

Field-level land-use adaptation to local weather trends

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Abstract. The intersection of agriculture and climate has been well researched for at least the last couple of decades. Largely, the motivation for previous research has been the potential impact on food security for the world's (growing) population. Many studies have predicted unfavorable yield scenarios for particular geographic regions. As a result, another common research theme is farmer adaptation to a changing climate. Typically, these studies are concerned with what farmers could or should do to adapt to adverse outcomes. However, research examining whether farmers do respond to weather patterns has largely been ignored. Answers to this question can help provide more accurate food security analysis: If farmers do respond to changing patterns through cropping decisions, for instance, the global food supply outcome will be different than a world in which they do not respond. This article aims to provide insights into what and how farmers' cropping decisions respond to weather patterns. The study region is a set of 11 Kansas counties. The article provides an important step towards more credible estimates of global food supplies under changing climates and the methods themselves translate to other areas. Results suggest that land-use responses to changing weather patterns will vary across time and space.

Keywords. Climate Change, Weather, Adaptation, Agriculture, Kansas, Crop Choice

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1 **Field-level land-use adaptation to local weather trends**

2 Given the importance of agriculture, combined with its susceptibility to weather patterns, it is not surprising

3 that the intersection of agriculture, weather, and climate has been well researched (e.g., Mendelsohn,

4 Nordhaus, and Shaw 1994; Lal 2004; Long et al. 2006; Lobell et al. 2008; Searchinger et al. 2008;

5 Schlenker and Roberts 2009; Deschênes and Greenstone 2007). Much research to date has focused on yield

6 impacts on food supplies (e.g., Rosenzweig et al. 1994; Long et al. 2006; Lobell et al. 2008; and Schlenker

7 and Roberts 2009). Though many of these studies do not paint an overall-favorable picture for global or

8 regional food supply response under assessed climate and weather scenarios, impacts tend to be spatially

9 heterogeneous, with “winners” and “losers” determined by local phenomena. There has also been

10 considerable research regarding potential adaptation and/or mitigation strategies for agriculture in the face of

11 climate change and adverse weather (such as Smit and Skinner 2002; Bradshaw, Dolan, and Smit 2004;

12 Howden et al. 2007; Lin 2011). Still others have examined climate change perceptions and beliefs held by

13 farmers and the factors that shape them (e.g., Diggs 1991; Haden et al. 2012; Arbuckle, Morton, and Hobbs

14 2015; Sanderson et al. 2018).

15 In addition to crop yields, the effect of climate change on agricultural output will be impacted by

16 planted acreage. Considering this, a gap exists in the current literature on empirical analyses investigating if

17 and how farmer land-use decisions respond to changes in weather and climate patterns, rather than if they

18 should or could do so. Past literature has shown that farmers respond in some way to weather and climate,

19 but there is ambiguity about the extent to which these responses manifest in farm-level decision-making

20 (Morton, McGuire and Cast 2017). Morton et al. (2015) suggest that many climate forecasts may have little

21 relevance to farmers as they are more global in nature with considerably less predictive power at a more

22 local level. Furthermore, it is unclear if farmers are responding to short term weather changes (shocks) or

23 longer-term weather and climate changes (Burke and Emerick 2016). This is further complicated by how

24 long a weather event or shock effects farmers' memory and in turn their land use decisions. The relevance
25 of whether farmers recognize and respond to changing weather and climate is compounded as many
26 countries use incentive-based approaches to climate-change adaptation and thus the adaptation process relies
27 – at least in part – on farmer climate and weather perceptions (Haden et al. 2012). The speed at which
28 farmers adapt to or how they respond to changes in weather and climate will likely have shorter to longer
29 term food security implications through direct effects on crop yields and supplies. In addition, it could
30 impact the formulation of incentive-based agricultural policies targeting climate-change resilience
31 (Schleussner et al. 2018).

32 The purpose of this article is to investigate whether land-use decisions in a set of limited-irrigation
33 counties in the Smoky Hill Watershed in Kansas, USA have been influenced by weather trends over time
34 and, if so, how do past time horizons used in forming future weather expectations impact these decisions. If
35 farmers' land-use decisions do respond to weather patterns, these responses are likely to be more noticeable
36 and occur first in dryland cropping systems and regions, which may be more susceptible to impacts from
37 weather and climate change. As such, this article focuses on dryland cropping decisions. Through the
38 inclusion of different average and extreme precipitation and temperature histories, insights are gained as to
39 how agricultural production in a region may respond or adapt to changing climate or changing weather
40 conditions. This work contributes to the existing climate-change and land-use literature by providing a more
41 inclusive dynamic land-use conceptual framework assuming risk-neutral producers and adaptive-weather
42 expectations that allows for the examination of multiple land uses or management regimes and the
43 incorporation of different historical weather patterns.

44 The findings from this study provide several novel insights into how farmers may adapt to weather
45 over time and how they may respond to adverse weather events, given the increased occurrence of extreme
46 weather events (e.g., drought and heat stress) now and in the future due to climate change (Mann, et al.

47 2018; Reynolds et al. 2016). First, results from the study highlight a process by which extreme and adverse
48 weather events and shocks could affect a farmer's land use decision-making both immediately and for a
49 considerable period. Moreover, the short- and long-term reactions may be quite different, which could lead
50 to a more volatile adaptation process if future weather is characterized by an increased frequency of severe
51 events. Relatedly, results show how a shift in climate or a persistent (over time) adverse weather event will
52 impact farmer land-use decisions in the long term, but adaptation to these conditions may lag the event's
53 onset by a few years (or growing seasons) due to countervailing short-term responses, potentially impacting
54 adaption-policy effectiveness. These results suggest that in modeling farmer decision-making, researchers
55 should account for this longer-term memory of weather events.

56 **Background**

57 Common motivations for previous research on the agriculture-climate change relationship include
58 food security concerns, agriculture's potential to compound or mitigate adverse climate-change scenarios,
59 and the economic impacts on agricultural producers. Some negative impacts are estimated to have occurred
60 already, such as 3.8 and 5.5% production declines from 1980 to 2008 in maize and wheat, respectively
61 (Lobell, et al., 2008). Others are expected to be coming. Crops including corn, rice, sorghum, soybeans, and
62 wheat, for example, are expected to see yield decreases from higher temperatures and decreased soil
63 moisture despite some yield benefits from direct fertilization caused by higher carbon-dioxide (CO₂) levels
64 (Long, Ainsworth, Leakey, Nosberger, & Ort, 2006). Global-yield decreases by 2099 may be as large as 30
65 to 82% for corn, soybeans, and cotton, depending on the speed of climate change (Schlenker & Roberts,
66 2009). Despite commonality amongst global conclusions such as yield reductions, the distribution of
67 impacts is unlikely to be globally or regionally homogenous (Parry, Rosenzweig, Iglesias, Livermore, &
68 Fischer, 2004). In a country the size of the United States, this spatial heterogeneity will likely
69 mean some areas may see economic gains while others experience losses (Deschênes &

70 Greenstone, 2007). A common theme in much of this literature, however, is the omission of
71 climate change-induced changes or adaptations in land-use patterns.

72 Due to potential food-security ramifications and, to a lesser extent, the role agriculture may play in
73 compounding adverse weather and climate scenarios (see, e.g., Searchinger et al. 2008; Bellarby, Foereid,
74 and Hastings 2008), numerous studies have looked at climate-change adaptation or mitigation strategies that
75 could be employed at the farm level. The focus of this article is adaptation, which may be realized in
76 numerous ways and may “encompass a wide range of forms (technical, financial, managerial), scales
77 (global, regional, local) and participants (governments, industries, farmers)” (Smit & Skinner, 2002, p. 86).

78 Adaptation can refer to any response by farmers as an adjustment in their farming operation or decision-
79 making to a change in the environment that takes advantage of beneficial opportunities or moderates
80 adverse impacts (Burke and Emerick 2015; Burke and Lobell 2010; Zilberman, Zhao and Heiman 2012).
81 Olesen and Bindi (2002, pp. 252-253) identify several adaptation strategies including “short-term
82 adjustments” such as modified planting schedules, input adjustments, and water-conserving practices such
83 as reduced-tillage or irrigation management; and “long-term adaptations” such as changes in land
84 allocations or a move away from specialized production. With respect to changes in land allocations, Olesen
85 and Bindi (2002) suggest that crops with highly variable production could be substituted for crops with
86 more stable yields, even if total production is lower. Given the data used in this article, it is not possible to
87 identify specific management-based adaptation strategies, such as tillage or crop varietal changes.

88 Adaptation strategies that are captured in the current study would include changes in crop rotations, use of
89 fallow periods (possibly for water conservation), and substitution between crop types (e.g., to more drought
90 resistant crops like sorghum) (Smith et al. 2008). For example, Staggenborg, Dhuyvetter, and Gordon
91 (2008) find that sorghum may be a better crop choice in regions with erratic rainfall and high temperatures.
92 In the study region for this analysis, sorghum may be frequently used as silage or a feed grain due to limited

93 rainfall and irrigation, as well as the large number of cattle in the region. As such, sorghum (and more
94 infrequently corn for silage) may be a more viable low-rainfall option for dryland farmers than more water-
95 intensive land uses.

96 Despite potential global ramifications and localized incentives to adapt, there is little research to
97 indicate how farm production and land-use decisions will respond. Most climate-change scenarios or
98 measures are global, and thus may have little actual or perceived relevance to individual farmers (Morton et
99 al. 2015). As a result, some farmers may be slow to respond or perhaps not respond at all. Relatedly, some
100 may have a lack of faith in future projections, perhaps due to short-term forecast accuracy. Weather
101 forecasts 10 days out, for example, may only have a 40% forecast skill, defined as the correlation between
102 forecasts and a verifying analysis (Bauer, Thorpe, and Brunet 2015). Whatever the reasons, previous
103 research indicates a sizable portion of the farming community has doubts regarding climate change
104 (Arbuckle, Morton and Hobbs 2013b; Arbuckle et al. 2013c), which is an obvious barrier to timely
105 adaptation.

106 Regardless of beliefs about the issue, we should expect individual farmers to react to local climate
107 change if it creates negative economic outcomes. The question then becomes: Are farmers responding to
108 weather patterns? Some, such as Burke and Emerick (2016), suggest that farmers have not adapted to
109 climate changes, despite negative impacts on crop productivity. If, however, farmers are responding, the
110 next question is: To what are they responding? To put this second question another way, Bradshaw, Dolan,
111 and Smit (2004, p. 123) ask “will farmers differentiate between the so-called ‘signal’ and ‘noise’?” In other
112 words, will farmers differentiate between long-term weather trends and patterns (the signal) and short-term
113 variations around this trend (the noise)? Bradshaw, Dolan, and Smit (2004) note that the answer to this
114 question may be unimportant if farmers’ adaptations leave them better prepared for long-term trends, but
115 important if farmers respond to variability which masks slower, underlying trends, potentially leading to

116 complacency, inefficient adaptation, or maladaptation. A final question then is what if farmers react to both?
117 For example, it may be that weather expectations are largely formed by the “signal”, but “noise”
118 components indirectly play a role as well and may do so more directly if they include a severe shock, such
119 as a drought or flood. The third question then is asking: What are the consequences for the adaptation path
120 under such a scenario?

121 The question of how and to what – if anything – are farmers responding is the central question of
122 this article. An answer to this question will provide insights as to the speed at which farmers might employ
123 adaptation measures. Additionally, results will provide insights into how land-use patterns may shift under
124 various climate change and weather scenarios, accounting for potential adaptation. Taken together, these
125 results can guide future researchers in conducting more thorough assessments of climate-change impacts.

126 In attempting to answer these types of questions, however, researchers are faced with many
127 challenges, such as identifying “how the dependent variable of interest changes with the weather...” and
128 with “...forecasts of the weather” (Lemoine 2017, p. 13). Lemoine (2017) notes that in analyses of weather
129 impacts on agricultural profits, for example, an omitted variable bias is created because profits are a function
130 of land-use decisions, which in turn will be a function of the weather. In our approach, we attempt to avoid
131 this concern by focusing on the land-use decisions themselves. That is, we focus on the field crop category
132 to gain insights into how specific land uses within that group may respond to weather events and climate
133 change.

134 **Conceptual Framework**

135 This section of the article provides a farmer-based land-use conceptual framework that starts with an
136 assumption of a risk-neutral farmer who seeks to maximize expected profit. Under this assumption, each
137 farmer n must decide what crop to plant in field i in year t to maximize field-level expected profits. Letting

138 $j = 0, \dots, J$ denote the crop choices available and $\Pi_{i,t}$ denote expected profits on field i in year t , farmer

139 n 's problem in year t for field i can be represented as:

140 (1) $\max \Pi_{i,t} = \sum_{j=0}^J d_{i,t}^j (p_t^j q_{i,t}^j - \mathbf{w}'_{i,t} \mathbf{x}_{i,t}^j)$ s.t. $\sum_{j=0}^J d_{i,t}^j = 1$

141 where $d_{i,t}^j = 1$ if crop j is planted in year t and 0 otherwise; p_t^j is the expected price for crop j in year t ;

142 $q_{i,t}^j = Q^j(\mathbf{x}_{i,t}^j, \mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{c}_{i,t}) + B_{i,t}^j$ is expected output on field i for crop choice j in year t ; $\mathbf{x}_{i,t}^j$ is an $M \times 1$

143 vector of inputs used to produce crop j in year t on field i with individual elements $x_{i,m,t}^j \geq 0$ for $m =$

144 $1, \dots, M$; $\mathbf{s}_{i,t}$ is a vector of site characteristics; $\mathbf{c}_{i,t}$ is a vector of expected weather outcomes for year t ; and

145 $\mathbf{w}'_{i,t}$ is a $1 \times M$ vector of input costs. We assume local weather is exogenous to the expected prices, p_t^j , and

146 that $Q^j(\cdot)$ is a twice differentiable concave production function in the inputs and weather variables for crop

147 j . Site characteristic variables could be those related to overall soil health and productivity, such as organic

148 matter content or drainage. Weather variables are assumed to be a key factor in determining yields and

149 could include precipitation measures (e.g., Schlenker and Roberts 2009; Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner

150 2014; Isik and Devadoss 2006), growing degree days (e.g., Reynolds et al. 2000), daily solar radiation (e.g.,

151 Kaminski, Kan, and Fleischer 2012), etc. We further assume that farmers have adaptive expectations

152 (Nerlove, 1958) with respect to weather, i.e., expectations for current weather are based on past weather

153 history.

154 Growing crops in rotation can have substantial benefits (e.g. Roozeboom et al. 2009). Thus, we

155 assume a linearly additive rotational effect, B , to crop output on a given field with crops grown in rotation

156 following Hennessy (2006) and Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner (2014). Yield boosts are assumed to have a

157 one-year memory and be dependent on the past and current crop, so the rotational effect on crop j in field i

158 in year t is $B_{i,t}^j = \alpha_{0,i}^j + \alpha'_{1,i} \mathbf{d}_{i,t-1}$, where $\alpha_{0,i}^j$ is the base yield adjustment for crop j being in rotation and

159 $\alpha'_{1,i} \mathbf{d}_{i,t-1}$ is the linear additive adjustment for the effect of the crop planted in year $t - 1$, with $\mathbf{d}_{i,t-1} =$
160 $[d_{i,t-1}^0 \ d_{i,t-1}^1 \ \dots \ d_{i,t-1}^J]'$; and $\alpha_{1,i} = [\alpha_{1,i}^0 \ \alpha_{1,i}^1 \ \dots \ \alpha_{1,i}^J]'$.

161 The assumption that farmers have adaptive weather expectations draws on previous literature that
162 suggests farmers respond to biophysical events and patterns, such as local climate and weather,
163 both in the short and long term, which can influence decision-making (Morton, McGuire and
164 Cast 2017). That is, they form their expectations of weather in year t based on past weather and
165 incorporate these expectations into production decisions. Wilke and Morton (2017) found through
166 interviews with farmers in the Midwestern US that future climate and weather expectations are based on
167 reference to past historical weather events and cycles. This is further supported in the literature (e.g.,
168 Arbuckle et al., 2013b, 2014; Morton et al. 2015; Niles, Lubell, and Haden 2013). Wilke and Morton
169 (2017, p. 40) also suggest that "...farmers do seem to delineate the recent past from the historical past..."
170 This suggests farmers will not place equal importance on each past weather event and thus a simple average
171 of past weather is not an accurate forecast of a farmer's expectations. The weights put on past events will
172 depend on, for example, cognitive processes, level of ambiguity, etc. (Hogarth and Einhorn 1990). We
173 assume then that weather expectations in time t for covariate k in location i will be of the form:

174 (2) $c_{i,k,t} = \omega_0 + \omega_s W(\ddot{c}_{i,k,t-1}, \dots, \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r}) + \omega_l W(\ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r-1}, \dots, \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-R}),$

175 where $\ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r}$ are actual past weather events for $r = 1, \dots, R$; ω_0 is a reference expectation; ω_s is the
176 farmer's weight assigned to the recent past (time periods $t - 1$ to $t - r$); ω_l is the weight assigned to a
177 more distant past (up to time horizon R); and $W(\cdot)$ is a weighting function (e.g., annual mean). Findings by
178 Hu et al. (2006) suggest that the immediate past may only have a moderate influence on planting decisions.
179 However, it is unclear how farmers weight a longer-term history, except that it does play into forming their
180 expectations and decision-making (Wilke and Morton 2017). It is generally held that localized climate

181 and weather will likely influence farmer decision-making, but the evidence is inconclusive
182 (Haigh et al. 2015; Morton et al. 2015). It should be noted that within the context of the expected-
183 weather-formation process, a “longer-term” history in reality likely will not be – and by construction is not
184 for the variables used in this analysis – equivalent to a climatological notion of “long-term”.

185 Returning to the farmer’s objective, problem (1) can be solved sequentially by first solving the sub-
186 problems to obtain the maximum expected profit for each crop and then setting $d_{i,t}^j = 1$ for the j^{th} crop
187 with the highest expected profit. First-order conditions (FOCs) for the sub-problems associated with each
188 crop are given by $p_t^j \partial Q^j / \partial x_{i,m,t}^j = w_{i,m,t}$, yielding a system of equations with optimal solution
189 (Hennessy 2006):

190 (3) $\mathbf{x}_{i,t}^{j,*} = \mathbf{g}^j(\mathbf{w}_{i,t}^j, \mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{c}_{i,t}) \equiv \mathbf{g}^j$

191 where $\mathbf{w}_{i,t}^j$ is a vector of price ratios with individual element $w_{i,m,t}^j = w_{i,m,t}/p_t^j$, $m = 1, \dots, M$.

192 Using equation (3), maximum expected profit for crop j on field i in year t can be expressed as:

193 (4) $\Pi_{i,t}^j = p_t^j \times (Q^j(\mathbf{g}^j, \mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{c}_{i,t}) + B_{i,t}^j) - \mathbf{w}_{i,t}^j \mathbf{g}^j.$

194 A farmer will decide to plant crop j on field i in time t if the following condition holds:

195 (5) $\Pi_{i,t}^j - \Pi_{i,t}^k > 0 \quad \forall k \neq j.$

196 It should be noted that the problem represented in (1) and the solution given by condition (5) represents a
197 simplified version of the farmer decision-making process. Particularly, it assumes the farmer’s decision is
198 only concerned with the current year’s expected profit given the past year’s cropping decision.¹ While this
199 framework simplifies the dynamics of the crop-rotation decision-making process, it does allow for the
200 emergence of crop rotations so long as $\alpha'_{1,i}$ remains fixed over time. In addition, this framework allows for
201 adjustments to planned crop rotations due to changes in weather and/or market conditions, of which the
202 former is the primary interest of this paper.²

203 The above framework provides a basis for examining the impacts of weather on land-use decisions.

204 Consider the weather expectation for the k^{th} weather variable, c_k . Suppressing field and time subscripts,

205 the impact of a change in this expectation on the decision to plant crop j can be represented by

206 $\partial(\Pi^j - \Pi^h)/\partial c_k = \partial\Pi^j/\partial c_k - \partial\Pi^h/\partial c_k$, where

207 (6)
$$\frac{\partial\Pi^j}{\partial c_k} = p^j \frac{\partial Q^j}{\partial c_k} + \left[p^j \left(\frac{\partial Q^j}{\partial \mathbf{g}^j} \right)' - \mathbf{w}_t \right] \frac{\partial \mathbf{g}^j}{\partial c_k}$$

208 The first component in equation (6) is the direct impact on expected marginal revenue from changes in

209 expected crop output (yield) due to a change in expected weather. The second component (an indirect

210 effect) is the change in marginal profit due to a shift in the (expected) optimal input quantities due to a

211 change in expected weather. Whether $\partial(\Pi^j - \Pi^h)/\partial c_k > 0$ will dictate the impact on the likelihood a

212 farmer opts for land-use j rather than land-use h . In addition, the magnitude of the effect will depend on

213 how long ago the weather event occurred and whether it is taken to be a short-term “shock” or indicative of

214 a long-term trend. For example, a weather event in the recent past (e.g. a one-period drought) in period

215 $t - r$, will change weather expectations by $\partial c_{i,k,t}/\partial \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r} = \omega_s \partial W/\partial \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r}$ based on equation (2).

216 If a farmer heavily discounts recent, short-term weather, then ω_s will be very small, potentially resulting in a

217 negligible expected impact on marginal profits. If the weather event occurred in the longer, more distant

218 past, then $\partial c_{i,k,t}/\partial \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r} = \omega_l \partial W/\partial \ddot{c}_{i,k,t-r}$. Wilke and Morton (2017) indicate that extreme past

219 events (e.g., the Dust Bowl or severe drought in the Midwestern US in 2012) may have long-term memory,

220 in which case ω_l may be significantly larger and play a more dominant role in weather expectation

221 formation, resulting in potentially significant marginal changes from persistent past weather events.

222 Regardless of which dominates, capturing the impacts of these distinct weather-expectations components on

223 land-use decisions can help to assess impacts of weather and climate changes for food security and land use

224 policy purposes.

225 **Dynamic-Multinomial Logit with Random Effects**

226 From the researcher's perspective, $\Pi_{i,t}^j, j = 0, \dots, J$ are random variables. It is assumed $\Pi_{i,t}^j$ can be
 227 decomposed into a known systematic component, $\pi_{i,t}^j = \pi(\mathbf{p}_t, \mathbf{w}_{i,t}^j, \mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{c}_{i,t}, \mathbf{d}_{i,t-1})$, and a random
 228 component, $\varepsilon_{i,t}^j$. Condition (5), which states option j will be chosen over option k if it provides greater
 229 expected profits, can be rewritten as:

230 (7) $\Delta\pi_{i,t}^{j,k} = \pi_{i,t}^j - \pi_{i,t}^k > \varepsilon_{i,t}^k - \varepsilon_{i,t}^j \quad \forall k \neq j,$

231 It is assumed that the error terms ($\varepsilon_{i,t}^j$) are mean zero and distributed IID Gumbel. Assuming that the
 232 systematic component of the profit function can be sufficiently approximated by $\Delta\pi_{i,t}^{j,k} = \mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ where
 233 $\mathbf{z}_{i,t} = [\mathbf{p}_t, \mathbf{w}_{i,t}, \mathbf{s}_{i,t}, \mathbf{c}_{i,t}, \mathbf{d}_{i,t-1}]'$ and $\boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ is a set of parameters specific to land use j .

234 The probability that field i is planted to crop j in year t can be represented as $\mathbb{P}_{i,t}^j =$
 235 $\mathbb{P}(\Delta\pi_{i,t}^{j,k} > \varepsilon_{i,t}^k - \varepsilon_{i,t}^j) = \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j > \varepsilon_{i,t}^k - \varepsilon_{i,t}^j) \quad \forall k \neq j$. Following Train (2009), these probabilities
 236 can be estimated using a multinomial logit model:

237 (8) $\mathbb{P}_{i,t}^j = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j)}{1 + \sum_{h=1}^J \exp(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_h)},$

238 where the parameters for land use $j = 0$, a reference land use chosen by the researcher, are normalized to
 239 zero (i.e., $\boldsymbol{\beta}_0 = \mathbf{0}$) to ensure identifiability of the other model parameters (Greene 2012).

240 A significant issue in modeling land-use is unobserved heterogeneity across fields. This problem is
 241 compounded due to the absence of farmer-specific and field-specific data, and thus the inability to control
 242 for field-specific characteristics such as the farmer's management ability or resource constraints, soil
 243 characteristics, etc. One method to capture unobserved heterogeneity is to adopt a random effects approach
 244 to equation (8), where the land-use specific intercept is replaced with $a_{i,j}$, a field specific random intercept

245 associated with land use j that is assumed to follow a given distribution $h(a_{i,j})$. Under this assumption, the
 246 logit probability given in equation (8), conditional on $\mathbf{a}_i = [a_{i,1} \dots a_{i,J}]'$, becomes (Train 2009):

$$247 \quad (9) \quad \mathbb{P}_{i,t}^j = \frac{\exp(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\boldsymbol{\beta}_j + a_{i,j})}{1 + \sum_{r=1}^J \exp(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\boldsymbol{\beta}_r + a_{i,r})}$$

248 We will assume that $a_{i,j} \sim N(\bar{a}_j, \sigma_j^2)$ for $j = 1, \dots, J$. The specific random intercept terms allow the
 249 model to capture unobserved differences across fields in a parsimonious way, by capturing unobserved
 250 farmer-specific characteristics, cultural differences, operational management specificities, and field-specific
 251 conditions.

252 With the inclusion of memory in crop rotations and yield boosts in the model, temporal dynamics
 253 come into play. To better present the dynamic nature of the model, consider the reformulation of $\mathbb{P}_{i,t}^j$ as
 254 $\mathbb{P}_{i,t}^j = \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{z}'_{i,t}\bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_j + \mathbf{d}'_{i,t-1}\boldsymbol{\rho}_j + a_{i,j} > \varepsilon_{i,t}^k - \varepsilon_{i,t}^j) \quad \forall k \neq j$ where $\boldsymbol{\rho}_j$ are the parameters associated with
 255 the lagged-dependent variables and $\bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_j$ is the vector of parameters from $\boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ less $\boldsymbol{\rho}_j$. Letting Λ denote the
 256 multinomial logistic cumulative density function and suppressing the field subscript i , the joint density for a
 257 field is (Wooldridge 2010):

$$258 \quad (10) \quad f(y_1, \dots, y_T | y_0, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{a}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}, \boldsymbol{\rho}) = \prod_{t=1}^T \prod_{j=0}^J \left(\Lambda(\mathbf{z}_t, \mathbf{d}_{t-1}, \mathbf{a}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_j, \boldsymbol{\rho}_j) \right)^{d_t^j}.$$

259 where $y_t = [d_t^0, d_t^1, \dots, d_t^J]$ for $t = 1, \dots, T$ is the vector of land use decisions in time period t such that
 260 $\sum_{j=0}^J d_{i,t}^j = 1$. Wooldridge (2010) notes that, for the binary case, the presence of unobserved heterogeneity
 261 (or effects) does not allow for a log-likelihood function that can be used to consistently estimate $\bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}} =$
 262 $[\bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_1, \dots, \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_J]$ and $\boldsymbol{\rho} = [\boldsymbol{\rho}_1, \dots, \boldsymbol{\rho}_J]$. Instead, Wooldridge (2010) suggests the unobserved effects be
 263 integrated out of the distribution, which creates another issue of how to deal with the initial observations, y_0
 264 (Wooldridge 2010). This is generally referred to as the initial conditions problem³.

265 To integrate out the unobserved effects, Wooldridge (2005) suggests using the density

266 $f(y_1, \dots, y_T | y_0, \mathbf{Z})$, because $f(y_1, \dots, y_T | y_0, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{a})$ has already been specified using equation (10)⁴.

267 Then, all that must be done is to specify an alternative density for \mathbf{a} , the vector of random effects, that is

268 conditional on y_0 and \mathbf{Z} . Letting $\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{a} | y_0, \mathbf{Z}; \boldsymbol{\Theta}) = h(\mathbf{a} | y_0, \mathbf{Z}; \boldsymbol{\Theta})$, then following Wooldridge (2005),

269 $f(y_1, \dots, y_T | y_0, \mathbf{Z}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}, \boldsymbol{\Theta}, \boldsymbol{\rho})$ is given by:

270 (11)
$$\int_{R^J} f(y_1, y_2, \dots, y_T | y_0, \mathbf{Z}, \mathbf{a}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}, \boldsymbol{\rho}) h(\mathbf{a} | y_0, \mathbf{Z}; \boldsymbol{\Theta}) \eta(d\mathbf{a}),$$

271 which after substituting into equation (10) becomes:

272 (12)
$$\int_{R^J} \prod_{t=1}^T \prod_{j=0}^J \left(\Lambda(\mathbf{z}'_t, \mathbf{d}'_{t-1}, \mathbf{a}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_j, \boldsymbol{\rho}_j) \right)^{d_t^j} h(\mathbf{a} | y_0, \mathbf{Z}; \boldsymbol{\Theta}) \eta(d\mathbf{a}).$$

273 The density function $h(\cdot)$ can be specified in such a way that the model can be estimated using a standard

274 random effects or mixed logit approach. A specification for $h(\cdot)$ that accomplishes this is

275 $a_{i,j} \sim N(\theta_{0,j} + \mathbf{d}'_{i,0} \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{1,j} + \mathbf{z}'_i \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{2,j}, \sigma_j^2)$, where $\mathbf{z}_i = [\mathbf{z}'_{i,0} \ \mathbf{z}'_{i,1} \cdots \mathbf{z}'_{i,T}]'$ is a vector of contemporaneous

276 explanatory variables. Under this specification, the vector of random intercepts follows $\mathbf{a}_i \sim N(\bar{\mathbf{a}}, \boldsymbol{\Gamma}\boldsymbol{\Gamma}')$,

277 where $\bar{\mathbf{a}}$ is a vector of conditional means with elements $\bar{a}_j = \theta_{0,j} + \mathbf{d}'_{i,0} \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{1,j} + \mathbf{z}'_i \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{2,j}$. We assume

278 for estimation purposes that $\boldsymbol{\Gamma}\boldsymbol{\Gamma}'$ is a diagonal matrix with $\sigma_j^2, j = 1, \dots, J$ along the diagonal. Equation

279 (12) along with the specification for $h(\cdot)$ is referred to as a dynamic-multinomial logit model with random

280 effects (DML-RE).

281 Farmer-specific weather expectations and the process by which they form these expectations are

282 likely unique to the individual. Thus, the weather-expectation process is another justification for the

283 unobserved heterogeneity assumption as farmers may hold different weather expectations for the upcoming

284 season even if they have experienced identical weather histories due to unobserved cognitive, social, and

285 cultural processes. Under this scenario, the two farmers may make different land-use decisions in any given

286 year, even if all other variables are identical. As mentioned previously, potential differences in operational
287 management and field-specific conditions provide additional justification. These factors and the assumed
288 importance of crop rotations justify the approach suggested by Wooldridge (2005).

289 To assist with capturing additional spatial heterogeneity and improve the robustness of model
290 estimations, we estimate a separate DML-RE model for each county in the study region in Kansas. The
291 counties included are Barton, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Lincoln, Ness, Ottawa, Rush, Russell, Saline, and
292 Trego (see figure 1). Differences across counties in model estimates could arise due to spatial heterogeneity
293 resulting from differences in local agricultural conditions and conservation policies (e.g., the USDA
294 Environmental Quality Incentives Program has been historically administered at the county level), as well as
295 differences in agricultural extension efforts, markets, and services.

296 **Data**

297 Analysis for this article is based on the subset of Kansas counties, which are depicted along with the
298 Ogallala Aquifer boundary in figure 1. The primary reason for choosing these counties is that their
299 combined boundaries largely encompass two central Kansas watersheds that are the subject of an ongoing
300 research project⁵. Motivation for using this set of counties follows from the fact that Kansas exhibits a
301 strong precipitation gradient moving from east to west, allowing for potentially greater variation in
302 precipitation histories. These counties also see little irrigated crop production (USGS 2017) and are thus less
303 susceptible to bias from omitted irrigation variables. As mentioned previously, we focus on dryland
304 agriculture systems based on an assumption that these systems will be more responsive to weather trends.

305 *Land-use Decision Variables*

306 Land-use observations are based on a detailed, field-level database. Land-use decisions within field
307 boundaries are based upon the United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics

308 Service's (2016) Cropland Data Layer (CDL) and Farm Service Agency (FSA) data for the years 2003 to
309 2012. The study region depicted consists of 157,207 unique fields, developed by the Kansas Biological
310 Survey. For each field, the crop assigned to a field represented the dominant crop (the crop with the most
311 planted acreage).⁶ Any fields that were at any time period classified to a land use other than those of interest
312 – alfalfa, corn and sorghum, soybeans and double crop (soybeans and wheat), fallow, and wheat – were
313 dropped. The land-use classifiers include a category for alfalfa, double cropped (primarily with soybeans),
314 fallow, corn, sorghum, soybeans, and wheat. Any fields that had an irrigated land-use in any year were
315 dropped to further the effort of limiting the analysis to dryland agriculture. Observations from 2003 are set
316 aside as the initial period and fields of less than 5 acres are dropped, leaving a balanced panel set of 38,506
317 fields and a total of 346,554 observations (nine observations per field) across all counties for model
318 estimations.

319 Dependent variables are the five land uses described above and are denoted A_t for alfalfa, CS_t for
320 corn or sorghum, F_t for fallow, SD_t for soybeans or double cropped (soybeans and wheat), and W_t for
321 wheat. These land uses and land-use groupings were chosen to create categories that, within the study
322 region, may respond differently to different weather scenarios. Corn and sorghum, for example, were
323 grouped together, because in western Kansas, a wheat-feed grain-fallow rotation is common (Aiken and
324 O'Brien 2009). Much of the dryland corn grown in this area of Kansas – due to limited water conditions – is
325 used for forage (Roozeboom and Fjell 2007) and is a less intensive land use than corn grown for grain,
326 which is predominantly irrigated in western Kansas. Summary statistics for these categories can be found in
327 table 1. Wheat was the dominant land use over the period examined, with an average of 53% of fields
328 devoted to wheat each year. With an average share of 3% of fields, alfalfa was generally the most infrequent
329 land use. Land-use acre shares were nearly identical to the field shares.

330 *Expected Output Prices*

331 We use expected prices to represent the price a farmer expects to receive at harvest given the information
332 available at the time a crop is planted. Following the approach of Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner (2014),
333 expected prices for sorghum, soybeans, and wheat were calculated as a futures price at the time of planting
334 plus an expectation of the basis at harvest⁷:

335 (15) $E(p_t^j) = fp_t^j + E(basis_t^j).$

336 The futures price component (fp_t^j) is an average daily futures price for each crop across “planting
337 months”⁸. Corn futures prices were used for sorghum as sorghum futures prices were not available for this
338 time period. The expected basis was set equal to the harvest-time basis from the previous harvest. Thus, we
339 again are assuming adaptive expectations, albeit with a shorter memory for expected basis. This choice was
340 partly dictated by data limitations, but evidence from Taylor, Dhuyvetter, and Kastens (2006) suggests that a
341 “naïve” basis forecast using just the previous season’s basis often offered better predictions for current-year
342 basis than forecasts using longer-term averages. Spot price data for basis calculations came from 961
343 elevator locations across Kansas⁹. This process created three of the price variables used in analysis: p_{Sor} ,
344 p_{Soy} , and p_W . An expected alfalfa price, p_A , is also used, and was set equal to the April alfalfa price in the
345 current year using USDA-NASS data. Summary statistics for the included expected-price variables can be
346 found in table 2.

347 It is recognized that input prices are important in determining the net returns to the different land
348 uses. Due to data limitations and limited spatial variation from available data sources, input prices were not
349 included. Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner (2014) show that changes in fertilizer prices have a much smaller
350 impact on relative crop returns than output prices and that their results were robust to the exclusion of input
351 prices¹⁰, so it is assumed these omitted variables do not pose a serious concern.

352 *Weather Variables*

353 Included weather variables were calculated using daily data provided by Schlenker and Roberts (2009),
354 which were created using data from the PRISM Weather Group. The daily weather data provided by
355 PRISM are interpolated values based on weather stations located throughout the United States and are
356 provided for gridded units that are roughly 16 km^2 in size. Individual fields were assigned weather data from
357 the closest PRISM grid cell based on centroid distances. For the grid cells ultimately used in analysis, an
358 average of about 26 fields were assigned to each cell. Summary statistics are provided in table 2.

359 Included weather variables are meant to capture – from the farmer’s perspective – recent, shorter-
360 term and more distant, longer-term weather patterns with respect to precipitation and temperatures and each
361 is defined and calculated in terms of a growing season defined as February to September. The first four
362 variables, *Prec1to3* and *Prec4to10* and their squared counterparts, provide the average annual growing
363 season precipitation (100 mm) based on years $t - 1$ to $t - 3$ and $t - 4$ to $t - 10$, respectively. To
364 provide context as to how these levels may impact land-use decisions, a table from Stone and Schlegel
365 (2006) is reproduced in table 3. This table is based on research conducted in western Kansas and is thus
366 applicable to the current study region. The table indicates lower threshold evapotranspiration (ET) levels for
367 soybeans and grain sorghum of 7.8 inches (~198 mm) and 6.9 inches (~175 mm) respectively, where
368 threshold ET is defined as the ET level below which seed yield is zero (Stone and Schlegel 2006). Max ET,
369 defined as ET from emergence to physiological maturity (Stone and Schlegel, 2006, p. 173), was estimated
370 to be highest for corn at 25 inches (~635 mm) and lowest for grain sorghum at 21 inches (~533 mm). Max
371 ET for winter wheat and soybeans fell in the middle, estimated at 24 inches (~609 mm) for both. The
372 estimates from Stone and Schlegel (2006) offer validation to the conclusions reached by Staggenborg,
373 Dhuyvetter, and Gordon (2008). Growing season temperatures are captured by growing degree days
374 variables, *GDD1to3* and *GDD4to10*, which measure degree days between 10°C and 30°C . These were

375 calculated using a cosine interpolation of daily temperature exposures using the daily minimum and
376 maximum temperatures from PRISM¹¹.

377 The next two variables, *PrecLow1to3* and *PrecLow4to10*, attempt to capture the average number of
378 “low-precipitation days” using the same lag structures. A low-precipitation day was defined as any day
379 which received less than 1 mm of precipitation. The 1 mm threshold for defining a low precipitation is in
380 line with thresholds elsewhere in the literature (e.g., Bin, Murty, and Hoan 1994; Garcia et al. 2007; Nguyen
381 et al. 2016). This threshold was chosen as it may capture frequency of little to no rainfall during the crop
382 growing season, but an agronomic basis for the threshold could not be identified in the literature. Future
383 research should seek to identify (potentially) more appropriate thresholds. This would likely be crop
384 dependent, e.g., what is considered a beneficial amount of rainfall for one crop may provide no benefits to
385 another crop, further complicating the threshold choice for the current analysis. Similarly, *GDDHigh1to3*
386 and *GDDHigh4to10*, are meant to capture exposure to extreme temperatures. Specifically, these variables
387 measure growing-degree days above 30°C (~86°F), calculated using the same approach used for *GDD1to3*
388 and *GDD4to10*. This choice of threshold may not be ideal, as what constitutes an extreme temperature has
389 been reported to vary across crops, e.g., 29°C for corn, 30°C for soybeans, 33°C for sorghum, and 34°C for
390 wheat (Tack, Lingenfelser, and Jagadish, 2017).

391 The spatial and temporal variations in *Prec1to3* and *Prec4to10* are depicted in figures 2 and 3,
392 figures for the remaining variables are provided in figures SA1 through SA6 in the supplementary appendix.
393 The figures highlight the spatial variation along an east to west gradient, as well as the temporal variation of
394 weather patterns within the study region. A separate set of weather variables were constructed for additional
395 model runs using the same approaches as above, but with different lag structures for examining the time
396 horizons of expectation formation in the paper and as a robustness check. These variables are *Prec1to5*,
397 *Prec6to20*, *PrecLow1to5*, *PrecLow6to20*, *GDD1to5*, *GDD6to20*, *GDDHigh1to5*, and *GDDHigh6to20*.

398 With respect to each of these variables, there is little guidance as to how people form expectations
 399 regarding weather that will occur several months into the future, and as such our choice to use lags of 1 to 3
 400 and 4 to 10 or 1 to 5 and 6 to 20 are subject to criticism; better structures may well exist. Our attempt here is
 401 twofold: (1) to capture a shorter-term measure from the recent past that is subject to more variability and a
 402 longer-term measure from the more distant past and (2) to construct measures (lag structures) that could
 403 plausibly be used by a farmer drawing from personal experiences. Importantly, both the shorter- and longer-
 404 term measures are a part of the same “signal” and separating them thus allows for the more complex
 405 adaptive-weighting process. From a more objective or scientific perspective, these may likely represent
 406 short- or medium-run weather histories.

407 Post-Estimation Inference

408 Average Partial Effects and Simulating Weather Changes

409 This study uses average partial effects (APEs) as one tool to help discern the impact of variables on land-use
 410 decisions. The magnitudes and signs of these APEs with respect to the climate variables can give an
 411 indication as to the direction and severity of impacts on land-use probabilities from a weather shock or
 412 change in the short-term, recent past or the longer-term, more distant past. As such, they can provide
 413 insights as to how the occurrence of an extreme event, e.g., a severe drought, or how a more persistent
 414 change will impact crop choice. If $\mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ in (9) is linear with respect to a weather variable $c_{i,t,k}$, then the
 415 individual level partial effect for land-use j (for field i in year t) is given by:

$$418 \quad (16) \quad PE_{i,t,k}^j = \frac{\partial P_{i,t}^j}{\partial c_{i,t,k}} = P_{i,t}^j \left(\beta_{j,k} - \sum_{h=1}^J \beta_{h,k} P_{i,t}^h \right).$$

416 If $\mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j$ is nonlinear with respect to the weather variable $c_{i,t,k}$, precipitation in this case, then $\beta_{j,k}$ and $\beta_{h,k}$
 417 are replaced with $\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_j}{\partial c_{i,t,k}}$ and $\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}'_{i,t} \boldsymbol{\beta}_h}{\partial c_{i,t,k}}$ in equation (16), respectively. The APE associated with land-use j and

419 $c_{i,t,k}$ then is estimated as:

423 (17) $APE_k^j = \frac{1}{T \times N} \sum_{t=1}^T \sum_{i=1}^N PE_{i,t,k}.$

420 Because $c_{i,t,k}$ represents an average across some lag structures, its APE is most easily interpreted as the
421 average change (across fields and years) in the probability of observing land-use j had $c_{i,t,k}$ been, on
422 average, (marginally) larger over the history.

424 The impact of weather in the current framework depends on if the weather event or shock is for a
425 single year, over multiple years, or a more permanent shift. An alternative and more readily accessible way
426 to evaluate the impact of a weather event is through simulation. Of interest here is to see the effect of a
427 weather event on the probability of choosing land-use j through time, *ceteris paribus*. That is the impact of
428 an event as it moves farther back in time from $t - 1$ to say $t - 10$. To achieve this, we simulate a one-year,
429 two-year, and three-year adverse weather event based on the 2012 drought in Kansas and compare it to a
430 baseline scenario based on long-term averages, *ceteris paribus*. In the baseline scenario, the weather
431 variables for every field in every year are replaced with their respective study-region averages over the
432 1974-2003 period. For example, for the PRISM grid cells used in the analysis, the average total precipitation
433 (February-September) across the 1974-2003 period was about 542 mm. Thus, in the baseline scenario,
434 $Prec1to3$ and $Prec1to5$ are assigned a value of 5.42 for all fields and years. The remaining baseline weather
435 variables are constructed in a similar manner, while all remaining variables are maintained at their original
436 values over space and time. This forms our period- t baseline data. A key assumption built into these values
437 is that the actual weather values in $t - 1$ through $t - 10$ are equal to these long-term averages (LTAs). For
438 the one-year shock, the 2012 drought-like event is assumed to occur in period t , and then weather returns to
439 the LTA. This shock will lead to a change in $Prec1to3$, $PrecLow1to3$, $GDD1to3$, and $GDDHigh1to3$ in
440 periods $t + 1$, $t + 2$, and $t + 3$, and then they return to the LTAs. Conversely, $Prec4to10$, $PrecLow4to10$,

441 $GDD4to10$, and $GDDHigh4to10$ remain at the LTAs for periods $t + 1$, $t + 2$, and $t + 3$, and change to a
442 “shocked” level in $t + 4$ through $t + 10$. Continuing with $Prec1to3$ and $Prec4to10$, this pattern of values is
443 given by:

455 (18) $Prec1to3_{t+r} = \frac{1}{3}Prec_{2012} + \frac{2}{3}Prec_{LTA}$ for $r = 1,2,3$

456 (19) $Prec1to3_{t+r} = Prec_{LTA}$ for $r = 4, \dots, 10$

457 (20) $Prec4to10_{t+r} = Prec_{LTA}$ for $r = 1,2,3$

458 (21) $Prec4to10_{t+r} = \frac{1}{7}Prec_{2012} + \frac{6}{7}Prec_{LTA}$ for $r = 4, \dots, 10$

444 The remaining weather variables can be defined and computed similarly. For the two- and three-year events,
445 the 2012 weather is assumed to occur in t through $t + 1$ and t through $t + 2$, respectively, followed by
446 returns to the LTAs. For the permanent shock, 2012 weather is assumed to persist, i.e., there is no return to
447 the LTAs. The underlying, study-region averages are presented in table 4 and the resulting period-by-period
448 values used for each of the weather variables in each of the scenarios are provided in table SA1 of the
449 supplementary appendix. We simulate the impact of the weather event for all observations and each
450 hypothetical time period. The benefit of the simulations is that it allows for the capture of changes in
451 multiple weather covariates, which is more realistic and flexible when examining changes in weather and
452 representing actual weather events. Another way to view the simulations is as a comparison between two
453 counterfactuals – one where actual weather is replaced by the LTAs and one where it is replaced by a
454 combination of the LTAs and the 2012 drought – on farmers’ land-use decisions.

459 The implications from the APEs and simulations may be non-trivial. If farmer expectations are
460 dominated by more persistent trends – i.e., “signals” – they may be more likely to undertake appropriate
461 land-use adaptations, but adaptations may be slow, resulting in more significant impacts from climate
462 change than would otherwise occur if beneficial changes were made in a timelier fashion. Furthermore,

463 land-use responses in the short-run may be prone to being inefficient adaptations or maladaptations from a
464 climate-change perspective if farmers do not respond in a way that lessens impacts from climate change or
465 adverse weather events. Recall that the two lag structures (e.g., 1 to 3 and 4 to 10) are both components of
466 the overall signal. Thus, in the context of this analysis, reacting to just the overall signal would imply that the
467 APEs would have the same sign and be of (approximately) equal magnitudes.

468 *Average Transition Probabilities*

469 Because the lagged-dependent variables represent multiple mutually exclusive scenarios
470 ($\sum_{j=1}^J d_{i,t-1}^j = 1$), the standard approach to calculating APEs for the lagged-binary-dependent variables
471 via discrete differences is not appropriate. Instead, this article presents estimates of average-transition
472 probabilities (ATPs) that provide the average-conditional probabilities of a field being allocated to land use j
473 in year t given the field was allocated to land use k in year $t - 1$. These values were calculated as:

474 (22)
$$\bar{\mathbb{P}}^{j|k} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \bar{\mathbb{P}}_i(d_{t,i}^j = 1 \mid d_{t-1,i}^k = 1, \mathbf{z}_i) \quad j, k = 0, \dots, 4.$$

475 These transition probabilities are functions of past weather and will change as weather changes. While this is
476 not the primary focus of the paper, it provides a means for land use modelers to utilize the framework
477 developed here for land-use modeling under different weather and climate scenarios.

478 **Results**

479 Separate DML-RE models and associated ATPs and APEs were estimated for each county in the
480 study region using the two sets of lag structures for the weather variables. The two lag structures
481 were (1) “1to3” (the near past of one to three years) and “4to10” (the longer term past of 4 to 10
482 years); and (2) “1to5” (the near past of one to five years) and “6to20” (the longer term past of 6
483 to 20 years). DML-RE model estimations were carried out in LIMDEP 10. General estimation results
484 are presented in this section; more detailed results, as well as tables and figures for the second

485 lag structure (“1to5” and “6to20”) can be found in the supplementary appendix. For brevity,
486 given the large number of parameter estimates and numerical results, we focus primarily on the
487 “1to3” and “4to10” models, presenting results for APEs, the proposed simulations, and ATPs,
488 given the limited interpretability of multinomial model coefficient estimates. Subsections present
489 selected APEs, simulation results, and estimated ATPs for the chosen model. Due to estimation
490 difficulties, fallow was dropped completely from the Ottawa County model, the F_{t-1} and F_0
491 variables were dropped from the Saline County model, F_{t-1} was dropped from the Lincoln
492 County model, and at least one initial-conditions variable was dropped (usually SD_0) from each
493 of the other county models. Estimation challenges are discussed further in the supplementary
494 appendix, section A.1.

495 *Model Estimates*

496 Multiple model specifications were estimated for the DML-RE, but some were ruled out due to estimation
497 challenges (see supplementary appendix for further explanation). In the preferred model, referred to as NL-
498 DML-RE, the following variables were included: $Acres$, p_A , p_{Sor} , p_{Soy} , p_W , $Prec1to3$, $Prec1to3$ squared,
499 $Prec4to10$, $Prec4to10$ squared, $PrecLow1to3$, $PrecLow4to10$, $GDD1to3$, $GDD4to10$, $GDDHigh1to3$,
500 $GDDHigh4to10$, the initial conditions and lagged-dependent variables, and a trend variable (*Trend*). The
501 alfalfa category was chosen as the base case. To allow for additional spatial heterogeneity, a separate model
502 was estimated for each county in the study area as previously discussed. Model parameter estimates are
503 available in the supplementary appendix (tables SA2 through SA12). Inclusion of the nonlinear
504 squared terms for $Prec1to3$ and $Prec4to10$ are supported by the statistical significance of these terms in
505 the model estimation results.

506 Three additional models were estimated for each county as robustness checks.

5071. LIN-DML-RE: Same variables as NL-DML-RE less the squared precipitation terms, estimated
508 using the DML-RE model in NLOGIT.
5092. NL-OLS-FE: Same variables as NL-DML-RE, estimated using equation-by-equation OLS with field-level
510 fixed effects in Stata.
5113. LIN-OLS-FE: Same variables as LIN-DML-RE, estimated using equation-by-equation OLS with field-
512 level fixed effects in Stata.
- 513 All four models were estimated using both the “1to3, 4to10” and the “1to5, 6to20” lag structures.
- 514 Estimated APEs across model categories for the weather variables, the focus of this study, are
- 515 provided in the supplementary appendix. Overall, across model specifications signs and general
- 516 magnitudes of the APEs agreed, with differences between the lag structures. At times
- 517 magnitudes of APEs between the linear probability model specifications using (2) and (3)
- 518 differed, but signs of the APES remained the same. Differences likely arise due to the
- 519 assumption of linearity with the linear probability models and that they were estimated equation-
520 by-equation, which assumed independence between crop categories.

521 *APEs for Weather Covariates*

522 Results varied across land uses and counties. Estimated APE values are provided in table SA13 in the
523 supplementary appendix. Many of the APEs are statistically significant for both lag structures, but statistical
524 significance varies by weather variable and across counties. For the APEs, recall that we assume the
525 weather variables based on lags 1 to 3 (or 1 to 5) represent the shorter-term reactions to past weather events,
526 which incorporates the “noise”, while those based on lags 4 to 10 (or 6 to 20) represent longer-term
527 reactions to past weather events. The “signal” though will include information from both the short-term and
528 the long-term. A possibly better way to assess reaction to changes in the “signal” are through a combined
529 effect from the shorter- and longer-term reactions.

530 To get an idea of longer-term impacts of persistent weather changes (i.e., like climatic changes or
531 persistent weather effects), we can look at the net impact of adding APEs together from the two lag
532 structures. These net impacts are depicted in figure 4. Another way to view this is to assume that the weather
533 variable of interest, Var , exhibits a persistent annual increase such that after ten periods $\Delta Var1to3 =$
534 $\Delta Var4to10 = 1$ given they are computed as simple averages of the past weather histories over the given
535 lag structure. Then, the change in the probability of observing a given crop or land-use j given the change in
536 the “signal” associated with weather-variable Var could be computed as (suppressing the indices i and t):

537
$$\Delta \mathbb{P}_k^j = \frac{\partial \mathbb{P}^j}{\partial Var1to3} + \frac{\partial \mathbb{P}^j}{\partial Var4to10}, \text{ where } \frac{\partial \mathbb{P}^j}{\partial Var1to3} \text{ and } \frac{\partial \mathbb{P}^j}{\partial Var4to10} \text{ are APEs for } Var1to3 \text{ and } Var4to10.$$

538 This interpretation of the APEs provides a way to examine the impacts of a shift (in the longer term or
539 “signal”), such as a climate shift, in a weather variable and assess the impact on land use decision-making,
540 *ceteris paribus*.

541 Under this view, the combined APE effect of $GDDHigh1to3$ and $GDDHigh4to10$ suggest that
542 long-term increases, or changes in the “signal” in daily temperatures above 30°C will, *ceteris paribus*, lead
543 to an increased probability that a field is planted to alfalfa (in 9 of 11 counties), corn/sorghum (in 7 of 11
544 counties), soybeans/double cropped (in 7 of 11 counties) and wheat (in 6 of 11 counties), with a decrease in
545 the probability of fallow (lower probability in 8 of 10 counties). The double crop result may be unexpected
546 due to the lower threshold temperature at which there may be yield reductions but be partially explainable if
547 the $GDDHigh$ variables are correlated with longer growing seasons. In general, the $GDDHigh1to5$ and
548 $GDDHigh6to20$ results follow those for the “1to3” and “4to10” lag structure.

549 A combined long-term increase in $GDD1to3$ and $GDD4to10$ will, *ceteris paribus*, lead to an
550 increased probability of soybeans/double cropped (in 7 of 11 counties) and fallow (7 of 10 counties). It will
551 lead to a decreased probability of alfalfa (in 7 of 11 counties) and corn/sorghum (in 7 of 11 counties). For

552 wheat, the results were more mixed, with the net effect on the probability of wheat being positive in 5
553 counties and negative in 6 counties. On average, changes using *GDD1to5* and *GDD6to20* were similar but
554 differed by county at times. For example, for wheat, the sign on $\Delta\mathbb{P}_k^j$ was flipped in 4 counties. This may
555 result due to the change in lag structure. The change from *GDD1to3* to *GDD1to5* represents (1) a change in
556 the breakpoint between the recent and distant past and (2) doubles the length of the total period examined,
557 resulting in potentially different impacts than the “1to3” and “4to10” lag structure.

558 The potential land-use changes due to shifts in *GDD* (temperature) variables are somewhat
559 consistent with changes in crop yields that may be experienced under different climate-change scenarios.
560 Evidence from Long et al. (2006) suggests that soybean and wheat yields may respond more positively
561 under typical climate-change scenarios relative to corn and sorghum. Tack, Lingenfelter, and Jagadish
562 (2017) find that sorghum may not be as adaptable and heat resistant as anticipated under different climate
563 warming scenarios using current cultivars. Across the study-region counties, the combined APE results
564 based on an increase in average growing-season growing degree days generally resulted in a lower probability
565 of planting corn/sorghum and alfalfa and an increase for fallow and soybeans/double crop, while the results
566 for wheat are mixed. Drought stress and extreme heat stress are likely to be more frequent under many
567 climate change scenarios (Reynolds et al. 2016), and changes in crop yields due to temperature changes will
568 directly impact the relative profitability of crops on a per acre basis, altering the economic incentives of
569 which crops to plant or land uses to select on a given field. These relative changes will be spatially
570 heterogeneous (Deschênes and Greenstone 2007), which is evidenced in the differences in responses across
571 counties to a warming increase.

572 The long-term, equal combined unit increase in *PrecLow1to3* and *PrecLow4to10* was estimated to
573 decrease the probability a field is planted to corn/sorghum in most counties (9 of 11) and increase fallow
574 probability (6 of 10) while results were mostly mixed for the other land uses, each of which saw an increase

575 in probability in 6 (of 11) counties¹². This could indicate marginal shifts away from wheat-corn/sorghum-
576 fallow rotations towards wheat-fallow rotations. However, it should be kept in mind what the *ceteris*
577 *paribus* implies here: There is an increase in the number of “low-precipitation” days, but there is no change
578 in total precipitation received. Thus, the assumption here implies an increased number of heavy precipitation
579 events.

580 Patterns in the *Prec1to3* and *Prec4to10* results from a combined long-term equal increase
581 were more noticeable and suggest an increase in the probability of alfalfa (in 6 of 11 counties),
582 soybeans/double crop (in 8 of 11 counties), and wheat (in 9 of 11 counties) and decreases in the probability
583 of corn/sorghum (in 10 of 11 counties) and fallow (in 9 of 10 counties). This suggests under long-term (and
584 *ceteris paribus*) precipitation increases producers would more likely choose what are – for the region –
585 higher value land uses. Conversely, under long-term precipitation decreases, producers would switch to
586 corn/sorghum – with corn likely used as silage – or to fallow, which can increase soil water recharge (Aiken
587 et al. 2013). The long-term increase results were similar using *Prec1to5* and *Prec6to20*.

588 Weather Simulations

589 To examine farmer land-use response for dryland cropping systems to more extreme and adverse
590 weather events that are predicted to occur more often, we simulate a significant one-, two- and
591 three-year drought event in the study region based on the severe 2012 drought in Kansas. In
592 addition, we examine a scenario to see what would happen if the drought was persistent over the
593 entire time period. Recall, the simulations are conducted assuming a deviation from a 30-year
594 weather trend as outlined in the methods section. The results of the simulated drought shocks using
595 NL-DML-RE and the 1-3, 4-10 lag structure are presented in figures 5 through 8. Similar figures for the 1-5,
596 6-20 lag structure are included in figures SA7 through SA10 in the supplementary appendix. These findings
597 allow us to better examine the response to simultaneous changes in multiple weather variables

598 that occur during adverse and extreme weather events, as well as how the effect of these events
599 on decision-making may change as a producer becomes more temporally removed from the
600 event or they become more persistent.

