

ESTABLISHED 1863.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, MARCH 6, 1876.

VOL. XVI. NO. 10!

The Kansas Farmer.

J. K. HUDSON, Editor & Proprietor, Topoka, Ka

TERMS: CASH IN ADVANCE.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

FARMER.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

A netification will be sent you one week in advance of the time your subscription expires, stating the fact, and frquestine you to continue the same by forwarding your renewal subscription. No subscription is continued longer than it is paid for. This rule is general and applied to all our subscribers. The cash in advance principle is the only business basis upon which a paper can sustain itself. Our readers will please to understand when their paper is discontinued that it is in obedience to a general business rule, which is strictly adhered to and in no wise personal. A journal, to be outspoken and useful to its readers, must be pecuniarily independent, and the above rules are such as experience among the best publishers have been found essential to permanent success.

SELECTION OF VARIETIES FOR AN APPLE ORCHARD.

This question is one of the most vital. The result of our decision will concern most of us during the remaining years of our lives. We can rapidly change the breeds of our cattle. sheep and hogs, but fruit trees remain unchanged as a rule, and yield either a profit. able or a useless crop, for fifty, and it may be plant.

It ought to be settled first of all, in his mind, that the number of varieties selected, should not under any circumstances be large. Here is the point of temptation for the planter and the nurserymen alike. An enterprising nurseryman will provide a large assortment for his customers, and hence, he must sell what he has provided, and he must provide what will probably be called for. Now. as a rule, the planter will second the desire of the nurseryman by wanting a few of every var riety of apples that he has ever happened to know, either east or west, and then by being willing to take as many more as the nurserys man or any of his neighbors will recommend as desirable. This plan is full of disaster. We get many varieties that are utterly useless, so that often a large portion of the orchard must be counted on the loss side of our farm busi
sum for the borse trade of one county. Is sometimes my neighbors have brought in the best growing in our nursery grounds. It has been planted eight years, and made an thing looks blue excepting the large wheat ness for all the years to come. Besides if we there a county in Kansas that is so poor that sheep to shear, and at other times I have had have only a single or a few trees of each variity, we shall find it difficult to keep our fruit stock cannot be grazed or fed from the proseparate, making it inconvenient for family use, and reducing very materially its market value.

Then we should settle fully in our minds. before going to the nursery or making our or der, the relative number of summer, fall and winter apples. As a rule we are apt to err on the side of too many summer and fall apples.

It should be remembered that the time will soon come when, except around our large towns there will be very little sale for summer and fall truit, as compared with the des mand for winter apples.

I name the following as a desirable list for an orchard of 200 trees. These have all been tested. There are many other varieties that may prove just as good or better, but these are safe to begin with:

Summer .- Early Harvest, 3; Red June, 2; Cooper's Early White, 3; Red Astrachan, 2. Fall.-Maiden Blush, 5; Rambo, 5; Lowell 3;

pin, 10.

If called upon to shorten the above list, I would take Early Harvey, Cooper's Early White, Maiden Blush, Winesap, Ben Davis, Swaar, Rawle's Genet. This may seem to make it longer without half trying. E. GALE.

remove them from the seed bed and set out not expect to stop under 2,500 lbs. It has not and water and shade with something small, a had any extra feed or care, and has been out narrow piece of shingle is suitable. The all winter; has been fad on fodder and some plants must now be kept free from weeds, or corn, did not have half the milk while sucking. Kaness FARMER, for the construction of a filall this labor is lost.

The first week in May is soon enough to put most flower seeds in the ground, as there is no use of sowing until the ground is well warmed with the sun. There is no flower but is better for this way of starting but the zin: nia, they are better growers out, as they start very easily and have a large seed and are a coarse plant.

To have the best results in growing pansies in this warm dry climate, the seed should not be sown till June, in either a shaded bed or in as well as sheep. I do not know that it is to the small one but little increase of cost has a box in the shade, the latter is best, as it can be more essily covered from rains. Let them grow in their seed box until they are quite been raised, some fancy one, some another; the the top, brick laid on, the flat edge out; wall large plants, until cool weather, then take one hundred years. If then a farmer is going them up and pass the roots through water to to plant a family orchard, of say 200 trees, it remove the dirt, and set them in a nicely preis a matter of serious moment what he may pared border facing the south or the north side of the walk, or you will never see their sweet faces. M. E. L. Westport. Mo.

FIGURES ON BREEDING HORSES.

EDITOR FARMER: I see in some of my pas pers, statements made in regard to the horse trade of McLean county, Ills.; I wish to lay the facts and figures before our Kansas farmers that they may understand what is done and what can be done with good stock of any kind; but to the horse report in that county.

good horses are shipped from this county yearly, and the price paid is \$100 at least, or in the aggregate \$150,000. This is a large duct of the soil? At least I have not seen such a place. I think Kansas a better country or state for stock than Illinois, and what can be done there in stock, can be done here.

I saw the sale of some fat cattle that were raised and sold by men in my old neighborhood, in Indiana. The sale makes a good show for the number of cattle ; the Garland boys had 16 head; Elijah Clare, 4 of the heaviest steers that I have seen in the market this season, at Buffalo; they averaged 2,250 lbs

Now, if every farmer in Kansas, who has cattle, would determine to raise good stock, looking cattle, that no man would want to see to say nothing about buying, I know buyers athan, 10; Swaar, 20; Rawle's Genet, 20; Gil. when they would not turn their heads to look at poor or indifferent stock. Let every farmer make it a strict rule to have good stock of whatever kind he may raise; let Kansas ber easy to raise large, fine cattle in Kansas as does me injustice. some, a very short list, but the planter will any other state. I have raised some large steers; was the first man in that region that matter of such paramount importance to stock SHERMAN & ROGERS. This AGREEMENT, raised uncommon large cattle. I recollect to growers of the west, and the occasion of thou- Made and entered into between Sherman &

give my method of raising such garden flowers as are grown from seeds.

Prepare a bed well spaded and raked fine, with a good layer of sand raked in, if the ground is not sandy, then sow the seed in rows, not too thick, cover lightly and label; sprinkle lightly and evenly with a fine rose, then cover the bed securely from rain and wind. If the bed becomes too dry before the plants are up, uncover and water as before, cover again until the plants are up, then remove the cover, replacing it in case of rain, as a heavy rain will nearly ruin the plants when small.

They should be kept well watered with a fine rose but protected from rain. When the plants have from four to six leaves, prepare a well shaded bed and work it off evenly. Now had any event for our or and water and shade with a coverage multiple than the state of the state in their menth chewing for the state, facility the great Harvard University, to each state, lightly and evenly with a fine rose, it is not fancy but the state in their menth chewing for the state in the state in the state in the state in the state is a series of each facility the great Harvard University, to each state, lightly and interesting to each of the state in the state is a state in the s no extra chance or care.

Burlingame, Kansas.

MERINO OR LONG WOOLS.

regard to sheep-raising in Kansas; his views pipe if you have it, and then finish both in and mine are very nearly the same; I think in the usual manner; by reducing the capacity of Kansas, there is no business that will pay of the main cistern as much as there is added necessary to raise Merino long wool or the been made. Lay in cement, a back wall Downs; that, I think is a good deal as he has across the small distern from the bottom to one they fancy they will make pay the best, should be slightly curved and cut off about or if they don't, they will be the more pleased one-third of the space. There should be with their choice. Mr. Jones's choice seems room for a man to go into it to brush out the to be the Merino ewe with Shropshire ram; dirt, insects, etc., that collect in it from the He says the first flueces on tree of his choice roof. This can be done at any time when the county, working upon a similar plan, so far wethers, averaged over 10 lbs : the second year, water from the main distern is lower than the less than the first, and corn fed premium sheep. mouth of the pipe, at which time the filter I will say this much, as regards Mr. Jones' will be dry. Conduct the water into the small breeding, if he will change and take Down cistern on the side opposite the outlet into the ewes with Merino rams he will find a heavier the large one; the water filtered through 4 fleece of wool the first year, the second year inches of solid brick wall will be clean and the fleece will increase 2 lbs., after that the sweet, brick should be hard burned, (not arch was considered unfit for agricultural purfleeces will increase or hold their own until brick). The water from the roof of any ordis poses—fit only for the buffalo and Indian. they are 6 or 7 years old, and mutton equally nary dwelling will not rise two feet in your It was the "Great Desert," a dry. sandy as good. The Down ewe will raise 2 lambs, filter before it will be discharged (as fast as it plain-"Drouthy Kansas," but that idea the Merino ewe is not supposed to raise but 1, is runs in)thro' the wall. I have one that my has been thoroughly drowned out. Our It says there is about 90 car loads shipped or about one in ten will drop 2 lambs. Mr. family have used the water from, for all pur- roads, generally excellent, have been this loads from Bloomington, and the number or ino ewes several years; he tells me he has average is 17 head per car. Thus about 1500 sheared as high as 18½ lbs., off of ¾ blood Merino wethers, he uses none but the best Merino rams. We have had a public sheep ewes, averaging 18 lbs. One of these ewes, was 9 years old; clipped 15 lbs., 15 ozs., the heaviest was 21% lbs., sheared, April 4th, 1876, this lamb was dropped in March; we spring. I think our public shearing will belt much better than a double belt, as the grounds. Will give notice in the Kansas to the sun and air, while the trees in the FARMER, in good time. SAMUEL JEWETT.

Independence, Mo. INVESTIGATION OF CORN SMUT.

Europe. The sixteen steers of Garland Bros., curs in your report of the recent meeting of the row. averaged 1,765 lbs, sold at \$6 00 per hundred. your Clui that I had "respectfully declined" to make an analysis of corn smut, is quite in. correct both in fact and inference. To the on. lished on first page last week. ly member of your committee who has done and not have so many half-starved, frightful me the honor to confer with me on the subject, viz., Capt. A. Todd, I have repeatedly stated analysis of the smut; but, in view of the fact the columns of the FARMER an outrageous Winter.—Winesap, 60; Ben Davis, 50; Jon- will go quite a distance to look at good stock, that your Club has declined to co-operate with swindle and fraud, now being perpetrated up me in conducting practical experiments which on the farmers of this state. I send you an could give the analysis a practical value, you original contract made between a couple of the disposition of the results of the analysis rascals and a hard working and honest farmer itself. I take this method of correcting a at this place. It speaks for itself, and I hope come noted for the best of stock. It is just as statement which, whether intentionally or not, that the publication of it will be the means of Very truly, yours, Wm. K. KEDZIE.

Now, it is needless for me to state that this Manhattan. Kansas.

FLOWERS FROM SEED.

The time for sowing flowers is near, a few suggestions as to the manner of doing so might be acceptable to amateurs.

As we have so many severe rains in the pering that make the ground so hard that small flower [seeds cannot come up, I will small flower [seeds cannot come up, I will seeds cannot come up, I will seed that the party of the second part, Withersteam complete a growers of the west, and the occasion of thousands cannot all the first part, and Complete seeds the first part, and Complete s

PILTERING CISTERNS.

The directions in a repent number of the I state this fact that you may know it has had ter for cisterns are very good, but I can tell you a better mode. I know that it is better Now, farmers, let us come into the ring, because I have tried both. When excavating and let us see how this thing works in Kansas. for your distern, sink another small one, two J. B. DURHAM. | feet from it, say five feet in diameter and five or six feet deep; bore a hole from the side of the large, into the edge of the bottom of the small Mr. Jones has given a very good article in one, in which insert a length of pipe, sewer BELLSON.

NORWAY SPRUCE SHELTER-BELT.

EDITOR FARMER: The large cut we send shearing at my place, four years in succession, shelter belt, growing in our nursery grounds.

> Judging from this, and several other shelter belts in our grounds, (one of which has been planted sixteen years, and is kept cut back to the height of eighteen feet), we think a single double row have three of their four sides shaded, and consequently do not preserve their symmetry like the single belt.

We would plant belts intended to be head; An item which occurred in your last issue ed back, atten or twelve feet apart in the row, each, and sold for \$7 00 per hundred. If I am at the head of the secretary's minutes of the fifteen to twenty feet, at five or six feet apart not mistaken in figures, the price paid for Bluemont Farmer's Club, is sufficiently anse in the row these distances are for Norway each of the four steers was \$157 50; they wered by the following:

W. Marlatt, Esq., Sec'y Bluemont Farmers:

W. Marlatt, Esq., Sec'y Bluemont Farmers:

the row these distances are for Norway

were sold to a Boston man, for shipment to

Club:—Dear Sir: The statement which oc-ROBERT DOUGLAS & SONS.

P. S. The cut mentioned above was pub-

A HEDGE PLANTING FRAUD.

EDITOR FARMER: I wish to expose through checking in a measure this bald-faced fraud. The following is the contract:

Suppleted, and it is agreed that the full meant remaining unpaid shall be due, when were said hedge is completed so as to turn took satisfactorily to both parties.

Dated at Scandia Township, Republic County, State of Kaneas, this 19th day of December, ST6 SHERMAN & ROGERS.

A. B. Rogers, Agent. P. O. Scandia.

On the back of this contract is an acknowldgement of the receipt of the first payment, which was \$17.00.

Mr. Young fitted the ground, and about the lat of April, 1877, along came this man Rogers with about 5 quarts of Osage Orange seed which he sowed in the hedge row with a small seed drill. The seed did not cost over \$1 50, and the time taken did not exceed two hours. Allowing .50 cents for the work, the the whole cost to these rascals was only \$2 As soon as the work was done, they collected 10 cents per rod, which was in this case \$17. Some of the farmers in Republic county contracted for a mile or more of hedge, and not less than 25 miles of hedge was contracted for in this county.

After getting their first payment, they left for other green fields. They never come back to get the second payment.

There is a firm now operating in Clay as the contract is concerned. Pass this fraud W. W. CONE.

Scandia, Republic Co., Kan,

From Ellsworth County.

A few years ago this section of Kansas early from that county, and all but a few car Pingsley has been breeding from native Mer-poses, fourteen years, burning soft coal; it is winter almost impassable. We are, to use a common expression, "stuck in the mud." Business almost suspended on account of the bad roads. Farmers can not get anyyou, was photographed from a Norway spruce thing to market. The merchants are illnatured because there is no trade. Everyneither grass nor grain will grow, so that to shear alone. April 4th, 1877, we sheared 22 looked greener or more promising for a rich harvest than at the present time. Stock are doing well, considering the wet winter. The feed on the range is not as good as usual. The substance is washed out, but the stacks of millet and cribs of corn can be used to supply the deficiency of the range, a plan our wisest stock-men have adopted, and are meeting with paying results by having strong, healthy stock, and no tailing up in the spring.

This county expects a large immigration in the spring. We have considerable government land, and the Military Reservation at Fort Harker will no doubt be opened for settlement, or will be sold, in the spring. No county in the state is better adapted for mixed husbandry than Ellsworth,-plenty of water, natural shelter for stock, excellent grass, good bottom and uplands-excellent for wheat or corn. I wish to say this much good to offset the mud and bad roads. I have thought that this part of Kansas was a paradise, but I think I was mistaken,—the roads are too bad.

Coal has been discovered a few miles north of Ellsworth, on Elk Horn creek, in paying quantities and of a very good quality-another proof that this country was not intended for the buffalo and red man.

If the roads do not dry up and get over being so muddy, I shall sell out, "go west and grow up with the country."

Nickle and bronze coins are only made in the United States Mint, in Philadelphia.

The eastern, middle and western states take most of the nickle and bronze coins.

Double eagles are being made for the positors because they are more saleable

The man who has capital enough to the business, will generally invest too of it in cattle, leaving himself in too limited circumstances to properly provide for the stunts young growing stock in winter. Sto cannot be made to yield a handsome profit anless it is kept in a thrifty, growing con-An animial that can be made to weigh 800 lbs in two years, will make it with less grain, hay and grass, than he would do if he were allowed to have three years of a less bountiful supply of feed and shelter, to make the 800 lbs. besides bringing the money into his owner's pocket a year sooner, to silver-line his treasury or re-invest in other stock, or in further improving the homestead. Mixed husbandry farmers are not as wise and prudent in the disposal of their crops as they should be, many will leave their cattle shivering around the straw stack, without grain, and draw their corn to market and sell it at low prices, while they should be feeding this corn to their cows. yearlings, etc., as plentifully as they do to the one they are preparing for their meat barrel. When will the ordinary farmer learn that

it is a great loss to stint his animals, while he is selling his corn for 15 to 20 cents per bush. el? Also, that he is a constant loser by neglecting to shelter his stock? Policy points out to the farmer that he should provide plenty of nutritious food from the first day he becomes responsible for their keeping, until that responsibility ceases; when grass ceases to be succulent and nutritious, that want should be supplied with grain enough to fully supply the lack. The same policy as well as every consideration of moral principle, points out that he should provide shelter, however cheaply built, enough to keep them comfortable during cold and driving winds. He is depriving his animals, with restraints, from taking the exercise and selecting the food nature is providing for them, for their comfort and growth, and he should provide them with his own liberal hand, and the shelter they can erect or else not restrain them S. B. KOKANOUR. as he does.

Clay Center, Kansas.

FROM WALTER BROWN & SONS' MONTHLY

The new year opened on a comparatively Fall California, etc.

There has been no encouragement from immediate transactions to lead holders of wool the roots moist. The bed should receive thorto expect any advance in prices; yet considers ough culture until the flower stalks require ing that the stocks in market are small and held by strong parties, we believe it will be all needed for consumption before the next clip can be made available, there is good reason to expect, at least, that present prices will be about three feet long, well set in the ground,

be maintained. Although there are some grades of woolen goods which during the past year have yielded for each bulb and tie each plant to it, but the no profit to manufacturers, still their productions have been more closely sold up than heretofore; and they continue to keep their draw strings torn from new cotton cloth, half mills in operation, with the hope that the fu- an inch in width, from stake to stake lengthture will bring them better remuneration for wise of the bed, then tie each flower stalk to their trouble and outlay. Governed by the the string with more of the cotton strip; in very small margin on their goods, both actual this manner of stalking, the stake requires to and prospective, they adhere closely to the be somewhat heavier than when a stake is safe policy of purchasing stocks only as used for each plant. In this method it is well needed, and thus avoid any action which to stretch the first string about a foot from the might create an unnatural excitement and ground, the next near the top of the stake. put up the price of wool in advance of a corresponding improvement in their goods. This flower stalks of the gladiolus, as they grow course is undoubtedly wise, for with the usual from three to four feet high, require to be amount of machinery running and a compare well secured, as nothing looks worse than atively small supply of wool, any different nice flowers blown down. As soon as the policy might create a speculative feeling in flowers are past away, the stalks should be

There is also an undercurrent of uncer- the seed. tainty occasioned by the agitation of the tariff After the first frost, dig up the bulbs, takquestion in congress, which has some tend- ing care not to break off the stalks, lay them ency to prevent any large investments. It is in the sun, when thoroughly dry cut off the not likely, however, that even if the duty on stalks an inch long, break off all the roots wool is modified during the present session, and old bulbs. The small bulbs that are that the change will go into effect soon around the old ones, can be saved and planted

tended to combing and delaine fleeces, which of doors, should be thoroughly dried in doors. step in the right direction, and yet it will give are seeking to debase our money now, and

od by your correspendent, El. d in making winter butter, on a small ale, with pleasure and profit, as even in this new town it commands twenty cents when the grocers are paying but ten. I "manage" as follows: Skim the cream when sweet, not allowing it to stand more than forty-eight is will remain sweet until enough is collected for a churning, then stir a full tablespoonful of buttermilk, thoroughly, through it, and ce it is quite a warm place near the stove.

reconsiderally and watch closely, and just
is begins to thicken, which will usually be day or so, churn it. The temperature in a day of so, churn to selves," which is an uncertain process, and the only point of difficulty, as the "feel" of it depends on the temperature of the finger at compared with milk just from the cow, which is about 98 degrees. Have the churn well warmed by scalding water and churn in a warm place. If the butt ter comes in much less than half an hour it is too warm; if in fine globules, which will no gather, it is too cold, and heat must be applied to the churn, or a little boiling water may bes poured into the cream. Sait the butter and work carefully next day. C. S. R.

