



# THE KANSAS UNION FARMER

Organization

Education

Co-Operation



VOLUME XXI

SALINA, KANSAS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1928

NUMBER 18

## Proceedings of the 23rd State Convention of the Kansas Farmers Union Held at Marysville, Kansas, October 31--November 1-2, 1928

Giving a Detailed Report Including the Speeches Made on the Floor of the Convention

I would suggest that you keep this issue and use it as reference to later issues in order that you may get a complete picture of the convention.—C. E. Huff.

Marysville, Kansas,  
October 31, 1928.  
City Auditorium  
10:00 A. M.

President C. E. Huff called the Convention to order by declaring the Twenty-third Annual Convention of the Kansas Division Farmers Educational and Co-operative Union of America was in session.

America was sung by the delegation led by the Hackney Harmony Hounds.

Invocation was pronounced by Rev. A. W. Farnell of the Episcopal Church.

Mayor L. N. Cole was introduced, and delivered an address of welcome to the city of Marysville, as follows: "We are glad and pleased to see so many of your delegates present at the opening session of your meeting and feel sure that the number will be increased."

All of the industries of the world are dependent either directly or indirectly upon the products of the farm. A mile, working in a mine, many hundreds of feet below the surface of the earth, may never see the sun shine or breathe a breath of good fresh air, yet its food is carried to spend his life on the open sea. It is seldom touch the land, yet his health and happiness is dependent upon farm products.

Millions of people, who live in our cities, following their various trades and professions, may know practically nothing, concerning the farm, yet their very existence and success is dependent upon what the farm produces.

Time and advancement in civilization have brought in many labor-saving inventions, which have reduced much of the old time drudgery of the farm for both men and women, but the days, hard work and good management are still necessary for a success on the farm, and it was in the days of the cradle and the hillside plow.

The farmer must work to succeed, but this is true in any other field of endeavor. Those who till the soil are insured fresh air and sunshine, an abundance of exercise, and wholesome food, which are found wanting for many of the housed-in-millions in our cities.

The farmer is an absolute ruler in his immediate domain. He is the master of his independence, which he may not recognize, but which is not experienced by those living in cities whose jobs are dependent upon the work they perform for a certain number of hours each day, each week and each month.

Why is the successful farmer who retires and moves to town so often dissatisfied in his new surroundings? I believe he is dissatisfied largely because he has lost himself further from nature. He has traded the beautiful sunset, the gentle moonlight, the song of the cackling hen, the moaning cattle, and hard work for the bright lights, nerve wrecking noises, confusion and other artificial surroundings of the city, together with unemployment of mind and body. We cannot shut ourselves from nature and enjoy life.

Farmers probably have less in real organization than any other body of people in the civilized world. They have proved that they can live without organization but the right kind of organization on their part will acquire for them a higher plane of living by being able to accomplish what will enhance the value of their labor by more favorable prices at all times for what they produce as compared with the prices which they pay for what they buy.

Farming may not be the most remunerative but I regard it as the grandest of the occupations, and so I am pleased to welcome the representatives of your organization to our city. I hope that you will enjoy yourselves while you are with us, and that your meeting will be successful, and that when you leave that you will have nothing but pleasant and profitable memories to carry with you. The keys of the city are yours.

Mr. R. L. Helwig, President of the Chamber of Commerce also spoke a welcome to the delegates assembled.

"On behalf of the Marysville Chamber of Commerce, comprised of the business and professional men of our city I am glad to welcome this convention to Marysville. We are glad you selected this city for your twenty-third convention. We are glad you are here so we can look on the work of your convention because few of us have realized the degree to which the farmers have become organized and his functions in the interests of the farmers. It has been an eye opener to us to see the dispatch and business like methods in which your officers have handled the pre-convention arrangements. The Farmers Educational and Co-operative Union is organized for the ad-

vancement of the interests of the farmers. Of course you probably will not long need this organization which you represent. We have just now two very friendly organizations vying with each other in offering to the farmer the good things in life so I suppose that after next March about all you will have to do is clip the coupons and take in the money. It is wonderful to witness a convention of this kind brought together by the farmers of our country looking towards their self advancement. The awakened conscience of our nation is such that regardless of what happens at election, the American people are going to demand some legislation that will put the farmer on an equality with business. You have been promised this a long time but I believe the time has come when they will have to give it to you. I am glad you are here and glad we have a chance to meet you and see the fine body gathered here in the interests of the farmers. If there is anything you want, call upon any citizen you wish and I believe you will not be disappointed. I thank you."

