable will—of great power—utterly unscrupulous, impulsive and remorseless in his enmities. The turbulences and imminence of the issues of the war brought him to the surface, and his violent support of the extremist party measures during and since that time, complemented by the high social position which his great wealth gave him in congressional society, have enabled him to retain his influence, notwithstanding his repulsive character and habits.

The Ladies Temperance Crusade may be said to be fairly inaugurated in Lawrence. A very spiritual and interesting meeting was held in the Congregational Church on Sunday evening last, and was participated in actively by a large number of ladies and gentlemen. This was followed by visits on Wednesday and Thursday to many of the saloons and places of business of our citizens, by the ladies, soliciting signatures to the pledge, and endeavoring to persuade dealers to relinquish the sale of intoxicating liquors.

We are not advised as to what success has thus far attended their efforts, except that a large number of signatures to the pledge have been secured.

There is much less need of a temperance reformation in Lawrence than is usual in towns of its size, but there is need enough of it here to warrant the persistent effort that is being made, or will be made. There is need enough of it in every town where a single drop of intoxicating liquor is sold, and we hope the ladies will persist in their good work. It is they that suffer most by the ravages of intemperance, and none can deny that they have a complete right to do just what they are doing.

The New Hampshire election having passed, nearly one thousand workmen have been discharged from the Portsmouth navy yard, some of whom had drawn pay for two or three months and some for only two or three weeks.

## Preparing The Whitewash.

It seems to be a little early to begin to whitewash Gen. O. O. Howard, but perhaps as the job is a big one, it may be well to commence in season. Secretary Belknap says that in stealing \$78,000 of the fund to pay the bounty of colored soldiers, Howard was guilty of only a technical wrong, and that after all it is no more than many other officers have done. Wherefore, as the secretary would have us reason, Howard should be found not guilty, and be ordered to resume his sword, duty and plunder.—(Springfield Register.)

If you want to know whether a tree is hollow or not, ax it.

[From the Junction City Tribune.]

During the last Presidential campaign it was fashionable with the newspapers who supported Grant, to say that no one could point them to a single thing that Senator Sumner ever did in his public career. Now, the very same newspapers and men are vying with each other to see who can say the most in his praise. This is a fact worthy of comment. When party newspapers get so low as to vilify such men as Sumner, against whom a word could never be justly spoken, it is high time a new party, new party newspapers, or something of the kind, took their places. It is a fearful state of affairs when such a man as Grant exacts from his adherents, loyalty so debasing as derision of men like Sumner and Greeley. It is almost blasphemy; it is absolutely wicked, and no party which is guilty of such a crime against good government, against the best of human kind, and which so outrages decency and justice, can continue to prosper. When the Republican party newspapers and leaders reached that point, they sealed their doom, and the sooner it comes, the better for all true patriots. We need the Charles Sumner kind of statesmen; we do not need the U. S. Grant sort of horse-jockeys and money-lenders.

New York, March 31.—A letter from Havana says the incendiary torch is making great havoc in the sugar plantations of the island. The Spaniards call the perpetrators highwaymen, and the Cubans say it is the work of the insurgents. The destruction of property is fearful, and in the most fertile part of the sugar growing country.

On the 18th of March the village of Jaquayedon, in the jurisdiction of Remedios, and the whole surrounding country, was illuminated by the burning fields of sugar. On the plantation Maria, about 800 acres of sugar were destroyed. Three hundred acres of wheat had already been cut ready for the mill. The volunteers have been sent out in search of the incendiaries, and several other detachments have been distributed among the other estates for their protection. The patriot army in the central department now numbers over 50,000, and the whole army throughout the island is estimated at near 35,000. The impression in general is, that the Council will make propositions of peace to the Marquis of Santa Luca, but no conditions will be accepted except the unconditional surrender of the Spaniards, and their departure from the island.

## INDIA.

Calcutta, March 31.—The reports from the districts affected by the famine, show a great improvement in the situation. There are now no actual cases of starvation outside of Tishoot, and in that district only a few.

## THE LOST STEAMER.

London, March 31.—Later dispatches from Hongkong in relation to the loss of the steamer Nile, on the voyage from that port to Yokohama, says that eighty persons were drowned.

## ROCHEFORT.

London, March 31.—A dispatch from Melbourne says that Rochefort and his companions escaped from New Caledonia by stowing themselves away in a vessel. They have arrived at Sydney, and will proceed to Europe direct.

## The Senator from Missouri.

[Washington Correspondence of the Philadelphia Press.]

When Carl Schurz is seen sitting in his seat he does not impress the spectator with the idea of a tall man, but when he rises you wonder when his head will stop going up toward the clouds. After he has "towered" to a certain altitude, and all the links and kinks and hinges seem straightened, he gives his shoulders another twist upward as much as to say, "Shades of the mighty Shiller! if one only could touch the top of space!" Then there is a shake of the long, brown, curling locks as a lion tosses his mane, for all royal animals of creation use similar signs and symbols. The mouth opens. It is not a growl. The ear is greeted with the sweetest and softest strains of the human voice. Who has ever read Oliver Wendell Holmes' description of those velvet and flute-like tones that ravish the soul like heavenly melodies of Beethoven? Carl Schurz has a voice like the wind sighing through the sugar-cane, and his classical English floats in a sea of rhythmical measure. In manner this distinguished German orator would not attract notice for either awkwardness or grace. The personality of the man is lost, because his mind is fully engaged in following his subtle thread of argument, which is fairly embroidered with pearls of thought.

A sentimental young man, in speaking to his father's coachman of a neighboring family, remarked that "they were happy" until sorrow suddenly came and left her traces there. The coachman looked puzzled, but finally responded: "Indeed, sir, ah! what did she do with the rest of the harness?"

There is a close calculator in an up-town boarding-house. He wanted it specifically understood, the other day, how much the landlady was going to deduct from his board, because he had just had two teeth extracted.

"How's your husband, Mrs. Dolkins?" "Well, sir, it's uncertain. The doctor says if he lives till morning he shall have some hopes of him; but if he doesn't, he's afraid he shall have to give him up."



# The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, APRIL 1, 1874.

## The Spirit of Kansas

Is issued weekly, in Fraser's Hall, Massachusetts Street.

BY ROSS &amp; STEVENS.

TERMS—Two Dollars a year, in advance.

### ADVERTISING RATES:

One col., one yr., \$150—six mo., \$100—three mo., \$50.  
Half " do. 100 " do. 75 " do. 50.  
Quarter " do. 50 " do. 40 " do. 30.  
Eighth " do. 25 " do. 20 " do. 15.

The Spirit of Kansas has the largest circulation of any paper in the State.  
All kinds of Book and Job Printing done to order, and at reasonable rates.

It is the natural habit of some men to see nothing but wrong and say nothing but ill of those who choose to follow a different course than themselves, or who do not readily accept their ideas of propriety in public matters.

For instance, the Democratic Standard, a newspaper printed at the Journal Office, in this city, and edited promiscuously by a lot of political dead beats and others who would like to be politicians if they had sense enough, has for several months been laboring zealously to capture the Reform movement and turn it to the upbuilding of the antiquated theories and long discarded ideas and purposes of Democracy, entertained by those who pretend to be running that concern. Their main conception of Reform is change—no matter how brought about, or what its probable effect. Their aim is success, only—no matter what means may have been used to secure it—the rule that the end justifies the means, being the basis of their political morality and the acquiescence of personal notoriety and a living at the public expense, with little service and large pay, the consummate purpose of all their schemes. Their doctrine, as enunciated through the columns of their organ, is, that it makes no difference what rascalities a man may have perpetrated in "past political parties" if he calls himself a Reformer now, he is all right, and to be trusted—in other words, that the Gauge of political merit is the degree of lustiness with which a man can shout "Reform."