GLADIOLUS-ITS CULTURE.

Of all the beautiful flowers we have there is none which grows to perfection so easily as the gladiolus. It is so hardy, that almost any kind of treatment, if as goed as corn usually receives, will give an abundance of flowers.

The first planting in the spring, should be about corn-planting time, never sooner, a the bulbs will decay if planted before the ground is well warmed by the sun.

In selecting a bed or border for gladiolus always select one facing the south, as all the flowers will face that way, just as panales do, turn their faces to the sun. The bed should be comprised of a good proportion of rotted compost, composed of rotted sod or last year's weeds well decayed, it should be spaded at least one spade deep, and well pulverized and evenly raked. The bed is now ready for mark:

The most convenient form for a bed is narrow and long; for the width, wide enough for four or five rows, ten inches apart, this is a good distance to plant the bulbs both ways. The appearance of the bed is much improved if it is correctly marked off in checks and the bulbs set exactly in each angle.

For a marker, a narrow straight edge is con-

venient. The better way to plant the bulbs is to use something for a dibble like a rake handle. quiet wool market, with but little demand with this make a hole at the angle, ar inch from manufacturers, who were mostly en deep, then press the bulb into the earth, to gaged during the first week in making up the depth of three inches, as they require to be their annual accounts. This lack of anima- well covered. At the first hoeing, the earth tion in the trade has continued throughout can be scraped away somewhat from the bulbs, the month in all varieties of wool, with the and at all the after hoeings, the earth should exception of one or two descriptions, such as be well hoed to them. It is always well to mulch the bed to a depth of six inches with green grass, after the last hoeing, to keep tying up, if it is well mulched at this time,no more hosing is required.

As soon as the flower stalks begin to show, the bed requires stalking. The stalks should straight and stout enough to insure not to blow over. The usual way is to set a stake easier and perhaps the better way, is to set stakes about five feet apart in the row, then

Owing to our prevailing high winds, the

enough to influence the price of stocks now the next year in a mellow bed, and will make flowering bulbs in one or two years. These The general indifference manifested by may produce some new colors worth the savmanufacturers in purchasing supplies has ex- ing. The bulbs, if not sufficiently dried out the Bland bill has passed congress. This is a yet we find him in fellowship with those who

winter, in a dry cellar, if the cellar is sufficiently warm and perfectly dry it is a suitable relief must come place; if these conditions are wanting, place greenback party. them in a room where house plants will flour-ish and they will keep nicely, but should be examined occasionally, to be sure that they are all right, if they are too warm and moist, the roots will start; if so they should be rube d off and the bulbs spread in a warm room, and dried.

In order to secure a succession of flowers in bloom during the season, bulbs must be planted every two weeks, until the last of July, keeping the largest bulbs for late planting, in the same manner as they were kept during the winter. Westport, Mo.

PREP-RAISING IN KANSAS.

EDITOR FARMER: I have just read an article on sheep-raising, increase, etc. Allow me to state, for the benefit of Mr. E. T. Frowe the writer of the article referred to, or any persons who have a desire to go into the bush inces of sheep-raising, that I will give my little experience in sheep raising in Kansas, in the year 1856.

I bought one French Merino ewe in the the spring, she had two lambs, one buck and one ewe. In the summer of 1859 I bought 14 head more, mostly ewes of the common coarse-wooled Missouri stock. I crossed these with my French Merino buck.

I will now speak only of 5 ewes in my little flock, in the year 1861, in number, 70 or 80. In February they each had 2 lambs; in July they each had I lamb, and the next February they had again, each two lambs; having in all, inside of thirteen months, 25 lambs, and A. W. HOOVER. raising all of them. Burlingame, Kan.

SALES OF BERKSHIRE PIGS.

Mr. Solon Rogers, of Prairie Center, Kan., ends us the following account of sales of

Below are my sales of Berkshires since Nov To W. M. Dail, Osawkie, Kan., one boar pig; to W. A. Hopper, Cawker City, Kan one boar pig; to H. A. Balley, Clinton, Kan. one boar; to Dr. Woolf, and A. C. Maxwell Humboldt, Kan., pair of pigs; to Dr. Woolf Humboldt, Kan., one sow pig; to H. H. Grimshaw, Paola, Kan., two sows; to W. F. Sopher Neodosha, Kan., one boar pig; to Wm. L. Scroggs, Greenfield, Mo., pair of pigs; to Frank R. Ogg and Henry Miller, Olathe, Kan. one boar pig; to J. R. Hallowell, Lawrence burgh, Kan., pair of pige; to C. E. Bazin, Have City, Kan., one Gilt; to Hon. W. C. Maxwell. Victoria, Kan., one sow pig. to J. H. Downing Hays City, Kan., one sow pig; to Wm. Wise erman, DeSoto, Kart, one boar pig.

SOLON ROGERS.

NEW ENGLAND BOILED DINNER.

"In the preparation of this," says the novice one may reasonably expect to meet the requirements of the case, even though destitute f knewledge and skill; for, are not the boiled dinners cooked the same the world over-just

In accordance with this view, she boils the meat furiously, hustling the vegetables with it, as time offers, or the nature of each seems to demand, and has for dinner a stringy, tough piece of meat, tasting of everything that bore

This person might feel crest-fallen when told that her dinner was an ignominious failure, but for her consolation it may be said that corned beef is seldom properly cooked, even by those who have experience; generally for one of two reasons, lack of information, or of time.

Those who are partial to lean meat will pre fer a brisket-piece; these who like a streak of fat and a streak of lean," will choose a plate Wesh the meat well and put it to cook in plenty of cold water; bring it slowly to the boiling point, then skim thoroughly. Stew slowly until very tender, letting the water boil down until there is barely enough to cover it. Half an hour to each pound of meat will not be too long to allow, if it boils slow ly enough, and it tannot be cooked well in less than twenty minutes to the pound. good sized piece may simmer over a slow fire or seven or eight hours without injury.

When the meat is very tender, lift the kettle from the fire; leave the meat in the water for half an hour, then take it out; remove all the bones, and if it is a plate-piece, lay it on the meat-board and press, by setting a pan on tep, and putting a heavy weight in the pan cold, into a nice, compact shape that will be admirable for slicing. If the meat is wanted hot for dinner, cut off a sufficient quantity, be-This will bring the scraggy plate-piece, when fore pressing, and put it, with a little of the broth into a covered saucepan to keep warm. Into the pot of broth put cabbage cut in quar ters, turnips peeled and quartered, also pars-nips and carrots if liked. After these bave boiled for half an hour, put in some potatoes, first girdling them-beets must be boiled in a When the vegetables are senarate kettle. all done, drain the cabbage well serve each vegetable in a separate dish and sprinkle that rage, printed rage, which have this power lightly with pepper. A piece of charcoal put into the water in which meats, or strong vege etables, such as cabbage and onious are ing, will in a great measure prevent the dis- the greenback men, and is dead against him. agreeable odor from rising.

the raw material, which at this point of the season would be injurious to the interests of all connected with the trade.

cut off just below the seed pods, to allow the When no regetables have been cooked in the broth, it should be set away to cool. When all connected with the trade. clear water, and when again cooled, will be found excellent for shortening. The broth itself will then make a good soup by boiling dried beans or peas in it.

Topics for Discussion.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

EDITOR FARMER: I see by the paper that

After drying, pack in shallow boxes not more than a foot deep, placing each variety in a paper such plainty labeled. Most authorities direct the storing of the bulbs during the yet have, free and unlimited coinage; but this relief must come through the efforts of the

We see that from one end of the land to the other, the cry is raised, no work, no money, and nine-tenths of the people know that the reason why there is no work, is because there is no money. But there are a few men like the Rev. Sternberg who seem not to see, or says: "It will serve as convenient change, without regard to its intrinsic value." This on the currency question, after lamenting, in his first article, the hard lot of the laborer. who had to be paid in depreciated legal tenders, in 1863. And yet this man wants now one money for the bondholder, and another the poor. Silver, he calls a subsidiary coin? Subsidiary to what? The law creating the silver dollar, in 1793, made it the legal standard in finance, and so it remained until it was fraudulently and meanly demonetized, in 1873, the Rev. Sternberg to the contrary notwithstanding.

The law of 1837 declared the standard of gold and silver to be 9.10 fine, and made the silver dollar of 4121/2 grains, and the fraction. al part of said dollar a legal tender for all debts, and this law was not changed until 1853, when the subsidiary, or helping coin of fractions of a dollar were ordered to be issued of standard sliver : these were to contain, and do contain, 1961/2 grains to the half dollar, or 1616 grains of said silver less than the standard dollar, and this coin was legal tender to the amount of five dollars only. There was nothing in the law that in any manner affected the coin of full weight of 4121/2 grains, until 1873, and hence we "innocently ask for the remonetization of said dollar !"

I wonder does Rev. Sternberg call the demonetization of this money one of the laws of trade! likely, for it seems an Englishman by the name of "Secor," invested \$500,000 in this "trade." But this gentleman tells us. laws of trade." Well, we see how this money was demonetized, and we know when it was lic calamity instead of a public blessing; but then these are crocodile tears and move no one else to sorrow or lamentation. He may full, and this joy no man can take from them. honestly.

Now let me say, that from 1851 to 1873, the gold. In 1873, silver was rated at 10214, just their prototypes did the temple of God, then years we find the laws of trade could not de- effect to warp their judgment. They, even base the dollar of the daddies. See Congress- now, say there is an abundance of money, are, that there was coined in the mints of the business dying in the land. They seek to United States, from 1798 to Dec. 1877, \$208, turn the thoughts of men from the contempla-872.291.40, in silver, and \$983,159,695, in gold, tion of this cause, and tell us this stagnation the latter running nearly five to one, and yet is caused by over-production; yes, it is an this "innocent financier twite the public by over-production of bondholders and tramps. saying that remonetization "would certainly be a nice thing for the owners of silver mines" thus intimating that it would be in the interest of a ring of miners to remonetize silver. This man has no sympathy for the sylvania, Ohio, and elsewhere; yes the whole silver miner, the laborer or the manufacturer, and his love for the gold miner is lost when he thinks of the "gold-monger." But God be praised, his gods are not are not our gods, he himself being the judge. Alas! poor Ephraim he is "wedded to his idols."

Rev. Sternberg tells us that the second

lesson of our financial history teaches us "that the authentication of government is not sufficient to establish the value of a circulating medium." This seems to be a grand discovery, truly. Hence he puts his statement in italics. and his proof is this: "In illustration of this we need only refer to the depreciation of our paper currency by the fluctuation in the valustamp on silver causes it to fluctuate above gold, from 1/2 to 31/2 per cent., for years, as we have seen was the case until fraudulently debased by law? No. For this fact proves this "authentication" is the one thing needful. Does he mean that when money which has an intrinsic value, loses its legal tender powers, er, rises above it? No, it cannot be this either, even if it is true, for this is the theory of Then in the name of commonsense what does he mean? Oh, I see! He means that the "depreciation of our paper currency is caused by the fluctuation in the valuation of our silt ver coin." That is to say "The commercial world" will not "receive as a dollar the coin we have stamped as a dollar," unbacked by the ability or intention to pay should it be accepted." Now this is as clear as mud; can

But again, this gentleman tells us that money "debased or issued in excess of demand loses a portion of its purchasing power." And

greenbacks was \$60,000,000 of full legal tenv der. They were not debased by the government; they paid custom dues and were real money, such as we greenback men require all our paper to be, and this money maintained this power to the end. These bills were all destroyed at the command of the gold ring. They wanted no such money, and so all subsequent issues of greenbacks were "debased." seeing, heed not, the wants of the people, and The government would not receive them on who say, "There is no objection to the moders import dues, and thus were they debased. ate coinage of silver in case it be not made a The banker debased them! The importer delegal tender:" mark the case. And then he based them! And the bondholder debased them !! But this money was good enough for the toiling millions, even if it did take a "bashe tells us in the opening of his second article ket to carry their change to market," and now this Rev. Sternburg wants the dollar of our daddies debased also; clamoring to debase it, and then, with a complacent smile, tells us that money, like any other commodity, is subject to the laws of trade! Then, sir, if this for the laborer. Bless him! but he is kind to be the case, why not demonetize gold, and and subject it to the same laws, at once.

This gentleman uses another phrase that has a world of meaning it, i. e. "Or issue in excess of the demand, it loses a portion of its purchasing power." Yes, this is true; but who is to set bounds to this demand, is it the shoddy banks and bondholders? If so, the contraction must still go on. If the people, then there is still hope for the nation, for our people will demand as much money as have other commercial nations, and a sparcely settled country requires more. France has from \$57 to \$64 per capita, England from \$28 to \$33, and we less than \$10 per capita, but we ought to have \$40 at least : this sum would give us about \$1,800,000,000 inst about what we had in 1866. Give us this sum in legal tender money, and then the trade of the Shylock would be ended, and the wandering tramp be heard of no more. Give us this sum, and every hill-side and hamlet will ring with the shouts of rejoicing millions. But demonetize silver and greenbacks, and the purchasing power of gold will increase as the people perish. France saved herself from her impending doom by the use of legal tender paper money, and when gold raised to 21/2 per cent, her statesmen lowered "the laws of congress cannot override the it by the issue of 1,200,000,000 francs, all of it full legal tender. This sum did the work, but then, you see, they had no reverence for done, and we know also that it was done the bondholder more than the artisan, for by fraud, and yet we see this gentleman these men actually pay taxes, and hence their mourning over its undoing as is it was a pub. paper money stood at par even on Wall street.

This gentleman tells us that the third lesson of financial experience is, "The issuing of an excessive, and hence depreciated currency mourn, but the people will rejoice, and when is both a blunder and a crime." Now this shoddy banks are no more their joy will be lesson may or may not be true, it depends entirely upon who pronounces this flat "excessive. If it comes from the mass of the people, then it is true, but if from the money silver dollar was from 1 to 81/2 per cent above changers who infest the temple of liberty, as 214 per cent. above gold; thus for over 20 it is not true, for their greed for gold has the ional Record, Jan. 24, 1878, page 5. And facts when we see every industry languishing and and an under consumption of cotton and woolen fabrics, boots and shoes, etc., and of course it is an under consumption of farm products that is causing starvation and death in Pennland is starving for the want of money.

> This gentleman informs us that we have \$670,184,151 in paper money; let us see if this is true or not. Sherman,in his financial report for December, 1877, says there was then outetanding \$348,943,776 of legal tender notes, and \$291,121,470 of bank paper, in all but little over \$641,000,000, besides fractional cure rency, now outstanding. This is the nominal sum, and if there was no loss by wear and tear, and destruction by fire and flood, then it might be the actual sum. But the best financiers place this loss at from 2 to 31/4 per cent. per annum. Call it 2 per cent. on \$600.000. the amount of greenbacks and bank notes in circulation in 1865, and then in 12 years we have \$144,000,000; this would leave in circuation less than \$500,000,000. Then take from the greenbacks the 15 per cent. on \$291. 000,000 bank paper necessary to redeem the same at the capitol and in the bank, and we have nominally in circulation about 450,000 .-000, which is about \$50,000,000 the government reserves inclusive.

Here you see we have, or are supposed to have, about \$10 to each inhabitant; now why are we compelled to put up with this sum when other nations have from three to five times this amount. By what authority do the shoddy bankers and bondholders dictate to the people the kind and amount of money they shall use. Pray tell me, have the people no rights that a bondholder should respect? Remember, old Hickory Jackson tells us that the "blessing of government should fall as do the dews of heaven, upon all alike. Why should one class pay all the taxa. es, and the other class receive all the rewards? Well, I will try and help you to answer that question next week, in the mean time, I advise all men to be just and fear not, for "the mills of the Gods grind slowly, but they grind exceeding fine. B. O. DRISCOLA. Doniphan, Kan.

Certainly, men will differ on important questions; and trivial ones as well. Perfect agreet ment among men means stagnation, and general stagnation would foreshadow premature death; hence we should have the charity to forgive each other's faults, and generously agree to disagree on both theological and political questions involving grave interests to our fellow citizens. Mr. Sternberg thinks that farmers are "poorly prepared to form an independent and correct judgment" about the finances of the country, and to put it short, because of their ignorance. A collegiate diploma does not necessarily endow men with sound common-sense, and our friend must allow, there are many collegerbred dunces. to pass current in another." What, pray, is Thousands of farmers, without even a common school education, by virtue of their native physical and mental constitutions, are a long way ahead of other thousands who have of hoarhound candy of the same size? Can been crammed with learning. And why anybody answer? No, sir. All that makes shouldn't they be? They are brought up in gold valuable for any purpose is the laws and the pure air of the country; their physical frames, expanded and hardened by muscular activity, and as the intellect is greatly dependent on the powers of the physical body, their minds are naturally scrong, the powers of perception sharpened by robust health. When financial matters as well as the clergy, we respectfully dissept. Look at the financial fulminations of the eminent preachers, H. W. Beecher, Talmage, etc.; then look at the financial management of their own affairs, and a majority of farmers would pronounce them blockheads, and would not accept their sophistical doctrines in the interest of European and American bullionists. But our friend says, "it seems strange that silver should have been driven out of circulation by gold, but it was in accordance with the universal law of currency, the cheaper displaces the dearer." We must be permitted to say, we can see nothing "strange" about it ; neither do we believe that there exists, or ever did, a universal law of currency, producing such effect. Gold and silver have never been in such quantities that Wall streat, Lombard street, in London, and the Rothschilds have not been able to monopolize them at their pleasure, and when they could make money by driving out silver they have done so, and when more by driving out gold, they have done that. "The universal law of currency" is nothing, never has been, but power in the hands of the great manipulators of these

The doctrine that "the cheaper displaces the dearer," is proven false by the patent fact that paper money, which costs comparatively little, has been in use for the last sixteen years, and the berated and abused greenbacks have not displaced either gold or silver. Sixty millions of greenbacks, by a law of Feb. 1862, were declared equal to gold and should be received the same as gold, and they have een equivalent to gold ever since, and yet their actual cost was but a trifle.