President Huff in response and in introducing the next speaker, spoke as follows:

"I know we appreciate these sincere and timely words of welcome. The local group, of which they have spoken, have shown their usefulness by the fineness of their preparation for the convention. I do not know who arranged this emblem back here on the stage, but it seems to me a rather significant thing. That is an honest-to-goodness plow and hoe and rake. We are engaged in the actual fundamental job of doing things. This local committee in their preparations have done without as fine a job as any to come to my attention. Before they appear before you, I would call your attention to the fact that in this gathering is the agricultural class of the Marysville High School. Everyone of these class members are former members of the Farmers Union unless somebody fails to do his duty. (The emblem referred to was a large emblem of the Farmers Union with a real hoe, plow and rake in the center, painted gold and purple, with the words in gold lettering around the edge, "Farmers Educational and Co-operative Union of America.") The piece of work belongs to Blanchville local union 799."

In behalf of Marshall county, we will hear from their President, H. A. Watters."

In behalf of the Marshall county Farmers Union it gives me great pleasure to bid you welcome to Marshall county and to Marysville, Kansas. We are glad you are here and we are glad to be here with you and I want to say just a word in the start for fear I might forget it. Inquire conferences with the Mayor and the Chamber of Commerce, they have given us everything we asked for. We will take care of them, and we want to thank you for your presence here and we hope you will enjoy your stay. Come back and see us again some time.

President Huff at this time announced the Credentials Committee and that they might get started on their work. They will also serve at Election.

Carl Clark, chairman, McPherson, David Thomas, Burns; Walter Knisley, Logan; George Reed, Madison; H. A. Watters, Blue Rapids; Clyde Coffman of Overbrook was introduced, who gave response to the addresses of welcome for the State Union.

These words of welcome are very much appreciated by the Farmers Union. In the first place, because you believe they come from the very hearts of these Marysville people. Some of us who have been in this Farmers Union movement a good many years can remember when the people in the towns appeared to somewhat frown upon the success of the farmers organizations. That time has all passed and the town people, as well as the country people, have come to realize our farm problems. We are not distinctly farm problems but problems of the middle west and they are willing to join in with us in anything we can do to combat these problems. There was a time when we had to fight our battles alone. One of the things I have heard of in this part of the country has agreed that what is a disadvantage to the farmer is a disadvantage to the entire country, they are willing to co-operate with us. The Farmers Union has developed one of the strongest organizations of this kind in the United States, which means the world. We have not only had our group engaged in business concerns, of course, consist in marketing our products, but we have other problems which we take up. In this we have secured the co-operation of other organizations to the extent that the different farm organizations are now

pulling together and in the recent years the Chambers of Commerce and other organizations in towns are working with us and we feel in a very short time we will have what Mr. Helwig mentioned, the realization of the farmers put on an equal basis with other business in its operations. I would like to give you figures of the gross business of all Farmers Union concerns but they have grown in to the millions of dollars. Each branch of the organization, as they make their reports, you will realize that we have an organization that we can be proud of and we are proud to be in Marysville. The farm organizations, which is the Grange, the Farm Bureau and the Farmers Union, have united on a program this year with a tax program that we expect through co-operation of all organizations to do some good work. This has been brought about largely through the co-operation and personality of our own state president, along with the heads of the other organizations to such an extent that we feel in the next few years we will accomplish more than we have in the past in securing justice for the farmer. In this we have not only solicited the co-operation of the other farm organizations.

Chambers of Commerce have come in and endorsed our program on taxation which will be before the people in the next few months. It would be useless to go into the achievements and work of the Farmers Union organization. I want to assure you, however, that the Farmers Union sincerely appreciates the most splendid and cordial invitation you have extended to us to meet in your beautiful city.

President Huff then introduced, or rather presented, our National President, Chas. S. Barrett of Union City, Georgia, who spoke for the National Union.

(Some of his remarks were as follows)

"The farmers have the lives of all of the world in their hands. Civilization would go and pass on if the farmers did not furnish something to eat. If you will go along the lines you are now, and do enough of it, you will solve the problem which faces you. There are some things which should be done. I know you are not going to do them, but I am sure you will do them. You are at the head of the thing but you will correct all these if you will stick together and go along the lines you have been. You cannot improve on the Farmers Union program to save your lives. Co-operation in the true sense of the word. The Farmers Union has grown from nothing, with not \$1.00 invested, to an organization that does over \$1,000,000.00 of business every year. And then you say it is not worth while. You want to charge off after something else. That little bit you pay in dues if you knew what that has done, you would shout like I am. You know you would have to be happy. Stop your foolishness and go along the lines you have been. Don't the Farmers Union market more live stock than any other company in the world, on this earth? You see what they are doing at Kansas City, Omaha, St. Joe, St. Paul, Chicago, and the other markets. You are at the head of the list. You have had only a few failures compared to the going concerns you have right now. We ought to try trying to take in too many territories. We ought to concentrate our efforts on the main things and make a go of them. There is nothing this old world likes and looks up to like it does to success. You want to show folks what you are doing. 99 per cent of those who are in business are getting nothing. There are three ways to get things in Washington. One is trade, one is use the club, and the other is to get nothing. You can make those people do whatever you want them to do if you will manage it in the right way. You want to have a square deal in Washington. You have paid me for telling you what I am and doing what I have done. Let's take up a few things, center our efforts on them and make a good showing. Intelligent people do that and why not us do that way too. Build up our Live Stock business so you will be able to have some say in the prices. Build up your grain business and your creamery business. Build them all up. You have to show results. You have to make this world respect you. Whatever I have done, it is because you gave me the opportunity. You did it. I have had lots of fine times in Kansas. I have met lots of folks I think much of. You have all in all my life time. You have all the pleasure, and I want to say the very great pleasure of serving for some time in the National official family with two of the most loyal and lovable and biggest men I have ever met in all my life time. Your state President, C. E. Huff, and your state Secretary, C. E. Brasted. With all I have had to deal with, you do not know how I feel when I think of associating with such men as Huff and Brasted. Mr. Huff is the National Vice-President and Brasted is a member of the National Board of Directors of the National Union. The Farmers Union is going on and on

