



Flood-Irrigated Soybean Cost-Return Budget

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Variety development has led to new, higher-yielding soybean varieties that respond well to irrigation. Recent research has provided additional information on water management for optimum irrigation of soybeans. Soybean yields can be increased from 20 to 50 percent by irrigation, with the crop's water needs being most critical during the reproductive stage. The soil moisture level should be maintained at or above 40 to 50 percent of its water holding capacity in the 0 to 24 inch depth in order to provide maximum fertilization of the flowers.

Cost Return Projections

Any land preparation costs are included with the land charge. Other investments are shown in Table 1. Price of the energy source and Total Dynamic Head are the important factors affecting pumping costs. For instance, a \$1 change in natural gas causes \$2.97 change with 100 feet TDH. However, with 500 feet of TDH, \$1 change in gas price results in \$14.83 change in costs for each acre foot of water pumped. See MF-836, *Irrigation Capital Requirements and Energy Costs*, for other examples.

The choice of a flood or center pivot system depends on: (1) available capital; (2) labor availability during the growing season; (3) the terrain, which may require a center pivot system; and (4) soil type. Capital requirements will run \$20,000 to \$40,000 higher for sprinkler over flood. However, labor requirements can be as much as 1 hour/acre less for the sprinkler system. MF-836, *Irrigation Capital Requirements and Energy Costs*, shows the irrigation costs and energy input amounts used in this budget.

Yield Goals, Return Factors

Cost per bushel and net returns in crop production are highly dependent on yields. The following estimated budget includes three different yield levels. Yield goals vary for a number of reasons such as soil type/ land quality, historical weather patterns, input levels, and management. Budgeting for alternative yield goals can help producers compare the profitability of crop enterprises on farmland tracts with varying yield potentials.

Multi-peril crop insurance expenses at a 65 percent yield level are included in this budget as a cost of managing production risk in an area prone to great yield variability. Land values have been adjusted for alternative yield goals in this budget. In customizing this budget to fit your farm, attention should be given to using land values representative of your farm's productive capacity. Projections of net percentage return on investment permit comparisons to be made among alternative enterprises or other investments.

Table 1. Factors Used for Cost-Return Budget

Item	Yield Level (bu)			
	40	50	60	
Water, 260 TDH	16 in	18 in	20in	\$1.74/inch
Fertilizer:				
N (Anhy.)	0	0	0	\$0.15/lb
N (Dry)	0	0	0	\$0.23/lb
P	40	40	40	\$0.27/lb
K	0	0	0	\$0.14/lb
Lime	0	0	0	\$0.0045/lb
Seed, lbs	45	50	50	
Seed price, \$/lb	\$0.35	\$0.35	\$0.35	
Labor hours	2.09	2.15	2.21	
Labor price/hour				\$10.80
Land value/acre	\$555	\$695	\$835	
Land interest rate				6.00%
Land real estate tax rate				0.50%
Machinery investment				\$195
Machinery life				10 yrs
Salvage value				35.00%
Interest rate on machinery				10.00%
Well, pump and gearhead value				\$250
Well, pump and gearhead life				15 yrs
Power unit and meter value				\$32.50
Power unit and meter life				7 yrs
Irrigation system value				\$32.86
Irrigation system life				10 yrs
Insurance rate on machinery				0.25%
Interest on variable costs				10.00%

COST-RETURN PROJECTION — FLOOD-IRRIGATED SOYBEANS

	Yield Level (bu)			Your Farm
	40	50	60	
VARIABLE COSTS PER ACRE: ¹				
1. Labor	\$ 22.57	\$ 23.22	\$ 23.87	
2. Seed	15.75	17.50	17.50	
3. Herbicide	28.87	28.87	28.87	
4. Insecticide				
5. Fertilizer and Lime	10.80	10.80	10.80	
6. Fuel and Oil — Crop	4.50	4.63	4.76	
7. Fuel and Oil — Pumping ²	27.84	31.32	34.80	
8. Machinery and Equipment Repairs	11.48	11.81	12.14	
9. Irrigation Repairs and Maintenance	3.20	3.60	4.00	
10. Crop Insurance	7.16	6.71	6.93	
11. Drying				
12. Custom Hire ³				
13. Crop Consulting	6.25	6.25	6.25	
14. Miscellaneous	8.00	8.00	8.00	
15. Interest on 1/2 Variable Costs	7.32	7.64	7.90	
A. TOTAL VARIABLE COSTS	\$ 153.74	\$ 160.35	\$ 165.82	
FIXED COSTS PER ACRE: ¹				
16. Real Estate Taxes (including well)	4.03	4.73	5.43	
17. Interest on Land and Well ⁴	48.30	56.70	65.10	
18. Rent for Rented Land ⁵				
19. Depreciation on Crop Machinery	12.68	12.68	12.68	
20. Interest on Crop Machinery ⁶	13.16	13.16	13.16	
21. Depreciation on Irrigation Equipment and Well	24.60	24.60	24.60	
22. Interest on Irrigation Equipment ⁶	3.27	3.27	3.27	
23. Insurance on Machinery and Equipment	0.65	0.65	0.65	
B. TOTAL FIXED COSTS	\$ 106.68	\$ 115.78	\$ 124.88	
C. TOTAL COSTS (A + B)	\$ 260.42	\$ 276.13	\$ 290.70	
D. YIELD PER ACRE	40	50	60	
E. PRICE PER BUSHEL ⁷	\$ 5.21	\$ 5.21	\$ 5.21	
F. NET GOVERNMENT PAYMENT ⁷	\$ 11.77	\$ 12.80	\$ 13.82	
G. INDEMNITY PAYMENTS	\$	\$	\$	
H. MISCELLANEOUS INCOME	\$	\$	\$	
I. RETURNS PER ACRE [(D × E) + F + G + H]	\$ 220.17	\$ 273.30	\$ 326.42	
J. RETURNS OVER VARIABLE COSTS (I – A)	\$ 66.43	\$ 112.95	\$ 160.60	
K. RETURNS OVER TOTAL COSTS (I – C)	\$ -40.25	\$ -2.83	\$ 35.72	
L. VARIABLE COSTS PER BUSHEL (A ÷ D)	\$ 3.84	\$ 3.21	\$ 2.76	
M. TOTAL COSTS PER BUSHEL (C ÷ D)	\$ 6.51	\$ 5.52	\$ 4.84	
N. NET RETURN ON INVESTMENT				
[(K+15+17+20+22) ÷ INVESTMENT] ⁸	2.98%	6.47%	9.30%	

¹Totals were derived using information listed in Table 1. ²See MF-836, "Irrigation Capital Requirements and Energy Costs." ³If using custom hire, adjust lines 6, 8, 19, and 20. ⁴Assumes interest rate shown in Table 1. ⁵If cash rented, insert zero in lines 16 and 17.

⁶Assumes one-half the average investment [(initial investment + salvage value) ÷ 2] at the interest rate shown in Table 1. ⁷See MF-1013 "Prices for Crop and Livestock Cost-Return Budgets" and MF-2236 "Government Program Payments for Crop Cost Return Budgets" for additional information on crop prices and program payments. ⁸Investment equals total value of all fixed assets shown in Table 1.

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