Says Mr. Sternburg: "In 1853, a law was passed providing that silver should not be a legal tender in amounts greater than five dollars in any one transaction." We only want to ask if this law, by twenty years' use, had become worn out, so that a fac simile should be passed in 1873, or was it because of virtually rescinded the specie basis clause, and the wooden-headedness of congress? Now, ordered the bank to issue bills in sufficient for a moment suppose congress should pass a quantities to relieve the pressure, and after law to-morrow, saying that gold in larger that the humbug would be reinstated. The quantities than five dollars shall not be a bank seldom or never has gold enough to relegal tender; would you, with an active con- deem half her issues, has been tailed up by science, stand up and say that gold as it al- Parliament playing the game of the little ways has been is current coin of the United States? The perfect ridiculousness of saying specie basis law would have ruined the Bank so would be no more prominent than in the of England before 1830, if Parliament had not case of silver. Our friend gives a sorrowful picture of the times in consequence of these "fearful over-issues of greenbacks;" he com- bills issued, limited only by her necessities. mits a serious blunder which a few moment's thought will correct. What were the effects ness which will not help me to see how a of these "fearful overvissues?" Simply these, a specie basis which has heretofore in the histhat our soldiers received pay for their services; that our country was saved from disintegration and ruin, so acknowledged by both United States. republicans and democrate; that our citizens, our manufactures, mechanics, merchants and farmers, were never so prosperous before; that millions of indebtedness was wiped out by this general and unprecedented prosperity; and that this prosperity, in the absence of "specie basis," and during this "fearful over-issue of greenbacks," continued unabated. No trouble, no hard times came upon the people until Mr. McCullough inaugurated the contraction policy, in view of a return to that godless nuisance, "specie basis." So long as the per capita of circulation exceeded \$25, all was right, but the moment it fell so that Wall street and its imps throughout the county could command the gold, then hard times began and has increased in length, breadth and depth, until the present moment, and threatens to ruin one-half of the people. This is precisely what the bullionists intended should occur, not only the bullionists of this country, but the bullionists of Europe, including the boss money monopolists of the world, the Rothschilds, who use their money freely, and even sent \$5,000,000 to subsidize congress to demonetize silver.

1

to the wise ones, should relieve us of our man- can you give us a cure or preventive for it? and profits realized.

REV. L. STERNBURG, D. D., BRIEFLY CRIT. ifold woes, but, slas! the times get worse and I have had none with mine yet, but am afraid grand conclusion in his first article, to wit: seems healthy and in good condition. That the commercial nations of the earth need a uniform standard of value." This doubtless would facilitate commercial international intercourse, were the thing practicable, which it is not. Let the civilized nations of the world meet for this, it would most likely prove a world's diplomatic tournament; a half and half concern that would leave matters no bets ter than they are at present.

In speaking of the miserable banking concerns, including those under specie basis rule, he says : "The same inconveniences and loss, only on a larger scale, results when the coin of our nation is not of such intrinsic value as intrinsic value? It is defined to be something inherent in the thing itself. What is there inherent in gold more than there is in a piece. customs of the nations who use it. It is not blessed with any uniform standard of value, as Mr Sternberg has himself shown; you may fancy a twenty dollar gold piece full of intrinsic value, but the fact still remains that other countries will not receive it for any more he says that such men do not understand than the weight of bullion it contains. They put it on the scales, and after rejecting the alloy, we get pay for the commercial value of the gold in it.

Then our friend stands up in his place and says right out loud: "When we ask what this standard should be, we reply that both the logic of reason and of events point to gold." We most emphatically deny that either kind or any kind of logic points to gold as a standard, for any other purpose than to enrich the few and impoverish the many.

The logic of reason ignores gold, because there is not gold enough mined to supply one uarter of the civilized nations of the earth with money enough for a specie basis that would be less than two-thirds fraud. Because gold has a fluctuating commercial value, which coined gold has never yet controlled. Because the ratio of gold to the business of the world is constantly decreasing, while the business is certainly increasing. Because the necessities of the United States require but one kind of money, which shall be absolutely uniform in value, whatever changes there may be in the value of products caused by the law of supply and demand and the evil acts of our boards of

The logic of all past events pertaining to gold as a basis for the issue of paper notes, points to gold as the worst element that could be used. The history of "specie basis" does not point to a single country on the face of the earth that has used it as such, but has been cursed by its use. We are pointed to England as the model specie basis country, and there the best English writers on political economy tell us that the country did not recover from its crushing effects for twenty years. In fact, they have not recovered now, and never can, because the slavery of poverty is indubitably fastened upon the laboring classes. And what shows the folly of the specie basis doctrine is, that the Bank of England, once in about eight years, on the average, has called upon Parliament, and she has joker; now you see it and now you don't. The interfered to save it by removing the little joker, specie basis, and ordering an amount of

I must acknowledge I have a mental dulltory of the world been nothing but a curse, can now prove a blessing to the people of the R. K. SLOSSON.

From Washington County.

Hollenberg is located on the St. Joe & Denver City railroad, 136 miles west of St. Joe. and one mile east of the justly celebrated Otoe Reservation, which is now in market. It is the finest tract of land in Kansas or Nebrasks. It is nearly surrounded by railroads, and contains 166 sections, plenty of water, and to me at their earliest convenience full and the finest timber in the state. We expect a complete statements of their plan of organilarge emigration to it in the spring. All new comers will receive a hearty welcome by the givingcitizens of this place, as we have become tired of having so much good land idle and doing nothing towards improving the country. Fall grain looks splendid. Stock have done well. No hog cholera. We had extra crops last year. Plenty of corn can be bought at ment. 15 cents per bushel; other things in propor-R. T. KERR.

ED. KANSAS FARMER: I wish to seed some ground to timothy and red clover, mixed, and want to know what kind of grain to sow with it. I wanted to sow the ground to cats or barley. Will this kind of grain do to seed Mr. Sternberg, among other evil results of with? and what time do you think best to sow this over-issue, says: "That the balance of timothy and clover, and how much of each trade was turned against our country." This mixed, and how much of each separate, to the is extremely tenuous, for when during the acre, must be sown? I have about seventy-five whole history of the United States was the head of calves that I am wintering, and there balance of trade in our favor until within the are some cases of black-leg in the neighborlast three years? This condition, according hood, but there seems to be no cure for it;

worse instead of better. Now he comes to one there will be. Is it contagious? Other stock

FRANK J. BROWN.

From Chester County, Pennsylvania. February 5th .- Wheat looks very well; better than for some years past. The yield of 1877 was about twenty-four bushels per acre. Considerable corn on hand yet. The yield of last year was about 52 bushels per acre. Oats very good, the best for fifteen years, considering the quantity and quality; about 37 bushels per acre. Potatoes were a

very light crop. The market prices are as follows: Wheat, \$1.32@\$1 33; corn, 47 to 54c; oats, 53@37c; potatoes, 50@65c; hay, per ton, timothy, \$17; clover, \$14; straw, 10 to \$12; batter, 85@40c; eggs, 25@28c. Cattle and hogs are very dull. It costs less to ship them from the west than to raise them. Pork, 5%@614c; beef, 81/@61/sc; good sheep, 83/4@61/sc; good milch cows 45@\$80 per head; horses, from 70 to \$300; farms of from 35 to 175 acres, have ing fair improvements, sell from \$60 to \$270 PARM. Der scre

Many of our farmers are looking to Kansas for farms the coming spring and summer. There is one colony of twenty five families going out this spring from this county, and there are two colonies from Philadelphia of from twenty-five to fifty families, principally WM. H. KENNEDY. mechanics.

KNOCKED ABOUT.

Fellows like me ain't wanted much;
Folks are gen'rally jubus of such;
Thinks they ain't the right sort of stuff—
Blestif it isn't kind of rough.
On a man to have folks hintin belief
That he ain't to be trusted mor'n a thief,
When p'rhaps his fingers are cleaner far
'N them o' the chaps that talk so are!

Got a look o' the sea? Well, I 'xpect that's so;
Had a hankerin' that way some years ago,
And run off; I shipped in a whaler fust,
And got cast away; but that weren't the wust;
Took fire, sir, nextt'me, and—well,
We blazed up till everything standin fell,
And then me and Tom—my mate—and some more,
Got off with a notion of goin askore,

But there wara't no shore to see round thar, so we drifted and drifted everywhar For a week, and then all but Tom and me Was food for the sharks or down in the sea. But we prayed—me and Tom—the best we could, For a sail. It come and at last we stood On old arth once more, and the captain told Us we was ashere in the land of gold.

Gold! We didn't get much. But we struck For the mines, of course, and tried our luck, 'Twarn't bad at the start, but things went wrong Pooty soon, for one night there come along, While we were saleep, some red-skin chaps, They made things lively round there—perhaps! Anyhow, we left mighty quick—Tom and me, And we didn't go back—kind o' risky, yer see!

By-m bye, sir, the war come on, and then
We 'listed. Poor Tom! I was nigh him when
It all happened. He looked up and sez, sez he,
"Bill, it's come to partin' twixt you and me,
Old chap I hain't much to leave—here this knife—
Stand to your colors, Bill, while you have life!"
That was all. Yes, got wounded myself, sir, hore,
And—I'm pensioned on water and air a year!

It ain't much to thank for that I'm alive,
Knockin' about like this—what a five?
That's suthin han'some, now, that is. I'm blest
If things don't frequently turn out for the best
After ail! AV! Luck! It's far more?
Mister, I kind o' liked the looks o' your store.
You're a trump, sir, a reg—eh? Oh, all right!
I'm off, but you are, sir, a trump, honor bright!
—Daniet Connoil

Batrons of Husbandry.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL GRANGE.—Master: ohn T. Jones, Barton, Ark. Secretary: O. H. Kel-y, Louisville, Ky. KANSAS STATE GRANGE.—Master: Wm. Sims, To COLORADO STATE GRANGE.—Master; Levi Booth, Denver. Lecturer: J. W. Hammett, Platteville.

MISSOURI STATE GRANGE.—Master: H. Eshbaugh Hanover, Jefferson county. Secretary; A. M. Coffee Knob Noster.

TO OFFICERS OF SUBORDINATE GRANGES

For the use of Subordinate Granges we, have a set of receipt and order books which will prevent accounts getting mixed up or confased. They are: 1st Receipts for Dues. 2nd. Secretary's Receipts, and 3d. Orders on Treasurer. The set will be sent to any address, postage paid for \$1.00.

We solicit from Patrons, communications regarding the Order. Notices of New Elections, Feasts, Instal-lations and a description of all subjects of general or special interest to Patrons.

A REQUEST.

TOPEKA, March 4, 1878. EDITOR FARMER : For the information of the fraternity generally, and for the guidance of those directly interested in the organization of our state co-operative association, I desire through your paper, to earnestly request all agents in this state having charge of business associations of any kind organized under the auspices of the order of Patrons of Husbandry or now being conducted in whole or in part, in the interests of the membership, to forward zation business carried and results arrived at,

- 1. Name of association.
- 2. Object. Place of business.
- Date at which business was commenced Amount of paid up stock at commences
- 6. Amount of stock subscribed at date of report. 7. Amount of gtock paid up at date of re-
- 8. Plan on which business is conducted
- Rochdale or joint stock.
- 9. Number of stockholders.
- 10. Amount of quarterly sales, including barter accounts.
- 11. If on the Rochdale plan, give fixed rate of interest per annum, and trade dividends per quarter; together with any and all other information necessary to a correct under standing as to amount of business; manner of conducting the same, and advantages derived WILLIAM SIMS.

BUTTERWORKER



ple and convenient yet invented. Works 30 lbs in less than 5 minutes, thoroughly working out buttermilk and mixing the salt. ACENTS WANTED. Send for circular. A. H. REID,

6 N. Eighteenth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Vinland Nursery & Fruit Farm

COMMENCED IN 1857.

situated at Vinland Douglas County, Kansas, on the L. L. & G. Rail Road, ten miles south of Lawrence. W. E. Barnes Proprietor, offers for sale a complete assortment of nursery stock.

Thrifty and Reliable fruit trees, consisting of Apple, Pear, Peach, Plum. Cherry, Apricot and Nectarine trees, Vines and small fruits in variety.

Ornamental trees and Shrubbery, also the largest stock of Evergreens to be found in the state.

We shall have a sale ground in Torogha design the

We shall have a sale ground in Topeka during the transplanting season, where will be found a good selection of the above. Price list sent on application. Address W. E. BARNES, Vinland, Douglas County.

Agricultural College

PRACTICAL

EDUCATION :

Thorough instruction and drill in the English Language, Mathematics, Physiology, Agriculture, Botany, Entomology, Horticulture. Chemistry, Surveying Geology, Meteorology, Political Economy and all Practical Sciences of use to the Business World. A liberal education and Daily Practice in the Field or Shops given in a Four Years Course.

No TuitionioriContingentiFeesi Students can enter at any time and earn part of their expenses by voluntary labor. Send for catalogue to JNO. A. ANDERSON, President, Manhattan, Kansas.

SHORT-HORN CATTLE.



Durham Park, Marion County, Kan., breeder of pure Short-horns of fashionable blood. Stock for sale low. Also, best Berkshires in Kapsas. Catalogues Free.

GEO. M. CHASE, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

BREEDER OF Thoroughbred English

BERKSHIRE PIGS.

Dark Brahma and White Leghorn Chickens.

None but first-class stock shipped.

"HICHLAND STOCK FARM." Salina, Kansas.

THO'S. H. CAVANAUGH



BREEDER OF

HEREFORD CATTLE. COTSWOLD SHEEP. BERKSHIRE and DORSETSHIRE PIGS.

Premium Cattle, Sheep and Pigs for sale. Corespondence solicited.

PURE BRED

I have now a very choice collection of pigs sired by imported "Kaneas King" 1339; and Matchless Liver-pool and out of fine sows sired by my famous old Boar Richard 1059, Lord Liverpool 221, and Lord Liverpool 2nd. Can sell at 'let live" prices and will guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. Stock all eligible to registry in A. B. Record. Address. SOLON ROG-ERS, Prairie Center, Johnson Co. Kansas.

Gardeners buy from first hands save money. Cheapest best, purest stock ever grown. Sent prepaid by mail or express. Gardeners write me there are none as Hundreds of splendid engravings in my new ated catalogue. Fine as ever published. Fre send for one now. R. H. SHUMWAY, Rock



STOVER

COMPANY,

FREEPORT, - ILL.

Manufacturers of the Celebrated Stover Automatic Windmill that carried off the highest honors at the American Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia in 1876, proven by actual test to run in a lighter breeze than any other mill on exhibition; has a patent self-bracing tower, is a perfect self-regulator, will stop itself in gales and start again when the storm subsides. We also manufacture the Stover Twenty Dollar Oscilating Feed Grinder, operated by ten and twelve foot pumping Mills; is a novel and economical grinder for farmer's use, will grind from ten to twenty bushelp per day and pump at the same time. All who havd used them speak of them in the highest praise. Therefore buy a Windmill and Feed Grinder. Save money and make home happy. Agents wanted in unassigned territory. Send for circular.

cular.

The Countries of Osage, Jefferson, Jackson, Douglas, Wabaunsee, Pottawatomie and Shawnee having been assigned to usas agents, we will be pleased to receive orders for the erection of the above mill complete with pump, or will fill orders for the mill alone, We have a sample mill in operation at the warehouse on A. T. & S. Fe. R. R., track at Topeks, we invite an examination of the mill. DOWNS & RICE, Ag's mplement Dealers, Topeka, Kansas.

Breeders' Directory.

E. J. IVES, Mound City, Linn Co., Kansas, makes from the best strains in the U. S. A few choice Birds for sale at reasonable figures. Eggs \$3 per 13; 26 eggs, \$500.

J. R. DUNLAP & CO., IOLA, EAS., Breeder of pure Poland-China Hogs and P. Cochins, Light and Dark Brahuss, and B. B. R. Game, Bantam Fowls, Stock first-class. Write for prices.

BELL & SON. Brighton. Macoupin County, I a linois, Breeders and Dealers in Spanish. Merino Sheep. Thirty-five miles from St. Louis on the Alton and St. Louis Railroad. Stock reliable; prices reasonable; Reference furnished.

A LBERT CHANE, Durham Park, Marion Co., Kansas, Breeder of Pure Short-Horn Cattle of fashionable ramilies. Young stock for sale cheap, Send for catalogue, Herd of 200 head, Also Berkshires.

R. COOK. Ioia, Allen Co., Kansas, Breeder of Light Brahma Chickens. All Stock warranted first-class and Shipped C. O. D.

W. H. COCHRANE. Emporis, Kan., Breeder of Short-Horn Cattle Stock for sale. Correspond-ence solicited. Planet, 17948 at head of herd.

JOHN W. CAREY, Canton, Ill., breeders and ship-pers of pure bred Poland-China hogs, This stock took the \$1,000 premium at Canton, in 1871 over \$6

SAMUEL JEWETT, Breeder of Pure Blood Merino Sheep. 200 Choice Rams for sale. Correspond-ence solicited. Address, Independence, Missouri.

H. & W. P. SISSON, Galesburg, Ill. Breeders and Shippers of Poland-China or Magie Hogs.

FOR Choice Merine Rams and Ewes. Also Importent Canada Cotawolds at Moderate Prices. A ddress, A. B. MATTHEWS, Kansas City, Mo.

M. ANDERSON Salina, Kansas. Pekin Ducks .
Partridge, Cochin fowls, and White, Guineas.,
Write to me.

L SVI DUMBAULD, Hartford. Lyon County, Kan-sas, Breeder of Thoroughbred Short-Horn Cattle and Berkshire Pigs. Young Stock for sale. Corres-pondence solicited.

E. T. FROWE, Wamego, Kansas. Breeder of Thoroughbred Merino Skeep. Has a number of Bucks for sale this year.

HALL BRO'S, Ann Arbor, Mich., make a specialty of breeding the choicest strains of Poland-China, Suffolk, Essex and Berkshire pige. Present prices & less than last card rates. Satisfaction guaranteed. A few splendid pigs, jilts and boars now ready.

O BADDERS, BREEDER OF CHOICE HIGH CLASS.

o Fowls, Leavenworth, Ransas. Brahmas, Cochins, and Leghorns. Eggs in season at 33,00 per setting. A choice lot of Partridge Cochins for sale cheap. Correspondence solicited.

J. K. WALKUP, Emporia, Kans., Breeder of pure Short-Hora cattle. General Butler at head of-herd. Correspondence solicited.

FRANK LEECH, Waterville, Marshall Co. Kansas, Breeder of thoroughbred Short-Horn cattle and Berkshire pigs. Stock for sale at fair prices.