and on. I said to Huff a while ago, I have never said anything about the pleasure I have had in working with you two men but as I step down and out, I want you to know at any time you call one me, there is nothing to prevent me from coming. I will be there whenever you need me. Brasted, I have known you so long and I am sure you know about your devotion to this cause and how you have helped me, no matter where in this world I am, if I can be of any assistance you call and I will drop whatever I am doing and I will be with you right away. I do appreciate and what a pleasure it has been to associate with real men. Your Farmers Union have two of the sincerest men at its head. There is no farmer on the outside of a farm organization as good as some of the men who are in. They join but they do not hope so much for themselves but they hope to make the world better. On the other hand, the dirtiest and most cowardly scoundrels join because it is a wonderful field to graze. They get up and make a speech and tell what they can do. With these two classes, what a pleasure it is to associate with the faithful few. Please quit your foolishness and do what you ought to. I thank you."

Auditing Association Program  
Mr. T. B. Dunn, Secretary-Manager of the Farmers Union Auditing Association was called to take charge of the Auditing Departments presentation of their work for the past year. Mr. Dunn asked for H. E. Witham, Mr. J. Spencer, John Huber, Ralph Chapman and Anton Peterson, members of the Auditing Board to come to the platform.

Mr. Dunn presented the report of the Association. Also he told of how the Association has grown since the time of its organization until it now has 100 members in all the states and one stenographer. They are one of the largest accounting firms in the state of Kansas and their work is recognized by the other auditors, auditing associations and organizations throughout the state of Kansas but in the United States and by the United States Government.

Mr. Witham, President of the Auditing Association told of the work of that department in the affairs of the Farmers Union state Bank and how the Manager, Mr. Dunn, was now assistant receiver, and his efforts in that institution were commendable and something we should be proud of.

John Huber, a member of the Board stated he had not much to say but he wished to speak directly to the managers of the business association. I wonder how managers feel when they see a load of wheat going past our own elevator. I want to call your attention to the fact that we have all branches of the Farmers Union, the Auditing Association included. Many times I have heard managers say the bankers can audit our books. You should have your own men. You need an auditor and Mr. Dunn can give it. Do you suppose the other firms are going to give you good sound advice? I am sure you cannot find better advice than what Mr. Dunn will give.

Mr. Dunn spoke further: I wish to thank the managers who are here and those directors who are here who are patrons of the Auditing Association and made our association possible. We work to give you service and to build up any profit. We must be provided with competent commercial work. Our rate is no more than the other competent auditors firms in the state. Be as lenient as possible with us at the beginning of the year. I have over 100 audits listed to be made the first of the year. 90 of the audits are for the Farmers Union. We will give you the best service we can and have the auditors there as soon after January 1st as it is possible. I thank you."

Introducing C. L. Seibel  
Mr. Huff: Mr. C. L. Seibel, who lives at Wichita, will present the work of the Farmers Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, the record they have made and are making.

C. L. Seibel, told of the work in a few brief remarks, saying there were two reasons for the organization of the Farmers Union Mutual Life Insurance Company. One of them was to give insurance at cost and not only cost but at farmers cost. The risk in insuring farmers is not near as great as it is to those living in the city. In most companies the farmer has to pay for this city risk. With the Farmers Union Mutual Life Insurance there are no city people insured. The rates of the company are no cheaper than those of any other life insurance company. Their rates are based on the American Experience Table, a table gotten up over a period of years showing the death rate of persons of certain years. The table shows an advantage to the country people over people living in the cities in buying life insurance. The reserves of the Company are invested as the state laws prescribe they shall be. Extracts were read from some of the Journals published by the company. We sometimes talk non-co-operation until we get into the idea that you do not co-operate. I still believe the Kansas Farmers Union is

