

KANSAS FARMER and MALL

February 7, 1925

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ESTABLISHED 1872 ard & Co tgo The Oldest Mail Order House is Today the Most Progressive Kansas City St. Paul Portland, Ore. Oakland, Calif. Ft. Worth Chicago

KANSAS FARMER A"BREEZE Prince Ormsby Still Paws Sand Engle's Barnlot

DAUGHTER of Cornucopia Johanna Beets was ruminating her morning allowance of alfalfa. Her mother had taken title to the Kansas record when such record could be had for 19,800 pounds of mills, and she had dem-onstrated her right to the acquisition by making an average of more than 18,000 pounds for three years. As a 5-year-old the daughter had made 17,000 pounds herself.

years. As a 5-year-old the daughter had made 17,000 pounds herself. Across the fence Prince Ormsby Mercedes Pou-tiac was making a fool of himself. Two men had approached his pen and he, evidently taking of-fense at the presumed familiarity, was alternately content and rubbing his lower jaw upon the pawing sand and rubbing his lower jaw upon the ground. Even with 13 or more maternal aunts ground. Even with 13 or more maternal aunts with 1,000-pound butterfat records to justify his demeanor, the meek daughter of Cornucopla Jo-hanna Beets must have found little justification for his conduct if she could be considered as heeding It.

Records Saved the Herd

E. G. Engle, owner of the herd and one of the men whom the bull dared to enter his lot, was discussing possibilities in the dairy breeding busi-ness. Back in 1900 his father, E. S. Engle, had brought the first carload of grade Holsteins to Abilene. After that he imported a carload about every six months. The heifers were grown out and sold. In 1014 they began to milk some of the heifers themselves. "There's money in milking and breeding pure-bred cattle," said Engle as he watched Prince-heave showers of Smoky Hill River sand over his back. "I was about ready to quit once, but after looking over my records for the preceding 10 years I decided to stay in the business. The sale of cattle alone will provide a good income, and the milk

alone will provide a good income, and the milk will produce an even greater return." Engle has kept account of his dairy transactions,

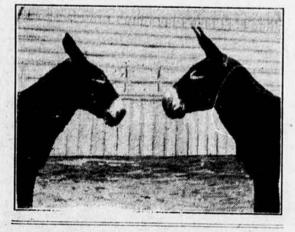
and it was to his books that he turned when the period of depression made prospects for profit ook slim.

"Milk wasn't worth much and there seemed to be little demand for cattle," he said. "I wondered if it wasn't time to quit. But I couldn't think of auything better to do. Nothing on the farm was

By M. N. Beeler

paying. Finally I decided to see what the herd had done during the last 10 years as a guide to what I might expect during the next 10. My net income from sale of cattle, and I mean net in the sense that replacements were deducted, was \$22,018 in that time. The gross income from the sale of milk during the same period, 1914 to 1923 inclu-sive, was \$24,865. The total, \$46,883, convinced me. "Many dairymen consider the sale of stock as a

Feel Bad, Jen?



Perhaps the cattle are a by-product if sideline. you consider milk your biggest concern, but I have become accustomed to think of cattle selling as a major project, and altho the mflk has brought more than the cattle, I feel it is incidental. Per-haps it could be considered the sustaining end of the business, and the return from sale of cattle the profit." No fancy prices were received for the milk. It

was sold on a wholesale market. Most of the cat-tle were disposed of at auction. In 1914 from 20 tle were disposed of at auction. In 1914 from 20 grades the milk return was \$2,135 and cattle sales amounted to \$1,153. The next year 25 purebreds produced \$2,500 worth of milk, and cattle brought \$1,550. From 30 purebreds in 1916, \$2,911 worth of milk was sold, and cattle sales amounted to \$3,764. In 1917, \$3,859 worth of milk was sold from 27 head, and cattle sales amounted to \$2,400. In \$3,764. In 1917, \$3,859 worth of milk was sold from 37 head, and cattle sales amounted to \$2,400. In 1918 milk from 17 head brought \$1,300 and cattle \$1,357; 1919, milk from 24 head was \$2,564 and cattle brought \$5,389; 1920 milk from 29 head brought \$3,479 and cattle brought \$1,638. During the next three years 20, 15 and 10 head of milk stock produced \$2,463, \$1,954, and \$1,114 worth of milk and sales of cattle brought to \$505, \$561 milk, and sales of cattle amounted to \$558, \$561, and \$308 respectively.

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'Maybe if I'd had all the money I cleared on "Maybe if I'd had all the money I cleared on this herd during the 10 years I would not have questioned the advisability of remaining in the business," Engle continued. "But I haven't got it. I spent some on land I did not need, and it came pretty high, too, back in the time when things were becoming booming.

Will Salt the Money Down

"But that isn't the fault of the herd. It pro-duced the money. What I did with it is another question. I can't truthfully say there's no money in dairying and breeding dairy cattle after I have gone over that record. It proves that there is. My business was to keep the cash after the cows had carned it. Now I am going ahead into the next decade. The herd ought to do as well during that period as it did the last one. But I'll keep its carn-ings this time. If I had the money it has cleared in good safe bonds my worries would be over now."

The herd involced \$5,000 in 1914. At the close of 1923 it was worth \$4,350 on the same basis, but in reality, with the better breeding, it was worth more. The herd is accredited free from tuber-culosis.

Engle maintains the herd on 40 acres near Abilene. The young stuff is placed on cheap pasture in spring. He believes a quarter section would be better adapted to maintaining a milk and cattle business the size he has.

How I Handle My Poultry Flock

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And When She Struts!

My flock now numbers 100 hens, ranging from My flock now numbers 100 hens, ranging from last year's pullets upward and I raise enough every year to supply the family with all the fried chicken we care for, and pullets enough to keep up the number required to produce that essential income of \$5 a week from the grocery. I use at least a dozen eggs every day during the spring and sum-mer, and always have all I require for family use at other seasons. I keep the flock culled by grabbing the hen that

It other seasons. I keep the flock culled by grabbing the hen that struts around in a nice, smooth cloak in the middle of the summer, be she old or young, and the culls barely keep my family supplied with roasts and stewed chicken. Having the advantage of a dry climate, I am little troubled with sickness in the flock, and the deaths from disease seem to be en-tirely confined to the object hous

Itock, and the deaths from disease seem to be en-tirely confined to the oldest hens. My system of caring for the flock begins in the spring when eggs are cheapest. But cutting down on the feed in various ways, usually by supplying only one kind of grain, I keep the hens from laying cheap eggs to excess, and in July, when the price begins to ascend, the flock is not too exhausted to

By Rosa D. Willis

lay heavily in August. I then begin judiciously to place before them the egg ration, which will be increased until they are ready for the heavy forc-ing ration in November. Experience has taught me that there are four things which cannot be neglected from this time until the price of ergs heaving to decline. Those

things which cannot be neglected from this time until the price of eggs begins to decline. Those four are: first, warm, dry quarters for roosting and scratching. Second. green, succulent food, which I find in mangels and vegetable parings. fed at the rate of 6 quarts to 100 hens, cooked and fed warm as soon as I can get to the shed in the morning. This is mixed with bran or commeal to take up the slop, and fed in troughs, which are re-moved as soon as the feed is cleaned up. Third. moved as soon as the feed is cleaned up. Third, fresh meat scraps or curd. The former is fed at the rate of a pound a day to the hundred hens. If milk is scarce I buy cheap meat, for it does not



pay to neglect this important part of the egg ration. If curd is plentiful I feed it in place of meat. Fourth, plenty of litter and scratch feed to encour-age the hens to take exercise. I use the hopper system of keeping grain before the hens. The first hopper contains dry mash, composed of equal parts of bran, cornneal, middlings and ground oats and it is never closed. The other hop-pers contain oats, wheat and barley. The wheat hopper is kept closed during the forenoon because I use this grain with cracked corn for a scratch feed, but after noon it is open so every hen may be sure of all she can be induced to eat. With the right amount of exercise, the more she eats the more she lays. On the coldest nights I feed all the hens will clean up of whole corn, warmed. Its slow digestion helps to produce the extra heat the hens need.

Few Frozen Combs Now

As to preventing frozen combs, I have learned that ventilation is the best preventive. My winter egg yields used to be out down every winter by frozen combs, until I read of how one poultryman, by installing a length of gas pipe from 2 inches above the floor thru the roof, carried off the moisabove the floor thru the roof, carried off the mois-ture in the air and prevented the detriment. I simply left a space 2 inches high at the bottom of the door, there being a sufficient opening at the top of the building to carry off the dampness. Frozen combs have been greatly reduced in my flock, so I at least can make a good profit out of the old building until that happy day when I achieve the poultry house of my dreams. I keep the hens confined when there is snow on the ground, and I have learned that allowing them

the ground, and I have learned that allowing them out even in a cold spring or fall rain cuts down the egg yield. But in February the breeders are placed in a different house and are allowed full liberty, as it is vitality I want there instead of a heavy egg yield.

By the use of the hopper system of feeding, my time expended is reduced to a minimum, so aside from those days of extra cleaning I do not put in more than an hour a day caring for the flock. The cost of grain fed amounts to \$12 a month, and from the sale of eggs I have from \$20 to \$30 a month to apply on the grocery bill. I have hopest that the income may in time be better—as I dream of greater regularity in the prices dealers offer us for eggs, based on the actual cost of production. It seems to me that great progress can be made here. We must, of course, do our part in producing a product good enough to command higher prices.

February 7, 1925



Passing Comment—By T. A. McNeal

LOODY Herrin," Ill., is again in the limelight, and this time Kansas seems to figure in the tragedy. S. Glenn Young, leader of law enforcement raiders, was born at Phillipsburg, or at any rate, used to live there. In his activities at Herrin he was said to be backed by the Ku Klux Klan, altho I believe the Great Dragon of that organization in Illinois denies that Young was officially connected with the order. Whatever else may be said of Young, he seems

to have been a man of great physical courage. He began his activities as a law enforcer 10 years ago, and came into public notice by his sensational capture of the Crawleys, a gang of World War draft evaders. Federal troopers and officers had chased these draft evaders for months; Young captured the men single handed and brought them to Knoxville, Tenn., where he turned them over to Federal authorities.

Later he became known as the unrelenting foe of the moonshiners in Georgia and Tennessee. In 10 years he made 3,000 arrests and killed a score of men, escaping with only a few slight wounds. He went to Herrin after the bloody massacre there which horrified the entire country.

Williamson county, in which Herrin is located, was torn by factional strife, the miners' union against the anti-union crowd; Ku Klux against anti-Ku Klux. The miners' union and its supporters had elected the sheriff, who became the leader of the anti-Klan forces. To this scene of trouble Young came. Arrests were made, stores, saloons and homes were entered and liquor confiscated. In one case Young entered the house of a farmer who was suspected of running a still: the farmer drew a gun and snapped it twice at Young before the latter drew his gun and killed him.

And Then Both Returned

'IS bitterest enemy was not, as might be supposed, the sheriff, but his deputy, Dra Thomas, also a man of physical courage. Fi-П nally there was a truce, and both Young and Thomas agreed to leave the county. Both came back, and the war started afresh. Last May, while back, and the war started afresh. Last May, while Young and his wife were riding in an automobile, they were ambushed by gunmen. Young was wounded, and Mrs. Young had both eyes either shot out or so badly injured that she lost her sight. Most of the time since then they have been in the hermited in the hospital.

The trouble culminated January 24 when Young and some of his followers joined battle with Ora Thomas and his crowd. Four men lay dead when the battle was over, Glenn Young, Ed Forbes, Homer Warren and Ora Thomas. Forbes and Warren were supporters of Young.

As is usual in a tragedy the stories of what oc-curred differ. The friends of Young say he was trapped so his enemies might assassinate him; the friends of Thomas insist he was the one who was trapped by Young and his followers. One signifi cant fact is that the killing took place in the head-

quarters of the opposition to Young. How far Glenn Young was justified will never be known, but the surprising thing is that he lived as long as he did. The man who follows that line may as well figure that his life is forfeit, and that he will die by violence. It is a rather curious fact that most men of the Young type are fatalists; they believe they cannot be killed until their time comes, and that they will live just as long if they take chances as if they quit and lead a peaceful life.

Farmers Have Been "Braying?"

THY." asks an irritated subscriber, "do you put such cartoons in your papers as you have been using for the last several years, picturing the poor down-trodden farmers being hung between low prices and overproduction? In a recent cartoon you had a picture of a farmer running after a railroad train carrying merchants and manufacturers and saying that he is going to ride with them.

"There is no excuse for the farmer braying about hard times. The ones who are doing the bellyaching are those who wish to get out and ride on their machines a few weeks in the summer and loaf the rest of the year, running to town about twice a week. We have two farmers on places

joining each other; one is a renter who has lived on the same place 16 years, he having paid the landlord \$20,000 in that time. He took the bankruptcy law last year; the other bought 180 acres six years ago, paying \$17,200. He paid down \$8,200, which he had saved during 13 years' work on the railroad. The other \$9,000 he borrowed. Now he has paid this debt, has all the stock and other necessary equipment to run his farm and has \$6,000 in the bank. I mention this to show what a farmer can do if he is willing to work 365 days in the year. I have seen others do as well. I have noticed that if a man will work hard for seven or eight years he can lay up enough so he does not need to worry after that." I think that will get a rise out of somebody.

Anyhow It Sounds Good

HE executive committee of the Social Service Commission of the National Council of the Congregational Churches has drawn up a state-

(a) That the farmer shall have access to the land he works on such terms as will ensure him personal freedom and economic encouragement, while society is amply protected by efficient production and conservation of fertility.
(b) That the cost of market distribution from farmer to consumer shall be cut to the lowest possible terms, both farmers and consumers sharing in these economics.
(c) That there shall be every encouragement to the organization of farmers for economic ends, particularly for co-operative sales and purchases.
(d) That an efficient system of both vocational and general education of youths and adults living on farmer adequate social institutions, including the farmer adequate social institutions, including the church, the school, the library, means of recreation, good local government, and particularly there best possible farm home.
(f) That there shall be a widespread development of organized rural communities, thoroly democratic, completely co-operative, and possessed with the spirit of the common welfare. ment of social faith. In agriculture it proposes:

Racial relations:

(a) The same protection and rights for other races in America that we ourselves enjoy, espeorally legislation against lynching.
(b) Eliminating racial discrimination, and substituting full brotherly treatment for all races in America.
(c) The fullest co-operation between the churches of various races, even tho of different denominations.
(d) Special educational and social equipment for immigrants, with government information bureaus.

bureaus.

International relations:

(a) The removal of every unjust barrier of trade, color, creed and race, and the practice of equal justice for all nations.
(b) That the old methods of secret diplomacy and secret treaties are today unnecessary and un-Christian.

and secret treaties are today unnecessary and un-Christian. (c) That all nations should associate them-selves permanently for world peace and good will, that war should be legally outlawed, and that dif-ferences between nations should be settled in an international court.

(d) That any dishonest imperialism of selfishness must be replaced by such genuine disinterested treatment of backward nations as to contribute the maximum to the welfare of each, and of all the world.
(e) That military armaments should be abolitated on a small police force.

(e) That military armaments should be abol-ished by all nations except for a small police force. (f) That the church as an institution should no longer support war in any form. (This would still leave the individual free to do as his con-science dictates.)

Of course there is nothing new in any of these proposals. They have been discussed many times. I formerly was a great deal more hopeful that they could be put into practical operation than I am now, but I am not pessimistic at that. I realize changes come about slowly.

The average man is not progressive; this is not because he does not want things to be better, but he dreads a change. He looks with suspicion if not with positive disfavor on any person who advo-cates changes in the present economic or sucial order. Habit also is powerful with all of us. We become accustomed to doing things in a certain way, and are strongly inclined to keep on doing them the same way. We inherit certain beliefs and prejudices, and stick to them partly from nabit and partly because it is easier to believe what some

one has told us than it is to think for ourselves. But it will be a good thing for the world if the churches will map out an altruistic program and try to work toward a better state of society.

A good many things outlined in this program will not be accomplished in your life or mine, maybe never, but to try and fall short is better than not to try at all.

'Rah for Isaac Walton League

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AM neither a hunter nor a fisherman. I rather enjoy hunting, but not the killing of game. I am unable to understand how any man can get pleasure from killing innocent birds or animals. Possibly we may be justified in killing animals for food, altho I am not so certain of that, but just to kill for the sake of killing is a state of mind I cannot understand.

Nevertheless I am a member of the Isaac Walton League, which is generally supposed to be an or-ganization of hunters and fishermen. The purposes of this league, however, are:

Reforestation, and further prevention of forest fires. 2. Stopping the pollution of streams, lakes and

coastal waters 3. The stopping of indiscriminate drainage. I am in sympathy with each of these objects. 3.

Unless something is done to prevent the destruction of forests within another generation the United States will be almost denuded of native trees.

The pollution of streams is another serious matter. Already most streams in the neighborhood of manufacturing establishments and oil wells are so polluted that the water is unfit for either man or beast, and in many streams the fish have been destroyed.

The Isaac Walton League, which has a membership reaching into the hundreds of thousands scat-tered all over the country, proposes to remedy these conditions. In the matter of reforestation a great deal of attention will be paid to the planting and growing of nut bearing trees, so they will furnish both wood and food.

Trees on the Strip Pits

HERE is a good deal of land in Kansas that has been stripped for coal; the surface was taken off years ago to get at the coal under-neath. Some of this stripped land lies in Southeastern Kansas, and some in Osage county. When the stripping was done and the coal taken out the land was considered worthless. But trees will grow on this strip land, notably the catalpa. And so will

grape vines Some of these lands might be utilized as game

preserves Pennsylvania planted 40 million forest trees several years ago. These have grown large, and in the shelter of this new forest there are thousands of deer, bear and wild turkeys. Kansas is a prairie state, and only part of it will ever grow forest trees, but there are tens of thousands of acres that will support both trees and vines. The water area of Kansas is small, which is all

the more reason why what little water we have should not be polluted. It is possible the natural lack of water could be

overcome to a considerable extent by artificial ponds and the impounding of flood waters. A. I. Scott, state president of the Isaac Walton League, says that "These reservoirs could be cheaply consays that These reservoirs could be cheaply con-structed and would furnish recreation for Kansas people and keep millions of dollars in our state that annually flows to California, Colorado and other points. We need a humber of game preserves to propagate wild game and to afford protection to bird life, that Kansas bird life, that Kansas may keep apace with the older states of the East that have learned their lesson thru the dear school of experience in the early destruction of their natural wild life."

18 Years the Snag

HE proposed child labor amendment has no chance. Instead of being ratified by three fourths of the states I do not believe it will be ratified by half of them. And yet if state child labor laws are proper and right the argument that they should be uniform through the United States seems to me to be unanswerable. Certainly a child in Georgia is entitled to as much protection as a child in Kansas. If the regulation of child labor is left to the states it is certain there will be

a wide variation in the treatment of children, be-cause the lawmakers will not think alike. There is only one way I know of to get uniform legis-

ation, and that is by a general national law. The advocates of the proposed amendment made a fatal mistake when they insisted on fixing the age limit at 18. If the proposed amendment had limited the power of Congress to regulate children under 14 the most powerful argument used against it would have been lacking.

As it is the advocates are placed on the defensive. A good deal of their time is taken up in trying to amendment undoubtedly gives it the power to do. Opponents then ask why give it such power? Another factor working against the amendment

is a popular reaction against governmental regu-lation of private business. Most of us have a prejudice against official interference with what we regard as our personal affairs.

But Still We Live Longer

SUPPOSE a majority of folks will answer, if asked, that they are in favor of quarantine laws, buf I venture the statement that there are tew people, when the quarantine is applied to them, who do not either secretly or openly resent it. It who do not either secretly or openly resent it. It interferes with their comfort and business, and down in their hearts they are apt to think the reg-ulations are foolishness. If they have passed middle life they will say that when they were young, people were not troubled with health in-spectors and quarantine laws, and that they got along just as well, were just as healthy and lived as long as the folks of today. Now the records show that people live longer than they used to live, and that contagious dis-

than they used to live, and that contagious discases are not so dangerous, but the people who have not kept any records do not believe this, and call to mind folks they used to know when they were boys and girls who lived to be 90 or 100 and remained rugged almost to the last.

There's Too Much "Regulation?"

MOST of us are reasonably willing to have other people regulated, but we do not want to be regulated ourselves. Theoretically we are opposed to child labor, but if we are in business and need the help of our children we resent any inspector coming about our premises and telling us how many hours our children shall work, or at what kind of labor. We are apt to think that as parents we have a better right to control

our children than either the state or nation.' We our children than either the state or nation. We may say that we are in favor of compulsory edu-cation for children, but few parents really like to have the control of their children interfered with even in the matter of schooling. So, as state and government regulation has in-

creased and touches more and more people in its operation, the resentment has increased. We hear more of the old slogan: "That government governs best which governs least." Even such able students of government as Al-

bert J. Beveridge are declaiming against the multiplicity of laws regulating personal conduct and liberty. We are swinging away from regulation by law to more independence of action and less restriction of individual freedom.

What Would Congress Do?

I N THE country the sentiment is strongly against the proposed amendment. Heretofore child labor laws have not affected country people much. Some farmers work their children about as they used to do, altho generally farmer boys and girls are not set to work at so early an age and do not work so hard as the farm children did when I was a boy.

However, the change has come about, not on account of any labor laws but because few farmers work as hard or as long hours as the farmers of 40 or 50 years ago. Just the same the farmers, whether they start their children to work when they are very young or not, would deeply resent having an inspector come around and tell them how many hours and under what conditions they shall work their children. In the case of the proposed amendment the opponents have succeeded in getting the propaganda to the farmers that if the amendment is adopted Congress can say that boys and girls on the farm shall not work until they are 18. The advocates argue in vain that Congress will do no such thing; the opponents ask how they know?

Another argument used effectively against the Another argument used effectively against the amendment is that a great many men who have attained distinction had to work hard when they were children. When I was a child it was common for a stout boy of 12 to do almost as much work as a man, and children of 7 or 8 did much useful work. No doubt a good many children of 12 or less still work pretty hard on the farms. I think it does not do a child any houm to mark

I think it does not do a child any harm to work" pretty hard provided the conditions are healthful. All of us are creatures of habit to a large extent.

What Governs the Price 3AN 251925

What GOVERNS the Price and 2011 A and B are farming together. B bought his seed wheat from A. The price was to be whatever it might be when A got ready to sell. In the latter part of last winter A said to B. "I guess we will settle for that wheat tonight." The price of wheat a was 90 cents, but that night B did not ask to settle for the wheat, and A, thinking it would go higher, did not say anything. About two months latter when A sold the last of his wheat for \$1.16 and asked B for settlement at \$1.06 a bushel, B refused to settle, saying the wheat was sold for 90 cents when A mentioned it two months ago, altho B did not offer to pay for the wheat at the time A men-tioned it the first time. S. D. J. From your statement this was not a completed

From your statement this was not a completed contract. There was not a meeting of minds. B apparently did not accept A's proposition, possibly thinking he could do better later. A would have a right to make a settlement at the price he sold his other wheat.

Liability of a Wife

Interprintly of a write If a man signs his own and his wife's name to notes without her knowledge (tho he has had her consent in cases where it was not possible for her to be present) and he has since died, leaving no estate but some stock covered by a mortgage, does the wife become liable for the first mentioned note? Can the holder get a judgment against her in a law suit? E. N. D.

If it could be shown that the husband was generally authorized to sign his wife's name I am in-clined to think that judgment might be obtained against her.

Rights of the Heirs

In 1917 a child over 21 years old borrowed money at the bank, giving his father's name as se-curity. When the note came due the father had to pay it. Is this note outlawed? Can the other heirs of the father's estate collect or have the amount of this note subtracted from this child's share? The father died this year. S. T. H.

The note is not outlawed, because it was paid. And unless the father indicated in some way that he held it as an obligation against this child the other heirs cannot have the amount of the note subtracted from this heir's share of the estate.

Farm Program Ready For Action

HE President gives Congress his program of agricultural legislation, and urges action A at this session. The program is the one recommended by the Agricultural Commis-sion, a group of operative farmers and economic

experts appointed by the President to study the farm problem and suggest remedial measures. This prompt action of the Commission removes

the farm problem as cause for an extra session of Congress. Time is ample, if there is willingness, to enact the program at this session.

The program puts the emphasis on marketing. As the President has said, the problem of the farm is not n'the farm but in the market.

The Commission's report recommends means to link up existing co-operative marketing associa-tions of producers into effective and smooth-working harmony with the machinery of orderly distri-

bution employed by other industries. The recommendation, both in general features and in detail adopts the provisions of Senate Bill 8719, generally known as the "Capper-Williams" bill, creating a federal marketing board to encourage and aid in organizing co-operative marketing associations, co-operative clearing house associa-tions, and terminal market associations handling agricultural products ; then combining the activities of such associations to develop efficient and eco-nomical methods of distribution and sale of farm products

The plan does not involve Government purchase and re-sale of farm products, nor price-fixing by law. It offers no artificial stimulant to overlaw. production.

On the contrary the plan meets the requirements of the need of the farming industry so pointedly indicated by Secretary Hoover in his declaration that the low secretary hoover in the low of low of the that "The only permanent assurance of lower liv-ing costs and higher returns to the producer lies in reducing the margin between producer and con-

The plan takes into consideration that the main flow of farm products is from regions of heavy production and sparse population to areas of lighter production and dense population. These, more often than not, are widely separated. In many farm commodities seasonable produc-tion must be held or surved for later that the seasonable produc-

tion must be held or saved for later consumption. For all farm commodities there is need of adjust-ing available supplies to demand. The committee plan proposes to meet these needs thru adjustments plan proposes to meet these needs inru adjustments that will involve less waste, less loss and less lost motion and, in so doing, reduce the price-spread between consumer and producer. A Federal Marketing Board is provided, the sec-

retaries of Agriculture and Commerce to be exofficio members. Three others are to be named by the President.

The chief purpose of this board is to stimulate the organization of three classes of marketing agencies and to supervise and link them together in an orderly and general marketing system. First, co-operative marketing associations of producers. Second, co-operative clearing house associations, by means of which the producers' associations link up their activities. Third, terminal market associa-tions at the main distributing centers.

In the marketing system it is proposed to de-velop, farmer's co-operative associations will look after the supply while the terminal marketing or-ganizations will regulate supply to demand. This eliminates "dumping," the present market practice wherein the farmer is at the mercy of the middle-man who have abeen from the former that the man who buys cheap from the farmer, that he may sell dear to the consumer.

The clearing houses, a third feature of the mar-keting system, distribute accurate and dependable news to the producers as to crop plantings, yield prospects and the like, and assist the terminal as-sociations in regulating commodity movement. They take up lost motion and serve the marketing

system as "central" serves a telephone system. All associations participating in the federal mar-keting system will be accredited thru charters issued by the Federal Marketing Board. This is done to assure uniformity in character

of member associations and to entitle member associations to all the service features of the central marketing system—uniform grades, official in-spection, interchange of market information and arbitration of disputes.

Commodity boards are provided to give every assistance at the command of the federal marketing system to producers interested chiefly in one product, such as wheat or livestock for instance, and to link such co-operative associations with the central marketing organizations. Also they will aid the federal board in organization work federal ard

in organization work. Members of commodity boards will be chosen from men suggest d by the chartered member associations, interesced in the specific commodity. An additional duty of the clearing house asso-ciations is to serve as sales agencies, each for

a particular producing district.

Just as the local co-operative marketing associa-tion represents its members, the clearing houses represent the local marketing associations of the district. Thru these clearing houses, the local pro-ducers' associations may sell their products in the manner best suited to the needs of their district and commodity.

It is not the purpose of the federal marketing

system to impose inflexible rules. The clearing houses will be given every possible leeway that they may best serve the associations they represent. They will find their sales outlet largely thru the markets afforded by the terminal marketing associations.

The circle is completed in the terminal market sociations. These are the necessary outlets for associations. the clearing houses, and, thru the clearing houses, local associations.

Thru the terminal market organizations, the massed demand for farm products is brought to play directly on the available supply, but only in such degree as the demand will absorb it without breaking the cale price View the the termination breaking the sale price. Linked by facilities for quick and accurate information, the current de-mand for a given farm commodity at all the terminal markets is made available to the clearing houses, and thru them to the local producers' associations.

As the clearing houses have the important duty of allocating the supply to the demand, this should eliminate "feast and famine" markets. If there is a big demand for wheat at a certain terminal, the clearing house will divert wheat to that market in the quantity required, and so with other products.

The principle of co-operative marketing is no longer mere theory. Practice has demonstrated its merit. Co-operative marketing associations have proved their worth. But before co-operation can bring to the farming industry all its potential bene-fits, adequate means must be at hand for effective co-operation between producers' associations. Production is a local matter. Selling the production is a national affair.

The plan adopted by the Agricultural Commis-sion and recommended to Congress by the Presi-dent and first suggested in the Capper-Williams bill, is designed to weld the local associations into an effective national association.

First, to bring about a better ratio between production and demand. Second, to cut out waste and lost motion in

distribution.

Effective organization is imperative if either end is to be attained. Organization, centralizing of effort and community purpose have worked wonders for American business. They offer the same advantages to the basic industry-the biggest business of all-the farm.

Athur Capper

KANSAS FARMER

February 7, 1925

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KANSAS FARMER ADDRESS

With Pencils They Pursue **Production** Profits

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there were approximately 1,200 farm account club members in the state.

Let's Grow Birthday Chicks

HERE'S a holiday thought: L. F. Payne, Kan-sas State Agricultural College, suggests that carly hatched chicks may be had by setting eggs Lincoln's and Washington's birthdays, February 12 and 22. Also he suggests that Saint Patrick's Day, March 17, and Patriot's Day, April 19, are good starting times for later chicks.

Grasshoppers and Silos

Grasshoppers and Silos You all remember the story about the grass-hopper that whetted his forelegs and sang all summer long while the ant stored groceries for winter? The grasshopper couldn't understand, until frost killed the turnip tops, why the ant had refused to go jey-riding with him. Well, H. W. Paske, who runs the Riverside Stock Farm near Toronto, in Woodson county, feels a bit like the ant this winter. "Digging feed out of siet and snow covered corn shocks is up-hill busi-ness," said Paske. "Some of my neighbors who have been doing that for the last five weeks are convinced that a silo would be a great convenience." Paske filled a 20 by 40 foot silo last fall, and tho the labor of cutting the feed and getting it "canned" was ardnous, he now feels he is reaping the benefits. Aside from the convenience, he has had a mighty good cheap feed.

First Aid for Lovers

W HILE it is not exactly a matrimonial bureau, Dr. H. L. Gleckler, pastor of the First Metho-dist Church of Hutchinson, has established a sort of a first aid station for the members of his church. Every young man has been asked to file, in confidence, a questionnaire giving the descrip-tion of the kind of a girl he would like to marry. Every young woman files a similar questionnaire. Young folks answering the descriptions are listed, and from then on the future may—or may not— hold moments of interest.

'Twas "Action Front" at Greenleaf!

