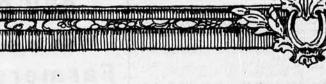
KANSAS FARMER

For the improvement

of the Farm and Home

mantalandilandilektaanoo dhigoodaa jamiini

Volume 51, Number 8. TOPEKA, KANSAS, FEBRUARY 22, 1913. Established 1863. \$1 a Year



Education is sought that we may escape the clutch of necessity and it is found in the school and scholars or the press and people. Associates educate and schools and scholars supply the better means, though the papers and the people have more patrons.

Ninety-eight percent of American children never graduate from the high school. Newspapers and companions train them and build their characters. If these be clean and wholesome the character is clean. But if the paper features the seamy side of life—the slime and oose of the divorce and police courts; the leprous lives of the licentious; the murderous madness of mobs—or carriers fake medical or suggestive advertisements, the character is charred and companions smutted.

More potent than all the schools and colleges, because it touches the daily lives of more, the American newspaper molds or mars.

Do you know what your boy reads?—I. D. G.



A Foul Mind Is Hard to Cleanse and Smutches Both Character and Companions.

FARMERS' CONGRESS

TO BE HELD AT ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI March 6-7-8, 1913

No fewer than 25 men of national fame will discuss the successes in and problems of fruit growing, live stock, dairying, farm management, marketing, rural schools and churches. The men who will discuss these topics have been selected because of their practical knowledge and personal experience resulting from successes achieved in their par-

Increase Your Corn Yield 5 to 10 Bushels Per Acre



NEW WAY LISTING HARROW WILL DO IT: Cultivates 40 acres of listed corn in one day with one team. Only tool which enables the user to cultivate a crop before it is up, and kill all crab grass at the bottom of the furrow—no matter whether the crop is corn, Kafir corn, sugar cane, broom corn or cotton.

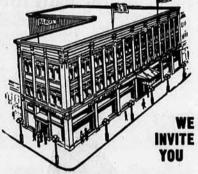
If soll is loose and dry, "New-Way" settles it; if bottom of furrow becomes hard and solid, "New-Way" mellows it and starts the seed to growing.

Swanson St. Joe Plow Company

Eighth and Doniphan Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

BLOCKS'

Clothes For Your Whole Family



A STORE FOR "FOUR STATES" ST. JOSEPH, MO.

THE ST. JOSEPH

VETERINARY COLLEGE

7th and Sylvanie Streets

St. Joseph

Offers a three years' course in veterinary medicine, leading to the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Medicine. Our laboratories are thoroughly equipped and our faculty is complete. The college is recognized by the United States Department of Agriculture. Visit us while in St. Joseph. For catalog or additional information address

DR. F. W. CALDWELL, DEAN.

INTERSTATE AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

The following is the official program of the Interstate Agricultural and Industrial Congress to be held in St. Joseph, Mo., March 6, 7 and 8:

THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 9:30 A. M.
A. J. Weaver, Falls City, Neb., Chairman of Session.
Address of Welcome—Charles D. Morris, President Commerce
Club of St. Joseph. Response—Dr. A. Ross Hill, President Missouri State University, President of the Congress.

Orcharding-A. J. Weaver, President Weaver Orchards Co., Falls City, Neb.

The Apple Industry in the Missouri Valley—James M. Irvine, Editor The Fruit Grower, St. Joseph. AFTERNOON SESSION, 2:00 P. M.

W. D. Maxwell, Andrew County, Missouri, Chairman of Session. Harticulture—W. D. Maxwell, Farmer and Fruit Grower.

Harticulture—W. D. Maxwell, Farmer and Fruit Grower.
 Teaching Modern Agriculture with Field Demonstration—
 L. A. Markham, Agricultural Commissioner Missouri
 Pacific Raliway, Little Rock, Ark.
 Farm Management—C. F. Curtis, Dean Division of Agriculture and Director Experiment Station, Iowa State Agricultural College, Ames, Iowa.
 County Farm Adviser—J. B. Lamson, Agricultural Commissioner C., B. & Q. R. R., Chicago.

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 P. M. Dr. H. K. Taylor, Maryville, Mo., Chairman of Session.
Rural Schools and Churches—Dr. H. K. Taylor, President
Northwest Missouri Normal School. Nature Makes the Whole World Kin-Rev. H. B. Tierney, Trenton, Mo.

Trenton, Mo.

Her Side of the Question—Mrs. Cora Wellhouse Bullard, Manager Wellhouse Orchards of 1,600 Acres, Tonganoxie, Kan.

Seed Corn Testing, with Stereopticon Views—Bert Ball, Secretary Crop Improvement Committee of Allied Commercial Grain Exchanges, Chicago.

FRIDAY, MARCH 7.—MORNING SESSION, 9:30 A. M. Hon. W. J. Bailey, Atchison, Kan., Former Governor of Kansas, Chairman of Session.

Kansas, Chairman of Session.

Address—Ex-Governor Balley.

The Tobacco Industry—J. M. Barker, Brunswick, Mo.

Good Roads—L. Waller Page, Director of Office of Public Roads, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 2:00 P. M. J. R. Koontz. General Freight Agent Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, Topeka, Kan., Chairman of Session. Relation of the Railroads to the Producers—Mr. Koontz.
Farmers' Co-operative Credit System—Sam Jordan, County
Farm Adviser, Pettis County, Sedalia, Mo.

Co-operative Handling of Farm Products—H. J. Waters, President Kansas Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan. Problems of Rural Life from the Banker's Standpoint—B. F. Harris, Chairman Illinois Bankers' Association Committee on Agriculture, Champaign, Ill.

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 P. M.

EVENING SESSION, 7:30 P. M.

R. T. Forber, Former President of the Commerce Club of St.
Joseph, President First National Bank, Chairman
of Session.

Agricultural Work for Business Men—Prof. H. M. Cottrell,
Agricultural Commissioner Rock Island Lines, Chicago.

Rural Hygiene—Surgeon L. L. Lumsden, U. S. Department of
Public Health, Washington, D. C.

Feeding and Handling the Dairy Cow (illustrated)—E. K.
Slater, Former Dairy and Food Commissioner of State of
Minnesota.

SATURDAY, MARCH 8.—MORNING SESSION, 9:30 A. M.
A. L. West, Assistant General Freight Agent, C., B. & Q.
Raliroad, St. Joseph, Chairman of Session.

Hog Cholera—Dr. W. B. Niles, Hog Cholera Expert of U. S.
Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Animal Husbandry—F. B. Mumford, Dean Missouri State Agricultural College and Director Missouri State Experiment
Station, Columbia, Mo.

Farm Management—W. J. Spillman, Head of Division of
Farm Management, U. S. Department of Agriculture,
Washington, D. C.

AFTERNOON SESSION, 2:00 P. M. AFTERNOON SESSION, 2:00 P. M.

Hon. A. M. Dockery, Former Governor of Missouri, Gallatin,
Mo., Chairman of Session.

Improved Agriculture—W. C. Brown, President New York
Central Railway Lines, New York City.

Dairy Cow on Every Farm—T. A. Borman, Editor Kansas
Farmer, Topeka, Kan.

Farmer's Institute—E. A. Burnett, Dean Division Experiment
Station, State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.

EVENING SESSION, 8:00 P. M.
G. L. Zwick, Curator University of Missouri, Chairman of Session.
The City Beautiful—Mrs. Cora Wellhouse Bullard.
Concert—Fourth Regiment Band and Megaphone Quartet.

TOWNSEND & WYATT DRY GOODS CO.

Wish to remind you of the Farmers Congress

To be held in St. Joseph, March 6-8, and extend you a cordial invitation to make our store your headquarters during your visit to St. Joseph. New spring stocks of Women's Suits, Dresses, Coats, Silks, Dress Goods, etc., will be complete and at their best. Wel-

FIFTH AND FELIX.

Member Retail Merchants' Association. Railroad Fares

INVESTIGATE **BOTH PROPOSITIONS**



10% The World's The In Their



GASOLINE ENGINE

GASOLINE ENGINE
Develops four horsepower
and weighs about 190 lbs,
Equip your grain binder
with one of these wonderful little power makers and
decrease the cost of harvesting. Any number of
places you can use the engline around the farm.

POWER SPRAYERS Made in all sizes from the small 100-gallon capacity up to 300-gallon capacity tank. All made of the very best materials and workmanship. Smaller sizes used extensively for spraying the small orchard, hillside orchard, vineyards, truck gardens, potatoes, etc.

If you are unable to attend the Congress, write for our large descriptive catalogs FREE.

Make our factory your headquarters while in the city. Come or write to

THE CUSHMAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 308 Michel Street. St. Joseph, Mo.

The St. Joseph **Veterinary Laboratory**

Corner 7th and Sylvanie Sts. ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Write us in regard to hog cholera serum. - See our display of hog cholera lesions at the Agricultural Congress and consult the doctor in charge in regard to the diseases of your animals. Address

St. Joseph Veterinary Laboratory St. Joseph, Mo.





"I's In Town Honey"

Ask for the Red Package

DAVIS MILLING CO., St. Joseph, Mo.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

\$1.00 per year; \$1.50 for two years; \$2.00 for three years. Special clubbing rates furnish-ed on application.

ADVERTISING RATES

30 cents per agate line—14 lines to the inch. No medical nor questionably worded advertising accepted. Last forms are closed Monday noon. Changes in advertising copy and stop orders must be received by Thursday noon the week preceding date of publication.



KANSAS FARMER

With which is combined FARMER'S ADVOCATE, established 1877.

Published weekly at 625 Jackson St., Topeka, Kan., by The Kansas Farmer Company.

ALBERT T. REID, President, JOHN R. MULVANE, Treasurer. S. H. PITCHER, Secretary.

T. A. BORMAN, Editor in Chief; L. D. GRAHAM, Live Stock Editor.

CHICAGO OFFICE—First National Bank Bidg., Geo. W. Herbert, Inc., Manager. NEW YORK OFFICE—41 Park Row, Wallace C. Richardson, Inc., Manager.

Entered at the Topeka. Kansas, postoffice as second class matter. GUARANTEED CIRCULATION OVER 60,000

OUR GUARANTEE

Ciams be responsible in case of bankruptcy of advertiser after advertisement appearing in this issue, provided, that mention was made of Kansa Farmer when ordering. We do not, however undertake to settle minor claims or disputes between a subscriber and advertiser, or be responsible in case of bankruptcy of advertiser after advertisement appears. Claims must be made within thirty days.



HELPFUL FOR WESTERN KANSAS.

The irrigation possibilities of western Kansas and the need of developing these possibilities are attracting the attention of legislators. It is to be hoped the legislature will enact into law at least two of the good bills introduced for the encouragement and help of the western Kansas farmer. The bill of Wilson of Greeley, reported and discussed in Kan-SAS FARMER last week, and the bill of Senator Shouse of Edwards County, in-troduced a few weeks ago, are the bills which in our judgment should become

which in our judgment should become law.

Wilson's bill provides for an appropriation of \$50,000 for investigations into methods of irrigation and the practicability of irrigation throughout the western third of the state. The Shouse bill provides that county commissioners may purchase deep well drilling outfits for the free use of farmers of the county owning such outfit. The contention of owning such outfit. The contention of Senator Shouse is that those well-to-do farmers who are able to own well drilling outfits or who are able to hire such outfits are having most excellent success with irrigation from deep wells. He contends that the farmer of moderate or small means is unable to avail himself of irrigation because of the expense connected with the sinking of a half dozen or more wells, but that if such could avail themselves of a county owned deep well drilling outfit and so could drill their own wells at their own expense of time and labor, they would be able to supply sufficient water for 40 to 80 acres of land. With such wells dug, the erection of wind mills would involve a comparatively small cash outlay. The construction of reservoirs would require no cash outlay, since the farmer with his own teams could do this work.

The Shouse bill, as above described, has passed the Senate. If the House is disposed to do for western Kansas what disposed to do for western Kansas what that section of the state deserves at the hands of that body, the bill will be passed and to it will be attached the signature of the governor necessary to make the law effective. The next step, of course, in making the law effective, is that county commissioners make the necessary expenditure for acquiring the necessary expenditure for acquiring the outfit. It would be a close-fisted board of county commissioners who would not expend the money necessary to provide for their county such well drilling out-fits when the benefits to be realized are so certain and already so well estab-lished in many of the counties of the western third of the state.

The Wilson bill deserves enactment

into law for the reason that in many counties, particularly those of the northcounties, particularly those of the north-west, irrigation possibilities are not thoroughly established, and for this rea-son investigation into these possibilities is necessary and investigation can be carried on only by the use of sufficient money to thoroughly work out irriga-tion tests

LIVE STOCK COMMISSIONER.

There would seem to be a considerable dissatisfaction among the members of both houses, as well as among farmers and stockmen from all over the state, in the way the Live Stock Sanitary Com-mission matter has been handled. Several associations of repute passed reso-lutions asking that steps be taken to remove this office from the direct influ-ence of partisan politics to the end that the efficiency of the commissioner should be increased if possible. It is under-stood that the governor annotated his preference for placing this office under the control of the board of regents at Manhattan, while the association reeral associations of repute passed res Manhattan, while the association referred to suggested that the commissioner should work under the direction of an appointed board which should serve without pay but with their expenses pro-vided for. As no action has been taken by the legislature to change the pres-ent law, the governor has appointed a commissioner and his appointment has been confirmed by the senate. The office of live stock sanitary commissioner is one of the most important in the state of Kansas, and comes more closely in

touch with the people of the state than do most others. Vast sums of money are lost each year through the ravages of disease, and it is highly important that a man of great executive ability should be the incumbent of this position in order that he may cope successfully with the emergencies created by epidemics. His freedom from the influence of partisan politics seems to the brieders to be an essential element in his efficiency, and, whether the legislature will take any action or not, it must appeal to the judgment of all concerned that the recommendation of the governor to place this position under the direction of the Agricultural College authorities was

FREE SEEDS.

The legislature of Kansas now in session has been as diligent in business as any other which the state ever had and, although some of their acts have been criticised, much useful and necessary legislation has already been enacted or is well under way. Among the good things which this legislature has done which will be appreciated all over the state is the passing of a resolution instructing the senators and representatives in congress to use their influence to stop the very expensive and utterly useless distribution of free seed by the United States Department of Agricul-

This free distribution of seeds had its origin when the department was young, and if it ever had any merit other than the hope that it would exert a political influence, it has certainly become obso-lete through the changed conditions of today. The Secretary has repeatedly recommended in his annual report that the distribution of free seeds be abolished, and has shown how expensive and useless it is, but it has gone on until now, when the present active campaign against it may serve to put a stop to it.

STATE OWNERSHIP OF RESOURCES.

Gifford Pinchot, president of the Na-tional Conservation Association, writes KANSAS FARMER as follows: "For several years a movement has been afoot turn the national forests over to the states. This movement is now alert, or-ganized and active, and notice has been served in congress that it will be pushed. Behind this movement are interests like the water power combines, eager to get the water power combines, eager to get public resources into their own hands for their own unregulated use, and which see no other way of accomplishing this result except by the easy road of state ownership and administration. I look upon the danger of the transfer of the national forests to the states as decidedly the most serious that has con-fronted the conservation movement."

The letter calls special attention to the greatly increased cost, which would have to be borne by the taxpayers of the state, of maintaining many state forestry bureaus instead of one central office which does not now cost the taxpayers anything. Also the greater op-portunities for fraud and graft in the management, by the states, of the na-tional forests, the coal measures and

water rights.

Not only the forests themselves, but the water flow which they conserve and the live stock which they pasture, are at stake, in the opinion of the writer.

The time limit for the introduction of this week. The remaining part of the legislative session will be utilized for hard work on the final passage or resistant of the legislative session will be utilized for hard work on the final passage or resistant of the bills already introduced. jection of the bills already introduced. As has been stated in Kansas Farmer, a sufficient number of bills have been submitted to the committees to keep the legislature in session all year. It is well known, however, that hundreds of the bills introduced are not worthy of consideration and will be killed and finally disposed of by the various commit-tees. It is well, too, that this rapid method of execution is provided. Attempts have been made to place a time

limit on the session, March 1 having been mentioned as the date. The resobeen mentioned as the date. The resolutions directed along this line have failed and it is altogether probable that the present body will remain in session so long as is necessary to perform those duties which seem most mportant.

MUCH NEEDED PUBLICATION.

A bill now before the legislature for consideration is one which provides for consideration is one which provides for the publication of the annual proceed-ings of the Kansas Improved Stock Breeders' Association by the state printer. This association has been in existence for a good many years and has done a vast amount of good for the live stock interests of the state. Con-ditions have become such that Kansas never stood in need of the work of the live stock breeders so badly in all her history as at the present moment. All classes of live stock have decreased in numbers and our farms and fields are suffering because of this. Market con-ditions are such that the farmer who raises live stock will have a better, safer and more profitable source of income than he has ever before had.

Americans are meat eaters and they must be supplied with this vitally important element of food either from our own farms or from those of other countries. tries. There can be no question that live stock industry opens up a great field for future operations on the farm, and any aid that can be rendered in the development of this great industry should be given. The first and best aid that can be rendered is in the publication of information which will show the inexperienced farmer how to profitably raise live stock on high-priced land. Such in-formation is included in the proceedings of this association, and it is furnished by men who have become experts in animal husbandry. These proceedings should be in the hands of every farmer in the state.

THE STALLION BILL.

Another piece of good work by the legislature is the amending of the present stallion law to include some new features which the old law did not possess and to strengthen its weak points.

Among these points that needed strengthening was the one which failed to give the registration board power to discriminate against fake record asso-ciations. The board had the power un-der the old law to accept registration der the old law to accept registration papers issued by certain record associations, but it had no power to refuse recognition to those which were known to be fraudulent. Another point where the law has been strengthened is in the change in requirements in regard to renewal of licenses. It is quite necessary that the license be renewed from time, as the horse may have contracted some hereditary disease or antracted some hereditary disease or another horse may have been substituted and used under the original license. One case in point was cited where a stallioner was using a grade stallion under a license which had previously been granted for a pure-bred and registered stallion which he had then owned but which had since died. If there had been no provision made for a renewal of the license, such frauds could be very easily perpetrated and would be tection or punishment.

"Large milk flow with a moderately high per cent fat seems to be the aim of our wisest breeders in official test work, and that aim will in the long run win out every time," writes Malcolm H.

Ever since the creation of the National Corn Exposition the state of Indiana has been the winner. Why?

Sugar beets, swedes or mangels are mighty good cattle feed in the winter until you get your silo built.

M M M Cow testing has saved many a good cow from the butcher and many a poor one from the dairy herd.

NEW LEGISLATIVE SYSTEM. It remained for Fred Voiland of Shawnee, who is serving his first term as a representative, to propose what seems to us a meritorious revision of the present legislative system. His resolution proposes to divide the legislative session into two parts. The first period would be one of ten days, in which time bills would be introduced and referred to standing committees. The members standing committees. The members would then go home for forty days and return and consider the bills favorably

reported.

In the interim the standing committees would be in session and would give careful consideration to the bills referred to them. The committees, by the way would be made up jointly from the House and Senate. The committees, after a consideration of the bills and after listening to arguments opposed to and in favor of such bills, would pre-pare a report. In the second session the legislature would devote itself wholly to the consideration of the measures re-

ported back by the committees. When the consideration of these reports was disposed of, the work of the legislature would be completed and the body ad-During the interim the members would

be at their homes and would have opportunity to discuss with their constituents bills introduced, and by this means the representative or senator would be closer than is possible at present to their constituents' ideas on the respective proposed laws. Information regarding these measures would have been obtained the present in the discussion of through the press in its discussion of

the legislation pending.

The plan is not radical. It has much to commend it. We see no good reason why Kansas could not well afford to take this heretofore untried step and make a conscientious trial as to results. Kansas is in the lead in trying new things. She has undertaken the initiative in many almost unheard-of ventures which possessed small merit as compared with Voiland's idea. It is doubtful if the present body will regard the above sug-gestion of Representative Voiland at all seriously. The resolution, however, is a thing to which Kansas voters can well afford to devote some thought, and if the plan looks feasible, pointing to bet-ter legislation and a closer co-operation of legislator and constituents, with apparent attendant benefits, let us not forget but bring such influence as is necessary on some succeeding body to give the suggestion a trial.

It is certain under the present legislative practice in vogue in Kansas, as well as in all other states, that the large number of taxpayers concerned have too little to say and exert a small influence with reference to their law making. The suggestion of Mr. Voiland brings the making of laws closer to the people than any practical and workable suggestion heretofore made.

. .

DRY FARMING CONGRESS.

As a reward for her enterprise in making an exhibit at the International Dry rarming Congress and Exposition last fall in Lethebridge, Alberta, Oklahoma has secured the congress for 1913. Sec-retary John T. Burns writes that the city of Tulsa, where the congress will be held, is now building an auditorium to cost \$125,000. Then there will be exhibition buildings with 150,000 feet of exhibit space, while the United States government and Canada will probably erect buildings at a cost of \$25,000 each.

Exhibits from Russia, China and Mexico are already assured. Thirty-two states and provinces and 15 foreign countries were represented at the last meeting and at least 100,000 people are ex-

pected for the 1913 meeting at Tulsa. Kansas might have had this great meeting.

. .

But another great cause of infertility is that the hens have had no variety in their food. They need meat and green food in addition to corn and wheat, to lay fertile eggs.

RATIONS FOR BROOD SOWS

Brood Sows Often Fed Like Other Sows When They Need Balanced Ration

ORN is at once the best and poorest hog feed known. If it is properly fed in connection with other feed stuffs there is nothing that can equal it for fattening and finishing. If it is fed alone it is about as poor a feed as could well be secured, and has barely the qualities to sustain life without making growth or flesh. growth or flesh.

The accompanying picture shows in the most striking way the results that were obtained from feeding corn alone and from feeding a balanced ration. Of course this experiment, which was made at the Kansas Agricultural College, was for the purpose of demonstrating the value of a balanced ration in compari-son with corn alone for market hogs, but the facts that are herewith developed will apply with added force to the

The market hog needs a ration which will build him in size and flesh at the same time, as his value depends upon his same time, as his value depends upon his weight at the time of marketing. In order to accomplish these results and at the same time build a bony structure of sufficient strength to maintain the weight which he is expected to carry, it is absolutely necessary that other feed materials shall be combined with the corn or substituted for it. The strength and quality of the bone are very important, as is also the condition of the digestive system. Any animal to thrive gestive system. Any animal to thrive and do well must have a good bone foundation and his digestive apparatus must be kept in good condition. This applies with added emphasis to the brood sow for the reason that she must not only provide for her own physical well being but must take care of her litters as well.

The most important period of the piggs

The most important period of the pig's life occurs before weaning time. Prior to that time the pig is dependent upon the nourishment furnished by his dam and the care given by his owner. After that time he depends upon his owner entirely, and upon the care given will in turn depend the results which he is able to accomplish in the way of putting on turn depend the results which he is able to accomplish in the way of putting on flesh and building up frame. It is absolutely impossible for any pig to build the bone and muscle necessary for his future growth unless he has the proper building material, and these must be given him in such form that they can be readily assimilated without disturbing the digestive tract. Corn is a fattening feed, rich in oil but very deficient in protein and ash, both of which are vitally important to proper growth. The ash, about which the chemists talk in their analysis of feed stuffs, is the in their analysis of feed stuffs, is the material of which bones are built. Corn is deficient in this, and weak bones are sure to result from a ration that is exclusively corn or nearly so. Corn does not have the right sort of ash material, nor does it have enough protein for a proper ration, and about one-half of the protein it does have is not available to the hog.

Those farmers who have been in the

habit of feeding their hogs with a scoop shovel have come to recognize the fact that better results are obtained when the hog has pasture in the summer and alfalfa hay in the winter, though they may not understand why. It so happens that the combination of corn and alfalfa produces one of the best of bal-anced rations that has yet been discov-ered from among the crops that can be grown on the farm. Those who have carried their investigations a little far-ther find that a little more protein in some easily digestible form will add materially to the value of the ration either

for the brood sow or for the fattening pen, and reduce the cost.

Practically the same ration can be used for the brood sow that is used for the fattening hog. The difference lies in the different use that is made of it by the animal. The age of the animal has more to do with the proper combination of feed stuffs than does the sex. For instance, a young gilt has been found to do very much better on a ration of 75 per cent corn and 25 per cent finely ground alfalfa, while the best ration for the old sow was 80 per cent corn and 20 per cent finely ground al-falfa. In the Iowa Experiment Station results the best gain in individual weight, the largest litters and the heaviest pigs with the smallest number of weaklings and the lowest cost for the pig at birth came from the use of ear corn and meat meal fed in the proportion of 4 pounds of meat meal to 30 pounds of corn. The next most satisfactory result came from a ration composed of ear corn and alfalfa in the rack, although this ration was

By I. D. GRAHAM

more expensive than the one including the meat meal. In the meat meal ration the pigs in the litter averaged 2.23 pounds, and 93 per cent of their number were very strong, 5 per cent medium, and 2 per cent runts. These pigs cost 22 cents apiece at birth, and they averaged 8.8 pigs per litter. The pigs which were produced by the sows fed on ear corn and alfalfa in a rack averaged 2.29 pounds per pig, with 89 per cent classed as strong, 8 per cent medium, and no runts. The litters averaged 7.6 pigs and the cost was 31 cents per pig at the time of birth.

From this it will be seen that, while the addition of meat meal or tankage in a proportion of 4 pounds to 30 pounds of corn produced the best and cheapest ration for brood sows, the ration of ear

ration for brood sows, the ration of ear corn and alfalfa in the rack was very close to it in value, although costing

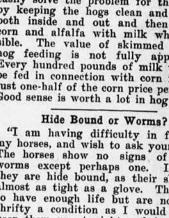
In the Iowa experiment referred to the sows under these tests were gilts and their growth was an important part of the problem of feeding. Those gilts which were fed corn and meat meal in the proportions named show made a the proportions named above made a daily gain of .635 pound; those which were fed on corn and alfalfa made a gain of .627; those fed on corn and clover hay only gained .528, while those fed on corn alone gained .354 pound per day. The experimenters found that in order

to know how to properly feed it was wise to know the composition of the pig, and the answer to the question, "What is a little pig made of?" brought the following answer, stated in terms of 100 pounds; that is, 100 pounds of little pigs would contain 81 pounds of water, 13 pounds of protein, 2 pounds of fat, and 4 pounds of ash. Now, this indicates that the brood sow must have plenty of

it is often true that the sow suffers more from lack of protein in the proper available form than she does from lack of lime. In the limestone regions of Kansas hogs may be able to pick up more or less lime and so reduce the difficulties which might arise from its total absence. Corn is rich in starch and carbo-bydrata putritivas but is strikingly deabsence. Corn is rich in starch and carbo-hydrate nutritives, but is strikingly de-ficient in protein and lime. Corn has plenty of phosphorus, and what protein it does have is less efficient than the plenty of phosphorus, and what protein it does have is less efficient than the protein from meat products. A product that has already been built up into animal tissue, such as meat meal or tankage, contains all the necessary protein building material. This is the reason why these packing house products are so efficient in balancing up the corn ration. These by-products also contain considerable lime, phosphorus, sulphur, potassium, and other mineral elements which together make up the chemical analysis. It will, therefore, be apparent that it is necessary to add both protein and ash to a corn ration in order to make it effective.

There are other matters of consideration. As the element of bulk is important, for this reason oats may be added as being palatable and rich in protein. Another point of consideration has to do with sanitation, and one of the important elements in this is to keep the animals free from internal parasites as well as external ones. No man in rais-

portant elements in this is to keep the animals free from internal parasites as well as external ones. No man in raising hogs can afford to feed either lice or worms, and every man who would be successful must remember that humane care and treatment with good feed and successful must remember that humane care and treatment, with good feed and housing, are vitally important as spring approaches. Those who become puzzled over questions of balanced rations may easily solve the problem for themselves by keeping the hogs clean and healthy both inside and out and then feeding corn and alfalfa with milk where possible. The value of skimmed milk in hog feeding is not fully appreciated. Every hundred pounds of milk that can be fed in connection with corn is worth just one-half of the corn price per bushel. Good sense is worth a lot in hog feeding.



"I am having difficulty in fattening my horses, and wish to ask your advice. The horses show no signs of having worms except perhaps one. I believe they are hide bound, as their skins are almost as tight as a glove. They seem they are hide bound, as their skins are almost as tight as a glove. They seem to have enough life but are not in as thrifty a condition as I would like. I keep them up at night and feed six or seven ears of corn or half a gallon of ground kafir twice a day to each. For roughage I feed Kafir butts and silage. I have a recipe for hide bound condition but the medicine is to be given in the form of a ball which I cannot handle. Could you suggest some simpler remedy which could be given in the feed, or what which could be given in the feed, or what else do you think might ail them? One of my mares is in foal."—W. M. SAL-ISBURY, Route 1, Towanda, Kan.

This communication was referred to Dr. Geo. F. Babb of Topeka, who gives

the following advice:
"I strongly suspect that your horses are infested with worms. The chief ones troubling horses are the so-called

round worms.
"The best treatment for these worms in horses is a good purge following a fast of a day or two. The best purge is given of a day or two. The best purge is given in the form of a ball, but as you say that you find difficulty in administering such, you might try a quart of raw linseed oil into which has been shaken two ounces of oil of turpentine in a drench being careful not to strangle the animal as this will set up a fatal pneumonia. Do this twice, a week apart.

"Follow this with Fowler's solution on feed, say a little bran twice a day for a

feed, say a little bran twice a day for a short period. Give one-half ounce of standard Fowler's solution to each horse. If your mare is near foaling I would hesitate about giving the oil purge."



THESE TWO HOGS WERE LITTER MATES .- SMALL HOG, FED IN DRY LOT ON CORN ALONE, GAINED 11 POUNDS IN 180 DAYS—LARGE HOG, FED ON CORN AND ALFALFA PASTURE 80 DAYS, AND ON CORN AND ALFALFA HAY IN DRY LOT FOR 100 DAYS, GAINED 158 POUNDS.

considerably more. Now compare these results with those obtained from feeding the sows corn alone. Those sows which were fed corn alone produced pigs weighing an average of 1.74 pounds each. Only 68 per cent of these were classed only os per cent of these were classed as strong; 16 per cent medium, and 16 per cent as weaklings. The number of pigs per litter was 7.6, and the cost per pig at time of birth was 41 cents each, or 10 cents each more than the corn and alfalfa pigs, and nearly double the cost of the corn and tankage pig. Almost as good results were obtained from feeding and clover in the obtained from corn and alfalfa in the rack. The pigs weighed a little less, had more weak members of the litter, and smaller litters, though the cost was also

It has been proved over and over again that there has been nothing found in the way of solid feed that will equal tankage or meat meal as a supplementary feed when balancing a corn ration. It is recommended that when tankage is used, that which contains the high pro-tein content should be selected as being much more economical and insuring better results, although the original cost is a little higher. Tankage containing 60 per cent of protein is a great deal more valuable in every way than that which contains 40 per cent, and more than pays for the difference in cost.

water. The amount of protein shown in the analysis demands that there shall be a suitable amount of protein in the ration fed to the sow for the development of the pig. If the dam be a young gilt, her growth and development must also be included in the calculation. The small amount of fat shown in the analysis explains as a second of the calculation. small amount of lat shown in the analysis explains one reason why corn is not a desirable feed when used alone, and the comparatively large amount of ash hints at the reason why special attention should be given to the bone building element in the ration.

As about 40 per cent of the dry met-

As about 40 per cent of the dry matter of bone is lime, and as corn is deficient in this mineral, only a little investigation is necessary to show that corn contains only about .15 of a pound of calcium or lime in 1,000 pounds of corn. In order to secure enough lime to meet the needs of the sow and her litter prior to the time of their birth, it would be necessary for the sow to eat nearly 14 pounds of corn per day. This, of course, would be an impossible feed, as no sow could eat that much, digest and assimilate it; and if she is fed on corn alone her pigs must go without the necessary amount of lime for building their bone structure, and hence are sure

to be weaklings.
As most feed stuffs which are available to the sow on the average farm do contain more or less of mineral matter,

Cause of Spavin.

A subscriber who does not sign his name but gives his address as Edwards county, asks that we name the causes of

First, hereditary predisposition; second, strain incidental to violent movements; third, by working colts when too

Have you all those repairs and fix-tures done that you laid out to get fin-ished before spring work opened up? Better get at them right now, if you haven't, for spring will soon be upon us.

GENERAL FARM INQUIRIES

Something For Every Farm-Overflow Items From Other Departments



COW PEAS IN CORN STUBBLE AT THE KANSAS EXPERIMENT STATION. THE PEAS WERE PLANTED IN THE CORN AT THE LAST CULTIVATION OR SOON AFTER THE CORN WAS COW PEAS IN CORN STUBBLE AT THE KANSAS EXPERIMENT STATION. THE PEAS WERE PLANTED IN THE CORN AT THE LAST CULTIVATION OR SOON AFTER THE CORN WAS LAID BY. THIS GROWTH WAS ATTAINED BY THE MIDDLE OF SEPTEMBER, WHEN THE CORN WAS PUT IN SHOCK. PEAS PLANTED IN THIS WAY MAY BE PASTURED OR PLOWED UNDER FOR GREEN MANURE. MANY VINES WERE CUT OFF WITH THE CORN AND ARE IN THE FODDER. SEE ABTICLE ON THE COW PEA IN THIS ISSUE OF KANSAS FARMER.

FIND some points in favor of Kafir for silage: Kafir is the surest crop. It will curl up when it gets hot and dry and then revive and make a fair crop when corn is past help. Kafir, unless it is literally cooked by hot winds, stays green until frost, thereby giving more time to put in the silo.

time to put in the silo.

Of course there is a proper time, that isn't very long, when it is best to put Kafir in the silo but as it is often impossible to get everything done at the proper time, we have the assurance that Kafir will give us more days of grace than any other plant.

On account of its great drouth resisting qualities it is safe to plant Kafir thicker than corn and so I think a silo can be filled with less acres of Kafir than corn. I haven't tried corn, so it is

than corn. I haven't tried corn, so it is only my opinion regarding the number of acres, but I think this assumption is

of acres, but I think this assumption is correct at least for upland.

I find one fault in Kafir in that some of the seed pass through the cattle, but I think this is due—partly at least—to the fact that I filled my silos when the leaves were dry nearly half way up and didn't know that I should put water in it when filling, so my silage is a little too dry. I am satisfied that if it were more succulent it would aid digestion.

digestion.
While I believe corn makes somewhat better silage than Kafir, yet I believe the points in favor of Kafir outweigh the difference in quality enough to make Kafir the more desirable for the

Considering the amount of dry fod-der that blows away, what the cattle re-fuse to eat when it is wet, and the large part of the plant that they won't eat, no matter how good condition it is in, it is probably safe to say that one-third of the plant is as much as they really silage crop. of the plant is as much as they really cat. In silage they not only eat the entire plant but they get it in a form as nearly like that in which nature hands it to them as is possible. While the part of the plant which cattle eat in silage of the plant which cattle eat in silage that they do not eat in dry fodder is not as high in feeding value as the rest of the plant, yet the entire plant is served in a form which more than balances the difference in the feeding value, so I think one is safe in saying that a patch of corn or Kafir will be worth three times as much by way of the silo as by the

other way.

Thirty acres of Kafir filled my two 16x36 silos. These two silos will feed 80 cattle for six months. I have fed over 60 acres of dry fodder this year already, and I know that I haven't got as much feed out of it as one of the cilos is making __WM_L_MEUSER, Anson, silos is making.-WM. L.MEUSER, Anson,

Troublesome Division Hedge Fence.

Subscriber, Wallula, Kan., asks: "What is the Kansas law regarding hedge fences between adjoining farms when owners reside on the farms? In this instance the hedge fence is old and large and has not been trimmed for twenty years and it interferes with growing

crops by shading and sapping the moisture from the ground."

A search of an hour through the General Statutes of Kansas, fails to reveal any law whereby the owner of a farm affected as above stated by a large hedge, has any redress. The law describes legal fences of the various constructions. A legal hedge fence is one planted with Osage Orange plants not less than a year old, the plants six feet apart and shall be of such height and thickness as is sufficient to protect the field or enclosure. The law further provides that after planting the hedge shall be cultivated to a distance of ten feet on each side of the fence and under such treatment it is supposed that the newly A search of an hour through the Gentreatment it is supposed that the newly planted hedge will develop into a fence protecting the field from trespass.

Section 3741 of the General Statutes,

has to do with controversy between respective owners in partition fences. The law says: "When any controversy shall arise about the rights of the respective owners in partition fences or their obligations to keep up and maintain the same in good repair, and if they cannot agree among themselves, either party may apply to the fence viewers of the township in which fence shall be situate, who, after a reasonable notice to the other party, shall proceed on application as aforesaid, to view such fence and assign to each party in writing, his equal share or part in such partition fence to be by him kept up and maintained in good repair, which assignment shall be recorded by the register of deeds of the county in a book to be provided for that purpose and shall be final, conclusive, and binding upon the parties and upon arise about the rights of the respective and binding upon the parties and upon all succeeding occupants of the land, and they shall be obliged thereafter to maintain their respective portions of said

The fence viewers are the trustee, clerk and treasurer in each township, any two of whom shall be empowered to

we recommend that our subscriber, before taking any legal action, consult an attorney. In giving information of the above character, Kansas Farmer cannot assume the responsibility of interpreting the law. preting the law.

Oklahoma Silo Experience.

My experience and ideas with the silo and in feeding silage to cattle, horses and mules may prove interesting to your readers.

Any person owning a farm or having leased or rented land for three or more

years should have a silo.

I erected my silo in June, 1911. My corn was already gone so far as the ears counted, and was burned to a crisp. I was disheartened, of course, but I thought to fill my silo with the stalks might pay me for my trouble. I commenced putting these stalks in and one-fourth were as dry as a bone. These, of course, I threw out, but the stalks that had any sap at all in them I let go in.

Corn being a complete failure and hay making scarcely anything feed was

hay making scarcely anything, feed was

In November, 1911, I had on hand 73 just about out of the question with us. head of cattle, 4 mules and 4 head of horses to feed. I commenced feeding November 3. I began feeding my cows 5 pounds of silage and half pound of cottonseed meal. This I increased until I was feeding 30 pounds of silage and 5 pounds of cottonseed meal. These cows did well on this feed. did well on this feed.

did well on this feed.

