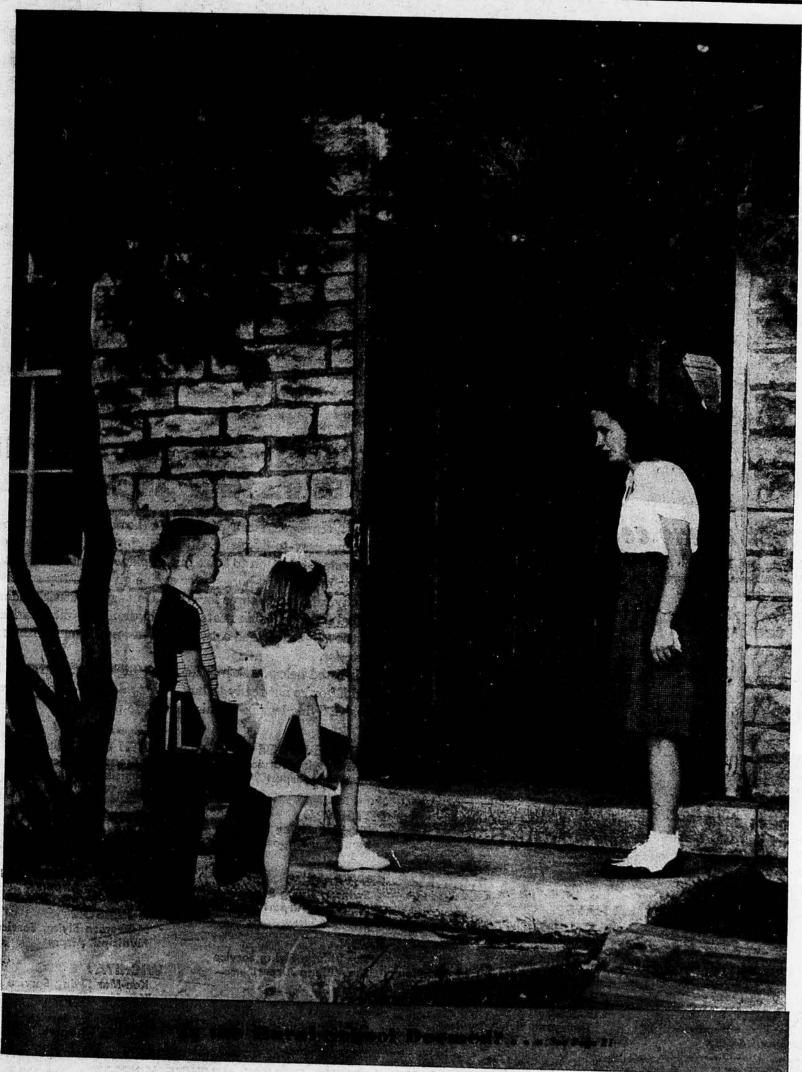
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SEPTEMBER 7, 1946







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THE Challenger "FARM-SIZE" DEHYDRATOR

SAVES ALL YOUR ALFALFA CROP SAVES ALL THE PROTEIN FOR STOCKFEED

By PAT BEAIRD

Dehydration of alfalfa opens rich new opportunities to mid-western farmers, cooperatives and grain elevators. Field curing loses over 30% of the protein in alfalfa, mow curing steals 21%. Dehydration will stop that waste, will convert high-protein grasses and forage crops into valuable stockfeed ingredi-

Few farmers or co-ops can afford to install big, expensive dehydration units, but almost any large farmer and even the smallest cooperative organization can afford the CHALLENGER 'farm-size" dehydrator. It's the latest and greatest development in the dehydration of farm products—the low-cost dehydrator with a capacity of about 1,000 pounds of dehydrated grasses per hour.

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The CHALLENGER works equally

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STOP wasting one-third of your alfalfa crop. STOP wasting priceless protein. Dehydration will end your feed
shortages forever. Let us arrange for
you to see a CHALLENGER in actual
operation, or write for the new CHALLENGER booklet on dehydration. It's
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Please send me your free booklet on dehydration. I understand this request does not obligate me in any way.

- (Name)

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head of livestock.

acres of land. I have

Let's Look at Holland

Eighth Article on Europe Today, Giving Plain Facts

By JOHN STROHM

THE HAGUE, NETHERLANDS— As I got my first glimpse of Holland from a plane the green fields seemed to be floating in water. A network of canals crisscrosses the country like yard markers on a football field. And it looks as if one more foot of water, or one big wave slopping over the dike, would drown the whole country.

country.

No wonder this land of wooden shoes and windmills, cows and flowers, is called one of "The Low Countries." For centuries the Dutch have been waging a war to expand their borders. It has been a war against the sea, and man-made dikes have reclaimed one fourth of the total farm land. They have trans-formed this tiny nation, a fifth the size of Wisconsin, into one of the most highly specialized dairy-gardens in the world.

highly specialized dairy-gardens in the world.

The average Dutch farmer is a mighty good farmer—he just can't be otherwise. For example: You can't breed your livestock to a runt boar or a scrub bull—only sires which pass rigid tests are licensed for breeding. You can't just drop over to the neighbors and get a peck of potatoes to finish your planting—only certified seed may be sold.

The Dutch didn't go to all of that work of reclaiming land to see it wasted on inferior seed. And that's why there is uniform high production of both crops and livestock in The Netherlands which should make us all sit up and take notice.

Their wheat averages 46 bushels to the acre—more than 3 times our national average. I was on several farms where they frequently get 75 to 80 bushels an acre. Other national yields: Barley, 57 bushels; oats, 66 bushels; and potatoes. a whopping 3,000 bush-

Barley, 57 bushels; oats, 66 bushels; and potatoes, a whopping 3,000 bushels to the acre. Before the war all of their cows gave an average of 7,700



farmers have fine Friesian cattle—bulls must pass rigid tests be-fore they can be used for breeding.

pounds of milk a year. No, they don't have any place for scrubs in The Netherlands.

Take seed, for instance: I was on one place where the farmer was grow-ing wheat for seed. He has to have a ing wheat for seed. He has to have a license from the government before he can produce seed for sale. A government inspector drops in to inspect the growing field (3 times in the 6 weeks before harvest), looks it over for disease, for weeds, and for purity of strain of strain.

of strain.

"You can't tell how good seed is by looking at it in the sack," one of the inspectors observed. So the government inspects and certifies all wheat, barley, potatoes, peas and flax seed grown for sale. Thus, the farmer gets the best

This particular farmer had used hor-This particular farmer had used hormone spray to hold the apples on the trees an additional 2 weeks, was using DDT, and said the first thing he did after liberation was to write for all the farm papers in America so he could catch up with new farm developments

The Dutch are just as careful with their livestock sires. Before a bull can be put into service he must be from a mother registered in the herd book or local breeding society, and who has reached a certain production standard. In 6 of the 11 provinces, bulls must also pass a sort of oral exam before a critical committee of farmers and breeders.

Rigid standards also apply to boars, and all eggs delivered to hatcheries must be from accredited flocks.

"How did you get farmers to adopt such high standards?" I asked S. L.

Published the first and third Saturdays each month at Eighth and Jackson streets, Topeka, Kan., U. S. A. Entered as second class matter at the post office Topeka, Kan., U. S. A., under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Louwys, one of the world's foremost agricultural authorities.

"Thru a broad educational system—every farmer under 40 has had some agricultural training in schools," he replied. "In 1890, when American exports threatened our markets, we had to make a decision: Should we raise tariff barriers to protect our agriculture, or should we educate our farmers to lower their cost of production. We chose the latter method."

Louwys suggested, with a twinkle

Louwys suggested, with a twinkle in his eye, that Americans are "100 per cent for unrestricted competition—in a restricted market."

How would you like to pay \$500 ap

—in a restricted market."

How would you like to pay \$500 an acre for pasture land? Well, the average Dutchman in North Holland or Friesland wouldn't sell for that. He claims to have the best pasture land in the world. And, after showing me fields which have been in pasture for 100 years without reseeding, which carry as many as 3 cows on 5 acres



southern part of Holland, and the wooden shoes are standard equipment on the land all over the country.

from May thru October, and supply enough hay to carry the cows thru the winter—well, they've about got me convinced.

me convinced.

These dairy farmers have just about every square foot in permanent pasture. One apologized that during the war he had to grow some grain for bread. "But next year, all of my land will be in pasture again."

While black and white Friesians are the favorite breed. (70 per cent of

white black and white Friesians are the favorite breed (70 per cent of total), a fifth of the cattle are red and white. Dutch Belted cows?

"A rich man's hobby?" says the government's livestock head. "There are only 2 or 3 herds in the country today because too much production is lost to

keep the white 'belt.' We insist that a cow's most important job in The Netherlands is to give milk—lots of it and with high butterfat content." (As a result of this emphasis, the Dutch exhibit at local fairs and livestock shows more for honor than for money.)

A visit to the beautiful red brick home of the Dutch dairy farmer, with its high-peaked roof covered with thatch, would be a series of surprises for the American homemaker. You open the door and find yourself, not in the front room, but in the cow stable. And since it's summertime and the cows are on pasture, the cow stable is



It's easier to carry milk this way, the Dutch farm boy says.

slicked up as spotless as one of those modern bathrooms pictured in the ads. modern bathrooms pictured in the ads. They have white sea shells in the stables, picture-china plates on the stable walls, rugs on the floor, and geraniums and curtains at the windows. And at the back of the stalls are cupboards in the wall where the cowhands sleep. You wonder about the attic, under the high roof, and find out it's the haymow. The living quarters? They're on the first floor to the side of the stable and under the haymow.

But never say the Dutch live in a barn—rather the Dutch cows live in a house. For in my visit to several average Dutch farm homes, I saw such things as pianos, radios, gas stoves,

average Dutch farm homes, I saw such things as pianos, radios, gas stoves, sewing machines, oil paintings, electric vacuum cleaners, running water—well, all of the things that the woman's editor of this paper says you homemakers have a right to ask of your husband. More than 95 per cent of the Dutch farm homes, for example, have electricity. have electricity.

As in Denmark, the Dutch dairy

As in Denmark, the Dutch dairy farmer has built up a high standard of living on a small acreage.

But also like Denmark, there's trouble now with the feed supply. They, too, import large amounts of oil cake and cereals—a million tons of cereals for feed and a half million tons of oil cake. Because dairy farmers can't get oil cake, their milk production has dropped from 7,700 to 6,380 pounds per cow.

per cow.
"For every pound of oil cake we're allowed to buy, we can produce 3 ad-



Cheese? The Dutch farmers make some of the best.

ditional pounds of milk," points out S. L. Mansholt, Minister of Agricul-

ture.

They're not wasting bread grains on hogs and poultry. The government limits the number of chicks a farmer may buy, the number of sows he may keep. (But they can't quite understand why German farmers, under Allied Military government, are allowed to build up their livestock at a time when many small Dutch farmers, who kept 75 hogs 300 chickens and a couple of

their livestock at a time when many small Dutch farmers, who kept 75 hogs, 300 chickens and a couple of cows, are forced out of business.)

The Dutch have only 75 per cent of their prewar cattle numbers, 55 per cent of the hogs, and 10 per cent of the poultry they kept before the war. And their land has taken a beating, too—nearly 12 per cent of their cultivated land was either flooded, made useless by minefields, or taken up with fortifications. (The Nazis were jittery that the Allies were going to make

Word From Moscow

Along comes a letter from our Along comes a letter from our traveling reporter, John Strohm, who says: Yep, here I am in the shadow of the Kremlin, and from where I sit I can see the Red Star of the Soviet Union—red with rubies they tell me—as it stands above the Kremlin.

Have talked with the great

as it stands above the Kremlin. Have talked with the great scientist Lvsenko; will see the discoverer of perennial wheat soon. Am finding living pretty steep. Eggs are 90 cents apiece, and a ham sandwich costs more than a 10-year subscription to Kansas Farmer.

Plan to see collective farms and other agricultural work. Don't expect Soviet article too soon, as I want to see all I possibly can, or until I no longer can afford ham sandwiches. Will keep you posted. keep you posted.—To Strohm, Moscow, USSR. -Tovarich

the European invasion thru Holland.)

the European invasion thru Holland.)
One minute I was riding thru a lushly rich garden of alfalfa, sugar beets and potatoes, with windmills turning and farmers clop-clopping by in wooden shoes, wearing the picturesque costumes of Zeeland. Then we crossed the dike and came into a dead world.

The trees, the bushes were dead. Brick homes had disintegrated. As far as the eye could reach, the fields were dirty and desolated by salt water and torn up by tides which raced across the land twice daily. This was Walcheren Island, flooded in late 1944 when RAF bombers broke open the dikes as the Allies made a desperate bid to end the war. bid to end the war.

Land flooded with salt water totaled

193,000 acres. Fresh water flooding took another whopping 353,000 acres—much of it malicious work of Nazis intent more on destruction than wag-

ing war.

Land flooded by fresh water was quickly put back into production, and will produce a fair crop this year.

Much of the land flooded with salt water will also produce some crops this year, but salt water has an effect on the soils that won't be overcome for

or 6 years.

Because of war damage and lack of fertilizers, over-all food production in Holland probably will be only 70 per cent of prewar this year. Wheat will be down 20 per cent, oats will yield 25 per cent less and 120 per cent less, and rye 30 per cent less (Continued on Page 32)

When the dikes of Holland were bombed, the salt water quickly laid waste the land. It will take years to bring the land back to productivity.—Photos by John Strohm.

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WAS disappointed that the Decontrol Board placed live-stock and meats back under control of the OPA. But the pressure from the CIO, Consumers Leagues, and the Leftist groups that want as many Government controls continued as long as possible, apparently was too strong for the Administration to withstand.

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I note, also, that the food subsidies are to be put into effect again on cattle and beef. That means another period of Government deception of consumers. These subsidies average about 5 cents a pound on beef. It means that the consumer sees an OPA price ceiling on cuts of beef, and believes an OPA price ceiling on cuts of beef, and believes that is the correct price statement. Actually, even the OPA holds that the proper price is about 5 cents a pound more than the listed price—the Federal Treasury is paying that much of the meat bill. And, of course, the longer these subsidies are retained, the more difficult it will be to get consumers to accept the idea of paying their own grocery ers to accept the idea of paying their own grocery bills, without relying upon Uncle Sam paying part of the grocery bill for each family.

I note, also, that Paul Porter, now head of the Office of Price Administration, is suggesting that milk and dairy products be returned to price controls, with subsidies as during the war. The CIO is demanding that controls be returned on milk as well as on meats. I hope the Decontrol Board stands firm in its decision not to restore ceilings and subsidies on milk. The sooner the people of the country get used to paying their own grocery bills; the sooner the prices are such as to encourage production thru allowing the opportunity for legitimate profits, the better for the country.

I realize that the Administration wants to appease the city consumers, the CIO, and other labor groups, and wants to continue to get Leftist support. And to appease these groups it was felt necessary to hold down food prices even below the production costs, at least until after the November election. And considerable pressure from the White House must have been put upon Secretary of Agriculture Clinton P. Anderson to get him to restore meat and livestock price controls. He knows, as everyone else familiar with conditions knows, that the price controls on meat were a most dismal failure under the old OPA; there is little reason to believe they will be more successful under the revived OPA act.

I am afraid that in the long run it is the consumers themselves who may suffer most from the retention of meat price controls. Unless grain and other feed prices drop considerably in the very near future, the Corn Belt feed lots are not going to be filled; that means tons and tons of meat will not be hung on the frames of cattle and hogs by feeding to maximum weights; this in turn will mean a meat shortage by the first of the year, very likely sooner.

I understand one theory of the Administration is that record wheat and corn crops will lower grain prices even below present ceiling prices on grains, especially if the number of animals to be grain-fed is reduced. And that in time this will stimulate production of beef and pork again. If that is correct, then it indicates that the Administration is working along the line of reducing the prices of things the farmer has to sell, while the OPA is busy increasing price ceilings on things the farmer has to buy. I do not approve that policy.

Because I don't wish to be misunderstood in the matter, I am taking this opportunity of informing you that I was opposed to the action of both the Republican and the Democratic party councils in

Topeka last week, in recommending resubmission of the Prohibitory Amendment to the Kansas Constitution. I voted against the resubmission plank in the Republican party platform, altho it was modified so no member or candidate on the Republican ticket is bound himself to support the resubmission, and repeal, of the Prohibitory amendment.

I don't want the saloon to return to Kansas, even

under the guise of a state-owned and state-operated "package liquor dispensary." Putting a politi-cal appointee in charge of liquor sales will not make the liquor business much more healthy for

make the liquor business much more healthy for Kansas and Kansans, in my judgment.

I am a "dry" and expect to remain a dry the rest of my life. I have yet to know a person, or a family, or a community where the liquor habit resulted in more happiness than unhappiness. I have known case after case where the liquor habit caused unhappiness, distress, poverty, and even crime. The saloon is the enemy, not the friend, of the family. Putting the Government into the liquor business will not change the liquor business, but it is likely will not change the liquor business, but it is likely to change the Government—and that change will not be for the better.

Schools Need Attention

KNOW Kansas farm folks are giving a great deal of thought to the rural school situation. It needs your best attention. I feel the very best education is none too good for our farm boys and girls. The kind of educational background we give them, to a large extent, will determine their prog-ress, their usefulness to their community, and their general well-being and happiness

Also, the educational advantages our farm boys and girls have will determine, to a great extent, the progress and well-being of our entire country. The community in which you live, your state, your nation, all will benefit from a well-educated rural

The importance of our rural youth in the national picture never can be overemphasized. Plain, old-fashioned arithmetic proves this. In the whole U. S., more than half of the children of school age -5 to 17 years old—live in rural areas. Of the children enrolled in school 46.4 per cent are in rural schools. More than half of the elementary and secondary schoolteachers work in rural schools. About 86 per cent of the nation's school buildings are in rural school systems.

In Kansas, about half of our 17,000 teachers are in rural schools. Nearly 50 per cent of the children of school age are in rural districts. According to the census for the school year 1944-45, including ages from 5 to 21 years, 112,323 pupils were in one-teacher schools. That is about 25 per cent for the

I give these figures simply to show that on the basis of numbers alone, farm children deserve the best attention in regard to their schooling.

Now, I insist that agriculture is the backbone of our nation. It is our biggest and most important business. Therefore, I contend that men and women who operate it should be the best equipped mentally. The job of being a successful farmer has been growing more complex thru the years. Today a farmer has to be an expert in everything from soil conditioning to marketing.

It requires intelligent judgment to maintain pro-

By CLIF STRATTON, Kansas Farmer's Washington Correspondent ductive soil, grow crops that will do the farm and the income the most good, raise livestock that will adds pounds efficiently. It requires a solid background of education to meet the challenges of farm production today. And it is going to take the best judgment and knowledge in the future to

maintain a favorable farm income. That future is almost here now. We are not too far away from strong competition and overproduction.

I could name a good many former farm boys and girls who have made good in a big way in many lines of industry. Evidence that our rural schools in the past haven't failed; evidence, also, that farm boys and girls have what it takes to reach the top any place.

However, I believe you will agree with me that

there are several perplexing questions to answer. The current teacher shortage for one. Earlier figures indicated there might be a shortage of 1,629 teachers this school year in rural and small town districts. That is in Kansas alone. This might have meant a good many farm boys and girls couldn't go to school this year. But fortunately that isn't likely. Some kind of arrangements are being made to take care of all rural students.

Here is an interesting fact. Virtually every child of school age in Kansas is enrolled in school. Over the nation, however, there are 31/2 million children of school age in rural communities who are not enrolled in school. This state has a compulsory school attendance law, which is self-enforcing. Everyone of school age goes to school.

This serious teacher shortage in rural areas can be accounted for on a dollar basis. Jobs elsewhere pay better. Before the war, teachers in some rural districts averaged \$7.10 a week on a 12-months basis; others in another group averaged \$13. Pay in rural schools increased during the war years, of course. But wages have gone up proportionately other places, too. Perhaps your district is paying the teacher all it can afford. But I say that money invested in education along the right lines is the

best investment we can make.
School equipment and buildings in rural areas do need attention. Altho 86 per cent of the nation's school buildings are in rural school systems, they don't offer the inducements to teachers, or the advantages to students, that city schools offer. Small rural districts cannot afford elaborate equipment; but perhaps they can improve. Consolida-tion is another answer. Kansas will see how this works out in the next few years.

Rural schools, by the way, have been losing pupils at the rate of 3,500 a year in Kansas. This has been going on for 30 years or more. A good deal of it is due to whole families moving to locations where their children will have better school facilities. Also, to the fact farms have grown larger, crowding out too many family-size farms.

Exactly how to provide better schools and equipment for rural children needs a lot of study. And how to make our whole school curriculum more practical should get close attention. Our boys and girls must be educated to meet a modern, changing world. We must help them all we can in under-standing a confusing world. And remember always that good schools and good farming go to-

Athun Capper

Prices Got Away From the Government

WASHINGTON, D. C.—One of the hard-to-answer questions last week was why the Decontrol white per meats back under control, white

Board put meats back under control, while leaving milk uncontrolled. The while leaving milk uncontrolled. The answer is largely political.

The reason announced by the Decontrol Board is that retail milk prices, when control went off by act of the President in vetoing the OPA extension bill June 29, went up on the whole only the amount of the subsidy, running about 2 cents a quart; while meat

prices went "unreasonably high"—in many places 20 to 25 cents a pound, or even more on some cuts.

The outcry from the consumers was more vociferous over increased meat prices than over increases in the price of milk. There probably is not enough subsidy money readily available to carry on both the milk and the meat subsidies, so meat won—or lost, depending upon your viewpoint.

There is an election coming on in November, and the Administration feels an obligation to hold down food prices as much as possible, at least until after the election. reven more on some cuts.

The outcry from the consumers was more vociferous over increased meat prices than over increases in the price of milk. There probably is not enough subsidy money readily available to

But the Administration's dilemma soon after the election will be to con-tinue to hold down food prices, under the threat of strikes to get wage in-creases equivalent to, or even larger than, the increases in prices.

The situation got away from the Government last winter when it adopted the policy of increasing basic wage rates so that—in the major and well organized industries at least—the "take home" pay of workers would be equal (Continued on Page 33)





A junior sheep-shearing contest for entrants under 21 years old will be added this year at the Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson. Last year's senior champion will be back to defend his title in that event against all comers.

ORE than \$43,000 in cash prizes are being offered to exhibitors this year at the Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson, September 15 to 20. Both attendance and exhibits are expected to reach an all-time high, states Sam Mitchell executive secretary.

An attendance of 300,000, or

An attendance of 300,000, or about 50,000 persons a day, is indicated by reports from fieldmen now touring the state in the interests of the fair.

Largest premiums are offered in the cattle department, where a total of \$17,000 is listed in prize money. Other leading department awards include \$6,000 for swine, \$5,000 for agricultural exhibits, and \$5,212 for boys' and girls' 4-H Club exhibits. At least one out-of-state herd is expected in the

At least one out-of-state herd is expected in the Brown Swiss class, and possibly more than that in some of the other breeds. The Milking Shorthorn breeders have made up a fund among themselves to be used in giving special awards to 4-H Club members. They are adding a considerable sum to the champion 4-H Club division in the Milking Shorthorn class.

Premium lists in the swine and sheep departments are planned to encourage new exhibitors of small herds and flocks. There are as many as 12 money prizes in some sheep classes, and 11 in some swine classes. In addition, there will be more money awarded on a percentage basis for Kansas exhibitors who place in the ribbon classes.

A new feature in the swine department will be a class for the O. I. C. breed of hogs. This year will mark the first showing of O. I. C. hogs for many years. Breeders are said to be enthusiastic and promise a large entry list in the class.

The sheep-shearing contests will be enlivened this year by addition of a junior class for contestants under 21 years old. Contests for both juniors and adults will be held daily with the winners being chosen on Friday. Francis Winter, Mt. Hope, 1945 adult champion, will be back to defend his title in this event.

With interest in 4-H Club county fairs reaching a new high during the summer, 800 boys and girls



Are Back in Stride

By DICK MANN



Grooming those sleek cattle for the big fairs is a thrill to any good livestock man. Here, exhibitors are showing their skill in the ring as judges ponder.

are expected to attend the annual encampment of 4-H Clubs at Hutchinson to make it the most outstanding one in 5 years.

Big plans had been made for the poultry department but this part of the fair has been canceled. Following a proclamation by Governor Andrew Schoeppel, all poultry shows in the state have been called off to prevent the spread of Newcastle disease. Other states also are calling off their poultry shows this year.

Some changes have been announced in the

Superintendents of the dairy division at both Hutchinson and Topeka fairs predict all-time high numbers of cattle will be exhibited, with several out-of-state herds expected.



Swine and sheep departments at Hutchinson are planned to encourage new exhibitors of small herds and flocks. O. I. C. breeders will have a class.

agronomy department. Until this year the wheat show has featured prizes for the best bushel of hard wheat and the best bushel of soft wheat. Under the new plan, wheat exhibits will be divided into variety groups with prizes being awarded within each variety group, plus a sweepstakes award for the best exhibit among all varieties. Variety exhibits will include the Tenmarq group. Turkey group, Early Blackhull group, Chiefkan.

Variety exhibits will include the Tenmarq group.
Turkey group, Early Blackhull group, ChiefkanRed Chief group, and soft wheat group.
Hybrid seed corn growers also will have a new

Hybrid seed corn growers also will have a new class this year. The class is open to growers who produced hybrid seed corn in 1946. Each entry must be a single-cross parent and can be either the male or female parent taken from a crossing field.

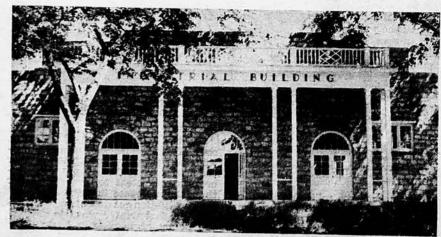
must be a single-cross parent and can be either the male or female parent taken from a crossing field. All growers producing Kansas certified hybrid seed are eligible. Non-certified producers of hybrid seed in Kansas also are eligible if entries are accompanied by verification from the county extension agent where the corn was grown. Pedigrees of each entry must be given

of each entry must be given.

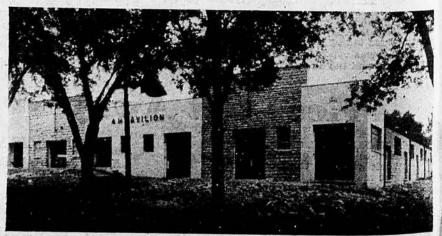
Entries will be judged for apparent value as seed, based on physical characteristics. Awards will be made for 100 ears, yellow variety; 100 ears, white variety; 10 ears, any yellow hybrid; 10 ears, any white variety; single ear, yellow hybrid; and single ear, white hybrid.

Sorghum classes have been brought up-to-date, but no special awards are announced.

New and revolutionary [Continued on Page 34]



The Kansas Industrial Development Commission will give us a peek at all the new Kansas-made products in this new Industrial Building at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka.



The new 4-H Club pavilion at Topaka triples the size of the eld 4-H baby beef barn, and means an expanded 4-H Club program for the big Free Fair this year, says Maurice Jencks.