601 For the one-year drought, the shorter- (1 to 3 years post shock) and longer-term (4 to 10 years post
602 shock) tend to be minor in many cases (figure 5). Two of the more noticeable patterns include a significant
603 short-term probability decrease for corn/sorghum in many counties and an increase in the likelihood of
604 planting wheat, after which both tend to revert towards baseline levels or to a slight increase (decrease) in
605 the likelihood of planting corn/sorghum (wheat). Another pattern of interest, but not observed as often, was
606 a decrease in the likelihood of the use of fallow periods in the short run. The longer-term impacts – shifts
607 away from wheat and towards corn/sorghum – are in-line with expectations (e.g., Staggenborg, Dhuyvetter,
608 and Gordon, 2008). The short-term impacts may be less intuitive. One possible explanation is that
609 immediately following the shock, farmers expect it to be just that – a shock – and thus expect weather to
610 return to a “normal”, less droughty year. Thus, there may be an impetus to capitalize on what are expected to
611 be favorable weather conditions in the near future to regain potential economic losses during the drought
612 year. The response to weather is also likely influenced by farmer perceptions, farmer age, understanding of
613 meteorological events, and farmer demographics, which was data not available for this study, but is an area
614 of future research (Taylor, Stewart, and Downton, 1988).

615 A stronger response is evidenced in the 2-year and 3-year simulated drought events. Probabilities
616 see slightly more across-the-board impacts under these drought shocks (figures 6 and 7), but some similar
617 patterns emerge for corn/sorghum, wheat, and fallow in the short term. The longer-term impacts on
618 corn/sorghum and wheat probabilities are more pronounced, with corn/sorghum probabilities generally
619 seeing modest increases and wheat probabilities modest decreases. A less prominent pattern in these
620 scenarios is a short-term decrease in fallow probabilities, followed by a large spike in year $t + 4$ before

621 returning to roughly the baseline levels. For the permanent-shock scenario, the impacts are often much
622 larger and present across more land-uses (figure 8). A couple of scenarios emerge from the simulation of the
623 persistent shock: greater shifts to the likelihood of planting continuous alfalfa (Lincoln, Ness, Ottawa, and
624 Saline counties) and large shifts away from wheat in most other counties over time. The results from the
625 persistent shock should be taken with some caution though, as it would represent a very significant and
626 prolonged extreme event (or a dramatic shift in climate).

627 The short-term response in many of the simulations for corn/sorghum, wheat and fallow may seem
628 maladaptive and contrary to what one may expect in these situations. Taylor, Steward, and Downton (1988)
629 suggest that while such a response may seem counterintuitive or maladaptive, it may be a rational decision
630 for the farmer based on how they perceive and form weather expectations. The average age of farmers is
631 increasing, and Diggs (1991) finds evidence that farmers with more experience tend to have lower
632 expectations (e.g., less likely to occur and/or impact their operation) concerning the severity of future
633 drought events. Crane et al. (2010) interviewed farmers about use of climate and weather information and
634 found that their risk-management production strategies tended to be based on longer-term strategies that are
635 meant to be in place over longer time periods and producers preferred management that emphasized
636 consistency over year-to-year changes. These results may suggest that deviations in land-use decisions from
637 shorter-term weather changes are less likely, which could mean a greater likelihood of keeping with current
638 cropping and land-use practices in the short term. Farmers also tend to discount weather and climate
639 forecasts (Crane et al. 2010). Gebrehiwot and Veen (2015) indicate that the likelihood of adaptation will be
640 driven by the expectation of the severity of an event and the ability to cope with necessary changes for
641 adaptation. If the perceived cost of adaptation is too high, which may be the case in the short run if
642 producers tend to develop management strategies that look longer term with respect to weather, then it may
643 take longer to adapt to more severe weather shocks or persistent changes in weather. Thus, adaptation may

644 be delayed until a significant amount of “experience” has been built up over time to initiate a change in
645 management strategies. That is, impacts from adverse weather events may need to be experienced for a
646 longer period or more often for adaptation to occur.

647 *Price Effects*

648 NL-DML-RE APEs associated with crop prices and the 1-3, 4-10 lag structure are presented in table
649 SA14 in the supplementary appendix. The expected alfalfa price, p_A , had a negligible impact on the
650 probability of observing any land use and alfalfa in general was unresponsive to all prices. An increase in
651 p_{Sor} increases the probability of observing corn/sorghum in 7 out of 11 counties. An increase in p_{Soy}
652 increased the probability of observing soybeans or double cropping (soybeans and wheat) in all counties,
653 and an increase in p_W increased the probability of observing wheat in 10 of 11 counties. The probability of
654 observing fallow generally increased with increases in p_{Sor} (in 7 of 10 counties) and p_W (7 of 10) and
655 decreased with increases in p_{Soy} (in 8 of 10 counties).

656 *Land-use Transition Probabilities*

657 The estimated NL-DML-RE ATPs are depicted in figure 9 shown in table SA15 in the supplementary
658 appendix. Because F_{t-1} was dropped in the Lincoln and Saline County models, but all dependent variables
659 remained, there is an alfalfa/fallow lagged-land-use category for these counties. Though there are many
660 potential patterns that can be inferred from the figure and table, some are more obvious. One example is
661 continuous wheat, which is indicated by an ATP of 0.50 or greater in six of the eleven counties. Continuous
662 alfalfa is also seen in some counties, but a more noticeable pattern with alfalfa is the low probability of
663 transitioning into alfalfa from another land use. Perhaps the strongest ATP pattern is the transition from
664 fallow to wheat: The smallest fallow-to-wheat ATP was about 0.84 in Gove county (excluding Ottawa
665 County where fallow was dropped entirely and Saline County where the base category is alfalfa/fallow).
666 The probability of going into fallow, meanwhile, is generally highest when preceded by corn/sorghum.

667 Taken together, these last two results are consistent with a wheat-sorghum-fallow or wheat-corn-fallow
668 rotation. In western Kansas, more intensive crop sequences such as the incorporation of a feed grain into a
669 wheat-fallow rotation – e.g., wheat-sorghum-fallow or wheat-corn silage-fallow – may be used to increase
670 crop access to precipitation (Aiken & O'Brien 2009). These results are in line with previous research that
671 indicates the importance of crop rotations (e.g., Hennessy 2006; Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner 2014).
672 ATPs for models using the set of “1to5” and “6to20” variables were very similar to those presented here and
673 are presented in figure SA11.

674 *Limitations*

675 It is worth noting some limitations to the current analysis when interpreting these results. First, the study
676 region represents a small geographic area and thus the results here are not necessarily indicative of what to
677 expect in other regions – this is demonstrated by the intra-county heterogeneity of results in this region. The
678 study though does highlight that weather effects are localized and may experience significant heterogeneity
679 over space. This study serves largely to provide a more holistic framework for thinking about and analyzing
680 the impacts of climate change, specifically, by accounting for producer land-use responses. Second, none of
681 these scenarios – changes in temperatures, in total precipitation, in “low” precipitation days – are likely to
682 occur in a vacuum. That is, the *ceteris paribus* assumption for average partial effects does not represent the
683 future state of the world. The simulated drought scenarios alleviate this problem to some extent and provide
684 some indications as to how various drought shocks may impact land-use patterns in the region. Similarly, as
685 noted in the conceptual framework and in the results, rotations matter. However, it is easily recognized that
686 rotations in western Kansas are different from rotations in, for example, the Corn Belt due to differences in
687 the physical environment. Then, given sufficient changes in climate patterns, there could be drastic changes
688 in transition probabilities. The current model – due to estimation difficulties and (parameter) constraints –
689 may not be able to capture these effects due to the lack of non-linear and interaction terms in the model.

690 Moreover, weather variables associated with such scenarios may fall well outside the range of values for this
691 region and thus produce very uncertain simulation results. The threshold choices for the *GDDHigh* and
692 *PrecLow* variables are difficult to identify, particularly given the number of land uses in this study, and so
693 may not necessarily be optimal threshold values. Lastly, though a simulation across a climate scenario may
694 eventually reach a “steady state”, there are likely to be some interesting short-run results – particularly in
695 those counties where the 1 to 3 and 4 to 10 APEs work in opposite directions. This is suggested but not
696 fully captured by the drought simulations conducted here.

697

698 **Discussion and Conclusion**

699 Climate change has been the subject of much research, primarily as it relates to food security, but also with
700 respect to adaptation or mitigation measures that farmers can take in response to changing climates. Little,
701 however, has been done to examine to which, if any, and how farmers are responding to climate and
702 weather patterns via their land-use decisions. If a farmer is skeptical about climate change, (s)he may not
703 believe there is any need, or at least be less willing, to take adaptive measures, as found by Arbuckle et al.
704 (2013b) and Arbuckle et al. (2013c). This has potential ramifications for any study seeking to examine food
705 security or other issues under climate change scenarios: How farmer land-use decisions respond will have
706 consequences on food supplies, environmental impacts, etc. There may also be farm-level ramifications: If
707 farmers are responding to short-term variations in weather rather than longer-term trends, their adaptation
708 path may be more erratic and potentially prone to maladaptations, at least in a given year. This article
709 provides a framework for assessing the climate/weather patterns to which farmers respond, and, using this
710 framework, examined the influence of multiple weather variables on field-level land-use decisions for 11
711 counties in central Kansas. Two sets of weather variables were utilized, one using three- and seven-year and
712 the other using five and 15-year non-overlapping but adjacent histories, to provide insights into what shapes

713 producer weather expectations and how this may ultimately shape the trajectory of climate-change induced
714 land-use adaptation.

715 Empirical analysis was done using a dynamic-multinomial logit with random effects (DML-RE)
716 approach based on the dynamic multinomial probit model with random effects proposed by Wooldridge
717 (2005). This article appears to be the first to employ the DML-RE model for representing farmer land-use
718 decisions, which offers a better empirical approach as the presence of unobserved heterogeneity combined
719 with lagged-dependent variables gives rise to an initial conditions problem that can play a crucial role in
720 determining the entire path of outcomes and render more traditional estimators inconsistent (Greene 2012).
721 A separate DML-RE model was estimated for each county in the study region and for both sets of lag
722 structures for the weather variables. Additional DML-RE models with different functional forms for the
723 index function as well as linear probability models were estimated as robustness checks for each county and
724 lag structure.

725 The combined net effects from the shorter- (three- or five-year) and longer-term (seven- or 15-year)
726 average partial effects (APEs) from the estimated models provided insights as to how sustained changes in
727 a weather variable (e.g., precipitation or temperatures) could impact land-use patterns in the region. In
728 general, the results suggest that under sufficiently extreme changes in climate the region could see
729 significant changes in land-use patters, particularly for corn/sorghum, fallow, and wheat. Individual shorter-
730 and longer-term APEs, however, did not move in the same direction for some county-land-use
731 combinations, suggesting that the short- and long-run reactions in these instances may bear little
732 resemblance to each other.

733 To further parse some of these effects, this study looked at simulated probabilities from weather
734 shocks based on the 2012 drought. Four different shock timeframes were considered: 1-year shock, 2-year
735 shock, 3-year shock, and a permanent shock. These results also suggest differences in short- and long-term

736 responses. Despite this, over a longer-term, the drought scenarios suggest the region may see shifts away
737 from wheat and towards corn/sorghum. Under a permanent shock scenario, results suggest there may also
738 be a shift to continuous alfalfa in some counties.

739 Several important implications may arise from the results of this article. The most obvious is the
740 implication for food security research. How, and at what speed, farmers adapt land-use decisions to a
741 changing climate will play a key role in determining long-term food supply trends. However, climate
742 scenarios are not heterogeneous across space nor, as this study has shown, will be producer responses. As
743 such, similar research in other key agricultural regions must be conducted before more definitive statements
744 can be made.

745 A second implication could be the impacts on or for crop insurance. It is plausible that crop
746 insurance may dampen the economic incentives to respond to a changing climate, at least for a period. Crop
747 insurance could have a chronological-shifting effect, wherein the adaptation process follows a similar trend
748 with or without crop insurance, but, with insurance, the process is shifted later in time (Annan and
749 Schlenker, 2015). The process by which farmers adapt could also impact crop insurance indemnity
750 payments. This will apply to region-land use combinations that are more responsive to short-term
751 fluctuations than longer-term trends. The impacts on crop insurance will depend on the program structure
752 and thus warrant further research.

753 This study focused on dryland agriculture, and thus a final implication and area for further research
754 are the impacts on or from irrigation and water conservation. As with crop insurance, it seems likely that the
755 ability to irrigate a field would impact how and at what speed farmers adapt to a changing climate. On the
756 other hand, in areas where irrigation is possible – e.g., portions of western Kansas which rely on the Ogallala
757 aquifer – if future weather is characterized by lower rainfall, this could potentially increase irrigation rates
758 and thus lead to quicker depletion of the aquifer (Elliott et al. 2015). Actual outcomes will depend on actual

759 weather trends and on state or local laws, such as water rights, irrigation limits, etc. Obviously, forcing
760 adaptation by dictating land uses is not politically feasible or desirable, but incentivizing it may be. Policies
761 to promote water conservation practices or increased irrigation efficiency, to the extent that this has not
762 already been done, may also be warranted. Again, additional research is needed in this area to better
763 understand adaptive land-use behaviors and their impacts.

764

Tables**Table 1. Share of Fields by Land-Use Category and Year in the Study Region**

Year	Alfalfa	Corn or Sorghum	Fallow	Soybeans or Double Crop	
				Wheat	
2004	0.05	0.22	0.13	0.07	0.53
2005	0.05	0.11	0.09	0.09	0.66
2006	0.03	0.17	0.22	0.02	0.56
2007	0.03	0.20	0.17	0.02	0.58
2008	0.03	0.23	0.16	0.04	0.55
2009	0.03	0.24	0.19	0.06	0.48
2010	0.02	0.23	0.17	0.09	0.49
2011	0.02	0.24	0.18	0.09	0.47
2012	0.02	0.27	0.18	0.07	0.45
All	0.03	0.21	0.17	0.06	0.53

Table 2. Descriptions and Summary Statistics for Dependent and Explanatory Variables

Variable	Description	Mean	Standard Deviation
<i>Acres</i>	Size of field in acres	51.15	44.54
p_A	Expected price of alfalfa	113.33	41.32
p_{Sor}	Expected price of sorghum	3.66	1.32
p_{Soy}	Expected price of soybeans	8.74	2.66
p_W	Expected price of wheat	5.53	1.67
<i>Prec1to3</i>	Average total Feb-Sep precipitation (100 mm) years $t - 1$ to $t - 3$.	5.40	0.88
<i>Prec4to10</i>	Average total Feb-Sep precipitation (100 mm) years $t - 4$ to $t - 10$.	5.44	0.64
<i>PrecLow1to3</i>	Average number of days (100 day), Feb-Sep, with precipitation <1 mm, years $t - 1$ to $t - 3$.	1.79	0.08
<i>PrecLow4to10</i>	Average number of days (100 day), Feb-Sep, with precipitation <1 mm, years $t - 4$ to $t - 10$.	1.78	0.07
<i>GDD1to3</i>	Average number of growing degree days (1000 gdd) between 10°C and 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 1$ to $t - 3$.	2.06	0.09
<i>GDD4to10</i>	Average number of growing degree days (1000 gdd) between 10°C and 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 4$ to $t - 10$.	2.08	0.08
<i>GDDHigh1to3</i>	Average number of growing degree days (100 gdd) above 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 1$ to $t - 3$.	0.89	0.19
<i>GDDHigh4to10</i>	Average number of growing degree days (100 gdd) above 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 4$ to $t - 10$.	0.99	0.11
<i>Prec1to5</i>	Average total Feb-Sep precipitation (100 mm) years $t - 1$ to $t - 5$.	5.40	0.77
<i>Prec6to20</i>	Average total Feb-Sep precipitation (100 mm) years $t - 6$ to $t - 20$.	5.71	0.56
<i>PrecLow1to5</i>	Average number of days (100 day), Feb-Sep, with precipitation <1 mm, years $t - 1$ to $t - 5$.	1.79	0.08

<i>PrecLow6to20</i>	Average number of days (100 day), Feb-Sep, with precipitation <1 mm, years $t - 6$ to $t - 20$.	1.74	0.07
<i>GDD1to5</i>	Average number of growing degree days (1000 gdd) between 10°C and 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 1$ to $t - 5$.	2.08	0.07
<i>GDD6to20</i>	Average number of growing degree days (1000 gdd) between 10°C and 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 6$ to $t - 20$.	2.05	0.08
<i>GDDHigh1to5</i>	Average number of growing degree days (100 gdd) above 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 1$ to $t - 5$.	0.93	0.16
<i>GDDHigh6to20</i>	Average number of growing degree days (100 gdd) above 30°C, Feb-Sep, years $t - 6$ to $t - 20$.	0.86	0.09

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Table 3. Yield vs. Evapotranspiration Relationship for Crops of the Central High Plains

Crop	Max ET for full-season variety	Threshold ET	Slope of yield vs. ET
Corn	25 in.	10.9 in.	16.9 bu./ac./in.
Grain Sorghum	21 in.	6.9 in.	12.2 bu./ac./in.
Soybeans	24 in.	7.8 in.	4.6 bu./ac./in.
Wheat	24 in.	10.0 in.	6.0 bu./ac./in.

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Table 4. Long-term Average and 2012 Drought Weather Variable Values

	Prec	PrecLow	GDD	GDDHigh
1974-2003 LTA	5.42	1.75	2.04	0.90
2012 Drought	3.85	2.00	2.28	1.67
Change	-29%	14%	12%	85%

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Figures

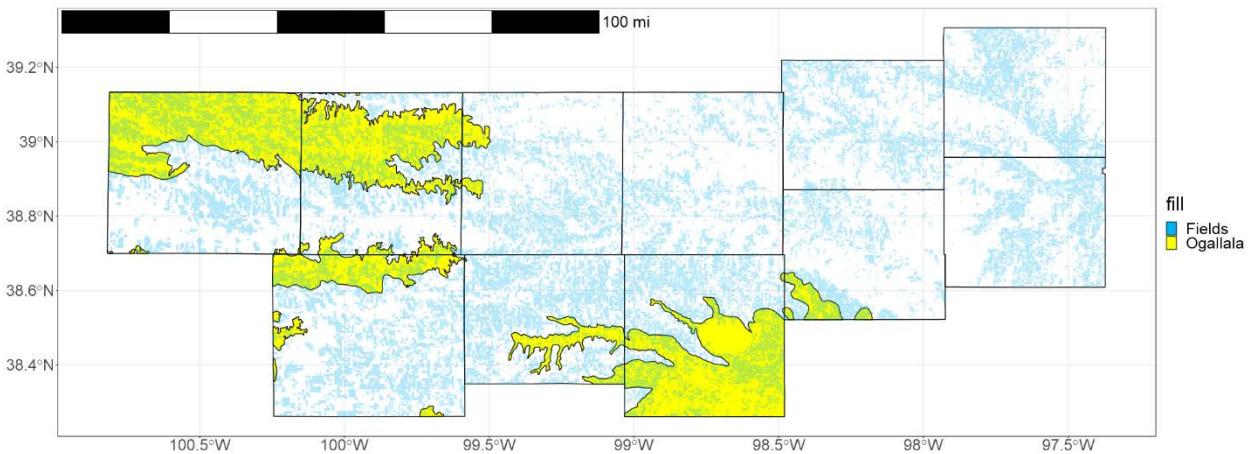


Figure 1. Study area in Kansas and fields used in analysis

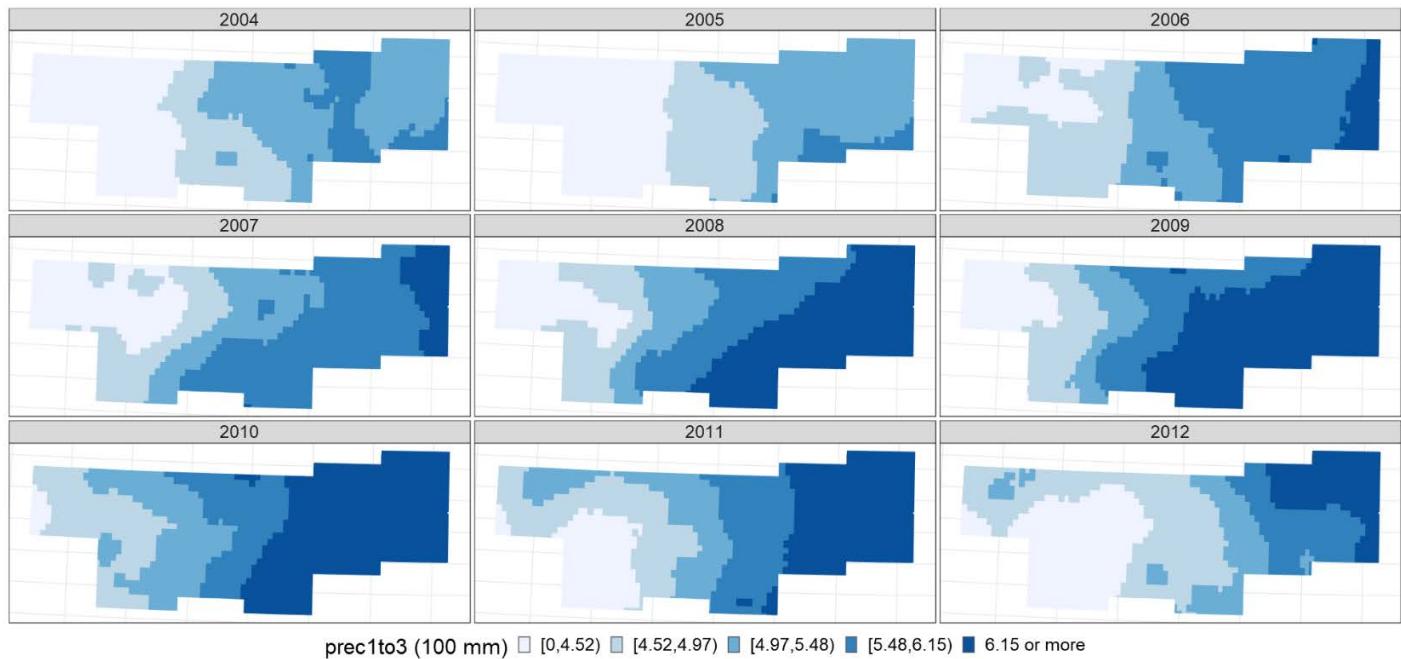


Figure 2. Spatial and temporal variation in three-year average total growing-season precipitation, using lags 1 through 3 (used to create *Prec1to3*).

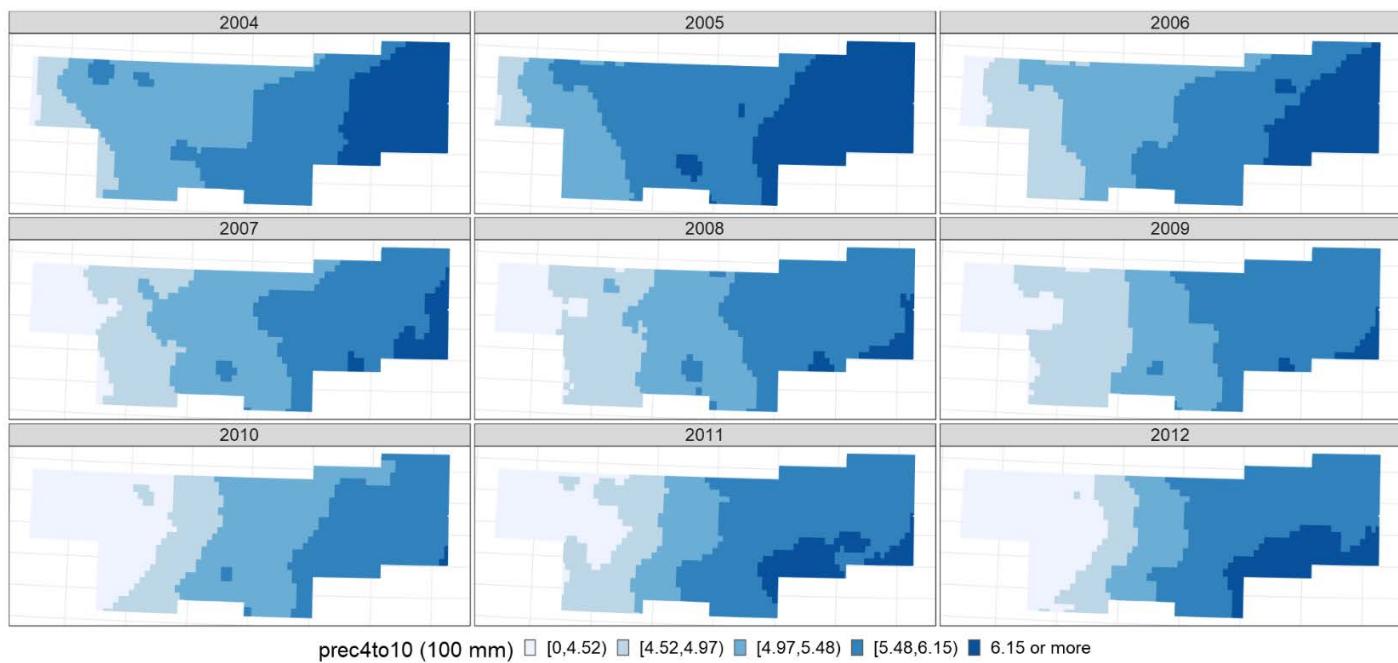


Figure 3. Spatial and temporal variation in seven-year average total growing season precipitation, lags 4 through 10 (used to create *Prec4to10*).

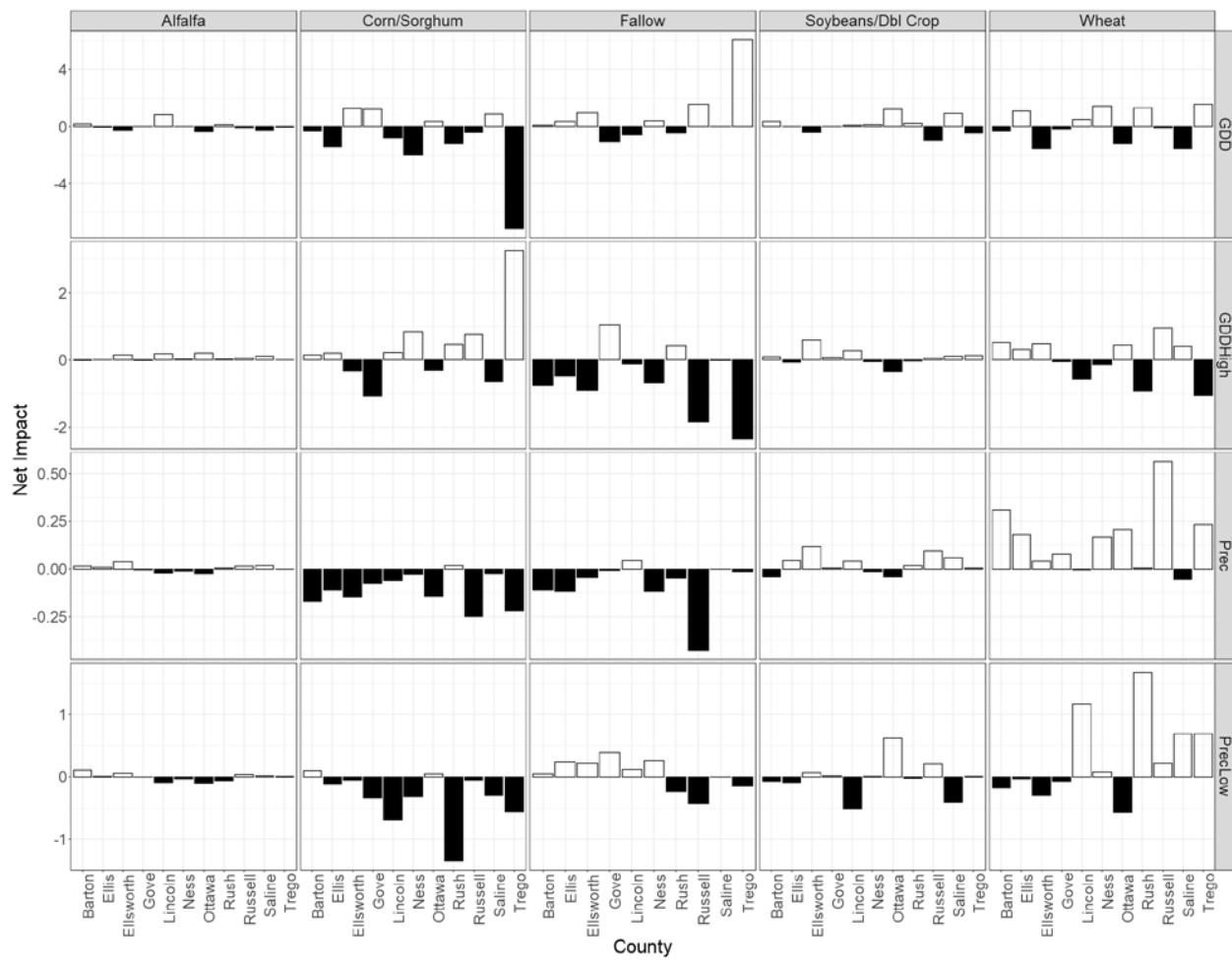


Figure 4. Net impacts of one-unit change in weather variables, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

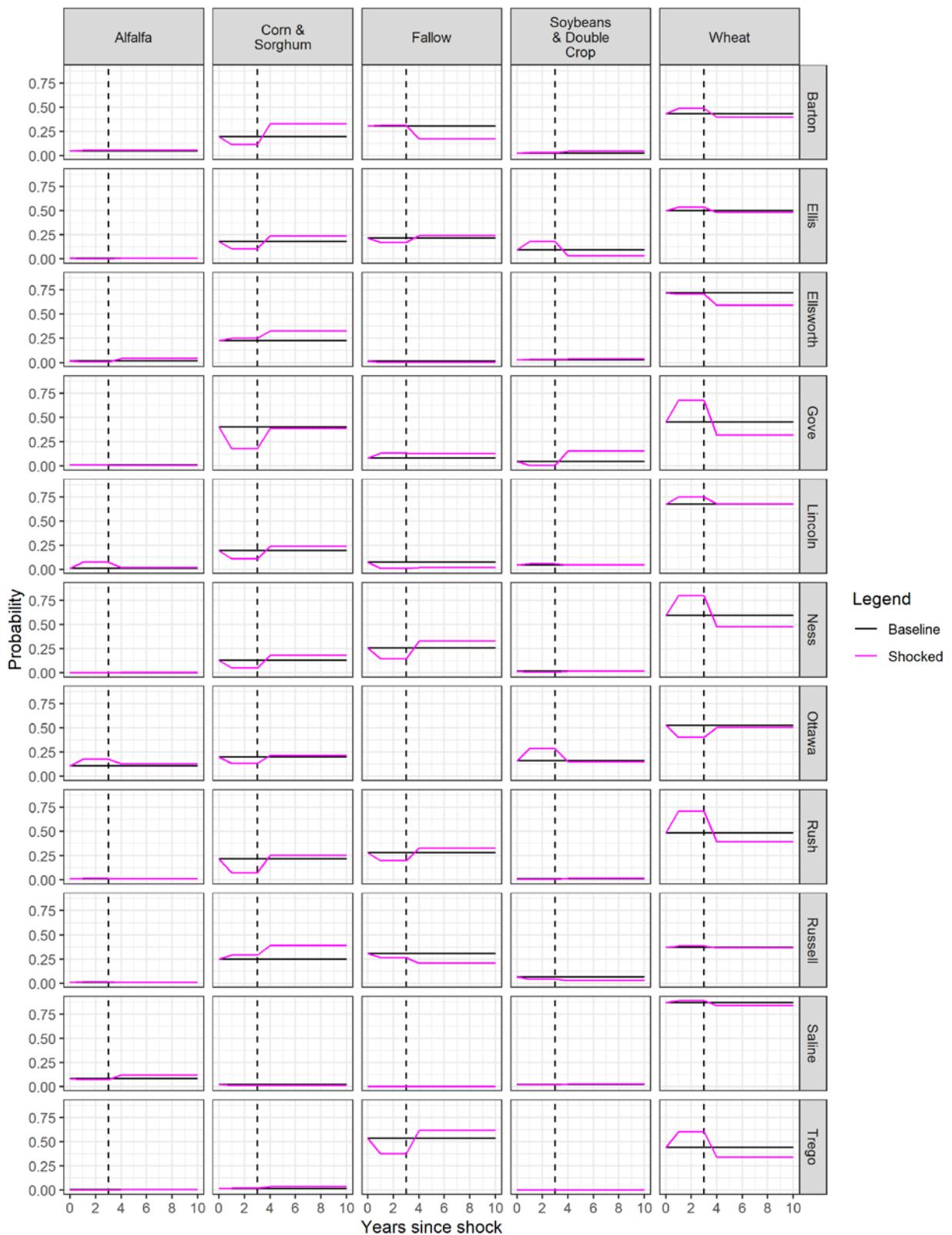


Figure 5. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting one year, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

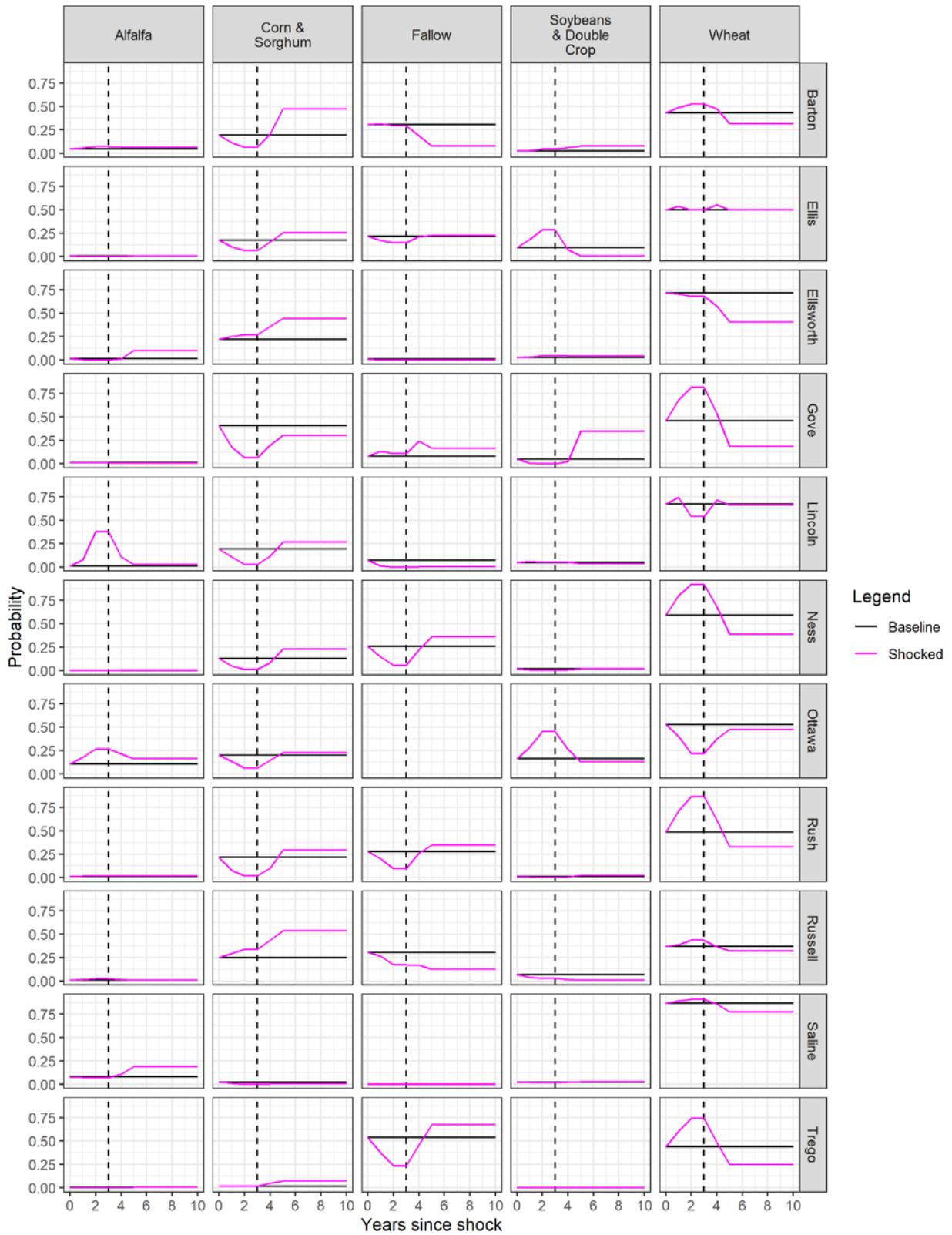


Figure 6. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting two years, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

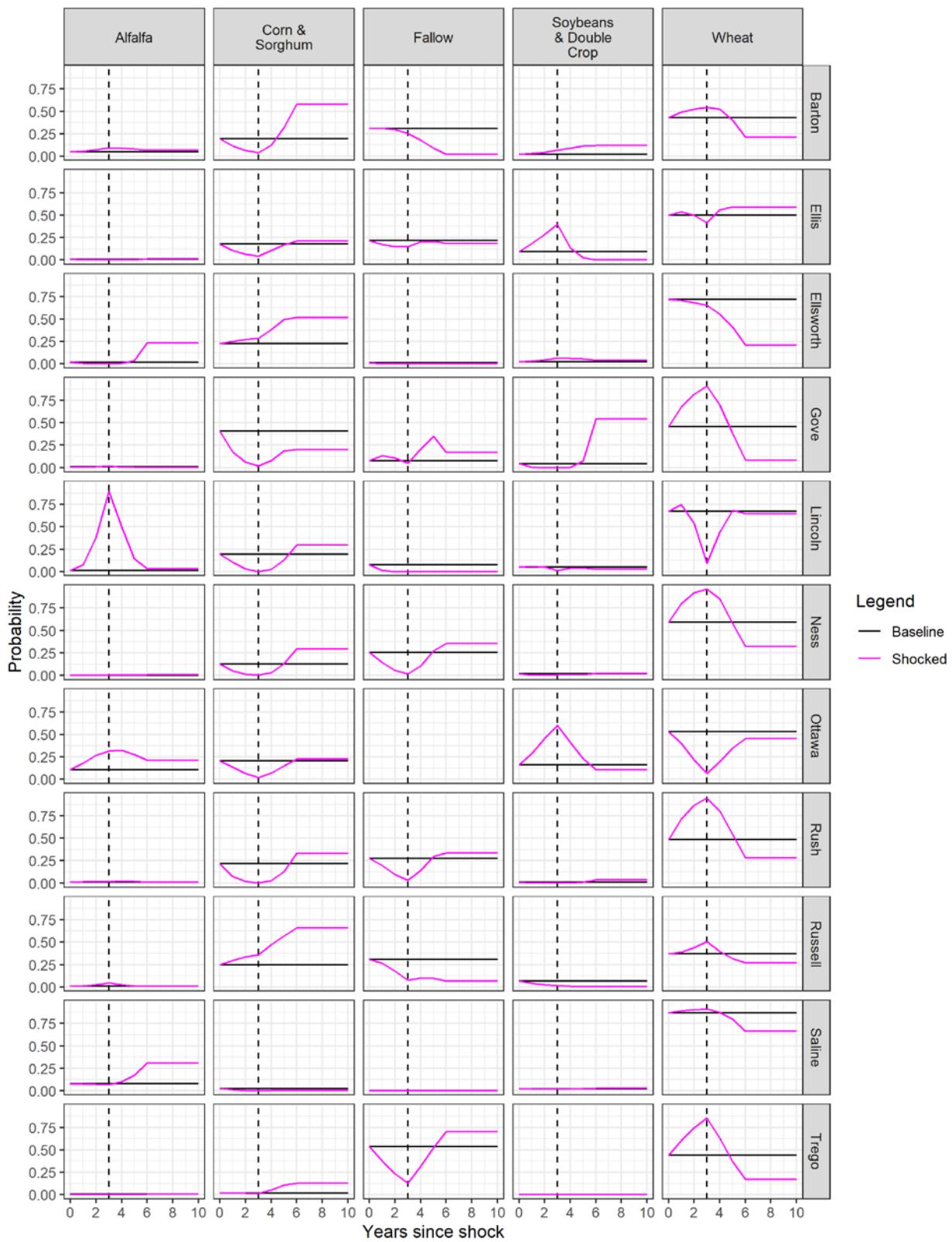


Figure 7. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting three years, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

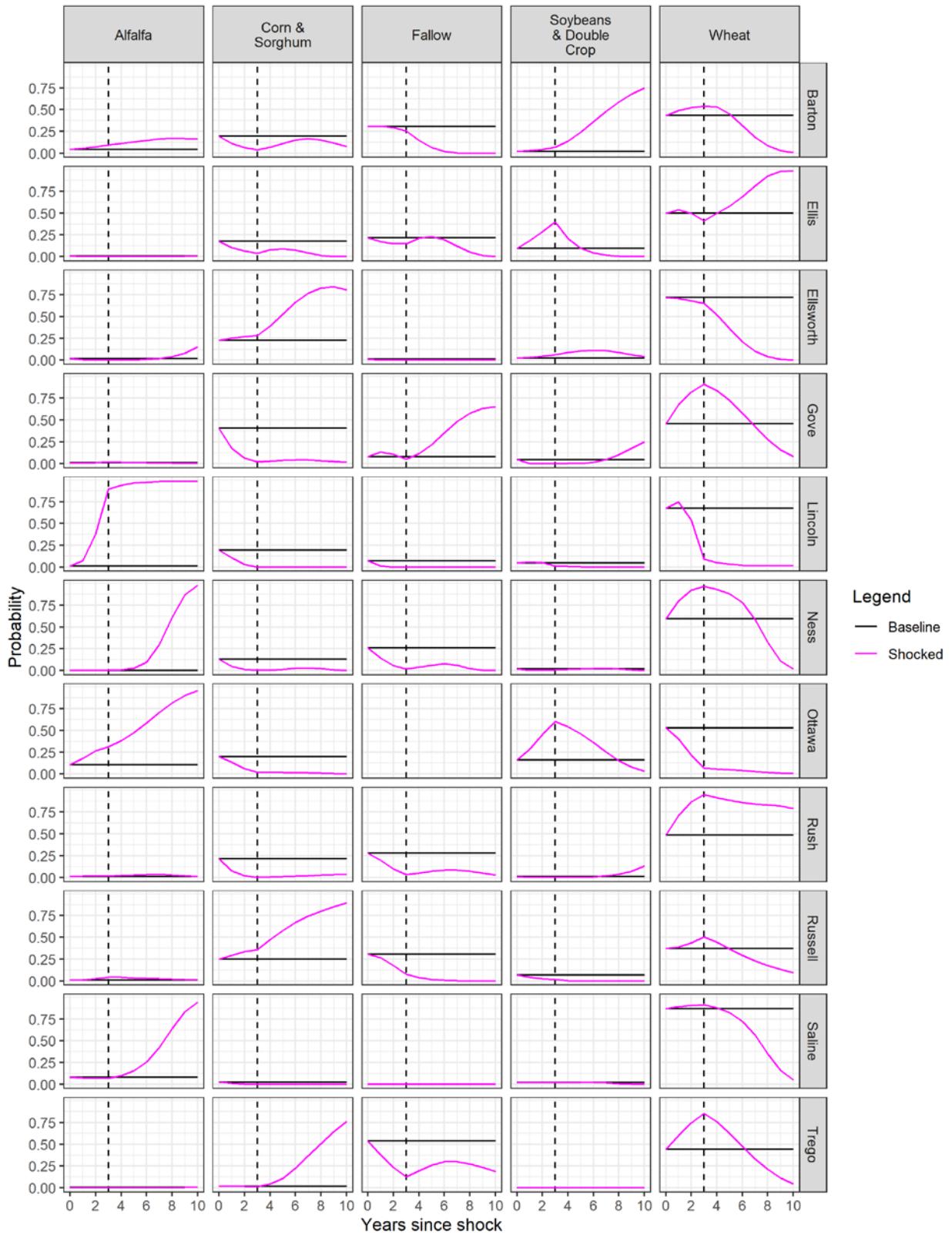


Figure 8. Simulated probabilities from permanent drought, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure



Figure 9. Average transition probabilities, NL-DML-RE, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

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¹ The empirical model can capture a longer history, as it incorporates initial conditions in the model.

² It should be noted that the conceptual framework does hold on-farm capital as fixed. Changes in on-farm capital could be another adaptation strategy, but this is beyond the scope of this study given the data used.

³ Greene (2012) notes that the initial conditions can have a crucial impact on the entire path of outcomes and, additionally, standard estimators are no longer consistent. To address the initial conditions problem, an alternative model was proposed by Wooldridge (2005) for the binary case. Though other techniques are available, such as that from Heckman (1981), the approach from Wooldridge (2005) is appealing as it results in a specification which is estimable by standard econometric software.

⁴ Alternatively, Wooldridge (2005) notes another popular approach is to specify a density $g(y_0 | \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{u})$ to

yield: $f(y_0, y_1, \dots, y_T | \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{u}, \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}, \boldsymbol{\rho}) = \prod_{t=1}^T \prod_{j=0}^{d_t^J} \left(\Lambda(\mathbf{z}'_t, \mathbf{d}'_{t-1}, \mathbf{u}; \bar{\boldsymbol{\beta}}_j, \boldsymbol{\rho}_j) \right)^{d_t^J} g(y_0 | \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{u})$. This expression can then be integrated with respect to a density $h(\mathbf{u} | \mathbf{z})$ – specified by the researcher – to obtain $f(y_0, y_1, \dots, y_T | \mathbf{z})$ (Wooldridge, 2005). While the resulting density can be estimated via maximum likelihood, the density $g(y_0 | \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{u})$ is extremely difficult – if not impossible – to define (Wooldridge 2010).

⁵ The original counties were adjusted slightly. Specifically, Sheridan County was dropped, and Ottawa County was brought in. This was done to limit the effects of irrigation, which are not captured in the empirical model. For the included counties, irrigated cropland averaged about 2% of total cropland from 2000 to 2015; Sheridan County averaged about 21% (USGS 2017).

⁶ Fields could have had multiple crops represented, but only the dominant crop was reported in the final land-use data set used for this study.

⁷ September and October of the previous calendar year for corn, sorghum, and soybeans and June and July of the same calendar year for wheat.

⁸ March and April for corn, sorghum and soybeans and September and October for wheat.

⁹ Expected prices were calculated for each of the 961 elevator locations. The expected-crop price for a given field was set equal to the price of the nearest elevator for which data was available. Data were not available for every crop-year-elevator combination, and so the expected price for a field across crops may come from different elevator locations both within and across years.

¹⁰ Additionally, Hendricks, Smith, and Sumner (2014) noted that with a short panel – 11 years in their case – the inclusion of fertilizer creates limitations in the ability to identify the impact of crop prices.

¹¹ Thanks to Dr. Jesse Tack of Kansas State University for his assistance with this.

¹² A one unit increase in the average number low precipitation days (*PrecLow*) is equal to 100 additional days throughout the growing season with 1 mm or less of precipitation.

Supplementary Appendix

A.1 Model Estimation Challenges

Estimation challenges arose when estimating the DML-RE land-use models. Some difficulties resulted from the software chosen, while others appear to be data driven. With respect to LIMDEP 10, one limitation with LIMDEP was that the multinomial logit with random parameters estimation procedure was limited to 150 parameters. In many applications this likely does not present a problem. However, with five outcome categories (which realistically could be further divided), the number of included variables could be constrained. Due to data-driven difficulties, the 150-parameter constraint was not binding for this article, but it could be in similar studies with different data. For example, in random effects models, it is generally recommended that a full set of time-specific dummy variables be included (Wooldridge 2010). Additionally, the model could include either the means or the full history of the time-varying explanatory variables, as suggested by Wooldridge (2005). An advantage of using LIMDEP 10 is that it provides APEs (through the PARTIALS command) and can be prompted to give individual-specific estimates of the random intercept for each category. When data-driven issues manifested, they at times resulted in a singular covariance matrix and at others resulted in the program crashing. In addition, the use of many binary variables (e.g. initial conditions and lagged dependent variables) can result in near collinearity between covariates, resulting in numerical issues during estimation, which likely resulted in some of the estimation issues encountered. The models were estimated in other statistical software as an additional robustness check, e.g. STATA, but similar estimation issues were encountered. Additionally, it was not clear that the field-specific intercepts were available as outputs

in these other software packages. Based on use of different algorithms and tolerance criteria, LIMDEP 10, provided the most robust estimation results for the models.

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Tables

Table SA1. Weather variable values for drought-shock simulations

	t	$t + 1$	$t + 2$	$t + 3$	$t + 4$	$t + 5$	$t + 6$	$t + 7$	$t + 8$	$t + 9$	$t + 10$
Baseline											
Prec1to3	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
Prec4to10	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
PrecLow1to3	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
PrecLow4to10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
GDD1to3	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
GDD4to10	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
GDDHigh1to3	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
GDDHigh4to10	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
1-Year Shock											
Prec1to3	5.42	4.90	4.90	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
Prec4to10	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
PrecLow1to3	1.75	1.83	1.83	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
PrecLow4to10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79
GDD1to3	2.04	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
GDD4to10	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07
GDDHigh1to3	0.90	1.15	1.15	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
GDDHigh4to10	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
2-Year Shock											
Prec1to3	5.42	4.90	4.37	4.37	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
Prec4to10	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97
PrecLow1to3	1.75	1.83	1.92	1.92	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
PrecLow4to10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82
GDD1to3	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.20	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
GDD4to10	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11
GDDHigh1to3	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.41	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
GDDHigh4to10	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12
3-Year Shock											
Prec1to3	5.42	4.90	4.37	3.85	4.37	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
Prec4to10	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75
PrecLow1to3	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	1.92	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
PrecLow4to10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86
GDD1to3	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
GDD4to10	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14
GDDHigh1to3	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.67	1.41	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
GDDHigh4to10	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23
Persistent Shock											
Prec1to3	5.42	4.90	4.37	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85
Prec4to10	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.75	4.52	4.30	4.07	3.85
PrecLow1to3	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
PrecLow4to10	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.86	1.89	1.93	1.97	2.00
GDD1to3	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28
GDD4to10	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.14	2.18	2.21	2.25	2.28
GDDHigh1to3	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67
GDDHigh4to10	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.23	1.34	1.45	1.56	1.67

Table SA2. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Barton County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.27799 (-1.63)	0.42800** (2.31)	-0.0934 (-0.50)	-0.03459 (-0.21)
<i>Acres</i>	-0.22269*** (-2.99)	-0.63705*** (-7.19)	-0.16274* (-1.88)	-0.20731*** (-2.95)
P_A	1.82282* (1.80)	-2.31538** (-2.13)	0.3554 (0.32)	-0.36337 (-0.37)
P_{Sor}	0.36064* (1.82)	1.20585*** (5.57)	-0.78318*** (-3.51)	-0.08488 (-0.44)
P_{Soy}	0.10767 (0.60)	-1.20661*** (-6.21)	0.71410*** (3.53)	-0.03103 (-0.18)
P_W	-0.32436* (-1.87)	0.86856*** (4.67)	-0.36693* (-1.90)	0.23453 (1.40)
$Prec1to3$	1.63327 (1.43)	5.78968*** (4.47)	-0.52678 (-0.43)	3.78280*** (3.51)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.13389 (-1.51)	-0.44690*** (-4.42)	0.03266 (0.34)	-0.29409*** (-3.52)
$Prec4to10$	8.95169 (1.63)	14.7589** (2.37)	0.13994 (0.02)	13.2912*** (2.62)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.91475** (-1.97)	-1.56534*** (-2.97)	-0.13323 (-0.25)	-1.17527*** (-2.74)
$PrecLow1to3$	-1.7699 (-1.32)	0.56632 (0.38)	-1.10239 (-0.74)	0.23169 (0.19)
$PrecLow4to10$	-0.76488 (-0.51)	-2.95739* (-1.72)	-3.20227* (-1.90)	-3.64649*** (-2.61)
$GDD1to3$	-8.19214*** (-3.00)	-7.36785** (-2.49)	-1.36968 (-0.45)	-2.53276 (-0.96)
$GDD4to10$	1.16017 (0.57)	3.51677 (1.53)	2.65717 (1.17)	-3.69328* (-1.94)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-0.38935 (-0.20)	3.03825 (1.48)	-0.35799 (-0.17)	1.08986 (0.58)
$GDDHigh4to10$	0.65258 (0.32)	-15.2057*** (-6.73)	0.62163 (0.27)	-0.1077 (-0.05)
CS_{t-1}	5.29217*** (42.04)	6.73368*** (41.35)	5.88337*** (40.74)	3.97136*** (37.00)
F_{t-1}	2.62361*** (13.72)	1.82293*** (7.83)	1.95238*** (7.17)	5.09212*** (33.29)
SD_{t-1}	4.93716*** (30.64)	5.06418*** (25.50)	4.63882*** (27.93)	4.67451*** (31.45)
W_{t-1}	5.03563*** (54.65)	3.92585*** (28.22)	3.73450*** (32.67)	4.44175*** (76.08)
CS_0	0.96181*** (10.10)	0.85116*** (7.46)	0.31559*** (2.9)	0.50957*** (5.63)
F_0	1.92865*** (8.87)	2.69253*** (11.74)	1.66695*** (7.14)	1.47101*** (6.97)
W_0	0.57520*** (9.99)	1.30168*** (17.17)	0.35372*** (5.00)	0.75967*** (14.55)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	-10.9783 (-0.61)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.51064*** (41.27)
\hat{a}_F	-28.7704 (-1.42)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	1.07834*** (53.44)
\hat{a}_{SD}	5.15183 (0.25)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.73635*** (36.35)
\hat{a}_W	-32.2240* (-1.93)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.26611*** (25.57)

Table SA3. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ellis County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	0.73236 (1.11)	1.16585* (1.77)	1.10547 (1.62)	0.84896 (1.29)
<i>Acres</i>	0.57164 (0.83)	0.5208 (0.76)	0.19608 (0.28)	0.71447 (1.04)
P_A	-5.13303 (-1.39)	-7.09901* (-1.91)	-10.2759*** (-2.67)	-6.32205* (-1.71)
P_{Sor}	-0.79059 (-0.64)	-0.33079 (-0.27)	-6.60792*** (-5.01)	-1.34122 (-1.08)
P_{Soy}	0.10111 (0.15)	-0.5324 (-0.81)	2.96317*** (4.20)	0.27166 (0.41)
P_W	-0.08597 (-0.11)	0.2222 (0.29)	0.15832 (0.20)	-0.05251 (-0.07)
<i>Prec1to3</i>	4.03571 (0.33)	2.45221 (0.20)	9.35816 (0.76)	8.60753 (0.71)
<i>Prec1to3^2</i>	-0.47886 (-0.41)	-0.3492 (-0.30)	-0.97196 (-0.82)	-0.98111 (-0.84)
<i>Prec4to10</i>	64.6132* (1.83)	58.3029* (1.65)	19.6935 (0.55)	20.609 (0.58)
<i>Prec4to10^2</i>	-6.61131* (-1.94)	-5.97171* (-1.76)	-2.06501 (-0.60)	-2.19388 (-0.65)
<i>PrecLow1to3</i>	-13.4797* (-1.87)	-19.9271*** (-2.76)	-24.0993*** (-3.20)	-17.1626** (-2.38)
<i>PrecLow4to10</i>	9.60951 (1.31)	17.9855** (2.45)	15.5600** (2.06)	13.6804* (1.87)
<i>GDD1to3</i>	1.23936 (0.15)	3.0642 (0.37)	17.7216** (1.99)	6.32265 (0.77)
<i>GDD4to10</i>	10.9446 (0.85)	17.885 (1.38)	3.8627 (0.29)	16.4549 (1.28)
<i>GDDHigh1to3</i>	8.53006 (1.31)	10.8759* (1.67)	13.8774** (2.08)	9.78691 (1.50)
<i>GDDHigh4to10</i>	-13.6278* (-1.88)	-19.7917*** (-2.72)	-24.3928*** (-3.22)	-14.7191** (-2.03)
CS_{t-1}	6.45125*** (9.67)	8.45485*** (10.86)	6.50931*** (8.74)	5.82840*** (8.04)
F_{t-1}	5.85823*** (6.64)	5.74981*** (6.01)	5.54801*** (5.89)	9.09574*** (10.28)
SD_{t-1}	5.46653*** (7.27)	6.62219*** (8.37)	5.23727*** (7.31)	5.23669*** (6.95)
W_{t-1}	7.46280*** (14.56)	7.16099*** (11.47)	6.00323*** (10.80)	7.36073*** (16.73)
CS_0	0.73011 (1.38)	0.8201 (1.53)	-0.33765 (-0.60)	0.59765 (1.13)
F_0	1.61013*** (2.82)	3.01534*** (5.25)	1.59190*** (2.66)	1.65080*** (2.92)
W_0	1.09646*** (2.98)	2.35386*** (6.37)	0.74211* (1.91)	1.74368*** (4.78)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
\hat{a}_{CS}	-175.089* (-1.85)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.86969*** (52.50)	
\hat{a}_F	-171.702* (-1.81)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	1.05202*** (59.67)	
\hat{a}_{SD}	-87.14 (-0.90)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.68537*** (16.58)	
\hat{a}_W	-97.3403 (-1.03)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.31764*** (23.46)	