I fed my mules and horses one-quarter pound of cottonseed meal, one quart corn chop, and 10 pounds of silage twice daily. I kept up this ration for my horses and mules as long as my silage lasted, or until about February 15, 1912. They did better on this ration than they did on coin, hay, bran and corn chop later. later.

I figure that my silage cost me \$1.70 per ton and its value to me at that time was at least \$7 per ton.

There is no kind of corn or Kafir fod-

der that can compare with silage from

these same forages.

The corn I put in my silo had not been planted specially for silage, but regard-less of the manner in which it was plant-ed. I was the silage ahead, for it would not have made three bushels of corn to the acre. The yield was about 7 tons of silage to the acre and while the parched stalks did not make silage of the best quality, they made a good feed and a feed that I sorely needed.

The silo has come to stay and the man

The silo has come to stay and the man The silo has come to stay and the who has no silo cannot hope to compete with the man of equal intelligence who has a silo and uses it in feeding for the silong or general stock raising. I say dairying or general stock raising. I say by all means get a silo. Let's all get silos and help ourselves and our neigh-bors as well.—COLEMAN J. WARD, Thackerville, Okla.

Rearing Calf Without Milk.
Subscriber I. J. M., Wilson, Kan., writes: I have a two-weeks-old calf which I have been feeding tea made from alfalfa hay. I have no milk to feed it. What can I feed better than the tea. What should I give it for the scours?

There is virtue in alfalfa tea, but we there is a better remedy of feeding this calf. Obtain, if possible, some ground flaxseed. Boil this into a mush and feed a pint twice per day, dissolved in a half gallon of water at blood temperature. Do not have the water cold one day and warm the next. Maintain as even temperature as possible. Feed

from an absolutely clean pail.

Give the calf every opportunity to learn to cat a little corn chop or Kafir learn to eat a little corn chop or Kafir meal. At two to three weeks of age, if given a chance, it should be eating three or four double handfuls of meal per day. Teach the calf to eat meal by placing a little of the dry meal in its mouth, then giving it a chance to eat out of the box or trough. Also give the calf a chance to eat some bright prairie hay, alfalfa hay or corn or Kafir fodder. Any bright, appetizing roughage will appeal to it although, of course, it will eat it only in small quantities.

Keep the calf's quarters clean and dry.

Keep the calf's quarters clean and dry.

This is as necessary as feed. Let it be exposed to the sun but out of the cold,

exposed to the sun but out of the cold, raw winds.

If the ground flaxseed cannot be obtained linseed meal may be used in the same way. There are advertised in KANSAS FARMER calf meals which are satisfactory substitutes for milk.

Scours in ninety-nine of every one hundred instances are due to digestive derangements, improper feeding, dirty pails and dirty quarters. Kafir chop offsets the laxative effects of skim milk and the flaxseed or linseed meal, and will prevent scours except as digestive apand the flaxseed or linseed meal, and will prevent scours except as digestive apparatus may be responsible therefor. Until the digestive apparatus is in a normal condition there is no permanent remedy for scours. It would not be amiss, however, to feed your calf a half pint of lime water two or three times per week as a preventive. Lime water is good for the digestion.

as a preventive. Lime water is good for the digestion.

If the calf should have scours "white scours," the discharges are white, sour, curdled, and frequent, and become watery greenish, and extremely offensive. The calf rapidly loses flesh and eventually dies. A clean, dry bed is a part of the essential treatment for this. Avoid dirty, dark, damp, poorly ventilated pens. Do not feed out of dirty vessels. Feed small quantities of food and often. At the first indication give six teaspoonfuls of castor oil in the milk. teaspoonfuls of castor oil in the milk. Follow two or three times daily with one to two teaspoonfuls of a mixture of one part salol and two parts of subnitrate of bismuth in the liquid feed.

Cream Difficult to Churn. Subscriber, J. T. S., Cottonwood Falls, Kan., writes: "Tell us what is the matter with our cream when we have such a hard time to churn it. Sometimes it takes several hours to churn."

Cream should be churned at a tem-

Cream should be churned at a temperature of 60 degrees in winter and 55 degrees in summer. The cream should be kept at this temperature or slightly below for at least three hours before churning. This, so that the butter fat may become as cool as the liquid portion of the cream. The only other consideration is that the cream is sufficiently ripe and is really ready for churning. Experience is the best teacher for this determination. Under average farm conditions it is not practical to use the acid ditions it is not practical to use the acid test. Usually the taste is depended upon. The cream should be sharply acid but not bitter. The cream should be 25 to 35 per cent fat. Either thinner or thicker cream is more difficult to or thicker cream is more difficult to churn. There is sometimes a feed condition which makes cream more or less difficult to churn. We cannot pass on this since the subscriber says nothing about his feeding methods. Generally speaking, the higher the temperature at which the cream is churned, the shorter the churning time required. Usually the churning time required. Usually high temperatures, however, result in loss of butter fat in the buttermilk and of course results in softer butter. A little experimentation in the face of the above information will overcome the subscriber's difficulty.

Cow Peas For Kansas BY J. MONCRIEF, WINFIELD, KANSAS.

MUST give you my observation regarding the use of cow peas in this (Cowley) county during the past two

We have found the value of cow peas to the land as a fertilizer equal to about 30 loads of manure to the acre. We further find in our nursery work that most of the land here has been robbed of humus by continual cropping of the same kind of crops. Cow peas is a quick way to put humus and nitrogen into the

Cow peas can be grown on land where alfalfa does not thrive. We have found it as valuable as alfalfa hay for feeding stock of all kinds. We believe if a large stock of all kinds. We believe if a large enough acreage was planted in Cowley County to justify the purchasing of a regular pea huller, that the profit from growing the crop for seed alone would be equal if not better than any other agricultural crop that could be grown here—possibly excepting alfalfa, and we are not sure but what it might even beat that. But we do feel sure that on upland the cow pea would beat the alfalfa altogether. altogether.

This crop can be planted later in the spring than most any other agricultural crop, which would enable the farmer to crop, which would enable the farmer to plant this crop on any ground that he may have left after it is too late to plant other crops, or to distribute his work over a longer period in the plant-ing time, which would enable him to give better preparation and better methods of planting to his other crops.

Our experience has been that the broadcast sowing is a failure in this county—that the peas should be drilled in. We use a wheat drill with every second hole stopped up, and then give the peas two cultivations by taking the shovel off of each side of our cultivator.

By drilling the peas in there is suffi-cient moisture in the ground to start them, so that you get a good stand, and they are almost sure to make a crop, regardless of drouth, by giving them two cultivations. Our experience is that we can grow on this ground from 15 to 20 bushels to the acre.

George Cole, north of Winfield, advises us that he drilled them in his oats stubble last year after harvest, and that they made a yield of 10 bushels to the

on account of the roots gathering and storing up the nitrogen in the soil the crop is of great value as a fertilizer, even though you do not plow it under, but cut it off for hay, or for the purpose of threshing the seed, and where you thresh the seed the straw that is left is year valuable for feeding.

very valuable for feeding.

Below we give questions which we asked D. Yoder, of Yoder, Kan., with his answers to same. Mr. Yoder is in a section where they have been making money and improving their land by the money and improving their land by the cow pea culture. You will note Mr. Yoder recommends the Crowder variety as best. We have had no experience with that variety here, but have found the New Era the best seed. However, we shall try some of the Crowder next year, and should recommend that others do likewise. If these suggestions meet with the favorable consideration of the farmers of Cowley County, and they desire ers of Cowley County, and they desire to go into the cow pea culture, even in a limited way, we shall be glad to coperate with them in procuring the seed for them in a club order, furnishing it to them at cost. We should like to see sufficient acreage planted out in this county this year to justify the bringing into the county by someone running a threshing machine a regular pea hulier, as the peas are cracked to a certain extent by being threshed in a threshing tent by being threshed in a threshing

Q. What variety have you found most profitable?

A. The Crowder. Q. What What amount do you plant per

A. One bushel will plant three or four

Q. What method of planting do you find the best? A. Two-row corn planter, or one-horse

drill, or lister. What average do you find can be realized per acre?

A. I have raised as much as 23½ bushels to the acre of the Crowder, while the same year the Whippoorwill made only

19½ bushels per acre.
Q. What time of year have you found best to sow the seed? A. From June 10 until the last of

July.
Q. What is the price of a huller built especially for threshing the seed?

A. All the way from \$50 to \$500 and

A. What amount would you estimate

ohn Deere Implements

R & V "Triumph" Gasolene Engines Popular Farm Power

Develop even more than rated horse power.
Easily started, smooth-running, dependable. Economical in use of fuel.
Speed easily increased or decreased.
Best type of magneto on the market,
Portable and stationary engines.

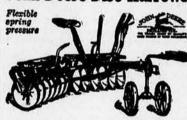


R & V "Triumph" Engines can be furnished in sizes 1 to 12-hp., with the hopper-cooling system. This cooling system does away with tank, pump, piping and fittings, making a neat, compact engine noted for its good working qualities. No air-cooled engine troubles to contend with.

Light

Letting Gasolene Do It about the convenience and money-saving points of a gasolene engine. Get this book and see how you can make your work easier. Lower left-hand corner of advertisement tells you how "to get these books."

John Deere Disc Harrows



Is the only spring-pressure harrow, and, therefore, only-flexible harrow built. Spring-pressure secures greater penetrating power and more thorough cultivation. Instant leveling for all conditions enables operator to keep all discs cutting an even depth. High, solid steel gang frames make it extra stiff and extrans and give extra electrons. stiff and strong, and give extra clearance.

Bigger Crops from Better Seed Beds Tells you how to pre-for a bigger and better crop yield. You'll profit by reading this interesting little booklet. Lower left-hand corner of ad. tells you how "to get these books."

Better Farm Implements and **How to Use Them**



Illustrates and de-scribes the most complete line of farm implements. Tells how to adjust and varying condi-tions It has a practical ency-clopedia for the farm, and

To Get These Books write to us at once you want, and they will be mailed free. To to be sure that you get a copy of "Better Farm Implements and How to Use Them" ask us for Package No. X 13

Davenport Roller Bearing Steel Wagons

There is a wagon made that is stronger, more durable and of lighter draft than any other. This wagon is

Built Like a Bridge

Entirely of steel I-beams, channels and angles, solidly held together with large steel rivets, put in hot under great pressure.

pressure.

Like the steel railway bridge, it is constructed for hardest lifetime service. Strong and durable.

Each front gear and each rear gear is practically one solid piece that can not come loose or apart.

Steel Wheels

This wagon has steel wheels that are trussed and made with a tension, the strongest known wheel construction. Every spoke is staggered and forged hot into the tire.

Regardless as to whether the spoke is at the top, side or bottom of the wheel, it always carries its share of the load. Wheels on a Davenport wagon will stand up and work indefinitely.

Roller Bearings

That roller bearings reduce draft is generally conceded. Of the various styles, the straight roller bearing is the simplest and most successful. They are practically everlasting. For this wagon, the straight roller bearing is especially adapted. The spindles and hubs are straight. Consequently, as this wagon is equipped with straight roller bearings, it is of light draft.



The Roller Bearing

When the Geing is Hard is the title of an interesting little booklet on the wagon question. It contains twenty-six of the best articles on wagons that have been written. See lower left-hand corner of this advertisement for how "to get these books."

Aspinwall Potato Planter



The Leading Potato Planter in . All Potato Growing Sections

Accuracy in a Potato Planter is the prime essential. This is found in the Aspinwall Planter—a machine that is staunchly built, will do good work and is easily handled.

CONVENIENTLY OPERATED

Both feed and coverer tension are regu-lated from the seat. No removal of bolts— simply turning the thumbscrew does the

work.

All parts are thrown in and out of gear automatically when lowering the plow for work or raising it at the end of each row.

This machine plants a greater range of seed, as to size and shape, does it easier and with less friction and wear, than any planter of its kind.

DOUBLE ROW PLANTER

A double row machine is made with extra large hopper capacity.

Either single or double row planters may be equipped with fertilizer attachment.

The Aspinsual is absolutely the only machine that will plant potatoes of any size without adjustments.

The Potato Suggestions from those crop. How to rid the plant of insects; how to plant potatoes; the care of the crop, and how to dig them. You will find it a great help in making your potato crop. Lower left-hand corner of ad. tells you how "to get these books."

Dunham Roller-Bearing Land Rollers and Pulverizers



Dunham Land Rollers, Packers, Pulverizers, and Sub-Surface Packers are made for every purpose and all soil conditions. Only first-class material enters into their construction and they do good work even under the most adverse conditions.

most adverse conditions.

Light Draft—Roller Bearings
The Dunham Pulverizers, Packers and Rollers are the only ones today equipped with Roller Bearings. The bearings revolve in the end bracket casting and the axie in turn revolves within the bearing. All bearings furnished with hard grease cups.

Dirt proof caps fit snugly into the shoulder on the end bracket castings, completely covering the end of the axle and making the roller bearing construction absolutely dirt-proof.

Do Good Work

Dunham Land Rollers and Pulverizers will break up the lumps, smooth off the field and give a perfect foundation for a full even growing crop.

Abso-



The Roller Bearing Dunham A little

that will be a great help to you in preparing your land for seed this spring. It contains suggestions from experienced men on the proper preparation of the land for the seed, and you will profit by getting this book. Lower left-hand corner of ad. tells you how "to get these books."

John Deere Plow Company Moline, Illinois

could be made per acre on good firstclass land, growing cow peas?

A. I have made as much as \$67 per acre, while on an average I make from

Q. What do you think of the assurance for a crop, compared with the growing of a corn or oats crop? A. About the same.

Experience Results to Be Reported.

People learn from failures as well as from successes. It is possible to learn as much from a failure as from a success. The Kansas Experiment Station results are to be given to the public even in case of a failure or in case the experiment did not result as was anticipated. This is another step toward marking the experiment station a practical thing.

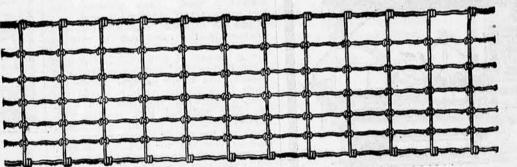
For instance, an experiment is now being started to determine what it costs to keep calves through the winter. W. A. Cochel, head of the department of animal husbandry has a number of high grade Hereford calves bred by C. A. John-son of Russell. These calves cost \$32 a head. They are now eight and nine or ten months old. Heretofore they have been eating waste material in the fields. One lot now is receiving all the Kafir silage the animals will eat, and one-half pound of cottonseed meal. Of this they will eat about 20 pounds each. Another lot receives cane silage and cottonseed meal; another, corn silage, and another alfalfa hay and corn silage. Still another lot gets corn stover and alfalfa hay. The calves will be turned out next summer to grass without grain, to see what ef-fects are obtained with the different kinds of wintering. There are ten calves in each lot. They are fed in an open shed in an open lot but the feed boxes are made with solid backs of board so that they serve also as windbreaks. Careful records are to be kept of the performances of all the lots.

Official Tests of Dairy Cows. Last week representatives of the dairy department of Kansas Agricultural College tested for official records cows for the following Kansas owners. A herd of forty-five Jersey cows owned by R. J. Linscott, at Holton; a herd of twenty Holsteins and Dutch Belted cows owned by M. P. Knudsen, at Concordia; and Holsteins for F. J. Searles, Oskaloosa; F. A. Hornbeck at Lenexa; F. B. Cowles at Topeka, and E. H. Emery at WetBuy Direct From the Factory

Don't pay dealers and middlemen 50 to 100 per cent extra for fence. Buy direct from the factory and get better fence, and save 5c to 20c a rod.

I'll sell you one rod or ten thousand and guarantee you lower prices than any dealer or mail order man in the country. Only one profit—that's the secret—direct from the factory to you. We buy wire by the train load when the market is at the lowest point and give our customers the benefit of the saving. Our fence today ready to ship is costing us less than other factories are paying for the wire alone.

Look at This?



6³/₄ Inch Mesh, 26 Inches High

Compare that with what your dealer and catalog houses ask you, 30c, 324c, 36c for, and mind you every foot of

Ottawa fence is sold under a positive, iron-clad, money back guarantee. If you don't like it better than your money—if anything you buy of us is not the best value you ever saw for the money, send it back and we return your money by first mail. Ottawa fence is made from the highest grade of hard, tough, springy wire, thoroughly galvanized, warranted to stand weather conditions anywhere.

GUARANTEED TO HOLD

The Ottawa non-slip tie is guaranteed to hold under any and all conditions. It is made by my own patented process, and I know what it will do. If it ever slips or sags the least fraction of an inch, take it down, roll it up and send it back-I'll gladly return your money. I've made this same guarantee for years, and not a single rod has ever been returned. The Ottawa Tie holds forever.

Here Are Some Price Smashers

18-inch hog fence.....11½c.rod | 48-inch poultry fence ...24½c rod | 42-inch heavy field fence.....23.9c rod | 24-inch " "14¼c rod | 60-inch " "27¼c rod | 50-inch " hog "26¼ c rod

Fence Catalog FREE

If you want to buy fence, gates, windmills, stock tanks, pumps, or gasoline engines ($1\frac{1}{2}$ to 12-H. P.) at wholesale prices -cheaper than you can any other place in the country, write me today for our complete four-color catalog. It tells you all about our big factory line—saves you \$20.00 to \$100.00 every year. We make 78 different styles of fence, every kind on the market, 54 different gates-and gasoline engines at prices so low that you can't afford to be without one. Get this catalog. It's a money saver. Write for it today sure. Use the coupon, letter, or postal.

GEO. E. LONG, Gen'l Mgr.

TAWA MFG. CO.

529 King St., Ottawa, Kansas

BOOK COUPON

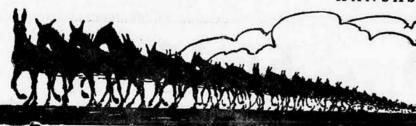
GEO. E. LONG, General Manager,

Ottawa Manufacturing Co.

529 King St., Ottawa, Kansas.

Gentlemen: Please send me by return mail all postage charges prepaid, your big four-color Fence Book with factory price list.

Town.....



WORK OF 40 GOOD MULES

Cannot compare with that of a Caterpillar on any land that can be cultivated. Caterpillar-power costs less than horse-power and does better work.

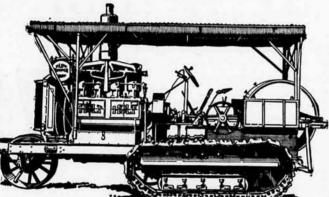
TRACTOR

Does not run on the ground, but on a steel track which it lays and picks up as it travels. This makes it independent of surface condition. The big bearing surface of the track (from 2,500 to 4,000 sq. in. according to width) gives unequalled tractive power, yet has a pressure per square inch less than that of a horse's tread. That's why the Caterpillar has a grip that cannot slip and works successfully, independent of the weather, on wet, swampy or sandy soils. There are no wheels to slip or mire. This is the only engine that can be used successfully for seeding and harrowing on plowed land without packing the soil.

The long track will bridge over a three-foot ditch. The Caterpillar can be turned in its own length, handling as easily as a team.

It is perfectly adaptable to all farm work from plowing to harvesting, clearing land of trees and stumps, etc. Send for Catalog F-16.

HOLT CATERPILLAR CO., Peorla, III. New York, 50 Church Street





"My Avery Farm Truck is Doing the Work of 3 Teams and 3 Men at Cost of 1 Man and 1 Horse"

Teams and 5 Men at Co.

That's what one Avery Farm Truck owner writes about the work his Truck is doing. Others are having similar results. No wonder men are selling their horses and getting Avery Farm Trucks to do their hauling and other work. Just think what an Avery Farm Truck does. It hauls 3 tons on its own bed and will also pull a loaded wagon behind. Fravels at speeds of from 2 to 12 miles per hour.

Avery Trucks are being used for hauling grain, hogs, sheep, lumber, coal, sand, gravel, crushed rock, milk and cream, fruit and vegetables, flour and other farm and manufactured products. They are money and time savers.

Have special cast steel rim wheels de-signed particularly for hauling on coun-try roads. No tire expense as with rub-ber tires.

FREE BOOK OF HAULING FACES

Learn about hauling with an Avery Truck. Tell us what you have to haul, how far, how many horses you use, and find out if an Avery Farm Truck will not do your hauling cheaper and quicker. Write for Avery Truck Book, with hauling facts. It's free. Address,

Avery Company, 1407 Iowa Street, Peoria, Illinois

Also manufacturers of Avery "Light-Weight" Gas and Oil Tractors, Undermounted Steam Engines and "Yellow-Fellow" Separators. FREE BOOK OF HAULING FACTS

Plow More in a Day

Divide the pull evenly between your horses and make plowing easy. Gamble Equalizers give each horse exactly the same share of work—make plow teams easy to manage—make your work easier—drive one horse in furrow and three on unplowed ground. No worry—no trouble—no pulling out of the furrow—no chance for tugs to injure horses. Give direct pull—Guarantee no side draft. The Gamble 4-horse Equalizer works 4 horses abreast to gang plow with one horse in the furrow and 3 on unplowed ground. Equalizer in illustration evens pull on 16, 18 and 20-inch sulkies with clevis hitch and 12 and 14-inch disc gangs. Also on disc sulkies and 12 and 14-inch gangs having wide draw head.

Gamble Equalizers Guaranteed

to give perfect satisfaction and work as we say or money refunded. There is only one genuine Gamble Equalizer fully protected by patents—no others like them. Get the best. Do not accept a subtitute.

Cost so little you can't afford to be without them. Gamble Equalizers made for 3, 4 or 5 horses.

be used on farm wagons, manure spreaders, seeding and harvesting machines, hay loaders and all kinds of plows and harrows. See them at your implement Dealer's. If he does not handle them, send us his mannews well see that you are supplied. Send for PREE Illustrated catalog showing full line of GAMBLE EQUALIZERS.

STAR MANUFACTURING CO. Dept. K. F. 23, Carpentersville, III.



Cow Peas Planted in Corn BY LAUDE & SON, BOSE, KANSAS.

IN YOUR issue of February 8—replying to subscriber, Haddam, Kan.—you state that corn and cowpeas cannot be successfully grown if planted at the same time, and recommend planting reas at time of last cultivating. ing peas at time of last cultivating. This is correct if the corn is planted early and an early variety of cowpeas used. But for fodder or shage they can be planted together with marked success.

It is well known that corn planted the last ten days in May on well prepared ground will make more and better forage than if planted earlier and will generally produce about as much

Corn planted at this time will make a very rapid growth, but as it is still a little early for cowpeas they will not grow so rapidly, giving corn a chance to get a good start. If you want to plant, cultivate and harvest corn and cowpeas together with just the same labor involved as in the handling of corn alone, and succeed in the majority of cases, proceed as follows:

Double disk your ground in spring, lapping the disk half which should be set to cut deeply. Weight it if possible. This is best done by April 15. A good crop of weeds and grass will then start—which should be plowed under eight or the start inches when the start is the start inches when the start is the start inches when the sta —which should be plowed under eight or nine inches deep as nearly just before planting as possible. This planting on freshly plowed ground is important. I suppose seed could be planted mixed, but it can be much better done if one of the combination planters now on the market is used. These planters have two hoppers and planters on each side so you can adjust to plant both corn and so you can adjust to plant both corn and cowpeas in the same row in relative quantities desired. Take a medium maquantities desired. Take a medium maturing variety of corn—not late, for it might be too slow, and not early, for it doesn't yield forage enough. Boone Co. white or a similar variety should answer. Plant any thickness you wish. We have obtained best results with kernels about eight or nine inches apart. Don't use the earlier variety of cowpeas such as New Era, for these are 10 days to two weeks too early. Whipporwill will answer or a variety that matures slightly later might be even better. Set slightly later might be even better. Set the cowpea planter to drop one pear for every kernel of corn. Cultivate as usual and cut with a corn binder, and use the crop either in shock or as you see fit. If put in shock it might be best to let cure some—say a day—before shocking. If, however, your plan of putting in the peas at time of last cultivation is pursued, the New Era pea is the best variety, as they have proven to be best variety, as they have proven to be in this section for anything except planting with corn. We have raised from 10 to 40 acres of cowpeas annually for the last 10 or 12 years, and nothing does as well as the New Era.

Kafir corn in any ordinary season will starve peas to death if planted at last cultivation—and planting together has not proven practical here. We have tried it and consider it a failure.

Kafir and Cane Silage Tests.

Most persons have supposed corn to be the only material with which to make silage. If this were true, which some doubted, a large economic waste would continue, for kafir and cane, or saccharine sorghum were easy to grow and ought to be used.

So someone made silage from kafir and cane. It seemed to be satisfactory, but the college authorities wish to prove just how valuable it is in this form. Therefore the dairy department by direction of W. M. Jardine, acting director of the experiment station, has starttor of the experiment station, has started an experiment to get these facts into the record. Professor O. E. Reed, head of the dairy department, has eighteen cows assigned to the trial. There are three groups of six cows each. These six are divided this way: Three Holsteins, one Ayrshire, one Guernsey and one Jersey.

one Jersey.
One of the lots will be used to compare corn and kafir; one to compare corn and cane, or sacchrine sorghum, and one lot for kafir and cane. In addition to the silage the cows will receive alfalfa hay and grain ration. The hay and grain remain the same always; only the silage is changed.

The cows in an experiment, last year, gained in live weight when they were changed from corn to cane sorghum, and they lost weight when put back on corn silage. The present experiment is in-tended to confirm those results. Of course all the feed is weighed carefully in every experiment. The milk, also, is weighed and analyzed for butter fat and other properties. A definite report will be made public about May 1.

For rough roads

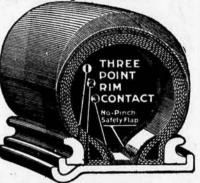
amond

Vitalized Rubber

No Clinch

tough enough to fight the roads-elastic enough to absorb shocks—built in such a way as to prevent rim troubles.

Other Diamond advantages -Vitalized Rubber, Perfect 3-Point Rim Contact and the No-Pinch Safety Flap for inner tube protection.



So this time specify "Diamonds"-you can get them at any of the

5000 Diamond Dealers



Easy Pumping

Have you had to depend on the wind r pumping water? The wind is uncer-in—the right way is with a

12 h.p. Rumely-Olds Engine

You'll get your water at low cost, you save a lot of time and work—you'll have an engine that will do your pumping in a short time and be ready for general service the rest of the day. To make pumping no job at all, hitch this

Rumely Pump Jack

Then all your pumoing troubles go. You have a real outht at a very slight cost.
Rumely-Olds Engines are strong and simple—Rumely Pump Jacks are right, too.
Think the combination over—see if it wouldn't pay you to have it.
The Rumely-Olds 3 h.p. Engine will handle a bigger job—we have them in all sizes, stationary, skid mounted or portable—so we're sure to meet your requirements, and we have the proper pumping outht for each size.

Write for the Olds Engine Data-Book No. 344, and the special folder on Rumely Pump Jacks—ask name of our nearest dealer. RUMELY PRODUCTS CO.
(Incorporated)

Power-Farming Machinery

Kansas City, Mo.; Wichita, Kan.; Dallas, Texas.



Are You Satisfied With Your Harrow? Our new harrow levels, packs, pulverizes, silps the trash, cultivates listed corn, saves the moisture, leaves the surface in ridges so soil cannot blow. Just the tool for cultivating and harrowing out potatoes. Saves time and work and better results follow the use of the Blade Harrow. Write for illustrated catalog. The Blade Harrow Co., Lawrence, Kan.

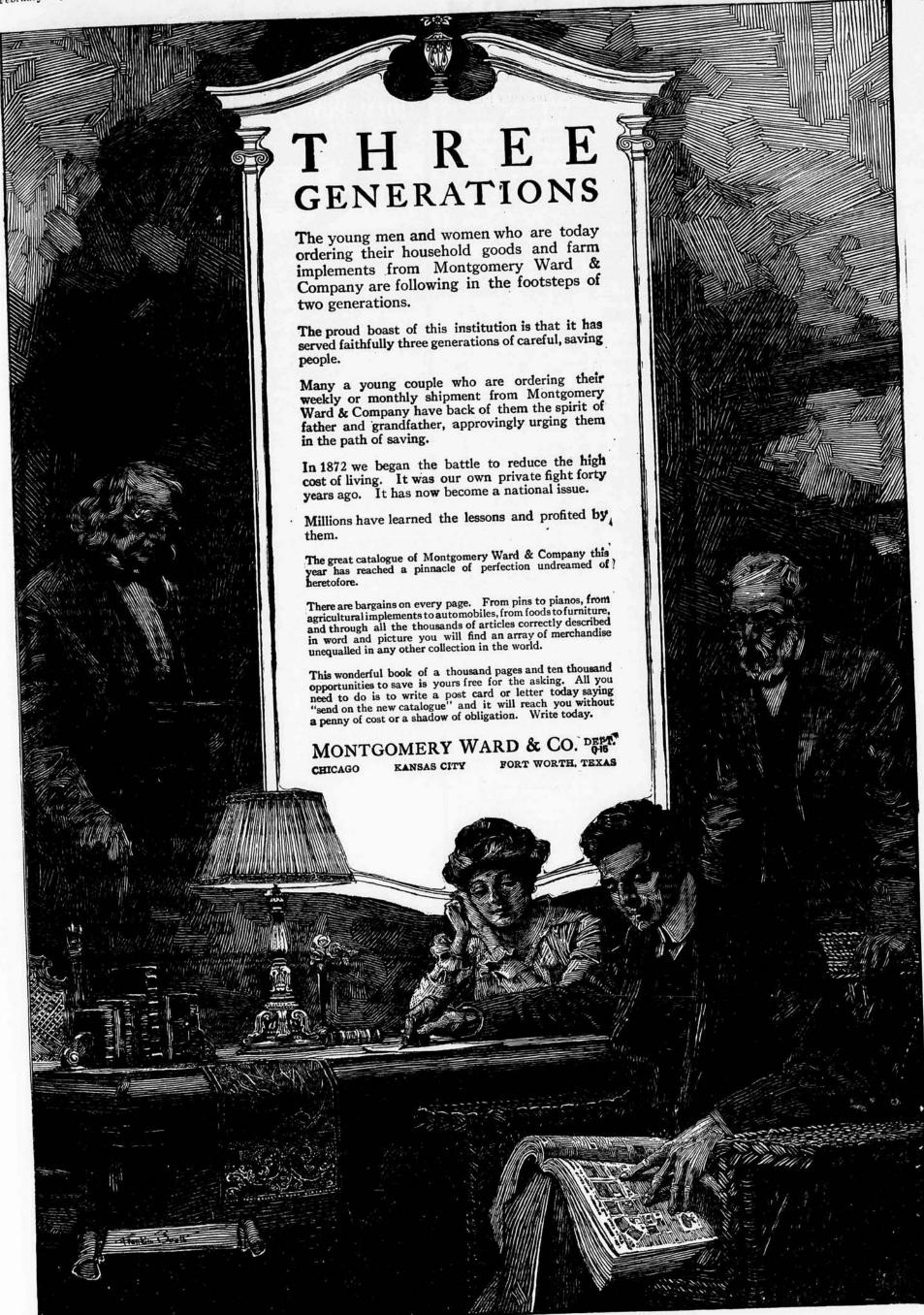
SEED CORN

Plant the best. I have Boone County White, Hildreth's and Reid's Yellow Dent. Carefully selected, thoroughly tested, and graded. Write for prices and samples. I sell only my own growing. Money back if not satisfactory upon receipt of ship-ment.

ment. M. T. KELSEY, NORTHWOOD FARM, 106 Arter Ave., Topeka, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention KANSAS FARMER,





John Deere Spreader

The Spreader with the Beater on the Axle



Takeany manure spreader you have ever seen, remove all the clutches and chains, all the countershafts and stub axles, do away with all adjustments

axies, do away with all adjustments and mount the beater on the rear axie.

Rebuild the spreader so that the top of the box is only as high as your hips. Make it stronger. Remove some two hundred trouble-giving parts and throw them away. You will have some sort of an idea of what will have some sort of an idea of what the John Deere Spreader, the Spreader with the Beater on the Axle, is like.

The Beater on the Axle



The beater and all its driving parts are mounted on the rear axle. This construction is patented. You cannot get it

on any other spreader made.

Power to drive the beater is taken from the rear axle through a planetary transmission (like that on auto-mobiles). It is positive, runs in oil, and does not get out of order.

Few Working Parts

The John Deere Spreader is so simple that there are no adjustments. It has some two hundred

less parts than the simplest spreader heretofore made.

There are no clutches to throw it into gear. The lever at gear. The lever at the driver's right is moved back until the

finger, or dog, engages a large stop at the rear of the machine. All the chains and adjustments have been done away with.



Because the beater is mounted on the rearaxle, it is only
"hip-high"
to the top of
the box,
Eachforkful

of manure is

put just where it is needed. You can always see into the spreader.
Roller bearings, few working parts, the center of the load comparatively near the horses, and the weight distributed over four wheels, make the John Deere Spreader light draft.

Spreader Book Free Tells about manuse.

Spreader Book Free—Tells about manure, when and how to use it, how to store it, and a description of the John Deere Spreader. Ask for this book as Package No. Y. 13

John Deere Plow Co. Moline, Illinois

> Most anybody can make a dairy profitable in June. But the owner of an INDIANA SILO makes it pay all the year round Don't take our word for it.

Read the book written by owners of Indiana Silos. It tells what the Indiana Silo has done for them and what it will do for you. Remember! You don't need cash to my an Indiana Silo. It buys itself. Write for booklet. Address nearest office INDIANA SILO CO. Anderson, Ind. Des Moines, Ia. Kansas City, Mo. 311 Union Bidg. 311 Indiana Bidg. 311 Silo Bidg.

FARM FENCE 41 INCHES HIGH 100 other styles of Farm, Poultry and Lawn Fencing direct from factory at savethedealer's-proint-prices. Our large catalog is free. A ROD

Farmers Sons Wanted with knowledge of farm and fair education to work in an office; \$80 a month idvancement, steady employment, must be honest and re-Branch offices of the association are being established betate. Apply at ages, clying fail to stight the

KITSELMAN BROS. Box 61 Muncie, Ind

FARM Γ HE

Feterita Report From Oklahoma

W. A. Taylor of Lone Wolf, Oklahoma, in a report to The Star, says feterita on his farm threshed eighty bushels to the acre. Growing one the same land, beside the feterita, was kafir, which yielded fifty-three bushels per acre, and milo maize, which produced sixty bushels per acre. "Feterita," says Mr. Taylor, "will mature in seventy days and will stand the drought better than either mile or the drought better than either mile or

Experiments at the Oklahoma Agricultural College indicate that feterita is not superior to kafir and milo, but the college desires to conduct further experiments before making positive statements.

Railroad Rates on Manure.

The manure of the Kansas City stock yards accumulates in thousands of tons yearly. It has been used in filling in low lands. The lands below the level of the yards are now filled and the manure must be disposed of in some other way. The railroad companies have had manure rates for years, but recently these rates, effective February 21, have been reduced and the Rock Island rates below apply in a general way to all roads entering Kansas City. The rates are:

1					4 10				per				cwt.		
25	miles	and	unde	r						•					.2c
50	miles	and	over	25.	٠.										.21
75	miles	and	over	50.											.24
100	miles	and	over	75.											.3
125	miles	and	over	100											.31
150	miles	and	over	125											.31
175	miles	and	over	150											.34
200	miles	and	over	175											.4

Wide vs. Narrow Tires.

In the road improvement discussion the question of the advantages of wide tires as compared with narrow tires is always brought up. King's Physics of Agriculture, reports these differences in

On macadam streets, wide tire 26 per cent. less than narrow tire.
On gravel road, wide tire 24.1 per cent.

On dirt roads, wide the 24.1 per cent. less than narrow tire.

On dirt roads, dry, smooth, free from dust, wide tire 26.8 per cent. less than narrow tire.

On clay road, with mud deep, and drying on top and spongy beneath, wide tire 52 to 61 per cent. less than narrow

On meadow, pasture, stubble, corn ground and plowed ground from dry to wet, wide tire 17 to 120 per cent. less than narrow tire

Kafir More Sure Than Corn.

My experience leads me to believe that Kafir is more sure to make a crop than corn and is a good substitute. I do not think Kafir can be successfully followed by wheat. I do not regard the fodder of great value when the Kafir feed has matured.—H. M. LAING, Russell, Kan.

Kafir is more drouth resistant than corn because of its ability to reach deep and wide for soil moisture and on account of its ability to do this extracts from the soil more moisture than does corn. Then unless the fall is wet, the ground is not in as good condition for growing wheat as in the case of corn land. Kafir grows later than corn too, unless the early season has been favor-

The Kafir stalk on which a head has matured is as good feed as a corn stalk on which an ear has matured. A stalk which has matured grain is never good

Farm Bookkeeping.

The United States Department of Agriculture has just published a free Farmers' Bulletin No. 511, treating of the subject of Farm Bookkeeping, which will be found very useful by any one who desires to start a system of accounting. The bulletin discusses the advantages of farm bookkeeping and outlines the principles upon which a system of farm accounting should be built up. Forms are given illustrating methods for taking a farm inventory, which is the basis of all farm accounting. Other forms are shown for receipts and expenditures and for learning the farm profit. Forms of labor records are shown, also time sheets and labor reports. While the bulletin in itself is not a treatise on bookkeeping with data, and instructions for keeping a system of farm accounts, it is particularly valuable in giving suggestions regarding the details of farm accounting. If carefully studied it will enable one to devise a system of accounting that will be satisfactory and complete enough for the business of most farms. Send for it. It costs nothing and we are sure it is worth reading.



This addition to the long established and old reliable Hart-Parr line, is our answer to the constantly increasing demand for a medium power tractor. A tractor built especially for farms as small as 160 acres.

Many inexperienced builders have rushed pell-mell into the field with untried, untested small size tractors. Even with our many years of tractor building experience, we were not satisfied to do this. First, we gave long, careful thought to the power problems of the small farm. We studied the requirements from every angle. Then we designed and built this 25 B. H.P. tractor especially to meet these conditions. Next, we gave this tractor a thoro, searching shop and field test. Step by step, we modified and strengthened it. No guess work at any stage.