A^N ORGANIZED hunt covering 8 square mfles near Greenleaf, in which 1,000 men, armed with shotguns, searched for an alleged cougar which has spread a reign of terror there for sev-cral weeks, ended recently without a trace of the big cat having been found. Five wolves were killed and hundreds of rabbits were victims of the drive, held under supervision of Sheriff Dan McLeod and his deputtes. his deputies.

his deputies. Some time last fall rumors reached Concordia of a wildcat near Greenleaf which had killed pigs and chickens. Farmers asserted they had caught glinpses of a furtive, tawny form in lonely woods or ravines. Others stated they had seen the tracks of an animal which resembled those of a cougar. Several farm women testified to having heard screams which they attributed to the big cat. At first the rumors were scouted, but they con-tinued with such persistency that finally **T**. B.

Skovgaard, southeast of Greenleaf, who claimed to have seen the fresh tracks of the beast, organ-ized the huge hunt, which was attended by farm-ers and hunters from every section of Northern Kansas, some even coming from as far away as Kansas City.

Even Grimes is Optimistic

BETTER times for farmers were prophesied re-cently by W. E. Grimes, professor of agricul-tural economics at the Kansas State Agricultural college at the annual supper of the Shawnee County Potato Growers Association. He discussed the five chief farm industries of Kansas: corn, wheat, hogs, beef cattle and potatoes. He predicted wheat and corn markets will con-tinue as strong as they now are until the new crops are put on the market. He also predicted better prices for hogs and beef cattle. The potato erop will depend largely on the weather and grow-ing conditions.

ing conditions.

Static Electricity Caused Death

Too much vigor in cleaning clothes cost the life of Pearl Moore, 24. daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. J. E. Moore of Wichita, recently. While the girl was rubbing woolen garments together over a pan of gasoline, static electricity ignited the fluid.



Henry Wesche of Barnes Considers the Farming He Does at This Desk Just as Important as That Done in the Field

Miss Moore inhaled the flames, and was badly burned about the face and head, and dted almost instantly. The Rev. Mr. Moore was attending the funeral of a friend at the time.

Yea, Just So, How Come?

JAY RICHMOND of Salina, a piano tuner, has been confined to his home with an attack of hiccoughs! And in Kansas, too!

12 Into \$1,600 Equals?

THE 12 directors of the Crawford County Fair Association have personally paid the deficit of \$1,600 from the fair of last fall.

Less Wheat in Argentine

ARGENTINE will produce 101,433,000 million bushels of wheat this year, as compared to 247,-036,000 bushels last season.

Fewer Sheep on Feed

Tewer Sheep on reed There was a decrease of 163,000 head, or 4 per cent, in the number of sheep and lambs on feed January 1, from January 1, 1924, in the Corn Belt and Western states. The estimated numbers were 4,081,000 this year and 4,245,000 last. In the Corn Belt states the decrease was 120,-000 head. In states east of the Mississippi the de-crease was 135,000, including 70,000 head in feed-ing stations near Chicago. West of the Mississippi there was an increase of 15,000. The largest changes from last year were in Iowa and Illinois, which decrease..., 000 and 60,000 respectively and Nebraska, which increased 90,000.

Their Teeth Were Scrambled!

A COPEKA woman whose intimate acquaintances call her Sadie, drives a Ford sedan. A few weeks ago she was on the Topeka avenue road with two lady friends. The car skidded and went into the ditch and the ladies got hadly scrambled in the turnover. All of the women had graduated from

the dentist's chair with the same honors. Each was wearing a full upper plate. In the mixup and the gasping and screaming, each one shed her upper plate. After they gathered themselves together, a search began for the store teeth, and when they found them they had considerable difficulty in the ting the respective plates to the respective mouths.

After 10 Long Years JAN 281525

A FEW days ago J. P. Hays, a retired merchant of Chapman, received five 2-cent stamps by mail. The letter, unsigned, said that 10 years ago-the writer passed a Canadian dime on the mer-chant, and that he was sending the stamps to ease bis conscience.

Tops the Market at \$10

LEONARD PREUSS of Stuttgart topped the Kan-sas City market recently with a carload of baby beef, steers and heifers mixed, at \$10. A year ago he topped it at \$9.50.

Got 6 Out of 16 Anyway

J. N. A roundup of wolves on the farm of C. M. Winkler of Leona recently 16 were brought into range, and six were killed.

At Hays February 12

THE story of Western Kansas from the time of in a pageant to be staged at the Hays State Teach-ers College February 12. Covered wagons, Indian tepees, mounted horsemen and other realistic prop-erties will be used.

Here's a Flapper Hen

Here's a Trapper from HERE'S a Trapper from Wille, has a flapper hen. She is a 3-year-old Rose Comb Brown Leghorn; and has been shown two years at the Northern Kansas Poultry Show and once each at Omaha and Beatrice. Neb. In every case she was given first or second place in her class. But now she has molted, and comes forth with a full cockerel plumage! She cannot be distinguished from a cockerel—she even has the two sickle feathers on the tail!

14 Carloads of Walnut Logs

FOURTEEN carloads of walnut logs will be shipped from Marysville this winter. They are being loaded by Ed White, for the Penrod Walnut and Veneer Company of Sheffield, Mo.

This Concrete Bridge "Burns"

F IRE destroyed a concrete bridge near Holden-ville, Okla., recently. The bridge, spanning Salt Creek, 10 miles north of town, was one of the im-portant outlets into the oil fields. Oil drippings from a pipe carried by the bridge formed a small leak under the structure. Small boys ignited the oil, and the intense heat cracked the bridge in hundreds of places.

An Almanac for 1857

G EORGE YOUNKMAN of Eldorado has an al-manac for 1857. Chicago was listed under the cities of the United States with a population of 4,470; Cleveland had 5,071. Boston had 93,000. Kansas City was not mentioned.

But He Saw the Pistol!

Dut He Saw the Pistol! ROBERT JENNINGS, 60, a negro, who says he is blind, was haled into court in Wichita re-cently on a charge of disturbing the peace. "Yes, suh, yo' honor. I swore at him. I threat-ened to strike him. But that man leveled a re-volver at me, and I was actin' in self-defense," the negro told the court. "Did he shoot at you or snap the hammer of the gun?" he was asked. "No, suh," the negro replied. "Then how did you know he had a revolver?" "Jedge, I seen him." "Case dismissed," shouted the judge, as he rapped for order.

1,902 Rural Routes in Kansas

KANSAS has 1,902 rural free delivery mail routes, which cover 55,464 miles. In the United States there are 44,760 routes, over 1,205,714 miles, which serve 29,921,123 persons.

Larned Co-op Pays 8 Per Cent

THE Pawnee County Co-operative Association of Larned recently paid a dividend of 8 per cent, allowed a liberal amount for depreciation, and greatly increased its surplus. It did a business of \$850,000 last year, including the shipping of 500 carloads of wheat.

KANSAS FARMER ADDREEL

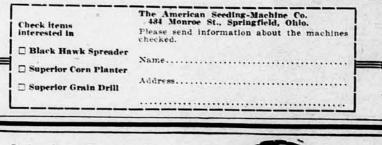


T HE NEW BLACK HAWK MANURE SPREADER 40-A, scientifically designed and durably constructed, is truly a Superior product. Made in the same factory that produces the famous Superior Grain Drill and other quality implements and backed by an equally strong guarantee.

The Black Hawk does not merely unload manure or dump it on the hit-and-miss plan-it thoroughly shreds and pulverizes it and spreads it widely and evenly, literally carpeting the ground in any quantity desired. The scientific construction of the power transmission unit-the counter balanced feature of the wide spread device and the proper location of the ground wheels, all under the load, make it the lightest draft spreader on the market. A two-horse spreader. Does perfect work on both hillsides and level ground.

Get the full fertilizing value of your manure by using a Black Hawk-a Manure Spreader of Superior Quality. Write, or mail the coupon for descriptive folder.

The American Seeding Machine Company, Inc. **434 Monroe Street** Springfield, Ohio





Here's a new tire - an ideal tire for the man who drives a big heavy car or whose route takes him over rough roads.

HEAVY

It's the new Goodyear HEAVY DUTY Cord Tire.

Examine it, and you'll find it stronger and more massive in every way than the standard tire you are used to. Its powerful athletic body is made of SUPERTWIST, the famous

new Goodyear cord fabric, and made extra heavy to withstand the shocks and jolts of hard driving. Its thick, deep-cut, full All-Weather Tread combines maximum traction with long, slow wear.

Even its sturdy sidewalls are reinforced against rut-wear by stout concentric rubber ribs.

Naturally, this new HEAVY DUTY Goodyear costs a little more than the standard Goodyear tire. But where extra stamina and strength are needed, it is

really the cheapest tire to buy in the end. The complete Goodyear line contains the tire you want at the price you want to pay



Union Buzzes With Business

President Tromble Warns Against Neglect of Educational Work by Locals

BUSINESS enterprises of the Kan-sas Farmers' Union reported an increased volume to the recent state convention in Salina. The Farm-ers' Union State Bank, Kansas City, Kan., opened with \$35,346,53 depósits, July 1, 1924, and had \$373,895,59 De-cember 26, 1924, according to 0. K. Marley, cashier. The jobbing associa-tion handled 4.190 cars of products and supplies in 1923, and 7,882 cars in 1924. Increases were reported in ev-ery commodity. ery commodity.

The livestock commission association reported a gain of S11 cars in the face of a decrease in receipts at the Kansas City Stock Yards of 13,025 cars. The association is rebating a profit of \$41,010.90 to qualified members. The auditing, insurance, produce, managerial and co-operation departments all were reported in better condition

all were reported in better condition than last year. John Tromble, president, in speak-ing of the business activities of the union, warned delegates against neg-lecting the educational side of the or-ganization. Responsibility for this work he checked back to the locals. "The dividends returned as a result of our business transactions are of no of our business transactions are of no avail if we neglect the educational part of our program," he said.

Membership in the union has slumped in common with that of other farm organizations. Reports made to the convention indicated 18,209 persons had paid dues.

In resolutions the union favored the proposed national waterways develop-ment, discontinuance of federal aid in road building where the tax falls heavily on agricultural interests, introduction of a text on co-operative marketing in public schools, a law authoriz-ing co-operative banks and credit un-ions, and an improved plan for collecting and distributing revenues for ele-mentary schools.. For shifting a part of the burden of governmental expense from real estate and other physical property, the union suggested a gross production tax on minerals and other resources, a state income and occupation tax, a motor fuel tax to be used in building and maintaining public highways on a county unit system, and a registration tax on mortgages equivalent to ¼ of 1 per cent annually on

the maturity term. The present primary law was ap-proved, but a change in date to the

LACHAINGES SECK BEST SEEG
Sales by mershants represent a small part of the seed business in Kansas. The bulk of the trade is between farmers. To discover the best quality seeds in different localities, a number of farm bureaus are holding seed exchanges this winter. The Kansas Crop Improvement Association and the Kansas State Agricultural College are backing the movement. Last year six county exchanges were held. This year there will be perhaps 20.
H. R. Summer, crops specialist for the college, will visit 12 of these and assist in the local programs. The first exchange was held by the Osage County Farm Bureau, at Lyndon, January 22 to 24. About 100 samples of the major farm seeds were exhibited. E. L. McIntosh, county extension agent, will maintain the exhibit for several weeks.

In most cases the samples bore the report of the seed laboratory in Man-hattan on purity and germination. The producers are listed for the conven-ience of farmers who desire to buy. Most-of the seeds in the Osage ex-change were offered by local growers, but a number of complex more cost in but a number of samples were sent in by folks elsewhere in the state. Sumner emphasized the importance of purity and high germination. Mc-

of purity and high germination. Mc-Intosh made a report on the corn and sorghum variety and corn type fests conducted by the bureau last summer. Several thousand bushels of seed were distributed last year as a result of the events in Ocean. The court

of the exchange in Osage. The germination and purity tests are assisting farmers in their selections of better seeds, and the variety tests of major crops are indicating those adapted to local conditions.

The Lyon county bureau held its first exchange the last three days in January.

The most convenient buried treasure first Tuesday in May was suggested. is that in the udder of the dairy cow.



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Sears. Rocou and Co. Spring and Suamer-1925 The Modern Trees of 1

The Modern Treasure Chest

In the days of the Spanish Main the search for hidden treasures brought adventurers to all parts of the world. And most of their travels were in vain.

Today there is a modern treasure chest —Our Big General Catalog—which brings the treasures of the world right to your own doorstep!

You may draw on the endless supply of the best of the world's goods without moving from your own easy chair —and make big savings while you are doing it! Nine million families—or nearly one family of every three in the United States—use our catalogs to get dependable merchandise at moneysaving prices. 28192

If you are not now getting your share of these bargains, we invite you to look through our New General Catalog for Spring and Summer. One glance will convince you of the savings—one order will make you a regular member of the greatest of all families, banded together to save on almost everything needed for the family, the home, the farm and the shop.

We give the best service — 99 out of every 100 orders are shipped in less than 24 hours after they are received.

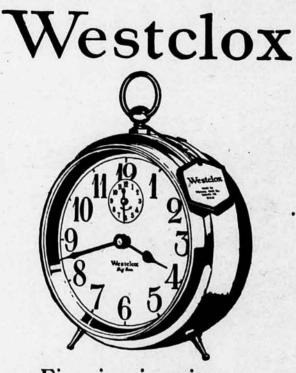
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In Less Than a Day our Order Is On Its Way

bruary 7, 1925

Street and No.

KANSAS FARMER



Figuring in minutes

WHEN a galloping flivver can cover ground at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour or better, you can figure a trip to town in minutes.

To figure successfully in minutes, you should have some way of keeping track of them. A sure and inex-

pensive way to keep tab on your time is to put a Westclox on the job.

Besides timing the household all day long, it will call you on the dot in the morning. You can pick Westclox by the six-cornered, orangebordered tags and the trade mark Westclox on the dial.

WESTERN CLOCK COMPANY, LA SALLE, ILLINOIS, U. S. A. Factory: Peru, Illinois. In Canada: Western Clock Co., Limited, Peterborough, Ont.

Big Ben \$3.25 Baby Ben America Sleep-Meter Jack o Lantern Pocket Ben Glo-Ben \$3.25 \$1.50 \$2.00 \$3.00 \$1.50 \$2.25





CUTS FEEDING COSTS 25% TO 50% 1 Stop that monthly feed bill. The Letz Dixie Mixed Feed Maker cuts, grinds and mixes any-thing grown; makes a perfectly balanced ration from home-grown crops; guarantees to increase production 15% to 30%. A warehouse in every state. Request your copy of the new Letz Feeding Manual, filled with profit-making facts and figures. LETZ MFG. CO., 214 East Read, Crown Point, Ind.

A, B, C and D are all in a Row

And the Question Before the House Just Now is Who Gets the Farm

BY TOM MCNEAL

A has a farm on which B holds a first mortgage, C a second mortgage and D a third. B starts foreclosure proceedings. If C buys the farm in to save himself for less than B claims, does B have recourse against A? Does D have a lien on the land? If not can he hold A good for his claim? 2---What is the length of life of a judgment? Can they sell all personal property belong-ing to A including household goods to satis-fy a judgment? During the redemption period what compensation is the claimant entitled to receive? 3--Has A the right to redeem? 4--Who is liable for the tax of 1924? W. C.

C BUYS the land at the fore-F closure sale for less than the amount of B's judgment, B would be entitled to a deficiency judgment against A and might levy on any unexempt property A might have to satisfy that deficiency judgment. D, the third party, would be foreclosed. A certificate would be given to C, the purchaser, and at the end of 18 months' redemption period he would be entitled to a deed. While D would have no lien on the land he would have a right to a judgment on his note against A.

A judgment in Kansas is good for A judgment in Ransas is good for five years, provided no execution is issued upon it. If execution is issued on the judgment at any time before the expiration of the five-year period, it renews the life of the judgment and the statute of limitations begins to run against it from the time of such execution.

Household goods are exempt under the Kansas law and could not be sold to satisfy a judgment. During the redemption period the mortgagor is entitled to possession of the land and to all the fruits of it the same as if he still were the full owner of it. As long as A is in possession of the land he is liable for the taxes and in case of his redemption of the land during the 18 months' period he must pay all of the taxes on the land accruing during that 18 months' period.

Trees Near the Road

1-Is there any law against the planting of trees next to a cross road? If they have to be set back please state how far. 2-If there is a row of trees between A and B on their division line to whom do the trees belong? 3-I have a well about 80 or 80 feet deep drilled in rock. The water is hard and not fit to drink. Do you think this water would be fit for irrigation? 4-A buys land from B. B is to have all the crops and give possession the first of No-vember. There was some wheat threshed and if the straw is left on the place after the first of November to whom does the straw belong?

1-There is no law against the planting of trees near a cross road but if they are planted so close to the right of way as to interfere with the opera-tion of the road the township road au-thorities might have the right either to cut them down or require the owner

tion purposes. In other words if it merely is lime water I think that would rather help than hurt the soil. 4—Unless there was some agreement to the contrary when B gave posses-sion of the land to A, whatever straw there was on the land belonged to A.

Can Lease Be Enforced?

A owes B a note and a year's lease on a farm. A takes the bankruptcy law before the note or lease become due. Can the note and lease be collected when they become due? E. L. H.

If A is declared a bankrupt the owner of this note would simply draw his pro rata of whatever A's assets might pay. The lease however, is a different matter. If B leased a cer-tain tract to A upon an agreement that A should pay a certain amount in that A should pay a certain amount in Ed Stevens of Smith Center sold 5 the way of cash and this amount does tons of coffee to his trade last year.

not fall due until after A is de-clared a bankrupt, it would not come within the provisions of the bank-ruptcy law, that is to say it would be in the nature of an obligation matur-ing after the bankruptcy proceedings.

Is She Legally Married?

My husband was raised by people who never adopted him. He assumed their name, and we were married under that name. Now he says I am not married in the eyes of the law and that I do not own half of the property and could not get a cent of it should he die without will. Is this true? Anxious Wife.

No, it is not true. You are his legal wife and are entitled to all the rights of any other legal wife.

No General Divorce Bill

Did Congress pass a bill permitting men and women to remarry if the husband or wife is in the insane asylum for three years?

Congress has not passed any such law. The various states are permitted to fix their own divorce laws.

'Tis a Valid Will

Is a will valid in Kansas where a parent mentions one of his children but does not leave this one anything? The will was made in 1923. Mrs. H. S. The mere fact that he did not leave this child anything would not invalidate the will.

Security on Bankrupt's Note

In case a person takes advantage of the bankruptcy law would the one who signed his note with him as security still be held liable to pay the note? C. S.

Unfortunately, yes.

Crowing for Kansas

Kansas got into fast company with its crop valuation last season, and Jake Mohler, secretary of the state board of agriculture, is crowing about it. Kansas scored fourth in total crop values with \$453,924,000. Iowa was third, Illinois second and Texas first. This is the first time the state has stood so high, Jake avers, but hastens to hope that it won't be the last. If this policy of systematic development in an agricultural way continues, he wouldn't be surprised to see the state land first place before long. Kansas land first place before long. Kansas hasn't had a chance with Texas here-tofore, but now that we have the wheat slogan we may realize Jake's ambition.

Henry Paid But \$36.75

How the Middle West is interested of them to do so. 2-1f the trees are exactly on the gested by a recent transaction by Henry line between A and B they belong half to A and half to B. 3-1f the water in your well is not alkaline I do not think the fact that it is hard would injure it for irriga-tion purposes. In other words if it against the ruling price at Pittsburgh merely is lime water I think that of \$46.72 a ton. of \$46.72 a ton.

The low price was due largely to water transportation thru the St. Lawrence, which is available for certain

to the contrary when B gave posses-sion of the land to A, whatever straw there was on the land belonged to A, **Might Write to Ingleside** Will you please tell me whether there are any homes for old ladies in Kansas and how I can get into communication with them? There are several old ladies 'n kansas and in Kansas, I think. The one with which I am most familiar is the Ingle-side home here in Topeka. For in-formation address Ingleside Home, Topeka, Kan. improvements of the last 20 years some progress was made. Another instance of Henry Ford's business efficiency was reported the other day of a ship-ment entirely by water of motor cars from Detroit to Argentina. When the period waterwave is determined

national waterways program is developed the West will benefit directly transportation savings and indirectly in the growth of its industries.

Sold 5 Tons of Coffee



the Free Cata-end prices on Dig Bargains and sizes we WiNDMILL \$28.

CURRI

Up Go Wheat Exports

KANSAS FARMER 2"BREATE

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Corn Crop Insurance

Corn Crop Insurance Testing doesn't make seed corn any better. But it does tell whether the seed is fit to plant. Most farmers be-lieve in insurance, and that's what testing is. Some folks think they can tell whether corn will germinate by casting their "unerring" eye along the ear or by nibbling at the kernels. But that test hasn't been recognized. The grain is just as deceptive as the juice that is distilled from it. You think you're having a whale of a time until harvest comes. It takes as many days, men or horses and just as much power to cultivate a thin stand as a good one, and the returns usually are in proportion to the stalks on a given area, up to the optimum number. The field is an ex-pensive testing place. Some seasons there isn't time to replant, either.

That Bird Didn't "Roll"

Inat BIFG DIGITU ROIL A woman in Topeka recently was desirous of purchasing a singing bird. She saw an advertisement by a "bird woman" of canaries for sale. This lady had all kinds of canaries. Hartz moun-tain warblers, Norwich singers and rollers. The lady went to see the birds. She evidently was posted on tumbler pigeons. She looked over the stock and told the vender she guessed she wanted a roller. The "bird wo-man" produced a roller and it proved to be an excellent singer. The pros-pective purchaser sat listening to the roller for about an hour, when she said: "Well, I am satisfied with the bird's singing and am going to take it, but I have not seen it roll yet."

Kanota For More Oats

Oats seeding will be along before many weeks. There's one outstanding variety for Kansas—and that's Kanota. Sometimes, when conditions are favor-able, another variety may yield as well, but in general Kanota has bested all the others, and in a normal Kansas season will outyield the old stand-by, Texas Red, by about 10 bushels an acre.

Kanred is earlier than common varieties, and it will stand a late freeze better. It has been in all parts of the state in comparison with varieties grown in those localities, and it has proved its worth.

After 42 Years, Too

Mayor Earl Akers of Topeka met an-other Scotchman last week. "After playing golf 42 years I have quit the game", said the Scotchman. "Why so?" asked Earl. "Lost my ball", re-plied the Scotchman.

To sell "Real Estate," put your ad the "Real Estate Market Place" of in this paper.



NIN ANTRICA

11



Will Your Roof Stand This Abuse?

Before you spend a cent you can know definitely, whether the roofing you select will endure blistering sun, beating sleet, driving rain and snow. Write for a free sample of Beaver Vulcanite Roofing. Twist it; bend it. Kick it; scuff it. Lay it on ice, then pour hot water on it. Leave it on a hot stove. Soak it in water. Put burning embers on it. Know that the roofing you buy will stand these abuses, out in the weather-on your buildings. Mail the coupon now for samples and complete particulars.

Beaver Vulcanite Roll Roofing

Supplied with plain or slate surface in various colors and tile pat-terns—all possessing Vulcanite's famous quality—Beaver Vulcanite Roll Roofing meets every requirement. Ask your dealer for particulars.

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Slate-surfaced Shingles and Slabs to meet every requirement of color and design Special Re-roofing Shingles Slate-and Smooth-surfaced Roll Roof-ing-in weights and finishes for every use Builtcheroeden Bach order Roofs Roof Paints and Cements

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for WALLS



Dr. David Roberts Veterinary Co., Inc., 118Grand Ave., Waukesha, Wis.



B^{UT} Roxanna met the judge's them a moment. The two women glance calmly. "That's all I have to say, I think, about Harold," she went on in a strange voice—a voice unlike her own; heart—she loves you and trusts you. "but 1 want you to know that Lucile, I'm only what I've made myself—an when she told her story, exonerated when she told her story, exonerated when she told her story, exonerated the was very fract. The same state the next mem

for Nancy."

for Nancy." There was a silence. His answer bad been like the thrust of a knife in an old wound, and Susan Blair shivered. Her pity for Roxanna softened her misery over Harold and softened her misery over Harold and after a moment she heard the other woman's voice again. There was a silence. His answer of the packages. Finally the last purchaser drifted out, and there was a lull, as often happens toward the noon hour. "Aloysius," said his wife, "David's today—an' it's all right!" Pan grunted

woman's voice again. "I know what you mean," Roxanna said quietly. "You mean that I've made Nancy share my disgrace—that my revenge on you was to ruin my own child's happiness. But it wasn't that. I longed for her, I wanted her love—just as much as you do! I had repented, and I thought I might have repented, and I thought I might have

repented, and I thought I might have that happiness. I was a fool! I couldn't have what I had thrown away—I know it now. I've made her bear it all; I've even seen people slight her—" Mrs. Blair made an involuntary little exclamation, a cry of protest. "No, no—not Nancy!" "Yees, Nancy," the other woman re-plied gently. "I've made her suffer for me; but she shall bear no more, if I can help it. I came here tonight to tell you about Harold, and to ask you to go to her. She loves you as her to go to her. She loves you as her mother. She doesn't know I'm going away, and she'll need you when she does. I shall never trouble her again, but I shall love her. Ah!' Roxanna's face quivered, and she looked from one to the other. "I am punished! I love her better than life, and I can give her nothing but misery. She's better without me. Go to her and take care of her. I'm going away tonight!"

"David's Coming!"

As she finished speaking, she moved toward the door. The judge roused himself. He was almost stunned by Roxanna's words, but he snatched at the fact that deliverance was coming

Involuntarily Susan Blair rose from her chair and went to the other woman, holding out her hands, tears

in her eyes. "I—I'm so`sorry!" she stammered. "I know!"

"but I want you to know that Lucile, I'm only what I've made myself—an when she told her story, exonerated me. She was very frank. She said Zedlitz was afraid of me; he thought I knew more than I did, and he ac-cused me to discredit me, to get me to discredit me, to get me out of the way. I want you to know to tell Nancy." Judge Blair looked at her sternly. "I regret it," he said. "I regret the mortification of it, both for you and for Nancy." ing that help was needed, did up some

Pap grunted.

"I know it's all right. I guess Har-old ain't goin' to agree with you, tho." "I'm afraid he'll have a bad time," she sighed regretfully. "I'm sorry, but I guess likely it'll do him good." "Maybe it will, and maybe it won't. There's a good many nearly horizoning

"Maybe it will, and maybe it won't. There's a good many people beginning to find out that you can't do wrong without gettin' punished some way," "You mean Nancy's mother? Poor child, she's feelin' bad over that letter. As far as I can make out, Roxanna's done the heat thing—she's gone to be done the best thing—she's gone to be a Red Cross nurse; but the poor child feels as if she'd shown that she wasn't happy with her."

"I guess it wouldn't have took a

"I guess it wouldn't have took a magnifying glass to find that out. I s'pose I'm out a bookkeeper!" "Of course you are. I forgot to tell you the judge 'phoned, too. The Blairs are coming down to the house here for a month." "Goin' to build a barn-fire an' cele-brate?" asked Mr. Chubh dreby "By

"Goin' to build a barn-fire an' cele-brate?" asked Mr. Chubb dryly, "By the way, Martha, they found a lot of stuff-papers an' such like—in the Zedlitzes' cellar. I went down there an' collected that last flag. It kind o' hurt me to have it there. I paid 'em—the marshal's men—ten dollars for it. Say, I sold it to Zedlitz for seven!"

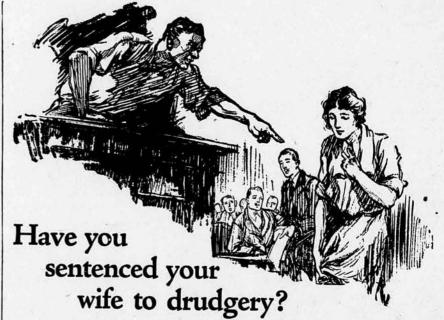
"Well, if that ain't just like you!" Mrs. Chubb was on her way upstairs. "Aloysius, you see that the service-flag is up full staff. It's caught on the rose-vine now. I—dear me, I wonder—"

was innocently mecking up his sales, his mecking up his sales, his mecking up his sales, his means mounted and his brows knit. She did not finish her sentence, but went upstairs, moving rather slowly and panting a little, for she was stout. She was fond of David, and his complete vindication had that mute symbol of French martyr-dom; and a light came into them. "I'm going to France," she replied and been accepted. I can do that. I've been doing a selfish, a wicked thing, to kill my girl's happiness, and now I want to make a sacrifice, any kind of a sacrifice, to atone for it. Ud be willing to give my life!" Involuntarily Snew her chair She paused. Pap was innocently engaged in checking up his sales, his spectacles mounted and his brows knit. She did not finish her sentence, but waster machine machine

cheerful smile. "My dear," she said. "I've just got a message for you over the 'phone. Your father says he an' Mrs. Blair are "I—I'm so~sorry!" she stammered. "Know!" Roxanna took her hands and held for them at six o'clock."

A New Story Next Week

N THE issue of next week you'll find a new serial, Marching Sands, by Harold Lamb. It tells of the adventures of Captain Robert Gray, late of the United States Army, in the strange Land of the Wasun, on the Plains of Gobi. This is the best bit of fiction we have printed for many a year. It contains mystery, and peculiar adventures in a little-known land; there is a thrill until the last line is reached. Thru it all runs a delightful love story. We hope you'll start in the issue of next week, for we feel you'll enjoy it, and that you will follow the adventures of Captain Gray and his associates to the end.



HINK IT OVER. Think of the I life your wife leads with the lighting and cooking arrangements you have given her - and think how much of her drudgery is unnecessary!

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A deep flush went up over Nancy's out of her daughter's life again like a

A deep hush went up over Mancy's pale face. "Oh!" she cried. Then she stopped, ashamed of the thrill of joy that swept over her. Her hand closed on the letter in her lap. "If there's anything that I can do to help?" suggested Mrs. Chubb timidly. Nancy smiled.

Nancy smiled. "I think not, dear Mrs. Chubb. You see, there are plenty of flowers in the

of sorrow.

of sorrow. "Oh, Mrs. Chubb, I ought to have gone down to help, but—I just couldn't today!" She looked pitifully at the older woman. "I could only think of my mother's last letter!" Mrs. Chubb nodded, fingering her

apron.

Mrs. Chubb nodded, fingering her apron. "Don't take on, dear, don't! It's-it's best, I know it's best!" Nancy dashed away her tears. "She asks me not to grieve. I--I did try to do my best. Do-do you think I did my best, Mrs. Chubb? You saw us together." "I know you did! Why, Mr. Chubb thinks you're a wonder. I--I don't know what to say, I'm so happy about David; but, Miss Nancy, we don't know what to say because-" "Because of Harold." Nancy looked at her sadly. "Yes, it's terrible. He's mamma's nephew; but, it had to be set right. I'm so glad, too, for David." "He's comin' today," said Mrs. Chubb. "He's been sent about the Zed-litz house, and he said he'd stop here. Would-would you like to see him, Miss Nancy?"

Nancy looked out of the window, and blushed so beautifully that Mrs. Chubb

"Please tell him, when he comes, "Please tell him, when he comes, that—if he has time—I should like to see him. I'm going over to the house now. I shall be there until father comes."