JOHN W. JONES, Stewartsville, Mo., breeder of Thorough-bred Short-Horn Cattle of approved blood and pedigree. Also, breeder of Berkshires of the best strains in the United States and Canada.

CAMUEL ARCHER, Kansas City, Mo., breeds Spanish Merino Sheep as improved by Awrood and Hammond, from the Humphrey's importation in 1802. Also CHESTAR WHITE HOOS, Premium slock, and Lifett BRAHMA CHICK-ENS, both bred pure by me for eight years past. Bend for circulars. 23 500 RAME FOR SALE this year. R. F. AYRES, Louisiana. Mo., Breeder of down Sheep. Stock for sale, and satisfaction guaranteed.

SAMUEL JEWETT, Breeder of Pure Blood Merino Sheep. 200 Choice Rams for sale. Correspond-ence solicited. Address Independence, Missouri.

O. Cook, Whitewater, Wis. Breeder of Spanish Merino Sheep bred from some of the best flocks in Vermont. Rams and Ewes for sale. Box 104.

W. W. ESTILL. LEXINGTON, KY.

PROPRIETOR OF

Elmwood Flock of Cotswolds.

From imported Stock. Young Stock for Sale. Nurserymen's Directory.

KANSAS HOME NURSERY A. H. & H. C. GRIESA, Proprietors, Lawrence, Kansas. We offer for sale home-grown Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape Vines, Orange Quinces, Small Fraits Roses, Flowering Shrubbery and Hardy Evergreens, Straight 2 year apple trees. 4 to 5 ft. at \$7.50 per 100. Price list to applicants.

WATSON & DOBBIN. Best of assorted Hedge Plants one and two years old, wholesale and re-tail, shipped to any R. R. station, freight guaranteed Address, ROBT. WATSON, Lee's Summit. Jack-son Co., Mo.

5 00,000 Apple Stocks, 1,000.000 Osage Plants, 50,000
5 Fruit Trees, 25,000 Small Fruit Plants. &c. Apple
Root Grafts put up to order by experienced hands.
Send for Price Lists E. F. CADWALLADER, Miami County Nursery, Louisburg, Kansas.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS.—The new ones at reduc-ed rates. Send for price list to SAMUEL MILLER, Sedalla, Mo.

STEAM GARDENS. Two acres of Glass. Cut Flowers and Bedding Plants by the million. Bot-tom prices. Try us. Price list free. MILLER & HUNT, Wright's Grove, Chicago, Ill.

FLOWERS.—All lovers of Plants should send for Catalogue of Geraniums, Fuchsias, Verbenas, Roses &c., to ROBERT S. BROWN.

Box 1158.

Kansas City, Mo. K AW NURSERY, WYANDOTTE Co., KANS.
General Assortment of Nursery stock. Especially
Apples and Cherry Trees, Grape Roots and other small
fruit plants, Address G. F. Espenhaub,
Box 972, Kansas City, Mo.

Dentists.

A H. THOMPSON, D. D. S., Operative and Surgeon Dentist, No. 189 Kansas Avenue, Topeka

GOLD WATCH and CHAIN only \$20 Cheap set in the World. Sample WATCH and CHAIN FREE to agents. C. M. LININGTON, 47 Jackson St., Chicago.

Kaw Valley Nursery. Must Be Sold.

25.000 Apple, 2 to 5 years old.
2,000 Cherry, 1 to 3 years old.
200.000 hedge, 1 year, extra. Also Pear, Plum, Peach, Grapevine, S nail fruits, Ornamental trees and Evergreens. Any thing you want call for it. Send for price list. E. R. STONE. Tonaka. 'Kansas.



A CENTS.

C. W. FOSTER & CO., 62 Canal St., Chicago, Illinois.

PEAR TREES FOR SALE!

I have on hand a large stock of standard pear trees vo and three years old, Kansas grown, at very low floes. Address E. H. HARROP, or M. S. GREEN, opeks, Kansas.

The Kansas Farmer.

J. K. HUDSON, Editor & Proprietor, Topeka, Kan

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO OF THE SILVER

President Hayes vetoed the silver bill as it passed the House and Senate by a more than two-thirds majority, returning with his veto a age which reiterates the worn out soph isms of the gold rings. The House and Senate promptly passed the bill over the veto with an increased majority. Had the president held the bill for ten days without signing it, it would have become a law, and he could have maintained his consistency as an opponent of remonetization and the people would have admitted his honesty of purpose, as well as his individual right as president, to disagree with the majority of congress in national legislation. It is not believed by reasonable men that the veto power was intends ed to defeat legistation demanded by a more than two-thirds majority of the people, and Mr. Hayes must bear the opprobium of using his resition as the chief executive, to defeat what he knew to be the expressed will of a very large majority of the American people.

ORGANIZATION OF THE WESTERN KAN-SAS STOCK ASSOCIATION.

The Western Kausas Stock Association has been organized with the following efficers: H. Collins, Sim Holstein, J. S. Fuller, H. L. February out of the American calendar." Knight, W. J. Jordan, Geo. Hopper. The Scribner's Monthly in an article entitled, members are: R. K. Farnsworth, Geo. W. Hopper, F. O. C. Moore, L. F. Gray, Sim Holstein, T. P. Vaille, H. Knight, W. J. Jordan. W. Simpson, G. Kinney.

The Ellis county Star, in commenting on the new organization, says: "In behalf of the organitation we feel warranted in extending to all parties in our state interested in the victing himself of being a thief." improvement of this great branch of industry, a cordial invitation to communicate with the officers such ideas regarding improvement of against remonetization of silver spoke of stock as experience or study may have taught. Western people as "The brawling communists this reason it has not been so badly injured Such we believe to be the public scope of the of the prairies." organization just completed.

PEACE CONCLUDED BETWEEN TURKEY AND RUSSIA.

The following are the latest dispatches regarding the close of the great European wars London, March 3 .- The following announcement of the conclusion of peace between Russia and Turkey was received toenight :

Constantinople, Sunday night, March 3 -The treaty of peace has been signed. The Grand Duke Nicholes announced the fact to the soldiers at a review at San Stefano to-day Russia has abandoned her claim on the Egyptian and Bulgarian tributes.

London, March 3 .- A St. Petersburg Pera correspondent confirms the report that the peace treaty has been signed. At St. Petersburg the enthusiasm over the news was als most unprecedented. An immense crowd was save the Czar."

A Pera correspondent says the treaty of peace was signed on Saturday. A Te Deum was snng amid great enthusiasm.

A correspondent at San Stefano states that neither the surrender of a portion of the Turkish fleet nor the claim on Egyptian tribute is included in the conditions of peace, and and there is no interference with that portion of the Turkish revenue which is hypothecated to foreign creditors. Nothing definitely is settled as to indemnity. It will principally be in the form of territory in Asia, including Kars and Batoum, not Erzeroum. Salonica

and Adrianople are not included in Bulgaria. Constantinople, March, 4.-Previous to the signature of the treaty of peace, General Ignatieff demanded that Turkey should unite with Russia in defending all its stipulations before the conference. Safvet Pascha refused. General Ignatieff the telegraphed to St. Petersburg for instructions. It is not known how the question was settled.

Russia agreed not to include Salonica in Bulgaria. It includes Bosragras, Varna, and Kustendje. The money indemnity of forty million pounds originally claimed, in addition to territorial session, was finally fixed at twelve millions.

St. Petersburg, March 4.—The Grand Duke Nicholas has sent the following dispatch to the emperor:

San Stefano, March 3 .- I do myself the honor of congratulating your majesty upon the conclusion of peace. God has vouchsafed to us the happiness of accomplishing the holy work begun by your majesty, and on the anniversary of the enfranchisement of the serfs. your majesty has delivered the Christians from the Mussulman yeke.

Bon't be too Fast .- Don't let these beautiful days induce you to plant too early. We have known Kansas since 1861, and it has been to our interest a large part of the time, to very closely watch the seasons, and we have selv dom seen it fail yet to bring some of the coldest weather of the winter in the month of March. It is safe to defer planting about the 20th of March.

AN UNSEEMLY EXHIBITION OF BAD BLOOD.

The reckless abuse of the West by prominent gall's speech on remonetization says:

this was to be the result of the war through by rust. which he successfully led the soldiers of New T. P. Vaille, President; J. L. Thompson, Vice- at the caprice of the West. For Indiana to yielded nearly twenty-eight bushels to the President; Gilmore Kinney, Secretary and honor Washington is an absurdity; for New acre. It having a small berry, 11/2 bushels Treasurer. Directors: T. P. Vaille, Chairman York to celebrate his birthday is a mockery. per acre is enough to sow. J. D. FARWELL. ex-officio; J. E. Farnsworth, H. T. Adair, P. It is time to blot the twenty-second day of

"Epidemic Dishonesty," says:

"At the present writing the much talked of silver bill has not been passed-a bill which W. R. Page, J. E. Morrison, J. S. Fuller, C. provides for the payment of the public debt A. Roberts, W. B. Grimes, J. Farnsworth, Earl at the rate of a little more than ninety cents Spaulding, W. H. Bell, E. M. Sanford, H. T. on the dollar. Nothing but the most stupen-Adair, B. O. Richards, P. H. Collins, E. C. dous foolishness or the wildest hallucination Turner, J. L. Thompson, James Henry, W, can prevent any man who is engaged in forwarding this shocking business from seeing that he is sapping the national credit, tainting the national honor, inflicting incalculable damage upon the business world, and con-

Mr. Blair a representative in the lower house of congress from New Hampshire, in a speech

This kind of senseless, foolish talk whether in the press or pulpit will not restore the failing power of the Eastern minority over national legislation.

When it is remembered that the population of the West is largely made up from the country, these self righteous frothings about the dishonesty of the West displays a narrow does it now lack in integrity and bonesty.

NEW CATTLE MARKET.

The Drover's Journal recently stated regarding the new outlet for American cattle as follows :

To day we are able to announce that the first definite step has been taken—a step of great significance and of deep interest to the to the first buyer. This has frightened Sawersen and Rudolph Haysen, agents for a grade it all spring wheat. this city and have since been looking about the Stock Yards, inspecting cattle and inquiring into the peculiarities of the American live stock trade. Friday they sent a dispatch to Europe, directing the representative barley fed to hogs and cattle will pay you of the Tonning and London Steamship Commuch better. Drouth or grasshoppers will pany to fit up one of the steamers owned by the company and send her to New York. She will probably reach that port in about six weeks from this time, there to await the ar-

rival of a cargo of young steers. The company above named is composed of wealthy farmers of Schleswig-Holstein, who feed a large number of cattle, and also buy goodly numbers of animals for the English markets. The company owns a number of steamers which have been used for carrying live stock to England.

SOME PLAIN FACTS CONCERNING THE CIRCULATION OF VARIOUS NEWSPA-PERS.

The Washington correspondent of the Kansas City Times, as claimed by that journal, secured from the official post office records, in Washington, the following tabular statement showing the amount of money paid by various Kansas daily papers on their circulation sent outside the counties in which they are print-

Leavenworth Press, \$60.46; Leavenworth Times, \$258.98; Atchison Champion, \$823.00; Atchison Patriot,\$102.78; Topeks Blade,\$112.-20; Commonwealth, \$353.56; Fort Scott Monitor, \$75.44. Every paper in this table issues a daily and weekly, or seven papers each week. According to the official report in the Topeks postoffice, the KANSAS FARMER, which is issued each week, paid on its bona fide circulas tion to subscribers outside the county in

which it was published for 1877, 8438 80. This shows that the FARMER on its single issue each week pays more than the combined daily and weekly circulation of any paper in Kansas, or in other words the 52 issues of the year pay more revenue to the Post Office Department than any daily paper issuing 312 dailies and 52 weeklies per year. The FARMER has maintained this position at the head of the Kansas press for four years past and we propose to do it in the future.

EDITOR FARMER : In answer to the inquiry Eastern papers, magazines and pulpits during made by Desplain & Son and M. L. March, the recent discussions on remonetization of about "grass wheat," I reply that "grass silver and since the passage of the bill will be wheat" is a species of early spring or late fall found to exceed in bad taste the most extrave wheat of small size and very soft kernel. Our agant statements we have ever heard in the millers say it makes more flour to the bushel West against corporate monoplies and all the than any other spring wheat. They always plundering rings from Credit Mobilier to the pay about ten cents more per bushel, while Wall street speculators, who for years have our grain merchants pay five cents more. It had a very large say in national legislation. makes flour in whiteness equal to winter The New York Times in criticising Mr. In- wheat, but it has the flavor of spring wheat. It is shipped and sold as "Kansas Winter "We have exchanged the rule of the stupid Wheat." It wants to be sown very early in and honest George III. for the rule of the ig- the spring or late in the fall, or at any time norant and dishonest Western repudiator. during mid-winter when there is an open spell We must suffer from his crazy legislation and of weather. I sowed five acres last fall as an bear the shame of his impudent dishonesty. experiment, and it was the only winter wheat Of course Washington could not foresee that I had to cut. My winter wheat was spoiled

Grass wheat will not rust much, and chintz England, New York and New Jersey, but now bugs will not touch it. In the spring of 1876 that we are bond-slaves of the West, there is I sowed "grass" and "White May" wheat. room to question whether after all we owe any The chintz bug commenced in the May wheat great debt of gratitude to the hero of the (it is the earlier of the two) and so destroyed revolution. Let us then cease to perpetuate it that I only got six bushels per acre of the idle mockery of hoisting on Washington's shrunken wheat. They commenced in my birthday the flag of repudiation. The West grass wheat and so did we. We cut four times has avowed the conviction that the principles around the piece and found that the chintz which governed Washington's life were those bug was working in the weeds and had enof a fool and a Shylock. The Eastern states tirely left the wheat; so we quit cutting have discovered that the independence which After they had eaten up the pigeon-grass they Washington gave them has vanished and went directly to the cats-leaving the wheat. that they hold their property and their homes When fully ripe we cut it. It was plump and Waterville, Kansas.

> ANOTHER ANSWER TO THE SAME QUESTION. EDITOR FARMER: In reply to the inquiry of Desplain & Sons in regard to grass wheat, let me say that I think I am the pioneer of Kansas in the grass wheat business, having pros cured a little from northern Illinois seven or

> eight years since. The wheat is not grass wheat but Odesss It originated on the Black Sea in Russia, and was given the name of a city situated on the Black Sea, a little east of the mouth of the river Dnieper, and two hundred years ago the greatest grain market in the world.

> It is emphatically a winter wheat, red rather small, plump berry and very heavy. It is sometimes called grass wheat, probably because it produces more blades near the ground and on the stem than any other wheat. For by grasshoppers—the green blades at the bottom furnishing sufficient food to keep them down from the heads.

While this is a winter wheat it may be sown, expecting good results, from September 1st until March 20th. After this date the wheat may be shrunken, and the yield small, Esstern states, that it furnishes the meat and but this late sown (or spring wheat) is just the breadstuffs necessary for the subsistance of the thing to sew in the following September, and East, as well as the gold and silver of the I would sow the September wheat (or winter

wheat) in February or March. Odessa ripens next atter the May wheat, and sectional bitterness, unworthy the people of before the white wheats. It yields equal to the East. The West did not lack in patriot- any that I have tried. A northern grain ism when the government was in peril nor dealer wrote me that millers could afford to pay more than the market price for it, owing to its excellent milling qualities. It is well adapted to western Kansas. The spring sown has been sold to inexperienced buyers for wint ter wheat. They shipped to Kansas City and St. Louis, where the exportenced inspectors Western farmer. Early last week J. H. Inga lina buyers so they, to cover their ignorance,

By sowing spring wheat in the fall, w L. F. PARBONS.

not destroy stock or the prairie grass.

From Wyandotte County.

March 4th .- Wheat fields green, promising better than ever, and fully one-fourth more sown than last year. Yield for 1877 averaged 15 bushel per acre. Rye looking well, but less sown than last year, on old land. Wheat will yield as much as rye. The porous soil of this county is full, and a good crop of everything is assured with good culture without more rain.

Clover fields are vieing with the grain for the best shade of green; stock of all kinds in good condition; fat hogs, \$2.75@\$3.00; cows. \$20@\$50; horses, \$30@\$100; mules same; hogs 3 cts; wheat, No. 2, \$1.10; rye, .60; nate, 20@ .30; potatoes, 40@60c; eggs. 10@121/2; butter, 18@25. Unimproved lands,\$12@50 per acre; unimproved \$25 to \$100; fruit and vines do as well as in any state. C H. C.

From Saline County.

March 4th .- Five years ago this county was in possession of Texas cattle and their owners and herders. Farmers had no rights that these men and their herds were bound to respect. One of them that counted his cattle by the thousands, said to the writer of this: I like to see the settlers putting in crops, as it makes more feed for my cattle."

The herd law came, and the re-action snatched almost all the cattle out of the coun. ty. The settlers relieved from the fear of depredations from the cattle, turned all their energies towards the production of wheat. The man who had the most acres in wheat was considered the lucky man. A few cool heads remonstrated, but the mass pressed on to wealth by this royal road; bought teams. machinery, corn and all their feed. They could make their corn in the wheat field much cheaper than than to raise it. One or two good crops gave them fresh courage, but the In the south the people are now using one-

them a severe lesson; and the result has been that with few exceptions they have been compelled to mortgage their farms and go on encumbered by this debt with its annual inter-

est hanging about their necks.

Many have learned wisdom, and the result is that they are putting in a variety of grops. Corn and hogs are rapidly increasing. Crops through Washington.

Two weeks ago nearly \$300,000 in gold doluments are now made for the Sub-Treasury Departenormous. Colts and calves are increasing, be worth looking after, not only to supply the cent nickle pieces.

table with luxuries, but as a very convenient Five-cent pieces are circulated considerably article to exchange with the grocer for necative for necative to the city, which were the first ever called changes as harbingers of better times, and if for.

The large number of early orders for small will be of far more benefit to them than "silver bills," or any other legislation upon finani try. WM. PELTER.

From Coffey County.

March 1st.-Things in Coffey county are still moving, it is raining at this time though the weather for the past few days has been variable, yet without rain.

This spring is at least one month in advance of any season for the last seven years, grass is growing finely, fruit buds swelling due to the issue of so many dimes. very much and if the weather keeps warm for few weeks, the peach trees will be in bloom. and we greatly fear that "Jack Frost" will come along and nip them, and no peaches, will be the result this fall.

Some of the wheat and rye is looking very well, and some fields are looking quite poorly, the cause I am not able to tell.

About all the fat hogs are sold, though there will be a great many ready for the spring and summer market; fully as many as there will be corn to fatten. Fat hogs are there will be more hogs sold in this county,

five miles of Burlington, the county seat of Coffey county; this road will be of great bener fit to this county, as it will give us a direct about \$500,000 in small coins, consisting of eastern outlet for all our trade. There is one one, three and five cent-pieces. They went road, the M. K. & T. that runs through this county, it does not benefit us however, as the the authorities of the mint can feel the

year; full the average with former years.