And now, that we ourselves are convinced that this new Twentyfive is right, we offer it to the farmer as the only small tractor that really is efficient, reliable and economical in every respect. It on farms of 160 to 320 acres. And the price is within reach of the small farmer's pocket book.

The same general features of a construction which have made our 30, 40 and 60 B.H.P. outfits so successful, are embodied in this new Hart-Parr model. It is built almost entirely of steel, thus insuring greatest strength with *light weight*. The drive wheels are equipt with our wonderful wave form lugs, making the tractor well fitted for work on soft soil.

In combination with the Hart-Parr-Sattley Self-Lift Plow, shown in the illustration, it forms a strictly One-Man Outfit. It will easily take the place of 10 sturdy horses and do the work better, quicker and cheaper. It has two working speeds—1.8 and 2.6 miles per hour. It uses *cheapest kerosene* for will prove a profitable investment fuel at all loads, and is oil cooled.

Write today for illustrated circular fully decribing the important features of this new Hart-Parr Oil Tractor.

HART-PARR COMPANY 212 LAWLER ST. CHARLES CITY, IOWA





WILLIAM GALLOWAY. Pres.

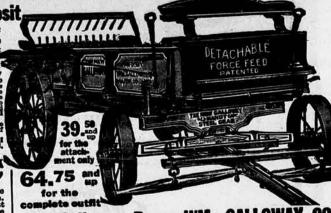
Yes, ABSOLUTELY Free—Not One Cent Down—No Bank Deposit,

I don't want you to send me one cent for this spreader. No sir, not one
if. I don't even ask you to sign any mortgage, lease or note or even promise
buy it. I won't let you take any risk of any kind or nature. I'm making the most
ing offer I've ever made and I'm banking on my spreader and your judgment.
Here's my plan: I'll ship you one of my new 1913 Model Galloway Spreaders right to your
Here's my plan: I'll ship you one of my new 1913 Model Galloway Spreaders right to your
without even adollar's deposit. I want you to take that spreader and test it in a way that would put any
without even adollar's deposit. I want you to take that spreader and test it in a way that would put any
without even adollar's deposit. I want you to take that spreader and test it in a way that would put any
spreader in the world on the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest manure to
spreader in the world on the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest when the
special in the first work of the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest manure to
spreader in the world on the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest manure to
spreader in the world on the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest manure to
spreader in the world on the scrap heap. I'll even tall you how to do it. Hunt up the toughest manure to
spreader out into the field; set year any transped of the more world. See why I
make the offer, why I can greater to the field that time anyway you want to. Then, I you can't homestry my to
spread to the transperse of the spreader of the send and don't set on the spreader with the spreader in the swell. That's why I
make the offer, why I can greater is be not to see the spreader or the send and the spreader in the swell. That's why I
make the offer way is the Galloway. Spreader or the sender or the s

Here's What Your Neighbors Say:
Gentlemen: I received the spreader all O. K.,
and have it now nearly six months. I have power ha
any trouble with it at all and I like it very smech, I would
not be without one now for a great deal My tons
weights 2000 pounds and will handle it, even on plowed

My Regular \$1.00 Book My Special 1913 Offer "A Streak of Gold" I've got a new proposition for 1913 that's so

Sent FREE Nothing else like it ever written. Tells plainly just how to produce manure, store it, treat it, care for it and use it. This book is worth \$25.00. Price regularly one dollar a copy, I'll send it to you free in addition to a full explanation of my record-breaking, 1913 proposition and my big spreader eatled so you can pick out just the spreader you want me to send you on this free offer. A postal or letter is enough. Don't lay down this paper 'till you've sent it.



Wm. Galloway, Pres., WM. GALLOWAY CO. 389 Galloway Station, Waterloo, Iowa Spreaders in Stock at Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, Council Bluffs and Winnipeg 109

Farm Machinery Expensive.

pet f

"There is no manufacturing business that has its machinery standing idle so much of the time as has farming," said Professor H. C. Price, dean of the Ohio College of Agriculture, Ohio State University, in a recent lecture. He pointed out the case of the binder, which is an expensive machine, yet it is needed only a few days in the year. "The average life of farm machinery is ten years," said Professor Price, "and counting depreciation and interest, it costs each year about 16 per cent. of the original investabout 16 per cent. of the original invest-ment to keep it on the farm. The way some machinery is cared for it will cost more than this." The fact that the machinery is such an expensive part of the farm equipment indicates that better care of this machinery is an economical feature of successful farm management.

Stubble and Sod Plow.

P. F. M., Palco, Kan., asks why sod and stubble plows are constructed on such widely different plans.

We assume that subscriber has refer-

We assume that subscriber has reference to the mould board. The plow may be looked upon as a wedge of such shape that it will shear off the furrow slice, pulverize and invert it. The function of the sod plow is merely to cut the furrow slice loose and invert it so that the sod may decay and disintigrate. Besides cutting and inverting, the stubble plow has the additional function of pulverizhas the additional function of pulverizing. It requires less power to force a slender wedge to penetrate a substance than a blunt one, and since a tough sod cannot be pulverized until after it has decayed the sed play is made with a decayed, the sod plow is made with a decayed, the sod plow is made with a long, gently curving mold-board which inverts the sod with the minimum amount of resistance. The stubble plow, being designed to pulverize, is a blunter wedge whose steepness of moldboard depends when the condition of the soil and pends upon the condition of the soil and the amount of pulverizing that can be done at the expense of a reasonable amount of power.

Customer For Everything to Be Sold.

Keep in mind that there is a customer for everything you have to sell and KANSAS FARMER'S classified columns give you the best medium for advising 65,000 Kansas subscribers that you have something to sell.

thing to sell.

If you have more seed corn, seed oats, Kafir, clover, timothy, bluegrass, alfalfa, or potatoes, than you need for next year's planting, it is certain that a classified ad will sell your surplus, and while you are benefitting yourself you are helping the man who bought.

The past week we have received let-

The past week we have received let-ters from several dairymen who ask if we know where they can buy a dairy bred bull which has served his usefulness in the herd of his present owner. Each of these inquirers is looking for such an animal. The fact is that hundreds of such males are every year sent to the shambles and sold at a comparatively low price. These enimals would tively low price. These animals would bring more money for their owners sold to men who had use for them and by such transaction the live stock business of the state would be improved and in-

creased. You can well afford to use KANSAS FARMER as a clearing-house through which your wants both as buyer and as seller can be satisfied.

Montgomery County, Kansas, farmers have organized and engaged a county farm adviser. Next!

Wheat Experiments—Tile Draining

Results. A year ago last fall our subscriber, O. A. R., Columbus, Kan., made some fertilizer experiments with wheat. Here are the results he reports:

Plot 1-Manure as a top dressing-

wheat good. Plot 2—Potash, phosphorus, nitrogen -wheat good. Plot 3—Potash, phosphorus—wheat

fairly good.
Plot 4-No fertilizer - scarcely any

crop.
Plot 5—Phosphorus—wheat good.
Plot 6—Potash—scarcely any crop.
Plot 7—Ground limestone—scarcely

any crop.
Plot 8—Pure raw bone meal—fairly

good. The different plots on the alfalfa showed no results discernable. We have been unable to raise alfalfa here on account of the extreme wet weather which we have at times. The four acres which were tilled a year ago were sown last August and I cut the first cutting last week. It made about a ton to the acrefine hay.

Have a six-acre field which was sown to oats two years ago which re-seeded itself and has come up this spring as thick as it can stand on the ground. I applied one ton ground limestone per acre on this last fall as a top dressing.

Three Horses for Road Work.

It is only occasionally that one sees three horses hitched to a load of grain, hay or other farm product which is behay or other farm product which is being hauled to market. Not long since we talked with a Kansas Farmer subscriber who regretted that he was not able to haul a larger load on account of the condition of the roads. We asked if his wagon would carry a larger load than he was now hauling and if he had more horses. He replied that the wagon would haul twice as much and that he more horses. He replied that the wagon would haul twice as much and that he had plenty of horses. When we suggested that he use three horses he said that he had not been able to obtain a satisfactory wagon hitch for three horses, that if he could obtain such hitch he would be said to use it. Found hitch he would be glad to use it. Equalizers are made and advertised in KAN-SAS FARMER, which equalizers are made especially for road work and are made for three, four, or five horses. The same equalizers can be used on other same equalizers can be used on other farm implements such as manure spreaders, plows, harrows, etc. The brick and sand haulers in the cities we notice are quite commonly using three horses. There is no reason why the farmer cannot reduce the expense of hauling and marketing his grain by using more horse

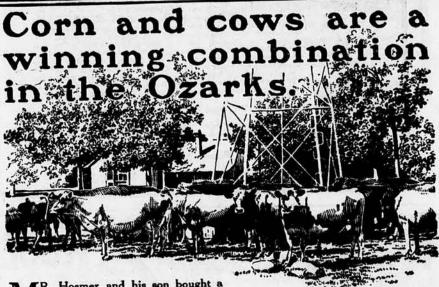
power and hauling larger loads.

An equalizer of some sort is really necessary to permit him to get best results. The manner of hitching the third horse to a chain which is attached to the wagon bed or the rear axle, is not satisfactory, and this lack of satisfac-tion, is, we believe, the reason so few three-horse teams are used for road

Could Not Do Without It.

KANSAS FARMER has always been a welcome and valued paper since my first arrival in Kansas and I would dislike to do without its weekly visits.—L. L. WADE, Ashland, Kan.

One advantage in growing razorback hogs is that the bacon slices itself.



MR. Hosmer and his son bought a farm near Marshfield, Missouri, a few years back, at \$10 to \$15 per acre. To-day that farm couldn't be bought for \$75 to \$150 per acre, and is bringing an annual net income of over \$5,000.

When the Hosmers took hold of this place, when the Hosmers took hold of this place, it was said that the corn couldn't be grown high enough to hide a 10-year old boy—but now they are making from 60 to 80 bushels per acre regularly. And they are averaging around \$90 per year per cow!

H. S. Harris says: "My milk production for H. S. Harris says: "My milk production for the six months from April to November (milking an average of 15 cows, about one-half of which are two-year olds), was 8,135 gallons, which sold at 16 cents per gallon, or \$1,301.60. Feed all raised on my farm, except salt." except salt."

Mr. Holloway, another Ozark dairyman, says: "I find this country the best for farming and far the best for dairying. The healthful, mild climate cannot be beat. I know this, for I have traveled a great deal; have been in nearly every State in the Union."

These experiences prove what an expert on dairy husbandry said a while back: "Not only are the Ozarks adapted for dairying but are certain to be noted far and

FRISCO

wide in the future for this industry Butter fat can be produced cheaper in the Ozarks than anywhere else."

With plenty of good pasture land, an unlimited amount of pure water, with soil that will grow every variety of grains and grasses, with short, mild winters that permit grazing most of the year and make expensive shelter unnecessary— stock raising of every kind is more profitable in the Ozarks.

Ozark farmers are producing pork at 21/2 cents a pound, and selling it at 8 cents or more. They are making around \$12 per ewe; with the sheep feeding almost entirely on native wild grass.

The closeness of Kansas City, Memphis and St. Louis — offering tip-top prices
—has a great deal to do with the big
net profits which Ozark farmers get.

But all these advantages mean more when it is realized that good land can be bought now in the Ozarks at \$12 to \$15 per acre. It's a proposition that deserves any man's serious thought and investigation right now!

A free book for you!

It's not the kind you can pick up anywhere. Double sized pages, 75 actual photo pictures of farms—some in full color. Written by a man who knows farming. Takes up the Ozark sections, county by county, and describes the farming conditions there. Also tells actual experience. tions there. Also tells actual experiences of Ozark farmers. I haven't

many copies of this book on hand; please drop me a postal to-day for your free copy.



Frank Anderson, Director of Development, 1503 Frisco Bldg. St. Loius, Mo

then our stock is exhausted there is no Big Illustrated Catalog of farm, field, more to be had. Samples Manea card will bring them to your door, grass and garden seeds. A postal card will bring them to your door. Address Box 7, RATEKIN'S SEED HOUSE, Shenandoah, Iowa.

MENTION KANSAS FARMER WHEN YOU WRITE.



Work for Your Neighbors Too

Deeper plowing, better preparation of the seed-bed, more discing and harrowing all bring better crops. Keeping horses to do this extra work take away the profits. The profitable way is with a



15-30 h.p.

With an OilPull you can do your own work quickly—when it should be done. After you've finished you can make the tractor pay for itself by working for your neighbors.

You can be sure they'll still have work to do after you are through, Remember an OilPull will do all kinds of work—plow, bale, thresh, shred, cut ensilage, build roads, etc. The investment is small—the return large. If you can't afford one yourself—join with your neighbors and get one. It will do better work for all of you—it will pay for itself in short order. You can't go wrong if you buy an OilPull. It's less expensive to buy because it lasts longer—it's cheaper to run because it burns cheap kerosene. It is oil cooled and works equally well winter or summer. Has two speeds and is well adapted to rolling country. The 15-30 h.p. size is right for most work—there is a larger size for the heavy work.

Data-Book No. 353 tells all about the OilPull.

RUMELY PRODUCTS CO.

Power-Farming Machinery

Kansas City, Mo.; Wichita, Kan.; Dallas, Texas.





MR. FARMER!

If you will use a Kemper Disc Furrow Opener on your planter, we will guarantee you a better stand, cleaner corn, stronger growth, and a bigger yield by ten bushels Write for catalog to the

WALKER MFG. CO., Dept. C, Council Bluffs, Iowa.



LIVE STOCK

Word comes that the Hays Experiment station has just suffered the loss of a large barn and 25 head of horses by fire. This will be a crippling blow to the sta-tion unless it can be immediately re-couped by the Legislature now in ses-sion. Particulars as to how the fire originated are wanting at this date.

Almost weekly the Kansas City market is demonstrating the big advantage which comes from raising market cattle on the farm rather than buying feeders. As prices go there is a heavy investment required to put in a lot of feeders and the market may not fit when they are right. With home raised cattle there is no big investment in the same way and the margin of profit is so much greater that market variations have less of terror for the shipper.

Silo Information for the Asking.

The use of the silo is a live Kansas topic. Kansas Farmer has for three years taken the lead of all agricultural papers—everywhere—on this subject. The advantages of the silo and the feeding of silage have been covered from every angle. We, of course, have not written all that might be said. We never will be able to do this. Our readers can get much information from the catalogues and printed matter of the various silo and silage cutter manufacturers. One book in particular is worth many times the dime it costs—that is the book "Modern Silage Methods," published by the Silver Mfg. Co., Salem, Ohio. This is not a paid advertisement. It is written to tell you about a book worth many times the cost.

To Tan Any Kind of Fur Skins.

This will be found an excellent plan This will be found an excellent plan for tanning hides with the fur on: After having cut off the useless parts, and softened the skin by soaking, remove the fatty matter from the inside and soak it in warm water for an hour. Next mix equal parts of borax, saltpetre and glaubersalts (sulphate of soda) in equal parts, with sufficient water to make a parts, with sufficient water to make a thin paste. Spread this with a brush over the inside of the skin, applying more on the thicker parts than on the thinner, double the skin together flesh side in, and put in a cool place. After standing twenty-four hours wash the skin clean, and apply in the same manner as before, a mixture of one ounce sal soda, one-half ounce borax, and two ounces hard white soap, melted slowly together without being allowed to boil. Fold together again, and put away in a Fold together again, and put away in a warm place for twenty-four hours. After this dissolve four ounces alum, eight ounces salt and two ounces saleratus, in sufficient hot rain water to saturate the skin. When cool enough not to scald the hands, soak the skin in it for twelve hours, then wring out and hours it were the hands, soak the skin in it for twelve hours, then wring out and hang it up to dry. When dry repeat this soaking and drying two or three times, till the skin is sufficiently soft. Lastly, smooth the inside with fine sand paper and pumice stone and work the skin until soft.—

About Mules.

America is said, by good authorities, to possess more mules than all other counpossess more mules than all other countries in the world combined. Not only is this true, but the raising of mules is growing rapidly as a phase of live stock industry. It is said that the breeding of mules has gone to such an extent that it amounts to almost a craze and that last year about one fourth of all the year about one-fourth of all the mares in the country were used for raising mule

If these figures are accurate, and they come from a very reliable source, then they contain in themselves one of the reasons why horses are so scarce and high priced. Every mare that is used for the breeding of mules becomes the last of her line. She may produce a number of mule colts but her family ends with her own life as the mules to not reproduce.

These are most important facts. With good sound mule colts selling up to \$125 at weaning time, there is little wonder at the growth of the business of mule raising. It is but natural that the farmer who raises mules at all should raise them from his draft mares as this will produce a type of mules most useful to him in his business. It is also true in certain sections, notably in Missouri and Kentucky, that the farmers like to drive mules and use their high class road, saddle and even standard bred mares for mule production. This gives a very fine type of mule with plenty of speed and endurance and fine action for a driving



YOU KNOW

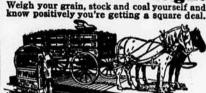
what havoc smuts of grain play with the crop. Take no chances again—treat all seed grains with

FORMALDEHYDE

because it absolutely insures maximum yield from your planting. Every farmer knows that the most careful selection of seeding cannot de-termine whether it is free from smut or not. Thousands of farmers use Formaldehyde to treat all their seed grains. Your dealer sells Formalprains. Four dealer sells Formal-dehyde from our works, 35 cents per pound bottle. Send for our 32 page illustrated pamphlet—tells the many uses of Formaldehyde. We mail it on request, FREE.

Perth Amboy Chemical Works 100 William St. New York





The McDonald Pitless Scale

weighs accurately every day in the year.
Protected bearings cannot freeze. No pit
required—everything above ground.
Steel frame—steel joists—10 year guarantee.
U.S. Standard. Used for weighing
U.S. Mails. Flying Dutchman
Dealers sell them.
FREE BOOKLET. Write today.

MOLINE PLOW CO.
Dept. 4 MOLINE, ILL.

Make Farm Work Easy For Man and Horses

Heider



FACTORY TO FARM e save you big money and give you 30 DAYS IAL on every foot of our fence. Thousands of mersare using OTTAWA FENCE and bought i

5 to 20 Cents a Rod We make 78 styles of fence at 111/10 a rod up, and by styles of gates. Handsome 4-Color FREE Catalog and Factory Price-List FREE OTTAWA MFG. CO. 603 King St., Ottawa, Kans.

Save Work, Time, Money By using our low down



ectric Handy Wagons don't loosen—wheels don't dry out or rot.
Write for free book on Wagons and Wheels.

Uectric Wheel Co., 34 Elm Street, Quincy, Ill.

Takes possession of a fertile quarter section in

Southwest Kansas

There's not much vacant land left in Kansas. The five southwestern counties have remained unsettled and undeveloped because of inadequate transportation. The Santa Fe is building new lines to serve this territory, and thousands of farms next season will be put to creating wealth. This is your opportunity to get a good Kansas farm cheap. The terms are advantageous, the results certain.

If you had taken a Kansas farm ten years ago and developed it with intelliyears ago and developed it with intelligence and vigor, you, too, would now be lending money to Wall Street, as other Kansas farmers are doing. You, too, would have a piano in your parlor and an automobile in your barn.

The next best thing is not to lose this opportunity of securing a quarter section of this splendid wheat land.

Besides wheat, oats and barley, you can get good profits out of speltz, milo-maize get good pronts out of speltz, milo-maize and kaffia-corn fed to your own stock. Hogs thrive on milo and kaffir, and dis-ease is unknown. Western Kansas farm-ers find peanuts a splendid hog feed, easily grown and easily fed. Broom corn brings fancy prices, and potatoes, garden truck, fruit and alfalfa will all do well for you

There are some flowing artesian wells in this territory, and everywhere that wells have been put down water comes to within thirty to sixty feet of the surface.
Irrigation by pumping will doubtless be
commonly practiced, and the tremendously increased yields will pay big dividends on the small investment required for gasoline or oil driven pumps.

The climate is pleasant and healthful. Your boys and girls will find good schools. Churches, social clubs and farmers' institutes are being organized. Rural telephones and free delivery are coming in. In every way development is rapid, and only a few years will give you every advantage that older communities (have.

You can secure a quarter section (160 acres) for only \$200 down. The price is \$10 to \$15 an acre. The terms are astonishingly liberal. Only one-eighth down and one-eighth each year after the second year, with interest at only 6 per cent. You see you have two full seasons before a second payment on the principal is required. required.

For further information write for illustrated descriptive folder containing map and full details.

> Santa Fe Land Improvement Co. Topeka, Kansas.

DUR OPPORTUNITY is NOW in the Province of SASKATCHEWAN **Western Canada** Do you desire to get a Free Homestead of 160 Acres of that well known Weat Land! The area is becoming more limited but no less valuable.

ited but no sees valuable.

New Districts have recently been opened up for settlement, and into these railroads are now being built. The day will soon eading land left.

A Swift Current, Saskatchewan farmer rites:—"I came here on my homestead, arch, 1906, with about \$1,000 worth of roses and machinery, and just \$35 in cash oday I have 900 acres of wheat, 300 acres o years, but only an instance of what say be done in Western Canada, in Manishea, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Bend at once for Literature, Maps, Rallay Rates, etc., 50

CANADIAN GOV'T. AGENT 125 West 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.

ddress, Superintendent of Immigration

Hog Book Free.

Great value to hog men. On care and diseases of hogs. Tells how to destroy worms, cure and prevent disease. Sent free. Write Dr. D. C. Snoddy Co., Nashville, Tenn, Dept K

Another important fact bearing upon this question is to be found in the acts of legislatures in different states. These acts have put a ban upon betting at races and thereby removed the chief incentive which some men found in horse racing. Without the privilege of betting there was considerably less of incentive to breed race horses than there had preto breed race horses than there had previously been and many of the thorough-bred mares which could not profitably

bred mares which could not profitably be used for the production of race horses, no longer in strong demand, have been used for mule breeding and this has added to the scarcity and consequent high price of horses of this type.

Another influence which is perhaps not fully appreciated, is that which has been exerted by the automobile. A man will spend money freely for his pleasure when he would be very economical in other matters and the man who could afford a high stepping, stylish and high other matters and the man who could afford a high stepping, stylish and high priced driving team for his pleasure only could also afford the automobile for the same purpose. The novelty of the automobile and its efficiency have served to put the light road and saddle classes of horses out of business to a very large of horses out of business to a very large extent and this must be reconed as another factor which has had its influence on the scarcity and price of certain classes of horses.

The automobile has also put the scrub and inferior horse of all types out of business or is rapidly doing so, and all of these influences have combined to in-crease the scarcity and prices of horses and at the same time increase the number of mules. The automobile does not interfere in any way with the heavy draft horse. It cannot be used as a farm motor, and its use as a motor truck in the city so far only serves to supplement the work of the heavy drafter.

On the other hand many farmers have learned that the mule when properly bred is no more difficult to handle than is the horse. If he comes from kicking ancesters, he is likely to be a kicker, but he is always efficient, cannot be overworked, will not kill himself by overgeting or over-drinking when too warm. eating or over-drinking when too warm, and does not hurt anything when he runs away. The average price of mules is generally about \$8 or \$10 higher than that of horses of the same quality and wire cuts and slight blemishes do not injure the sale of a mule as they would jure the sale of a mule as they would that of a horse.

Already has the craze for mule breeding been carried to such an extent that, when combined with an already existing shortage of horses, the mule breeders are viewing the future with considerable concern as they do not see where they will get mares for mule breeding in later years. As the raising of mules stops the proprogation of horses, and as the the proprogation of horses, and as the mules do not reproduce, there are good authorities in this country who predict an absolute horse famine unless the policy of the farmers in this matter is changed. Of course there are emergent times when there is an artificial market created for mules such as was witnessed during the Boer war in Africa when the United States was called upon to supply large numbers of mules for army service.

Then there is the constant and steady demand for mules in the farming opera-tions of all the southern states where they are much preferred to horses. This southern demand has been increased by the revival of interest in agriculture in the southern states. Farmers in that section have learned that cotton raising alone is just as detrimental to their own interests and to the fertility of the soil as wheat raising in the wheat belt. They are now raising corn and other farm crops to the extent that certain southern states have become exporters of corn that were never able to raise enough for home consumption. This change in southern methods has increased the demand for mules.

The recent horse plague in Kansas and other central states has served to turn attention strongly to the mule as the belief that the mule is more nearly im-mune from this and other diseases is very general and wide spread. Mules thrive and are most efficient under the thrive and are most efficient under the conditions which exist in the territory devastated by the horse plague and if they are immune from this plague or even partially so, it is but natural that they should be called upon to take the place and do the work of the horses which died last year.

At any rate, present conditions seem to indicate that the raising of mules has been a most potent factor not only in been a most potent factor not only in increasing the price of horses, but in decreasing their number, and it serves to call attention to a present condition which may prove to be a grave matter in the future. More mares must be raised if we would have more horses. This whole problem is well worth the careful thought of every farmer in the careful thought of every farmer in the

Built by One of the Largest Concerns in the World

for American Roads Especially

The J. I. Case T. M. Company, Inc., maker of the famous Case Forty, is a \$40,000,000 concern. For seventy years it has manufactured the finest machinery in its lines. You know, and your friends know,

the quality.
The Case Company has thousands The Case Company has thousands of customers in every part of the United States. Our machinery goes to all parts of the world.

We are making the Case Forty for our old customers as well as for hundreds of people who will drive cars in the cities.

The Case reputation is staked in each car. Our methods of building, our grade of materials, must be better than usually go into Forties to maintain our 70-year-old standards.

Savings We Do Not Make

We could make large savings on the cost of our motors by using cheaper materials. Also on clutches, transmissions, drive shafts, wheels, axles and other vital parts. We could cut our assembling cost in two, and this cost is one of the

We put into the Case—in every car—hundreds of dollars of extra value that does not appear on the surface. But that insures Case Service. No other Forty at \$2,200 ever gave equal value.

What Permits It

We can do what other makers an't. We created no new business

when we started making automobiles. We had 10,000 dealers and 65 Branches before a car was sold. We saved that selling expense. We saved officers', sales manager's and advertising department salaries, rent and other overhead charges.

Makers of other cars must include such costs in the price.

We put all these savings into the car without charging buyers an ex-

Have the Catalog

Write for the Case Catalog, or send the coupon for it. See what sort of car can be made for \$2,200. Note the Case Thirty also at \$1,500.

Case Cars are built for American roads after 70 years of building machinery to travel those roads. You need such a car.



J. I. CASE T. M. COMPANY, Inc. 635 State Street, Racine, Wis.

Please send complete information about Case "40" and "30."



State

5-Passenger Touring, Fully Equipped, \$2,200

Westinghouse Electric Starter; Westinghouse Electric Lighting System for all Lamps; Side and Tail Lamps, Combination Oil and Electric; Warner Auto-Meter; Electric Horn; Side and Tail Lamps, Combination Oil and Electric; Warner Auto-Meter; Electric Horn; Rain Vision Ventilating Wind Shield; English Mohair Top, Side Curtains and Cover; 37x4%-inch Tires; Firestone Universal Quick-Detachable Demountable Rims; 124-inch Wheelinch Transmission; Base; Three-Quarter Elliptic Springs; 4½x5½-inch Cylinders; Brown-Lipe Transmission; Dual System Single Point Ignition. The usual Tools, Tire Repair Kit, Jack, etc. And in addition, Extra Tire and Tube on Rim, Extra Tube separate, Tire Chains, Tire Cover and Handy Work Light on long wire.

J. I. CASE T. M. COMPANY, Inc., RACINE, WIS.

Case Cars are sold through 11,000 Dealers and 65 Branch Hous Factory Branches at Des Moines, Ia.; St. Louis and Kansas City, Mo.; Lincoln, Neb.; Denver, Colo.; Oklahoma City, Okla.





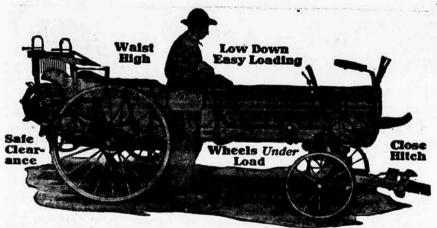
Papec Ensilage Cutters

Cut sliage perfectly, and at a very low cost of operation, uniform sliage that is very palatable and nutritious. The combined throwing and blowing force that lifts the sliage is generated from one fifth less power than is required by any other blower doing the same work.

Mechanical perfection and high quality of material mean long life, no loss of power and low cost of operation,

Our new illustrated catalog gives facts showing how "The Wonderful Papec" will save time and money at cutting time. Send for copy today.

PAPEC MACHINE CO. Box 43 SHORTSVILLE, N.Y. 20 Distributing Points in the U. S.



How to Save the Most Money On Your Manure Spreader

Buy the best to begin with! That's it—the best—regardless of first price! The cheaper the spreader, the more expensive it is in the end. Get the spreader that thousands have proved, in over the best to begin with! That's it twelve years' use, the biggest money-saver and money-maker. The Spreader that has stood every test is now made low down for easy loading—the kind you'll buy sooner or later. Buy it now!

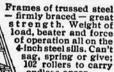
The Proved Spreader—It's Special Features

Low Down-Walst High-Safe Clearance— Short Wheel Base-Wheels Under Load-Roller Bearings-Lightest Draft-Simplest Drive-Avoids all Trouble of Enclosed Gears—Most Durable Beater—Trussed Steel Frame—Indestructible Front—Perfect Construction.

LIGHT DRAFT—LOW DOWN

Trussed Steel Frame

Simplest Drive



Frames of trussed steel
firmly braced — great
strength. Weight of
load, beater and force
of operation all on the
4-inch steel sills. Can't
sag, spring or give;
102 rollers to carry
endless apron.



Front Won't Pull Out

Direct chain drive—no complicated gears—everything in plain sight. The simulation of the plant of the plant is most sensible drive on any spreader. No parts in motion when beater is not in use—no wearing of gears or chains.

GREAT WESTERN rear wheels track with the front; you can straddle twocorn rows for top dresaing growing crops. This you can't do with narrow front trucks.

GREAT WESTERN means an easier pull

New Spreader Book Free 1t is important that you learn all about this low-down form. Be sure to write at once for Free Book describing it in every detail and proving why it's best for you or any man. Get it now. Shows all the detail of this old reliable GREAT WESTERN now made low down for easy loading. The cuts and details prove why it's the one perfect spreader. It's the one spreader that will just suit you in every way.

Rock Island Plow Co., 214B 2nd Ave., Rock Island, Ill.



Development of the Farm Tractor

By GEORGE H. PUTMAN, Hart-Parr Co., Wiehita,

THILE a large number of the farms in Kansas are being cultivated to a greater or less extent with farm tractors, it is only in recent years that this has been the prac-

All the older men will remember when All the older men will remember when threshing was done by horse power, and when a little later steam engines were introduced to supply the power; these steam engines were simply portable engines moved from place to place by horses, or in some instances by oven and horses, or in some instances by oxen, and were considered a decided improvement over the horse power threshing outfits.

Not long after came the steam trac-tion engine, but it was still guided by horses, and still later came the steam traction engine with a steering device operated by the engineer from the foot-board of the engine, which at that time seemed the acme of perfection in traction

Those engines were designed for belt work principally, and incidentally to be used in moving the threshing outfit from one job to the next. If the roads were not in a favorable condition horses were frequently used to help out in the moving of the threshing outfit, which was much lighter than the common outfit in

In isolated cases where the farmer thresherman occupied large tracts of land free from stone and other obstructions, and practically level they tried only when the ground was in such condition as not to be injured by the packing of the soil.

In the meantime gasoline engines, both large and small had become popular, and very generally replaced steam engines for stationary and portable work. This called the attention of designers and manufacturers to their use as tractors, and about 1892 or 1893 some gasoline tractors were placed on the market.

Those, however, were soon found to be impractical as tractors, and for about

ten years various designs of gasoline tractors were exploited to a greater or less extent, but all fell short of the promised success, and it became common talk among those building or operating steam traction engines, that an internal comtraction engines, that an internal com-bustion engine was not suitable for trac-tion work, and that on account of in-herent defects, such as lack of uniformity of belt speed, lack of reliability on gen-eral principles, and features of that char-ector they could make the reliability. acter, they could never be made practical for traction work.

Previous to 1901 or 1902 designers of gas tractors had simply used an engine designed for stationary work, placing it on a truck and attaching a train of transmission gearing, usually copied from some steam tractor, without adapting it to the changed conditions. This motor was not designed especially for traction work. This method of procedure rather than any inherent disqualifications of



MODERN TRACTOR PLOWING, PACKING AND HARROWING.—THIS IS A 40-HORSE-POWER ENGINE AND IS ADAPTED TO THE USE OF 320 TO 640-ACRE FARMS.

plowing with these tractors, but the traction speed was usually found unsuitable for plowing, and when put at traction work continuously the engine was not suitable on account of the following defects: Gearing too light, resulting in frequent breakage; lack of sufficient face surface to the gearing, greatly increasing the wear; bearings of the shafts, axles, etc., not of sufficient length to be durable; axles, shafts, etc., too light for durable; axles, shafts, etc., too light for continuous traction work; lack of proper protection from dust and grit; drive wheels with too narrow face for field

wheels with too narrow face for field work; and in many cases the boilers or frame work on which the engine proper and the transmission gearing were bolted, were unable to stand the strain of continuous traction work.

To overcome these difficulties, the gearing was made stronger and with wider faces; axles, shafts, etc., were increased in size; bearings made larger and longer; drive wheels with wider faces: boilers were strengthened mafaces; boilers were strengthened materially, and the entire tractor made stronger, naturally adding considerable

As the help required for a large trac-tor was no more than for a smaller one, the size was increased very materially,

and these tractors were then given the name of "plowing engines." It was discovered that large steam tractors when loaded with fuel and water ready to go to work, were so heavy that a very large proportion of the power de-veloped was expended in moving the tractor itself before doing any effective work. The expense of operating and supplying with fuel and water, added to the cost of fuel, made the total operating expenses so great that the cost of plowing per acre became prohibitive except under the most favorable conditions. Besides, the weight of the tractor prevented its use for any farm traction work except plowing, and even that could be done

the gasoline engine, was largely responsible for the lack of success in the use of the gas tractor up to that time.

In 1901 or 1902 certain designers considered the content of the conte

In 1901 or 1902 certain designers conceived the idea that to make a successful gas tractor the motor should be designed especially for traction work, the truck and transmission gearing designed to suit the motor and conditions surrounding the work, making a complete tractor with each part designed for the particular work required of it.

A tractor was produced along these

particular work required of it.

A tractor was produced along these lines. This tractor was a success. From that time the development of the farm tractor has made wonderfully rapid strides, starting out in 1902 or 1903 with but one design of gas tractor in the field that could be considered a successful product. Now those that have attained considerable success can be counted by the dozen.

the dozen.

While at first the gas tractor was used largely for belt work, users soon learned that on account of their light weight as compared with the steam traction engine of like power, the greatly reduced cost of fuel and attendance, made them practical and economical and desirable for the various traction work on the farm, and farmers are today doing with them work that was considered impractical if not impossible a few years ago. They are being used for threshing, corn shelling, corn shredding, filling silos, clover hulling, hay baleing, well drilling, feed grinding, plowing, disking, harrowing, seeding, harvesting, listing, freighting, operating road graders, moving buildings, operating irrigating pumps, making irrigating ditches, and various other uses. In fact, new uses for the gas tractor are appearing every day.

It places in the hands of one man a power formerly requiring several men for the various traction work on the

power formerly requiring several men and many horses; it makes it possible for him to plow his land deeper, and at exactly the right time; enables him to

The World's Greatest Wagon Factory

farmer in this section and all of them would say: "Deming and the Mimbres Valley of New Mexico

whether it has proven to be the best for oth-ers! Talk with every

cannot be beat!" They have mighty good reason to say this. With a smaller investment, they are making twice as much per acre as you are; they are sure of their crops because they control their water supply, getting water just when needed and just as much as needed. Their soil is rich, silt, easily worked, and level—unleached by rains. Their climate provides nine full months growing weather, making two and three crops a year practicable. They are living in a climate so famous for health that hundreds come here each year just to get well. They are getting tip top prices for their products from the mining and railroad conters all around; and best of all, these prices will stay high for the reason that land suitable for farming is strictly limited while the development of mining industries here is unlimited!

velopment of mining industries here is unlimited!
That is what makes the opportunity here so great now. Land prices, considering earning power, are ridiculously low simply because it was only a few years ago that the agricultural possibilities of this section were known; but with this farming area so limited in extent and with hundreds of people coming in every year, you can figure how quickly land prices are going up. A man must act at once! Right now a personally owned water right here (pumping irrigation plant) costs less than half what a Government or corporation controlled water right costs elsewhere!

You don't have to start with a strange crop here. You can raise the crops you've been used to—only get bigger yields and higher prices for them

Deming, New Mexico is the metropolis of this rich valley; a splendid city of 3,000, with fine buildings, grammar and high schools, electric light, water and sewer system, paved streets, etc. — as fine a town as you'd want to see; and a good local market.

Get our free book!

— telling you in plain farm talk all about the Mimbres Valley; why folks are gain-ing wealth and health there; with scores of actual photo farm scenes, some in full color; and actual statements from men who have lived in all parts of America but say that "this valley can't be beat." Se'cy, 103 Chamber of Commerce, Deming, N. M.

ln 70 Days on Ensilage Fed from Champion Silos

Get Complete Facts of This and Other Wonderful Champion Silo Profits Free Write.

These stories bound in portfolios are free with catalog to silo prospects. They are interesting and instructive. They show how others do it, how you should do it, why it is safest and best to get a Champion Silo with solid sterl interlocking door frame with malleable lugs combination latch and ladder, steel anchors, etc.

Get full particulars free today. Learn how to make silo profits like this.