Not long ago, that paper made strenuous efforts to fasten itself upon the Grangers of Douglas county, but the Grangers were not deceived by its hollow mouthings, and the cat in the meat tub game did not win. Since then, and especially since the proceedings of the National Grange demonstrated the futility of all politician's schemes to divert the Order to the subservience of partisan ends, that paper has transferred its nauseous affections and damaging advocacy to the Anti-Monopoly Clubs of this city, and will probably continue to afflict that organization with its hypocritical and senseless juggle till the damage it is doing the cause, shall become as apparent in this instance as it did in the other, and the Anti-Monopolists be forced also, in self-protection, to discountenance its indiscreet and spurious support.

On Thursday evening last, at a convention of a large number of the best and leading citizens of Lawrence, irrespective of party, Col. John K. Rankin, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of Lawrence, was nominated for Mayor. Straightway, the Standard, inspired by its reputed presiding genius, who has not the good fortune to be able to count Col. Rankin in "his set," commences a system of personal detraction and abuse, for the purpose of defeating him.

An old and useful citizen, a gentleman of first class business capacity, and one whose personal integrity is sincerely doubted by no one, not even his present maligners—in the strictest sense of the term, a just man, Col. Rankin has been unanimously selected for that post by a very large number of his fellow citizens, as one who would be a creditable official, who would manage the city's finances solely in the interest of all its people, instead of making its officers an instrumentality for the gratification of the ambition of some and the cupidity of others; yet the Standard, has the bad taste and the dishonesty to make an onslaught upon him which is as disgraceful and unmanly on the part of those who prompted it, as it is false and vicious. It can do Col. Rankin no substantial harm, for the relative positions occupied by him and those who persecuted it, before the people of Lawrence, are too well understood for that, but it is humiliating to the good name of our City, that the name of no man not in its corrupt and corrupting alliance, can be mentioned for any public preference, no matter how good a name it may be, without being subjected to malicious detraction from a concern like the Standard, simply because Col. Rankin cannot be made a party to the scheme of demagoguery and personal annihilation of those who dictate its course.

We feel like apologizing to our readers for this digression from our usual course, in giving so extended a notice to the Standard, conscious as we are that newspaper criticism of that paper is like throwing stones at a wall; the harder you hit it, the more liable you are to get splattered with the filthy contents, but we felt that its wanton and groundless attacks upon a most excellent citizen, and one eminently fit for the place to which he is nominated, should not go unrebuked.

Don't fail to read the Advertisement of Work & Service, Grocers, in another column. These gentlemen have just opened a good general assortment of Groceries, embracing everything desired for Family use, which they propose to sell at Grange prices. Give them a call, and see what Grange prices for Groceries means. If you go there once you will be pretty apt to go again, for they mean business, and will do the fair thing.

### THE CITY ELECTION.

It is matter of gratulation that at the City election to take place next Tuesday, we have two such good men in nomination for the office of Mayor; Col. J. K. Rankin being the nominee on the Citizens ticket, nominated on Thursday evening of last week, and Col. H. L. Moore, of the Anti-Monopoly Club, at their convention held on Thursday evening of this week. They are both members of the Anti-Monopoly Club—both excellent business men, and men of character and responsibility, and either would make an effective and faithful official.

While we coincide heartily with the aims of the Anti-Monopoly Club, and admire the good sense which led to the selection of so good a man as Col. Moore, we yet regret that they should have seen fit to burden him with the weight of the proclamation of general reputation contained in their platform.

If the City has had imposed upon it unjust burdens by any practice of fraud or deceit, it has a right to repudiate; but where obligations have been entered into in good faith, and by the general consent of the citizens, in perfect understanding of their effect and their responsibilities, it is just as dishonest for the City to attempt to repudiate as it would be for an individual. The fact that Courts may have decided that the City had no power to create such a debt, makes no difference in the morality of the transaction. It is none the less an honest debt, and the City having received all the benefits anticipated from the loan secured, would be none the less dishonored by a refusal to pay on that ground than would an individual who should refuse to pay a loan which had enabled him to start in business and retrieve past misfortunes. We believe, however, that Col. Moore is too honorable a man to be governed by any such sweeping declarations of repudiation as were expressed by the convention that nominated him, should he be elected.

Judge Bailey was nominated for Police Justice by the Anti-Monopoly convention, and Judge Smith by the Citizens; as a whole, the tickets are both good, and between them there is no distinct line of demarcation on any public or political question.

### Mad Dog.

We were informed last evening that a large Newfoundland dog belonging to John Donnelly, went mad about dark, and Mr. Donnelly was obliged to shoot him.—Journal.

It is rumored on the street that a contract has been closed for the completion of the dam at this place, and that the work is to be completed and put in available shape at once.

Our Plow Factory is also in good shape, and it will not be long before we will see the water wheels driving its machinery, and the company sending out to all parts of the State the best plows and all kinds of Farming machinery that can be made anywhere.

The directors of the Lawrence Plow company will meet till further notice at their office every Saturday at 10 o'clock; A. M.

A. J. GLATHART, Secretary.

An amusing incident pertaining to the Temperance Crusade occurred in Lawrence on Saturday last. Several ladies called at a wine store for the purpose of selling some tickets for an Organ Concert soon to be given. The proprietors and clerks, however, mistaking the object of the visit, and supposing the ladies to be on a praying visit, incontinently "lit out" through the back door, leaving the ladies in possession of the establishment. It is needless to add that they sold no tickets at that house.

Elmdale, Chase Co., March 30.

### EDITOR SPIRIT KANSAS:

Please say to the P. H. through the Spirit that the Wilder and Palm Plow is the Plow for Kan. I received a sample and it gives perfect satisfaction. The mouldboard has a better turn and longer, consequently easier draft; better than the Moline in these two points.

Yours &amp;c., J. P. HOLMES,

Agent Diamond Grange.

If you want to see something worth looking at, just step into the Studio of D. H. Williams. We looked in the other day, and among others, we noticed the portraits of Ex-Gov. Shannon, G. W. W. Yates, and B. D. Palmer and wife, all of which are as good as the best, and look as natural as life.

What need is there of going away from home to get a portrait painted when you can get it done at home just as well if not better?

The following preamble and resolution was adopted by Desoto Grange—No. 158.

WHEREAS, It has seemed best by our Divine Master, that the visible connection of Sister Minerva Harsha with this Grange should be severed, by the harvest of death, therefore, be it

Resolved, By Desoto Grange, No. 158, that since the organization of our Grange, Sister Harsha, by her devotion to the principles of the Order and by the faithful discharge of the duties of the office of Flora—has merited and won the esteem and friendship of all the members of this Grange, as a faithful and loving wife and mother and as a patient sufferer through years of sickness, she has endeared herself to, and gained the respect and love of all who knew her, and that we do mourn and sympathize with our bereaved brother and his motherless children, and do now renew our promise that with us, he and they, will ever find friends, as well in adversity as in prosperity, that with him and them we will cherish her memory in our hearts, while we remain in this earthly Grange, and as was her duty and pleasure while with us, to spread our paths with flowers; so may we not hope in the better land to which she has gone, she shall be permitted still to beautify the paths of wisdom with the immortal flowers of truth, hope and charity, and so induce those she loved, to walk therein, and thus secure a happy reunion of loved ones where joy and peace is ever, and where sorrow can never come.

Don't fail to read the Advertisement of Work & Service, Grocers, in another column. These gentlemen have just opened a good general assortment of Groceries, embracing everything desired for Family use, which they propose to sell at Grange prices. Give them a call, and see what Grange prices for Groceries means. If you go there once you will be pretty apt to go again, for they mean business, and will do the fair thing.