Horses and cattle are looking better than

GRANGE NEWS.

GRANGE NEWS.

We have a grange, co-operative store in Burlington that is paying a good dividend to the stock-holders; also Pomona grange in this county is doing well. The officers of Avondale grange, No. 467, are M. D. C. Spurgeon; O, Mrs. F. J. Short; L. P. Wymer; S. Mrs. Flohowever, has fallen off somewhat within the list. The demand for half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five times more half-dollars is twice as great as for quarters, and five t ra Anthony; A. S. H. T. Short; C, Mrs. Aman: da Reed; T, Abel Jones; Sec'y, Miss. Jennie Anthony, G.K., J. W. Stephens; C., Mrs. Stephens hens; F. Mrs. Jones; P. Mrs. Orpha Brown. L. A. S , Mrs. Mary A. Spurgeon. This grange is doing finely, likewise all the granges in this county; the grange movement is too good a one for the farmers to ever abandon in this our time of need. D. C. SPURGEON.

We are informed by a Cincinnati paper that a prominent firm in that city has just filled an order for an important European market for a large lot of broom-corn, and that it is expected that the inducements which the house can offer in regard to quality of broom-corn kept in stock will lead to turther transactions with foreign markets. This we understand is the first direct movement of broom-corn from the West to a European market, and from all accounts is but a forerunner of more important business in the articles later on.

The English correspondents of the American Manufacturer says: There are now in the United States about 80,000 miles of railroad. Much of this mileage is single track, but, in the long run, no doubt it will be doubled and supplied with as heavy metal as here. To lay the present railroads of quire between 15,000,000 and 18,000,000 tons of steel rails, representing at present prices a capital of \$126,000 000. tons of steel rails, representing at present prices a capital of \$126,000,000. These 18,000,000 tons of rails would require renewal from time to time—for the longest lived rail must give way at last—to say nothing of the new mileage that must be opened out in the natural order of things, so that the American steel trade may be regarded as American steel trade may be regarded as pretty safe; and those who have it in hand appear fully determined to exclude, if possible, the competition of this country.

THE UNITED STATES MINT.

The two-cent pieces were abolished five There are five times as many one-cent pie ces used as threes.

Less than \$10,000 of one-cent pieces were coined last year. No fives or threes (nickle) were coined last year for circulation.

The old fashioned silver dollar has not been made for five years.

The shipping of sliver coins from the mint about a year ago.

Silver is purcussed at the mint to a limited extent. It is paid for in gold.

No silver is coined in subsidary coin for depositors. The government coins for itself

partial failure of the past two crops has taught cent pieces and threes and fives very extens

Five times as many five-cent pieces as ones are sent away, and five times as many ones as

There is no coinage charged on gold. The only charge is for parting, refining and tough.

lars were made for the Sub-Treasury Depart-

ment at New York. and even the cows and hens are thought to There are lying in the depositories and be worth looking after, not only to supply the vaults in Philadelphia nearly \$300,000 in five

coins came from the southeast. Recent or-ders are chiefly from this section of the coun-A large amount of the \$88,000,000 in small coins circulated within the year were manufactured during the same period, and conse-

quently the coins are new.

The government has issued over \$38,000, 000 of small silver coins since the redemption

of fractional currency began, and the market is fairly glutted with them. The demand for one-cent pieces has increased within the last three or four months, and the demand for fives has decreased. This is

In brisk times the mint pays out from \$3,000 to \$5,000 a day for the accommodation of peo-ple making change and for shipment through the country.

No trade dollars have been made this year.

Several millions were coined in 1877. Their coinage was suspended in December. They were only coined to a limited extent for circulation.

Nickie and bronze are kept at par by redeeming them in greenbacks. They are de-posited in the mint in sums of not less than \$20 receipted for, and checks sent to the depositor.

No silver five cent pieces have been made now worth \$3. per cwt. No sale for stock for five years. In fact they have been abol-hops: if we raise a good corn crop this season, isbed, as well as the silver three cent pieces. The nickle threes are still issued, although

then all before put together.

We are quite jubilant over our new railroad, the K. C. K. & S. T. railroad is now within year, in order to keep up the history of the five miles of Burlington, the county seat of coin. About \$2,000 of ones are made annu-

ew one will.

Our county treasurer tells me that about in for redemption. If business is falling off the usual amount of taxes have been paid this the redemption is large. When it is steady, year; full the average with former years. \$5,000 a day.

Horses and cattle are looking better than usual, and all seem to be healthy, and there will be plenty of hay to carry over.

GRANGE NEWS.

GRANGE NEWS.

however, has fallen off somewhat within the the past few days.

Although more trade dollars were coined

from April, 1872, to December, 1877, than were coined of the dollar of the fathers for the eighty-one years preceeding, it does not follow that the trade dollar is popular.

The trade dollar was intended for the China

trade, and nearly all that have been coined have gone to China, Japan and India.

Markets.

New York Money Market. NEW YORK, March 4, 1878.

GOLD—Opened at 101%; and closed at 101%. LOANS—Carrying rates, 5@2 per cent. SILVER—Bars, \$1.20% in greenbacks; \$1.18% in gold; coin, i per cent. discount, BONDS—Governments, stronger. Railroad, firm. State, steady. STOCKS—Generally firm.

Kansas City Produce Market. Kansas City, March 4, 1878. WHEAT-Lower; No.3, \$1.05; No. 4, 96%c; recorn—Firm; and higher; No 2, 31%c; rejected,

8%C. UATS—Nominal. RYE—Very dull; No. 2, 39c. BARLEY—Nominal. Kansas City Live-Stock Market. KANAS CITY, March 4, 1878.

CATTLE—Receipts, 175; shipments, 98; dull and quiet; sales of native shippers at \$30; cows, \$2.50@ 3; mixed butchers, \$2.50@3.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,550; weak; all sales \$3.25@3.30.

New York Produce Market.

RICK—Steady. PORK—Dull; \$10.75@10.85.

BREF-Quiet and duil.
MIDDLES-Western long clear, 5 7-16c.
LARD-Steam, \$7.31%@7.40.
BUTTER-Heavy; western, 7@22c.
CHEESE-T@134c.
WHISKY-\$1.07%.

St. Louis Produce Market. St. Louis, March 4, 1878.

FLOUK—Weak, unsettled and lower, to sell.

WHEAT—Dull, heavy and lower, No. 3, red, \$1.18%
@1.19 cash; \$1.18% March; \$1.08 bid cash No. 4;
spring quiet; \$1.07% bid cash No. 2.

CORN—Lower; 41%@41%c cash; 41%@41%c

farch.
OATS-Firmer; 26%c cash; 25%c bid March.
RYE-Quiet; 55c cash.
WHISKY-Lower; \$1.04.
PORK-Lower; \$10.60@10,65 cash; \$10.32% bid March.
DRY SALT MEATS-Dull; \$8.37%; long clear,

BACON—Dull and lower; 4%c, 5%c and 6c.
LARD—Dull and nominal; \$7.16@7.20.
Receipts—5,700 bbls flour; 25,000 bush. wheat; 52,000 bush. corn; 4,500 bush. rye; 10,000 bush. oats.

St. Louis Live-Stock Market. ST. Louis, March 4, 1878. CATTLE-Moderately active with steady prices; prime to choice shipping steers, \$4.50@5; fair to good, \$4.10@4.30; butchers \$3.20@3.65; cows and heifers, \$3.15@3.65; stockers and feeders, \$2.80@3.75; secipits 1,100.

HOGS-5@10c lower on packing; light shipping in fair demand and 5c lower; light, \$3.40@3.70; packing, \$3.50@3.70; butchers' to fancy, \$3.70@8.85; receipts, 5.300.

Chicago Produce Market. CHICAGO, March 4, 1878

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.
WHEAT—Fair demand and lower; closed heavy;
No. 1, \$1.05; No. 2, glit edged, \$1.08½; regular, \$1.08
bid cash; \$1.08½ March.
CORN—Fair demand and lower; 42½c cash; 42½c

OATS—Dull, weak and lower; \$9.95 cash; \$100 for cash; \$1.12% for cash; \$1.1

Jhicago Live'Stock Market.

Chicago Live'stock Market.

CHICAGO, March 4, 1878

HOGS—Receipts, 17,000; market for all grades badly demoralized; mixed packing, \$3 12@3.65; light, \$3.50 @3.80; heavy shipping, \$3.70@3 90; closed with the pens iull.

CATTLE—Receipts, \$,800; shipping no.minal; \$3.80 @4.40; feeders and stockers active: \$3.50@3 85; butchers' steers, \$3@3.70; cows, \$2@3 50.

Topeka Produce Market.

| Grocers retail price list, corrected weekly by J. A. Lee Country produce quoted at buying prices, | |
|--|----|
| APDI De Porbace quotes at buying prices. | E |
| APPLES—Per bushel | ١ |
| BEANS—Per bu—White Navy 2.25 | ı |
| Medium 2.00 | ı |
| Common 1.50 | ١ |
| Castor 1-9K | ı |
| BUTTER-Per lb-Choice | L |
| Medium 19 | L |
| CHEESE—Per lb 10 to 12% | |
| EGG8—Per doz—Fresh | L |
| hOMINY-Per bbl 5.25te5.50 | ľ |
| VINEGAR—Per gal | П |
| POTATORS—Peribu | L |
| POTATORS—Peribu | ľ |
| POULTRY-Chickens, Live, per doz 2.00@2,25 | L |
| Chickens, Dressed, per lb | ı |
| Turkeys, " " 09 | L |
| Geese, " 10 | L. |
| ONION8—Per ba | Н |
| CABBAGE—Per dozen | |
| SWEET POTATOES-Per bu 1.00. to .1.27 | ı |
| | П |
| Leather Market. | ŀ |
| Corrected weekly by Hartsock & Gossett, Dealers in Hides, Furs, Tallow and Leath r. | |
| DIDES Cross, Full, I allow and Leath. I. | П |
| HIDES—Green | В |
| Dry Flint | |
| Dry Salt | |
| Calf, Green | 1 |
| Kip, Green | 1 |
| Sheep Pelts, green | |

| Dt | maged Hic W in Cake | les are bo | ought at | % off the | price05 |
|---|---|------------|----------|-----------|---|
| 7 | Topeka | Retail | Grain | Market. | |
| Whole by W. E | esale cash | prices by | dealers. | corrected | weekly |
| CORN- | Per bu 1 No. 2 No. 8 No. 4 Per bu Vhite Old. Cellow Per bu | | | | 1.10 1.00 .90 20 22 . 23 |
| BARLE | er bu Y—Per bu. —Per 100 ll No. 2 No. 3 Rye | be | | | . 25@85 8.75 8.25 8.00 |
| CORN CORN CORN CORN CORN CORN CORN CORN | TEAL— THOP— TOP— & OATS—. | | | | . 1.00 65 90 90 |

Topeka Lumber Market. Joist and Scantling..... No. 2. Pencing Common boards, surface. Finishing Lumber

BREF-Sirloin Steak per lb.

"Round ""

Roasts ""

Fore Quarter Dressed, per lb.

"Hind ""

By the carcass ""

MUTTON-Chops per lb.

"Roast ""

1

Mr. Harrop who advertises pear trees for sale, says he has received several letters without the writers giving their names. Post-office addresses are left off in like manner in some letters.

C. A. Stultz, Dentist, has re-opened his office over Funk's hat store, Kansas ave. Topeka, Kansas,

We had tested its virtue personally, and know that for dyspepsia, biliousness and throbbing headache arising therefrom, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We had tried forty other remedies before the Simmons' Liver Regulator, but none of them gave us more than temporary relief, but the Regulator not only relieved, but it cured us.—Telegraph and Messenger, Macon, Ga.

BARE WIRE FENCE LAW SUITS.

A large number of law suits are now being prosecuted in the U. S. courts against parties manufacturing, selling and using barb wire not licensed ander the original or bettom pastents. The prospects now are that the suits will be decided within the next thirty days. That the patents will be sustained and judgment rendered against infringers, there can be but little doubt, as a large number of patents are held by the plaintiffs. Many of the manufacturers are not responsible, and the damages will have to be collected from those who sell or use the wire. The Kelly barb wire, made by the Thorn Wire Hedge Co., of Chicago, is made under the Kelly patents of 1868, and licensed under all patents granted before them, and consequently is free from all law suits. It is painted with a rust-proof paint, which makes it last much longer than that coated with any other preparation.

Happy tidings for nervous sufferers, and those who have been dosed, drugged and quacked. Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness and decay. Book and Journal, with informa-tion worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC Co., Cincinnati O.

May Brothers, Galesburg, Ill., want county agents for their late improved wind mid, the catespest, strongest, and best in use. Retailprice, \$50. Write for terms, cuts, etc.]

CONSUMPTION CURED,

An old physician, retired from practice, hav-ing had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive BHEP—Steady demand; common to choice butch—all throat and lung affections, also a positive ers', \$3@4.25; extra heavy shipping, \$4.50@4.75; and radical cure for pervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suff-ring fellows. Actuated by this mos-tive, and a desire to relieve human suffering. I will send, free of charge to all who desire it this recipe in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using March.

AND TRUE THE FAIR CORN. FAIR CORN. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 126, Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

> 50 Visiting Cards with Your Name finely Printed and 2 Parlor Pictures, (Fruit and Land-scape,) priated in 10 Colors, each the lot sent post-paid for 25 Cents. Postage Stamps taken as Money KURTZ & BROTHER, & E. Cor 5th and Chest nut Sta., Philadelphia, Pa.

> > MONEY: MONEY:

If you wish to borrow money upon Real Estate, and get your money without sending paper East, and at reasonable rates, go to the Kansas Loan and Trust Co. Topeka

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Our readers, in replying to advertisements in the Farmer will do us a favor if they will state in their letters to advertisers that they saw this dvertisement in the Kansas Farmer.

ODERSA OR GRAPS-SEED WHEAT. We have received a car load of this wheat, and are prepared to fill orders promptly. DOWNS & Co.

Toneka, Kans.

Concord Grapes

Also Hartford. Ives and others

Apple Grafts.

A No. 1.. Hedge Plants, No. 1. and No. 2.. 1 and 2 yr. Apple Trees, 2 and 3 yr. Evergreens, all sizes and kinds, small fruits including Currants. Gooseber ries, Raspberries, Blackberries, and Strawberries.

The above at unusually low rates. Will pay pur charers to get our prices before buying. Also usual assortment of Pear, Plum, (Wild Goose and Minor), Cherry, Peach, Ornamental, &c., &c.,

Address CLOSSON BROS.

Prairie Nursery, Prairie City, Ill.

SMALL FRUITS! P. ROE'S New Descriptive Cat alegue of Strawberry Plants, and all other

Small Fruits, is now ready, and will be sent free to all applicants Address, E.,P. ROE, Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, Grange Co., N. Y.

Sweet Potatoes



Delivere on cars bere or at Kansas City at following prices: Southern Queen, \$ 3 25 Yellow Nansement of Sollow Nansement of So

Portable Engines

suitable for running corn burrs, shelling corn, or furnishing power for small Elevator for sale cheap by the FORT SCOTT FOUNDRY, Kaneas.

SET OUT GRAPE VINES.

For 1.50 I will forward by mail prepaid

1 Elvira, retail price \$1.00,
1 Taylor, "30,
1 Go the, "30,
1 Willer, "30,
6 Concord, "60, equal to
\$2,50. One year old Concord Grape Vines at \$18.00 per thousand; two year old at \$30 00 per thousand, deliver at Express office. One year old Concord vines by mail, prepaid \$1 00 per doz. Two year \$1.50 per doz. Pure Concerd Wines; put up expressly for Medical and Sacramental purposes, securely packed and delivered at express office, \$6.00 per doz, quart bottles, Address, J.G. WARNER, Clover Farm Vineyard, Butler, Bates Co., Mo.

PSHAW! as much as you please but we do sell 5-TON Wagon Scales, freight paid by us. for \$50. No money asked till tested. Free price list.

JONES OFBINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

MATRIMONIAL TIMES! A journal de votes to Love Courtship and Marriage. The emartest paper of its kind in this country! If you want a paper that will please send 50cts, for a year's subscription. Sample copy 10cts, WHITE & CO., Pub, East Weymouth, Mass.

EVERY FARMER

Who desires to test the Celebrated Early Brazilian Corn should order at once, Plant May, green corn in July and August. The genuine, \$1.00 per pound, or 50cts % pound. Remit in letter to L. M. FUGET, St.

BOXES BERRY

Baskets and Fruit Packages of all kinds. Vaneers, Cheese Box Hoops, Head Lining, &c. All goods (war-ranted to give satisfaction. Send for reduced price list. IUGHAM, LESLIE & CO., Benton Harbor, Mich.

Well Drilling Machinery

with plain or double Z drills, Jars for drilling with short rod and rope, and all other kinds of drilling. Tools from the most practical patterns at low prices, by the FORT SCOTT FOUNDRY, Kansas.



II, Capi; all unsurice of work handsome finish.
ity of coseAk your dealer for them. State where you saw this advertisment.

What will the Weather be To-morrow!



And Thermometer Combined.—Tertells cerretily any change in the Weather, 12 is 24 heurs in advance. Endorsed by the most eminent Professors and Scientific men as the Best Weither ladicater is the Werld. FARMERS can plan their work according to its predictions. It will save fifty times its cost in a single season. Warranted Perfect and Reliable. We will send it Free to any address on receipt of \$2.00 Beware of worthless imitations. None genuine without our trade mark. Agents Wanted. Send Stamp for Circular.

U. S. MOVELTY CO., 105 Middes Lane, New Terk. Please state where you saw advertisement. BendMoneyOrders or Registered Letters at our risk

Fruit Packages of all Kinds.



Circular.

BEST &

Cheapest.

Walnut Grove Herd,



S. E. WARD, Proprietor. S. E. WARD. Proprietor.

Breeder of Pure bred Shore Horns. 1st Duke of Walnut Grove, 3518 8 H Record. A. H. Book \$26.412 and Mazurka Lad 2nd 5.513, S. H. Record at head of Herd. Young Bulls and Heifers. The get of the above sires for sale cheap. Inspection of my herd and correspondence solicited. Six miles south of Kansas City. Address. S. E. WARD, Proprietor, Westport, Jackson Co., Mo.

JOINT PUBLIC SALE

Short-Horn Cattle

FAIR CROUNDS, ST. JOSEPH, MO.,

Wednesday, April 10th, 1878.

THE Subscribers announce, that they will sell at public sale as nove stated about 45 head of Short-horn cattle. consisting of 20 head, the entire berd of R. M. GARDNER, also, a part of the herd of J. G. COWAN & SON, including

YOUNG MARYS. YOUNG PHYLLISES, BELINAS, ROSE-MARYS CAMBRIAS. POMONAS AND IANTHES Their will be a number of fine young

SHOW HEIFERS

offered, the set of Rosehud's Duke 5766 and London Duke 6th 3919. ROSEBUD'S DUKE 1766, at Rose of Sharon bull, breed by that veteran breeder, Abe Renick will be among the number seld.