WESTERN SILO CO., 11th Street, Iowa Des Moines,

BILL BROOK FARM SEED CORN

Boone County White and Reid's Yellow Dent. Well matured and well selected. Shelled and graded, \$2.25; in ear, crated, \$2.75

H. O. TUDOR, HOLTON, KAN.

disk, seed and harrow in the best possible manner and just when it should be done; enables him to harvest his crop more expeditiously and certainly, thresh and market it quickly. All this means larger crops, better quality and lower cost of production, and better still, less drudgery and less worry on the part of

Under every condition and in all kinds of work the gas tractor has proved to be reliable and dependable, with steady motion for belt work, strength for traction work, economical as to operating expense, light weight so that the plowing, seed-ing, harvesting, and general farm work can be done easily and without injury

to the land.
With the rapid increase of gasoline tractors and automobiles, gasoline which was formerly considered a by-product—with illuminating oil as the principal product from the petroleum—is now the principal product and the price has increased to twice or three times the price a few years ago.

Designers of farm tractors, however, have been equal to the occasion, and today the up-to-date farm tractor is so day the up-to-date farm tractor is so designed that low grade kerosene, or distillate can be used successfully; a gallon of this fuel actually producing more power than a gallon of gasoline, at but little if any more than half the price

per gallon.

With these conditions prevailing, it is little wonder that the use of the gas farm tractor is increasing with wonderful rapidity all over the southwest. It will be a matter of but a short time before every farmer operating 160 acres or more will be doing the major portion of the work on the farm with the "Modern Farm Horse," as the tractor is frequently

Pulling Power of Horses

How much can a horse pull is frequently asked. By this is not meant what load can be pull, because this would depend largely upon the condition of the roadbed, but what pull or draft can he exert on the load as measured by a spring balance in pounds. The draft which any horse can exert will depend largely upon his weight although his build, muscular development, and "willingness" must al-so be considered.

so be considered.

In general it may be said that a horse exerting a pull equal to one-tenth his weight hour after hour is doing a good day's work. For a short time he can exert a pull equal to one-fourth his weight and for a very short distance, like pulling up a steep hill, he can exert a draft equal to one-half of his weight. For exequal to one-half of his weight. For example, a 1500 pound horse for continuous work can exert a pull of 150 pounds, for a short time a pull of 375 pounds, and in an emergency a pull of 750 pounds without overstraining. It is also of interest to note that a 1500 pound horse exerting a pull of 150 pounds and traveling at a rate of 2½ miles per hour is doing an amount of work equivalent to just one horse-power.

Actual experiments have shown that on an ordinary level dirt road a draft of 140 pounds and on a level macadam road a draft of 60 pounds is required on the average to draw one ton. This amount average to draw one ton. This amount of draft on the level is due to the friction of the wheels on the roadbed which of course will vary with its smoothness. In going up a hill the draft becomes geater because the horse must then lift the load in addition to overcoming the

friction on the roadbed. Assume that a team of horses weighing 3000 pounds are exerting a draft equal to one-tenth their weight or 300 pounds. The team then will draw a load pounds. The team then will draw a load of 2.14 tons on a level dirt road. By exerting a draft equal to one-half their weight or 1500 pounds they will draw the same load up a 16.5 per cent. grade which means a road which rises 16.5 feet the 100. The same team with a draft of in 100. The same team with a draft of 300 pounds will draw a load of five tons on a level macadam road, but by exerting a draft of 1500 pounds (the maximum that could be expected of them) will draw this load up a grade of only 9.2 per cent., and on account of the slip-periness of a macadam grade probably one not exceeding 8 per cent. If a grade of 16.5 per cent or even one of 10 or 12 per cent. were encountered the team would be stuck.

The reason therefore why good roads make high grades objectionable is because the maximum load which can be drawn on a level good road is so much greater than on a level poor road that a team cannot ascend the steeper grades with it. Since the draft on a hill is always proportional to the grade, the builders of improved roads must cut down the hills so that a team loaded to its full capacity (a draft equal to one-tenth its weight) on the level can ascend easily and with overstraining.

The Beautiful "NATIONAL" Money-Saving FRE Style Book

The "NATIONAL" Money-Saving Style Book—a Book of Beauty, of New Fashions and a Book of Bargains. One copy is yours free—write for it today. It will help you to dress better and still save money. It's filled from cover to cover with bargains: Waists - - \$.59 to \$5.98 Silk Dresses - \$.98 to \$17.98 Silk Dresses for Misses and Bmall Women - 1.98 " 7.98 Small Women - 1.98 " 7.98 Small Women - 1.98 " 7.98 Small Women - 2.98 " 1.98 Children's Dresses Of Misses and Small Women - 2.98 " 1.98 Small

Also a full line of Underwear, Hoslery, Scarfs, Veils, Gloves, Leather Goods, welry and a complete line of Boys', Misses' and Children's Wearing Apparel.

"NATIONAL", Tailored \$ 1095 \$ 35 Samples of Materials Sent Free

IMPORTANT: This season, "NATIONAL" Tailor Made Suits are shown in a separate Suit Booklet containing fashion plates of all the new styles. This Suit Booklet is not a part of the regular "NATIONAL" Style Book. It is, in fact, a separate and special booklet, filled exclusively with Tailor Made Suits which are made to order. And so now please note carefully:

please note carefully:

This Special Suit Booklet is sent gladly, but only when asked for. So, if you are interested in Tailored Suits, be very sure that in writing for your "NATIONAL" Style Book you say—that in writing for your "NATIONAL" Suit Booklet and Samples.

THE "NATIONAL" POLICY

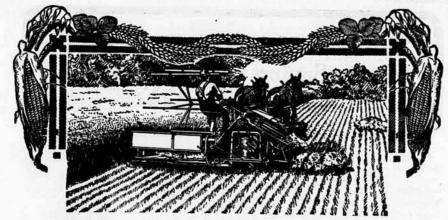
We prepay postage and expressage on all our goods to any part of the United States. We will refund your money, if you are not cleased, and we will pay express charges both ways.

National Cloak & Suit Co. 257 West 24th Street New York City MATIONAL CLOAM Please send me, free, my copy of the "NATIONAL" Spring Style Book. Send this Coupon time we will send you samples of beautiful new als for Tailor-Made Suits if you state here colors





MENTION KANSAS FARMER WHEN YOU WRITE.



Take Advantage of Our Seventy Years' Experience

SEVENTY years' experience with harvesting and haying machines and tools and with equipment for building them economically; seventy years of exhaustive experimenting, testing, field work, and distribution constitute a tremendous advantage in favor of our machines.

Stitute a tremendous advantage in tavor of our machines.

Years ago the basic patents on these machines ran out. Anyone who wants to may engage in their manufacture. But it is one thing to build binders and haying tools, and another and entirely different thing to build guaranteed machines and sell them at the prices of ours. Farmers have learned to value the high standard of quality which accounts for the dependability of harvesting and haying machines and tools bearing the well-known names

Deering Champion McCormick Milwaukee Osborne Plano

Changes in the construction of these machines are made only when actual work in the field shows the change to be an improvement. What changes are made add to the efficiency of the machine, and are not made simply for talking points.

I H C machines have harvested the grain fields of the world so long, have met and conquered so many kinds of difficulties and adverse conditions, that there is now no question of their capacity for cutting, binding, and saving all the grain in any field, whether it be heavy or light, tall or short, standing, down or tangled.

The time to investigate harvesting and having machines and tools is before, not after, you buy. Ask your neighbors for their opinions of the machines they use. Some will favor one, and some another, for various reasons which may have a very decided influence on your buying, but you will find them unanimously in favor of one or another of the machines we sell.

Good binding demands good twine as well as a good machine. The strongest and smoothest is that sold by the I H C local dealer. It comes in balls guaranteed for length and weight, and is marketed under the trade names, Champion, Deering, McCormick, Milwaukee, Osborne, Plano, International. There are four grades of each brand—Pure Manila, Manila, Sisal, and Standard.

Let others do the experimenting with untried machines and untested twine. See the I H C local dealers handling these machines and get from them the reasons why I H C harvesting and haying machines and tools, and binder twine are the best you can buy. The I H C local dealers will supply you with catalogues and full information, or, write

International Harvester Company of America

Chicago

USA



The Yield of Fruit, Grain, Cotton, Forage and Vegetables Can be Permanently Increased from 25 to 100 Per Cent. by using



ATLAS FARM POWDER ATLAS POWDER CO.



For Subsoiling Costs from \$5.00 to \$15.00 an Acre

Write for Free Booklet

ATLAS POWDER CO. WILMINGTON, DEL.

Boston, Mass.—Philadelphia, Pa.—Nashville, Tenn.—Knoxville, Tenn.—New Orleans, La. St. Louis, Mo.-Joplin, Mo.-Kansas City, Mo.

HIGH GRADE ASK FOR QUOTATIONS

GEO. T. FIELDING & SONS, MANHATTAN, KAN.

Not long since we heard a speaker remark: "Stop blaming your luck. Use that energy to find the trouble. There is a cause for everything. It may be yourself who is to blame."

Oregon leads the states of the Union in increase in value of all live stock for the last ten-year period, that increase being 75.6 per cent. Dairy herds were increased 50,000 animals. This is a good showing. However, no better showing than Kansas could and should have made. There is no state better adapted to the growing of live stock than Kansas. There is no state in which dairying can be followed with greater profit than in

There is no getting away from the fact that along with breeding and feeding for dairy production, kind treatment of the dairy herd is essential and yields an actual cash return. The matter of kind treatment should not be a hugaboo an actual cash return. The matter of kind treatment should not be a bugaboo, either. There is little human nature in the individual who, when he sets out to improve his live stock, does not unconsciously have a higher regard for his animals, and this regard is followed by the kind and considered a treatment which is mals, and this regard is followed by the kind and considerate treatment which is conducive to the best results. Mother-hood and milk production go together. Treat the cow like a mother. Be kind, be gentle, and this will help to fill the milk pail and increase the cream check.

The man who is grading up a dairy herd is not a breeder of dairy cattle in the strictest sense of the word. The man the strictest sense of the word. The man who is improving his herd by the use of a pure-bred bull from some one of the leading dairy breeds and who is selecting the best milkers, is looking for dairy output and for increased profit only. The true breeder is looking to an ideal along with increased milk production and increased profit from the sale of breeding animals. The breeder must have increased profit from the sale of breeding animals. The breeder must have imagination to create for himself an ideal, and must have enthusiasm and patience to breed for and attain that ideal. The man who has no desire to become a true breeder is not getting himself into any of the troubles of the breeder by the grading up plan.

California had little time to boast over the record of the Holstein cow of that state which produced 28,065.9 pounds of state which produced 28,000.9 pounds of milk in a year. After just a few months that record was exceeded by a Massachusetts Holstein which gave 29,553.4 pounds in twelve months. In discussing the performance of these two cows, a the performance of these two cows, a farm dairyman recently remarked that these animals, as well as all other large producers, were freaks. The fact is that an examination of the ancestry of each of these two particular animals, as well as that of nearly all of the great producers, will reveal superior producing blood in their ancestry. Human progress is built on the maxim that "like produces like." The great herds of our dairy breeds have been built on this maxim. They are the result of careful and intelligent mating of males and fémales from large producing families and and intelligent mating of males and fémales from large producing families and the results obtained are not by accident. The farm dairyman of today is not compelled to follow the tedious and laborious methods of 50 years ago. Today he can, by the use of blood of large producing families in his herd, at reasonable prices and at prices which he can afford to pay, achieve certain improvement and to pay, achieve certain improvement and increased profit.

It is oftentimes difficult to make the farm dairyman see the justification of the expenditure of \$100 or as much more as is necessary to secure a well bred dairy bull. Suppose that the farm dairyman gets from the pure-bred male ten heifer calves which would produce two pounds of milk more per milking than did their dams at like ages. The gain per milking would appear small and would not be recognizable without the use of the scales, yet the 600 milkings of a 300-day lactation period would show 1,200 pounds of milk, which on a conservative basis would be an increase of \$12 per heifer over the product of the dam at the same age. On a bunch of ten heifers the increase would amount to \$120 for a year's milking. Since the milking life of a dairy cow is easily nine

years, the increased income from the years, the increased income from the ten heifers of the first cross would be \$1,080. The facts are that a bull of good breeding will in a herd of our common cows produce heifers of greater improvement than the above. Ten years of progressive breeding will increase the product of the common cows two and one-half to three times, and at the and product of the common cows two and one-half to three times, and at the end of that period the younger heifers will carry fifteen-sixteenths of pure breeding and will be in demand at good prices by dairymen. From the above deductions can be made which will prove a seemingly large investment in the right kind of bull will be of little consequence compared with the results attained.

It is not unusual to find a farmer who under his present existing conditions cannot keep more than eight or ten cows, insisting upon the keeping of those cows for a calf from each per year. The calves, of course, are to be sold as stockers to feeders at eight to twelve months. caives, of course, are to be sold as stockers to feeders at eight to twelve months old. If there is a class of farmers in Kansas who are justified in engaging in dairying, it is the man who can keep only eight or ten or possibly a fewer number of cows. Thousands of Kansas farmers are so situated. It is to such farmers that we especially appeal to give number of cows. Thousands of Kansas farmers are so situated. It is to such farmers that we especially appeal to give dairying a fair consideration and candidly make an effort to see if they are not justified in changing their herds from so-called beef herds to dairy herds. The fact is that if any effort is being made on such farms to improve the present herd along beef lines, improvement along dairy lines can be made just as cheaply and at no greater cash outlay for bulls. There is more money in the growing of a well bred heifer calf to one year of age than there is in growing a calf which sells for stock cattle purposes. If the farmer is breeding beef animals which sell as breeders, then the difference named above does not exist. While the heifer calf is being reared, which will sell for as much if not more money than the so-called beef calf for stock purposes, the mother of that calf is yielding from \$50 to \$100 worth of milk per year. There is absolutely no comparison between the income resulting from intelligent dairy breeding and the ordinary from beef breeding at all, but is the breeding and rearing of calves which ultimately find their way into beef.

We recognize the fact that the farm dairyman who is so situated that he cannot keep more than five or six cows, on account of a small farm, lack of pasturaccount of a small farm, lack of pasturage and because of shortage of milking help, has difficulty in seeing his way clear to expend the money for a bull of such dairy breeding as he knows he should have. However, the man so situated is the man who has greater need than any one else for cows of large producing ability. If cows are to be kept at all under such circumstances, they should be such as will yield the largest possible income, because under such conditions it is altogether probable that the cost of feeding such cows will be in excess of the cost under more favorable conditions of pasture, etc. Also, on the small farm a little herd of cows is likely to be to a greater extent the main stay. small farm a little nerd of cows is likely to be to a greater extent the main stay. If the owner of the small herd recognizes the advantage of grading up and improving, and cannot obtain in his neighborhood the services of such sire as will accomplish results in his herd, they he can afford to make the expenditure. then he can afford to make the expenditure necessary to own that animal himself. However, there would be no excuse whatever for his maintaining a "scrub." He can obtain the services of such scrub at much less expense and trouble than by owning such animal. There is one other plan, however, which is entirely feasible and which works successfully in many localities in other states, and that is the company ownership of a good bull. There are advantages in this company ownership, too. First, it implies that the bull will not have the free run of the pastures and will be kept up so that the season of the year at which cows freshen can and will be regulated. He can and will be boarded around, and the trouble will in reality be much less than supposed and the average much greater than believed.

Is not painted with crososte—not dipped in the ordinary way—it is run through a vat of boiling crososte. The heat forces the crososte into every check and into the very heart of the stave itself, covering every particle of the surface with an impervious coating of crososte. It makes painting unnecessary, makes rotting impossible, eliminates a large part of the swelling and shrinkage you encountered in other silos, and our patented spring hoop lug does the rest. The Des Moleses has more important special features than any other sile on the market. They are exclusive features—the crososte, the spring hoop, the triple anchor, the three inside hoops and the refrigerator doors and door frame are just a few of them.

Write for the story of the Des Meines Sile before

Write for the story of the Des Moines Site before you buy. You can't afford, for your own protection, not to read it.

DES MOINES SILO & MFG. CO.,
501 New York Ave., Des Moines, lown.





DAIRYMEN

Your profits will be increased by that

MOST ECONOMICAL PRODUCER

THE GUERNSEY COW

If you want such, write

The American Guernsey Cattle Club Box K. F., Petersboro, N. H.



"Every press fully Guaranteed" TUTTLE HAY PRESS CO. Box 609, Pleasanton, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention KANSAS FARMER.

Feeding Calf Meal.

Subscriber, C. F. B., Kingman, Kan., desires information as to how Big B calf meal, advertised in Kansas Farmer, should be fed, and asks if it raises as good a calf as whole milk.

The composition of the calf meal mentioned above, and which is that of practically all calf meals, is in the food constituents the same as whole milk and is approximately as follows: Protein, 24 to 26 per cent.; fat, 5 to 6 per cent.; fibre, 5 to 6 per cent.; carbohydrates, 51 to 53 per cent. It cannot be presumed that calf meal or any other mixture compounded by man can be the equal of nature's food taken in the natural way, for the feeding of calves. The composition of the calf meal men-

The value of milk, however, and other conditions surrounding the dairy, has made it necessary that some substitute for milk be found in the rearing of calves nor milk be found in the rearing of calves and the calf meals are compounded to obtain results just as near those given by Nature's food as is possible. It must be understood that the digestive arrangement of the young calf is easily deranged and for this reason when the calf is not grown by natural means care calf is not grown by natural means care and good judgment must be exercised in the feeding and this involves the feeding of the proper amount at proper intervales and at proper temperatures, and the feeding from clean utensils. When these precautions have been observed the feeding of calf meals is highly satisfac-

tory as can be expected.

The instructions pertaining to the feeding of the above named meal are to the effect that the calf should be allowed. the effect that the calf should be allowed to remain with its mother the first couple of days until the mother's milk becomes fit for human use. The calf should then be taught to drink whole milk and at the end of four or five days the feeding of the meal may begin. Two tablespoonfuls of the meal named is scalded with hot water, stirring all the time to keep it free from lumps, and is put into two quarts of milk and one and time to keep it free from lumps, and is put into two quarts of milk and one and one-third pint of boiling water, and when the mixture has been cooled to the temperature of freshly drawn milk it is ready for feeding. The calf may be fed this way for a week, increasing the amount of meal daily and reducing the whole milk, until at the end of the secamount of meal daily and reducing the whole milk, until at the end of the second week a pint of meal is being used, one quart of milk and 1½ quart of water. The meal is gradually increased until the calf is three weeks old, when about 1½ pints of meal is used, ¾ quart of milk and 1¼ quarts of boiling water. When four or five weeks old about one quart of calf meal and two quarts of boiling water without any milk at all, can be fed.

can be fed.

Teach the calf to eat clean, sweet hay and ground oats or corn or Kafir meal, just as soon as possible. It is wise to do this even though the calf should be fed on whole milk or skim milk.

Caked Udder in Cows.

L. H., Waldo, Kan., asks the cause and

remedy for caked udder.

Caked udder in cows is also commonly called garget, of which there are two kinds: One, non-contagious, the other,

It is a frequent trouble, especially in cold weather, often due to "catching cold" in the udder. The symptoms usual-

cold" in the udder. The symptoms usually appear soon after calving, and many complications often ensue, sometimes leaving the cow with a damaged quarter. Since cows are so high-priced, it is certainly poor economy to attempt home treatment in severe cases. If your vet-originary treats the case he can give your erinarian treats the case he can give you the benefit of a personal examination. If a veterinarian is not available, the If a veterinarian is not available, the general treatment is to give a purgative of Epsom salts, bathe the udder with warm water, to which has been added several tablespoonfuls of sodium hyposulphite. Dry completely, and rub in carbolated lard or vaseline. Milk frequently

Churning Separator Cream.

What is the best method of handling

What is the best method of handling hand separator cream before it is ready for churning? This question is answered by G. L. Martin. dairyman, North Dakota Agricultural College:

Keep each separation by itself till it cools to about 50 degrees F. before mixing it with the cold cream. If warm cream is mixed with cold cream bad flavors are sure to develop. They will flavors are sure to develop. They will develop any way if the cream is kept too long. Is best to churn every three days at least.

J. M., Clay Center, Kan., a farmer's on, writes: "The reason the day and son, writes: "The reason the day and month laborer dislikes farming, and es-pecially dairying, is because he has to do chores on Sunday and work during all kinds of weather."

SEE AND TRY A BLAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR

Be Your Own Judge

We cannot believe that there is a sensible man living who would purchase any other than a DE LAVAL Cream Separator for his own use if he would but SEE and TRY an improved DE LAVAL machine before

It is a fact that 99% of all separator buyers who do SEE and TRY a DE LAVAL machine before buying purchase the DE LAVAL and will have no other separator. The 1% who do not buy the DE LAVAL are those who allow themselves to be influenced by low themselves to be influenced by something other than real genuine separator merit.

Every responsible person who wishes it may have the Free Trial of a DE LAVAL machine at his own home with-

whatsoever. Simply ask the DE LAVAL agent in your nearest town or write direct to the nearest DE LAVAL

The new 72-page De Laval Dairy Hand Book, in which important dairy questions are ably discussed by the best authorities, is a book that every cow owner should have. Mailed free upon request if you mention this paper. New 1913 De Laval catalog also mailed upon request. Write to nearest office.

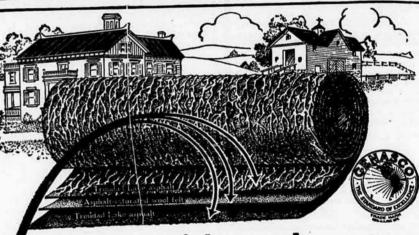
THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR COMPANY

NEW YORK

CHICAGO

SAN FRANCISCO

SEATTLE



Have a roof that needs no care

Lay Genasco, and end your leaks and "mends". It is made of Trinidad Lake asphalt-the perfect everlasting waterproofer of Nature.

THE TRINIDAD-LAKE-ASPHALT Ready Roofing

is armored with the natural life-preserving oils that give lasting resistance to all kinds of weather.

Ask your dealer for Genasco. Guaranteed. Every roll of smooth surface Genasco contains Kant-leak Kleets which make seams watertight without cement. Write us for the Good Roof Guide Book and samples.

The Barber Asphalt Paving Company

Largest producers of asphalt, and largest manufacturers of ready roofing in the world.

Philadelphia Trinidad San Francisco Asphalt Chicago New York



Farmers Who Grind Feed Make Largest Profits



Fairbanks - Morse Feed Mills

grind mixed grain and corn on cob at the same time, insuring an easily digested mixture. These mills have light draft, large capacity, long life. Grind fine, medium or coarse. No gears to waste power. Wearing parts renewable at small cost. Capacities: 6 to 60 bushels an hour.

Grind Cheaply—Use a Jack of all Trades Engine for power. It runs on Kerosene or Gasoline. An outfit will save its cost in a short time and will give years of service. Write for Catalog FC 898 stating your requirements.

Fairbanks, Morse & Co. Chicago St. Liouis Omaha Kansas City Fairbanks Scales, Oil Traction Engines, Water Systems, Electric Light Plants, Pumps Windmills, Feed Grinders,



e are the oldest established Fur House in Kansas y—have been paying highest cash prices and al-se giving our customers a square deal on **every** pment since 1870. Ship us **all** your

FURS

We need all you can send, right now. We pay the prices we quote; give liberal assortment, do not undergrade, and remit cash in full same day shipment is received. We charge no commission. Send today for our free price bulletin quoting high-est cash prices which we actually pay, free tags and full particulars. and full particulars. M. Lyon & Co., 238 Delaware St.,

KANSAS CITY, MO.

IIIT

Among poultry raisers at this time of the year there is a hustling after setting hens or incubators so as to get early chicks.

But the old adage, "Make haste slowly," is a good one to follow, even though the lure of a chicken fry has got hold of you in dead earnest.

Stronger and hardier chicks are claimed in early hatches, but remem-ber that any time between now and May 1 can be counted upon as favorable for an early hatch.

Extra early hatches are not desirable, for the good reason that generally there comes a cold spell that gives a decided setback to the young chicks.

And unless the chicks can grow right along, without any severe set-back, they will never amount to anything, but become stunted and dwarfed as long as they live.

So don't be in too great a hurry to set the hen, for after the weather gets set-tled the chances for the survival of the chicks will be much greater than if hatched in February or March.

Oftentimes the first clutch of eggs are infertile, owing, it is claimed, to the fact that the hens are too "fat" and have not had sufficient exercise.

Before sending out eggs for hatching purposes the poultryman ought to be reasonably sure that the eggs are fertile, otherwise he comes nearly being under the head of fraudulent persons.

Sometimes a breeder has such a demand for eggs that he sends them out before he has a chance to test them himself. In such a case when complaint is made of infertility he ought to be willing to make things right with his

But the better way is to set some of the eggs himself at first, and then he knows what he is doing and can vouch for their fertility. Or, if he finds them infertile, he will not sell any eggs until the time comes when he can guarantee them to be all right.

For it often occurs that the first few dozen of eggs prove infertile, but after the hens have rid themselves of their superfluous fat the next eggs prove normal and are as fertile as one could wish.

The honest poultryman will always see to it that his customers get fertile eggs, for it is the fertility, or the stock in the eggs, that the customer pays for when he pays a big price for eggs for hatching, and not merely for eggs.

Columbian Wyandottes.

Of all the varieties of poultry produced in the past 40 years, none is attracting more attention at the present time nor seems more assured of a permanent success than the Columbian Wyandotte.

This comparatively new variety of the great Wyandotte family was first shown at the St. Louis World's Fair in 1904. As it was then in its making and in a crude form, it received but slight attention except from a few far-seeing poultrymen who had foresight and penetration enough to see that in the hands of experienced and capable men who knew what they wanted and how to go at it to obtain results, that it held the promise of developing into what had been so long desired and for which so many have worked to obtain, namely, an all around, practical, all-purpose fowl that could combine in one variety the most desired qualities of several breeds with the fewest of their faults.

To this end a few practical, thorough-going men bent all their energies, with a success that has amazed even the most ardent admirers of this beautiful member of the Wyandotte tribe.

We Americans are a practical people. No matter how odd or beautiful a fowl may be, it attracts but little notice at our large poultry shows unless it com-bines with its beauty the element of practical worth. This is clearly seen at all our shows.

The fowl that lays the eggs, makes the earliest and juiciest broilers and fries, costs the least to raise in time, trouble and money, and then when the days of usefulness are over can be sold on the market for the highest price, is the fowl whose coops are always surrounded by the most interested throngs. Now, with many years experience as a breeder and in the show room, we find the interest is practically united in the different varieties of half a dozen great breeds, principally the American, and of these, to our notion, the Wyandotte and these, to our notion, the Wyandotte and Plymouth Rocks come first, with Rhode Islands close behind. Our article, however, is about the Wyandotte, and of the variety of that family that has struck us the most favorably, namely, the Columbian.

This variety does not differ very materially from the columbian of the columbian.

terially from the others except in color,

although with us they have proven the best all around year around layers we ever bred of any kind.

In shape all the varieties of Wyandottes should be the same, although as yet we believe the White Wyandottes have reached the highest state of perfection in that respect

To those unaware of the Columbian's origin we will state they were produced by crossing the White Wyandotte with the Light Brahma, thus getting the early laying and maturing qualities of the Wyandotte with the hardiness and beautiful plumage of the Light Brahma. tiful plumage of the Light Brahma. As every breeder knows, the Brahma and White Wyandotte are both famed for

In the hands of experts who know how to produce Brahma coloring the advancement of the Columbian in this respect has been most gratifying and amazing, and while we cannot hope for years to come to produce the perfect markings of the best Light Brahmas, that time will come before we are aware of it. Even now we have birds that compare most favorably in this respect, and the large classes that are now shown at our greatest shows are causing a de-mand for stock that will take years to supply. The beautiful combination of colors, the sharp, clear contrast of black and white are excelled by no other breed. Added to this their beautiful contour of form, early maturing, producing fries the first, plump, juicy, well-rounded bodies, unexcelled laying qualities the ways around freedom from sick. ties the year around, freedom from sickness, and active hustling qualities, and you have, in our opinion, the greatest fowl before the public.

We now have eight varieties of the Wyandotte family, the Columbians the last and greatest of them all, and destined when it becomes more widely known to outstrip its sisters in popularity.

A fine paper called the "Wyandotte Journal," devoted exclusively to all varieties of Wyandottes, is now published at Nashville, Tenn., by Y. Reid Parrish. We now have fully 2,000 Columbian Wyandotte breeders and a National Co.

We now have fully 2,000 Columbian Wyandotte breeders and a National Columbian Wyandotte Club growing rapidly and numbering over 450 members. Ralph Woodward of Granby, Mass., is secretary, a live wire, and a thoroughly practical business man.

The club furnishes an annual catalog containing the names of all members and is replete with good articles from the pens of our foremost breeders. All members are eligible as competitors for club premiums.—H. A. WATTLES, Wichita, Kan.

Mrs. Horner Buries the Hatchet.

"I noticed Mrs. Selberg's Dear Sir: remarks in your recent issue, and if it will help others, you may say I have used Walker's Walko Remedy seven years. I used to have lots of trouble with roup until I tound this remedy. have cured cases that were frightful, but I don't have any trouble any more; I give it right along as a preventive. If my birds catch cold or are exposed, I give a little in the drinking water and it stops it right away. I use it also for bowel trouble in little chicks—it's the best thing I ever saw. It prevents bowel trouble or white diarrhea; makes them grow stronger and feather quicker." Readers can get it by sending 50c (M. O.) to the Walker Remedy Co., E3 Lamoni, Iowa.—Mrs. Lou Horner, Davis City, Iowa.—(Adv.)









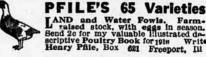


INCUBATORS We now have incu-\$4.00 bators for less than delivered at your door. Beats anything you ever heard of. I don't care how big an ad you may read in this paper about incubators. The Poultry Leader incubator will outhatch any other. Give me a chance to show you. Write for catalog and low prices.

d low prices. EMIL OCHSNER, Box 15, Sutton, Neb.



55 BREEDS Chickens, Ducks, Geose, Turkeys, also Incubators, Supplies, and Coille Dogs. Send 4c for large Poultry book Incubator Catalog and Price List, M.H. HINIKER, Box 57 Mankato, Mins.



Topeka - Auto - Show

TO BE HELD AT TOPEKA, KANSAS February 24th to March 1st, 1913

Before you make up your mind SEE THE

STUDEBAKER

West Motor Car Co., 928 Kansas Auenue Distributers — Studebaker and Glide Cars

Extraordinary Exhibit MARION 37-A

The purpose of this space is to empress the fact that The Marion Line of Care will be on exhibition at the Topeks Automobile Show.

F. M. Steves & Sons Agency 305 Kansas Avenue, Topeka

We Will Weld

Broken Cylinders, Cranks and Transmission Cases, Axles, Housings, Frames, Crank Shafts, Gears, Steering Knuckles, or any other parts, of aluminum, cast iron, steel, bronze, or any known metal. Send us all broken parts and ask for estimates. Satisfaction

Elmore Auto Co. 515 Quincy St., Topeka, Kansas

YOU ARE WELCOME TO OUR EXHIBIT

"Buick Cars"

Capital Auto & Supply Company 119-23 East 7th Street

Make your visit with us

The J. A. R. Motor Company AGENCY FOR

Jackson, Auburn and Rambler Cars 932 Kansas Avenue Frank Short

Roofing Composition, Slate, Tile, Sheet Metal, Tinwork.

Write for Terms RINNER & WARREN

Topeka, Kansas

THIS is the announcement of Topeka's first annual automobile show. There is no doubt but that this show will prove as popular as the shows in the larger cities, which shows have been greeted by tremendous crowds. An automobile show interests everybody -owners of autos or motorcycles as well as those not owners. This is because those who do not own gasoline machines contemplate becoming owners at some

The opportunity to inspect a half hundred of the different leading makes of automobiles and to witness the demonstrations is in itself an education. To meet and mix with the people who attend such shows will be a profitable and pleasant privilege. Special entertainment usually not given at an automobile show has been provided by the Topeka management for the patrons of Topeka's first show. One of the city's good orchestras will be on duty afternoon and evening. Two vaudeville performances will be given daily, one in the afternoon performances will be given daily, one in the afternoon and one in the evening. The acts making up these shows will be "different." The entertainment committee insists that this vaudeville show will be the best ever given in Topeka. So you see entertainment is actually provided for everybody whether interested in automobiles or not.

Society night will be one of the big events. Topeka's society people have been for weeks talking about this affair. There will be special music and special decorations for that occasion, and those who attend will be estimated in full dress.

attired in full dress.

attired in full dress.

We are living in the age of gasoline. The automobile has forced itself upon us. We can no more get away from the use of the automobile and the motor cycle than we could from the use of the telephone, the telegraph, sewing machine, wheat binder, etc., when their invention was perfected. The automobile is one of the things demanded by the times for some users it is an economy. was perfected. The automobile is one of the things demanded by the times—for some users it is an economy, for others a source of pleasure and relaxation made necessary by the strenuous pursuit of daily labors. Most people are now doing more work in a day than their grandfathers did in a week. To relieve the strain, to repair the damage done the brain and body, a strenuous method of relaxation is required. The automobile seems to fill the bill. Business is forgotten the minute a man takes hold of the steering wheel.

The farmer needs the automobile as badly, if not worse than does the man who is penned in an office

The farmer needs the automobile as badly, if not worse than does the man who is penned in an office all week long. The farmer works as hard with his head and harder with his hands, and besides in his business time is an important factor. He must go to town in a hurry—maybe its repairs for the wheat binder or header, something that is wanted for the thresherman, or it may be cream or eggs to market, a pure-bred hog or calf to be shipped on a hurry-up call. The automobile takes him to town in a hurry—lets him do his business quickly, and gets him back to the farm to do what needs doing. His family finds pleasure they had not dreamed of, too.

of. too. Kansas farmers to the number of about 15,000 own automobiles. Several thousand own motor cycles. Many thousands not now owners contemplate buying soon or ae looking forward to the time when they can and will buy. There is education and pleasure in looking over these gasoline rigs, and every one of every make will be on display during the above dates.

Come, learn, and have a good time!

Rest at our booth-

Everything in Auto Supplies and Accessories Send for 1913 Catalogue

Southwick Auto Supply Company 925 Kansas Avenue

If your purpose has vanadium strength, and you go into the automobile question without prejudice and with a determination to make your dollar serve you to the best possible advantage, you'll come out with a Vanadium-built Ford. See us at the show. The only sure way to get a Ford is to

E. G. Kinley, Agent

The PAIGE "36"

Gray & Davis Electric Starting and Lighting System, Silent Chain Driven Motor Gears, Left Side Drive, Center Control, Cork Insert Clutch, 116-Inch Wheelbase, 34"x4" Tires, Bosch Magneto

\$1275

Imes-Clark Motor Car Company Agents for Hudson and Chalmers Cara

914 Kansas Avenue

The car with a conscience

You are welcome at our booth

J. R. Johnson, 511 Quincy St., Phone 848

Kansas Motor Car Company STORAGE AND SUPPLIES

2nd Hand Cars

GARAGE, 526-8 Quincy Street

The Reliable Drug Store Know You're Getting the Best.

Prescriptions and drug orders by mail promptly filled and sent by parcel post.

A. T. GIBLER

334 Kansas Avenue

Topeka, Kansas



Forty thousand people will buy 1913 Overlands and lower the cost for each other, for when that many people insist that their cars be built in one factory, each comes at the rock bottom price.

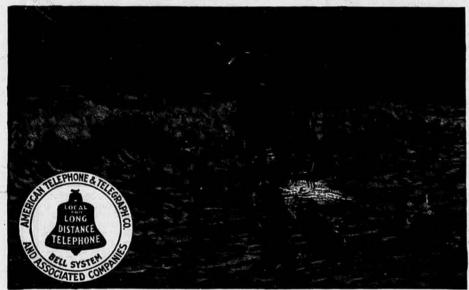
When you buy an Overland, as compared to others, you get it at wholesale. Buying materials for 40,000 cars makes our production cost the lowest in the world. And you save the difference.

We have all models at our show room, including each model with electric starter and lights. Call and inspect our cars, and ask for demonstration, or meet us at the Topeka Automobile Show, February 24 to March 1, inclusive.

Write for catalog. The Overland Co., F. W. Mills, Manager, 819-21-23 Quincy St., Topeka, Kan.

J. S. Warner, Distributor for Jackson, Jefferson, Shawnee, Pottawatomie, Wabaunsee, Osage, Lyon, Chase and Douglas Counties in Kansas





Always on Guard

No matter where a ship may be along the American coast; no matter how dark, or cold, or stormy the night, the coast guard is on watch, patrolling the nearest beach or rocky cliffs.

This man, always on guard, could, by his own unsupported efforts, do little to save life, or to guide ships away from perilous points.

As a unit in an efficient system and able, at a moment's notice, to command the service of his nearby station, he becomes a power to whom all ship owners and passengers are indebted.

In the same way, the Bell Telephone in your home and office is always on guard.

By itself, it is only an ingenious instrument; but as a vital unit in the Bell System, which links together seven million other telephones in all parts of this country, that single telephone instrument becomes a power to help you at any moment of any hour, day or night.

It costs unwearying effort and millions of dollars to keep the Bell System always on guard, but this is the only kind of service that can adequately take care of the social and commercial needs of all the people of a Nation.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Every Bell Telephone is the Center of the System

When writing our advertisers say you saw the advertisement in Kansas Farmer. That insures to you the full benefit of the publishers' guarantee. See top of editorial page.

Horticulture

Farm Grounds and Park Bedding.

Those large beds of cannas, surrounded by salvias, which you admire so much in the city parks, are very easily provided and are certain to produce a good effect. Their reliability is what appeals so strongly in the case of their use in the city parks. Of course they are of various sizes and shapes, but an eight-foot round bed is a good size and easily planted and cared for. planted and cared for.

Select full sun for your bed, if you can, spade deeply and pulverize thoroughly. Make a depression in the center six inches deep and four feet in diameter, and fill with manure from the horse barn, partially rotted if possible. Plant four or five cannas in a circle in this depression eighteen inches from the center. four or five cannas in a circle in this de-pression, eighteen inches from the center, and a row of salvias three feet from the center. The salvias should be about eighteen inches apart. When your can-nas have started well, you can throw your wash water, slops, and an occasional pail of water from the well, if necessary, in the center depression. The salvias, being outside the depression, will not be kept too wet or overfed, but will get kept too wet or over-fed, but will get some benefit from water soaking out to them.