### Notice to Grangers.

If you do not get circulars sent you in due time, notify A. J. Glathart, Secretary Lawrence Plow Company, giving your Secretary's address in full, number of Grange, name of same, and postoffice and county. Address L. Box 187, Lawrence.

Four weeks of treatment under Dr. Criley's new method for curing nasal catarrh have entirely relieved me, and I feel like a new man. I take pleasure in recommending his mode of treatment to all who may be afflicted as I have been. Signed,  
Dr. W. S. RILEY,  
Vet'ry Surgeon.

Dr. J. M. Criley, Homeopathist. Nasal Catarrh treated by a new method. No charge without a satisfactory cure. Office No. 70, Mass. St. over Good & March's Store.

See advertisement of Deere's Garden Seeds, in another column. This establishment grow all their seeds, and test them before selling. They come to us highly recommended and we commend them to our patrons.

### BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS.

We found upon our doorstep, the other day, a neat little descriptive catalogue of Whitcomb's Green House Plants. Mr. Whitcomb has made many very beautiful and attractive additions to his catalogue of flowering shrubs; among them we notice especially a new perpetual Hybrid Pink, and several beautiful trailing vines.

Mr. Whitcomb's assortment of Green House Plants, though perhaps not so extensive as some others, is probably one of the most complete in rare and beautiful selections of any in the West. He is also adding largely from year to year to his general assortment, and we are glad to know he is meeting with good success and encouragement. He is shipping largely in every direction, frequently as far west as Colorado.

### LIVE STOCK.

Chicago and St. Louis Market.

April 1st, 1874.

Trade in the different departments of live stock have ruled, uninterruptedly active, and although the supply was large, the offerings appeared hardly adequate to the demand. Buyers were in attendance from all large cities East and from New Orleans. We quote:

Extra Choice Native Steers—These were in fair demand from shippers and butchers, but very scarce and brought \$6@6 12½ when offered.

Choice Native Steers—Smooth well formed and well fattened steers of 1,200@1,400 lbs. av in good request from shippers and butchers at \$5 25@5 55.

Good to Prime Native Steers—Well fattened and finely formed steers av. 1,200@1,400 lbs. in good demand and steady at \$4 40@4 60 for good and \$5 for prime.

Fair Native Steers—Two to six years old in fair flesh of 900@1,150 lbs. av. These were in light request from butchers at \$4@4 25.

Medium Native Steers—Moderately active at \$2 45@3.

Cows and Heifers—Good to choice native cows of 900@1,100 lbs average were active at \$4@4 75, while rough lean lots of 600@800 lbs av were weak and unsalable at \$1 50@2 75.

Good to Choice Texan Cows—Were in request at \$3 10@3 40, while rough, lean lots were dull at \$1 70@2 50.

Good to Choice Through Texans—Well formed fat steers of 1,100@1,250 lbs av were in good request from butchers at \$3 10@4 25.

Common to fair—These were dull, but in large supply at \$2 25@2 50.

Wintered and Corn Fed Texans and Indian Cattle—These were in fair supply and in excellent request at \$3 25@4 75.

Stock Cattle—Native steers of 900@1,250 lbs av sold well at \$3 30@4 75.

Texan Steers—Same average, were dull at \$3 35@3 80.

Interior—Light and thin cows, heifers, stags and bulls and scrawling steers, both Texan and native, were dull and hard to sell at \$1 50@2 25.

HOGS—Receipts and shipments by the different routes for the week ending Tuesday, March 31st, 1874, for the previous week, and for the corresponding week of 1873, total since January 1st, 1874:

## THE GRANGER STORE

P. W. SERVICE.

THOS. M. WORK.

108 Massachusetts Street.

Four doors south of Ridenour &amp; Baker.

GROCERS.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Given To

CHOICE BUTTER, and EGGS.

Goods delivered anywhere in city.

We regret to have to record the death, on the 31st of March, of Mr. J. W. Springer, at the residence of his father in Sarcoxie Township, Jefferson County. Mr. Springer was a member of the Grange and a faithful Patron, highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was buried with the honors of the Order.

Hon. J. C. Vincent has been put in nomination by the Reform County Committee, for the State Senate, to succeed Mr. Bronson, resigned.

Judge Bailey, who was nominated by the Republican County Committee, declines the nomination.

### The Cunningham Boys.

These gentlemen have removed their Bakery to No. 125 Massachusetts street, next door south of McCurdy's Boot & Shoe store. There they have commodious quarters, and are much better fixed for the transaction of their rapidly increasing business.

There is one fact which especially entitles these young men to the patronage of the public. They make all their bread of Kansas made flour, paying from three to four hundred dollars per month for flour made right here in Lawrence, by Lawrence mills, keeping that much money at home, for home use, instead of sending it abroad and thus depleting the home supply of money by that much. As Kansas can grow just as good wheat as any State, and Kansas mills can make just as good flour as any other, so the Cunninghams can make just as good bread and crackers out of Kansas flour as can be made of any other.

Give these boys a call. They are industrious, intelligent, energetic fellows, and deserve to be patronized, and to succeed, as they will.

### SEED FOR GRANGERS?

I offer Seed to my fellow Grangers at a liberal discount. Special rates sent to all Granges that apply through their Secretaries.

JAMES J. H. GREGORY, Marblehead, Mass. 8-9

### Farmers and Grangers.

Geo. Leis & Bro. have received several thousand interesting notes. Call and get one, free to all.

The best and oldest Family Medicine in the State, is Leis' Vegetable Cathartic Pills, adapted to this climate, for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headaches, bilious attacks, and all derangements of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. The formula of these Pills will be sent to any regular practicing Physician desiring the same.

Observe my signature upon the wrapper, without which none are genuine.

Price per box, 25 cents, or 5 for \$1.00. Sold by all Druggists. Should you fail to find them, enclose 25 cents to the proprietor, and they will be sent to you Post-paid.

Leis & Bro., are bringing down prices on all goods in their line, such as Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Lamp Goods, &c.

Established in 1857.

## VINLAND NURSERY

AND

### FRUIT FARM.

W. E. BARNES, Proprietor.

At VINLAND, Douglas Co. Kan.

On the L. &amp; G. Railroad,

ten miles south of Lawrence.

For Spring of 1874, a

### COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

of Nursery stock at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Price List ready January 1st.

APPLE GRAFTS put up to order.

97— Vinland, Kan. Dec 18, 1873.

S. F. HALL, A. L. PATTERSON, F. D. PAT'N

HALL, PATTERSON &amp; CO.

LIVE STOCK

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Office, No. 44, New Exchange Building,

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Chicago, Ill.

Refer, by permission to

W. F. Tucker, President Union Stock Yards

National Bank, Chicago, Ill. J. J. Murphy, Cashier

First National Bank, Woodstock, Illinois.

Plankinton &amp; Armour, Packers, Chicago.

co. Chicago. H. C. Elliott, Chicago. J. D. Whit-

man, Des Moines, Iowa. First National Bank,

Washington, Iowa. T. R. Allen, Allentown Mo.

Alonzo Golden, Sock Falls, Illinois.

Authorized Agents for Patrons

of Husbands, under \$200,000

Bonds 8-180

MONEY

TO LOAN

In sums of \$500 and

upwards, on approved

farms, for one to five

years. School and

other municipal Bonds wanted. Call upon or

J. B. WATKINS &amp; Co.

Office at cor Mass. and Henry st's, Lawrence, Kan.

J. K. RANKIN, PRES. C. S. TREADWAY, CASH.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.

LAWRENCE

SAVINGS BANK.

No. 52 Massachusetts Street, Lawrence.

General Banking and Savings

Institution.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. K. Rankin, Pres. Chas. Robinson.

Robt. Morrow. J. M. Hendry.