### Revolutionary Change In Grain Inspection Department

As a result of the recent conference in Kansas City, called by Mr. A. J. Beasley, of Washington, D. C., chief of the grain standards division of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, a committee is being created to aid the department in interpreting and applying the inspection rules. In announcing this new departure Mr. Beasley said "This is the first time the Department has ever tried to share responsibilities with the grain trade." E. J. Smiley, Secretary of the Kansas Grain Dealers Ass'n, declared that if the committee was to become an actuality immediately, so as to function within 10 days or 2 weeks, he would urge farmers to stop threshing and dealers to stop shipping during the interval, because their wheat would bring 10 to 15 cents per bushel more money later. I do not share his opinion to that extent, but I am confident that whenever we have a great amount of wheat with which some fault can be found, as with heat damage a few years ago, and with smut more recently, and with straw or earth odor and a slight damage to many kernels this year, the inspection rules have been so applied as to cost the farmers millions of dollars. The committee will help greatly in correcting this. It was made known to the department regarding this unfairness by the Kansas Grain Dealers Ass'n, the Wheat Pool, the Farmers Union, and perhaps by other agencies. This Kansas City meeting was in response to those complaints, and prompt action was taken to bring this committee.

There seemed a few years ago to be a profound necessity for uniform inspection and grading of grains for commerce. Both those who buy and those who sell are served by definite uniform standards of grain grading. The theory it promised great improvement over the separate and varying standards of the several states to have the federal government establish and interpret uniform rules. But in practice the thing has not worked so well. It seems to be generally agreed that the standards are satisfactory, the rules reasonable and fair. But the interpretation put upon the rules by inspectors do not appear to be always fair or sensible. Everyone spoke his mind much to the effect that Mr. Beasley was very courteous, even when his department was under fire.

It was said that for a crop in which so large a part has at least technical if not actual damage the Department has too small a force and is too poorly organized to meet need. Personal judgment of the inspector is too large a factor, and organization is so poor within the Dept. that one inspector declared "We fail to get bulletins promptly regarding changes. Hence Kansas City may grade one way and St. Louis another. It is disconcerting to be told 'that change was made last week.'" E. J. Smiley told of a car of wheat which came to the Kansas City market and graded No. 5 musty. The owner sent it on to St. Louis where it graded Number 2, and sold to a mill for the top price of the day for grade. Since the mill bought from the actual sample, he was convinced that the grade of No. 5 musty was only technical and did not reflect commercial value. That car of wheat brought \$250 more, by reason of inspection only. Smiley declared "We want the farmer to know that it is the Government inspection that is robbing him, and not the dealers." One man declared that the same sample of wheat submitted to four different inspectors resulted in grades varying from 9 to 40 per cent damage, and insisted that a system of grading, or of interpretation of rules, in which capable men differ so widely is itself a failure. J. S. Hart, formerly chief of the Kansas inspection department, said that the federal department has broken down the state departments by cancelling the license of any inspector who does not grade to suit that department. It was also charged that no cancellation had ever occurred for undergrading, but always where the inspector was charged with grading too high. And that the pressure upon the Department was too nearly all from one way—from the buyers side.

Some of the millers present were positive in declaring that their mills do not grind this "odor" wheat, but the conviction persisted on the part of the buyers that mills are using a great deal of this Kansas wheat which, due to the wet harvest has a slight smell and is being graded No. 5 musty even though it may have a test weight of 59 or 60 pounds. The Jobbing Ass'n reported the sale that day of 2 cars of such wheat at the highest mills in Kansas City, the price being far below that of No. 2, on account of the grade. One dealer said that a mill had paid 78c for a load of wheat on which he had 60c and that the mill was continuing to buy on that approximate difference. That the wheat does have milling value far beyond the price it will bring after inspection has classified it as No. 5 musty, and that mills

at central markets are prospering at the expense of producers. Grading, it seems, no longer attempts to determine the commercial value of the wheat, relative to a standard, but has become purely technical. It is no longer practical, but theoretical. Perhaps it is even believed in official circles that to penalize the dumb producer on every technical fault in his product will finally induce him to produce only perfect wheat and other commodities. But Providence still controls the weather, and Kansas harvested in the rain in 1928. And the Kansas farmer is entitled to be paid for that wheat crop on a basis of its actual commercial value as compared to perfect wheat. To grade it on technicalities and penalize him 10 to 25 cents a bushel in a market already much too low is hardly less than a crime.

The creation of this new committee should prove to be one of the most revolutionary and valuable steps so far taken in the development of uniform grain grades. The committee should be responsive at once to the problems which arise in relation to every crop which has any considerable percent of off grades. Each new crop presents some new phase, and the federal department has not been able to adjust its machinery to the new situation until the season was largely past. The committee's work ought to make country buying safer, and surely it must result in getting the producer a larger share of what the wheat is actually worth in the market. The inspection department ought to be able to make a much more flexible application of

its rules, to reflect values. The Kansas Farmers Union will be represented on the new committee, as will also the Wheat Pool and the Co-operative Elevator Ass'n. So that to this extent, at least, the producer will have spokesmen who are directly interested in the price he gets for his wheat. This also will be new. Other agencies may want uniform grading, so that the market value of the wheat may be accurately judged at the time of purchase, and the buying hazard lessened. And this may narrow the margin which is always taken when values are in doubt. For in the long-run the farmer always pays. But these co-operative agencies which are now a part of the committee exist for the sole purpose of securing a fair price—the total actual net value—for the farmer. It should have far-reaching results.