46

Products of INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER

INTERNATIONAL Trucks FARMALL Tractors for Better Farming, Better Living

• More farmers want International Harvester FARMALLS than any other make of all-purpose farm tractor. FARMALL is the favorite based on experience... the leader in economical, all-around, dependable farm power. A size for every farm. Count on the FARMALL SYSTEM, the leader today, the leader today, the leader in paving the way to still better farming and still better living.

Food Will Win the Peace!

Corn, Wheat, Beans are critical crops in the world food crisis. Make every bushel count!



• POWER PARTNERS... International Trucks and Farmall Tractors! Here's a combination of modern farm power that leads the way to better farming and better living.

International Harvester quality is built into International Trucks from bumper to taillight. Forty years of all-truck truck manufacture stands behind them. And International's famous after-sale service keeps them on the job.

The demand for new trucks will far outstrip production for many months to come. Give your present truck the best of care and maintenance. Get expert truck service by truck specialists at the sign of the INTERNATIONAL Triple Diamond.

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Listen to "Harvest of Stars" every Sunday -NBC Network. See newspapers for time and station.



Haul with INTERNATIONAL

FARMALL

INTERNATIONAL



With no special wrenches or hoists of any kind, this 2-Row Corn Harvester can be mounted on your WC tractor in a half hour or less ... before the morning dampness dries from the husks.

Simply back the tractor over the husking mechanism. Fold up the built-in screw jacks. Attach the blower fans and streamlined gathering snouts and you're ready to go.

It's a simpler husker, with about one-fourth the usual grease fittings. That alone saves hours of service time and effort, giving you more time in the field. Eliminating needless heavy iron means no heavy lifting for you and a lighter load on your tractor. You can work in softer fields where heavier huskers mire down.

This Corn Harvester proves that a two-ton machine is not necessary to husk an ear of corn weighing less

_ NHOW.

than a pound. It's the TO BETTER FARMING farm has looked for- CORN HARVESTER ward to —a machine worth waiting for.

☆ SAFE **☆ SIMPLE ☆ STREAMLINED** VISION Because it's

Compactly designed to fit eneath the tractor, the Corn Harvester has no dangerous moving parts within reach of the driver's seat.

UNDER-MOUNTED

Driver sits in the clear with unobstructed vision.

Gathering snouts are low and streamlined to slide under lowhanging

ears.



TO BETTER LIVING husker every family Quick-Mounted

IS-CHALM

Why Prize Chickens Must Stay at Home

Poultry will be conspicuous because of its absence Cause of its absence at the state fairs in Kansas this year. Governor Andrew F. Schoeppel banned the exhibition of poultry and other domestic birds to prevent the spread of Newcastle disease. The disease is taking a heavy toll in many Eastern and Northern states.

ern states.

Newcastle is a highly contagious respiratory disease. It is caused by a virus and may appear in either the mild or severe form. In the severe form egg production may be completely stopped in many cases and the death loss may be 80 per cent or even considerably more.

loss may be 80 per cent or even considerably more.

The disease is accompanied with a thick mucous in the air passages and mouth and with nervous symptoms. The identification of respiratory infections is a laboratory procedure.

To prevent introduction of infection into Kansas poultry flocks, Kansas State College Extension service recommends: Avoid the addition of any new birds to the flock for the present. Used poultry crates should be thoroly disinfected before using again. Do not

enter flocks in poultry shows and ex-

hibitions.

If a poultry owner suspects the presence of Newcastle disease in his flock, he should attempt to obtain an accurate diagnosis by first consulting the local veterinarian. Birds which show typical symptoms of difficult breathing followed by leg weakness or paralysis should be taken to the Department of Bacteriology at Kansas State College, Manhattan, for examination. It is emphasized that infected birds should not be shipped or mailed.

be shipped or mailed.

Newcastle disease was first discovered in England about 2 decades ago. It spread to other European and Asiatic countries. In the United States, it was encountered on the West coast about 1935. It was recognized in the Eastern states in 1944 and now has been identified in 22 or more states.

As well little is from a bout 1

As yet, little is known about the mode of transmission of this disease. Some think it possible that birds which recover are carriers. Until definite cures or preventives are available, reason-able courses of sanitation and preven-tion seem the best recommendation

Beat Housing Shortage With School Buildings

FIRE took the George Allen home in Kingman county last February. His new home will be a remodeled country school building. Mr. Allen excavated a complete basement and built a foundation with concrete blocks for his new home. his new home

In the vicinity of Norwich alone, 4 school buildings were purchased for homes. For the most part, these old buildings are selling between \$700 and

\$1,200.

Shortages of both materials and labor make this type of home building difficult, too. Early in August Mr. Allen was nearly ready to move into the basement. Completion of the home would have to wait until both help and

Mr. Allen's plans call for a modern residence. It will have a water system and electric lights when finished. The advancement he had made on his water system was significant of the times, the was able to find a lead in place when He was able to find a lead-in pipe when building the foundation. But that was all the pipe he had found by late sum-

mer. The design of most school buildings makes it difficult to convert them to homes. But Mr. Allen thinks it is better not to tear them down for lumber. Years ago few considered the possibility that these schools some day would be homes. But it is one way to heat the housing shortage. beat the housing shortage.

Sweet Clover Pays Its Way

E DWIN JORDAN, Mitchell county,

DWIN JORDAN, Mitchell county, says if there is anything he can do in the way of soil improvement he will give it a try. But he wants that soil-improvement program to pay its way. His sweet clover is doing the job. In July, 1944, Mr. Jordan plowed under 32 acres that had been in sweet clover 2 years. Sowed to wheat it produced 23 bushels to the acre. Land next to it that had been in a rotation of nonsoil-building crops made 7 bushels. Another 6-acre field that had been in sweet clover 2 years before, made 34 bushels in 1945.

As pasture for his Polled Hereford

As pasture for his Polled Hereford herd, his sweet clover is an asset. It provides a lot of low-cost feed for his

cattle. But it takes good management to pasture the crop right, he says. He prefers to use sweet clover pasture along with native pasture. In this way he is able to reduce the danger of

IC

he is able to reduce the danger of bloating.

Mr. Jordan has found that sorgo ground makes an ideal seedbed for sweet clover. He also has good luck sowing it into stubble ground in the spring. Usually he mixes the seed with oats or barley. He uses just enough to mix the seed handily. The barley or oats provides a nurse crop for the clover and good pasture for his cattle. This year his barley made 17 bushels to the acre and he still has a good stand of sweet clover coming along.

Even Stops the Tourists

PEOPLE thought I was crazy when I built it," says Albert Vohs, Sherman county farmer, in referring to his beautiful farm home on Highway 24 between Colby and Goodland. It was constructed 4 years ago and is so attractive many tourists stop to see it. "I made my money here and plan to spend it here," says Mr. Vohs. His home contains every convenience you could find in any city home, plus the

most storage space you ever have seen. Painted white with a blue roof, the home is set off by a white picket fence around the yard. A beautiful bluegrass lawn, comparable to any in the eastern part of the state, completes the picture

picture.

Mr. Vohs never stopped with modernizing his home. He has 3 tenant houses that are very attractive and modern.



Tourists on U. S. Highway 24 between Colby and Goodland, stop to stare at this beautiful scene on the prairies. It is the ultramodern farmstead of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Vohs, Sherman county.

You'll prefer its stronger, sturdier dependabilityIts BIG-CAR quality at lowest cost!



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Beautiful BODY BY FISHER—found only in Chevrolet and higherpriced cars—another proof that Chevrolet gives Big-Car quality at lowest cost.



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You who want genuine quality and money-saving dependability above all other things in your new motor car will find that these desires lead straight to the new Chevrolet.

It brings you Big-Car quality—Big-Car engineering features—Big-Car ruggedness and reliability. It brings you America's most thoroughly proved automotive engine, with the longest, strongest record of performance—in the hands of the largest number of owners—of any car engine built today. And it brings you these Big-Car advantages at the lowest cost in purchase price, operation and upkeep.

May we suggest that you see your nearest Chevrolet dealer, and place your order for a new Chevrolet—the car that means satisfaction, and savings too—the car that brings you Big-Car quality at lowest cost!

CHEVROLET MOTOR DIVISION, General Motors Corporation, DETROIT 2, MICHIGAN

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LOW STRETCH—the B. F. Goodrich grommet V belt stretches less in service than any other belt on the market. That means a positive drive over a longer period of time than you can get with any other V belt—even in the most severe service.

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PATENTED—the B. F. Goodrich grommet construction is exclusive with B. F. Goodrich. The principle is fully protected by patents and cannot be found in any other belt.

The next time you buy V belts, ask for B. F. Goodrich grommet V belts, for combine cylinder and header. For all your other needs—regular V belts, flat transmission belts, water hose, footwear, rainwear, and the dozens of other rubber products that you use—ask for B. F. Goodrich because B. F. Goodrich for 75 years has been FIRST IN RUBBER.

If your dealer can't supply you please send his name and yours to The B. F. Goodrich Company, Dept. KF-4. Akron, Obio.

F. Goods

FIRST IN RUBBER

The Rain Belongs to Him So He Tries to Keep It

ALL the water that falls on my land is mine, so I try to keep it." That is the way Earl DeLong, Lyon county, feels about terracing and contour farming. The Kansas Bankers' Association approves of his program. He was selected this year as one of Lyon county's outstanding soil-conserving farmers.

In the last 6 years, evidence has accumulated on his farm to prove that his style of farming pays. He first worked his ground on the contour in 1939 It was a dry symmetry but he his style of farming pays. He nrst worked his ground on the contour in 1939. It was a dry summer, but he noticed moisture accumulations in places where it never had appeared before under similar conditions. He then realized that terraces would be valuable. The following year he built his first terrace and now has a complete water management system.

On a slope south of his farmstead, Mr. DeLong has built 2 ponds. The water is used for stock and for garden irrigation. It is pumped from the ponds thru a soft brick filter.

On his 400 acres of upland soil, Mr. DeLong has about 104 acres under cultivation. He uses alfalfa in his rotation of corn and small grains. Altho his soil has been built up with alfalfa to the point where it will produce a good wheat yield, he still uses phosphate. "It seems to strengthen the straw and hold the wheat up," Mr. DeLong says. On upland soil, his wheat yields have been up to 35 bushels to the acre because of his rotation and water management practices.

Mr. DeLong is president of the Lyon County Farm Bureau and a leader of of the soil conservation district there.

of the soil conservation district there. He believes 90 per cent of the farms in Lyon county need terraces to do the job right.

the job right.

Holding the soil in place with terraces and contour farming, Mr. De-Long says, "I feel justified when planting that my crop won't be washed out at one end and be covered up at the other. Also, there is no running up and down hill for me."

Increases Gross Return With Certified Seed

ERNEST BOWERS, Clay county, has boosted the average gross re-RNEST BOWERS, Clay county, has boosted the average gross return on his 580 acres of farm land by producing certified seed crops. Last year his 2 varieties of seed corn made him a return of more than \$100 an acre. His western blackhull accounted for a return of \$125 an acre. He did not certify the kafir last year. It brought 5 cents a pound, 2 cents less than certified seed.

This year again Mr. Rowers is raise.

This year again Mr. Bowers is raising K-2234 and K-1585 hybrid seed. He also is raising 2 inbred varieties of corn for the Kansas Hybrid Association this year. The final cross from

these varieties next year will produce

K-1585 seed.
This is Mr. Bowers' sixth year in hybrid seed corn production. But he does not adhere to row crops. Out of 180 acres of Pawnee wheat this year.

180 acres of Pawnee wheat this year, 150 acres were certified. It averaged 30 bushels to the acre.

His Pawnee wheat has been a money-maker, too. He obtained 20 bushels of certified seed from Kansas State College in 1944. With it he sowed 28 acres. He lost 4 acres from floodwaters. He still combined 820 bushels. After sowing 185 acres, he sold the remaining seed for \$2,000.

Killing Bindweed Will **Increase Wheat Yield**

N 1938, Paul Regier, McPherson county, started to kill the bindweed on his farm. It had infested 100 of the 140 acres in cropland. He did so well at the job that last year he was able to sell 800 bushels of certified Pawnee seed wheat. And there could be no bindweed in that to get it certified

This year he had 30 more acres of Pawnee available for certification. In addition he also had 18 acres of certified Osage oats and some Madrid sweet

The bindweed has been completely eradicated from 80 of the 100 acres that once were infested. Each year he set out to kill 10 to 15 acres of the weed. He now is nearing the end of what once

He now is nearing the end of what once appeared to be a never-ending job.

"Be regular and particular." That has been Mr. Regier's motto the last few years while fighting bindweed. It was done by intensive cultivation. Each year a new strip of land was selected for eradication and by the next year he was able to move to the next strip.

The first step in his program of eradication is to cultivate the selected strip immediately after harvest with a wide-sweep duckfoot cultivator. The first year it must be cultivated regularly thruout the summer and fall. "Don't stop cultivating after the first frost," Mr. Regier warns. Some years he kept on cultivating as late as December. The next spring and summer the strip was cultivated still more and that fall he put in wheat. The wheat acted as a smother crop and at the same time gave him an income from the land. acted as a smother crop and at the same time gave him an income from the land.

If any of the weed shows up the following spring and summer it should be cultivated again immediately after harvest. After that you will find some seedling trouble, Mr. Regier says, but

seedling trouble, Mr. Regier says, but good farming will take care of that. Usually good cultivation after the first harvest will take care of seedlings.

Other precautions which he sounds are: "Don't let the weed go to seed or livestock will spread it," and "you had better stick strictly to small grains." You have little chance against seedlings that grow in a row crop. lings that grow in a row crop.

Since ridding his ground of bind
Three years, \$1; one year, 50 cents.

veed, Mr. Regier has seen a big change in his wheat yield. Ground freed from the weed has not produced less than 27 bushels to the acre and has been up to 37 bushels. He thinks 30 bushels would have been his minimum. The crop that made 27 bushels was damaged by a 25 per cent hail loss. At the same time, the ground not free of bindweed was averaging 17 to 19 bushels, with last year's yield coming up to 25.

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A Big Oats Crop

Berlyn Baird, Cowley county, had an excellent crop of certified Neosho oats this year. He had 77 acres that produced 90 bushels to the acre. Neosho oats is recognized as a high producer. But a sweet clover background in his rotation played a part in this high yield.

Senator Capper on Radio

Every Sunday afternoon at 3:45 o'clock Senator Arthur Capper discusses national questions over WIBW radio station radio station.

KANSAS FARMER

Continuing Mail & Breeze Topeka, Kansas Vol. 83, No. 17

Vol. 83, No
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Published the first and third Saturdays ead month at Eighth and Jackson streets. The peka, Kan., U.S. A. Entered as second clumatter at the post office Topeka, Kan., March 3, 187 A., under Act of Congress of March 3, 187

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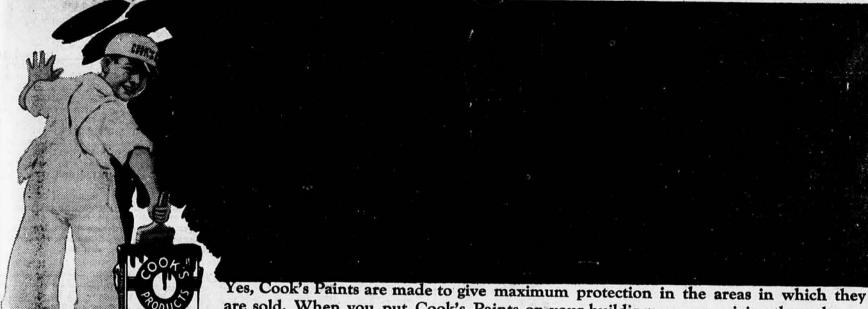
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This farmer is proud of his home and buildings. Paint protected his buildings from the weather. Protect your hard-to-replace buildings against rot and decay with Cook's Paints for Kansas weather. Increase their value! .. Make them look new again!



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The expert judgment of the craftsmen who roll Sheffield Steel is scientifically checked by metallurgists whose inspectors take frequent samples at the rolling mills for examination in the laboratory. At every stage Sheffield Steel must measure up to an extremely rigid set of Sheffield Fence making specifications. Quality is closely controlled all the way.

Although Sheffield Steel mills are making more fence than ever before, make your requirements known to your Sheffield dealer NOW so that he can arrange ahead to supply you.

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SHEFFIELD STEEL CORPORATION

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nave teamed up to produce an ingot of steel under close rechnological quality control, its physical properties are improved as it passes through many rolling operations.

A few of these rolling or "kneading" operations are shown in the photographs. First is a blooming mill which works the ingots into a bloom. Next is a continuous mill which reduces the bloom to 2-inch square billets. Between each set of rolls the rolled section is twisted 90° so that the steel is thoroughly worked or "kneaded". In this way the quality is continuously improved.

Note in the third picture how the glowing hot steel "snakes" its way around and through a circuit of rolls. Here the billet is changed into rods and the rods reduced to correct size for the mine the rolls.

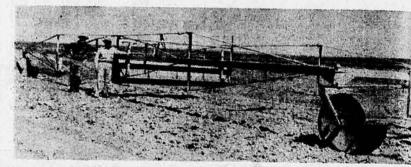
rods and the rods reduced to correct size for the wire-drawing machines which will be featured in the next advertisement telling why there is no better fence made than Sheffield.

STEEL SHEFFIELD



Had to "Fight" the Water

Until Land Was Worked for Irrigation



Wayne Billings, left, and Carl Elling, Hodgeman county extension agent, inspect a 60-foot landplane being used on the Billings farm to level 200 acres for irri-gated feed crops. This machine will level 40 to 50 acres a day.

YOU plan to do any irrigating it will pay big dividends to spend some time and money having the land properly prepared. That is the opinion of Wayne Billings, Hodgeman county farmer.

"You just can't get the job done right," warns Mr. Billings, "unless you get a competent engineer to run a topography map on your fields to be irrigated."

irrigated."

Mr. Billings has been irrigating for some time without benefit of topography maps. He found that he didn't get even distribution of water over his fields and spent all of his time "fighting" the water ing" the water.

Irrigate Alfalfa and Sorghums

Now, he is planning to irrigate 200 acres of alfalfa and sorghum crops to insure a feed supply for his purebred herd of Herefords. He had the Soil Conservation Service make up topography maps for this acreage and is enthusiastic over the results. This is how he put it:

thusiastic over the results. This is how he put it:

"The average irrigation well in this area costs around \$2,500 and leveling the land costs from \$15 to \$30 an acre. That is a big investment which can be largely wasted if not done right. A good topography map will cut the cost

of land preparation in half because you know what you are doing all the time. In my case, it will take only about half as long ditches to irrigate this acreage as it would have without the map, and I can be sure that I will use less water, get even distribution, and not drown out any crops."

Levels 40 Acres a Day

60-foot landplane that will level 40 A 60-foot landplane that will level 40 to 50 acres a day is being used on the Billings and other Hodgeman county farms. It costs farmers \$15 an hour for the outfit, but the work accomplished is done better in less time and is well worth the cost, according to the way Mr. Billings figures it.

Incomes of \$300 to \$400 an acre from some of these irrigated fields are reported by some farmers, but these huge incomes are not the main reason for irrigating. Mr. Billings explains that he has about \$350 a head invested in his cattle herd. Two or 3 crop fail-

that he has about \$350 a head invested in his cattle herd. Two or 3 crop failures could wipe him out. Thru irrigation, he can always have a surplus of feed to carry him thru. "Any time I get too much feed, I can buy some plain cattle to feed out," says Mr. Billings. "But if I don't have any feed and am at the mercy of speculators they can really clean me out."

Set High Dairy Goal

WITHOUT sacrificing type, E. A. Reed, of Rice county, is trying to breed his Holstein herd up to an average of 4 per cent butterfat. He believes in setting a high goal and constantly striving for it.

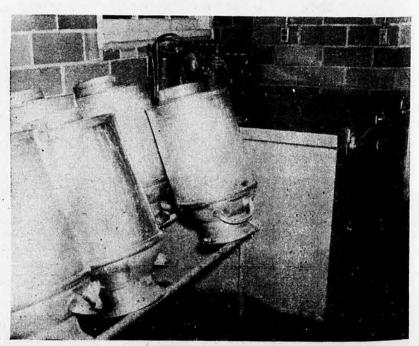
Instead of buying proved bulls, he is getting young bulls from the highest-testing cows obtainable and proving them in the herd. Two of the most

ing them in the herd. Two of the most promising young bulls recently ac-quired are Maytag Ormsby Fobes 14th, from Maytag Dairy Farms, Newton, Ia., and Brown's Markmaster Posch, Canadian bull of Rag Apple breeding.

Maytag Ormsby Fobes 14th can boast that in 5 generations of his family the lowest testing dam had an average butterfat test of 4.1 per cent. Twenty cows in the herd are bred to this bull. The Reeds have 5 bulls and plan to get 10 heifers from each bull. Then they will bring back the best bull of the 5 as proved under their own farm conditions. tions.

The Reeds are not sacrificing type. This is indicated by the fact they won 3 all-Kansas awards at the state Holstein show this spring, the only breeders to win more than one such award.

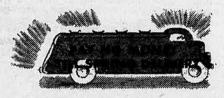
Best Kind of Rack



Cheapest and most sanitary rack for storing milk cans is a simple open metal rack, like this one, say dairy specialists at Kansas State College. Cans stored on solid shelves do not drain properly and pick up germs. Note milk cooler in back-ground. Quick cooling of milk also is important in maintaining quality.



Order Now—All Your SKELLY Fortified TAGOLENE Motor Oils and Long-Life Greases for 1947!



You'll be smart to provide now for the busy spring and summer season ahead. So here's welcome news: today

you can order your complete 1947 supply of Skelly Fortified Tagolene Motor Oils and long-life greases from your Skelly tank station salesman or Skelly jobber!

You Benefit 3 Ways

First, by placing your order now, you get real price protection . . . if prices go up in the meantime, you still pay at today's price level!

Second, you don't have to pay now... you pay only when delivery is made next spring (or whenever you say)!

Third, you are assured of getting delivery when you want it... there's no waiting, no delays, no partially filled orders!

So Ask Your Skelly Tank Station Salesman or Skelly Jobber

Let him give you full details on this money, time, and trouble-saving Skelly 1947 Farm Reserve Offer. It's another Skelly service designed for you!

Equipment That's Skelly-Protected Stays on the Job for You!

Farm equipment protection will be just as much a "must" in 1947 as it is this year. Determine now to keep your farm machinery in first-class running order. Give your engines Skelly Fortified Tagolene Motor Oil, and Long-Life Greases for smooth operation and extra insurance against the wear and tear of friction. Give them new Skelly high-octane gasoline for pep and power. Remember—every Skelly product is a guaranteed quality product, backed by research, proved by use!

Lloyd Burlingham presents farm news and weekly winners of Skelly Agricultural Achievement Awards over NBC every Saturday at 7 A.M. (WMAQ, Chicago at 6:45). Alex Dreier is on the air with the first network news commentary of the day, Monday through Friday, same time, same stations.



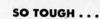
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It's interesting, inspiring—a new 16-page booklet, just off the press. Gives names of more than 160 Skelly Agricultural Achievement Award Winners. Your copy FREE. Send requests to Lloyd Burlingham, Chairman, Committee of Awards, 333 North Michigan Ave., Chicago 11, Illinois.



SO LIGHT . . . this famous Litentuf Boot actually weighs less-makes your work around the farm seem easier. Superior skill in rubber compounding makes it possible!

why they're called "Litentufs"



the wear will surprise you. For in spite of its lightness,

Litentuf farm footwear is built to take a beating. Actual wear tests under severe farming conditions prove you get longer wear.



SO STRETCHABLE . . . you get more comfortand you'll find Litentufs a whale of a lot easier to get on and off. Only our long experience in manufacturing makes

possible this extra stretch, this better fit!

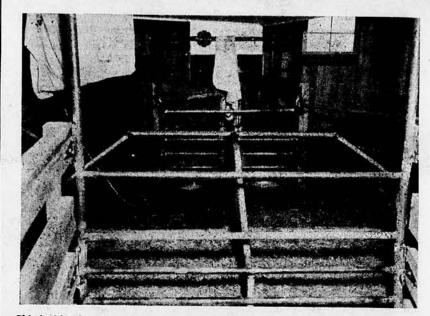
SO COMFORTABLE . . . your legs and feet feel better after a day's

work, and you'll find yourself a lot less tired. No matter what your requirements are, insist on Litentufs . . . you can't beat 'em for value!



Builds Unusual Hog House

Will Handle 4 Sows and Their Litters



This inside view shows center framework of pig brooder. Gas bottle for heating brooder is just outside pipe frame in the background. The center frame forms 4 wedge-shaped brooder areas. The brooder cover is suspended from the ceiling and can be lowered over the framework.

PORTABLE 4-sow farrowing

A PORTABLE 4-sow farrowing house with many unusual features has been designed by Walter Rothe, Ness county farmer.

The building proper is 20 feet long and 18 feet wide. Side walls are 3½ feet and roof slope is 8½ feet. Swinging gates just inside the end doors permit putting sows and litters in any one of the 4 pens. The roof gable extends beyond the ends of the building a few inches and then is enclosed down about 12 inches to allow no-draft ventilation. In addition, there are two 8-by 12-inch windows in each end that are removable, and the end doors are built in 2 sections to further regulate the in 2 sections to further regulate the amount of air.

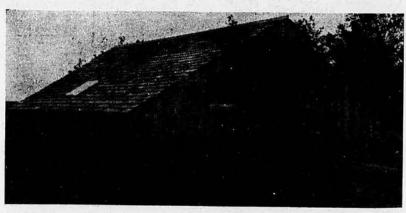
House Is on Skids

Four skids running lengthwise are each constructed of two 2-by-6's nailed together. These skids are 22 feet long so as to protrude one foot at each end. Hooks are set in the 2 center skids for hitching to the tractor with chains. Inside, a center section 8 feet and

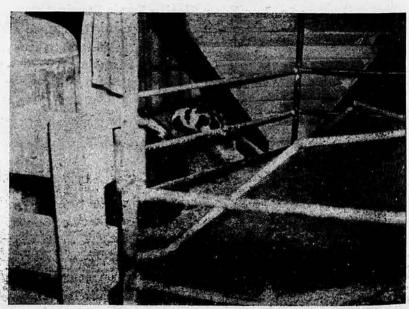
2 inches wide, is partitioned off by welded pipes. Six upright pipes from floor to ceiling form the corners. Horizontal pipes welded to these uprights form the 6 sides and keep out the sows. Inside of this area is another pipe framework constructed to form 4 wedge-shaped areas for the 4 litters of pigs. Above this center framework wedge-shaped areas for the 4 litters of pigs. Above this center framework, suspended by pulley from the gable, is an 8-foot brooder that can be lowered to within 10 inches of the floor. This brooder is heated by propane or butane gas. Mr. Rothe has his gas bottle sitting at one end just outside the outer center framework.

Fill Feeders From Outside

In the center of the building at each side, Mr. Rothe built in 2 self-feeders. These are 5 feet long and serve as partitions between the 4 pens and service all 4 pens. They are 4 feet wide at the top, 24 inches wide at the bottom, and hold 20 bushels of feed each. The feeders are filled from outside they transers are filled from outside thru trap doors in the roof.