C. S. Treadway. A. F. Abbott.

A. Terry. J. H. Haight.

This corporation is organized under the laws

of Kansas. The capital is one hundred thousand

dollars, and its stockholders are liable by

statute to its creditors for twice the amount of

their shares, making two hundred thousand

dollars personal liability. One-half of the sur-

plus deposits received will be loaned upon first

mortgages on real estate of ample value in this

State. The balance, except the amount neces-

sary to be kept in the bank to meet ordinary

calls of depositors, will be carefully invested in

other first-class securities, such as can readily

be realized upon, for the payment of deposits

in case of special need. Similar investments

constitute the usual and sole security of depos-

its in New England savings banks, and are fully

and safely relied upon. When, therefore,

coupled as above with so large personal liability,

the safety of money deposited is amply

assured.

Deposits amounting to one dollar and over

will be received at the banking hours during

the usual banking hours, and on Saturdays

from 6 to 8 o'clock p. m. also, and will draw in-

terest at 7 per cent. per annum, to be paid

semi-annually in the months of April and Oc-

tober in each year, and if not withdrawn will be

added and draw interest the same as the prin-

cipal.

For further information call and get a copy

of our by-laws relating to savings deposits. We

also do a

### GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Eastern and foreign exchange for sale. Coins,

United States, State and county bonds bought

and sold. Revenue stamps for sale. Interest

paid on time deposits.

Stockholders:

J. C. HARKELL, ALONZO TULLER, R. B. GEMMELL,

J. H. HAIGHT, M. S. BEACH, CHAS. ROBINSON,

A. F. ABBOTT, MOORE &amp; BENNETT, SAMUEL FRY,

JAMES M. HENDRY, ANDREW TERRY, C. E. GRAY,

PAUL H. BROOKS, JOHN S. NOYSE, J. S. CREW,

O. A. HANSON, C. S. TREADWAY, J. K. RANKIN,

ROBERT MORROW, L. HULLEN, SUSAN H. TERRY,

W. E. SUTLIF &amp; CO., JOHN GROVER, S. A. HIGGS,

W. CRAIG, J. Q. A. SUTTON, GEN. JNO. PLAZER,

SCHUCKER &amp; MC CONNELL,

MRS. EMILY P. D. WOODWARD,

B. W. WOODWARD &amp; CO.

EXAMPLES.—At 6 per cent. \$1,000 will grow to

\$3,000 in 35 years, 2 months, 6 days; while at 8 per

cent. the result would be \$4,000 in 35 years; 4

months, 14 days; or at ten per cent. \$2,000 in 35

years, 6 months, 5 days; at 12 per cent. \$1,000 will

grow to \$1,000,000 in 50 years and 7 months, or

during the life-time of many a young man now 21

years of age. \$100 dollars would of course in-

crease to \$100,000 in the same time.

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of

Charles Worthington, that the undersigned, as-

signee of said Charles Worthington, has ap-

pointed the 27



## The Spirit of Kansas.

LAWRENCE, KANSAS, APRIL 1, 1874.

## THE PLOW MONOPOLY.

Everybody knows or has heard of the great combination of plow manufacturers of the West, in which they pledged themselves not to sell to Granges or farmers' clubs, except through their own agents, and at agents' prices, which means 80 to 100 per cent above the cost of manufacture. To meet this combination the Granges generally resolved not to purchase plows of any of the makers connected with the Ring, but to seek out other means of supplying themselves, and meantime fix up the old plows once more till such time as satisfactory arrangements could be made for the purchase of new ones. To meet this emergency, various expedients were devised. Early in the season, the enterprising firm of Wilder & Palm, plow manufacturers of Lawrence, who had refused to join the combination, or even to be governed by the combination schedule of prices, made a proposition to the Agent of the State Grange, offering to sell first class plows at least 25 per cent below their usual rates. Many of the Granges have availed themselves of the reduction and been supplied at this reduced rate. But now comes another phase of this plow business.

The Combination, not satisfied with trying to hold their wares at high prices, have resolved now, it appears to ruin everybody who does not sanction their ring arrangements. Hence the John Deere Plow and others are being sent into the State with orders to sell them from 50 cts to one dollar less than the Wilder & Palm, no matter how low that may be; the declared purpose being to kill any manufacturer in Kansas that will not come to terms.

Another plan proposed, and now being perfected, by the Lawrence Plow Company, is to start manufacturers of farm machinery in various parts of the State, which shall be owned and run by the people themselves. Were this plan once thoroughly tested, we believe the future of our State, in all its glory, would be ensured.

"It costs more," says the able chairman of our State Executive Committee, "to pay the transportation of the farm machinery used in Kansas every year, than it would to build the manufactories capable of producing it."

A startling fact! Humiliating, suicidal in the extreme! No wonder we complain of hard times. No wonder we cry there is no money in the country, when we are constantly shipping it all out. No wonder the produce of our farms must go begging for want of consumers. It always will be so as long as we adopt the policy of looking only to the present moment with no care for the future in our business relations. It always will be so till we begin to appreciate the fact that "individual happiness depends upon general prosperity," and till we begin to lose the idea of our own little individual gains in the great common good.

But we started with the intention of simply calling the attention of the Granges to the "running fire" scheme adopted by John Deere & Co., to prevent us from starting business on our own account. When we consider that the enormous gains made by these companies out of our people in years gone by, is now being used by them to utterly destroy all our hopes of success in the future in the form of home manufactures, and home consumption, we are amazed that our State Agent should for a moment consider it to be his duty to patronize that ring on any terms.

The Kansas Pacific R. R. Co. is making a special effort to encourage the fattening of hogs in the counties along the line of the road. It offers to transport stock hogs from Missouri to Kansas at very low rates.

We understand there is a stock company now forming here for the purpose of sending experienced salesmen into North Carolina to prospect for gold. They leave here April 25th. We hope to be able to give our readers more particulars concerning this expedition next week. (Charlotte Times.)

The Nationalist says: "The indications are good for the building of a new bridge in Manhattan this season. About a dozen buildings are already in process of erection."

The newspapers throughout the State contain favorable reports as to the condition of the wheat crop, and indications seem to be favorable for a good crop.

The Kansas Pacific railroad carried 112, 653 stock hogs last year.

Judging from the opinions of stock men, and from what has been gleaned from Texas papers, we are led to conclude that the number of cattle destined for Kansas will be fully as large, if not in excess of last year's drive.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

C. B. S. writes as follows: "Bro. Cramer, I wish to ask you a few questions, and would like you to answer through the Spirit. 1st. If a Master resigns or otherwise leaves his office before his term expires, does he take his place as a private member of the Grange or is he a Past Master? 2nd. In such case would it be right to elect another Master to fill the vacancy, or must the Overseer act till the regular annual election? 3rd. If the Overseer takes the place does he become a Past Master after the close of the term? 4th. Is there no way of reaching a Master for misconduct except in the State Grange?"

Ans. 1st. It is our opinion that if a Master resigns, takes a Demit or is removed from office before his term expires his right to rank as a past Master is waived, and he must take the position of a private member, otherwise a Grange might have a dozen Past Masters every year, which would be contrary to the spirit and intent of the organization. 2nd. In case of vacancy of the Master's chair, the Overseer is ex-officio Master, but if he from any cause cannot serve, the vacancy should be filled by election at a regular meeting, due notice having been given. 3rd. In either case the person holding the chair at the close of the term becomes Past Master as soon as succeeded. 4th. It is a rule in all civilized Governments that a man has a right to be tried by his peers, and we see no reason why the rule should not be applied to all kinds of organizations. Hence we conclude that for malfeasance in office a Master must be tried at the State Grange, for there only will he find his peers. But for ordinary offences, such as private members may commit, we see no reason why he may not be tried by a court organized in his own Grange, for in these respects the members of his Grange are peers. The Constitution of the Mo. Grange provides for the trial of Masters within the Sub Grange, but just how we do not understand. If the proposed amendment to the National Constitution is adopted, relative to county Granges, they could be made the proper tribunals for the trial of Masters and other officers.