#### SNARED

Blue of mountain,  
Blue of sea,  
Song of swift wind  
Calling me . . .  
Golden poppies  
In the grass  
Tossing fragrance  
As I pass  
Golden pollen  
Drifts and blows  
Over grass, as  
Beauty throws  
Nets to snare me  
As I lie  
Deep in grass,  
Breathing sky. . .

Blue of mountain  
Turns to black,  
As the moon swoons  
Down her track.  
Path of silver  
Floods the hill. . .  
Snared by Beauty  
I lie still!

Eleanor Allen.

### Press Report Misrepresents Farmers Union

In reporting the Marysville Convention the Kansas City Journal Post, in its Nov. 2 issue, carried a heavy headline stating the "Kansas Farmers Union In Favor of Dry Modification." Naturally this report was widely read, both by our membership and by outsiders, and has resulted in expressions of surprise and criticism. We do not know what other papers, if any, made the same error in reporting, and we cannot hope to run down the error. A lie can circle the world before the truth gets well started.

Probably the misrepresentation was not intentional. Writers seek news. It would not be sensational for the Farmers Union in convention to oppose modification, but for us to favor it would be a headline. Someone said "If a dog bites a man that is not news. But if a man should bite a dog that would be interesting news." Probably the reporter was sincere in the report he gave, and sensed the news value of it. What incentive there would be to misrepresent our position is not easy to see.

We reprint herewith the resolution in question, and appeal to our members throughout the state to secure the correction in the local press if they find that the misstatement has been locally made. Request is being made that the Journal-Post make public correction of their statement, which they will doubtless do at once.

The resolution, as presented and adopted, is as follows: The report of the Committee on Legislation was read by W. J. Spencer, chairman, as follows:

"We, your committee on Legislation, beg to submit the following report. We favor such revision of the Taxation laws of Kansas as will provide for the raising of all funds for state expense by state income tax and a gross production tax on minerals rather than the present system of direct property tax.

We are opposed to taxing mortgaged property at full value and favor legislation providing for the taxing of only equity in property to the holder.

We are opposed to the intangible law placing property on a lower rate than that levied against tangible property.

We favor a law providing for the distribution of funds derived from the taxation of railroads, telephones, telegraph and similar corporations in the same manner as the present state school funds are distributed, according to the school population.

We favor good roads as fast as we can afford to pay for them, but are opposed to all bond issues for roads. In case the state highway amendment carries, we insist that not more than one-half of the auto gas and license fees be given to the State Highway Commission, the remainder to be divided equitably between counties and townships. That is, we do not want all our road money spent on the main tourists roads, but want a reasonable share of the road money spent on the roads from farm to home markets.

We ask that in any county in which there are as many as 250 dues paying members of the Farmers Union or Grange, that the County Farmers Union or the County Grange organization be authorized by law to elect a delegate to the meeting of the State Board of Agriculture.

We are opposed to any material change in the present primary law except extending the primary system to afford an opportunity for the voters to express a preference as between candidates, for Presidential nominations.

We favor legislation in line with the Capper-Hoch Bill pending in the 70th Congress and opposing direct shipping of live stock.

We are opposed to the repeal or modification of the Eighteenth Amendment.

We favor strengthening of the state laws controlling public utilities and providing that appeal from the state Public Service Commission shall be to the district court of the county or district where any controversy originates.

Signed J. W. Spencer, Chairman  
Clyde W. Coffman  
Cal. A. Ward  
John Frost  
J. P. Johnson  
John Vesceky  
James G. Strong.



## Ladies' Auxiliary

## NOTICE

ALL LADIES AUXILIARY DUES SHOULD BE SENT DIRECT TO THE STATE SECRETARY, MRS. MAY INGLE, MICHIGAN VALLEY, KANSAS.

THE AUXILIARY DUES ARE \$1.00 YOU KEEP 30c IN YOUR LOCAL SEND 70c TO THE STATE SECRETARY. THEN 20c OF THIS IS

SENT BACK TO YOUR COUNTY ORGANIZATION. YOU HAVE ONE YEAR TO DO NOT HAVE ONE THE STATE WILL KEEP IT IN THE TREASURY UNTIL YOU DO ORGANIZE, THEN YOU ARE ENTITLED TO ALL THE COUNTY DUES FROM DATE OF ORGANIZATION.