Catalogues on application, after March 10.

J. G. COWAN & SON, New Point, Mo. E. M. GARDNER. Graham, Mo.

Privet Hedge Cuttings Fer Sale.

Privet is a beautiful ornamental H-dge Plant. Cuttings for sale by the 200 or 1000. Price at Stone's Narsery Cor 8th and Kansas Avenue, or at my farm 5 miles S. W. of Topeka, 50 cm per physes of 200, per 1000 \$2. Delivered at express office in Topeka, boxed per 200. Total per 1000 \$2.5 Also White or Silver willow cuttings, good for hedge in low wet lands for sale. D. E. WHITE, Box 744. Topeka, Kansas.

STARS, SEED S Pure, Fresh and Reliable.

CROSMAN BRO'S will send their beauti-fully illustrated Catalogue of Flower and Vegetable Seeds to any address on receipt of 3c, stamp. CROSMAN BRO'S, Established 1840.) ROCHESTER, N. Y.

EVERY YEAR YOU LOSE

More than one costs—Ours always right—No pay till tested and suited: no risk, we pay ireight: be your own agent and rave Commission—Five—Ton HAY SCALES, complete (none better) \$50, delivered Send for free Price List all size scales and judge for yourself.

Buyers of Seeds



For 1878, now ready, will be sent free to all our cuatomers. without writing for it, and to all others enclosing stamp for postage. The host seeds are always the cheapest, and we invite the attention of Farmers, Market Gardeners, and others, to our specially fine stock of Home Crown Vegetable Seeds Also of Florists, and others, to our very large collection of the best strains of Flower Seeds, Novelties, &c. Seeds sent by express and mail to all parts of the United States and Canada, and guaranteed to reach purchaser.

16 South Market St., Boston, Mass.

Two curious and rare receipts. You need them Worth big money to you. Send 25cts in a letter and get them. L. M. FUGET, St. Paul, Ind.

P. W. H. H. CUNDIFF, Pleasant Hill. Case Co.
Mo. breeder of thoroughbred Short-Horn Cattle
of fashionable strains. The buil at head of herd
weighs 3000 pounds. Choice buils and heifers for sale
Correspondence Solicited.

25 Cardinal Navy Blue, Seat Brown and Bottle Greet cards, with name in gold, 20c, Hull & Co. Hudson New York.

10 Ever Blooming 500,000 Roses for \$1 Plants and Ever 500,000 Roses for \$1 Plants and Ever 500,000 Roses for \$1 Plants and Everymen and Florisis, Fishkill, N. Y.

Notice of Final Settlement. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator of the caste of O. nah dah acceased, will make Final Settlement of said cetate at the April term of the Proba e Court of Shawnes county. Kaneas, on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1878.

GEO. S. KNEELAND, Adm'r.



My annual Catalogue of Vegetables and Flower Seed for 1878 will be sent FREE, to all wholsapply. Oustomers of last season need not write for it. I offer one of the largest collections of vegetable seeds ever sent out by any seed house in America, a large portion of which were grown on my six seed farms. Printed directions for cultivation on each package. All seeds warranted to be both fresh and true to name; so far, that should it prove otherwise I will refill the order gratis. New Vegetables a specially. As the original introducer of the Hubbard Squash, Pinney's Melion, Marbiehead Cabbages, and Mexican Corn, I off recvers! other new vegetables, this season and invite the patronage of all who are anxions to have helr need divertly from the grower, fresh true, and of the very best strain. JAMES J. H. GREGORY, Marbiehead, Mass.

PILES!

Dr. Brown's Herbal Ointment Suppositories are guaranteed to cure any case of Piles that can be found in the United States. A sample box of these Suppos itories will be sent free by mail to any sufferer on re celpt of twenty cents, to prepay postage and packing. Regular price \$1. Address DR. O. PHELPS BROWN 2. Grand St .. Jersey City, N. Y.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple Vegetable Balm that will remove Tan. Freckles, Pimples and Blotches, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3c. stamp, BEN VANDELF & CO., 20 Ann St., N. Y.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease. Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (tree of charge) with he directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription, will please address. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St. Williamsburgh, N. Y.

* 45,000 ACRES University Lands.

FOR SALE ON LONG TIME,

These lands belong to the University of Kansas, They comprise some of the richest farming lands in the following named countles: Woodson, Anderson, Offey, Lyon. Wabaunsee, and Allen. They have been appraised by authority of the state, and will be sold at \$3 to \$8 per acre, according to quality, and nearness to natical stations. TERMS—Une-tenth down, and can alread estations. TERMS—Une-tenth down, and can alread estations. TERMS—Une-tenth form to the with interest.

For furing the information, apply to V. P. WILSON, Agent University Lands, Enterprise, Kan.

IF YOU Want a FARM or HOME, with independence and plenty in your old age,

"The Best Thing in the West." -IS THE-

Atchison, Toneka & Santa Fe R. R. Landsin Kansas.

11 years credit with 7 per cent interest. 33% PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR CASH Fare over A.T. & S.F. R. R, refunded to purchase

of Land. Circulars giving full information sent FREE. Address, A. S. Johnson, Act'g Land Com'r, Topeka, Ka

Great Bargains in the sale of Davis County, Iowa improved Farms, or

Good Land in Kansas. Apply to STECKEL & OVERTON, Bloomfield.

Land! Land! Land! HOMES FOR THE PEOPLE. 350,000 ACRES

Bourbon. Crawford and Cherokee Co's, KANSAS. ILL OWNED AND OFFERED FOR SALE BY THE Missouri River. Fort Scott and Gulf

Railroad Company On credit, running through ten years, at seven per cent. annual interest.

20 Per ct. DATE OF PURCHASE.

Por further information address.

John A. Clark.

LAND COMMISSIONER.

Fort Scott, Kan.

Kansas display of products at Centennial sur-passed all other States. KANSAS PACIFIC R.W. CO. offers largest body of good lands in KANSAS at lowest prices and best terms. Plenty of Gov't lands FREE for Homesteads. For copy of "HANSAS PACIFIC HOMESTEAD," address. Land Commissioner, K. P. Ric., Salina, Kansas.



les. Lawns., Door Yards. Hedges. Screens and shelter Belts, or Windbreaks, at lower rates, then ever. Evergreens, Larch, and other forest trees. Beddlings, all Nursery grown, at very low rates, in large or small quantities. Send for cat alogue and write to us for very low rates by the car load. Evergreens and Forest Tree Seeds. We call special attention to our amount of the car load. Evergreens and Forest Plantings, of which we have by far the largest stock in America, and they are very five. Address, ROBERT DOUGLAS & BONS, Waukegan, Ill.

DIRECT TO THE PEOPLE,

Giving them the usual commission other makers give to agents. The KANSAS QUEEN is the only organ manufactured for which there are no agents. Do your own business and save \$50. Address with tamp, EBER C. SMITH, Proprietor, Burili gion,

CHEAP BOOKS!

THE WESTERN FARMER AND STOCK-GROWER-By Milton Briggs of Iowa.

This is a neatly bound volume of 250 pages, written by a practical Farmer and Stock Grower. It is one of the best books yet produced for western farmers. The retail price of this book is \$1.50. It will be sent postage paid from this office to any address for \$1.00

WHAT I KNOW ABOUT FARMING-By Horace Greeley.

This is a book of over 308 pages, and although it subjected the writer to many criticisms and has far nished a point in its ticle for many jokes, it is in fact an interest g and useful book. The regular retail price is \$150. It will be sent from this office, postage prepaid, to any address for \$1.00. BECOLLECTIONS OF A BUSY LIFE.— By Horace Greeley.

There has been no more helpful and useful book written for young men than this autobiography of Mr. Greeley. It gives his early strongles and his later successes, and shows through all one of the grandest self-made men of modern times. The book is one of the very best fer parents to place in the hands of their children. It is a volume of over 600 pages, well bound in cloth. The publisher's retail price is \$3,00.

It will be sent, postage paid, from this office to any address for \$3,00.

DIARY OF THE AMERICAN

REVOLUTION. From 1775 to 1781. By Frank Moore, Author of "Wo men of the War," "Rebellion Record," etc. compiled-froms, Journals. Private Records, Correspondence, Etc., of that Period. A beautifully bound vofume of over 1000 pages with fine steel engravings of the principal movers in the revolution, and our great cities as they were in those days. Retail price \$5,00. We will farnish it postage paid for \$4.00.

Address, KANSAS FARMER. Topeka, Kansas

THE FARMER'S **Account Book**

COMPLETE SYSTEM OF BOOK-KEEPING

Farmers, Planters and Gardeners,

BY A. L. CAMPPINED. Every one should keep a strict account of all business transactions, and thereby save themselves and their children after them, much trouble that comes of neglect. This is a pain, practical system of book-keeping, easily understood, and especially adapted to the wants of the Farmer. Full instructions in each book. Can be carried in an ordinary pocket; 180 pages, bound in sheep skin.

Price 76 cents. Send all orders to this paper.

Address, KANSAS FARMER. TOPEKA;

THE PATRONS

Harvest Home Magazine

Only \$1.00 Per Year! Three copies \$3.00. With an Extra Copy for Getting up a Club! Postage prepaid. Containing both snort and continued stories, Geme of Poetry; Agricultural D. partment edited by a Practical farmer, Scientific Articles; Household Department, containing Original and Selected Recipes, of known worth, and Articles treating of mattere of interest to all housekeepers; Grange Articles on leading Topics by persons of standing in the Order; Children's Corner edited by a lady whose great delight is to give pleasure to the little folks: Teachers' Department containing a Course of Stady for Country Schools, leachers Examination Questions from State and vario as County Buards, Communications, Original Poems and Stories by Teachers and others.

The Teachers Department under the able editorship of F. E. Wilson of Cincinnati, is of undoubted interest and to benefit every family where read. The Examination Questions of the State, also of Hamilton and other Countries, which are published each month, furnish a much better drill for minds, young and old, than the most intricate puzzles besides being of practical use. A new serial will be commenced in the January number entitled "Willowglen" a story of arm if e.

Remit, by letter, at sender's risk, unless Registered or P. O. Crister, Make up a club at your Grange Sample number seat on receipt of ten cents. Address W. E. LUNHAM, Publisher, Mt. Washington, Ohlo.



Only 50 cts. per Year, postage paid. American Young Folks

A Beautifully Illustrated Monthly, For Boys and Girls. J. K. HUDSON, - - Topeka, Kansas.

Nellie has a four-year-old sister Mary, who complained to mamma that her "button shoes" were "hurting." "Why, Mattie, you've put them on the wrong feet." Puzz'ed and ready to cry, she made answer, "What'll I do, mamma? They's all the feet I've got!"

Literary and Domestin.

EDITED BY MRS. M. W. HUDSON.

EVERY DAY.

Oh, triflirg tasks, so often done,
Yet ever to be done anew!
Oh, cares which come with every eun,
Mora after morn, the long years through
We shrink before their paltry sway—
The irksome calls of every day.

The restless sense of wasted power,
The tirecome round of little things,
Are hard to bear, as hour by hour,
Its tedious iteration brings,
Who shall evade or who delay,
The small demands of every day.

The bou'der in the torrent's course,
By the dide and tempest lashed in vain,
Obeys the wave-whirled pebble's force,
And yields its substance grain by grain.
So crumble strongest lives away. so crumble etrongest lives away. Beneath the wear of every day.

Some find the lion in his lair,
Some track the tiger for his life,
And wound them ere they are aware,
Or conquer them in desperate strile;
Yet powerless they to scathe or slay
the vexing gnats of every day,

The steady strain that never stops
Is inightier than the flercest shock;
The constant fall of water-drops
Will groove the adamantine rock.
We feel our noblest powers decay
In feeble wars with every day,

We rise to meet a heavy blow— Our souls a sudden bravery fills; But we endure not always so The drop by drop of little ills, We still deplore and still obey. The hard behests of every day.

The heart which boldly faces death
Upon the battlefield, and dares
Cannon and bayonet, faints beneath
The needle-points of frets and cares.
The stoutest spirits they dismay,
The tiny stings of every day.

And even saints of holy fame
Whose souls by faith have overcome
Who were amid the cruel fame
The molten crown of martyrdom,
Bore not without complaint away.
The petty pains of every day.

Ah, more than martyr's aureole,
And more than hero's heart of fire.
We need the humble etrength of soul
Which daily toils and ills require.
Sweet Patience, grant us, if you may,
An added grace for every day.

DARNING AND THINKING.

"What is the matter with my house plants?" write two or three correspondents. Some are described as "drooping and sickly looking," others, as "dropping their leaves, etc., though they were potted in good soil and have been regularly watered."

A prescription from any one who cannot see the plants, would be very much like a quack doctor's, as hable to do harm as good, to the patient, but it seems safe to suggest that some of thick and four inches wide, and through the plants have not sufficient drainage. Some plants and some soils need more than is furnish. ed by the hole in the bottom of the pot, with a stone over it; several pieces of charcoal and some coarse sand would no doubt benefit many of them. One lady speaks especially, of a hanging basket, and we think we have a case just in point before our eyes. It contains a trailing abutilon, and German ivy, the in the center of your box, (eccurely) a piece of latter a tender, succulent plant and the form. er a hardy, woody one. They both grow and are both pretty, but we know they would grow twice as fast if they were separated, and the ivy given twice or three times as much water as the abutilon, and yet we have not the strength of mind to uproot and divide them, as long as they are so pretty together. Our experience has been, that no plant ever gets "sickly" without a very apparent reason, either it grew and blossomed all summer and now needs to be set away in the cellar to rest, or it Place your butter in the box, under roller, and kind.

If house plants freeze, as thousands of them will in the "cold snap" that awaits us in March, put them in a dark room where the temperature is just above freezing, and let You must not slide the roller, and be careful them thaw very gradually. To keep them from freezing, if it is too much trouble to carry them to the cellar, put them in a group,on a table in the middle of a room, set a bucket of water, and a lighted lamp among them, or put a chair each side of the group and spread a sheet over all. But if it is a question for any great length of time, between freezing the plants and depriving the human occupants of the house of pure air and ventilation, freeze the plants without any hesitation and wait until you have out-door air and summer sunshine to grow more in.

Many another woman in Kansas, no doubt darns and thinks, and knows more than we do about house plants, and we would be glad to know what some of them think about keeping house plants in winter, and to hear what they think is the matter with the sickly ones.

Don't set the hens too soon. Only yesterday when the balmy air entired us out to see if tulips and hyacinths were up (we have kept them mulched all winter to prevent them from growing, instead of from freezing this time), an old hen came fluttering and clucking out of the barn, as if to say "I'm going to sit, and you can't stop me." We covered up the fresh mould and went into the house, ashamed that we had been seen scratching in the dirt, knowing as we do the treacherous nature of Kansas weather, and determined for the sake of moral example, not to be caught again looking for green things in March.

But how to maintain discipline with that hen now, is more than we know; she marched straight to that bulb bed and scratched away a handful of straw, picked out an angle worm, and went back to her nest, not even deigning to replace the straw, and when I took a stick and politely nudged her under the wing, meaning only that I wanted her to get up and let me see if she had any eggs to sit on, she bristled up and informed me in not very polite hen language, that I need not were any chicks about to nip the buds. We veniences.

are satisfied, though we did not get to see, that that hen has nothing but one china egg and a corn cob to sit on, but that don't matter, we don't want her to sit, for the first of April is early enough to have little chickens, and we don't want to be outdone by an old hen. Lonesome Ben would not acknowledge that he had a sitting hen the middle of Feb., he might mention it against a time of need, but we knew in an instant that he had one then that he did not know what to do with, and we think that Susan, or some of these Ohio or New England girls might have taken the hintand helped him out of the dilemma. That hen must be nearly ready to come off now, and of course she has a brood of chickens, for nos body can bear to see a hen waste her time sitting on nothing, and sooner or later, when we find she will sit, we always insist upon her having all the eggs she can cover.

What he is going to do with her we can't imagine. .

A BUTTER WORKER.

EDITOR FARMER: In your paper of the 27th inst. I notice a communication from "Heliotrope," in reply to a "young wife's letter," on the "butter question," in which she communicates much valuable information.

I agree with your correspondent that the hand work necessary to get the milk out of butter,is hard and consumes much time, and in an answer to her inquiry about "butter presses" or "butter workers" would say, I have one, and like it well. It enables me to get the milk out of my butter quickly, thoroughly and easily, and that too without breaking the grain of the butter.

For the information of those interested in in butter making, I will attempt to describe my machine, or rather give directions sufficient to enable them to have one made

Take a piece of oak or ash plank, two inches thick, and thirty inches long, and cut it to three inches wide at one end and twenty inch es at the other. Dress the edges so as to make the side boards flare out, at an angle of about thirty degrees; screw on to the edges of three inches at the other, and four inches deep, both ends open and sides standing out at the top; across the bottom of this box, near the ends, fasten pieces of plank two inches them, and about half way through the bottom of the box, put legs, one and one-half inches in diameter and long enough to suit height of the person who proposes to use it. The holes for legs should be bored in such dir rection as to make the legs stand out at the bottom, so as to brace the machine from every direction. Bolt on to the small end, and iron one incu wide and half an inch thick, and long enough to stand up three inches above the bottom; through this iron make two holes half an inch in diameter. The first hole should be one inch, and second two inches above bottom of the box. Make a roller of hard wood, two inches in diameter, and three feet aix inches long; on one end put a strong ferule and insert a gudgeon large enough for holes in upright iron at small end of box, and fit the other end to revolve in hand. roller to turn in your hand.

The legs under small end of box should be four inches shorter than those under large end to enable the milk to run off while working. that you do not work your butter too much. In this sized machine you can work ten H. A. S.

LETTER FROM A NEW ENGLAND GIRL. In answer to Lonesome Ben's request for a recipe for making yeast without any rising, if you will take the trouble to publish it, he can have the benefit of mine, if he wishes it. Here it is : Eight potatoes, two ounces of hops, four quarts of water, one pound of flour, one half pound of sugar, one tablespoonful of salt. Boil the hops one hour, tied in a bag, in the water; when milk-warm, stir in well and smoothly the flour, sugar and salt. Set in a moderately warm place for two days, in an open earthen dish. On the third day boil, peel and mash the potatoes, and add to the hop water. Let it stand twelve hours longer; stir it well, keep it warm and covered with a

cloth, and when well raised, bettle. I do not see why Ben had trouble with Vienna yeast; I have found it very good if used inside of a week after purchasing, and if kept in a cool place. One cake is sufficient molasses. for six loaves. If Lonesome Ben, or any one else, would like any more recipes in my line, which is housekeeping, I'll furnish them with SYLVIA.

A SUGGESTION TO ELLEN R.

MRS. HUDSON: I would like to tell that young wife to set her pans of new milk on the stove to warm, but not scald. Then put the milk where it will sour in about three days. The butter ought to come in twenty or thirty minutes, and will if the cream is of the right P. P. temperature.