Table SA4. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ellsworth County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	0.89479** (2.25)	0.6249 (1.41)	0.63609 (1.55)	0.66139* (1.73)
<i>Acres</i>	0.27035 (1.30)	-0.31984 (-1.42)	0.46223** (2.19)	0.44568** (2.18)
P_A	-4.99193** (-2.13)	-4.19548 (-1.61)	-4.26700* (-1.77)	-4.56484** (-2.00)
P_{Sor}	-0.0783 (-0.11)	-1.1387 (-1.55)	-1.36669* (-1.88)	-1.07785 (-1.59)
P_{Soy}	-0.64081 (-1.59)	-0.45053 (-1.00)	0.21087 (0.49)	-0.07149 (-0.19)
P_W	0.80257* (1.71)	1.29213** (2.54)	0.56059 (1.15)	0.80321* (1.75)
$Prec1to3$	1.06627 (0.31)	8.34525** (2.22)	-0.4901 (-0.13)	0.60936 (0.18)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.12272 (-0.46)	-0.73260** (-2.53)	0.0638 (0.23)	-0.10906 (-0.42)
$Prec4to10$	-2.49944 (-0.21)	49.2329*** (3.69)	9.21483 (0.74)	15.3965 (1.33)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.0862 (-0.09)	-4.36152*** (-4.04)	-0.85646 (-0.85)	-1.46664 (-1.57)
$PrecLow1to3$	5.03506* (1.90)	0.89026 (0.32)	8.63970*** (3.03)	4.39537* (1.73)
$PrecLow4to10$	-10.4686*** (-3.13)	-1.27082 (-0.36)	-11.8175*** (-3.38)	-10.2946*** (-3.17)
$GDD1to3$	12.8932** (2.42)	24.4461*** (4.09)	3.47132 (0.61)	16.6839*** (3.30)
$GDD4to10$	17.9086*** (3.25)	18.6223*** (3.07)	11.4068** (1.98)	1.80886 (0.34)
$GDDHigh1to3$	1.10741 (0.28)	-6.26842 (-1.41)	4.29399 (1.05)	-1.07227 (-0.29)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-18.2152*** (-4.39)	-26.9655*** (-5.72)	-8.15077* (-1.85)	-12.3604*** (-3.09)
CS_{t-1}	5.37460*** (16.54)	7.36059*** (16.72)	5.65903*** (18.01)	3.95793*** (14.57)
F_{t-1}	2.44871*** (4.59)	1.03524 (1.52)	1.66394** (2.55)	5.69775*** (12.68)
SD_{t-1}	4.35564*** (11.83)	5.42948*** (11.92)	3.85345*** (11.98)	4.35791*** (14.69)
W_{t-1}	5.14169*** (21.86)	4.21175*** (11.58)	3.84589*** (15.16)	5.07659*** (28.84)
CS_0	-0.05325 (-0.24)	-0.42972* (-1.65)	-0.55865** (-2.32)	-0.16003 (-0.75)
SD_0	-0.35607 (-1.37)	-0.85305*** (-2.77)	-0.20929 (-0.76)	-0.80314*** (-3.21)
W_0	0.69165*** (4.31)	1.26085*** (6.88)	0.62168*** (3.42)	0.93631*** (6.16)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	-22.6399 (-0.54)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.34240*** (17.51)
\hat{a}_F	-53.9722 (-1.35)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	0.31419*** (18.54)
\hat{a}_{SD}	-46.6558 (-1.08)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.88550*** (26.58)
\hat{a}_W	-222.580*** (-4.92)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	1.43991*** (37.86)

Table SA5. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Gove County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.99961 (-0.94)	-1.07182 (-1.00)	-1.1367 (-1.01)	-0.02521 (-0.02)
<i>Acres</i>	1.86127*** (2.98)	1.76784*** (2.83)	1.52177** (2.42)	1.78492*** (2.86)
P_A	4.04601 (0.75)	3.12713 (0.58)	2.09504 (0.37)	-1.58318 (-0.30)
P_{Sor}	-0.45606 (-0.49)	-0.49098 (-0.53)	-2.79585** (-2.31)	-0.08736 (-0.09)
P_{Soy}	0.89734 (1.37)	0.95727 (1.46)	2.84568*** (3.36)	0.04711 (0.07)
P_W	-1.1173 (-1.40)	-1.52324* (-1.90)	-1.80972** (-1.98)	-0.20114 (-0.25)
$Prec1to3$	14.2365 (1.15)	26.9723** (2.18)	4.14886 (0.32)	16.7627 (1.36)
$Prec1to3^2$	-1.4676 (-1.03)	-2.84146** (-1.98)	-0.62552 (-0.41)	-1.75762 (-1.23)
$Prec4to10$	3.59399 (0.25)	7.84898 (0.53)	18.3317 (1.20)	4.3224 (0.29)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.44258 (-0.32)	-0.9852 (-0.71)	-1.53153 (-1.06)	-0.43341 (-0.31)
$PrecLow1to3$	5.04127 (0.66)	5.12276 (0.67)	-5.09271 (-0.63)	2.19571 (0.29)
$PrecLow4to10$	-4.55484 (-0.45)	-1.21863 (-0.12)	8.52409 (0.80)	-1.07531 (-0.11)
$GDD1to3$	-4.0715 (-0.25)	-12.5432 (-0.77)	-20.3776 (-1.12)	-2.40607 (-0.15)
$GDD4to10$	3.76 (0.20)	2.01521 (0.11)	14.3054 (0.70)	-2.8267 (-0.15)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-5.67074 (-0.61)	0.60868 (0.07)	-4.99787 (-0.51)	1.42022 (0.15)
$GDDHigh4to10$	5.66371 (0.38)	9.0735 (0.60)	18.132 (1.12)	1.80312 (0.12)
CS_{t-1}	6.53220*** (13.15)	7.64102*** (11.83)	6.43518*** (6.40)	5.75360*** (9.67)
F_{t-1}	6.57590*** (7.09)	5.32554*** (5.02)	7.37384*** (5.93)	9.12315*** (8.53)
SD_{t-1}	5.54420*** (4.89)	6.01609*** (5.01)	5.16444*** (4.39)	4.68787*** (4.30)
W_{t-1}	7.39445*** (14.47)	5.33363*** (10.92)	5.75094*** (5.89)	5.85055*** (11.38)
CS_0	1.46277*** (3.82)	1.96981*** (4.78)	0.54926 (1.06)	1.32160*** (3.45)
F_0	2.26658*** (4.33)	4.14123*** (7.72)	1.11428* (1.76)	2.20710*** (4.19)
W_0	1.55158*** (3.99)	3.04133*** (7.74)	0.59978 (1.25)	1.90115*** (4.77)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	-44.8042 (-1.06)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.70047*** (45.79)
\hat{a}_F	-74.3747* (-1.75)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	0.95911*** (51.98)
\hat{a}_{SD}	-70.6708 (-1.60)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.85780*** (15.16)
\hat{a}_W	-45.4059 (-1.07)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.33040*** (20.18)

Table SA6. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Lincoln County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.39082** (-2.22)	0.17665 (0.75)	-0.88906*** (-5.03)	-0.41076** (-2.51)
<i>Acres</i>	-0.12932 (-1.30)	-0.70901*** (-4.95)	-0.08686 (-0.82)	-0.11354 (-1.26)
P_A	1.61278*** (2.69)	-1.32458 (-1.54)	2.64924*** (4.45)	1.17746** (2.15)
P_{Sor}	0.89839** (2.53)	0.82166* (1.79)	-0.99917*** (-2.65)	0.68634* (1.95)
P_{Soy}	-0.26787 (-1.30)	-0.96435*** (-3.67)	1.05483*** (4.83)	-0.26481 (-1.30)
P_W	0.17496 (1.07)	1.19398*** (5.43)	-0.17012 (-1.02)	0.24277 (1.52)
$Prec1to3$	9.68654*** (2.89)	27.3783*** (6.64)	0.70505 (0.20)	6.46160** (2.03)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.74476*** (-2.70)	-2.15573*** (-6.37)	-0.02617 (-0.09)	-0.49432* (-1.88)
$Prec4to10$	-15.2202*** (-3.25)	10.6212 (1.61)	0.14998 (0.03)	-14.2679*** (-3.31)
$Prec4to10^2$	1.26523*** (3.26)	-0.83606 (-1.51)	0.03938 (0.10)	1.21739*** (3.42)
$PrecLow1to3$	-14.3818*** (-6.93)	-20.0625*** (-7.55)	-8.12596*** (-3.81)	-7.63963*** (-3.86)
$PrecLow4to10$	13.0065*** (6.11)	26.4286*** (9.49)	5.05276** (2.31)	12.5807*** (6.19)
$GDD1to3$	-8.94863*** (-3.82)	-4.75975 (-1.60)	-5.00788** (-2.06)	-2.80225 (-1.25)
$GDD4to10$	-28.7799*** (-10.31)	-55.4249*** (-12.78)	-27.5654*** (-9.32)	-28.1493*** (-10.98)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-1.97909** (-2.32)	-2.20774* (-1.86)	-5.28851*** (-6.11)	-4.01682*** (-5.20)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-3.36960*** (-4.90)	-9.57205*** (-10.38)	1.61570** (2.21)	-3.63384*** (-5.66)
CS_{t-1}	5.64296*** (30.29)	7.94957*** (24.11)	5.72504*** (30.42)	2.63023*** (15.66)
SD_{t-1}	5.07680*** (24.76)	6.35002*** (18.14)	4.68328*** (25.74)	3.58299*** (20.76)
W_{t-1}	5.05344*** (33.54)	4.61686*** (14.70)	3.85136*** (27.07)	3.59002*** (31.23)
CS_0	1.22812*** (11.49)	1.49156*** (9.14)	0.63425*** (5.42)	1.39862*** (14.34)
W_0	0.68472*** (9.50)	1.37539*** (11.02)	0.34602*** (4.43)	1.06578*** (17.24)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
\hat{a}_{CS}	96.1607*** (6.20)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.00246 (0.15)	
\hat{a}_F	-0.394 (-0.02)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	1.21511*** (29.20)	
\hat{a}_{SD}	65.0568*** (3.94)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.40894*** (28.94)	
\hat{a}_W	83.2925*** (5.72)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.74334*** (33.71)	

Table SA7. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ness County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.55753 (-0.31)	-0.50398 (-0.28)	-0.76213 (-0.41)	-0.08891 (-0.05)
<i>Acres</i>	1.26967** (2.53)	1.48033*** (2.94)	0.71448 (1.37)	1.26321** (2.51)
P_A	3.24111 (0.33)	2.25745 (0.23)	-1.01897 (-0.10)	0.38603 (0.04)
P_{Sor}	-0.75168 (-0.48)	-0.44297 (-0.28)	-2.48677 (-1.39)	-0.91613 (-0.58)
P_{Soy}	0.70915 (0.53)	0.35969 (0.27)	2.02303 (1.40)	0.29659 (0.22)
P_W	-0.06016 (-0.04)	0.13974 (0.10)	-0.4038 (-0.27)	0.50527 (0.36)
$Prec1to3$	18.3187 (0.74)	18.7503 (0.76)	0.90592 (0.04)	19.2609 (0.78)
$Prec1to3^2$	-1.86385 (-0.72)	-1.89873 (-0.74)	-0.12158 (-0.05)	-1.95801 (-0.76)
$Prec4to10$	24.7339 (0.80)	35.6285 (1.16)	11.5384 (0.36)	19.1033 (0.62)
$Prec4to10^2$	-2.1444 (-0.72)	-3.32296 (-1.12)	-0.74295 (-0.24)	-1.4621 (-0.49)
$PrecLow1to3$	-4.6072 (-0.32)	-2.19887 (-0.15)	-4.46654 (-0.30)	0.15083 (0.01)
$PrecLow4to10$	18.9782 (1.04)	19.6169 (1.07)	22.6584 (1.21)	16.7867 (0.92)
$GDD1to3$	0.71623 (0.04)	4.84982 (0.28)	11.4635 (0.62)	15.1384 (0.87)
$GDD4to10$	-13.0996 (-0.74)	-3.25816 (-0.18)	8.44741 (0.44)	-5.70046 (-0.32)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-5.54555 (-0.37)	-6.11409 (-0.41)	-7.55585 (-0.49)	-4.96098 (-0.33)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-2.56249 (-0.24)	-9.99891 (-0.92)	-11.2349 (-0.94)	-9.47055 (-0.87)
CS_{t-1}	6.36173*** (9.39)	8.95998*** (9.93)	7.41472*** (4.04)	6.22235*** (9.05)
F_{t-1}	6.33537*** (5.55)	6.41541*** (6.23)	8.22039*** (4.22)	9.83532*** (8.53)
SD_{t-1}	4.82968*** (4.87)	6.39144*** (5.77)	6.49056*** (4.68)	4.47398*** (4.20)
W_{t-1}	7.58218*** (12.94)	7.75465*** (11.44)	6.75817*** (4.12)	6.94108*** (11.58)
CS_0	1.0658 (1.63)	1.67376** (2.52)	0.23707 (0.29)	1.20503* (1.83)
F_0	-0.08234 (-0.17)	2.24129*** (4.60)	-0.80833 (-1.16)	0.67375 (1.39)
W_0	0.13674 (0.31)	2.21381*** (4.60)	0.02863 (0.04)	1.23718*** (2.81)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	-112.997 (-0.99)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	1.19704*** (59.39)
\hat{a}_F	-165.614 (-1.45)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	0.99074*** (58.68)
\hat{a}_{SD}	-102.081 (-0.87)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.39007*** (6.50)
\hat{a}_W	-145.502 (-1.27)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.17551*** (11.10)

Table SA8. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ottawa County

	CS_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.51021** (-2.50)	-0.20173 (-1.07)	-0.30943* (-1.73)
<i>Acres</i>	0.12836 (1.28)	-0.08633 (-0.87)	0.26319*** (2.87)
P_A	1.52064* (1.89)	0.23139 (0.31)	0.85808 (1.20)
P_{Sor}	-0.11505 (-0.37)	-1.01941*** (-3.27)	0.34499 (1.19)
P_{Soy}	0.1716 (0.80)	.58452*** (2.79)	-0.26474 (-1.36)
P_W	-0.17584 (-1.01)	-0.05922 (-0.35)	-0.02609 (-0.16)
<i>Prec1to3</i>	3.2069 (0.87)	-3.31163 (-0.92)	4.31513 (1.28)
<i>Prec1to3^2</i>	-0.29278 (-0.98)	0.23284 (0.79)	-0.33237 (-1.21)
<i>Prec4to10</i>	11.1442*** (2.62)	14.5688*** (3.63)	6.86406* (1.87)
<i>Prec4to10^2</i>	-.92523*** (-2.74)	-1.14678*** (-3.61)	-0.48520* (-1.67)
<i>PrecLow1to3</i>	-0.65301 (-0.28)	1.97554 (0.88)	-0.13718 (-0.06)
<i>PrecLow4to10</i>	4.63919* (1.70)	5.83437** (2.22)	1.96364 (0.77)
<i>GDD1to3</i>	2.21915 (0.91)	4.97747** (2.11)	-0.04877 (-0.02)
<i>GDD4to10</i>	12.0252*** (4.43)	14.9914*** (5.67)	7.98328*** (3.32)
<i>GDDHigh1to3</i>	-4.86337*** (-4.14)	-4.37021*** (-3.97)	-2.83673*** (-2.69)
<i>GDDHigh4to10</i>	-4.81997*** (-4.15)	-5.37339*** (-4.83)	-3.06671*** (-2.99)
CS_{t-1}	5.83568*** (22.31)	6.14390*** (23.66)	4.26638*** (16.92)
SD_{t-1}	5.00811*** (24.07)	4.45516*** (24.81)	4.63379*** (26.31)
W_{t-1}	3.82568*** (26.63)	3.38087*** (26.44)	4.64185*** (44.69)
CS_0	0.94382*** (5.46)	0.90498*** (5.40)	0.77399*** (4.79)
SD_0	0.32028 (1.55)	0.55403*** (2.92)	-0.09571 (-0.52)
W_0	0.35766*** (3.63)	0.34393*** (3.70)	0.38994*** (4.53)
\hat{a}_{CS}	-71.7648*** (-4.26)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.00055 (0.03)
\hat{a}_{SD}	-83.3522*** (-5.09)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.68633*** (32.40)
\hat{a}_W	-51.4653*** (-3.44)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.47032*** (27.51)

Table SA9. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Rush County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.09428 (-0.17)	0.5638 (1.02)	-0.67336 (-1.12)	0.42995 (0.79)
<i>Acres</i>	0.00972 (0.06)	0.28667* (1.72)	-0.35834* (-1.80)	-0.074 (-0.45)
P_A	-2.96906 (-0.91)	-6.24362* (-1.91)	-1.34468 (-0.38)	-6.81049** (-2.11)
P_{Sor}	1.24435*** (2.66)	1.72317*** (3.67)	-0.81263 (-1.56)	1.05316** (2.27)
P_{Soy}	-0.77357* (-1.92)	-1.55350*** (-3.83)	0.69637 (1.57)	-1.21272*** (-3.03)
P_W	0.50707 (0.91)	0.93929* (1.69)	0.06794 (0.12)	1.05933* (1.94)
$Prec1to3$	1.29759 (0.33)	6.18539 (1.55)	-5.39835 (-1.22)	2.51301 (0.63)
$Prec1to3^2$	0.04425 (0.12)	-0.43822 (-1.18)	0.62589 (1.51)	-0.12778 (-0.35)
$Prec4to10$	-18.3516 (-1.54)	-3.00739 (-0.25)	-24.0678* (-1.95)	-24.1038** (-2.04)
$Prec4to10^2$	1.42946 (1.34)	-0.02661 (-0.02)	2.10573* (1.90)	2.00558* (1.90)
$PrecLow1to3$	-6.2571 (-1.10)	-11.2476** (-1.97)	-2.34059 (-0.39)	-2.50712 (-0.45)
$PrecLow4to10$	8.48505* (1.87)	18.3032*** (4.02)	10.1936** (2.13)	17.4143*** (3.88)
$GDD1to3$	-31.6542*** (-4.40)	-32.9571*** (-4.56)	-21.6278*** (-2.87)	-19.0426*** (-2.65)
$GDD4to10$	5.0272 (0.92)	8.98058 (1.63)	15.2821** (2.52)	3.09786 (0.57)
$GDDHigh1to3$	9.81871* (1.73)	14.8356*** (2.61)	4.62341 (0.75)	11.2720** (2.01)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-11.9341** (-2.52)	-16.2037*** (-3.40)	-10.3748** (-2.07)	-19.0601*** (-4.07)
CS_{t-1}	4.68534*** (16.71)	6.89657*** (18.78)	5.30546*** (14.72)	4.31597*** (16.20)
F_{t-1}	3.31807*** (7.98)	2.23369*** (4.92)	3.51938*** (6.95)	6.94621*** (17.90)
SD_{t-1}	4.15105*** (11.74)	5.11926*** (10.94)	3.60653*** (10.10)	4.44263*** (13.14)
W_{t-1}	5.54018*** (25.47)	4.76565*** (16.02)	3.74446*** (11.93)	5.21268*** (31.20)
CS_0	1.12079*** (5.55)	1.50508*** (7.25)	0.19812 (0.85)	1.18103*** (6.24)
F_0	1.82908*** (7.49)	3.57350*** (14.47)	1.48187*** (5.24)	1.98275*** (8.29)
W_0	1.13471*** (7.07)	2.88440*** (17.15)	0.79644*** (4.03)	1.94966*** (12.63)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	104.225** (2.28)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.91292*** (52.47)
\hat{a}_F	38.8063 (0.85)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	1.20174*** (61.08)
\hat{a}_{SD}	82.1243* (1.72)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.92242*** (21.99)
\hat{a}_W	81.4738* (1.80)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.03376** (2.41)

Table SA10. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Russell County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.12132 (-0.19)	0.31724 (0.49)	-0.57202 (-0.88)	-0.38826 (-0.60)
<i>Acres</i>	0.04474 (0.09)	0.03614 (0.07)	-0.16934 (-0.33)	0.01997 (0.04)
P_A	0.68709 (0.22)	-1.04567 (-0.33)	1.32201 (0.41)	0.74404 (0.24)
P_{Sor}	0.88737 (1.26)	1.37421 [*] (1.95)	-1.23522 [*] (-1.73)	0.49411 (0.70)
P_{Soy}	-0.38545 (-0.72)	-1.12914 ^{**} (-2.10)	1.09838 ^{**} (2.03)	-0.27123 (-0.51)
P_W	-0.4334 (-0.71)	-0.01561 (-0.03)	-0.77886 (-1.25)	-0.16091 (-0.26)
$Prec1to3$	0.89002 (0.09)	9.18632 (0.91)	-0.24105 (-0.02)	-2.15189 (-0.22)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.08281 (-0.09)	-0.87082 (-0.96)	0.04216 (0.05)	0.20655 (0.23)
$Prec4to10$	-7.39428 (-0.35)	-15.6741 (-0.73)	15.6443 (0.72)	-1.5843 (-0.08)
$Prec4to10^2$	0.25341 (0.14)	0.75804 (0.40)	-1.5658 (-0.83)	-0.01957 (-0.01)
$PrecLow1to3$	-5.45199 (-0.90)	-8.61306 (-1.41)	-4.05978 (-0.67)	-5.25567 (-0.87)
$PrecLow4to10$	-3.89487 (-1.42)	-4.56620 [*] (-1.67)	-0.80844 (-0.30)	-3.05025 (-1.12)
$GDD1to3$	-9.25641 (-1.12)	3.49543 (0.42)	-6.8049 (-0.81)	-9.51538 (-1.16)
$GDD4to10$	25.2031 ^{***} (2.67)	28.6204 ^{***} (2.98)	4.86143 (0.50)	26.4219 ^{***} (2.82)
$GDDHigh1to3$	1.31632 (0.20)	-3.10249 (-0.46)	-2.41354 (-0.36)	0.8509 (0.13)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-12.5260 ^{**} (-2.36)	-29.9857 ^{***} (-5.58)	-12.3161 ^{**} (-2.29)	-11.7066 ^{**} (-2.21)
CS_{t-1}	7.55932 ^{***} (11.59)	9.15188 ^{***} (14.02)	7.43274 ^{***} (11.20)	6.44302 ^{***} (10.03)
F_{t-1}	5.00363 ^{***} (4.51)	3.83832 ^{***} (3.50)	4.96031 ^{***} (4.36)	8.52605 ^{***} (7.81)
SD_{t-1}	5.14397 ^{***} (11.92)	5.19480 ^{***} (10.48)	4.34486 ^{***} (11.04)	4.87212 ^{***} (12.40)
W_{t-1}	6.79216 ^{***} (19.61)	5.22165 ^{***} (12.96)	4.91102 ^{***} (13.48)	6.26974 ^{***} (20.15)
CS_0	2.23283 ^{**} (2.51)	2.15331 ^{**} (2.40)	1.65209 [*] (1.85)	2.29224 ^{***} (2.58)
F_0	1.896504 [*] (1.66)	2.89643 ^{***} (2.59)	1.61914 (1.42)	1.76243 (1.59)
W_0	0.48792 ^{**} (2.09)	1.42030 ^{***} (5.93)	0.3757 (1.54)	0.93861 ^{***} (4.03)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
\hat{a}_{CS}	24.8646 (0.31)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.57925 ^{***} (31.63)	
\hat{a}_F	5.5885 (0.07)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	0.22113 ^{***} (13.57)	
\hat{a}_{SD}	-14.2399 (-0.17)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.71943 ^{***} (21.99)	
\hat{a}_W	28.6275 (0.35)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	1.30600 ^{***} (47.59)	

Table SA11. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Saline County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	0.09299 (0.44)	-0.36549 (-0.32)	-0.07071 (-0.37)	0.12828 (0.71)
<i>Acres</i>	0.57393*** (4.13)	-0.65805 (-0.76)	0.61069*** (4.60)	0.83867*** (6.60)
P_A	-1.93446* (-1.83)	-6.17833 (-1.20)	-1.21343 (-1.24)	-1.63217* (-1.79)
P_{Sor}	-0.31179 (-0.91)	-3.43459*** (-2.85)	-0.53763 (-1.64)	0.4149 (1.32)
P_{Soy}	-0.31234 (-1.51)	0.90858 (1.05)	0.01856 (0.10)	-0.68437*** (-3.74)
P_W	0.75166*** (3.10)	2.59325** (2.56)	0.55511** (2.46)	0.61261*** (2.86)
$Prec1to3$	4.58158* (1.73)	8.97614 (0.79)	-0.97893 (-0.40)	1.28765 (0.56)
$Prec1to3^{^2}$	-0.34573* (-1.69)	-0.89671 (-1.09)	0.07969 (0.42)	-0.08995 (-0.50)
$Prec4to10$	16.2188*** (3.40)	63.1567** (2.26)	14.7003*** (3.47)	13.1478*** (3.26)
$Prec4to10^{^2}$	-1.34351*** (-3.69)	-5.11679** (-2.33)	-1.16394*** (-3.61)	-1.09254*** (-3.58)
$PrecLow1to3$	-2.97745 (-1.63)	-12.4439 (-1.51)	-2.43315 (-1.39)	1.38391 (0.87)
$PrecLow4to10$	-1.76726 (-0.92)	1.86395 (0.19)	-2.25247 (-1.21)	-0.81411 (-0.48)
$GDD1to3$	7.44180** (2.11)	7.181 (0.50)	-0.66044 (-0.21)	-1.96057 (-0.63)
$GDD4to10$	12.9705*** (3.66)	4.29609 (0.31)	18.4658*** (5.40)	7.77144** (2.38)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-1.39954 (-0.71)	-2.66405 (-0.27)	0.29803 (0.17)	1.60556 (0.96)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-10.7474*** (-5.11)	-11.9115 (-1.46)	-4.63083** (-2.31)	-5.38777*** (-2.77)
CS_{t-1}	6.31044*** (20.34)	5.82347*** (6.56)	5.99892*** (19.95)	3.89574*** (13.36)
SD_{t-1}	5.40731*** (23.20)	4.35303*** (5.39)	4.28659*** (23.26)	4.19688*** (23.86)
W_{t-1}	3.87746*** (19.90)	2.85394*** (3.39)	3.16929*** (24.14)	4.08745*** (39.19)
CS_0	0.75415*** (3.69)	-1.70942 (-1.17)	0.60202*** (3.00)	0.41634** (2.14)
SD_0	0.33574* (1.75)	0.07691 (0.10)	0.37504** (2.00)	-0.0759 (-0.43)
W_0	0.65150*** (6.86)	0.00867 (0.02)	0.45274*** (5.08)	0.92060*** (11.57)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
\hat{a}_{CS}	-89.9609*** (-5.52)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.27639*** (12.30)	
\hat{a}_F	-214.978*** (-2.69)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	1.42037*** (8.59)	
\hat{a}_{SD}	-71.6026*** (-4.66)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	0.61492*** (29.17)	
\hat{a}_W	-52.3242*** (-3.65)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.64465*** (34.77)	

Table SA12. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Trego County

	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.79686 (-0.39)	-1.17719 (-0.57)	-0.9241 (-0.43)	-0.37786 (-0.18)
<i>Acres</i>	3.90516*** (2.60)	4.06853*** (2.71)	2.63640* (1.74)	3.84980** (2.56)
P_A	-0.74363 (-0.07)	0.66436 (0.06)	-5.28404 (-0.46)	-2.45658 (-0.22)
P_{Sor}	-2.23099 (-1.06)	-1.6879 (-0.80)	-6.16284*** (-2.60)	-2.72775 (-1.29)
P_{Soy}	1.20254 (0.97)	0.84407 (0.68)	3.62832** (2.53)	1.19521 (0.96)
P_W	-0.28553 (-0.16)	-0.23812 (-0.13)	0.30934 (0.15)	0.14786 (0.08)
$Prec1to3$	30.8611* (1.78)	28.4407* (1.65)	14.9701 (0.83)	29.8634* (1.73)
$Prec1to3^{^2}$	-3.26209* (-1.74)	-3.0153 (-1.62)	-1.49224 (-0.76)	-3.17347* (-1.70)
$Prec4to10$	30.8442* (1.84)	30.6393* (1.83)	21.5009 (1.21)	34.4630** (2.06)
$Prec4to10^{^2}$	-3.41419** (-1.97)	-3.28518* (-1.90)	-2.24101 (-1.23)	-3.49488** (-2.02)
$PrecLow1to3$	6.03004 (0.46)	6.04292 (0.46)	22.1255 (1.62)	11.8977 (0.91)
$PrecLow4to10$	-13.9018 (-0.81)	-12.2869 (-0.72)	-24.7065 (-1.41)	-12.3866 (-0.72)
$GDD1to3$	-23.8529 (-1.13)	-12.0579 (-0.57)	-31.6528 (-1.36)	-6.74393 (-0.32)
$GDD4to10$	27.6376 (0.46)	77.686 (1.30)	10.7181 (0.17)	51.4882 (0.86)
$GDDHigh1to3$	8.04941 (0.35)	1.25106 (0.05)	7.68757 (0.33)	2.69603 (0.12)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-0.8009 (-0.04)	-20.1133 (-0.93)	1.40581 (0.06)	-16.6098 (-0.77)
CS_{t-1}	7.93146*** (9.22)	10.3323*** (9.93)	7.00070*** (5.28)	7.56889*** (7.08)
F_{t-1}	6.24079*** (7.21)	6.38619*** (5.88)	5.24380*** (3.88)	9.84086*** (9.51)
SD_{t-1}	7.19339*** (3.78)	8.68895*** (4.59)	5.85761*** (3.81)	6.24335*** (3.39)
W_{t-1}	9.12747*** (12.38)	8.52477*** (9.15)	6.38305*** (5.42)	8.13886*** (10.30)
CS_0	2.39860*** (3.43)	2.58039*** (3.64)	2.20704** (2.48)	2.14348*** (2.97)
SD_0	2.48354*** (3.78)	3.63568*** (5.39)	3.03570*** (3.52)	2.22613*** (3.28)
W_0	1.83489*** (2.94)	2.94215*** (4.59)	1.75247** (2.10)	2.20325*** (3.43)

Means and standard deviations for random intercepts

\hat{a}_{CS}	-141.943 (-1.34)	$\hat{\sigma}_{CS}$	0.83550*** (48.11)
\hat{a}_F	-240.547** (-2.26)	$\hat{\sigma}_F$	0.82347*** (47.35)
\hat{a}_{SD}	-58.427 (-0.49)	$\hat{\sigma}_{SD}$	1.02800*** (15.55)
\hat{a}_W	-231.367** (-2.18)	$\hat{\sigma}_W$	0.52389*** (29.65)

Table SA13. Average Partial Effects, Weather Variables

Land-use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Lag structure: Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
Alfalfa	Barton	Prec – Short	-0.002 (-0.58)	-0.009* (-1.68)	-0.031*** (-6.16)	-0.046*** (-6.32)	0.006 (0.70)	0.011 (1.28)	-0.038*** (-4.57)	-0.007 (-0.75)
		Prec – Long	0.039*** (5.53)	0.022*** (2.59)	-0.065*** (-6.45)	-0.087*** (-6.61)	0.063*** (5.02)	0.069*** (4.91)	-0.063 (-1.53)	-0.029 (-0.67)
		PrecLow – Short	0.002 (0.05)	0.006 (0.16)	-0.204*** (-3.68)	-0.178*** (-3.18)	-0.031 (-0.67)	-0.013 (-0.28)	0.126* (1.65)	0.150** (1.97)
		PrecLow – Long	0.111*** (2.59)	0.098** (2.23)	0.125 (1.63)	0.180** (2.23)	0.151*** (3.30)	0.138*** (2.93)	1.252*** (4.68)	0.905*** (3.31)
		GDD – Short	0.127 (1.60)	0.116 (1.38)	-0.103 (-1.18)	0.027 (0.28)	0.514*** (4.97)	0.519*** (4.74)	0.494*** (2.97)	0.069 (0.38)
		GDD – Long	-0.060 (-1.35)	0.065 (1.08)	-2.061*** (-11.39)	-1.897*** (-9.94)	-0.485*** (-5.33)	-0.526*** (-5.21)	-2.766*** (-7.83)	-3.319*** (-9.13)
		GDDHigh – Short	-0.012 (-0.23)	-0.026 (-0.44)	-0.028 (-0.46)	-0.113 (-1.64)	0.109** (2.13)	0.143*** (2.74)	0.178*** (2.90)	0.291*** (4.46)
		GDDHigh – Long	0.143*** (2.98)	0.021 (0.33)	0.100 (1.52)	-0.040 (-0.46)	0.041 (0.92)	0.065 (1.40)	0.093 (0.80)	0.159 (1.36)
		Prec – Short	0.001 (0.39)	0.002 (0.83)	0.006** (2.10)	0.007** (2.23)	0.000 (0.05)	0.042*** (4.77)	0.013*** (2.65)	0.011** (2.26)
		Prec – Long	0.005** (2.00)	0.006** (2.00)	0.016*** (3.51)	0.017*** (3.67)	0.006 (1.28)	-0.024* (-1.65)	0.036** (2.24)	0.023 (1.32)
Ellis	Ellis	PrecLow – Short	0.030* (1.78)	0.034** (2.53)	0.045*** (2.82)	0.048*** (3.00)	0.006 (0.35)	-0.027 (-0.60)	0.008 (0.40)	0.008 (0.39)
		PrecLow – Long	-0.025* (-1.72)	-0.027* (-1.90)	-0.009 (-0.38)	-0.015 (-0.63)	0.010 (0.55)	0.157*** (3.51)	0.025 (0.34)	0.017 (0.23)
		GDD – Short	-0.001 (-0.05)	-0.010 (-0.60)	-0.067** (-2.50)	-0.064** (-2.32)	0.094** (2.50)	0.411*** (3.44)	0.026 (0.71)	0.023 (0.64)
		GDD – Long	-0.043 (-1.63)	-0.028 (-1.11)	-0.042 (-0.66)	-0.024 (-0.33)	-0.058 (-1.30)	0.264** (2.17)	-0.088 (-1.21)	-0.033 (-0.43)
		GDDHigh – Short	-0.021* (-1.90)	-0.020 (-1.53)	0.001 (0.09)	-0.005 (-0.28)	0.003 (0.22)	0.223*** (4.01)	-0.015 (-0.54)	0.006 (0.21)
		GDDHigh – Long	0.032** (2.46)	0.032** (2.26)	0.080*** (3.90)	0.076*** (3.50)	-0.010 (-0.44)	-0.377*** (-8.46)	-0.061 (-1.30)	-0.035 (-0.71)
		Prec – Short	0.007*** (2.58)	0.007* (1.78)	-0.013** (-2.52)	-0.021*** (-3.22)	0.006 (0.73)	0.009 (1.06)	-0.026*** (-2.76)	-0.024** (-2.29)

	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.033 (6.37)	0.030*** (5.44)	-0.033*** (-2.84)	-0.042*** (-3.51)	0.043*** (4.49)	0.053*** (4.92)	-0.081* (-1.87)	-0.074 (-1.61)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.053* (-1.86)	-0.054* (-1.87)	-0.001 (-0.02)	0.006 (0.12)	-0.056* (-1.69)	-0.039 (-1.05)	-0.035 (-0.71)	-0.042 (-0.79)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.121*** (3.37)	0.114*** (3.13)	0.250*** (3.78)	0.213*** (3.15)	0.147*** (4.63)	0.155*** (4.62)	0.000 (0.00)	0.045 (0.26)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.168*** (-3.14)	-0.171*** (-3.05)	0.152 (1.63)	0.266** (2.51)	0.029 (0.24)	-0.017 (-0.13)	-0.102 (-0.70)	-0.091 (-0.59)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.105** (-2.02)	-0.067 (-1.12)	-1.296*** (-6.16)	-0.854*** (-3.35)	-0.140* (-1.85)	-0.134* (-1.71)	-2.073*** (-7.06)	-2.026*** (-6.78)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.007 (0.17)	0.005 (0.12)	-0.301*** (-5.24)	-0.343*** (-5.34)	0.052 (1.13)	0.091* (1.83)	-0.256*** (-4.44)	-0.255*** (-3.91)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.187*** (4.28)	0.152*** (3.40)	-0.121* (-1.69)	-0.258*** (-3.02)	0.063 (1.58)	0.124*** (2.61)	-0.539*** (-5.67)	-0.535*** (-5.12)
Gove	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.003 (-1.00)	-0.004 (-0.98)	-0.003 (-1.02)	-0.001 (-0.18)	-0.004 (-0.70)	-0.006 (-0.87)	0.003 (0.56)	0.003 (0.59)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.002 (0.70)	0.000 (0.10)	-0.001 (-0.24)	0.013** (2.05)	0.003 (0.74)	0.000 (-0.03)	0.019 (1.36)	0.025 (1.53)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.001 (0.07)	-0.009 (-0.50)	-0.022 (-1.34)	-0.030* (-1.74)	-0.055** (-1.98)	-0.053* (-1.95)	-0.071*** (-2.99)	-0.068*** (-2.64)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.001 (-0.03)	0.005 (0.22)	-0.039 (-1.64)	-0.039* (-1.65)	0.069* (1.85)	0.063* (1.71)	0.027 (0.49)	0.030 (0.53)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.006 (0.19)	0.014 (0.38)	-0.028 (-1.11)	-0.081*** (-2.84)	0.127*** (2.85)	0.128*** (2.72)	0.155*** (3.73)	0.149*** (3.55)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.022 (-0.51)	-0.004 (-0.09)	-0.063 (-0.94)	-0.103 (-1.22)	-0.093 (-1.38)	0.001 (0.01)	0.028 (0.29)	0.003 (0.03)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.006 (0.29)	0.005 (0.22)	0.019 (1.02)	0.026 (1.36)	0.019 (1.07)	-0.011 (-0.27)	0.102*** (3.76)	0.101*** (3.63)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.011 (-0.39)	-0.013 (-0.38)	0.037 (1.37)	0.130*** (3.68)	-0.053 (-1.30)	-0.086 (-1.49)	0.146*** (3.04)	0.144*** (2.77)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.005 (-1.05)	-0.016*** (-3.01)	0.013* (1.73)	0.013 (1.58)	-0.011 (-1.63)	-0.009 (-1.13)	0.013 (1.32)	0.020* (1.75)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.019*** (-4.47)	-0.005 (-1.05)	-0.005 (-0.48)	-0.008 (-0.67)	-0.027*** (-5.03)	-0.055*** (-8.92)	-0.086** (-2.26)	-0.080** (-2.07)
Lincoln	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.194*** (4.61)	0.219*** (4.29)	-0.033 (-0.52)	-0.040 (-0.62)	0.114** (2.42)	0.117** (2.00)	-0.214** (-2.15)	-0.176* (-1.68)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.292*** (-6.60)	-0.308*** (-5.89)	-0.346*** (-3.03)	-0.375*** (-3.03)	-0.327*** (-5.63)	-0.403*** (-6.08)	-0.581** (-2.56)	-0.639** (-2.48)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.094* (1.91)	0.095 (1.64)	-0.250*** (-4.08)	-0.237*** (-3.67)	0.123 (1.61)	0.158* (1.80)	-0.485*** (-4.89)	-0.502*** (-4.99)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.297*** (4.67)	0.733*** (11.30)	-0.360* (-1.73)	-0.301 (-1.17)	0.368*** (4.21)	0.900*** (9.34)	-1.239*** (-3.66)	-1.586*** (-3.82)

	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.061 *** (3.52)	0.102 *** (5.16)	0.119 *** (3.95)	0.113 *** (3.56)	0.031 (1.63)	0.043 ** (2.09)	0.200 *** (5.54)	0.208 *** (5.68)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.055 *** (3.29)	0.080 *** (4.86)	0.182 *** (3.68)	0.166 *** (3.01)	0.133 *** (5.37)	0.199 *** (7.91)	0.065 (0.75)	0.050 (0.57)
Ness	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.001 (-0.28)	-0.003 (-0.45)	-0.000 (-0.21)	-0.003 (-1.15)	-0.002 (-0.31)	-0.003 (-1.22)	0.000 (0.05)	-0.004 (-1.38)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.006 * (-1.84)	-0.008 (-1.54)	0.002 (0.55)	0.002 (0.59)	-0.009 (-1.03)	-0.014 * (-1.70)	-0.004 (-1.06)	-0.016 ** (-1.97)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.006 (0.22)	0.004 (0.15)	-0.006 (-0.39)	0.002 (0.09)	0.018 (0.40)	0.000 (0.01)	0.013 (0.69)	0.002 (0.10)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.035 (-1.13)	-0.035 (-1.01)	-0.041 (-1.43)	-0.035 (-1.17)	-0.055 (-0.90)	0.030 (0.58)	-0.029 (-1.46)	0.030 (0.58)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.009 (-0.32)	-0.014 (-0.43)	-0.037 (-1.43)	-0.016 (-0.58)	-0.016 (-0.21)	-0.019 (-0.47)	0.083 (0.97)	-0.021 (-0.51)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.001 (-0.03)	0.013 (0.39)	0.015 (0.33)	0.079 (1.54)	-0.017 (-0.28)	-0.116 * (-1.71)	-0.162 * (-1.65)	-0.114 * (-1.68)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.010 (0.38)	0.011 (0.37)	0.011 (0.91)	0.005 (0.38)	0.003 (0.19)	0.012 (0.85)	-0.005 (-0.18)	0.012 (0.85)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.017 (0.91)	0.014 (0.71)	0.054 *** (2.81)	0.043 ** (2.15)	0.022 (1.22)	0.018 (0.71)	0.067 * (1.83)	0.013 (0.51)
Ottawa	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.004 (-0.38)	-0.002 (-0.21)	0.006 (0.51)	0.008 (0.59)	-0.022 * (-1.76)	-0.014 (-0.99)	-0.013 (-0.63)	-0.038 * (-1.71)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.010 (-1.26)	-0.023 ** (-2.52)	-0.014 (-0.88)	-0.013 (-0.66)	0.020 ** (2.32)	0.005 (0.49)	-0.023 (-0.48)	-0.071 (-1.30)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.022 (-0.35)	-0.006 (-0.09)	0.205 ** (2.39)	0.206 ** (2.38)	-0.173 *** (-2.85)	-0.128 ** (-2.00)	0.148 (1.22)	0.232 * (1.86)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.085 (-1.15)	-0.092 (-1.22)	0.244 (1.27)	0.243 (1.25)	0.044 (0.57)	-0.051 (-0.60)	0.189 (0.97)	0.414 * (1.93)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.028 (-0.43)	-0.037 (-0.56)	-0.283 *** (-2.84)	-0.307 ** (-2.39)	0.143 (1.58)	0.095 (1.04)	-0.149 (-1.07)	-0.148 (-1.02)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.342 *** (-4.93)	-0.297 *** (-4.16)	-0.627 ** (-2.12)	-0.737 (-1.57)	-0.608 *** (-5.75)	-0.541 *** (-5.06)	-0.864 *** (-2.64)	-0.607 * (-1.78)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.079 *** (2.93)	0.102 *** (3.29)	0.263 *** (5.71)	0.273 *** (4.77)	0.068 ** (2.34)	0.064 * (1.95)	0.310 *** (4.57)	0.283 *** (4.10)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.141 *** (5.06)	0.113 *** (3.69)	0.309 *** (4.69)	0.335 *** (3.02)	0.220 *** (6.22)	0.226 *** (5.86)	0.688 *** (4.34)	0.775 *** (4.75)
Rush	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.007 ** (-2.16)	-0.009 ** (-2.45)	-0.021 *** (-3.80)	-0.020 *** (-3.56)	0.003 (0.68)	0.003 (0.67)	-0.015 ** (-2.24)	-0.007 (-0.93)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.014 *** (4.51)	0.014 *** (4.47)	-0.010 (-1.01)	-0.015 (-1.35)	0.016 * (1.95)	0.015 * (1.87)	-0.031 (-1.58)	-0.038 * (-1.88)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.024 (0.64)	0.034 (0.89)	-0.028 (-0.81)	-0.048 (-1.32)	0.082 ** (2.19)	0.092 * (1.80)	0.030 (0.74)	-0.019 (-0.45)

	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.089*** (-3.00)	-0.097*** (-3.22)	0.071 (1.45)	0.085* (1.69)	-0.232*** (-6.21)	-0.249*** (-5.34)	-0.146 (-1.11)	-0.175 (-1.32)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.139*** (4.19)	0.169*** (3.51)	0.098* (1.69)	0.074 (1.27)	0.296*** (3.41)	0.284*** (3.16)	0.455*** (4.24)	0.325*** (2.83)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.026 (-0.96)	-0.039 (-1.07)	-0.399*** (-5.74)	-0.533*** (-7.08)	-0.106 (-1.22)	-0.076 (-0.75)	-0.832*** (-5.71)	-0.951*** (-6.34)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.064* (-1.73)	-0.073* (-1.94)	-0.021 (-0.59)	-0.062 (-1.68)	0.001 (0.02)	-0.006 (-0.18)	-0.032 (-0.63)	0.005 (0.10)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.080*** (2.91)	0.106*** (3.40)	0.105*** (3.07)	0.071* (1.83)	0.056** (2.02)	0.053* (1.83)	-0.086 (-1.19)	-0.088 (-1.20)
Russell	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.000 (0.00)	0.000 (0.05)	-0.012*** (-3.18)	-0.011*** (-2.89)	0.000 (0.00)	0.000 (-0.03)	-0.004 (-0.70)	-0.002 (-0.33)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.016*** (3.52)	0.015*** (2.83)	-0.024*** (-3.01)	-0.023*** (-2.9)	0.021** (2.11)	0.017 (1.51)	-0.007 (-0.28)	0.004 (0.15)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.031 (1.22)	0.027 (0.91)	-0.010 (-0.31)	-0.017 (-0.55)	0.024 (0.72)	0.014 (0.37)	-0.070 (-1.18)	-0.064 (-1.07)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.017 (1.26)	0.015 (1.11)	-0.012 (-1.17)	-0.013 (-1.22)	0.061** (2.01)	0.054* (1.89)	-0.094 (-0.51)	-0.071 (-0.38)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.042 (1.31)	0.039 (0.95)	0.118** (2.33)	0.105** (2.03)	0.321*** (4.39)	0.307*** (3.82)	0.205** (2.15)	0.196** (2.03)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.112** (-2.32)	-0.114** (-2.40)	-0.406*** (-4.20)	-0.475*** (-4.41)	-0.174*** (-2.66)	-0.183*** (-2.74)	-0.497** (-2.25)	-0.587** (-2.52)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.002 (-0.06)	0.000 (0.01)	-0.076** (-1.98)	-0.065 (-1.64)	0.031 (1.10)	0.034 (1.18)	-0.008 (-0.13)	-0.007 (-0.11)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.068*** (2.58)	0.068*** (2.59)	-0.038 (-1.03)	-0.019 (-0.48)	0.003 (0.06)	-0.002 (-0.05)	-0.137* (-1.78)	-0.127* (-1.65)
Saline	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.004 (-0.80)	-0.004 (-0.67)	0.003 (0.29)	0.010 (0.85)	-0.030*** (-3.10)	-0.024** (-2.52)	-0.035** (-1.98)	-0.051*** (-2.74)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.033*** (5.42)	0.022*** (3.17)	0.003 (0.15)	-0.004 (-0.19)	0.057*** (4.34)	0.045*** (3.16)	0.084 (1.62)	0.023 (0.40)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.052 (-1.27)	-0.011 (-0.26)	0.172* (1.80)	0.114 (1.17)	-0.036 (-0.65)	-0.020 (-0.36)	0.665*** (4.62)	0.605*** (4.22)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.053 (1.18)	0.030 (0.66)	0.358*** (3.32)	0.190 (1.49)	0.106 (1.46)	0.085 (1.19)	1.255*** (3.87)	1.052*** (3.20)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.035 (-0.43)	0.028 (0.34)	-0.278*** (-2.65)	-0.428*** (-2.98)	0.473*** (4.32)	0.460*** (3.75)	0.265* (1.85)	0.087 (0.48)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.380*** (-5.12)	-0.267*** (-3.09)	-1.89*** (-6.46)	-2.244*** (-4.73)	-0.682*** (-5.36)	-0.613*** (-4.53)	-3.210*** (-7.99)	-3.329*** (-8.13)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.006 (0.14)	-0.031 (0.70)	0.098** (2.05)	0.175* (2.56)	-0.056 (-1.24)	-0.040 (-0.87)	-0.358*** (-3.86)	-0.330*** (-3.45)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.225*** (4.53)	0.152*** (2.96)	0.376*** (5.22)	0.480*** (4.30)	0.135** (2.35)	0.106* (1.86)	-0.106 (-0.62)	-0.132 (-0.78)

Trego	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.001 (-0.34)	-0.002 (-0.99)	0.001 (0.43)	-0.001 (-0.52)	0.001 (0.36)	0.001 (0.35)	0.012*** (2.79)	0.011** (2.45)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.002 (0.64)	0.002 (0.57)	0.013*** (3.23)	0.009** (2.02)	0.003 (0.48)	0.003 (0.51)	0.049*** (3.48)	0.045*** (3.02)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.002 (-0.12)	-0.014 (-0.68)	-0.019 (-1.34)	-0.021 (-1.44)	-0.013 (-0.65)	-0.005 (-0.23)	-0.005 (-0.22)	0.007 (0.28)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.007 (0.31)	0.021 (0.76)	0.032 (1.63)	0.038* (1.85)	0.034 (1.26)	0.027 (0.92)	-0.114** (-2.13)	-0.084 (-1.53)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.003 (0.11)	0.022 (0.69)	-0.025 (-1.17)	0.015 (0.56)	0.168*** (3.86)	0.187*** (2.94)	0.150*** (5.06)	0.187*** (5.72)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.178*** (-3.07)	-0.074 (-0.84)	-0.001 (-0.01)	0.121 (1.36)	-0.097 (-1.38)	-0.088 (-1.12)	0.061 (1.00)	0.132** (1.98)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.013 (0.36)	-0.007 (-0.18)	0.030* (1.81)	0.001 (0.04)	0.009 (0.39)	0.004 (0.16)	0.003 (0.15)	-0.024 (-0.98)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.046** (2.08)	0.018 (0.56)	0.055*** (2.96)	0.007 (0.29)	-0.043 (-1.16)	-0.045 (-1.04)	-0.040 (-0.86)	-0.076 (-1.57)
Corn, Sorghum	Barton	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.009 (-1.26)	-0.037*** (-3.92)	0.032*** (2.80)	0.020 (1.22)	-0.142*** (-9.74)	-0.177*** (-11.57)	0.013 (0.71)
		<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.092*** (-6.11)	-0.131*** (-6.48)	0.018 (0.81)	0.013 (0.44)	0.134*** (4.83)	0.008 (0.26)	0.282*** (3.09)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.251*** (-3.09)	-0.277*** (-3.39)	-0.217 (-1.77)	-0.206 (-1.66)	-0.285*** (-2.72)	-0.467*** (-4.38)	-0.104 (-0.62)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.298*** (3.28)	0.378*** (4.02)	-0.028 (-0.17)	0.042 (0.24)	0.622*** (6.39)	0.615*** (6.04)	1.017* (1.72)
		<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.883*** (-6.63)	-0.758*** (-5.55)	-1.153*** (-6.00)	-1.041*** (-4.77)	-0.117 (-0.56)	-0.280 (-1.34)	-2.655*** (-7.23)
		<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.348*** (3.46)	0.465*** (3.77)	0.380 (0.95)	0.432 (1.03)	-0.252 (-1.13)	0.339 (1.43)	-2.375*** (-3.05)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.099 (-1.13)	-0.225** (-2.42)	-0.182 (-1.32)	-0.248 (-1.63)	-0.599*** (-6.30)	-0.811*** (-8.21)	-0.301** (-2.22)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.571*** (5.92)	0.379*** (3.30)	0.71*** (4.87)	0.686*** (3.62)	1.297*** (15.22)	1.026*** (11.63)	0.496* (1.93)
Ellis		<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.129*** (9.04)	0.056*** (3.53)	0.164*** (6.59)	0.147*** (5.57)	-0.148*** (-8.25)	-0.177*** (-11.36)	-0.179*** (-4.22)
		<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.112*** (-6.81)	-0.168*** (-10.12)	-0.076 (-1.87)	-0.119*** (-2.92)	0.304*** (9.67)	-0.007 (-0.20)	-0.228 (-1.61)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.937*** (8.43)	0.697*** (6.07)	0.852*** (5.98)	0.673*** (4.69)	0.028 (0.24)	-0.495*** (-4.57)	-0.264 (-1.52)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.991*** (-9.48)	-0.821*** (-7.59)	-1.224*** (-5.71)	-0.89*** (-4.09)	-0.411*** (-3.67)	0.635*** (6.14)	-1.954*** (-3.03)
		<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.962*** (-8.69)	-0.597*** (-5.06)	-0.975*** (-4.09)	-1.336*** (-5.42)	-2.085*** (-7.87)	-0.313 (-1.46)	-2.846*** (-8.84)
		<i>GDD</i> – Long							-2.870*** (-8.90)

	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.602*** (-4.33)	-0.825*** (-5.61)	-1.814*** (-3.17)	-3.79*** (-5.86)	-1.478*** (-7.14)	0.395 (1.64)	-6.994*** (-10.84)	-6.095*** (-8.93)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.347*** (-4.69)	-0.249*** (-3.31)	-0.454*** (-3.23)	0.012 (0.08)	-1.068*** (-13.58)	-0.786*** (-7.83)	-0.390 (-1.62)	-0.030 (-0.12)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.603*** (6.85)	0.456*** (5.06)	0.613*** (3.35)	1.032*** (5.31)	2.147*** (18.41)	1.028*** (11.35)	2.435*** (5.79)	2.863*** (6.59)
Ellsworth	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.013 (1.15)	0.024* (1.85)	0.047*** (2.62)	0.052** (2.35)	0.003 (0.13)	0.006 (0.24)	0.069** (2.15)	0.086** (2.38)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.115*** (-5.57)	-0.172*** (-6.78)	-0.130*** (-3.25)	-0.151*** (-3.67)	0.033 (1.04)	0.039 (1.11)	0.262* (1.75)	0.303* (1.91)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.099 (1.05)	0.087 (0.91)	-0.117 (-0.72)	-0.030 (-0.18)	-0.031 (-0.28)	-0.031 (-0.26)	-0.419** (-2.46)	-0.307* (-1.70)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.051 (-0.45)	-0.135 (-1.18)	0.010 (0.05)	-0.036 (-0.16)	0.235* (1.70)	0.241* (1.69)	-0.030 (-0.05)	0.011 (0.02)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.280 (-1.28)	-0.397* (-1.76)	-0.587 (-1.82)	-0.567 (-1.56)	-1.760*** (-4.39)	-1.800*** (-4.02)	-1.776*** (-3.52)	-2.067*** (-3.88)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	1.203*** (6.31)	1.652*** (7.23)	-2.742*** (-3.78)	-1.735** (-1.98)	1.735*** (5.99)	1.742*** (5.93)	-0.582 (-0.58)	-0.62 (1-0.60)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.132 (0.80)	0.274 (1.51)	-0.239 (-1.21)	-0.125 (-0.56)	-0.182 (-1.29)	-0.158 (-0.94)	-0.364* (-1.84)	-0.215 (-0.96)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.206 (-1.22)	-0.592*** (-3.01)	-0.777*** (-3.14)	-1.027*** (-3.49)	0.701*** (4.51)	0.726*** (4.14)	-0.172 (-0.53)	0.020 (0.06)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.040** (-2.24)	-0.047*** (-2.58)	-0.117*** (-4.18)	-0.112*** (-3.89)	-0.128*** (-4.85)	-0.128*** (-4.77)	-0.001 (-0.02)	-0.096* (-1.85)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.004 (0.23)	-0.027 (-1.20)	-0.364*** (-8.50)	-0.301*** (-5.02)	0.179*** (8.01)	0.175*** (7.34)	-0.003 (-0.03)	-0.364** (-2.47)
Gove	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.497*** (5.04)	0.235** (2.15)	0.247* (1.65)	0.133 (0.86)	-0.248* (-1.73)	-0.387*** (-2.61)	0.750*** (3.45)	0.182 (0.78)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.805*** (-7.05)	-0.573*** (-4.63)	-0.226 (-1.05)	-0.232 (-1.08)	0.260 (1.52)	0.339* (1.93)	-0.406 (-0.81)	-1.188** (-2.31)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.421*** (2.85)	0.626*** (3.96)	-0.647*** (-2.82)	-0.373 (-1.43)	1.185*** (4.13)	1.121*** (3.90)	-0.374 (-0.99)	-0.782** (-2.04)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.010 (0.05)	0.594*** (2.81)	-3.487*** (-5.66)	-1.696** (-2.21)	-1.993*** (-4.83)	-1.791*** (-4.13)	-8.741*** (-9.78)	-8.457*** (-9.27)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-1.034*** (-10.38)	-1.042*** (-9.67)	-0.564*** (-3.28)	-0.543*** (-3.15)	-0.108 (-1.02)	-0.254** (-2.05)	-0.557** (-2.26)	-0.179 (-0.71)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.093 (0.74)	-0.035 (-0.23)	0.560** (2.30)	0.475 (1.47)	0.369** (2.11)	0.512*** (2.81)	-1.266*** (-2.89)	-0.029 (-0.06)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.012 (1.09)	0.024** (1.96)	0.009 (0.41)	0.013 (0.59)	-0.036** (-2.25)	-0.029* (-1.70)	0.018 (0.63)	0.027 (0.86)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.070*** (-5.49)	-0.082*** (-5.40)	-0.037 (-1.38)	-0.030 (-0.98)	-0.038** (-2.03)	-0.030 (-1.37)	0.501*** (4.77)	0.507*** (4.77)