## Junior Co-operators

## MEMBERSHIP LIST

ADDIE HARDIN—Kincaid.  
JULIA POWELL—Colony.  
HELEN HOLCOM—Baldwin.  
LORETTA SIMCEKA—Delia.  
NAOMI KITCHEN—Lyndon.  
HELEN CENTLIVRE—Mont Ida.  
KEITH CENTLIVRE—Mont Ida.  
PETE CENTLIVRE—Mont Ida.  
CLINTON DONALD—Kincaid.  
HOWARD DONALD—Kincaid.  
GEORGIA GRACE CEFMAN—Madison.  
HELLEN BARTZ—Rush Center.  
MILDRED NELSON—Ottawa.  
MARGERY JEAN KRESIE—Meriden.  
PHYLLIS TURMAN—Ransom.  
NADINE GUGGISBERG—Burns.  
MARIE NEWTON—Utica.  
VERA FUNK—Utica.  
DOROTHY KRAISINGER—Timken.  
LUCILE GRETEN—Kincaid, Kansas.  
GEORGIANA OLEJNIK—Rossville.  
NADINE E. NEIDENTHAL—Timken.  
RICHARD SCHIEFELBUSCH—Oswatonia.  
LUCILE WILSON—LaCrosse.  
GLADYS M. COLLINS—Ulysses, Kansas.

## INTERNATIONALISM THROUGH THE CHILDREN

By Virginia Kirks

(Note: The Near East Relief hopes to receive this year enough money from Golden Rule Sunday, December 2, to cover the work which they carried on for the entire period since the war.

As the children have grown older they have gone out one by one to make their own way in the world, trained and fitted as well as clothed and fed by the gifts of America largely. The next year should complete their task. Only the crippled and deficient will remain, and institutions must care for them permanently.)

There is a growing tendency to feel that the hands of the children lie in the future. And if that future is to be a rosy one, the children of today must begin to try to understand the importance of sympathetic appreciation of the problems that face the less fortunate children of America and other lands. We who are helping to make the books that children read are making this the basis for putting in the hands of our American children the picture books of other nations—Czechoslovakia, Sweden, Russia, France, Italy, Germany, countries where the lives of the children have produced an art in picture-making far ahead of what we can produce in this feverish country of ours. And thru these picture books and thru the story books of children of other lands, our children are beginning to be able to understand a little something of the lives of children on the other side of the ocean.

## THE IOWA AUXILIARY FROM THE BEGINNING

Comment:—We have here a letter written by the first Ladies Auxiliary president, whose vision has materialized into a fine organization. Hope this will give inspiration to each member reading it.

Just a line to the "Letterbox" today. The Iowa Union Farmer comes recently and I was very happy to read of the very fine convention program of the Ladies Auxiliary. As its president, I had hoped against hope that some one could be found to take my place here so that I could leave and attend the convention. When all hope of going to the meeting died in my heart, I sent a long distance call to our secretary and told her to advise our ladies that I could not be with them, I am very happy to read of how successfully the ladies worked out every detail of business and how delightfully the program was given. Last but by no means least I was interested in the educational features. I am sure Mr. Bowman and Miss Robinson made every one realize that through such organizations as the auxiliary rural folks may receive education in many lines. I wish I might have been with the Union folks at the 1928 convention but another one is coming and all one can do is live in hope.

I see the election of 1928 has been very successfully carried out. Both Boards (the executive and directors) have a membership of some of our best members and I am very pleased indeed to leave the organization in such good hands. It will be good business to be loyal to these good self sacrificing women who have so well and so faithfully helped me to gather the nucleus of the present organization. And, as I remember the trials and tribulations through which we have safely passed, I can not help but believe that only a kind Providence sustained us all, because, the thing we were planning to do was for the general good of a group of worth while people. A work which they needed but somehow they could not plainly see the need.

Always, in a case of this kind, the thing to do is to go ahead and educate. Always it is God help the agitator, but the help is given or we would all be a sorry bunch today, as you will readily agree when you recount the reforms that have been brought about, because some one saw a need and would not rest until the necessary re-

In many of these lands, the children of today are still paying the cost of the war in yesterday. Nowhere is this more true than in the Near East. And as the Christmas season approaches, when, through the pages of picture books and story books our children learn of the life of these foreign children, so too should they learn something of the sides of their lives that is not fit for pictures and that is not put into stories—the side that tells of undernourishment, of cold, of lack of clothing, of lack of the opportunities that our children take for granted. And for this reason Golden Rule Sunday has been established on December second, as the climax of a campaign whose chief beneficiaries are the boys and girls maintained by and in grade 4. Now is the chance for the children of happy homes to make their contribution, no matter how small, to the children of less fortunate homes—and of the orphan asylums of the Near East.

Meriden, Kansas, Nov. 12, 1928.  
Dear Aunt Patience:  
I will write a letter to the one who sends me the most words from the word Thanksgiving.