Outside view of Rothe hog house. Note gable ventilation, double end doors, windows, and trap door for filling self-feeder.



Pigs eating from one of the self-feeders are shown in this angle view. Note de-tailed construction of pipe framework.

"Bad Lands" Into Good Meat

Vision and resourcefulness in the rebuilding of various kinds of abandoned and unproductive lands may pay dividends. The return of such

'bad lands" to profitable use is equally important to producers and to us at Swift & Company. Because "what helps agriculture helps all of us." Here is a story of such vision. Here is an example of one man's initiative.

Like a farm torn up by a giant's plow, 600 acres of Illinois strip mine land stood bare. It was apparently worthless. That was in 1938. Today those once-bare ridges are knee-deep in grass and clover. Each rugged acre makes more than enough grass for one steer. And it's getting better each year.

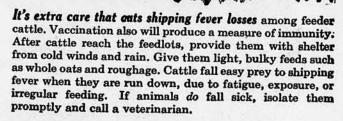
The year after the land was mined for coal, a few volunteer sweet clover plants took root. They flourished in the lime-rich soil. Byron Somers of Canton, Illinois, who farmed adjacent land noticed them. He bought the "bad land" for \$5 an acre. With a hand seeder, he walked the ridges and sowed sweet clover. The next year he

had a good stand. This added some nitrogen and humus to soil already rich in phosphorus

and potash. Further seeding of a grass legume mixture is done each year by airplane. Brome grass has got a start, and now his pastures will be even more productive. In addition to grass, plenty of drinking water for the cattle is held in the little valleys.

Since being returned to usefulness, this land has averaged a net profit of \$7 an acre each year. Similar Illinois land has recently sold for \$25 an acre.

This is only one example. Every state has unproductive lands. Many other men have returned them to use-and profited. Huge areas still offer a challenge and an opportunity to American producers everywhere. Your opportunity, too, may be indicated by such a little thing as sweet clover growing on abandoned land





You BET There's Competition!

Recently I spoke to a meeting of livestock producers. When I had finished talking, the chairman asked if any persons in the audience want-

ed to ask questions. Immediately one livestock man stood up. "Is there any competition in the buying of our livestock?" he asked. Naturally, my answer was, "Yes." I went on from there to an explanation . . .

One of the best evidences of competition is

found in United States Government figures. They show that there are more than 3,500 meat packers in the United States. Also there are 22,500 other commercial slaughterers of livestock. Surely this means much competition. Of course, Swift & Company does not come in competi-



26,000 slaughterers compete for livestock

tion with every one of these 26,000 slaughterers at every point at which it buys livestock. However, there is no place in the United States but what Swift & Company does come in competition in the buying of livestock with one or more of the 26,000 slaughterers.

Here's another fact about competition. At practically all markets in the country there are order buyers. During a year they buy for up to hundreds of meat packers. No individual buys for several hundred on any one day. But when the many parts of the country meat packers whom they represent need livestock,

these order buyers are out competing with Swift & Company and every other buyer in the market.

The foregoing are just two examples of the many to be found indicating the ever present competition in our business.

> FM Simpson. Agricultural Research Department

FEED SUPPLY AND **MAXIMUM DAIRY PRODUCTION**

by E. A. Gannon Extension Dairyman Purdue University

More and cheaper milk will be produced by many herds if and when better feeding systems are used. Where good quality legume hay is fed, grain ration averaging 10-12% protein is sufficient. With good quality legume hay and silage, grain ration should consist of 12-14% protein. With mixed hay of good quality with or without silage, grain ration of 12-16% protein is desirable. Where corn fodder, stover or straw is the main roughage, with or without silage, an 18-20% protein grain ration is required.

Weighing of silage occasionally will determine if it is being overfed at the expense of roughage. Normally, one pound of hay and three pounds of silage per 100 pounds of live weight is recommended. In the case of fresh cows, during the first three or four weeks of lactation, silage may be reduced to 1½ pounds per 100 pounds of live weight and hay increased proportionately. Grain should be coarse ground and mixed with ground soybean supplement or 32-34% commercial feeds, to obtain desired percentages of protein, based on type and quality of roughage.

Cows should be fed according to deily production—

Cows should be fed according to daily production—for high-testing breeds, feed one pound of grain for 3-4 pounds of milk. For low-testing breeds, feed one pound of grain for 5-6 pounds of milk.

Marlha Logan Recipe for INDIVIDUAL SWISS STEAKS

3 to 4 pounds 1/2 cup lard round steak (cut 2 inches 2 cups cooked thick) Salt, Pepper 1 cup flour

Cut steak in serving size portions. Season meat and place on well floured cutting board. Cover with flour and pound with board. Cover with flour and pound with meat hammer or edge of heavy saucer. Continue to turn, flour and pound meat until all flour is taken up. Brown sliced onions in lard in heavy skillet. Remove onion and brown steaks on both sides. Place onions on top of meat. Add to-matoes, Cover and bake slowly in a mod-erate oven (350°F.) 2½ to 3 hours, Diced vegetables may be cooked in with the meat during the last half hour. Serves 6 to 8.



Soda Bill Sez:

. He who aims high, shoots



Geography of Meat Production and Consumption

Geography of Meat Production and Consumption

The United States by rail is approximately 3,000 miles from
East to West. It is about 2,000 miles from North to South.

Not all of its 1,934,326,280 acres produce agricultural products. Neither do all of its square miles have the same number of people. The western part, including the Corn
Belt, is the great food producing area. The East is the section in which most of the people live.

Approximately two-thirds of the livestock is produced west of the Mississippi River. Approximately two-thirds of the people live east of it. More specifically, about one-third of the people live in the area from Pennsylvania northeast into New England. Thus there is a great distance between the producers of livestock and the consumers of meats. This makes it necessary to have national concerns like Swift & Company in the slaughtering of livestock, processing, handling and selling of meats. The products handled by meat packers average to move more than one thousand miles from producer to consumer.

SWIFT & COMPANY UNION STOCK YARDS

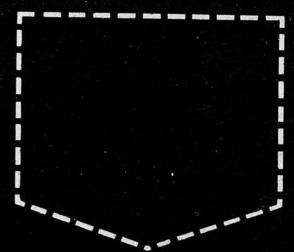
CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS

NUTRITION IS OUR BUSINESS - AND YOURS Right Eating Adds Life to Your Years - and Years to Your Life

HYBRID SEED CORN

THE CRIB

THE SILO



BIGGER YIELDS!

Should I Buy or Rent?

How Large Is a Family-Size Farm?

WHETHER to buy or rent a farm,

WHETHER to buy or rent a farm, and how large a farm is needed to provide a good living, are 2 questions that have puzzled farmers thru the years.

There is a lot of talk about "family-size" farms, but what is a "family-size" farm? In trying to answer some of these questions, Paul W. Griffith, Kansas State College extension economist, has made a study of 1,000 farm records in 67 counties in Kansas and representing 10 of the 15 type-of-farming areas. Records studied were those of farmers in the Farm Management Association and covered the years 1943, '44, and '45.

There are 2 definitions, says Mr. Griffith, to a "family-size" farm. One definition is "any farm that can be handled by a man and a boy with no full-time hired help." The other one is "all the land one man can manage efficiently."

It would be impossible to say how

efficiently."

It would be impossible to say how many acres would comprise a "family-size" farm under either definition because the size would depend on the type-of-farming area, the degree of intensity the land was farmed, the financial ability of the farm family to exploit the land's possibilities, and efficiency of the operator in managing both capital and land.

Requires Quite an Investment

Unable to get at the bottom of the problem from this angle, Mr. Griffith attacked it from another. His study of farm-management records over the 3-year period uncovered a yardstick that works well in every type-of-farming area in the state. He found that it takes about \$10,000 investment to produce \$1,000 net income on a Kansas farm.

That is, to get a net income of \$3,000, That is, to get a net income of \$3,000, the farmer would need to manage about \$30,000 of land, machinery and livestock. He would not need to own the entire investment, but two thirds of the investment should be in the land and buildings, and one third in machinery and livestock.

A study of expenses in relation to gross income also was interesting. Even the most successful farmers find that from 50 to 80 per cent of each

that from 50 to 80 per cent of each gross dollar is required for operating expenses. In years of high yields, high prices, and with good management, expenses may be less than half the gross recipts.

In many average years, expenses will take 65 to 75 per cent of the gross

income, including depreciation as an expense. In other years poor yields, crop failures, floods, low prices, or poor farming practices may bring farm expenses up equal to or above the gross income.

With these figures to back him up, Mr. Griffith says it would seem that a farmer with a limited amount of capital to invest should first get his working capital such as livestock, machinery, and equipment, and rent the land. He then should accumulate sufficient money to make a down payment of 50 per cent or more of the sale price of the land he wishes to buy before launching out as an owner-operator.

Mistakes Made in Buying

Some of the mistakes people make buying farms, as listed by Mr.

in buying farms, as listed by Mr. Griffith, are as follows:

1. Buying a farm for more than it is worth, based on productivity and probable prices over a long period.

2. Buying worn-out farms. Cheap farms generally are the highest priced.

3. Having all available capital invested in land and no working capital left with which to operate.

4. Using too much borrowed capital and not maintaining sufficient equity to carry thru one or 2 poor crop years or a low price period.

to carry thru one or 2 poor crop years or a low price period.

5. A son going into partnership with a father on a small farm, the production of which cannot be expanded economically. (One thousand dollars of farm income divided by 2 always equals \$500 each instead of \$1,000 each.)

An ideal credit and capital set-up for a farm might look more like this:

1. A debt-free farm, which was large enough to economically and efficiently utilize the resources of the farm and the abilities of the farm family.

family.

2. Ample operating capital to permit full production and provide the family with a desirable standard of living.

3. A financial reserve for unseen needs and to permit purchase of livestock, supplies and equipment when most advantageous.

4. Life insurance to cover all liabili-

most advantageous.

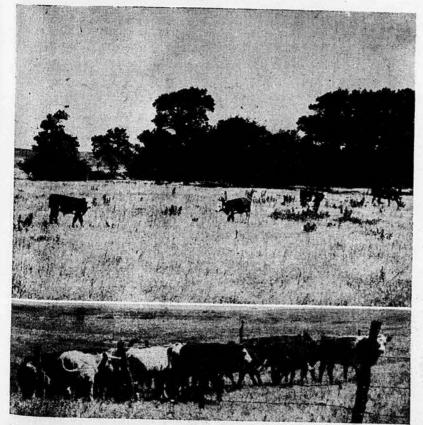
4. Life insurance to cover all liabilities and leave the farm debt-free in case of death.

5. Liability and property insurance to protect the farm business against disaster and claims of others.

Very few men fail, notes Mr. Griffith, who first have thought thru their prob-

who first have thought thru their prob-lems before they tackled them.

DDT Gets Rid of Flies



These 2 pictures, taken about 15 or 20 minutes apart, show the effect of DDT spraying on cattle grazing. Cattle in the upper picture had been sprayed and were scattered out grazing. Cattle in the lower picture had quit eating and were fighting flies. Both pictures were taken just before noon.



ADVANTAGES.

.. in Shipping Livestock by Rail

are gained when the greatest use is made of all available services.

- ★ Order cars well in advance for specified shipping dates. Retain original shipping day. Changes cause delays. Load promptly. Have brand and/or health certificates ready when necessary or required by state laws.
- ★ Order bedded or sanded cars for good footing.
- * Protect your livestock. Retain quality and "bloom," insuring minimum shrinkage, avoiding hazards of loss by designating a reasonable and adequate amount of feed to be given at each feeding point.
- ★ Use all your privileges in connection with rail shipping whenever sales advantages and reduced marketing costs are possible.
- ★ Ship 'em by rail.

be Specific say "Union Pacific"

Consult nearest Livestock Agent or General Agent Freight Traffic Department for more information and full details. Request a copy of our booklet "Livestock Shipping Guide and Directory."

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD The Strategic Middle Route

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They Brought an Old House

By FLORENCE Mckinney

HEY got all the new features desired in remodeling their 80-year-old house. The result is comfortable to live in and good to look at. But it is startling to learn that Mr. and Mrs. George Sheppard did all the work themselves, with the exception of some aid from neighbors in pouring concrete and excavating.

Eight years ago the Sheppards moved to the 190-acre farm in south-west Leavenworth county and 5 years later they began to remodel. In the meantime, Mrs. Sheppard had clipped pictures from magazines until she had an enormous file of suggestions, some of which helped and some which proved impossible to carry out under their conditions. But after 3 years of hard work they have the things they wanted most, a lovely picture window in the living room, hardwood floors, a modern water system with shower, stool and laundry in the basement, a completely modern kitchen, a second-floor bath-room, a garage attached to the house, and perhaps best of all a service room at the back of the first floor, just atop the garage.

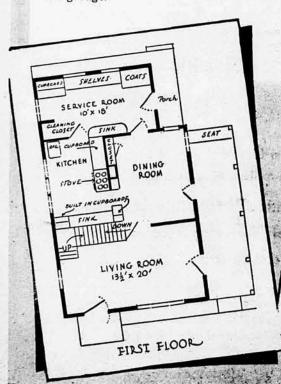
That's a lengthy list of improve-ments and represents, first, planning, then plenty of hard work in the execu-tion. Both Mr. and Mrs. Sheppard and 14-year-old son Billie put their plan to work and completely remodeled and modernized their ancient farm home.

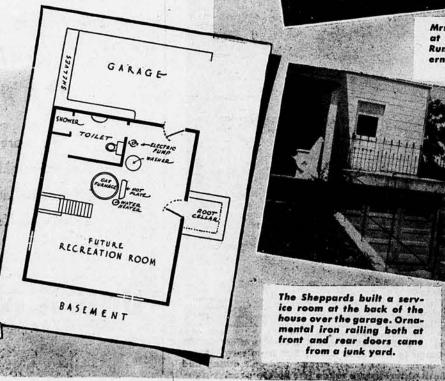
It's a pleasant sight to see a farm-house well arranged in relation to the road and driveway and other farm buildings. The visitor at the Sheppard home may enter either into the living room directly, or go to the side porch into the dining room. Out that pretty picture window is a stalwart pine tree towering toward the sky with its roots deep beneath the thick mat of blue-grass on the lawn. Around the lawn is a stone wall and who doesn't think a stone wall adds to the beauty of the countryside? The Sheppards did not neglect the outside, for around the foundation they planted evergreen shrubs.

It was Mrs. Sheppard's plan to rebuild the house in modified colonial style and that result they have achieved. A wrought-iron railing found [Continued on Page 19]



Mrs. Sheppard shells peas at the kitchen counter. Running water and mod-ern built-ins make her kitchen efficient.







ice room at the back of the house over the garage. Orna-mental iron railing both at front and rear doors came

Want quare ;

Pattern .

Time Saving Is Their Goal

REDUCTION in house work by

REDUCTION in house work by planning short-cuts has been the goal of the Lyon county Forest Hill home demonstration unit. A reduction leaves them more time to help in the fields, in the gardens and perchance snatch some leisure time during the summer heat.

To off-set the increased laundry of summer, and biding a time when steam irons can be bought, Mrs. Nellie VanGundy and Mrs. H. O. Pearson recommend that if much laundry is handled properly, it will dry smoothly and not require ironing. Some go easy with the dampening of clothes for ironing. It takes extra time and electricity to iron clothes dry.

For best results, Mrs. Willard Smith and Mrs. E. W. VanGundy suggest dampening the clothes by means of a bottle with a sprinkler top, then rolling the clothes tightly and leaving them for 2 hours before ironing. Mrs. Glenn Valyer prizes her laundry basket lined with oil cloth that saves the usual relining with newspapers each week.

Violet Smith, even the she likes to sew, and Mrs. Lee Irwin, who is a clothing leader for the club, appreciate dresses and aprons designed to save time and energy—those that can be made quickly and are easy to put on an easy to iron. For the cleaning chores about the house, Mrs. Nellie Smith likes work aprons with roomy pockets for in them she can put the misplaced articles.

One of the newer time-savers, is a mending tape which can be found on the notion counters of the stores. This tape, applied by ironing, reinforces abrics easily and quickly. Mrs. J. R. Williams and Mrs. Verl Davis find this hot-iron tape can be used readily in stiffening fabric belts as well as mending.

Scores of ways to use baskets, trays and tea-carts in saving steps can be

g. Scores of ways to use baskets, trays Scores of ways to use baskets, trays and tea-carts in saving steps can be anumerated by Mrs. John Bebermeyer and Mrs. L. O. VanGundy. For porch lunches Mrs. L. L. Redmond made extra trays from uniform-size picture frames, using neutral-colored cardboard as a background for the pretty linen doilies placed under the glass. The trays were finished with heavy lelt-like cloth glued to the back of the frames.

Sunflower Square

The club has studied proper storage—for space-saving means time-saving. With remodeling planned there will be closets, built-ins in most of the rooms and no waste space under dressing tables and other furniture.

Members of the club are: Mrs. Blanche Baysinger, Mrs. John Bebermeyer, Mrs. Roe Collins, Mrs. Leslie Davis, Mrs. Verl Davis, Mrs. Charles Garrison, Mrs. John Gunkel, Mrs. Lee Irwin, Mrs. Roy Irwin, Mrs. Clifford Jones, Mrs. A. J. King, Mrs. Art Loomis, Mrs. O. J. Nuffer, Mrs. H. S. Pearson, Mrs. W. G. Pearson, Mrs. L. L. Redmond, Mrs. Nellie Smith, Violet Smith, Mrs. Willard Smith, Mrs. Grace Sutton, Mrs. Glenn Valyer, Mrs. Nellie VanGundy, Mrs. E. W. VanGundy, Mrs. J. R. Williams, Mrs. Elsie Wood.

Old House Up-to-Date

(Continued from Page 18)

in a junk yard, edges the tiny stoop at the front door. More wrought iron was obtained and used at the back of the house just off the service room. Originally, the old house had 2 rooms across the front with a door in the center. They moved the door to one side and added the window, 80 inches wide and 54 inches high. With no curtains and simple draperies at the sides, the sunlight streams into the pleasant living room in winter and Venetian blinds shield it in summer.

White woodwork, the paint applied by Mrs. Sheppard, is seen in every room, with the kitchen trimmed in red. Mr. Sheppard, who apparently knows his plumbing, installed the electric water system, and thermostatically controlled hot-air furnace, a clothes chute from the second floor to the basement and all the electric wiring. Mrs. Sheppard admits hesitantly that she even painted the outside of the house, which is covered with off-white asbestos cedar-grain shingles.

The service room at the back of the kitchen deserves special mention. It is not yet completely furnished, for ply-

bestos cedar-grain shingles.

The service room at the back of the kitchen deserves special mention. It is not yet completely furnished, for plywood has been slow in arriving. In this room will be much cupboard space, a sink for washing and preparing vegetables for the table and for canning, and that handy closet for the work clothes. No housewife wants those dirty clothes to come off in her kitchen—one of the main reasons for the birth of the increasingly popular service room for rural homes. This service room has 2 outside doors, one of which leads to the garden. One door leads into the kitchen, the other to the dining room. One can enter the garage from the basement without going outdoors.

This attractive house and lawn are proof that remodeling can be done without outside labor if there is a will and plenty of energy and ability. The next thing on the Sheppard time-andmoney budget are new and remodeled farm buildings.

Tomato Catsup

Tomatoes that are fully ripe and not firm enough for canning may well be made into catsup.

- 2½ quarts sliced tomatoes ¾ cup chopped onion 3-inch piece stick cinnamon
- 1 large garlic
- 1 teaspoon whole cloves
 1 cup vinegar
 ½ cup sugar
 1½ teaspoons salt
 1 teaspoon paprika
 Dash cayenne pepper

Simmer together tomatoes and onion for about 20 to 30 minutes. Press thru a sieve. Put the cinnamon, garlic and cloves loosely in a clean, thin, white cloth. Tie top tightly, add to vinegar and simmer 30 minutes. Remove spices. Boil sieved tomatoes rapidly until the volume is reduced to one half. Stir frequently to prevent sticking. Add spiced vinegar, sugar, salt, paprika and cayenne pepper to tomato mixture. Boil rapidly, stirring constantly for about 10 minutes or until slightly thickened. Pour into clean hot, sterile jars. Fill to the top and seal. This will make about 2 pints.

Carrot, Cheese Salad

- 1 pound cottage cheese 1 cup finely chopped or grated carrot 4 teaspoon salt

1 pound cottage cheese 2 tablespoons
1 cup finely chopped or chopped or grated carrot 4 teaspoon salt

Mix the cheese with chopped carrot, nion, seasoning and service with chopped or service with chopped carrot, and service with chopped or service with chopped carrot, and service with chopped carrot. onion, seasoning and serve with dres



You, too, can have extra time for yourself on baking day when you use the new, quick-rising Red Star Dry Yeast.

This wonder-yeast starts working instantly. It works faster, gives extra flavor. And more "rise" means bigger loaves from the same quantity of precious flour, sugar and short-

Convenient, too, this granular dry yeast requires no refrigeration, keeps fresh on your pantry shelf week after week! Get a supply on the next trip to your grocer.

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HUGH CLAY PAULK

Dept. KF 813 No. Kansas Ave., Topeka, Kansas

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KANSAS FARMER

will be read by more than

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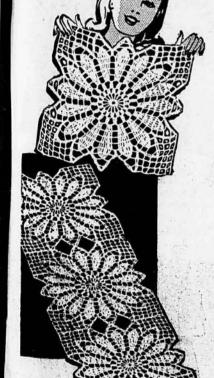
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paint your cellar and dog house.

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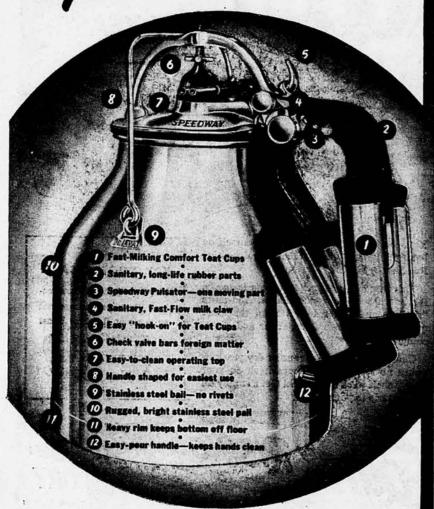


Want your table and dresser-set problems quickly solved? Crochet this square in double string, it's the easiest yet. Join squares for scarf. Pattern 585 has directions, stitches.

585

Pattern 585 may be obtained by sending 20 cents to the Needlework Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

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This Church—A Community Center



The Boling Canning Club has been meeting for 30 years. Mothers and children gather once each month for a social afternoon at the community center.

WHAT to do with the no longer used 1-room schoolhouse and rural church is a question in the minds of Kansas people in every county. With school reorganization under way and the rural church service abandoned in many communities, there are innumerable unused buildings rapidly deteriorating. In central Leavenworth county, the Little Stranger Christian Church was built in 1868. Today, it stands in the churchyard, surrounded by mammoth pines, and used not as a church but as a community center. The Old Santa Fe Trail ran thru the churchyard and 2 large ridges remain, piled up by the huge wheels of the wagons in the caravans.

nuge wheels of the wagons in the caravans.

Here, the 50 members of the Boling Canning Club meet the first Tuesday of every month. The Little Stranger Home Demonstration Unit holds monthly meetings at the center. The Boling Grange and the Royal Neighbors use it also. When the 4-H Club was in existence it met there, but this group grew up, and now the community awaits another crop of young people the right age. At one time, the Sunday School held its services in the little church.

The Canning Club was organized in 1916 during the first World War, when home demonstration work was in its infancy. The women canned food in vast quantities, much as farm women have been doing during the last

The Canning Club was organized in 1916 during the first World War, when home demonstration work was in its infancy. The women canned food in vast quantities, much as farm women have been doing during the last war period. They enjoyed their relationship so much that they are still meeting; the youngest members now are married, have children, and some, perhaps, grandchildren. But no thought has been given to changing either the name of the club nor the time of the monthly meeting. Both are traditional.

Center Was Revived

But this little community center was not always loved and cherished as it is today. From the end of the first World War until 1929, the little church building was not used and vandals destroyed the windows, stole furnishings, the shutters hung from a single hanging, even the steps had disappeared. In 1929, the 4-H Club looked around for a place to give a play. Viewing the wreckage, they almost despaired of restoring it to any sort of a usable, comfortable building. But, with hard work, inspiration, and many contributions, the little church came to life once more.

First, windows were replaced, then

First, windows were replaced, then steps built, and a new ceiling put up. Folks in the community contributed money and furniture, a piano, a stove, chairs and tables

chairs and tables.

The member organizations contribute toward the upkeep of the little church under the leadership of the directors, Roy Burt, Collins Starnes, and

Rug Bulletin

Various sizes and kinds of rugs are suggested in our leaflet, "Homemade Rugs." Complete instructions for making rugs, footstool tops, and chair seats are given. For a copy of this leaflet, please address Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. Price 3c. Horace Lamborn. Ralph Faulkner is secretary-treasurer. The home demonstration unit arranged for a shower and folks in the community brought towels, dishes, soap and some equipment. The hostess for each club makes arrangements for the cleaning and heating of the building at the time of the meeting.

the meeting.

Thus, one community has taken advantage of a once unused building—an eyesore—and restored it for the use of all. It has revived interest in community affairs and contributes toward better rural living.

Made Comforters

"One large feather bed will make 3 beautiful new comforters," says Mrs. A. G. Kenton, of Leavenworth county. She makes one in 3 days. She made a wine-red rayon satin cover and stitched it lengthwise end to end into several tubes. With the vacuum sweeper she blew a part of the feathers into each tube, then closed the end. They last another lifetime.

Keep Dark and Cool

Keep honey in a dark, cool place as light causes it to granulate. Heat over warm water if already granulated.

Scallops for Trim



Come hot weather you'll add this to your thanks-due list. Pattern 9323 is a 2-piece dress that keeps you cool, calm and collected. It comes in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material.

Pattern 9323 may be obtained by sending 25 cents to the Fashion Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeks.

The Picture On the Cover

APIDLY disappearing from the Ransas scene is the one-room schoolhouse. About 1,300 of them will be closed this year because of consolidation under the new school reor-

one that will continue at the old stand is the Moehlman Bottom School, in Riley county. Typical of rural school teachers is Jeannelle Hosler, of Riley teachers is Jeannelle Hosler, of Riley county, who taught the Moehlman Bottom School last year and has been hired for the current term. Miss Hosler took special summer school work at Kansas State College and has a 2-year teaching certificate. At the end of this term she will have to quit or take additional work. A farm girl, Miss Hosler is a product of the rural school and understands rural people and rural problems. She had 12 pupils last year but 3 were graduated and 1 moved away.

away.
In the cover picture, Miss Hosler is In the cover picture, Miss Hosier is greeting 2 of her pupils, Janice Hofmann, 7, who will be in the second grade this year, and Milton Matthews, 10, who will be in the fifth grade.

grade this year, and Milton Matthews, 10, who will be in the fifth grade. Janice is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Hofmann, and Milton is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Matthews.

The Moehlman Bottom School pays a higher salary than some and Miss Hosler reports that patrons are extremely co-operative and helpful. Many rural parents believe their children get a better education in the one-room school thru a combination of home training better education in the one-room school thru a combination of home training and the close association possible in such schools, than they would in larger schools with more modern equipment but which require them to be away from home for longer periods.