When Mrs. Chubb was gone Nancy knelt down beside the window, and laying her mother's letter on the sill, read it again.

It was substantially the letter that Roxanna had written that night when the recognition of David's willingness to be silent for Nancy's sake, because he thought Nancy loved Harold, had done so much to break down her own selfishness; but the end of the letter was different. She had written then that at last she had learned the inevit-able lesson that we reap as we sow was different. She had written then that at last she had learned the inevit-able lesson that we reap as we sow. and that she could never recover the happiness she had lost; but afterward she added, the greater truth that had been borne in upon her—that her re-pentance could never save her until she had made it real by an act of self-sacrifice, of self-immolation. She was doing that now. She was going to give her daughter up to her old life, to her father's care, to happiness again; and she was going to give herself to good works, to hardship, to the saving of others, until she could feel that she had worked out her own salvation. "Sin must be paid for," she wrote, "and I have been making you pay with me. It was wrong, dear, and I ought to suffer for it; but I sha'n't suffer if I know you are happy again."

David and_Nancy and Love!

"If I know you are happy again!" "If I know you are happy again!" The words came back to Nancy a little later, when she entered the old house that she loved so well. It had never scened to her so beautiful, so real, so familiar. A rush of joy filled her. She was ashamed of it, but she could not resist it not resist it.

She ran from room to room, arranging the dear, familiar things, looking at the very pictures on the walls as if she had never seen them before, touch-ing the keys of the piano with fond. ing the keys of the piano with fond, caressing fingers. She was careful to order just the dinner she knew her father liked best, and she went into the garden herself to gather the let-tuce and the fruit. She found that beaches were ripe, and she gathered some roses and carried them into the hall; but she could not put them there. for they brought back that terrible scene when her mother had claimed her. her.

She stood thinking that it was strange, like a dream. That very morning Roxanna had sailed on a Red Cross ship for Europe. She had gone

out of her daughter's life again like a shadow. Nancy carried the roses into the drawing-room, and was arranging them there, when she heard a step on the gravel path below the window and looked out. It was David Locke. For an instant she stood silent, thinking of Harold McVengh, of the terrible thing that had happened to him, and then she opened the long window on the veranda. "Won't you come in here?" she said gently. David looked up at her, and his face see, there are plenty of flowers in the garden, and the grapes are ripe. The cook must have come down this morn-ing, for mama always sends her ahead." She stopped short with a shock. How easy it was to fall back and think of Susan-kind, even-tempered Susan-as "mama"! She rose from her seat with a desperate little gesture of sorrow.





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Just a thin blue thread but it saves you money

The thin blue thread marker that runs in the center between the strands of H. & A. "Blue Heart" Manila Rope adds nothing to its strength. Yetitis asymbol of long-wearing rope.

It is your assurance, when you buy, of getting exceptionally good rope — rope that will prove its worth in long wear. Cheap rope, as farmers everywhere are coming to realize, is a poor buy in the long run. It wears out quickly and costs time and money to replace.

The best grade manila rope, on the other hand, more than pays for itself in long, depend-able service. Make sure of getting such rope this way when you buy.

Untwist the strands. If you find a thin blue thread marker - the "Blue Heart"-running

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The "Blue Heart" marker means that the rope is genuine H. & A. "Blue Heart" Manila, spun from high grade, pure selected manila fibre by rope makers with over half a century's accumulated experience.

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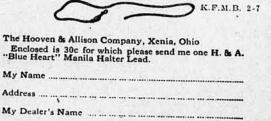


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title you to our special Halter Lead made from H. & A. "Blue Heart" Manila Rope. It is 1/2 inch in diameter, 7 feet long, and is fitted with a snap at one end. It is offered to introduce to you the great strength and wonderful wearing qualities of H. & A. "Blue Heart" Manila Rope.

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cost. It was very brave, Miss Nancy, and I don't think he was himself when he denied it. Those people had got the letters away, and he was madmad with anxiety and dismay. You see, he says General Goldsmith was away when he went to the hotel, so he had time on his hands, and he came down here. He doesn't excuse it, but we know he never meant to to have to have here here mean to base the letters. I want you to know that I did all I could. It's been a grief to me that I seemed to be in it, to have to hurt him, when—when I knew you cared!"

"You mean you think I love Har-

eyes. They were not full of tears, as smile. "Why don't you tell me the he had feared, or even of dismay. truth, David?" They were looking at him so kindly, "I think you know it !" he exclaimed so hopefully, that he did not know reproachfully. Then he took a step to there thinking how hard it was for "the tear and caught."

had been arranging.

"I thought so myself," she said gently; "but I know now I never did really. I have broken the engagement, David."

He said nothing. A great light came into his eyes, and then they clouded. His glance had passed from her slen- lic der figure, in the simple cotton dress that she had worn in Mr. Chubb's shop, to the richly toned old room, the never give her.

"You've lifted a load from my heart," he said at last, in a sober voice. "I could think of nothing but you-how it would wound and distress and mortify you. I would have done anything, given anything to spare you !"

Nancy took her mother's letter out application of her pocket and held it in her hand. in detail. In that letter Roxanna had told her in detail. of David's confession of his love for her.

"David," she said gently, "Harold never cared for me after he knew about—my mother. I offered him his freedom then, but he refused it. He freedom then, but he refused it. He was \$668,896,574, as compared with declared that what had happened \$558,179,385 in 1923, an increase of made no difference, and yet I knew \$110,717,189—and \$170,272,000 more it did. Do you know about her—that than the average from 1912 to '16. she's gone?'

She lifted her eyes to his face, and they were full of tears. "Yes," he replied simpl

But Nancy did not take his hand. She saw the effort he was making to hide his heart. "Why are you going?" she asked softly.

softly. He raised his head at that. "I'm going because if I stay I shall offend you. You're Judge Blair's daughter, and I'm only a soldier. If I stay, I shall tell you the truth. I'm human, you know, and—if you look at me like that, Nancy, I shall surely tell you the truth!"

"There's nothing nobler or better than a soldier of freedom, and I'm proud of you, David!" She smiled, and there was something of the old

what to make of it. He had come ward her and caught her hands in his. there thinking how hard it was for "Are you only mocking me, Nancy?" her! he said passionately. "You know I "I—yes, I did," he replied almost love you—I have always loved you!" bluntly. "Yes," she replied softly, "I know— She turned her eyes away and my mother told he in this letter." looked pensively at the roses that she "You know? Nancy, is it possible had been arranging.

that-"I-I'm glad, David !"

THE END

But Dipping is Best

What is the most effective treatment for ce on cattle? William Carpenter. Scott City, Kan.

Most lice on cattle may be destroyed by dipping the animals in a properly air of substantial wealth, the things diluted hog dip. Directions are given that belonged to her and that he could never give her. dip the animals.

There are types of lice which do not respond to this treatment. I suggest that you write to the United States Department of Agriculture, Washing-ton, D. C., for Farmers' Bulletin 909, Cattle Line and How to Emader Cattle Lice and How to Eradicate Them, which may be obtained free on application, and which explains these Dr. R. R. Dykstra. K. S. A. C.

\$170,272,000 More

The Kansas farm income last year

Alfalfa 30 Years Old

"Yes," he replied simply. "I know. A. H. Luffer of Larned has a field She was kind to me." He got up with of alfalfa 30 years old. It produced an effort of self-control and held out 3½ tons of excellent hay last year, his hand. "I suppose I must go—" from four cuttings.



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power, new ratings are necessary. The new Case 18-32 replaces the 15-27, and we now build a 25-45 instead of the 22-40. These more powerful tractors have been produced—with no change in bore and stroke, no additional weight and no increase in price.

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The Pound Goes Up The British pound, which shortly after the war fell to around \$3.50, \$4.860, due to careful, conservative timancing on the part of the British people. The depreciation of the pound drove sold out of circulation in Great British to legally paper notes of the Bank of England were exchangeable for trisky. A demand for gold in exchange for the paper promise to pay gold brane the dater a few attempts no one way. Thus the Bank of England, way. Thus the Bank of England way. Thus the Bank of Engla cared to arouse official ire in this way. Thus the Bank of England was able to maintain a fair reserve of gold, and by degrees sterling registered an advance. About two years ago it crossed the \$4 level; for some time it maintained itself around \$4.20; then it began climbing again, halting in the vicinity of \$4.50; and finally it began another advance which has

in the vicinity of \$4.50; and finally it began another advance which has brought it almost to par. Great Britain is now contemplat-ing the resumption of the payment of gold on demand in exchange for notes, and it is reported the Bank of England desires the support of Amer-ican banks for this purpose. That support probably is unnecessary, but it would prove an anchor to wind-ward. The United States, in the hard times following the panic of 1873, resolved to resume specie payments, and Congress adopted legislation to that end in 1875. Many persons feared this was a rash step and might bring ruin. But the result was that the mere declaration that the Government would redeem its paper was sufficient to send that paper to par. There was not the slightest evidence of a run on the treasury, and with the advent of 1876 the United States was on a hard-money basis without any demand whatsoever for the translation of notes money basis without any demand whatsoever for the translation of notes into coin. The same thing is likely to happen in Great Britain. The fact that people can get gold if they want it will make them cease to want it.

Our Harvest Problems

Kansas has three harvesting prob-lems. And on these hinge the develop-ment of a better agricultural program. The first is a method of gathering grain sorghums that will, enable ex-tensive production without the tedious labor of cutting the heads by hand. It is apparent, from the demonstrated ability of the grain sorghums to re-place corn profitably in Western Kan-sas, that farmers in that section are only awaiting satisfactory harvesting machinery before increasing the acre-age. Kansas has three harvesting probage.

The second problem affects the pro-The second problem affects the pro-duction of Sweet clover seed. Present methods of harvesting this seed are wasteful owing to the tendency toward shattering. The third need is the in-vention of a satisfactory bean harvest-er which will stimulate soybean pro-duction. duction.

In Eastern Kansas the wagon-box header, now on the market, will care for the needs of grain sorghum pro-ducers, but that method is too slow for the big acreages that wheat farm-ers of the West desire to grow. A different machine must be developed for that section. The Sweet clover and bean harvesters will find the greatest welcome in Eastern Kansas. H. B. Walker, professor of agricul-tural engineering in the Kansas State Agricultural College, has set bis de-fartment to solving these problems. Studies are being made of the require-ments, and some progress has been af-In Eastern Kansas the wagon-box ments, and some progress has been af-fected in developing the necessary machinery, altho the department will not be ready to make recommendations un-til further tests have been made.

Scrub Cattle Trade Heavy BY R. H. LUSH

Scrub cow dealers have been reaping a harvest from Kansas farmers. them to sell thousands of so-called dairy cattle at auction thruout the state. Just how active these dealers in scrubs have been is indicated by reports from the state livestock sanitary commissioner's office. According to these reports 6,456 catKANSAS FARMER

sociation advocates widespread public-ity and legislation to prevent the sale of inferior cattle for dairy purposes. However, the most effective method

of stopping such sales is local action in advising against buying these cattle.

Instead of letting your meighbor al-ways borrow your Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breeze, why not get a one dollar bill from him for 52 issues of in advising against buying these cattle. our paper so it could come to his own Extension workers and breeders have address and you send us the dollar prevented a good many sales, but the and credit will be given you on your cattle were eventually sold in unorgan- paper for a year.

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Dodge Brothers Coach measures up in every detail to the high standards of its builders.

Low, graceful and sturdy, it looks and performs the part of a true aristocrat.

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Jack's Trail Is Smooth Now

But All Along the Way He and Grandmother Have Been the Greatest of Pals

BY F. B. NICHOLS

S I walked thru the Union Station Aat Kansas City a few days ago I glanced casually at a group of men standing near the Pullman ticket windows. Suddenly the face of a well-built young fellow lit up with a smile of recognition, and he came toward

16

or recognition, and he came toward me with an outstretched hand. "Hello, Nick," he exclaimed. My mind did some quick work—and then I "registered." "Howdy, Jack," I returned heartily. "How's everything?" "Fine." And Ull som he looked it!

And I'll say he looked it! He told me briefly of his work, and the progress of the five years since 1 had seen him. "We always kept running into each

other during the war, didn't we?" he asked presently. of the "Yea." I answered, doubtfully, and ation.

then with quick remembrance: "By the way, how's your grand-mother?"

mother?" "Great!" he declared. "She looks better than she did five years ago." "I'm mighty glad," I said. Soon he was called away, and I stood there until the train which would take me back to Topeka was ready, thinking of Jack and our strange meetings of bygone years. Out of the weird mists of the past the memories mirrored up those incidents of agony and of joy, in the days of the Great and of joy, in the days of the Great Adventure.

Where the Trail Started

Back in those times when most of Back in those times when most of young America, apparently, was train-ing for the coming trial of brute force "Over There," on a brief furlough from camp, I had called at a receiving station to visit my friend, the ser-geant, who was going to take a new "delegation" to camp that night. I was talking to him while the room be-came filled with its quota of young enen-of the giorious youth of the land she knows what war is, too." was talking to him while the room be-came filled with its quota of young ently. "Isn't she a wonder? And men-of the glorious youth of the land she knows what war is, too." —at the start of the path eastward for "Right," I replied..... -at the start of the path eastward for sacrifice..... Presently they were all there, including Jack, who spoke

13

to me with pride in his voice. As the last name was checked off the big sergeant looked the group over for a moment. Into his eyes—I could tell, for I knew him well—there came a look of sadness. He realized, as did none of the rest of us, just what the future might hold. A quarter of a century in the army had not dulled, as is sometimes the case, a human consideration for his fellows. Across the years, he told me later in the evening, there came the thoughts of San Juan Hill, and of the terrific onslaught of his outfit on those gentle slopes.....of the spiteful snarl of a machine gun just ahead.....and the scream of agony of a buddy as he pitched head first and dying into a trench before him.....and of that look of white rage across the face of his corporal as he bayoneted one of the men behind the gun two seconds later....

After a short talk in which "Serg"

After a short talk in which "Serg" fold the boys of the first army expe-riences they might meet, he ordered them out of the building, and then to form in front of it in two lines. The recruits worked themselves awkwardly, after some delay, into the required ranks. The sergeant called the roll; all were present. A crowd, composed of relatives and friends, pressed closely around, trying, as best it could, to send the boys "away with a smile." On the surface, and in a superficial way, it was gay.....but here and there among the older folks, here and there among the older folks. the mothers especially, there were some who sensed the tragedy of it all. One, Jack's grandmother, stood far-ther back than the rest, with eyes only for him. Did the memories come to her of that other day of agony, long, long ago, in the .ittle Ohio town-ah, those weary years—when as a young mother she had watched, with her two little children, her husband line up like that at the start of another long trail? It was a path which had led straight to a soldier's death from gunshot wound along the dreadful a gunshot wound along the dreadful "bloody angle" of that steel swept stone wall at Gettysburg.

The roll call was finished. "Form into ranks of four." After some delay this change was

accomplished. "Forward March."

Jack waved to his grandmother, and she waved back.

He was near the head of the column, and it quickly turned on to another street, and out of sight.

For a moment the grandmother placed her handkerchief to her eyes. Then she turhed, and with a firm bread walked up the street ..

Ah, you mothers and grandmothers of America. The power that drove American bayonets from Dead Man's Hill to Sedan along the bloody waters of the historic Meuse came from your training years before we even heard of the German idea of world domin-

In War's Grim School

I stood by the side of a field one morning, in a training area in Central France, watching an infantry outfit repeating a charge on a trench system, with admiration in mind.

with admiration in mind. "Those birds will be leaving soon," I remarked to a friend standing near. "So I hear." he replied. "Where're they from?" "Mostly Middle West. Infantry's up here—artillery's down south some-where, around Bordeaux I think." Another charge, with the light flash-ing from polished bayonets, brought one sound near us.

one squad near us. "At rest," snapped the officer in

"When are you going up?" I asked presently, as I noticed that his officer was showing indications of calling the outfit to attention.

"The rumor says tomorrow," he an-swered. "So 'long, see you in Berlin, maybe." "Attention."

As I walked away the officer ap-parently was giving a final lecture on anatomy as applied to bayonet work ...

When Guns Were Still

Two or three days after that fateful November 11, 1918, I glanced, one morning, quite casually, out of the little Signal Corps shelter up toward Dun-sur-Meuse in which I had spent the night. While I had slept on two boards, they were dry, and there was a roof above. Before me, however, on a large field, was a regiment of in-fantry, which had slept in the mud. There had been considerable rain, and of course most of the pup tents were flooded.

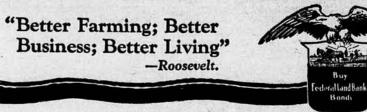
Presently the regiment got under-way, all except one squad, which ob-

intact, but nothing else much was. His clothes were torn and dirty, and I judged, from his pack, that he was down to a shelter half and a blanket, a mess kit and mighty liftle else. "Anyhow you're alive," I said presently.

"Yea, that's something, isn't it?" he replied, with a smile. And then he laughed.

"You don't look very damned much like you just stepped out of a band box with those clothes of yours, either....."

"Think you'll ever get back to Kansas?" I asked as I departed. "Damn if I know," he replied. "But



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ORE THAN 300,000 farmers are improving their farms and paying off their mortgages through the aid of Federal Land Bank Loans. They enjoy easier terms and lower interest rates. These helpful loans are made by the twelve Federal Land Banks, with combined assets of nearly \$1,000,000,000. More than \$45,000,000 of their capital stock has been supplied by active farmers through their farm loan associations.

Thus the twelve Federal Land Banks, with their more than 4,600 local national farm loan associations, make up the farmers' own borrowing and investment system, operating under Government supervision.

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After a time in the second sec

The fittle grandmother took nort of his arm. "Jack, Jack, are you really back?" Two big tears came into her eyes. "Yes, dear," he said as they started up the platform, with his arm over her shoulders.

Then the Pigs Grow

Then the Pigs Grow Evidently the McLean county system of hog raising is "going over." It was developed by the folks down in Mc-tean county, Illinois, and now is used very largely there, and in many other states. 'Anyhow here's how it works: The pigs are farrowed in pens that have been thoroly cleaned with lye and boiling water, and supplied with new bedding. The sows before being put in the clean pens for farrowing are scrubbed with soap and warm water to free them from dirt, which may ontain eggs of roundworms and other germs likely to be abundant in the soil of permanent hog lots. Later the sows and litter are hauled (not driven) to clean pasture, which has not been used for hogs since cultivation. Until they are taken to pasture the sows and pigs are kept strictly in their clean quarters, and until the pigs are at past 4 months old they are on pasture of they started this way are pro-tected from the danger of serious in-fection with worms and hog-lot dis-ses, and get a strong advantage over those that must take their chances with the ever-present pests.

Those that must take their chances with the ever-present pests. An Illinois farmer, expressing his experience with the new system, says. "Rather than go back to former meth-ods, Lywould quit the business. The practice of the McLean county system at present prices means the difference between profit and loss to the hog raiser. The system gives the little pigs a fine start and keeps them com-ing in a healthy, thrifty condition from the very first, which is essential, as a poor start means a runty, unprofitable pig fater. Thus I have been able to market my 6-months' pigs at from 200 to 270 pounds. Under the old sys-tem my hogs often did not reach this weight as yearlings. By marketing hogs at 6 months old I have been able not only to sell on the high September and April markets, but also to raise twice as many pigs with the same equipment."

Five Years of Prohibition

Prohibition has been in effect five years. Some of its opponents point to the lawlessness that afflicts the country as an effect of prohibition, and bootlegging lawlessness is. It takes the place of saloon lawlessness, for that matter. But if lawlessness is attributed to prohibition, then, re-marks the Springfield Republican, other conditions must be. It mentions some things that are contemporary with national prohibition. One is the underwriting of more life insurance than was ever dreamed of before pro-hibition. Last year alone four-fifths as much life insurance was written in the United States as was in force all told 10 years ago. "Two-thirds of the holders of life insurance," says

 February 1, 1920
 INTRVSAS FARMELT SERECT

 I'll tell the world it's a hell of a ways from here?
 the Republican, "are wage earners." Another matter is savings bank de posits. In 1912 they aggregated 8 posits. In 1912 to 20 billions by 1919. Intersted and with much pep. She wore fore. In the background was the rest posits increased by 4 interested in that long ago era-be-fore we knew what a gas mask or a hand grenade looked like. Son there eame a whistle "over in the diators," and we went out on the platform. In came the trafin. Jack Kissed the grandmother before he did the young lady. Atter a, time he glanced over my "way. ""What's the latest from Dun-sur-""".
 Intrv ARY MELT & BREEZE

 Mather matter is savings bank deposits. I'lack's grandmother. Mather matter is savings bank deposits. In came the trafin. Jack Kissed the grandmother before he did the young lady. ""What's the latest from Dun-sur-""".
 Intrv ARY MAS FARMHELT & BREEZE

In prohibition is debited with law-lessness, it must be likewise credited. Chief. Justice Taft is quoted as saying it will take 20 years to size up pro-hibition finally. After five years there is much violation of the Constitution and the law and undoubtedly much figure drinking and a good deal will The sugar factory at Garden City made 154,279 sacks of sugar in last fall's run, from 53,599 tons of beets. This was the largest run in its history. and the law and undoubtedly much More than 5 million farms in the liquor drinking, and a good deal illi- United States produce eggs each year.

"Z" Engines

"Z" Engines Over 408,000 farmers use this engine because it is low in Afract cost, low in operating cost, and is absolutely dependable. It is simple, at urdy and pow-erful. Has high tension bas-tery or magneto ignition; suction fuel feed; positive iubrication; renewable die-cast bearings; parts subject to wear are Bardened and found; cranktaft, con-stored parts are used than in any other engine of this type, at the lowest price possiblet

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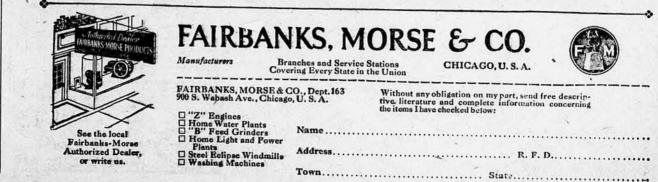
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It Is a "Safe" Legislature?

Members Who Voted Selves Salary Hike Eye Primary and Bank Guarantee Hungrily

BY CLIF STRATTON

actionary legislation in 20 years. That is what is meant by the phrase, "the safest legislature in 20 years." With five institutions to visit, the members of the non-salaried board of Its second act after increasing its regents are going to have to devote a own salary thrn appropriating \$5 a day a member for expenses, was to kill almost unanimously the proposed during the year, or more than a month child labor amendment to the federal ture probably will meet the approval of most of the state. Whether the same state of mind will prevall for the next four or five years is slightly open to question, but is not improbable, In killing the amendment at the

The bank guaranty act, altho not in The bank guaranty act, altho not in the foreground the first two weeks of the session, may develop the most bit-ter scrap of the 1925 session. There are a large number of state bankers who want the law repealed entire. They assert it is not a guaranty at all but only a subterfuge. They claim the guaranty fund is $8\frac{1}{2}$ million dol-lars to the bad right now, and that it never can pay out. Even interest paynever can pay out. Even interest pay-ments on the guaranty fund certifi-cates, they maintain, cannot be met by the maximum of five annual assess-ments on member banks allowed by Jaw.

Friends of the guaranty act, on the other hand, point out that the law was not intended as a protection for the bank and its stockholders, but for the depositor, and that so far it has served that purpose. These advocate a tight-

promise to fight the repeal of the act Hiawatha, one of the high class mem-to the finish. Derived States of the lower house, but not quite onsidered, probably will stay the ambitious to be, was elected president. ambitions of many of those opposed to the law, just as members are getting cold feet on repealing the primary act. Price wailed about the primary law. Separation of the state educational institutions from the penal and charit-able institutions thru the creation of a super-board of regents for the schools is a likely outcome of this session. Senate and house committees have re-ported a measure providing for a nonproviding salaried, not even per diem, board of nine members to supervise the five-it will be six if the Dodge City college is established as a state school—state educational institutions. The present system of business administration of the funds appropriated these schools, about half of the entire state appro-priations, probably will be followed, as it is planned to have the state business manager work for both the new board of regents and the present state board of regents, which would remain as a full-time salaried board of administration over the penal and charitable institutions.

A SANSAS legislature whose mem-bers started out by hiking their board increased considerably in vol-own salaries thru an evasion of ume as a result of Governor Davis's the constitution. ill-advised and poorly.executed attempt In which a bill was introduced to re-tor or a separate board increased considerably in vol-ill-advised and poorly.executed attempt in which a bill was introduced to re-tor or a separate board increased considerably in vol-set or present of the closing days of the Jegislature; Which desired ardently at the start ley was out of office three days when to repeal or at least seriously cripple Paulen came in and promptly rein-stated him. Has been spending the third working week of the session trying to find out the

the primary law; Has been spending the third working week of the session trying to find itself. Just where it will wind up no one knows. Heralded as the "safest legis-lature in 20 years," it has for its highest ideal a return to the political and business practices of the period previous to 1907. Only cold feet on the part of mem-bers who desire to remain in politics apparently will prevent the most re-actionary legislation in 20 years." Its second act after increasing its the primary law; stated him. Friends of the separate board point out that the board of administration has its hands full with the penal and charitable institutions, and gives little to the hand, the schools have made and until Gov-ernor Davis exploded after his defeat for re-election, have not suffered, so anyone could notice, from alleged po-litical domination. With five institutions to visit, the members of the non-salaried board of regents are going to have to devote a

open to question, but is not improbable, to find nine big business men who can In killing the amendment at the devote two months a year to the state first opportunity the legislature po-schools and their problems. Formet litely but firmly—and gently—ignored members of the board, notably W. E. Governor Paulen. The governor had Hoch of Marion and W. P. Lambert-recommended that the child labor son of Fairview, maintain that a sep-amendment be referred to the voters arate full-time board will be better at the next general election for an ex- and more economical in the long run, pression of opinion on which the next but agree that the governor should legislature could base a vote. He re- not have the power to remove members iterated this plan in a special message of the board at pleasure.

legislature could base a vote. He re-iterated this plan in a special message of the board at pleasure. A moderate building program for the adopted a resolution rejecting the state institutions seems to be likely amendment. The senate adopted the rejection amendment the same day, altho not by nearly so unanimous a vote as in the house. The house vote was 101 to 21; the senate, 30 to 9. 'Twill Be a Real Scrap The bank guaranty act, altho not in other four schools might have better and larger buildings, and apparently kissed the dormitory for the Aggle girls good-bye forever. The women's clubs still are pushing it, but the wo-men aren't going to get much atten-tion from this legislature.

Repeal 'Em, the Cry

Repeat Entry, the Cry Bills to repeal the anti-cigarette law, the movie censorship law, and various other regulatory measures distasteful to the Associated Industries, are on their way to more or less successful endings. They probably will be dis-posed of after the primary, the bank guaranty act, and proposed consolida-tions are settled. The measure to re-store passes to members was killed in committee, after it had grown cold overnight. overnight.

that purpose. These advocate a tight- overnight, ening of the regulation of banks by The Kansas Day festivities went of? the state banking department, but much as usual. W. E. Archer of promise to fight the repeal of the act Hiawatha, one of the high class mem-to the finish. The effect of a repeal, when fully so "safe" as most of the others are

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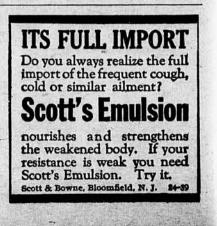
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us Telephones Give

Following the war, when business and social life surged again into normal channels, there came the cry from homes, hospitals, schools, mills, offices-"Give us telephones." No one in the telephone company will ever forget those days.

Doctors, nurses and those who were sick had to be given telephones first. New buildings, delayed by war emergency, had to be constructed, switchboards built and installed. cables made and laid, lines run and telephones attached.

The telephone shortage is never far away. If for a few years the telephone company was unable to build ahead. if it neglected to push into the markets for capital and materials for the future's need, there would be a recurrence of the dearth of telephones. No one could dread that eventuality so much as the 350,000 telephone workers.

Bell System engineers measure and forecast the growth of communities; cables, conduits, switchboards and buildings are planned and developed years ahead of the need. that facilities may be provided in advance of telephone want. Population or business requirement added to a community must find the telephone ready, waiting.



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Emerson-Brantingham, Rockford, Illinois Without obligation send me Free Book on E-B 12-20 Tractor. 201 Name

Address 1 am also interested in.

Will Your Neighbor Join?

There Are Many Opportunities for Farm Boys And Girls-Here's One of Them

BY THE CLUB MANAGERS

tries, and even the ones who lost money the best stories sent in at the close of because of misfortune, write to us ask- the 1924 contest later on. Don't forget ing to be allowed another'year in the to watch for the first two of these contest so they can make back their stories which will appear in next week's losses. Most of the old members intend to re-enroll, but they shouldn't put it So far we have no full teams in any country but at the present rate of a

things wide awake all the time for county leader? Of course, we should, because then we know we have some-one "at the wheel" who will steer the county toward victory. The new rules have been sent out to very by and girl who have acted for

The new rules have been sent out to every boy and girl who have asked for them. We wonder how the old mem-bers like the changes we made in the rules. If there is something in particu-lar that you like about the rules for 1925 do us a favor by telling us what it is. We have tried to make them suit your needs because they are for you, and of course, any suggestions that you have may be worked out in the rules have may be worked out in the rules for another year.

How many other boys and girls want to know about the Capper Clubs? We put the application blank on this page for you to use in asking us to send you more information and the rules. If you are holding back because you don't know whether or not you will like the club, you are making a big mistake. Don't you want to know what the club work is some in the number of the back work is? Send in the application blank and we shall send the rules to you right away, and if you don't like them you don't have to enter the contest. Remember, the application blank when filled out and sent in does not place you under obligation to join the club, it just opens the door for you if you

Girls feed and care for their own chickens in the Capper Poultry Club, and boys raise pork for pork and beans. What makes it a real game, boys and girls, is the fact that what you raise is yours, and all the profits above pen and feed costs are yours. In the Capper Pig Club, Johnny's pig grows to be Johnny's hog, not father's; and the whole litter is his. Likewise in the Poultry Club, the chickens entered in the contest belong to the girl who enthere there because she will pay for them with money she earns by their production during the year. All the eggs, chicks and fried chicken produced by her little flock are hers, too. There's pleasure in raising your own purebred pigs and chickens, especially when you know that the profits you earn by special care and feeding are going to

be yours. Next week we will print two good stories: one written by a girl and one boy, each of whom were In three y Capper Clubs in 1924, cost the An stories about "Things I lion dollars.