You may think all this talk about planting cannas and salvias a little premature, but it takes preparation and you will need to get your plants ready. If you gow your salvias from seed, they should be started at once. Sow the seed in a box of loose mould, cover to twice the diameter of the seed and press the soil firmly. Water gently and thoroughly, and set in a warm place. Keep the soil moist but not wet. The seeds are slow to germinate. Rooted cuttings from your florist bloom much quicker but do not make as fine plants. You can plant strong dormant bulbs of cannas as soon as danger of the ground freezing is past, or you can plant started bulbs later. The dormant bulbs are cheaper and usually as good.

The best canna for bedding with sal-

The best canna for bedding with salvias, in my estimation, is the Pennsylvania. This is a giant orchid flowered variety, a tall grower, with green foliage and deep red flowers that harmonize well with the bloom of the salvias. Italia is a very good orchid-flowered variety with an orange scarlet flower, bordered with a wide band of yellow. If a dwarf canna is desired, making a lower and more compact center, Chas. Henderson is a good red, Queen Charlotte, a good red and yellow, and Florence Vaughan the best yellow with no spots. All of these have good sized flowers of good substance, and green foliage. In planting cannas bear in mind they are heavy feeders and driphers ers and drinkers.

Many have asked me about planting canna seed, but if you can get the bulbs they are much better and not much more expensive. Your seedling clumps will not be one-fourth the size of a bulb clump, and the flowers seldom amount to much; nor can you be sure of uniformity, either in size or color. The seeds are large, rather expensive, and hard to germinate. If you want to try the seeds, pour water over them, as hot as you can bear your hand in, and let cool. A small round patch of the shell will be loosened on some of them; remove these and plant at once and give the others another bath in hot water. All that remain stubborn after three or four trials you can file through the outside shell and plant with the rest. You could file them all at first, but they would be more apt to rot before starting.

If you wish to border your bed with geraniums, dusty Miller, nasturtiums, or other border plant, you can make it ten feet in diameter and have room for a row of these eighteen inches outside your salvia row. Alphonse Richart is one of the best geraniums for the purpose. is a scarlet bruant that stands the sun well, and has large fine foliage. The bruant type of geraniums is much the best in foliage, plant and flower, and I cannot recommend any other except in whites. I have never had a good white bruant, none to compare with La Aube in the single zonale type. The best bruants, in addition to Richart, are Castillane, a deep crimson; Jean Viand, a clear pink; Beauty Poitevine, a salmon pink; Madam Jaulin, shaded from white to pink, and Thomas Meehan, a rich magenta. There are several fancy magenta. There are several fancy geraniums for pot plants that are fine, but they are dull and very unsatisfactory outdoors. Mad. Bruant, Queen of the Fairies, Montesqueen and Dryden are among these.—L. H. Cobb, Dunavant, Kan.

Didn't have nearly enough spuds to last, did you? Plant more.

KEEPS DOWN OPERATING COST

INGECO FARM ENGINES keep down fuel cost. At the high price of gasoline that is a big item. A poor engine will eat its head off. A good engine will save its original cost in a short time. INGECO ENGINES are great fuel savers.

The smooth running INGECO ENGINE with its large bearings and accurately fitted parts will run for years after other engines have gone to the scrap heap—yet they cost no more.

no more.

Made in 1½, 2½, 4, 6, 8, 10 and up to 60

h.p.—Stationary and Portable types.

Write for catalog and particulars about
"INGECO" ENGINES. Let us tell you how
to pick out an engine suited to your needs. INTERNATIONAL GAS ENGINE CO. 181 Holthoff Pl., Cudahy, Wis. (Suburb of Milwaukee)



A valuable Free Book on

A gold mine of information

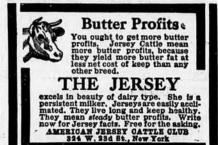
A gold mine of information

We have just published a wonderfulnew book entitled "Clover, the Great \$Cash Money Crop\$."
This book is truly a most remarkable source of information on the subject of clover raising. For the first time the opinions and experiences of the world's greatest clover authorities and practical growers have been gathered together in printed form. Every question you can think of is fully answered. It tells you how to get a sure "catch" first planting; how to keep clover in the rotation; about clover as a soil enricher: how to handle the crop for hay and seed production; how to grow clover that makes richer feed—that produces more beef and more milk—that puts immediate cash money in your pocket. It explains the cause of clover failures; how to avoid winter killing; how to prevent ground heaving; how to guard against the loss from heat and drought; it tells all about the causes of "clover sickness" and how to deal with it. These and hundreds of other questions are answered, covering sixteen clover varieties, including Red, Mammoth, Crimson, Alsike, Sweet, White, Yellow, Japan, Berseen, Burr, Serradilla, etc.

This book is a gold mine of information to the farmer who is looking for bigger and better results. Ordinarily this book is sold for 35 cents per copy, but for a short time we will mail a free copy, postage prepaid, to the readers of this paper, or until a certain number have been distributed. If you will write at once you will be sure of getting a copy by return mail.

6ALLOWAY SROS,-BOWMAN CO., BOX 388 SWATERLOO, IA

BURNHAM MUNGER



FEATHER BED BARGAINS \$8.40 buys from us one new 36-lb. Feather Bed and one pair 5-lb. new Feather Pillows. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agents wanted. Address SOUTHERN FEATHER & PILLOW Co., Dept. 207, Greensboro, N. C.

GRANGE

NATIONAL GRANGE OFFICERS.

The National Grange.

The number of Granges organized and reorganized from October 1, 1912, to December 31, 1912, both inclusive, is as follows: Organized—California, 1; Connecticut, 1; Idaho, 6; Illinois, 1; Indiana, 2; Iowa, 1; Kansas, 3; Kentucky, 2; Maine, 1; Massachusetts, 7; Michigan, 6; Minnesota, 5; Missouri, 5; Nebraska, 16; New Jersey, 1; New York, 15; Ohio, 7; Oregon, 2; Pennsylvania, 14; South Dakota, 6; Wisconsin, 4. Total, 106. The National Grange.

Reorganized—Kansas, 1; Michigan, 1. Total, 2.—C. M. Freeman, Secretary Na-tional Grange, Tippecanoe City, Ohio.

Michigan's Grange Primary.

The Grange in general has been an advocate of the direct primary, and this year the Michigan State Grange practiced the theory by holding a primary for the selection of candidates for State Grange offices. Like any new plan it was found that there were weak points and drawbacks, which can easily be remedied, according to the statements of Michigan's Grange Primary. edied, according to the statements of those friendly to the plan. The limited those friendly to the plan. The limited time prevented the getting out of the ballots in time and some of the Granges did not receive their ballots until too late and so lost their voice in the primary vote. Evidently the Michigan Grangers in general believe in the primary system of nominating officers for State Grange positions, as those so nominated this year were elected at the State Grange meeting. The delegates decided in favor of its continuance and many of the drawbacks will be removed many of the drawbacks will be removed many of the drawbacks will be removed this year. The time has been changed and the ballots will be sent out a month earlier next year so that all Granges will be sure to have a vote in the primary. The Granges of many states have been watching the trial of this plan in Michigan, and no doubt other State Granges will try the plan.

Grange Anniversary.
Saturday, February 8, the members of Sunshine Grange No. 1443, with their families and friends, assembled at their superstances. hall for the celebration of their seventh anniversary. The date of organization of this Grange was February 9, 1906, and it has been fittingly celebrated every

At noon the tables were in readiness, fairly groaning under their burden of good things, to which the patrons and their guests did ample justice. After

dinner the following program was given: Song—Grange Choir. Address of Welcome—Worthy Master

William Freienmuth.
A letter from Worthy State Master

A. P. Reardon.

Recitation—Miss Olive Noble.

Solo—Mr. Fred Needham.

Address-County Farm Adviser P. H.

Address-Grange Critic H. V. Needham.

Song-Grange Choir. In a summary of the work of the year just past it was shown that while our Grange has made no great gains in mem-bership, there has been a firmer cementing together of fraternal co-operation.
As our Worthy Master stated, 20 good working members are worth more than 200 who do nothing. A goodly number of live topics have been discussed to the betterment and education of all participating. We look forward to a year of prosperity and further Grange helpfulness .- ESTELLA LEIGHTY, Secre-

How May We Prepare for Efficient and
Effective Citizenship?
Stopping to consider this subject, I find it so deep that I can only touch on some of the topmost points, and I want to tell you in the hegipping that I find to tell you in the beginning that I find

myself unequal to the occasion.

Good citizenship consists in loyalty to
the best, in being successful in our business, whatever that business may be,
and in fulfilling now the purpose of

Woman was born to be man's equal—

\$2,000,000 Buried

By R. E. Olds, Designer

In Reo the Fifth we bury at least \$2,000,000 per year where few men ever

That's somewhere about \$200 per car.

But years of use will always show one what this buried money buys.

Not in the Price

This extra hidden cost doesn't show in the price.

We save it by unusual factory economies. By building all our own parts-by not changing models. By carrying efficiency to an extreme.

We save 20 per cent in one way alone-by building a single model. And all those savings go to pay for things like these:

Where They Go

In Reo the Fifth we use 190 drop forgings, to avoid all hidden flaws. Steel castings would cost half as much.

We use 15 roller bearings-11 of them Timken. The common ball bearings cost one-fifth as much.

We use tires 34x4, at a cost of \$60 per car over smaller tires. But you save this cost over and over in lower tire upkeep.

We use a \$75 magneto-a doublyheated carburetor - a centrifugal pump-14-inch brake drums-2-inch, 7-leaf springs.

We use genuine leather upholstery, filled with the best curled hair. Flush electric dash lights. Nickel trimmings, even under the hood. A 17-coated body.

Costly Caution

Each lot of steel is analyzed twice. Gears are tested in a crushing machine, to stand 75,000 pounds per tooth. Springs are tested for 100,000 vibrations.

Each engine is tested 20 hours on blocks and 28 hours in the chassis. We make three unusual tests.

Parts are ground over and over. Tests and inspections are carried to extremes.

Then we insist on big margins of safety. All vital parts are given at least 50 per cent over-capacity.

And we limit our output to 50 cars daily so no man is ever hurried.

Each Car Perfect

The result is this:

Every buyer gets a flawless car. He gets a car fit for any strain. His cost of upkeep is cut to the mini-

Men are learning the need for a car like this. The demand has grown far beyond our output.

Men who pay \$3,000 and over expect a car built like this. But never was a car built better than Reo the Fifth. And the price is

Ideal Center Control

The leading cars now have left side drive. Also the center control.

But in Reo the Fifth all gear shifting is done with one small cane-shaped handle. It is done by moving this handle only three inches in each of four directions.

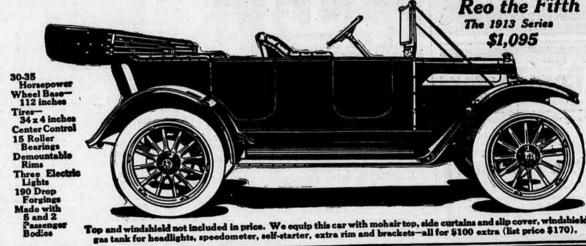
It is done with the right hand, without any reaching. It's as easy as moving the spark lever.

Both brakes are operated by foot pedals, so both front doors are

This feature alone—though it costs nothing extra—is worth, I consider, \$100 per car.

Sold by 1,000 dealers. Write for our 1913 catalog and we'll tell you the nearest show-room.

R. M. Owen & Co., General Sales Agents for Reo Motor Car Co., Lansing, Mich. Canadian Factory, St. Catharines, Ont. Reo the Fifth



his partner, and not a silent partner,

Reading good books and the farm papers and magazines prepares us to dis-cuss the subjects of public interest with our fathers, husbands and sons. The advanced home life of today is a growth extending back to the days when our remote ancestors wore skins for clothing and lived in caves, and it has taken thousands of years to attain our present high standards of citizenship.

We must study the questions of vital interest to us as a nation, and the one

that appeals to me as being the most serious is the immigration into this country of lower classes of foreigners. The cheap labor has a disastrous effect on white labor, almost monopolizing some lines.

Another thought: When a woman Another thought: When a woman does the same work as a man she is entitled to the same wage. If better wages were paid to working girls there would be less crime and more good women citizens. Statistics show that about three girls graduate from our high schools to one boy. This shows that women are attaining higher standards of intelligence and greater appreciation of intelligence and greater appreciation of the rights, duties, privileges and respon-sibilities of citizenship. Women will now have to educate themselves for their new position and not be influenced too much by their husbands. They must have minds of their own, consider what is best, and then vote for it. For does

not history show that the world owes most of its glory and all of its grace to the men that are dead and the women that are living?

And last but not least, to be a good, wide awake Granger and attend the Woman's Work Committee meetings, helps to pull us out of the rut that many of us farm women fall into. There is, in attending these meetings, a brain value, a social value, a moral value, and a civic and financial value, and it cannot help but prepare us for more effi-cient- and effective citizenship.—Mrs. LYNN MITCHEL, Equity Grange, Lone Elm, Kan.

Notes from Lone Elm Grange.

Don't be an insurance Granger. Go in for all it is worth, and make it worth

Don't call attention to your failures by crowing too loudly over your suc-

Don't forget to use the scraper and our mat. 'Twill save the broom and door mat.

Don't forget to wear your rose-colored glasses. They help a lot.

Don't expect success to meet you half

OUR CONTEST. In my report to the State Grange I spoke of a six months' contest that was then in progress in our Grange. It is ended now, and thinking it might help

some other Grange I will write it out, with results.

> Applications. 50 Reinstatements. 50 Officers present 10 Members present 5 Recitations. 20
>
> Solo.
> 20
>
>
> Quartet.
> 20
>
>
> Quotations.
> 5

The lecturer appointed two leaders who chose sides just as we used to in a spelling match, and the defeated side entertained and feasted the winners. The lecturer acts as umpire. Choose officers first so that each side will have the same number-six.

When I tell you that one side made 2,000 points and the other 2,300 you will readily see that good work was done. There were 29 new members added to our roll and three reinstatements. The lecturer must be ready to assist the lecturer must be ready to assist the leaders in any way possible when called on. In launching the contest it is well to put it to a vote. If any other Grange tries this I would be glad to see a report of it in Kansas Farmer.—Adelia B. Hester, Chairman, Lone Elm, Kan.

You are not required to live up to other people's ideals.

"Pedigreed"

Quality and Quantity

In buying fruit trees you ought to know the blood that is in them.

We propagate our stock from known trees, selected because of their superior fruit and productiveness. Our trees bear young and produce big regular crops of fancy fruit, because they are bred from parents with a record for both quantity and quality. Observe orchards of ordinary trees, half of them are barren, or producing poor quality. You can save three to four years, and have every tree a producer of fancy fruit, if you plant our pedigreed fruit trees.

Free Book Tells

"Pedigreed Horticulture," our new book, telling of the way we grow pedigreed trees, and why they are the only kind to plant. Write if you are interested in raising better fruit and more of tin half the time.

The Winfield Nursery Co., J. Moncrief, Pres., 234 Central Ave., Winfield, Kansas.



For twenty-seven years I've been selling "Seeds and Plants that grow." I've been selling them direct—at rock bottom prices—no agents' commissions attached. My catalog has always been my only salesman. My Free 1913 Nursery and Seed Book is now ready. Send for it. It's the result of 7 years' experience. Lists all kind of trees and plants, farm, garden and flower seeds. Quotes lowest prices, no security commissions to pay. Here are few of the many bargains. Applies Se each; Chorry 160 such; Plum 16c each; Catalya Specious seedlings 8-12 inch 81.75 per 1000. Remember my seeds are all Nebrasta Standard. pay freight on \$10.00 trees orders. Send for catalog, see my prices. A postal brings it. Jerman Nurseries & Seed House, Box 147, Beatrice, Neb.

GROW GRAPES

It's easy and the arbors bear many years. Fruit sells well everywhere, is wholesome and delicious. Never enough on market to supply the demand.

3 Grape Vines Prepaid 10C Yield quantities of juscious fruit. Best meral purpose variety, hardy, healthy and spendable cropper. Try these vines! he biggest plant bargain of the season.

INTERESTING FREE
CATALOGUE FREE
Honest descriptions and illustrations make it a safe guide to
good nursery stock. Learn all
about our plants and methods. Send for book today!

NATIONAL NURSERIES DEPT. 12 LAWRENCE, KM.

DOUBLE QUICK Seed Corn Tester

DOUBLE QUICK

Grain Sprouter or POULTRY SILO

For Sprouting oats for laying hens A useful machine for every farm. Send for free information. CLASS-TU-NATURE CO... Colfax, Iowa.

When writing advertisers, please mention Eansas Farmer.

Hill's Evergreens Grow

All hardy stock—twice transplanted—root pruned. Protect buildings, stock, crops. Hill's Evergreen Book, illustrated in colors, Free. Write today. B. Illi Nurser Co., Inc., 221 Cedar St., Bundee, Ill. Evergreen Specialists

SILK REMNANTS

Wonderful Bargains in Pound
Boxes of beautiful Large Silk
Remnants for fancy work,
quilts, portieres, pillows,
etc. One pound will make
a grand bedspread. Send
10 cents for a big package
of lovely samples. If not
delighted, return them and
get 25 cents for your trouble.
AGENTS WANTED.
HAMMOND SILK CO., Box 36, Spangler, Pa.



Beloit Seed House White Cap, Boone County, and all leading varieties seed corn. Alfalfa, millet, and full line of garden seeds. Write for catalog.

BELOIT, KANSAS.

BUY AT WHOLESALE Forty Fruit Trees \$5.00 100 Strawberry plants 75 cents. Charges prepaid. Send for further information and Catalog. Address, MOLSINGER BROS., Box 63, Rosedale, Kans.

HOME CIRCLE



A cheap process of making rubber chemically has been discovered, it is said.

The Missouri champion hen with a record of 281 eggs in twelve months is said to have sold at Springfield for \$800.

To hurry the cooking process of anything cooked in a double boiler, add salt to the water in the outer boiler.

It has been estimated that the crop value of pecans in central Oklahoma this winter will reach more than \$500,000.

When frying croquettes in deep fat, stand them in a warm place for half an hour before frying. This will make them brown more quickly.

When baking a loaf cake, try cutting a cross in the center of it just as it goes to the oven. This will prevent it from humping up in the middle as it bakes.

One housekeeper writes that she stitched entirely around her lace curtains close to the edge before laundering them and the result was most satisfactory. They not only hung straighter, but the scallops did not split or pull out when the curtains were put on the stretcher.

When baking a fruit cake set the pan containing the cake in another pan partly filled with water. This makes a moist cake, also it is less likely to be burned. It will require a little longer time to bake time to bake.

If you have a jabot which is difficult to iron on account of its plaits, baste them in place with a fine thread before it is washed. After ironing the jabot remove the threads.

Fried bananas served with broiled bacon are said to make a nourishing lunch-eon dish. Be careful that all of the inner skin of the banana is removed before cutting into lengthwise quarters

In St. Paul, Minn., two women, Mrs. Margaret Kelly and Mrs. William Moore, have been appointed regular members of the police department. They were as-signed to halls where dancing was conducted for their first duties.

To Drive Away Large Black Ants.

Get 5 cents' worth of tartar emetic. Mix up half the quantity with sugar and water to a thin syrup. Put it in a little dish wherever they are troublesome. It will not only drive them away for that season, but they will not come back.

Lemons.

Lemons may be kept fresh a long time by placing under an earthenware crock.

A few drops of lemon juice put into boiling rice will keep the kernels distinct and make them very white.

The juice of helf a lemon in a glass of

The juice of half a lemon in a glass of

unsweetened water taken before break-fast will ward off a bilious spell.

Wash the hands and finger tips in lemon to remove all sorts of stains.

A gargle of water and lemon juice will cure a sore throat.

A slice of lemon dipped in salt will scour brass utensils. Rinse well,
Castor oil taken in lemon juice is pal-

A few drops in fruit juice that does not want to jell will bring about the desired result.

A lemon in a dish of apples or other fruit will impart a delightful bouquet to the fruit.

After a shampoo rinse the hair in water that has some lemon juice in it. It will cut any grease that remains and render the scalp extra white.

Movable Schools For Women.

Any small town in Kansas that desires to have a movable cooking school next spring should notify the agricultural col-lege now. The schedule for these traveling educational institutions, of which there will be several this year, is being made in the extension division of the college. These schools will be held this year in March, April and May. Miss Francis L. Brown is arranging the dates.

To get a cooking school for a week a village community must organize a class of twenty to forty women, and girls more than fifteen years old. This

class must arrange for a room in which the instruction is to be given and must pay the expenses of the school. Except in a very few cases no movable schools will be held in a town where domestic

science is taught in the high school.
In addition to the movable schools the college will send domestic science demonstrators to conduct one or two-day demonstrations in any place where at least fifty women ask for it. No charge, other than actual expenses, is made for these demonstrations.

Delicate Fabrics.

For cleaning delicate fabrics, this method, given by the Commoner, is said not to fade or injure the finest colors. Grate raw potatoes to a pulp, add one pint of water to one pound of the potato pulp; stir, and wash between the hands, then drain the water from the pulp through a fine sieve or cloth; let it stand in the vessel until the fine white starch settles to the bottom, then pour off the clear water which is what you off the clear water, which is what you use for cleaning. The settlings are used for potato starch for stiffening fine materials. For cleaning, sponge with the liquid, applying until all soil is removed, rinse in clear water and iron on the wrong side. For white silk, which may be passed through the water as through suds, add a very little borax to the water. Party dresses and white cashmeres clean beautifully by this method.

Where We Got Those Signs.

The signs we use for punctuation, the period or full stop, the comma, colon and so on, are not so ancient as we might think. Aristophanes, the Greek grammarian of Alexandria, is said to have been the first to use full stops, but the other punctuation marks, the comma, semicolon and colon, were invented by Aldus Manutius, a printer who lived in Venice in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. Our sign for a semicolon was the Greeks' mark of interrogation, says the Children's Magazine.

The present question mark (?) and the exclamation mark (!) have a similar and an interesting origin. The ! represents the Latin exclamation Io, which was used to signify a cry of joy. When the Latin writers wished to signify joy they wrote this word, then, so that it might not be read as a part of the verse or line, they wrote the letters one above the other, and this, in rapid writing, soon developed into!. The ? came simthe Latin word question, meaning question, written one above the other in the same way. The Q written quickly becomes a ? and the o becomes a point.

The signs that we use in arithmetic

The signs that we use in arithmetic are known to all, but their origin is not so familiar. The sign =, meaning equal to, was first used by Robert Recorde of All Souls' College, Oxford, in 1531. To save himself the trouble of writing the words "equal to" again and again, he dres two little lines equal to one another.

The sign for addition (+) is really a carelessly made p, from plus, the Latin word for more. The —, for subtraction, also comes from a shortened Latin word, minus, meaning less than, which was written m n s, with a horizontal stroke on top to show that it had been shortened. Then the letters were omitted, and the stroke only written.

The multiplication sign (X) was in-

vented early in the seventeenth century by Ooughtred Etonensis, the most fam-ous mathematician then in Europe. It was simply the + sign turned round, multiplication being a short way of do-ing addition. In division the Hindus used to put the dividend above the di-visor with a horizontal line between, and from this plan the Arabians developed from this plan the Arabians developed the sign ÷, placing it between the dividend and divisor. The sign % for per cent has developed from ÷, once used for per cent as well as for division. The used in decimal fractions was invented by John Napier, the man who also invented logarithms. The n used in algebra to signify any indefinite number is the initial letter of the Latin word numerous, meaning a number.

If you ask some people to take your part they will take all you have.

Neither the miser nor the hog is of any use until he is dead.





The Crop That Makes You Money.

Don't plant inferior Alfalfa seed—Get "Pepseco" Brand. It is the highest grade seed that can be secured anywhere, regardless of cost. You pay so more when you buy the "Pepseco" Brand Seeds, and every sack is carefully selected, more thoroughly cleaned and more rigidly inspected than any other. This seed has been chosen for its high quality, perfect germination and resistance against drought. Insist upon having "Pepseco" Brand Alfalfs as well as Clover, Timothy, Millet, Cane, and Kentucky Blue Grass
Sold by 4,000 dealers throughout the United States.

FREE PEPPARD SEED CO.

1124 West Sth Street, Kaness City, We.



BIG FREE BOOK ON HOW TO GROW IT ON YOUR LAND

"Alfalfa—Wonder Crop," is the title of a new book just issued by us. It contains a fund of priceless information on alfalfa growing secured from many sources; United States Government; State Experiment Stations, the best posted authorities and successful growers. This information was secured at a great cost of time, money and research, and yet it is yours for the asking without cost. This book will convince you that your farm has some land on which you can grow alfalfa; it tells how to get results from the first planting, how to select the field and prepare the soil, including fertilizing, plowing, liming, and how to prepare the seed; when to plant, how to plant, It tells you what to do during the growing period, how to get bigger than average crops, and how to cut and cure. This book is worth many dollars to the farmer interested in growing alfalfa, but we gladly send it without cost or obligation of any kind if you answer at once. Don't put it off—write for free book today.

GALLOWAY BROS.-BOWMAN CO., BOX 384 \$ WATERLOO, IA. GALLOWAY BROS.-BOWMAN CO., BOX 384 \$ WATERLOO, IA.



WICHITA NURSERY BOXK. WICHITA, KANS.

GREAT BOOK FREE

If you are thinking of planting trees or shrubbery this spring, be sure to send for this book.

We have been right here 35 years supplying the farmers of the middle west with the best trees that skill and experience can produce. Recently we published a little book on "Transplanting, and Managing Trees, Shrubs and Vines," giving much valuable information and instructions as to the proper methods of planting and caring for trees, also formulas for spraying and the proper time to spray.

This book will be mailed to you absolutely free if you will send us the names of five reliable farm owners who are interested in fruit. Salesmen Wanted.

F. H. STANNARD & CO., Proprietors Ottawa Star Nurseries, Ottawa, Kan.

MARLOW'S NEW CROP

IXL

Are good, honest seeds and will prove their worth at harvest time. Our big seed catalog of farm and garden seed with low special delivered prices without extra charge is free. Write today.

MARLOW SEED CO.,

Station B, Wichita, Kan.



Greenwood County Nursery SPECIAL PRICES ON CATALPA SPECIOSA

General line of nursery stock including apple, peach, pear, cherry, plum, apricot, quince, grape vines, berry plants, roses, shrubs, rhubarb, asparagus, etc., also black locust. Certificate of inspection with each

shrubs, rhubarb, asparagus, etc., with each shipment. Certificate of inspection with each shipment. Our 1913 Catalog Gives Valuable Instructions how to plant and care for vines, shrubs, fruit and ornamental trees. Write or drop a postal today for this valuable catalog.

J. W. Hinshaw, Prop., Box A., Eureka, Kan.

Seed Corn Reid's Yellow Dent,

Strictly pure bred, grown on our own farms from extra choice seed. Quality, good as the best. We won first in Capper Corn Contest for best single ear in state and first for best 20 ears at Missouri State Corn Show, 1912. Guaranteed to please you. Send for samples and prices. and prices. F. M. RIEBEL & SON, ARBELA, MISSOURI

Boone County White, Commercial White, Missouri Valley White, Hildreth Yellow Dent, Kansas Sunflower Yellow. Write for circular and prices.

J. M. McCRAY, Manhattan, Kan. Member Kansas Crop Improvement Asso-ciation.

TRENT'S Seed Corn best strains Seed Corn in the West. fire dried, tested and guaranteed. Pure Red Texas Oats, Clover, Timothy and Alfalfa Seed. Write for free catalog. S. TRENT.

S. G. TRENT, Box K, Hiawatha, Kansas.

HARDY EVERGREENS

200 Am. Arbor Vitae, 4 to 8 inches. 1.00
200 White Pine, 4 to 8 inches. \$1.00
200 White Pine, 4 to 8 inches. \$1.00
200 Norway Spruce, 4 to 8 inches. 1.00
Sent prepaid. Illustrated booklet on
planting sent on request. Order now.
Catalogue free. Evergreen Nursery Co.,
Sturgeon Bay, Wis.

SEEDS Fire dried SEED CORN, husked before the frost, dried on independent ear seed racks with air and steam heat. Sure to grow, because germ is preserved. Also Clover, Alfalfa, Oats, Rye and Garden Seeds. Write at once for FREE catalog, and also receive free useful souvenir.

FRED ECHTENKAMP,
Arlington, Neb.

Pure Bred Yellow Seed Corn Mammoth Drouth Proof, Early Monroe, Sunflower, Hildreth, Hiawatha. Big yield-ers, grown by me, successfully, in Central Kansas for past six years. Write for prices. A. E. WHITZEL, Farmer, STERLING, KAN.

For Choice Pure-Bred Seed Corn and all kinds of farm seeds in bulk, also garden seeds, send to the Lawndale Seed Farm. Catalog free.

JOHN D. ZILLER,
The Farmer Seedsman, Hiawatha, Kansas.

Model Playground Made.

Model Playground Made.

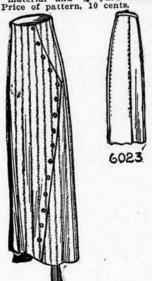
What is to be a model playground in central Kansas is being constructed at Pleasant Hill district school, Ottawa County, by G. A. Wood, the teacher. Basketball sets, swings, marble grounds, doll nooks, sand piles, merry-go-rounds, see-saws, and other playthings are to be installed. Mr. Wood says the playgrounds should be the most attractive part of school. part of school.

Water Power in Norway.

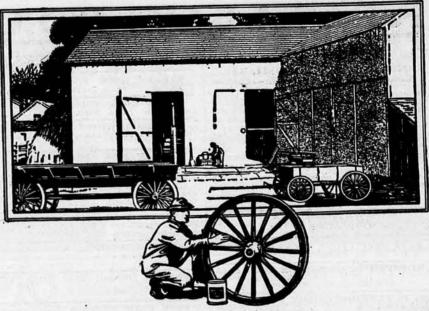
According to Engineer Abel of Christaiana, Norway, the total amount of water power Norway could provide represents 6,000,000 horsepower. In 1895, 84,500 horsepower was available; in 1900, 146,000 horsepower; in 1905, 200,016 horsepower; in 1908, 700,013 horsepower; and in 1010, 900,010 horsepower. At and in 1910, 900,010 horsepower. At present over 1,000 horsepower is available, whilst only about half a million is being used. At Sandnes, electricity is used for heating as well as cooking in private houses. From one of the factories in which a number of needlewomen are employed power is distributed to the homes of the employes, thus enabling them to remain at home and do their sewing on their electrically driven ma-



No. 6042—Misses' and Small Women's Dress. Simple frocks are always the youth-ful-looking ones, and we give in this model a dainty garment that is so easy to make that the young girl learning to sew will experience no difficulty in carrying out this dress. The garment has back and front yoke in one piece, may have plaited or gathered fronts, and the three-gored skirt has empire waist line, though the regulation waist line may be used if desired. The pattern, No. 6042, is cut in sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. Medlum size requires 4% yards of 36-inch material and % yard of 24-inch satin. Price of pattern, 10 cents.



No. 6023—Ladies' Five-Colored Skirt.—
Here is a pleasing example of one of the newest skirts. The garment is cut in five gores and has the fashionable front-clossing. It may be made in empire or regulation waistline and will serve for separate wear or as part of a coat suit or complete costume. Serge, diagonal checks, stripes and similar materials are used. The pattern, No. 6023, is cut in sizes 22 to 30 inches waist measure. Medium size will require 3% yards of 36-inch material or 2% yards of goods 44 inches wide. Width of lower edge is 2% yards. Price of pattern, 10 cents.



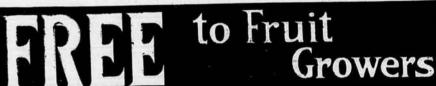
If you want to lengthen the life and service of your farm wagons and implements, paint them now.

Sherwin-Williams Wagon and Implement Paint is specially prepared for the painting and refinishing of wagons, machinery and implements. It flows easily and dries with a hard, lasting gloss. It effectively prevents rust or decay, and a wagon thoroughly painted with it every spring should stay in good shape for fifteen or twenty years.

This paint is but one of the many Sherwin-Williams Finishes for farm use. Our booklet "Paints and Varnishes for the Farm"

will tell you about the others and give you some mighty good pointers about the economy of intelligent painting. Write for it today. It will cost you nothing.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS & VARNISHES





500 Varieties of Nursery Stock

MOUNT HOPE NURSERIES

BEAUTIFY AND PROTECT THE MOST SACRED SPOT Harmonious Beauty and Permanent Protection are Combined in Cyclone Cemetery Fence and Entrance Arches.

Placed around the community burying ground they are an expression of remembrance and devotion by the living and give the last resting place of loved ones a well-kept appearance. Built to last, of heavy galvanized wire, in various ornamental patterns. Are cheaper than wood and much more ornamental. Designed for public parks and private grounds.

Write for FREE Illustrated Catalog.

Cyclone Fence Co., Dept. 27 Waukegan, Ill.

EED CORN 146 BU.AC

had the most rigid inspection. Also all other leading standard varieties at FARMER PRICES. OUR BIG ILLUSTRATED FARM AND GARDEN SEED CATALOG mailed FREE. A postal card will bring it to you. Write for it today. Address, RATEKIN'S SEED HOUSE, Shenandoah, lows. Box7

WHITE WONDER SEED CORN

The greatest variety of big white corn grown. Resists the drought and outyields all others in all seasons. Get the genuine stuff direct from us. 2½-Bushel Bags—\$2.00 PER BUSHEL—2½-Bushel Bags Bags Free.

BROS.

101 RANCH

OKLAHOMA

RELIABLE POULTRY BREEDERS

The "Big Three" Poultry Farms

The "Big Three," Foultry Farms

MYERS & STOVER, FREDONIA, KAN.

B. C. R. I. RED CHICKENS — Choicest
birds of correct color, shape and markings.
Twenty-two blue ribbons, color and shape
specials, and silver specials in this season's
shows. Five pens headed by Kansas State
Show and other show winners. Eggs, \$1 to
\$15 per 15; free range, \$4.50 per 100.

INDIAN RUNNER DUCKS — American
standard light fawn and white; also pure
white. Never defeated in show room. Fine
shape and heavy laying strains. Eggs—
Fawn, white, \$1.50 per 15, \$8 per 100; white,
\$3 per 15, \$10 per 50.

BOURBON RED TURKEYS—Big, hardy,
domestic as chickens. Extra fine color, twoyear-old breeders. Eggs, \$3 per 11. Free
catalog.

ORPINGTONS.

BUFF ORPINGTONS, COCKERELS, PUL-lets, 80c up. M. Spooner, Wakefield, Kan.

PURE WHITE ORPINGTON EGGS, \$1.50 per setting; \$7.00 per hundred. Large, white stock. Mrs. Helen Lill, Mt. Hope, Kan.

S. C. BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERELS, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Mrs. J. A. Young, Wake-field, Kan.

PURE-BRED ROSE COMB BUFF ORP-ingtons—Eggs, \$1.50 per 15; \$2.50 per 30; \$5 per 100. Fannie Renzenberger, Greeley, Kan.

BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERELS, I. R. Drakes. Orders for eggs booked now. Mrs. T. N. Becky, Linwood, Kan.

ORPINGTONS—WHITE, BUFF: PEKIN Ducks. Eggs, \$1 to \$4. Write for mating list. J. H. Eby, Newton, Kan.

BIDE-A-WEE FARM BUFF ORPING-tons won at Nebraska State Show, 1 pullet, 5 cockerels. Winners at Agra and Smith Center Shows. Roy J. Lucas, Agra, Kan.

S. C. BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERELS— Buff and Black Orpington eggs, \$1.50 per 15, \$6 per 100. Ella Sherbonaw, 625 Ninth St., Fredonia, Kan.

KELLERSTRASS AND IMPORTED
White Orpingtons. Blue ribbon winners,
Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Des Moines. Write for
catalog. Gabel Mfg. Co., Hawkeye, Iowa.

WHITE ORPINGTON EGGS, \$2.00 PER 15—\$10.00 per 100. Special price on larger amounts. Ed. LeClere, Central City, Iowa.

WHITE ORPINGTONS, COOK AND KEL-lerstrass proven heavy winter layers. Eggs, \$1.50 setting, express paid. J. H. Lansing, Chase, Kan.

GUARANTEED THOROUGHBRED S. C. White and Buff Orpingtons; cockerels, \$3; pullets, \$2; eggs, \$1.50 per 15. J. A. Blunn, Station A. Wichita, Kan.

S. C. BUFF ORPINGTONS—PULLETS \$1 to \$3. Good Buff eggs, \$1.50 to \$3 per 15. Pawnee Poultry Ranch, Route 2, Box 12, Larned, Kan.

CRYSTAL WHITE ORFINGTONS, KEL-lerstrass strain. Stock, eggs and baby chicks for sale. C. B. Owen, Lawrence, Kan.

KELLERSTRASS WHITE ORPINGTONS
—Cockerels, \$2.00 each; hens, \$1.50; eggs,
\$1.50 per 15, \$7.00 per 100. Mrs. Geo. Walker, Alden, Kan.

S. C. BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS, JANUary, February, National egg laying contest winners, 1912. Mating list free. S. C. Fellows, 530 St. Louis St., Springfield, Mo.

KELLERSTRASS CRYSTAL WHITE Orpingtons, S. C. White Leghorns. Stock eggs, baby chicks. Satisfaction or money back. Theo. Flick, Goodland, Kan.

WHITE ORPINGTON STOCK AND EGGS for sale, from Kellerstrass \$30 mating pens. Big winter layers. Address Martin Stephens, Lebanon, Neb.

J. C. KULLMAN, BREEDER OF BUFF, White and Black Orpingtons, the kind that win. Stock for sale. Eggs, \$3 for 15 eggs. Life member A. P. A. Towanda, Kan.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM HEAVY laying strain, prize winning, Single Comb White Orpingtons. Large size, good color. Correct type. Prices right. Catalog free. P. H. Anderson, Box F-53, Lindsborg, Kan.