Other parents, and school officials generally, maintain that good work is impossible if the schools are too small and poorly financed.

Regardless of this difference in beliefs, the trend toward consolidation has been under way in Kansas for many years. The "Little Red Schoolhouse" of the present generation soon will be only a memory.

New Head for International

William E. Ogilvie has been appointed acting manager of the International Live Stock Exposition, Chicago, following the death of B. H. Heide.

Mr. Ogilvie is well known to Kansas livestock manager of the International Control of the International C

Mr. Ogilvie is well known to Kansas livestock men as he has been attending Kansas shows and livestock events for a number of years while serving as assistant manager to Mr. Heide.

The new manager has grown up with the Chicago Exposition as his father, the late Robert Burns Ogilvie, was one of the founders.

of the founders.

Game Birds Released

Nearly 30,000 quail and pheasants were released in Kansas during August by the Forestry, Fish and Game Com-mission, it is reported by Dave Leahy,

director.

All birds released were banded with an aluminum serially numbered legband. Sportsmen and others in possession of recovered bands are asked by Mr. Leahy to send them to the game department, at Pratt, together with a statement as to the date and place of recovery. This information is needed for studying the range, movement, and lifespan of these game farm-produced birds.



"It's a new baseball fact-finding board —they're settling a strike!"



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Dairy Products Manufactured in Kansas 1945

| Product | Pounds | Product | Pounds |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Creamery Butter | 52 384 404 | | |
| American or Cheddar Cheese | 2,004,004 | Dry Buttermilk | 497,691 |
| (made from whole milk) | 12.728.946 | Concentrated Whey | 189,799 |
| Cottage Cheese | 8.062.627 | Non-fet Day Mills C. 11.1 C. 11 | . 600 |
| Evaporated Whole Milk | | Non-fat Dry Milk Solids for Human Consumption: | |
| (case goods) | 50,070,480 | Spray Process | 1.824.393 |
| Sweetened Condensed Whole Milk | | Roller Process | 2 457 333 |
| (bulk goods) | 1,090,688 | Ice Cream: | 2,037,000 |
| Unsweetened Condensed Whole Milk | Notes and the second | | |
| (bulk goods) | 261,892 | Sold at Wholesale | 4,122,991 |
| Sweetened Condensed Skim Milk | 201,072 | Sold at Retail | |
| (bulk goods) | | Total ice cream | 5,027,889 |
| (bulk goods) | 19,057,047 | Sherbets | 344,340 |
| Unsweetened Condensed Skim Milk | | Frozen Custards | 20000000 |
| (bulk goods)1 | 13,751,876 | (Including ice milk) | 156,857 |
| Condensed Buttermilk | 29.461.043 | Frozen Malted Milk | H11000054040000000000 |
| | | | 69,793 |
| | J. S. Department of | Agriculture) | -17 N |
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1669 S. First St. Milwaukee 4, Wisconsin Free Folder tells you in words and pictures how this and trouble. Write for it today. Ask for folder on model 486. Sleep Is the Best Tonic

By CHARLES H. LERRIGO, M. D.

SLEEPY? Perhaps your hours in bed are too short! I agree with Holy Writ as to the sluggard; but I have a lot of sympathy with the tired person whose uninterrupted sleep ration is all too short. (What doctor doesn't?)

doesn't?)
In my young days I was often told about Edison and his 3-hour sleep schedule. I do not dispute it. Neither do I think it alters the fact that 8 hours is the genhours is the general need. For the hard worker 8 hours is the minimum. There are plenty of grown people who do bet-ter with 9. The al-



Dr. Lerrig

ter with 9. The allowance is a personal matter that you must thrash out for yourself. But having discovered your need please do not cheat your-

Will Help Fight Illness

It is my experience that many a worn-out father or mother has succumbed to illness which would have been fought successfully if the attack had not found resistance broken by lack of sleep. I believe that plenty of us work along at about 60 per cent efficiency because we do not get enough regular sleep to "catch up" and to supply some reserve energy. If your bedtime is 10 o'clock, make it 10 o'clock every night. It is the time of going to bed that counts rather than the time of getting up. Young mothers who find

bed that counts rather than the time of getting up. Young mothers who find their rest broken by nursing babies should make opportunity for supplementary rest hours in the afternoon.

Sleep being so important a factor demands preparation. "Any place where I can flop" might be all right for a husky young soldier, but it will not do for you. The mattress should be of

good quality, firm and even. Covers should be ample but light. The bedroom should always be cool and fresh, but there is no sense in having it so cold that you cannot be comfortable. Old people should wear warm night clothing and take particular care to keep the feet warm.

One's mental attitude deserves special consideration. Wormies and repetited to the state of the sense of the se

One's mental attitude deserves special consideration. Worries and problems should never be taken to bed with you. There are fortunate people who can drop off to sleep under any condition. But if you are not one of these, make a little study of the things likely to break your sleep and see that they do not occur.

I venture the statement that most

I venture the statement that most "run down" people will find definite advantage from more sleep and that you can get it by careful planning.

Reduce the Weight

What is the cause of high blood pressure? Where is there a good treatment for same? Mine has been 276. I did weigh 280 pounds. I am 40 years old. Surely would like good advice. I have been doctoring with two good doctors. They seem to think they can't find the cause. What do you say?—Mrs. W.

No doctor can name one special cause for high blood pressure. Any disease that constricts the calibre of the blood that constricts the calibre of the blood vessels or greatly accelerates the impulse of the heart may cause it. It is practically impossible of cure unless the cause is found. I can quite understand that your doctors may have done their best without success. In such cases they may yet be able to help you by advising as to your diet and methods of living. But each case demands consideration on its merits. The thing that stands out most prominently in your case is the highly marked overweight. Of course this should be reduced.

If you wish a medical question answered, en-close a 3-cent stamped, self-addressed envelope with your question to Dr. C. H. Lerrigo, Kansas Farmer, Topeka, Kansas.

You've Made a Grateful Mother Very Happy!

By J. M. PARKS, Secretary

The Capper Foundation for Crippled Children

READERS of KANSAS FARMER will be glad to know their generous contributions to The Capper ous contributions to The Capper Foundation for Crippled Children have made a grateful little mother very happy; and her almost helpless crippled son Wallace much more independent than he could ever have been without their help.

Fifteen-year-old Wallace had infantile paralysis about 5 years ago. When

tile paralysis about 5 years ago. When the mother first wrote to us in 1945, she said, "We have doctored him a lot, she said, "We have doctored him a lot, but he can't walk very well yet. He uses crutches and braces. We would like to give him treatment at the hospital where one of our neighbor boys was helped so much, but we are just poor Kansas farmers and can't pay for it all ourselves. I have written to some rich people I know and asked them to help, but I didn't even get an answer. I just wondered if it would be possible to get any aid from the Capper Founto get any aid from the Capper Foundation. We would try to pay some of the bill if we could just get some assistance somewhere."

He Did Get Help

He Did Get Help

The Capper Foundation did help. For nearly a year now Wallace has undergone treatment in a hospital a good portion of the time and has been doing very good work in high school the rest of the time. While none of us expects him ever to be entirely well, he has made much progress already. His back is more nearly straight, his short leg has been lengthened, many muscles that were tight and useless are now functioning very well.

Altho the mother writes often to tell how Wallace is getting along, she never fails to close her letters with an expression of gratitude for the help

expression of gratitude for the help the Capper Foundation gave when all other sources had failed. Indeed, hap-

piness has again come into the lives of both Wallace and his mother. The expense has run into hundreds of dollars, but there is still hope of fur-ther improvement, so the treatment will be continued. While the mother

makes payments from time to time—all she can afford—there is much need for other contributions to keep Wallace and the scores of other little patients improving just as much as possible. Your gifts, either large or small, will be appreciated. Send what you can spare to the Capper Foundation for Crippled Children, Capper Building, Topeka, Kansas. Ask for the free story of the Capper Foundation and suggestions on making bequests for this worth-while work.

Cuts Any Grass



A 30-inch power lawn mower that will cut and trim a lawn in one operation and cover half an acre an operation and cover half an acre an hour, now is being put on the market. The mewer is said to be able to cut all grasses or weeds, regardless of height, and to climinate grass matting and overlapping runs. It cuts right up to the edge of obstructions to the beauties. eliminating trimming. The handle is collapsible for winter storage.

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the

Pig

Flying TO PART DE CONTROL **Farmers**

ILLIAM JANSSEN, McPherson, is pointing to the future in personal air travel. He is building a modern airport one mile west of the city. Besides hangar and shop space, his plans call for a lounge, restaurant and 16-room hotel. It will be the Jans-

Mr. Janssen's main hangar building is 74 by 114 feet. It will house the lounge, restaurant, office space and shop. At present it also is used for plane storage. He has a smaller hangar which holds 4 light planes. His plans call for another hangar to hold 4 more planes. He expects to begin work on the hotel next spring.

Mr. Janssen is a Flying Farmer and is building the Skytel on his own farm. He has started buffalo grass on each side of the runways for light planes. The center will be black-top for heavier aircraft.

Like other Flying Farmers, he has flown over most of the United States. Present lack of restaurants and sleeping accommodations at airports makes air travel inconvenient, he points out. Kansas climate and terrain are ideal for aviation. When more sleeping accommodations are ideal for aviation. for aviation. When more Skytels are built, watch the outstate planes fly in.

W. V. Stutz, Master Farmer, of Utica, has a new Ercoupe. Flying to his Ness county home in mid-August, he stopped for lunch in Topeka. Mr. Stutz is a charter member of the Kansas Flying Farmers Club.

Leigh Warner, Cimarren, sent in the first private airport description for the state Flying Farmer air map. Mr. Warner says he is interested in the map. It will be handy to use in flying over the state.

Make a drawing of your private airfield. Show the exact distance from the nearest town and the relative location to that town. The sooner the Kansas Flying Farmers Club receives these descriptions, the sooner work can be started in making the maps. Send your drawings to Aviation Edi-tor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

Three memberships have been re-Three memberships have been received since the Kansas Flying Farmers Club was organized last spring. They are Harry Melvin Hofman, St. George; Walter Hacker, Cimarron; and Meredith Hawk, Atchison. Mr. Hawk represents the northeast corner of the club membership block.

Returns to Clover

There is something about sweet clover, according to Alvin Flick, Sumner county, that puts a kick in the soil. Ten years ago he had a small patch of clover. The effect still is evident. Present crops on that location are a little

taller and a little darker in color than adjoining crops.

That is why he started a 7-year rotation to cover all his farm with sweet clover. He started with 20 acres of Madrid sweet clover last spring. Next year he expects to put in 40-merces. year he expects to put in 40 more acres. It seems to be easier to get a stand with Madrid, he reports. The seed germinates faster and there is less danger of it being covered too deeply after a rain.

Ready for a Quick Change



the W. L. VanBuren farm, Morris county, shows condition of build-ings before his remodeling program got under way.

ODERNIZING a run-down farm-

MODERNIZING a run-down farmstead was a job that presented
many problems to W. L. VanBuren, of Morris county, when he
moved on the place several years ago.
But he is making fine progress.

In remodeling the principal barn on
the farm, Mr. VanBuren used a plan
that would allow him to change
quickly from hogs to dairy, or back
again. One section of the barn was
constructed just as if it would be used
for a milking parlor, except that only
the outside posts of the stanchions
were installed. The gutter was covered
with a wooden lid set flush with the
concrete floor. concrete floor.

This section now is being used as a feeding floor for hogs, and is equipped with self-feeders. By using the stanchion posts and panels, the stanchions are converted into farrowing pens. Pigs are creep-feed on the floor and sutomatic watering troughs are converted. automatic watering troughs are avail-able. Later, if a dairy program is de-cided upon, only a few quick changes

are needed to transform the barn section into a modern milking parlor. A tile drain from the barn to a nearby field soon will be installed.

An overhead rack in the barn was installed for lumber storage. All odd pieces of lumber are placed in this rack according to size and are readily available when needed.

The farm granary was rebuilt so it

The farm granary was rebuilt so it now has 4 bins for shelled grain, storage for ear corn, and 3 overhead bins for ground feed. Mr. VanBuren has an idea to further reduce labor. Since one of the overhead bins is located near one entrance to the granary has also or the overhead bins is located near one entrance to the granary, he plans to run a concrete floor from the entrance to a point beyond the bin, install a gate or panel across the driveway, and put a hog self-feeder directly under the bin spout. In this manner, he could deliver ground feed directly into the self-feeder with no hauling necessary.

A new concrete stave silo also has been erected on the farmstead.



Completely modernized is this large barn, which can be quickly converted to either a hog or dairy program. Note new concrete stave silo just behind the barn.



*AVERAGE 10.8 BUSHELS MORE SHELLED CORN PER ACRE

Maturally, any one brand of hybrid corn cannot win all the time, but when Pfister Hybrids win 8 out of every 10 yield checks, that is mighty conclusive proof of superiority. Figures based on 2,325 competitive yield checks made over a period of 8 years in 9 states show that Pfister Hybrids actually and the time to the few cases where Pfisters do

a period of 8 years in 9 states show that Pfister Hybrids actually win 83.13% of the time. In the few cases where Pfisters do not win, they lose by an average of less than 5.5 bu. per acre. Remember, it costs you just as much to plant, grow and harvest a "fair-to-middling" hybrid as it does a winning hybrid. And, every extra bushel of shelled corn is extra profit ... clear profit! Your opportunity for making extra profit is better when you ask your Pfister Dealer to help you select the hybrids that are WINNING 8 out of 10 TIMES in your locality. Call him today! Call him today!



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> KANSAS SOYBEAN MILLS, INC. Emporia, Kansas

New Things at State Fair

Commercial Exhibitors Invite You to See Their Wares

By ROY R. MOORE

ALWAYS have harbored an opinion that when members of the average farm family load up the baggage in the car and head for the state fair, they are just as eager to see the commercial exhibits as they are to see the races or the livestock

the livestock.

For there is something exhilarating in "window shopping" for the many things the manufacturers have designed for better farming and better farm living. It is likely few farmers, even in lush times, can afford scarcely a fraction of the marchanding on dis

signed for better farming and better farm living. It is likely few farmers, even in lush times, can afford scarcely a fraction of the merchandise on display, but it is fun looking nevertheless. And when you get to the Kansas State Fair at Hutchinson this September, you are going to be pleasantly surprised at the number of exhibitors who are back in the picture. During the war years most of the manufacturers were too busy making ammunition or a thousand and one items of war equipment, they couldn't possibly do much in the way of exhibiting at the various fairs. But it is different now in a lot of ways, altho shortages are not a thing of the past. In other words, you may see a lot of things you would like to buy, but as yet available only in small numbers or quantity.

On machinery row, there is a definite air of hopefulness about the possibility of new machinery being ready for delivery soon, altho many of the new models on display will have been borrowed from farmers near Hutchinson, who have been good enough to lend their equipment.

That is going to be true of International Harvester Company, Minneapolis-Moline, Massey-Harris, John Deere, and others. No attempt will be made to show models that actually are not in production.

State fair visitors will find some new names in the list of machinery companies with exhibits. For the most part these concerns started up early in the war and soon were busy turning out bed new for the Nazis and Jans. Now

these concerns started up early in the war and soon were busy turning out bad news for the Nazis and Japs. Now they are making various yeaful items. bad news for the Nazis and Japs. Now they are making various useful items, "beating swords into plowshares," so to speak, and that is almost literal with the Davis Manufacturing Company, of Wichita, which will be present with many items the company now can deliver.

Machinery row always has been in-

with many items the company now can deliver.

Machinery row always has been intriguing at the Hutchinson fair, mainly because of its diversity in different items. Mention could be made of such companies as the Doerr Mercantile Company, Larned, exhibitors of irrigation equipment and sheet metal products; Dodson Manufacturing Company, Wichita, manufacturing Company, Wichita, manufacturers of silos and buildings; Jacobs Wind Electric Company, Minneapolis, Minn., wind electric plants; Wyatt Manufacturing Company, Salina, manufacturer of the Jayhawker stacker; and Price Brothers, Wichita, exhibitors of several individual products.

The list of machinery exhibitors follows:

Farm Machinery Section

Farm Machinery Section

Allmand Mfg. Co., Holdrege, Neb.
Allis-Chalmers Mfg. Co., Wichita, Kan.
American Road Equipment Co., Omaha, Neb.
Booster Buck Mfg. Co., Dunlap, Ia.
Continental Farm Machine Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
D. & S. Elevator Company, Enid, Okla.
Davis Lumber Company, Inc., Hutchinson, Kan.



and eggs.' I HATE mush!"

Davis Manufacturing Co., Wichita, Kan.
Dodson Manufacturing Co., Wichita, Kan.
Doerr, A. A., Mercantile Company. Larned,
Kan.
Eaton Metal Products Co., Hutchinson, Kan.
Gleaner Harvester Corporation, Independence, Mo.
Henry Manufacturing Company, Inc., Topeka, Kan.
Hutchinson Concrete Co., Hutchinson, Kan.
Hutchinson Foundry and Steel Company,
Hutchinson, Kan.
Hyatt, J. H., Equipment Co., Gallatin, Mo.
Interlocking Stave Silo Company, Inc.,
Wichita, Kan.
International Harvester Co., Wichita, Kan.
Jacobs Wind Electric Company, Minneapolis, Minn.
Jeoffroy Manufacturing Co., Amarillo, Tex.
John Deere Plow Co., Kansas City, Mo.
Kansas City Tractor & Implement Company,
Kansas City, Mo.
Kansas Willys Overland Company, Inc.,
Topeka, Kan.
Krause Plow Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Lincoln Electric Company, Kansas City, Mo.

Flying Farmers Day at Hutchinson

Attention Kansas Flying

Farmers!
Sam Mitchell, secretary of the
Kansas State Fair, has suggested that Wednesday, September 18, be the official "Flying Farmers Day" at Hutchin-

So set that day aside for a quick trip to Hutchinson by air if the weather is good. Every plane enthusiast knows the location and the locatio

plane enthusiast knows the location of the Municipal airport, one of the finest in Kansas. There will be special transportation to the fair grounds.

While there will be no formal program, Flying Farmers are asked to assemble at the Capper building at noon to "count noses." Members of the Kansas Farmer staff will be present.

Lipe Motor Truck Company, Inc., Hutchinson, Kan.
McPherson Concrete Products Company, McPherson, Kan.
Massey-Harris Company, Kansas City, Mo. Master Manufacturing Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Mayrath Machinery Company, Dodge City, Kan.
Memorial Art Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Minneapolis-Moline Power Implement Company, Kansas City, Kan.
Fred A. Moore Chemical Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Moundridge Equipment Exchange, Moundridge Equipment Exchange, Moundridge Equipment

ried A. Moore Chemical Company, Hutchinson, Kan.

Moundridge Equipment Exchange, Moundridge, Kan.

National Tile Silo Co., Kansas City, Mo.

The Oliver Corporation, Kansas City, Mo.

Ottawa Steel Products, Inc., Ottawa, Kan.

Price Brothers Equipment Company, Wichita, Kan.

Salina Concrete Products, Inc., Salina, Kan.

Superior Separator Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Wetmore Pulverizer & Machinery Company,

Tonkawa, Okla.

Whitworth Supply, Scott City, Kan.

Wincharger Corporation, Sioux City, Ia.

Wyatt Manufacturing Co., Salina, Kan.

In looking over the names of the In looking over the names of the several score commercial exhibitors at the State Fair, one cannot help but feel that the good old days are back again. But as among the machinery exhibitors, there is likely to be some disappointments—that is if you expect to walk out with the merchandise. Shortages for one reason or another have not been entirely whipped, as you well know.

well know.

That would not be true, of course, of such concerns as the hybrid seed corn growers who will prove beyond the shadow of a doubt that hybrid corn the shadow of a doubt that hybrid corn is far superior to open-pollinated varieties. Ernest Dowell, state manager for Dekalb, will have charge of that company's exhibit, as in the same capacity for his company will be Clarence Parmalee, state manager for Garst and Thomas, growers of Pioneer hybrids. These companies can promise you plenty of seed corn for planting next year.

you plenty or seed corn for planting next year.

One can find in browsing about, almost every conceivable kind of exhibit designed to make living a little easier on the farm or in the farm home. For instance, in the General Products exhibit, jointly sponsored by that com-



NE

Kansas' Greatest Livestock **Exposition**

Auto Thrill Show Sept. 14 and 18

State Fair Revue **Every Night**

Automobile Races Sept. 15–17 and 19

Motorcycle Races Sept. 16 and 20

Uttend Your Official KANSAS STATE FAIR



With the New 1947 Jacobs System

lowest electric cost yet never out of elec-tricity—a new 1947 Jacobs development-write for details

ment—write for details

It is America's lowest cost farm lighting system. Electric power cost as low as 2c per kilowatt hour including all maintenance and depreciation. Plenty of power for deep freeze units, refrigerators, water systems, milking machines, lights and other appliances. So dependable it carries an Unconditional Guarantee against generator burn out, even by lightning, for five years. The greatest guarantee ever placed on any wind electric plant.

Eighteen years of engineering and manufacturing improvement and thousands of plants in world wide service insure the dependability of every Jacobs Wind Electric Plant. Its exclusive Master Mind charging and voltage control, patented flyball governed variable pitch propeller and large, direct drive, slow speed "life time" generator are some of the reasons why no other plants can equal Jacobs Wind Electric's.

"NEVER OUT OF ELECTRICITY"

"NEVER OUT OF ELECTRICITY"
Jacobs in 1947

STEGMAN AND CARLISLE CO. Distributor SALINA, KANSAS

See your JACOBS dealer or write for Free literature to America's oldest Wind Electric Manufacturers

JACUBS WIND ELECTRIC MINNEAPOLIS 1. MINNESOTA

See Charley Johnson. Your Host at the CAPPER BUILDING on the KANSAS FREE FAIR Grounds

MASTER BUCKET GRAIN LOADER

See it at the KANSAS FREE FAIR We TOPEKA Will Sept. 7-13 Show and Some KANSAS New STATE FAIR Hutchinson Items Sept. 15-20 at These Two Kansas Fairs

Master Manufacturing Co. 1300 E. Ave. A, Hutchinson, Kan. pany and the Moore's Farm Store of Hutchinson, you will find the latest word in electric pumps and water systems which are guaranteed to re-move the worst of household drudg-ery, if you have to pump water by hand.

hand.

And if you detest milking cows by hand, the same companies can supply you with a milking machine designed also to remove a form of drudgery which is purported to have sent many a country boy to town in search of more pleasant employment.

Two Ways to Travel

It would be pretty difficult to find It would be pretty difficult to find any single phase of manufacturing that deals with your health or happiness that is not represented among the state fair exhibitors. For instance, in travel, there's the Santa Fe, pretty much our own Kansas railroad with a nice exhibit, not to mention T. W. A. which would lure you to leave Kansas in one of its fine planes, whether on business or pleasure.

of its fine planes, whether on baseline or pleasure.

Then if you persist in driving your car—and you likely will for many moons—Socony-Vacuum, Phillips and other oil companies have the right formulas for your car's best performance.

ance.

In looking over the list of companies that will be represented is the Anaconda Copper Company, a concern that is active in aiding agriculture. We refer to the company's manufacture of fertilizer, soon to be an important word in Kansas agriculture.

The Kansas Industrial Commission will have a fine ayhibit that is bound.

will have a fine exhibit that is bound to attract a lot of attention. Nearly 90 companies will be represented in that display. The exhibits will give a good cross-section of what Kansas manufacturers are making. Be sure to look in on them in on them.

But the list is too long for individ-ual description. It would be a good idea to read the list below and then look them over in detail when you get to

Commercial Exhibitors

Adams Hard Facing Co., Wakita, Okla. Alexander Black Solar Aircraft Company, Des Moines, Ia. American Zink Institute, New York City,

Anaconda Copper Mining Company, Ana-conda, Mont. Carey Salt Company, Hutchinson, Kan. Chrisman Drafting Laboratory, Manhattan,

Kan.
Clark Grave Vault Co., Columbus 1, Ohio.
Cowie, E. S., Electric Co., Wichita, Kan.
Crook Furniture Company, 108 S. Main,
Hutchinson, Kan.
Crook Furniture Exchange, Hutchinson,
Kan.

Dallman Hand Painted Woodcraft, Pontiac,

Decker & Mattison, Hutchinson, Kan. Dekalb Agricultural Association, Inc., De-

kalb, Ill

kalb, Ill.

Dix Petroleum Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Electrolux Corporation, Wichita, Kan.
Equitable Life Assurance Society, New
York, N. Y.
Farrar Machine Shop, Norwich, Kan.
Federal Distributing Co., Wichita, Kan.
Garst & Thomas Hybrid Corn Company,
Coon Rapids, Ia.
General Products, Wichita 2, Kan.
Graber Furniture Co., Hutchinson, Kan.
Grimes & Jones Monument Works, Hutchinson, Kan.

son, Kan.
Hankins Welding Shop, Hutchinson, Kan.
Harrell Supply Company, Hutchinson, Kan.
Hofer, H. V., Equipment, Hutchinson, Kan.
Hutchinson Butane Co., Hutchinson, Kan.
Isham Furniture Co., Hutchinson, Kan.
Kansas Household Rejuvinating Company,
Wichita. Kan.

Kansas Household Rejuvinating Company, Wichita, Kan.

Kansas Industrial Development Commission, Topeka, Kan.

Kansas Oxygen Company, Hutchinson, Kan.

Kansas Soybean Mills, Inc., Emporia, Kan.

Kerr Glass Manufacturing Company, Sand

Springs, Okla.

Kerr Glass Manufacturing Company, Sand Springs, Okla. Kopper Supply Company, Hutchinson, Kan. Long, S. A., Electric Co., Wichita, Kan. McPherson Concrete Products Company, McPherson, Kan. Mid-west Wool Marketing Co-op Associa-

tion, Kansas City, Mo.

Miller Insulation Co., Hutchinson, Kan.

Moore's Farm Store, Hutchinson, Kan.

Parrott-Hodnett, 101 W. 1st, Hutchinson,
Kan.

Kan,
Phillips Petroleum Company, Wichita, Kan.
Polaris Sales Company, Wichita, Kan.
Rite-Way Products Company, Oklahoma
City, Okla.
Santa Fe R. R., Topeka, Kan.
Socony-Vacuum Oil Co., Kansas City, Mo.
Sutton Craddock Motor Company, Hutchinson. Kan.

son, Kan.
Tool Distributing Company, Denver, Colo.
Transcontinental & Western Air, Inc., Kan-

Transcontinental & Western Alt, Man. Sas City, Mo.
Universal Motor Oil Co., Wichita, Kan.
Wayne Stewart Tire & Supply Company,
Hutchinson, Kan.
Western Brake Service, Hutchinson, Kan.
Wichita Wilbert Vault Co., Wichita, Kan.
Winchester Appliance Store, Hutchinson,
Kan.

Yeastex Company, Sterling, Kan.



WICHITA 2, KANSAS



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Factory Distributors—Delco and Diesel Light Plants, Batteries, Wind Generators Water Systems, Milkers, Separators, Dairy Supplies, Parts

Don't let winter mud bog down food production!