Something like the following question has been frequently asked of late. "When a brother or sister takes a Demit from their Grange are they released from all responsibility to the order till they connect themselves with another Grange?"

Ans. A Demit or Withdrawal Card is nothing but a statement of the relations of the applicant to the Grange, and a recommendation to other Granges to enable him or her to change membership for the sake of convenience, or choice, but it in no sense has the force and effect of an expulsion. More properly it is of the nature of an honorable suspension for a reasonable, but unlimited period of time. We know of no statute or ruling upon this point, but common sense would seem to indicate that no person, once a member, can be released from his membership except through the operation of positive law in the form of expulsion, or other legal process. Hence we conclude that a Dimitted member is responsible to the Grange granting the Demit, both in dues and discipline, until he connects himself with some other Grange, and if this is not done within a reasonable time, the Demit should be recalled.

A floating, irresponsible Patron should not be recognized.

Every measure in favor of the Grangers has so far failed in the Ohio Legislature. It don't pay to put trust in those who follow the ancient William Allen.

A bill has been introduced in the Ohio Legislature with a view to curing emotional insanity. It is providing that when, in cases of killing, the prisoner sets up the plea of insanity in defense, he shall be subjected to a preliminary examination for the purpose of ascertaining the state of his intellect. If he be declared sane, the trial will proceed accordingly; but if he be adjudged insane, he will be forthwith consigned to a lunatic asylum; and it will be altogether to his interest to remain a lunatic, because, meantime, the indictment for murder is hanging over him, and in case he recovers his faculties, he is to be immediately put on trial under it. The enactment of such a law would undoubtedly have the effect to discourage the emotional insanity business; and something of the kind ought to be enacted in every State.

It is announced that the Kansas Central (narrow gauge) will not be extended in any direction this year. Holton is likely to remain its terminus for some time.

A sow owned by Mr. F. Gates, of Girard, had a litter of pigs a few days ago, and among the rest was a monstrously large one, the shape of a double pig, having eight legs, four ears, one head, three eyes, one on the back of the head, and one mouth. There is only one umbilical cord, and but one belly. From the hips back there are two well formed bodies.

## ANOTHER QUESTION.

We have only to say, that it was true that we received the almost unanimous nomination of a republican convention, which was very largely composed of Patrons and farmers. Mr. Hoff, who was elected, was the nominee of the straight democratic convention, and was not a Granger when nominated nor is he one today, we believe. Against Mr. Hoff we have not a word to say, he was a faithful and an efficient member. Did the Spirit intentionally misstate the facts? For its sake we hope not. (Kansas Farmer.)

The above is part of the reply of the editor of the Farmer to a question we asked of the Industrial Age. If there had been no mistakes in it, or no indications of forgetfulness we should have let it pass as the worthy effort of a good little boy. The correction we make is that Mr. Hoff was a Patron at the time of his nomination, and accepted the nomination as a reformer, not as a Democrat, and on that basis beat J. K. Hudson who was the Monopoly candidate. The part Bro. Hudson forgets to tell is the fact that he tried to get his reform neighbors to endorse him, and because they failed to see it in that light he had nothing left for them and the Grangers during the rest of the campaign but vilification and abuse. They could not see how a full blooded Berkshire could be made out of a common pig; hence he was beaten in a naturally strong republican district. Had J. K. told all this, his little historical episode would have been quite brilliant. Then too, if he had told his readers that his reformatory ideas are post election in their intensity and date, a flood of light might have been thrown upon his recent cavorting.

Farther along the Editor of the Farmer says Ross is not a Patron. Well, of course he is not, and never had the presumption to be, but he does claim to be a reformer in every proper sense of the term, and in full sympathy with the purposes of the Patrons, and all he asks is the privilege of working with them for the accomplishment of those purposes, believing that he can accomplish as much for the good of the Order where he is, as he could by joining a Grange.

But seriously, we ask, when did Hudson become a Patron? Was he a Patron while negotiating with Gov. Osborn for the vacant Senatorship? Was he a Patron during the three hours he waited at Kansas City, looking for the Gov. and his expected commission? Was he a Patron when he afterwards urged the election to that office of the greatest known monopolist in the State? In short, did he become a Patron at all till he concluded the best way to get his vengeance was to get inside the Grange and then destroy it by throwing fire brands about the camp? These are serious questions and many Patrons are anxiously waiting an answer.

## Diversified Labor Secures a Home Market.

Notwithstanding agriculture, as the first and the most useful occupation of man, lies at the foundation of the true wealth of nations, it must nevertheless be stimulated by manufactures, in order to assume its true position. The mutual relation of these mighty forces of civilization, and their relative position to each other, should be maintained in order to insure parallel progress. A rich agricultural country is all important in the vicinity of manufactures, in order that the operatives may be supplied cheaply, constantly and surely, either with the requisite raw material for their use, or grain, meat or vegetables for their consumption. True, the agriculturists do, as they should, control the country, and it is not only for their interest, but their duty, to encourage their true allies, manufacturers. The present movement, looking to the creation of manufactures in the center of high agricultural districts of this and other states, by the grangers, is a move in the right direction. Whenever granges or their members have any surplus capital, it should be invested in workshops and factories instead of stocks and bonds.

Improvements in manufactures give to the farmer better houses, better furniture, better clothing, better farming utensils, and all in greater abundance, at fair and equitable rates.

By the use of improved implements he gets more abundant crops. This reacts upon the mechanic and manufacturer, supplying them with agricultural products in greater abundance, and at cheaper rates. The interests of agriculture and manufactures are inseparably blended, and they must flourish or decline together. It is for the benefit of both that the producer and consumer should be brought into as close a relationship as possible, and there must be such steps taken as will lead to the cheap and speedy transfer of agricultural and manufactured products between them. Diversified labor is the true key that leads to permanent prosperity; therefore let us encourage excellence of product in every department of useful labor, and co-work with all who are striving to attain it. (Colman's Rural.)

An ox-yoke factory is one of the institutions of Wichita.

## Our Big Ship.

Eastern papers bring us the particulars of the successful launching of the new iron steamer City of Pekin, at Chester, on the Delaware, and America can now boast of possessing the largest serviceable steamship in the world, next only to the Great Eastern. It is but a few months since Glasgow and Belfast put in their claims for the honor of the largest ocean steamers—the Iberia and Britannia, 4,820 and 4,750 tons respectively—but Pennsylvania now takes the lead and the laurels with a steamship of 5,200 tons register, and nearly 6,000 tons burden. Her total length is nearly 429 feet; breadth of beam, 6 feet 4 inches; and depth, 38 feet 6 inches. She has state-rooms for 150 cabin passengers, and steerage accommodations for 2,800 more. Her coal bunkers carry 1,500 tons, and her water apparatus distills 4,000 gallons of fresh water per day. She is built and fitted in the highest style of the shipbuilding art, and the weight of iron used in her construction is upward of five and a half million pounds. She is indeed, a great levithan of the deep. The triumph is a great one for America, especially in view of the constant croaking as to the ruin of our shipbuilding. Mr. John Roach, the builder of the City of Pekin, declares as the result of his labors, that we can build better and cheaper steamships than Great Britain can; and he speaks from the experience of a lifetime. In the two years past he has completed seventeen iron steamships, and four or five more are on the stocks. His work is a sufficient endorsement of the late finding of the national board of trade, that no further government aid is needed for shipbuilding. Nor is Pennsylvania alone in the good work. The ship-yards of Boston, New York, and Maine are busily employed, and the tonnage of our country is steadily on the increase. (Cincinnati Times.)