Meriden, Kansas. LETTER FROM AN OHIO GIRL.

This is the way my sister makes butter, which is clean, golden and solid, and readily commands a few cents more than the market think I was going to have flowers before there price per pound, yet with only ordinary con-

without doors or back, leaving it uncovered; graceful train. This design is specially adapt and in cold weather in a safe in the sitting ette cloth, of which the ground color must be room. The room is warmed with a wood fire the same as that of the velvet. in an old-fashioned fireplace. In very cold weather, she puts coals in a gallon kettle spite of the folly of fashion. Ladies who weather, she puts coals in a gallon kettle spite of the folly of fashion. Ladies who walk a great deal at this season of the year, (iron), and places it on the lower shelf. If it only incidentally suggested to Susan that is not kept warm enough it will get bitter also an inclination on the part of ladies who if she knew how to keep hens from sitting she before it sours. Stir the cream each time more is added. We use a dash churn (stone) which she places before the fire on churning mornings; when warmed, she pours in boils ing water, lets it get thoroughly warmed, and are almost entirely covered with a very turns the water into her butter bowl, in which is her butter paddle, puts her cream in the churn and moves it a comfortable distance from the fire, and churns. She seldom churns over a baif hour, in winter, though our cows are only etrippers. She takes her butter into the bowl, salts it, and stirs it just enough to mix the salt evenly, then places it in a cool place until evening when she works into rolls. Should her hands be too warm, she dips them in cold water occasionally. She churns three times a week in summer, usually, and twice a week in winter. Sylvia, in the Cincinnati Gazette, says: "When ready to churn have the cream at 65°, and the labor of churning will be mere play;" she also recommends Norris's cream temperer.

My Kansas friends (by the way, I am an Ohio Girl) write me that Ohio stock does not thrive on Kansas feed, but suppose the milk from Kansas cows is not so different from ours but that it may be treated the same way, successfully.

My brother-in-law has been taking the Kansas FARMER for a short time, as an antidote for Kansas fever, which prevails to some extent in our locality. I think, however, it not only excites the fever, but reduces the price of Ohio acres. Do you think it pays to S. WILSON. make ray carpet? Lewis Centre, Ohio.

NOT FROM A LONESOME MAN.

"Lonesome Ben" thinks "It is pleasant to contemplate that while one is about the farm, the wife is industriously employed in making bread, etc., etc." So it is. "And after supe ing a box twenty inches wide at one end and per," he says, "the darning comes in as a natural sequence, and her nervous fingers are ready to mend things generally." So they are. But, I ask, what is he, or rather the husband, doing after supper, to make her enjoy her darning and mending? Oh! he is tired and needs rest. Ah! Is she not tired, too? Beside her household duties, has she not been unusually anxious and over-fatigued with that sick baby? But she must darn and mend if the baby will sleep.

We all know how pleasant it is to be met by the wife with a smiling face, in a neat, becoming dress, with an orderly, tidy house, and a tempting meal awaiting. Does he ever think, on turning homeward, "What shall I do, this evening, to make my wife forget her toils and trials? I am very tired. My patience has been sorely tried, today. Business does not go to please me. But she has enough to bear. I will not add to her burdens. If her dress is less neat than usual I will not no tice it, but I will do all I can to make her home pleasant in my absence. I will be particularly agreeable when at home, and cause my wife and children to wish for the time for me to come. Even if she is so weary as to be eds more food and better conditions of some then roll from right to left, permitting the impatient and a little irritable, I will not Shall I add to her burdens by telling her of my vexations and probable losses? or, by asking impatiently, Is supper ever going to be ready? Is this all you have?"

"We who are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak." Let us do more to make their burdens light, and to make them enjoy their homes and the society of their husbands

RECIPES

Another recipe for cleaning gloves, either ight or dark ; warranted by Ann Appleseed ; 1 quart of benzine; 14 ounce of aqua ammonia; 14 ounce of ether; 14 ounce of chloi roform. Pour a little in a bowl, put the gloves on the hands, take a small, soft cloth and wash them all over gently and quickly. Wipe them with several dry, soft cloths, take off and hang up until the odors have escaped, Black silk may be cleaned by mixing one large spoonful of soft goft goap, one pint of boiling water, half a pint of alcohol, one teaspoonful of molasses, and washing the goods in it. Rub the silk with a piece of black cloth till quite wet on the wrong side, and iron it until quite dry on the same side. If it makes it too stiff, add alcohol. If the reverse, add

Patient rubbing with chloroform will remove paint from black sills or any other man terial:

FASHION NOTES.

Princesse dresses, arranged in costly fabrics are sparingly trimmed. The plain mode is

Raw silk materials like furniture coverings are used for overdresses of new imported cos-The new basque is a long, double-breasted

coat, with revers collar. The bottom of the front is turned back in revers, and the back has five long seams: The India colors and the rough-threaded surfaces now worn in bourettes, will be seen in thin goods, such as grenadines, gauzes,

bareges, and the woolens of light quality that are worn in the spring and through the sum-The marquise polonaise is a new and jaunty

She keeps her milk in a well-ventilated celgarment, giving the effect of a vest and cost
lar, in the summer, in pans, in a cupboard
shape at the back, which terminates in a very ed to plain velvet and the new silk and bour-

Good sense is, after all, carrying the day in insist on short skirts for the street. There is rial in use at present, to wear hoop skirts, both for daytime and evening costumes. The round skirts, as they are called, are trimmed with very narrow flounces around the bottom, long polonaise, slit open rather high on one side, and draped on the other.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

In answering an Advertisement found in these columns, you will confer a favor by stating you saw it in the KANSAS PARMER.



LIVER DISEASE and In-

SIMMONS'

SIMMONS'

LIVER DISEASE and Indigestion prevail to a greater extent than probably any other malady, and relief is always anxiously sought after. If the Liver is Regulated in its action health is almost invariably secured. Indigestionor want of action in the Liver cases Head-ache, Constipation, Jaundice, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, bad taste in the mouth, bilions attacks, palpitation of the heart, depression of spirits or the blues, and a hundred other symptoms, Simmons' Liver Resourced for these allments. It acts mildly, effectually, and being a simple vegetable compound, can do no injury in any quantities that it may be taken. It is harmless in every way; it has been used for forty years, and hundreds from all parts of the country will vonch for its virtues, viz; Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia; Bishop Pierce of Georgia; John Gill Shorter, of Alabama; Gen, John B. Gordon, R. L. Mott. of Columbus, Ga. are among the hundreds to whom we can refer. Extract of a letter from Hon. Alexander H Stephens, dated March 8, 1872; "I occasionally use when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons' Liver Regulator, with good effect. It is mild, and suits me more better than active medicine.

It is not the quantity eaten that gives strength, life, and the control of the country medicine.

It is not the quantity eat-

REGULATOR that gives strength, life, blood, and health. It is the thorough digestion of the food taken let it be much or little. Therefore, do not mulate up the stomache to carve food. but rather sist digestion after eating by taking SIMMON' LIVER REGULATOR.

Original and only Genuine,

Manufactured only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., PHILADELPHIA. PA

Price, \$1,00. Sold by all Druggists

50 PIECES FINE JEWELRY FOR Address P. Hannberg & Co., Osage City, Kas.

AGENTS wanted to sell our Watches, Free. Outfit Free. G. M. HANSON & Co., Chicago, Ill.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth 85 free Address STINSON & Co., Portland Main \$66 week in your own town. Terms and \$5 outfl a

\$52\$77 a Week to Age nts. \$10 Outfit Free P. O. VICKER Y, Augusta, Maine.

\$2500 a year, Agents wanted everywhere, Bus-iness strictly legitimate, Particulars free Address J. Woeth & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

\$1200 Salary, Salasmen wanted to sellour Staple Goods to dealers. No peddiscipling Expenses paid. Permanent employment. address S. A. GRANT & CG. 2, 4, 6 & 8 Home St., Cincinnat, G. \$3300 A YEAR. How do Make it. Something New for Agents, Address-COE & YONGE, St. Louis, Mo.

5 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—a stem-winder, Free with every order, Out-fit free, J. B. Gaylord & Co., Chicago, Ill.

50 NICE CARDS, Plaid.Repp.Silk,Block, &c., with name 18c. F. W. AUSTIN & CO., North Haven,Ct.

SHEEP | Centennial Medal awarded. Sizes suitable for marking Cattle, Sheep and Swinc. Samples iree. Agents wanted. Address C. H. DANA, West Lebanon, N. H.

PATENTS

For Inventors, How to obtain them. Send for circular. HENRY J. ENNIS, Box 442, Washington, D. C. LARGE MIXED CARDS with name, 13c. 40 in case 13c. 20 styles Acquaintance Cards 10c. Ag'ts outfit 10c. DOWD & CO., Bristol, Conn.



YOUR NAME printed on 50 Mixed Cards for 13c. 25 Fun Cards 10c. Clinton Bros., Clintonville, Conn.

Fashionable Cards, no 2 alike, with name 10c. post-paid. Geo. I. REED & Co., Nassau. N. Y. MAMMOTH OUTFIT TO EVERYBODY.
Stem-winder watch free with first or
der. Ten Dollars a day gearanteed.
M. CRONEGHI & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., or Milwaukee, Wis-

GOLD Any worker can make \$12 a day at home. Costly Outfit free, Address TRUE & Co, Augusta Maine 33GOLD PLATED WATCHES, Chespest in the known world. Sample Watch Free to Agents. Address, A. Coulter & Co., Chicago.

25 Extra Mixed Cards, Snowfiske, Oriental, &c. with name, 10 cts, J. B. Husted, Nassus, N. Y

NASBY. A novel by this celebrated Humorist, and eight other harming stories, all for 25 cents. Would cost \$5.00 n book form. Address, BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

GOOD WELL can be made in one day without ager Book, U. S. AUGER CO. St. Louis, Mo.



LOOK 50 Fancy Mixed Visiting Cards, with your name in GHs Letters, for 25 cents. Add e \$ 8 GEO. I. SMITH, Ferdinand, R. I. Co., Ills.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., Cleveland. O.

Map of Kansas.

We have an excellent Sectional Pocket Map of Kansas, which will be sent postage paid to any address, or 50 cents. Address, KANSAS FARMER, Topeka.

NURSERY CROWN

ORNAMENTAL and FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS.

The largest stock in the United States of small sizes or Scotch, Austrian and Mountain Pine American White Ash,

European Larch, Norway Spruce, Hardy Defensive Hedge Plants, etc, suitable for Line Fences, Nursery Row, Forest Planta-tions, Wind Breaks, Screens and Shelter Belts for the pro-tection of buildings, orchards, live-stock, hot beds and

tection of buildings, orelates, at growing crops.

Send for 40 page Illustrated Catalogue, containing valuable information for tree planters, orchard growers, nurserymen, real estate owners and farmers.

H. M. THOMPSON & SON, Address

St. Francis, Milwaukee Co., Wis.

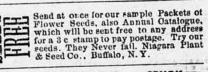
CHEAP AND GOOD READING.

I will furnish the Kansas Farmer (Weekly), and American Agriculturist (Monthly), for \$2.25 for 1878, or I will faraish the American Agriculturist alone for \$1.10. Also the Young Folks (Monthly) with Youths, Companion (Weekly) for \$2.25. Sent to any P.O. in U. S. Now is the time to subscribe. Address, W. H. JOHNSON, P.O. Box 765, Topeka, Kansas. Send money by registered letter, or post-office order, and not by check.

from Pulmonary Diseases, (Consumption) Dyspepsia, general Debility, Hypochondriasis, and Disease the Urinery System, (Diabetes mellitus, Bright's disease) ought not to fail to apply for a circular to Dr, Koraitzer, North Topeka, Kansas.



Also Chronic and Surgical diseases, ropeka Medical &c. a specialty, at the ropeka Medical & Surgical Institute, and Eye And Ear Infirmary. For further aformation or consultation, call on or address Dus. Einson & Mulvane, Physicians and Surgeons in Charge, Topeka, Kansas.





PRICE & KNICKERBOCKER 80 State St., Albany, N. Y. Apple Trees.

Grape Vines, Hedge Plants, and a general line of Nursery stock for sale at wholesale and retail. Stock, first class. Price list free, correspondence solicited. Address KELSEY & CO., Vineland Nursery, St. Joseph. Mo,

MOMEA To Loan on Mortgage

from 1 to 5 years, at fair rates. Send for application blanks and terms. Some good cheap farms for sale. Bonds Wanted Interest vaid on time deposits. Address, JOHN D. KNOX & CO., Bankers, Topcka, Kansas.

=



BEES FOR SALE. Terms reasonable, MRS. E. D. VANWINKLE, Pleasant Ridge, Kansas

WANTED Men in each State for the Detective Service and to report crime. Pay liberal. Inclose stamp, and address American and European Secret Service Co., Cincinnati, Chio.

They all do it! Samples Free. Send 3ct. stamp SMITH & CO., 122 East 13th Street, N. Y.

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION Price only \$1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It Vitality, Premature Decline,

treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miscries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skilkil practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jew-clied medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent PREE to all. Send for it at once. Address PEABODY MEDICAL THYSELF INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.



MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Original Grange Supply House, 27 & 23 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, IIL

HOW TO POST A STRAY.

BY AN ACT of the Legislature, approved Feb. 27, 1866, section 1, when the appraised value of a stray or strays exceeds ten dollars, the County Clerk is required, within ten days after feceiving a certified description and appraisement, in "forward by mail, notice containing a complete description of said strays, the day at which they were taken up, their appraised value, and the name and residence of the taker up, to The Kansas Farmer, together with the sum of fifty cents fer each animal contained in said notice."

How to post a Stray, the fees, fines and penalties for not posting.

Broken animals can be taken up at any time in the year.
Unbroken animals can only be taken up between the lat
day of November and the first day of April, except when
found in the lawful inclosure of the taker up.
No persons, except citizens and householders can take
upa stray.
If an animal liable to be taken, shall come upon the
premises of any person, and he falls for ten days, after bening notified in writing of the fact, any other citizen and
householder may take up the same.

Any nerson taking no an extray must immediately ad

householder may take up the same.

Any person taking up an estray, must immediately advertise the same by posting three written notices in asmany places in the township, giving a correct description of such stray is not proven up at the expiration of the days the taker up shall go before any Justice of the Peace of the township, and file an alidavit, stating that such stray was taken up on his premises, that he did not drive nor cause it to be driven there, that he has advertised it for ten days, that the marks and brands have not been altered, also be shall give a full description of the same, and its cash value. He shall also give a bond to the State n double the value of such stray.

The Justice of the Peace shall within twenty days from

n double the value of such stray.

The Justice of the Peace shall within twenty days from the time such stray was taken up, (ten days after posting) make out a return to the County Cierk, a certified copy of the description and value of such stray.

If such stray shall be valued at more than ten dollars it shall be advertised in the Kansas Farmer in three successive numbers.

If such stray shall be valued at more than ten dollars it shall be advertised in the Kansas Farrer in three successive numbers.

The owner of any stray may within twelve months from the time of taking up prove the same by evidence before any Justice of the Peace of the county, having first notified the taker up of the time when, and the Justice before whom proof will be offered. The stray shall be delivered to the owner, on the order of the Justice, and upon the payment of all charges and costs.

If the owner of a stray fails to prove ownership within twelve months after the time of taking, a complete title shall vest in the taker up.

At the end of a year after a stray is taken up, the Justice of the Peace shall issue a summons to the householder to appear and appraise such stray, summons to be served by the taker up; said appraisers, or two of them shall in all respects describe and truly value said stray, and make a sworn return of the same to the Justice.

They shall rise determine cost of keeping and the b enefits the taker up may have had, and report the same on their appraisement.

In all cases where the title vests in the taker up, he shall pay into the County Treasury, after deducting all costs of taking up, posting and taking care of, one half of the remainder of the value of such stray.

Any person who shall sell or dispose of a stray, or take the same ont of the state before the title shall have vested in him shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall forfeit double the value of such stray and be subject to a fine of twenty dollars.

Foes as follows:

To County Clerk, for recording each certificate and forwarding to Kansas Farrer.

To taker up, for each sinds of cattle.

To the cattle of the Peace, for each affidavit of taker up, 25 mentioned for each animal valued at more than 25 mentioned for the Peace, for each affidavit of take

Justice of the Peace, for each affidavit of taker up.

Justice of the Peace, for making out certificate of appraisement and all his services in connection therewith.

THE STRAY LIST. Strays For Week Ending March 6, 1878.

Anderson County-J. W. Goltra, Clerk. HEIFER—Taken up by Emanuel Huffard, Washington Tp, Jan. 11, 1788, one red and white muley heifer, supposed to be one year old past.

STEER—Taken up by Truman Lake, Reeder Tp, Jan. 15 1873, one 2 yr-old steer, yellow roan, line back, white under belly, no marks nor brands perceivable. Valued at \$25.

Bourbon County .- J. H. Brown, Clerk. Bourbon County.—J. H. Brown, Clerk.

COW—Taken up by Issac Jones of Scott Tp. one large, white cow. no marks nor brands visible. Valued at \$25.

COW—Taken up by Joseph Oaklay, Scett Tp. one pale red cow, some white on head and belly, supnosed to be 6 yrs old, no marks nor brands. Valued at \$20.

STEER—Taken up by Joseph Low, Franklin Tp. one red and white spotted, yearling steer, rather small size, no marks nor brands visible. Valued at \$12.

STEER—Taken up by Issac Uptike Scott Tp. one roan steer, supposed to be 18 months old, branded H on right hip, no other marks nor brands visible. Valued at \$12.

STEER—Taken up by Patrick Devereaux, Freedom Tp. one red. vearling steer, line back, hole in each car, Valued at \$14.

one red. yearling steer, line back, hole in charles ued at \$14.

STEER—Taken up by J. H. McQuirk, Freedom Tp, one STEER—Taken up by J. H. McQuirk, Freedom Tp, one yearling steer, branded H on righthind quarter, color red and and white spotted, hind partmostly white. Valued at \$12.

STEER—Taken up by A. C. McCuilom, Marion Tp, one 3 yr-old steer, small size, pale red, white about face and head, branded J D or J O, horns diverging. Valued at \$20.

Chautauqua County-E. B. HIBBARD, Clerk. COW-Taken up by H. D. Bowhan, Dec 10, 1877, one yellow cow 8 yrs old, smooth crop off each ear. Valued at Also, one paic red heifer calf, crop off right and half crop off left ear. Valued at \$4.
Also, one red steer calf. Valued at \$4.
Also, two red, yearling steers, crop off right ear and half crop off left ear. Valued at \$8.
Also, one red and white, 2-year-old steer, same mark.

Also, one red and white, 2-yearo-id steer, same mana, valued at \$0.
Also, one red, two-year-old heifer, white spot in fore-head, same mark. Valued at \$8.