Now is the time to get ready for winter and spring by building a concrete pavement in your barnyard or feed lot. Such work cannot be done when the ground is deep in mud. Planned and built now, it will begin at once to help you save feed and manure, reduce labor, increase beef, pork and dairy production.

Construction is simple. The postland

Construction is simple. The portland cement, sand and gravel or crushed stone required are usually available locally. If you need help, get in touch with your concrete contractor or building material dealer.

As part of its service to farmers, this Association will gladly send free instructions on how to build concrete farm pavements. Just paste coupon on penny postcard.

PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION Dept. G9a-2, Dierks Bldg., Kansas City 6, Mo.

I am interested in paving my feed lot or barnyard before winter. Please send free instructions for building concrete pavement.

| Name | |
|---------------------|--|
| Street or R. R. No. | |
| CityState_ | |

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Doerr Steel **Products**

Will again be on display at The Kansas State Fair at Hutchinson, Kansas, September 15-20. Here you will see Doerr Fuel Storage Tanks, Stock Tanks, Water Storage Tanks, Pneumatic Tanks, Doerr Master Septic Tanks, Doerr Gravel Guard Irrigation Casing, Irrigation Pumps, Water Systems and many other farm equipment items on display.

DOERR PRODUCTS

Are sold through Dealers throughout the territory.

A. A. Doerr Mercantile Co. Larned, Kansas Phone 700

Big Feeder Show

A huge show and sale of feeder cattle will be held at the Chicago Stock Yards, Monday and Tuesday, October 28 and 29. Introduced last year, the initial Chicago Feeder Cattle Show was the largest of the year anywhere in the country.

show was the largest of the year anywhere in the country.

Awards totaling \$6,000 have been announced for the 1946 show. Sponsors are the Union Stock Yard and Transit company. Awards are provided by the show management and by Aberdeen-Angus, Hereford and Shorthorn breed associations. They will be distributed associations. They will be distributed over 4 classes consisting of yearling steers and calves and yearling heifers and calves.

Cattle will be judged in carlot units of 20 head to a car. A \$750 cash award will go to the exhibitor of the grand champion carload.

There Is a Reason

Explaining why farmers should not "plant back" their hybrid corn, the U. S. Department of Agriculture points out the following:

out the following:

All plants in a field of hybrid corn of a given strain are related to each other. The relationship is fully as close as that between first cousins.

Seed coming from such a field therefore is definitely inbred. Reduction in vigor and grain yield always is associated with inbreeding in corn.

Repeated tests at many experiment stations and by farmers in their own fields have shown that the average reduction in yield from planting second-generation seed of a double-cross corn is about 15 per cent.

Meat Will Be Scarce

Kansas stockmen indicated only 40 Kansas stockmen indicated only 40 per cent as many cattle on feed August 1 as a year earlier, reports the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. The 60 per cent decline from a year ago is the sharpest change ever shown for August. Small stocks of corn on hand, declining pasture conditions and corn prospects during July, plus the price situation, all contributed to reduction in numbers on feed.

numbers on feed.

The number of cattle on feed for market in 11 Corn Belt states on August 1 was 45 per cent smaller than a

Arthur Adams Honored

Cattle on the Arthur Adams farm in Wabaunsee county, harvested 850 acres of brome grass. This method, Mr. Adams believes, saves a lot of unnecessary work in harvesting, and brome gives as great a net return as corn and wheat and helps counteract soil erosion. Seed from brome has brought \$55 an acre and provided \$10 to \$15 worth of fall and winter grazing. The Adams farm produced in 1945, 150,000 pounds of beef and field crops, including 5,000 bushels of corn, 4,000 tons of alfalfa and brome grass, 35,000 pounds of Adams believes, saves a lot of unn

seed, and 400 tons of hay. Mr. Adams, in partnership with 2 brothers, Howard and Warner Adams, own and operate a 3,858-acre ranch. Arthur Adams was honored with the W. G. Skelly Award for Superior Achievement in Agriculture, Saturday, August 31. Mrs. Arthur Adams has had an important part in this model farming enterprise.

More Feed in Sight

The livestock feed situation has taken a turn for the better, states the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Favorable growing conditions during July increased prospective feed supplies more than 5 million tons. Improvement shown during July by corn, oats, and barley promises the most liberal feed supply per animal unit in history despite the comparatively small crop of sorghums and small carryover stocks.

current estimates are realized feed grain supplies for 1946-47 will amount to more than 140 million tons. This is nearly 6 per cent more than the 1945-46 supply and 23 per cent above the 10-year average.

Poultry Hits the Skids

Production of baby chicks by commercial hatcheries in Kansas during July was estimated at 142,000 chicks, or only 10 per cent of the 1,385,000 chicks hatched in July, 1945, announces the Kansas State Board of Agriculture. Production for the first 7 months of 1946 was 18 per cent less then in 1945.

Production for the first 7 months of 1946 was 18 per cent less than in 1945. Egg production in Kansas during July was estimated at 150 million eggs, a 24 per cent decline from June and 17 per cent less than for July, 1945. The number of layers on Kansas farms during July was 10.5 per cent less than for July, 1945.

Dry weather damaged most of the orn in Southern Kansas this year. But Dry weather damaged most of the corn in Southern Kansas this year. But S. C. Shields, Cowley county, saved his with a new trench silo. About 10 years ago, he dug a trench silo 135 feet long. When he saw the corn crop would not mature this year he made another trench. It is 100 feet long and 16 feet wide. Built in a hillside, it will drain even tho it is 7 to 8 feet deep.

Mr. Shields had 150 acres of corn planted. He saved the crop with 2 trenches.

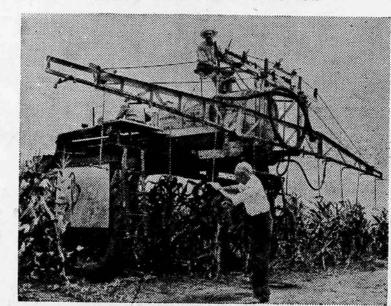
Trench Silo Saves Corn

There is a clay subsoil on his farm. He has had very little maintenance work on his first sile even the it was not lined.

Will Not Tear

Before putting the tacks in to hold a piece of shelf paper in place, put a small triangular piece of adhesive tape over each piece to be tacked. This will reinforce the paper and keep it from tearing and curling.—Mrs. L. W.

After the Corn Borer



Lester Pfister, hybrid seed corn grower, of El Paso, III., checks the special Lester Prister, hybrid seed corn grower, of El Paso, Ill., checks the special tractor rig he adapted for spraying cornfields with Syndeet to control corn borer. Syndeet, which contains DDT and a new insecticide, was developed by United States Rubber Company. First experiments conducted this summer in the Midwest have proved the spray effective for controlling the insect which damages thousands of acres of corn yearly. Covering 10 rows at one time, the special tractor rig sprays 30 acres an hour and will clear corn as high as 8 feet.



CONTINENTAL THIS FENCE WITH THE PIONEER KNOT acately fifth

 Continental PIONEER fence has extra strength to resist hinging, buckling or bending of the stay wires. It can slightly with the crowding of livestock, then come back straight. No livestock, then cother fence has the

famous, semi-flexi-ble PIONEER knot. It's good fence all way through. Made of copper steel.See PIONEER fence at your Continental dealer's.





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> See the Ottawa Loader at KANSAS FREE FAIR Topeka, September 7-13 KANSAS STATE FAIR **Hutchinson, September 15-20**

See your Dealer or write FREE OTTAWA STEEL PRODUCTS
Dept. KF, Ottawa, Kansas

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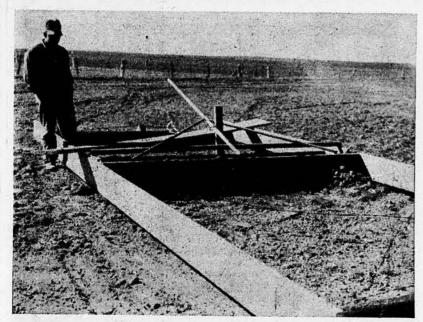
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bott 164 conv tree Th ing ing wint amo

To Mr.

Headed for Cattle Feeding

Will Irrigate Sorghums and Alfalfa



emade plane is used by Tom Davidson, Hodgeman county, to prepare his land for irrigation. See story for details on construction.

STARTING from Davidson scratch, Tom Davidson, young Hodgeman county farmer, is trying to build up a farm that will support a large cattle-

Doing most of the work himself, Mr. Davidson remodeled and modernized a small home for his family. The house is fully equipped with electricity, fluorescent lights, electric refrigerator, a water system and gas for

ity, fluorescent lights, electric refrigerator, a water system, and gas for cooking and hot water.

Right now Mr. Davidson is leveling land for irrigating sorghums. Later he hopes to prepare 150 acres for alfalfa under irrigation. He is using a landplane he built on the farm. This landplane is 10 feet wide by 24 feet long. The sides are 2 by 12's mounted on tin runners. Front and back bars are 2 by 12's fixed at a 45-degree anare 2 by 12's fixed at a 45-degree anarea and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second a s

on tin runners. Front and back bars are 2 by 12's fixed at a 45-degree angle and faced with tin. The slope on these probably should be more than 45 degrees, thinks Mr. Davidson.

The float, or center bar, is made of 2 by 12's that slide perpendicularly in a groove formed by using channel irons on the side bars. Height of the float is regulated by a handle made of pipe. This handle can be attached in any position to an anchor post conin any position to an anchor post con-taining holes up the side for putting

in any position to an another post containing holes up the side for putting in pegs.

One of the largest trench silos in the county can be found on the Davidson farm. It is 19 feet deep, 17 feet wide at the top and 12 feet at the bottom, and extends into a creek bank 164 feet. It is rated at 600 tons and conveniently opens directly onto the feed lot, which is well sheltered by trees and the creek banks.

The cattle program consists of buying plain cattle in the fall, and selling them in the spring after they are wintered on silage plus a limited amount of grain.

To insure his irrigation program, Mr. Davidson has constructed a rock dam across Pawnee creek. This dam is

dam across Pawnee creek. This dam is

13 feet high and will impound water for 9,000 feet above the dam, giving him 10 feet of water at his irrigation pumping station.

There still are lots of things to be done on the Davidson farm, but the present owner has been on the place only a year and a half. He hopes in time to make it one of the high-producing farms of the area.

Two Plans Fit

A double-barreled farming program is being worked out by Charles Novotny, of Pratt county. He first of all is trying to conserve his soil, and also to work out a satisfactory temporary pasture program for his dairy herd. Fortunately, the 2 plans fit together for improving productivity of the farm.

A total of 300 acres already has been terraced and another 20 conservil here.

terraced and another 80 acres will be terraced this year. For temporary pasture, Mr. Novotny is seeding 17 acres of sweet clover to supplement 18 acres already in Sudan.

Altho he believes in summer-fallowing Mr. Novotny is experimenting acres

Altho he believes in summer-fallowing, Mr. Novotny is experimenting now with cowpeas planted on the contour and in rotation with wheat as a substitute for summer-fallowing. He believes the cowpeas will build up the nitrogen content of the soil.

The foundation already is completed for a new loafing shed for the Novotny cattle. It will be 26- by 60-feet and located conveniently to the milk barn.

Real Sheep Man

John Overmiller, 16-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Willis Overmiller, of Smith county, is well on his way to become a first-class sheep man.

Four years ago, John bought 10 ewes. He now has 68 head of ewes and lost only 1 lamb this year. His lambs 2 years ago topped the market.



Cattle on the Davidson farm are wintered on roughage and a little grain. Silage is stored in a 600-ton trench silo adjoining this feed lot.



Yes, it's a grand feeling to know that some COLORADO FENCE PRODUCTS are available. Maybe not enough for all your fencing jobs but ...

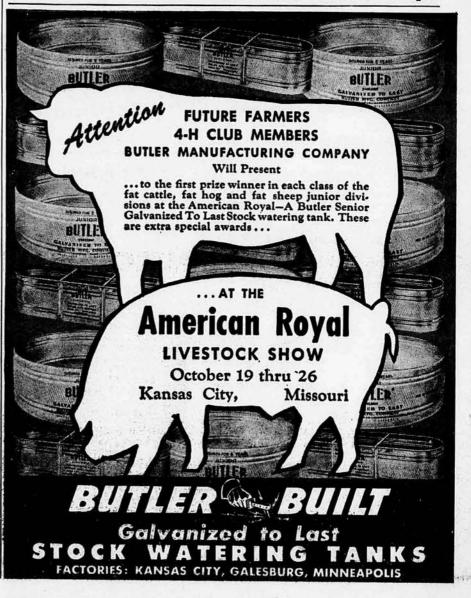
CF&I is doing its best to make up for those years of war production and will soon be able to supply all of your fencing needs.

FENCE

The Colorado Fuel and Iron Corporation

GENERAL OFFICES: DENVER, COLORADO

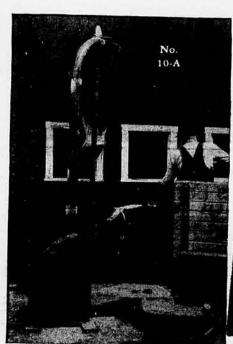
Continue Buying **U. S. Savings Bonds and Stamps**



Make Your Feeds Go Farther with a **John Deere** Feed Mill

THIS year, with a national feed shortage looming, every bushel of grain and every ton of roughage must be made to produce its maximum feeding return.

By processing your home-grown feeds with a John Deere Feed Mill, you can eliminate manger and feed lot waste—make your feeds go farther — produce more milk —



Four-in-One Mills

For all-around feed-making, you can't beat the John Deere No. 114-A or the No. 110-A Roughage Mill and Feed Grinder—the four-in-one mills that work as a four-in-one mills that work as a straight chopper, an ensilage cutter, a combination chopper and grinder or as a straight grinder. Big-capacity, governor-controlled traveling feed table . . . lawn-mower-type cutter head that cuts fast and clean . . . heavy-duty grinding unit and dust-tight feed collector are outstanding features.

Low-Cost Hammer Mills

For straight grinding of ear corn, shelled corn, small grains and cured roughage crops, there are three low-cost John Deere Hammer Mills in 6-, 10-, and 14-inch sizes from which to choose. Their surprising capacity, low power requirement and uniformly good work are appreciated by every owner.

See your John Deere dealer for complete information on the full line of feed-stretching John Deere

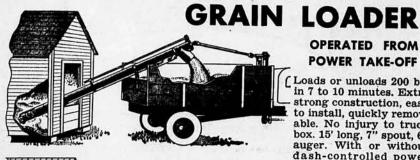


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The "Scoop-a-Second"



OPERATED FROM POWER TAKE-OFF

[Loads or unloads 200 bu. in 7 to 10 minutes. Extra strong construction, easy to install, quickly removable. No injury to truck box. 15' long, 7" spout, 6" auger. With or without dash-controlled power take-off take-off.

For a Loader Operated by Gas Engine or Motor You Will Like the

WESTGO Silver Streak SPIRAL TRUCK LOADER

Fast, Compact, Sturdy, Easily Transported, Depondable.

WEST FARGO MFG. CO., West Fargo, N. Dak. Manufacturers of WESTGO Farm Equipme

Plenty of Hard Knocks

But Stephenson Wouldn't Be Downed



Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson pause outside their new milkhouse, which now saves them a lot of hard work. The city of Downs is supplied with wholesome milk from this farm.

T NEVER pays to give up," says John Stephenson, of Osborne John Stephenson, of Osborne county. He ought to know. He has gone thru plenty of hard knocks in establishing and maintaining the only purebred Ayrshire dairy herd in the

county.

Mr. Stephenson started his dairy en-Mr. Stephenson started his dairy enterprise back in 1917 with 2 heifers and a bull from Ferndale Farm, Ladysmith, Wis. His father was opposed to the project and it looked like "father was right," because in the first 6 years 18 out of 21 calves turned out to be bull calves. With no other herds in the county there was no sale for the calves, and after 6 years of effort the project was just about where it started.

Things took a little turn for the

Things took a little turn for the better after that and Mr. Stephenson was "on his way" when Bang's disease struck the head in 1929 and 1930 and set him back again.

struck the herd in 1929 and 1930 and set him back again.

Even this did not discourage him. By 1934 he had built his herd up to 155 head. Then came the drouths, and every cattleman knows what happened next. There was no feed available anywhere and Mr. Stephenson had to sell most of his herd. The Government bought 31 head at \$11 each, and the best registered cows sold for only \$17 apiece.

Demand for Breeding Stock

That was a heartbreaking experience and taught Mr. Stephenson not to expand his herd to such numbers again. He now has the herd stabilized at 48 to 50 head and has worked up a good demand for his breeding stock. During 1945 he received inquiries from 6 or 7 states, including Florida and Oregon. During the year he sold 34 head for a total of \$3,600 and his milk and cream checks brought in another \$6,000.

\$6,000.

Several years ago he sold a bred heifer to Gerald Hall, a 4-H Club boy of Elmwood, Neb. The daughter of this heifer later went on to win 5 straight championships in 4-H and 2 in open competition at the Nebraska State Fair. She was the only cow ever to win that many times. that many times.

Incidents like that, plus the \$9,600 income from his cows last year, have convinced Mr. Stephenson that per-

convinced Mr. Stephenson that perseverance pays.

Most men would have been content just to build a fine dairy herd, but not Mr. Stephenson. He has 56 head of purebred Hampshire sheep, 124 head of purebred Hampshire hogs, and a certified laying flock of 100 White Wyandotte hens that dates back to 1913. "I just find a lot of satisfaction in working with purebred livestock and the ing with purebred livestock and the

best quality in poultry," says Mr Stephenson. All breeds on the farm were chosen for beauty and economy, he recalls.

Mr. Stephenson got into the pure-bred hog and sheep business thru buy-ing animals as 4-H projects for his 3 children. He paid \$90 for his first 2 ewes, he remembers.

children. He paid \$90 for his first 2 ewes, he remembers.

There may be other farmers in Kansas raising purebred dairy cattle, purebred sheep and hogs, and certified chickens all at the same time, but Mr. Stephenson still doesn't stop there. He carries his mania "for the best" over to crops, too. He has planted pure or certified seeds ever since 1920 and has



The purebred Hampshire ewes on the Stephenson farm are sheared right after lambing and kept indoors if weather is bad. They eat more and give more milk if shorn after lambing, says Mr. Stephenson.

been producing certified seeds for the last 10 years. In 1945 he produced certified Neosho oats, Comanche wheat and Midland sorghums.

All of this has been done on a farm that was purchased at the first World War's inflated prices, and on a farm that didn't have enough water when he bought it to support any livestock. Finding water for his livestock program was one of the big early hurdles in the Stephenson venture. He finally hired a "water witcher" who located several small veins. By digging his wells deep enough and making them wide enough to serve as reservoirs, he conserved and stored every drop of water that seeped into his wells. He also utilized cisterns. Now there is plenty of water for his home and all the livestock.

Several years ago Mr. Stephenson designed a space and laborating

several years ago Mr. Stephenson designed a space and laborsaving maternity barn that is one of the best we have seen. Rectangular in shape, it has a row of maternity pens around 3 outside walls and a group of 4 pens in the center. Over the center pens he built a storage room for feeds at truckbed level. Two 9-foot driveways on each side of the center pens can be



Mr. Stophenson had a difficult time establishing this herd of fine Ayrshires, but the cattle have paid off over the years. The loafing shed in the background is equipped with a concrete floor.

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the o and keep milk used for unloading feed, loading animals, or as storage. A small space in one corner for equipment is heated by a stove and sits over a cistern that stores all water running off the barn. Water is pumped up into the building from this cistern for handy watering of the stock. of the stock.

of the stock.

North and east sides of the barn have doors opening out onto a series of exercise pens. Just west of the barn is a 24- by 30-foot concrete feeding floor, flanked by a dipping vat constructed last year. To conserve space, the dipping vat is of the elevator type. It consists of a heavy crate that is raised and lowered in the vat by a

power takeoff from the tractor. Last spring 150 head of cattle, sheep and hogs were treated in this vat.

For years the Stephenson milk barn was across the road from the house and all milk had to be carried at least 100 yeards. Now the bear and a medant 100 yards. Now the barn and a modern milkhouse are near the home. This has been one of the biggest labor savers adopted on the farm, says Mr. Stephen-

It has been a long, hard struggle, but the Stephensons have improved their farm, have a modern home, and crops and livestock that would be a credit to any farm in the state. No sir, it never pays to give up.

Good Crops Today, **Fertile Soil Tomorrow**

PROFITABLE crops today and fertile soil for tomorrow. That is the result of the farming practices used by S. E. McMillen and son, Ralph, on thin upland soil in Neosho county.

thin upland soil in Neosho county.

The backbone of this farming structure is legumes. The McMillens use red clover for both seed and hay. Sweet clover, too, holds an important place in their rotation.

Last year they sold 7,300 pounds of red clover seed besides getting 2 tons of hay an acre. Two years ago they harvested 48 bushels of red clover seed from 10 acres. Both crops were given a boost with 200 pounds of 20 per cent phosphate an acre. Wheat followed sweet clover last year in upland soil and made 31 bushels an acre. The test was 62 pounds.

The McMillen cattle program is put

on a profitable basis by using a variety on a profitable basis by using a variety of pastures that shorten feeding periods to a bare minimum. Besides the native pasture, these cattle find early spring and late fall grazing on lush brome grass. The brome also produced 2 tons of hay and 500 pounds of seed last year. It was fortified with 200 pounds of ammonium nitrate an acre. Another legume, lespedeza, practically grows wild on the McMillen acres. It, too, fits into both the grazing and haying programs. ing programs.

Terraces complete the McMillen pro-

terraces complete the McMillen protective program. They help keep the soil on the McMillen farm and not downstream. The first terrace on the farm was built in 1926. The county agent claims it is the first terrace built south of the Kaw river, Mr. McMillen reports. They maintain it each year.

Use Sweet Clover For Higher Yields

A NUMBER of farmers in Harper county are looking to higher yields thru systematic sweet clover rotation. There are 6,000 to 7,000 acres in sweet clover this year. Much of this area is included in 6-year rotation plans

There is a concentration of sweet clover work east of Anthony. Among the outstanding users are Henry Schmidt and Henry Duwe, of Freeport; Herb Schmidt, Ed Schmidt, and Paul Nye, Bluff City.

Sweet clover has been grown as a soil builder in this area for a number of years. Its effect has been noticeable. Mr. Nye says there is a 20-acre patch on his farm that has never been in leg-ume. The yields from this acreage are low in comparison with other fields, he

reports.

Noticing a substantial difference in

yields, these farmers now are following a clover rotation designed to cover the acreage in 6 years. It includes new seeding of clover each year. They have found that sweet clover can be seeded alone successfully, but there always is a danger of soil blowing in the spring. For that reason, oats has become quite general as a cover crop.

They have tried cross-seeding and

They have tried cross-seeding and broadcasting after the oats was sown. But the new way, drilling every other row, is preferred. They pull 2 drills of the same size. Oats is seeded in every other row with the front drill. The sweet clover is seeded with the second sweet clover is seeded with the second

drill in the alternate rows.

Sweet clover needs sunshine to grow right, Mr. Nye says. In his opinion, seeding in alternate rows assures good clover. At the same time oats yields run from 20 to 40 bushels, he adds.

It All Started With a 4-H Calf

HEN Roy Neher, of Labette county, bought a purebred dairy calf as a 4-H project for his son, he didn't know it would lead him into the dairy business. But it did.

One calf lead to another and the

One cair lead to another and the Neher family now is milking 9 cows, has a new dairy barn, is planning a modern bull pen for the new \$250 bull, and is installing a concrete slab to keep the cows out of the mud. Whole milk is marketed thru local distribu-

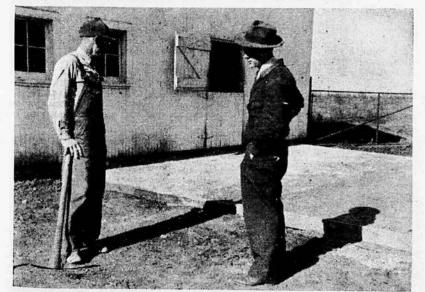
tors at Oswego and the Co-op Cream-

tors at Oswego and the Co-op Creamery at Erie.

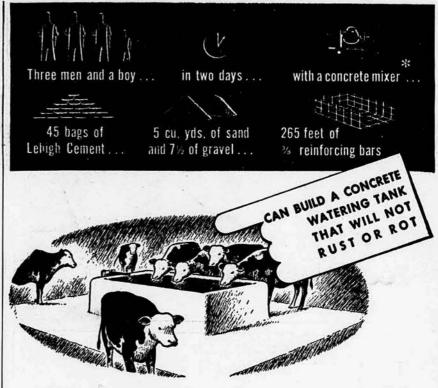
Pasture is utilized to the utmost as the Neher farm is small. Mr. Neher has 35 acres of permanent pasture, 17 acres of alfalfa, 35 acres of lespedeza. Temporary pastures are in 3 fields and are alternately grazed. Some rye grass is planned soon to expand the season.

Other field includes alfalfa, and

Other feed includes alfalfa and prairie hay with corn chop, ground oats and soybean meal.



Roy Neher, left, and Maurice Wyckoff, former county agent, discuss a new concrete slab laid in the Neher barnlot to keep his fine dairy herd out of the mud.



Keep your animals healthy and contented—and make life a little easier for yourself-with a concrete stock tank and platform like the one illustrated here. Easy and economical to build, the tank will provide a supply of fresh water at all times, and the platform will keep your animals out of the mud.

Concrete watering tanks made with Lehigh Cement are just one of many profitable concrete farm improvements: flumes, walks, feeding floors, vats, many others. See your Lehigh Dealer-he can advise you how to build soundly . . . and economically.

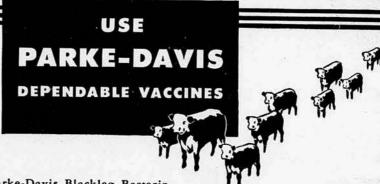
*If your dealer can supply you with ready mixed concrete, this work will require approximately 8 yards, and can be done with less labor.



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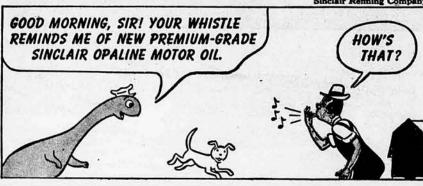
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Resubmission Takes Time

By CLIF STRATTON

LTHO one might not believe it if he A listens to the campaign oratory—
and that's all a lot of it is—this
year, Kansas is bound to have at least 2 years to decide whether it wants to repeal or modify the prohibitory amendment to the State Constitution.

The Constitution is very explicit as to the submission and action on amendments to the Constitution. The men who wrote the Constitution did not bewho wrote the Constitution did not be-lieve in changing the basis of govern-ment every time a smart candidate for office, or a bright reformer, got a new idea. So they tried to insure that any change in the Constitution should have careful consideration.

Article 14 of the State Constitution, dealing with amendments, reads:

dealing with amendments, reads:

1. Proposal of amendments; publication; election. Proposition for the amendment of this Constitution may be made by either branch of the legislature; and if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house shall concur therein, such proposed amendments, together with the yeas and nays, shall be entered on the journal; and the secretary of state shall cause the same to be published in at least one newspaper in each county in the state where a newspaper is published, for three months preceding the next election for representatives, at which time the same shall be submitted to the electors, for their approval or rejection; and if a majority of the election shall adopt the amendments, at said election shall adopt the amendments, the same shall become a part of the Constitution. When more than one amendment shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted at the same time, they shall be so submitted at the same election.