	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.985*** (-9.26)	-0.879*** (-7.82)	-0.448** (-2.54)	-0.423** (-2.38)	-0.893*** (-6.80)	-0.614*** (-3.92)	-0.879*** (-3.20)	-0.790*** (-2.72)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.327*** (2.91)	0.190 (1.60)	1.475*** (4.68)	1.553*** (4.55)	0.194 (1.11)	-0.140 (-0.72)	0.744 (1.19)	0.746 (1.05)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.842*** (-7.91)	-0.810*** (-7.46)	-0.859*** (-5.06)	-0.909*** (-5.11)	-1.479*** (-6.95)	-1.470*** (-6.75)	-0.842*** (-3.08)	-0.862*** (-3.10)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.035 (-0.20)	0.011 (0.06)	-0.416 (-0.72)	-0.745 (-1.05)	0.346 (1.40)	0.295 (1.13)	4.661*** (4.98)	4.052*** (3.53)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.327*** (5.51)	0.299*** (4.94)	0.537*** (6.44)	0.553*** (6.30)	0.064 (1.18)	0.066 (1.22)	0.229** (2.29)	0.240** (2.38)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.074* (-1.66)	-0.065 (-1.45)	0.225* (1.65)	0.291* (1.90)	0.102 (1.63)	0.129** (2.02)	1.333*** (5.54)	1.311*** (5.40)
Ness	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.013 (-0.95)	-0.007 (-0.47)	0.006 (0.30)	-0.006 (-0.25)	-0.087*** (-4.72)	0.005 (0.20)	-0.154*** (-6.36)	0.000 (-0.01)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.000 (0.02)	-0.019 (-1.16)	-0.151*** (-5.11)	-0.128*** (-4.12)	0.133*** (6.44)	0.047 (0.63)	0.193*** (6.45)	0.033 (0.44)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.402*** (-4.55)	-0.374*** (-4.15)	0.255* (1.67)	0.295* (1.88)	-0.176 (-1.37)	-0.495** (-2.40)	-0.188 (-1.20)	-0.470** (-2.26)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.076 (0.87)	0.053 (0.60)	1.077*** (4.04)	1.271*** (4.54)	-0.311** (-2.38)	0.263 (0.55)	-0.007 (-0.04)	0.291 (0.60)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.905*** (-8.92)	-0.915*** (-8.83)	-1.065*** (-4.36)	-1.099*** (-4.27)	-0.033 (-0.12)	-1.870*** (-4.92)	-1.305* (-1.83)	-1.849*** (-4.78)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-1.142*** (-9.42)	-1.047*** (-8.00)	-2.942*** (-7.11)	-3.109*** (-6.44)	-2.110*** (-7.49)	-5.243*** (-8.24)	-0.023 (-0.03)	-5.210*** (-8.16)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.032 (0.41)	0.015 (0.19)	0.170 (1.48)	0.224* (1.90)	-0.088 (-1.18)	0.453*** (3.44)	0.361 (1.41)	0.450*** (3.42)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.858*** (13.00)	0.829*** (12.43)	0.358** (2.00)	0.464** (2.48)	1.095*** (14.27)	1.010*** (4.35)	0.300 (0.99)	0.995*** (4.23)
Ottawa	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.044*** (-2.63)	-0.049*** (-2.88)	-0.041 (-1.84)	-0.032 (-1.29)	0.007 (0.25)	-0.021 (-0.73)	-0.064 (-1.58)	-0.048 (-1.10)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.117*** (-5.86)	-0.094*** (-3.88)	-0.056 (-1.81)	-0.087** (-2.32)	-0.080*** (-3.96)	-0.062*** (-2.76)	-0.126 (-1.35)	-0.086 (-0.80)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.117 (-0.93)	-0.121 (-0.97)	0.151 (0.89)	0.187 (1.10)	0.067 (0.48)	-0.033 (-0.24)	0.194 (0.82)	0.141 (0.58)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.183 (1.39)	0.173 (1.31)	0.755** (1.99)	0.793** (2.09)	-0.331* (-1.90)	-0.120 (-0.67)	-0.586 (-1.54)	-0.700* (-1.66)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.056 (0.41)	0.085 (0.61)	0.459** (2.35)	0.474* (1.88)	-0.297 (-1.41)	-0.155 (-0.73)	-0.226 (-0.83)	-0.203 (-0.71)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.341** (2.15)	0.245 (1.46)	1.120* (1.93)	0.654 (0.71)	0.103 (0.43)	0.029 (0.12)	1.435** (2.23)	1.277* (1.91)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.153** (-2.41)	-0.18*** (-2.60)	-0.164 (-1.81)	-0.137 (-1.22)	-0.256*** (-4.07)	-0.330*** (-4.68)	0.002 (0.02)	0.023 (0.17)

	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.165*** (-2.65)	-0.128* (-1.86)	-0.302** (-2.34)	-0.356 (-1.64)	0.055 (0.76)	0.096 (1.23)	0.730** (2.35)	0.689** (2.15)
Rush	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.058*** (3.33)	0.066*** (3.72)	0.038 (1.46)	0.032 (1.20)	-0.187*** (-7.89)	-0.213*** (-8.80)	-0.057* (-1.73)	-0.089** (-2.53)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.027** (-1.96)	-0.047*** (-3.19)	-0.076 (-1.52)	-0.068 (-1.24)	0.229*** (8.01)	0.248*** (8.34)	-0.178* (-1.89)	-0.154 (-1.60)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.132 (-1.01)	-0.129 (-0.96)	-0.214 (-1.30)	-0.165 (-0.94)	0.402*** (2.64)	0.599*** (3.56)	0.136 (0.70)	0.318 (1.54)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-1.218*** (-11.65)	-1.220*** (-10.81)	-0.745*** (-3.13)	-0.824*** (-3.38)	-1.035*** (-8.27)	-1.044*** (-8.04)	-0.699 (-1.10)	-0.593 (-0.93)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.975*** (-8.17)	-1.145*** (-8.31)	-1.150*** (-4.10)	-1.059*** (-3.76)	0.984*** (3.32)	1.235*** (4.01)	-1.556*** (-3.01)	-1.071* (-1.94)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.176 (-1.20)	-0.037 (-0.24)	-1.735*** (-5.18)	-1.185*** (-3.26)	-0.778*** (-2.71)	-0.881*** (-2.90)	-5.192*** (-7.41)	-4.753*** (-6.58)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.434*** (-3.00)	-0.318** (-2.18)	-0.276 (-1.58)	-0.123 (-0.69)	-1.273*** (-10.31)	-1.369*** (-10.77)	0.123 (0.50)	-0.017 (-0.07)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.823*** (7.38)	0.792*** (6.56)	0.914*** (5.57)	1.001*** (5.38)	0.616*** (5.92)	0.689*** (6.44)	1.793*** (5.17)	1.801*** (5.08)
Russell	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.007 (-0.54)	-0.003 (-0.24)	0.129*** (5.28)	0.134*** (5.35)	-0.137*** (-6.78)	-0.135*** (-6.57)	0.062* (1.85)	0.031 (0.89)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.241*** (-9.98)	-0.245*** (-9.16)	0.088* (1.76)	0.066 (1.29)	0.105*** (2.83)	0.069 (1.56)	-0.122 (-0.77)	-0.287* (-1.68)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.020 (0.13)	0.065 (0.43)	0.358* (1.81)	0.365* (1.82)	-0.206 (-1.20)	-0.179 (-0.99)	-0.381 (-1.01)	-0.488 (-1.29)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.115** (-2.33)	-0.111** (-2.24)	0.132** (1.97)	0.147** (2.19)	0.315*** (3.58)	0.266*** (2.76)	-1.307 (-1.11)	-1.595 (-1.35)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.522*** (-3.78)	-0.459*** (-3.08)	-1.992*** (-6.16)	-1.995*** (-6.07)	-0.433 (-1.31)	-0.372 (-1.11)	-2.734*** (-4.48)	-2.663*** (-4.33)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.028 (0.10)	0.028 (0.10)	2.107*** (3.41)	2.423*** (3.51)	-1.866*** (-7.06)	-1.934*** (-7.18)	-2.198 (-1.56)	-0.906 (-0.61)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.304** (2.13)	0.252* (1.75)	1.813*** (7.36)	1.790*** (7.12)	-0.735*** (-5.15)	-0.723*** (-4.99)	1.585*** (4.05)	1.576*** (4.03)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.523*** (4.22)	0.503*** (4.02)	1.935*** (8.32)	1.812*** (7.27)	0.964*** (4.84)	0.974*** (4.73)	4.214*** (8.59)	4.061*** (8.23)
Saline	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.000 (0.05)	-0.003 (-0.31)	-0.014 (-0.82)	-0.014 (-0.70)	-0.004 (-0.21)	-0.021 (-1.08)	0.061* (1.92)	0.053 (1.59)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.036*** (-3.22)	-0.020 (-1.42)	-0.032 (-0.96)	-0.038 (-1.10)	-0.043* (-1.77)	-0.013 (-0.46)	0.006 (0.07)	0.033 (0.32)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.207*** (-2.82)	-0.250*** (-3.30)	-0.206 (-1.21)	-0.224 (-1.29)	-0.196** (-1.97)	-0.206** (-2.04)	-0.476* (-1.86)	-0.489* (-1.93)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.039 (-0.51)	-0.044 (-0.57)	-0.440** (-2.30)	-0.520** (-2.30)	-0.070 (-0.57)	-0.103 (-0.80)	-1.119* (-1.94)	-1.446** (-2.48)

		<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.799*** (5.64)	0.691*** (4.68)	0.574*** (3.09)	0.582** (2.29)	0.641*** (3.33)	0.800*** (3.68)	0.696*** (2.74)	0.881*** (2.72)
		<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.485*** (3.76)	0.186 (1.28)	1.819*** (3.50)	1.930** (2.30)	0.606*** (3.01)	0.346 (1.53)	0.592 (0.83)	0.497 (0.68)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.300*** (-3.83)	-0.200** (-2.29)	-0.011 (-0.14)	-0.011 (-0.09)	-0.438*** (-5.35)	-0.463*** (-5.52)	-0.265 (-1.61)	-0.268 (-1.58)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.549*** (-6.82)	-0.438*** (-5.16)	-0.337*** (-2.64)	-0.339 (-1.71)	-0.511*** (-5.50)	-0.497*** (-5.24)	-0.488 (-1.61)	-0.377 (-1.26)
Trego	<i>Prec</i> – Short		0.022 (1.63)	0.028** (1.99)	0.015 (0.62)	0.043* (1.68)	-0.117*** (-6.65)	-0.106*** (-5.95)	0.109** (2.43)	0.115** (2.48)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long		-0.250*** (-17.81)	-0.249*** (-17.10)	-0.187*** (-4.64)	-0.096** (-2.07)	-0.159*** (-5.27)	-0.127*** (-4.13)	0.521*** (3.67)	0.553*** (3.67)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short		-0.373*** (-3.60)	-0.359*** (-3.37)	-0.288** (-2.02)	-0.131 (-0.89)	-0.369*** (-3.29)	-0.356*** (-3.09)	-0.276 (-1.14)	-0.224 (-0.91)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long		-0.166 (-1.54)	-0.202* (-1.85)	0.275 (1.37)	0.388* (1.88)	-0.764*** (-6.92)	-0.798*** (-7.17)	-0.425 (-0.78)	-0.262 (-0.47)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short		-1.817*** (-12.06)	-1.898*** (-12.21)	-2.309*** (-10.85)	-2.864*** (-10.80)	-2.841*** (-10.37)	-2.322*** (-7.99)	-2.977*** (-9.95)	-2.810*** (-8.52)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long		-4.816*** (-14.83)	-5.245*** (-13.08)	-4.039*** (-5.11)	-5.084*** (-5.64)	-7.959*** (-23.17)	-7.250*** (-20.41)	-8.524*** (-13.88)	-8.231*** (-12.22)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short		0.778*** (7.01)	0.843*** (7.29)	1.085*** (6.45)	1.499*** (7.29)	0.460*** (4.41)	0.262** (2.41)	1.527*** (6.60)	1.359*** (5.41)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long		2.280*** (16.92)	2.412*** (15.76)	2.800*** (14.94)	3.406*** (13.00)	3.999*** (25.44)	3.789*** (23.64)	5.363*** (11.39)	5.081*** (10.34)
Fallow	Barton	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.004 (0.83)	0.022*** (3.63)	-0.019** (-2.43)	-0.026** (-2.34)	-0.021** (-2.44)	-0.045*** (-4.98)	-0.088*** (-6.86)	-0.167*** (-11.20)
		<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.172*** (-17.39)	-0.134*** (-9.46)	-0.088*** (-5.7)	-0.130*** (-6.46)	-0.300*** (-17.65)	-0.385*** (-18.90)	-0.102 (-1.60)	-0.248*** (-3.75)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.046 (0.90)	0.070 (1.36)	-0.118 (-1.39)	-0.083 (-0.96)	0.150** (2.22)	0.075 (1.10)	-0.707*** (-6.03)	-0.780*** (-6.66)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.042 (0.70)	-0.022 (-0.35)	-0.701*** (-5.95)	-0.743*** (-6.02)	0.096 (1.58)	-0.002 (-0.03)	-3.153*** (-7.69)	-2.285*** (-5.46)
		<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.093 (-1.08)	-0.199** (-2.26)	1.057*** (7.93)	1.095*** (7.24)	-1.805*** (-13.87)	-1.953*** (-14.73)	0.347 (1.36)	1.308*** (4.71)
		<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.397*** (5.69)	0.277*** (3.32)	4.542*** (16.39)	4.815*** (16.49)	1.821*** (12.71)	2.239*** (14.55)	7.684*** (14.19)	9.109*** (16.35)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.085 (1.59)	0.159*** (2.88)	0.101 (1.06)	0.057 (0.54)	-0.318*** (-5.30)	-0.417*** (-6.66)	-0.071 (-0.75)	-0.294*** (-2.94)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-1.107*** (-18.39)	-0.923*** (-12.51)	-0.979*** (-9.69)	-1.262*** (-9.62)	-0.476*** (-9.12)	-0.587*** (-10.98)	1.537*** (8.60)	1.383*** (7.72)
	Ellis	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.041*** (3.25)	-0.004 (-0.33)	0.028 (1.20)	-0.019 (-0.74)	-0.089*** (-5.72)	-0.046*** (-5.08)	-0.236*** (-5.81)	-0.248*** (-5.95)

	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.048*** (-3.13)	-0.114*** (-7.05)	0.100*** (2.60)	0.055 (1.41)	-0.014 (-0.50)	-0.400*** (-19.54)	-0.332** (-2.46)	-0.426*** (-2.94)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.357*** (-3.61)	-0.518*** (-5.13)	-0.383*** (-2.83)	-0.519*** (-3.80)	-0.536*** (-5.13)	0.084 (1.22)	-0.990*** (-5.96)	-0.994*** (-5.93)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.616*** (6.62)	0.753*** (7.92)	0.361* (1.77)	0.625*** (3.02)	0.634*** (6.33)	-0.001 (-0.02)	-2.209*** (-3.59)	-2.254*** (-3.63)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.352*** (-3.41)	-0.183* (-1.68)	0.515** (2.27)	0.546** (2.33)	-2.747*** (-12.02)	-2.008*** (-14.99)	-1.961*** (-6.38)	-1.977*** (-6.42)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.492*** (3.95)	0.541*** (4.06)	5.562*** (10.22)	5.486*** (8.92)	1.613*** (8.99)	2.275*** (14.72)	4.754*** (7.72)	5.128*** (7.86)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.099 (1.46)	0.189*** (2.73)	-0.025 (-0.19)	0.140 (0.98)	-0.591*** (-8.15)	-0.418*** (-6.63)	-0.509** (-2.22)	-0.366 (-1.51)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.550*** (-6.77)	-0.652*** (-7.85)	-1.114*** (-6.40)	-1.107*** (-5.99)	0.477*** (4.46)	-0.592*** (-10.96)	1.610*** (4.01)	1.789*** (4.31)
Ellsworth	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.026*** (-3.64)	-0.017** (-2.13)	0.052*** (4.21)	0.068*** (4.46)	0.052*** (4.25)	0.049*** (3.61)	0.034 (1.55)	0.043* (1.72)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.079*** (-6.34)	-0.027* (-1.87)	0.157*** (5.74)	0.163*** (5.77)	-0.327*** (-15.97)	-0.338*** (-14.84)	-0.095 (-0.92)	-0.063 (-0.58)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.278*** (-5.29)	-0.192*** (-3.51)	-0.160 (-1.42)	-0.129 (-1.13)	0.000 (0.00)	-0.007 (-0.10)	0.281** (2.41)	0.290** (2.34)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.338*** (4.82)	0.409*** (5.79)	0.049 (0.32)	0.093 (0.58)	-0.006 (-0.07)	-0.017 (-0.20)	0.988*** (2.63)	1.134*** (2.81)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.605*** (4.33)	0.497*** (3.34)	0.169 (0.77)	-0.024 (-0.09)	-1.930*** (-8.27)	-1.856*** (-7.48)	-1.304*** (-3.76)	-1.343*** (-3.67)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	1.061*** (9.70)	0.478*** (3.45)	4.545*** (9.15)	4.247*** (7.05)	1.677*** (9.87)	1.674*** (9.72)	3.143*** (4.52)	3.276*** (4.63)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.427*** (-4.24)	-0.297*** (-2.64)	-0.273** (-2.01)	-0.141 (-0.93)	-0.129* (-1.68)	-0.174** (-1.98)	-0.398*** (-2.92)	-0.359** (-2.32)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-1.116*** (-11.55)	-0.613*** (-5.23)	-0.592*** (-3.49)	-0.470** (-2.33)	-1.142*** (-12.38)	-1.186*** (-11.26)	-0.823*** (-3.65)	-0.759*** (-3.07)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.096*** (5.83)	0.109*** (6.51)	0.138*** (5.49)	0.132*** (5.13)	-0.068*** (-2.91)	-0.068*** (-2.88)	0.030 (0.67)	0.013 (0.27)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.162*** (-11.83)	-0.116*** (-6.11)	0.081*** (2.12)	-0.002 (-0.03)	-0.140*** (-7.30)	-0.146*** (-7.14)	0.616*** (5.32)	0.570*** (4.30)
Gove	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.151* (-1.76)	0.147 (1.56)	-0.016 (-0.12)	0.147 (1.06)	0.688*** (5.49)	0.620*** (4.81)	0.745*** (3.81)	0.646*** (3.05)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.519*** (5.20)	0.246** (2.32)	0.403*** (2.09)	0.413** (2.15)	-0.874*** (-5.83)	-0.830*** (-5.42)	0.545 (1.20)	0.401 (0.86)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.787*** (-5.83)	-1.080*** (-7.61)	-0.199 (-0.97)	-0.645*** (-2.76)	-4.315*** (-16.71)	-4.379*** (-16.96)	-2.793*** (-8.20)	-2.904*** (-8.42)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.729*** (3.97)	0.013 (0.07)	4.448*** (8.04)	1.765** (2.56)	4.869*** (13.18)	5.062*** (13.01)	9.603*** (11.93)	9.537*** (11.60)

	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.463*** (5.31)	0.503*** (5.32)	0.510*** (3.31)	0.484*** (3.12)	-0.580*** (-6.22)	-0.675*** (-6.29)	-1.859*** (-8.38)	-1.788*** (-7.86)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.372*** (3.48)	0.545*** (4.18)	0.298 (1.36)	0.494* (1.70)	0.677*** (4.58)	0.730*** (4.77)	-0.599 (-1.52)	-0.360 (-0.85)
Lincoln	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.021*** (5.45)	0.018*** (4.67)	0.003 (0.30)	0.007 (0.69)	0.055*** (9.66)	0.050*** (8.90)	0.014 (1.07)	-0.135*** (-3.78)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.014*** (3.08)	0.025*** (5.11)	0.027*** (2.17)	0.043*** (2.95)	-0.063*** (-8.82)	-0.029*** (-3.56)	0.126*** (2.58)	-0.444*** (-3.67)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.269*** (-6.77)	-0.225*** (-5.29)	-0.302*** (-3.69)	-0.267*** (-3.23)	0.037 (0.79)	0.191*** (3.35)	0.048 (0.38)	0.205 (0.62)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.447*** (10.00)	0.342*** (7.25)	-0.003 (-0.02)	0.147 (0.93)	-0.093 (-1.34)	-0.257*** (-3.33)	0.398 (1.36)	0.621 (0.77)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.069 (-1.64)	0.010 (0.24)	0.354*** (4.49)	0.286*** (3.46)	-0.563*** (-6.47)	-0.395*** (-4.32)	0.175 (1.38)	1.053*** (3.34)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.408*** (-5.15)	-0.604*** (-7.30)	2.336*** (8.72)	2.071*** (6.26)	0.261*** (2.75)	-0.032 (-0.30)	3.620*** (8.32)	-0.481 (-0.37)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.052*** (2.60)	0.031 (1.46)	-0.055 (-1.43)	-0.024 (-0.58)	0.014 (0.71)	-0.008 (-0.41)	-0.203*** (-4.37)	-0.038 (-0.33)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.182*** (-11.27)	-0.160*** (-9.82)	-0.552*** (-8.68)	-0.472*** (-6.66)	-0.151*** (-6.08)	-0.154*** (-6.13)	-0.001 (-0.01)	-0.755*** (-2.74)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.053*** (3.49)	0.019 (1.08)	0.031 (1.44)	-0.031 (-1.25)	-0.105*** (-5.03)	0.027 (0.90)	0.061*** (2.29)	0.011 (0.38)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.188*** (-12.08)	-0.137*** (-7.56)	-0.095*** (-2.92)	0.007 (0.21)	-0.166*** (-7.34)	0.850*** (10.41)	-0.264*** (-8.04)	0.841*** (10.06)
Ness	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.165 (1.53)	0.013 (0.12)	0.156 (0.93)	0.371** (2.15)	-0.722*** (-4.68)	-0.339 (-1.50)	-0.468*** (-2.74)	-0.26 2(-1.14)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.112 (1.04)	0.245** (2.23)	0.322 (1.10)	1.198*** (3.90)	0.981*** (6.48)	0.724 (1.37)	0.609*** (3.39)	0.867 (1.63)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.677*** (-5.58)	-0.440*** (-3.52)	0.439 (1.64)	0.400 (1.42)	-2.857*** (-8.95)	-2.999*** (-7.19)	-0.884 (-1.13)	-2.844*** (-6.70)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	1.250*** (8.98)	0.831*** (5.57)	3.110*** (6.83)	2.722*** (5.14)	3.154*** (9.84)	6.752*** (9.67)	0.748 (0.83)	6.883*** (9.82)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.118 (1.35)	-0.120 (1.35)	-0.702*** (-5.59)	-0.497*** (-3.83)	-0.507*** (-5.79)	-0.367** (-2.54)	0.095 (0.34)	-0.378*** (-2.61)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.674*** (8.77)	-0.567*** (7.25)	-1.302*** (-6.61)	-0.897*** (-4.37)	-0.619*** (-6.86)	1.167*** (4.58)	-0.559* (-1.67)	1.203*** (4.66)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.044*** (2.92)	0.020 (1.28)	0.114*** (4.68)	0.148*** (5.98)	-0.142*** (-7.03)	-0.131*** (-6.36)	-0.130*** (-4.18)	-0.088*** (-2.65)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.102*** (-8.20)	-0.067*** (-5.14)	0.095** (2.06)	0.285*** (5.57)	-0.198*** (-7.98)	-0.264*** (-9.87)	0.046 (0.52)	-0.047 (-0.52)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.995*** (-9.15)	-0.802*** (-7.14)	-0.587*** (-3.82)	-0.132 (-0.81)	-1.148*** (-8.91)	-1.023*** (-6.96)	-1.252*** (-6.90)	-1.309*** (-6.81)

	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.816*** (9.10)	0.559*** (5.69)	0.899*** (4.05)	1.323*** (5.83)	0.410*** (3.80)	0.273** (2.44)	0.702 (1.18)	0.494 (0.83)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-1.522*** (-14.04)	-0.977*** (-7.83)	-1.626*** (-6.21)	-1.605*** (-6.12)	-3.241*** (-12.87)	-3.658*** (-13.93)	-3.674*** (-7.61)	-4.456*** (-8.64)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.831*** (6.31)	0.507*** (3.62)	2.275*** (7.28)	1.660*** (4.91)	2.822*** (11.40)	3.312*** (12.67)	4.479*** (6.84)	4.433*** (6.58)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.608*** (5.00)	0.506*** (4.14)	0.124 (0.76)	0.180 (1.08)	-0.136 (-1.28)	-0.165 (-1.52)	-0.290 (-1.26)	0.027 (0.11)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.400*** (-4.20)	-0.072 (-0.69)	-0.509*** (-3.32)	0.172 (0.99)	0.583*** (6.39)	0.474*** (5.06)	0.827** (2.56)	1.149*** (3.47)
Russell	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.060*** (-6.28)	-0.059*** (-6.08)	-0.051*** (-2.63)	-0.024 (-1.21)	-0.020 (-1.38)	-0.028* (-1.91)	0.119*** (4.47)	0.161*** (5.69)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.366*** (-21.22)	-0.367*** (-19.02)	-0.254*** (-6.38)	-0.280*** (-6.91)	-0.432*** (-17.04)	-0.330*** (-10.27)	0.862*** (6.79)	1.095*** (8.05)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.333*** (-3.19)	-0.295*** (-2.79)	-0.105 (-0.67)	-0.267 (-1.67)	0.000 (0.00)	0.173 (1.26)	-0.377 (-1.25)	-0.234 (-0.77)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.123*** (-3.78)	-0.125*** (-3.82)	-0.038 (-0.71)	-0.028 (-0.53)	-0.762*** (-12.58)	-0.615*** (-9.19)	1.008 (1.07)	1.448 (1.53)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.868*** (8.77)	1.067*** (10.04)	1.646*** (6.39)	1.344*** (5.14)	-1.435*** (-6.26)	-1.292*** (-5.50)	-0.048 (-0.10)	-0.192 (-0.39)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.485** (2.29)	0.474** (2.24)	3.506*** (7.13)	2.449*** (4.47)	1.434*** (7.41)	1.568*** (8.01)	14.409*** (12.81)	12.542*** (10.55)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.363*** (-3.56)	-0.318*** (-3.10)	-0.659*** (-3.36)	-0.436** (-2.18)	-0.165 (-1.56)	-0.234** (-2.20)	0.514* (1.65)	0.533* (1.71)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-1.566*** (-17.96)	-1.528*** (-17.14)	-2.098*** (-11.34)	-1.868*** (-9.43)	-0.091 (-0.60)	0.083 (0.53)	3.070*** (7.85)	3.282*** (8.34)
Saline	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.002 (-1.58)		-0.006** (-2.13)		-0.002 (-0.24)		-0.005 (-0.99)	
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.000 (0.34)		-0.003 (-0.62)		-0.002 (-0.25)		-0.021 (-1.32)	
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.008 (-1.40)		-0.050 (-1.93)		-0.010 (-0.23)		-0.099*** (-2.60)	
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.002 (0.31)		-0.010 (-0.30)		0.007 (0.20)		-0.049 (-0.56)	
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.005 (0.50)		0.056 (1.48)		-0.011 (-0.23)		-0.043 (-0.90)	
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.004 (-0.45)		0.164 (1.31)		0.020 (0.23)		0.305*** (2.81)	
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.002 (-0.35)		-0.023 (-1.29)		-0.007 (-0.23)		0.013 (0.51)	
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.004 (-0.77)		-0.070** (-2.35)		-0.005 (-0.24)		-0.030 (-0.66)	

Trego	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.010 (-0.74)	-0.010 (-0.74)	0.016 (0.68)	0.009 (0.37)	-0.075*** (-4.34)	-0.073*** (-4.17)	-0.117*** (-2.67)	-0.114** (-2.50)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.000 (0.01)	-0.006 (-0.40)	-0.015 (-0.39)	-0.020 (-0.45)	0.003 (0.10)	0.007 (0.23)	-0.097 (-0.70)	-0.081 (-0.55)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.273*** (-2.69)	-0.309*** (-2.96)	-0.792*** (-5.70)	-0.783*** (-5.41)	-0.308*** (-2.86)	-0.348*** (-3.13)	-0.740*** (-3.13)	-0.752*** (-3.12)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.116 (1.18)	0.160 (1.60)	0.147 (0.75)	0.185 (0.91)	0.265** (2.51)	0.281*** (2.62)	-0.016 (-0.03)	-0.037 (-0.07)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.633*** (4.45)	0.730*** (4.92)	0.691*** (3.32)	0.796*** (3.07)	-2.086*** (-7.73)	-2.150*** (-7.57)	-3.390*** (-11.55)	-3.423*** (-10.57)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	4.907*** (16.33)	5.340*** (14.16)	4.881*** (6.31)	5.285*** (5.99)	3.814*** (11.59)	3.826*** (11.11)	4.083*** (6.77)	4.012*** (6.07)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.545*** (-5.06)	-0.617*** (-5.51)	-0.546*** (-3.32)	-0.624*** (-3.10)	-0.740*** (-7.30)	-0.731*** (-6.89)	0.090 (0.40)	0.104 (0.42)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-1.614*** (-12.96)	-1.742*** (-12.02)	-1.853*** (-10.11)	-1.987*** (-7.75)	-0.118 (-0.75)	-0.105 (-0.65)	2.350*** (5.09)	2.353*** (4.88)
Soybeans, Double Crop	Barton	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.008* (-1.71)	-0.022*** (-4.20)	0.021*** (3.03)	-0.011 (-1.14)	-0.024*** (-2.82)	-0.023*** (-2.68)	0.057*** (4.96)
		<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.013 (1.55)	-0.019* (-1.90)	0.057*** (4.11)	0.000 (0.01)	0.093*** (5.35)	0.123*** (6.30)	-0.096* (-1.68)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.023 (-0.52)	-0.042 (-0.96)	0.169** (2.22)	0.230*** (2.98)	0.245*** (4.41)	0.266*** (4.67)	0.523*** (4.98)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.039 (-0.77)	-0.031 (-0.61)	0.777*** (7.34)	0.880*** (7.94)	-0.445*** (-8.12)	-0.411*** (-7.16)	1.302*** (3.54)
		<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.158** (2.02)	0.170** (2.08)	-0.515*** (-4.3)	-0.235 (-1.73)	0.811*** (6.78)	0.824*** (6.81)	-1.084*** (-4.74)
		<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.017 (0.30)	0.173** (2.50)	-0.532** (-2.14)	-0.126 (-0.48)	-0.466*** (-3.64)	-0.560*** (-4.16)	-2.666*** (-5.49)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.032 (-0.63)	-0.067 (-1.24)	0.273*** (3.18)	0.087 (0.91)	-0.220*** (-4.14)	-0.197*** (-3.67)	0.321*** (3.81)
		<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.330*** (5.90)	0.165*** (2.61)	0.441*** (4.86)	0.084 (0.71)	0.374*** (7.41)	0.415*** (7.89)	0.157 (0.98)
Ellis		<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.007 (1.26)	0.012** (2.16)	-0.095*** (-10.48)	-0.097*** (-4.91)	0.017** (2.44)	-0.021** (-2.50)	-0.058*** (-3.68)
		<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.017** (2.24)	0.030*** (3.21)	-0.097*** (-6.58)	-0.100*** (6.03)	0.025** (2.19)	0.115*** (5.93)	-0.166*** (-3.20)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.123*** (-2.91)	-0.117*** (-2.72)	-0.335*** (-6.43)	-0.346*** (-5.18)	-0.070 (-1.57)	0.246*** (4.36)	0.104 (1.62)
		<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.037 (1.02)	0.027 (0.73)	0.406*** (5.17)	0.428*** (1.56)	0.057 (1.36)	-0.397*** (-6.93)	1.312*** (5.53)
		<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.236*** (4.18)	0.221*** (3.84)	0.265*** (3.04)	0.248*** (3.04)	0.534*** (4.45)	0.777*** (6.46)	1.227*** (10.36)
									1.244*** (10.48)

	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.183*** (-3.51)	-0.193*** (-3.49)	-1.934*** (-9.23)	-2.033*** (-7.12)	-0.275*** (-2.82)	-0.473*** (-3.54)	-1.681*** (-7.08)	-1.948*** (-7.75)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.093*** (3.37)	0.068** (2.39)	-0.016 (-0.32)	0.010 (-1.77)	0.108*** (4.55)	-0.187*** (-3.53)	0.038 (0.43)	-0.057 (-0.61)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.156*** (-4.01)	-0.142*** (-3.61)	0.036 (0.53)	0.056 (2.54)	-0.235*** (-5.72)	0.398*** (7.59)	-1.193*** (-7.71)	-1.323*** (-8.27)
Ellsworth	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.052*** (8.67)	0.046*** (6.62)	0.068*** (5.68)	0.044*** (2.98)	0.005 (0.37)	0.014 (1.00)	0.066*** (3.13)	0.030 (1.24)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.082*** (7.52)	0.070*** (5.56)	0.134*** (5.02)	0.123*** (4.49)	0.145*** (7.99)	0.164*** (8.43)	0.222** (2.23)	0.121 (1.15)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.240*** (4.05)	0.211*** (3.46)	-0.012 (-0.11)	-0.054 (-0.49)	0.460*** (7.84)	0.427*** (6.42)	0.485*** (4.29)	0.314*** (2.61)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.132** (-1.98)	-0.143** (-2.12)	0.223 (1.47)	0.152 (0.98)	-0.218*** (-3.24)	-0.159** (-2.26)	-0.852** (-2.34)	-1.100*** (-2.81)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.625*** (-5.12)	-0.582*** (-4.64)	-1.528*** (-7.13)	-1.225*** (-5.06)	0.968*** (4.35)	0.848*** (3.58)	0.007 (0.02)	0.473 (1.33)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.010 (-0.09)	0.143 (1.19)	-0.082 (-0.17)	0.455 (0.78)	-0.711*** (-4.42)	-0.699*** (-4.30)	0.043 (0.06)	-0.074 (-0.11)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.324*** (4.14)	0.251*** (2.87)	0.621*** (4.72)	0.424*** (2.87)	0.014 (0.19)	0.087 (0.98)	0.180 (1.36)	-0.085 (-0.57)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.464*** (5.21)	0.336*** (3.31)	0.988*** (6.00)	0.779*** (3.98)	0.559*** (6.73)	0.642*** (6.85)	0.603*** (2.76)	0.245 (1.02)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.026*** (-6.09)	-0.031*** (-6.31)	-0.062*** (-8.20)	-0.055*** (-7.02)	-0.012 (-1.15)	-0.008 (-0.77)	0.009 (0.63)	0.025* (1.73)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.026*** (7.71)	0.036*** (8.79)	0.041*** (3.54)	0.092*** (5.66)	0.026*** (3.11)	0.020** (2.30)	0.055 (1.57)	0.099** (2.46)
Gove	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.048** (-2.10)	-0.080*** (-3.25)	-0.137*** (-3.36)	-0.182*** (-4.34)	-0.033 (-1.05)	-0.011 (-0.34)	-0.210*** (-3.54)	-0.120* (-1.87)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.056* (1.84)	0.096*** (2.98)	0.193*** (3.30)	0.191*** (3.27)	0.064* (1.65)	0.045 (1.11)	0.268* (1.95)	0.398*** (2.82)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.074 (-1.20)	-0.129** (-2.01)	-0.534*** (-8.57)	-0.597*** (-8.42)	-0.084 (-0.63)	-0.015 (-0.11)	0.055 (0.53)	0.151 (1.44)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.105 (1.58)	0.119* (1.77)	-0.304 (-1.82)	0.035 (0.17)	0.230 (1.20)	0.150 (0.76)	-0.498** (-2.04)	-0.453* (-1.81)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.030 (1.09)	-0.033 (-1.05)	-0.041 (-0.89)	-0.020 (-0.44)	0.145*** (4.94)	0.172*** (5.20)	0.573*** (8.51)	0.509*** (7.37)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.010 (-0.24)	0.115** (2.35)	0.086 (1.29)	0.292*** (3.33)	-0.150** (-1.99)	-0.199*** (-2.59)	0.131 (1.09)	-0.084 (-0.65)
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.008 (1.01)	-0.011 (-1.20)	0.000 (-0.02)	-0.013 (-0.72)	-0.005 (-0.42)	0.006 (0.46)	0.071*** (3.08)	0.027 (0.86)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.024*** (2.95)	0.053*** (5.12)	-0.037 (-1.69)	0.023 (0.93)	0.085*** (6.56)	0.050*** (3.27)	-0.096 (-1.12)	0.507*** (4.77)

	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.414*** (5.93)	0.173** (2.16)	0.437*** (3.06)	0.461*** (3.19)	0.039 (0.45)	-0.127 (-1.16)	0.451** (2.02)	-0.790*** (-2.72)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.936*** (-12.08)	-0.685*** (-7.98)	-1.153*** (-4.50)	-0.740*** (-2.67)	-0.376*** (-3.04)	-0.228 (-1.63)	-1.695*** (-3.32)	0.746 (1.05)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.159* (1.95)	-0.027 (-0.32)	0.410*** (2.98)	0.399*** (2.76)	0.638*** (4.19)	0.452*** (2.86)	0.104 (0.47)	-0.862*** (-3.10)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.167 (-1.29)	0.125 (0.95)	-1.347*** (-2.87)	0.182 (0.31)	-0.719*** (-3.99)	-0.330* (-1.73)	-4.690*** (-6.17)	4.052*** (3.53)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.232*** (-6.04)	-0.180*** (-4.52)	-0.579*** (-8.55)	-0.491*** (-6.89)	-0.033 (-0.87)	-0.016 (-0.42)	-0.213*** (-2.62)	0.240** (2.38)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.450*** (13.48)	0.459*** (13.74)	-0.008 (-0.07)	-0.063 (-0.50)	0.417*** (9.12)	0.456*** (9.76)	-0.600*** (-3.07)	1.311*** (5.40)
Ness	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.013*** (-2.65)	-0.02** (-2.32)	0.008 (1.48)	0.006 (1.00)	0.012* (1.71)	-0.020*** (-2.80)	0.006 (0.92)	-0.022*** (-3.03)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.006 (1.60)	0.007 (1.39)	0.040*** (5.00)	0.037*** (4.43)	-0.012 (-1.57)	-0.166*** (-8.29)	-0.017** (-2.21)	-0.182*** (-8.90)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.039 (-1.33)	-0.024 (-0.66)	-0.114*** (-2.78)	-0.108** (-2.57)	0.051 (1.39)	-0.052 (-0.94)	0.135*** (3.45)	-0.046 (-0.83)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.047 (1.42)	0.037 (0.96)	-0.232*** (-3.24)	-0.249*** (-3.32)	-0.051 (-1.32)	-0.254** (-1.96)	-0.154*** (-3.75)	-0.269** (-2.07)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.053 (1.04)	0.022 (0.40)	-0.678*** (-10.34)	-0.644*** (-9.32)	0.083 (0.77)	-0.439*** (-4.30)	-0.027 (-0.15)	-0.469*** (-4.51)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.056 (1.05)	0.117** (1.99)	-0.205 (-1.84)	-0.092 (-0.71)	-0.015 (-0.13)	-1.409*** (-8.25)	0.194 (0.94)	-1.412** (-8.24)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.018 (-0.61)	-0.017 (-0.52)	0.248*** (8.07)	0.232*** (7.30)	0.050** (2.15)	0.242*** (6.85)	0.109* (1.69)	0.243*** (6.86)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.009 (-0.24)	-0.022 (-0.55)	0.626*** (13.01)	0.597*** (11.88)	-0.063* (-1.91)	0.207*** (3.32)	-0.152** (-1.98)	0.172*** (2.71)
Ottawa	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.034** (-2.10)	-0.045*** (-2.79)	-0.029 (-1.24)	-0.078*** (-2.95)	0.028 (1.08)	-0.012 (-0.45)	0.130*** (3.11)	0.101** (2.20)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.013 (-0.73)	0.006 (0.25)	-0.135*** (-4.18)	-0.099** (-2.52)	-0.027 (-1.33)	-0.019 (-0.88)	0.536*** (5.48)	0.452*** (4.03)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.280** (2.47)	0.253** (2.22)	0.541*** (3.06)	0.459*** (2.58)	0.474*** (3.86)	0.380*** (3.02)	-0.534** (-2.15)	-0.432* (-1.68)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.382*** (3.13)	0.363*** (2.97)	0.484 (1.22)	0.448 (1.13)	-0.213 (-1.37)	0.083 (0.50)	-2.477*** (-6.20)	-2.269*** (-5.14)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.423*** (3.21)	0.494*** (3.72)	0.468** (2.28)	0.890*** (3.36)	0.465** (2.37)	0.757*** (3.79)	0.930*** (3.26)	0.873*** (2.93)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.683*** (4.55)	0.707*** (4.46)	-2.575*** (-4.22)	0.291 (0.30)	0.476** (2.18)	0.373* (1.68)	2.021*** (3.00)	2.324*** (3.32)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.027	-0.126** (-0.103)	-0.346*** (-0.346)	-0.019 (-0.346)	-0.208*** (-0.208)	-0.100 (-0.100)	-0.141 (-0.141)	

		(0.50)	(-2.10)	(-1.09)	(-2.93)	(-0.34)	(-3.22)	(-0.72)	(-1.00)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.320*** (-5.62)	-0.222*** (-3.48)	-0.378*** (-2.79)	-0.752*** (-3.30)	-0.270*** (-3.96)	-0.159** (-2.13)	-0.302 (-0.93)	-0.229 (-0.68)
Rush	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.003 (-0.65)	-0.007 (-1.40)	0.005 (0.53)	-0.001 (-0.09)	0.009 (1.40)	0.003 (0.48)	0.025* (1.91)	0.010 (0.69)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.024*** (6.25)	0.026*** (6.40)	0.067*** (3.42)	0.0290 (1.33)	0.018* (1.92)	0.022** (2.31)	-0.296*** (-8.00)	-0.265*** (-7.02)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.054 (1.37)	0.058 (1.45)	-0.117 (-1.81)	-0.209*** (-3.06)	0.067 (1.42)	0.099* (1.92)	-0.184** (-2.41)	-0.156* (-1.94)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.103*** (-3.21)	-0.075** (-2.26)	-0.173 (-1.85)	-0.253*** (-2.65)	-0.031 (-0.81)	-0.024 (-0.61)	-0.517** (-2.08)	-0.444* (-1.78)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.158*** (4.38)	0.062 (1.44)	-0.291*** (-2.65)	-0.299*** (-2.71)	0.404*** (3.62)	0.443*** (3.97)	-0.223 (-1.10)	0.055 (0.25)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.072* (1.76)	0.157*** (3.39)	-0.257** (-1.96)	-0.160 (-1.12)	-0.124 (-1.09)	-0.154 (-1.34)	-1.915*** (-6.96)	-1.878*** (-6.63)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.115*** (-2.81)	-0.110*** (-2.67)	0.122* (1.79)	0.104 (1.49)	-0.019 (-0.56)	-0.031 (-0.86)	0.738*** (7.64)	0.628*** (6.26)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.098*** (3.39)	0.085** (2.55)	0.542*** (8.43)	0.403*** (5.53)	0.020 (0.64)	0.037 (1.19)	0.809*** (5.95)	0.705*** (5.07)
Russell	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.017** (2.53)	0.015** (2.05)	-0.025 (-1.78)	-0.028 (-1.93)	0.015 (1.13)	0.019 (1.43)	-0.047** (-2.47)	-0.053*** (-2.62)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.075*** (6.47)	0.082*** (6.93)	-0.077*** (-2.69)	-0.050 (-1.71)	0.142*** (5.66)	0.101*** (3.51)	-0.166* (-1.82)	-0.207** (-2.12)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.081 (1.17)	0.087 (1.24)	-0.102 (-0.90)	-0.131 (-1.14)	0.089 (0.93)	0.068 (0.68)	0.085 (0.39)	0.069 (0.32)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.127*** (4.82)	0.123*** (4.64)	0.137*** (3.57)	0.118*** (3.06)	0.200*** (3.98)	0.152*** (2.83)	0.338 (0.50)	0.230 (0.34)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.052 (-0.67)	-0.031 (-0.38)	-0.439** (-2.36)	-0.473** (-2.50)	0.568*** (2.95)	0.595*** (3.07)	0.160 (0.46)	0.228 (0.64)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.929*** (-6.62)	-0.937*** (-6.67)	-3.627*** (-10.22)	-4.183*** (-10.56)	-0.957*** (-6.49)	-1.041*** (-6.69)	-5.407*** (-6.68)	-5.034*** (-5.88)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.079 (-1.07)	-0.106 (-1.40)	-0.188 (-1.33)	-0.129 (-0.89)	0.053 (0.79)	0.081 (1.18)	-0.127 (-0.57)	-0.136 (-0.60)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.150** (2.53)	0.170*** (2.85)	0.222* (1.66)	0.417*** (2.91)	-0.021 (-0.21)	-0.026 (-0.26)	-1.332*** (-4.73)	-1.366*** (-4.82)
Saline	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.003 (-0.26)	-0.003 (-0.31)	-0.074*** (-3.65)	-0.065*** (-2.82)	0.041** (2.30)	0.064*** (3.37)	-0.156*** (-4.24)	-0.106*** (-2.77)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.068*** (5.62)	0.062*** (4.47)	-0.082** (-2.18)	-0.046 (-1.16)	-0.003 (-0.10)	-0.038 (-1.25)	-0.217** (-2.03)	-0.168 (-1.40)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.264*** (-3.06)	-0.277*** (-3.18)	-0.009 (-0.05)	0.178 (0.89)	-0.413*** (-3.70)	-0.408*** (-3.63)	0.807*** (2.73)	0.971*** (3.32)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.165* (-0.165)	-0.126 (-0.126)	0.010 (0.010)	0.542** (0.542)	0.165 (0.165)	0.204 (0.204)	0.952 (0.952)	1.793*** (1.793)

		(-1.88)	(-1.43)	(0.05)	(2.08)	(1.23)	(1.48)	(1.43) (2.67)
	GDD – Short	-0.109	-0.083	0.510**	0.404	-0.047	-0.215	-0.794*** -0.875***
		(-0.74)	(-0.56)	(2.37)	(1.38)	(-0.23)	(-0.95)	(-2.70) (-2.35)
	GDD – Long	0.815***	0.985***	-0.777	-1.646	1.118***	1.359***	-0.786 -0.091
		(5.36)	(6.07)	(-1.29)	(-1.70)	(4.68)	(5.29)	(-0.95) (-0.11)
	GDDHigh – Short	0.012	-0.057	-0.479***	-0.427***	0.261***	0.255***	-0.196 -0.150
		(0.16)	(-0.70)	(-4.89)	(-3.05)	(3.30)	(3.17)	(-1.03) (-0.77)
	GDDHigh – Long	0.208**	0.167*	-0.164	0.000	-0.004	0.002	0.405 0.471
		(2.28)	(1.81)	(-1.11)	(0.00)	(-0.04)	(0.02)	(1.16) (1.36)
Trego	Prec – Short	-0.002	-0.009*	-0.022***	-0.030***	-0.003	-0.004	-0.018 -0.025**
		(-0.51)	(-1.94)	(-3.44)	(-4.35)	(-0.78)	(-0.81)	(-1.50) (-1.99)
	Prec – Long	0.007**	0.014***	0.041***	0.023*	0.023***	0.027***	0.027 -0.001
		(2.04)	(2.99)	(3.82)	(1.82)	(3.10)	(3.29)	(0.70) (-0.03)
	PrecLow – Short	0.090***	0.099***	0.13***	0.105***	-0.091***	-0.083**(-)	-0.036 -0.011
		(3.54)	(3.59)	(3.42)	(2.64)	(-2.89)	2.49)	(-0.55) (-0.16)
	PrecLow – Long	-0.080***	-0.086***	-0.120**	-0.134**	0.133***	0.112***	0.279* 0.328** (2
		(-3.05)	(-3.05)	(-2.34)	(-2.41)	(4.35)	(3.21)	(1.90) .20)
	GDD – Short	-0.124*	-0.133*	-0.188***	-0.047	-0.071	-0.083	1.175*** 1.247***
		(-1.94)	(-1.87)	(-3.30)	(-0.67)	(-0.76)	(-0.89)	(14.59) (14.04)
	GDD – Long	-0.411***	-0.315**	-0.798***	-0.457	0.337***	0.365***	0.008 0.159
		(-3.29)	(-2.36)	(-3.76)	(-1.89)	(3.56)	(3.55)	(0.05) (0.87)
	GDDHigh – Short	0.035	0.030	0.099**	-0.006	0.253***	0.264***	0.171***(-) 0.208***
		(1.26)	(1.07)	(2.19)	(-0.12)	(5.03)	(4.61)	-2.75) (-3.07)
	GDDHigh – Long	0.142**	0.109	0.359***	0.197***	-0.380***	-0.383***	-1.331*** -1.355***
		(2.47)	(1.62)	(7.14)	(2.81)	(-6.79)	(-5.56)	(-10.50) (-10.24)
Wheat	Barton	Prec – Short	0.015*	0.045***	-0.002	0.064***	0.182***	0.234*** 0.056*** 0.124***
		(1.73)	(4.00)	(-0.19)	(3.49)	(11.03)	(13.71)	(2.66) (5.07)
	Prec – Long	0.213***	0.262***	0.078***	0.204***	0.010	0.184***	-0.021 0.245**
		(12.54)	(12.04)	(3.07)	(6.16)	(0.33)	(5.12)	(-0.20) (2.25)
	PrecLow – Short	0.226**	0.243***	0.369***	0.237*	-0.079	0.139	0.162 0.253
		(2.47)	(2.64)	(2.65)	(1.68)	(-0.68)	(1.18)	(0.84) (1.32)
	PrecLow – Long	-0.413***	-0.424***	-0.172	-0.359	-0.424***	-0.340***	-0.418 -1.141*(-)
		(-4.08)	(-4.04)	(-0.89)	(-1.77)	(-3.91)	(-3.02)	(-0.62) 1.66)
	GDD – Short	0.690***	0.671***	0.715***	0.153	0.598***	0.891***	2.898*** 2.337***
		(4.41)	(4.16)	(3.26)	(0.62)	(2.63)	(3.85)	(6.92) (5.13)
	GDD – Long	-0.702***	-0.980***	-2.329***	-3.225***	-0.618***	-1.492***	0.124 -1.163
		(-6.66)	(-7.33)	(-5.11)	(-6.72)	(-2.60)	(-5.91)	(0.14) (-1.27)
	GDDHigh – Short	0.059	0.159	-0.163	0.217	1.028***	1.281***	-0.127 -0.083
		(0.56)	(1.41)	(-1.04)	(1.25)	(9.55)	(11.57)	(-0.82) (-0.51)
	GDDHigh – Long	0.063	0.358***	-0.273	0.532**	-1.236***	-0.920***	-2.283*** -2.183***
		(0.57)	(2.77)	(-1.64)	(2.47)	(-12.63)	(-9.01)	(-7.79) (-7.42)

Ellis	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.177*** (-11.80)	-0.066*** (-4.03)	-0.103*** (-3.89)	-0.038 (-1.34)	0.220*** (12.14)	0.202*** (10.91)	0.460*** (10.19)	0.506*** (10.93)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.137*** (7.31)	0.246*** (12.24)	0.057 (1.34)	0.148*** (3.42)	-0.321*** (-9.94)	0.315*** (8.16)	0.690*** (4.60)	1.004*** (6.23)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.486*** (-4.06)	-0.096 (-0.79)	-0.178 (-1.18)	0.144 (0.95)	0.572*** (4.54)	0.193 (1.53)	1.143*** (6.19)	1.181*** (6.34)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.363*** (3.26)	0.068 (0.60)	0.466** (2.04)	-0.147 (-0.64)	-0.290** (-2.46)	-0.395*** (-3.24)	2.826*** (4.13)	2.877*** (4.17)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	1.079*** (9.01)	0.569*** (4.37)	0.261 (1.03)	0.606** (2.32)	4.204*** (16.24)	1.133*** (4.45)	3.554*** (10.41)	3.580*** (10.46)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.336** (2.36)	0.504*** (3.32)	-1.772*** (-2.91)	0.361 (0.53)	0.199 (0.96)	-2.460*** (-8.93)	4.009*** (5.85)	2.948*** (4.07)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.177** (2.22)	0.012 (0.15)	0.494*** (3.31)	-0.157 (-0.99)	1.548*** (20.32)	1.169*** (9.65)	0.876*** (3.43)	0.446* (1.66)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.072 (0.76)	0.306*** (3.20)	0.386** (1.98)	-0.058 (-0.28)	-2.379*** (-20.88)	-0.457*** (-4.13)	-2.791*** (-6.25)	-3.295*** (-7.14)
	<hr/>								
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.046*** (-3.67)	-0.060*** (-4.08)	-0.154*** (-7.36)	-0.143*** (-5.55)	-0.066** (-2.48)	-0.078*** (-2.72)	-0.144*** (-3.87)	-0.135*** (-3.20)
Ellsworth	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.079*** (3.49)	0.099*** (3.66)	-0.128*** (-2.75)	-0.093 (-1.94)	0.107*** (3.09)	0.082** (2.11)	-0.308* (-1.77)	-0.287 (-1.55)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.008 (-0.08)	-0.051 (-0.50)	0.290 (1.52)	0.207 (1.07)	-0.372*** (-2.94)	-0.350** (-2.54)	-0.312 (-1.58)	-0.256 (-1.21)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.276** (-2.20)	-0.245* (-1.92)	-0.533** (-2.01)	-0.421 (-1.56)	-0.158 (-1.05)	-0.220 (-1.42)	-0.106 (-0.17)	-0.089 (-0.13)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.467** (1.99)	0.654*** (2.71)	1.793*** (4.79)	1.550*** (3.66)	2.693*** (6.13)	2.825*** (5.85)	3.176*** (5.41)	3.028*** (4.88)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-2.150*** (-10.88)	-2.207*** (-9.29)	-0.424 (-0.50)	-2.114** (-2.07)	-2.561*** (-8.22)	-2.582*** (-8.14)	-0.531 (-0.45)	-0.554 (-0.46)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.036 (-0.20)	-0.233 (-1.20)	0.192 (0.83)	0.186 (0.72)	0.244 (1.58)	0.154 (0.86)	0.839*** (3.63)	0.914*** (3.49)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.670*** (3.62)	0.717*** (3.34)	0.503* (1.75)	0.975*** (2.85)	-0.181 (-1.10)	-0.306 (-1.62)	0.932** (2.44)	1.028** (2.45)
	<hr/>								
	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.026* (-1.71)	-0.027* (-1.68)	0.044* (1.82)	0.035 (1.40)	0.212*** (9.50)	0.210*** (9.39)	-0.041 (-0.93)	0.056 (1.22)
Gove	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.131*** (10.62)	0.107*** (6.16)	0.243*** (6.51)	0.197*** (3.78)	-0.068*** (-3.79)	-0.049** (-2.56)	-0.687*** (-6.12)	-0.330** (-2.57)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.299*** (-3.79)	-0.294*** (-3.36)	-0.072 (-0.55)	-0.068 (-0.50)	-0.351*** (-3.03)	-0.169 (-1.41)	-1.213*** (-6.40)	-0.640*** (-3.13)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.232** (2.53)	0.226** (2.31)	-0.332 (-1.78)	-0.333 (-1.78)	0.482*** (3.50)	0.384*** (2.72)	-0.433 (-0.99)	0.360 (0.80)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.435*** (3.58)	0.569*** (4.32)	1.409*** (7.06)	1.696*** (7.47)	3.087*** (13.32)	3.145*** (13.60)	2.957*** (8.95)	3.386*** (10.14)

	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.823*** (-4.68)	-0.722*** (-3.90)	-0.593 (-1.11)	-0.002 (0.00)	-3.014*** (-8.81)	-3.422*** (-9.35)	-0.392 (-0.50)	-0.631 (-0.79)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.536*** (6.49)	0.567*** (6.37)	0.076 (0.51)	0.054 (0.36)	0.524*** (5.98)	0.769*** (7.58)	1.741*** (8.09)	1.357*** (6.16)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.444*** (-4.04)	-0.612*** (-4.50)	-0.981*** (-4.62)	-1.392*** (-4.95)	-0.843*** (-5.54)	-0.958*** (-6.05)	1.589*** (4.16)	0.329 (0.80)
Lincoln	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.037*** (-3.02)	-0.015 (-1.06)	-0.025 (-1.02)	-0.020 (-0.79)	-0.003 (-0.16)	-0.019 (-0.93)	-0.116*** (-3.62)	-0.135*** (-3.78)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.05*** (3.77)	0.008 (0.52)	0.051* (1.69)	-0.028 (-0.79)	0.043** (2.15)	0.064*** (2.65)	-0.445*** (-3.74)	-0.444*** (-3.67)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.647*** (5.59)	0.712*** (5.57)	0.345* (1.73)	0.270 (1.34)	0.703*** (4.88)	0.434** (2.42)	0.593* (1.90)	0.205 (0.62)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.454*** (3.63)	0.461*** (3.35)	0.027 (0.08)	-0.586 (-1.51)	0.602*** (3.12)	1.028*** (4.57)	1.133 (1.59)	0.621 (0.77)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	0.657*** (5.53)	0.732*** (5.78)	0.345* (1.79)	0.461** (2.28)	1.281*** (5.45)	1.255*** (5.11)	1.047*** (3.37)	1.053*** (3.34)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.313 (1.64)	-0.265 (-1.31)	-0.212 (-0.32)	-1.207 (-1.49)	-0.255 (-0.95)	-0.834*** (-2.84)	-2.351** (-2.22)	-0.481 (-0.37)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.208*** (-3.28)	-0.251*** (-3.76)	-0.021 (-0.23)	-0.151 (-1.52)	-0.075 (-1.28)	-0.085 (-1.40)	-0.013 (-0.12)	-0.038 (-0.33)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.25*** (-4.99)	-0.313*** (-5.97)	0.153 (0.98)	0.078 (0.45)	-0.501*** (-7.08)	-0.629*** (-8.42)	-0.796*** (-2.92)	-0.755*** (-2.74)
Ness	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.025* (-1.88)	0.011 (0.71)	-0.044** (-2.23)	0.033 (1.46)	0.181*** (10.20)	-0.008 (-0.30)	0.087*** (3.72)	0.015 (0.56)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.188*** (14.36)	0.156*** (10.46)	0.205*** (6.86)	0.082*** (2.62)	0.054*** (2.76)	-0.718*** (-9.60)	0.091*** (3.13)	-0.676*** (-8.84)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.270*** (3.00)	0.381*** (4.13)	-0.291 (-1.88)	-0.560*** (-3.54)	0.829*** (6.61)	0.885*** (4.27)	0.508*** (3.36)	0.776*** (3.71)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.200** (-2.20)	-0.299*** (-3.22)	-1.126*** (-4.18)	-2.184*** (-7.75)	-0.564*** (-4.48)	-0.763 (-1.58)	-0.419*** (-2.63)	-0.918* (-1.88)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	1.538*** (14.75)	1.347*** (12.55)	1.341*** (5.44)	1.359*** (5.24)	2.823*** (10.55)	5.328*** (13.95)	2.134*** (3.08)	5.183*** (13.33)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.162 (-1.40)	0.087 (0.69)	0.023 (0.05)	0.399 (0.82)	-1.013*** (-3.75)	0.016 (0.03)	-0.757 (-0.95)	-0.146 (-0.23)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.094 (1.27)	0.111 (1.49)	0.274** (2.37)	0.036 (0.30)	0.541*** (7.62)	-0.340** (2.57)	-0.560** (-2.25)	-0.327** (-2.47)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.192*** (-2.79)	-0.254*** (-3.56)	0.264 (1.46)	-0.207 (-1.10)	-0.435*** (-5.47)	-2.402*** (-10.30)	0.343 (1.16)	-2.382*** (-10.07)
Ottawa	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.082*** (4.02)	0.096*** (4.62)	0.064** (2.35)	0.103*** (3.32)	-0.013 (-0.39)	0.047 (1.38)	-0.054 (-1.10)	-0.015 (-0.27)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.140*** (6.07)	0.111*** (4.08)	0.205*** (5.40)	0.199*** (4.32)	0.087*** (3.46)	0.076*** (2.81)	-0.387*** (-3.37)	-0.295** (-2.24)