I am ten years old and in grade five. My birthday is January the twelfth. I have one brother, Donald, who is nine and in grade 4. We had a Halloween party Oct. 27. For pets we have a Bantam, some cats and a dog. We have a Shetland pony and 2 Ancona chickens and one Brown Leghorn. We go to Dix school. There are nine pupils. The teacher is Miss Mary McGreevy. I belong to the R. F. Club. There are over 15,000 members. My brother also belongs. Goodbye.

Marjorie Jean Kresie, Meriden, Kansas.

P. S. The contest will be closed on November 29.

Lyndon, Kansas, Nov. 13, 1928.  
Junior Co-operator Department, Salina, Kansas.

Dear Aunt Patience:  
I am sorry that I haven't got around to write to you before, but as I am in the eighth grade this year I am very busy, but I haven't been so busy that I couldn't read our column for I have read it every time.

I will tell you of a few things we have learned in school this year. I think all of the Junior Co-operators are interested in school work, we have read baskets, match boxes, and comb cases out of cigar boxes, jardenners, out of wall paper samples and kodak boxes, each grade in school has made quite a few booklets.

I have noticed several children who have written letters to the club and said they were members of the Regular Farmers Club which is a club in the Drovers Telegram. I am a member of the Regular Farmers Club and have been for a long time.

Well, I'm afraid I will take up too much of the paper, so I will close, hoping every member of the club and Aunt Patience many happy wishes.

Your Little Co-operator,  
Naomi Kitchen.

form was an accomplished fact. Now a little history of how I conceived the idea of building an auxiliary into the F. E. & C. U. of Iowa.

I had been attending meetings of Farm Bureau women led by the extension worker. I attended several meetings. It was evident to me that aside from the pleasure of visiting we derived no benefit from these meetings. We never discussed taxes, how to vote intelligently, nor any other question that might help us to become more independent in our organization nor in our work. Politics we were told could not be discussed in meetings, road bonds were banned also. We could study food, clothing, nutrition, and health; adornment of home and kindred subjects.

I did my best to get my farm sisters to see that our program was wrong that we were leaving out the very subjects in which we needed instruction. That our work was planned by the Home Demonstration Agent just as if we were incapable of doing it for ourselves and instead of getting broader minded we were being cheated by a dwarfing program that we ourselves helped to put over.

I found that many of the ladies were dissatisfied quite as much as I. But just what can we do, everyone would say when we discussed our problem.

Just about this time I read of a meeting of the F. E. & C. U. of Iowa. Wallace's Farmer brought me the news. In this article I read that one lady contributed money she had received for eggs. She said they had lost everything in the crash that had swept away so many farm homes and she contributed her mite to save, if possible something through Farmers Union organization work.

I was so impressed by her sacrifice that it at once occurred to me that in a farm organization where such a woman could be found, there also could be found women who could and would do worth while work for farm organization. I wanted to know more about them and cast my lot with them. Accordingly I wrote to the Des Moines office and learned that there were other women who had thoughts akin to my own on this subject with the result that the auxiliary does exist today. I felt that the auxiliary does exist today.

third annual convention of the L. A. to the F. E. & C. U. of Iowa is to me most gratifying. During the last year



6033 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6034 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6035 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6036 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6037 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6038 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6039 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6040 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6041 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6042 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6043 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6044 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6045 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6046 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6047 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6048 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6049 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6050 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6051 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6052 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6053 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6054 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6055 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6056 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6057 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6058 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6059 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6060 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6061 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6062 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6063 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6064 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6065 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6066 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6067 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6068 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

6069 Girls' Dress.  
Cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12 year old girl requires 2 1/2 yards of 36 inch material together with 1/2 yard of contrasting material for facing on collar, cuffs and belt cut on a lengthwise fold. Price 15c.

6070 Ladies' Coat.  
Cut in 7 Sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 2 1/2 yards of 54 inch material. For collar of fur or fur cloth 3/4 yard 12 inches wide is required. Price 15c.

**KANSAS UNION FARMER WEEKLY EXCHANGE**  
If members of the Union have anything to Sell or Exchange, they should advertise it in this department. Rate: 3 cents a word per line. Count words in heading, as "For Sale," or "Wanted to Buy," and each initial or figure in the address. Compound words count as two words. CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER—TRY THIS DEPARTMENT—IT WILL PAY YOU.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

## DOGS FOR SALE

BUY MY A. NO. 1 COONER and be pleased. Open trailer; true tree; rab. bit proof. Trail. Money back guarantee. C. Hicke, Sedalia, Mo.

## SEEDS AND PLANTS

CLOVER \$4.00—Alfalfa \$7.50—39% pure alfalfa \$2.00. If you have Millet, Canesed, Kafir, corn or other grains, carlots or less, drop us a line. Salina Brokerage Co. Salina, Kansas.