If will be noted that the money who

It will be noted that the men who wrote the Kansas Constitution did everything they could think of to insure that while the electors of the state have full power to change it by majority vote, amendments should have every opportunity for full study and fair consideration before being finally voted upon. voted upon.

Majority Not Enough

A mere majority of the state House and the state Senate cannot submit an amendment. It takes a two thirds vote in each branch of the legislature; and that means two thirds of all the members elected to each house, not just two thirds of those present and/or voting. This means that 84 of the full strength of the House (125), and 27 of the full elected membership of the Senate (40) must vote yea (aye) on the roll call, to submit any amendment. Submission of an amendment is en-

Submission of an amendment is entirely a legislative matter; the governor has nothing to do with it. The legislature votes to submit an amendment. The secretary of state is responsible that the electors are notified, thru unblication in every county where there publication in every county where there is a newspaper; also, that the amendment is properly printed on the ballots.

The provision that the amendment shall be submitted to the lambda of the county of the county

The provision that the amendment shall be submitted to the electors (people qualified to vote) at the next election where state representatives are elected, means that amendments can be voted upon only at the general elections held the first Tuesday following the first Monday in even-numbered vears. Also it is required that a mayears. Also, it is required that a majority of all votes cast in that election (not just a majority of those cast on the amendment) are necessary to ratify an amendment. If 800,000 votes were cast, more than 400,000 would be necessary for ratification.

Since Kansas became a state (1861), the legislature has submitted 59 amendments to the electors, including 2 bond issues for veterans compensation. Of the 58 that have been voted upon, 36 have been adopted, including the bonus for World War veterans in 1921. Twenty-two have been rejected, including a bonus for Spanish-American and Civil War veterans in 1923. The 59th amendment submitted, to authorize the legislature itself to fill vacancies instead of requiring special elections in legislative districts, is to be voted upon next November 5.

The Prohibition amendment to the Constitution has been passed upon twice by the voters. In 1880, it was adopted by a vote of 92,302 for and 84,304 against. Resubmitted in 1934, the prohibitory amendment was retained in its 1880 form by a vote of 436,688 to 347,644.

How Constitution Reads

How Constitution Reads

How Constitution Reads

The present prohibitory amendment, article 15 of section 10 of the Constitution, reads as follows:

"The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors shall be forever prohibited in this state, except for medical, scientific and medicinal purposes."

The proposed emendment submitted by the 1933 legislature, rejected by the electors in 1934, would have substituted the following language:

"The legislature may license and regulate the manufacture, sale, possession and transportation of all liquor having any alcoholic content, and may impose special taxes on all malt, vinous and spiritous liquors, and may provide for the prohibition of such liquors in special areas."

Following the rejection of the foregoing substitute, thereby retaining the original prohibitory amendment, the legislature enacted a statute declaring beverages containing more than 3.2 per cent of alcohol to be intoxicating in the meaning of the Constitution, thereby legalizing the sale of 3.2 beer.

beverages containing more than 3.2 per cent of alcohol to be intoxicating in the meaning of the Constitution, thereby legalizing the sale of 3.2 beer.

Backing former Governor Harry H. Woodring, who is running for governor this year on the "wet" issue, the Democratic party platform calls for repeal of the prohibitory amendment; and for state owned and operated liquor stores to sell packaged liquors on a permit system; county option and a promise of law enforcement in dry counties—altho the appeal for repeal is made on the proposition that dry (prohibitory) laws are not and cannot be enforced.

The Republican party platform recommends that the legislature submit the prohibitory amendment for a fresh vote by the people, but declares also that the issue is not a partisan one, thereby relieving party candidates for the legislature from any party obligation to support resubmission, leaving the matter to their own consciences and the desires of their constituents. Representative Frank Carlson, of Concordia, the Republican nominee, declares that he is dry, will vote against

cordia, the Republican nominee, de-clares that he is dry, will vote against repeal if the matter is submitted, but affirms the party position that the peo-ple are entitled to express themselves again on the question.

Ready for Hunting



Here is a new type inflatable boat, having construction features developed in the manufacture of life rafts that saved the lives of thousands of Allied fliers in World War II. Of synthetic rubber-coated nylon fabric, the boat is 40 per cent lighter and many times stronger than any previous boat of similar size. A Goodyear product, it is handy for hunting.

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From a Marketing Viewpoint

By George Montgomery, Feed Grains, Poultry and Eggs, and Dairy; C. P. Wilson, Livestock.

Will the recently announced ceilings for livestock tend to support higher feed grains or will it mean lower prices for corn?—N. S.

If you take present cash prices of corn as the starting point, lower prices are indicated. If you take Chicago quotations of corn for January delivery, which have been around \$1.30 to \$1.35, as an indication of the level of prices for new group corn, the collings. for new crop corn, the ceilings for cat-tle and hogs at \$20.25 and \$16.25 will lend support to corn prices at a higher

Quotations on wheat futures have been lower. Does this mean lower wheat prices later?—R. G.

wheat prices later?—R. G.

Not necessarily. Wheat futures have been influenced by the stock market, the general world situation, and hedging pressure from grain which was purchased during July and early August. Cash wheat prices are being determined by actual supply and demand conditions. Movement of wheat from farms during the next few months will be small, there are limited stocks of wheat in terminal markets, and the Government will need to purchase larger quantities of wheat for the September allotments for export. These factors indicate stronger wheat prices.

Is the outlook favorable for breeding some gilts for early spring pigs?

—L. S..

Breeding for early spring pigs to have on the market in August and September of 1947, appears to be a favorable program. There will not be a burdensome supply of hogs at that time. Price controls will have expired and demand is expected to be strong. Prices may not be as high as the peaks of August this year, but probably will be well above the present price ceilings. The large new corn crop should provide ample feed supplies at reasonable price. able price.

I have 15 head of fall calves, corn, roughage and protein. Should I feed for a late fall market, sell as stockers next spring, sell from grass next summer, or feed for a fall market next year?—R. J.

In general, feeding calves for mar-ket between now and the end of the year is unfavorable. Price ceilings will

likely be most effective and most rigidly enforced during this period. Demand for stockers to go on grass will be strong next spring and prices probably will be good at that time. Next summer and fall prices presumably will be permanently free of controls. Present conditions indicate continued strong demand until that time. Prices may not be as high as the extreme may not be as high as the extreme peaks this summer but should be higher than allowed under the ceilings. It would seem best to winter your calves and size up the situation again next spring to decide where to go from

Teacher Shortage

Kansas schools probably will face a teacher shortage this fall of about 1,300, according to Dr. Paul Murphy, of Pittsburg, chairman of a committee on recruiting and training teachers.

Rural schools and those in the smaller towns are hardest hit, he says. As of July 15, there were 1,629 vacancies in the rural and small town schools with little chance many would be

Creek Water Saves Corn

Rain or no rain, Perry Brazel usually raises some corn on his Cowley county farm. Water pumped from nearby Grouse creek does the trick.

Last year Mr. Brazel had 65 acres of corn. It made 50 bushels to the acre. It was extremely dry in Cowley county this year. Most corn was burned crisp. But fair-sized ears formed on 40 acres of corn that Mr. Brazel irrigated. The field was flooded the second week in field was flooded the second week in July. It took 6 days and nights of steady pumping.

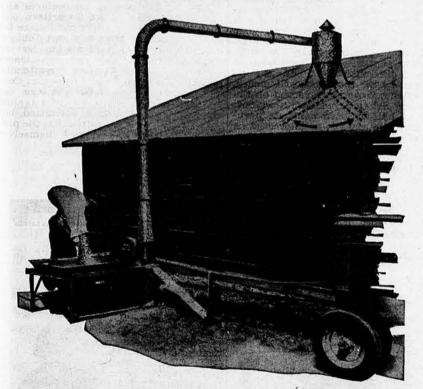
Clover Ground Was Best

C. Dwight Hayter, Harper county, is sowing 50 acres of sweet clover each year on his farm. It will be sufficient to cover his cropland in 7 years. Here is his reason: Sweet clover ground this year produced 38 bushels of wheat to the acre. His over-all average was 23 bushels on 400 acres.

bushels on 400 acres.

He used oats as a cover crop for his sweet clover this year. His best stand of clover was on the turns where he did not drill out the corners with oats. He has decided clover needs more room and light. Mr. Hayter says he plans to drill alternate rows of oats and clover next year.

Gets Rid of the Dust



IF YOU have ever experienced the discomforts from the choking dust present in grains and dry forage, here's good news. A cyclone attachment available for grain and forage blowers keeps the air fresh and clean. The cyclone mounted on the roof at the head of the blower pipe separates the dust from the grain before it can enter the bin. Not only does it make

work more comfortable, but the clean grain is in better condition for keeping. Clean grain is delivered in any de-sired direction thru a flexible swivel spout. The cyclone is easy to install. Made of rust-resisting galvanized metal, it can be left permanently in its outdoor position by capping with a ventilator cover. It fits old or new blowers.



The new type of agitators is an exclusive Stahmer Feature. The special auger type disc is built into improved revolving agitators. They keep the hopper bottom clean and force fertilizer out of the openings...pulverize lumps and spread uniformly. Quickly regulated, the Stahmer distributes from about 100 to 8000 lbs. per acre and spreads an 8-foot width of fertilizer only 6 inches from the ground.

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JESSE R. JOHNSON, Livestock Editor

MIKE WILSON, Livestock Fieldman



BRUISES ARE EXPENSIVE

It is customary to think of Nature as being cruel, but certainly Nature does not favor cruelty in the treatment of livestock. On the contrary, it metes out firm and positive punishment.

Those who mistreat cattle, sheep or hogs pay a heavy price. Unless animals are properly fed and cared for they fail to reach the weight and quality of which they are capable, and this mistreatment is reflected in low prices and reduced volume. Or if the animals while being moved about on the farm or in transit to market are overcrowded, prodded or whipped to a point where bruises result, their market value suffers. Careful calculations by men who study such matters indicate that cuts and bruises inflicted upon livestock annually represent a loss of some 50 million dollars—perhaps more.

Owners of livestock who are responsible for cuts and bruises may think someone else takes the lossbut they are largely mistaken. Packers have to reflect such losses in the prices they offer for livestock. so the producer ultimately pays the bill.

Nature may be pretty tough in applying its "Survival of the fittest" law, but it certainly punishes cruelty against its living creatures.



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Apples Will Be Profitable

By JAMES SENTER BRAZELTON

POLKS in Kansas and Missouri FOLKS in Kansas and Missouri should not go apple hungry this fall and winter. With the big crops about to be harvested in these 2 states there should be enough for everyone. In Kansas the crop is about double what it was in 1945, while in Missouri it is only slightly larger than last year and is not considered a normal crop. However, quality is the best in years, use of DDT in the spray probably getting credit for this.

In Kansas orchards, due to a light set in the spring, apples are attaining a large size. This will make the volume harvested much more than was at first anticipated. Picking of the Jonathans

harvested much more than was at first anticipated. Picking of the Jonathans this year will begin much earlier than usual. To guard against pre-harvest drop, as so often happens, growers are spraying their orchards with hormone sprays to make the fruit stick.

George W. Kinkead, secretary of the Kansas State Horticultural Society, recently toured the state looking over the apple situation. He points out that the heavy apple-producing areas

over the apple situation. He points out that the heavy apple-producing areas in the state are the Missouri river counties, Doniphan, Atchison, Leavenworth and Wyandotte; the Kaw Valley; the Arkansas river valley and Southeast Kansas.

In Missouri, in the section around St.

In Missouri, in the section around St. Joseph, a larger volume than last year is expected and the quality is good. Jonathan harvest in South Missouri began about August 15. In Central Missouri they are expecting a lighter crop than last year. In the Missouri river area east of Kansas City the harvest will be larger than in 1945 but less than a normal crop. Apple areas along the Mississippi river will produce more and better apples than last year.

According to the August crop report, total apple crop for the nation is expected to be 111,728,000 bushels. With consumer demand and buying power favorable, everyone in the apple game is looking forward to a very profitable season.

In the Pacific Northwest the state In Missouri, in the section around St.

In the Pacific Northwest the state of Washington is expected to produce more than a fourth of the nation's apple crop. In Oregon prospects are favorable for a crop estimated at 3,159,-

000 bushels. In 1945 California produced 10,506,000 bushels, but this year the yield is expected to be only 7,236,000 bushels. The 4 Appalachain states of Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Maryland are expected to

of Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Maryland are expected to produce between one fifth and one fourth of the nation's crop.

The New York state crop is 5 times as large as last year's near failure, but still 27 per cent below the 10-year average. The New England crop will be nearly 3 times as large as last year's but will be 37 per cent below the 10-year average. The Michigan crop promises to be 5 or 6 times larger than a year ago. In Illinois the crop is about a third larger than last year and above the average. Arkansas expects between 500,000 and 600,000 bushels this year.

this year.

Here in Doniphan county a wide variety of apples will be harvested this fall. The Transparent and Duchess were sent to market some weeks ago and the Wealthies also have been harvested. A block of 400 Wealthy trees set out by the late Frank Kotch bore a total of 6,000 bushels of high-quality apples this year. apples this year.

apples this year.

Following the Jonathans which will be picked soon will be Red Delicious, Golden Delicious and Grimes Golden. Coming after these will be the late winter varieties such as Winesap, Stayman, York Imperial, Blacktwig and Rome Beauty. Each of these varieties has some quality for which it is especially noted. Common Winesap keeps well in ordinary cellar storage. Stayman is a good bedtime eating apple. Flavor and texture of York Imperial improves with age. A Blacktwig apple is at its best baked. Rome Beauty apple is at its best baked. Rome Beauty

apple is at its best baked. Rome Beauty is good for pies.
Other varieties such as Winter Banana and King David are found only in a few orchards, and Ben Davis and Gano are still to be seen in the packing sheds occasionally. King David is an apple with outward appearance greatly resembling a Jonathan, and every year great quantities of them are sold to the unsuspecting public as Jonathans. One unsuspecting public as Jonathans. One has only to taste them to tell the dif-

Let's Look at Holland

(Continued from Page 4)

—mainly because of lack of fertilizer. Before the war, the Dutch farmer used more fertilizer than any other farmer

in the world.

in the world.

But the Dutch are a hard people to lick—they're even turning war-damage to their advantage, such as making some antitank ditches into drainage canals. "After all," said one Dutchman, "the Dutch had to dig them, so we want to make them useful."

In reclaiming Walcheren Island, they intend to consolidate farm lands, to eliminate such examples as one farmer having perhaps 20 or 30 fields interspersed with the fields of others. (A government reclamation expert estimates this will increase the potential production of that land by as much as 20 per cent.) They're also going to restock the island with tuberculosis-free cattle—and keep it TB free. cattle--and keep it TB free

Key to the Netherlands

A word about water, the key to The Netherlands. The Dutch have made the sea give them a fourth of their farm land. They use water for fence and for defense, for travel and transport. And many farmers even drive pipes down into the water and get a natural gas for cooking.

pipes down into the water and get a natural gas for cooking.

There's one device especially that I would like to import from the shrewd Dutch traders—their auction clock. They sell most of their flowers, bulbs, vegetables, and fruit at wholesale auctions. Buyers sit before a huge electric clock with one big sweep hand. Merchandise is wheeled in and an experienced man quickly pokes around and shouts out the quality. The buyer calculates the highest price he will pay. The clock hand goes into motion, moving counter-clockwise from the highest number down.

As the hand comes down to the price the buyer has decided to pay, he presses a button, the clock stops, his number is flashed on the board, and the sale has been made. Instead of bidding up as we do at our augtions they bid down. as we do at our auctions, they bid down,

and they only need to bother about one bid—the highest in the house. And the whole sale takes only about 15 seconds. Smart people, the Dutch. They work hard, but they use their brains, too. One last note on this hospitable country where the folks first invite you home for dinner and then ask your name. Holland is a land of flowers. And not just tulips either. I went to a flower auction where there were at least 30 different varieties of cut flowers sold by the thousands of bunches. In Holland, flowers are second on the shopping list to bread. And a window without half a dozen bouquets peeping thru the glass is as undressed as one of our windows without curtains, shades or draperies.

One Dutchman, who knows America

One Dutchman, who knows America well, told me: "If your country would use 20 times as many flowers as you now use, your people would be a lot happier."

And I for one believe that the Dutch, like the Danes, could teach us many things about farming—and living.



ure out here?"



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treatment that makes RED BRAND resist surface rust far longer than ordinary galvanizing. And underneath is special copper-bearing wire that fights deep rust, too. Only RED BRAND gives you this double-life, rust fighting combination.

Keystone Steel & Wire Co. Poeria 7, Illinois



Prices Got Away From Government

(Continued from Page 5)

to what it was during the war, including overtime pay.

Also, that policy was put into effect, and the wartime "take-home pay" established as the postwar base pay, while retail prices of foodstuffs were held down toward 1941 levels by OPA controls and RFC consumer food subsidies. Not unnaturally, labor feels that if it is entitled to wartime takehome pay with the nearly prewar food prices, then, of course, if food prices are allowed to rise, wages should take

with the cost of living as the yardstick; U. S. D. A. wants to get rid of controls; while controls continue, to base ceilings at points that will encourage production. Production costs are a minor consideration in OPA circles, compared with consumer prices.

And OPA still believes in the Wallachian theory of last December that wages can be increased without increasing prices.

The Decontrol Board is said to be in earnest in desiring to end all controls sidies. Not unnaturally, labor feels that if it is entitled to wartime take-home pay with the nearly prewar food prices, then, of course, if food prices are allowed to rise, wages should take another jump.

Depend on Supply and Demand

That combination creates a rather That combination creates a rather difficult situation, to state it mildly. Hope of Government is that with plentiful crops in prospect, the surplus food and feed production in sight within a comparatively short time will enable the law of supply and demand to cut down farm and feed prices—if only food prices can be held down, by fair means or foul, until the shortages develop.

velop.
Of course, when that happens, if farm prices are driven much below parity, Government will be faced with another problem. The Administration has pledged, and Congress has enacted the pledge into law, that farm producers will get at least 90 per cent of parity for 2 full calendar years after the official end of the war. But right now that condition is much farther off than either the November elections or the threatened nation-wide industry strikes of the coming winter. No big strikes of the coming winter. No big strikes are in sight before the Novem-ber election. Labor leaders are as anx-ious as the Administration for a Democratic victory in November; particularly they want "liberal" congressmen elected from the city districts—the higher the food prices the more likely heavy anti-Administration voting in

Secretary of Agriculture Clinton P. Anderson, who is more aware of the fact that livestock has to be bred and fed and finished if meat is produced in sufficient quantities to meet the demand, got only a dog-fall with OPA when it came to fixing livestock ceilings. OPA "experts" and "economists," needled by labor and most of them what is called consumer-conscious, wanted cattle ceilings. Chicago fixed what is called consumer-conscious, wanted cattle ceilings, Chicago, fixed at \$18, not more than \$18.50. Department of Agriculture men advised Anderson it ought to be at least \$21. Anderson finally fixed the ceiling at \$20.25, and persuaded the RFC to restore the subsidies of about \$4 average. On hogs the OPA won almost a complete victory; the OPA insisted on \$16, Chicago, and not more than \$16.50. The Anderson order calls for \$16.25. His Production Marketing chiefs wanted an \$18 top.

an \$18 top

an \$18 top.

The ceiling prices fixed are \$2.25 a hundred higher than the June 30 ceilings on cattle; \$1.40 higher on hogs. Hope of the Administration is that the record wheat crop and the probably record corn crop will hold feed prices down sufficiently to "stimulate" the production of a good spring pig crop, and encourage cattle feeders to fill the feed lots in the Corn Belt.

Black Markets Are Expected

OPA has promised such strict enforcement of its regulations that there will be no black markets in meats. But in trade circles—and unofficially in Washington official circles—black markets in meat are expected to develop much as they did before.

The old basic difference between U. S. D. A. and OPA still exists. OPA wants to continue to control prices



'We think he's going to be a judge .
or a pile driver!"

earnest in desiring to end all controls
—as soon as possible. But that "soon
as possible" is an elastic, or at least in-

as possible" is an elastic, or at least in-definite, term.

In trade circles it is felt that meat controls will be ended by January, be-cause consumers by then will be pro-testing vigorously because they can-not get meat—and cannot eat OPA prices as a substitute for meat. On the other hand, those who believe in Gov-ernment controls feel that the threat of wide-spread strikes may force the of wide-spread strikes may force the Government to continue controls beyond January, especially if the C. I. O. and Leftist groups elect enough "liberal" Congressmen to vote in another year of price controls and subsidies.

These also are harding the controls and subsidies.

year or price controls and subsidies.

These also are banking that such a dangerous threat of war with Russia will fill the public mind by that time, that said public will be willing, and perhaps even anxious, to continue Government controls of all sorts as necessary to meet a possible emergency. sary to meet a possible emergency.

Prepare for Low Prices

Meanwhile the farmer mind is being

Meanwhile the farmer mind is being prepared for lower prices and decreased farm incomes, such as the following able analysis in the current issue of "Business Comment" from the Northern Trust Co., Chicago:

"The prospect for record wheat and corn crops this year, and the concurrent partial recovery of production in foreign countries, have brought about a fundamental change in the market action of these commodities. Whereas tion of these commodities. Whereas earlier in the year grains were bumping against ceiling prices (with reports of substantially higher than ceiling prices in black market transactions) recently futures trading in major grains has been at less than ceiling prices.

grains has been at less than ceiling prices.

"Altho the turning point may not yet actually have come, the preponderance of official as well as private forecasts is that sooner or later the problem may be one of price support rather than restraint of price rises for numerous farm commodities."

This viewpoint, the article goes on to state, does not depend entirely upon excellent crop prospects for the current season. (The Wheat Belt has not had a drouth for 6 or 7 years; one is bound to come in the Great Plains area; if it came next year a wheat surplus would not be in the picture.)

The Department of Agriculture has estimated, the article states, that probably not more than one fourth of the wartime increase in farm production can be laid to better than average weather. Shifts from animal to tractor power, increased use of cover crops and other conservation practices, pest and disease control, and better feedand time, increased use or cover crops and other conservation practices, pest and disease control, and better feed-ing of livestock, all have contributed to heavy farm production. Even with average weather farm production may be from 25 to 30 per cent higher than

Dollar Income Will Be High

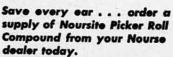
National and farm incomes for this year promise to reach new levels—in dollars. But the actual increase in national income, measured in goods produced, has not anywhere nearly kept pace with the dollar increase. Retail sales in dollars increased steadily during the war years, from 55 billion dollars in 1941 to 75 billion in 1945. That is an increase of 36 per cent. But during the same period retail prices increased 31 per cent. Therefore in constant dollars (there isn't any such thing any more, however) the increase in retail sales amounted to only 2 billion dollars, or only 4 per cent. And price indexes that are waved so ponderously by statisticians do not take into account generally the disappearance of low price lines and a consequent shifting to higher-priced items. Prospect for near future is increased prices for things farmers buy and lower prices for what they have to sell. Later, buyer resistance will meet manufactured goods prices. National and farm incomes for this



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Fairs Are Back in Stride

(Continued from Page 6)

farm machines and processes are farm machines and processes are promised by manufacturers. All leading manufacturers of farm and industrial machinery will have complete exhibits this fall for the first time in 5 years. The Kansas Industrial Development Commission has promised to have its first complete exhibit; one that will open the eyes of Kansans to industrial development and possibilities within the state.

Future Farmers will have their first

Future Farmers will have their first exhibit of farm machinery built or re-paired in their farm shops over the state during the year. Much of this equipment is in active use on farms. Gathering it together and putting it in condition for display is a huge job, but these boys will get it done.

Will Have Six Booths

Will Have Six Booths

Six county booths, planned by home demonstration agents with the assistance of local farm women, will enliven the homemaking exhibits at Hutchinson. Each exhibit will demonstrate an improved homemaking practice the women have found practical.

The booth to be exhibited by Edwards county, Lucille Rosenberger, home demonstration agent, will encourage freezing of vegetables as an improved method of food preservation. Reading centers to encourage more

Reading centers to encourage more Reading centers to encourage more and better reading on the part of members of a family is the theme being developed by Barton county. Edith May Beesley is home demonstration agent. Sumner county, Ruth Huff, home demonstration agent, will demonstrate textile painting as a method to use in making homes attractive.

Ellsworth county, Helen Loofbour-row, home demonstration agent, will show what can be done with feed sacks

show what can be done with feed sacks in the clothing project.

Slip covers as a means of personalizing a room, preserving new furniture, harmonizing odd pieces of furniture, and making worn furniture more attractive, will be used as a demonstration by Harvey county. Grace Brill is home demonstration agent.

Marion county, Eyleen Graham, home demonstration agent, will demonstrate steps necessary to do a good job on refinishing furniture.

Twelve acts designed to thrill and entertain all types of spectators are scheduled for the State Fair Revue of 1946, principal attraction each night

1946, principal attraction each night in front of the grandstand. The show is staged under the direction of Barnes & Carruthers, Chicago theatrical pro-ducers. It consists of vaudeville, acro-

batic sensations, aerialists, tight wire artists, stars of screen and radio.

Three days of automobile races have been scheduled. Speed demons of this popular sport will set dizzy paces the afternoons of September 15, 17 and 19. Standard racing cars with famous drivers from all over the United States.

standard racing cars with famous drivers from all over the United States will compete for new records.

The All-American Thrill Drivers will give 2 performances mixed with spills and chills. They appear Saturday evening, September 14, in a special preview, and Wednesday afternoon, September 18.

Nationally known motorcycle rac-ers will appear Monday afternoon, September 15, and Friday afternoon, September 20.

feature this year will be the demonstrations and equipment supplied by the U. S. Army Recruiting Caravan. The Army show will occupy 10 acres,

rith 42 vehicles and about 250 men, all skilled technicians. It will have one of the largest collections of lethal weap-ons ever shown before civilians.

ons ever shown before civilians.

The Mercedes-Benz car used by Hermann Goering, of the German Air Force will be exhibited. This car is equipped with bulletproof glass one inch thick, armor plate, and a supercharged motor giving the car a maximum speed of 135 miles an hour.

And don't forget the big Midway. As usual, the Midway will be crowded with all the shows, rides, stands, and exhibits that go to make fair week the big event of the year. So, grab your hat and head for Hutchinson, September 15 to 20.

The 1946 Kansas Free Fair, Topeka,

The 1946 Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, September 7 to 13, will be back to prewar quality with a well-balanced program bigger and better than ever, states Maurice Jencks, manager.

Two new buildings will be seen by visitors this year. The new 4-H Club pavilion triples the size of the old 4-H baby beef barn and means an expanded 4-H Club program. As you remember, the 4-H Club department was limited last year to Shawnee county exhibits because of transportation restrictions.

J. Harold Johnson, state club leader, is listed as superintendent, and will

is listed as superintendent, and will be assisted by Roger Regnier, Mary Elsie Border, Glenn Busset, Velma McGaugh, and John Hanna.