	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	-0.142 (-0.95)	-0.125 (-0.83)	-0.897*** (-4.33)	-0.852*** (-4.08)	-0.368** (-2.26)	-0.218 (-1.31)	0.192 (0.66)	0.059 (0.20)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	-0.480*** (-2.94)	-0.444*** (-2.72)	-1.484*** (-3.19)	-1.484*** (-3.18)	0.499** (2.38)	0.088 (0.39)	2.874*** (6.13)	2.556*** (4.93)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.451*** (-2.70)	-0.542*** (-3.18)	-0.644*** (-2.68)	-1.057*** (-3.41)	-0.311 (-1.28)	-0.697*** (-2.84)	-0.555* (-1.66)	-0.522 (-1.49)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.682*** (-3.74)	-0.656*** (-3.39)	2.082*** (2.91)	-0.208 (-0.18)	0.029 (0.10)	0.138 (0.49)	-2.591*** (-3.28)	-2.994*** (-3.65)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.047 (0.63)	0.203** (2.46)	0.004 (0.04)	0.209 (1.52)	0.207*** (2.78)	0.474*** (5.60)	-0.212 (-1.29)	-0.164 (-0.99)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.344*** (4.79)	0.237*** (3.00)	0.371** (2.34)	0.773*** (2.89)	-0.005 (-0.06)	-0.163* (-1.71)	-1.116*** (-2.92)	-1.235*** (-3.14)
Rush	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.092*** (-5.20)	-0.069*** (-3.80)	-0.137*** (-4.91)	-0.159*** (-5.63)	0.316*** (13.45)	0.338*** (14.01)	0.178*** (5.02)	0.174*** (4.63)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.091*** (6.50)	0.075*** (4.95)	-0.076 (-1.44)	-0.230*** (-3.94)	-0.065** (-2.14)	-0.022 (-0.68)	0.459*** (4.58)	0.503*** (4.91)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	1.049*** (7.74)	0.839*** (6.01)	0.946*** (5.38)	0.554*** (2.97)	0.597*** (3.66)	0.233 (1.29)	1.270*** (6.14)	1.167*** (5.32)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.594*** (5.52)	0.833*** (7.30)	-0.053 (-0.21)	-0.332 (-1.28)	0.888*** (6.68)	1.043*** (7.60)	0.661 (0.98)	0.719 (1.06)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	2.200*** (18.21)	1.891*** (12.97)	2.969*** (9.92)	2.889*** (9.63)	1.557*** (5.02)	1.697*** (5.29)	4.998*** (9.08)	5.148*** (8.75)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.700*** (-4.71)	-0.588*** (-3.63)	0.116 (0.33)	0.218 (0.56)	-1.814*** (-6.18)	-2.200*** (-7.04)	3.460*** (4.63)	3.149*** (4.10)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.005 (0.03)	-0.005 (-0.04)	0.051 (0.28)	-0.099 (-0.52)	1.428*** (11.60)	1.571*** (12.40)	-0.538** (-2.05)	-0.643** (-2.36)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.601*** (-5.34)	-0.911*** (-7.35)	-1.052*** (-6.01)	-1.647*** (-8.30)	-1.275*** (-11.71)	-1.253*** (-11.21)	-3.343*** (-9.06)	-3.567*** (-9.45)
Russell	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.050*** (3.74)	0.048*** (3.43)	-0.041 (-1.58)	-0.071*** (-2.70)	0.142*** (6.66)	0.143*** (6.66)	-0.130*** (-3.70)	-0.137*** (-3.68)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.517*** (21.84)	0.515*** (20.10)	0.266*** (5.07)	0.287*** (5.37)	0.164*** (4.19)	0.143*** (3.03)	-0.567*** (-3.39)	-0.604*** (-3.37)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.201 (1.37)	0.115 (0.76)	-0.141 (-0.68)	0.051 (0.24)	0.093 (0.51)	-0.077 (-0.41)	0.742* (1.87)	0.717* (1.80)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.094** (1.98)	0.098** (2.06)	-0.219*** (-3.12)	-0.224*** (-3.18)	0.186** (1.99)	0.142 (1.40)	0.054 (0.04)	-0.011 (-0.01)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.335** (-2.33)	-0.616*** (-3.87)	0.668** (1.97)	1.019*** (2.95)	0.979*** (3.08)	0.762** (2.37)	2.417*** (3.77)	2.432*** (3.76)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.528* (1.84)	0.549* (1.89)	-1.581** (-2.44)	-0.213 (-0.29)	1.563*** (5.93)	1.590*** (5.88)	-6.307*** (-4.25)	-6.015*** (-3.84)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.140 (0.90)	0.172 (1.09)	-0.890*** (-3.44)	-1.160*** (-4.40)	0.816*** (5.46)	0.843*** (5.57)	-1.964*** (-4.77)	-1.966*** (-4.77)

	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.825*** (6.36)	0.787*** (6.02)	-0.022 (-0.09)	-0.342 (-1.31)	-0.855*** (-4.29)	-1.028*** (-5.02)	-5.815*** (-11.27)	-5.849*** (-11.26)
Saline	<i>Prec</i> – Short	0.007 (0.59)	0.012 (0.9)	0.086*** (3.62)	0.076*** (2.81)	-0.008 (-0.34)	-0.017 (-0.68)	0.131*** (3.04)	0.110** (2.44)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	-0.064*** (-4.19)	-0.064*** (-3.53)	0.111** (2.53)	0.091** (1.96)	-0.012 (-0.35)	0.008 (0.21)	0.126 (1.01)	0.132 (0.94)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.523*** (5.00)	0.545*** (5.11)	0.043 (0.19)	-0.018 (-0.08)	0.645*** (4.65)	0.643*** (4.58)	-0.996*** (-2.89)	-0.988*** (-2.89)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.151 (1.38)	0.139 (1.26)	0.072 (0.28)	-0.202 (-0.66)	-0.200 (-1.16)	-0.194 (-1.09)	-1.088 (-1.40)	-1.350* (-1.72)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	-0.654*** (3.49)	-0.640*** (3.37)	-0.807*** (-3.22)	-0.614 (-1.79)	-1.066*** (-4.29)	-1.034*** (-3.79)	-0.167 (-0.49)	-0.049 (-0.11)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	-0.92*** (5.00)	-0.900*** (4.51)	0.848 (1.21)	1.797 (1.59)	-1.043*** (-3.58)	-1.111*** (-3.54)	3.404*** (3.54)	2.618*** (2.68)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	0.282*** (2.78)	0.290*** (2.61)	0.392*** (3.44)	0.286* (1.75)	0.233** (2.18)	0.255** (2.31)	0.819*** (3.69)	0.735*** (3.22)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	0.116 (1.01)	0.123 (1.06)	0.126 (0.73)	-0.072 (-0.27)	0.380*** (2.90)	0.393*** (2.98)	0.190 (0.47)	0.068 (0.17)
Trego	<i>Prec</i> – Short	-0.010 (-0.81)	-0.006 (-0.47)	-0.010 (-0.45)	-0.021 (-0.92)	0.194*** (12.83)	0.181*** (11.97)	0.014 (0.35)	0.012 (0.29)
	<i>Prec</i> – Long	0.241*** (19.72)	0.238*** (19.13)	0.149*** (4.10)	0.084** (2.03)	0.130*** (4.71)	0.089*** (3.20)	-0.500*** (-3.92)	-0.516*** (-3.81)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Short	0.558*** (6.15)	0.583*** (6.20)	0.968*** (7.58)	0.831*** (6.25)	0.782*** (8.39)	0.792*** (8.33)	1.057*** (4.89)	0.979*** (4.45)
	<i>PrecLow</i> – Long	0.122 (1.36)	0.106 (1.17)	-0.328 (-1.82)	-0.476** (-2.57)	0.332*** (3.60)	0.378*** (4.08)	0.277 (0.57)	0.055 (0.11)
	<i>GDD</i> – Short	1.304*** (10.09)	1.279*** (9.60)	1.831*** (9.58)	2.101*** (8.82)	4.830*** (21.82)	4.367*** (18.71)	5.043*** (18.79)	4.799*** (16.21)
	<i>GDD</i> – Long	0.499* (1.82)	0.294 (0.86)	-0.044 (-0.06)	0.135 (0.17)	3.904*** (13.55)	3.147*** (10.52)	4.373*** (7.93)	3.929*** (6.50)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Short	-0.280*** (-2.93)	-0.250** (-2.52)	-0.668*** (-4.42)	-0.869*** (-4.70)	0.018 (0.21)	0.200** (2.23)	-1.449*** (-6.98)	-1.231*** (-5.46)
	<i>GDDHigh</i> – Long	-0.855*** (-7.55)	-0.797*** (-6.13)	-1.360*** (-8.08)	-1.624*** (-6.90)	-3.459*** (-25.87)	-3.256*** (-24.09)	-6.342*** (-15.01)	-6.003*** (-13.62)

Table SA14. NL-DML-RE Partial Effects, Price Variables, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

County	Land use	P_A	P_{Sor}	P_{Soy}	P_W
Barton	Alfalfa	0.001 (0.03)	0.000 (0.01)	0.000 (0.03)	-0.004 (0.74)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.34*** (6.85)	0.049*** (4.80)	0.032*** (3.76)	-0.083*** (9.64)
	Fallow	-0.164*** (5.62)	0.075*** (11.52)	-0.080*** (10.72)	0.054*** (10.72)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.024 (0.82)	-0.052*** (8.27)	0.046*** (8.30)	-0.028*** (5.32)
	Wheat	-0.201*** (3.39)	-0.072*** (5.81)	0.002 (0.20)	0.061*** (5.90)
Ellis	Alfalfa	0.013* (1.72)	0.003 (1.09)	-0.001 (-0.41)	0.000 (-0.02)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.224*** (4.74)	0.043*** (3.41)	0.010 (1.43)	-0.020** (-2.54)
	Fallow	-0.145*** (-3.27)	0.120*** (10.39)	-0.104*** (-17.09)	0.035*** (4.68)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	-0.067*** (-3.43)	-0.094*** (-11.15)	0.049*** (10.15)	0.002 (0.62)
	Wheat	-0.025 (-0.48)	-0.072*** (-5.00)	0.046*** (6.06)	-0.017* (-1.94)
Ellsworth	Alfalfa	0.052** (2.03)	0.011 (1.42)	0.002 (0.38)	-0.009* (-1.76)
	Corn/Sorghum	-0.067 (-0.71)	0.123*** (5.82)	-0.067*** (-3.85)	-0.002 (-0.14)
	Fallow	0.017 (0.30)	-0.013 (-1.07)	-0.012 (-1.14)	0.024** (2.39)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.010 (0.22)	-0.023* (-1.85)	0.021** (2.33)	-0.013 (-1.61)
	Wheat	-0.011 (-0.11)	-0.097*** (-4.10)	0.057*** (2.98)	0.001 (0.05)
Gove	Alfalfa	-0.005 (-0.39)	0.001 (0.47)	-0.002 (-1.13)	0.002 (1.22)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.494*** (8.67)	-0.017 (-1.41)	0.052*** (5.97)	-0.032*** (-3.00)
	Fallow	0.110** (2.26)	-0.013 (-1.32)	0.036*** (4.85)	-0.085*** (-9.49)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.004 (0.20)	-0.022*** (-3.13)	0.020*** (4.04)	-0.008** (-2.01)
	Wheat	-0.603*** (-12.67)	0.051*** (4.79)	-0.106*** (-14.60)	0.123*** (13.56)
Lincoln	Alfalfa	-0.035** (-2.50)	-0.014 (-1.51)	0.003 (0.64)	-0.005 (-1.25)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.045 (1.17)	0.074*** (5.11)	-0.030*** (-3.24)	-0.005 (-0.68)
	Fallow	-0.065*** (-4.50)	0.010* (1.84)	-0.022*** (-6.22)	0.024*** (7.66)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.130*** (5.46)	-0.147*** (-11.99)	0.115*** (15.05)	-0.037*** (-6.93)
	Wheat	-0.074* (-1.76)	0.077*** (4.11)	-0.066*** (-5.58)	0.024*** (2.72)
Ness	Alfalfa	-0.003 (-0.19)	0.001 (0.49)	-0.001 (-0.37)	0.000 (-0.14)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.198*** (3.93)	-0.013 (-1.15)	0.041*** (4.45)	-0.038*** (-4.37)
	Fallow	0.072 (1.24)	0.061*** (4.72)	-0.025** (-2.38)	-0.010 (-0.98)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	-0.021 (-0.86)	-0.014** (-2.06)	0.013*** (2.78)	-0.005 (-1.15)
	Wheat	-0.245*** (-4.92)	-0.035*** (-2.86)	-0.028*** (-2.99)	0.053*** (6.04)

Ottawa	Alfalfa	-0.025 (-1.17)	-0.001 (-0.08)	0.001 (0.23)	0.002 (0.33)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.094** (2.09)	-0.005 (-0.35)	0.019 (1.64)	-0.015* (-1.69)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	-0.086** (-2.19)	-0.137*** (-8.63)	0.080*** (6.96)	0.001 (0.09)
	Wheat	0.017 (0.33)	0.143*** (7.12)	-0.101*** (-6.93)	0.013 (1.12)
Rush	Alfalfa	0.035 (1.61)	-0.007** (-2.26)	0.007*** (2.45)	-0.005 (-1.46)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.475*** (5.62)	0.005 (0.43)	0.067*** (7.08)	-0.066*** (-4.46)
	Fallow	-0.146** (-2.06)	0.076*** (7.64)	-0.069*** (-8.15)	0.018 (1.43)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.065*** (2.75)	-0.033*** (-8.49)	0.029*** (8.83)	-0.012*** (-3.17)
	Wheat	-0.428*** (-4.93)	-0.041*** (-3.31)	-0.035*** (-3.41)	0.065*** (4.33)
Russell	Alfalfa	-0.003 (-0.21)	-0.002 (-0.55)	0.001 (0.29)	0.002 (0.52)
	Corn/Sorghum	0.047 (0.71)	0.053*** (3.64)	-0.005 (-0.51)	-0.041*** (-3.28)
	Fallow	-0.156*** (-3.24)	0.080*** (7.48)	-0.084*** (-11.47)	0.028*** (3.24)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.046 (1.30)	-0.090*** (-10.89)	0.071*** (10.33)	-0.026*** (-3.87)
	Wheat	0.066 (0.89)	-0.041*** (-2.67)	0.018 (1.55)	0.036*** (2.74)
Saline	Alfalfa	0.043* (1.75)	-0.005 (-0.63)	0.014*** (2.97)	-0.017*** (-2.89)
	Corn/Sorghum	-0.035 (-0.81)	-0.034*** (-2.84)	0.012 (1.46)	0.013 (1.33)
	Fallow	-0.003 (-0.90)	-0.002** (-2.38)	0.001 (1.46)	0.001* (1.81)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.041 (0.93)	-0.077*** (-5.90)	0.058*** (7.08)	-0.006 (-0.62)
	Wheat	-0.046 (-0.79)	0.118*** (6.68)	-0.086*** (-7.65)	0.009 (0.63)
Trego	Alfalfa	0.002 (0.12)	0.004 (1.13)	-0.002 (-0.95)	0.000 (0.04)
	Corn/Sorghum	-0.006 (-0.11)	-0.009 (-0.58)	0.025*** (3.13)	-0.030*** (-3.08)
	Fallow	0.270*** (4.97)	0.102*** (7.36)	-0.051*** (-6.81)	-0.016 (-1.64)
	Soybeans/Double Crop	-0.031* (-1.80)	-0.028*** (-3.40)	0.018*** (3.60)	0.003 (0.42)
	Wheat	-0.235*** (-4.87)	-0.069*** (-5.09)	0.010 (1.38)	0.042*** (4.95)

Table SA15. County-average land-use transition probabilities, NL-DML-RE, 1 to 3 and 4 to 10 lag structure

County	Lagged Land-Use	Current Land-Use				Soybeans/Double Crop	Wheat
		Alfalfa	Corn/Sorghum	Fallow			
Barton	Alfalfa	0.60	0.06	0.04		0.03	0.27
	Corn/Sorghum	0.01	0.20	0.33		0.18	0.27
	Fallow	0.02	0.02	0.00		0.00	0.96
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.02	0.18	0.10		0.07	0.64
	Wheat	0.02	0.25	0.04		0.03	0.65
Ellis	Alfalfa	0.45	0.15	0.12		0.03	0.24
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.18	0.64		0.04	0.14
	Fallow	0.00	0.03	0.02		0.00	0.94
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.00	0.24	0.44		0.03	0.28
	Wheat	0.00	0.34	0.19		0.01	0.46
Ellsworth	Alfalfa	0.39	0.08	0.04		0.06	0.44
	Corn/Sorghum	0.01	0.19	0.35		0.18	0.27
	Fallow	0.00	0.01	0.00		0.00	0.98
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.13	0.13		0.06	0.68
	Wheat	0.01	0.16	0.03		0.03	0.78
Gove	Alfalfa	0.36	0.20	0.25		0.01	0.17
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.25	0.63		0.01	0.11
	Fallow	0.00	0.11	0.04		0.01	0.84
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.00	0.34	0.51		0.01	0.14
	Wheat	0.00	0.69	0.14		0.01	0.16
Lincoln	Alfalfa/Fallow	0.29	0.04	0.00		0.04	0.63
	Corn/Sorghum	0.01	0.27	0.14		0.33	0.25
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.16	0.03		0.14	0.66
	Wheat	0.01	0.18	0.01		0.07	0.73
Ness	Alfalfa	0.54	0.15	0.16		0.00	0.16
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.10	0.80		0.01	0.09
	Fallow	0.00	0.04	0.04		0.01	0.92
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.19	0.64		0.03	0.14
	Wheat	0.00	0.35	0.42		0.01	0.22
Ottawa	Alfalfa	0.55	0.07			0.11	0.27
	Corn/Sorghum	0.01	0.26			0.51	0.23
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.21			0.20	0.57
	Wheat	0.02	0.09			0.11	0.78
Rush	Alfalfa	0.34	0.17	0.19		0.02	0.27
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.13	0.68		0.05	0.14
	Fallow	0.00	0.02	0.01		0.00	0.97
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.19	0.40		0.02	0.38
	Wheat	0.00	0.36	0.19		0.01	0.44
Russell	Alfalfa	0.43	0.11	0.13		0.07	0.27
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.18	0.55		0.11	0.16
	Fallow	0.00	0.01	0.01		0.01	0.97
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.23	0.24		0.07	0.45
	Wheat	0.00	0.35	0.09		0.03	0.53
Saline	Alfalfa/Fallow	0.43	0.04	0.00		0.11	0.43
	Corn/Sorghum	0.01	0.23	0.00		0.47	0.29
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.01	0.18	0.00		0.18	0.63
	Wheat	0.02	0.06	0.00		0.10	0.82
Trego	Alfalfa	0.51	0.18	0.14		0.02	0.14
	Corn/Sorghum	0.00	0.14	0.76		0.01	0.09
	Fallow	0.00	0.05	0.03		0.00	0.92
	Soybeans/Double Crop	0.00	0.26	0.63		0.01	0.09
	Wheat	0.00	0.55	0.23		0.01	0.21

Figures

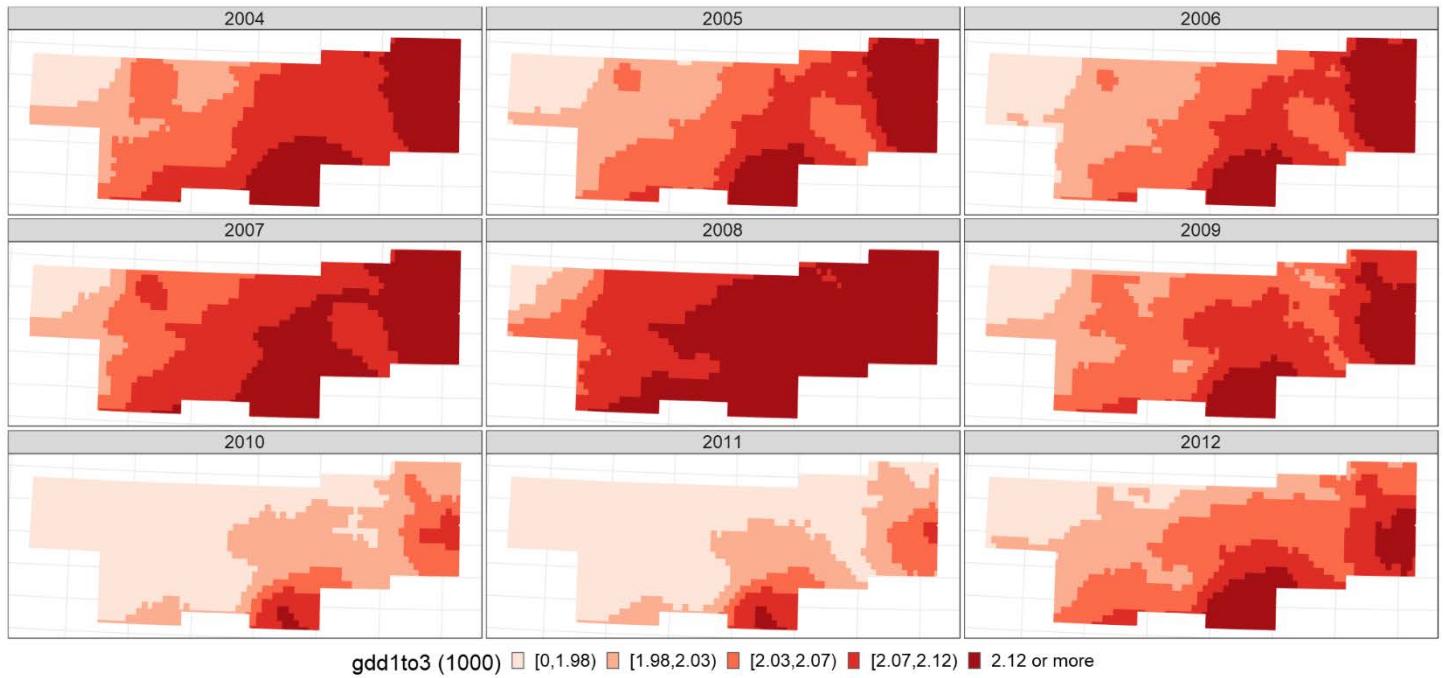


Figure SA1. Spatial and temporal variation in three-year average total growing-season growing degree days between 10°C and 30°C, lags 1 through 3 (used to create *GDD1to3*).

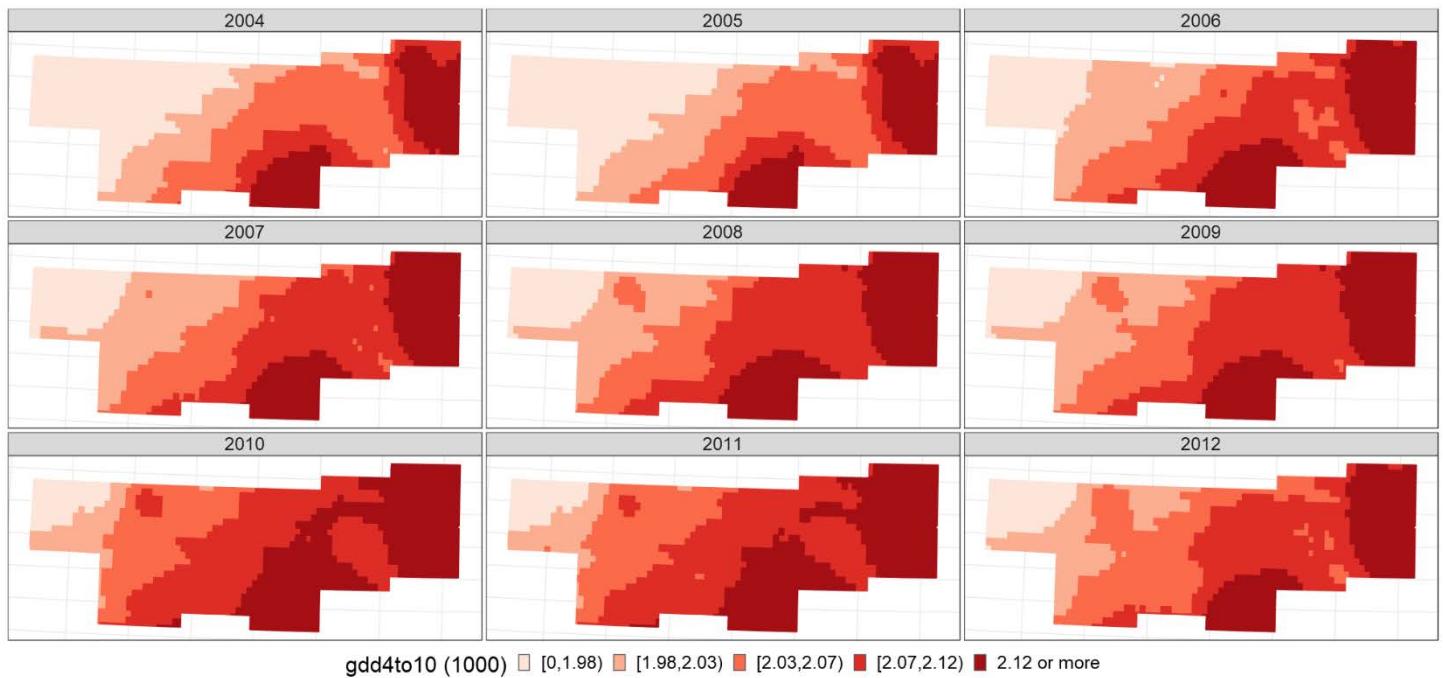


Figure SA2. Spatial and temporal variation in seven-year average total growing-season growing degree days between 10°C and 30°C, lags 4 through 10 (used to create *GDD4to10*).

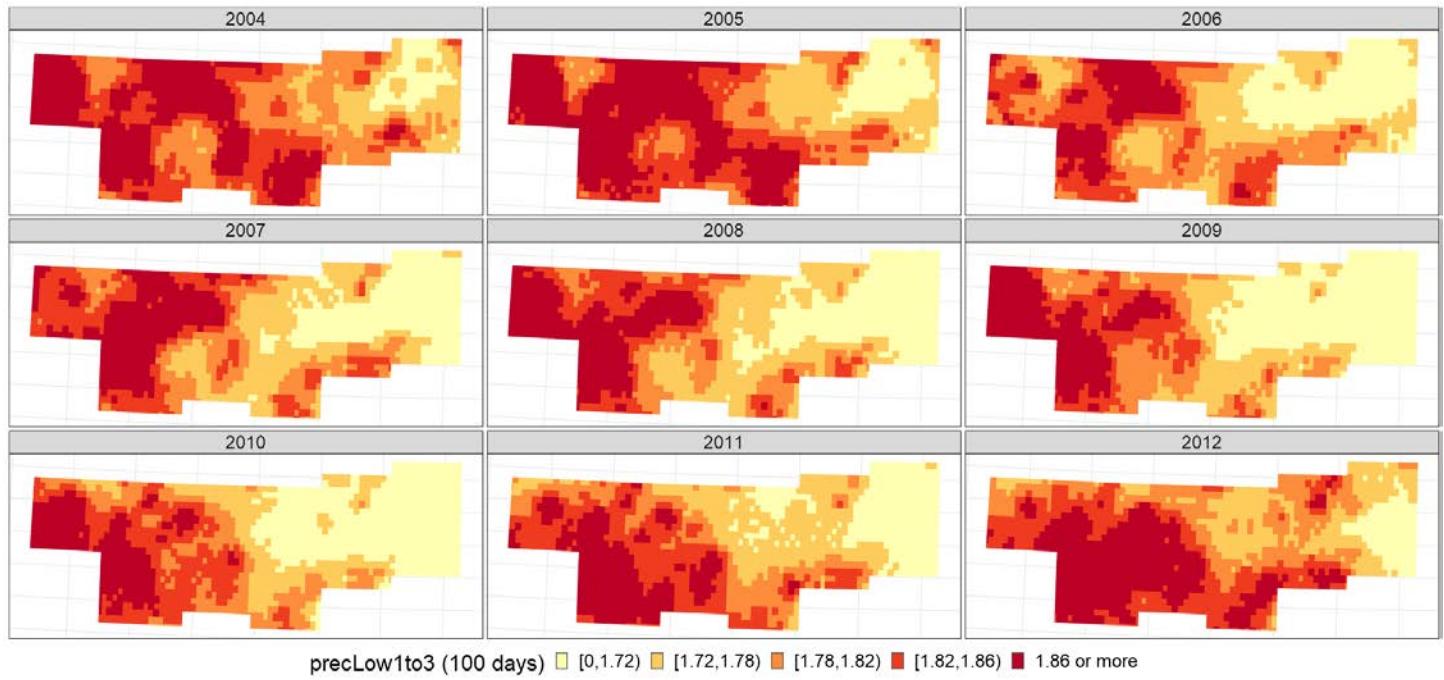


Figure SA3. Spatial and temporal variation in three-year average number of days with precipitation less than 1 mm, lags 1 through 3 (used to create *PrecLow1to3*).

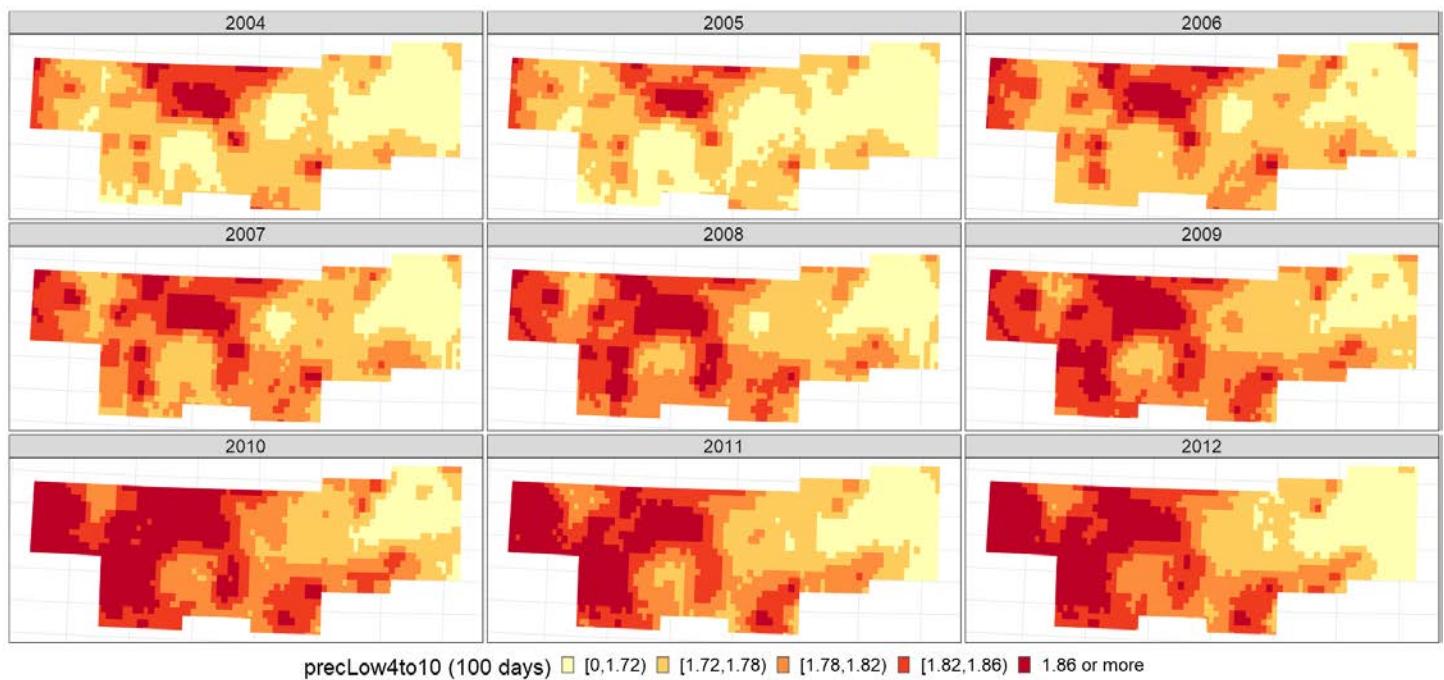


Figure SA4. Spatial and temporal variation in seven-year average number of days with precipitation less than 1 mm, lags 4 through 10 (used to create *PrecLow4to10*).

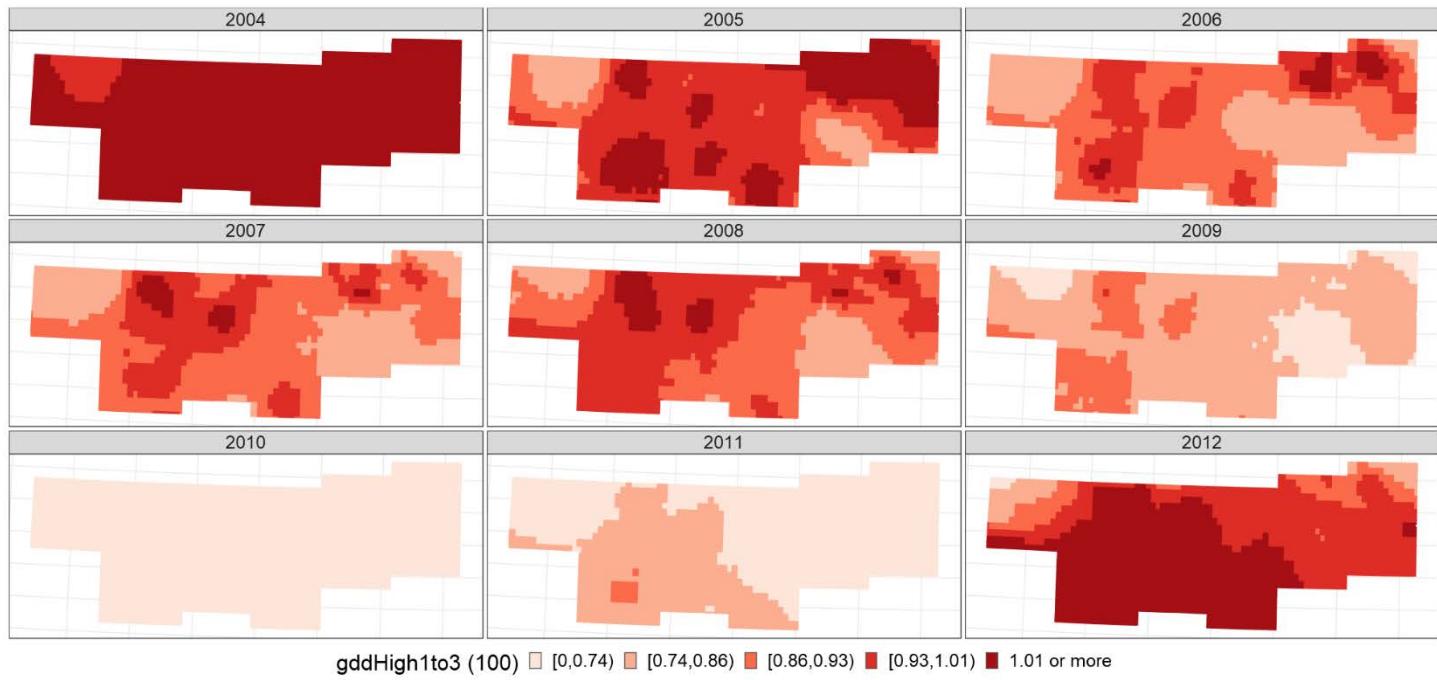


Figure SA5. Spatial and temporal variation in three-year average growing-season growing degree days above 30°C, lags 1 through 3 (used to create *GDDHigh1to3*).

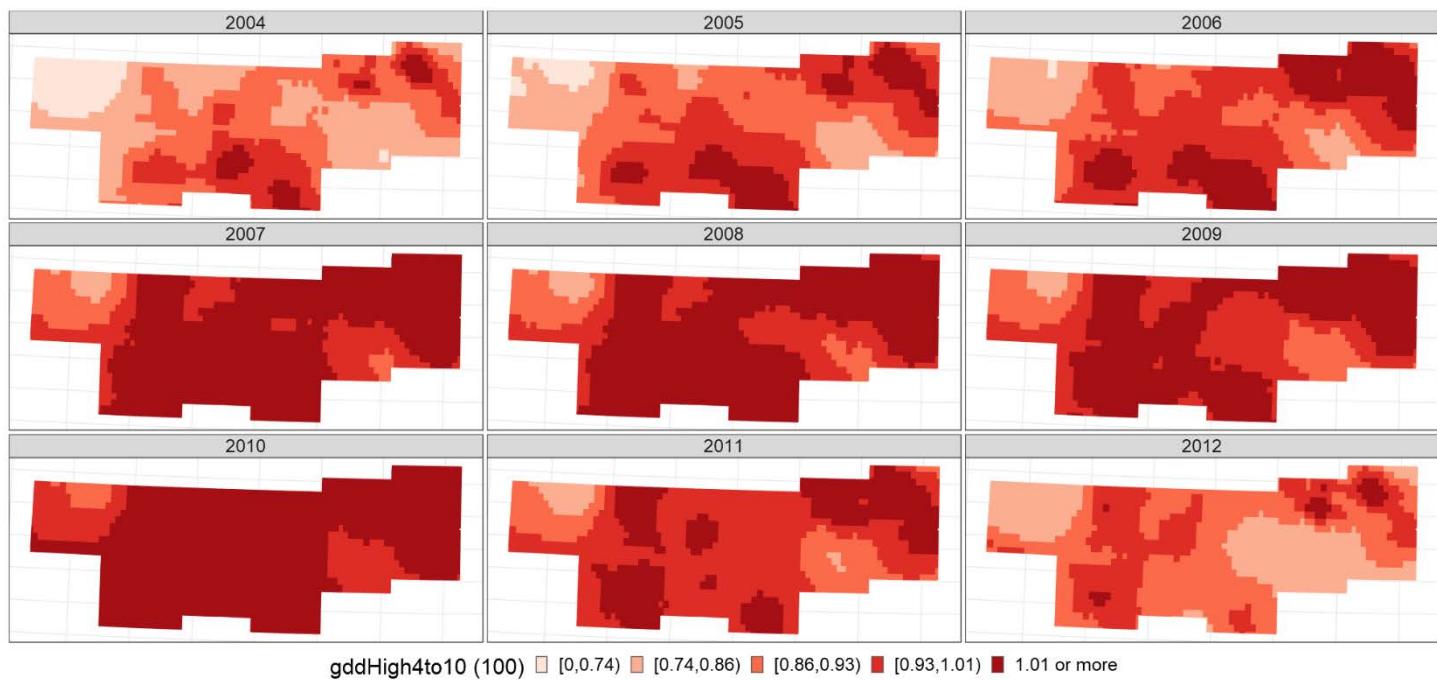


Figure SA6. Spatial and temporal variation in seven-year average growing-season growing degree days above 30°C, lags 4 through 10 (used to create *GDDHigh4to10*).

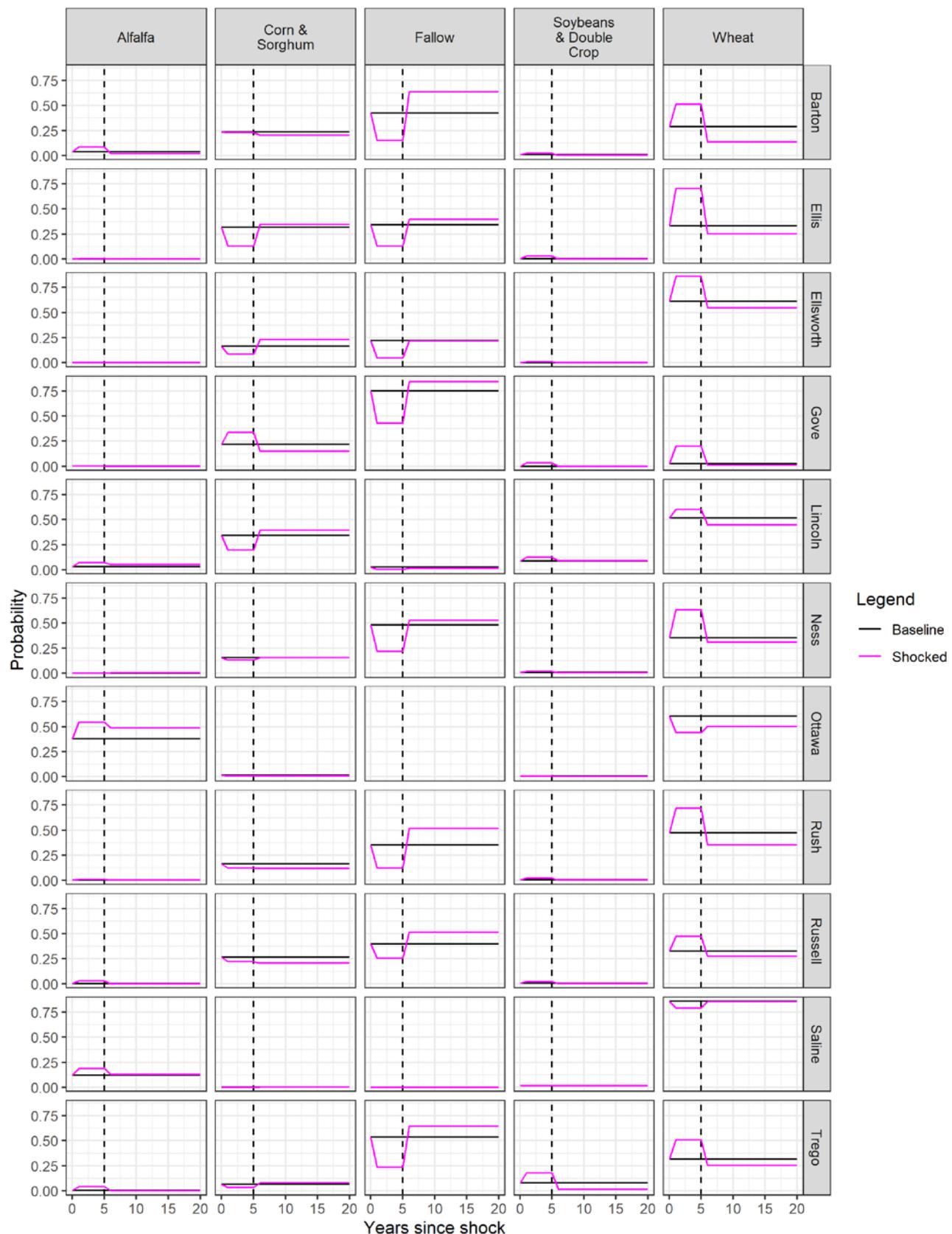


Figure SA7. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting one year, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

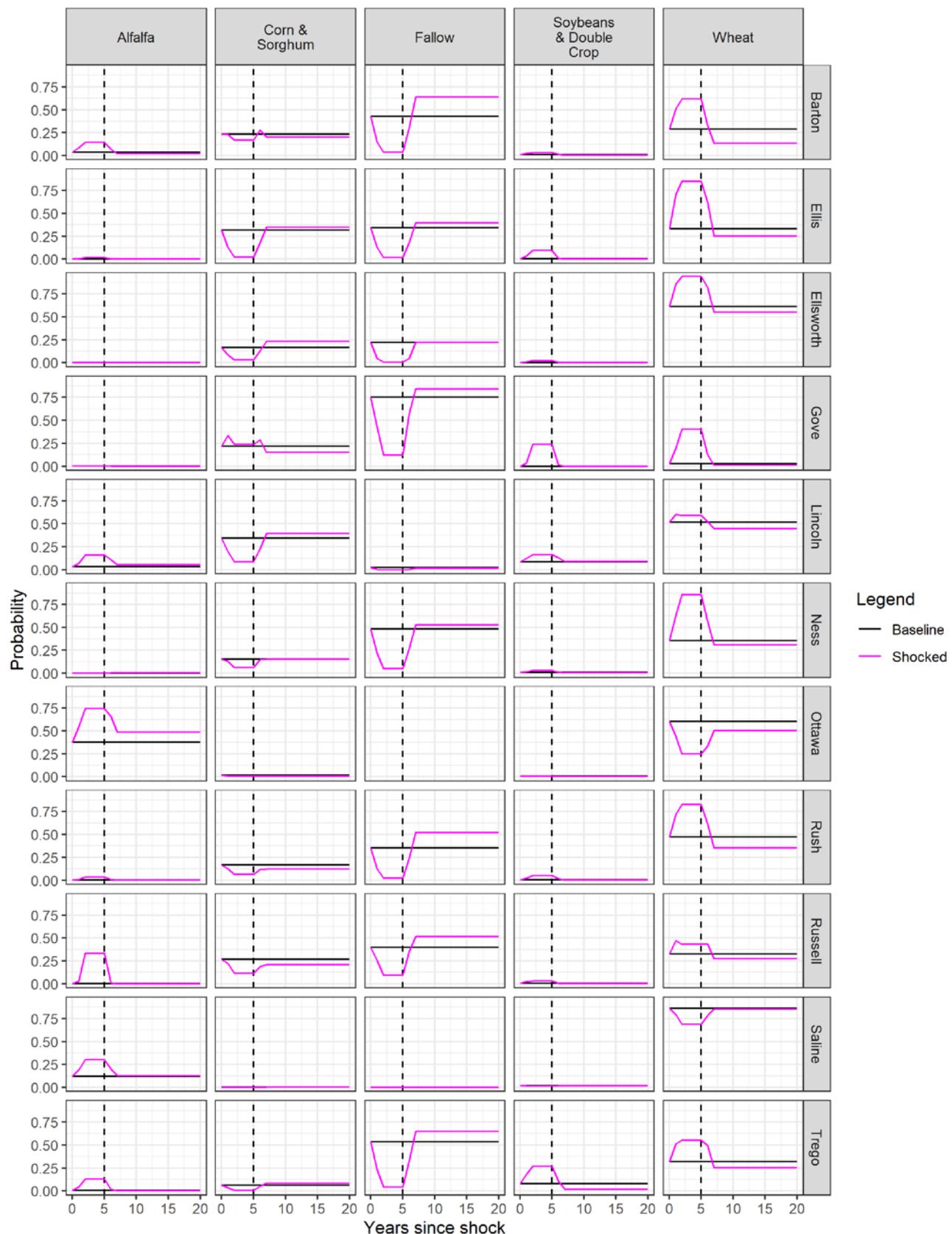


Figure SA8. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting two years, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

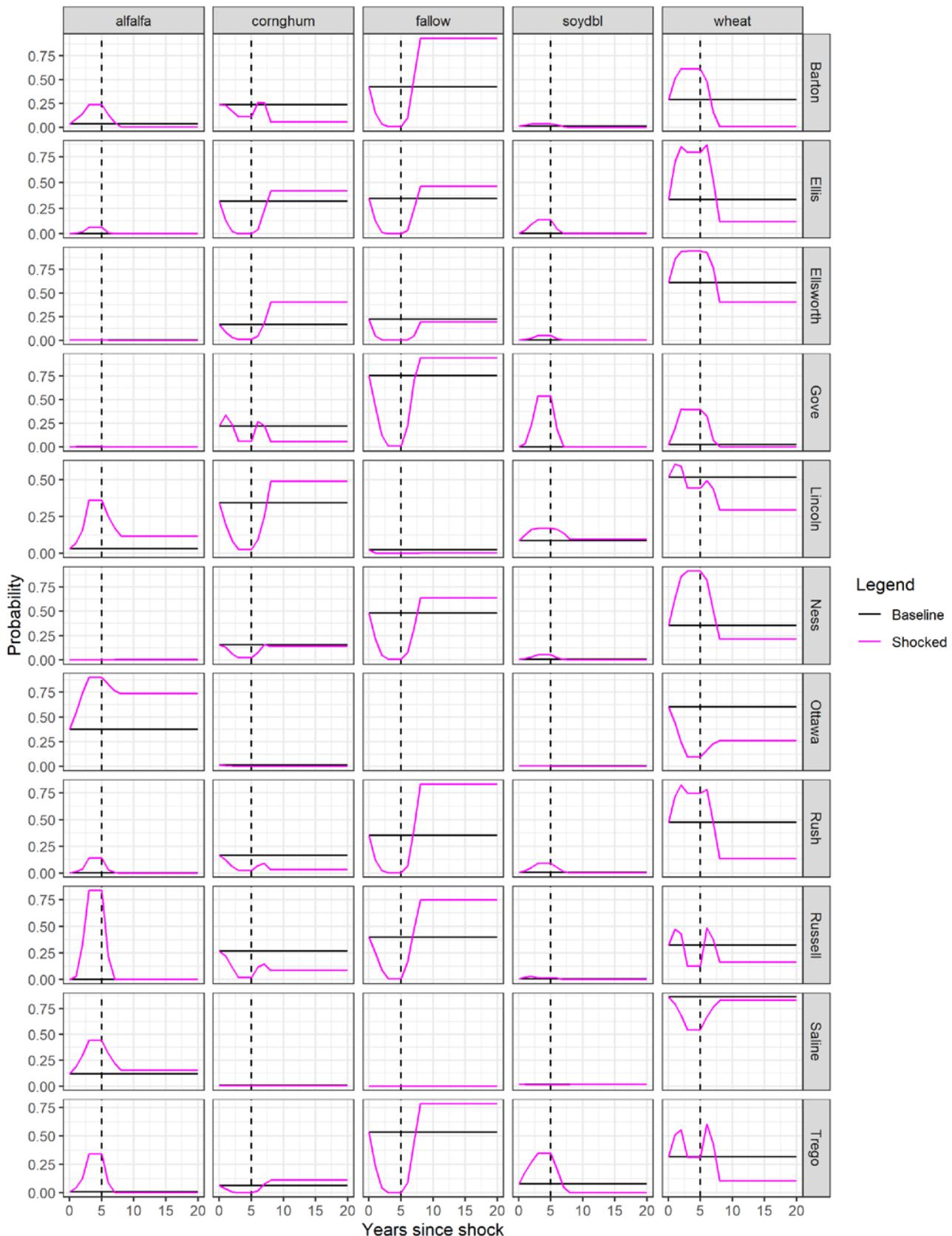


Figure SA9. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting three years, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

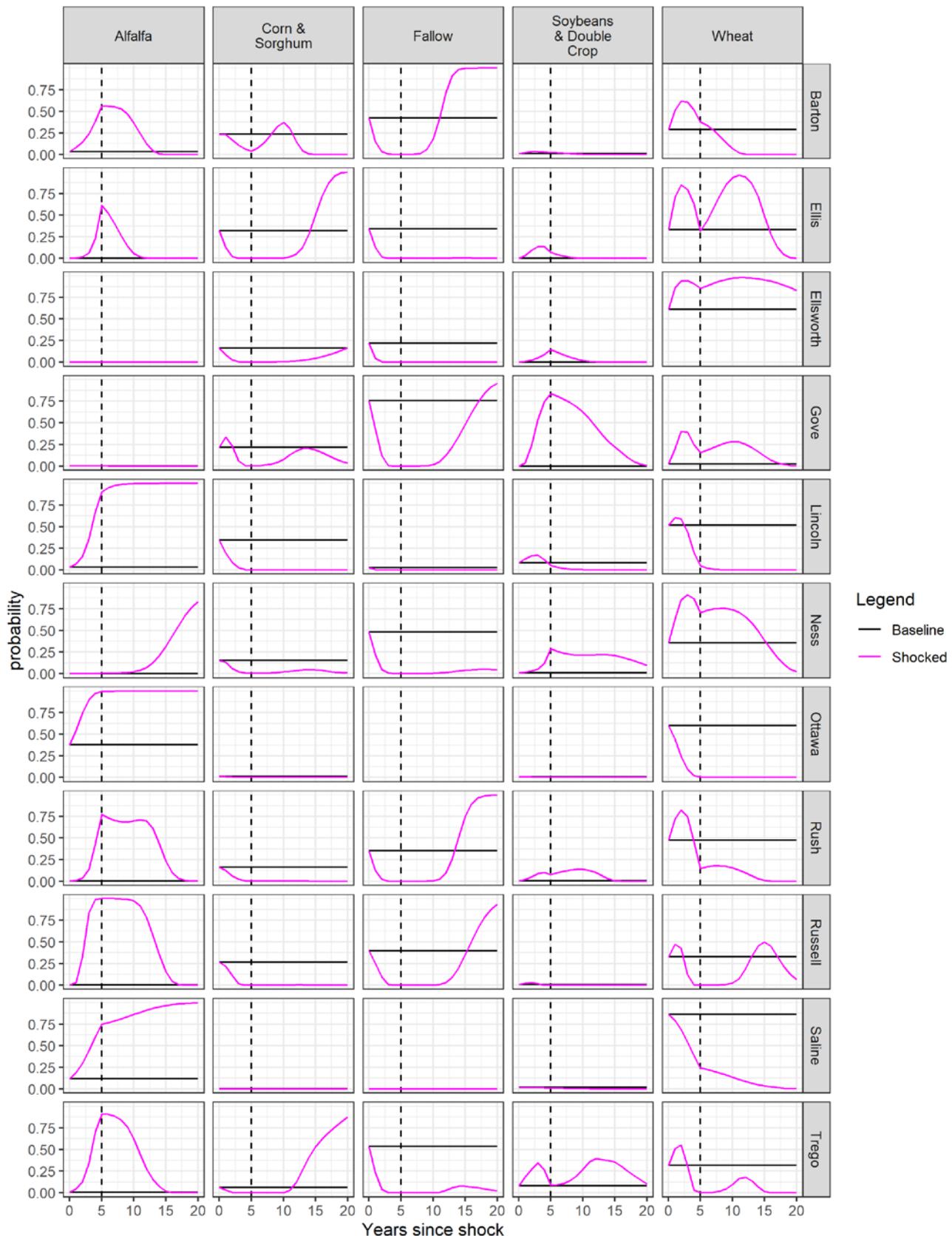


Figure SA10. Simulated probabilities from permanent drought, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

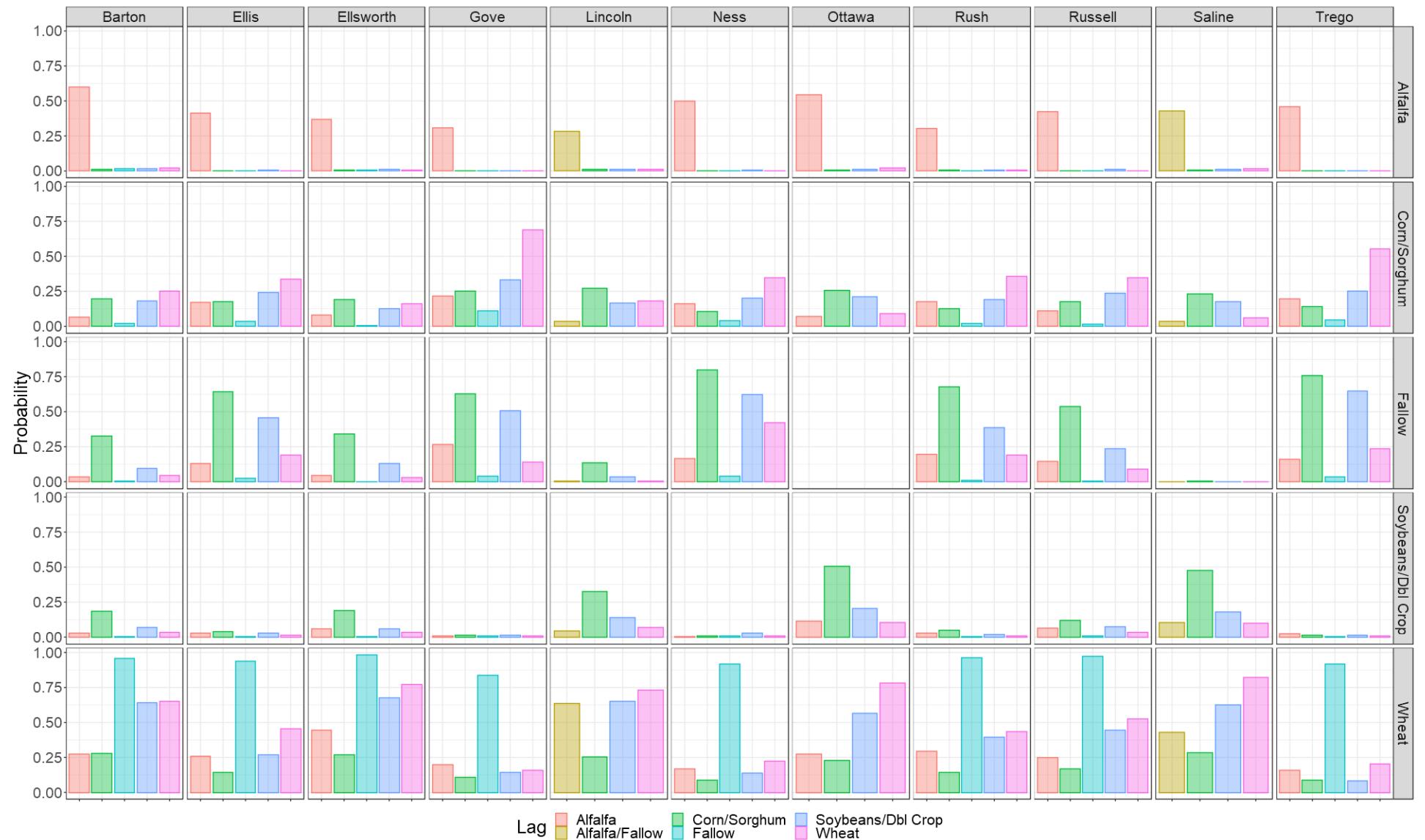


Figure SA11. Average transition probabilities, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

FIELD-LEVEL LAND-USE ADAPTATION TO LOCAL WEATHER TRENDS - SUPPLEMENTARY APPENDIX

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Model Estimation Challenges

Estimation challenges arose when estimating the DML-RE land-use models. Some difficulties resulted from the software chosen, while others appear to be data driven. With respect to LIMDEP 10, one limitation with LIMDEP was that the multinomial logit with random parameters estimation procedure was limited to 150 parameters. In many applications this likely does not present a problem. However, with five outcome categories (which realistically could be further divided), the number of included variables could be constrained. Due to data-driven difficulties, the 150-parameter constraint was not binding for this article, but it could be in similar studies with different data. For example, in random effects models, it is generally recommended that a full set of time-specific dummy variables be included (Wooldridge 2010). Additionally, the model could include either the means or the full history of the time-varying explanatory variables, as suggested by Wooldridge (2005). An advantage of using LIMDEP 10 is that it provides APEs (through the PARTIALS command) and can be prompted to give individual-specific estimates of the random intercept for each cat-

egory. When data-driven issues manifested, they at times resulted in a singular covariance matrix and at others resulted in the program crashing. In addition, the use of many binary variables (e.g. initial conditions and lagged dependent variables) can result in near collinearity between covariates, resulting in numerical issues during estimation, which likely resulted in some of the estimation issues encountered. The models were estimated in other statistical software as an additional robustness check, e.g. STATA, but similar estimation issues were encountered. Additionally, it was not clear that the field-specific intercepts were available as outputs in these other software packages. Based on use of different algorithms and tolerance criteria, LIMDEP 10, provided the most robust estimation results for the models.