ALL the stories sent in by 1924 club Learned in This Year's Contest Work" members tell of the pleasure of and "How I Fed and Cared for My feeding and caring for contest en-tries, and even the ones who lost money the best stories sent in at the close of

to re-enroll, but they shouldn't put it to re-enroll, but they shouldn't put it off too long. The applications from new members are coming in rapidly, they are getting the proper recommendations, too, and there are many old members going strong already. These are the boys and girls whom we shall pick soon for county leaders. Shouldn't we choose the rustler who boosters, and gives his or her time to the best to be had and who keeps very much questioned by the pig club things wide awake all the time for manues? Hander and and the Difference of the the first to fill the manues of members who first fill their county's team No. 1, in both clubs, pig and poultry. The managers are won-dering which club will succeed in get-gets out early, rounds up a bunch of the poultry club manager thinks more make sure the county representation is girls will enroll than boys, but that is the best to be had and who keeps very much questioned by the pig club things wide awake all the time for managers. However we shall know on county leader? Of course, we should, April 15 when the contest enrollment April 15 when the contest enrollment is closed. Do you think the pig club managers should set up the treats to Miss Gardner if she is successful in any limit the provide the state of the second set of the second secon enrolling the greater number?

A Republic in Africa?

Many English and other observers who have visited Africa recently ex-press the opinion that the day will come when Africa will be united under

come when Africa will be united under one government, probably a republic. European rule of Africa, particularly the central part, is doomed, they say. There is a rising tide of color in Africa. A desire for independence is said to be sweeping the continent. Economic conditions are unfavorable for the white man there. The country feems with blacks against whom ro

for the white man there. The country teems with blacks against whom no white laborer can compete. Contact with white men has brought some measure of education to the jungles, and taught the black men to understand their potential strength. The success of the Liberian republic on the west coast is an inspiration to the blacks. the blacks.

White rule in Africa always has white rule in Arrica always has been precarious. In some sections the proportion of population is 400 to 500 blacks to one white person. These sections are populated by tribes that have made some progress in agricul-ture and are self-supporting, loyal to be the the self supporting to be the sector. their own governments and hardy fighters.

Europe never has sought to colonize Africa as it has other sections of the world. Europe's game there has been the exploitation of African resources and the cheap labor. The blacks could swarm down and expel the 3 million whites any time they chose, if they only had the ambition and intelligent direction.

Right on the Shins!

Charging that her husband's favorite pastime when at home is kicking her on the shins, Mrs. Florence Lucas of Wichita has filed suit for divorce from Leslie H. Lucas, a painter and decorator.

In three years the item of pilferage the American railroads 18 mil-

Look for this (Couvers) on the nurness	members of
Make Your Roofs	These are s
Last a Lifetime!	Ca
Positively that! The wonderful Seal-Tite method renews, preserves, and	
makes your old, wornout roofs wa- tertight. One sppli- cation lasts 10 years. Write today for this	I hereby n
great money-saving rooding offer.	
NO	(Write
Money	If chose instruction
Asked	rules. I p Farmer an
We send you everything you need to stop all roof	mation ab
leaks without asking you to send a single penny. No C.O.D. No notes. Pay four months later if our material proves to be exactly as represented.	Signed
Write! Don't put of another day finding out all about this wonderful way of	Approved.
We'll make you an offer so liberal, so clear, so sur- prisingly unprecedented that you simply MUST clar- advantage of it at ones. Don't wait for rain to ra- mind you that your root leaks. Write Yolh Y i Monarch Paint Co. Dept. 29-32 Cleveland, O.	Postoffice.
tranning on a sume out probit Warner one tommed of	the constraint and the second

McINTYRE-BURRALL CO., Green Bay, Wis,

Tool fullin (Summer) and the W

C	Capper Pig and Poultry Clubs
	Capper Building, Topeka, Kansas.
I hereby	make application for selection as one of the representatives of
(Wr	ite Pig or Poultry Club.)
rules. I Farmer	osen as a representative of my county I will carefully follow all lons concerning the club work and will comply with the contest promise to read articles concerning club work in the Kansas and Mail & Breeze, and will make every effort to acquire infor- about care and feeding of my contest entry.
Signed	Age
Approve	dParent cr Guardian
Postoffic	Ce Date R. F. D Date Date Age Limit: Boys 12 to 18; Girls, 10 to 18

Address-Capper Pig and Poultry Club Managers.

See the Lines and Ridges in this Boot Every one of them means More Days Wear

A boot—or something that looks like a boot—could be made with just a sole, an insole, a lining and an upper.

You could wear it a little while but not long. There are certain parts of a boot where you need extra strength. Where the most wear comes there must be reinforcement. The proper placing of these reinforcements requires much study and experience.

Between the lining and the outside of a "Ball-Band" boot are 10 pieces of reinforcement made of cloth thoroughly impregnated with rubber.

Some of these, for instance the large pieces on the front of the leg and instep, are very flexible. Others, like the pieces that go round back of the heel, are stiffeners and are thicker and heavier.

It is not the number of pieces in your boot that makes it strong. In fact, too many pieces would make the boot too stiff.

For example, the reinforcement at the ankle must be such that the flexibility is retained, but strengthened for the constant bending back and forth.

Where the sole joins the upper, you need enough material to keep the sole from breaking away and yet allow the sole to move with the action of the foot.

When the boot is all built up—that is, cemented together it is put into the vulcanizing oven, while still on a hollow aluminum last, and while under heat the air is drawn out of the lasts by powerful air pumps.

The entire boot is drawn down tight against the last under tremendous pressure and all the pieces are welded together —lining reinforcements and outside rubber all unite into a single piece.

Your finished boot therefore shows the lines and ridges where the extra thickness has been added, and that is what we mean when we say that every one of them means More Days Wear.

Over Ten Million people like you are buying and wearing "Ball-Band" Rubber and Woolen Footwear. For over 27 years the Red Ball trade mark has been the promise of More Days Wear and these more than ten million have found that they are sure of satisfaction when they buy "Ball-Band."

We make nothing but footwear and we know how

MISHAWAKA RUBBER & WOOLEN MFG. CO. 441 Water Street Mishawaka, Ind. "The House That Pays Millions for Quality"

"BALLOBAND" Rubber & Woolen FOOTWEAR

Heavy Dull Sandal Stout and durable.

4-Buckle All-Rubber Excluder Arctic

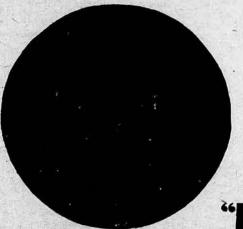
Look for the RED BALL

Short Boot

Extra strength where strength is needed to

withstand the strains of work and wear.

February 7, 1925



Look for the Red Ball. It is on every pair of "Ball-Band" Rubber and Woolen Footwear. If your dealer does not handle "Ball-Band" write for dealer's name and the free booklet "More Days Wear." It shows many kinds of Boots, Arctics, Light Rubbers, Work Shoes, Sport Shoes, Wool Boots and Socks — something for every member of the family.

KANSAS FARMER

Ensemble Suits Favored

by Spring Fashion

bengaline for your dress and coat lining. All the new suits have linings of the same material as the

dress. The skirt of the old suit

dress. The skirt of the old suit is used to lengthen the coat and to make the plain band at the bottom of the dress. Pin tucked bands cut from the skirt are in-serted as trimmings where the containing are sound on the coat

extensions are sewed on the coat or two rows of fur could be used.

colored silk for your dress and

coat lining. For a blue or black suit rust could be used or if you

prefer a more subdued color tan is good. An embroidered design would be pretty on the band at

the side front, and on the pockets

and cuffs of the dress. Any good dress should first be cut in mus-

terial. One then need not hesitate

lin.

The muslin garment should

"I graced the little table with a roasted goose

"I graced the little table with a roasted goose and all the trimmings necessary to make a real dinner. Everything was placed on the table at once. Plates and 'tools' with which to eat were placed in piles. Each guest went around and helped himself. Everyone ate where he pleased---on the library table, sofa, writing desk or what-ever seemed handiest. When the first helping was eaten, the guest returned to the table for a second or third helping."

Window Shades Take Her Eye

Most women have some phase of housekeeping in which they are more interested than others. Window curtains and shades appeal to Miss Jan-sky, county superintendent of schools in Republic county. In her trips around the county she often stops at farm homes to buy eggs, chickens or merely to chat. In one home she observed some unusual window shades. The woman of the house. Miss Jansky says, explained that the shades work

Miss Jansky says, explained that the shades were made of unbleached muslin, doubled. It had been sewed along the edges, washed and starched quite

If your suit is brown use rust

February 7, 1925

stiff. After a good ironing she had tacked the muslin to an ordinary shade roller, sewed a bit of blue border across the bottom and "presto, she had a fine shade for her dining room." The shades looked cool and clean. Keeping them clean was not difficult as they were easily laundered. In another home, the visitor noticed bright colored cretonne shades. These make a cheerful effect in the room furnishings but they fade easily and require replacing more often than do the muslin ones. do the muslin ones.

A Second Threshing Season

We are having our second threshing season in this neighborhood. Kafir is not mature when early grains are threshed and so we have a chance to compare cold weather work with the regular hot weather program. On this farm 15 acres of kafir bid fair to furnish us and others with plenty of chicken feed.

Two More New Agents

T wo new agents began work in Kansas coun-ties in January. Mrs. Laura Winters, former, home demonstration agent at Wheatland, Wyo., has been chosen to succeed Ethel McDonald as agent of Sedgwick county, and Elizabeth Quinlan will lead Clay county work. Mande Deely formwill lead Clay county work. Maude Deely, form-er home demonstration agent for this county is to remain in the extension service as an assistant in the millinery project.

Let Others Grind Sausage

BECAUSE the butchering season is short and, as **B** a rule, comes but once a year, a good many neg-lect to get the best of tools for the work with lect to get the best of tools for the work with meat. Power sausage grinders are rarely found in farm homes, yet the grinding by hand is usually a long, tedious job. Much more tedious is it when small food choppers are used. For all who have much sausage to grind by hand, it would prove a saving to take their meat to the meat market they usually patronize and have it ground by power. Patrons usually are charged very little for the service and the product is cut in better sausage style. Mrs. D. L. T.

The Beloved Face

(Lincoln Memorial at Washington, D. C.) By Carolyn Wells

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Graven in stone—the wisdom and the power, The winged thoughts, the judgment moving slow. The seeing gaze, that truth alone could know, The Union, which all else must overtower.

And in that face, prevision of the hour Which came, afreight with heartbreak and with woe;

Woe; Yet shining thru, with dominating glow, The purpose—that preserved our Nation's dower.

Oh. mighty marble—splendid and alone, Enshrined in that silent, sculptured space— Even Time's ruthlessness cannot dethrone Our Lincoln, safe within our flag's embrace. And all must marvel at that soul in stone— The majesty of that immortal face.

A Fanciful Salad Belonging to Festive' February

By Nell B. Nichols

S UGGESTIVE of festive February is a heart-shaped cherry salad. The form, of course, is symbolical of St. Valentine's Day and the fruit of Washington's birthday. If served the day that hearts are trumps, sponge cake, cut the same shape as the salad makes a fine accompaniment. Cookies cut to represent finy hatchets add charm to the colonial parties given on the twenty-second day of the second month.

Cherry Salad

Use the red canned cherries. To 1 cup of the juice add 1 cup of sugar and bring to the boiling point. Soften 1½ tablespoons gelatin in 1 cup of orange juice by soaking it 5 minutes. Add 3 tea-spoons of lemon juice. Pit 2 cups of the drained



cherries and stuff with nut meats. Place the fruit in the bottom of heart shaped molds which have first been dipped in cold water. Add the gela-tin and orange and lemon juice mixture to the hot cherry sirup and stir constantly until all the gel-atin is dissolved. Pour this over the cherries in the molds and let chill until firm. Remove from the molds and serve on lettuce leaves. Top the red hearts with a whipped cream salad dressing and sprinkle with tiny bits of candied or maras-chino cherries.

Whipped Cream Dressing

Beat 3 egg yolks or 1½ eggs until light; to them add 2 tablespoons sugar, ¼ tenspoon mustard and a speck of salt and peprika. Beat ½ cup vine-gar and add 1 tenspoon butter. Gradually stir this into the egg mix-

ture. · Cook in a double boiler until thick, stirring constantly. Just before serving take 1/2 cup heavy cream and whip. Fold this into the salad

Fold this lift the salar dressing. This salad with the dainty cake accompani-ments is suggested for February club refresh-ments. You will be recompensed for the extra time taken to pre-pare it by the delight of your guests.

By Audrie Myers Guild HAVING just returned from New York where I went for ideas and to buy merchandise, I want to tell you of one of the attractive ensemble suits I learned how to make. I went with a friend who is one of the leading dress manufacturers of the country. All the way to New York I admired her lovely en-semble suit and thought it was one of the many new costumes she had brought back from Paris. As soon as we reached the hotel

an editor of one of the publica-tions devoted exclusively to women's wear called to interview my friend. The editor admired the ensemble suit and asked to sketch it for her maga-zine to show what women were wearing. When we were alone again, my friend confided to me that a dear friend of hers had made the suit from a last season's model. She is one of those clever women who can make any kind of a dress without a pat-

22

tern. These are some of the pointers she gave me. To make over your last season's coat and skirt you will need enough faille silk, flat crepe or

"Kansas Grows Best Looking Girls"

W HILE Kansans at home 'and all over the United States celebrated the admission of our state into the Union, Vada Watson, the Kansas Wheat Girl, carried the state's greetings and a message of prosperity to President Coolidge with the silken bag of Harding wheat. The President replied, "Kansas not only 'grows the best wheat in the world' but the best looking girls."

In presenting the bag of wheat, Miss Watson said: "Mr. President, I am greatly honored today by the privilege of being in your presence. Kansas, whose farmers I represent on this occasion, not only grows more wheat than any other state, but 'Kansas grows the best wheat in the world.' I

S'CARCELY a day goes by that the Service t Corner Editor's mail doesn't include at least one plea, won't you please help me plan a party? We have some games and suggestions that always are ready to send out but we would like more. Will you not help by telling us about the most successful party you ever attended? What invitations were sent, how was the house decorated, what games were played and what were the refreshment? the refreshments?

you have a favorite way of preparing left-over meat or vegetables, or a pudding or some other dessert you make from left-over cereals or fruit, won't you send us the recipe?

cereals or fruit, won't you send us the recipe? We will give a -prize of \$5 for the best letter on both subjects, \$2 for the second best letter and \$1 each for every other letter we can use. Address, Florence K. Miller, Farm Home Editor, Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan. The contest closes February 26.

The Wheat Girl party was met at the station by the Kansas delegation in Congress and was ac-companied to the White House by a large group of Kansans and former Kansans. After the reception with President Coolidge the women in the party were received by the First Lady at the White House. At noon Miss Watson was the guest of Senators Curtis and Capper at luncheon. In the afternoon she was received by Secretary of Agri-culture Howard M. Gore to whom she falso pre-sented a small bag of wheat. Her day in Wash-ington ended with the annual dinner of the Kansas Society in Washington at which she was the guest Washington at which she was the guest of honor.

Our Farm Home News

By Mrs. Dora L. Thompson

MANY with large homes think entertaining company quite a problem. If such had only a small combination kitchen-dining room, they might think it out of the question to serve a din-ner to a dozen or more. This is the way one "bachelor" friend describes her solution of the problem:

"It fell to me, a 'bachelor,' to serve a Thanks-

be fitted and then used as the pattern to cut into the dress maabout cutting expensive material. giving dinner to the home folks this year. I have only a small table, one that doesn't seat more than six comfortably. How I was to take care of more puzzled me. I recalled that we had once taken care of a large number at home by serving 'cafeteria' style and this suggested the solution.

WHILE Kansans at home and all over the

Will You Help Us?

Serving left-over food so that some fasti-dious member of the family doesn't turn up her nose is often quite a problem. If

am pleased, Mr. President, to deliver to you this small bag of wheat as a token of good wishes from our people." The Wheat Girl party was met at the station by the Konsae delevation in G

KANSAS FARMER & BREEZE

Six Becoming New Models

Nothing Better Could be Found for the Young Girl's Spring Wrap Than a Cape BY MRS. HELEN LEE CRAIG



2330—Household chores become happy duties when one performs them in a simple morning dress like this. Sizes 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure.

2328-Child's One Piece Dress. Sizes

2, 4, 6 and 8 years. 2340—Trim Lines for Street Wear. Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44

14, 16 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. 2324—Girl's and Child's Circular Cape. Sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years.

1883—This apron is very easy to make. Sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust measure.

Sizes 16 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. 2343—Youthful Style. The molded bodice and full skirt of this design will appeal to the young girl. Sizes and number of patterns desired.

A Dainty Accessory

THERE'S a reason for the popular-ity of the beaded bag; it's a useful, effective accessory that adds distinction to any costume. Warmer days soon

be had in white and black; pink and black; blue, black and silver; jade, black and silver; white, black and silver; black and silver; lridescent navy blue and silver; blue and brown; lavender and brown. The color men-tioned first in each instance predom-inates. Orders may be addressed to the Fancywork Department. Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breeze, Topeka. Kan. be had in white and black; pink and

Women's Service Corner 300

Our Service Corner is conducted for the purpose of helping our readers solve their puzzling problems. The editor is glad to answer your questions concerning house-keeping, home making, entertaining, cook-ing, sewing, beaut., and so on. Send a self addressed, stamped envelope to the Women's Service Corner, Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breeze, and a personal reply will be given.

Blushing Apples

I recently ate some delicious baked apples at a church supper that were pink all the way thru. Could you give me the recipe for making them?—Miss E. S.

The apples you liked so well probably were blushing apples. I am glad to print the recipe. Wash, wipe, pare and core tart apples. Put in a dripping or baking dish and fill the cavities of the apples with red cinnamon candy. Cover the bottom of the non with water the bottom of the pan with water. Bake in a moderate oven until the fruit is soft, basting every 10 minutes with the sirup in the pan. Serve with

Theater Etiquette

Should a girl or her young man escort lead the way down the aisle of a theater? I'm near sighted; would it be all right for me to ask that we sit near the front?-Puzzled.

JAN 281925 Good Looking Sugar!

HE objection a housewife foor sugar" is that it is coarse.

Coarseness of grain in itself does not affect a sugar's purity; but it does affect its appearance, which of ... is the test of sugar to a housewife.

Above all, the size of the grain does not indicate from what source the sugar is derivedwhether beet or cane-the size of the grain in both being wholly under the control of the refiner. * * * *

Great Western Sugar is a good looking sugar. It is noted for its evenness of grain, its luster, its sparkling whiteness. That reputation has been earned only by increasing care in manufacture, improved methods and ad-

herence in every Great Western plant to the highest standards known in the industry. It has set a standard for purity-99.9 per cent-unsurpassed by any sugar on the market.

Compare Great Western Sugar with any other sugar. Submit it to any test for color, luster, evenness of grain-and try it for any cooking purpose. It is guaranteed to give the utmost satisfaction to every user.

Do away with poor looking sugar for all time. Order Great Western Sugar by name from your grocer. If it measures up to your judgment of what good sugar should be, you can then order it by name regularly, twelve months in the year.

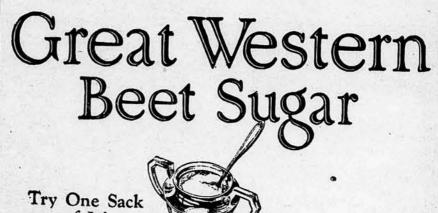
AWestern Farm Product

More than 400,000 acres of fertile farm lands between the Mississippi River and the Rocky Mountains are put in sugar beets every year. In your state or in a neighboring state the sugar beet is a valuable farm crop.

The beet growers' contract with The Great Western Sugar Company is an agreement by which the farmer is paid for his beets according to the net sale price of the sugar. If an increasing volume of Great Western Sugar is sold in these Middle West States, naturally the farmer profits more than if the same volume were sold in more distant markets with higher freight rates to be paid and less net derived. Your purchase of Great Western Beet Sugar directly benefits other farmers, and gives you a guaranteed, dependable sugar.

> Order Great Western Sugar BY NAME from your grocer.

The Great Western Sugar Company Sugar Building Denver, Colo.



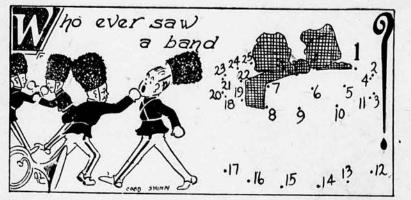
of 't! You are your own best judge of sugar quality and purity. Order one sack of Great Western Sugar. Ex-amine it carefully. See its sparkling whiteness, its luster, its evenness of grain. Use it for any pur-pose. It is guaranteed to meet any test meet any test.

free -"Candy Making the Easy Way" is the title of a practical recipe book by Ida Bailey Allen. Send for a copy today.

will be here and with them come colorful costumes and a need for a dainty handbag to match. We have a number handbag to match. We have a number me to ask that we sit near the front?— of striking beaded bags which owing to a large purchase we are able to offer to our readers at the very lo price of \$1. They are designed on the same lines as the bag shown in the leads the way. The girl may express illustration with attractive decorations a preference if she cannot be com-in contrasting colors. The bags may fortable in some parts of the theater.



KANSAS FARMER And MAIL

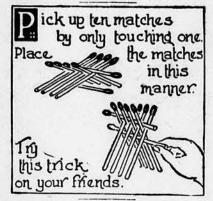


If you will begin with No. 1 and follow with your pencil to the last number be an insect. Cat a pillar. you will find the answer to this puzzle. Send your answer to Leona Stahl, When you put coal in the furnace Kansas Farmer. Topeka, Kan. The first 10 boys or girls answering correctly of what great man do you think? will receive a surprise gift each.

A Hidden Square

The teacher who looked as if she had taught for (3) struck the (2) of her (4) and broke the (1) of her pencil. If you insert the correct expendit. If am 11 years old

If you insert the correct words in and in the sixth grade, the dashes above, you will find that I walk four blocks to the four words read the same hori-school. My teacher's zontally and vertically and that filled name is Miss Gates. into the sentence below the dashes, they make complete sense. A surprise gift each for the first 10 correctly brothers' names are Leonard and How-filled out squares. Address Leona ard Franklin. There are 34 in my Stahl, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Kan. room. For pets I have one little dog



names are Shep and Tom. Tom is a it? Smoke. big yellow cat. Shep is a big brown dog. I live on a farm. I like the little folks' page. Hilah Wagoner. Why is a bridegroom often more ex-usually given away, whereas the groom Burns, Kan

I like to go to school. I have two brothers but no sisters. My

named Blutcher, **Helene** Hutton. Pratt, Kan.

Didn't Have Time to Change

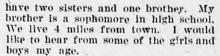
Little Mary came into the house bedraggled and weeping. "My goodness," cried her mother, "what a sight you are! How did it happen?"

"I am s-sorry. Mamma, but I fell into a mud-puddle." "What! With your best new dress

on?" "Y-y-yes. I didn't have time to change it."

Will You Write to Me?

My Pels are Shep and Tom I am 9 years old and in the fourth I am 11 years old and in the fifth and a dog named Rover. I go to a grade. I have one brother. We have country school. I go %-mile to school, two pets—a dog and a cat. Their "There are 16 pupils in our school. I



Gladys Louise Visser. Riley, Kan.

A Test for Your Guesser

What can run, but has no feet? A river. What kind of a dish is usually red?

"adish (red dish). What has eyes, but can't see? A

potato. Find an animal, an adjective and

of what great man do you think? Philip, the Great (Fill up the grate.) A house full and a hole full, but you can't catch a bowl full. What is

is often sold.

There are Six of Us

I am 9 years old and in the fourth a black and white one and a red grade. The name of our school is Cen- one, and one calf. I live about 2¹/₂ ter. I have four sisters and one miles from school. Velma Rogers. brother. For pets I have two cats Eckert, Colo.

I am 12 years old. I am in the seventh grade. I live on a farm near Eckert. My pets are two coal black kittens, a pony named Babe, two cows,

We Hear From Velma

named Muggins and Buttercup. M dog's name is Mike. Lorene Mason. Norton, Kan.

TWO THINGS

THIS WORLD

ABLE TO TEACH

HOW TO ENJOY

AND HOW TO HIC COUGH

GRACEFULLY

DUCATOR.

FLAT TIRE

February 7, 1925

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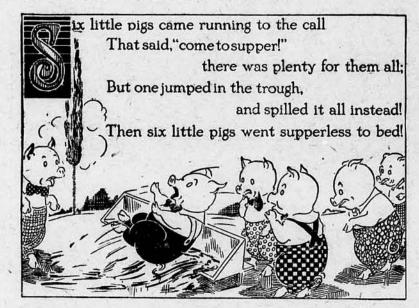
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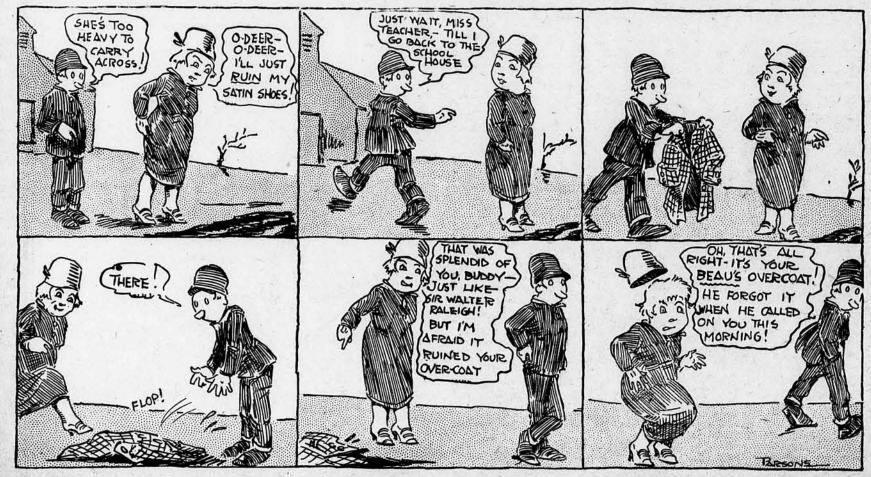
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The Hoovers—And Here's Sir Buddy Hoover, Gallant Knight (1925 Model)

Let's Ask the Doctor

BY DR. CHARLES H. LERRIGO Why all this mystery? Why do doc-

tors keep people in ignorance? T. W., who is 57 years old and has just been thru a rather thrilling ex-

hospital, has written a letter to ina hospital, has written a letter to in-quire why more information is not giv-en by the high and mighty ones who hold health in the hollows of their hands. T. W. admits he was well treated by all concerned, and that the costs were reasonable. He was suffer-ing intense pain. The doctor gave him prompt relief, and then took him to the hospital for more complete work the hospital for more complete work. He was given good care by everyone, and he appreciates the service. But he does not know what his trouble was

nor did he get any instructions about what to do if it again developed. My sympathy is with T. W., tho I doubt if there was much to tell him. From his rather vague description I think his trouble was an abscess of the middle ear. This is a dangerous con-dition that may lead to sudden death. The only thing anyone could tell him to do if a recurrence came would be to call the doctor as quickly as possi-But I think much could have been

so there will be no recurrence. This is a day of prevention. The doctor who does his duty by his people is not content to spend his time pull-ing them out of holes. It is more im-portant that he educate them to a stan-dard of living that enables them to progress steadily along the broad high-way of health and keen clear of the

progress steadily along the broad high-way of health and keep clear of the old pitfalls. In choosing your family doctor you should select a man who makes this his policy. Educate the medical profession, folks. Don't allow yourselves to be put off in the T. W. method. Don't bother your doctor with arguments while he is doing his work of repair. Obey his instructions implicitly, with-out discussion. But when you pay your bill make a point of saying, "Now, doctor. I want to know what I had, bill make a point of saying, "Now, doctor, I want to know what I had, why I had it, and what my family and I shall do to see that it never comes back." Doctors are reasonable folks. They get most of their educa-tion from colleges and clinics but they tion from colleges and clinics, but they may as well get part of it from the great American public-of whom you are which.

Electricity Gives Relief

Please tell me if there is a medicine that will cure sciatic rheumatism. I have had my teeth and tonsils examined and found o. k. Have been cured of piles and tumors, but the pain in my hip and legs is still there. Please tell me if there is anything else I can do. D. C.

The reason care is given to teeth and tonsils in such cases is because any focus of pus infection may cause the disease, and the teeth and tonsils are the common sites of such infection. However, the pus may be in the sinu-ses of the head, in a diseased appendix or liver, or in some other part of the body. Then, too, sciatic rheumatism may be due to a wound or injury, or anything that affects the sciatic nerve. Galvanic electricity helps many obstinate cases.

A Menace in Common Cups

Is it a safe thing to say that a person does not have tuberculosis when a sputum test does not show any germs? Is it wise for such a person to use the same articles as others of the household? L. S.

In a person who has had tuberculosis a negative report on one examination of sputum simply proves no germs were found in the specimen examined. To give any proof of value several examinations should be made. No person with the slightest suspicion of tuberculosis should ever use articles such as drinking cups and towels in common with others. There would be much less spread of disease if no per-sons used such articles in common.

Rubber Supports May Help

Is excision of veins good treatment for Varicose veins? What about some treat-ment for varicocele that does not have to be surgical? S. S.

In a young person with an aggrav-ated case of varicose veins the best remedy, without doubt, is surgical ex-cision of the diseased portions. For older persons, especially those not in robust health, the wearing, of rubber bandages and supports is good treat-ment. Varicocele only calls for surgi-cal interference in aggravated cases.

to a varicocele at frequent opportune times.

perience with doctors and nurses and Needs New Teeth, Maybe?

J. A. D. The mere fact that the beat of the heart is not regular and "misses" occasionally is not in itself a serious matter. It depends on whether a valvular lesion is the cause. If you have only 18 teeth it is not unlikely that you would profit by a complete new set. I see nothing in your condition that is essentially grave.

But Disease Costs Money BY L. D. BUSHNELL

fowls raised, and eighth in number of they are to be a financial success. fowls raised, and eighth in poultry It is impossible to estimate the ex-products sold. In 1923, \$20,722,566 act losses resulting from diseases in worth of poultry and eggs were sold farm flocks, because no accurate meth-in Kansas. This is nearly one-third od of reporting poultry diseases has of the total amount realized from the been devised. Probably no greater per sole of all other food entropic and the cent of losses is suffered are there in sale of all other food animals, and is cent of losses is suffered now than 10 five times as great as the total sales years ago, but the poultry industry of poultry products in 1900. When has advanced to a point at which it is one considers that an industry involvtold him about taking care of himself ing such a vast yearly income is at so there will be no recurrence. stake, the economic importance of This is a day of prevention. The poultry diseases can be placed on a

par with the economic importance of importance. the diseases of any other farm animal. And one of the important reasons

Small varicoceles are common and do for failure in the poultry industry is no particular damage. The wearing of that of disease. The poultry raiser is a suspensory bandage relieves them. largely responsible for this, since poul-It is well to apply very cold water try diseases can be controlled with try diseases can be controlled with comparatively little effort. It should not be the aim of the farmer or poultry raiser to cure disease after it ent-ers the flock, altho this will be nec-essary after it has appeared. The economical method of controlling disease is prevention and not cure. The low unit value of the bird prevents extensive individual medical treatment. In some cases the medicine would cost more than the bird is ment. worth.