IMPORTED ENGLISH BLUE AND BUFF Orpington Ducks for sale. Booking orders for eggs now. Big layers and big payers. One duck laid 91 eggs in 105 days. Write for prices. Emma Holtz, Wilber, Neb.

BLUE RIBBON STRAIN WHITE ORP-ingtons. Some fine young cockerels from my prize winning birds at from \$2.50 to \$5. Let me know your wants. C. O. Crebbs, Stafford, Kan.

KELLERSTRASS STRAIN WHITE ORP-ingtons exclusively. A few cockerels left at \$1.50 each. Eggs, \$1 and \$2 per 15; \$6 and \$9 per 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. L. A. McKinnell, Maize, Kan.

KELLERSTRASS WHITE ORPINGTONS

-Eggs for hatching from Illinois State Fair
and Missouri Interstate Show winners at
\$2.50 and \$5.00 per 15. Express paid on H. J. Strathmann, Palmyra, Mo.

WHITE ORPINGTONS EXCLUSIVELY—Kellerstrass strain. Choice cockerels, hens or pullets, \$2.00 each. Eggs, \$3.00 per 15. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. B. Humble, Sawyer, Kan.

SINGLE COMB BUFF ORPINGTONS— Eleven years for eggs and quality. Eggs from fancy matings, \$3 per 15; high-class utility, \$7 per 100. Ask for free mating list. Also strawberry plants cheap. J. F. Cox, Route \$, Topeka, Kan.

BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS FOR HATCHing from my winners at Kansas City, St. Joseph, Topeka and Des Moines. I still have a few more cockerels and pullets to spare. My birds are a good laying strain, having fine color combined with great size. H. F. Farrar, Axtell, Kan.

BARNES' S. C. BUFF ORPINGTONS—All high-scoring well mated birds. Excellent in type and color. Blue ribbon winners at Jacksonville, Ill., 1911-12. Eggs. \$2.00 per 15. Score from 92 to 94%. A. C. Barnes, Manchester, Ill.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

BARRED ROCK EGGS 15, \$1.00; 100 \$5.00. Mrs. Dradie Dunbar, Columbus, Kan. WHITE ROCK COCKERELS, \$2 PER. ood ones. F. G. King, Olivet, Kan.

PURE-BRED WHITE ROCK EGGS, \$1.00 for 15. W. J. Johnston, Route 2, Manhattan, Kan.

EGGS AT \$2.00 PER 15, FROM HEN-hatched hens, the big stay-white kind. Or-der now from C. E. Dallas, Mound City, Kan.

BUFF ROCKS—EGGS, 15, \$1.00; 45, \$2.50; 100, \$4.50. Postage extra. W. A. Hilands, Culver, Kan.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK EGGS— Fine stock, 15 for \$1.25; 100, \$5.00, prepaid. Ethel Richardson, Belleville, Kan.

BUFF PLYMOUTH ROCKS—STANDARD-bred eggs, \$2 per 15. Orders booked now. Mrs. Coral E. Pfrang, Wetmore, Kan.

BARRED ROCK AND ROSE COMB Brown Leghorn cockerels at \$1.50 each. Geo. J. Klein, Ellinwood, Kan.

BUFF PLYMOUTH ROCKS—EGGS AND baby chicks at reasonable prices. Mrs. Fred Miller, Wakefield, Kan.

BUFF ROCKS—GOOD BIRDS, SELLING out cheap. Have only pullets left. A. Cas-selman, 650 Hiram, Wichita, Kan. WHITE ROCKS — SOME GOOD STOCK for sale. Write your wants. J. A. Kauffman, Abilene, Kan.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS — EGGS from "Best in the World" strain, \$1.00 and \$2.00 setting. E. H. Steiner, Sabetha, Kan.

FOR SALE—BARRED ROCK COCKER-els from prize winning stock, \$1.50; hens, \$1.00. J. K. Searles, Farmington, Kan.

CHOICE BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK cockerels for sale, \$1.50 to \$3 each. Eggs in season. E. Leighton, Effingham, Kan.

WHITE ROCKS, FISHEL STRAIN, EGGS, 15, \$1.25; 100, \$5. Mrs. Frank Powell, Buffalo, Kan.

EGGS FOR HATCHING FROM TRAP-nested 200-egg strain of White Rocks, \$2.50 for 15. E. L. Lafferty, Ellsworth, Kan.

BARRED ROCKS—LARGE, EARLY, high-scoring birds. Henry Molyneaux, Palmer, Kan.

BARRED ROCK EGGS, \$5.00 PER HUNdred. Write for catalogue. Harry E. Duncan, Humboldt, Kansas.

PARTRIDGE ROCKS. BIRD BROTHERS strain. Cockerels for sale. Gregor Fisher, Elkhorn, Wis.

LARGE WHITE ROCK COCKERELS—lso a few Buff Cochin bantams for sale. C. Bostwick, Hoyt, Kan.

BUFF ROCK EGGS \$2.00 PER 15. PRE-paid. Circulars free. Ferris & Ferris, Ef-fingham, Kan.

PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK EGGS AT farmers' prices. Decide now! Get my illustrated egg circular. L. R. Connor, Route D 1, Lexington, Mo.

CHAMPION BARRED BOCKS—97 PRE-miums, Topeka, Lawrence, Manhattan, Blue Springs, Ottawa. Cockerels, \$2.50 up. Eggs, \$2.00, 15. Mrs. Chris Bearman, Ottawa, Kan.

BARRED ROCKS EXCLUSIVELY. EGGS for hatching, \$2.75 for 30; \$3.50 for 50; \$6.50 for 100. Satisfaction guaranteed. Kinney Caven, LeRoy, Kan.

BUFF ROCKS OF SHAPE, SIZE AND olor. Winners of blue. Score, 90 to 93%. Price of eggs right. Glen Swarts, Route 1, bixon, Ill.

BARRED ROCKS—DENVER WINNERS, first cockerel, 5 entries, 4 ribbons. Special matings hold 56 premiums; utility flock, 12. Eggs, 15, \$3; 30, \$5; 15, \$1.25; 60, \$4; 100, \$6. Mrs. D. M. Gillespie, Clay Center, Kan.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS—MY BIRDS win at the state shows. Stock and eggs for sale. Satisfaction guaranteed. Flowercrest, Holt, Mo. Mrs. J. W. Porter.

BUFF PLYMOUTH BOCKS — COCKER-els at \$3 and \$5 each; pullets at \$2 each. If you want better birds, I have them. Write for list of recent winnings. T. H. Lucas, Pattonville, Mo.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS, THOMP-son Ringlet strain, cockerels \$2 each. Eggs for hatching, \$3 for 50; \$5 for 100. A. F. Siefker, Deflance, Mo.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS—WINNERS at Missouri State; Little Rock, Ark.; Western Missouri, Jefferson City and Warrensburg shows. Cocks, hens, cockerels and pullets at reasonable prices. A. E. Glass, Harrisonville, Mo.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCKS—WINNERS at Grinnell and Cedar Rapids, scoring 94 to 96. Eggs from special mating, \$2 per 15. Eggs from free range stock, 15 for \$1; 30 for \$2; 50 for \$3. Chas. L. Berry, Iowa City, Iowa, Route 6.

E. B. THOMPSON STRAIN BARRED P. Rocks and Moore & Moore's strain S. C. R. I. Reds. Prize winners at State Poultry Show, 1913. Eggs from utility stock, \$1.50 per setting. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. A. Ogden, 1205 South Wichita St., Wichita, Kan.

BARRED ROCKS—OUR BIRDS AGAIN demonstrated their high quality at this season's shows. Very best laying strains. Pens mated for the coming season. Send for descriptive circular. Pen eggs, \$3.00 per 15. Utility eggs, \$4.00 per 100. C. C. Lindamood, Walton, Kan.

BIG SNAP IN WHITE PLYMOUTH Rocks.—Two of the finest pens in the state must be sold quick—and the price is low. 1912 hatched, fully developed and over Standard weight. Pullets laying. Good enough to show and win. Buy now and have them for this year's breeding. This is unquestionably the White Rock bargain of the year. J. E. Spalding, Care Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

WHITE ROCKS EXCLUSIVELY. SOME good cockerels for sale, \$2 each; a few cocks, \$1.50. Frank Lott, Danville, Kan.

"IVORY STRAIN" WHITE ROCKS— Large white, extra fine. Graca Dolson, Neal, Kan.

FOR SALE — FARM-RAISED BARRED Plymouth Rocks. Cockerels, \$1.50 each. Eggs for hatching in season. J. L. Yordy, Tescott, Kan.

BUFF ROCK EGGS BY PARCELS POST, from quality stock, at reasonable prices. Write today. William A. Hess, Humboldt, Kan.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS—CHOICE farm flock carefully mated. Eggs, \$4 per 100. Baby chicks, 10c each. Mrs. W. C. Bocker, Solomon, Kan.

WADDELL'S GOLDEN ROD BUFF PLY-mouth Rocks, best in the west. Winning everywhere. Eggs for hatching and 15 good cockerels for sale. A. J. Waddell, Wichita, Kan.

WYANDOTTES.

SILVER WYANDOTTES — EGGS, \$1.50 per setting. Wm. Royer, Coffeyville, Kan.

GOLDEN WYANDOTTES — COCKERELS from prize winning stock. M. M. Dongis, Belleville, Kan.

GOLDEN WYANDOTTES, STOCK AND eggs for sale at all times, J. K. Hammond, Wakefield, Kan.

WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS AND ggs. Mrs. Geo. Downie, Route 2, Lyndon,

FIFTY PURE-BRED SILVER LACED Wyandotte cockerels. Choice birds, \$1 to \$2 each. Mrs. Alvin Tennyson, Miltonvale, Kan.

GOLDEN WYANDOTTES—EGGS FROM high scoring birds, \$1.50 per 15. J. F. Ingamells, Clay Center, Kan.

SILVER WYANDOTTE EGGS FROM good healthy free range birds, \$5.00 per 100. Mrs. Alvin Tennyson, Route 5, Miltonvale, Kan.

PARTRIDGE WYANDOTTES, THE KIND that always win. Reliable stock and eggs for hatching. Write me your wants. S. S. Jackson, Baldwin City, Kan.

200 SILVER WYANDOTTES FOR SALE-As good as they grow. Birds that can win in the show rooms for you. M. B. Caldwell, Broughton, Kan.

WHITE WYANDOTTES, GOOD STOCK for sale. Cockerels 75c and \$1.00 each. Baby chicks 10c. Eggs \$1.00 setting; \$4.00 100. Effic Acheson, Route 2, Palco, Kan.

COLUMBIAN WYANDOTTES BREEDING Pens at reduced prices; fine, vigorous birds; guaranteed winter layers. Frank Wells, 5900 Harrison, Kansas City, Mo.

BUFF WYANDOTTES — WINNERS OF all club specials wherever shown. A few good cockerels and pullets for sale. J. A. Bush, Woodlawn Place, Leavenworth, Kan.

"PIX" BUFF WYANDOTTES, PRIZE winners. Breeding stock; baby chicks; eggs for hatching. Prices right. Write for mating list now. Geo. B. Pickering, Olathe, Kan.

WATTLES' COLUMBIAN WYANDOTTES

The West's greatest strain. Ninety ribbons at state shows last four years. Eggs,
\$5 and \$3 per 15. H. W. Wattles & Son,
1149 University Ave., Wichita, Kan.

BUFF WYANDOTTES—BOOKING OR-ders now for eggs and baby chicks. Eggs, \$2.50 for 15; baby chicks, 25 cents each; eggs from utility pen, \$1.50 per 15. We won first cockerel, second hen and third pen at the State Poultry Show. Send for mating list. Wheeler & Wylie, Manhattan, Kan.

CORNISH FOWLS.

DARK CORNISH GAME, HIGH-SCORING prize pen. Cockerels and pullets scored. Also Buff Orpingtons. Write N. McKenzie, Solomon, Kan.

DARK CORNISH FOWLS (INDIAN Games). A few cockerels and pullets for sale cheap if taken at once. J. P. Bridges, Douglas, Kan. (Mention Kansas Farmer.)

COCKERELS, PULLETS, HENS AND eggs. Will pay you to try the big breasted meanty table fowl. Write L. C. Horst, Newton, Kan.

BRAHMAS.

LIGHT BRAHMAS EXCLUSIVELY.
Winners at late Kansas City show. Fine
large stock for sale. mating list ready.
Mrs. J. F. O'Daniel, Westmoreland, Kan.

NICKERSON POULTRY YARDS—LIGHT Brahmas exclusively. Nickerson, Kan. 27 years a breeder. Winners wherever shown. Eggs, \$3 straight.

MINORCAS.

SINGLE COMB BLACK MINORCAS— Stock and eggs for sale. Cockerels, \$1.25 to \$3.00 each. Dan Oberhellmann, Holstein, Mo.

S. V. B. MINORCA COCKERELS AT \$2.00 each or two for \$3.50. Large bone and from good laying strain. Eggs in season. W. S. Henermann, Hampton, Iowa.

R. C. BLACK MINORCAS AND WHITE Orpingtons. Large number males and fe-males, reasonable. Many prize winners. Eggs in season. Dr. C. J. Forney, Woodward, Okla.

BUFF COCHINS.

BUFF COCHIN COCKERELS, \$2.50 TO \$5. Pullets, \$2. Housel, Smith Center, Kan.

BUFF COCHINS FOR SALE, FIFTY hens, \$1.50 up. Also some cocks and cockerels. Good chance to start right with good stock. Send for mating list. J. C. Baughman, Topeka, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention Kansas Farmer.

LEGHORNS.

S. C. B. LEGHORN COCKERELS, \$1.00 to \$2.00 each. H. N. Holdeman, Meade, Kan.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORN EGGS \$5.00 hundred; fifteen, \$1.00. Baby chicks, \$10.00 hundred. Will Tonn, Haven, Kan.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORN COCK-erels, \$2 each, from high scoring stock. Mrs. Mary Helm, Route 5, Topeka, Kan.

TOP NOTCH S. C. WHITE LEGHORNS— Superior layers. Eggs, chicks. Armstrong Bros., Arthur, Mo.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS— Toung's strain. Eggs for hatching, \$5 per 00. W. T. Ballagh, Nevada, Mo.

VIGOROUS LAYING S. C. W. LEGHORNS —Fifteen eggs, 60c; 30, \$1, postpaid; 90c per setting. Mrs. Frank Jennings, Lebo, Kan.

SINGLE COMB BUFF LEGHORN EGGS, 15, \$1; 100, \$5. Emery Babb, Wakefield, Kan.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS that are bred to lay. Breeding cockerels, \$1.50 up; six, \$7.50. Plainview Poultry Farm, Lebo, Kan.

S. C. BUFF LEGHORNS, FARM RAISED, First pen, State Show 1913. All awards at Newton. Eggs in season. Write for prices. Walker & Kosa, Newton, Kan. SINGLE COMB BROWN LEGHORNS— Fifty-two prizes at Newton, Hutchinson, Ar-kansas City, Wichita. Eggs, \$5.00 per 100. W. Roof, Maize, Kan.

ROSE COMB WHITE LEGHORN EGGS— \$1.00 per 15; \$5.00 per 100. Penned, \$3.00 per 15. Circular. Jennie Martin, Frank-fort, Kan.

ROSE COMB BROWN LEGHORNS \$1.00 to \$5.00. Won first prize at State Poultry Show. Eggs, \$1.00 per 15; \$5.00 per 100. Mrs. J. E. Wright, Wilmore, Kan.

SINGLE COMB BROWN LEGHORN cockerels for sale. Fine dark ones, bred right. Price, \$1.00 each, or \$5.00 for six. Some from hens that scored 94½. Jewell Bros., Humboldt, Kan.

S. C. WHITE LEGHOBNS, BRED TO lay. No stock for sale. Eggs, \$15, \$100; 100, \$4.00. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. W. Gage, Route 5, Garnett, Kan.

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS Exclusively. Uniform, high scoring, free range. Stock eggs. Thirteenth year. "Old Trusty" Incubator agent. Write me for Trusty catalogs. Lowest prices. Experienced. Mrs. Albert Ray, Delavan, Kan.

CHERRY GROVE POULTRY FARM, Rocky Ford, Colo. Thoroughbred Single Comb White Leghorn, laying strain, cockerels and pullets for sale. Orders taken for baby chicks. Eggs for hatching. J. A. Hochstedler,

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORNS— Trap-nest bred 10 years for egg production. Silver cup winners in Kansas City shows. Utility hens, cockerels, \$1.25; pullets, \$1.50. Winners for any show. Catalog free. Ackerman Leghorn Farm, R. F. D. 5, Rosedale Station, Kansas City, Kan.

BANTAMS.

BANTAMS, SEBRIGHTS, JAPANESE, Cochins, Games, Rose Combs, Brahmas. Stock and eggs. Send 2c stamp for circu-lar. A. A. Fenn, Box 105, Delavan, Wis.

BABY CHICKS.

FOR SALE—HATCHING EGGS AND baby chicks. Blue Ribbon strain. Single Comb Rhode Island Reds. Order now to insure delivery. C. W. Murphy, 1750 Mass. St., Lawrence, Kan.

LANGSHANS.

48 EXTRA FINE BUFF AND BLACK Langshan cockerels, \$1.50 to \$3 each. J. A. Lovette, Mullinville, Kan.

FOR SALE—WHITE LANGSHAN COCK-erels, \$1.50 and \$2 each. Eggs, 15 for \$1; 100 for \$5. Henry Neidig, Madison, Neb.

BLACK LANGSHAN COCKERELS FOR sale. Show stock. \$2 each. Bruce Cavitt, Mt. Sterling, Iowa.

BLACK LANGSHANS EXCLUSIVELY. Cockerels from stock scoring 96. Eggs in season. Mrs. D. A. Swank, Blue Mound, Kan.

BLACK LANGSHAN AND HOUDAN cockerels, \$1.50 to \$5 each. Write for mailing list. E. D. Hartzell, Rossville, Kan.

TURKEYS

PURE-BRED MAMMOTH BRONZE TUR-keys and Indian Runner Drakes for sale. Sadie Litton, Peabody, Kan.

PURE-BRED HEAVY BONE MAMMOTH Bronze Turkeys. Write for prices and tur-key pointers. Mrs. Henry Bachelder, Fre-donia, Kan.

MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS, FIRST prize winners at Kansas State Show, 1913. Toms, \$5.00 and up. Eggs in season. Mrs. E. D. Ludwig, Waynoka, Okla.

BRONZE AND BOURBON TURKEY eggs. Setting, \$2.75. Light Brahmas, White Wyandottes, Indian Runner Ducks. Setting, 7.50, prepaid. Orders booked now for later shipments. Mrs. Emma Ahlstedt, Roxbury,

FOR SALE—HIGH-GRADE BOURBON
Red Turkey Toms, \$5 each. I also have
several fine farms for sale very cheap. Good
land for less price than anywhere else in
the United States. Price, \$20 to \$40 per
acre. Write for list. F. M. Kern, Springville, Ind. acre. Wr ville, Ind.

ANCONAS.

PRIZE WINNING MOTTLED ANCONAS. Eggs and baby chicks. Circular free. W. Hardman, Frankfort, Kan.

MOTTLED ANCONAS, BLUE RIBBON strain win, weigh, lay and pay. Write for catalogue. Erle Smiley, Beaver Crossing, Neb., Route 6.

Classified Advertising

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MEN IN EVERY TOWN IN Mo., Kan., Ill., Neb., Okla., Ark., to take orders for nursery stock. Outfit free. Cash weekly. National Nurseries, Lawrence, Kan.

WANTED — RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS.

Many needed for parcels post. Entrance salary now \$75, rapid promotions. Write Ozment, 44 R., St. Louis.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED— \$900 first year, promotion to \$1,800. Exam-inations May 3 in every state. Common ed-ucation sufficient with my coaching. Full information free. Write for booklet V809. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

WANTED — 2,000 RAILWAY MAIL clerks and clerk-carriers for parcel post. Examinations soon. Splendid salaries. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 44 R, St.

MEN AND WOMEN WANTED FOR GOVernment positions. \$90.00 month. Annual vacations. Short hours. Parcel post means thousands or railway mail clerks needed. "Pull" unnecessary. Farmers eligible. Write immediately for free list of positions open. Franklin Institute, Dept. L 36, Rochester, N. Y.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS about over \$60,000 protected positions in U. S. service. More than 40,000 vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Easy to get. Just ask for Booklet A-809. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

COLORADO WANTS FARMERS.— NO better place to live and make money. Land of sunshine and big crops. Climate, soil and opportunities unsurpassed. For reliable information write to W. W. Griswold, Farm Specialist, 465 Chamber of Commerce, Denver, Colo.

SALESMEN—TO SELL HIGH GRADE guaranteed groceries at wholesale direct to farmers, ranchmen and all consumers. Earn \$4 to \$10 and up per day. A big chance to get into business for yourself. Save the buyers the retailer's profit. Every customer is a permanent one. Demand constantly increasing. Latest plan. K. F. Hitchcock Hill Co., Chicago.

CATTLE.

FOR SALE—3 DOUBLE STANDARD Polled Durham bulls of serviceable age, 4 that will be soon. Inspection invited. C. M. Albright, Overbrook, Kan.

FOR SALE—AN ENTIRE DAIRY HERD of 40 cows, Jerseys, Guernseys and Holsteins; all young, with milk records. Will sell reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Jack Hammel, 215 Adams St., Topeka, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention KANSAS FARMER.

FOR SALE—30 HEAD OF REGISTERED Guernsey females and 8 May Rose bulls, 5 of them ready for service. Wilcox & Stubbs Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

REGISTERED HOLSTEIN - FRIESIAN bull calves for sale. One ready for service. Price, \$65.00. T. M. Ewing, Independence, Kan.

EIGHT YOUNG HOLSTEIN BULLS from high class sires and A. R. O. dams. Choice individuals, well grown, all registered, attractive prices. Sunflower Herd, Oskaloosa, Kan. F. J. Searle, Prop.

HOLSTEIN CALVES—SIX CHOICE HOL-stein helfers and one bull, fifteen-sixteenths pure, three to four weeks old. \$20 each, crated for shipment anywhere. All nicely marked and from heavy milkers. Edgewood Farm, Whitewater, Wis.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-FIVE No. 1 DAIRY cows, Jerseys, Holsteins and Guernseys; 34 to 6-gallon cows, 3 to 7 years old. Price, 550 to 880, or a special price for the herd. O. N. Himelburger, 405 Filmore St., Topeka,

SHEEP—I SHALL NOW CLOSE OUT MY fine pure-bred Shropshire ewes, 116 head, at 6 cents per pound to the first party who comes. All bred to extra good Shropshire rams, to lamb in March and April. Thrifty and young, extra well wooled. Come at once. You have a great bargain. One mile west of Washington, Kan. L. Reep.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. R. BOYNTON HAY CO., KANSAS City, Mo. Receivers and shippers. Try us.

WILL SELL FINE ORGAN. GOOD shape. Address J. C. Moore, 106 E. Fourth St., Topeka, Kan.

ROOFING COMPOSITION, SLATE, TILE, sheet metal, tinwork. Rinner & Warren, Topeka, Kan.

WE PRESS, CLEAN, DYE, MAKE AND epair clothes. Glenwood Cleaners, Topeka,

H. W. BOMGARDNER, FUNERAL DI-ector. Excellent new chapel. Best atten-ion. Topeka, Kan.

PATENTS SECURED. SEND MODEL OR sketch for free search. Harry Patton, 323 McGill Bidg., Washington, D. C.

MAIL PRESCRIPTIONS TO GIBLER'S lrug store. Filled correctly, sent parcel drug store. post. Topeka.

PURE ALFALFA—TWO 60-IB. CANS, cased, at \$9.50 per case, f.o.b. Las Animas, Colo. W. P. Morley, Producer.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET, ALL about patents and their cost. Shepherd & Campbell, Patent Attorneys, 500 R. Victor Bldg., Washington, D. C.

GOOD TEETH—SEND ME M. O. FOR \$1 and I will tell you how to make a splendid tooth paste; also how to care for your teeth. G. H. Edgington, Dentist, Syndicate Bldg., Waterloo, Iowa.

AMERICAN, 26 YEARS, SINGLE, SOBER, industrious, no tobacco user, some experiistrious, no tobacco user, some experi-e, wishes position with Protestant farmer west. Good home casential. Address bur Wilcoxson, 1183 Myrtle Ave., Balti-

REAL ESTATE.

320-ACRE FREE HOMESTEADS, BEST soil. Write A. P. Knight, Jirey, Wyo.

FOR SALE—2-ACRE TRACT NEAR AGricultural College, Manhattan. No trade. L. Adams, Cambridge, Kan.

SELL YOUR PROPERTY QUICKLY FOR cash, no matter where located. Particulars free. Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 77, Lincoln, Neb.

FOR SALE, NEAR AGRICULTURAL College, a live business netting \$4,500 a year. Quick cash price. Write now. 1114 Fremont St., Manhattan, Kan.

ONLY \$275 BUYS SMALL FARM. SHARE in profit paid until buyer takes possession. Write quickly for views and particulars. Geo. W. Deen, Box 543, Waycross, Ga.

SOUTHERN NEW YORK FARMS ARE increasing in value every year. Our late catalog free. Billings Farm Agency, Apalachin, Tioga Co., New York.

IMPROVED FARM, TOBACCO LAND, 4 miles Weston market, one mile to Woodruff; 45 cultivated, 17 pasture, running water, house conveniences. Fred Siler, Weston, Mo.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—BRICK STORE building, 25 x 100, with restaurant stock and fixtures, four furnished rooms, for farm or city property. T. P. Crawford, Nortonville, Kan.

FARMS WANTED—WE HAVE DIRECT buyers. Don't pay commissions. Write describing property, naming lowest price. We help buyers locate desirable property Free. American Investment Association, 43 Palace Bidg., Minneapolis, Minn.

SECURE CASH FOR YOUR PROPERTY, no matter where located. To buy or sell, write for particulars, giving full description. National Property Salesman Co., Dept. 10, Omaha, Neb.

MANITOBA—SECTION 5-5-28, W 1, LEV-el, no post holes nor scrub. A steam plow proposition. Close to half dozen elevators. \$15 terms. Discount for cash. Mrs. Cleveland. 53 E. 60th St., North, Portland, Ore.

IF WE WOULD GIVE YOU A 40-ACRE farm free along our line of railroad, would you be willing to tell your friends about our land opening? For particulars address Mr. J. B. Clark, Land Commissioner, Live Oak, Perry & Gulf Railroad Company, Box 137, Live Oak, Florida.

160-ACRE SUMNER COUNTY FARM—Arkansas Valley, apple and alfalfa belt. Six-room house, good barn, other buildings, mostly old; fenced and cross-fenced; extra good water; 65 acres wheat, 15 alfalfa, 15 grove and orchard, balance for spring crops. One mile to good town, three railroads, high school, churches. \$100 per acre if sold soon. Chas. W. Hitchcock, Belle Plaine, Kan.

DOGS.

HOUNDS WILL TRAIL AND RUN UN-til holed or killed. Fox, Wolf, Coon, etc., pedigreed. Sent on 10 days' trial. R. F. Johnson, Assumption, Ill.

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

SWEET CLOVER SEED WANTED.— John Lewis, Madison, Kan.

FIRST CLASS HOME GROWN ALFALFA eed. Inquire of D. Badger, Eureka, Kan.

FOR SALE—SWEET POTATO SEED, all kinds, suitable for all climates. For information write D. Chiles, Oakland, Kan.

MAMMOTH BLACK HULLED WHITE Kafir, hard threshed, selected 17 years for earliness. J. G. Mitchell, Lafontaine, Kan.

RHUBARB ROOTS—GIANT VICTORIA, strong, \$1 per dozen, postpaid; \$5 per 100 f.o.b. Smaller roots, 60c per dozen, \$3 per 100. L. H. Cobb, Dunavant, Kan.

KANSAS SUNFLOWER, REID'S YEL-low Dent, Boone County White, Iowa Silver-mine seed corn. Fred Sanders, Route 3, Concordia, Kan.

PRIZE WATER MELON AND MUSK melon seed. Mammoth Ironclad, Jones' Jumbo, Florida Favorite, Black Diamond, Dixle and Halbert Honey. And the extra early, large and small Hackensack melon. Limited quantity of each of above from prize specimens. All grown under great care for my own 1913 planting. Quarter pound, 20 cents; pound, 60 cents, postpaid. L. M. Deweese, wholesale grower, Richfield, Kan.

TYPEWRITERS

OLIVER VISIBLE TYPEWRITER FOR sale cheap. Perfect condition and does nice writing. Could send on trial. Charley Rickart, Route 5, Rosedale, Kan.

YOUNG MAN

YOUNG MAN. WOULD YOU ACCEPT and wear a fine tailor made suit just for showing it to your friends? Or a Slip-on Raincoat free? Could you use \$5 a day for a little spare time? Perhaps we can offer you a steady job? Write at once and get beautiful samples, styles and this wonderful offer. Banner Tailoring Company, Dept. 210. Chicago. derful offer. Bann Dept. 210, Chicago.

HOGS.

HAMPSHIRE HOGS-MALE PIGS, 150 pounds, \$15. Will Woodruff, Kinsley, Kan.

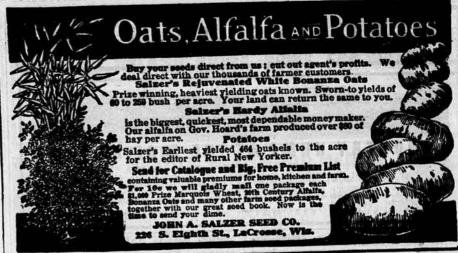
FINE MULEFOOT BOAR PIGS, SIRED by the famous 600-pound King Royal, at bargain prices. A. I. Campbell, Rice, Kan.

FOR SALE—BIG MULEFOOT SOWS bred to 1912 grand champion boar. Also seed corn. John Dunlap, Box 416, Wil-liamsport, Ohio.

PEDIGREED POLAND CHINA FALL pigs and bred gilts for March farrow. Bargains. Catalog free. Lawndale Herd, Hia-

GOATS

TOGGENBURG, FAANEN; HEAVY milkers. Pea fowl, Pekin ducks, mink. Prospectus, 4 cents. Golden Goat Reserve, Combs, Ark.



Buys 165 Egg National Incubator And Brooder

\$9.00 Incubator and \$4.00 Brooder for \$10. FREIGHT PREPAID
Strong firmersol, metal case, flet water hashing system, patients on a broakable imm, posted class borer, Brooder watertank, Death Class borer, Brooder has eafery lamp. Is roomy and easy to clean.

Order direct from this advertisement, We guarantee easy to clean.

Order direct from this advertisement, We guarantee easy to clean.

Order direct from this advertisement, We guarantee easy to clean.

Order direct from this advertisement, We guarantee east to clean.

Order direct from this advertisement, We guarantee east to clean.

Order Rook.

Brand new Foultry Book free, Order Now.

EGG NATIONAL INCUBATOR COMPANY, 1319 19th St., Racine, Wis

HORSES AND MULES.

FOR SALE—35 HEAD OF WESTERN mares in foal; age 3 to 7 years. O'Loughlin Bros., Lakin, Kan.

SIX BLACK JACKS—GOOD, SMOOTH, sound fellows, priced to sell. Lewis Cox, Concordia, Kan.

WANTED—SHIRE STALLION, 1 TO 9 years old. Give description and price first letter. Sterling Harness, Urich, Mo.

TWO REGISTERED PERCHERON STAL-ons for sale. Charles Covell, Wellington,

ONE REGISTERED FRENCH DRAFT tallion, 12 years, 1,800 pounds, gray. One lack mammoth jack, 6 years, 500 pounds, uit business. Will Barnes, Hiattville, Kan.

ONE IMPORTED PERCHERON STAL-lion for sale or trade for cattle, coming eight years old. John Krasnicka, Banner, Kan.

FOR SALE—BAY PERCHERON HIGH-grade stallion, coming 2 years old; 1,400 pounds. Will J. Stewart, Route 22, Waka-rusa, Kan.

ONE GOOD BLACK REGISTERED PER-cheron stallion, coming five years old, for sale. Price right. One eight-year-old black jack for sale or trade. D. Kempton & Sons, Burden, Kan.

MULES FOR SALE—37 HEAD OF COM-ng 3-year-old mules, about half mares; all ig-boned and from 14.2 to 16 hands high, few of them broke to harness. C. W. Hig-inbotham & Sons, Rossville, Shawnee Co.,

PURE BRED POULTRY

DUCKS AND GEESE.

BUFF ORPINGTON DUCK EGGS \$3.00 or 11. Mrs. W. G. Prather, Eureka, Kan.

INDIAN BUNNER DUCK EGGS, 20 FOR \$1.00. D. Flesher, Princeton, Kan.

INDIAN RUNNER FAWN AND WHITE drakes at \$2.00. Mrs. Minnie Miller, Kindrakes at caid, Kan.

AMERICAN FAWN AND WHITE RUN-ners—Eggs, 13, \$1.25; 40, \$3.25. W. A. Hi-lands, Culver, Kan.

FISHEL'S WHITE INDIAN RUNNER Duck eggs, \$3 for 12, express prepaid; fawn and white, 16 for \$1.50, delivered. National Duck Farm, Letohatchee, Ala.

INDIAN RUNNERS, AMERICAN AND English. Greatest layers. Also Silver Wyandottes. Eggs, \$2 for 1b, postpaid. Orders booked now. Mrs. Ed Bergmann, Route 9, Paola, Kansas.

INDIAN RUNNER DUCK EGGS—FAWN and white, both light and dark. Heavy layers of white eggs. \$1.50 for 13 eggs, \$5, \$6 and \$7 per 100. Mrs. Annie E. Kean, Route , Carlton, Kan.

SEVERAL BREEDS.

THOROUGHBRED POULTRY — SIXTY varieties. Catalog free. Jordan Poultry Farm, Coffeyville, Kan.

ALL VARIETIES OF ROCKS, LEG-horns, Reds, Orpingtons, Langshans, Minor-cas, etc. Choice quality. Low prices. Kan-sas Farms, Virgil, Kan.

43 VARIETIES, POULTRY, PIGEONS, ducks, geese, water fow! Incubators. and supplies. Catalogue 4 cents. Mi Squab Co., Dept. C. V., Kirkwood, Mo.

EGGS FROM BLUE RIBBON WINNERS—Single Comb White Leghorns and Orpingtons, Fawn and White Indian Runner Ducks. Thol R. Wolfe, Conway Springs, Kan.

55 BREEDS PURE-BRED CHICKENS, ducks, geese, turkeys, Collie dogs. Catalog free. Belgrade Poultry Farm, Mankato,

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — ONE 8-months-old Collie bitch and several pups sired by Imp. Ornskirk Sample. Want poultry or offer, no \$5 dogs. A. G. Hillman, Red Oak, Iowa.

HARRY INMAN & SONS, ROUTE 1, KEO-kuk, Iowa, can furnish you eggs for hatch-ing from Black Javas, Reds, Hamburgs, White Polish Bantams and Indian Runner Ducks. Write for mating list.

EGGS, \$1.50. WHITE CORNISH, WHITE and Black Orpingtons and Light Brahmas. Prize winners. Scored to 95 by Rhodes. C. B. Zeck, Solomon, Kan.

PURE BRED POULTRY

SEVERAL BREEDS

BREEDER AND JUDGE OF ALL LAND nd water fowls. Terms and catalog free. W. Brehm, Route 4, Harvard, Neb.

SIXTY VARIETIES FANCY GEESE, ducks, turkeys, chickens, pea fowls, guincas, pigeons, pheasants. Stock and eggs cheap. 60-page catalog. 2 cents. F. J. Damann, Farmington, Minn.

EGGS AND STOCK FROM CHOICE S. C. W. Orpingtons, S. C. W. Leghorns, also English Penciled Indian Runner Ducks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. R. H. Rhodes, Maize, Kan.

LEON MOORHOUSE, WRIGHT, KAN., breeder of 25 varieties of poultry. Eggs from \$1.50 to \$5 per setting. First class stock. Satisfaction guaranteed. Send for circular.

QUALITY CHICKS—LEADING VARIE-ties. Prices reasonable. Request folder. Capacity, 15,000. McCune Hatchery, South-east, Ottawa, Kansas.

FOR QUICK SALE — EGGS — STOCK from Moore's Partridge Columbian Silver Penciled Buff, Barred and White Plymouth Rocks; Cochin Bantams. Eggs prepaid. Favorite Poultry Farm, Stafford, Kan.

BOOK YOUR ORDERS FOR EGGS OF Barred, Buff, White Rocks, White and Brown Leghorns, Wyandottes, Langshans, Brahmas, Orpingtons, R. I. Reds, Geese, Ducks, Turkeys and Guineas with the Monroe Poultry Yards, Monroe, Iowa.

RHODE ISLAND REDS.

GOOD SINGLE COMB BEDS-STOCK for sale. Elmer Nixon, Prairie View, Kan.

S. C. REDS, EGGS AND BABY CHICKS from prize winners. Mrs. P. D. Spohn, Inman, Kan.

S. C. RED MALES, \$2; FEMALES, \$1. Excellence combined for size, eggs, color and vigor. O. G. Welch, Ipava, Ill.

SINGLE COMB RED COCKERELS
Score card furnished. Gertrude Haynes,
Meriden, Kan. F. B. SEVERANCE, LOST SPRINGS, Kan., breeder of Rose and Single Comb R. I. Reds. Write for free mating list.

HIGH SCORING ROSE COMB REDS—Good winter layers. 100 eggs, \$3.50. A. N. Peterson, Waterville, Kan.

THOROUGHBRED SINGLE COMB Rhode Island Red cockerels for sale. Mrs. Clara Helm., Route 8, Topeka, Kan.

BIG-BONED DEEP RED R. C. REDSong body, low tall, red eyes; scored 90 to 1. Cockerels, \$2.50 and \$5. Eggs, 15 cents, uaranteed. Highland Farm, Hedrick, Iowa.