References

- Wooldridge, Jeffrey M. 2005. "Simple solutions to the initial conditions problem in dynamic, nonlinear panel data models with unobserved heterogeneity." *Journal of applied econometrics* 20 (1): 39–54.

Wooldridge, Jeffrey M. 2010. *Econometric analysis of cross section and panel data*. MIT press.

Tables

Table A1. Weather variable values for drought-shock simulations

Variable	$t + 0$	$t + 1$	$t + 2$	$t + 3$	$t + 4$	$t + 5$	$t + 6$	$t + 7$	$t + 8$	$t + 9$	$t + 10$
Baseline											
$Prec1to3$	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
$Prec4to10$	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
$PrecLow1to3$	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
$PrecLow4to10$	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
$GDD1to3$	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
$GDD4to10$	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
$GDDHigh1to3$	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
$GDDHigh4to10$	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
1-Year Shock											
$Prec1to3$	5.42	4.90	4.90	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
$Prec4to10$	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20	5.20
$PrecLow1to3$	1.75	1.83	1.83	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
$PrecLow4to10$	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79
$GDD1to3$	2.04	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
$GDD4to10$	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07	2.07
$GDDHigh1to3$	0.90	1.15	1.15	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
$GDDHigh4to10$	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01
2-Year Shock											
$Prec1to3$	5.42	4.90	4.37	4.37	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
$Prec4to10$	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97	4.97
$PrecLow1to3$	1.75	1.83	1.92	1.92	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
$PrecLow4to10$	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82
$GDD1to3$	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.20	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
$GDD4to10$	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11	2.11
$GDDHigh1to3$	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.41	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
$GDDHigh4to10$	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12

Table A1 continued

Variable	$t + 0$	$t + 1$	$t + 2$	$t + 3$	$t + 4$	$t + 5$	$t + 6$	$t + 7$	$t + 8$	$t + 9$	$t + 10$
3-Year Shock											
<i>Prec1to3</i>	5.42	4.90	4.37	3.85	4.37	4.90	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42
<i>Prec4to10</i>	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75
<i>PrecLow1to3</i>	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	1.92	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
<i>PrecLow4to10</i>	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86	1.86
<i>GDD1to3</i>	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
<i>GDD4to10</i>	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14
<i>GDDHigh1to3</i>	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.67	1.41	1.15	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
<i>GDDHigh4to10</i>	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23
Permanent Shock											
<i>Prec1to3</i>	5.42	4.90	4.37	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85
<i>Prec4to10</i>	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.20	4.97	4.75	4.52	4.30	4.07	3.85
<i>PrecLow1to3</i>	1.75	1.83	1.92	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
<i>PrecLow4to10</i>	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.82	1.86	1.89	1.93	1.97	2.00
<i>GDD1to3</i>	2.04	2.12	2.20	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28	2.28
<i>GDD4to10</i>	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.07	2.11	2.14	2.18	2.21	2.25	2.28
<i>GDDHigh1to3</i>	0.90	1.15	1.41	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67
<i>GDDHigh4to10</i>	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	1.01	1.12	1.23	1.34	1.45	1.56	1.67

Table A2. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Barton County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.27799 (-1.63)	0.42800** (2.31)	-0.0934 (-0.50)	-0.03459 (-0.21)
$Acres$	-0.22269*** (-2.99)	-0.63705*** (-7.19)	-0.16274* (-1.88)	-0.20731*** (-2.95)
p_A	1.82282* (1.80)	-2.31538** (-2.13)	0.3554 (0.32)	-0.36337 (-0.37)
p_{Sor}	0.36064* (1.82)	1.20585*** (5.57)	-0.78318*** (-3.51)	-0.08488 (-0.44)
p_{Soy}	0.10767 (0.60)	-1.20661*** (-6.21)	0.71410*** (3.53)	-0.03103 (-0.18)
p_W	-0.32436* (-1.87)	0.86856*** (4.67)	-0.36693* (-1.90)	0.23453 (1.40)
$Prec1to3$	1.63327 (1.43)	5.78968*** (4.47)	-0.52678 (-0.43)	3.78280*** (3.51)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.13389 (-1.51)	-0.44690*** (-4.42)	0.03266 (0.34)	-0.29409*** (-3.52)
$Prec4to10$	8.95169 (1.63)	14.7589** (2.37)	0.13994 (0.02)	13.2912*** (2.62)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.91475** (-1.97)	-1.56534*** (-2.97)	-0.13323 (-0.25)	-1.17527*** (-2.74)
$PrecLow1to3$	-1.7699 (-1.32)	0.56632 (0.38)	-1.10239 (-0.74)	0.23169 (0.19)
$PrecLow4to10$	-0.76488 (-0.51)	-2.95739* (-1.72)	-3.20227* (-1.90)	-3.64649*** (-2.61)
$GDD1to3$	-8.19214*** (-3.00)	-7.36785** (-2.49)	-1.36968 (-0.45)	-2.53276 (-0.96)
$GDD4to10$	1.16017 (0.57)	3.51677 (1.53)	2.65717 (1.17)	-3.69328* (-1.94)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-0.38935 (-0.20)	3.03825 (1.48)	-0.35799 (-0.17)	1.08986 (0.58)
$GDDHigh4to10$	0.65258 (0.32)	-15.2057*** (-6.73)	0.62163 (0.27)	-0.1077 (-0.05)
CS_{t-1}	5.29217*** (42.04)	6.73368*** (41.35)	5.88337*** (40.74)	3.97136*** (37.00)
F_{t-1}	2.62361*** (13.72)	1.82293*** (7.83)	1.95238*** (7.17)	5.09212*** (33.29)
SD_{t-1}	4.93716*** (30.64)	5.06418*** (25.50)	4.63882*** (27.93)	4.67451*** (31.45)
W_{t-1}	5.03563*** (54.65)	3.92585*** (28.22)	3.73450*** (32.67)	4.44175*** (76.08)
CS_0	0.96181*** (10.10)	0.85116*** (7.46)	0.31559*** (2.9)	0.50957*** (5.63)
F_0	1.92865*** (8.87)	2.69253*** (11.74)	1.66695*** (7.14)	1.47101*** (6.97)
W_0	0.57520*** (9.99)	1.30168*** (17.17)	0.35372*** (5.00)	0.75967*** (14.55)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-10.9783 (-0.61)	-28.7704 (-1.42)	5.15183 (0.25)	-32.2240* (-1.93)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.51064*** (41.27)	1.07834*** (53.44)	0.73635*** (36.35)	0.26611*** (25.57)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A3. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ellis County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	0.73236 (1.11)	1.16585* (1.77)	1.10547 (1.62)	0.84896 (1.29)
$Acres$	0.57164 (0.83)	0.5208 (0.76)	0.19608 (0.28)	0.71447 (1.04)
p_A	-5.13303 (-1.39)	-7.09901* (-1.91)	-10.2759*** (-2.67)	-6.32205* (-1.71)
p_{Sor}	-0.79059 (-0.64)	-0.33079 (-0.27)	-6.60792*** (-5.01)	-1.34122 (-1.08)
p_{Soy}	0.10111 (0.15)	-0.5324 (-0.81)	2.96317*** (4.20)	0.27166 (0.41)
p_W	-0.08597 (-0.11)	0.2222 (0.29)	0.15832 (0.20)	-0.05251 (-0.07)
$Prec1to3$	4.03571 (0.33)	2.45221 (0.20)	9.35816 (0.76)	8.60753 (0.71)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.47886 (-0.41)	-0.3492 (-0.30)	-0.97196 (-0.82)	-0.98111 (-0.84)
$Prec4to10$	64.6132* (1.83)	58.3029* (1.65)	19.6935 (0.55)	20.609 (0.58)
$Prec4to10^2$	-6.61131* (-1.94)	-5.97171* (-1.76)	-2.06501 (-0.60)	-2.19388 (-0.65)
$PrecLow1to3$	-13.4797* (-1.87)	-19.9271*** (-2.76)	-24.0993*** (-3.20)	-17.1626** (-2.38)
$PrecLow4to10$	9.60951 (1.31)	17.9855** (2.45)	15.5600** (2.06)	13.6804* (1.87)
$GDD1to3$	1.23936 (0.15)	3.0642 (0.37)	17.7216** (1.99)	6.32265 (0.77)
$GDD4to10$	10.9446 (0.85)	17.885 (1.38)	3.8627 (0.29)	16.4549 (1.28)
$GDDHigh1to3$	8.53006 (1.31)	10.8759* (1.67)	13.8774** (2.08)	9.78691 (1.50)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-13.6278* (-1.88)	-19.7917*** (-2.72)	-24.3928*** (-3.22)	-14.7191** (-2.03)
CS_{t-1}	6.45125*** (9.67)	8.45485*** (10.86)	6.50931*** (8.74)	5.82840*** (8.04)
F_{t-1}	5.85823*** (6.64)	5.74981*** (6.01)	5.54801*** (5.89)	9.09574*** (10.28)
SD_{t-1}	5.46653*** (7.27)	6.62219*** (8.37)	5.23727*** (7.31)	5.23669*** (6.95)
W_{t-1}	7.46280*** (14.56)	7.16099*** (11.47)	6.00323*** (10.80)	7.36073*** (16.73)
CS_0	0.73011 (1.38)	0.8201 (1.53)	-0.33765 (-0.60)	0.59765 (1.13)
F_0	1.61013*** (2.82)	3.01534*** (5.25)	1.59190*** (2.66)	1.65080*** (2.92)
W_0	1.09646*** (2.98)	2.35386*** (6.37)	0.74211* (1.91)	1.74368*** (4.78)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-175.089* (-1.85)	-171.702* (-1.81)	-87.14 (-0.90)	-97.3403 (-1.03)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.86969*** (52.50)	1.05202*** (59.67)	0.68537*** (16.58)	0.31764*** (23.46)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A4. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ellsworth County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	0.89479** (2.25)	0.6249 (1.41)	0.63609 (1.55)	0.66139* (1.73)
$Acres$	0.27035 (1.30)	-0.31984 (-1.42)	0.46223** (2.19)	0.44568** (2.18)
p_A	-4.99193** (-2.13)	-4.19548 (-1.61)	-4.26700* (-1.77)	-4.56484** (-2.00)
p_{Sor}	-0.0783 (-0.11)	-1.1387 (-1.55)	-1.36669* (-1.88)	-1.07785 (-1.59)
p_{Soy}	-0.64081 (-1.59)	-0.45053 (-1.00)	0.21087 (0.49)	-0.07149 (-0.19)
p_W	0.80257* (1.71)	1.29213** (2.54)	0.56059 (1.15)	0.80321* (1.75)
$Prec1to3$	1.06627 (0.31)	8.34525** (2.22)	-0.4901 (-0.13)	0.60936 (0.18)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.12272 (-0.46)	-0.73260** (-2.53)	0.0638 (0.23)	-0.10906 (-0.42)
$Prec4to10$	-2.49944 (-0.21)	49.2329*** (3.69)	9.21483 (0.74)	15.3965 (1.33)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.0862 (-0.09)	-4.36152*** (-4.04)	-0.85646 (-0.85)	-1.46664 (-1.57)
$PrecLow1to3$	5.03506* (1.90)	0.89026 (0.32)	8.63970*** (3.03)	4.39537* (1.73)
$PrecLow4to10$	-10.4686*** (-3.13)	-1.27082 (-0.36)	-11.8175*** (-3.38)	-10.2946*** (-3.17)
$GDD1to3$	12.8932** (2.42)	24.4461*** (4.09)	3.47132 (0.61)	16.6839*** (3.30)
$GDD4to10$	17.9086*** (3.25)	18.6223*** (3.07)	11.4068** (1.98)	1.80886 (0.34)
$GDDHigh1to3$	1.10741 (0.28)	-6.26842 (-1.41)	4.29399 (1.05)	-1.07227 (-0.29)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-18.2152*** (-4.39)	-26.9655*** (-5.72)	-8.15077* (-1.85)	-12.3604*** (-3.09)
CS_{t-1}	5.37460*** (16.54)	7.36059*** (16.72)	5.65903*** (18.01)	3.95793*** (14.57)
F_{t-1}	2.44871*** (4.59)	1.03524 (1.52)	1.66394** (2.55)	5.69775*** (12.68)
SD_{t-1}	4.35564*** (11.83)	5.42948*** (11.92)	3.85345*** (11.98)	4.35791*** (14.69)
W_{t-1}	5.14169*** (21.86)	4.21175*** (11.58)	3.84589*** (15.16)	5.07659*** (28.84)
CS_0	-0.05325 (-0.24)	-0.42972* (-1.65)	-0.55865** (-2.32)	-0.16003 (-0.75)
SD_0	-0.35607 (-1.37)	-0.85305*** (-2.77)	-0.20929 (-0.76)	-0.80314*** (-3.21)
W_0	0.69165*** (4.31)	1.26085*** (6.88)	0.62168*** (3.42)	0.93631*** (6.16)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-22.6399 (-0.54)	-53.9722 (-1.35)	-46.6558 (-1.08)	-222.580*** (-4.92)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.34240*** (17.51)	0.31419*** (18.54)	0.88550*** (26.58)	1.43991*** (37.86)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A5. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Gove County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.99961 (-0.94)	-1.07182 (-1.00)	-1.1367 (-1.01)	-0.02521 (-0.02)
$Acres$	1.86127*** (2.98)	1.76784*** (2.83)	1.52177** (2.42)	1.78492*** (2.86)
p_A	4.04601 (0.75)	3.12713 (0.58)	2.09504 (0.37)	-1.58318 (-0.30)
p_{Sor}	-0.45606 (-0.49)	-0.49098 (-0.53)	-2.79585** (-2.31)	-0.08736 (-0.09)
p_{Soy}	0.89734 (1.37)	0.95727 (1.46)	2.84568*** (3.36)	0.04711 (0.07)
p_W	-1.1173 (-1.40)	-1.52324* (-1.90)	-1.80972** (-1.98)	-0.20114 (-0.25)
$Prec1to3$	14.2365 (1.15)	26.9723** (2.18)	4.14886 (0.32)	16.7627 (1.36)
$Prec1to3^2$	-1.4676 (-1.03)	-2.84146** (-1.98)	-0.62552 (-0.41)	-1.75762 (-1.23)
$Prec4to10$	3.59399 (0.25)	7.84898 (0.53)	18.3317 (1.20)	4.3224 (0.29)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.44258 (-0.32)	-0.9852 (-0.71)	-1.53153 (-1.06)	-0.43341 (-0.31)
$PrecLow1to3$	5.04127 (0.66)	5.12276 (0.67)	-5.09271 (-0.63)	2.19571 (0.29)
$PrecLow4to10$	-4.55484 (-0.45)	-1.21863 (-0.12)	8.52409 (0.80)	-1.07531 (-0.11)
$GDD1to3$	-4.0715 (-0.25)	-12.5432 (-0.77)	-20.3776 (-1.12)	-2.40607 (-0.15)
$GDD4to10$	3.76 (0.20)	2.01521 (0.11)	14.3054 (0.70)	-2.8267 (-0.15)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-5.67074 (-0.61)	0.60868 (0.07)	-4.99787 (-0.51)	1.42022 (0.15)
$GDDHigh4to10$	5.66371 (0.38)	9.0735 (0.60)	18.132 (1.12)	1.80312 (0.12)
CS_{t-1}	6.53220*** (13.15)	7.64102*** (11.83)	6.43518*** (6.40)	5.75360*** (9.67)
F_{t-1}	6.57590*** (7.09)	5.32554*** (5.02)	7.37384*** (5.93)	9.12315*** (8.53)
SD_{t-1}	5.54420*** (4.89)	6.01609*** (5.01)	5.16444*** (4.39)	4.68787*** (4.30)
W_{t-1}	7.39445*** (14.47)	5.33363*** (10.92)	5.75094*** (5.89)	5.85055*** (11.38)
CS_0	1.46277*** (3.82)	1.96981*** (4.78)	0.54926 (1.06)	1.32160*** (3.45)
F_0	2.26658*** (4.33)	4.14123*** (7.72)	1.11428* (1.76)	2.20710*** (4.19)
W_0	1.55158*** (3.99)	3.04133*** (7.74)	0.59978 (1.25)	1.90115*** (4.77)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-22.6399 (-0.54)	-53.9722 (-1.35)	-46.6558 (-1.08)	-222.580*** (-4.92)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.34240*** (17.51)	0.31419*** (18.54)	0.88550*** (26.58)	1.43991*** (37.86)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A6. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Lincoln County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.39082** (-2.22)	0.17665 (0.75)	-0.88906*** (-5.03)	-0.41076** (-2.51)
$Acres$	-0.12932 (-1.30)	-0.70901*** (-4.95)	-0.08686 (-0.82)	-0.11354 (-1.26)
p_A	1.61278*** (2.69)	-1.32458 (-1.54)	2.64924*** (4.45)	1.17746** (2.15)
p_{Sor}	0.89839** (2.53)	0.82166* (1.79)	-0.99917*** (-2.65)	0.68634* (1.95)
p_{Soy}	-0.26787 (-1.30)	-0.96435*** (-3.67)	1.05483*** (4.83)	-0.26481 (-1.30)
p_W	0.17496 (1.07)	1.19398*** (5.43)	-0.17012 (-1.02)	0.24277 (1.52)
$Prec1to3$	9.68654*** (2.89)	27.3783*** (6.64)	0.70505 (0.20)	6.46160** (2.03)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.74476*** (-2.70)	-2.15573*** (-6.37)	-0.02617 (-0.09)	-0.49432* (-1.88)
$Prec4to10$	-15.2202*** (-3.25)	10.6212 (1.61)	0.14998 (0.03)	-14.2679*** (-3.31)
$Prec4to10^2$	1.26523*** (3.26)	-0.83606 (-1.51)	0.03938 (0.10)	1.21739*** (3.42)
$PrecLow1to3$	-14.3818*** (-6.93)	-20.0625*** (-7.55)	-8.12596*** (-3.81)	-7.63963*** (-3.86)
$PrecLow4to10$	13.0065*** (6.11)	26.4286*** (9.49)	5.05276** (2.31)	12.5807*** (6.19)
$GDD1to3$	-8.94863*** (-3.82)	-4.75975 (-1.60)	-5.00788** (-2.06)	-2.80225 (-1.25)
$GDD4to10$	-28.7799*** (-10.31)	-55.4249*** (-12.78)	-27.5654*** (-9.32)	-28.1493*** (-10.98)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-1.97909** (-2.32)	-2.20774* (-1.86)	-5.28851*** (-6.11)	-4.01682*** (-5.20)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-3.36960*** (-4.90)	-9.57205*** (-10.38)	1.61570** (2.21)	-3.63384*** (-5.66)
CS_{t-1}	5.64296*** (30.29)	7.94957*** (24.11)	5.72504*** (30.42)	2.63023*** (15.66)
SD_{t-1}	5.07680*** (24.76)	6.35002*** (18.14)	4.68328*** (25.74)	3.58299*** (20.76)
W_{t-1}	5.05344*** (33.54)	4.61686*** (14.70)	3.85136*** (27.07)	3.59002*** (31.23)
CS_0	1.22812*** (11.49)	1.49156*** (9.14)	0.63425*** (5.42)	1.39862*** (14.34)
W_0	0.68472*** (9.50)	1.37539*** (11.02)	0.34602*** (4.43)	1.06578*** (17.24)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	96.1607*** (6.20)	-0.394 (-0.02)	65.0568*** (3.94)	83.2925*** (5.72)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.00246 (0.15)	1.21511*** (29.20)	0.40894*** (28.94)	0.74334*** (33.71)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A7. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ness County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.55753 (-0.31)	-0.50398 (-0.28)	-0.76213 (-0.41)	-0.08891 (-0.05)
<i>Acres</i>	1.26967** (2.53)	1.48033*** (2.94)	0.71448 (1.37)	1.26321** (2.51)
p_A	3.24111 (0.33)	2.25745 (0.23)	-1.01897 (-0.10)	0.38603 (0.04)
p_{Sor}	-0.75168 (-0.48)	-0.44297 (-0.28)	-2.48677 (-1.39)	-0.91613 (-0.58)
p_{Soy}	0.70915 (0.53)	0.35969 (0.27)	2.02303 (1.40)	0.29659 (0.22)
p_W	-0.06016 (-0.04)	0.13974 (0.10)	-0.4038 (-0.27)	0.50527 (0.36)
$Prec1to3$	18.3187 (0.74)	18.7503 (0.76)	0.90592 (0.04)	19.2609 (0.78)
$Prec1to3^2$	-1.86385 (-0.72)	-1.89873 (-0.74)	-0.12158 (-0.05)	-1.95801 (-0.76)
$Prec4to10$	24.7339 (0.80)	35.6285 (1.16)	11.5384 (0.36)	19.1033 (0.62)
$Prec4to10^2$	-2.1444 (-0.72)	-3.32296 (-1.12)	-0.74295 (-0.24)	-1.4621 (-0.49)
$PrecLow1to3$	-4.6072 (-0.32)	-2.19887 (-0.15)	-4.46654 (-0.30)	0.15083 (0.01)
$PrecLow4to10$	18.9782 (1.04)	19.6169 (1.07)	22.6584 (1.21)	16.7867 (0.92)
$GDD1to3$	0.71623 (0.04)	4.84982 (0.28)	11.4635 (0.62)	15.1384 (0.87)
$GDD4to10$	-13.0996 (-0.74)	-3.25816 (-0.18)	8.44741 (0.44)	-5.70046 (-0.32)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-5.54555 (-0.37)	-6.11409 (-0.41)	-7.55585 (-0.49)	-4.96098 (-0.33)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-2.56249 (-0.24)	-9.99891 (-0.92)	-11.2349 (-0.94)	-9.47055 (-0.87)
CS_{t-1}	6.36173*** (9.39)	8.95998*** (9.93)	7.41472*** (4.04)	6.22235*** (9.05)
F_{t-1}	6.33537*** (5.55)	6.41541*** (6.23)	8.22039*** (4.22)	9.83532*** (8.53)
SD_{t-1}	4.82968*** (4.87)	6.39144*** (5.77)	6.49056*** (4.68)	4.47398*** (4.20)
W_{t-1}	7.58218*** (12.94)	7.75465*** (11.44)	6.75817*** (4.12)	6.94108*** (11.58)
CS_0	1.0658 (1.63)	1.67376** (2.52)	0.23707 (0.29)	1.20503* (1.83)
F_0	-0.08234 (-0.17)	2.24129*** (4.60)	-0.80833 (-1.16)	0.67375 (1.39)
W_0	0.13674 (0.31)	2.21381*** (4.60)	0.02863 (0.04)	1.23718*** (2.81)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-112.997 (-0.99)	-165.614 (-1.45)	-102.081 (-0.87)	-145.502 (-1.27)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	1.19704*** (59.39)	0.99074*** (58.68)	0.39007*** (6.50)	0.17551*** (11.10)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A8. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Ottawa County

Variable	CS_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.51021** (-2.50)	-0.20173 (-1.07)	-0.30943* (-1.73)
$Acres$	0.12836 (1.28)	-0.08633 (-0.87)	0.26319*** (2.87)
p_A	1.52064* (1.89)	0.23139 (0.31)	0.85808 (1.20)
p_{Sor}	-0.11505 (-0.37)	-1.01941*** (-3.27)	0.34499 (1.19)
p_{Soy}	0.1716 (0.80)	0.58452*** (2.79)	-0.26474 (-1.36)
pw	-0.17584 (-1.01)	-0.05922 (-0.35)	-0.02609 (-0.16)
$Prec1to3$	3.2069 (0.87)	-3.31163 (-0.92)	4.31513 (1.28)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.29278 (-0.98)	0.23284 (0.79)	-0.33237 (-1.21)
$Prec4to10$	11.1442*** (2.62)	14.5688*** (3.63)	6.86406* (1.87)
$Prec4to10^2$	-0.92523*** (-2.74)	-1.14678*** (-3.61)	-0.48520* (-1.67)
$PrecLow1to3$	-0.65301 (-0.28)	1.97554 (0.88)	-0.13718 (-0.06)
$PrecLow4to10$	4.63919* (1.70)	5.83437** (2.22)	1.96364 (0.77)
$GDD1to3$	2.21915 (0.91)	4.97747** (2.11)	-0.04877 (-0.02)
$GDD4to10$	12.0252*** (4.43)	14.9914*** (5.67)	7.98328*** (3.32)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-4.86337*** (-4.14)	-4.37021*** (-3.97)	-2.83673*** (-2.69)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-4.81997*** (-4.15)	-5.37339*** (-4.83)	-3.06671*** (-2.99)
CS_{t-1}	5.83568*** (22.31)	6.14390*** (23.66)	4.26638*** (16.92)
SD_{t-1}	5.00811*** (24.07)	4.45516*** (24.81)	4.63379*** (26.31)
W_{t-1}	3.82568*** (26.63)	3.38087*** (26.44)	4.64185*** (44.69)
CS_0	0.94382*** (5.46)	0.90498*** (5.40)	0.77399*** (4.79)
SD_0	0.32028 (1.55)	0.55403*** (2.92)	-0.09571 (-0.52)
W_0	0.35766*** (3.63)	0.34393*** (3.70)	0.38994*** (4.53)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts			
Mean (a_j)	-71.7648*** (-4.26)	-83.3522*** (-5.09)	-51.4653*** (-3.44)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.00055 (0.03)	0.68633*** (32.40)	0.47032*** (27.51)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A9. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Rush County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.09428 (-0.17)	0.5638 (1.02)	-0.67336 (-1.12)	0.42995 (0.79)
$Acres$	0.00972 (0.06)	0.28667* (1.72)	-0.35834* (-1.80)	-0.074 (-0.45)
p_A	-2.96906 (-0.91)	-6.24362* (-1.91)	-1.34468 (-0.38)	-6.81049** (-2.11)
p_{Sor}	1.24435*** (2.66)	1.72317*** (3.67)	-0.81263 (-1.56)	1.05316** (2.27)
p_{Soy}	-0.77357* (-1.92)	-1.55350*** (-3.83)	0.69637 (1.57)	-1.21272*** (-3.03)
p_W	0.50707 (0.91)	0.93929* (1.69)	0.06794 (0.12)	1.05933* (1.94)
$Prec1to3$	1.29759 (0.33)	6.18539 (1.55)	-5.39835 (-1.22)	2.51301 (0.63)
$Prec1to3^2$	0.04425 (0.12)	-0.43822 (-1.18)	0.62589 (1.51)	-0.12778 (-0.35)
$Prec4to10$	-18.3516 (-1.54)	-3.00739 (-0.25)	-24.0678* (-1.95)	-24.1038** (-2.04)
$Prec4to10^2$	1.42946 (1.34)	-0.02661 (-0.02)	2.10573* (1.90)	2.00558* (1.90)
$PrecLow1to3$	-6.2571 (-1.10)	-11.2476** (-1.97)	-2.34059 (-0.39)	-2.50712 (-0.45)
$PrecLow4to10$	8.48505* (1.87)	18.3032*** (4.02)	10.1936** (2.13)	17.4143*** (3.88)
$GDD1to3$	-31.6542*** (-4.40)	-32.9571*** (-4.56)	-21.6278*** (-2.87)	-19.0426*** (-2.65)
$GDD4to10$	5.0272 (0.92)	8.98058 (1.63)	15.2821** (2.52)	3.09786 (0.57)
$GDDHigh1to3$	9.81871* (1.73)	14.8356*** (2.61)	4.62341 (0.75)	11.2720** (2.01)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-11.9341** (-2.52)	-16.2037*** (-3.40)	-10.3748** (-2.07)	-19.0601*** (-4.07)
CS_{t-1}	4.68534*** (16.71)	6.89657*** (18.78)	5.30546*** (14.72)	4.31597*** (16.20)
F_{t-1}	3.31807*** (7.98)	2.23369*** (4.92)	3.51938*** (6.95)	6.94621*** (17.90)
SD_{t-1}	4.15105*** (11.74)	5.11926*** (10.94)	3.60653*** (10.10)	4.44263*** (13.14)
W_{t-1}	5.54018*** (25.47)	4.76565*** (16.02)	3.74446*** (11.93)	5.21268*** (31.20)
CS_0	1.12079*** (5.55)	1.50508*** (7.25)	0.19812 (0.85)	1.18103*** (6.24)
F_0	1.82908*** (7.49)	3.57350*** (14.47)	1.48187*** (5.24)	1.98275*** (8.29)
W_0	1.13471*** (7.07)	2.88440*** (17.15)	0.79644*** (4.03)	1.94966*** (12.63)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	104.225** (2.28)	38.8063 (0.85)	82.1243* (1.72)	81.4738* (1.80)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.91292*** (52.47)	1.20174*** (61.08)	0.92242*** (21.99)	0.03376** (2.41)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A10. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Russell County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	-0.12132 (-0.19)	0.31724 (0.49)	-0.57202 (-0.88)	-0.38826 (-0.60)
$Acres$	0.04474 (0.09)	0.03614 (0.07)	-0.16934 (-0.33)	0.01997 (0.04)
p_A	0.68709 (0.22)	-1.04567 (-0.33)	1.32201 (0.41)	0.74404 (0.24)
p_{Sor}	0.88737 (1.26)	1.37421* (1.95)	-1.23522* (-1.73)	0.49411 (0.70)
p_{Soy}	-0.38545 (-0.72)	-1.12914** (-2.10)	1.09838** (2.03)	-0.27123 (-0.51)
p_W	-0.4334 (-0.71)	-0.01561 (-0.03)	-0.77886 (-1.25)	-0.16091 (-0.26)
$Prec1to3$	0.89002 (0.09)	9.18632 (0.91)	-0.24105 (-0.02)	-2.15189 (-0.22)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.08281 (-0.09)	-0.87082 (-0.96)	0.04216 (0.05)	0.20655 (0.23)
$Prec4to10$	-7.39428 (-0.35)	-15.6741 (-0.73)	15.6443 (0.72)	-1.5843 (-0.08)
$Prec4to10^2$	0.25341 (0.14)	0.75804 (0.40)	-1.5658 (-0.83)	-0.01957 (-0.01)
$PrecLow1to3$	-5.45199 (-0.90)	-8.61306 (-1.41)	-4.05978 (-0.67)	-5.25567 (-0.87)
$PrecLow4to10$	-3.89487 (-1.42)	-4.56620* (-1.67)	-0.80844 (-0.30)	-3.05025 (-1.12)
$GDD1to3$	-9.25641 (-1.12)	3.49543 (0.42)	-6.8049 (-0.81)	-9.51538 (-1.16)
$GDD4to10$	25.2031*** (2.67)	28.6204*** (2.98)	4.86143 (0.50)	26.4219*** (2.82)
$GDDHigh1to3$	1.31632 (0.20)	-3.10249 (-0.46)	-2.41354 (-0.36)	0.8509 (0.13)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-12.5260** (-2.36)	-29.9857*** (-5.58)	-12.3161** (-2.29)	-11.7066** (-2.21)
CS_{t-1}	7.55932*** (11.59)	9.15188*** (14.02)	7.43274*** (11.20)	6.44302*** (10.03)
F_{t-1}	5.00363*** (4.51)	3.83832*** (3.50)	4.96031*** (4.36)	8.52605*** (7.81)
SD_{t-1}	5.14397*** (11.92)	5.19480*** (10.48)	4.34486*** (11.04)	4.87212*** (12.40)
W_{t-1}	6.79216*** (19.61)	5.22165*** (12.96)	4.91102*** (13.48)	6.26974*** (20.15)
CS_0	2.23283** (2.51)	2.15331** (2.40)	1.65209* (1.85)	2.29224*** (2.58)
SD_0	1.85504* (1.66)	2.89643*** (2.59)	1.61914 (1.42)	1.76243 (1.59)
W_0	0.48792** (2.09)	1.42030*** (5.93)	0.3757 (1.54)	0.93861*** (4.03)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	24.8646 (0.31)	5.5885 (0.07)	-14.2399 (-0.17)	28.6275 (0.35)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.57925*** (31.63)	0.22113*** (13.57)	0.71943*** (21.99)	1.30600*** (47.59)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A11. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Saline County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
$Trend$	0.09299 (0.44)	-0.36549 (-0.32)	-0.07071 (-0.37)	0.12828 (0.71)
$Acres$	0.57393*** (4.13)	-0.65805 (-0.76)	0.61069*** (4.60)	0.83867*** (6.60)
p_A	-1.93446* (-1.83)	-6.17833 (-1.20)	-1.21343 (-1.24)	-1.63217* (-1.79)
p_{Sor}	-0.31179 (-0.91)	-3.43459*** (-2.85)	-0.53763 (-1.64)	0.4149 (1.32)
p_{Soy}	-0.31234 (-1.51)	0.90858 (1.05)	0.01856 (0.10)	-0.68437*** (-3.74)
p_W	0.75166*** (3.10)	2.59325** (2.56)	0.55511** (2.46)	0.61261*** (2.86)
$Prec1to3$	4.58158* (1.73)	8.97614 (0.79)	-0.97893 (-0.40)	1.28765 (0.56)
$Prec1to3^2$	-0.34573* (-1.69)	-0.89671 (-1.09)	0.07969 (0.42)	-0.08995 (-0.50)
$Prec4to10$	16.2188*** (3.40)	63.1567** (2.26)	14.7003*** (3.47)	13.1478*** (3.26)
$Prec4to10^2$	-1.34351*** (-3.69)	-5.11679** (-2.33)	-1.16394*** (-3.61)	-1.09254*** (-3.58)
$PrecLow1to3$	-2.97745 (-1.63)	-12.4439 (-1.51)	-2.43315 (-1.39)	1.38391 (0.87)
$PrecLow4to10$	-1.76726 (-0.92)	1.86395 (0.19)	-2.25247 (-1.21)	-0.81411 (-0.48)
$GDD1to3$	7.44180** (2.11)	7.181 (0.50)	-0.66044 (-0.21)	-1.96057 (-0.63)
$GDD4to10$	12.9705*** (3.66)	4.29609 (0.31)	18.4658*** (5.40)	7.77144** (2.38)
$GDDHigh1to3$	-1.39954 (-0.71)	-2.66405 (-0.27)	0.29803 (0.17)	1.60556 (0.96)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-10.7474*** (-5.11)	-11.9115 (-1.46)	-4.63083** (-2.31)	-5.38777*** (-2.77)
CS_{t-1}	6.31044*** (20.34)	5.82347*** (6.56)	5.99892*** (19.95)	3.89574*** (13.36)
SD_{t-1}	5.40731*** (23.20)	4.35303*** (5.39)	4.28659*** (23.26)	4.19688*** (23.86)
W_{t-1}	3.87746*** (19.90)	2.85394*** (3.39)	3.16929*** (24.14)	4.08745*** (39.19)
CS_0	0.75415*** (3.69)	-1.70942 (-1.17)	0.60202*** (3.00)	0.41634** (2.14)
SD_0	0.33574* (1.75)	0.07691 (0.10)	0.37504** (2.00)	-0.0759 (-0.43)
W_0	0.65150*** (6.86)	0.00867 (0.02)	0.45274*** (5.08)	0.92060*** (11.57)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-89.9609*** (-5.52)	-214.978*** (-2.69)	-71.6026*** (-4.66)	-52.3242*** (-3.65)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.27639*** (12.30)	1.42037*** (8.59)	0.61492*** (29.17)	0.64465*** (34.77)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A12. NL-DML-RE Parameter Estimates, Trego County

Variable	CS_t	F_t	SD_t	W_t
<i>Trend</i>	-0.79686 (-0.39)	-1.17719 (-0.57)	-0.9241 (-0.43)	-0.37786 (-0.18)
<i>Acres</i>	3.90516*** (2.60)	4.06853*** (2.71)	2.63640* (1.74)	3.84980** (2.56)
p_A	-0.74363 (-0.07)	0.66436 (0.06)	-5.28404 (-0.46)	-2.45658 (-0.22)
p_{Sor}	-2.23099 (-1.06)	-1.6879 (-0.80)	-6.16284*** (-2.60)	-2.72775 (-1.29)
p_{Soy}	1.20254 (0.97)	0.84407 (0.68)	3.62832** (2.53)	1.19521 (0.96)
p_W	-0.28553 (-0.16)	-0.23812 (-0.13)	0.30934 (0.15)	0.14786 (0.08)
$Prec1to3$	30.8611* (1.78)	28.4407* (1.65)	14.9701 (0.83)	29.8634* (1.73)
$Prec1to3^2$	-3.26209* (-1.74)	-3.0153 (-1.62)	-1.49224 (-0.76)	-3.17347* (-1.70)
$Prec4to10$	30.8442* (1.84)	30.6393* (1.83)	21.5009 (1.21)	34.4630** (2.06)
$Prec4to10^2$	-3.41419** (-1.97)	-3.28518* (-1.90)	-2.24101 (-1.23)	-3.49488** (-2.02)
$PrecLow1to3$	6.03004 (0.46)	6.04292 (0.46)	22.1255 (1.62)	11.8977 (0.91)
$PrecLow4to10$	-13.9018 (-0.81)	-12.2869 (-0.72)	-24.7065 (-1.41)	-12.3866 (-0.72)
$GDD1to3$	-23.8529 (-1.13)	-12.0579 (-0.57)	-31.6528 (-1.36)	-6.74393 (-0.32)
$GDD4to10$	27.6376 (0.46)	77.686 (1.30)	10.7181 (0.17)	51.4882 (0.86)
$GDDHigh1to3$	8.04941 (0.35)	1.25106 (0.05)	7.68757 (0.33)	2.69603 (0.12)
$GDDHigh4to10$	-0.8009 (-0.04)	-20.1133 (-0.93)	1.40581 (0.06)	-16.6098 (-0.77)
CS_{t-1}	7.93146*** (9.22)	10.3323*** (9.93)	7.00070*** (5.28)	7.56889*** (7.08)
F_{t-1}	6.24079*** (7.21)	6.38619*** (5.88)	5.24380*** (3.88)	9.84086*** (9.51)
SD_{t-1}	7.19339*** (3.78)	8.68895*** (4.59)	5.85761*** (3.81)	6.24335*** (3.39)
W_{t-1}	9.12747*** (12.38)	8.52477*** (9.15)	6.38305*** (5.42)	8.13886*** (10.30)
CS_0	2.39860*** (3.43)	2.58039*** (3.64)	2.20704** (2.48)	2.14348*** (2.97)
SD_0	2.48354*** (3.78)	3.63568*** (5.39)	3.03570*** (3.52)	2.22613*** (3.28)
W_0	1.83489*** (2.94)	2.94215*** (4.59)	1.75247** (2.10)	2.20325*** (3.43)
Means and standard deviations for random intercepts				
Mean (a_j)	-141.943 (-1.34)	-240.547** (-2.26)	-58.427 (-0.49)	-231.367** (-2.18)
Std. Dev. (σ_j)	0.83550*** (48.11)	0.82347*** (47.35)	1.02800*** (15.55)	0.52389*** (29.65)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13. Average Partial Effects, Weather Variables

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Alfalfa	Barton	Prec — Short	-0.002 (-0.58)	-0.009* (-1.68)	-0.031*** (-6.16)	-0.046*** (-6.32)	0.006 (0.70)	0.011 (1.28)	-0.038*** (-4.57)	-0.007 (-0.75)
		Prec — Long	0.039*** (5.53)	0.022*** (2.59)	-0.065*** (-6.45)	-0.087*** (-6.61)	0.063*** (5.02)	0.069*** (4.91)	-0.063 (-1.53)	-0.029 (-0.67)
		PrecLow — Short	0.002 (0.05)	0.006 (0.16)	-0.204*** (-3.68)	-0.178*** (-3.18)	-0.031 (-0.67)	-0.013 (-0.28)	0.126* (1.65)	0.15** (1.97)
		PrecLong — Long	0.111*** (2.59)	0.098** (2.23)	0.125 (1.63)	0.18** (2.23)	0.151*** (3.30)	0.138*** (2.93)	1.252*** (4.68)	0.905*** (3.31)
		GDD — Short	0.127 (1.60)	0.116 (1.38)	-0.103 (-1.18)	0.027 (0.28)	0.514*** (4.97)	0.519*** (4.74)	0.494*** (2.97)	0.069 (0.38)
		GDD — Long	-0.06 (-1.35)	0.065 (1.08)	-2.061*** (-11.39)	-1.897*** (-9.94)	-0.485*** (-5.33)	-0.526*** (-5.21)	-2.766*** (-7.83)	-3.319*** (-9.13)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.012 (-0.23)	-0.026 (-0.44)	-0.028 (-0.46)	-0.113 (-1.64)	0.109** (2.13)	0.143*** (2.74)	0.178*** (2.90)	0.291*** (4.46)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.143*** (2.98)	0.021 (0.33)	0.1 (1.52)	-0.04 (-0.46)	0.041 (0.92)	0.065 (1.40)	0.093 (0.80)	0.159 (1.36)
Ellis	Ellis	Prec — Short	0.001 (0.39)	0.002 (0.83)	0.006** (2.10)	0.007** (2.23)	0 (0.05)	0.001 (0.39)	0.013*** (2.65)	0.011** (2.26)
		Prec — Long	0.005** (2.00)	0.006** (2.00)	0.016*** (3.51)	0.017*** (3.67)	0.006 (1.28)	0.006 (0.79)	0.036** (2.24)	0.023 (1.32)
		PrecLow — Short	0.03* (1.78)	0.034** (2.53)	0.045*** (2.82)	0.048*** (3.00)	0.006 (0.35)	0.01 (0.60)	0.008 (0.40)	0.008 (0.39)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.025* (-1.72)	-0.027* (-1.90)	-0.009 (-0.38)	-0.015 (-0.63)	0.01 (0.55)	0.008 (0.40)	0.025 (0.34)	0.017 (0.23)
		GDD — Short	-0.001 (-0.05)	-0.01 (-0.60)	-0.067** (-2.50)	-0.064** (-2.32)	0.094** (2.50)	0.087** (2.27)	0.026 (0.71)	0.023 (0.64)
		GDD — Long	-0.043 (-1.63)	-0.028 (-1.11)	-0.042 (-0.66)	-0.024 (-0.33)	-0.058 (-1.30)	-0.052 (-1.01)	-0.088 (-1.21)	-0.033 (-0.43)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.021* (-1.90)	-0.02 (-1.53)	0.001 (0.09)	-0.005 (-0.28)	0.003 (0.22)	0.006 (0.37)	-0.015 (-0.54)	0.006 (0.21)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.032** (2.46)	0.032** (2.26)	0.08*** (3.90)	0.076*** (3.50)	-0.01 (-0.44)	-0.01 (-0.35)	-0.061 (-1.30)	-0.035 (-0.71)
Ellsworth	Ellsworth	Prec — Short	0.007*** (2.58)	0.007* (1.78)	-0.013** (-2.52)	-0.021*** (-3.22)	0.006 (0.73)	0.009 (1.06)	-0.026*** (-2.76)	-0.024** (-2.29)
		Prec — Long	0.033*** (6.37)	0.03*** (5.44)	-0.033*** (-2.84)	-0.042*** (-3.51)	0.043*** (4.49)	0.053*** (4.92)	-0.081* (-1.87)	-0.074 (-1.61)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.053* (-1.86)	-0.054* (-1.87)	-0.001 (-0.02)	0.006 (0.12)	-0.056* (-1.69)	-0.039 (-1.05)	-0.035 (-0.71)	-0.042 (-0.79)
		PrecLong — Long	0.121*** (3.37)	0.114*** (3.13)	0.25*** (3.78)	0.213*** (3.15)	0.147*** (4.63)	0.155*** (4.62)	0 (0.00)	0.045 (0.26)
		GDD — Short	-0.168*** (-3.14)	-0.171*** (-3.05)	0.152 (1.63)	0.266** (2.51)	0.029 (0.24)	-0.017 (-0.13)	-0.102 (-0.70)	-0.091 (-0.59)
		GDD — Long	-0.105** (-2.02)	-0.067 (-1.12)	-1.296*** (-6.16)	-0.854*** (-3.35)	-0.14* (-1.85)	-0.134* (-1.71)	-2.073*** (-7.06)	-2.026*** (-6.78)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.007 (0.17)	0.005 (0.12)	-0.301*** (-5.24)	-0.343*** (-5.34)	0.052 (1.13)	0.091* (1.83)	-0.256*** (-4.44)	-0.255*** (-3.91)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.187*** (4.28)	0.152*** (3.40)	-0.121* (-1.69)	-0.258*** (-3.02)	0.063 (1.58)	0.124*** (2.61)	-0.539*** (-5.67)	-0.535*** (-5.12)