An editor, who speaks with the air of a man who has discovered a new fact by experience, says that the new way to prevent bleeding at the nose, is to keep your nose out of other people's business.

Peanuts are worth in our city to-day 6 cents per pound, which is \$1.32 per bushel; and it is said they will yield in Southern Kansas from 60 to 80 bushels per acre. The cost of raising this crop is but little more than that of potatoes. We are told that in North Carolina alone over 200,000 bushels of these nuts are produced annually, and which find a ready market. Now it seems to us that it would be a nice thing for each farmer to raise a few acres of peanuts, which can be cultivated and gathered with but very little extra labor. The annual expenses of the family might be provided for by this product alone. Try peanuts. (Columbus Journal.)

The Eldorado Times says that J. J. Sitton, Special Deputy of the Kansas State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, says he has organized 61 Granges in Southern Kansas since the 9th of May last. These Granges are scattered through Barton, Butler, Cowley, Howard, Lyon, Sedgewick and Sumner Counties, ranging from 1 in Lyon, to 27 in Butler County.

The prospect for winter wheat in Wabunsee County, we are informed, was never better. Farmers are also putting in considerable spring wheat.

Mrs. Levi Phillips, of Maple Hill, Wabunsee Co., has presented her husband with two pairs of twins in the past two and a half years—three boys and a girl. (Burlington Chronicle.)

Mr. Scofield, of Coffey County, has wintered the past season, 1,000 Merino sheep, with a loss of only eleven head. The sheep are said to be in an excellent condition in point of health and flesh. (Patric.)

The home-hunters have been passing through our streets this week. Some of them have their farming implements as well as their household goods. We have room for industrious farmers.

Mr. Whitcraft, living three and a half miles southwest, on the Cottonwood, says he never had a better prospect for wheat. The wheat which was sown early in the fall and put in with a drill is all right. We may expect a good crop of wheat if the season is favorable. (Emporia News.)

## The Facts.

If any one knows the status of the financial affairs of the Agricultural College, it is E. B. Purcell, the Treasurer. His annual report was dated November 30th, 1873. In it he gives the indebtedness of the College at April 1st, 1873—the time when the new Board took control—at \$27,866.00. At the date of his report, it had been reduced to \$25,211.45—and this amount was still further reduced before the appropriation bill was passed. As Mr. Purcell's report has been published for months, those who accuse the present management of running the Institution in debt are evidently malicious falsifiers. (Manhattan Nationalist.)

The Newfoundland Legislature presents an anomalous spectacle in the history of parliamentary assemblies. It is that of a government, the majority of which lies in the speaker's casting vote, and a speaker who has himself been elected to the chair by his own vote.

A panting deer, chased by hounds, came to a woodman working near the "Unquid" (Oregon) bridge, and after he had driven the dogs off, the deer remained with him all day, allowing him to fondle it and appearing to feel a lively sense of gratitude for the man's interference in its behalf.

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## JANUARY, 1873.

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337 Fairview J. W. Brown  
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9 Oak grove J. D. Anderson  
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20 Erie J. H. Hummel  
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24 Flat rock W. A. Swater  
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130 Honeck E. Fuller  
131 Solomon K. G. Fleming  
132 Elm creek va J. B. Granger  
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888 South haven A. G. Smith  
889 Belleplaine A. G. Smith  
890 Pleasant valley A. G. Smith  
891 Palestine J. S. Harrison  
892 Arion G. D. Armstrong  
893 Valley home Mrs. A. Patterson  
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Combined with aromatics which add to its value as a remedy for diseases of the bowels.

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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN  
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**Railroad Scrapers,**  
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**Scotch and Geddies Harrows.**

**CAST IRON ROLLERS.**

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sec. &c.  
116 Massachusetts St., Lawrence, Kan.



# AN ASCENDING JUDGE. He Takes Leg Bail.

We get the following from the Ft. Scott Monitor:

The trial of Judge Jos. A. Wells, of Neosho county, on a charge of grand larceny, brought to the district court of this county on a change of venue, was brought to an abrupt termination by the sudden flight of the accused on Thursday night.

The following is a brief history of the case: Wells was appointed a deputy United States Marshal under Marshal Houston, and was continued in office by Marshall Tough. In his official capacity he took possession of a stock of dry goods belonging to Colonel H. T. Butler, bankrupt, in June last. Immediately after taking possession of the goods, suspicious proceedings on the part of Wells led to his being kept under surveillance by spies, and the fact became well established that he was secretly carrying off the goods—in other words, robbing the store. He was arrested on the 16th of June, having at the time of arrest a carpet sack in his possession filled with merchandise from the store, amounting in value to \$20 or \$40. An examination was held, and he was bound over for trial at the next term of the district court, and gave bail for his appearance in the sum of \$1,000.

The trial was continued over one term of the court and was then brought here on a change of venue upon the affidavit of the defendant. Judge Wells came up to this city on Thursday last, and the lawyers, witnesses and other parties in the case were present and ready for trial; but Wells put a quietus on the proceedings by absconding on Thursday, leaving his bondsmen in the lurch.

## The Sanborn Frauds [From The Commonwealth.]

If our readers are not altogether familiar with these "frauds," it may not be pertinent to tell in as few words as possible what they are. It appears that congress passed a law May 8th, 1872, whose provisions very curiously authorized the appointment of three persons by the secretary of the treasury, to collect any and all outstanding revenue or other government claims of a delinquent character. The bill, it now transpires, was hatched in the fertile brain of B. F. Butler, and the first appointee under the law was a certain pet of his named Sanborn, who proceeded to collect the revenue, and turned out his contracts in various districts, employing for the purpose the regular revenue machinery of the government, receiving as his legal compensation fifty per cent. of the revenue so collected. He had managed to collect about \$300,000 when the infamous nature of the law became apparent, and it is to be presumed that his occupation is, or will soon be, gone.

The ways and means committee are vigorously investigating the case. The very plausible comprehension of the law, and that which at least did not prevent its passage was, that it was to be in the nature of a detective agency to supplement the regular internal revenue bureau. The "steal" was skillfully cloaked, and is just becoming apparent.

By dint of persistent demands, the committee of congress, investigating the Sanborn contracts, has succeeded in obtaining another batch of papers bearing upon the case, from Secretary Richardson. The secretary is certainly doing all in his power to hinder a full inquiry. He makes use of every pretext imaginable to avoid laying public documents before the committee, that would in any way throw light upon the manner in which the bill authorizing the contracts was passed, or as to how they were made. The complexity of his assistant, Sawyer, in the frauds, has already been fully established, and it is more than hinted that Secretary Richardson himself was cognizant of the fraudulent nature of the contracts, and knowing that, perfected them, and was thus made an accessory before the fact, to one of the worst schemes of plunder that has of late years come to light. His reluctance to furnish papers bearing upon the case, is certainly suspicious of an explanation not at all complimentary to his honesty. [Atchison Patriot.]

The war on whiskey took quite a practical turn at Burlingame, Osage County, this a. e. a few days ago. Two ladies, who have drunken, idle husbands, went to the saloon where their husbands idle their time away, and told the keeper that they had come to show him how their husbands acted when they came home drunk from a whiskey; and thereupon proceeded with their little hatchets to demolish windows, decanters and glasses. While they were at this work, the saloon keeper's wife, who lived over the saloon, sent word down that they had her permission to go on with the destruction.

Horace Greeley's estate will prove much more valuable than has been supposed. Instead of being worth but \$25,000 or \$30,000 as was thought a short time after his death, it represents a value of about \$122,000—quite enough to render his daughters comfortable.

People may talk as much as they like of the fruitfulness of the present war on whiskey by the ladies, and of the impossibility of accomplishing anything by this mode of warfare; but the revenue reports tell quite a different story. It is said that for the month of February in Ohio and Indiana, the revenue from liquors was some \$200,000 less than the previous month. The whiskey sales must have been diminished considerably, to cause such a falling off in the item of revenue.