REDS, R. C. KANSAS STATE SHOW winners. You don't buy our reputation. Mating list now ready. E. H. Hartenberger, Newton, Kan. S. C. R. I. REDS, RICKSECKER STRAIN. White Wyandottes, Ruston strain. Cockerels, \$2.50; pullets. \$2. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mrs. H. Bowker, De Kalb, Ill.

ROSE COMB REDS — WON EIGHT firsts, four seconds and one third last season. Eggs, \$1.50 and \$2 per 15; cheaper in larger numbers. Mrs. H. F. Martindale, Madison, Kan.

S. C. R. I. REDS—WINNERS WHER-ever shown. Stock for sale. Eggs from \$1.50 to \$4 per setting. R. S. Steele, Route 7, Topeka, Kan.

R. C. REDS, EGGS FOR SETTING booked now. Pen 1 scoring above 90. \$4.00 per setting. Pen No. 2, 3 and 4, \$2.50 per setting. F. C. Wood, Fairmont, Neb.

RHODE ISLAND REDS—ALSO ORPING-tons, White and Buff. Males and females, eggs for hatching, and baby chicks for sale, Extra good stock, priced right for ready sale. C. W. Landrum, Carthage, Mo.

ROSE COMB R. I. REDS—SECOND cockerel, Leavenworth; first cockerel at Atchison and Kansas City. Prize winning females. Eggs, \$2 to \$5 per setting. Dr. W. B. Myers, Leavenworth, Kan.

ROSE COMB RED EGGS, FROM PENS headed by roosters costing from \$10 to \$30 and out of splendid hens. These are very choice matings. Fifteen eggs, \$1.50; 30, \$2.50; 50, \$4; and 100, \$7.50. Good range flock. \$4 per 100. Grandview Stock Farm, W. R. Huston, Prop., Americus, Kan.

BARGAINS IN LAND



COUNTRY HOME AT THE EDGE OF

Three blocks from car line and paved streets of Atchison, Kan. About nine acres in fruit and garden. Beautiful 11-room house, city electric lights, steam heat, sewer, bath, hot and cold water, private waterworks with electric pump. About 8 blocks from school. Atchison's educational facilities unexcelled. An ideal home with all the city advantages and none of its taxes. Take advantage of this before somebody gets ahead of you. Address
HENRY JACOBS, 913 MAIN ST., ATCHISON, KANSAS

Write New Home Land Co., Springfield, Mo., for lists of farm lands.

BARGAINS in Ness County land, large and small tracts. Write now for lists and literature. C. H. Brassfield, Ness City, Kan.

A HOME BARGAIN.

80 acres, well improved, 2% miles from town and graded school; good alfalfa land. Price \$6000. Write for list. V. E. Niquette, Salina, Kan.

KINGMAN 1,120 a. solid body, 350 cult., 500
COUNTY
KANSAS
RANCH

EANCH

LAND CO., Kingman, Kansas.

LAND to Exchange. Eighty smooth mow land in eastern Kansas, close to railroad; good hay barn 32 x 40. Price, \$3,600. As part will take good 5-passenger auto.

J. E. POWELL, Jola, Kan.

Two miles from this town. Well improved, 40 acres pasture, rest farm land; 40 acres wheat goes with place. Possession March 1. Will carry back \$10,000. Price, \$16,000. ROY PUGH, Clay Center, Kan.

FINE 160 A. FARM, lime stone soil, good house, barn, etc. Nicely located. Will produce wheat, corn, clover, alfalfa. Part cultivated, balance pasture, meadow. Close to Fredonia, Kan., in oil gas belt. Will take \$40 a. and is worth \$75. Address Owner, Lock Box 807, Fredonia, Kan.

SOUTHERN LANDS—Farm and timbered lands in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi. Delta lands, the richest yet the cheapest lands in the United States. For prices and particulars write

D. H. BALFOUR & CO.,
1501-1517 Central Bank Bidg., Memphis, Tenn.

debts. Farms that pay owner net from \$15 to \$25 per acre. Prices from \$75 to \$150 per acre. We have a few exchanges. Longmont Realty Co., Longmont, Colo.

\$1.75 PER MONTH
For ten months buys level, well located lot in Plains, Kan. A glit-edge proposition for those who act promptly. Only a few to be sold at this price. Send \$1.75 first payment, or write for complete list. ACT QUICK. JOHN W. BAUGHMAN, Drawer B, Plains, Kan.

The Best Live Stock Region in the World, right here in Greenwood County. Pasture lands or improved farms at paying investment prices. Two sections of pasture at \$22.50, good terms. Watch this space each week and write me.

A. F. DOVE, Hamilton, Kansas.

Virginia Farms and Homes

Free Catalog of Splendid Bargains. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

DICKINSON COUNTY BARGAIN.
97½ Acres fine river bottom land, one mile from Abilene, on main road, well improved; 35 acres alfalfa, 40 acres wheat. Wheat all goes. Not a foot of waste land. For sale at a bargain. Write for particulars and list.

at a bargain.
list.
Briney, Pautz & Danford, Abilene, Kan.

MAKE MONEY in the Dairy and Poultry business. Come to Mountain Grove, Wright County, Mo. The coming Dairy and Poultry country of the southwest. Good farm land cheap; mild winters, fine water, fine grass, good health. Write for descriptive literature. NEIGHBORS & FRISBEE, Mountain Grove, Missouri.

Eastern Kansas Farm Bargain

Eighty acres, 4 miles from Osage City, Kan.; 45 acres in cultivation, family orchard, native grass pasture and meadow; 4-room house, good condition; good cellar, stable for five horses, corn crib, hen house, buggy house, good water, close to school, R. F. D. Price for quick sale, \$3,200.

J. C. RAPP & CO., Osage City, Kansas.

Quenemo, Kan. Price, \$25 per acre. 166
Acres, 4 miles from Quenemo, highly improved grain and stock farm. Price, \$9.000.
Liberal terms. 320-Acre Stock Farm, 4 miles from Quenemo; good improvements, neverfailing water; 150 acres alfalfa land, 15 acres alfalfa. Price, \$40 per acre. Terms. 80 Acres, improved. 3 miles from town.
Price, \$2,500. Terms.
THE EASTERN KANSAS LAND CO.,
Quenemo, Kansas.

FARM FOR SALE

410 Acres, 70 acres bottom in cultivation, lots of timber, good living water, grass, good orchard, good buildings, house modern 28x30, two-story, good well and large cistern, barn 30x70 two-story. A fine stock ranch, 14 miles east of Junction City, 11 miles northwest of Alta Vista. Per acre, \$44. Terms reasonable. For further particulars write to FRANK C. THIERER, Route 3, Alma, Kan.

FRANK C. THIERER, Route 5, Alms, Rass.

160 ACRES, 1½ miles County Seat. 140
acres cultivated, 18 acres pasture, 2 acres
timber on little creek. Five-room house. All
good land. Seventy acres in wheat, balance
will be put in oats. Price, \$6.500, easy terms.

160 Acres, all in wheat, every foot smooth,
half delivered to market; 3 miles railway
town, 9 miles county seat; good rich German
settlement. \$7.500, easy terms. Will guarantee 10 per cent ca investment this year.
F. L. NEWTON, Clay Center, Kan.
The farm I advertised before sold first
week, like all live Largains, they go quick.

CORN, WHEAT AND ALFALFA LANDS and stock ranches, \$10 to \$15. Also city property. Winons Land Co., Winons, Kan.

Four miles of Ottawa, Kan. Price, \$50.00 MANSFIELD LAND CO., Ottawa, Kan.

OUR RED LETTER SPECIAL.

Will trade your property. Get into touch with live wires. Guaranteed deal. List to-day. Write for particulars. MID-WEST REALTY EXCHANGE, Riverton, Nebr.

FOR SALE—24-section ranch in rain belt of the Panhandle of Texas. Well watered and fenced, close to high school and rail-road. Plenty of farming land.

J. W. KNORPP, Groom, Texas.

320 ACRES of good farm land in Gray County, Texas, improved, rented this year on shares. Three miles of station. Other land for sale. Write J. W. KNORPP, Groom, Texas.

CROPS WILL PAY FOR IT. 329 acres, all smooth, improved, only \$3,600, with \$400 cash, balance crop payments. Send for details and list of other snaps for cash or casy torus.

Buxton Land Co., Utica, Ness County, Kan. TWO BARGAINS.

100 acres near Olathe, well improved, fine, \$110.00 per acre.
Fifty-seven acres, improved, best of Kaw bottom land, greatest bargain in the county, AT KANSAS CITY'S DOOR. Write for lists.
T. H. MILLER, Olathe, Kansas.

150 THOUSAND ACRES

Black and chocolate loam farm land in Texas. Price, \$7.00 to \$10.00 per acre. Full description and testimonials furnished free. Write me today. E. M. GIFFEE, Blossom House, Kansas City, Mo.

BEST TOWN TO LIVE IN. If you would like to live in the most beautiful city in the West, with unsurpassed educational, business and religious advantages, in a city clean, progressive, where real estate values are low but steadily advancing, where living expenses are reasonable, a city with natural gas at lowest price, address the

address the SECRETARY of the COMMERCIAL CLUB, Topeka, Kansan.

FOR EXCHANGE

WE TRADE OR SELL ANYTHING ANY-where. The Realty Exchange Co., 18-22 Randall Bldg., Newton, Kan.

BUY or Trade with us—Exchange book free. BERSIE AGENCY, El Dorado, Kan.

EXCHANGES EVERYWHERE. Get our fair plan of making trades all over the United States. Graham Bros., El Dorado, Ks.

QUEEN ANNE COTTAGE in Kansas City, Mo., well located, strictly modern, to trade for small farm. Write TRIPLETT LAND CO., Garnett, Kansas.

We Can Save You Time and Money if you buy, sell and exchange property with us. All kinds of properties for sale.
Donwell, 3621 Wyandotte, Kansas City, Mo.

Live Trades Would you trade if suited? Write for our list of snappy exchanges and listing blank. Describe property first letter. Mellor, Whitewater, Kan.

EXCHANGE—Will trade my equity in 80 acres, Saline County; 6-room house, barn, well and mill, cistern, chicken house, some fenced hog-tight, 50 acres cultivated, 1½ miles to school, 3½ miles to two towns; mortgage, \$3,500, at 6 per cent. For live stock, hardware, or clear rental.

ED. A. DAVIS, Minneapolis, Kansas.

THE STRAY LIST

C. C. STOTLER, COUNTY CLERK, WAbaunsee County—Taken up—by W. R. Banks, Wamego, Kan., on January 27, 1 red, white faced steer, about 3 years old, 5 feet, 3 inches high. Dulpa cut down, branded "Z" on left side. Appraised value \$50.

FIELD NOTES

Bayless & DeRo Sale.

The big horse sale to be held at Blue Mound, Kan., by Bayless & DeRo, will be under cover so that the weather cannot make any difference. Read the fine advertisement on another page and be sure to go.

A. R. James of Galena, Kan., writes:
"We had an advertisement of our Toggenburg milch goats in Kansas Farmer, and soon sold all of the does we had to spare. We got lots of inquiries. We only have two young bucks for sale now, but they are out of prize winning stock."

Newton Sells Land Easy.

F. L. Newton of Clay Center, Kan., sends change of copy for the land card he is carrying in Kansas Farmer, and writes that he has sold the farm advertised last week to Mr. C. C. Lorimer of Great Bend, Kan. The propositions this week are good and should interest those wanting homes.

Roy Pugh of Clay Center, Kan., advertises a river bottom farm, located two miles from the good town of Clay Center. The price is reasonable and he will carry back over half the purchase price, Write him and mention Kansas Farmer.



No-SHAMMY The Parcel Post

There's water in gasoline and kerosene. This causes the majority of your engine troubles. Your engine won't start to run with water in the carburetor—and water freezes. Nothing wrong with magneto or batteries—it's water in the fuel. Chamois skin will not take out all water—chamois fiber clogs the carburetor, causing trouble that's hard to find. We guarantee No-Shammy funnels will take all water and dirt out of gasoline and kerosene, or we will refund your money. That's fair? No. 1, 10 gallons a minute, \$3.00 each, No. 2, 5 gallons a minute, \$2.00 each, by parcel post. Send for interesting booklet, free. Just pin money to your letter and mail at our risk. THE NO-SHAMMY PRODUCTS CO., 5704 HOUGH AVE., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

GOING TO BUILD A SILO? r name today for our silo book. Your choice of two famous silos. Get most aut silage feeding profits and startling facts about

The Hinge Door and Lansing Silos

Hinge-Door Silo has the only practical door construction. Book Free-write quick. CONTINENTAL CREAMERY COMPANY Address Department 21



MAKE YOURSELF WORTH MORE BY STUDY AGRICULTURE, HOME ECONOMY MECHANICS

OVER 100 COURSES.

Reading Courses, \$1.00; Extension Courses, \$3.00; Credit Courses, \$4.00. For Non-Resident Students, \$2.00, \$6.00, \$7.50.
Send for Correspondence Course Bulletin.
Sec'y H. L. KENT, K. S. A. C., Box A, Manhattan.

DIVORCE THE WASH BOARD

SELF - WASH Washes clothes without rubbing. If unsatisfactory, money refunded. Guarantee on every package. Send 25c today for package of 12 bricks—use one brick a week. Manufactured, sold and guaranteed by

The SELF-WASH CO., Desk K. F., Kansas City, Mo.

Golden Wyandottes.

J. F. Ingamells of Clay Center, Kan., the Golden Wyandotte specialist, starts a card with us this week offering eggs from high scoring birds for the low price of \$1.50 per setting.

W. F. Fulton, the well known and suc-cessful Poland China breeder of Waterville, Kan., announces a sale of bree sows, fall boars and glits and Jersey cows for April 18, Write any time for catalog and mention Kansas Farmer.

Jewell's Polands.

Jewell Bros., Humboldt, Kan., make a change in their advertisement and announce a May litter of two boars and five gilts for sale. These Poland Chinas are highly bred and the neighborhood is free from disease.

Blank & Webb's Duroc Sale.

The Duroc sale held by Blank & Webb at Oxford, Kan., on February 15, was a success. Thirty head averaged \$31.78 and the balance of the offering was late fall pigs and sold for about \$15 each. The herd boar, Ohio Eagle, by Ohio Chief, went to Samuel Drybread at Elk City, Kan. Mr. Blank and Mr. Webb were well pleased with the results of the sale. Col. Lafe Burger of Wellington, Kan., did the selling, and made a quick, snappy sale, selling the entire lot in about two hours.

Made a quick, snappy saie, seiling the entire lot in about two hours.

Kyles Made Only Fair Sale.

Local conditions were bad for the Ira Kyle & Son sale held at Mankato, Kan., February 12. Quite a lot of good breeders were present, but the fact that cholera prevalled in the locality and such a large per cent of the sows were bred late resulted in a rather low average. The top was \$50, that price being paid by W. A. Davidson of Simpson, Kan., for No. 1. a tried sow bred to Glant Chief Price. Following is a list of best sales:

1—W. A. Davidson, Simpson, Kan. \$50.00

2—F. C. Strebel, Alton 41.00

3—J. B. Golry, Formoso 46.00

4—George Nowles, Glasco 40.00

5—Forest Vandorn, Cawker City 30.00

6—J. W. Leeper, Norton 37.00

8—P. Garman, Mankato 40.00

11—Josias Lambert, Smith Center 39.00

12—Floyd Lydel, Randall 33.00

13—Francis Finn, Formoso 39.00

14—Francis Finn, Formoso 39.00

14—Francis Finn, Formoso 39.00

15—A. Montgomery, Smith Center 37.00

20—H. Barger, Cawker City 50.00

21—M. T. Shields, Lebanon 34.00

Bishop Bros. of Towanda, Kan.. whose ad appears in this paper, surely have a splendid lot of good young stallions. In an open letter they say: "We are glad to announce to you that we have on hand fifty head of the best young stallions we have ever owned. They are all good colors, sound, and carrying all the essential points and finish which go to make a typical high-class draft stallion. We have been very careful in selecting them to see to it that they were of the right kind, for it is of importance in a draft stallion that he sound on his feet and legs, and one that will stay sound, for it costs no more to feed and develop the good kind than it does the poor kind, and in the end we have the kind which buyers are demanding. Our stallions are two, three and four years old, mostly two-year-olds. Our two-year-olds weigh from 1,600 to 1,900 pounds. Our three and four-year-olds from 1,800 to 2.150 pounds. If you are in the market for a good young stallion, we cordially invite you to visit our barns and inspect our stallions before you buy, for we can and will sell you a stallion for less money and a better value than any firm in the business, for the simple reason that we grow and develop almost all of our horses, and then keep our expenses at the barns down to the minimum. If you are in the market for a stallion, write us, or better, visit our barns in Towanda. They are the homes of the good ones, and if we do not show you the best lot of stallions in the United States for the money we will pay your railroad fare each way. And remember, we place as liberal a breeding guarantee on our stallions as can be found anywhere. We know they have been properly grown and will meet your expectations; and allow us to say right here, of all the stallions we have ever sold, every one has given perfect satisfaction, with only two exceptions."

When writing advertisers, please mention Kansas Farmer.



TIGHT SHOES—ACHING FEET

ABSORBENT HEEL ARCH CUSHIONS obtain immediate relief without increasing size of shoes. They elevate the heel, prevent the foot from pressing forward, therefore the foot appears more shapely. Valuable to Men and Women. 25 cts. by mail. State size of shoes.

WATERPROOFING for Shoes, make the old feel like kid, and look like new, softens and improves leather, tight shoes more comfortable, protects health. 25 cts. by mail.

WATERPROOFING is suitable for the on Vehicle Tops, Harness, Trunks, Satchels, and every article made of leather, or artificial leather. Large box 50 cts. Discount to dealers. Agents wanted.

Small sample plece Absorbent Cushion, also of Waterproof leather mailed if requested.

Easy Wear Shoe Co.. - Newburgh, N. Y.

Easy Wear Shoe Co., - Newburgh, N. Y.



Get our Prices Buy the Right Silo at the Right Price

and SAVE from \$25 to \$50 on the cost of your silo.

Made from the best of material and shipped on approval. Send for free catalog and price list. INDEPENDENT SILO CO.,

1515 Genesee St., Kansas City, Missouri. 272 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

SEED CORN

Silver Mine, Boone County White.
Customers south say it pays to get my
vigorous seed from the north. It's guaranteed. \$2.25 a bushel. JOHN HAGGLUND, Essex, Iowa.

Hopper & Son, Manhattan, Kansas **Builders** of

Concrete Silos

Write for list of silos we have built. Ask our customers about them.

FANCY SEED CORN Boone County White, Reid's Yellow Dent and Hiawatha Yellow Dent. Catalog free. J. F. HAYNES, Farmer Seed Corn Grower, Grantville, Kan.

When writing advertisers, please mention KANSAS FARMER.

POLAND CHINAS

GREEN LAWN STOCK FARM.

Some good September and October pigs at \$30 a pair. Strictly big type breeding. Don't forget Cr February 22 bred sow sale. Write for catalogue.

A. J. ERHART & SONS, Adrian, Mo.

A's Big Orange For Sale

Sired by the noted Bir Orange, one of
the best Big Type Poland Boars living.
Will sell at a discount. Immune and fully guaranteed. Also 25 fall pigs and
choice young Shorthorn bulls and a few
bred heifers.

bred heifers. S. B. Amcoats, Clay Center, Kansas.

STRAUS SPOLAND CHINAS Model Bill 54634 heads our herd, assisted by Model Wonder, one of the largest yearl-ing boars of the breed. Fifteen spring boars for sale, priced to move them. O. B. STRAUSS, Route 1, Milford, Kan.

12 BIG POLAND BOARS 12

I still have a dozen extra choice spring boars, including two out of the great sow, Tecumseh Golddust, and sired by Blue Valley Golddust. Special prices for one week. R. J. PECKHAM, Pawnee City, Nebraska.

TWENTY-FIVE SEPTEMBER BOARS AND GILTS
Sired by Big Bone Pete and out of mighty big sows. Express prepaid.
J. L. GRIFFITHS, RILEY, KANSAS.

HERD BOAR FOR SALE.

Because I cannot use him longer I will sell my herd boar, Colossus Pan, a son of Colossus and out of the noted Expansion sow, Queen Over Pan. Also fall pigs, either sex. Hubert J. Griffiths, Clay Center, Kan,

FALL BOARS FOR SALE—Sired by First Quality and First Prize, a Mouw bred boar, out of such sows as Lady Golddust by Goldust. Hadley bred sow sale February 6. James Arkell, Route 4, Junction City, Kan.

Herd Boars For Sale Five outstanding good ones. Three for sale, including Mogul's Monarch and Prince

Hadley. J. H. HARTER, Westmoreland, Kan.

SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK.
For sale, 12 young boars, will make herd headers; 30 choice gilts; 100 spring pigs.
Prices reasonable.
W. A. BAKER & SON, Butler, Mo.

DUROC JERSEYS

DUROC APRIL BOARS—Well built, good length, heavy bone. Gilts bred for May farrow. Summer and fall pigs, both sexes. Write me what you want to buy. Have some choice stuff I will guarantee satisfaction on. Herd material and farmer's kind.

J. E. WELLER, Faucett, Mo.

DUROC BRED SOWS AND GILTS.

25 choice Duroc Jersey tried sows and gilts, bred to a son of White Hall King. Good individuals and richly bred.

HOWELL BROS., Herkimer, Kan.

PERFECTION STOCK FARM DUROC JER-SEY HOGS.

For Sale—20 Spring Duroc Jersey gilts and spring boars, pairs and trios, not related. We sell at farmers' prices. CLASSEN BROS., Union, Okla.

GOLDEN RULE DURO JERSEYS

Young boars all sold. Sows all reserved for big bred sow sale January 30. Can spare one good herd boar December 15. LEON CARTER, Asherville, Kan.

Crow's Durocs

wenty-one good Duroc boars from 125 to pounds. All vaccinated. Price reason-

W. R. CROW, Hutchinson, Kansas.

MARSH CREEK DUROCS.

Bred gilts all sold. Choice fall boars and gilts at current prices. Choice breeding and individuality.

R. P. WELLS, Formoso, Kan.

DUROC BRED SOWS FOR SALE.
Choice individuals, sired by Tatarrax
Chief, White House King and Carl Critic.
Reasonable prices.
ALVIN VILANDER, Manhattan, Kan.

OHIO IMPROVED CHESTERS

O. I. C.—125 Head Hogs

Pigs in pairs. Bred sows, and 40 boars ready for service. Fifty fall gilts.

W. H. LYNCH, READING, KAN.

O. I. C. PIGS.—H. W. Haynes, Meriden, Kan.

HAMPSHIRE HOGS



ECLIPSE FARM HAMPSHIRES.

Tried sows and gilts for sale, bred for spring farrow. A few fall pigs left. A. M. BEAR, Medora, Kan.

THOMPSON'S growthy Mule Foot Hogs have won more first prizes than any herd in America. Stock of all ages for sale, sired by or bred to my 6 State Fair first prize winning males. Prices low, quality high. Write for prices and information. CHAS. K. THOMPSON, Letts, Ind.

MULE FOOT HOGS

FIELD NOTES

Morrison's Red Poils.

Charles Morrison & Son, owners of the Phillips County herds of Red Polled cattle and Poland China swine, change their advertisement to announce that all of their bulls over eight months old have been sold. Look at their card.

W. J. Roof, Maize, Kan., has a fine flock of Single Comb Brown Leghorns, the best of egg layers. He took several premiums on this variety at the recent State Poultry Show at Wichita.

Auld Bros.' Red Pells.

Auld Bros., the noted breeders of Red Polled cattle at Frankfort, Kan., start their advertising card in this week's issue. They now offer five choice young buils for sale. They were sired by Prince, a son of the great Actor, which headed the Phillips County herd for so long and so successfully. There is no breed gaining in popularity more rapidly than the Red Polls, and Auld Bros. can give you a good start with one of these great dehorners.

Percheron Mares and Colts.

On March 6 Mr. Fred B. Glover of Grand View, Mo., will sell a bunch of Percheron mares. These mares are high class, being strong in Brilliant blood. The colts are yearlings and coming two, and are sired by an imported Percheron staillon with a very fashionable pedigree. The offering is one worth while looking after, and farmers and breeders are invited to attend. The farm is only 12 miles from Kansas City, on the Frisco and Kansas City Southern railways. All prospective buyers will be taken to the farm by auto if they fail to connect with either train. Please send for catalog and arrange to attend this sale.

Last Call for Northwest Missouri Breeders'

And arrange to attend this sale.

Last Call for Northwest Missouri Breeders' Sale.

This will be the last call for the Northwest Missouri Breeders' sale at Cameron, Mo., February 27. Col. T. E. Deem, the well known pure-bred stock auctioneer, who is manager of the sale, will have a fine offering of registered Percheron, Shire, Belgian, German Coach and road stallions and mares for this, the first sale of the Association. They are from the herds of Missouri's best horse breeders and are right in every way. There will also be a number of mammoth jacks in the sale, and the entire offering will be high class. Don't forget the date, February 27.

Percheron Stud Book.

Volume 14 of the Percheron Stud Book is just off the press. In addition to the pedigree records for which it was published, this book contains a large number of reference pedigrees, rules of registration, and other valuable matter. It is illustrated with portraits of the members, officers and directors. As the Percheron Society of America is the oldest Percheron record association in the world and the only one now in America, these annual volumes are highly valuable. Address Secretary Wayne Dinsmore, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, III.

Kelsey's Seed Corn.

M. T. Kelsey of 106 Arter Ave., Topeka, Kan., has a seed corn ad in this week's issue. Last year Mr. Kelsey had a quantity of fine seed corn and conceived the idea of selling it direct to farmers, instead of wholesaling it to seed houses. So he placed a small ad in Kansas Farmer and found ready sale for his surplus seed. He offered it under an unqualified guaranty, as he is doing again this year. While he sold to several hundred customers, none of them asked for their money back, as they had been assured they could. Indeed, some of the customers ordered three, four, and five times, for themselves and neighbors. Mr. Kelsey raises his own corn, being an extensive farmer, and sells only what he raises and picks out as being good seed. Further, he tests all of it, so he knows when shipping it out that it is what he plants, of good quality as to breed, strain and germinating power. Write him as above addressed for free sample and prices.

J. E. Clary & Sons' Big Sale.

nating power. Write him as above addressed for free sample and prices.

J. E. Clary & Sons' Big Sale.

Attention is called to the sale advertisement of J. E. Clary & Sons in this issue of Kansas Farmer. On March 12 at Sheridan, Mo., they will hold their sixteenth annual sale of jacks, jennets, horses, mules, and cows, and this year will sell at lot of brood sows. Clary & Sons' annual sale is always the sale event of northwest Missouri and always draws buyers from many states. This year they will have a great offering—25 head of jacks and jennets that are the right kind. The jacks range in age from yearlings to 4-year-olds. They are all black with white points, big-boned, high quality fellows, and all are mammoth bred. They are the kind that never fall to go out and make good. The jennets are an extra lot. They have the size and quality and are the kind that raise the jacks that win the prizes. They are all bred to the noted jack, Ben Hur. There will be a lot of horses and mules sold in this sale, among them some fine young draft and road mares and young mules that are hard to beat. An extra lot of cows will also go in this sale. Some of them will have calves at side and all are safe in calf. A lot of good brood sows will be included in this sale. Look up their advertisement and arrange to attend this sale. They will interest you. Sheridan is on the Great Western Railroad, north from St. Joseph. Good train service.

PEKalb to Have Great Hampshire Sale.

On the Great Western Railroad, north from St. Joseph. Good train service.

DeKalb to Have Great Hampshire Sale.
H. D. DeKalb's sale of Hampshire bred sows at Council Bluffs, Iowa, March 12, will be one of the greatest bred sow sales of the season. On that date Mr. DeKalb will sell 60 head of Hampshire sows bred to such boars as Major 1969, the only living son of the great prize winning Hampshire boar, Stone's Duke, and to DeKalb's King 15th, a son of Major and by the best judges said to be an almost perfect Hampshire boar; Show Me, by Signet; DeKalb's King 15th, by Major, out of Nellie Aylor 2d, by General Munson, sire of Stone's Duke and DeKalb's King 5th, all of them direct descendants of the greatest prize winners of the breed. This offering will include a number of tried sows that are among the best of Mr. DeKalb's great sow herd. Also fall yearlings that for size and quality are all that could be desired. The spring gilts in the sale will be an outstanding good lot. Mr. DeKalb owns a herd of Hampshire sows second to none in existence. His herd is composed almost entirely of daughters and granddaughters of the noted prize winners of the breed, including Stone's Duke, Pat Malloy, Earlinger and other grand champions, and many of them are out of prize-winning dams. His offering this year has been carefully selected from the large number of Hampshire sows and gilts on Evergreen Farm, and every one in the sale will be a good one. They are the result of eight years of careful constructive breeding and are right in every way. Send for catalog at once. They are ready. Please mention Kansas Farmer when writing. See sale ad in this issue.

POLAND CHINAS

POLAND CHINAS

50 HEAD POLAND CHINA SOWS FOR SALE 50

WE WILL not make a public sale and we are offering 50 of the best big-type sows ever listed at private treaty. Among these are prize-winning sows, yearlings, spring gilts and matured sows. These are bred to our 1,024-pound boar, Chief Price Again 2d, and W's Wonder. Bred for January, February, March, April and May farrow. Write us at once.

WIGSTONE BROS. - - - STANTON, IOWA

C. S. NEVIUS, GLENWOOD HERDS The Designer kind of large type Poland Chinas and Searchlight Short-horns

Having decided not to hold our February sow sale, we will offer at private sale 10 tried sows, 10 fall yearlings and 10 spring gilts. Blood lines Designer, Major Look, or Gold Metal. Safe in pig for March and April farrow. Price, \$25 to \$50.

Dean's Mastodon Polands The big-boned type, will weigh when mature 800 sale. ALL IMMUNIZED BY DOUBLE TREATMENT AND ARE IMMUNE. Phone, Dearborn; Station, New Market, and Postoffice, Weston, Mo. Address CLARENCE DEAN, WESTON, MO.

WRAY & SON'S BIG TYPE POLAND CHINAS

Herd headed by Sterling Prince, one of the largest and best 2-year-old boars of the breed. Assisted by Chief Price's Wonder, one of the best sons of the great breeding boar, Chief Price Again. Young stock for sale. Better than your grandpa ever raised.

B. T. WRAY & SONS, Hopkins, Mo.

Hillwood Herd of Hampshires

Iwenty head of choice gilts sired by the great boars, Earlinger, Pirate and Edward's Belt, the prize winning boars, bred to Sure Shot and Taft for March and April w. Priced right for quick sale. Have no room for them.

J. Q. EDWARDS

SMITHVILLE, MO.

BRED SHROPSHIRE EWES Both imported and American bred, and all mated to the best imported rams obtainment that English prizes, as well as the most coveted American blue ribbons, and now head the flocks at Henley Ranch. Our flocks are large and we can offer you the best values on all classes of Shropshires. We absolutely guarantee all stock shipped. Place your order with us early, while the ewes can be safely handled. HENLEY RANCH, GREENCASTLE, MO. Members American Shropshire Registry Association. Henley & Vrooman, Managers.

SHROPSHIRE SHEEP

Yearling and Two-Year-Twenty old Shropshire Rams, sired by imported sire and out of registered ewes, priced right for quick sale.

ED GREEN, Howard, Kan.

ROCKFORD BELL SHROPSHIRES

Thirty extra quality registered Shropshire ewes for sale. Sired by imported Buttar and Dakin rams. All safe with lamb to imported rams. Write.

J. W. ELLIOTT, Polo, Missouri.

RED POLLED CATTLE

PHILIPS COUNTY RED POLLS. For Sale—Cows and heifers, sired by the great Launfal and bred to Cremo 22d. CHAS. MORRISON & SON, Philipsburg, Kan.

AULD BROTHERS Red Polled Cattle

Five head of bulls from 11 to 17 months old, ready for service and for sale right. Herd headed by Prince, one of the best sons of Actor. AULD BROS., Frankfort, Kansas

Coburn Herd of Red Polled Cattle and
Percheron Horses.
25 extra good young buils and 7 first
class young stallions for sale at bargain
prices. Also young cows and helfers.
GEO. GROENMILLER & SON.
Pomona, Kansas.

SHORTHORN CATTLE

PEARL SHORTHORN HERD.

One of the oldest and strongest herds in the west. Scotch and Scotch-topped. Reds and roans. Good individuals and tracing to noted ancestors. Choice young bulls for sale. Sold out on females. Can ship over Rock Island. Santa Fe or Missouri Pacific. Inspection invited.

C. W. TAYLOR, Abliene, Kan.

High Class Shorthorn Bulls

Lord Mayor 3d 249943, 8 years this spring, weight 2200, on pasture alone. Three years in show ring, won 22 championships. His calves never defeated. Price \$200. Lords Duplicate, May Calf. Good all over, Show prospects. Price \$150.

125 Miles Southeast of Kansas City.

TENNEHOLM SHORTHORNS.

Have on hand for sale two 11-months-old bull calves, good, big, useful ones, out of good Bates cows and sired by Scotch bulls. Am pricing them to move them soon.

E. S. MYERS, Chanute, Kansas.

SCOTCH SHORTHORN BULLS
Reds and roans, mainly Captain (205741)
Archer blood, from 8 months up. Two good
roan herd bulls. Reasonable prices. Write
for prices, breeding and photos.
MRS. WYATT STANLEY, Anthony, Kan.

GALLOWAY CATTLE

SMOKY HILL GALLOWAYS

A carload of yearling and 2-year-old bulls for sale. E. J. GUILBERT, Wallace, Kan.

HOLSTEIN CATTLE

Holsteins For Sale

High grade cows and helfers, about 40 head, heavy springers, from two to five years old. Fifteen head coming two-years to freshen this spring and summer; all bred to registered bulls. Also bulls, high grade and registered, from 4 to 12 months old. These are all highly bred dairy cattle and fine young stuff. IRA ROMIG, Station B, Topeka, Kansas.

HOLSTEINS FOR SALE—Sons of Deutschland Cornucopia Sir Detry, who has a 32-pound sister and a long line of A. R. O. relatives. Dams sired by Prince Ormsby Mercedes DeKol and other good bulls. J. P. MAST, Scranton, Kan.

M. E. MOORE & CO.

Cameron, Missourl.

A special bargain in registered young bulls, sired by our herd bull, and tuberculin tested. Could spare a few very high-class

MISSOURI HOLSTEINS.

Largest herd of Holsteins in the state. Nothing but registered stock for sale. Eighty head to choose from. Twenty-five bulls, all ages. Will sell one to a carload. Write us just what you want and we will describe and price some to pick from.

S. W. COOKE & SON, Maysville, Mo.



HOLSTEIN CATTLE
The Greatest Dairy Breed.
Send for FREE Illustrated Booklets.

Box 114, Brattleboro, Vt.

CHENANGO VALLEY GRADE HOLSTEINS
Fifty extra fine, well bred, nicely marked
young cows to freshen in two months. Also
high grade, well bred heifers coming two
and three years old and bred to registered
buils

bulls. F. J. HOWARD, Bouckville, N. Y.

HOLSTEINS FOR SALE.
Fifty head of registered helfers and bulls;
also 75 head bred helfers and young cows,
\$58.50 up. Come and see them.
M. P. KNUDSEN, Concordia, Kan.

CORYDALE FARM HERD.

Holsteins. Three registered bull calves.
Also offer one high-grade Shire Stallion and
two span young Draft Mares for sale.
L. F. CORY, Belleville, Kansas.

HOLSTEIN BULL CALVES always on hand, and worth the price.
H. B. COWLES, Topeka, Kansas.

When writing advertisers, please mention Kansas Farmer.

HORSES AND MULES



First and Grand Champion Belgian Stallions at American Royal, 1912, owned and exhibited by J. M. Nolan at Paola, Kan. Our barns are filled with Percheron, Belgian, French Draft and Coach Stallions, imported and home-bred, priced to sell. Come and see me. We can deal.

> J. M. NOLAN Kansas





DIAMONDS IN THE ROUGH

I am offering for sale at very low prices fine lot of young Percheron, Belgian, rench Draft and Coach Stallions. These orses are not fat, but in good, thrifty andition and will make good. Come C. T. RICKETTS, Paola, Kansas.

PERCHERONS

FOR SALE—Our imported Percheron stal-lion, Lama 85204, weight 2,000; a fine breeder; one coming two-year-old Percheron with imported sire and dam; one extra good eight-year-old jack; a lot of extra good grade Percheron mares and geldings, and a lot of extra good mules from two to six years of age. Can match teams of horses, mares or mules. mares or mules.
GRIGSBY & BARBER, Skidmors, Mo.

Imported and Home Bred Stallions and Mares

PERCHERONS-BELGIANS - SHIRES



Percherons—Belgians—Shires
The best importation we ever
made is now in our barns
ready for inspection. The
mares include some of the best
fillies that came out of the
Perch this year. See what we
have before buying elsewhere.
Address, HART BROS., Osceola, Iowa.

to \$1,000, two higher. All draft breeds.

Reference: Any banker in Creston.
FRANK L. STREAM,
Creston, lown.

.PERCHERONS.

Three coming 4-year-old; three coming 3-year-old; two coming 2-year-old stallions. Home bred. Registered P. S. A. Trains direct Kansas City, St. Joseph.

FRED CHANDLER, R. 7, Charlton, Iowa.





Black Mammoth Jacks and Jennets, Percheron Horses, You will find what you want in large boned, registered, 15 to 16 hands standard. Special prices on fall sales. Both phones. AL. E. SMITH, Lawrence, Kan.

EXCELSIOR SHETLAND PONIES.

Registered stock. Ponies for sale, reason-ble prices. Spotted and solid colors. W. Fulcomer, Belleville, Kan.

GOOD YOUNG JACKS Ready for Service, 300 to \$500. One Imp. 6-year-old Belgian. BRUCE SAUNDERS, Holton, Kansas,

HORSES AND MULES

PRAIRIE VIEW JACK FARM

LAWSON, MO.