Many Industrial Exhibits

Many Industrial Exhibits

A new industrial building has been completed and will be taken over this year by the Kansas Industrial Development Commission. The building interior will have special backgrounds and new innovations in booth construction costing about \$5,000.

About 90 Kansas industrial exhibitors will be represented by exhibits at the show, and Kansans will get a chance to see what products are being made in Kansas.

Three new entrance gates on Western avenue have been constructed. A new \$10,000 stage of concrete, with dressing rooms below, has been erected in front of the grandstand. All highays within the grounds have been re surfaced.

ways within the grounds have been resurfaced.

Fair officials anticipate a fine livestock show, and the agricultural exhibits should be outstanding.

Concession space has been sold out, confirming early predictions that the 1946 fair will be the largest in history. Machinery exhibits may be somewhat curtailed due to strikes, but virtually all machinery manufacturers have bought exhibit space.

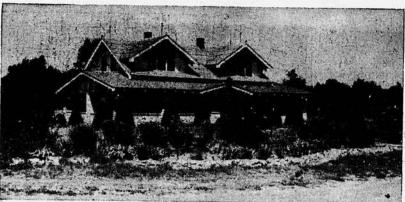
A huge entertainment program has been arranged. John Guthrie's National Championship Rodeo will open the fair and continue thru Saturday, Sunday and Monday afternoons, September 7, 8 and 9. Auto races, back for the first time since the start of the war, will be the attraction on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons. Thursday afternoon, September 13, will be Thrill Day, with the "All-American Thrill Drivers" smashing cars up for the public's enjoyment.

Barnes and Carruthers, of Chicago, will bring the big night show attraction to be staged every night in front

Barnes and Carruthers, of Chicago, will bring the big night show attraction to be staged every night in front of the grandstand. The show will come to Topeka from the Iowa State Fair. Midway attraction will be the Royal American Shows, the world's largest amusement organization.

amusement organization.

Trees and Shrubbery Help



The farm home of Arthur E. Scheetz, Cheyenne county, has been made more attractive with plantings of trees and shrubbery. Farmstead windbreaks, like that shown in the background, add much to the appearance of many Western Kansas

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peka, Kan.

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Certified Pawnee Wheat by sack, truck or car load. \$2.50 per bushel recleaned in bulk, \$2.80 sacked. Walter Peirce, R. 2, Hutchinson, Kansas.

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Plant Certified Balbo Rye \$3.00 per bushel, the only bargain in the protein market today. Harris Houston, Potwin, Kansas.

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Use your tractor as compressor. Paint farm buildings, fences, machinery, spray fruit trees, chicken houses and blow out dust. \$76.95.
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Saves time, Labor and Grain. Never strikes or shirks. Does many jobs other elevators cannot do, Get full particulars today, LINK MANUFACTURING CO., FARGO, N. D.

Milkers—Parts—Service Large stock of replacement parts for all milks. Natural rubber inflations. Farm dairy room

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DELCO LIGHT

Large Stock Genuine Parts for all models.

Plants—Pumps—Batteries—Wind Plants

Modern Shop, Repair any Delco Equipment
Factory Distributors

General Products, Wichita, Kansas

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NEW AND USED TRACTOR PARTS

write for big, free 1946 catalogue; tremendous savings. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Central Tractor Wreeking Co., Des Moines 3, Ia.
For Sale—Gehl and Papec ensilage cutter; 12
and 15-foot rotary scrapers and Dempster Windmill. Weidler Bros., Minneapolis, Kansas.

Acre Stock and grain farm \$24,500. 190 acres allivation, 70 acres corn, 80 acres red clover, cres plowed for wheat. Good improvements, watered, gravel, electricity, close to town, ild sell improvements with 160 acres separate 000.

well watered, gravel, electricity, close to town.
Would sell improvements with 160 acres separate
\$16,000.

41-Acre Suburban Poultry and Dairy Farm, ½
mile to County Seat. Fenced hog tight, plenty
water, unusually well improved modern home,
excellent equipment, gravel, electricity, mail,
telephone, 10 minutes to High School, \$18,000.

80-Acre Well Improved stock and grain farm 15
minutes to County Seat. Lays good, plenty of
negumes, all can be plowed. House has hard wood
floors up stairs and down. Barn, chicken house,
double cribs, other buildings, \$16,000. Gravel,
electricity, telephone, mail.
160-Acre Stock and Grain farm, well improved,
good well, pasture springs, 8 room house, basement barn 36x40. 112 acres plow land, 40 acres
permanent pasture, 12 acres alfalfa, 30 acres
red clover, 6 miles to County Seat, gravel, electricity, mail, telephone, \$15,000.

All above property in Brown county, Northeast Kansas; rich land, wonderful crops, close
to school and markets. Write A. L. Bellinger,
410 Delaware St., Hlawatha, Kansas.

Fine Creek Bottom Farm, 160 acres highly improved, good water, good road electricity

Fine Creek Bottom Farm, 160 acres highly im-proved, good water, good road, electricity, good corn and alfalfa land, \$12,000. T. B. God-iey, Emporla, Kansas. For Kansas finest farms, many will G. I. Land Brokerage, 213 Saint Marys, Kansas.

• FARMS-MISCELLANEOUS

FARMS—MISCELLANEOUS
Equipped 100-acre eastern Kansas farm, near highway, only \$5,500 including 6 cows, 6 heifers, 6 calves, mare, tractor, farm tools and hay in barn time of sale! On all-weather gravel road, RFD route, ¼ mile grade school and U. S. highway, a few minutes fish river, 3½ miles village, 20 minutes high school depot town, 45 minutes college city of \$2,000; 90 tillable, 50 cultivated, 32 lespedeza meadow, 40 bluestem pasture watered by pond, 4 fruit trees, 6 grapevines, 400 strawberries; fair 2-room white frame house, good well, maple shade, nice views, good 40x40 painted barn, poultry house, needs repair, dandy brooder house, corncrib; 30-day possession, hard to beat at only \$5,500 equipped, \$3,500 down. Details big free Fall catalog 13 Midwest states. United Farm Agency, 428 BMA Bldg.. Kansas City 8, Mo.

● DOGS—HUNTING—TRAPPING

BUGS—RUNTING—IBGFT183 English Shepherd: Pupples. Breeder for 22 years. Shipped on approval. 10c for pictures and de-scription. H. W. Chestnut. Chanute. Kan. Shepherds, Collies, Heelers. Watch Dogs. Zim-merman Kennels. Flanagan, Illinois.

Alfalfa Seed, Pop Corn. Brome grass. Hayes Seed House, Topeka, Kansas.

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DEVELOPED IN KANSAS KANSAS FARMS

Kansas Grown SEEDS for Fall Planting

Pawnee Seed Wheat Per Bushel.....\$2.90 F. O. B. Salina

Comanche Wheat Per Bushel..... 2.95

Balbo Rye Per Bushel..... 2.75

All Tested and Recleaned

THE KANSAS SEED CO., Box 877, Salina, Kansas

Developed in Kansas, under Kansas growing conditions, for proven adaptation and higher yields on Kansas farms . . . Tomson Hybrid Seed Corn has the inbred ability to withstand periods of drought and unfavorable weather conditions.

Remember . . . for higher yields and greater profits plant a dependable Kansas grown, Tomson Hybrid particularly adapted to your farm. Don't delay . . . write today for your FREE copy of the new Tomson Hybrid Seed Corn pamphlet . . . chuck-full of valuable information for

CHECK THESE POPULAR VARIETIES

TOMSON 44 . . . We know of no other variety that so completely fills the need of corn growers over a wide area. Produces large ears of a beautiful type-well dented and has no superior as a feeding corn. Stands well and picks clean . . . just an all-around favorite.

TOMSON 44a . . . A very popular medium late variety, a few days later than 44. Very attractive in the field, with dark green color and long ears that ripen before the leaves start to turn brown. Stands well, holds ears on stock . . . the standby of many farmers.

TOMSON

HYBRID SEED CORN PROCESSING PLANT, WAKARUSA, KANSAS OFFICE TOPEKA, KANSAS



40 HEAD 25 BOARS

These pigs go in the sale.

and 15 GILTS

Pigs are mostly by Challenger's Best. 2 gilts by the great Illustrious.

A top litter of 4 boars sired by All Dimentions (the Iowa Grand Champion boar). One outstanding litter sired by Challenger's Best and out of a Rowe's Challenger dam. The get of All Dimentions will furnish new blood for our old cus-

Two top litters by the Great Illustrious. This is the greatest offering we have ever sold. FREE DINNER.

C. R. ROWE and SON Scranton, Kansas

H. S. Duncan, Auctioneer. Mike Wilson with Kansas Farmer.

HEREFORD HOG SALE

Holton, Kansas September 24

40 Sows and Gilts 25 Spring Gilts 15 Spring Boars

Sows are carrying the service of Broadway. Most of the spring pigs are sired by the same boar. One good litter by Fashion Model.

Now is the time to start a herd of purebred Hereford Hogs. Never before was the price of registered hogs so near the price of commercial hogs. Don't fail to attend this sale of outstanding registered Hereford Hogs. Write for catalog.

MILT HAAG, HOLTON, KANSAS

Auctioneer—Bert Powell. Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer.

Spotted Poland China Sale



EFFINGHAM, KAN. SEPTEMBER 19, 1 P. M.

50 HEAD Spring Boars and Gilts

Mostly sired by Missouri Hero, first prize senior pig at Missouri State Show in 1945. This offering is of excellent type and well grown. Write for catalog.

WILLIAM HINZ, EFFINGHAM, KANSAS

SHAWNEE COUNTY FFA AND 4-H DUROC BREEDERS' SALE Fair Grounds

Saturday, September 28 Topeka, Kansas

55 Reg. Duroc Spring Pigs
14 Boars—41 Gilts
Popular lines. Carefully selected from 30
herds. Immuned and Tb. and Abortion
tested. Write for catalog to

John Miller, Chamber of Commerce Topeka, Kansas (See these pigs at Kansas Free Fair.)

DUROCS FOR SALE

herd boars. Kausan, Frances Master. ARTHUR E. ROEPKE, WATERVILLE, KAN.

Taliaferro's Reg. Quality Durocs Largest per cent of high priced pork with uniformity of type. Selected gilts and sows bred for September and October spring pigs. Trios unrelated. Special prices for July and August.

Howard C. Taliaferro, Leon (Butler Co.), Kan.

EASY FEEDING TYPE DUROCS

top spring boars and 40 selected spring its sired by Royal Pattern, a great son of ant-Be-Beat, out of Golden Fancy and King ion dams. Inspection invited.

LLEN LARD, CLAY CENTER, KANSAS

CHOICE DUROC HERD BOAR

Prospects both fall and spring breeding and individuals. No Fall Sale. So first come first served. Durocs Since 1900.
VERN V. ALBRECHT, Smith Center, Kan.

CHOICE DUROC BRED GILTS

By Improved Ace by Proud Wave Ace and bred to Top Crown, a splendid son of Crown Prince, Illinois Grand Champion boar. Also splendid spring boar pigs. Two extra good fall boars by

Improved Ace.

BEN M. HOOK & SON, Silver Lake, Kansas

DUROC BRED GILTS to Seco Tops 1st for September and Oct Bred to Seco Tops 1st for September and Conference, Priced Reasonable.

MILLER FARMS, MERIDEN, KANSAS

Public Sales of Livestock

October 26—Southeast Kansas Aberdeen Angus Association, Iola, Kan. Clarence Ericson, Sale Manager, Savonburg, Kan. November 16—John C. Long, Haddam, Kan. Sale at Marysville, Kan. November 23—J. C. Long & Son, Haddam, Kan.

Guernsey Cattle

September 26—Fritz Alder Estate, Florence,
Kan.
October 9—Southern Kansas Guernsey Breeders'
Association, Hillsboro, Kan. Secretary, J.
E. Sinclair, Hillsboro, Kan.
October 18—Kansas State Guernsey Breeders,
Topeka Kan. W. L. Schultz, Hillsboro,
Kan., Chairman of Sale Committee.

Hereford Cattle

Kan., Chairman of Sale Committee.

Hereford Cattle

September 19—Porterfield Hereford Farm, Kansas City, Mo.
September 24—Roy L. Fahlstrom, Concordia, Kan.
September 27—John J. Moffitt Herd Dispersal, Lenora, Kan. Sales Manager, Vic Roth, October 18—Harvey County Hereford Breeders, Newton, Kan. Phil Adrian, Moundridge, Kan. Secretary.

Newton, Kan. Phil Adrian, Moundridge, Kan., Secretary.

November 18—Harvey County Hereford Breeders, Newton, Kan. Phil Adrian, Moundridge, Kan., Secretary.

November 19—Rekelman, Nebr.

November 19—Rekelman, Nebr.

November 10—Karsel, Hereford Farm, Howard Carey, Cwner, Hutchinson, Kan.

November 10—Rekelman, Horder Secretary, Kan.

November 10—Rekelman, Secretary, Kan.

November 11—Northwest Kansas Hereford Breeders, Secretary, Association, Alama, Kan.

November 13—Elmer Lie, Kan., Sale Manager, November 13—Elmer Lie, Kan., Sale Manager, November 15—Wabaumes County Hereders' Association, alama, Kan.

November 16—Central Kansas Hereford Association sale, Vic Roth, Manager, Hays, Kan.

November 6—Dickinson County Hereford Breeders, Polled and Horned, Abliene, Kan.

Herald Dalley, Secretary, Abliene, Kan.

Herald Dalley, Secretary, Abliene, Kan.

Polled Hereford Cattle

Polled Hereford Cattle

September 19—Porterfield Hereford Farm, Kan-sas City, Mo.

Holstein Cattle

Holstein Cattle

September 11—Roy Sheppard, Hutchinson; Kan.
A. McVay sale.
September 26—Fritz Alder Estate, Florence, Kan.
September 26—Herbert Meyer, Deerfield, Kan.
E. A. Dawdy, Sale Manager, Salina, Kan.
October 21—Central Kansas Holstein Breeders.
Place to be announced. A. McVay sale.
October 28—Kansas State Holstein Breeders, Sale, Abilene, Kan. Herbert Hatesohl, Manager, Greenleaf, Kan.
October 31—Clyde Altenread, Hutchinson, Kan.
A. McVay sale.
November 4—North Central Kansas Holstein Annual Consignment Sale, Washington, Kan. E. A. Dawdy, Salina, Kan., Sale Meadager.
November 11—Central Kansas Holstein Annual

November 11—Central Kansas Holstein Breeders, Hutchinson, Kan. A. McVay Sale.

November 18—Central Kansas Holstein Consignment Sale, Salina, Kan. E. A. Dawdy, Sale Manager.

Ayrshire Cattle

October 19—Kansas State Ayrshire Sale, Hutch-inson, Kan. G. Fred Williams, Manager, Hutchinson, Kan. October 21—Northeast Kansas Ayrshire Assn. Sale, Horton, Kan. John C. Keas, Manager, Effingham, Kan.

Jersey Cattle

September 23—E. L. Persinger, Republic, Kan.
November 7—Kansas State Jersey Breeders Sale,
Fair Grounds, Hutchinson, Kan. Roy Smith,
Secretary, Hutchinson, Kan.
November 14—David M. Schurle, Manhattan,
Kan. Ivan N. Gates, West Liberty, Iowa,
Sale Manager.

Milking Shorthorn Cattle

October 23—J. E. Kraus & Sons, Pretty Prairie, Kan. October 24—Kansas Milking Shorthorn Society, Hutchinson, Kan., Joe Hunter, Secretary, Geneseo, Kan.

Polled Shorthorn Cattle

October 28—Lewis Thieman, Concordia, Mo. Mervin F. Aegerter, Sales Manager, Seward, Nebr.

Shorthorn Cattle

November 6—Central Kansas Shorthorn Breeders, Polled and Horned. Sale Hutchinson, Kan. Frank Leslie, Sterling, Kan., Sale Manager.

November 12—North Central Kansas Shorthorn Breeders' Assn., Beloit, Kan. Ed Hedstrom, Secretary, Mankato, Kan.

November 25—Kansas Shorthorn Breeders' Association (Polled Shorthorns) Hutchinson, Kan. Sec., Lot F. Taylor, Manhattan, Kan.

November 26—Kansas Shorthorn Breeders' Association Hutchinson, Kan. Secretary, Lot F. Taylor, Manhattan, Kan.

Duroc Hogs

Duroc Hogs

September 28—Shawnee County F. F. A. and
4-H Duroc breeders sale. Fair Grounds, Topeka, Kan.
October 7—Earl Martin & Son, DeKalb, Mo. Sale
at St. Joseph, Mo.
October 9—Irving P. French, Sparks, Kan.
October 10—Frank Alexander, Corning, Kan.
October 11—Clarence Miller, Alma, Kan.
October 12—Wreath Farm, Manhattan, Kan.
October 14—Willard H. Waldo, DeWitt, Nebr.
October 18—G. F. Germann & Son, Manhattan,
Kan.
October 28—Wayne L. Davis. Mahaska, Kan.

Hereford Hogs September 24-Milt, Haag, Holton, Kan.

Poland China Hogs

September 20—C. R. Rowe & Son, Scranton, Kan. September 26—Bauer Bros., Gladstone, Nebr. Sale at Fairbury, Nebr. November 1—A. L. Wiswell, Olathe, Kan.

otted Poland China Hogs

September 19—William Hinz, Effingham, Kan. October 28—Wayne L. Davis, Mahaska, Kan. O. I. C. Hogs

ober 15—Kansas O. I. C. Swine Breeders' Association, Hutchinson, Kan. Marvin J. Hostetler, Secretary, McPherson, Kan. Hogs

October 26—Clay County Breeders, Clay Center, Kan. (5 leading breeds). Allen Lard, Sale Manager.

Horses

October 17-J. C. Penney Horse Farm, Hamilton, Mo.

October 17.J. C. Penney Horse Farm, Hamilton, Mo.

HOGS

Bauers' Annual Poland China Boar Sale

At Fairgrounds

Fairbury, Nebraska Thursday, September 26

50 well-grown, thick-bodied boars on short legs sired by Midwest, the breed's greatest boar and Atomic Bomd, the thickest bodied yearling boar ever used in our herd. Also a few sired by Stan-dard. These boars are bred to go out and sire quick maturing market toppers.

Write now for descriptive catalog containing pictures of the offering.

BAUER BROTHERS Gladstone, Nebraska

See Our Poland Chinas at Kansas Free Fair



The big, smooth, black kind. Shorter legs and bet-ter hams. Annual Fall Sale November 1st. A. L. WISWELL & SON OLATHE, KANSAS

SEE OUR SPOTS. STATE AND COUNTY FAIRS AND SHOWS

Booking pig orders for future delivery. Sired by the 1945 grand champion and his helpers. Stock always for sale.

DALE KONKEL, HAVILAND, KANSAS

Fiesers' Spotted Polands Last call for serviceable boars. Spring pigs are ready to go. Also bred glits. By Top Flash and True Model. Thick, low type. Registered & vac-cinated. Earl J. & Everett Fleser, Norwich, Kan.

SPOTTED POLAND CHINA
Boars and gilts, Spring farrow. Unrelated pairs.
Heavy boned and rugged. Vaccinated and registered. Write for prices, HENRY G. BLETSCHER
& SONS, BALA, (Riley County), KANSAS

ETHYLEDALE SPOTLIGHT SUPREME FARM

PRODUCTION HAMPSHIRES

OUR WIZARD
Breeding stock for sale
at all times.
Dale Scheel, Emporia, Kan.

HAMPSHIRE GILTS

bred for September litters. Also March boar pigs. Choice quality. Priced reasonable. R. E. BERGSTEN & SONS Randolph, Kan.



Reg. Bred Gilts PETERSON & SONS, Osage City, Kan.

Raise CHESTER WHITES

Prolific—Best Dispo-sition. High Percent Farrowed, Raised. Get FREE Chester White Facts and Copy of The Chester White Journal, Published Monthly, \$1 a year, \$2 for 3 years.

The Chester White Swine Record Ass'n Rochester, Indiana

Chester White Bred Gilts or Sale. 10 unregistered White gilts to farrow October, weight 150 to 200 lbs. Price \$45 each. A. HEGLE & SONS, LOST SPRINGS, KAN.

HEREFORD HOGS Expressed C. O. D., proval, High-winning herd National show. Bred gilts. Boars. Unrelated pigs. Circular, YALEHURST FARMS, PEORIA, ILL.

THURSDAY. OCTOBER 10 **DUROC SALE**

50 Strictly Top Boars and Gilts. All sired by or out of litter sisters to the much talked of boar, Lo-Down Fancy. Uniformity of approved Duroc Type.

Come and see for yourself.

FRANK ALEXANDER Corning, (Nemaha Co.), Kansas

SILVER ACE and **BLOCKY TYPE** BREEDING

Registered and immune. Increase your pork production by using one of our quick-maturing boars.

CARL BILLMAN, HOLTON, KAN.

Dairy CATTLE

For 50-Ton Cows

syrshires are noted for life-time records of 100,000 lbs. 4% milk

Ayrshire Breeders' Association 260 Center St., Brandon, Vt.

DON'T FLIT FROM COW TO COW

kers fill up the cans qui e you the most for your l milkers are always the most profitable in the herd. Holstein cows ARE the heaviest milk-ers to be found. Write for free booklet.

FREE

OF AMERICA • Brattleboro, Vermont • Bex 3038

Complete Dispersal, Roy Sheppard, Registered Holsteins and **Dairy Equipment**

At the Sheppard Dairy Farm, 2 miles north of 30th Street on the Plum Street road and three fourths mile west.

September 11, Hutchinson, Kan

21 Head, consisting of 12 cows in production and making an average of 400 lbs. fat this year. Fresh cows and springers. Individual health certificates with each animal. Also, helfers and caives from these cows and high record yearling herd sire and dairy equipment—frigidaire, separator, etc.

A place to buy good cattle.

SHEPPARD DAIRY FARM, Owner
T. H. McVay presenting the cattle.
Auctioneer—Walter Walsten

REG. JERSEY BULL

interest or lease Dimple Design m 451854 2 Star V. G. 3 years old. ng bulls out of dams with H. I. R.

Harry Randolph, Nashville, Kansas

REGISTERED HOLSTEIN BULL

FOR SALE
6-months-old, about three fourths black,
Dam's DHIA record \$04.2 lbs, fat, 3.9 test
2X. Dam's sire—Doxrua Pietertly Ormsby
Dean, (grandson of Dora Pearl Veeman, the
first 1,060 lb B. Cow in Kansas). His sire
is a grandson of Fredmar Sir Fobes
Triune.
Description and price on request.

HILLSBORO, KANSAS

BULL CALVES FOR SALE

We bred and developed the first and only in cow in Kansas to produce 1,000 pound in 366 consecutive days. Young buils vi-production dams or grandems. H. A. DEZSELEZ, LEBO, EAN.

Dual-Purpose CATTLE



Red Poll Cattle Club

REGISTERED MILKING SHORTHORN COW

White, bred to roan buil, to calve in September. 5 years old, large and of Norwood breeding. At 7 years old her dam had produced \$3,000 worth of buils and heifers. She is a very good milker. Price \$300.

VALLEY FALLS. LOOMIS, JR. KANSAS

Milking Bred Shorthorn Bull Brookside Mapperton 84th For Sale

M. Pedigree, calved Aug. 4, 1940, sired by rookside Mapperton 22nd R. M. and out of le dam Brookside Floss 10th R. M. 8468—22 lbs. Grand Champion Minnesota State air 1942; also a member of undefeated pair cows. We also offer bull calves by above re. J. E. EDIGER & SONS

HILLTOP MILKING SHORTHORN FARM ligh producing cows headed by Olwood Grim by Gold Mine Jubilee RM). Cows of Hollan-ale, Northwood and Retnuh breeding, DHIA tecords. Calfhood vaccinated. Buils from calves to serviceable age and a few cows. HADLEY SNAY, PLEVNA, (Reno Co.), KAN.

WANTED: 10 GRADE MILKING SHORTHORN SPRINGER HEIFERS rn bull. State Also a young registered should be description and price.
J. F. SCHWINN, Rt. 3, LEAVENWORTH, KAN.

September 21 Will Be Our Next Issue

Ads for the Classified and Livestock Section must be in our hands by

Saturday, September 14

IN THE FIELD



Jesse R. Johnson Topeka, Kansas Livestock Editor

and MIKE WILSON, Livestock Fieldman, Muscotah, Kansas.

MILTON H. NAGLEY, of Abilene, has one of the good herds of beef Shorthorns in his part of the state. At the recent county fair held at Abilene, he won grand championship of both male and female. He has a herd of about 40 head with a good son of a Supreme Perth Champion in service.

JESSE RIFFEL & SONS, of Enterprise, report an usual demand for their kind of Polled Herefords. They are entirely sold out and ask that their advertising card be discontinued for the present. Recent sales include an extra fine bull sold on mail order to Meritt Brown, of Jackson-ville, Fla. Later on Mr. Brown flew to Dickinson county and purchased a helfer from the Riffels, and another one from Earl Elliott, of Detroit Dickinson county is coming to be headquarters for the best in Polled Herefords.

The MISSOURI MILKING SHORTHORN BREEDERS Sale, Sedalia, Mo., on August 24, was well attended by breeders and farmers from several states. Prices ruled uniform thruout the sale. Top cow with a small helfer calf sold for \$500, and the low price of the sale was a helfer at \$185, On 40 lots the average was \$285. Five bulls, most of them ready for light service, averaged \$257. Top bull sold for \$275. Ten head went to buyers from Kansas, Illinois, Iowa, Arkansas and Oklahoma, with 30 head staying in Missouri. Bert Powell, Topeka, Kan., was the auctioneer.

FRITZ ALDER, successful farmer and dairyman of Florence, passed away recently at the age of 70. Born in Switzerland and coming to Kansas 50 years ago, he engaged in general farming, specializing in good high-grade dairy cattle. Buying good registered Holstein and Guernsey buils, he continued herd building and improvement for 25 years. At the time of his death he had a herd of about 100 head, and by hard work and intelligent effort had educated a fine family of boys and girls, and accumulated nearly 1,000 acrec of good valley farm land and bluestem pasture. He was a fine, co-operative citizen and fully appreciated the responsibility of citizenship.

One hundred and fifty friends, neighbors and Spotted Poland China breeders attended the CARL BILLMAN Spotted Poland China Hog sale held at Holton, August 22. Twenty-nine gilts passed thru the auction ring at an average of \$102 a head. The top of \$120 was reached on lot number 26, she going to Walter Allerheigen, of Marysville. Fifteen boars made a general average of \$61.25 a head. The top, a very nice, smooth, deep, low-down spring pig, going to Jim Goering, of Mountain Lake, Minn., for \$87.50. With the exception of this one boar the entire offering stayed in Kansas. Colonel Bert Powell was in fine form and conducted the auction in his usual excellent way.

J. C. BANBURY & SONS, of Plevna, have the oldest and strongest herd of registered Polled Shorthorns in Kansas. The herd was founded 40 years coming next January. It would be difficult to estimate in dollars the contribution this great herd has made to the cattle industry of this state and surrounding states. During the years hundreds of bulls have gone out to strengthen the grade herds of the territory, to say nothing of the registered herds that have been established with females bred by this enterprising firm. Among recent sales have been females to George M. Christle, Neodesha; G. D. Holcolm, Plevna, and bulls to A. R. Power, Haviland; and Roy F. Maralt, of Colorado. The Banburys say the demand for good Polled Shorthorns is about the best it ever has been.