Salmon has been caught in the Little Arkansas this season, so says the Newton Kansan.

The A. T. & S. F. Railroad seems to be doing an immense passenger business—all trains going west being crowded with passengers. A perfect flood of emigrants is being poured into Southwestern Kansas.

A sad and fatal accident occurred at Neosho Rapids on the 15th inst. A promising lad named Frank Miller, went down into a well forty feet deep to measure the water, and having done so, sent up the stick, but was himself seen no more. When his body was afterwards found, the skull was crushed, and it is supposed the rising bucket dislodged a rock that killed him in its descent. [Burlington Patriot.]

The grand jury of Tazewell, Ohio, adjourned last Friday, after finding 200 indictments against liquor dealers.

The Universalists of North Topeka have organized a Church with Senator V. P. Wilson as pastor.

The window glass factories in Pittsburg which have remained idle for months have resumed operations, and business is gradually returning to its natural channels.

The South Bend Register says that Colfax will decline to be a candidate for Congress, and desires to be left out of all political strife, save as a voter.

The foundation of the paper mill at Blue Rapids, is laid, and the stone on hand for the completion of the work, which is being pushed rapidly.

It is regarded as a remarkable and fortunate coincidence that the resolution of the Massachusetts Legislature rescinding its vote of censure on Mr. Sumner should have been received and read in the Senate before he left it on the last day of his presence in the Chamber as a member of that body.

Fifteen or twenty thousand Texas cattle have been wintered on the Walnut, in Cowley County.

Fifty-six bales of cotton have been shipped from Independence, Kansas.

The raising of Blue grass is growing in favor with the farmers of Kansas. The Burlingame Chronicle says:

Mr. Condell, of Elm creek, received, a few days ago, 90 bushels of Kentucky Blue Grass seed. Mr. Condell is a very heavy stock raiser and proposes to sow the Blue grass seed on the prairie where his cattle range and thus eventually change the kind and quality of his pasture. The seed cost him about \$4 per bushel.

Western Kansas offers great inducements to those looking for cheap homes. Good schools and churches are being established, society is regulating itself, and is far advanced, and railroad communications far excel any other section of equal age. The climate is mild, pleasant, and particularly healthy; and many an invader comes here but to recuperate his full strength and vigor. The pure, bracing atmosphere from the plains and mountains of Colorado act as a remedy for the majority of ills. For grains, stock culture, and fruit raising it has already been exemplified that no section or State abounds that surpasses it. Nature has furnished everything for the husbandman, and it only remains for him to make good use of these privileges, and he can surround himself in a very short time with everything that makes home pleasant and profitable. [Hays City Sentinel.]

The Louisville Reporter says: A Mr. Trapp, living in Vienna Township, has discovered a vein of coal on his farm 22 inches thick. This vein is situated on high land, in a hill. It has been tested by a blacksmith, and pronounced suitable for that purpose.

A quit-claim deed from Blunt to Gilpatrick, covering about 15,000 acres of the Black Bob lands, was filed in the Recorder's office of Johnson County last week.

The Water Commissioners of St. Louis have been endeavoring during 1872 to improve the water of the Mississippi for the sake of the consumers in the city. Facts indicate that the water is not so pure but that it is susceptible to improvement. The general arrangement is for the water to be pumped into "settling" basins, and from these into city reservoirs. These are cleaned every week, and the sediment removed during the past year equaled 150,700 tons; from which it appears that Mississippi water contains some mud.

Some idea of the great number of Americans living and travelling in Europe may be gathered from Minister Bancroft's statement of the annual visitors to Germany. He estimates the number of annual visitors at 15,000, and the number usually residing there at 10,000. The number of American travellers in Italy is about 4,000 annually. No estimates are given of France and England. The entire American population resident in Europe is stated variously at 25,000 to 40,000.

A large part of the petroleum lands in the northern part of the County of Los Angeles, California, has been secured by a party of capitalists, who intend to proceed at once to develop the property by putting down wells and erecting a refinery.

The Mennonites of Russia, who are trying to reach America in order to escape military service, find their way hedged about with difficulties. Some trouble is made about the conveyance of the lands already sold in Russia. It is stated, also, that about 5,000 persons will need assistance from their brethren in the United States. It is proposed, therefore, to loan these the means to pay their passage higher. It is thought that as large a sum as \$350,000 will be needed for this purpose.

**DREER'S GARDEN SEEDS**

1874. Dreyer's Garden Seeds, 1874. Containing choice lists of Vegetables, Fruit Trees, and Plants, Bulbs, and every GARDEN REQUISITE, mailed free. Special discount to growers if ordered through their respective Dealers, and of the original Philadelphia, Pa.

## PLACE HOUSE,

CORNER OF

New Hampshire and Warren Sts.,

LAWRENCE, KANS.

\$1.00 per day; single meals 25 cents; lodging with clean beds and good rooms, 25 cents; board per week \$5.00

This hotel is situated in a pleasant, business part of the city. In order to make this house a pleasant home for ourselves as well as others, we earnestly request all disorderly, drunken and ill-behaved persons to stay away; as we prefer the room of all such to their custom.

JOHN T. PLACE, Proprietor.

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Lady's STRAW & FANCY Goods.

No. 119, Massachusetts street, Lawrence.

Mrs. Gardner buys her goods for cash, and will sell as low as the lowest.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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Wooden Ware & House Furnishing Goods.

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## Go East by way of St. Louis.

In these days of railroad competition the wise traveler selects his route before leaving home. In almost every instance he desires to reach his destination as speedily as possible, and for the accomplishment of that purpose the Missouri Pacific Through Line from the West to the East, via Kansas City and St. Louis, offers inducements unsurpassed by any other line in the country. Everything connected with the Missouri Pacific R. R. is first class, and the adoption of the Miller Platform and Westinghouse Air Brake, together with its Pullman Sleepers, and Reclining Chair Coaches, render a trip over the line perfectly safe and pleasant. Passengers from all parts of the West by taking its Express Trains at Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison and other prominent cities, are landed in St. Louis at reasonable hours morning and evening, and in ample time to make direct connection with all railroads for every point in the North, East and South. Particular information with maps, time tables, etc., may be had at the various "Through Ticket" offices in the West, or upon personal or written applications to G. H. Baxter, Western Passenger Agent, Kansas City, Mo., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

## THE LEAVENWORTH, LAWRENCE AND GALVESTON R. R. LINE

Hope, by furnishing first-class accommodation in every respect, by strict attention to the comfort and safety of the passengers, and by lowering their freight rates as fast as increasing business will warrant it, to deserve and receive a fair share of patronage, and to promote and increase the settlement of the country along its line.

Commencing Nov. 9th, 1873, trains will run as follows:

### GOING SOUTH.

Day Express.—Leave Leavenworth 9:55 a. m., Lawrence 11:55 a. m., Kansas City 10:10 a. m., Ottawa 1:35 p. m., Garnett 2:50 p. m., Iola 4:10 p. m., Humboldt 4:32 p. m., Chanute 5:57 p. m., Thayer 5:40 p. m., Cherryvale 6:30 p. m., Coffeyville 7:15 p. m., and Parker 7:35 p. m.

Freight and accommodation.—Leave Kansas City 5:15 a. m., Ottawa 10:00 a. m., Garnett 12:50 p. m., Iola 2:50 p. m., Humboldt 3:27 p. m., Chanute 4:35 p. m., Thayer 5:10 p. m., Cherryvale 6:30 p. m., arriving at Independence 7:15 p. m., Coffeyville 7:45 p. m.