KANSAS FARMER And MAIL

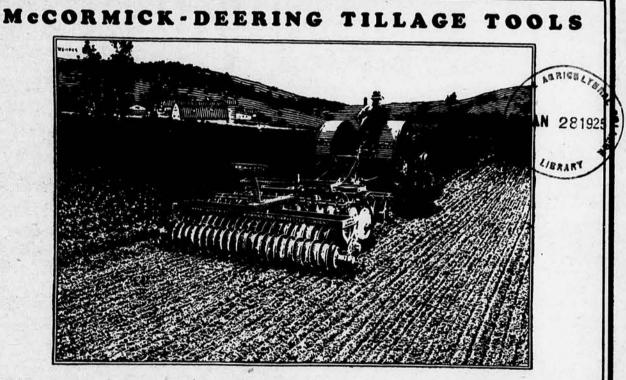
Altho there is great individual var-iation among birds in the same flock, treatment must be based on the flock as a whole rather than on the individ-ual. Birds must be given considerable care and attention, proper feed, shel-Kansas ranks sixth in number of they are to be a financial success.

recognized along with other agricul-tural industries and, as with diseases of cattle, sheep, and swine, poultry diseases have become of real economic

Keep cows that keep you.



U. S. Army Model 1917 Rifle U. S. AFMY MOGEL 1917 Rifle Cal. 30, five shot. Barrel 25 1-4 in., total length 65 m., weight 9 1-2 lbs. Barrel and stock new. Sight mounted over receiver. This type used by A. E. F. Price, \$12.50, Ball cartridges 33.50 per 100. Gun-ners cleaning kt 55 cents. 18 Acres Army Goods. New Carting 1925. 60th Anniversary inauc, 372 pair failly industration of the anniversary inauc, 372 pair failly industration of the anniversary goods and pistols (including Collementation 775) is the all World War rifles. Mailed 60c. Established 1865. Frascis Basnerman Sens, 501 Broadway, New York City



Heavy Yields Follow Good Tillage and Here Are Three Profit-Making Implements

The McCormick-Deering Disk Harrow is a simple and efficient implement, built and trussed like a steel bridge, to serve many years. You will like the details and conveniences-the dust-proof bearings and the bearing oil cups set above the frame, the built-in angle-steel weight boxes, the oscillating disk scrapers, the forecarriage, etc. Made in sizes for everybody-4 to 10 feet. All sizes can be equipped with tandem attachment. Double disking more than pays for itself.

The McCormick - Deering Leverless Disk Harrow is a genuine tractor disk, not a madeover horse harrow. It is built for heaviest duty. It is controlled entirely from the driver's seat, without levers, yet it is very simple. Merely backing the tractor automatically sets the angle of both front and rear gangs. When the tractor starts forward the gangs hold that angle until released by a pull on the rope. In 5 to 10-foot sizes to fit your power.

The Dunham Culti-Packer shown above with the leverless disk harrow has no equal as a seed-bed finisher. It pulverizes the soil, fills out air spaces, and saves moisture content. Following the drill, it helps the little plants to get a quick start, firmly set in finely mulched soil. Use it to prevent winter-killing of wheat; to rejuvenate meadows, etc. It is far ahead of a roller for small grains. Made in eight sizes, for horse or tractor use.

McCormick-Deering Tillage Tools combine these essentials - good work, long life and convenience. They are of practical design, their construction being based on ninety-three years of farm and factory experience. They are priced on the basis of economical quantity production, and as an investment they offer you attractive returns. To fill all your Tillage Tool needs see the McCormick-Deering dealer. It Pays

> INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY 606 So. Michigan Ave. of America Chicago, Ill.

KANSAS FARMER

What is a Teaspoonful? We'll Have an Early Spring?

26



Anyhow There's This Hope Left as Thoughts Turn to the Coming Oats Sowing BY HARLEY HATCH JAN 28192

The drifts which lined the road in many places melt slowly, and as they melt they feed the water all too often into the road. When this happens the roads become the sloppiest, muddlest places to be found. But motor traffic has not been checked, and heavily loaded trucks still pass the house every day. Grain is going to market all the time; there is still a lot of corn on the farms here, and indications are that it will be sold by the elevator route; little or none will be fed to that it will be sold by the elevator route; little or none will be fed to cattle or hogs. cattle or hogs.

Prairie Hay at \$7

I have, in the last week, received a number of letters from folks wishing to buy prairie hay. These letters ask about prices, grades and shipping facilities. There are thousands of tons of excellent prairie hay in this locality, all baled and ready to go into the cars. It was baled from the windrow last summer, is bright, clean and not rain damaged. The men who have this hay are putting if on the car much hay are putting it on the car much cheaper than they should be obliged to do. For No. 1 prairie hay \$8 a ton is asked; for No. 2, \$7 a ton. There is scarcely a hayman in the country who has not more than that amount tied has not more than that amount tied up in his hay, but the market is de-moralized and they must sell for what they can get. Standing grass last summer cost here virtually \$2 a ton; to put this grass into the bale cost \$4 more, and the average haul from the field to the barn, which usually is close to some track, cost from \$1 to close to some track, cost from \$1 to \$2 a ton. To move this hay out of the barn and put it on the car means more cost; if any of you can figure more then have overcome in the term more than bare expenses on it at \$7 for \$8 a ton, you can do more than I at ϕ_i or \$8 a ton, you can do more than I can. A further cost, which cannot be passed on, is in the hay spoiled by rain, which figures worse than a total loss, for -it must be moved off the field.

Land is Worth \$33?

That so few horses are now kept in That so few horses are now kept in the cities has been one great factor in destroying our hay market; high freight rates, too, no doubt tend to prevent our hay from moving the dis-tances it formerly did. It seems our market for hay must be confined to the farm, which is really the right one. But this part of Kansas has, even in the driest years always produced the driest years always produced much more hay than could be used. Our meadows make the best of pastures, but why buy cattle to pasture at a loss, as so many have done in the last three years? These conditions have operated to fix the price of grass land here; just this week there was sold at auction 160 acres of smooth upland meadow 4 miles from a good town, which brought but \$33 an acre. The man who bought this land will, without doubt, double his money inside of the next decade, but the fact remains that as income producing prop-erty, either as meadow or pasture,

The Melotte Separator, "D.S. Mons 2443 West 19th Street, Dept. 29-82 Chicago, II 2445 Prince Street, Bertrein, Calif. Without cost to me or childration In any war, please see the Malotte oxtaine which fails the full story of the wp of separate and M. Jules Meetrs, the investor and

Post Office

The Melotte Separator

o. III.

sells for more than it is worth. I have not seen any sold this fall which was as good a purchase as new machinery

Whisky at 75 Cents!

Those folks who say it costs more to live than it did years ago have no one to question them. But it is doubtful if any who make that statement really recall how cheap living was, say 25 years ago. I have before me a copy of an old Kansas City paper of that time and the grocery houses which advertised quote the following prices: time and the grocery houses which advertised quote the following prices: advertised quote the following prices: best granulated sugar, 24 pounds for \$1; best sugar cured hams, 14 cents a pound; good laundry soap, 12 bars for 25 cents; best sugar corn, 7 cents a can, 75 cents a dozen; best hard wheat flour money can buy, \$2.25 a hundred pounds; oranges, genuine Sunkist, 15 cents a dozen; best soda crackers, 7 cents a nound \$125 for a Sunkist, 15 cents a dozen; best soda crackers, 7 cents a pound, \$1.25 for a 20-pound box; coffee, good quality, 15 cents a pound; good prunes, 5 cents a pound, and cheaper by the box. And in those "dear, dead days beyond re-call" the Kansas City groceries dealt largely in booze, which was shipped in large quantities into Kansas under the protection of Federal laws. For the protection of Federal laws. For this booze they charged as follows: pure whisky, full quart, 75 cents; pure California wine, any kind, \$1 a gallon. It seems strange that all this was only 25 years ago.

Twas From Canada—Kan.

From Canada, Kan-I didn't know we had such a postoffice in the state say that the correct name for this grass is Meadow Fescue, but that it is commonly known as English blue-grass; some men confuse it with Kentucky bluegrass; it is, in truth, some-tucky bluegrass; it is, in truth, some-thing of a cousin to the Kentucky variety but, unlike Kentucky blue-grass, it cannot be sown on sod with any hope of getting a stand. English bluegrass should be sown and handled inst like means the land handled just like wheat; the land should be just like wheat; the land should be plowed early in the summer, kept worked down and the seed sown about September 1 with a press drill at the rate of 12 pounds an acre for a seed crop and 15 pounds for pas-ture. It also can be sown in the spring with or without small grain, but by this time next year it will be no further advanced than if it had been sown next fall. Either spring or fall sown grass makes a seed crop or fall sown grass makes a seed crop ready to cut about June 20. It is not now profitable as a seed producer, but it does make good early and late pasture, and is as sure a grass as any that can be sown here.

Fewer Cattle on Feed

Lister Had a Seat! Nearly all the products of land sell public sales high prices are paid for virtually all classes of property. Sec-ond hand farm machinery, especially, sells for more than it is worth. I have not seen any sold this fall which was Ohio and Indiana each show 80; South as good a purchase as new machinery Dakota, 65; and the three states of would have been. At a sale here this minor feeding operations, Wisconsin, week a riding lister which had seen Minneasota and Michigan, 95.

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February 7, 1925



WOOL BATT CO., DEPT. "B" ox 1323, Charlotte, N. C.

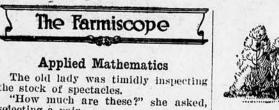
Beauty Of Hair and Skin

Preserved By

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p to Cleanse ment to Heal

KANSAS FARMER and MALL



"How much are these?" she asked, selecting a pair. "A dollar and a half, madam." "And how much without the case?" "Well, the case makes little differ-ence. Suppose we say \$1.45." "What? Is the case only worth 5 conts?"

"Yes, madam," firmly. "Well, I'm very glad to hear it; it's the case I want."

And, placing a nickel on the counter, the dear old lady took up the case and walked timidly into the street, while the optician gasped for breath.

The Holdout

The Holdout She had debated in true Fabian fashion for many months the ques-tion of whether or not to bob, and two or three times had turned back at the tonsorial Rubicon. Here she was at last, tho, properly shrouded in a barber's chair, a trifle pale, but grimly determined. "How shall I cut-it?" asked the bar-ber, callously displaying his full kit of gleaming instruments.

The patient gazed at them in fas-cinated horror, hesitated, then quav-

ered: "I think you'd better give me gas."

It Made a Difference

This Day and Age

Educated: (Affected by moonlight) "Somehow—you're different from other girls I have known. There's something mysterious about you—that unfathomable something that makes me_____"

Co-Educated : "G'wan! If you wanta pet, say so.'

The Lowdown

An Iowa girl, en route to visit friends in New York, entered the city by the Hudson Tunnel, then took the subway to their address. "What do you think of the city?" they asked on her arrival. "I couldn't suy," she replied. "I've had only a worm's-eye view."

Getting It Straight

Her Father—"I do not require that the man who marries my daughter shall be rich. All I ask is that he be able to keep out of debt." Her Suitor—"Would you consider a man in debt who borrows money from his father-in-law?"

Hard Stuff

Newspaper heading "Drinks Harder to Get in New York City." This can mean only one thing—that some guy speeded up with his drinking in order to get into the city; it couldn't pos-sibly mean that it is getting more difficult to get booze there.

Would It?

"It is scandalous to see these so-ciety women going about with a poodle dog on the end of a string where a baby would be more fitting." —New Zealand Paper, quoted by Punch (London). Punch (London).

Unseen Authority

"Do you understand what is meant by invisible government?" "Personally < speaking," said Mr. Meekton, "I do. My wife gives me a list of errands every day by telephone."

One Solid Reason

"Aw, what good is percentage?" growled little Tommy. "Now, Tommy," asked his teacher reproachfully, "don't you want to learn bow to figure batting around?"

how to figure batting averages?"



KING CORN SILO

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass

Is Wheat Too High?

The advance in the price of wheat has produced all sorts of excitement among the more or less appreciated city folks. It has caused considerable comment. So the United States Department of Agriculture has is-sued a statement telling 'em to stay caim. After a short review of farm conditions for the last four years, in which it says that this complaint of the folks along the great white way "is unwarranted." it gives this excellent review of last year's wheat crop.

The 1924 wheat situation in the

vember the Canadian crop estimates, issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, took off 20 million bushels



28

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumbago Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Santa Fe Says Gooding Bill, in Congress, would impair railroads Pacific Coast traffic-adversely affecting merchants, farmers, manufacturers and others in Western States

The Gooding bill, now before Congress, would greatly divert traffic to the Atlantic Seaboard from the Middle West. It would thus retard the development of the Middle West and its railroads by preventing competition for Pacific Coast business with the Atlantic Seaboard and the steamship lines.

Unregulated canal competition has al-ready taken from the Middle West much business, which can be regained by this territory only if the railroads are allowed to make rates to compete with the canal.

The Central States and their railroads have enjoyed a share in this Pacific Coast business from the beginning of the operation of transcontinental lines, and this tonnage was a large factor justifying their being built. Under the present law the Interstate Commerce Commission is authorized to permit the railroads to equalize canal rates, and ap-plication for this is pending. Until 1918 the railroads had this permission. Then, due to the war, canal competition ceased and the Commission withdrew the permission. Now the ships are back in greater numbers than ever and have taken practically all competitive traffic, while the railroads have lacked the permission to equalize rates. The Gooding bill, which has passed the

Senate and is being considered by the House, would withdraw from the Interstate Commerce Commission authority to grant any such permission. It will not help intermountain states, because steamship rates between e Atlantic and Pacific Coasts will continue lower than those of the railroads; and it will not add to the Coast competition of intermountain distributors for the railroads to handle a part of the business.

This westbound business on which the railroads desire to compete comprises highly manufactured articles moving in great volume, made both in the Atlantic States and in the Central and Middle Western States and sold on the Pacific Coast. It now moves

largely via the canal. The Atlantic Sea-board pays only the low canal rates. The Middle West producer must pay either the additional rail charge to the Atlantic Coast or the charge for direct shipment by rail. If the railroads are allowed to compete, not only will the Middle West producer be enabled to compete on more even terms (which of itself will promote the development of the Central States), but also the railroads will be able to fill out their trains better, to develop their facilities, employ more men and purchase more supplies—all to the advan-tage of this great Western territory. The Western railroads feel that the Good-

ing bill would deprive them of needed business without doing anybody any good, ex-cept owners of steamship lines operating through the canal; also that it would take away traffic in which they have participated under the Interstate Commerce Commission's authority since its creation in 1887. It seems most unfair to change the law at this time, in view of all these conditions.

When the Gooding bill was before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, the Interstate Commerce Commission, wi but one of its eleven members dissenting, sent the Committee an urgent letter opposing the bill. It summed up the matter most clearly with a concluding statement, showing that the interests of the Central West are involved quite as seriously as ours, as fol-

lows: "The effect of such a provision upon commerce, industry and agriculture, would be revolutionary, and in many cases disastrous to carriers, shippers and communities."

W. B. STOREY, President

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway System

February 7, 1925

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The sum of the whole matter was that the slight but progressive improvement in the United States crop gave us alone of all of the producing and con-suming countries a good crop, while generally thruout the rest of the world generally thruout the rest of the world there was a shortage of bread grains. While our crop was good it was not a bumper one by any means; it was 25 million bushels below the five-year average, and was only about 70 million bushels more than the small but dis-astrously low priced crop of 1923. This statement of the world situa-tion shows unmistakably the reason for the prevailing price, and also indi-

The 1924 wheat situation in the United States presents a remarkable combination of circumstances. Last May wheat prices began to rise. The United States had reduced her acre-age; Canada had reduced her acre-age; the whole Northern Hemisphere had planted 10 or 12 per cent less than for 1923. May was an unfavor-able month for crop growth in both the United States and Canada. After June, except in the United States, the world showed progressive deteriora-tion. Naturally and inevitably, ex-pert opinion concluded that prices would rise, as they necessarily did. Each succeeding crop report advised of deterioration. Even as late as No-vember the Canadian crop estimates,

consumer is being unduly mulcted. The grain exchanges are held responsible for existing conditions, which those unfamiliar with the facts call very bad. Certainly complaint against wheat prices being too high is unwarranted when they have merely attained a par-

Statistics, took off 20 million bushels from the previous figures. Australia reported damage due to weather con-ditions, Argentina forecasted a crop 55 million bushels below 1923. The Bulgarian, French. English and other crops were reported short. And last, but not least, the Canadian export surplus, which for 1923 was roughly 375 million bushels, was reduced to 175 million bushels. The exact opposite is the case. On a recent date when the December future recent date when the December future price in Chicago was \$1.52, in Kansas City it was \$1.44, while the price in Liverpool was \$1.77. That specula-tion, at least in this particular situa-tion, is not unduly burdening city con-sumers may be concluded from the fact that on December 29 May wheat was selling at Winnipeg for delivery from elevators at Fort William at \$1.87 a bushel, while comparable wheat at Minneapolis was \$1.75, and the con-tract grade No. 2 hard at Kansas City was \$1.71. The superficial inference from these figures is that the Ameri-can price is too low, and not too high, as is charged.

They "Dumped 'Er" Fast

Exports on an-unusual scale play their part in the situation. During the six months from July to December our six months from July to December our exports of wheat were 197 million bushels. During the same period in 1923 our exports were only about S1 million bushels. In other words, altho the 1924 crop was only 70 million bush-els greater than 1923, exports are al-ready 116 million bushels greater for identical periods. identical periods.

It is of course inherent in our wheat growers' situation that circumstances force him to market immediately or soon after harvest. Based on a nineyear average estimate, nearly 70 per cent of the wheat crop leaves the farm in the five months from July to No-vember. May is the high price month of the year. It also is, the month of lowest marketings. lowest marketings. To enable growers to benefit more largely from the high priced period we need greater ability on the farmer's part to store wheat on the farm or to hold it at terminals, when economic conditions indicate the desirability of such a course. Habit, stress and our whole marketing system result in rushing the crop to mar-ket no matter what range of prices prevails.

Those folks who have felt concerned regarding the situation have charged the Department of Agriculture with failure to enforce the United States Grain Futures Act. These charges must necessarily be based on a mispare

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w fact understanding of the actual facts. The The farm cannot use its share of Grain Futures Administration has com-adults over 21 years of age, but the petent investigators on the floors, of city can. The city uses 12.9 per cent the important grain futures exchanges. more of adults than does the farm. It receives reports daily showing the Therefore, the farm, as these excess outstanding interests of all firms. No children come of age, and cross the information in the possession of its line to the adult class, will send them market expervisors gives ground for to the city. The farm is not sending

Those Jugglers of Moscow

The whole nutty experiment of the "New Day" in Russia has been "of, by and for" the cities. It was an in-dustrial revolution. It was carried thru on the theories of Marx, who knows, is non-industrial; it is in-tensely peasant. Eighty-five per cent of the population is on the land. The revolution was by the 10 or 15 per will appreciate the truth. cent in the larger cities. Readers will appreciate the truth of this from what comes out of Moscow in propa-ganda and straight news, all of which has to do with "capitalism" and the "proletariat" and other familiar phrases of the industrial world. Seldom is a word said about the great majority in Russia.

as a result of a revolution that was they gained more than any other class, altho the revolution itself at the out-set had little thought of them. They took, and hold, possession of the land following the organized revolutions in the cities. Leaders of the greater revolution that placed Lenine and Trotzky in power were indifferent to the peasant class. This has been pecu-liarly true of Trotzky, and it is be-cause of his indifference or antagonism

illiterate, but shrewd, peasant has to be considered; he has been finding out his power and is dissatisfied with the conduct of the government, be-cause he is getting nowhere and can find no outlet for his surplus at home or abroad.

At the same time it is not to be forgotten that it is the millions of peasantry that are maintaining in power the dictatorship at Moscow, and they have been doing this for fear that if a czar returned to power they would be deprived of their lands. The long-promised counter-revolution to overthrow bolshevism and return to the old order will never vitalize so long as there is doubt in the mind of rural Russia that czarism means forfeiture of land.

Recruits From the Farm BY C. J. GALPIN

In the United States as a whole there are 12.9 per cent more children under 21 years in the farm population than in any equivalent group in cities. The city appears to be a poor place for children; city women have not the chance to mother much there; there isn't space enough for children; there isn't pure air, sunshine and quiet enough. The city is a place for bus-iness to be born, to grow, to reach achievement; but it is no place for the human home.

The farm home proves to be the ideal place for children, and there the ideal place for children, and there the children are found. There is an excess of 4 millions of children among the 30 millions of farm people, when com-pared with 30 millions of city people. Some cities of over 25,000 population have as how as 20.0 per cent of its Some cities of over 20,000 population have as low as 29.2 per cent of its population in children to match the 50.4 per cent of the farm population for the whole United States; or the the wedding of Herbert Baker, 18, and 58.2 per cent of the farm population of Source Rice Rice 20 sweatheauts for in cities drop materially, despite the proached. growing decrease of infant mortality. "Too much damn foolishness," was Well, what is the purport of this the comment of the father of the fact? Simply this:

information in the possession of its line to the adult class, will send them market supervisors gives ground for to the city. The farm is not sending alarm that the essential bread grain children to the city; not raw, untut-of the United States is being made the subject of vicious and harmful specu-lation. It is sending in a constant stream its excess young adults, who, born, reared, nourished on the fat of the land, in sunce fresh air sunshine: and apspace, fresh air, sunshine; and ap-prenticed, mind you, to the habits of work, go to the city as the best re-cruits industry has, the best recruits the arts, the professions, the trades have. This regular supply of labor, of brain-power, of race potency to city

A near panic was created on Main Street in McPherson recently when a Kansas farmer evidently mistook his automobile for a Missouri mule, and resorted to a method said to be used to cure the "jack" of a case of stubbornness, with near disastrous results.

A young farmer lad, whose flivver as parked along a crowded curbing, As a result of a revolution that was parked along a crowned curbing, could not have come short of the had trouble in getting his car started. World War the peasantry of Russia It seemed to be suffering with a se-gained. Paradoxical as it may appear, vere "cold." With no thought of the they gained more than any other class, cars parked to each side of his "Henry" altho the revolution itself at the out-or the business houses to the front, the owner of the trouble-causing flivver gathered a pile of oll soaked waste, placed it under the engine of the ma-chine, applied a match and stood calmly by awaiting results. By the time Trotzky in power were indifferent to the peasant class. This has been pecu-liarly true of Trotzky, and it is be-cause of his indifference or antagonism to the agricultural interests that he than was Lenine and, in consequence, his thought centered on the industrial situation. Of late the quartet in power at Moscow has taken a new tack, which was the reason for the Kremlin con-ference of the last few days. The illiterate, but shrewd, peasant has to and the scene, clerks were running from nearby business houses with fire ex-tinguishers, and the holiday crowd had to speech the scene, clerks were running from nearby business houses with fire ex-tinguishers, and the holiday crowd had tinguishers, and the holiday crowd had to seek places of safety. The scattered to seek places of safety. The young man learned that a city ordi-nance called for the paying of a fine for the privilege of building a fire on After this little lesson had been was the reason for the Kremlin con-clearly taught, he tried a different ference of the last few days. The illiterate, but shrewd, peasant has to and when last seen the machine was flames were leaping merrily around the

and when last seen the machine was attached to the rear end of a heavy rope, and was traveling homeward on power supplied by a more "healthy" cousin.

G. A. Gorden is 104

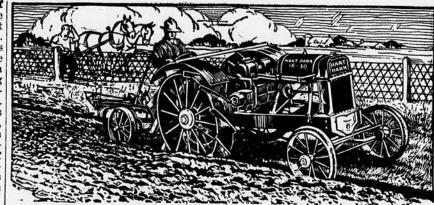
From Greenwood county comes the remarkable news of the celebration of the 104th birthday of G. A. Gor-don of Eureka, who was born January 22, 1821. One who fol-lows the daily press may wonder at the use of the word "immerkable" Was the use of the word "remarkable." Was there not printed recently a testimonial from a Seminole Indian aged 136 whose life is prolonged by the use of Some-body's Black Draught? Only the other day came reports of a negro, granted freedom by George Washington, whose only discomfort at the age of 122 was an inability to chew plug tobacco. In the same paper was a picture of an old, old, woman who remembered Betsy Ross. What is remarkable about age

104? Then we turn again to the record of the venerable Gordon, and we find that it gives the exact day of his birth. It states specifically that he graduated from Wabash College in 1844. It puts him as a member of the Iowa Legislature in 1862. It proves itself by exact dates, and it gives Greenwood county the distinction of a citizen who is one of the oldest men in the world. For when we set aside the claims of Seminole Indians, antique negroes and other unauthentic fabricators we are faced with the cold fact that the oldest age indisputably recorded is only 108 years.

And Then Papa Arrived

for the whole United States; or the the wedding of Herbert Baker, 18, and 58.2 per cent of the farm population of Bentrice Rice, 20, sweethearts for one of the states. Were it not for the years. Herbert already had obtained foreign born element in many of our the marriage license, Beatrice was cities, the presence of children there standing nearby, and the couple which would be something of a phenomenon. was to have witnessed the ceremony And with restricted immigration, we was approaching when Papa Baker, shall be prepared to see the child rate the irate father, and a policeman ap-in cities drop materially, despite the proached.





HART-PARR needs no rest

With tireless HART-PARR power you can do more in a day than you ever did before. No more slow, shallow plowing to make it easier for your horses. No more wasted minutes while you rest them. The HART-PARR does most jobs better than horses-in less time and lower cost.

Just think of the ways in which a HART-PARR can lighten the burden of your work. In the spring it will do your plowing, discing and seeding much forter then been and the first with the faster than horses. In the fall it will speed up your harvesting, threshing, husking, shredding and silo-filling. And in winter it will shell corn, grind feed and saw wood.

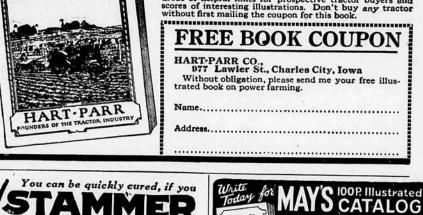
The HART-PARR is surplus-powered to meet every emergency. It will work day and night to save your crops when bad weather threatens. Unlike horses, a HART-PARR never needs rest. Repairs are seldom necessary, as we build HART-PARRS to last. Many 24 years old are still in successful operation.

29

This economical kerosene-burning tractor comes in three sizes, for the small, medium, and large farm. Ask your local dealer to show you the improved models, with enclosed drive, disc clutch, detachable power take-off, and greatly in-creased power for belt and field work.

HART-PARR CO., 977 Lawler St., Charles City, Iowa





MAY'S 1925

Chase Pain Away with Musterole When the winds blow raw

and chill and rheumatism starts to tingle in your joints and muscles, get out your good friend Musterole.

Rub this soothing white ointment gently over the sore spot. As Musterole penetrates the skin and goes down to the seat of trouble, you feel a gentle, healing warmth; then comes cooling, welcome relief from Old Man Pain.

Better by far than the old-fashioned mustard plaster, Musterole does the work without the burn and blister Grandma knew so well.

For croupy colds, sore throat, rheu-matism and congestion of all kinds, just rub on Musterole.

Don't wait for trouble; keep a jar or tube on the bathroom shelf.

To Mothers: Musterole is also made in milder form for babies and small children.AskforChildren'sMusterole. 35c and 65c jars and tubes; hospital size, \$3. The Musterole Co., Cleveland, Ohio





KANSAS FARMER TBREEL

I'm minute and JAN 281925

February 7, 1925

Make your Horses eager



for PLOW TIME

ROUGHING through the winter means a soft, unready team for spring. When plow time comes, you cannot afford to harness up a rough-in-the-hair, run-down, worminfested team.

You cannot afford to wait at every furrow end on trembly, panting horses. Remember, the season doesn't wait on you; and it's the early oats that's oats, the early corn that's corn.

Condition your workers right now with a course of

Dr.Hess Stock Tonic



It will give their systems a spring house-cleaning—loosens up the bowels, tones up the liver and kidneys, enriches the blood, drives out the worms. Will help them shed their winter's coat. Then you have a team that can go down one side of the field and up the other without a stop.

Then you get your crops out on time-in the ground, growing. That's what counts at harvest. Get your pail of Dr. Hess Stock Tonic to-day. Also give it to the mare in foal.

Buy it by the pail

25-lb. pail, \$2.25; 100-lb. drum, \$8.00 (Except in the far West, South and Canada)

Honest Goods-Honest Price. Why Pay More? **REMEMBER**—When you buy any Dr. Hess product, our responsibility does not end until you are satisfied that your investment is a profitable one. Otherwise, return the empty container to your dealer and get your money back.

DR. HESS & CLARK, Inc., Ashland, Ohio

Dr.Hess Dip and Disinfectant Keeps the Dairy and Stables Healthful and Clean Smelling

Have You Stopped to Think

that Kansas Farmer and Mail & Breeze has gotten entirely away from the old style farm paper which contained little except theory? Maybe your neighbor doesn't know this. Show him a big interesting copy full of stories written by experienced farmers and ask him to subscribe.



Address.....

Broke Records 58 Years Old

Wheat Took a Real Airplane Trip—And 10 Million Acres More are "Coming On!"

Weath has given us some thing to think about, even if the weather was bad. With the great tread crop above \$2.20, and all peace-time records for 58 years broken, it is time to repeat, with emphasis, that "Kansas Grows the Best Wheat in the World." In the meantime the 10 million acress of the same in Kansas which is covered more or less efficiently with snow seems to be coming along all right. Here's hoping the low temperatures discourage the Hessian fly which we they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in the state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't! The state of the same in the state of the same in the state of the same in much of it, altho we fear they won't!

Bourbon-We are having frequent snow storms. A public sale held by one of the leading farmers of the county was well at-tended, and all livestock sold high. The winter has been hard on stock, but there has been sufficient feed. A great deal of corn is being sold.—Robert Creamer.

corn is being sold.—Robert Creamer. Brown—The ground has been frozen since the mildle of December, and roads are in bad condition. Wheat has not been in-jured. Feed is plentiful and livestock is in splendid condition. Wheat, \$1.85; corn, \$1.20; cream, 31c; eggs, 50c; hogs, \$9.50.— A. C. Dannenberg. Cloud—The snow is vanishing, but all the molsture seems to be going into the ground, as there is little surface water. Livestock is in splendid condition. Hens are starting to lay. There will be a demand for horses this spring. Corn, \$1; wheat, \$1.50; eggs, 45c.—W. H. Plumly. Chase-We have had thawing weather re-

this spring. Corn. \$1: wheat. \$1.50; eggs. 45c.-W. H. Plumly.
Chase-We have had thawing weather recently and snow is disappearing. The ground is in excellent condition to receive spring trops. Livestock is doing well, and there is plenty of roughage. Most of the corn is shucked and sold.-F. O. Pracht.
Dickinson-The thermometer has been no moisture. The snow that has been no moisture. The snow that has been no moisture. The snow that has been with us for eight weeks is off the ground now. The ground is frozen and this may affect the wheat. Wheat, \$1.55.-F. M. Lorson.
Ellis-The weather is warmer now and the snow has disappeared. Roads in some places are nearly impassable. There are no public sales. Nearly all wheat is sold. Wheat, \$1.81; corn, \$1.20; kair, \$2.25 a cwt; shofts, \$1.85; bran, \$1.60; butterfat, 29c; eggs, 42c.-C. F. Erbert.
Harvey-We have been enjoying ideal weather until the last week. A severe blizzard swept this county recently. Roads are bad for any kind of travel. Wheat, \$1.75; corn, \$1.10; butter, \$40; eggs, 40; flour.
\$2.45; bran, \$1.55; shorts, \$1.85.-H. W. Prouty.
Haskell-We have had another cold spell

\$2.45; bran, \$1.55; shorts, \$1.85.—H. W. Prouty.
Haskell—We have had another cold spell after a week of warm weather. Wheat has not been damaged. Livestock is doing well; there is plenty of feed and grain. Wheat, \$1.82; barley, 80c; cane, \$1.60; kaftr, \$1.80; milo, \$1.90; butter, 40c.—S. Derby.
Jewell—The weather for the last week has been warm, and most of the snow is gone. Livestock is in excellent condition. Public sales are held occasionally, and prices are quite satisfactory. The Farmers' Union is putting on a drive in this county for new members with fairly good success.—U. S. Godding.
Kingman—Some farmers think their wheat is damaged by the cold weather. We have had another blizzard recently. Roads are in bad condition. We have had no public sales. Wheat, \$1.82; corn, \$1.06; brans, \$1.50; hens, 15c; butter, 40c.—J. F. Kirk-patrick.