One of the leading Jersey cattle breeders and heaviest milk producer in the Manhattan milk-shed is DAVID SCHURLE. He grew up in the Jersey cattle breeding business, his father and his grandfather were both Jersey cattle breeders. With a start from his father's herd several years ago, he established his herd and has bought selected individuals from other herds and saved his best heifers. His present herd bulls are Rubys Regina Noble, and a good son of Longftell Jester of Oz. The herd has been on DHIA test for about 5 years, with records up to 300 pounds with many heifers included in the tests. About 60 cows are now in milk, and an average of 50 are milked the year around. Milk is consumed by the citizens of Manhattan.

the citizens of Manhattan.

Golden Fancy, one if not the greatest Duroc boar ever owned in the Midwest, died recently. Certainly no boar ever heading any Kansas herd has left a greater number of breeding animals carrying his blood. CLARENCE MILLER purchased him after he had sired one crop of pigs, and during the years that he headed the Miller herd, his boars and sows bred to him have been in demand, not only by Kansas breeders but by many in other states. With no effort to stage boom prices Mr. Miller has been able to keep this demand right up to the top. This year's boar crop will be the last chance to get his sons. He leaves a dozen or more daughters and as many or more granddaughters in the Miller herd. The 60 salable boars topped from 100 head are sired by 5 different boars, probably a fourth of them by the old boar, others out of Golden Fancy sows. Other boars used are Knockout and Real Ideal, affording complete out-crosses for former users of Miller Durocs.

JOHN MOFFITT, recently deceased, was one of the very successful breeders of registered Hereford cattle in Kansas. He established his herd about 25 years ago on his ranch in Lincoin, county. At the time of his death he purchased a farm and erected a new house near Lenora. Much care was taken in selecting the early foundation, and during the years few females were added. The best selections came from his own herd and the best possible bloodlines were followed in herd bull buying. Mr. Moffitt was one of the old-time breeders who loved the business and was always happy to help young men get started. While not a heavy feeder, he understood the methods of feeding for growth and future usefulness. All but two head of cattle that go in the coming dispersal sale were bred by Mr. Moffitt.

FRITZ ALDER ESTATE DAIRY CATTLE DISPERSAL SALE

Thursday, September 26



HEAD high grade Holsteins

- 15 Head are high grade, good type Guernseys.
- 75 Cows and adult heifers. 24 cows now in milk.
- 75 Head bred, most of them to Meadow Lark Viking. About 50 for fall freshening.
 - 20 Calves.
 - 1 Guernsey Bull.
 - 96 Head in all will be sold.
 - 95 Females.
- None have been sold privately.

The herds have been established for 25 years and nothing but registered bulls from high production ancestors have been used.

Among the Holstein bulls used were **Leohost Design Lassie Ross 889593**, a son of **Right Royal Design** (the first bull in Kansas to receive the Silver Medal Production Sire Certificate).

Many are bred to the great Guernsey sire, Meadow Lark Viking (grandson of Valoris Crusader with a 700-lb. cow for a dam).

A great lot of home bred cattle. Only those showing profit at the pail have been kept in the herd. Everything Tb. and Abortion tested April 1946. For additional information address

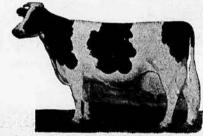
MRS. FRITZ ALDER, Executrix, Florence, Kansas Auctioneer—Col. J. J. McLinden. Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer.

Herbert Meyer's Holstein **Dispersal** THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26

At the Farm. (14 miles northwest of Garden City or 5 miles west on U. S. 50 and 1½ north of Holcomb, Kansas.

DEERFIELD, KANSAS

Starting 12 o'clock, Noon.



50 HIGH GRADE HOLSTEINS

- 21 Cows-2-7 years old-mostly fall freshening.
- 8 Bred Heifers—to freshen in October and November.
- 13 Open Heifers and Calves.
- 1 Registered Holstein Herd Bull, grandson of Governor of Carnation.

Herd Tb. and Bang's Tested.

This herd is the result of DHIA testing work started 17 years ago. Records will be available for each cow. You will have an opportunity to buy cows whose 1946, first 6 months production indicates a herd average of 430 lbs. butterfat with individual records over 500 lbs., 14,000 lbs. milk on 2X—305 days. Present sire is a grandson of Governor of Carnation whose high production ancestry indicates another step-up in

ALL MILK EQUIPMENT WILL BE SOLD

Mr. Meyer's 320-Acre Finney County Irrigated Farm with many improvements, also sells, September 26th.

HERBERT MEYER, DEERFIELD, KANSAS, OWNER
Bert Powell, Auctioneer.

Jesse Johnson with Kansas Farmer.

FAHLSTROM'S HEREFORD DISPERSAL SALE



Tuesday, September 24

Under cover, all-weather roads, 2 miles north and west of

Concordia. Kansas

45 LOTS

20 Cows and bred heifers, 6 of them sired by Advance Anxiety 15th 2435565 (grandson of Advance Mischief 1323063). 12 by Lamplighter M. Mixer 2770565, (grandson of The Lamplighter).

12 Head have calves at foot to the service and the others bred to the present herd bull, Real Anxiety Domino 66th by Real Anxiety Jr. (sire of the reserve car lot bulls at Denver this year, shown by J. A. Schoen & Son).

6 open heifers.

The herd bull above mentioned.

11 young bulls, 5 servicable age. All sired by the herd bull. All but 4 head of offering dropped on our farm.

Among the attractions will be 3 heifers sired by WHR Sufficiency.

This herd was established 25 years ago mostly with breeding stock from the Mousel and Coder Herds.

A good, useful lot of well bred Herefords selling without fitting.

For catalog address

ROY L. FAHLSTROM, Owner , Concordia, Kansas

Auctioneer—Guy L. Pettit. Mike Wilson and Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farme

John J. Moffitt Hereford



Dispersal Friday, Sept. 27

Selling at farm 3 miles east and 1½ miles north, then ½ mile east of Lenora (Norton County), Kansas

46 Lots—All Reg. Publican Rupert 2249000

Herd Bull, Dare P. Rupert, a son of Publican Rupert 2249000.
5 Bulls, sired by Prince Eddy Real and Real P. D. 183d.
22 Cows with calves at foot, by Dare P. Rupert and Prince Eddy Real. Cows sired by ublican Rupert and Kelvin 1480151.
6 Yearling Helfers by Prince Eddy Real and Domino Mixer 2440387.
12 Bred Cows by Publican Rupert and Kelvin. All bred to Don Edward 4062692.
All cattle tested for Tb. and Bang's. Good Herefords developed from a Hazlett foundation.

MRS. JOHN J. MOFFITT

For information and catalog write VIC ROTH, Sale Manager, Hays, Kan.

Auctioneer—Freddle Chandler. Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer.

Complete HEREFORD DISPERSAL Sale

(Registered Horned and Registered Polled)



Porterfield Hereford Farms Sell

Thursday, September 19

Farm Location—3 miles east and ½ south of Grandview, Mo., on Raytown road slab, 17 miles southeast of downtown, Kansas City on 71 highway, then 3 miles east, or exactly 9 miles south of Raytown, Missouri.

Polled and 49 Horned Herefords. 9 bulls, 3 are Polled. 9 open helfers and ves at foot. 4 females are Polled. Beau Baldwin, Superior Anxiety 170th, Lamplighter and Prince Domino 25th breeding. Well built—perfectly kind.

REASON FOR SALE—This sale is necessary to dissolve a partnership.

WRITE FOR CATALOG TO

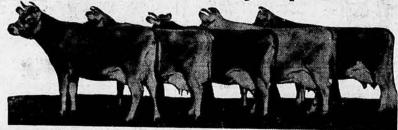
Porterfield Hereford Farms, 7530 Wornall Road, Kansas City, Mo.

Auctioneer—Freddle Chandler, Chariton, Ia. Donald Bowman with Missouri Ruralist.

Continue Buying U. S. Savings Bonds

REGISTERED JERSEY CATTLE DISPERSAL

Republic, Kansas, Monday, September 23



35 Head—Every animal except herd bull dropped and developed by us.
18 Cows—2 to 5 years old. (9 to freshen by sale day.)
5 Yearling Heifers, Herd Bull (a grandson of Longview Observer, with a 479 fat record) alance heifer and a few bull calves.

balance helfer and a few bull calves.

We have used 4 bulls from the Copeland herd at Waterville, Kansas. All of them are out of high producing cows. The granddam of our present sire on sire's side was an "Excellent"

The Jerseys have one well for us and are only being dispersed in order that we may take a vacation. Everything is Tb. and Abortion tested. The herd was established 23 years ago. For catalog address

E. L. PERSINGER, Owner, Republic City, Kansas

Beef CATTLE

REGISTERED BEEF SHORTHORN BULLS

6-months-old to breeding age. The low-set thick kind. Sired by a son of Supreme Perth Champion out of good Scotch cows.

MILTON H. NAGLEY, Rt. 3, Abilene, Kan

YEARLING SHORTHORN REGISTERED BULLS

Sired by Sni-A-Bar Strathmore. Good Scotch families. S. B. AMCOATS, CLAY CENTER, KANSAS

Polled Shorthorns

HARRY BIRD & SON, ALBERT, KANSAS

Krotz Stock Farms. Aberdeen-Angus Cattle

Outstanding individuals of the most fash-ionable breeding. For sale at all times. Write us your wants. M. J. KROTZ, Mgr., Odell, Nebr.

TOP HEREFORDS SELECTED

FROM TOP HERDS or several years we purchased the top sell-ing selfers in many of the best sales held in ansas and Nebraska. They are cows now not justify the high prices paid. 70 breeding smales in the herd, mating with our good until including Royal Triumph D 14th 1287d and his great son, Triumph 2nd. Herd iniales in the Royal Triumph.

Is, including Royal Triumph 2nd. Herd
i his great son, Triumph 2nd. Herd
iction invited.

T. L. WEISH, ABILENE, KANSAS

Registered Aberdeen-Angus For Sale. Choice Breeding.
L. E. LAFLIN
Crab Orchard, Nebr.

OFFERING REGISTERED HEREFORD COWS

Queen Domino S613617, calved Feb. 13, 1942 and Ann Stanway S489955 calved Dec. 1, 1941. Both raised good calves this year and will drop calves in October from the service of Martin's Beau 4231924-226459. To and Bang's tested.

MILTON HETTENBACH
Blue Top Ranch

Chapman, Kansas

Reg. Hereford Cattle Leading bloodines, an ages.

Prices for all purses.

SHAWNEE CATTLE COMPANY, Dallas, Texas

SHEEP

Chappell's Shropshires

are available now. We invite inspection and correspondence. We ship on approval.

H. H. CHAPPELL & SON, Green Castle, Mo.

REG. SHROPSHIRE SHEEP

FRED VAN DORP, Rt. 7, TOPEKA, KANSAS

In line with their past policy of doing everything possible to encourage Kansas youth to become interested in better strains of dairy cattle, the KANSAS GUERNSEY BREEDERS ASSOCIATION is selling 10 selected heifer calves, suitable for F. F. A. and 4-H projects, in their coming sale, with buying limited to Kansas F. F. A. and 4-H members.

AUCTIONEERS

Chas. W. Cole LIVESTOCK AUCTIONEER

I am conducting sales for many of the best breeders in Kansas. Selling all breeds. For dates address me at Wellington, Kansas



BERT POWELL

AUCTIONEER
LIVESTOCK AND REAL ESTATE
Plans Avenue Topeka, Kan

Frank C. Mills, Auctioneer Alden, Kansas

Ross B. Schaulis, Auctioneer
Purebred Livestock, Real Estate and Farm
Sales. Ask those for whom I have sold.
CLAY CENTER, KANSAS

Trend of the Markets

Please remember that prices given here are Kansas City tops for best quality offered:

| The Control of the Control | Week Ago | Month Ago | Year Ago |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| Steers, Fed | \$27.00 | \$26.50 | \$17.65 |
| Hogs | 21.50 | 24.15 | 14.50 |
| Lambs, | 22.50 | 21.00 | 13.30 |
| Hens, 4 to 5 lbs | .23 | .22 | .26 |
| Eggs, Standards | .351/6 | .32 | .34 |
| Butterfat, No. 1 | .70 | .67 | .46 |
| Wheat, No. 2, Hard | 1.991/2 | 2.051/2 | 1.76 |
| Corn, No. 2, Yellow | 1.97 | 2.05 | 1.151/4 |
| Oats, No. 2, White | .81 | .81 | .611/ |
| Barley, No. 2 | 1.44 | 1.40 | 1.071/4 |
| Alfalfa, No. 1 | 31.00 | 28.00 | 25.00 |
| Prairie, No. 1 | 19.00 | 16.00 | 13.50 |

Lambs Buy 500 Acres

There is money in lamb feeding if you gauge the market and have a supply of low-priced feed. That is the contention of Delbert Butts, Cowley county. Three years ago Mr. Butts fed 3,700 lambs. All but 1,000 of them were fed on a contract basis. In 120 days he

3,700 lambs. All but 1,000 of them were fed on a contract basis. In 120 days he netted \$1 a head.

Last year he fed 1,150 lambs in dry lot from November 10 to April 10. He sold the lambs at an average weight of 94 pounds. The net return was \$2.50 a head. Red kafir bundles and grain provided most of the feed. They also received some alfalfa hay, Mr. Butts says.

He uses no bunks for lamb feeding-He uses no bunks for lamb feeding. He says Texas lambs are accustomed to eating off the ground so he feeds them on pasture land next to his barns. There is no waste.

In the last 15 years, Mr. Butts says lamb feeding has practically paid for 500 acres of land.

Livestock Advertising Rates

4 Column Inch. \$2.50 per issue
2 Column Inch. 3.50 per issue
Per Column Inch. 7.00 per issue
One-third Column Inch is the smallest ad
accepted.
Kansas Farmer is now published on the
first and third Saturdays of each month.
and we must have copy by Friday of the
previous week.

Southwest Kansas Livestock Breeders

ONLY APPROVED **AYRSHIRE BULL**



Will be represented at the Ayrshire Sales, Hutchinson, October 19 and Horton, October 21. See our cattle at Hutchinson State Fair and the above sales.

Watch for future advertising in Kansas Farmer. Bull calves for sale at the farm.

WOODHULL FARM G. FRED WILLIAMS Rt. 2, Hutchinson, Kansas



Cornwell Hereford Farm

Breeding Cows in herd being mated to per Lad 26th and Don Prince Domino 80th. ws of Prince Domino Mixer, Real Prince d Prince Domino Return.

See our consignments at State and Central Kansas Association sales. Bull and heifer calves and a few cows for sale.

C. L. and JACK CORNWELL St. John, Kansas



QUEEN OF HEARTS 2ND X Undefeated in 1940 The dam of Red Coronet 2d.



Nonpariel Coronita 4th. Purchased at the Thiemans Sale at \$850.00. Dam of Coronet Prince Royal 2d.

Banburys' Polled Shorthorns

25 Bulls, 7 to 16 months old. Sired by Red Coronet 2d. and Bell's Royal 2d X, two of the best bulls we have ever owned.

10 Heifers sired by or bred to above bulls.

25 Heifers by above bulls. We deliver by truck at cost to any place in Kansas.

J. C. Banbury & Sons Plevna. Kansas

(Reno County)



MILKING SHORTHORN DISPERSAL

(PRIVATE SALE)

35 Head—Descendants of the best General Clay foundation. A grandson of White Moun-tain Prince in service. 25 Cows and Heifers—Most of them in calf. Serviceable age bulls, bull calves and heifers. Herd established 25 years. Will sell one or all. J. B. DOSSER, JETMORE, KAN.



MARDALE'S MILKING **SHORTHORNS**

Herd Sire—Bell Boy Lee, son of Strath-ran Bell Boy, by Glenside Dairy King 30. am—Lady Venus 8th, 11915-489 butterfat, am—Dorothy Lee Rose R. M. 10.915 miles 487 fat Jr. 2-year-old by Foggathorye aron and out of Polly Primrove R. M., irst five lactations 52.975—2285 fat). Bell Boy Lee is being mated with daugh-res of Holland Knawe, son of Pride of North Excellent." His dam was Hollandale Hos-we R. M.

R. M. good herd is no accident, they are bred J. E. HUGENOT, Minneola, Kansas



HELDS' WHR DOMINO HEREFORDS

Since 1938

Our present herd bull, Royal Treadway 18th (bred by Moxley) is being mated with females of high quality and breeding from the Mousel, Coder and WHR breeding establishments. Our first females and the herd bull, WHR Kamino 27th were selected from WHR. He was a son of WHR Star Domino 24th.

We offer young bulls and females. Visitors welcome.

LEONARD HELD & SONS, GREAT BEND, KANSAS

Shepherd's Choice Durocs At Private Sale

15 Fine Gilts and young sows, tops in breeding, type and quality, bred to Klassy Tops and Uneeda Broadway for September and October farrowing. Our sow herd is of Tops, Proud Cherry Orion, Golden Fancy, Breed Builder, Fancy Pride, King Orion and other leading families. They are wonderful sows.

Special—3 Great Young 1-year Boars, real enes, one by Orion Compact (Golden Fancy, Violet, Red Type, Red Queen dam), a real herd boar. One by Proud Cherry Orion, (Breed Builder dam). One by Seco Deep Set—dam a great Tops sow, good enough to go anywhere.

A great lot of thick, deep, well grown, quality Spring Boars. These will please you.

We have bred and sold Durges continue.

you. We have bred and sold Durocs continu-ously since 1904. Herd immuned. Write or see these before buying.

G. M. SHEPHERD Kansas



G. M. Shepherd

Ralstin Shorthorns



Divide Gold Porter and Edellyn Dealer head our herd of choicely bred Augusta's Rosewood and Mysie Shorthorn females. Our herd is large enough to offer breeding stock for sale at all times. Watch for our Shorthorn sale date this fall.



We also breed Palomino horses and have a few for sale at this time.

CLÅRENCE H. RALSTIN, MULLINVILLE, KANSAS

THE WHITE STOCK FARM



125 Reg. Shorthorns

service. 50 head for sale.

60 Reg. Ayrshires

A. L. Tone and Mercury Prince in in service a son of the "EXCEL-LENT" cow Diana. Stock for sale.

Herds Tb. tested and calfhood vaccinated. Inspect our Ayrshires in the October 19 state sale.

C. L. WHITE, ARLINGTON, KANSAS

Plain Ayr Farms Ayrshires



Sires in service Woodhull Rare Jim, Whitpain King Arthur and Neshaminy Prospect by Drummer who was a full brother to Golden Boy the \$16,000 bull. Our herd has been on D. H. I. tests since 1939. Yearly records up to 375 pounds. Individual records as much as 400 pounds. Milk records 11,000 pounds. Herd is also Bang's tested. We are consigning to the State Sale one cow and two heifers by Woodhull Rare Jim. Fresh cows, springer heifers and bull calves for sale at private treaty. Visitors welcome.

H. L. and ROY RINEHART, GREENSBURG, KANSAS

Brookside Stock Farm Reg. Jersey Cattle Since 1910

Herd Bulls—Wonder Boy and Volunteer (both bred by Hall Mark Farm). Wonder Boy is out of a 481 butterfat dam.

70 Females in herd (all of them bred on the farm). Raleigh and St. Mauws breeding. Eart time production records. Only good producers stay in our herd.

For Sale—10 heifer calves and bulls from calves to service-able age by Wonder Boy.

MARSHALL BROS., SYLVIA, KAN.



ROLLING ACRES



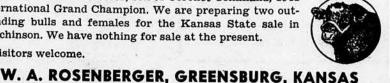
Has 4 V. G. young Jersey cows to freshen soon. These are bred to a V. G. bull. It would pay you to investigate the pedigrees of your next

We Show Our Dairy Cows. They Win Some JAMES COLEMAN, ARLINGTON, KANSAS

Rosenberger Polled Shorthorns Herd Established in 1916

Herd sire Lord Protector, son of Coronet Command, 1941 International Grand Champion. We are preparing two out-

standing bulls and females for the Kansas State sale in Hutchinson. We have nothing for sale at the present.





Successful Sales Depend

HAROLD TONN Haven, (Reno Co.), Kan.



"4 YEARS WITHOUT A SEP 7 1946 PAIRS DIME'S WORTH OF REPAIRS

G. M. Kinsey and Conoco Commission Representative Anton Theis discuss reason-why buying of farm lubricants.

Making and selling farm lubricants as we do, we're vitally interested in farmers' reasons for buying. Not just general reasons like "good performance," or "fine service," but down-to-earth, specific reasons why—such as the record that's cited up above from one of the many letters farmers send us each year.

when we hear from a farmer with a record like that, we're pretty sure that Nth motor oil and other Conoco farm lubricants are really all that we try so hard to make them—and we're encouraged to go ahead and tell other farmers about them. But before we do any more talking about ourselves, we're going to let the farmer who made that record tell you about his experience. He's G. M. Kinsey, of Midland, Texas, and his letter follows:

"When I discorded my team for a Fermall H

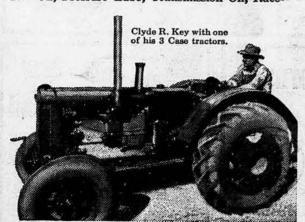
"When I discarded my team for a Farmall H tractor 4 years ago," he writes, "a neighbor introduced me to Conoco Products. During cultivating, planting and harvest periods I work my tractors ... two Farmalls now ... day and nite. I drain oil once a week during these periods and seldom have to add a quart. My first tractor operated those four years without a dime's worth of repairs. Conoco's Nth motor oil, pressure lubricant ... and the service rendered ... are all the best."

Now that's as down-to-earth and to-the-point as

Now that's as down-to-earth and to-the-point as any man's statement of preference could very well be—and it argues well for the quality of Nth motor oil and other Conoco lubricants. Well, it seems that other farmers will back that up, and from Lorena, Texas, we get the following concise statement, written by Steve Neckor:

"I have saved money on Repair Parts..."

"I prefer your products," he writes, "because I get less crankcase dilution . . . more hours between drains and more acres plowed with your gasoline. I also appreciate the courteous, prompt service given me by your commission representative, E. A. Bennett, Waco, Texas. I have one tractor I have used 10 years, and latest one 5 years, and they still give me excellent service, thanks to your superior products . . . I know I have saved money on repair parts for my equipment by using your oils and greases. . . . My farm . . . consists of 760 acres. I use the following Conoco products: Gasoline, kerosene, Nth Oil, Pressure Lube, Transmission Oil, Race-





Steve Neckor inspects an unusual power take-off rigged

lube, and have been a regular user of above for several years. I operate the following equipment: Chevrolet 1½-ton truck, International 1-ton pick-up, 2 Ford cars, one John Deere tractor, 3 Farmall tractors besides plow equipment."

From Guymon, Oklahoma, Clyde R. Key puts his name to the following statement about tractor performance with Conoco Nth motor oil. "... Uses less oil, stays cleaner, can operate tractor more hours per drain and less sludge is found when working on same."

Farming 1,512 acres and operating 3 Case trac-

AT YOUR SERVICE WITH:

Conoco Nth motor ell—Conoco HD ell
Conoco transmission oils—Conoco pressure lubricant
Conoco Pumplube, Racelube and Coglube
Conoco Sujind grease, cup grease and axle grease
Conoco N-lano* gasoline—Conoco tractor fuel
Conoco diesel fuel—Conoco kerosono and distillates

*Trade Mark

SHOTS from the GREASE GUN

An occasional column of general notes on greases and greasing. We hope these notes will help you to understand grease problems better—but, of course, if you're "on the spot" with a real problem, call Your Conoco Agent.

A lot has been said about the dangers of overfilling any anti-friction bearing housing, but in talking to farmers and other users of Conoco greases we found some misunderstanding about the reason for this. Frequently it is said that the danger in applying too much grease or in using a gun with too high a pressure lies in the possibility of damage to the nipple or other grease fitting. While in some cases this is a "danger," it doesn't begin to stack up with the real danger in overfilling any bearing housing. The thing to avoid is overheating of the bearing from resistance set up within a tightly packed mass of grease. Surprising? Yes, but a fact. Used improperly, grease can

DOLLAR-AN-IDEA

Ideas that help to make work easier on the farm front are worth a dollar in any man's money! Send your original ideas to The Tank Truck in care of this paper—win \$1.00 for each of your ideas printed!

From Murray, Utah, Mrs. Clara Pease suggests the use of an automobile jack to elevate a mower tongue to exactly the right height so that a tractor can be backed on and coupled without the aid of a helper.



Floyd F. Van Camp of Hay Springs, Nebraska, sketched the handy hammer holder illustrated here. He cut it out of a piece of leather from an old shoe.

Up in Power, Montana, Mrs. H. E. Young bottle feeds her "bum" lambs from a bottle holder she devised. It is simply a discarded tricycle wheel wired to an old cream can. The bottles are poked through the spokes of the wheel and the can is filled with rocks to keep the "bums" from tipping it over.

tors, a combine, 3 drills, 3 plows, a pick-up, a truck and a car, Mr. Key has had plenty of opportunity to test Nth motor oil and other Conoco products during the 5 years he has used them.

So far, of the three men whose letters are quoted above, all have spoken up to base their preference for Nth oil on specific examples of good performance. And two of the three have spoken up in addition for the good service given by their Conoco Agents. Now here's a farmer who puts service first. He's Chalmers Hutchinson, Jr., and he farms near Caspiana, Louisiana.

Likes the Products—and the Agent

"I wish to take this opportunity," he writes, "to express my appreciation for the service rendered by your Mr. W. C. McClellan, for it seems that most men try to give as little service as possible and get all they can for it, but not so with Mr. McClellan. He wants to render the best service possible with a smile. He never lets our tanks run out and we appreciate that, especially at the busy time of the year.

. . Since we started using Continental Oil Coproducts... we have found your Nth Motor Oil has minimized our repair bills in our tractors; also, we find we can run our tractors longer between drains and this, of course, cuts our cost of operation per acre."

In letter after letter the story is the same Farmer.

In letter after letter the story is the same. Farmer after farmer is able to report in facts and figures that Conoco Nth motor oil and other products have consistently delivered fine performance... and that the Conoco Agents who handle them have delivered the products "Johnny-on-the-spot."

You'll find those same things yourself. In Conoco Nth motor oil, for example, you'll find that its special oil-plating ingredient will give your engines extra protection against wear. This ingredient, the product of costly research, has the remarkable ability of fastening or oil-plating lubricant to metal by means of the very same natural force that holds the molecules of any substance together. When it stays up in place like that on fine-finished working surfaces inside your engine, what a protection that oil-plating is against wear—and against any great increase of the carbon and sludge that are caused by wear!

You'll find Your Conoco Agent ready to serve you, with his Nth motor oil and other Conoco products—and with his knowledge and experience in farm lubrication, too. Call him today. Continental Oil Company



become a source of friction, overheating, damage, destruction! Grease will properly lubricate a bearing and prevent its overheating only if used in proper quantities. A good rule to follow is: Never fill any anti-friction bearing housing more than one-third full. Another good rule—on kind and grade of grease to use, consult Your Conoco Agent.