Headquarters for Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee Jacks; sold singly or in ar lots. I guarantee more size, more bone and more good jocks and jennets than any breeder in Missouri. Every one black and from 15 to 16 hands high. Have them all ages. Thirty-five years doing business with the public, never had a lawsuit with one of the customers. my customers

ED BOEN, Lawson, Mo. Lawson 28 Miles from Kansas City.

REGISTERED JACKS



For Sale—Big, heavy-boned, smooth, well marked fellows. Some of them sired by the noted \$2,000 Missourl King that I formerly owned. Also have limited number of jennets for sale. We claim to own and have on our farm one of the best jennets in America. If we fail to convince you that ours are as good as can be found anywhere, railroad fare will be refunded. Fullest guarantee with every sale.

T. E. COLLINS, Belleville, Kansas.

PRIVATE DISPERSION

FOR SALE PRIVATELY

One extra heavy-boned black herd jack, 15½ hands high; one yearling jack; two large, fine jennets, and three regis-tered Percheron mares, is first class and will be priced This stock is first class and will be for quick sale. O. A. SCOTT, Athol, Kansas.

Mammoth Jacks and Percheron Stallions

33 head of mammoth jacks and Percheron stallions—33. Jacks from 2 to 6 years old, from 15 to 16 hands high. Percherons from 2 to 5 years old weighing from 1,800 to 2,000 pounds. Farm and sale barn on 21st, one mile east of union stock yards. J. C. KERR, Wichita, Kan.

Mammoth Kentucky Jacks



Nine black, mealy-nosed, heavy-boned fellows, 6 months to 7 years, weighing up to 1,000 pounds, and 15 hands high. Also 15 jennets, all ages. Inspection invited. A. ALTMAN, Almena, Norton County, Kansas.



JACKS AND JENNETS 17 head large mammoth black jacks for sale, ages from 2 to 5 years: large, heavy-boned, broken to mares and prompt servers. Prices reasonable. Come and see me.

PHIL WALKER, Moline, Elk Co., Kansas.

FOR SALE

Nine head mammoth jacks, all but one Kansas raised, from weanlings to 16% hands, seven years old. Best stock. Fine, proved, and good getters. Write or come see them. Reference, Protection State Bank. Now is the time and here the place to buy.

MARK BROTHERS, Protection, Kansas.

- A - C - K - S

Prize-winning jack, Black Dillingham. Also extra good 2-year-old jack, four extra good Jennets, one Percheron stallion, and the great stallion, Sir Roderick, a grandson of Assistus, the sire of many fast ones. Also the great saddle stallion, Top Squirrel. Livery stock for sale. All priced right to close out.

A. B. DEAN, Dearborn, Mo.

Herd Jack For Sale

On account of other business, I am com-pelled to close out my jacks. The great herd jack, Easter, by Black George, and a great grandson of the famous show Jack, Compromise; also outstanding 2 and 3-year-olds and one jack colt. They are priced to sell quick. A bargain. Come and see them. R. W. MURPHY, Cosby, Missouri.

JACKS JACKS
I have an exceptionally good lot of jacks for sale. They are from 2 to 6 years old from 14% to 16 hands high, black with white points. They are all big boned mammoth jacks, priced to sell. Come and see them. Lawson is 38 miles from Kansas City.

MOSS B. PARSONS, LAWSON, MO.

POLLED DURHAM CATTLE

ROAN HERO, THE INTERNATIONAL CHAMPION, AND ARCACIA PRINCE X 8079-308159

the first prize winners, head my herd of Double Standard Polled Durhams. M. P. Ry. 17 miles S. E. of Topeka, Kan. adjoins town. Inspection invited.
D. C. VAN NICE, Richland, Kan.

POLLED DURHAMS.

One yearling bull and several bull calves sired by Roan Choice (junior champion of 1911), also a few young cows and helfers from the greatest show and prize winning herd in Kansas, priced reasonable.

C. J. WOODS, CHILES, KANSAS.

OXFORD DOWN SHEEP

Largest flock west of Mississippi River. Fifty rams, 100 ewes for sale. All stock sired by imported rams. 140 ribbons at the lowa State Fair in last eight years. Call on or address, John Graham & Son, Eldora, Ia.

FIELD NOTES

Breeders should keep in mind the sale date of Richards & Son at Bevier, Mo., on March 19. They will sell a choice offering of Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs. The Shorthorn bulls, as well as cows and heifers, to go in this sale are the best blood of the breed. They will sell an extra lot of Poland China bred sows. Watch Kansas Farmer for further announcement of this sale.

Lamer's Big Draft Sale.

On March 13 C. W. Lamer will hold another of his big draft horse sales at Salina, Kan. This sale will be held in Lamer's sale pavilion so that weather conditions will have no influence. Full announcement will be made next week, but the date and place should be fixed in memory and a catalog written for right away.

Duroes That Made Good.

Duroes That Made Good.

It has been almost ten years since the writer first called at the Star Breeding Farm. Each year we have noticed many valuable improvements about the farm, both in improved buildings and improved live stock. The Star Breeding Farm has been the home of some of the most noted Duroc herd boars known to the breed. B. & C.'s Colonel, Bell's Chief, Buddy K 4th and Red Advance have been used in this herd. On March 10 there will be 50 head of valuable sows and gilts sold that are closely related to the above boars. Most of the sows are bred to the great herd boar, Model Top. This hog was shown at Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky state fairs and won first and champion in all the classes shown. He was also the sire of Beauty's Model Top, a show hog that won at Missouri State Fair, 1911 and 1912. Model Top is probably one of as well bred boars and the sire of a lot of high class show stuff. The sows bred to this great sire should attract breeders' attention. The sale announcement appears in this issue and the catalogs are ready to mail out. Please read the ad and send for one. It is full of valuable information about the Star Breeding Farm of Durocs. For catalog apply to Samuel Drybread, at Elk City, Kan., and mention Kansas Farmer when you write.

Thiery's Piano Book.

Thiery's Piano Book.

Mr. J. B. Thiery, the piano and organ man, Milwaukee, Wis., is sending out, free, postpaid, his beautiful new 1913 Art Style Book of Pianos. This book, without a doubt, is one of the finest books of pianos ever printed, and it shows all the new 1913 Thiery pianos in mahogany, walnut and oak colors. Whether you are going to buy a piano for your home right now or later on, it will pay you to send to Mr. Thiery for this book and his special letter with straight to you prices and easy terms of payment. The book that Mr. Thiery has just issued contains scores of testimonial letters from homes that have purchased direct from him, telling of saving and satisfaction that will interest any home in the market for a piano. If you are not a cash buyer, he will give you from two to three years' time to complete payment and arrange the payments at times of the year when it is most convenient for you to make them. His full-page advertisement appears in this issue, and if you are ever going to buy a piano it probably will pay you to write to him at once for his style book and special price list.

and if you are ever going to buy a plano it probably will pay you to write to him at once for his style book and special price list.

H. L. Faulkner Makes Record Sale.

The popularity of the old original bigboned spotted Poland China hog was again demonstrated at Jamesport, Mo., February 12, at H. L. aulkner's sale, when the record average price of \$91.50 on 50 head of bred sows was reached. It was one of the greatest hog sales ever held in the west, and buyers from all over the corn belt were in attendance. The bidding was spirited ohroughout the sale and the entire offering was sold in two and one-half hours. J. W. Troy of Rose Hill, Iowa, bought the top of the sale at \$200. The opening address was made by Col. Zack Wells of Kansas City, followed by Colonel Shepard. The selling was done by Col. J. W. Sparks. He was assisted in the ring by Colonels Wells, Nelson, Shepard, Deem, Carson, Thompson and Hartgrave. The following is a list of the principal buyers:

40—George Kurtz, Oregon, Mo. \$40.50

24—Ed Hunley, Hunnewell, Mo. 105.00

28—Otis Sheder, Kahoka, Mo. \$2.00

28—Otis Sheder, Kahoka, Mo. \$2.00

28—Otis Sheder, Kahoka, Mo. \$40.50

27—Wm. Patterson, Bloomfield, Iowa \$2.50

4—Farley Broger, Jamesport, Mo. 77.00

35—T. B. Robison, Clark, Mo. 100.00

1—J. W. Demute, Belwood, Neb. 185.00

2—H. H. Henderson, Salem, Kan. 140.00

5—J. W. Troy, Rose Hill, Iowa. 170.00

7—W. Hudson, Hemphill Mo. 77.50

1—J. W. Domuth, Elwood, Neb. 100.00

1—J. W. Demuth, Elwood, Neb. 100.00

1—J. W. Demuth, Elwood, Neb. 100.00

1—J. M. Demuth, Elwood, Neb. 100.00

2—J. H. Smith, Deston, Kan. 97.50

9—J. R. Smith, Deston, Kan. 97.50

9—J. R. Smith, Deston, Kan. 97.50

20—P. W. Adkins, Chilhowe, Mo. 97.50

21—J. R. Smith, Deston, Kan. 68.00

21—J. R. Smith, Delwood, Neb. 100.00

23—Hear we berger, Jamesport, Mo. 62.5

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WOLFE'S O. I. C. SWINE.
Large, prolific kind, March and April
oars. Gilts bred or open. Fall pigs. Prices
ow. Pedigrees free. Write your wants.
D. W. WOLFE, Route 2, Carrollton, Mo.

HAMPSHIRE SWINE. HAMPSHIRE SWINE.

We have a few glits and tried sows, bred to Sunny Brook 1st, 9483, he by the famous Pat Maloy 1415, which will farrow during the month of April. We will offer these to the public for a short time at very reasonable prices.

WM. INGE & CO., Independence, Kan.

JERSEY CATTLE

THE ENNIS FARM

Horine Station, Mo.

(Thirty Miles South of St. Louis.)

JERSEY CATTLE—BIG-BONED SPOTTED

POLANDS.

Send for quarterly bulletin listing stock
for sale. Best breeding and individuals.

for sale. Best Diceans Prices reasonable. ALBERT S. ENNIS, Horine Station, Mo.

T. A. Wiles' Jersey Herd

Sixty Head of Registered Jersey Cows and Heifers. Some will be fresh soon, all by early spring. All bred to the splendid island-bred buil, Vesti Financial King 77626. Best blood lines and good individuals, priced right. Come and see them, or write, mentioning Kansas Farmer.

T. A. WILES, Maryville, Mo.

FOR SALE—One of the greatest young Jersey bulls ever bred. Sired by Eminent Cornet, by Eminent 2d, which sold for \$10,000. Dam of the calf is Sultana's Golden Tipsey, on official test will make a Register of Merit cow. Her dam gave 10,500 pounds milk, from which 740 pounds of butter was made in one year. Nice fawn color and elegant type.

R. J. LINSCOTT, Holton, Kan.

BANKS' FARM JERSEYS

Quality with milk and butter records. One of the best sons of CHAMPION FLYING FOX, imported, at head of herd. Stock for

W. N. BANKS, Independence, Kan.

GOLDEN RULE JERSEYS.

Richly bred helfers and buil calves for sale. The blood of Golden Lad and other noted stres. Farm one mile north of town. Inspection invited.

Johnson & Nordstrom, Clay Center, Kan.

WINELAND FARM JERSEYS.

One of the strongest official record herds in the west. For sale, 10 choice young bulls, sired by Imp. "Duke's Raleigh," and other good bulls. Out of cows now undergoing or having authenticated tests. Also, 25 females of different ages. H. C. YOUNG, Lincoln, Nebraska.

50 HEAD Solid fawn colored, registered Jersey cows and helf-ers; a nice lot of springers; Forfarshire, Imp. Stockwell, Fox and Guenon Lad breeding. Three light fawn bull calves, St. Lambert blood.

S. S. SMITH, Clay Center, Kan.

REGISTERED JERSEY BULL.
BLUE BELL'S BOY No. 75800, halfbrother to Noble of Oaklands; 5 years old;
gentle. Frice reasonable.
J. S. TAYLOR, Iola, Kan.

JERSEY BULLS.
For Sale—An extra good tried sire of Tormentor breeding. Cannot use any longer.
Also, a 2-months-old calf of St. Lambert breeding. O. E. NICHOLS. Abllene, Kan.

GUERNSEY CATTLE

GUERNSEYS FOR THE DAIRY.

Dairying will be the salvation of the grain farmer and the stock raiser, and Guernseys are the most profitable dairy cows, grades as well as pure-breds. For building up a dairy herd from common stock there is none to compare with the Guernsey pure-bred sire. Send for our special list of young buils, 8 months to 2 years old, from celebrated strains, for \$75 and up, to make room. A rare opportunity.

HELENDALE FARMS,
Office 704 Cedar St., Milwaukee, Wis.

AUCTIONEERS.

Missouri Auction School.

(Largest in the World.)
The school that gives you practice in actual sales in their own auction rooms.
Special four weeks' actual practice term opens February 3. Address
W. B. CARPENTER,
14th and Grand Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

LAFE BURGER LIVE STOCK AND REAL ESTATE

Auctioneer

Wellington Kansas

J. E. BUMPAS The Missouri Big Type Hog Auctioneer.
Write for date and terms.
WINDSOR, MO.

Col. W. B. RYAN LEBANON. Live stock and farm sales auctioneer.

The man that gets the high dollar and works for you like a brother.

Col. L. R. Brady Manhattan, Kansas.
Ask about my work.

Morganville, Kan. Col. L.H. Grote Live Stock and General Auctioneer.

James T. McCulloch

Clay Center, Kansas.
Write Early
For Choice of Dates.

W. B. CARPENTER Live Stock and Real Estate Auctioneer 14th and Grand Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

Col. C. A. Hawk; General Auctioneer. Effingham, Kan.

Col. Will Myers Live Stock, Real Estate and General Auctioneer.

Live Stock and Gen-Col. N. B. Price Mankato, Kansas. Registered Durocs.

JOHN D. SNYDER,

Kansas Live Stock Auctioneer. Write or wire for date. Hutchinson, Kan. When writing advertisers, please mention Kansas Farmer.

February 22, 1913 FRANK IAMS' SHOW STALLIONS



are "up to the minute" and 10 years in advance. They are the "drafty, big-boned type"—"inity, big black boys"—the real "medal winners"—sensational "show and business horses" of note, "ripe peaches" from the boys"—the real "medal winners"—sensational "show and business horses" of note, "ripe peaches" from the boys "The "Iams brand" of drafty "top notchers," select "400." Big, classy "peaches and cream" "black boys." The "Iams brand" of drafty "top notchers," select "400." Big, classy "peaches and cream" "black boys." The "Iams brand" of drafty "top notchers," and "sood selling," "Ikey boy," smile sweetly, and hundreds of Iams' satisfied customers "will sit up and for a "good selling," "Ikey boy," smile sweetly, and hundreds of Iams' satisfied customers "will sit up and tore a "boys and girls" are attractions that can't "pushing" his horses to the front. The big "peaches and cream" "boys and girls" are attractions that can't "pushing" his horses to the front. The big "peaches and cream" "boys and girls" are attractions that can't "pushing" his horses to the front. The big "peaches and cream" "boys and girls" and attring the "horses as be overlooked. Iams memerizes buyers with "real drafters" at "boysting Iams" by their "knockes," until now advertised." Iams' "competitors" and "hammer knockers" are "boosting Iams" by their "knockes," until now advertised." Iams is achieved and growing Iast. Ikey, "come on along" he is known as the "millionaire horseman," and growing Iast. Ikey, "come on along."

It is known as the "millionaire horseman," and or "East State" and growing Iast. Ikey, "come on along."

They are "models"—"humdingers." They are 2 to 5 years old, weigh 1,700 to 2,500

They are "models"—"humdingers." They are 2 to 5 years old, weigh 1,700 to 2,500

They are "models"—"humdingers." They are 2 to 5 years old, weigh 1,700 to 2,500

They are "models"—"humdingers." They are 2 to 5 years old, weigh 1,700 to 2,500

They are "models"—"humdingers." They are 2 to 5 years old, weigh 1,700 to 2,500

They are "models"—

Catalog Is An "Eye Opener." It Has a "Laugh" and a \$1,000
bargain in every line. A "bunch of gold" to stallion and mare buyers. It is full of the real
"peaches and cream" stallions. It is the finest, most elaborate and original up-to-date horse
"peaches and cream" stallions. It is the finest, most elaborate and original up-to-date horse
good—or you get the \$500 he hangs up. Iams guarantees to sell you a better

IMPORTED STALLION AT \$1,000 AND \$1,400

IMPORTED STALLION AT \$1,000 in middlemen's profits. He buys stallions by "train load,"
one buyer. He can furnish \$1,500 insurance. Iams buys and sells every stallion himself. Saves buyers \$1,000 in middlemen's profits. He buys stallions by "train load,"
the speaks languages—(saving 20 per cent). He is not in the "stallion trust," No partners to share profits. He "pays cash" for his horses—and sells "top notchers" by
"hot advertising" and having "the goods." "Big Ikey," leave your "happy" home and buy a "top" stallion or pair of imported mares (of Iams) that bring colts that sell
at \$500 each. "Papa," don't let those "auction men" "hand you a lemon" in one of those "so-called" "American full bloods" of questionable breeding. Buy an imported
at \$500 each. "Papa," don't let those "auction men" "hand you a lemon" in one of those "so-called" "American full bloods" of questionable breeding. Buy an imported
at \$500 each. "Papa," don't let those "auction men" "hand you a lemon" in one of those "so-called" "American full bloods" of questionable breeding. Buy an imported
at \$500 each. "Papa," don't let those "auction men" "hand you a lemon" in one of those "so-called" "American full bloods" of questionable breeding. Buy an imported
at \$500 each. "Papa," don't let those "auction men" "hand you a lemon" in one of those "so-called" "American full bloods" of questionable breeding.

ST. PAUL, NEBRASKA
St. Paul, Neb. Iams buys big ad space because it is cheaper than flannel-mouthed horse salesmen.

Belgian and Percheron Sal

AT BLUE MOUND, KANSAS THURSDAY MARCH 6, 1913

Head of the Best Draft Horses that Ever Entered a Sale Ring.

28

Twelve Imported Belgian Stallions, from 2 years to 6 vears old.

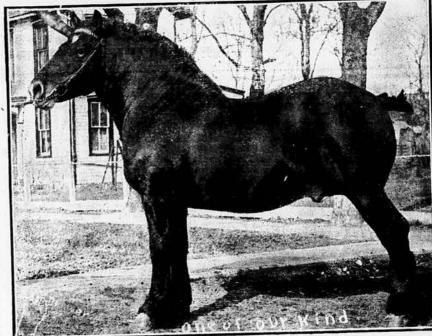
Eight Imported Belgian Mares, six coming 2 years old, two coming 3 years old, and safe in foal.

Two Home-Bred Belgian Mares, one coming 2 years old, one coming 3 years old, safe in foal to imported

Six Imported Percheron Stallions. One Registered French Draft Stallion.

One Cross-Bred Belgian Stallion. Seven Jacks of serviceable age, broke to serve and sound, $14\frac{1}{2}$ to $15\frac{1}{2}$ hands.

Three Jennets.



ONE OF THE HORSES IN THE SALE.

Send for catalog at once and arrange to come to sale. Parties from the North or East can make good connections by the way of Garnett or Ft. Scott. Parties from South and West come by the way of Ft. Scott, Colony or Auctioneer-Col. R. L. Harriman.

W.H.BAYLESS - DERO & CO.,

Blue Mound, Linn Co. Kansas

Duroc Jersey Bred Sow Auction At Clay Center, Kansas, Sat., March 1. 1913 25 Richly Bred Durocs and Good Individuals

THREE TRIED SOWS TWELVE SPRING GILTS

FIVE FALL GILTS FIVE FALL BOARS

The Sows and Spring Gilts are Bred for Spring Farrow to the Herd Boars,
Miller's Advancer and Diamond King, a Nebraska-Bred Boar.
The offering includes granddaughters of G. C.'s Colonel, many of them sired by Blue Rapids Colonel. On dam's side many of them trace to McParker, a noted boar of Tip Top breeding. They will be sold in nice breeding form and not fat. Write for catalog.

R. R. MILLER, Clay Center, Kansas

Auctioneer, Jas. T. McCulloch.

Fieldman, Jesse R. Johnson.



HOLSTEIN-FRIESIANS

Never before have we had as choice a lot of young cows and heifers to pick from, in lots of one to a carload. Some twenty head to calve within next 90 days by sires of the best A. R. O. backing. A clean, straight, sound lot, all tuberculin tested. The calves from these cows should be worth half the purchase price. Come see the herd, or write for breeding and prices. Herd numbers nearly 50 head, all registered.

F. J. SEARLE, Prop. Oskaloosa, Kans.

Percheron Mare Sale GRAND VIEW, MO., THURS, MAR. 6

Five Percheron mares, bred to Gaulois, an imported Percheron stallion; one two-year-old stallion, one yearling stallion, one yearling filly, and 25 grade draft horses and mares. Sale at farm near Grand View, Mo., 12 miles south of Kansas City, on Frisco and Kansas City Southern Railways. Send for catalog and come to sale.

FRED B. GLOVER, GRAND VIEW, MO.

O. W. Devine, Fieldman.



ROBISON'S **PERCHERONS**

One hundred fifty percheron stallions, mares and colts. Fifty imported. All for sale.

J. C. Robison, Towanda, Ks.

The West's Largest Importing and Breeding Establishment.

ERS AND BREEDERS O

Percheron Belgians and Shire Stallions and Mares. 120 Head to Select From.

Our stallions and mares are strong and massive, with great quality, style and conformation, with splendid color and dispositions. They are selected with an eye single to the wants of the most critical American buyers, and we can sell them for less money than any one in the business, quality considered. The stallions will go into any community and command the best mares, command the men who are the best pay and who take the best care of their stock. Let us know your wants. We can suit you in both price and quality.

L. R. WILEY.

EMPORIA, KANSAS



IMPORTED PERCHERON STALLIONS, JACKS AND JENNETS.

FOR SALE—5 imported black Percheron stallions, 4 to 6 years old; all tried and regular breeders; can show colts; weigh 1,800 to 2,200 pounds. One Morgan stallion, 7 years old. 10 large black jacks, 2 to 7 years old, all broke; good performers; can show colts and mares in foal. 10 head big black jennets, all bred to our imported jack. Prices reasonable. Write or come to farm 4 miles from Raymond or Chase. Our horses and jacks were shown at the Kansas State Fair at Hutchinson. September, 1912, in six different classes, and won in every class. Come and see us. J. P. and M. H. MALONE, CHASE, KAN.



Imported Stallions: Percheron, Shire, Belgian

Each year we show our new importation the same month they land. Each year they win more than all other exhibitors combined. At the American Royal this year they won second on 4-year-old, Percheron; first, third and fourth on 3-year-old; first and third on 2-year-old, and first and champion group of five stallions. Our horses are handsome and the best to buy; our guarantee and insurance the very best. PERCHERON IMPORTING CO., Chas. R. Kirk, South St. Joseph, Missouri.

50-PERCHERON STALLIONS-50

Bishop Brothers have 50 big boned stallions that weigh 1,700 to 2,100 pounds that they can and will sell for less money than any firm in the business, quality considered. Write us what you want.

BISHOP BROS., TOWANDA, KAN.

S. J. Miller's Percheron and Jack Sale at Kirksville, Mo., March 6, 1913

Twenty-Four Head of Imported and Home-Bred

Percheron Stallions and Mares

Including such imported stallions as Incident and Introvvable and others equally as good. The mares are a lot of prize winners and are bred to the best Percheron stallions now in service. Fifteen mammoth bred jacks and an equal number of mammoth bred jennets. Will also sell saddle stallions and mares at private sale, Kentucky bred and registered. Catalogs now ready. Write for one at once.

S. J. MILLER, KIRKSVILLE, MISSOURI Colonel Bellows, Auctioneer.

Lafayette Jack

MAMMOTH JACKS AND PERCHERON STALLIONS

TWENTY JACKS—Three to six years old; 14½ to 16 hands high. All black; all broke and guaranteed.

TEN PERCHERON STALLIONS—Two to eight years. Mostly imported. All guaranteed breeders.

Will Exchange Stallions for Good Jacks. One German Coach stallion eleven years old. One Belgian stallion five years old. Both sound.

Twenty jennets in foal to my champion jack, Dr. McCord.

ALL FOR SALE PRIVATELY-NO PUBLIC SALE THIS SPRING. Visit or Write.

J. FINLEY

HIGGINSVILLE, MO.

Fifty-five Miles East of Kansas City on C. & A. R. R.

L. H. LUCKHARDT AND OTHERS PERCHERON AND JACK

At TARKIO, MO., MARCH 12, 1913

Head of Registered Percheron Stallions and Mares and Mammoth Jacks

Thirteen extra good mares, ten weighing 1,800 to 2,000 pounds. Several tried ton stallions. This entire Percheron offering has been carefully selected and is high class. The jacks to go in this sale are good ones, weighing from 1,000 to 1,200 pounds. Sale regardless of weather conditions. Send at once for catalog.

L. H. LUCKHARDT - - - TARKIO, MO. COLONELS BELLOWS AND MANIFORD, Auctioneers.

W. T. Trotter's Second Annual Jack Sale Mt. Ayr, Iowa



Thursday, February 27th, 1913

35 HEAD OF MAMMOTH JACKS AND JENNETS—35

14 big, high class jacks ready for service, well broken and good performers. My great herd jacks, Keno and Jumbo, will be sold in this sale, also the great 3-year-old Jumbo Lac. Some of the best 2 and 3-year olds that will be sold this year. A number of these jacks are from 15 to 16 1-2 hands high. The jennets are a select lot. Will also sell several imported draft stallions and a few roadsters.

COL, HARRIMAN, Auctioneer.

T. TROTTER

MT. AYR, IOWA



I have now for sale a lot of personally selected com-I have now for sale a lot of personally selected coming 2 and 4-year-olds as good as France and Belgium can produce. Good heavy bone. Straight draft type with quality and the best of breeding. I give a giltedge guarantee, good for two years, with each horse sold. All in just good breeding condition and will be a good investment to the purchaser. I can save you some money on a stallion. Barns four blocks from the A. T. & S. F. depot.

H. RICHARDS, - - EMPORIA, KANSAS

LAMER'S PERCHERON STALLIONS and MARES

75 Head of Imported and Home-Grown Percheron Stallions and Mares, at "Let Live" Prices

Two-Year-Olds That Weigh a Ton C. W. LAMER & CO. Salina, Kansas

Imported and American-bred stallions. All blacks and grays, all registered in P. S. of America. Some ton 3-year-olds. Also Kentucky and Missouri Mammoth Jacks from 15 to 15% hands high, heavy bone and good performers, registered. Everything sold with safe breeding guarantee. Barns in town, 50 miles north of Kansas City, on Rock Island Railroad, 35 miles east of St. Joseph on Burlington Railroad, J. E. PARK AND A. A. FIRKINS, CAMERON, MO.

Breeders' Sale of Percheron, Shire, Belgian, German Coach and Road Stallions

and Mares, also Four Jacks, will be held in sale barn in Cameron, Mo., on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27th

The following breeders are consignors to this sale: P. G. McCulley, Princeton, Mo.; Miller & Everett, Mill Grove, Mo.; Messrs. Lemley and Crawford, Trenton, Mo.; J. E. Roberts & Sons, Maysville, Mo.; Fred Ossman, Turney, Mo.; A. A. Firkins, Cameron, Mo.; Henry Cole, Altamont, Mo.; A. Schwalm, Clarksdale, Mo.; S. S. Langford, Craig, Neb.; J. R. Crutcher, Lisle, Mo.; E. B. Youtsey, Pattonsburg, Mo.; W. L. Cook & Son, Pattonsburg, Mo.; J. H. Weidmore, Clarksdale, Mo.; M. B. Parsons, Lawson, Mo.

An exceptional opportunity to buy the best that Missouri affords in draft horses and jacks. Write for catalog. It tells the story complete. Address, mentioning this paper,

THOMAS E. DEEM, Sale Manager, Cameron, Mo. Auctioneers: COLS. SNYDER, NELSON and PARSONS W. J. CODY, Fieldman

CLARY & SONS Sixteenth Annual Jack Sale at Sheridan, Missouri Wed. March 12, 1913 Big High Class

The jacks range in age from yearlings to four-year-olds. They are a lot of big-boned jacks with quality, black with white points, and right in every way. An extra good lot of jennets ranging in age from four to eight years old and all bred to the great jack, Ben Hur.

Will also sell a select lot of horses and mules, including extra good road and draft mares. Twenty head of choice cows, some with calves by side. Ten head extra good brood sows. Sheridan is 55 miles north of St. Joseph, on Great Western Railroad. Good train service. This will be one of our biggest and best offerings. one of our biggest and best offerings.

R. L. HARRIMAN, Auctioneer.

W. J. CODY, Fieldman.

J. E. Clary & Sons, Sheridan, Mo.

Samuel Drybread Duroc Sale at Farm Near Elk City, Kansas Monday, March 10, 1913

Head of choice individuals, consisting of Fifteen Tried Sows, every one a producer and bred for March litters; Fifteen Fall Yearling Gilts, all bred and safe for March and April litters; Fifteen Spring Gilts, all bred for spring litters; Five Spring Boars. The sows and gilts represent the blood lines of B. & C.'s Colonel, Bell's Chief, Pilot Wonder Chief, Buddy K 4th, Red Advance, and other good breeding. The sows and a number of gilts are bred to Model Top, the Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky State Fair champion. I am selling a useful lot and I invite farmers and breeders to attend. My catalogs are ready to mail out. Please send for one and arrange to come to my sale. Yours presence will be valuable whether you buy or not. If you can not attend, send a bid to O. W. Devine representing Kansas Farmer and you will be treated fair. Please write at once for catalog to

SAMUEL DRYBREAD Elk City, Kansas

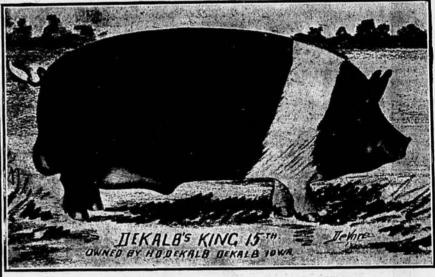
CEDARSIDE STOCK FARM, WAVERLY, IOWA

wants to sell you some nice OXFORD ewes; also, 15 rams; all from imported rams and part from imported ewes. The ewes will be bred to a 400-pound ram. Some nice HOLSTEIN bull calves, with several 30-pound records backing. Get busy and write me.

H. A. DeKALB'S

Hampshire Sow Sale

At Kiel's Barn, Council Bluffs, Iowa Wednesday, March 12



SIXTY HEAD EXTRA QUALITY HAMPSHIRE SOWS
The Tops of One of the Biggest and Best Bred Hampshire Herds Now im Existence.

A number of tried sows that are among the best of the herd. Forty head of outstanding fall gilts and a few extra good spring gilts. Every one is the ideal brood sow type. They are bred to boars that are among the best of the breed in service today. They have the size, quality and breeding. Bids sent to fieldman and auctioneers in my care will receive careful attention. Be sure and mention Kansas Farmer and ask for catalog.

H.D. DeKalb, DeKalb, la.

COLS. H. S. DUNCAN and R. H. GLENN, Auctioneers.
W. J. CODY, Fieldman.

Lamer's Percherons at Public Auction THURSDAY MARCH 13, 1913 50 Head Stallions and Mares C. W. LAMER & CO. SALINA, KAN.

DEIERLING & OTTO'S PRIZE WI



50 — Mammoth Jacks and Jennets — 50

From 2 to 5 years old, big-bined, big black kind with white points; 15 to 16 hands high. We are offering our prize winners at Missouri, Iowa and Illinois State Fairs, 1912. Every jack and jennet guaranteed just as represented.

DEHERLING & OTTO, QUEEN CITY, MO.

14 New

Styles

rite for this Book
-it's Yours FREE

> Simply fill out the coupon below and mail to me-I'll send it to you by return mail with special letter, telling you all about my 1913 buying plans and money-saving prices. Remember this—over seven thousand homes sent for Thiery Pianos and Organs on thirty days, freight prepaid trial, during 1912. "Nothing to pay for "Nothing to but quality" when you buy one—no agents—no middlemen—no fancy profits to pay. Get a Thiery Piano in your home and you'll decide to Quality" keep it before you've had it a week. You won't even need thirty days trial, but it's yours just the same. My new Style Book shows all the new 1913 styles of Thiery Pianos—shows them in genuine mahogany, walnut and oak—prints full descriptions and testimonial letters from pleased buyers in every state in the Union.

> > Just Note Below What Buyers Write Me then Send for My New Style Book and Offers

Bertha, Minnesota, writes: —"I received your splendid piano, but I call it mine Nothing to Pay for But now. Yes, you were right in stating in your letter that I would write you within 24 hours that I had decided to keep the piano. I don't want any better piano than the one I just got from you." Quality' Mr. Lange wrote this to me three days after he got my piano. When he ordered, I told him that he would not even need the thirty days trial. He found out in twenty-four hours that the Thiery Piano was the most value for the money he ever saw.

Mr. John Nelson, a well known farmer and land owner at Wyndmere, No. Dakota, writes:—"The instrument reached me two days ago and found just as represented. My daughter, a music teacher, declares the tone to be unusually soft and sweet. It took but a short time to learn that the Thiery Piano was just as represented and I enclose deaft in full for instrument." enclose draft in full for instrument

Mr. Nelson sent for the piano Dec. 5th. I shipped piano Dec. 7th. He received it Dec. 17th—and just think—two days after he got the piano, check in full for the instrument was on the way to me, although he had thirty days trial before he was going to send me a cent. That's the kind of proof I furnish you about the quality of my instruments.

Just jot this down—get a Thiery piano in your home and it will be the same with you. You will decide to keep the piano before you have it a week, but you have the thirty days trial just the same. Here's another—read it. Mr. A. Schulz, Cowles, Nebraska, received a Thiery Piano Dec. 27th and Dec. 30th. he writes:—"Received piano Dec. 27th and am greatly pleased. I send you today \$50.00 as first payment."

Mr. Schulz sent me this monarch.

Mr. Schulz sent me this money on the piano twenty-seven days before it was due—three days after he got the piano. That shows the kind of piano quality a home gets in dealing direct with me. You may be thinking

Free Trial Freight Prepaid to prove both the Quality and Saving before you decide one way or another about buying

30 Days

of buying from an agent or dealer. You may figure that you can do just as well from them it! Then Ship Back at My Expense if You Wish. as you can from me. If TWO OR THREE YEARS TIME FOR you do, just read what Alfred David-YOU TO COMPLETE PAYMENT son, Farmington, Il-

linois, writes:—
"Piano received. if you don't prefer to pay cash in 30 or 60 days. My wife says it is the finest piano she ever played. I was thinking of buying a piano here for \$500.00, but I'm Dozens of different payment plans-one of them sure to meet with your convenience. My Special Letter tells all about them. glad I didn't. I saved half my

money by buying from you."
You can save from \$75.00 to \$200.00 by buying a Thiery Piano direct.

I don't stretch things a bit—I give you the proof right here and I will give you all kinds of it when I send you my book and special letter.

Here's more proof from Mr. F. D. McCarney, Churdan, Iowa. "We received the piano style 40, placed it in our parlor and called in one of the best judges of pianos in this part of the country for an honest pinion. After testing same for several hours, she said that the piano I had was the equal and even better than the great majority of I \$500.00 pianos around here and we wish to re-affirm her statement. The piano is just as represented."



Mr. McCarney saved the price of a cheap piano by buying from me. Not only did he save that amount, but he got a much better piano besides.

And Mrs. M. C. De Keyser, Menasha, Wisconsin, writes and says:—"I received the piano style 30, and it is the most up-to-date piano I ever saw. I never expected so much for my money. I have saved over \$150.00 by buying direct from you."

It's the same story with everybody that gets a Thiery Plano, and you will have exactly the same result if you deal with me. These extracts from letters that I have just printed here are only a few from the hundreds that I have received in the past four months.

Note this—whatever piano you choose from my book, goes to you on a real free trial, all freight paid and at the end of thirty days, if you are not glad that you sent for it, don't hesitate a second to send it back at my expense. Before you pay a red cent, you prove to your own satisfaction just what you are getting for your money. That's the way to buy a piano.

Then besides—it you don't want to pay cash in thirty or sixty days, all the credit you need is yours.

Two to three years time to pay me and you can make your payments annually, twice a year, quarterly, monthly and a dozen other different ways.

And another thing—every Thiery Piano is fully warranted as long as you keep it. no matter if it's ten or twenty years. Every Thiery Piano is in genuine mahogany, genuine walnut or the best quality English oak cabinet and the cabinet is doubled veneered both inside and out—all have genuine ivory keys—and cabinets in Art Finish as well as the regular piano finish without extra charge. If you want a 512.00 bench with music compartment, you can have it instead of an adjustable stool. There is no charge for same and you get a nice scarf and music book besides.

Sign the coupon today and send it to me. The Style Book and letter will tell you the whole story. If you are a piano buyer, it my letter will tell you the whole story. If you are a piano buyer, it it won't take you very long to make up your mind that I am the man for you to deal with. It won't take you long to see that I give you much more for your money. You will feel like sending for the piano just as soon as you get particulars of my 1913 offers. Send for the book and it will go to you by return mail.

Do You Want an Organ?

Thiery Organs are the real "music-makers" of all organs. 12000 sold direct to homes in the last two years. My Style Book of Organs, printed in colors, shows and tells all about them. 30 days trial and test in your own home—ship back at my expense if you are not more than pleased. No money in advance—from one to two years time to pay if you are not a cash buyer. \$2.50 per month and up buys one. Choice of parlor, chapel and piano case styles—at a saving of \$25. to \$50. If you want an organ, send coupon now and receive new Style Book free by return mail. Be sure and mention on coupon whether you want piano or organ book, so I can send you right book. piano or organ book, so I can send you right book.

J. B. THIERY THE PIANO AND Milwaukee, Wis.



NAME ECCE!

J. B. THIERY, The Piano and Organ Man, Milwaukee, Wis.—Without slightest obligation on my part, please send to me at once, postpaid, your beautiful New 1913 Style Book, with Special Letter, Net Price List and full particulars of your 1913 buying plans and offers, as advertised in Kansas Farmer.

ORGAN STYLE BOOK 51 PLACE AN (X) MARK IN SQUARE OPPOSITE BOOK YOU WANT