Note: Values in parentheses are *z*-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Alfalfa	Gove	Prec — Short	-0.004 (-1.00)	-0.004 (-0.98)	-0.003 (-1.02)	-0.001 (-0.18)	-0.004 (-0.70)	-0.006 (-0.87)	0.003 (0.56)	0.003 (0.59)
		Prec — Long	0.002 (0.70)	0 (0.10)	-0.001 (-0.24)	0.013** (2.05)	0.003 (0.74)	0 (-0.03)	0.019 (1.36)	0.025 (1.53)
		PrecLow — Short	0.001 (0.07)	-0.009 (-0.50)	-0.022 (-1.34)	-0.03* (-1.74)	-0.055** (-1.98)	-0.053* (-1.95)	-0.071*** (-2.99)	-0.068*** (-2.64)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.001 (-0.03)	0.005 (0.22)	-0.039 (-1.64)	-0.039* (-1.65)	0.069* (1.85)	0.063* (1.71)	0.027 (0.49)	0.03 (0.53)
		GDD — Short	0.006 (0.19)	0.014 (0.38)	-0.028 (-1.11)	-0.081*** (-2.84)	0.127*** (2.85)	0.128*** (2.72)	0.155*** (3.73)	0.149*** (3.55)
		GDD — Long	-0.022 (-0.51)	-0.004 (-0.09)	-0.063 (-0.94)	-0.103 (-1.22)	-0.093 (-1.38)	0.001 (0.01)	0.028 (0.29)	0.003 (0.03)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.006 (0.29)	0.005 (0.22)	0.019 (1.02)	0.026 (1.36)	0.019 (1.07)	-0.011 (-0.27)	0.102*** (3.76)	0.101*** (3.63)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.011 (-0.39)	-0.013 (-0.38)	0.037 (1.37)	0.13*** (3.68)	-0.053 (-1.30)	-0.086 (-1.49)	0.146*** (3.04)	0.144*** (2.77)
Lincoln	Lincoln	Prec — Short	-0.005 (-1.05)	-0.016*** (-3.01)	0.013* (1.73)	0.013 (1.58)	-0.011 (-1.63)	-0.009 (-1.13)	0.013 (1.32)	0.02* (1.75)
		Prec — Long	-0.019*** (-4.47)	-0.005 (-1.05)	-0.005 (-0.48)	-0.008 (-0.67)	-0.027*** (-5.03)	-0.055*** (-8.92)	-0.086** (-2.26)	-0.08** (-2.07)
		PrecLow — Short	0.194*** (4.61)	0.219*** (4.29)	-0.033 (-0.52)	-0.04 (-0.62)	0.114** (2.42)	0.117** (2.00)	-0.214** (-2.15)	-0.176* (-1.68)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.292*** (-6.60)	-0.308*** (-5.89)	-0.346*** (-3.03)	-0.375*** (-3.03)	-0.327*** (-5.63)	-0.403*** (-6.08)	-0.581** (-2.56)	-0.639** (-2.48)
		GDD — Short	0.094* (1.91)	0.095 (1.64)	-0.25*** (-4.08)	-0.237*** (-3.67)	0.123 (1.61)	0.158* (1.80)	-0.485*** (-4.89)	-0.502*** (-4.99)
		GDD — Long	0.297*** (4.67)	0.733*** (11.30)	-0.36* (-1.73)	-0.301 (-1.17)	0.368*** (4.21)	0.9*** (9.34)	-1.239*** (-3.66)	-1.586*** (-3.82)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.061*** (3.52)	0.102*** (5.16)	0.119*** (3.95)	0.113*** (3.56)	0.031 (1.63)	0.043** (2.09)	0.2*** (5.54)	0.208*** (5.68)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.055*** (3.29)	0.08*** (4.86)	0.182*** (3.68)	0.166*** (3.01)	0.133*** (5.37)	0.199*** (7.91)	0.065 (0.75)	0.05 (0.57)
Ness	Ness	Prec — Short	-0.001 (-0.28)	-0.003 (-0.45)	0 (-0.21)	-0.003 (-1.15)	-0.002 (-0.31)	-0.003 (-0.42)	-0.003 (-1.22)	-0.004 (-1.38)
		Prec — Long	-0.006* (-1.84)	-0.008 (-1.54)	0.002 (0.55)	0.002 (0.59)	-0.009 (-1.03)	-0.009 (-0.90)	-0.014* (-1.70)	-0.016** (-1.97)
		PrecLow — Short	0.006 (0.22)	0.004 (0.15)	-0.006 (-0.39)	0.002 (0.09)	0.018 (0.40)	0.017 (0.39)	0 (0.01)	0.002 (0.10)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.035 (-1.13)	-0.035 (-1.01)	-0.041 (-1.43)	-0.035 (-1.17)	-0.055 (-0.90)	-0.057 (-0.92)	0.03 (0.58)	0.03 (0.58)
		GDD — Short	-0.009 (-0.32)	-0.014 (-0.43)	-0.037 (-1.43)	-0.016 (-0.58)	-0.016 (-0.21)	-0.011 (-0.15)	-0.019 (-0.47)	-0.021 (-0.51)
		GDD — Long	-0.001 (-0.03)	0.013 (0.39)	0.015 (0.33)	0.079 (1.54)	-0.017 (-0.28)	-0.02 (-0.32)	-0.116* (-1.71)	-0.114* (-1.68)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.01 (0.38)	0.011 (0.37)	0.011 (0.91)	0.005 (0.38)	0.003 (0.19)	0.004 (0.20)	0.012 (0.85)	0.012 (0.85)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.017 (0.91)	0.014 (0.71)	0.054*** (2.81)	0.043** (2.15)	0.022 (1.22)	0.022 (1.27)	0.018 (0.71)	0.013 (0.51)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Alfalfa	Ottawa	Prec — Short	-0.004 (-0.38)	-0.002 (-0.21)	0.006 (0.51)	0.008 (0.59)	-0.022* (-1.76)	-0.014 (-0.99)	-0.013 (-0.63)	-0.038* (-1.71)
		Prec — Long	-0.01 (-1.26)	-0.023** (-2.52)	-0.014 (-0.88)	-0.013 (-0.66)	0.02** (2.32)	0.005 (0.49)	-0.023 (-0.48)	-0.071 (-1.30)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.022 (-0.35)	-0.006 (-0.09)	0.205** (2.39)	0.206** (2.38)	-0.173*** (-2.85)	-0.128** (-2.00)	0.148 (1.22)	0.232* (1.86)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.085 (-1.15)	-0.092 (-1.22)	0.244 (1.27)	0.243 (1.25)	0.044 (0.57)	-0.051 (-0.60)	0.189 (0.97)	0.414* (1.93)
		GDD — Short	-0.028 (-0.43)	-0.037 (-0.56)	-0.283*** (-2.84)	-0.307** (-2.39)	0.143 (1.58)	0.095 (1.04)	-0.149 (-1.07)	-0.148 (-1.02)
		GDD — Long	-0.342*** (-4.93)	-0.297*** (-4.16)	-0.627** (-2.12)	-0.737 (-1.57)	-0.608*** (-5.75)	-0.541*** (-5.06)	-0.864*** (-2.64)	-0.607* (-1.78)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.079*** (2.93)	0.102*** (3.29)	0.263*** (5.71)	0.273*** (4.77)	0.068** (2.34)	0.064* (1.95)	0.31*** (4.57)	0.283*** (4.10)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.141*** (5.06)	0.113*** (3.69)	0.309*** (4.69)	0.335*** (3.02)	0.22*** (6.22)	0.226*** (5.86)	0.688*** (4.34)	0.775*** (4.75)
Rush	Rush	Prec — Short	-0.007** (-2.16)	-0.009** (-2.45)	-0.021*** (-3.80)	-0.02*** (-3.56)	0.028 (1.08)	0.003 (0.67)	-0.015** (-2.24)	-0.007 (-0.93)
		Prec — Long	0.014*** (4.51)	0.014*** (4.47)	-0.01 (-1.01)	-0.015 (-1.35)	-0.027 (-1.33)	0.015* (1.87)	-0.031 (-1.58)	-0.038* (-1.88)
		PrecLow — Short	0.024 (0.64)	0.034 (0.89)	-0.028 (-0.81)	-0.048 (-1.32)	0.474*** (3.86)	0.092* (1.80)	0.03 (0.74)	-0.019 (-0.45)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.089*** (-3.00)	-0.097*** (-3.22)	0.071 (1.45)	0.085* (1.69)	-0.213 (-1.37)	-0.249*** (-5.34)	-0.146 (-1.11)	-0.175 (-1.32)
		GDD — Short	0.139*** (4.19)	0.169*** (3.51)	0.098* (1.69)	0.074 (1.27)	0.465** (2.37)	0.284*** (3.16)	0.455*** (4.24)	0.325*** (2.83)
		GDD — Long	-0.026 (-0.96)	-0.039 (-1.07)	-0.399*** (-5.74)	-0.533*** (-7.08)	0.476** (2.18)	-0.076 (-0.75)	-0.832*** (-5.71)	-0.951*** (-6.34)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.064* (-1.73)	-0.073* (-1.94)	-0.021 (-0.59)	-0.062* (-1.68)	-0.019 (-0.34)	-0.006 (-0.18)	-0.032 (-0.63)	0.005 (0.10)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.08*** (2.91)	0.106*** (3.40)	0.105*** (3.07)	0.071* (1.83)	-0.27*** (-3.96)	0.053* (1.83)	-0.086 (-1.19)	-0.088 (-1.20)
Russell	Russell	Prec — Short	0 (0.00)	0 (-0.05)	-0.012*** (-3.18)	-0.011*** (-2.89)	-0.142*** (-7.03)	0 (-0.03)	-0.004 (-0.70)	-0.002 (-0.33)
		Prec — Long	0.016*** (3.52)	0.015*** (2.83)	-0.024*** (-3.01)	-0.023*** (-2.90)	-0.198*** (-7.98)	0.017 (1.51)	-0.007 (-0.28)	0.004 (0.15)
		PrecLow — Short	0.031 (1.22)	0.027 (0.91)	-0.01 (-0.31)	-0.017 (-0.55)	-1.148*** (-8.91)	0.014 (0.37)	-0.07 (-1.18)	-0.064 (-1.07)
		PrecLong — Long	0.017 (1.26)	0.015 (1.11)	-0.012 (-1.17)	-0.013 (-1.22)	0.41*** (3.80)	0.054* (1.89)	-0.094 (-0.51)	-0.071 (-0.38)
		GDD — Short	0.042 (1.31)	0.039 (0.95)	0.118** (2.33)	0.105** (2.03)	-3.241*** (-12.87)	0.307*** (3.82)	0.205** (2.15)	0.196** (2.03)
		GDD — Long	-0.112** (-2.32)	-0.114** (-2.40)	-0.406*** (-4.20)	-0.475*** (-4.41)	2.822*** (11.40)	-0.183*** (-2.74)	-0.497** (-2.25)	-0.587** (-2.52)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.002 (-0.06)	0 (-0.01)	-0.076** (-1.98)	-0.065 (-1.64)	-0.136 (-1.28)	0.034 (1.18)	-0.008 (-0.13)	-0.007 (-0.11)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.068*** (2.58)	0.068*** (2.59)	-0.038 (-1.03)	-0.019 (-0.48)	0.583*** (6.39)	-0.002 (-0.05)	-0.137* (-1.78)	-0.127* (-1.65)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Alfalfa	Saline	Prec — Short	-0.004 (-0.80)	-0.004 (-0.67)	0.003 (0.29)	0.01 (0.85)	-0.02 (-1.38)	-0.024** (-2.52)	-0.035** (-1.98)	-0.046** (-2.44)
		Prec — Long	0.033*** (5.42)	0.022*** (3.17)	0.003 (0.15)	-0.004 (-0.19)	-0.432*** (-17.04)	0.045*** (3.16)	0.084 (1.62)	0.03 (0.52)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.052 (-1.27)	-0.011 (-0.26)	0.172* (1.80)	0.114 (1.17)	0 (0.00)	-0.02 (-0.36)	0.665*** (4.62)	0.632*** (4.39)
		PrecLong — Long	0.053 (1.18)	0.03 (0.66)	0.358*** (3.32)	0.19 (1.49)	-0.762*** (-12.58)	0.085 (1.19)	1.255*** (3.87)	1.105*** (3.34)
		GDD — Short	-0.035 (-0.43)	0.028 (0.34)	-0.278*** (-2.65)	-0.428*** (-2.98)	-1.435*** (-6.26)	0.46*** (3.75)	0.265* (1.85)	0.104 (0.57)
		GDD — Long	-0.38*** (-5.12)	-0.267*** (-3.09)	-1.89*** (-6.46)	-2.244*** (-4.73)	1.434*** (7.41)	-0.613*** (-4.53)	-3.21*** (-7.99)	-3.336*** (-8.11)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.006 (0.14)	-0.031 (-0.70)	0.098** (2.05)	0.175** (2.56)	-0.165 (-1.56)	-0.04 (-0.87)	-0.358*** (-3.86)	-0.33*** (-3.44)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.225*** (4.53)	0.152*** (2.96)	0.376*** (5.22)	0.48*** (4.30)	-0.091 (-0.60)	0.106* (1.86)	-0.106 (-0.62)	-0.143 (-0.84)
Trego	Trego	Prec — Short	-0.001 (-0.34)	-0.002 (-0.99)	0.001 (0.43)	-0.001 (-0.52)	0.001 (0.36)	0.001 (0.35)	0.012*** (2.79)	0.011** (2.45)
		Prec — Long	0.002 (0.64)	0.002 (0.57)	0.013*** (3.23)	0.009** (2.02)	0.003 (0.48)	0.003 (0.51)	0.049*** (3.48)	0.045*** (3.02)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.002 (-0.12)	-0.014 (-0.68)	-0.019 (-1.34)	-0.021 (-1.44)	-0.013 (-0.65)	-0.005 (-0.23)	-0.005 (-0.22)	0.007 (0.28)
		PrecLong — Long	0.007 (0.31)	0.021 (0.76)	0.032 (1.63)	0.038* (1.85)	0.034 (1.26)	0.027 (0.92)	-0.114** (-2.13)	-0.084 (-1.53)
		GDD — Short	0.003 (0.11)	0.022 (0.69)	-0.025 (-1.17)	0.015 (0.56)	0.168*** (3.86)	0.187*** (2.94)	0.15*** (5.06)	0.187*** (5.72)
		GDD — Long	-0.178*** (-3.07)	-0.074 (-0.84)	-0.001 (-0.01)	0.121 (1.36)	-0.097 (-1.38)	-0.088 (-1.12)	0.061 (1.00)	0.132** (1.98)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.013 (0.36)	-0.007 (-0.18)	0.03* (1.81)	0.001 (0.04)	0.009 (0.39)	0.004 (0.16)	0.003 (0.15)	-0.024 (-0.98)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.046** (2.08)	0.018 (0.56)	0.055*** (2.96)	0.007 (0.29)	-0.043 (-1.16)	-0.045 (-1.04)	-0.04 (-0.86)	-0.076 (-1.57)
Corn,	Barton	Prec — Short	-0.009 (-1.26)	-0.037*** (-3.92)	0.032*** (2.80)	0.02 (1.22)	-0.142*** (-9.74)	-0.177*** (-11.57)	0.013 (0.71)	-0.019 (-0.90)
Sorghum	Sorghum	Prec — Long	-0.092*** (-6.11)	-0.131*** (-6.48)	0.018 (0.81)	0.013 (0.44)	0.134*** (4.83)	0.008 (0.26)	0.282*** (3.09)	0.15 (1.57)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.251*** (-3.09)	-0.277*** (-3.39)	-0.217* (-1.77)	-0.206* (-1.66)	-0.285*** (-2.72)	-0.467*** (-4.38)	-0.104 (-0.62)	-0.149 (-0.88)
		PrecLong — Long	0.298*** (3.28)	0.378*** (4.02)	-0.028 (-0.17)	0.042 (0.24)	0.622*** (6.39)	0.615*** (6.04)	1.017* (1.72)	1.361** (2.26)
		GDD — Short	-0.883*** (-6.63)	-0.758*** (-5.55)	-1.153*** (-6.00)	-1.041*** (-4.77)	-0.117 (-0.56)	-0.28 (-1.34)	-2.655*** (-7.23)	-2.397*** (-5.99)
		GDD — Long	0.348*** (3.46)	0.465*** (3.77)	0.38 (0.95)	0.432 (1.03)	-0.252 (-1.13)	0.339 (1.43)	-2.375*** (-3.05)	-1.759** (-2.19)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.099 (-1.13)	-0.225** (-2.42)	-0.182 (-1.32)	-0.248 (-1.63)	-0.599*** (-6.30)	-0.811*** (-8.21)	-0.301** (-2.22)	-0.316** (-2.20)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.571*** (5.92)	0.379*** (3.30)	0.71*** (4.87)	0.686*** (3.62)	1.297*** (15.22)	1.026*** (11.63)	0.496* (1.93)	0.45* (1.74)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Corn,	Ellis	Prec — Short	0.129*** (9.04)	0.056*** (3.53)	0.164*** (6.59)	0.147*** (5.57)	-0.148*** (-8.25)	-0.126*** (-5.44)	-0.179*** (-4.22)	-0.216*** (-4.96)
Sorghum		Prec — Long	-0.112*** (-6.81)	-0.168*** (-10.12)	-0.076* (-1.87)	-0.119*** (-2.92)	0.304*** (9.67)	0.179*** (4.33)	-0.228 (-1.61)	-0.487*** (-3.21)
		PrecLow — Short	0.937*** (8.43)	0.697*** (6.07)	0.852*** (5.98)	0.673*** (4.69)	0.028 (0.24)	0.027 (0.23)	-0.264 (-1.52)	-0.293* (-1.67)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.991*** (-9.48)	-0.821*** (-7.59)	-1.224*** (-5.71)	-0.89*** (-4.09)	-0.411*** (-3.67)	-0.365*** (-3.01)	-1.954*** (-3.03)	-2.008*** (-3.09)
		GDD — Short	-0.962*** (-8.69)	-0.597*** (-5.06)	-0.975*** (-4.09)	-1.336*** (-5.42)	-2.085*** (-7.87)	-2.411*** (-6.50)	-2.846*** (-8.84)	-2.87*** (-8.90)
		GDD — Long	-0.602*** (-4.33)	-0.825*** (-5.61)	-1.814*** (-3.17)	-3.79*** (-5.86)	-1.478*** (-7.14)	-1.018*** (-4.20)	-6.994*** (-10.84)	-6.095*** (-8.93)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.347*** (-4.69)	-0.249*** (-3.31)	-0.454*** (-3.23)	0.012 (0.08)	-1.068*** (-13.58)	-0.913*** (-7.09)	-0.39 (-1.62)	-0.03 (-0.12)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.603*** (6.85)	0.456*** (5.06)	0.613*** (3.35)	1.032*** (5.31)	2.147*** (18.41)	2.003*** (8.08)	2.435*** (5.79)	2.863*** (6.59)
Ellsworth	Ellsworth	Prec — Short	0.013 (1.15)	0.024* (1.85)	0.047*** (2.62)	0.052** (2.35)	0.003 (0.13)	0.006 (0.24)	0.069** (2.15)	0.086** (2.38)
		Prec — Long	-0.115*** (-5.57)	-0.172*** (-6.78)	-0.13*** (-3.25)	-0.151*** (-3.67)	0.033 (1.04)	0.039 (1.11)	0.262* (1.75)	0.303* (1.91)
		PrecLow — Short	0.099 (1.05)	0.087 (0.91)	-0.117 (-0.72)	-0.03 (-0.18)	-0.031 (-0.28)	-0.031 (-0.26)	-0.419** (-2.46)	-0.307* (-1.70)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.051 (-0.45)	-0.135 (-1.18)	0.01 (0.05)	-0.036 (-0.16)	0.235* (1.70)	0.241* (1.69)	-0.03 (-0.05)	0.011 (0.02)
		GDD — Short	-0.28 (-1.28)	-0.397* (-1.76)	-0.587* (-1.82)	-0.567 (-1.56)	-1.76*** (-4.39)	-1.8*** (-4.02)	-1.776*** (-3.52)	-2.067*** (-3.88)
		GDD — Long	1.203*** (6.31)	1.652*** (7.23)	-2.742*** (-3.78)	-1.735** (-1.98)	1.735*** (5.99)	1.742*** (5.93)	-0.582 (-0.58)	-0.621 (-0.60)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.132 (0.80)	0.274 (1.51)	-0.239 (-1.21)	-0.125 (-0.56)	-0.182 (-1.29)	-0.158 (-0.94)	-0.364* (-1.84)	-0.215 (-0.96)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.206 (-1.22)	-0.592*** (-3.01)	-0.777*** (-3.14)	-1.027*** (-3.49)	0.701*** (4.51)	0.726*** (4.14)	-0.172 (-0.53)	0.02 (0.06)
		Prec — Short	-0.04** (-2.24)	-0.047*** (-2.58)	-0.117*** (-4.18)	-0.112*** (-3.89)	-0.128*** (-4.85)	-0.128*** (-4.77)	-0.001 (-0.02)	-0.096* (-1.85)
Gove	Gove	Prec — Long	0.004 (0.23)	-0.027 (-1.20)	-0.364*** (-8.50)	-0.301*** (-5.02)	0.179*** (8.01)	0.175*** (7.34)	-0.003 (-0.03)	-0.364** (-2.47)
		PrecLow — Short	0.497*** (5.04)	0.235** (2.15)	0.247* (1.65)	0.133 (0.86)	-0.248* (-1.73)	-0.387*** (-2.61)	0.75*** (3.45)	0.182 (0.78)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.805*** (-7.05)	-0.573*** (-4.63)	-0.226 (-1.05)	-0.232 (-1.08)	0.26 (1.52)	0.339* (1.93)	-0.406 (-0.81)	-1.188** (-2.31)
		GDD — Short	0.421*** (2.85)	0.626*** (3.96)	-0.647*** (-2.82)	-0.373 (-1.43)	1.185*** (4.13)	1.121*** (3.90)	-0.374 (-0.99)	-0.782** (-2.04)
		GDD — Long	0.01 (0.05)	0.594*** (2.81)	-3.487*** (-5.66)	-1.696** (-2.21)	-1.993*** (-4.83)	-1.791*** (-4.13)	-8.741*** (-9.78)	-8.457*** (-9.27)
		GDDHigh — Short	-1.034*** (-10.38)	-1.042*** (-9.67)	-0.564*** (-3.28)	-0.543*** (-3.15)	-0.108 (-1.02)	-0.254** (-2.05)	-0.557** (-2.26)	-0.179 (-0.71)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.093 (0.74)	-0.035 (-0.23)	0.56** (2.30)	0.475 (1.47)	0.369** (2.11)	0.512*** (2.81)	-1.266*** (-2.89)	-0.029 (-0.06)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Corn,	Lincoln	Prec — Short	0.012 (1.09)	0.024** (1.96)	0.009 (0.41)	0.013 (0.59)	-0.036** (-2.25)	-0.029* (-1.70)	0.018 (0.63)	0.027 (0.86)
Sorghum		Prec — Long	-0.07*** (-5.49)	-0.082*** (-5.40)	-0.037 (-1.38)	-0.03 (-0.98)	-0.038** (-2.03)	-0.03 (-1.37)	0.501*** (4.77)	0.507*** (4.77)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.985*** (-9.26)	-0.879*** (-7.82)	-0.448** (-2.54)	-0.423** (-2.38)	-0.893*** (-6.80)	-0.614*** (-3.92)	-0.879*** (-3.20)	-0.79*** (-2.72)
		PrecLong — Long	0.327*** (2.91)	0.19 (1.60)	1.475*** (4.68)	1.553*** (4.55)	0.194 (1.11)	-0.14 (-0.72)	0.744 (1.19)	0.746 (1.05)
		GDD — Short	-0.842*** (-7.91)	-0.81*** (-7.46)	-0.859*** (-5.06)	-0.909*** (-5.11)	-1.479*** (-6.95)	-1.47*** (-6.75)	-0.842*** (-3.08)	-0.862*** (-3.10)
		GDD — Long	-0.035 (-0.20)	0.011 (0.06)	-0.416 (-0.72)	-0.745 (-1.05)	0.346 (1.40)	0.295 (1.13)	4.661*** (4.98)	4.052*** (3.53)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.327*** (5.51)	0.299*** (4.94)	0.537*** (6.44)	0.553*** (6.30)	0.064 (1.18)	0.066 (1.22)	0.229** (2.29)	0.24** (2.38)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.074* (-1.66)	-0.065 (-1.45)	0.225* (1.65)	0.291* (1.90)	0.102 (1.63)	0.129** (2.02)	1.333*** (5.54)	1.311*** (5.40)
Ness		Prec — Short	-0.013 (-0.95)	-0.007 (-0.47)	0.006 (0.30)	-0.006 (-0.25)	-0.087*** (-4.72)	-0.092*** (-4.90)	0.005 (0.20)	0 (-0.01)
		Prec — Long	0 (-0.02)	-0.019 (-1.16)	-0.151*** (-5.11)	-0.128*** (-4.12)	0.133*** (6.44)	0.134*** (6.09)	0.047 (0.63)	0.033 (0.44)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.402*** (-4.55)	-0.374*** (-4.15)	0.255* (1.67)	0.295* (1.88)	-0.176 (-1.37)	-0.162 (-1.26)	-0.495** (-2.40)	-0.47** (-2.26)
		PrecLong — Long	0.076 (0.87)	0.053 (0.60)	1.077*** (4.04)	1.271*** (4.54)	-0.311** (-2.38)	-0.339** (-2.57)	0.263 (0.55)	0.291 (0.60)
		GDD — Short	-0.905*** (-8.92)	-0.915*** (-8.83)	-1.065*** (-4.36)	-1.099*** (-4.27)	-0.033 (-0.12)	0.013 (0.04)	-1.87*** (-4.92)	-1.849*** (-4.78)
		GDD — Long	-1.142*** (-9.42)	-1.047*** (-8.00)	-2.942*** (-7.11)	-3.109*** (-6.44)	-2.11*** (-7.49)	-2.15*** (-7.49)	-5.243*** (-8.24)	-5.21*** (-8.16)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.032 (0.41)	0.015 (0.19)	0.17 (1.48)	0.224* (1.90)	-0.088 (-1.18)	-0.087 (-1.15)	0.453*** (3.44)	0.45*** (3.42)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.858*** (13.00)	0.829*** (12.43)	0.358** (2.00)	0.464** (2.48)	1.095*** (14.27)	1.102*** (14.25)	1.01*** (4.35)	0.995*** (4.23)
Ottawa		Prec — Short	-0.044*** (-2.63)	-0.049*** (-2.88)	-0.041* (-1.84)	-0.032 (-1.29)	0.007 (0.25)	-0.021 (-0.73)	-0.064 (-1.58)	-0.048 (-1.10)
		Prec — Long	-0.117*** (-5.86)	-0.094*** (-3.88)	-0.056* (-1.81)	-0.087** (-2.32)	-0.08*** (-3.96)	-0.062*** (-2.76)	-0.126 (-1.35)	-0.086 (-0.80)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.117 (-0.93)	-0.121 (-0.97)	0.151 (0.89)	0.187 (1.10)	0.067 (0.48)	-0.033 (-0.24)	0.194 (0.82)	0.141 (0.58)
		PrecLong — Long	0.183 (1.39)	0.173 (1.31)	0.755** (1.99)	0.793** (2.09)	-0.331* (-1.90)	-0.12 (-0.67)	-0.586 (-1.54)	-0.7* (-1.66)
		GDD — Short	0.056 (0.41)	0.085 (0.61)	0.459** (2.35)	0.474* (1.88)	-0.297 (-1.41)	-0.155 (-0.73)	-0.226 (-0.83)	-0.203 (-0.71)
		GDD — Long	0.341** (2.15)	0.245 (1.46)	1.12* (1.93)	0.654 (0.71)	0.103 (0.43)	0.029 (0.12)	1.435** (2.23)	1.277* (1.91)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.153** (-2.41)	-0.18*** (-2.60)	-0.164* (-1.81)	-0.137 (-1.22)	-0.256*** (-4.07)	-0.33*** (-4.68)	0.002 (0.02)	0.023 (0.17)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.165*** (-2.65)	-0.128* (-1.86)	-0.302** (-2.34)	-0.356 (-1.64)	0.055 (0.76)	0.096 (1.23)	0.73** (2.35)	0.689** (2.15)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE
Corn,	Rush	Prec — Short	0.058*** (3.33)	0.066*** (3.72)	0.038 (1.46)	0.032 (1.20)	0.003 (0.68)	-0.213*** (-8.80)	-0.057* (-1.73)	-0.089** (-2.53)
		Prec — Long	-0.027** (-1.96)	-0.047*** (-3.19)	-0.076 (-1.52)	-0.068 (-1.24)	0.016* (1.95)	0.248*** (8.34)	-0.178* (-1.89)	-0.154 (-1.60)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.132 (-1.01)	-0.129 (-0.96)	-0.214 (-1.30)	-0.165 (-0.94)	0.082** (2.19)	0.599*** (3.56)	0.136 (0.70)	0.318 (1.54)
		PrecLong — Long	-1.218*** (-11.65)	-1.22*** (-10.81)	-0.745*** (-3.13)	-0.824*** (-3.38)	-0.232*** (-6.21)	-1.044*** (-8.04)	-0.699 (-1.10)	-0.593 (-0.93)
		GDD — Short	-0.975*** (-8.17)	-1.145*** (-8.31)	-1.15*** (-4.10)	-1.059*** (-3.76)	0.296*** (3.41)	1.235*** (4.01)	-1.556*** (-3.01)	-1.071* (-1.94)
		GDD — Long	-0.176 (-1.20)	-0.037 (-0.24)	-1.735*** (-5.18)	-1.185*** (-3.26)	-0.106 (-1.22)	-0.881*** (-2.90)	-5.192*** (-7.41)	-4.753*** (-6.58)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.434*** (-3.00)	-0.318** (-2.18)	-0.276 (-1.58)	-0.123 (-0.69)	0.001 (0.02)	-1.369*** (-10.77)	0.123 (0.50)	-0.017 (-0.07)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.823*** (7.38)	0.792*** (6.56)	0.914*** (5.57)	1.001*** (5.38)	0.056** (2.02)	0.689*** (6.44)	1.793*** (5.17)	1.801*** (5.08)
		Prec — Short	-0.007 (-0.54)	-0.003 (-0.24)	0.129*** (5.28)	0.134*** (5.35)	0 (0.00)	-0.135*** (-6.57)	0.062* (1.85)	0.031 (0.89)
Sorghum	Russell	Prec — Long	-0.241*** (-9.98)	-0.245*** (-9.16)	0.088* (1.76)	0.066 (1.29)	0.021** (2.11)	0.069 (1.56)	-0.122 (-0.77)	-0.287* (-1.68)
		PrecLow — Short	0.02 (0.13)	0.065 (0.43)	0.358* (1.81)	0.365* (1.82)	0.024 (0.72)	-0.179 (-0.99)	-0.381 (-1.01)	-0.488 (-1.29)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.115** (-2.33)	-0.111** (-2.24)	0.132** (1.97)	0.147** (2.19)	0.061** (2.01)	0.266*** (2.76)	-1.307 (-1.11)	-1.595 (-1.35)
		GDD — Short	-0.522*** (-3.78)	-0.459*** (-3.08)	-1.992*** (-6.16)	-1.995*** (-6.07)	0.321*** (4.39)	-0.372 (-1.11)	-2.734*** (-4.48)	-2.663*** (-4.33)
		GDD — Long	0.028 (0.10)	0.028 (0.10)	2.107*** (3.41)	2.423*** (3.51)	-0.174*** (-2.66)	-1.934*** (-7.18)	-2.198 (-1.56)	-0.906 (-0.61)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.304** (2.13)	0.252* (1.75)	1.813*** (7.36)	1.79*** (7.12)	0.031 (1.10)	-0.723*** (-4.99)	1.585*** (4.05)	1.576*** (4.03)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.523*** (4.22)	0.503*** (4.02)	1.935*** (8.32)	1.812*** (7.27)	0.003 (0.06)	0.974*** (4.73)	4.214*** (8.59)	4.061*** (8.23)
		Prec — Short	0 (-0.05)	-0.003 (-0.31)	-0.014 (-0.82)	-0.014 (-0.70)	-0.03*** (-3.10)	-0.021 (-1.08)	0.061* (1.92)	0.054 (1.62)
		Prec — Long	-0.036*** (-3.22)	-0.02 (-1.42)	-0.032 (-0.96)	-0.038 (-1.10)	0.057*** (4.34)	-0.013 (-0.46)	0.006 (0.07)	0.034 (0.33)
Saline	Saline	PrecLow — Short	-0.207*** (-2.82)	-0.25*** (-3.30)	-0.206 (-1.21)	-0.224 (-1.29)	-0.036 (-0.65)	-0.206** (-2.04)	-0.476* (-1.86)	-0.485* (-1.91)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.039 (-0.51)	-0.044 (-0.57)	-0.44** (-2.30)	-0.52** (-2.30)	0.106 (1.46)	-0.103 (-0.80)	-1.119* (-1.94)	-1.438** (-2.47)
		GDD — Short	0.799*** (5.64)	0.691*** (4.68)	0.574*** (3.09)	0.582** (2.29)	0.473*** (4.32)	0.8*** (3.68)	0.696*** (2.74)	0.883*** (2.73)
		GDD — Long	0.485*** (3.76)	0.186 (1.28)	1.819*** (3.50)	1.93** (2.30)	-0.682*** (-5.36)	0.346 (1.53)	0.592 (0.83)	0.496 (0.68)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.3*** (-3.83)	-0.2** (-2.29)	-0.011 (-0.14)	-0.011 (-0.09)	-0.056 (-1.24)	-0.463*** (-5.52)	-0.265 (-1.61)	-0.268 (-1.58)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.549*** (-6.82)	-0.438*** (-5.16)	-0.337*** (-2.64)	-0.339* (-1.71)	0.135** (2.35)	-0.497*** (-5.24)	-0.488 (-1.61)	-0.379 (-1.26)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Corn,	Trego	Prec — Short	0.022 (1.63)	0.028** (1.99)	0.015 (0.62)	0.043* (1.68)	-0.117*** (-6.65)	-0.106*** (-5.95)	0.109** (2.43)	0.115** (2.48)
		Prec — Long	-0.25*** (-17.81)	-0.249*** (-17.10)	-0.187*** (-4.64)	-0.096** (-2.07)	-0.159*** (-5.27)	-0.127*** (-4.13)	0.521*** (3.67)	0.553*** (3.67)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.373*** (-3.60)	-0.359*** (-3.37)	-0.288** (-2.02)	-0.131 (-0.89)	-0.369*** (-3.29)	-0.356*** (-3.09)	-0.276 (-1.14)	-0.224 (-0.91)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.166 (-1.54)	-0.202* (-1.85)	0.275 (1.37)	0.388* (1.88)	-0.764*** (-6.92)	-0.798*** (-7.17)	-0.425 (-0.78)	-0.262 (-0.47)
		GDD — Short	-1.817*** (-12.06)	-1.898*** (-12.21)	-2.309*** (-10.85)	-2.864*** (-10.80)	-2.841*** (-10.37)	-2.322*** (-7.99)	-2.977*** (-9.95)	-2.81*** (-8.52)
		GDD — Long	-4.816*** (-14.83)	-5.245*** (-13.08)	-4.039*** (-5.11)	-5.084*** (-5.64)	-7.959*** (-23.17)	-7.25*** (-20.41)	-8.524*** (-13.88)	-8.231*** (-12.22)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.778*** (7.01)	0.843*** (7.29)	1.085*** (6.45)	1.499*** (7.29)	0.46*** (4.41)	0.262** (2.41)	1.527*** (6.60)	1.359*** (5.41)
		GDDHigh — Long	2.28*** (16.92)	2.412*** (15.76)	2.8*** (14.94)	3.406*** (13.00)	3.999*** (25.44)	3.789*** (23.64)	5.363*** (11.39)	5.081*** (10.34)
Fallow	Barton	Prec — Short	0.004 (0.83)	0.022*** (3.63)	-0.019** (-2.43)	-0.026** (-2.34)	-0.021** (-2.44)	-0.045*** (-4.98)	-0.088*** (-6.86)	-0.167*** (-11.20)
		Prec — Long	-0.172*** (-17.39)	-0.134*** (-9.46)	-0.088*** (-5.70)	-0.13*** (-6.46)	-0.3*** (-17.65)	-0.385*** (-18.90)	-0.102 (-1.60)	-0.248*** (-3.75)
		PrecLow — Short	0.046 (0.90)	0.07 (1.36)	-0.118 (-1.39)	-0.083 (-0.96)	0.15** (2.22)	0.075 (1.10)	-0.707*** (-6.03)	-0.78*** (-6.66)
		PrecLong — Long	0.042 (0.70)	-0.022 (-0.35)	-0.701*** (-5.95)	-0.743*** (-6.02)	0.096 (1.58)	-0.002 (-0.03)	-3.153*** (-7.69)	-2.285*** (-5.46)
		GDD — Short	-0.093 (-1.08)	-0.199** (-2.26)	1.057*** (7.93)	1.095*** (7.24)	-1.805*** (-13.87)	-1.953*** (-14.73)	0.347 (1.36)	1.308*** (4.71)
		GDD — Long	0.397*** (5.69)	0.277*** (3.32)	4.542*** (16.39)	4.815*** (16.49)	1.821*** (12.71)	2.239*** (14.55)	7.684*** (14.19)	9.109*** (16.35)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.085 (1.59)	0.159*** (2.88)	0.101 (1.06)	0.057 (0.54)	-0.318*** (-5.30)	-0.417*** (-6.66)	-0.071 (-0.75)	-0.294*** (-2.94)
		GDDHigh — Long	-1.107*** (-18.39)	-0.923*** (-12.51)	-0.979*** (-9.69)	-1.262*** (-9.62)	-0.476*** (-9.12)	-0.587*** (-10.98)	1.537*** (8.60)	1.383*** (7.72)
Ellis	Ellis	Prec — Short	0.041*** (3.25)	-0.004 (-0.33)	0.028 (1.20)	-0.019 (-0.74)	-0.089*** (-5.72)	-0.092*** (-5.61)	-0.236*** (-5.81)	-0.248*** (-5.95)
		Prec — Long	-0.048*** (-3.13)	-0.114*** (-7.05)	0.1*** (2.60)	0.055 (1.41)	-0.014 (-0.50)	0.012 (0.35)	-0.332** (-2.46)	-0.426*** (-2.94)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.357*** (-3.61)	-0.518*** (-5.13)	-0.383*** (-2.83)	-0.519*** (-3.80)	-0.536*** (-5.13)	-0.544*** (-5.14)	-0.994*** (-5.96)	-0.994*** (-5.93)
		PrecLong — Long	0.616*** (6.62)	0.753*** (7.92)	0.361* (1.77)	0.625*** (3.02)	0.634*** (6.33)	0.632*** (6.07)	-2.209*** (-3.59)	-2.254*** (-3.63)
		GDD — Short	-0.352*** (-3.41)	-0.183* (-1.68)	0.515** (2.27)	0.546** (2.33)	-2.747*** (-12.02)	-2.773*** (-11.52)	-1.961*** (-6.38)	-1.977*** (-6.42)
		GDD — Long	0.492*** (3.95)	0.541*** (4.06)	5.562*** (10.22)	5.486*** (8.92)	1.613*** (8.99)	1.579*** (7.81)	4.754*** (7.72)	5.128*** (7.86)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.099 (1.46)	0.189*** (2.73)	-0.025 (-0.19)	0.14 (0.98)	-0.591*** (-8.15)	-0.609*** (-7.79)	-0.509** (-2.22)	-0.366 (-1.51)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.55*** (-6.77)	-0.652*** (-7.85)	-1.114*** (-6.40)	-1.107*** (-5.99)	0.477*** (4.46)	0.504*** (3.94)	1.61*** (4.01)	1.789*** (4.31)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Fallow	Ellsworth	Prec — Short	-0.026*** (-3.64)	-0.017** (-2.13)	0.052*** (4.21)	0.068*** (4.46)	0.052*** (4.25)	0.049*** (3.61)	0.034 (1.55)	0.043* (1.72)
		Prec — Long	-0.079*** (-6.34)	-0.027* (-1.87)	0.157*** (5.74)	0.163*** (5.77)	-0.327*** (-15.97)	-0.338*** (-14.84)	-0.095 (-0.92)	-0.063 (-0.58)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.278*** (-5.29)	-0.192*** (-3.51)	-0.16 (-1.42)	-0.129 (-1.13)	0 (0.00)	-0.007 (-0.10)	0.281** (2.41)	0.29** (2.34)
		PrecLong — Long	0.338*** (4.82)	0.409*** (5.79)	0.049 (0.32)	0.093 (0.58)	-0.006 (-0.07)	-0.017 (-0.20)	0.988*** (2.63)	1.134*** (2.81)
		GDD — Short	0.605*** (4.33)	0.497*** (3.34)	0.169 (0.77)	-0.024 (-0.09)	-1.93*** (-8.27)	-1.856*** (-7.48)	-1.304*** (-3.76)	-1.343*** (-3.67)
		GDD — Long	1.061*** (9.70)	0.478*** (3.45)	4.545*** (9.15)	4.247*** (7.05)	1.677*** (9.87)	1.674*** (9.72)	3.143*** (4.52)	3.276*** (4.63)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.427*** (-4.24)	-0.297*** (-2.64)	-0.273** (-2.01)	-0.141 (-0.93)	-0.129* (-1.68)	-0.174** (-1.98)	-0.398*** (-2.92)	-0.359** (-2.32)
		GDDHigh — Long	-1.116*** (-11.55)	-0.613*** (-5.23)	-0.592*** (-3.49)	-0.47** (-2.33)	-1.142*** (-12.38)	-1.186*** (-11.26)	-0.823*** (-3.65)	-0.759*** (-3.07)
Gove	Gove	Prec — Short	0.096*** (5.83)	0.109*** (6.51)	0.138*** (5.49)	0.132*** (5.13)	-0.068*** (-2.91)	-0.068*** (-2.88)	0.03 (0.67)	0.013 (0.27)
		Prec — Long	-0.162*** (-11.83)	-0.116*** (-6.11)	0.081** (2.12)	-0.002 (-0.03)	-0.14*** (-7.30)	-0.146*** (-7.14)	0.616*** (5.32)	0.57*** (4.30)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.151* (-1.76)	0.147 (1.56)	-0.016 (-0.12)	0.147 (1.06)	0.688*** (5.49)	0.62*** (4.81)	0.745*** (3.81)	0.646*** (3.05)
		PrecLong — Long	0.519*** (5.20)	0.246** (2.32)	0.403** (2.09)	0.413** (2.15)	-0.874*** (-5.83)	-0.83*** (-5.42)	0.545 (1.20)	0.401 (0.86)
		GDD — Short	-0.787*** (-5.83)	-1.08*** (-7.61)	-0.199 (-0.97)	-0.645*** (-2.76)	-4.315*** (-16.71)	-4.379*** (-16.96)	-2.793*** (-8.20)	-2.904*** (-8.42)
		GDD — Long	0.729*** (3.97)	0.013 (0.07)	4.448*** (8.04)	1.765** (2.56)	4.869*** (13.18)	5.062*** (13.01)	9.603*** (11.93)	9.537*** (11.60)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.463*** (5.31)	0.503*** (5.32)	0.51*** (3.31)	0.484*** (3.12)	-0.58*** (-6.22)	-0.675*** (-6.29)	-1.859*** (-8.38)	-1.788*** (-7.86)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.372*** (3.48)	0.545*** (4.18)	0.298 (1.36)	0.494* (1.70)	0.677*** (4.58)	0.73*** (4.77)	-0.599 (-1.52)	-0.36 (-0.85)
Lincoln	Lincoln	Prec — Short	0.021*** (5.45)	0.018*** (4.67)	0.003 (0.30)	0.007 (0.69)	0.055*** (9.66)	0.05*** (8.90)	0.014 (1.07)	0.024 (1.64)
		Prec — Long	0.014*** (3.08)	0.025*** (5.11)	0.027** (2.17)	0.043*** (2.95)	-0.063*** (-8.82)	-0.029*** (-3.56)	0.126*** (2.58)	0.134*** (2.70)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.269*** (-6.77)	-0.225*** (-5.29)	-0.302*** (-3.69)	-0.267*** (-3.23)	0.037 (0.79)	0.191*** (3.35)	0.048 (0.38)	0.126 (0.93)
		PrecLong — Long	0.447*** (10.00)	0.342*** (7.25)	-0.003 (-0.02)	0.147 (0.93)	-0.093 (-1.34)	-0.257*** (-3.33)	0.398 (1.36)	0.356 (1.08)
		GDD — Short	-0.069 (-1.64)	0.01 (0.24)	0.354*** (4.49)	0.286*** (3.46)	-0.563*** (-6.47)	-0.395*** (-4.32)	0.175 (1.38)	0.151 (1.17)
		GDD — Long	-0.408*** (-5.15)	-0.604*** (-7.30)	2.336*** (8.72)	2.071*** (6.26)	0.261*** (2.75)	-0.032 (-0.30)	3.62*** (8.32)	3.022*** (5.67)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.052*** (2.60)	0.031 (1.46)	-0.055 (-1.43)	-0.024 (-0.58)	0.014 (0.71)	-0.008 (-0.41)	-0.203*** (-4.37)	-0.191*** (-4.05)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.182*** (-11.27)	-0.16*** (-9.82)	-0.552*** (-8.68)	-0.472*** (-6.66)	-0.151*** (-6.08)	-0.154*** (-6.13)	-0.001 (-0.01)	-0.025 (-0.22)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Fallow	Ness	Prec — Short	0.053*** (3.49)	0.019 (1.08)	0.031 (1.44)	-0.031 (-1.25)	-0.105*** (-5.03)	-0.123*** (-5.64)	0.027 (0.90)	0.011 (0.38)
		Prec — Long	-0.188*** (-12.08)	-0.137*** (-7.56)	-0.095*** (-2.92)	0.007 (0.21)	-0.166*** (-7.34)	-0.193*** (-7.94)	0.85*** (10.41)	0.841*** (10.06)
		PrecLow — Short	0.165 (1.53)	0.013 (0.12)	0.156 (0.93)	0.371** (2.15)	-0.722*** (-4.68)	-0.71*** (-4.59)	-0.339 (-1.50)	-0.262 (-1.14)
		PrecLong — Long	0.112 (1.04)	0.245** (2.23)	0.322 (1.10)	1.198*** (3.90)	0.981*** (6.48)	0.989*** (6.43)	0.724 (1.37)	0.867 (1.63)
		GDD — Short	-0.677*** (-5.58)	-0.44*** (-3.52)	0.439 (1.64)	0.4 (1.42)	-2.857*** (-8.95)	-2.865*** (-8.81)	-2.999*** (-7.19)	-2.844*** (-6.70)
		GDD — Long	1.25*** (8.98)	0.831*** (5.57)	3.11*** (6.83)	2.722*** (5.14)	3.154*** (9.84)	3.198*** (9.68)	6.752*** (9.67)	6.883*** (9.82)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.118 (-1.35)	-0.12 (-1.35)	-0.702*** (-5.59)	-0.497*** (-3.83)	-0.507*** (-5.79)	-0.47*** (-5.27)	-0.367** (-2.54)	-0.378*** (-2.61)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.674*** (-8.77)	-0.567*** (-7.25)	-1.302*** (-6.61)	-0.897*** (-4.37)	-0.619*** (-6.86)	-0.639*** (-7.00)	1.167*** (4.58)	1.203*** (4.66)
Rush	Rush	Prec — Short	0.044*** (2.92)	0.02 (1.28)	0.114*** (4.68)	0.148*** (5.98)	0.009 (1.40)	-0.131*** (-6.36)	-0.13*** (-4.18)	-0.088*** (-2.65)
		Prec — Long	-0.102*** (-8.20)	-0.067*** (-5.14)	0.095** (2.06)	0.285*** (5.57)	0.018* (1.92)	-0.264*** (-9.87)	0.046 (0.52)	-0.047 (-0.52)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.995*** (-9.15)	-0.802*** (-7.14)	-0.587*** (-3.82)	-0.132 (-0.81)	0.067 (1.42)	-1.023*** (-6.96)	-1.252*** (-6.90)	-1.309*** (-6.81)
		PrecLong — Long	0.816*** (9.10)	0.559*** (5.69)	0.899*** (4.05)	1.323*** (5.83)	-0.031 (-0.81)	0.273** (2.44)	0.702 (1.18)	0.494 (0.83)
		GDD — Short	-1.522*** (-14.04)	-0.977*** (-7.83)	-1.626*** (-6.21)	-1.605*** (-6.12)	0.404*** (3.62)	-3.658*** (-13.93)	-3.674*** (-7.61)	-4.456*** (-8.64)
		GDD — Long	0.831*** (6.31)	0.507*** (3.62)	2.275*** (7.28)	1.66*** (4.91)	-0.124 (-1.09)	3.312*** (12.67)	4.479*** (6.84)	4.433*** (6.58)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.608*** (5.00)	0.506*** (4.14)	0.124 (0.76)	0.18 (1.08)	-0.019 (-0.56)	-0.165 (-1.52)	-0.29 (-1.26)	0.027 (0.11)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.4*** (-4.20)	-0.072 (-0.69)	-0.509*** (-3.32)	0.172 (0.99)	0.02 (0.64)	0.474*** (5.06)	0.827** (2.56)	1.149*** (3.47)
Russell	Russell	Prec — Short	-0.06*** (-6.28)	-0.059*** (-6.08)	-0.051*** (-2.63)	-0.024 (-1.21)	0.015 (1.13)	-0.028* (-1.91)	0.119*** (4.47)	0.161*** (5.69)
		Prec — Long	-0.366*** (-21.22)	-0.367*** (-19.02)	-0.254*** (-6.38)	-0.28*** (-6.91)	0.142*** (5.66)	-0.33*** (-10.27)	0.862*** (6.79)	1.095*** (8.05)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.333*** (-3.19)	-0.295*** (-2.79)	-0.105 (-0.67)	-0.267* (-1.67)	0.089 (0.93)	0.173 (1.26)	-0.377 (-1.25)	-0.234 (-0.77)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.123*** (-3.78)	-0.125*** (-3.82)	-0.038 (-0.71)	-0.028 (-0.53)	0.2*** (3.98)	-0.615*** (-9.19)	1.008 (1.07)	1.448 (1.53)
		GDD — Short	0.868*** (8.77)	1.067*** (10.04)	1.646*** (6.39)	1.344*** (5.14)	0.568*** (2.95)	-1.292*** (-5.50)	-0.048 (-0.10)	-0.192 (-0.39)
		GDD — Long	0.485** (2.29)	0.474** (2.24)	3.506*** (7.13)	2.449*** (4.47)	-0.957*** (-6.49)	1.568*** (8.01)	14.409*** (12.81)	12.542*** (10.55)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.363*** (-3.56)	-0.318*** (-3.10)	-0.659*** (-3.36)	-0.436** (-2.18)	0.053 (0.79)	-0.234** (-2.20)	0.514* (1.65)	0.533* (1.71)
		GDDHigh — Long	-1.566*** (-17.96)	-1.528*** (-17.14)	-2.098*** (-11.34)	-1.868*** (-9.43)	-0.021 (-0.21)	0.083 (0.53)	3.07*** (7.85)	3.282*** (8.34)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Fallow	Saline	Prec — Short	-0.002 (-1.58)		-0.006** (-2.13)		-0.002 (-0.24)		-0.004 (-0.76)	
		Prec — Long	0 (-0.34)		-0.003 (-0.62)		-0.002 (-0.25)		-0.019 (-1.23)	
		PrecLow — Short	-0.008 (-1.40)		-0.05* (-1.93)		-0.01 (-0.23)		-0.093** (-2.45)	
		PrecLong — Long	0.002 (0.31)		-0.01 (-0.30)		0.007 (0.20)		-0.038 (-0.44)	
		GDD — Short	0.005 (0.50)		0.056 (1.48)		-0.011 (-0.23)		-0.04 (-0.82)	
		GDD — Long	-0.004 (-0.45)		0.164 (1.31)		0.02 (0.23)		0.304*** (2.79)	
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.002 (-0.35)		-0.023 (-1.29)		-0.007 (-0.23)		0.013 (0.51)	
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.004 (-0.77)		-0.07** (-2.35)		-0.005 (-0.24)		-0.032 (-0.71)	
Trego		Prec — Short	-0.01 (-0.74)	-0.01 (-0.74)	0.016 (0.68)	0.009 (0.37)	-0.075*** (-4.34)	-0.073*** (-4.17)	-0.117*** (-2.67)	-0.114** (-2.50)
		Prec — Long	0 (-0.01)	-0.006 (-0.40)	-0.015 (-0.39)	-0.02 (-0.45)	0.003 (0.10)	0.007 (0.23)	-0.097 (-0.70)	-0.081 (-0.55)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.273*** (-2.69)	-0.309*** (-2.96)	-0.792*** (-5.70)	-0.783*** (-5.41)	-0.308*** (-2.86)	-0.348*** (-3.13)	-0.74*** (-3.13)	-0.752*** (-3.12)
		PrecLong — Long	0.116 (1.18)	0.16 (1.60)	0.147 (0.75)	0.185 (0.91)	0.265** (2.51)	0.281*** (2.62)	-0.016 (-0.03)	-0.037 (-0.07)
		GDD — Short	0.633*** (4.45)	0.73*** (4.92)	0.691*** (3.32)	0.796*** (3.07)	-2.086*** (-7.73)	-2.15*** (-7.57)	-3.39*** (-11.55)	-3.423*** (-10.57)
		GDD — Long	4.907*** (16.33)	5.34*** (14.16)	4.881*** (6.31)	5.285*** (5.99)	3.814*** (11.59)	3.826*** (11.11)	4.083*** (6.77)	4.012*** (6.07)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.545*** (-5.06)	-0.617*** (-5.51)	-0.546*** (-3.32)	-0.624*** (-3.10)	-0.74*** (-7.30)	-0.731*** (-6.89)	0.09 (0.40)	0.104 (0.42)
		GDDHigh — Long	-1.614*** (-12.96)	-1.742*** (-12.02)	-1.853*** (-10.11)	-1.987*** (-7.75)	-0.118 (-0.75)	-0.105 (-0.65)	2.35*** (5.09)	2.353*** (4.88)
Soybeans,	Barton	Prec — Short	-0.008* (-1.71)	-0.022*** (-4.20)	0.021*** (3.03)	-0.011 (-1.14)	-0.024*** (-2.82)	-0.023*** (-2.68)	0.057*** (4.96)	0.069*** (5.19)
Double		Prec — Long	0.013 (1.55)	-0.019* (-1.90)	0.057*** (4.11)	0 (0.01)	0.093*** (5.35)	0.123*** (6.30)	-0.096* (-1.68)	-0.117** (-1.97)
Crop		PrecLow — Short	-0.023 (-0.52)	-0.042 (-0.96)	0.169** (2.22)	0.23*** (2.98)	0.245*** (4.41)	0.266*** (4.67)	0.523*** (4.98)	0.526*** (5.00)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.039 (-0.77)	-0.031 (-0.61)	0.777*** (7.34)	0.88*** (7.94)	-0.445*** (-8.12)	-0.411*** (-7.16)	1.302*** (3.54)	1.16*** (3.09)
		GDD — Short	0.158** (2.02)	0.17** (2.08)	-0.515*** (-4.30)	-0.235* (-1.73)	0.811*** (6.78)	0.824*** (6.81)	-1.084*** (-4.74)	-1.316*** (-5.28)
		GDD — Long	0.017 (0.30)	0.173** (2.50)	-0.532** (-2.14)	-0.126 (-0.48)	-0.466*** (-3.64)	-0.56*** (-4.16)	-2.666*** (-5.49)	-2.868*** (-5.73)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.032 (-0.63)	-0.067 (-1.24)	0.273*** (3.18)	0.087 (0.91)	-0.22*** (-4.14)	-0.197*** (-3.67)	0.321*** (3.81)	0.402*** (4.49)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.33*** (5.90)	0.165*** (2.61)	0.441*** (4.86)	0.084 (0.71)	0.374*** (7.41)	0.415*** (7.89)	0.157 (0.98)	0.191 (1.19)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Soybeans,	Ellis	Prec — Short	0.007 (1.26)	0.012** (2.16)	-0.095*** (-10.48)	-0.097*** (-10.07)	0.017** (2.44)	0.017** (2.49)	-0.058*** (-3.68)	-0.052*** (-3.26)
Double,		Prec — Long	0.017** (2.24)	0.03*** (3.21)	-0.097*** (-6.58)	-0.1*** (-6.71)	0.025** (2.19)	0.031*** (2.71)	-0.166*** (-3.20)	-0.113** (-2.03)
Crop		PrecLow — Short	-0.123*** (-2.91)	-0.117*** (-2.72)	-0.335*** (-6.43)	-0.346*** (-6.59)	-0.07 (-1.57)	-0.058 (-1.28)	0.104 (1.62)	0.098 (1.52)
		PrecLong — Long	0.037 (1.02)	0.027 (0.73)	0.406*** (5.17)	0.428*** (5.37)	0.057 (1.36)	0.039 (0.91)	1.312*** (5.53)	1.368*** (5.72)
		GDD — Short	0.236*** (4.18)	0.221*** (3.84)	0.265*** (3.04)	0.248*** (2.75)	0.534*** (4.45)	0.631*** (4.81)	1.227*** (10.36)	1.244*** (10.48)
		GDD — Long	-0.183*** (-3.51)	-0.193*** (-3.49)	-1.934*** (-9.23)	-2.033*** (-8.58)	-0.275*** (-2.82)	-0.369*** (-3.43)	-1.681*** (-7.08)	-1.948*** (-7.75)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.093*** (3.37)	0.068** (2.39)	-0.016 (-0.32)	0.01 (0.18)	0.108*** (4.55)	0.085*** (3.32)	0.038 (0.43)	-0.057 (-0.61)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.156*** (-4.01)	-0.142*** (-3.61)	0.036 (0.53)	0.056 (0.79)	-0.235*** (-5.72)	-0.219*** (-5.19)	-1.193*** (-7.71)	-1.323*** (-8.27)
Ellsworth		Prec — Short	0.052*** (8.67)	0.046*** (6.62)	0.068*** (5.68)	0.044*** (2.98)	0.005 (0.37)	0.014 (1.00)	0.066*** (3.13)	0.03 (1.24)
		Prec — Long	0.082*** (7.52)	0.07*** (5.56)	0.134*** (5.02)	0.123*** (4.49)	0.145*** (7.99)	0.164*** (8.43)	0.222** (2.23)	0.121 (1.15)
		PrecLow — Short	0.24*** (4.05)	0.211*** (3.46)	-0.012 (-0.11)	-0.054 (-0.49)	0.46*** (7.84)	0.427*** (6.42)	0.485*** (4.29)	0.314*** (2.61)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.132** (-1.98)	-0.143** (-2.12)	0.223 (1.47)	0.152 (0.98)	-0.218*** (-3.24)	-0.159** (-2.26)	-0.852** (-2.34)	-1.1*** (-2.81)
		GDD — Short	-0.625*** (-5.12)	-0.582*** (-4.64)	-1.528*** (-7.13)	-1.225*** (-5.06)	0.968*** (4.35)	0.848*** (3.58)	0.007 (0.02)	0.473 (1.33)
		GDD — Long	-0.01 (-0.09)	0.143 (1.19)	-0.082 (-0.17)	0.455 (0.78)	-0.711*** (-4.42)	-0.699*** (-4.30)	0.043 (0.06)	-0.074 (-0.11)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.324*** (4.14)	0.251*** (2.87)	0.621*** (4.72)	0.424*** (2.87)	0.014 (0.19)	0.087 (0.98)	0.18 (1.36)	-0.085 (-0.57)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.464*** (5.21)	0.336*** (3.31)	0.988*** (6.00)	0.779*** (3.98)	0.559*** (6.73)	0.642*** (6.85)	0.603*** (2.76)	0.245 (1.02)
Gove		Prec — Short	-0.026*** (-6.09)	-0.031*** (-6.31)	-0.062*** (-8.20)	-0.055*** (-7.02)	-0.012 (-1.15)	-0.008 (-0.77)	0.009 (0.63)	0.025* (1.73)
		Prec — Long	0.026*** (7.71)	0.036*** (8.79)	0.041*** (3.54)	0.092*** (5.66)	0.026*** (3.11)	0.02** (2.30)	0.055 (1.57)	0.099** (2.46)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.048** (-2.10)	-0.08*** (-3.25)	-0.137*** (-3.36)	-0.182*** (-4.34)	-0.033 (-1.05)	-0.011 (-0.34)	-0.21*** (-3.54)	-0.12* (-1.87)
		PrecLong — Long	0.056* (1.84)	0.096*** (2.98)	0.193*** (3.30)	0.191*** (3.27)	0.064* (1.65)	0.045 (1.11)	0.268* (1.95)	0.398*** (2.82)
		GDD — Short	-0.074 (-1.20)	-0.129** (-2.01)	-0.534*** (-8.57)	-0.597*** (-8.42)	-0.084 (-0.63)	-0.015 (-0.11)	0.055 (0.53)	0.151 (1.44)
		GDD — Long	0.105 (1.58)	0.119* (1.77)	-0.304* (-1.82)	0.035 (0.17)	0.23 (1.20)	0.15 (0.76)	-0.498** (-2.04)	-0.453* (-1.81)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.03 (1.09)	-0.033 (-1.05)	-0.041 (-0.89)	-0.02 (-0.44)	0.145*** (4.94)	0.172*** (5.20)	0.573*** (8.51)	0.509*** (7.37)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.01 (-0.24)	0.115** (2.35)	0.086 (1.29)	0.292*** (3.33)	-0.15** (-1.99)	-0.199*** (-2.59)	0.131 (1.09)	-0.084 (-0.65)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Soybeans,	Lincoln	Prec — Short	0.008 (1.01)	-0.011 (-1.20)	0 (-0.02)	-0.013 (-0.72)	-0.005 (-0.42)	0.006 (0.46)	0.071*** (3.08)	0.064** (2.50)
Double		Prec — Long	0.024*** (2.95)	0.053*** (5.12)	-0.037* (-1.69)	0.023 (0.93)	0.085*** (6.56)	0.05*** (3.27)	-0.096 (-1.12)	-0.118 (-1.36)
Crop		PrecLow — Short	0.414*** (5.93)	0.173** (2.16)	0.437*** (3.06)	0.461*** (3.19)	0.039 (0.45)	-0.127 (-1.16)	0.451** (2.02)	0.635*** (2.69)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.936*** (-12.08)	-0.685*** (-7.98)	-1.153*** (-4.50)	-0.74*** (-2.67)	-0.376*** (-3.04)	-0.228 (-1.63)	-1.695*** (-3.32)	-1.084* (-1.88)
		GDD — Short	0.159* (1.95)	-0.027 (-0.32)	0.41*** (2.98)	0.399*** (2.76)	0.638*** (4.19)	0.452*** (2.86)	0.104 (0.47)	0.159 (0.71)
		GDD — Long	-0.167 (-1.29)	0.125 (0.95)	-1.347*** (-2.87)	0.182 (0.31)	-0.719*** (-3.99)	-0.33* (-1.73)	-4.69*** (-6.17)	-5.006*** (-5.37)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.232*** (-6.04)	-0.18*** (-4.52)	-0.579*** (-8.55)	-0.491*** (-6.89)	-0.033 (-0.87)	-0.016 (-0.42)	-0.213*** (-2.62)	-0.22*** (-2.67)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.45*** (13.48)	0.459*** (13.74)	-0.008 (-0.07)	-0.063 (-0.50)	0.417*** (9.12)	0.456*** (9.76)	-0.6*** (-3.07)	-0.581*** (-2.95)
Ness		Prec — Short	-0.013*** (-2.65)	-0.02** (-2.32)	0.008 (1.48)	0.006 (1.00)	0.012* (1.71)	0.011 (1.36)	-0.02*** (-2.80)	-0.022*** (-3.03)
		Prec — Long	0.006 (1.60)	0.007 (1.39)	0.04*** (5.00)	0.037*** (4.43)	-0.012 (-1.57)	-0.015* (-1.67)	-0.166*** (-8.29)	-0.182*** (-8.90)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.039 (-1.33)	-0.024 (-0.66)	-0.114*** (-2.78)	-0.108** (-2.57)	0.051 (1.39)	0.04 (1.05)	-0.052 (-0.94)	-0.046 (-0.83)
		PrecLong — Long	0.047 (1.42)	0.037 (0.96)	-0.232*** (-3.24)	-0.249*** (-3.32)	-0.051 (-1.32)	-0.038 (-0.84)	-0.254** (-1.96)	-0.269** (-2.07)
		GDD — Short	0.053 (1.04)	0.022 (0.40)	-0.678*** (-10.34)	-0.644*** (-9.32)	0.083 (0.77)	0.089 (0.79)	-0.439*** (-4.30)	-0.469*** (-4.51)
		GDD — Long	0.056 (1.05)	0.117** (1.99)	-0.205* (-1.84)	-0.092 (-0.71)	-0.015 (-0.13)	-0.017 (-0.14)	-1.409*** (-8.25)	-1.412*** (-8.24)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.018 (-0.61)	-0.017 (-0.52)	0.248*** (8.07)	0.232*** (7.30)	0.05** (2.15)	0.061** (2.47)	0.242*** (6.85)	0.243*** (6.86)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.009 (-0.24)	-0.022 (-0.55)	0.626*** (13.01)	0.597*** (11.88)	-0.063* (-1.91)	-0.068** (-2.02)	0.207*** (3.32)	0.172*** (2.71)
Ottawa		Prec — Short	-0.034** (-2.10)	-0.045*** (-2.79)	-0.029 (-1.24)	-0.078*** (-2.95)	0.028 (1.08)	-0.012 (-0.45)	0.13*** (3.11)	0.101** (2.20)
		Prec — Long	-0.013 (-0.73)	0.006 (0.25)	-0.135*** (-4.18)	-0.099** (-2.52)	-0.027 (-1.33)	-0.019 (-0.88)	0.536*** (5.48)	0.452*** (4.03)
		PrecLow — Short	0.28** (2.47)	0.253** (2.22)	0.541*** (3.06)	0.459*** (2.58)	0.474*** (3.86)	0.38*** (3.02)	-0.534** (-2.15)	-0.432* (-1.68)
		PrecLong — Long	0.382*** (3.13)	0.363*** (2.97)	0.484 (1.22)	0.448 (1.13)	-0.213 (-1.37)	0.083 (0.50)	-2.477*** (-6.20)	-2.269*** (-5.14)
		GDD — Short	0.423*** (3.21)	0.494*** (3.72)	0.468** (2.28)	0.89*** (3.36)	0.465** (2.37)	0.757*** (3.79)	0.93*** (3.26)	0.873*** (2.93)
		GDD — Long	0.683*** (4.55)	0.707*** (4.46)	-2.575*** (-4.22)	0.291 (0.30)	0.476** (2.18)	0.373* (1.68)	2.021*** (3.00)	2.324*** (3.32)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.027 (0.50)	-0.126** (-2.10)	-0.103 (-1.09)	-0.346*** (-2.93)	-0.019 (-0.34)	-0.208*** (-3.22)	-0.1 (-0.72)	-0.141 (-1.00)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.32*** (-5.62)	-0.222*** (-3.48)	-0.378*** (-2.79)	-0.752*** (-3.30)	-0.27*** (-3.96)	-0.159** (-2.13)	-0.302 (-0.93)	-0.229 (-0.68)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Soybeans,	Rush	Prec — Short	-0.003 (-0.65)	-0.007 (-1.40)	0.005 (0.53)	-0.001 (-0.09)	0.316*** (13.45)	0.003 (0.48)	0.025* (1.91)	0.01 (0.69)
Double		Prec — Long	0.024*** (6.25)	0.026*** (6.40)	0.067*** (3.42)	0.029 (1.33)	-0.065** (-2.14)	0.022** (2.31)	-0.296*** (-8.00)	-0.265*** (-7.02)
Crop		PrecLow — Short	0.054 (1.37)	0.058 (1.45)	-0.117* (-1.81)	-0.209*** (-3.06)	0.597*** (3.66)	0.099* (1.92)	-0.184** (-2.41)	-0.156* (-1.94)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.103*** (-3.21)	-0.075** (-2.26)	-0.173* (-1.85)	-0.253*** (-2.65)	0.888*** (6.68)	-0.024 (-0.61)	-0.517** (-2.08)	-0.444* (-1.78)
		GDD — Short	0.158*** (4.38)	0.062 (1.44)	-0.291*** (-2.65)	-0.299*** (-2.71)	1.557*** (5.02)	0.443*** (3.97)	-0.223 (-1.10)	0.055 (0.25)
		GDD — Long	0.072* (1.76)	0.157*** (3.39)	-0.257** (-1.96)	-0.16 (-1.12)	-1.814*** (-6.18)	-0.154 (-1.34)	-1.915*** (-6.96)	-1.878*** (-6.63)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.115*** (-2.81)	-0.11*** (-2.67)	0.122* (1.79)	0.104 (1.49)	1.428*** (11.60)	-0.031 (-0.86)	0.738*** (7.64)	0.628*** (6.26)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.098*** (3.39)	0.085** (2.55)	0.542*** (8.43)	0.403*** (5.53)	-1.275*** (-11.71)	0.037 (1.19)	0.809*** (5.95)	0.705*** (5.07)
	Russell	Prec — Short	0.017** (2.53)	0.015** (2.05)	-0.025* (-1.78)	-0.028* (-1.93)	0.142*** (6.66)	0.019 (1.43)	-0.047** (-2.47)	-0.053*** (-2.62)
		Prec — Long	0.075*** (6.47)	0.082*** (6.93)	-0.077*** (-2.69)	-0.05* (-1.71)	0.164*** (4.19)	0.101*** (3.51)	-0.166* (-1.82)	-0.207** (-2.12)
		PrecLow — Short	0.081 (1.17)	0.087 (1.24)	-0.102 (-0.90)	-0.131 (-1.14)	0.093 (0.51)	0.068 (0.68)	0.085 (0.39)	0.069 (0.32)
		PrecLong — Long	0.127*** (4.82)	0.123*** (4.64)	0.137*** (3.57)	0.118*** (3.06)	0.186** (1.99)	0.152*** (2.83)	0.338 (0.50)	0.23 (0.34)
		GDD — Short	-0.052 (-0.67)	-0.031 (-0.38)	-0.439** (-2.36)	-0.473** (-2.50)	0.979*** (3.08)	0.595*** (3.07)	0.16 (0.46)	0.228 (0.64)
		GDD — Long	-0.929*** (-6.62)	-0.937*** (-6.67)	-3.627*** (-10.22)	-4.183*** (-10.56)	1.563*** (5.93)	-1.041*** (-6.69)	-5.407*** (-6.68)	-5.034*** (-5.88)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.079 (-1.07)	-0.106 (-1.40)	-0.188 (-1.33)	-0.129 (-0.89)	0.816*** (5.46)	0.081 (1.18)	-0.127 (-0.57)	-0.136 (-0.60)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.15** (2.53)	0.17*** (2.85)	0.222* (1.66)	0.417*** (2.91)	-0.855*** (-4.29)	-0.026 (-0.26)	-1.332*** (-4.73)	-1.366*** (-4.82)
Saline		Prec — Short	-0.003 (-0.26)	-0.003 (-0.31)	-0.074*** (-3.65)	-0.065*** (-2.82)	-0.008 (-0.34)	0.064*** (3.37)	-0.156*** (-4.24)	-0.106*** (-2.76)
		Prec — Long	0.068*** (5.62)	0.062*** (4.47)	-0.082** (-2.18)	-0.046 (-1.16)	-0.012 (-0.35)	-0.038 (-1.25)	-0.217** (-2.03)	-0.167 (-1.40)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.264*** (-3.06)	-0.277*** (-3.18)	-0.009 (-0.05)	0.178 (0.89)	0.645*** (4.65)	-0.408*** (-3.63)	0.807*** (2.73)	0.973*** (3.32)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.165* (-1.88)	-0.126 (-1.43)	0.01 (0.05)	0.542** (2.08)	-0.2 (-1.16)	0.204 (1.48)	0.952 (1.43)	1.796*** (2.67)
		GDD — Short	-0.109 (-0.74)	-0.083 (-0.56)	0.51** (2.37)	0.404 (1.38)	-1.066*** (-4.29)	-0.215 (-0.95)	-0.794*** (-2.70)	-0.874** (-2.34)
		GDD — Long	0.815*** (5.36)	0.985*** (6.07)	-0.777 (-1.29)	-1.646* (-1.70)	-1.043*** (-3.58)	1.359*** (5.29)	-0.786 (-0.95)	-0.092 (-0.11)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.012 (0.16)	-0.057 (-0.70)	-0.479*** (-4.89)	-0.427*** (-3.05)	0.233** (2.18)	0.255*** (3.17)	-0.196 (-1.03)	-0.15 (-0.77)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.208** (2.28)	0.167* (1.81)	-0.164 (-1.11)	0 (0.00)	0.38*** (2.90)	0.002 (0.02)	0.405 (1.16)	0.47 (1.36)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Soybeans,	Trego	Prec — Short	-0.002 (-0.51)	-0.009* (-1.94)	-0.022*** (-3.44)	-0.03*** (-4.35)	-0.003 (-0.78)	-0.004 (-0.81)	-0.018 (-1.50)	-0.025** (-1.99)
Double		Prec — Long	0.007** (2.04)	0.014*** (2.99)	0.041*** (3.82)	0.023* (1.82)	0.023*** (3.10)	0.027*** (3.29)	0.027 (0.70)	-0.001 (-0.03)
Crop		PrecLow — Short	0.09*** (3.54)	0.099*** (3.59)	0.13*** (3.42)	0.105*** (2.64)	-0.091*** (-2.89)	-0.083** (-2.49)	-0.036 (-0.55)	-0.011 (-0.16)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.08*** (-3.05)	-0.086*** (-3.05)	-0.126** (-2.34)	-0.134** (-2.41)	0.133*** (4.35)	0.112*** (3.21)	0.279* (1.90)	0.328** (2.20)
		GDD — Short	-0.124* (-1.94)	-0.133* (-1.87)	-0.188*** (-3.30)	-0.047 (-0.67)	-0.071 (-0.76)	-0.083 (-0.89)	1.175*** (14.59)	1.247*** (14.04)
		GDD — Long	-0.411*** (-3.29)	-0.315** (-2.36)	-0.798*** (-3.76)	-0.457* (-1.89)	0.337*** (3.56)	0.365*** (3.55)	0.008 (0.05)	0.159 (0.87)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.035 (1.26)	0.03 (1.07)	0.099** (2.19)	-0.006 (-0.12)	0.253*** (5.03)	0.264*** (4.61)	-0.171*** (-2.75)	-0.208*** (-3.07)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.142** (2.47)	0.109 (1.62)	0.359*** (7.14)	0.197*** (2.81)	-0.38*** (-6.79)	-0.383*** (-5.56)	-1.331*** (-10.50)	-1.355*** (-10.24)
Wheat	Barton	Prec — Short	0.015* (1.73)	0.045*** (4.00)	-0.002 (-0.19)	0.064*** (3.49)	0.182*** (11.03)	0.234*** (13.71)	0.056*** (2.66)	0.124*** (5.07)
		Prec — Long	0.213*** (12.54)	0.262*** (12.04)	0.078*** (3.07)	0.204*** (6.16)	0.01 (0.33)	0.184*** (5.12)	-0.021 (-0.20)	0.245** (2.25)
		PrecLow — Short	0.226** (2.47)	0.243*** (2.64)	0.369*** (2.65)	0.237* (1.68)	-0.079 (-0.68)	0.139 (1.18)	0.162 (0.84)	0.253 (1.32)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.413*** (-4.08)	-0.424*** (-4.04)	-0.172 (-0.89)	-0.359* (-1.77)	-0.424*** (-3.91)	-0.34*** (-3.02)	-0.418 (-0.62)	-1.141* (-1.66)
		GDD — Short	0.69*** (4.41)	0.671*** (4.16)	0.715*** (3.26)	0.153 (0.62)	0.598*** (2.63)	0.891*** (3.85)	2.898*** (6.92)	2.337*** (5.13)
		GDD — Long	-0.702*** (-6.66)	-0.98*** (-7.33)	-2.329*** (-5.11)	-3.225*** (-6.72)	-0.618*** (-2.60)	-1.492*** (-5.91)	0.124 (0.14)	-1.163 (-1.27)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.059 (0.56)	0.159 (1.41)	-0.163 (-1.04)	0.217 (1.25)	1.028*** (9.95)	1.281*** (11.57)	-0.127 (-0.82)	-0.083 (-0.51)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.063 (0.57)	0.358*** (2.77)	-0.273 (-1.64)	0.532** (2.47)	-1.236*** (-12.63)	-0.92*** (-9.01)	-2.283*** (-7.79)	-2.183*** (-7.42)
Ellis	Ellis	Prec — Short	-0.177*** (-11.80)	-0.066*** (-4.03)	-0.103*** (-3.89)	-0.038 (-1.34)	0.22*** (12.14)	0.199*** (9.30)	0.46*** (10.19)	0.506*** (10.93)
		Prec — Long	0.137*** (7.31)	0.246*** (12.24)	0.057 (1.34)	0.148*** (3.42)	-0.321*** (-9.94)	-0.228*** (-5.95)	0.69*** (4.60)	1.004*** (6.23)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.486*** (-4.06)	-0.096 (-0.79)	-0.178 (-1.18)	0.144 (0.95)	0.572*** (4.54)	0.565*** (4.45)	1.143*** (6.19)	1.181*** (6.34)
		PrecLong — Long	0.363*** (3.26)	0.068 (0.60)	0.466** (2.04)	-0.147 (-0.64)	-0.29** (-2.46)	-0.314*** (-2.61)	2.826*** (4.13)	2.877*** (4.17)
		GDD — Short	1.079*** (9.01)	0.569*** (4.37)	0.261 (1.03)	0.606** (2.32)	4.204*** (16.24)	4.466*** (12.85)	3.554*** (10.41)	3.58*** (10.46)
		GDD — Long	0.336** (2.36)	0.504*** (3.32)	-1.772*** (-2.91)	0.361 (0.53)	0.199 (0.96)	-0.14 (-0.62)	4.009*** (5.85)	2.948*** (4.07)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.177** (2.22)	0.012 (0.15)	0.494*** (3.31)	-0.157 (-0.99)	1.548*** (20.32)	1.432*** (12.96)	0.876*** (3.43)	0.446* (1.66)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.072 (0.76)	0.306*** (3.20)	0.386** (1.98)	-0.058 (-0.28)	-2.379*** (-20.88)	-2.278*** (-11.57)	-2.791*** (-6.25)	-3.295*** (-7.14)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Wheat	Ellsworth	Prec — Short	-0.046*** (-3.67)	-0.06*** (-4.08)	-0.154*** (-7.36)	-0.143*** (-5.55)	-0.066** (-2.48)	-0.078*** (-2.72)	-0.144*** (-3.87)	-0.135*** (-3.20)
		Prec — Long	0.079*** (3.49)	0.099*** (3.66)	-0.128*** (-2.75)	-0.093* (-1.94)	0.107*** (3.09)	0.082** (2.11)	-0.308* (-1.77)	-0.287 (-1.55)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.008 (-0.08)	-0.051 (-0.50)	0.29 (1.52)	0.207 (1.07)	-0.372*** (-2.94)	-0.35** (-2.54)	-0.312 (-1.58)	-0.256 (-1.21)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.276** (-2.20)	-0.245* (-1.92)	-0.533** (-2.01)	-0.421 (-1.56)	-0.158 (-1.05)	-0.22 (-1.42)	-0.106 (-0.17)	-0.089 (-0.13)
		GDD — Short	0.467** (1.99)	0.654*** (2.71)	1.793*** (4.79)	1.55*** (3.66)	2.693*** (6.13)	2.825*** (5.85)	3.176*** (5.41)	3.028*** (4.88)
		GDD — Long	-2.15*** (-10.88)	-2.207*** (-9.29)	-0.424 (-0.50)	-2.114** (-2.07)	-2.561*** (-8.22)	-2.582*** (-8.14)	-0.531 (-0.45)	-0.554 (-0.46)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.036 (-0.20)	-0.233 (-1.20)	0.192 (0.83)	0.186 (0.72)	0.244 (1.58)	0.154 (0.86)	0.839*** (3.63)	0.914*** (3.49)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.67*** (3.62)	0.717*** (3.34)	0.503* (1.75)	0.975*** (2.85)	-0.181 (-1.10)	-0.306 (-1.62)	0.932** (2.44)	1.028** (2.45)
Gove	Gove	Prec — Short	-0.026* (-1.71)	-0.027* (-1.68)	0.044* (1.82)	0.035 (1.40)	0.212*** (9.50)	0.21*** (9.39)	-0.041 (-0.93)	0.056 (1.22)
		Prec — Long	0.131*** (10.62)	0.107*** (6.16)	0.243*** (6.51)	0.197*** (3.78)	-0.068*** (-3.79)	-0.049** (-2.56)	-0.687*** (-6.12)	-0.33** (-2.57)
		PrecLow — Short	-0.299*** (-3.79)	-0.294*** (-3.36)	-0.072 (-0.55)	-0.068 (-0.50)	-0.351*** (-3.03)	-0.169 (-1.41)	-1.213*** (-6.40)	-0.64*** (-3.13)
		PrecLong — Long	0.232** (2.53)	0.226** (2.31)	-0.332* (-1.78)	-0.333* (-1.78)	0.482*** (3.50)	0.384*** (2.72)	-0.433 (-0.99)	0.36 (0.80)
		GDD — Short	0.435*** (3.58)	0.569*** (4.32)	1.409*** (7.06)	1.696*** (7.47)	3.087*** (13.32)	3.145*** (13.60)	2.957*** (8.95)	3.386*** (10.14)
		GDD — Long	-0.823*** (-4.68)	-0.722*** (-3.90)	-0.593 (-1.11)	-0.002 (0.00)	-3.014*** (-8.81)	-3.422*** (-9.35)	-0.392 (-0.50)	-0.631 (-0.79)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.536*** (6.49)	0.567*** (6.37)	0.076 (0.51)	0.054 (0.36)	0.524*** (5.98)	0.769*** (7.58)	1.741*** (8.09)	1.357*** (6.16)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.444*** (-4.04)	-0.612*** (-4.50)	-0.981*** (-4.62)	-1.392*** (-4.95)	-0.843*** (-5.54)	-0.958*** (-6.05)	1.589*** (4.16)	0.329 (0.80)
Lincoln	Lincoln	Prec — Short	-0.037*** (-3.02)	-0.015 (-1.06)	-0.025 (-1.02)	-0.02 (-0.79)	-0.003 (-0.16)	-0.019 (-0.93)	-0.116*** (-3.62)	-0.135*** (-3.78)
		Prec — Long	0.05*** (3.77)	0.008 (0.52)	0.051* (1.69)	-0.028 (-0.79)	0.043** (2.15)	0.064*** (2.65)	-0.445*** (-3.74)	-0.444*** (-3.67)
		PrecLow — Short	0.647*** (5.59)	0.712*** (5.57)	0.345* (1.73)	0.27 (1.34)	0.703*** (4.88)	0.434** (2.42)	0.593* (1.90)	0.205 (0.62)
		PrecLong — Long	0.454*** (3.63)	0.461*** (3.35)	0.027 (0.08)	-0.586 (-1.51)	0.602*** (3.12)	1.028*** (4.57)	1.133 (1.59)	0.621 (0.77)
		GDD — Short	0.657*** (5.53)	0.732*** (5.78)	0.345* (1.79)	0.461** (2.28)	1.281*** (5.45)	1.255*** (5.11)	1.047*** (3.37)	1.053*** (3.34)
		GDD — Long	0.313 (1.64)	-0.265 (-1.31)	-0.212 (-0.32)	-1.207 (-1.49)	-0.255 (-0.95)	-0.834*** (-2.84)	-2.351** (-2.22)	-0.481 (-0.37)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.208*** (-3.28)	-0.251*** (-3.76)	-0.021 (-0.23)	-0.151 (-1.52)	-0.075 (-1.28)	-0.085 (-1.40)	-0.013 (-0.12)	-0.038 (-0.33)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.25*** (-4.99)	-0.313*** (-5.97)	0.153 (0.98)	0.078 (0.45)	-0.501*** (-7.08)	-0.629*** (-8.42)	-0.796*** (-2.92)	-0.755*** (-2.74)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
			LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE
Wheat	Ness	Prec — Short	-0.025* (-1.88)	0.011 (0.71)	-0.044** (-2.23)	0.033 (1.46)	0.181*** (10.20)	0.207*** (11.34)	-0.008 (-0.30)	0.015 (0.56)
		Prec — Long	0.188*** (14.36)	0.156*** (10.46)	0.205*** (6.86)	0.082*** (2.62)	0.054*** (2.76)	0.084*** (3.96)	-0.718*** (-9.60)	-0.676*** (-8.84)
		PrecLow — Short	0.27*** (3.00)	0.381*** (4.13)	-0.291* (-1.88)	-0.56*** (-3.54)	0.829*** (6.61)	0.814*** (6.47)	0.885*** (4.27)	0.776*** (3.71)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.2** (-2.20)	-0.299*** (-3.22)	-1.126*** (-4.18)	-2.184*** (-7.75)	-0.564*** (-4.48)	-0.555*** (-4.34)	-0.763 (-1.58)	-0.918* (-1.88)
		GDD — Short	1.538*** (14.75)	1.347*** (12.55)	1.341*** (5.44)	1.359*** (5.24)	2.823*** (10.55)	2.775*** (10.21)	5.328*** (13.95)	5.183*** (13.33)
		GDD — Long	-0.162 (-1.40)	0.087 (0.69)	0.023 (0.05)	0.399 (0.82)	-1.013*** (-3.75)	-1.01*** (-3.66)	0.016 (0.03)	-0.146 (-0.23)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.094 (1.27)	0.111 (1.49)	0.274** (2.37)	0.036 (0.30)	0.541*** (7.62)	0.492*** (6.83)	-0.34** (-2.57)	-0.327** (-2.47)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.192*** (-2.79)	-0.254*** (-3.56)	0.264 (1.46)	-0.207 (-1.10)	-0.435*** (-5.47)	-0.416*** (-5.15)	-2.402*** (-10.30)	-2.382*** (-10.07)
		Prec — Short	0.082*** (4.02)	0.096*** (4.62)	0.064** (2.35)	0.103*** (3.32)	-0.013 (-0.39)	0.047 (1.38)	-0.054 (-1.10)	-0.015 (-0.27)
		Prec — Long	0.14*** (6.07)	0.111*** (4.08)	0.205*** (5.40)	0.199*** (4.32)	0.087*** (3.46)	0.076*** (2.81)	-0.387*** (-3.37)	-0.295** (-2.24)
Ottawa	Ottawa	PrecLow — Short	-0.142 (-0.95)	-0.125 (-0.83)	-0.897*** (-4.33)	-0.852*** (-4.08)	-0.368** (-2.26)	-0.218 (-1.31)	0.192 (0.66)	0.059 (0.20)
		PrecLong — Long	-0.48*** (-2.94)	-0.444*** (-2.72)	-1.484*** (-3.19)	-1.484*** (-3.18)	0.499** (2.38)	0.088 (0.39)	2.874*** (6.13)	2.556*** (4.93)
		GDD — Short	-0.451*** (-2.70)	-0.542*** (-3.18)	-0.644*** (-2.68)	-1.057*** (-3.41)	-0.311 (-1.28)	-0.697*** (-2.84)	-0.555* (-1.66)	-0.522 (-1.49)
		GDD — Long	-0.682*** (-3.74)	-0.656*** (-3.39)	2.082*** (2.91)	-0.208 (-0.18)	0.029 (0.10)	0.138 (0.49)	-2.591*** (-3.28)	-2.994*** (-3.65)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.047 (0.63)	0.203** (2.46)	0.004 (0.04)	0.209 (1.52)	0.207*** (2.78)	0.474*** (5.60)	-0.212 (-1.29)	-0.164 (-0.99)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.344*** (4.79)	0.237*** (3.00)	0.371** (2.34)	0.773*** (2.89)	-0.005 (-0.06)	-0.163* (-1.71)	-1.116*** (-2.92)	-1.235*** (-3.14)
		Prec — Short	-0.092*** (-5.20)	-0.069*** (-3.80)	-0.137*** (-4.91)	-0.159*** (-5.63)	-0.187*** (-7.89)	0.338*** (14.01)	0.178*** (5.02)	0.174*** (4.63)
		Prec — Long	0.091*** (6.50)	0.075*** (4.95)	-0.076 (-1.44)	-0.23*** (-3.94)	0.229*** (8.01)	-0.022 (-0.68)	0.459*** (4.58)	0.503*** (4.91)
Rush	Rush	PrecLow — Short	1.049*** (7.74)	0.839*** (6.01)	0.946*** (5.38)	0.554*** (2.97)	0.402*** (2.64)	0.233 (1.29)	1.27*** (6.14)	1.167*** (5.32)
		PrecLong — Long	0.594*** (5.52)	0.833*** (7.30)	-0.053 (-0.21)	-0.332 (-1.28)	-1.035*** (-8.27)	1.043*** (7.60)	0.661 (0.98)	0.719 (1.06)
		GDD — Short	2.2*** (18.21)	1.891*** (12.97)	2.969*** (9.92)	2.889*** (9.63)	0.984*** (3.32)	1.697*** (5.29)	4.998*** (9.08)	5.148*** (8.75)
		GDD — Long	-0.7*** (-4.71)	-0.588*** (-3.63)	0.116 (0.33)	0.218 (0.56)	-0.778*** (-2.71)	-2.2*** (-7.04)	3.46*** (4.63)	3.149*** (4.10)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.005 (0.03)	-0.005 (-0.04)	0.051 (0.28)	-0.099 (-0.52)	-1.273*** (-10.31)	1.571*** (12.40)	-0.538** (-2.05)	-0.643** (-2.36)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.601*** (-5.34)	-0.911*** (-7.35)	-1.052*** (-6.01)	-1.647*** (-8.30)	0.616*** (5.92)	-1.253*** (-11.21)	-3.343*** (-9.06)	-3.567*** (-9.45)