\$1.50; hens, 18c; butter, 40c.-J. F. Kirk-patrick.
Lane-The snow is gone, but the weather has turned cold again. Livestock is doing well, and there is abundant feed. Roads are in bad condition where the snow.
drifted. There is some cane seed to be threshed. A great deal of Sudan grass seed is ready for market. Wheat, \$1.70; corn, \$1.10; barley, 80c; cane seed, 80c; kafir, 80c; eggs, 35c.-S. F. Dickinson.
Logan-We have been having cold weather unflavorable weather conditions. Wheat is in fine condition. There have been have been having sold weather, 40c; cream, 42c; eggs, 45c.-J. C. Postal.
Line-We have had a few nice days during the last six weeks, but much of the weather has been cold. Ice houses have been well stocked. Farmers are not doing much in the field. Livestock is not being supped out of the county. Hogs, \$10;

discourage the Hessian fly which we has been no wheat pasture. Wheat, \$1,80; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$15; eggs, 44c; butterfat, \$20; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$15; eggs, 42c; butterfat, \$20; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$15; eggs, 42c; butterfat, \$20; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$15; eggs, 42c; butterfat, \$20; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$16; eggs, 42c, daterfat, \$16; eggs, 42c, daterfat, \$20; corn, \$1; alfalfa, \$16; eggs, 42c, daterfat, \$20; corn,

Stafford—Roads are in the worst condi-tion they have been for several years. Wheat looked brown, but warmer weather recently has improved its appearance con-siderably. Livestock is in splendid condi-tion. Wheat, \$1.71; corn. \$1.12 to \$1.14; butter, 30c; butterfat, 29c; eggs, 43c.—Earl G. Fort.

G. Fort. Summer—The weather is warming con-siderably. There are great piles of snow in some places. Livestock is doing well, A few public sales have been held. It is not known how much damage has been done the wheat by the ice covering on the fields. Wheat, \$1.72; corn, \$1.10; oats, 55c; but-terfat, 32c; butter, 40c; eggs, 50c; kafir, 95c.—E. L. Stocking.

Tis Phantom Treasure

A Kansas City traveler who spent two months meandering in American deserts last summer was entranced with the tales the old_desert treasure hunters tails the old desert treasure hunters tell. Most of the Western waste places have their stories, but the wider the waste and the more difficult human occupation becomes, the more vivid and emphatic become the tales of phantom treasure. phantom treasure. Black Rock desert in Nevada has

one of the most lurid traditions, and but of the most until traditions, and prospectors by the hundred have been hunting its treasure more than half a century. Men grow old and die and their sons keep up the search. The deposit, consisting of slabs and bricks of solid silver, is said to have been discovered by the Heardin party

been discovered by the Hardin party of emigrants which camped at Double Hat springs in 1849, while on the way to California. Members of the party are said to have taken many of the smaller specimens to California, but when they sought to locate the treasure in later years it eluded all attempts at discovery.

Since that time hundreds of prospectors and miners have vainly sought the deposits, and more than one swears he has caught the gleam of the silver from some distant point. The dis-covery is supposed to have been made on a ridge 6 miles from Black Rock promontory. The entire region has been vainly searched.

But the hunt goes on. Many an old "desert rat" dreams of being the lucky man. It has been suggested that lane employed in the search Indian legends tell of the deposit, but the modern Indian, keen to the value of the white metal, has been as unsuccessful in the quest as the white man."

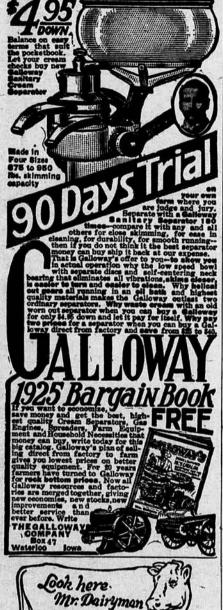
A Free Paper for You

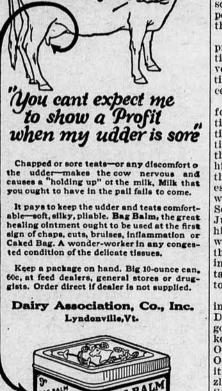
Collect a dollar of your neighbor for the Kansas Farmer and Mail and Breeze and send it to us and your own paper will be credited up a year.

Let the women do the work-with as modern equipment as the men-folk have.

KANSAS FARMER TORELL

31







J Magazines	Only
Bentlewomañ, year Good Stories, year American Needlewoman, year Capper's Farmer, year	98c
This big special Club Off for a limited time. Save sending your Order Now!	er is good Money by
Order Special Club No. CAPPER'S FARMER, Topo	

Does the merchant sell out when he has a few weeks of slow business?" That's the way M. A. Morrison, Salina implement man, answered when he was asked if low prices would result in cur-tailed hog production on his farm. He and J. E. Putnam, another Salina busi-

Pig Sty Philosophy

ness man, are doing what they are pleased to call "gentleman" farming on 160 acres west of town. "There's been six weeks of heavy snow, blocked roads and mud," con-tinued Morrison as he puffed indus-triously at a blackened nicotine ex-tractor. "Farmers don't come to town in weather like we've had, and business has been slow, but you don't see the has been slow, but you don't see the merchants along Santa Fe street clos-ing out."

Morrison's fireside companion backfired and emitted a quantity of cyline der oil of its own distillation thru the der oil of its own distillation thru the stem. The deposit was propelled to-ward a spacious cuspidor. After scru-tinizing the bowl of his pipe and esti-mating the probabilities of another eruption, he resumed: "Why, then, should we quit the hog business? This condition is only tem-porary. We'll breed 20 sows for spring farrow if that fellow gets the foll

porary. We'll breed 20 sows for spring farrow, if that fellow gets the fall pigs weaned in time." Then he got up with a start. "Let's see, this is the 21st of January. That doesn't leave much time. They've got to be bred right away or the pigs will be wighty late. Gimme a match and be mighty late. Gimme a match and we'll go out there," as he tamped a fresh supply of tobacco in the traitor pipe and headed for the door.

"Hogs will be a good price," he averred as the car whipped along the Golden Belt westward. "There's a shortage right now. Spring pigs ought to mote commenced on the south to make some money and prices will stay up all thru the winter. I've got to see that Fred gets those sows bred."

Top Hog Prices at K. C.

What's the best time to sell hogs? Maybe the 54th annual report of the Kansas City Stock Yards Company, is-sued at the close of 1924, will throw some light on the subject. This re-

port gives the top prices on hogs for the preceding 15 years by months. During that time the lowest top prices have been in December seven times, in January four times, in No-vember, February, May and June one time one, with November tid with De time each, with November tied with De-

time each, with November tied with De-cember for low top in 1922. The highest tops were in September four times, October and July three times each, March and August two times and January once with April tied with July in 1913. In 1910, when the high top came in March, the next highest top was in April In 1911 when highest top was in April. In 1911, when the top was in January, the next high-est was in February. The top of 1912 was October, and the next highest in September. The tie top in April and July, 1913, showed March as the next highest top. With the exception of 1921, when the high top was in August and the next highest in March, the remaining highest and next highest prices obtained in August, September and October.

It would seem, if top prices are any indication of the general market, that December and January especially are good months to avoid on the hog market, and that August, September and October prices average highest. Altho October makes a good showing in tops, it usually is getting down on the fraz-zled end of the good marketing season. September is better. The highest price paid for hogs in

The highest price paid for nogs in the 15 years was \$23.40 in July, 1919. It is interesting to note that the top for last year, \$11.70, paid in October, was just half of the 1919 top. The lowest top was \$8.10 paid in January, 1911. During the last nine years of the particular to year the second for period the top was above \$11, except for 1923, when it was \$9.40. The top of 1916 was \$11.15, paid in September; that of 1917 was \$20, paid in August, 11 months later. The top for 1920 was \$17.80, paid in September, and that was \$5.60 below the top of July the year before. In 1921 the top was \$11.30, paid in July, a drop of \$6.50.

It's Good for Bots

Is bisulphide of carbon a good thing to use for worms in horses? Bushton, Kan. George R. Sturn. Bisulphide of carbon is very effi-

cient for use against bots in horses. It has but little value against other types Dr. R. R. Dykstra. of worms.



Never in the history of centrifugal cream separators has there been a machine equal to the De Laval. Each model has, in its day, been superior in skimming effi-ciency, ease of operation and superior durability.

> New De Laval_ World's Best Separator

The present model De Laval is the crowning achievement of all. It has the wonderful new self-centering bowl which runs smoother and easier, eliminating vibration and thus making it skim better and cleaner, run easier and last longer.

You will get a richer, smoother, higher-testing cream with this new De Laval-and more of it, too.

De Laval Milker

If you milk ten or more cows, a De Laval Milker will soon pay for itself. More than 25,000 in use, giving wonderful satisfaction. A De Laval Milker enables one man to milk from two to three times as many cows as can be done by hand, do better work and produce cleaner milk.

Sold on such easy terms that fre-quently enough is saved on help bills to more than pay for it. Send for complete information.



Trade Allowance Old Cream Separators for New

De Lavals

See your De Laval Agent or write us about trading in your old cream separator (any age or make) as partial payment on a new Improved De Laval.

New De Laval Separators sold on easy terms, ranging from \$6.60 to \$14.30

Down

the balance in 15 easy monthly payments



Color Your Butter

"Dandelion Butter Color" Gives That **Golden June Shade Which Brings Top Prices**



ing add one-half teaspoonful to each gallon of cream and out of your churn comes butter of Golden June shade. "Dande-June lion Butter Color" is purely vegetable, harmless, and meets

all State and National food laws. Used for 50 years by all large creameries. Doesn't color buttermilk. Absolutely tasteless. Large bottles cost only 35 cents at drug or grocery stores. Write for free sample bottle.

Wells & Richardson Co., Burlington, Vt. "The "Real Estate Market Place" of this paper buys, sells and exchanges. Look it over.

How I Raise Turkeys

I select healthy turkey hens and a well-matured young tom, not related to the hens, for the breeding flock. During the laying season I gather the eggs daily, store them in a room of moderate and even temperature, and turn them occasionally. As soon as a sufficient number accumulates they are put in an incubator for two or three weeks: then under a hen or a turkey hen for the remaining period of the incubation.

About 25 poults are placed with a turkey hen, and she and the brood are kept confined in a warm, dry shed for two days. Then, if the weather per-mits, they are given their freedom, af-ter the dew is off the grass.

For the first few times I give a light feed of hard boiled eggs chopped fine, rolled oats, or crumbs of corn bread, and also some tender onion tops, cut fine. At the age of 5 or 6 days a little cottage cheese may be given occasion-ally, and gradually increased, until finally a full feed may be used.

I do not feed before the poults are 48 hours old. Three feeds are given the first day, and four or five after that until the birds are allowed to range for themselves. Then morning and evening feeds are sufficient for two or three weeks. By this time the turkeys will be well feathered, and if grasshoppers and other insects are abundant the turkey hen may be allowed to take full charge. But always drive the hen and her brood into a shed or coop at night, and do not allow them to roost in the same building with the chickens.

Fresh water is provided every morning; a few grains of permanganate of potash is added when the poults are small. I watch for lice; these pests, when present, usually are found on the head, between the wing feathers, and below the vent. A tiny bit of lard applied to these parts will destroy the lice. An occasional feed of cottage cheese, provided when the flock comes near the buildings, will encourage the birds to come home to roost.

I find that handled in this way the turkeys thrive and that by fall they are ready to fatten for the holiday trade.

In 1922 I had a little better luck than usual. I started the season with 10 hens and a tom; in the fall I had \$179.

Penokee, Kan. Mrs. W. H. Higer.

\$40 From the Feathers

I have raised pure White Embden geese for six years; in 1924 I pro-duced 30 with four old hens and two ganders.

The hens start laying early, and as soon as I get a setting of eggs I put them under a chicken hen. I set all the eggs as soon as possible, for early the eggs as soon as possible, for early goslings do much better than those hatched later. The goslings must be kept warm and dry until they start pin feathers. I feed them dry light bread and grass, and give them clean water and egg shells. On warm, sunny days I wat them out on the grass in a days I put them out on the grass in a

small pen. Beware of lice! Have them hatched in a clean nest, with the mother hen

free from vermin. I pick my geese every six weeks; I Then I dressed them for Christmas subject to the packers and stockyards orders, and they sold for \$3 apiece. act. Financial statements are obtained Orders, and they sold for \$5 apiece. Quite a bit of grease was sold to drug stores at \$1 a quart. We have nothing on the farm that pays better than these four old geese and the two gan-ders. Marie Cochren.

Holton, Kan.

If Disease Should Come BY L. D. BUSHNELL

well birds cannot come in contact with 47 still pending.

3. Clean and thoroly disinfect all coops. Remove and burn all refuse from houses and runs. Lime and plow the ground.

4. Keep fresh water before the birds at all times. Put potassium perman-ganate into the drinking water until it is a bright wine-red color. This acts as a preventive in that it inhibits the growth of bacteria, but it is not a cure for the disease. This solution should be used in crockery or wooden vessels, since it soon becomes decomposed and useless in iron or galvanized foun-tains. The solution should be changed at least twice daily and kept before the birds continually. 5. Look after the feed ration and

see that the birds are getting plenty of green feed. Also see that the birds have to work for their feed, since exercise is more essential than drugs in keeping birds well.

. Give the birds Epsom salts at the rate of 1 pound to 100 adult birds, reducing the dosage according to the age of the birds. This may be mixed in a wet mash and placed in small piles so every bird will get its share. It is better to starve the birds for 12 to 18 hours before giving salts.

like a charm.

tional packers and stockyards act there 10 hens and a tom, in the fail I had analysis of intestock a horizonal 104 birds, including the old ones. I greater feeling of security and free-kept 14 nice hens, dressed one for dom of action against imposition and Christmas, and sold the remaining unfair practices, which alone has done turkeys for \$334—one load brought much to accomplish the purposes of the law

> have registered, and approximately 500 packing concerns are subject to the act.

> cies and packers render periodical re-ports showing their income and expenses and financial condition. Audits have been made and statistical and financial reports obtained from 58 stockyard companies, and the work of valuing stockyard property in connec-tion with determination of rates has been performed at several markets by valuation engineers.

mission firms and 25 co-operative organizations doing business at 51 mar-kets have been audited. These markets from packers subject to the act, the aggregate of whose business is 98 per cent of all slaughtering done under Federal inspection.

ceed in this manner. This has resulted in the satisfactory disposition of many hundreds of matters without the delay and expense resulting when formal When an outbreak of diseases oc- action is required. In numerous in-curs among poultry it is best, until stances, however, the nature of the a diagnosis and method of treatment cases and the requirements of the act a diagnosis and method of treatment cases and the requirements of the act can be worked out, to do these things: necessitated formal action, and 112 \hat{I} . Isolate 'or kill all affected birds, formal proceedings have been insti-Do not attempt isolation unless the tuted by the administration, 65 of sick birds can be placed where the which have been disposed of, leaving



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27-B

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P. T.BESSMIT

Earth







urpee's

BURPEE'S ANNUAL. This is the catalog that tells the truth about the Best Seeds That Grow.

Market growers and florists use Burpee's Annual as a reference book, and still it is so interesting and easy to read that a million amateurs use it as their garden

If you are interested in gardening, Bur-pee's Annual will be mailed to you free.

guide

KANSAS FARMER & BREEZE



Raise Chickens With Profit

and Ease by Using

RE ΗΔ

ry test the X-RAY hatched 5% to 10% more han any other incubator. The secret of this r average hatch lies in the 21 exclusive, ted X-RAY features not found in other ators.X-RAY features not found in other ators.X-RAY the secret of the secret ow faster and become earlier "friers" and . The X-RAY uses only 1-5 as much oil as necubators and requires practically no atten-ter. Ay users any that it increases their poultry 15% to 20%. Many in use 15 years or more. Get This Incubator



Tells how to get bigger hatches-stronger and healthier chicks-faster growing chicks-at 1-5 usual cost, just seud name and ad-dress on a postal. X-RAY INCUBATOR COMPANY 27-B X-Ray Building Des Moines, low

Book FREE



Picking Out An Incubator ubator, get the Kle Co., 313 8. W. 9th St. Das Ma KLONDIKE Incubators HICK GUIDE



I never should have obtained any considerable success with poultry if I had depended on hens to do the hatch-ing. It is almost impossible to get

their nests, and from chilling and breakage of eggs, Every spring for the last 10 years I have had four 200-egg hot water in-

cubators in operation.

An incubator must be thoroly dis-infected at the beginning of every hatch; I use a 5 per cent solution of hatch; I use a 5 per cent solution of some good stock dlp, one that does not contain oil. Grease and oil are death to hatching eggs. Then I give it an airing in the sun. A well-ventilated basement is a good place for the ma-chine—plenty of fresh air is essential. It must set level. The temperature should not vary more than 1 degree from the center to the outer edge of

from the center to the outer edge of the tray. An absolutely accurate ther-mometer is necessary. I always see that the regulating levers work easily, and i use the best grade of kerosene.

Both the incubator and brooder lamp burners are boiled in a quart of water to which a handful of soda has been added before every hatch is started, and a new wick is provided. The charred portion is pinched off daily when the lamp is filled.

when the lamp is filled. I place a shallow pan of damp sand under every tray after the fourth day for the first two weeks, and again the last three days of the hatch, unless the room is slightly damp. This is to keep the eggs from drying down too fast. The air cell at hatching time should occupy about a fourth of the egg, as viewed in the tester. I test for infertile eggs on the seventh and fourteenth days. fourteenth days.

I keep the temperature at 101 de-grees the first week, 102 the second and 103 the third. Eggs are turned on the third day, and twice daily until the evening of the eighteenth day, when the machine is closed until the batch is completed hatch is completed.

Chicks are removed from the ma-chine when they are 36 hours old, care-fully, in warmly lined baskets, to an oil burning brooder which has been previously heated to 102 degrees. The chicks will learn the source of the heat in a few hours, and be ready for their first meal, of hardboiled eggs, bread crumbs and corn bread, slightly moist-

ened with sour milk. They are fed lightly, only what they will clean up, five times daily for the first four days. Then an alternate feeding of oatmeal is started, and used until the second week, when a commercial chick mash is supplied dry in small hoppers. Cracked grains such in small hoppers. Cracked grains, such as wheat, kafir, corn and rolled oats are mixed equally and scattered in chaff to induce exercise. Sour milk and tepid water are kept before the chicks from the start. It is best to supply some sort of greens, and also charcoal and grit. G. H. Kump. Jennings, Kan.

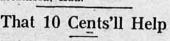
Day Old Chicks to Stay

The hatching of day old chicks is a big industry. And it makes the farm poultry business more important by supplying a good outlet for hatchable

eggs. -Then if one wishes he may take up the business of hatching day old chicks right on the farm in connection with the raising of poultry, and get the main rush of it out of the way before farm work begins to crowd him-thanks to the inventors of incubators and brooder stoves and the scientific knowledge of housing, feeding and care which we have today. And if one wishes to purchase day

And if one wisnes to purchase day old chicks he can do so early, and get them started before other work really begins. Thus he will have a large part of the flock all the same age. The day old chick business is an es-sential part of the modern Kansas

sential part of poultry industry. Mrs. Sam Preston.



CHICKS State

Loghorns, Anconas, fill. 00-100, per.

Lincoln, Leavenworth and Harvey s, giving 16 good reasons why it will to have the famous SUNFLOWER of ware the famous SUNFLOWER of ware the famous SUNFLOWER and ware the famous SUNFLOWER are are an own in the "modified area" from the T. B. standpoint; hogs from this territory bring a premium of the standform of the superstant of the superstant of the standform of the superstant of th



OUALITY

rdy Northern chicks free

KANSAS FARMER & BREEZE UAN 281925

FARM PROPARTS POTATOES: EARLY OHIOL RED RIVER, number ones, best for seed and only for fur-lots or less. Henry Korgan, Hasting Andre RUG WEAVING

RUGS WOVEN FROM YOUR OLD CAR-pets. Write for circular. Kansas City Rug Co., 1518 Virginia, Kansas City, Mo.

FARM PRODUCTS

ALFALFA HAY IN CAR LOTS. S. B. Newell, Manhattan, Kan.

MISCELLANEOUS

LUMBER: WHOLESALE, CAR LOTS TO Consumer, McKee-Fleming Lbr. & M. Co., Emporia, Kan. ALL WOOL YARN FOR SALE FROM manufacturer. 75c to \$2.00 per lb, Free sample, H. A. Bartlett, Harmony, Maine. VEIL MATERNITY HOSPITAL AND BABY home caring for unfortunate young women before and during confinement. Private, ethi-cal, homelike. 2005 East 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.

cal, homelike. 2005 East 11th St., Kansas City, Mo.
TO MR. FARMER: WE DO NOT ISSUE A catalogue. I advise that you get in your car and visit our large and complete line of harness and saddles and place your order for harness made right here. Theo. Schaubel, Manhattan, Kan.
LOOMS ONLY \$9.90 AND UP. BIG MONEY in weaving Colonial Rugs, carpets, etc., at home, from rags and waste materials Weavers are-ushed with orders. Send to FREE Loom Book, it tells all about home weaving and our wonderful new looms. Union Loom Works, 364 Factory Street, Boonville, N. Y.

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CERTIFIED SEED, CORN AND OATS, Laptad Stock Farm, Lawrence, Kan. PRIDE OF SALINE SEED CORN. CERTI-Ided. H. T. Brenner, Watewille, Kan. EXTRA GOOD SUDAN SEED Sc LB. JOHN Beckman, Lenora, Kan. BEST WHITE SWEET CLOVER AT FARM-ers prices. John Lewis, Virgil, Kan. PURE KANOTA OATS, G. F. FRIESEN, Cottonwood Grove Farm, Hillsboro, Kan. CERTIFIED KANOTA SEED OATS, \$1.00 per bu. A. F. Haeberle, Clearwater, Kan. WHITE SWEET CLOVER \$7.50 PER bushel, Sacks free. Tom Gallagher, Saw-yer, Kan.

KANOTA OATS YIELD .FIVE BUSHELS extra. Sacked \$1.00. Taylor Sons, Chap-man, Kan.

man, Kan.
 CHOICE BROMUS SEED, 10c PER POUND.
 Santa Fe or Rook Island. Frank Dudley.
 Lovewell, Kan.
 SEED CORN, AMES AMBER SORGHUM Keed, greatest sorghum known. Huston.
 Americus, Kan.
 PURE IOWA GOLD MINE SEED CORN.
 \$2.50 bushel, Samples free. L. C. Feigley.
 Enterprise, Kan.

KANOTA OATS FROM K. S. A. C. GROWN seed, \$1.00 per bushel. Bluemont Farm, Manhattan, Kan.

KANOTA OATS FROM K. S. A. C. GROWN seed, \$1.00 per bushel. Bluemont Farm, Manhattan, Kan.
 CARLOAD OR SMALLER LOTS KANOTA seed oats, good quality. Write C. O.
 Works, Humboldt, Kan.
 ALFALFA: HULLED WHITE SWEET clover, all \$7.50 bushel, sacks 35c. Robert Snodgrass, Augusta, Kan.
 SEED SWEET POTATOES; 16 VARIETIES from treated seed. Write for prices, John-son Bros., Wamego, Kan.
 KANOTA OATS, SEED CORN. BEST VAR-leties, lowest prices, Prize free. Elm-brook Farm, Grantville, Kan.
 SWEET CLOVER OR ALFALFA, \$9 BU. up. Apples, peaches, \$20-100; grapes \$6-100. James Wiltse, Ruio, Neb.
 CERTIFIED ALFALFA SEED, SWEET clover seed, good quality; ask for samples. Stants Brothers, Ablene, Kan.
 FURE KANOTA OATS, FIRST PRIZE county fair, \$3.00 per hundred, recleaned. L. T. Beckett, Deerfield, Kan.
 SOY BEANS (SABLE), RECLEANED, IN-noculated and sacked, \$3.50 per bushel. J. W. Thomas, Humboldt, Kan.
 CERTIFIED, PURE KANOTA SEED OATS, 98½ per cent germination, recleaned, 90c bushel. J. H. Seneff, Ottawa, Kan.
 FOR SALE: PURE SUMAC CANE, PINK, Dawn Black hull Kafir, Sudan grass seeds. Harry Dyck, Ness City, Kan.
 SEED CORN; BIG EARED EARLY YEL-low and pure white corn, guaranteed, \$5.00 bushel, Henry Debus, Jewell, Kan.
 THEES, SHRUBS, R OS ES, VINE FS, plants, Special discount. Catalogue free, Agents, wanted. Peyton Nurserles, Boon-ville, Mo.
 RETTER FIELD SEEDS: WHITE BLOSSOM Sweet Clover, Alfalfa, Sudan, Canes and Kaf-irs, Finnup-Nolan Seed Co. Garden City, Kan.
 PLEASE CUT OUT OUR SUDAN AD from your classified plants and seeds

PLEASE CUT OUT OUR SUDAN AD from your classified plants and seeds dept. We have sold out, D. C. S. Co.

CERTIFIED PRIDE OF SALINE, KANSAS Sunflower, Freed, and Colby seed corn. \$2.50 and \$3.00; Blackhull Rafir. Bruce S. Wilson, Keats, Kan. PURE KANOTA OATS, 98% germination. Grown from certified seed. Cleaned, sacked, F. O. B. Beattie, Kansas, 90c per bushel. Chas. Wuester, Beattie, Kan.

Chas. Wuester, Besttie, Kan.
 KANSAS SUNFLOWER SEED COEN FROM high yielding fields, crop of 1924, \$2.50 and \$3.00 per bushel, according to selection. Deming Ranch, Oswego, Kan.
 SEED CORN. INOREASE YOUR YIELD BY planting high grade seed. All leading var-ieties. Farmers prices. Catalog and present free. Grandview Farms, Grantville, Kan.
 PURE CERTIFIED SEEDS. KANOTA OATS, second award Chicago International, germi-nation 100%, Dawn Kafir 98, Milo 97, Pink Kafir 99, Alfalta. Blaesi & Son. Abliene, Ks.
 EXCELLENT QUALITY. HIGH GERMINA-tion Kanota Oats \$1.10 bushel, Orange Cane \$2.60 bushel, Black Hull Kafir \$2.00 bushel. Bags free. P. F. Hansen, Tampa, Ks.
 SEEDS: WHOLESALE PRICES TO FARM. ers on fancy recleaned Red Clover, Sweet Clover. Timothy, Sudan, Cane, Kafir, Mil-let. The D. O. Gifford Seed House, Burling-ton, Kan.

DS, PLANTS AND NURSERY STOCK FALFA SEED: WRITE ME IF YOU want good choice upland alfalfa seed, re-cleaned. Guaranteed all home grown seed. Send for samples. Paul J. Fulcomer, Belle-ville, Kan.

W"ALF'A SEED: W.R.ITE ME IF YOU want good choice uphand alfalia seed, redecaned. Guaranteed all home grown seed. Send for samples, Paul J. Fulcomer, Belleville, Kan.
 RHURE-MAMMOTH 1-YR. W HOLE Tools, 204100; Glant Crimson 3-year divisions, 5-4100; Caparague Roots, 50-4100; deltvered prepaid anywhere. Weaver Gardens, Wichita, Kan.
 KANOTA O ATS: FIRST PRIZE AND sweepstakes Kansas Free Fair. Highest anking Kanota cats Chicago International. 100% germination, 95c bushel. Bert Waterstrakt, Detroit, Kan.
 SEED CORN OF THE VERY BEST VARieto, Butted, tipped and graded; \$2.50 per bushel for 6 bushel or more. E. B. Newell, Rt. 3, Manhattan, Kan.
 TWENTY MILLION FROST PROOF CAP-bushel for 6 bushel or more. E. B. Newell, Rt. 3, Manhattan, Kan.
 TWENTY MILLION FROST PROOF CAP-bushel for 200 plants some price. Farms in Alabama and Georgia. Catalog Tree.
 REAL VALUES TN FRUIT TREES, ROSES. Course shrubs and small fruits offered in our new lift. Greatly reduced prices. Sond for list, Sweet Clovers, Red Clover, Mod. County Nursery, Bureka, Kan.
 SEEDS: "KANSAS" ALFAFA \$1.00 AND \$3.50 bushel, Sweet Clovers, Red Clover, Asike, Timothy, Sudan, Cane, Kaffr, Millets, Seed Corn, Soy-beans, Cowpens, bags free. Sond nor insome that alfalfa and yields free. Grown and poor acid land without for florinda.
 APPLE TREES, PEACH, PEAR, PLUM, Cherry, Small fruits, roses and shrubs, grapevines by the thousands. We save you \$00 to 40% on every order. Write for Wholesale list. "Truth Well Told." Welch Nursery, Sheandach, Kas.
 CERTIFIED SEED OF KANOTA OATS. Bushel, Sweet Clovers and shrubs, grapevines by the thousands. We save you \$10% to 40% on every order. Write for Wholesale list. "Truth Well Told." Welch Nursery, Sheandach, Iowa.
 CERTIFIED SEED OF KANOTA OATS. Bushel, Sweet Weit Store, Store, Scientify, Growth Rest, State Seed, Indovasia, Strees, Store, Sons, Covers. Red Laboratory. Only standard varieties in

field, Kan. QUALITY TREES AND SEEDS FOR spring planting; healthy plants quoted at extra low prices; offering marked reductions in fruit trees and small fruits, much lower than dur 1924 prices. Buy direct at whole-sale prices; profit sharing premiums with lizable orders; elect seeds of all kinds at low prices. Send today for free illustrated catalog and price lists containing valuable information. Wichita Nurseries & Seed House, Box B, Wichita, Kan. (34 years old).

FIELD SEEDS WANTED

SEEDS WANTED: Sudan, Red and Sweet Clover, Millet, Alfalfa. Send samples. Ed. F. Mangelsdorf & Bro., St. Louis, Mo.

STRAYED NOTICE.