## TOBACCO

GOOD SMOKING TOBACCO—10 pounds \$1.50. Chewing, 10 pounds \$2.50. Send no money. I trust you. ALBERT FORD, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

## FOR THE TABLE

SPLIT PINTO BEANS, new crop. 100 pounds \$3.40. Unshelled Spanish peanuts 100 pounds \$7.50. Shelled, freight prepaid. JACKSON BEAN CO. Woodward, Okla.

## FARMS

WANT to hear from owner having farm for sale. Give particulars and lowest price. John J. Black, Box 96, Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of the Cedar Local 1864, extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family and a copy sent to the bereaved family, a copy sent to the Kansas Union Farmer for publication and a copy sent to the minutes of this meeting.

**RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY**  
Whereas God in His Infinite Wisdom has seen fit to remove our dear brother from our midst our dear brother and friend, Edward J. Bledsoe, therefore we, the members of

## (Continued from page 1)

you. The Farmers Union Mutual Insurance Companies have the same conditions to contend with as all that other Hall Insurance Companies had in writing business in Kansas. When the Underwriters in view said the mutual hall insurance companies would not know how much to prorate until they had collected their stakes, the Farmers Union Mutual Hall Insurance Company had the checks in the mail 30 days before that article was published paying their losses in full 100 per cent. We say we are going to be able to start out in the spring of 1929 just the same as we were in 1928. The

The above article appeared in the September 27th. Underwriter upon the day I saw it. I saw how much pro-rating of the losses was necessary is not known at this time. Most of the companies have large amounts in premium notes which are just coming due and the companies are making collections. The pro-rating of the losses cannot be determined upon until the notes are collected." Now, the Farmers Union Mutual Hail Insurance Company has no notes to be collected because we use the cash system. Therefore, we do not have to wait to pay our losses.

at this time. What will be the result of this? Will stock companies endeavor to put us out of business? Yes, they know there are lots of ways they can accomplish the desired result without our members remain loyal with us. They will work. One of the methods is to put up a stock certificate, double, with the loss is when they find us on the risk or in the community in an endeavor to get our members to be deceived and demand more. This has been done many times and the same part of it is that in many cases we worked. Will the insured be like some of our members were in the past and take whatever the stock company

We wish we might have attended the meeting at Marysville. We would like to meet the other members there and contribute to the "Dry Goods Box" and perhaps, the waste basket. Brother Stosz's mention of us was the

A Very Discouraged Farm Wife.

**STEERS**—With considerably hea

**FARMERS UNION LIVE STOCK COMMISSION**

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 15, 1922  
The American Royal show starts Saturday of this week and closes Saturday, November 24. While here to attend the show, make our offices your headquarters. Come and make yourself at home.  
**STEERS**—With considerably less

**STEERS**—With considerably heavier runs this week than last, cattle trade has been dull, especially on sho-

Trade has been dull, especially on short feds and grassers which are 25 to 50¢ lower for the week. Most steers and yearlings coming are short feds and grassers. Bulk of the short fed steers bring from \$11.50 to \$13.50, with places down to \$10. Top long fed steers range up to 16.75. Grass steers range

range up to 10.10. Grass steers 1,200 lbs. from \$9 to \$11. We sold 54 head 974 lbs. Whiteface steers yesterday for Russell Baker of Overbrook, Kas., for \$14.25. Stockers and feeders

**COWS, HEIFERS, MIXED YEALINGS, BULLS**—Fair supply co

at \$9.25, which was the extreme top of the market.

on bulk offerings, including butchering cattle. Light weight steers topped Wednesday at \$18.00. Top yearling sold by Farmers Union at \$17.50. Heavy steers at \$18.00 top. Fair to good steers sold around \$13.00.

le \$15.00, rough kinds at \$12.50 and but  
rt low. All classes of butcher cows are

low. All classes of butcher cows and heifers sold 25 to 50c, the heifers generally at \$8.50 to \$10.50 and bulk cows \$7.50 to \$9.00. Canner cows mostly \$6.00 to \$6.25, cutters \$6.25 to \$6.65. The bull trade dropped 25c. Veal calves \$14.00 to \$15.00 to packers, with best \$15.00 to \$15.50 to cutters.

**Hogs Top \$9.00—Average Price \$8.50**  
Hog prices dropped to a low point

since April due to increased receipts this week. Today's trade steady strong with \$9.00 top and \$8.70 ave

visitors, among them several thousand women.

Is there rural art? The critics in the cities are skeptical, but let them

be, while we enjoy to the fullest the artistic possibilities of our gorgeous

What care we for the artificers  
splendor of the New York night  
clubs when we are carrying in the  
pumpkins and corn shocks to decon-  
state hall and house for Hallowe'en  
They are associated with thrillin

childhood memories and shivery legends of many a weird and mystical All Hallow's eve. They have been the symbols of harvest home for people

who have loved and lived by the so-  
to from the days of the Pilgrim fathers  
r- to ours.