Accommodation.—Leave Leavenworth 4:35 p. m., Lawrence 7:35 p. m., Baldwin City 8:30 p. m., arriving at Ottawa 9:15 p. m.

### GOING NORTH.

Day Express.—Leave Parker 6:45 a. m., Coffeyville 7:00 a. m., Independence 7:00 a. m., Cherryvale 7:45 a. m., Thayer 8:32 a. m., Chanute 9:12 a. m., Humboldt 9:35 a. m., Iola 9:57 a. m., Garnett 11:15 a. m., Ottawa 12:30 p. m., arriving at Kansas City 4:10 p. m., Lawrence 2:30 p. m., and Leavenworth 4:05 p. m.

Freight and accommodation.—Leave Coffeyville 6:00 a. m., Independence 7:00 a. m., Cherryvale 7:30 a. m., Thayer 8:50 a. m., Chanute 9:50 a. m., Humboldt 10:30 a. m., Iola 11:05 a. m., Garnett 12:50 p. m., Ottawa 3:00 p. m., arriving at Kansas City 8:45 p. m.

Accommodation.—Leave Ottawa 6:35 a. m., Baldwin 7:25 a. m., arriving at Lawrence 8:30 a. m., Leavenworth 11:20 a. m.

All trains carry passengers, and will run daily, Sundays excepted.

### CONNECTIONS.

At Ottawa with stages for Pomona, Quonemo, Lyndon and Osage City.

At Humboldt with stages for Eureka, Eldorado, Augusta and Douglas.

At Chanute with the M. & T. R. R. for points north and south, and stages for Fredonia and New Adair with stages for Neodesha.

At Cherryvale with stages for Parsons.

At Independence with stages for Elk City, Longton, Peru, Elk Falls, Tisdale, Winfield and Arkansas City.

At Parker with stages for Chetopa.

500,000 Acres of land are offered for sale by this company, in the valleys of the Neosho and its tributaries.

CHAS. B. PECK, Acting Superintendent

## SPECIAL NOTICE!

Now is your time to buy!

For the first time do we make a special announcement to our numerous customers and the public in general, that our large and well selected stock consisting of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, notions, underwear, &c., must and will be sold in the next sixty days, at cost, or less than cost; not to clear out our old goods, for our stock is

### CLEAN AND NEW.

But to make a change in business, on January 1st. We mean business; which you will know when you see our goods and prices.

Yours Respectfully,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Union Stock Yards, Kansas City, Mo.

Have had a practical experience of many years, and possess the advantage of a connection with houses in St. Louis, Chicago, Buffalo and New York.

We make a specialty of the purchase of stock cattle for feeders.

Prompt attention to all consignments entrusted to us, and sales made at the best prices the market will afford.

All cattle men are invited to call on us, when we shall take pleasure in making them comfortable, as well as looking to their interests in the cattle trade.

## NOTICE.

Is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Governor of the State of Kansas on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1874, asking for the pardon of Charles Scott, who was convicted of the offence of rape, burglary, and grand larceny at the February term 1871, of the District court of Douglas County, Kansas. 13-14

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## Missouri, Kansas, and Texas Railway.

The completion of the great iron bridge over the Missouri river at Bonneville, enables this popular line to offer still better facilities for the business between the Northwest and Southwest. Two daily trains will be run between Hannibal and points in the great Neosho valley, in direct connection with all lines. Also two daily trains between St. Louis and points in Southern Kansas.

For the Texas trade, new and better facilities are offered. The rates have been greatly reduced, and arrangements have been made whereby through Pullman palace cars are run from Chicago, Quincy, Hannibal and St. Louis to Galveston, without change, passing through the finest portion of Southwest Missouri, Southern Kansas, the Indian Nation, and the most desirable portion of Texas.

Any one contemplating a trip to Southern Kansas, the Indian Nation or Texas, should address Thomas Dorwin, general passenger agent, Sedalia, Mo., for a correct map, with time tables, rates of fare, &c.

## Kansas Pacific Railway.

The main line extends from Kansas City, Mo., and Leavenworth, Kansas, both flourishing cities on the Missouri River, through central Kansas and Eastern Colorado 629 miles to Denver, Colorado, and with several hundred miles of Branches, in addition, reaches every portion of Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, and all of its fertile valleys. Rare opportunities are offered for acquiring homes in a section of country unsurpassed for fertility and health. The State Capital, State University, State Agricultural College, State Normal School, Blind Asylum, &c., of Kansas, are all located immediately along the line, and the educational facilities generally are unequalled. By reference to the United States Agricultural Reports, it will be observed that Kansas had a greater yield of wheat, corn, oats, &c., than any other State, and Gold Medals and Diplomas for the greatest and best display of Fruits and Agricultural, Horticultural and Mineral products, have been awarded at the Great Exposition and Fairs throughout the land in competition with the other States. For the tourist and invalid, a varied and charming landscape is presented; and the delightful air of Colorado, and the now justly celebrated, Cold, Warm and Hot Springs, in the vicinity of Denver, have given renewed life to the weary and restored health to the sick. Don't fail to take a trip over the Kansas Pacific railway, and if you want a good home, be sure to settle along its line. You can obtain maps, circulars, &c., giving all information, by addressing Gen'l Passenger Agent, K. P. R., Kansas City, Mo.

## PUBLICATION NOTICE.

E. J. Gillett and C. F. Gillett, whose places of residence are unknown, will take notice that M. H. Boreland did on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1874, file his petition in the District Court, within and for the County of Douglas, and State of Kansas, against the said E. J. Gillett and C. F. Gillett and defendants Charles Bruce, and H. J. Caldwell and Nicholas Hays, radi as "creditors of Hays" setting forth that the said E. J. & C. F. Gillett gave a mortgage to the said M. H. Boreland, on lot No. seven-eight (78) on Rhode Island street in the City of Lawrence, Douglas county, Kansas, to secure the payment of \$704 with interest according to the terms of a certain promissory note referred to in said mortgage, and that since the giving of the said mortgage the other defendants claim some interest in the said property under the said E. J. and C. F. Gillett and praying that said E. J. and C. F. Gillett may pay the sum now claimed to be due amounting to seven hundred and forty dollars with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from July 15th, 1873, and for ten per cent. upon the amount which the court may find due in this action as attorney fees therein and the costs of suit, or that said premises may be sold to pay the same, and the said E. J. Gillett and C. F. Gillett are notified that they are required to appear and answer said petition on or before Thursday, the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1874, or judgment will be rendered as above set forth.

## RIGGS, NEVISON & SIMPSON,

Attorneys for PIFE.

## PUBLICATION NOTICE.

In the District court, Douglas county, Kansas: Harriet L. Keys, Plaintiff, vs. R. G. Elliott, Hattie Elliott, E. S. Merriek, and Wm. W. Stickney, Defendants. The said Defendants, E. S. Merriek and Wm. W. Stickney, are hereby notified that they have been sued in the above named court by Harriet L. Keys, and that they must answer the petition filed against them on or before the 1st day of May, A. D. 1874, or judgment, the nature of which will be to bar and foreclose the said defendants or either of them of and from any right, title, interest, claim or lien in or upon the north half of section six (6), in township twelve (12), of range twenty (20) east, in Douglas county, Kansas, will be rendered against them accordingly. HARRIET L. KEYS, by DAVID C. BEACH, Her Attorney.

## GOOD FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned have in their hands for sale a good farm consisting of 150 acres, 11-2 miles east of Baldwin City, Douglas County, Kansas. About 80 acres of same are under fence and cultivation. There is also a good peach and apple orchard on the place, plenty of water, and many acres of timber, a dwelling house, and a few outbuildings. It is a very desirable place, and will be sold cheap. No better opportunity was ever offered to get a good farm of such terms. SHANNON & SHANNON, Enquire of 50-11