TAKEN UP BY C. O. KING, LIBERAL, Kan., on January 10, 1 brown mare mule, about 2 years old, weight 800 lbs., no brands. C. O. King, Liberal, Kan. TAKEN UP ON NOVEMBER 10, 1924, BY Geo. E. Joss, Williamsport Township, Shawnee County, Kansas, 1 roan bull calf about fifteen months old without brands or marks, O. B. Eddy, County Clerk.

INCUBATORS

QUEEN INCUBATORS; SIX HUNDRED and one thousand size. Queen Hatchery, Grand Island, Neb.

DOGS

B E A UTIFUL COLLIES, SHEPHERDS, Fox Terrier pupples. Maxmeadow Ken-nels, Clay Center, Neb. ENGLISH SHEPHERD, SCOTCH COLLIES and registered White Collie pupples. H. W. Chestnut, Chanute, Kan. COLLIES, BLACK SHEPHERDS, BROWN English Scotch Terrier pupples. E. A. Ricketts, Rt. 3, Kincald, Kan.

POULTRY

Poultry Advertisers: Be sure to state on your order the heading under which you want your advertisement run. We cannot be responsible for correct classification of ads containing more than one product unless the classification is stated on order.

ANCONAS

DON'T FORGET! BAKER'S ANCONA FARM, Downs, Kan., has real Ancona chicks. Range flock special matings, list free. SHEPARD'S ANCONA HEAVY WINTER layers. Eggs \$5.00-100; chicks \$12.50-100, postpaid. Live arrival. James Christiansen, Canton, Kan.

Canton, Kan. BABY CHICKS. SETTING EGGS \$2.00. Barred Ringlets, Buff Orpingtons, Rose Comb Anconas. Statira Everett, 947 Sheri-dan, Salina, Kan. SINGLE COMB ANCONA COCKERELS. Sheppard strain, \$2.00. From prize win-ners Midwest and Arkansas Valley Shows. Claire Conable, Axtell, Kah. COCKERELS FROM MY PEN BREEDING which was from the very best laying hens mated to \$50.00 cockerels, price \$2.00 each. Satisfaction guaranteed. Shem Yoder, Yoder, Kan.

TABLE OF RATES One Four time times FOR SALE: PEERLESS STEAMER 36x58 Case. Herman Fleischer, Ingalls, Kan. FOR SALE OR TRADE, FORTY HORSE power double simple Geiser steam engine, like new. W. W. Humble, Pratt, Kan. WILL TRADE 8 FT. A D A M S GRADER for 10 ft, or will buy or sell. Must be in good shape. Ray Fulmer, Wannego, Kan. ONE 18-36 AVERY TRACTOR, ONE 28x52 Case Separator complete, one Combine harvester-thresher. N. Peter Peterson, Ves-per, Kan. Words time Four Words \$3.20 3.52 3.84 4.16 4.48 4.80 5.12 5.44 5.76 6.08 26....\$2.60 27.....\$2.70 28.....\$.80 29.....\$.90 30.....\$.00 \$ 8.22 8.64 8.96\$1.00 9.60 3.10 3.20 3.30 3.40 3.50 3.60 10.24 10.56 10.88 11.20 11.52 11.84 6.40 6.72 7.04 7.36 7.68 LARGE CAPACITY AUTOMATIC ACETY-lone lighting plant. First class condition. Sell or trade. Edgar W. Degan, 1923 Red-NEW AND USED TRACE \$8..... 39..... 40..... 3.90 12.48 12.80

34

RELIABLE ADVERTISING

2.40 2.50

24

Sell or trade. Edgar W. Degan, 1923 Red-den, Topeka.
NEW AND USED TRACTORS, SEPARA-tors, Plows, Steam Engines. Belting and all steel saw mills kept in stock for demon-stration. Write for big list. Will Hey, Baldwin, Kan.
FOR SALE OR TRADE: IRRIGATING outfit, one 40 horse power engine, one No. 6 centrifugal pump, 160 feet 6 inch pipe; one potato planter, one potato digger.
E. Cass, Uniontown, Kan.
FOR SALE: ALL SIZES USED OIL PULL tractors; separators, 38x60, 22x36, and 30x48 Rumely Wood, 32x52 Rumely Steel, 36-inch Case, 22-inch Goodison, 22x42 Twin City, 32x60 Avery. 15-30 Hart Parr and Waterloo Boy Tractor; Moline Tractor Binder nearly new. 20 horse Rumely, 20 horse Baker; 16 horse Aultman-Taylor steam engines; 5 bot-tom Avery plow. All at bargain prices. Wakefield Motor Co., Wakefield, Kan. **RELIABLE ADVERTISING** We believe that all classified advertise-ments in this paper are reliable and we ex-ercise the utmost care in accepting this class of advertising. However, as practi-cally everything advertised has no fixed market value and opinions as to worth vary, we cannot guarantee satisfaction, or include classified advertisements within the guar-anty on Display Advertisements. In cases of honest dispute we will endeavor to bring about a satisfactory adjustment between buyer and seller, but we will not attempt to settle disputes where the parties have villfied each other before appealing to us.

AGENTS

SALESMEN WANTED: PERMANENT EM-ployment. Payment weekly. Outfit free. The Ottawa Star Nurseries, Ottawa, Kan. The Ottawa Star Nurseries, Ottawa, Kan. WE PAY \$20 MONTHLY SALARY, FUR-nish car and expenses to introduce our guaranteed poultry and stock powders. Big-ler Company, X 671, Springfield, Ill. SELL S P R A Y E R S, WHITEWASHERS. Autowashers; make \$2000.00 per year. Truitt made \$35.50 in one day. Necessity. New features; free sample offer. Ray Com-pany, Johnstown, O. SALESMEN AND FARMERS TO BOOK

New Partures; free sample offer. Ray Com-pany, Johnstown, O. SALESMEN AND FARMERS TO BOOK orders for our super quality Nursery Stock, Biggest results obtained in next three months. All or part time. Free outfit. Write quick for exclusive territory, Neosho Nurseries, Dept. KF, Neosho, Mo. FREE TRIP TO CALIFORNIA. GET three good, responsible farmers to go with you to inspect California state-ap-proved lands. Opportunity for one good man in each community to join largest iand-selling organization in U. S. Write for details. Herman Janes, 1229 Transporta-tion Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

Bildg., Chicago, III.
EARN \$2.000 TO \$5,000 A YEAR selling Coal by the carload on our Club Plan. Be the Tepre-sentative of the Victory Coal Company in your locality, Sell direct from mines, saving your customers \$1.00 to \$3.60 a ton. Home Owners, School Boards, Farmers' Associations, Manufac-turers, Merchants—everyone who burns coal—is a prospective customer. Big commission on every sale. No capital or ex-perience required. A wonderful opportunity to connect with a long established, well known company and make big money. Write at once for full particu-lars before your territory is al-lotted. Victory Fuel Company, S03 Victor Bidg., Kansas City, No.

SALESMEN WANTED

Ky. , TOINTRODUCE, QUICK, OUR FAMOUSOLD Kentucky Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, we will send prepaid 3 big sample packages and give you absolutely free a fine Italian Briar pipe, regular \$2 value, all for only \$1.00, "Largest dollar's worth I ever bought" writes John Mosely. Finest tobacco in the world, sweet and mellow, One big sample only 30c. Send today, Kentucky Tobacco Company, Box 3, Owensboro, Kentucky. A SALESMAN CAN EARN \$50 TO \$150 a week selling the Book of Knowledge, 20 volumes. No door to door soliciting. Calls made om signed inquiries or names supplied by pleased customers. This affords an op-portunity to earn from \$4000 to \$6000 a year and a permanent connection in fixed territory with sub-agents. State age, ex-perience, whether driving a car. Grolier Society, 1336 Wainut, Kansas City, Mo.

EDUCATIONAL

EARN \$25 WEEKLY, SPARE TIME, WRIT-ing for newspapers, magazines. Experi-ence unnecessary. Copyright book free. Press Syndicate, \$45, St. Louis, Mo.

PATENT ATTORNEYS

PATENTS. BOOKLET AND ADVICE FREE. Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, 644 G Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. PATENTS. WRITE FOR MY FREE GUIDE Books "How to Obtain a Patent" a. 1 "Invention and Industry" and "Record of Invention" blank before disclosing inven-tions. Send model or sketch of your in-vention for instructions. Promptness as-sured. No charge for above information. Clarence A. O'Brien, Registered Patent Lawyer 1508 Security Bank Building, di-rectly across street from Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

TYPEWRITERS

TYPEWRITERS \$10 AND UP. MONTHLY payments. Yotz Company, Shawnee, Kan. TYPEWRITERS \$20 UP. EASY PAYMENTS. Free trial, Payne Company, Rosedale, Kansas. Kansas.

SERVICES OFFERED

BUTTONS, PLEATING, HEMSTITCHING, Mrs. M. J. Mercer, 800 Topeka Blvd., Mrs. M. J Topeka, Kan.

OLD COINS AND STAMPS

OLD MONEY WANTED. HAVE YOU AN old or old coin or bill? It may be worth several dollars. Get posted. Send 4c for Coin Circular. May mean much profit to you. Send now. Numismatic Bank, Dept. M, Fort Worth, Texas.

- 1

RADIO SUPPLIES CROSLEY 1 TUBE SET COMPLETE WITH aerial \$21.95. Two tube Crosley complete \$31.95. Guaranteed phones \$2.93. Radio Equipment Co., 306 E. 10th, mansas City, Mo. AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES

FARM WORK WANTED WORK ON FARM: STEADY, GOOD MAN. G. D. Warner, Route 1, Jamestown, Kan.

KODAK FINISHING

TRIAL ORDER: SEND ROLL AND 25c for six beautiful Glossitone prints. Fast service. Day Night Studio, Sedalia, Mo.

IMPROVE YOUR FORD: ATTRACTIVE SET of Hub Caps absolutely guaranteed to im-prove your Ford sent upon receipt of one dollar. Try them ten days; if not entirely satisfied return and your money will be re-funded immediately. Ford Improvement Co., 323 Fillmore St., Topeka, Kan.

FOR THE TABLE

HOT TAMALES, CHILE AND OTHER delicious dishes. Free recipe telling how to make. Henry Jefferies, Ottawa, Kan. CLOVERLEAF CREAM FUDGE: PURE sugar, assorted flavors, pound 50 cents, 5 pounds \$2.25. Wonder Working Yeast, large package quarter. Postpald. Lorens Wing, Marlenthal, Kan.

HONEY

BEST WHITE EXTRACT HONEY, 60 LBS. \$7.00, 120 lbs. \$13.00. T. C. Veirs, Olathe, Colo. Colo. OUR VERY FINEST WHITE EXTRACTED honey, 60 pd. can \$7.75; two \$14.50; 30 pds. \$4.25. Amber extracted \$6.50 and \$12. Drexels, Crawford, Colo. BI BL Cit

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Farmers' Classified Advertising

MACHINERY-FOR SALE OR TRADE

MACHINERY WANTED WANTED: 20-40 OIL PULL, ALSO TWO 2 row ridge busters. J. M. Troyer, Limon Colo.

PLEASE DISCONTINUE MY ADVER-tisement in Kansas Farmer and Mall & Breeze for the present. We are get-ting too far behind in our orders. N. P. R., Coffeyville, Kan.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

EGG CASE AND CHICKEN CRATE FAC-tory doing big business for sale-Would consider good farm as part consideration. Write Egg Case Factory, Manhattan, Kan.

TOBACCO

TOBACCO: 5 LBS, BEST CHEWING \$2.00; 5 lbs. smoking \$1.00, prepaid. Jim Foy, Dukedom, Tenn. TOBACCO. POSTPAID, GUARANTEED. Best Red leaf chewing, 5 pounds \$1.50; 10-\$2.75. Smoking 20c pound. Mark Hamlin, Sharon, Tenn. HOMESPUN TOBACCO. CHEWING 5 LBS; \$1.50; 10-\$2.50. Smoking 5-81.25; 10-\$2. Mild 10-\$1.50. Pay when received. F. Gup-ton, Bardwell, Kentucky. HOMESPUN TOBACCO. CHEWING FIVE

Ion. Bardwell, Kentwcky.
 HOMESPUN TOBACCO. CHEWING FIVE pounds \$1.50; ten\$2.50; twenty \$4.50. Smok-ing five pounds \$1.25; ten \$2.00; twenty \$3.50. Pipe free, money back if not satisfied. United Tobacco Growers, Paducah, Ky.
 KENTUCKY HOMESPUN TOBACCO. HAND picked, ripe and mellow. Smoking 10 pounds \$1.50; twenty \$2.75. Kentucky's Best 10 pounds \$2.50; twenty \$4.00; chewing 5 pounds \$2.50; twenty \$4.00; chewing 5 pounds \$1.75; ten \$3.00. Satisfaction guar-anteed. Tobacco Growers Union, Lynnville, Ky.

secutive weeks. Minimum charge is for 10 words. Remittance must accompany order Display type and illustrations not permitted. White space above and below type, 50 an agate line. Count abbreviations, initials and numbers as words. Copy must reach us by Saturday preceding publication.

ANDALUSIANS

BLUE ANDALUSIAN COCKERELS \$2.00 and \$3.00. Ella Briscoe, Lincoln, Kan. BLUE ANDALUSIAN EGGS FROM CER-tified flock, \$8-100. Chas. C. Miller, White City, Kan.

BANTAMS

BUFF COCHIN BANTAMS \$1,25 EACH. Mary Klinck, Blair, Neb. GOLDEN SEABRIGHT BANTAM COCK-creis, \$1,25; puilets \$1.00. Eggs in season. Henry Scheid, Vassar, Kan.

BRAHMAS

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ROSE COMB RED COCKERELS, \$1.50, \$2. Mary Moyer, Oakhill, Kan. DARK ROSE COMB RED COCKERELS, \$2.00 each. Ed Bohn, Alma, Kan. S. C. REDS, FINE HEALTHY COCKERELS \$2.(c). Francis Long, Madison, Kan. ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND WHITE cockerels. Mrs. W. Middleton, Kanorada, Kan.

Kan. ROSE COMB RED HENS AND PULLETS of good quality, \$1.50 each. Ray Barton, Sylvan Grove, Kan. PURE ROSE COMB RED COCKERELS: large, dark, vigorous, \$2.50, \$4.00. Earle Bryan; Emporia, Kan. PURE BRED LARGE TYPE DARK RED S. C. Rhode Island cockerels, \$2.00. Mrs. Gust Allen, Maplehill Kan. GOOD ROSE AND SINCLE COMB PHODE

Allen, Maplehill Kan. GOOD ROSE AND SINGLE COMB RHODE Island White cockerels for sale. J. W. Edwards, Meade, Kan. PURE BRED SINGLE COMB RHODE Island Red Cockerels, farm raised, \$2.50 each. J. H. Vernon, Oberlin, Kan. SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED cockerels, pure bred, dark red, extra good, \$2, \$3. H. F. Enz, Fredonia, Kan. ROSE COMB REDS; COCKERELS AND cock birds from good laying strain, \$2.50 \$3.00, \$3.50 each. G. H. Meier, Alma, Kan. SINGLE COMB RED COCKERELS, SPLEN-did show record. Prices reasonable. Eggs in season. Minnie Vontungein, Clay Center, Kan. ROSE COMB RED COCKERELS DIRECT

Kan. ROSE COMB RED COCKERELS DIRECT from state certified class A, \$3.00, \$5.00, Eggs, chicks. Mrs. Alex Leitch, Parker-ville, Kan. SINGLE COMB REDS. EXHIBITION AND egg bred. Cocks, cockerels, \$3.00, \$6.00, Eggs, Write for mating list. Mace Bros., Garnett, Kan. SINGLE COMB RED COCKERELS, BLUE Ribbon winners. Egg bred. \$3, \$4, \$5. Sat-isfaction guaranteed. Hatching eggs. Veri Smith, Bucklin, Kan. CHOICE ROSE COMB RED COCKS. COCK-

Smith, Bucklin, Kan. CHOICE ROSE COMB RED COCKS, COCK-ereis, and pullets. Bred for type, color and production. Priced reasonable. Ross Land, Wakarusa, Kan. SINGLE COMB, LARGE, HEALTHY RED cockerels. Hoganized for color and egg production from pen matings, \$2.00 each. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. Burkman, Talmo, Kansas.

Satisfaction guaranteed. B. Burkman, Talmo, Kansas. LARGE BRILLIANT REDS. ROSE AND Single Comb cockerels \$2.00, \$3.00. Single Comb pullets \$1.50; \$15.00 per dozen. West-view Farm, Wetmore, Kan. PURE BRED RHODE ISLAND RED COCK-erels, rose and single comb, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$5.00 sach. Splendid show record, Mar-shall's Yards, LaCygne, Kan. OHOICE ROSE. COMB R HO D'E ISLAND White cockerels. Prize winning stock, Hogan tested and guaranteed, \$2.50 each. Goernandt Bros. Aurora, Kan. FURE BRED RHODE ISLAND RED COCK-erels, Rose comb and single comb, \$2.50 each. Good healthy stock guaranteed. Mrs. Brant Rawson, Brewster, Kan. SINGLE COMB REDS AND WHITE RHODE Island pen mating trap nest eggs for hatching, fifteen \$2.00, fifty \$5.56, hundred \$3.00. M. P. Wethy, Paola, Kan. ROSE COMB RED COCKS AND COCKER.

ROSE COMB RED COCKS AND COCKER-elu, sired by first prime winners, Selected for size, color and type, \$2.50 each. Mrs. Arthur Woodruff, Miltonvale, Kan.

RHODE ISLANDSTURKEYSSINGLE COMB REDS, OWEN'S COCK,
erels, duits. Best blood lines back of
them, \$2., \$5. Sol Banbury, Pratt, KackBRON TOMS \$6.00; \$2 HEAR \$3.00, ANNA
Fick MCAllaster, Kan.ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED COCK
erels, dark even color, large type, Prize
winning stock, \$3.00, \$5.00, Satisfaction
guaranteed. Mark, \$5.00, \$5.00, Baby chicks
for each. Mrs. Anna Mirchler, Joes, Colo.
BOURBON RED TURKEY TOMS \$5.00,
BOURBON RED TURKEY TOMS \$5.00,
MAMMOTH BOURBON RED TOMS, \$6.00
each. Mrs. Anna Mirchler, Joes, Colo.
BOURBON RED TURKEY TOMS \$5.00,
MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS, FROM
\$4.00 each. Anna Yordy, Brookville, Kan.
MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS, FROM
Milo ribon winners. E. Bidleman, Kins-
tey, Kan.RHODE ISLANDS-EggsSINGLE COMB RHODE I SLAND WHITES, AS PRO-
Mark, Kan.RHODE ISLANDS-EggsSINGLE COMB RHODE I SLAND RED
Eggs, \$1.00-15, \$5.00-100, Mrs, Olle Rod
erick, Rt. 20, Berryton, Kan.FURE BRED GOLDBANK M A M MOTH
Bronze Toms \$3.00, Large Bachar, Rt. 3,
Russell, Kan.FURE BRED GOLDBANK M A M MOTH
Bronze Toms \$3.00, Leffie Bachar, Rt. 3,
Russell, Kan.MINGLE COMB RHODE I SLAND RED
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Eggs, \$1.00-16, \$5.00, 100, Mrs, Olle Rod
erick, Rt. 20, Berryton, Kan.<t

SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED Eggs, \$1.00-15, \$5.00-100. Mrs. Olie Rod-erick, Rt. 20, Berryton, Kan. Eggs. \$1.00-15, \$5.00-100. Mrs. Olle Rod-erick. Rt. 20, Berryton, Kan. SINGLE COMB RED EGGS FROM LINE bred prize whning stock, \$2.00 Setting. J. W. Deeter, McPherson, Kan. EGGS FROM CERTIFIED CLASS B ROSE Comb Reds, \$8 per hundred, \$1.50 setting. Laura Newton, Americus, Kan. 200 ROSE COMB REDS. 20 YEARS. BET-ter still, order now for March and April. Range eggs \$100-\$10; pen 15-\$5. J. C. Ban-bury, Pratt, Kan. ROSE COMB REDS. 300 EGG S TR A I N. certified. Pens headed by pedigreed cock-erels. First pen \$3-16 eggs; second \$10-100; Baby chicks. Mirs. Maud Smith, Alden, Kan. TOMPKINS SINGLE COMB R HO DE Island Reds. Linebred for high egg pro-duction, type and color. Eggs \$6.00 hun-dred. Satisfaction guaranteed. John Little, Concordia, Kan. ROSE COMB RED EGGS FROM F LO C K \$6 pen hatched, range raised. Females de-scendents of \$50 to \$75 exhibition males, and trap nested fom laigs. Nineteen years preeding. Ciscular, 150-\$12; 100-\$9; 60-\$6; 30- \$3.25; 15- \$1.75; prepaid. Mrs. E. F. Lant, Dennis, Kan.

WYANDOTTES.

PRIZE PARTRIDGE WYANDOTTE COCK-erels \$3.00, \$5.00. K. C. McCollum, Cha-nute, Kan. PRIZE PARTRIDGE WYANDOTTE COCK-ereis \$3.00, \$5.00. K. C. McCollum, Cha-nute, Kan.
PREMIER PARTRIDGE WYANDOTTES; Cockerels, \$3. \$5. Rena DeBusk, Macks-ville, Kan.
SILVER WYANDOTTE COCKERELS, penned flock, \$3.00. Judson Adcock, Wil-more, Kan.
SILVER LACED WYANDOTTE COCKER-els, prize winners, \$2.50. D. Norton, Her-ington, Kan.
LARGE WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKER-ereis \$2.56 each. Mrs. H. C. Johnson, Gar-rison, Kan.
ROSE COMB WHITE WYANDOTTE COCK-ereis \$2.56 each. Mrs. H. C. Johnson, Gar-rison, Kan.
ROSE COMB WHITE WYANDOTTE COCK-ereis \$2.00 each. Mrs. Number of the second discover of the second second second second second discover of the second second second second second second discover of the second second second second second second discover of the second second second second second second discover of the second second

ALL OF MY BIRDS ARE SOLD NOW and I can't keep up with answering orders that I have, so kindly take my ad out this time and I assure you I am for your classified advertising every time as that is the only and quickest way to sell surplus poultry, in fact everything one has to sell. I really didn't think it pays to advertise but now I'll tell everyone about it being so great. I bought some pure bred chick-ens from your advertisements with which I am pleased. S. H., Ramona, Kan.

WYANDOTTES-Eggs

<section-header>

February 7, 1925

and the second

JAN 281925

PURE BRED GOLDBANK MAM OT H Bronze Toms \$3.00. Effic Bachar, Rt. 3, Russell, Kan.
FINE BOURBON RED TURKEYS. TOMS \$3.00. hens \$5.00. White tails. Sadle Struthers, Rozel. Kan.
GIANT BRONZE TURKEYS, TOMS AND hens, quadity stock, Goldbank strain. Vira Balley, Kinsley, Kan.
MAMMOTH GOLDBANK BRONZE TOMS \$10. Prize winners, vaccinated. Loretta Kearney, Belpre, Kan.
FURE BRED BRONZE TURKEYS. BRED from prize winners. Reduced prices. Min-nle Snider, Piedmont, Kan.
EXTRA FINE GOLDBANK STRAIN Bronze toms \$10.00. Satisfaction guaran-teed. Fink Haynes, Udall, Kan.
FINE LARGE WHITE HOLLAND TURKEYS.
Stone \$10.00; pullets \$5.00. Chenowath's White Feather Farm, Gove, Kan.
MAMMOTH WHITE HOLLAND TURKEYS, Soms \$10.00; hens \$5.00. Also Buff Orpington Ducks \$2.00. Mrs. Geo. Lerew. Portis, Kan.
PURE BRE D EXTRA LARGE, PINK legged, Mammoth White Holland turkeys; toms \$10.00; hens \$6.00. Grace Scott, An-thony, Kan.
MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS. WHY not buy biggest and best? May toms 30, 32 lbs.; pullets 18, 20 hs. Elimer Harris, Sharon, Kan.
BOURBON RED SACRIFICE SALE. SOLD farm. Big, finely colored healthy hens \$4.60. Order at once. Mrs. Clyde Meyers, Fredonia, Kan.

Fredonia, Kan.
CHOICE MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS, Toms \$10.00 to \$15.00; eld tom, \$20.00; hens \$6.00 to \$30.0. Extra healthy. Fowler Bros., Russell, Kan., Route 3.
M A M M O T H NARRAGANSETTS, PURE bred, well marked, healthy and tame. Sired by Missouri toms; hens \$6.00; toms \$10.00. Eugenia Sayler, St. John, Kan.
TURKEYS, BRONZE: BIRD BROS., GOLD-banks direct. Big. lusty. early hatch, beautifully plumaged; toms \$10 up; hens \$7 up. Mrs. Iver Christenson, Jamestown, Kan.
STRICTLY PURE BRED MAMMOTH SNOW White Holland Turkeys, Extra large boned, plnk shanks, all. standard birds. Toms, \$10.09, hens \$3.00, R. O. Hanneman, Lincoln, Kan.

MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEY TOMS, Goldbank strain; sired by sweepstake of the Kansas State Pouliry Show. Other prizes ist on tom, cockerel and pullet, 2nd hen. Price \$10 to \$15. Mrs. Geo. Koontz, Haven, Han.

SEVERAL VARIETIES

HATCHING EGGS. JERSEY BLACK GIANT, Single Comb Red, Golden Seabright Ban-tams. Free descriptive folder. Sibley's Poul-try Farm. Lawrence, Kan. FRY'S PURE BRED POULTRY. ALL THE leading breeds; breeding stock and hatch-ing eggs in season. Send 2c in stamps for circular and price list. Samuel T. Fry, Eliza-bethtown, Pa., Box F.

POULTRY PRODUCTS WANTED

CAPONS. DUCKS. TURKEYS, PIGEONS, Chlokens wanted. Coops loaned free. The Copes, Topeka. PREMIUM PRICES PAID FOR SELECT market eggs and poultry. Get our quo-tations now. Premium Poultry Products Company, Topeka,

FOULTRY SUPPLIES

BROODERS COAL OR KEROSENE INEX-pensive easily operated. Write Post, Mound City, Kan. Also pure bred chix or eggs; Leghorns, Wyandottes

CUSTOM HATCHING

CUSTOM HATCHING, FOUR DOLLARS hundred. Write for space. Chicks re-turned postpaid. Queen Hatchery, Grand Island, Neb.

This Car is Lost

"Auto lost and I can't tell where to find it !" That is the notice S. M. Mc-Garvey of Arkansas City is broadcasting. The sad, sad story about Mr. Mc-Garvey's car is that it probably has been "misplaced." It has been missing since the night of January 25, but he cannot, for the life of him, tell whether it is lost, strayed or stolen, as he has forgotten where he put it!

Need a Motion Picture?

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The Government has many motion pictures, which may be obtained free for community entertainments. You can obtain a list from Fred W. Per-kins, Chief of Motion Picture Activities, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

MINORCAS



G. C. Clark, Overbrook, Kan., and Rich-ard F. Kaff, Carbondale, Kan., will hold a joint sale of Duroc bred sows and glits in the sale pavilion at Overbrook, Feb. 13. It is the only opportunity in that section of the state to buy bred sows this winter.

At the annual meeting of the Colorado Holstein breeders association in Denver the week of the stock show, C. F. Louderback, of the Woodman Sanitorium, Woodman, Colo., was elected president and Mrs. Storrs Hall of Denver as acting secretary until the board should hold a special meeting for the purpose of electing a perminent secre-tary.

Geo. F. Crabill & Son, Cawker City, Kan., so far this year have shipped Spotted Po-land China sows and glits, bred to the Millionaire to three states. They had ex-pected to consign a few good ones to the northwest Kansas Spotted Poland China breeders' sale at Beloit, but because of the scarcity of sows the sale did not fill and they are selling those they have to sell at private sale.

J. W. Meyer, Valley Falls, Kan., has claimed Feb. 25 for a complete dispersal sale of his Holstein dairy herd near that place. He will sell 60 head, part of them registered and the others high grades and the offering is one of real merit as those who know Mr. Meyer will know: There will be 30 cows in the sale, fresh and to fresh-en soon after the sale that are valuable producers. producers.

W. R. Huston, Americus, Kan., will sell Duroc bred sows and glits in the sale pavilion at Emporia, Kan., Feb. 20, Mr. Huston is one of the pioneer breeders of high class Durocs that has stayed with the business and that has continued to build up his herd with additions from strong herds over the country. He has faith in the business and is selling a very high class lot of sows in this sale.

Woodbury Farm Durocs, Sabetha, Kan., were very successful on the show circuits last fail. I had a nice visit with H. C. Woodbury, a banker and preder at Sa-betha last week. Grover King the herd manager, made the shows and is well known to Duroc Breeders all over the country. In the fail shows they won 18 championships and 31 firsts. They had a good demand all fail for boars and sold 45 head at an average of \$40. They are keeping 32 sows for spring farrow.

Red Polled cattle are growing in popu-larity all over the country because of their combined beef and dairy qualities. Accord-ing to F. S. Jackson of Topeka, secretary. of the Kansas association, there are over 200 breeders of registered Red Polls in Kansas. Minnesota ranks first in number of breeders, Nebraska second and Kansas third. Two years ago there were more Red Polls on the fair grounds at Hutchinson than any other breed of cattle except Hoi-steins and Herefords.

E.⁶ A. Cory, Concordia, Kan., the north-western, Kansas Shorthorn breeders asso-clation sale manager has been claiming a date all winter for a Shorthorn sale at Concordia for March 5. Also a bred sow sale date for March 4. He is anxious to hear from those who might want to con-sign to these sales at once. In fact he must know who is going to consign this week if the sales are to be held. If you are interested you had better write or call him up at once.

C. W. McCoy, Valley Falls, Kan., started out last fall to buy the best senior Holstein bull calf he could buy and after consider-able search he found the calf that suited him the best in the Ira Romig & Son herd at Topeka. He is certainly a fine calf and good show prospect and is a son of Irina Pontiac, the Romig cow that holds a state record in the 10 months division both as a two and three year old. He will be on show circuit next fall in the McCoy show herd. Mr. McCoy sold his senior herd bull to Channey & Butcher, Lawrence, Kan., for a good figure.

Dr. E. G. L. Harbour, Lawrence, Kan., who has become well known all over Kan-near as a breeder of Guernsey cattle, is dis-persing his entire herd in a big closing out sale at the fair grounds in Lawrence, Feb. 17. This sale should attract the attention of everyone in Kansas at least that is in-terested in Guernseys. It is a well known fact that Guernseys are exceedingly popular because of their ability as producers of milk of a very desirable quality. The Dr. Harbour herd of 40 head in this sale are favorably known all over Kansas. It is a working herd that makes the catalog Dr. Harbour is now sending out one of real interest.

Last Monday I attended the Earl Lugen-beel Chester White hog sale at Hiawatha, Kan. It was a very cold day and there were not many there but it was a good sale just the same. In this sale Mr. Lug-enbeel sold about 30 bred sows and gilts

REAL ESTATE LOANS

FARM LOANS in Eastern Kansas. 5%, 54%, and 54% and small commission. W. H. Eastman, 115 W. 6th, Topeka, Kan.