Table A13 continued

Land Use	County	Variable	Lag Structure							
			Short = 1 to 3, Long = 4 to 10				Short = 1 to 5, Long = 6 to 20			
			Models							
LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-DML-RE	NL-DML-RE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	LIN-OLS-FE	NL-OLS-FE	
Wheat	Russell	Prec — Short	0.05*** (3.74)	0.048*** (3.43)	-0.041 (-1.58)	-0.071*** (-2.70)	-0.137*** (-6.78)	0.143*** (6.66)	-0.13*** (-3.70)	-0.137*** (-3.68)
		Prec — Long	0.517*** (21.84)	0.515*** (20.10)	0.266*** (5.07)	0.287*** (5.37)	0.105*** (2.83)	0.143*** (3.03)	-0.567*** (-3.39)	-0.604*** (-3.37)
		PrecLow — Short	0.201 (1.37)	0.115 (0.76)	-0.141 (-0.68)	0.051 (0.24)	-0.206 (-1.20)	-0.077 (-0.41)	0.742* (1.87)	0.717* (1.80)
		PrecLong — Long	0.094** (1.98)	0.098** (2.06)	-0.219*** (-3.12)	-0.224*** (-3.18)	0.315*** (3.58)	0.142 (1.40)	0.054 (0.04)	-0.011 (-0.01)
		GDD — Short	-0.335** (-2.33)	-0.616*** (-3.87)	0.668** (1.97)	1.019*** (2.95)	-0.433 (-1.31)	0.762** (2.37)	2.417*** (3.77)	2.432*** (3.76)
		GDD — Long	0.528* (1.84)	0.549* (1.89)	-1.581** (-2.44)	-0.213 (-0.29)	-1.866*** (-7.06)	1.59*** (5.88)	-6.307*** (-4.25)	-6.015*** (-3.84)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.14 (0.90)	0.172 (1.09)	-0.89*** (-3.44)	-1.16*** (-4.40)	-0.735*** (-5.15)	0.843*** (5.57)	-1.964*** (-4.77)	-1.966*** (-4.77)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.825*** (6.36)	0.787*** (6.02)	-0.022 (-0.09)	-0.342 (-1.31)	0.964*** (4.84)	-1.028*** (-5.02)	-5.815*** (-11.27)	-5.849*** (-11.26)
Saline	Saline	Prec — Short	0.007 (0.59)	0.012 (0.90)	0.086*** (3.62)	0.076*** (2.81)	-0.004 (-0.21)	-0.017 (-0.68)	0.131*** (3.04)	0.102** (2.27)
		Prec — Long	-0.064*** (-4.19)	-0.064*** (-3.53)	0.111** (2.53)	0.091** (1.96)	-0.043* (-1.77)	0.008 (0.21)	0.126 (1.01)	0.122 (0.87)
		PrecLow — Short	0.523*** (5.00)	0.545*** (5.11)	0.043 (0.19)	-0.018 (-0.08)	-0.196** (-1.97)	0.643*** (4.58)	-0.996*** (-2.89)	-1.026*** (-3.00)
		PrecLong — Long	0.151 (1.38)	0.139 (1.26)	0.072 (0.28)	-0.202 (-0.66)	-0.07 (-0.57)	-0.194 (-1.09)	-1.088 (-1.40)	-1.424* (-1.81)
		GDD — Short	-0.654*** (-3.49)	-0.64*** (-3.37)	-0.807*** (-3.22)	-0.614* (-1.79)	0.641*** (3.33)	-1.034*** (-3.79)	-0.167 (-0.49)	-0.073 (-0.17)
		GDD — Long	-0.92*** (-5.00)	-0.9*** (-4.51)	0.848 (1.21)	1.797 (1.59)	0.606*** (3.01)	-1.111*** (-3.54)	3.404*** (3.54)	2.627*** (2.68)
		GDDHigh — Short	0.282*** (2.78)	0.29*** (2.61)	0.392*** (3.44)	0.286* (1.75)	-0.438*** (-5.35)	0.255** (2.31)	0.819*** (3.69)	0.735*** (3.22)
		GDDHigh — Long	0.116 (1.01)	0.123 (1.06)	0.126 (0.73)	-0.072 (-0.27)	-0.511*** (-5.50)	0.393*** (2.98)	0.19 (0.47)	0.084 (0.21)
Trego	Trego	Prec — Short	-0.01 (-0.81)	-0.006 (-0.47)	-0.01 (-0.45)	-0.021 (-0.92)	0.194*** (12.83)	0.181*** (11.97)	0.014 (0.35)	0.012 (0.29)
		Prec — Long	0.241*** (19.72)	0.238*** (19.13)	0.149*** (4.10)	0.084** (2.03)	0.13*** (4.71)	0.089*** (3.20)	-0.5*** (-3.92)	-0.516*** (-3.81)
		PrecLow — Short	0.558*** (6.15)	0.583*** (6.20)	0.968*** (7.58)	0.831*** (6.25)	0.782*** (8.39)	0.792*** (8.33)	1.057*** (4.89)	0.979*** (4.45)
		PrecLong — Long	0.122 (1.36)	0.106 (1.17)	-0.328* (-1.82)	-0.476** (-2.57)	0.332*** (3.60)	0.378*** (4.08)	0.277 (0.57)	0.055 (0.11)
		GDD — Short	1.304*** (10.09)	1.279*** (9.60)	1.831*** (9.58)	2.101*** (8.82)	4.83*** (21.82)	4.367*** (18.71)	5.043*** (18.79)	4.799*** (16.21)
		GDD — Long	0.499* (1.82)	0.294 (0.86)	-0.044 (-0.06)	0.135 (0.17)	3.904*** (13.55)	3.147*** (10.52)	4.373*** (7.93)	3.929*** (6.50)
		GDDHigh — Short	-0.28*** (-2.93)	-0.25** (-2.52)	-0.668*** (-4.42)	-0.869*** (-4.70)	0.018 (0.21)	0.2** (0.23)	-1.449*** (-6.98)	-1.231*** (-5.46)
		GDDHigh — Long	-0.855*** (-7.55)	-0.797*** (-6.13)	-1.36*** (-8.08)	-1.624*** (-6.90)	-3.459*** (-25.87)	-3.256*** (-24.09)	-6.342*** (-15.01)	-6.003*** (-13.62)

Note: Values in parentheses are z-statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Table A14. NL-DML-RE Partial Effects,
Price Variables, 1-3 and 4-10 lag structure

		Land Use				
County	Price	Corn/ Sorghum		Fallow	Soy- beans/ Double Crop	Wheat
		Alfalfa				
Barton	p_A	0.001 (0.03)	0.341*** (6.85)	-0.164*** (-5.62)	0.024 (0.82)	-0.201*** (-3.39)
	p_{Sor}	0.000 (0.01)	0.049*** (4.8)	0.075*** (11.52)	-0.052*** (-8.27)	-0.072*** (-5.81)
	p_{Soy}	0.000 (0.03)	0.032*** (3.76)	-0.080*** (-15.28)	0.046*** (8.3)	0.002 (0.2)
	p_W	-0.004 (-0.74)	-0.083*** (-9.64)	0.054*** (10.72)	-0.028*** (-5.32)	0.061*** (5.9)
Ellis	p_A	0.013* (1.72)	0.224*** (4.74)	-0.145*** (-3.27)	-0.067*** (-3.43)	-0.025 (-0.48)
	p_{Sor}	0.003 (1.09)	0.043*** (3.41)	0.120*** (10.39)	-0.094*** (-11.15)	-0.072*** (-5)
	p_{Soy}	-0.001 (-0.41)	0.010 (1.43)	-0.104*** (-17.09)	0.049*** (10.15)	0.046*** (6.06)
	p_W	0.000 (-0.02)	-0.020** (-2.54)	0.035*** (4.68)	0.002 (0.62)	-0.017* (-1.94)
Ellsworth	p_A	0.052** (2.03)	-0.067 (-0.71)	0.017 (0.3)	0.010 (0.22)	-0.011 (-0.11)
	p_{Sor}	0.011 (1.42)	0.123*** (5.82)	-0.013 (-1.07)	-0.023* (-1.85)	-0.097*** (-4.1)
	p_{Soy}	0.002 (0.38)	-0.067*** (-3.85)	-0.012 (-1.14)	0.021** (2.33)	0.057*** (2.98)
	p_W	-0.009* (-1.76)	-0.002 (-0.14)	0.024** (2.39)	-0.013 (-1.61)	0.001 (0.05)
Gove	p_A	-0.005 (-0.39)	0.494*** (8.67)	0.110** (2.26)	0.004 (0.2)	-0.603*** (-12.67)
	p_{Sor}	0.001 (0.47)	-0.017 (-1.41)	-0.013 (-1.32)	-0.022*** (-3.13)	0.051*** (4.79)
	p_{Soy}	-0.002 (-1.13)	0.052*** (5.97)	0.036*** (4.85)	0.020*** (4.04)	-0.106*** (-14.6)
	p_W	0.002 (1.22)	-0.032*** (-3)	-0.085*** (-9.49)	-0.008** (-2.01)	0.123*** (13.56)
Lincoln	p_A	-0.035** (-2.5)	0.045 (1.17)	-0.065*** (-4.5)	0.130*** (5.46)	-0.074* (-1.76)
	p_{Sor}	-0.014 (-1.51)	0.074*** (5.11)	0.010* (1.84)	-0.147*** (-11.99)	0.077*** (4.11)
	p_{Soy}	0.003 (0.64)	-0.030*** (-3.24)	-0.022*** (-6.22)	0.115*** (15.05)	-0.066*** (-5.58)
	p_W	-0.005 (-1.25)	-0.005 (-0.68)	0.024*** (7.66)	-0.037*** (-6.93)	0.024*** (2.72)
Ness	p_A	-0.003 (-0.19)	0.198*** (3.93)	0.072 (1.24)	-0.021 (-0.86)	-0.245*** (-4.92)
	p_{Sor}	0.001 (0.49)	-0.013 (-1.15)	0.061*** (4.72)	-0.014** (-2.06)	-0.035*** (-2.86)
	p_{Soy}	-0.001 (-0.37)	0.041*** (4.45)	-0.025** (-2.38)	0.013*** (2.78)	-0.028*** (-2.99)
	p_W	0.000 (-0.14)	-0.038*** (-4.37)	-0.010 (-0.98)	-0.005 (-1.15)	0.053*** (6.04)

Table A14 continued

County	Price	Land Use			
		Alfalfa	Corn/ Sorghum	Fallow	Soybeans/ Double Crop
Ottawa	p_A	-0.025 (-1.17)	0.094** (2.09)		-0.086** (-2.19)
	p_{Sor}	-0.001 (-0.08)	-0.005 (-0.35)		-0.137*** (-8.63)
	p_{Soy}	0.001 (0.23)	0.019 (1.64)		0.080*** (6.96)
	p_W	0.002 (0.33)	-0.015* (-1.69)		0.001 (0.09)
Rush	p_A	0.035 (1.61)	0.475*** (5.62)	-0.146** (-2.06)	0.065*** (2.75)
	p_{Sor}	-0.007** (-2.26)	0.005 (0.43)	0.076*** (7.64)	-0.033*** (-8.49)
	p_{Soy}	0.007** (2.45)	0.067*** (7.08)	-0.069*** (-8.15)	0.029*** (8.83)
	p_W	-0.005 (-1.46)	-0.066*** (-4.46)	0.018 (1.43)	-0.012*** (-3.17)
Russell	p_A	-0.003 (-0.21)	0.047 (0.71)	-0.156*** (-3.24)	0.046 (1.3)
	p_{Sor}	-0.002 (-0.55)	0.053*** (3.64)	0.080*** (7.48)	-0.090*** (-10.89)
	p_{Soy}	0.001 (0.29)	-0.005 (-0.51)	-0.084*** (-11.47)	0.071*** (10.33)
	p_W	0.002 (0.52)	-0.041*** (-3.28)	0.028*** (3.24)	-0.026*** (-3.87)
Saline	p_A	0.043* (1.75)	-0.035 (-0.81)	-0.003 (-0.9)	0.041 (0.93)
	p_{Sor}	-0.005 (-0.63)	-0.034*** (-2.84)	-0.002** (-2.38)	-0.077*** (-5.9)
	p_{Soy}	0.014*** (2.97)	0.012 (1.46)	0.001 (1.46)	0.058*** (7.08)
	p_W	-0.017*** (-2.89)	0.013 (1.33)	0.001* (1.81)	-0.006 (-0.62)
Trego	p_A	0.002 (0.12)	-0.006 (-0.11)	0.270*** (4.97)	-0.031* (-1.8)
	p_{Sor}	0.004 (1.13)	-0.009 (-0.58)	0.102*** (7.36)	-0.028*** (-3.4)
	p_{Soy}	-0.002 (-0.95)	0.025*** (3.13)	-0.051*** (-6.81)	0.018*** (3.6)
	p_W	0.000 (0.04)	-0.030*** (-3.08)	-0.016 (-1.64)	0.003 (0.42)

Note: Values in parentheses are z -statistics. *, **, and *** denote statistical significance at the 10%, 5%, and 1% levels, respectively.

Figures

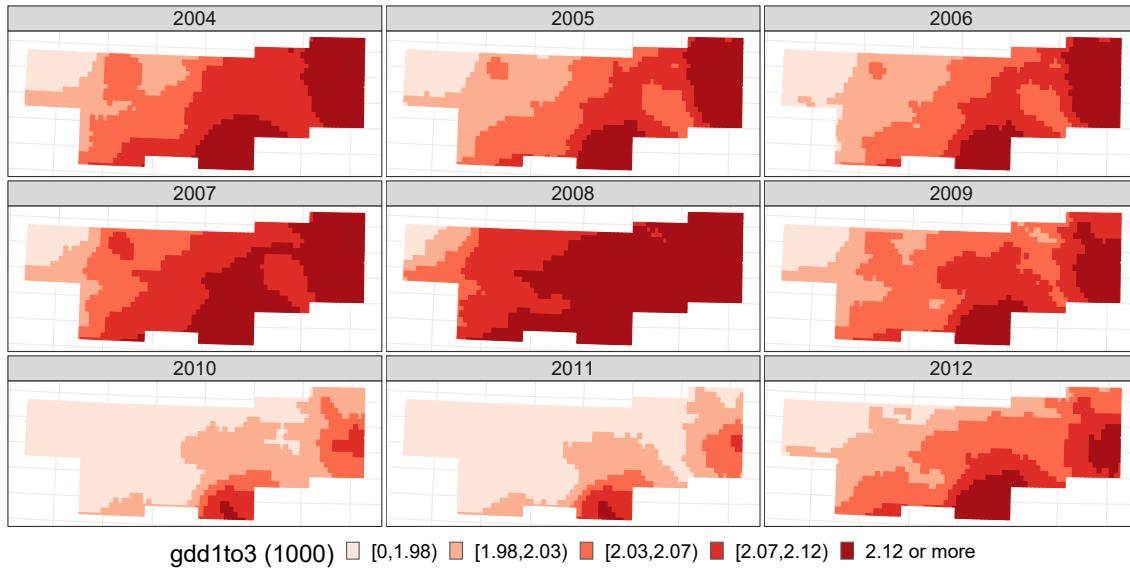


Figure A1. Spatial and temporal variation in *GDD1to3*.

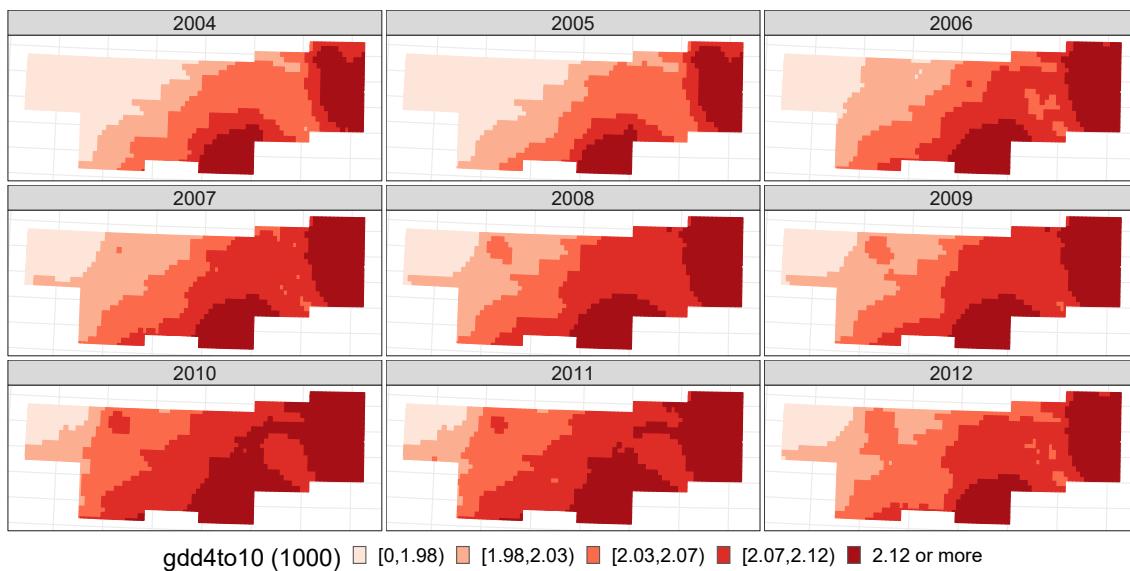


Figure A2. Spatial and temporal variation in *GDD4to10*.

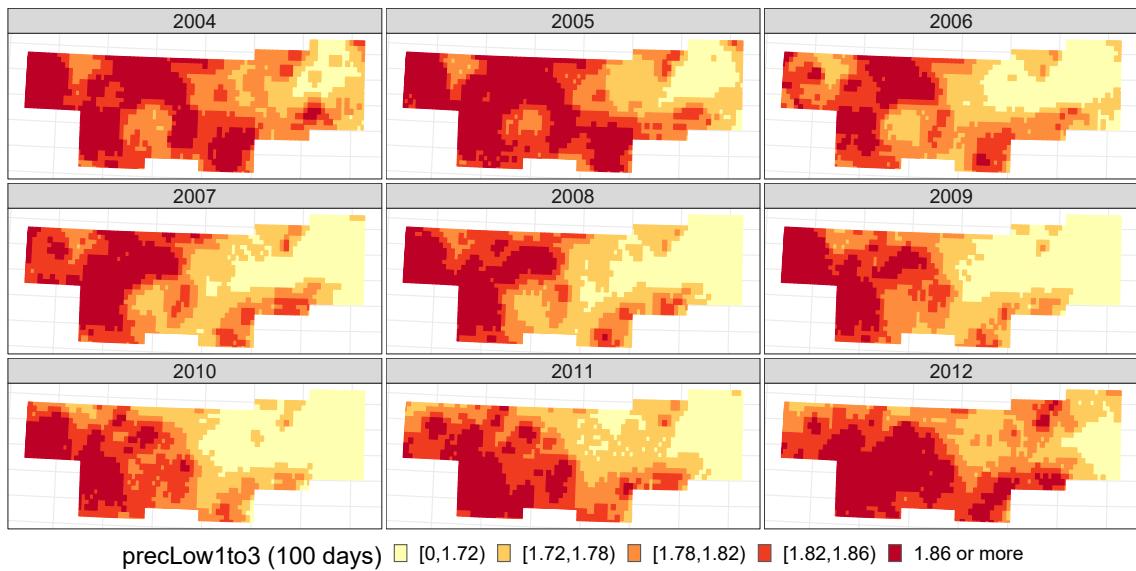


Figure A3. Spatial and temporal variation in *PrecLow1to3*.

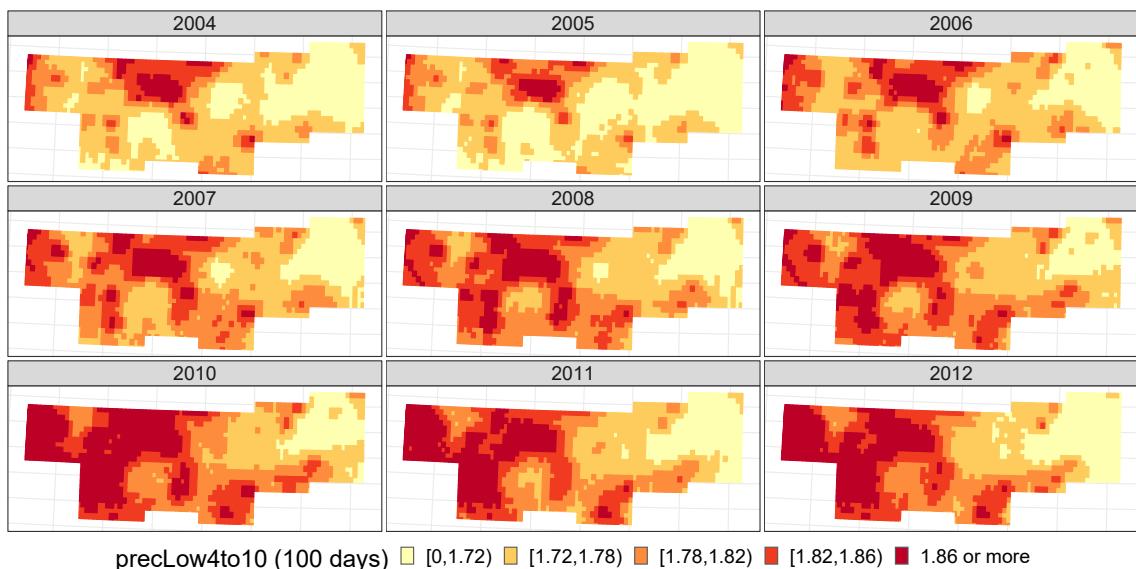


Figure A4. Spatial and temporal variation in *PrecLow4to10*.

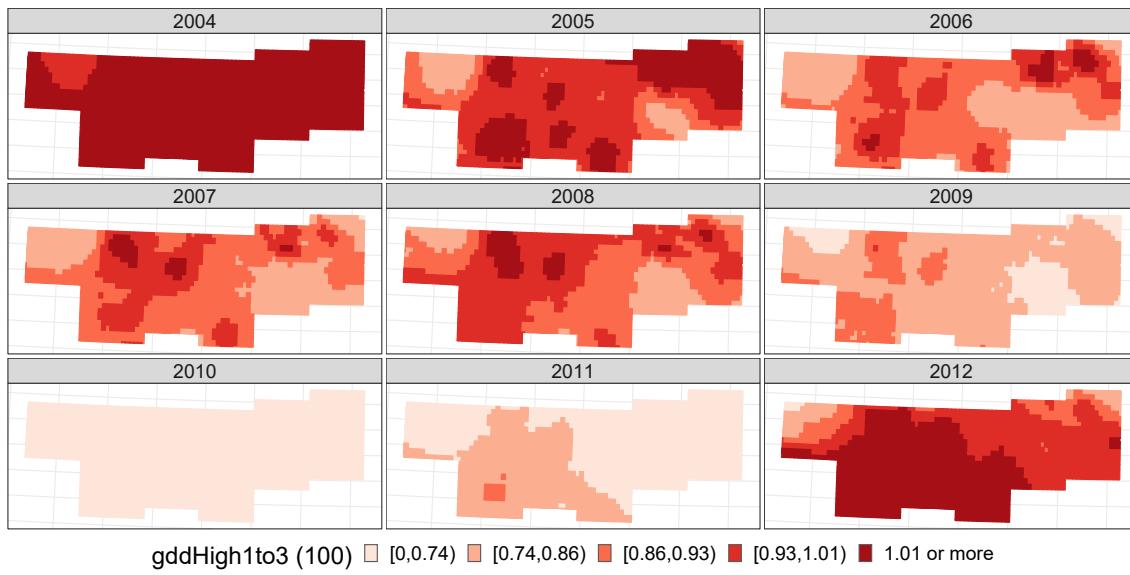


Figure A5. Spatial and temporal variation in *GDDHigh1to3*.

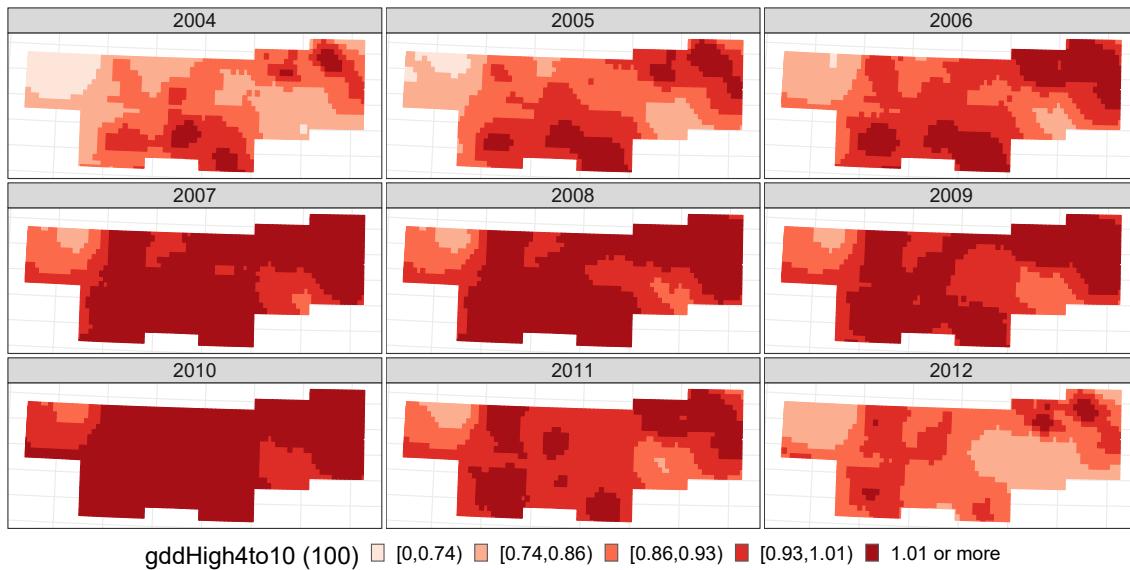


Figure A6. Spatial and temporal variation in *GDDHigh4to10*.

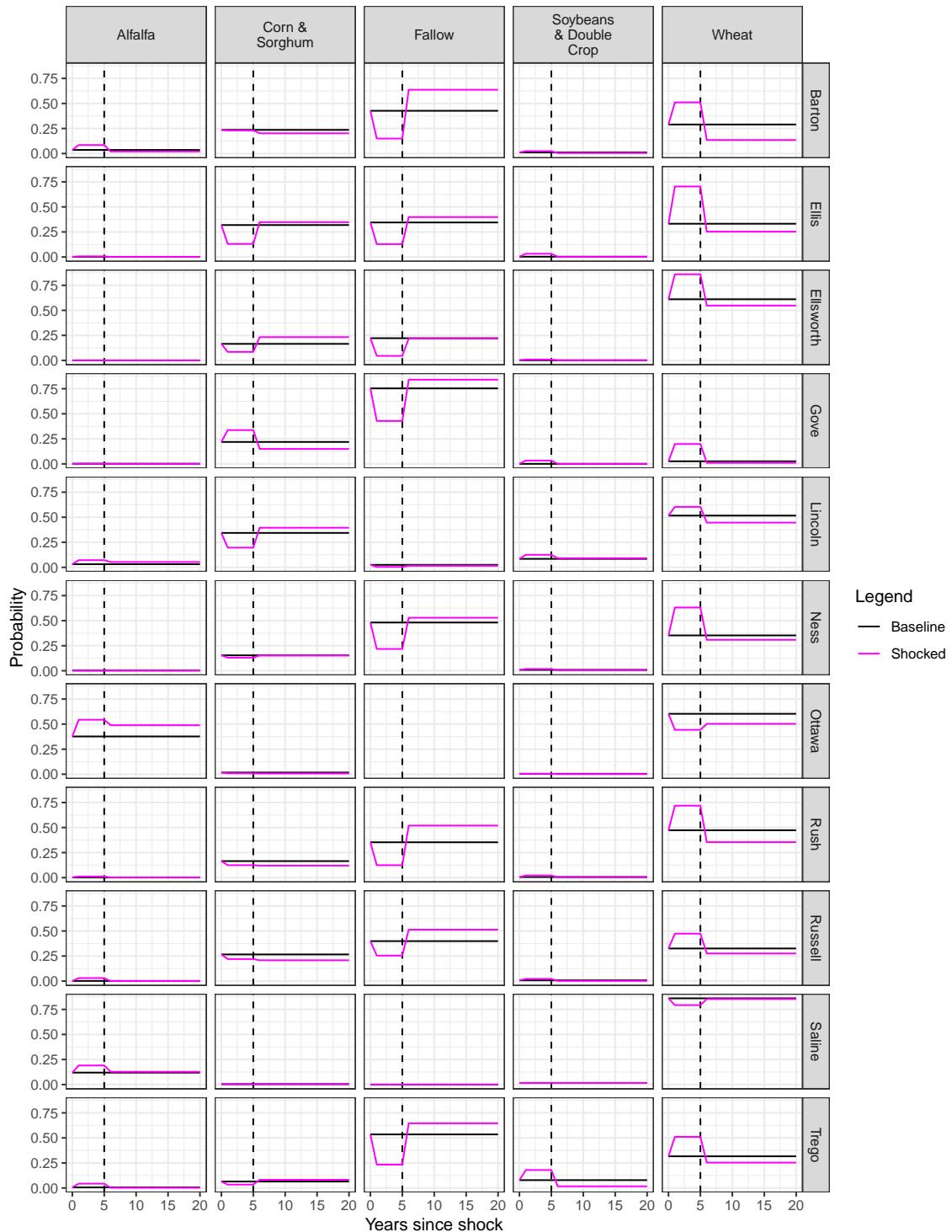


Figure A7. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting one year, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

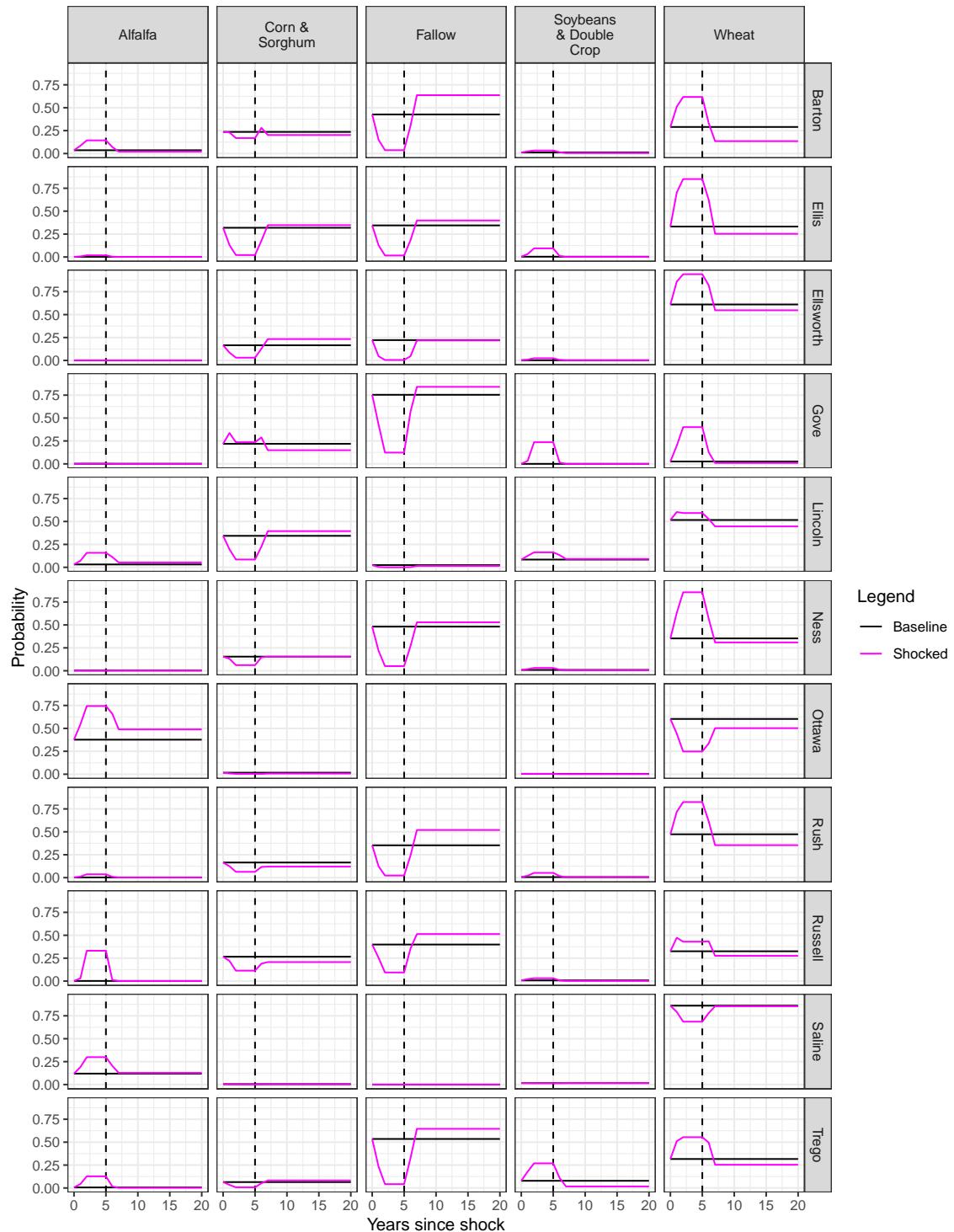


Figure A8. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting two years, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

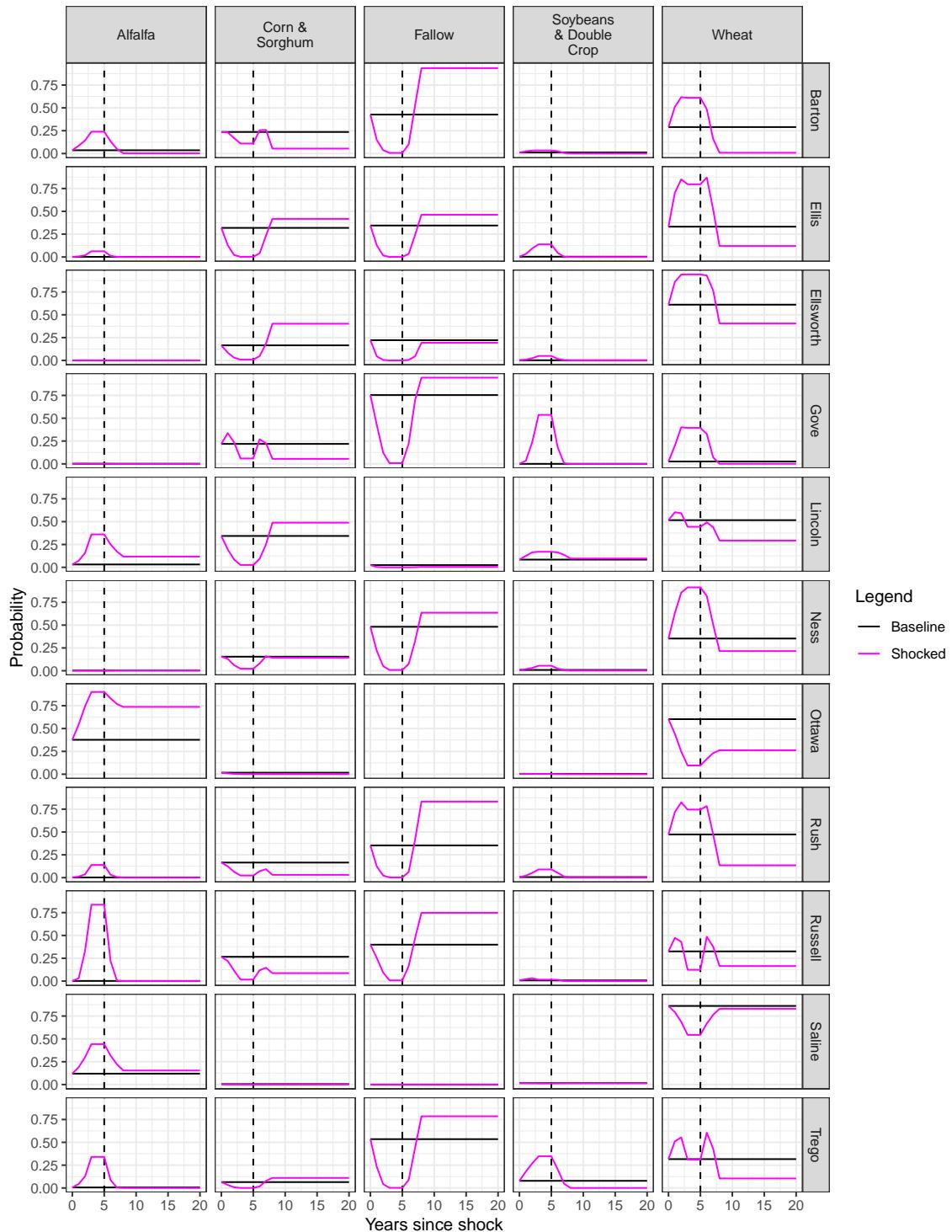


Figure A9. Simulated probabilities from drought lasting three years, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure

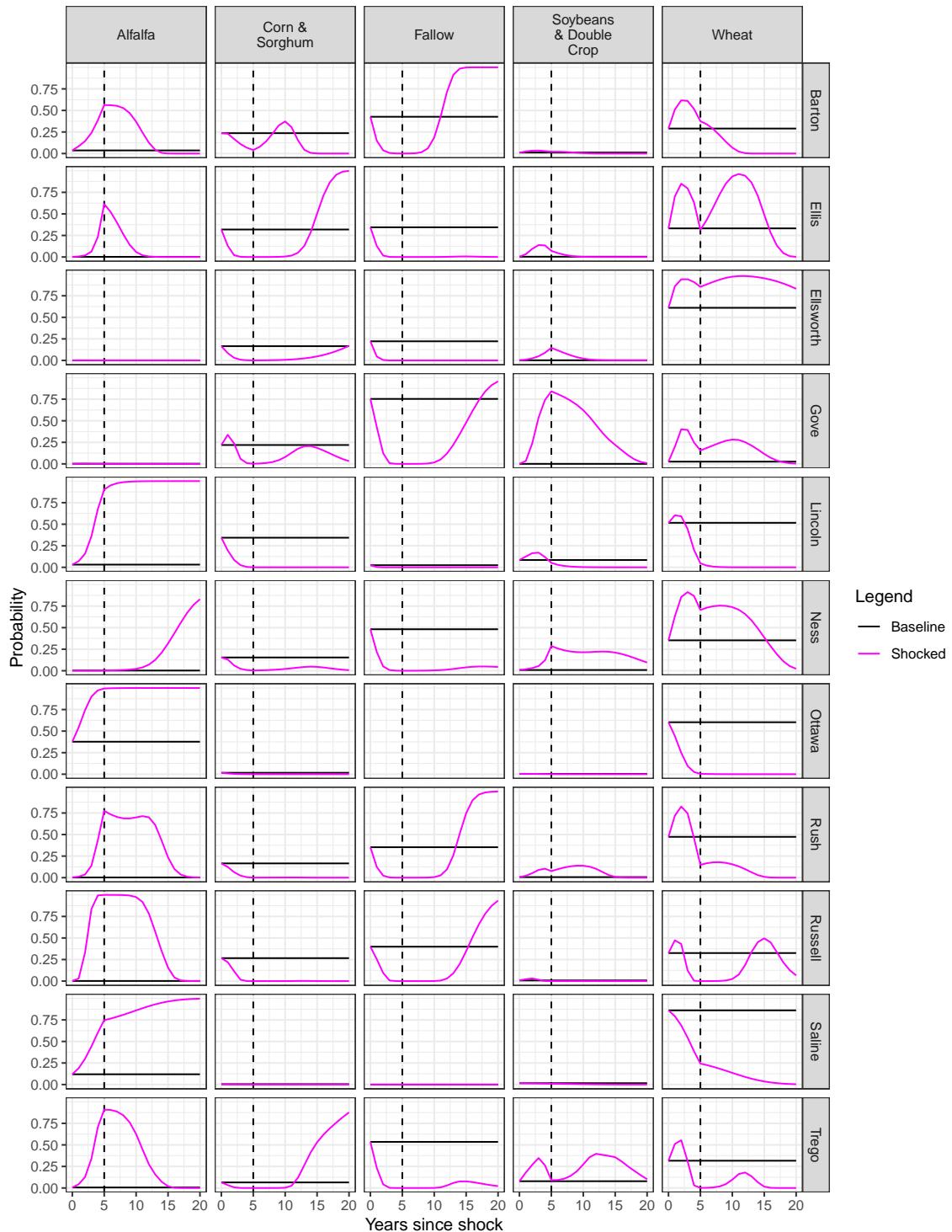


Figure A10. Simulated probabilities from permanent drought, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure



Figure A11. Average transition probabilities, NL-DML-RE, 1-5 and 6-20 lag structure