REAL ESTATE WANTED FARM WANTED from owner lowest price sell now through Fuller Agency, Wichita, Kan. I WANT FARMS and lands for cash buyers, Describe fully and state price. R. A. Me-Nown, 329 Wilkinson Bidg., Omaha, Neb. WANT to hear from party having farm for sale. Give particulars, lowest price. John J. Black, Capper St., Chippewa Falls, Wis.

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KANSAS FARMER ADDRESS

REAL ESTATE

WRITE when interested in Farms, Houses, etc. New method. E. E. Petersen, 1587 East 7th St., Portland, Ore. ATTENTION, Farm Buyers, anywhere. Deal direct with owners. List of farm bargains free. E. Gross, North Topeka, Kan.

OWN A FARM in Minnesota, Dakota, Mon-tana, Idaho, Washington or Oregon. Crop payment or easy terms. Free literature; mention state. H. W. Bycriy, 31 Northern Pacific Ry., St. Paul, Minnesota. IMPROVED FARMS, PLANTATIONS and ranches taken under foreclosure. We own and operate approximately 50,000 acres in tracts of 50 to 2,400 acres dis-tributed over 14 different states, will sell regardless of cost and very easy terms. Send for list. Bover Land Company

Send for list. Boyer Land Company, 804-5 International Life Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

IMPROVED farms in Minnesota and North Dakota can be purchased on 34 years' time on small cash payments by persons who have their own help, equipment and live stock. Corn, alfalfa, hogs and dairying insure good earnings, also have a few good farms to rent. For complete information and free book descriptive of the Country write E. C. Leedy, General Agricultural De-velopment Agent, Dept. G., Great Northern Railway, St. Faul, Minnesota.

160 Acres, 33 Cattle, Team Tools, Crops — Only \$2,500 1% miles over improved road to R R and advantages: 100 acres productive fields, wire-fenced watered pasture, woodland, abun dance fruit; cozy house, barn, tenant house Low price \$2500 for quick sale, less than half cash. Details pg. 151 Big Illus, Bargain Catalog. Free. Strout Farm Agency, 831 GP New York Life Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

KANSAS

SELL on crop payment plan. Pay 14 crop \$22 acre. Fine crops. Ely, Garden City, Kan

FOR SALE: N. E. Kansas bottom and up-land farms. Melvin Ward, Holton, Ks., R. 1. FOR SALE—320 acres Ford Co. land, 140 in wheat, balance pasture, \$9,000, terms. Jos. J. Schmitt, Owner, Kinsley, Kansas. 640 ACRE improved wheat farm, 2½ miles from Dighton, Kan. Price \$50 per acre. W. H. Crow, Dighton, Kan.

FOR SALE OR TRADE: Clothing store with cleaning and pressing in connection. Want land near Topeka, Address Box 43, Glasco, Kan. BUY CORN LAND NOW. Write for new list of Eastern Kansas Farm bargains. Mans-field Land & Loan Company, Ottawa, Kan. IF YOU WANT a Kansas Farm or you are in any way interested in land. Write at once to P. O. Box 882, Wichita, Kan.

126 ACRE FARM; bottom land all but six acres cultivated, fine improvements, Three miles from town, \$125 per acre. Address Wyman Ins. Agency, Quenemo, Kan. 259 ACRES of Eastern Kansas upland. Good improvements, selling to settle estate. Write A. A. Velthoen, Adm. Route 1, Gar-nett, Kan.

640 ACRES near Council Grove, Kan., 2 sets imp. good soil, timber and water, \$50,000, \$20,000 cash, balance 6%. Owner Room 201 Security Bank Bidg., Hollywood, Cal.

FOR SALE BY OWNER, well improved half section, Scott Co., Kan., abundance good water, school and town close, good orchard, desirable place for a home. Lawrence Nead-erhiser, Manchester, Kan., Rt. 2.

200 ACRE FARM; \$50.00 per acre well im-proved, upland, 100 acres cultivated, bat-ance in alfalfa, and prairie hay also prairie pasture. Rural school near, 4 miles from town. Address Wyman Ins. Agency, Quen-emo, Kan.

WHEAT FARM—Well improved. Ford coun-ty, 14 miles Dodge City. Smooth level sec-tion, deep rich soli. 500 acres plowed early and drilled to wheat. Ideal stand and all wheat goes. Price \$22.50 per acre, two-thirds cash. Terms balance 6%. No trades. Ad-dress Owner. Box 836, Dodge City, Kan.

LARGE RANCH BARGAIN It's time to buy land now, 5500 A. highly improved, East Central Kansas, 500 A. cul-tivated Creek bottom. Balance fine pasture. \$50,000 cash, balance on terms. Price \$200,000. Just think of it. Less than \$40 per A. for as good as you can buy. Let us show you this and other land bargains large or small. Twin Valley Realty Co., 113½ S. Santa Fe, Salina, Kansas.

COLORADO

IRRI. FARMS San Luis Valley, Colo. \$30. Dry lands Southeast Colo. \$17.50. Terms to suit. Morris Land Co., Lawrence, Kan.

Productive Farms and Ranches at

Pay No Advance Fee Don't give option tate Jos any kind of contract without first knowing those you are dealing with are absolutely honorable, re-sponsible and reliable. CALIFORNIA ALFALFA produces 8 tons per acre in Diablo Valley. Good irrigated land within 50 miles. of the five largest citles of Central Cali-fornia. Write Department "I" East Contra Costa Chamber of Commerce, Brentwood, Cal.

RATE

FARMER WANTED—Industrious and am-bitious, who can stock and equip state-approved 40-acre alfalfa and dairy farm near Fresno. Can purchase on 20-year time. Rare opportunity. Herman Janes, 1229 Transportation Bidg., Chicago, Illinois.

CALIFORNI WE ARE NOW MAKING RESERVA-TIONS FOR OUR NEXT REGULAR EX-CURSION TO THE FAMOUS SUTTER BASIN FARM LANDS IN THE SACRA-MENTO VALLEY. ONLY TWENTY-TWO MILES NORTH OF SACRAMENTO, THE CAPITAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFOR-NIA.

NIA. VERY FINEST OF SOIL, WATERED BY ONE OF THE BEST IRRIGATION SYS-TEMS IN THE COUNTRY. MARKETS AT SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO WITH EITHER WATER OR RAIL TRANS-PORTATION, IDEAL LIVING CONDI-TIONS, FAVED BOULEVAR DS, NEW TOWNSITE BRIMFUL OF OPPORTUNI-TIES, AND NUMEROUS OTHER ADVAN-TAGES REDUCE YOUR FARMING TROU-BLES TO A MINIMUM.

FOR FULL INFORMATION REGARD-ING OUR PRIVATELY CONDUCTED REGULAR PULLMAN EXCURSIONS, WRITE, PHONE OR SEE

Mansfield Land & Loan Co.

Kansas City, Missouri 415 BONFILS BLDG., PHONE HARRISON 5208

CANADA

CANADA FARMING IN BRITISH COLUMBIA ON The lands adjacent to the Pacific Great Eastern Rallway offers exceptional oppor-tunity to prospective settlers. These areas are peculiarly adapted for mixed and dairy farming. Climatic conditions ideal. Crop fallures unknown. Only a small portion of British Columbia is suitable for farming purposes, so a steady market is at all times assured. Schools in these districts are established by the Department of Edu-cation where there is a minimum of ten children of school age. Transportation on the line is given at half rates to intend-ing settlers, Prices range from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per acre with sixteen years to pay. Full information on application to R. J. Wark, Dept. 143. Pacific Great Eastern Rallway, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

LOUISIANNA

LOUISIANNA LOUISIANA CHEAP LAND for farming, stock raising, dairying, truck growing, poultry in the Highlands of Louisiana. Land is gently rolling, well drained, grass-covered — no stones or underbrush, sandy, lo am soil, close to towns, schools, churches, served by good roads—low taxes—long growing season. No ice, snow or freezing weather. Com-munity of Northern and Western farmers, Regular terms, one-tenth cash down pay-ment—balance in ten years, or before, if buyer desired. Big special deal now of-fered to farmers who cannot get away to inspect personally this land. This effective to March 1, 1925 only. Write for details and free, 60-page illustrated book that tells all about the Highlands of Louisiana. Long-Bell Farm Land Corporation, 456 R. A. Long Bidg., Kansas City, Mo.

FLORIDA

40 ACRES unimproved, finest climate win-ter summer-creeks, fish, raise ducks, geese, poultry, oranges, bananas, berries; truck all year. Close city highways, 3 rys., neighbors, schools, churches. Cost \$100 acre to set with oranges, then worth \$1000. Oranges on 3 sides. It's worth double my price. I'm preacher called away. Take \$75 acre. Terms. Box 345, Arcadia, Fla.

NEW MEXICO

WARM, SUNSHINY WINTER DAYS make farming a pleasant as well as profitable occupation in U. S. Elephant Butte irrigated district of New Mexico. No blizzards or zero days. Big returns from diversified farming, dairying, co-operative selling, splendid mar-kets. For brass tack facts and illustrated folders address Dept. E, Farm Bureau, Las Cruces, N. M.

Cruces, N. M. ALFALFA AND COTTON pay well in Pecos Valley, New Mexico. Alfalfa always a money maker, whether sold as hay or fed to dairy cows; yields four to five cuttings yearly. Land reasonably priced, very fav-orable terms; tracts offered have been in-spected and approved as to values and quality by local Chambers of Commerce. Some are improved farms with buildings. Ample and certain water supply for irriga-tion; long growing seasons; short and mild winters; congenial neighbors; good roads: up-to-date city and country schools. All grain crops, vegetables and fruit also do well. Cotton farmers last year received from \$100 to \$150 per acre gross. Write for full particulars. C. L. Seagraves, General Colonzation Agent, Kawta Fe Rv. 924 Rail-way Exchange, Chicago, Illinols.

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POUL/TRY LAND \$5 down \$5 monthly buys 40 acres Southern Mo. Price \$200. Send for list. Box 22A, Kirkwood, Mo. POOB MAN'S CHANCE-\$5 down, \$5 monthly buys forty acres grain, fruit, poultry land, some timber, near town, price \$200. Other bargains. Box 425-O. Carthage, Missouri.

FORCED SALE 160 Acres, half mile off olied highway, 25 miles South K. C., bluegrass, corn, wheat, clover; splendid improvements; \$100 an acre; \$3,500 cash; possession. Mansfield Land & Loan Company, 415 Bonfils Bidg., 10th and Walnut, Kansas City, Mo.

NORTH DAKOTA

VERY NICE 1/2 SEC., well improved. Near school. Mail Rtc. 2 flowing wells, fine neighborhood. M. F. Rickert, Wahpeton, N. D.

MINNESOTA

FREE MAP of Minnesota and facts about the Sure-Crop State. Address State Immigration Dept. 733, State Capitol, St. Paul, Minn.

OREGON

FOR SALE—Several thousand acres of new land under the Grants Pass irrigation project, raise alfalfa, clover, vegetables and fruits, poultry, hogs and dairy cattle in the Rogue River Valley, where climatic conditions are unexcelled. Tracts to suit, prices and terms very reasonable. Chicago Land Co., Grants Pass, Oregon.

OREGON—Ideal Farm Homes

OREGON--Ideal Farm Homes Mild, short winters; cool, long summers. No destructive wind or electrical storms, Green vegetables all year. Fertile, produc-tive land at reasonable prices. Two hundred ten days growing season. Great diversity of products. All small grain can be sown in Fall. Apples, pears, prunes, peaches, cher-ries, strawberries, blackberries, raspber-ries, English walnuts and filberts grow to perfection. Dairying and poultry pays. Milk flow and egg production high during winter when price is best. Rail and water trans-portation to world markets. Fine paved highways free from land tax. Ideal living conditions, Education facilities unsurpassed. Beautiful farm home sites along highways with modern conveniences. A few acress make a self supporting home. Fine water plentiful. Numerous springs, streams and rivers. Banking and business interests co-operating with farmers to make farming pay. Come now, our undeveloped resources offer rich reward to men and capital. For FREE official information write. Land Set-tlement Department, Room 654, Portland Chamber of Commerce, Portland, Oregon.

SOUTH DAKOTA

BEAUTIFUL 2000 acre ranch right on White River, near Kadoka, South Dakota. Has plenty water, timber in abundance; 400 A. aifaifa and excellent buildings. Write for our plans under which this farm will pay its way and make you independent. Ernest O. Buhler, Development Agent, Box 4 Mer-chants Trust & Savings Bank, St. Paul, Minn.

SALE OR EXCHANGE

TRADES EVERYWHERE—What have you? Big list free. Bersie Agency, Eldorado, Ks.

BARGAINS-East Kan., West Mo. farms-sale or exch. Sewell Land Co., Garnett, Ks.

SALE or trade imp. and upimp. Coffey Co. land. Phillipi & Coulter, Burlington, Kan.

SALE, trade 320 fine irrigated improved, al-falfa, wheat, beet, potato land, fenced. Un-der cultivation. 625 Santa Fe, Denver, Colo.

560 ACRES MEXICO LAND For Sale or Trade. Mr. J. B. Cantrell, Agate, Colorado, Route 1.

GOOD DUPLEX bringing in 6% on \$15,000, to exchg. for good 160 A. Vrooman Loan & Realty Co., 820 Kansas Ave., Topeka, Kan. 1275 A. IN ILLINOIS, good land, 3 sets of improvements. Want land in Kansas. Write for particulars. Mansfield Co., Topeka, Kansas.

FOR SALE-71 ACRES of good improved land, four miles of Iola, Kan. Will sacrifice if sold by March 1st. Might trade-What have you? Owner W. F. Wilkerson, Bunker Hill, Kan.

640 ACRES of Smoky Hill River Land, 220 acres under cultivation. balance pasture, house, barn, granary and machine shed, Good well water near the house, several running springs in the pasture, one mile from school. Possession given Aug. 1, 1925. % of grain crop goes to the purchaser. Price \$50,000 will trade up to \$5,000. John Shannon, Agent, Ellsworth, Kan.

1050 ACRE finest improved farm in South-west Mo., bottom land, running water, \$20,000 new improvements. Price \$75 acre. S0 acre highly improved Farm all in culti-vation. 7 mi. N. E. Carthage, Mo. Immediate possession. Price \$90 per acre. City light plant and water system, good county seat town. Netting \$500 per 'month, new fran-chise. Want Farm. Price \$30,000. Address **R. T. Poplin, 614 Main, Joplin, Mo.**

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE Land we are offering cheap. Ford Co., 160 acres, 7 miles east of Ford. 00 acres cultivated, balance pasture. 6 boom house, good barn, machine sheds, other 100

room house, good barn, machine sheds, other out-buildings, carries mortgage of \$2000-6% due in 5 years. 480 acres river bottom, 6 miles south of Offerle. New 4 room house, barn and gran-ary, all under cultivation. Carries mortgage of \$12,000-6% due Oct. 1, 1927. 320 acres 3 miles west of Ford, small house, other buildings, 200 acres cultivated, balance pasture, carries mortgage of \$7,000 -6% due March 1, 1929. Write A. S. Blair, Farm Mortgage Trust Co., Topeka, Kan. Are also offering some good Oklahoma Farms.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT: 130 Acres near Lawrence on Fort to Fort road, extra good improve-ments, plenty of good water and grass. About one third farm ground, the rest good bluegrass. J. M. Clevenger, Lawrence, Kan.

Railways Desire to Render Good Service

THE railways are confronted with the necessity of handling in 1925 a larger freight business than ever before. Past experience and present conditions indicate the nation is entering an era of prosperity and that demands for transportation service will largely increase year by year. Upon how the railways are able to meet these demands will depend the prosperity that can be enjoyed by farmers and other classes of people.

The railways were returned to private operation five years ago under the Transportation Act, which required them to be honestly, efficiently and economically managed and assured them, if they were so managed, the opportunity to earn a "fair return" in order that they might be able to provide adequate transportation service.

A Record of Performance

The railways cite their record of performance as proof that they have accepted in good faith, and given effect to the best of their ability to, the purposes of the Transportation Act. By the adoption of every possible economy they have largely reduced their operating expenses. Reductions of rates made since 1921 are saving the public about \$700,000,000 a year. Reductions upon farm products have been larger than on any other class of commodities.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has held the railways entitled to earn a return of 534 per cent on their valuation. The railways since the Transportation Act was passed have earned only about two-thirds this much. Nevertheless, they have within the last two years been raising and investing new capital in locomotives, cars and other improvements at the rate of about one

billion dollars a year. The results of this investment, and of increases in efficiency that have been made, are reflected in the improved service rendered the shipping public. Within the last two years the railways have handled more carloads of freight than ever before without "car shortages" or serious delays.

Farmers Rendered Adequate Service

There were large advances in the prices of grain in the latter part of 1924. The farmers desired to ship grain in unpre-cedented rapidity and volume to take advantageof these higher prices. A serious car shortage would have caused them losses of many millions of dollars. There was no car shortage, but on the contrary in the months of August, September, October and November the railways promptly loaded and moved 1,133,000 carloads of grain and grain products, an increase of 25 per cent over the same months of 1923. The railways had to solve equally difficult problems in han-dling the crops of fruits and vegetables

requiring refrigerator cars. Such transportation service is of ines-timable value to producers and shippers.

This is one of a series of advertisements published to give the farmer authentic information about railroad matters. Any questions that you would like to ask will be cheerfully answered. Address:

WESTERN RAILWAYS' COMMITTEE **ON PUBLIC RELATIONS**

C. H. MARKHAM, President, Illinois Central Railroad, L. W. BALDWIN, President,

Missouri Pacific Railroad, RALPH BUDD, President;

Great Northern Railway, H. E. BYRAM, President,

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., W. H. FINLEY, President, Chicago & North Western Railway,

However large future increases in business may be the railways desire to continue to render such service. They cannot do so unless allowed to earn a "fair return." Situation of Western

Railways

While some western railways are pros-perous, the Interstate Commerce Commission expressly held in its decision in the western grain rate case in July, 1924, that the western roads as a whole were not earning a fair return. Their net operating income in 1923 was \$88,500,000 less than in 1017 and was apply 204 per parts in 1917, and was only 3.94 per cent on their property investment. In the first eleven months of 1924 it was only 3.87 per cent. Practically all the capital western railways have invested in increased facilities since the war has been raised by borrowing and going more deeply into debt. They cannot continue to raise new capital unless they are allowed to earn an adequate net return.

Freight Rates on Farm Products

One means which continues to be advocated for improving the condition of agriculture is a readjustment of freight rates that would involve a reduction of the rates on farm products. Only 71/2 per the rates on farm products. Only 7½ per cent of the tonnage of eastern railways and only 9½ per cent of the tonnage of southern railways consists of farm prod-ucts, while 21 per cent of the tonnage of western railways consists of farm prod-ucts. Therefore such a readjustment of rates would especially cripple western railways, upon which western farmers depend to get their products to market. Since special reductions of freight rates on farm products were first pro-posed there has been a revolution in the relation between freight rates and farm

relation between freight rates and farm prices. The average freight rate of western railways is only 37 per cent more than in 1913. The average wholesale price of all farm products, according to the De-partment of Commerce, was 56.7 per cent higher in December, 1924, than in 1913. Between June 2 and December 30 the cash price of corn in Chicago increased from $77\frac{1}{2}$ cents to \$1.28 a bushel and that of wheat from \$1.10 to \$1.88. Present relations between farm prices and freight rates of western railways afford no justification for special reductions of rates on farm products.

What the Interstate **Commerce** Commission Said

The Interstate Commerce Commission said in its decision in the western grain rate case last July: "There is serious doubt whether farmers would not in many instances lose more from impaired railway service than they could possibly gain from a reduction in rates, even if the farmers would get the entire benefit

of any reduction made." We solicit the co-operation of western farmers to enable western railways to furnish the transportation service the farmers require.

650 Transportation Building, Chicago, Illinois CARL R. GRAY, President;

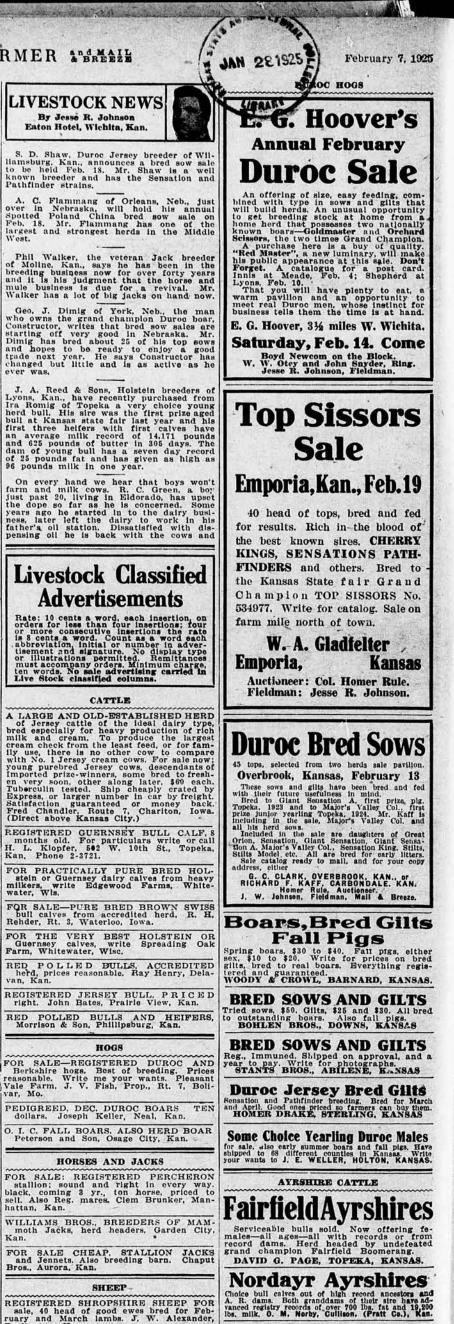
Union Pacific System, J. E. GORMAN, President;

- Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway; HALE HOLDEN, President, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad,
- S. M. FELTON, President, Chicago Great Western Railroad,

Kan.

C. E. SCHAFF, President, Missouri-Kansas-Texas Lines.

that are as good as will go thru a sale their mail at Republican City. Ray Gould, ring this season in Kansas or anywhere Rexford, Kan., bought a very valuable sow else. They went to breeders in Kansas, as did M. K. Goodpasture of Horton. Some Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska and at prices of the prices looked pretty high but Mr. that were very satisfactory to Mr. Lugen-beel. Among the Kansas buyers present were F. A. Massey & Sons of Republican made in the leading shows of the country City, Neb. They live in Kansas but get during the last two or three years.



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REGISTERED SHROPSHIRE SHEEP FOR sale, 40 head of good ewes bred for Feb-ruary and March lambs. J. W. Alexander, Burlington, Kan.

Burlington, Kan. CONTAGIOUS ABORTION - PREVENTION and cure positively guaranteed, Write for folder. Sunnyside Farms, Bucktall, Neb. Cummins' Ayrshires For sale: Helfers and bull calves. Write at once to R. W. CUMMINS, PRESCOTT, KAN.

SPOTTED POLAND CHINA HOGS

Shady Grove Spotted Polands Annual Bred Sow Sale Wednesday, February 18

50 great sows bred to such boars

as The Eclipse, Super Sparkles and English Royal Prince, Write for catalog.

A. C. Flammang, Orleans, Neb. Auct.: Chas W. Taylor. Fieldman, Jesse R. Johnson,

SPOTTED POLAND

CHINA SOWS

CRABILL & SON, CAWKER CITY, KAN.

HORSES AND JACKS

REG. PERCHERONS

A. H. Taylor & Son, Sedgwick, Kansas.

PUREBRED PERCHERONS Of the best breeding. For sale stallions, mares and colts of different ages. Also a choice pair of four year old grey geidings. Inspection invited. Chas. F. Rezeau, Cullison (Pratt Co.), Kan.

> Percherons — Belgians — Shires 10 stallions weighing from ton to 2300 lbs. 20 mares from 1800 to a ton, good enough to win wherever shown. Jos. Rouselle, Seward, Neb.

Our Big Mammoth Jacks

have gone into nearly every locality in this and adjoining states. More good ones now than ever for sale. PHIL WALKER, Moline, Kan.

JACKS

Plenty of them the right kind and ages, also good young Percheron stallions, a good Morgan stallion and some good mules. A written guarantee with every jack or horse, HINEMAN'S JACK FARM, Dighton, Kansas

FOR SALE OR TRADE

jack colt by side. Would consider good Percheron stallion, WALTER JONES, R. R. 6, GIRARD, KAN

POLAND CHINA HOGS Baby Polands—Either Sex

w. Also choice bred gilts. Priced to sell quick MILES AUSTIN, BURRTON, KANSAS

POLANDS, either sex, by Designor and Ci-cotte, Jr. Few Designor and Clootte Jr. glize bred to Laberator-Revelation, The Outpost and Checkers-Heri-tage, at farmer prices. J. R. Heuston, Gem, Kan.

SHORTHORN CATTLE

Good Shorthorn Calves Wanted by feeders. Use a good Shorthorn bull. We can get you a good market for the calves.

American Shorthorn Breeders' Association 18 Dexter Park Avenue Chicago, Illinois.

Scotch and Scotch Topped Shorthorns. Bulls from 12 to 18 months old. Yearling and two year old helfers. Write for descriptions and prices or come and see them. C. W. TAYLOR, ABILENE, KANSAS.

Shorthorn Herd Bull For Sale

Imp. Herald 956648 five years old, a guar-anteed breeder. Color white. Priced to sell. F. J. COLWELL, GLASCO, KANSAS.

Young Shorthorn Bulls Choice individuals well grown out. Reds and roans Sired by son of ROSEWOOD DALE. Attractive prices E. J. HAURY, HALSTEAD, KANSAS.

Bleam's Shorthorns

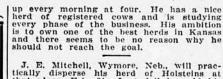
Two bulls, 18 to 24 months old. 20 young cows, all reg. W. F. Bleam & Sons, Bloomington, Kansae Oaborne County.

Stallions and mares sired by MOLOCAS 130410 by CAS 1N O 27830 - 45462, 20 to select from, good in-dividuals and none better bred. Priced low, Farm one mile from Briggs sta-tion on Interurban R. R.

club

term

d glits, in service to "the Millionaire" e 1924 grand champion. Extra quality farmers prices. Special terms to pig 1b boys. Why not own the best at s cost. Write for descriptions and "ms. A pair of extra good boars cheap.



J. E. Mitchell, Wymore, Neb., will prac-tically disperse his herd of Holsteins at that place, Feb. 21. Last fall he sold his farm at auction retaining 60 acres for his home, and now he is selling 60 Holsteins, which is the entire herd, except a few cows and helfers for his own use. The entire herd except one cow and the herd bull was raised on his farm during the past five years. Most of the young cows and helfers were sired by Kilbroc Ormsby Lad, a 1,000 pound bull, weigning 2,440 pounds. The young bull now in service is a Dutchland Farms bull.

One of the constructive breeders of regis-tered Ayrshire cattle in Kansas is E. T. Harper of Augusta. Mr. Harper laid the foundation for his present good herd about 15 years ago. At that time he bought two helfers and a bull from one of the good breeders in Wisconsin. He followed with four more calves the next year and now has his fourth bull, a grandson of Peter Pan. His second bull was a son of Garland Success and a very large part of his fe-males are daughters or granddaughters of that bull. He keeps his cattle in open sheds, separates the cream and feeds skim milk to pigs and calves.

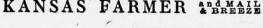
HOLSTEIN CATTLE

Choice

JERSEY CATTLE

For Sale

Beef, Milk and Butter. One of the largest herds. Bulls \$60 to \$250. Fine pair of Polled Short-horn caives \$150. Fine pair of Shorthorn caives \$100. Blood lines of champions. Truck delivery. J. C. Banbury & Sons Pratt, Kan.





TRUMBO'S POLLED HEREFORDS. Helfers: Coming yearlings to 3-year-olds, bred or open, Bulls: Calves to serviceable age. Herd stres: Abe G, a Polled Success and Echo Mystic, a Polled Admiral, Dams: Beau Ideal, Rex Onward, etc. W. W. Trumbe, Peabody, Kan, Whiteway Hampshires on Approval CHESTER WHITE SWINE Choice bred gilts sired by Champion and Fall pigs, either sex. Boar pigs of service-bred to champion boars. Bred sow sale in able age sired by Kansas Buster \$25. Large March. F. B. WEMPE, Frankfort, Kansas. type. EARL SCOTT, WILMORE, KANSAS.



Have you started your voyage of discovery?

HEN you own a farm you hope to discover success, contentment and a profitable living. If you should happen to discover that your buildings cost too much for repairing and repainting, your satisfaction quickly vanishes into thin air.

When you build or remodel, plan to get permanent satisfaction. Build with concrete made with Lehigh

Cement. Get construction that is fire-proof, stormproof, rat-proof, wear-proof and expense-proof. Have buildings that add to your pride, your profit, and to the saleability of your farm. Run your eye down the list at the right. See how many building suggestions appeal to your good business judgment.

How to get permanent satisfaction, whatever you build

[1] Get dependable materials

Reputation for dependability has made Lehigh Cement the largest-selling cement in the world.

The dealer who insists on carrying Lehigh often does so in the face of constant pressure to offer you the just as good" brand. Is it not reasonable to expect a dealer of this type to protect your interests in every way and to handle a line of other thoroughly dependable materials? Let the blue-and-white Lehigh sign guide you to a reliable dealer.

THE NATIONAL CEMENT



2 Get competent workmanship

The Lehigh Portland Cement Company publishes free illustrated bulletins and booklets which any farmer can confidently follow. The easiest, approved methods

of building are described. Secure them from your Lehigh dealer or write to us.

On work requiring a contractor, remember that a contractor who insists on using dependable materials is likely to put skill and dependability into all that he does.

16 Mills from Coast to Coast



34



Use Lehigh Cement for **Permanent Satisfaction**

Barn-to save painting and repairs Barnyard-to keep live stock healthy Cellars-to keep dry and clean Cisterns-for clean, soft water Cold-frame (hot bed) -for early plants Cooling tank-to increase milk profits Corn Crib-to keep out rats Dairy house-for clean handling of milk

Dipping vat-for healthier stock Drain tile-to utilize more land Feeding floors-to fatten live stock Fence posts and rails-for permanence and appearance

Floors-for lowest cost utility Footings-to save buildings Foundations-for permanence Gate posts-for fine appearance House-ask for our special home bookle:

Ice house-for cheap cooling Manure pit-to prevent loss of fertilizer Poultry house-for bigger profits Septic tanks-for sewage disposal Sidewalks-for convenience and cleanliness

Silos-to safeguard crops Smokehouses-for safety Stairways and steps-to end repairs Storage cellars-to get higher crop prices

Troughs-for healthier live stock Wallows-to raise fatter hogs Water tanks-to protect water supply Well covers and linings-for protec-tion and permanence

FREE booklets!

If you want information on any of the we, check the subjects in which you are interested, sign your name and address and mail to us or to your Lehigh dealer. You will receive free of cost our bulletins and booklets containing complete details.

Name.....

Address