Davis County-P. V. Trovinger, Clerk. FILLY-Taken up by Michael McNamee, Lyon Tp. Jan 20, 1878, one bright bay filly about 3 ye

Ellis County-Chas. E. Creasy, Clerk. PONY-Taken up by Levi Rauch. Big Creek Tp, one bay mare puny supposed to be 2 yrs old last spring. Valued at \$20. Franklin County-Geo. E. Stinebaugh, Clerk.

COLT—Takeu up by Mariah White, Lane, Pottawatoinie Tp., Jan., 23, 1818, one black horse colt, supposed to be 3 yrs old, Scar in forchead, heavy built, about 13 hands high Valued at \$15. Jackson County-J G. Porterfield, Clerk.

2 - FILLY—Taken up by Roger Omera, Netawaka, Tp. December, 28, 1877, one bay filly with some white on hind legs, no marks nor brands perceivable, two years old. Valued at \$25.

LaBette County-L. C. Howard, Clerk. HORSE -Taken up by Ira Jennings, Md. Valley Tp, Feb. 12, 1878, one bay gelding horse about 15% h ands high 9 or 10 yrs old, scar on left side of neck, saddle marks on back, no marks nor brands perceivable. Valued at \$40. Linn County-J. W. Flora, Clerk.

CCLT—Taken up by H. Carrenter, Valley Tp, Jan, 18 78, one bay horse colt 1 yr old, star in forehead. Valued 1878, one bay horse coilly rold, star in forenead. Valued at \$20.

FILLY—Taken up by John J. Lopeman, Lincoln Tp. Jan. 12, 1878, one bay filly, scar on nose, about is hands high, 2 yrs old. Valued at \$30.

HEIFER—Taken up by Columbus Storms, Lincoln Tp. Dec. 18, 1877, one pale red and white helfer, underbit on right ear, point of left ear appears to have been frozen, 2 yrs old in spring, Valued at \$15.

STEER—Taken up by Wade Hampton, Liberty Tp. Nov 29, 1877, one red steer with some white spots on body, face and under belly white, slit in right ear, one yr old. Valued at \$15.

MARE—Taken up by S. H. Atkinson, Clark Creek Tp., Jan. 21, 1578, one bay mare 2 yrs old, few white hairs in forehead, little white on left hind foot. Valued at \$25. Also, one black spring horse colt, star in forehead, hind feet and right fore foot white. Valued at \$20. Also, one bay, spring horse colt, ball face, left hind foot white. Valued at \$20. Morris County-A. Moser Jr., Clerk.

Ottawa County-D. D. Hong, Clerk. GELDING-Taken up by G. R. Ingersoll, Ottawa Tp. Jan. 29, 1878, one gray gelding about 15 hands high, supposed to be 5 yrs old. Valued at \$40.

Summer County-Stacy B. Douglass, Clerk. OXEN-Taken up by W. B. Smith, Falls Tp, Feb. 25, 1878, one yoke of exen, 4 or 5 yrs old, white face and tall, one brindle the other roan, brand on right hip not plain. Valued at \$25 each.

Wabaunsee County-G W. Watson, Clerk. FILLY—Taken up by Peter A. Greer, Wilmington Tp. one dark bay or brown filty, medium size, about 8 yrs old small white spot in forehead, black mane and tall, left hind foot white. Valued at \$25.

Also, one light bay, yearling horse colt, small size, both hind cet and left fore foot white, black mane and tall. Val Much at \$18.

Also, one bay, yearling horse colt, star in forehead, black mane and tall, left hind foot white. Valued at \$20.

Woodson County-J. N. Holloway, Clerk. STEER—Taken up by S. P. Harness, Noosho Falls Tp. Dec. 30, 1837, one yearling steer, red with white on top of hirs and on back, no other marks nor brands perceivable. IIEIFER—Taken up by John Hoffernon, Neosho Falls Tp. Jan. 5, 1878, one two-yr-old helfer, red with white spots on legs, white belly, line back, medium size, horns crooked forward, no other marks nor brands. Valued at \$12.

Reliable Investment,

FOR OLD AND YOUNG FOLKS. For fifty cents I will remit to your address, 13 packages of Vegetable Garden seeds your own choice, also my Rural Register; 26 packages for \$1.00. All samples tested, raised and put up by the Society of Shakers, at Mount Lebanon, N. Y. Address, ROBERT VALENTINE, Mount Lebanon, Columbia Co. N. Y.

Forest and Stream ROD AND CUN.

THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN'S JOURNAL.

A WEEKLY PAPER DEVOTED TO Field Sports, Practical Natural History, Fish Cul-ture, Protection of Game, Preservation of Forests, Yachting and Boating, Rifle. Practice, and all

Out-Door Recerations and Study. This is the only journal in the country that fully supplies the wants and neccessities of the

CENTLEMAN SPORTSMAN.

Terms. \$4 a year. Send for a specimen copy. FOREST & STREAM Publishing Co., 111 Fulton St., New York.

Notice of Final Settlement. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Theron Tucker deceased will make final settlement of said estate at the April term of the Probate Court of Shawnee County Kansas, on the 8th day of April A. D. 1878.

J. WILLETS.

DR. ROOT'S Hand Book of Finance.

This work which contains 236 pages, was published to sell at 75 cents. It is a radical view of the Greenback side of the money question. Sent postage paid to any address for 10 cents. Address KANSAS FARMER, Topeka, Kansas.

BURKHARDT & OSWALD. Manufacturers of

HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, BURKHARD & OSWALD, Topeka, Kansas Avenue, East Side,

BRIDGES, HALTERS, WHIPS, etc. This estab-lishment is one of the oldest in the State. Good work for reasonable prices. Prices sent by mail to persons living at a distance.

SCOTT'S PATENT NON-POISONOUS Sheep Scab and Vermin Destroyer. It destroys Ticks and Vermin, cures Scab, water proofs the Fleece by preserving and adding to the natural yolk], improves and greatly increases the growth of Wool, and costs a little over 2 cents per Sheep.

Sheep.
The compound is warranted to contain no acids or mineral poisons, as arsenic, mercury, &c. Sold by SCOTT & SKENE, Sole Proprietors, Westmoreland, Kansas. Liberal discount to Agents.

Money for Farmers.

You can always obtain the full worth in CASH for your Hides, Eurs, Wool, Pelts and Tallow at the TOPEKA LEATHER STORE,

135 KANSAS AVENUE.

We can also supply the best of Harness, Leather, Sole and Upper Leather, in any quantity, together with all kinds of Shoe Findings at the lowest market

HARTSOCK & GOSSETT.

Nursery 11/2 miles north of Ottawa, trees from 5 to 8 feet high. Bring your tools and dig your trees, Ad dress HENRY RODGERS, Ottawa, Kansas.

FAMILIAR SCIENCE. Fancier's Journal.

An Illustrated monthly devoted to the interests of the Naturalist and Fancier, treating upon Poultry, Pignone, Pets. The Window Garden Aviary and Aquarium. It is a valuable Household Magazine. Price 150 per annum, Sample copy 15c. JNO. M. WADE, Ed. & Prop'r. Springfield, Mass.

Wilters. It publishes the most thrilling Romance. It gives you the purest and most charming love stories. It is welcomed everywhere, for its fame is as wide as the continent.

The Best Family Paper!

For Sale 20 Acres of fine bottom land within 1/2 mile of Topeka,

The undersigned offers for sale 20 Acres of the best Kansas river bottom land, surrounded by good hedge fence, and in flue state of cultivation. This land is within & mile of Topeka, finely located for market gardening. The land will be sold at a reasonable price for cash, or half cash and half in one and two years. Address, JAMES BREWER, Topeka, Kansas, mile land must be sold before March 1st, 1878. rears. Address, JAMES BREWER, Topeka, Ka This land must be sold before March 1st, 1878.

REGALIA

MILITARY

Equipments and Uniforms, Band Uniforms, Buttons and trimmings, and price list free. Address M. C. LILLEY & CO., Columbus, Ohio

Notice to Creditors.

The undersigned having sold out, hereby give notice that we will be at our old place of business for 30 days, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to us, are requested to call and settle without delay, as we intend to leave the state, and wish to avoid making costs. With many thanks to our friends and Patrons,

Very Truly,

Feb. 6. W. W. CAMPBELL & BRO.

Dexter King Buggy.

without a doubt is the easiest riding buggy ever made and so also is a recently improved Platform Spring Wagon,

ris, five springs in front and three springs behind, neat and stylish, call and see them or send for price ist. Manufactured and sold at bottom prices be PERINE & ARMSTRONG, Topeka, Kansas.

Trees Trees LARGE ASSORTMENT,

Fruit & Ornamental,

Vines, Plants, &c.

DEALERS and PLANTERS will Save Money by corresponding with us. Twenty-one years' experience. Address

L. G. BRAGG & CO.,
KALAMAZOO, MICH.

137 Union Nurseries, Established 1877.

\$200,000

For ONE DOLLAR we will send as below, all Warranted Gold Plated; I fair Gold Stone Sleeve Buttone; 1 pair Engraved Sleve Buttone; 1 pair Engraved Sleve Buttone; 1 set Amethyst Sluds; 1 Wedding King; 1 Engraved Beam Finner Ring; 1 Meethyst Stone Ring; 1 i Elegant Ring, marked "Friendship." 1 Handsome Scar Pin 1 splendid Silver Hat Pin; 1 set Ladies' Jet and Gold Pin and Drope; 1 Misses' set, Jet and Gold 1 Ladies' Jet Set, Ornsmented; 1 set Handsome Rosebud Ear Drops; 1 Gent's Elegant Lake George Diamond Stud; 1 Cardinal Red Bead Necklace; 1 Pair Ladies' Pearl Ear Drops. 1 Ladies' Ornsmented Jet Brooch; 1 Fancy Scar Ring and Elegant Watch Chain Take your choice, the entire lot of 20 pieces sent postpoid for \$1 or any 8 pieces you choose for 10 cents. Club Premium—Any one Sending us a club of twelve at one dollar we will send a Coin Silver Watch Free.

F. STOCKMAN, 27 Bond St., New York, . F. STOCKMAN, 27 Bond St., New York



WORK FOR ALI

In their own localities, canyasing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. Largest Paper in the World; with Mammoth Chromos Free Big Commissions of Agents. Terms and On at Free, Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta. Maine

MAN WANTED.

-TO TAKE-

Having too much other business on hand connected with my farm (of 240 acres) I desire to get a man to take charge of my Nursery, now covering about 8 acres, and containing a general assortment of nursery stock. The nursery has a good reputation, and beautiful and convinient location, less than one mile from Fredonia, the county seat of Wilson.

Will give an experienced man of good reputation a splendid chance, either as a partner, or to take charge or the nursery and dispose of the stock on shares. Will furnish everything needed for carrying on the business, and will add all the nursery stock that can be profitably handled now, and in the future.

A single man preferred, or one with a small family. Correspondence solicited. For further information, address, A, S. HOLMBERG, Mound Nursery, Fredonia, Kansas.

IF YOU WANT CO-OPERATIVE NEWS, IF YOU WANT AGRICULTURAL NEWS, IF YOU WANT MECHANICAL NEWS, IF YOU WANT a PAPER for the FAMILY, Something for the Boys and Girls, with a Pleasing Story of practical every-day life, entitled "How they Talk," Subscribe for the Co-Operative Journal, an Eight Page Monthly, on Book Paper, only 50 cts. a year, with Liberal Premiums to Agents. Address, CO-OPERATIVE JOURNAL, Indianapolis, Ind.

Proved by Age!

Proved by Age!

Proved by Age!

Saturday Evening Post!

Founded in 1824, the Saturday Evening Post has fo more than half a century been a welcome visitor in thousand of Families. Purest in Tone and Sentiment! Brightest and most entertaining! Ablest and most Versatile! It employs a large corps of the best writers. It publishes the most thrilling Romance

The Best Family Paper !

The Best Family Paper Every number of the

Saturday Evening

contains one or more Intensely Interesting Serial Sto ries, a number of bright and sparkling short stories and Sketches; Historical and Biographical Articles; Scientific, Agricultural and Household Department Fashion Article weekly, fresh and unexcelled, Huand Lodge Supplies for Masonic Bodies, I.O. O. F.
Knights of Pythias and all other secret societies, man
ufactured in great variety and at lowest prices. Banners and Flags of all kinds. We have thirty differenprinted price lists, describing society goods. Also

A Paper for all Homes!

A Paper for all Homes!

A Paper for all Homes

TERMS.

Postage free to any part of the United States and Durable and

The Post will be mailed to any address for one year for \$2.00, For six months, \$1 00.

CLUB RATES.

2 copies...... \$3.50 15.00 15.00

Additions to clubs can be made at any time and at same rates. The Saturday Evening Post is the Best and cheapest Family Paper published, Send for a sample copy

Address all orders and make all drafts payable to SATURDAY EVENING POST, 726 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.



CHAMPION

HOG RINGER RINGS AND HOLDER Only double ring ever invented. The only Ring that will effectually keep HOGN from rooting. No sharp points in the nose.



BROWN'S

HOG AND PIG RINGER AND RINGS
Only Single Ring in the market that closes on the outside of the nose. No sharp points in the nose to keep it sore
CHAMBERS, BERING & QUINLAN.
Exclusive Manufacturers. Decator, lift.

CIFT WORTHY OF A KIND HREE THOUSAND DOLLARS CASH PREMIUMS very one without distinction.

ATART IN LIFE is here offered to the most faithful worker. There will be no questioning, no attempt at evasion. The sender of the argest club, though it may consist of no more than ten subscribers, will bean the Position, and shall be immediately placed on the above-named alary, and duly commissioned in our service as a Reporter and alary, and duly commissioned in our service as a Reporter and Solary and duly commissioned in our service as a Reporter and Betective. Our premiums for clib rates are no less magnatimous—fifts ranging from Five Hundred Bollars tash, down to Ten Bollars, are within the grasp of all. And Every Stagle Subscriber will receive a complete set of beautiful "Revenue Bollars tash, down to Ten Bollars, are within the grasp of all. And Every Stagle Subscriber will receive a complete set of beautiful "Revenue Bollars tash, down to Ten Bollars, are within the grasp of all. And Every Stagle Subscriber will receive a complete set of beautiful "Revenue Bollars, Creamers, Sugar-Bowis, Npoor-holders, etc. Each article is made from entirely new designs, consisting of Motoce, Flowers, Vises, Ferns, Leaves, Fish, Birds, etc.

The Gazetleer is an Illustrated Paper of 8 pages, forty-eight columns of choice reading matter, published by the Amsuncan And European Secret Service Co. The largest, most competent, and only Incorpean and women to look after crime and criminals than the combined Agencies of Europe and America.

We are determined to make the Gazetteer a household necessity, both as regards its tone and the valuable information it imparts. It is for each home a Silent Betective, guarding the interest of society, by exposing alike the swindler, impostor, and criminals of all grides. Among its indorsers, are Judges, Autorneys, Mayors, Sheriffs, and the better class of business men. Healthful in tone and vigorous in action, the Gazetteer will be found unflinching in its prosecution of law-breakers, and soon will be the terror of all evil-doers, as it is now the flavorite of thousands of law-abiding citizens. Specimen Copies, Club blanks, Circulars, etc., sent to any address for tea cests.

Address.

Publishers American Chieff Calendars, etc., sent to any address for tea cests. A CIFT FOR EVERY SUBSCRIBER.

K. C. Agricultural Implement Co.,

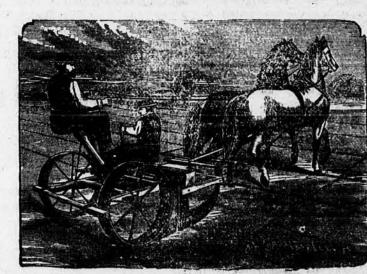
Kansas City, Mo. Dealers in Farm Machinery

Mill Machinery and Engines

The only 2 Lever Plow madewhere both levers are operated on one

This Plow took first Premium comp't'rs atthegreat Fair at St. Louis,1876

THE DAVENPORT SULKY PLOW IT GIVES ENTIRE SATISFACTION.



THE QUINCY CORN PLANTER, Which we claim to be the best CORN PLANTER in the market.

Light All Iron



The Father all Sulky Plows.

THE SKINNER SULKY PLOW

We also have a full line of Fish Bros. Wagons, Platf rm and three spring wagons, Sidebar and end Spring Buggles. Northwest Walking Cultivators. Davenpo t Walking Cultivators. Eureka Combined Riding and Walking Cultivators. Princeton Stak Cutters, McSherry Grain Drills. Sucker State Corn Drills.

FARMER!

Ask your merchants for these Implements and do not buy until you see them. They will please you'beyond any doubt, It your merchant has not got them write to us. Remember all of jour goods are warranted. We make a specialty of Engines and Mill Machinery. Correspondence Solicited.

K. C. Agricultural implement Co.,

Kansas City, Missouri,

& Eally Wires

Rutt

"What are you after, my dear?" said a grandmother to a little boy who was sliding along a room
and casting furitive glances at a gentleman who was
paying a visit. "I'am trying, grandma, to steal
papa's hat out of the room without letting the gentle man know it; he wants him to think he's out.

The New York Dispatch thinks that when a man goes into an undertaker's studio, asks for a "three legged postage stamp," puts it on a postal card, shoyes the letter down a sewer, and then sits down on the curbstone and tells the hydrant to wake him up when his house comes along, it would not be perjury to swear that the last store he was in was

The other evening a sprightly little girl about seven years old entered a store on Woodward Avenue, and after considerable hesitation she whispersingly inquired of a clerk, "Do you keep nursing bottles here?" "We do," he answered, and exhibited two or three different styles, he asked which she preferred. As she was looking them over he remarked: "It's for your little brother I suppose?" "Yes,sir,it is," she stifly answered, "You didn't think it was for my son did you?" it was for my son did you?"

"The Japanese have no cuss words in their lan-guage," After seventeen futile attempts to get the joints of a stove pipe to fit the indignant Jap goes out and bumps his head against a post, kicks a hair-less dog twenty-seven times around the yard and then—feels better.

"Pay the bill?" said a gentleman who is known to collectors as the prince of procrastinators, "I should be happy to do so; but this damp weather has caused my money drawer to swell, and I cannot get at my funds. Come around the first dry day.

We had pork steak for dinner the other day when an old friend, whom the little folks had never seen, dropped in. Of this our little six-year-old is very fond, and as we helped our friend the little fellow spoke up: "Its very hard to sit here and see the largest piece of lean go into a stranger's plate,"

He was so drunk he could not walk, could scarcely move, and only partially articulate. A friend of his came up and upbraided him. "If I were in your place," said his friend, "I'd go out in the wooks and hang myself." "If (hic) you were in my place, how (hic) the deuce (hic) would you get to (hic) the woods?" was the squelching reply.

A MULE'S WONDERFUL TRICKERY .- "Speaking A MULE'S WONDERFUL TRICKERY.—"Speaking of mules," remarked a six-footer, in Arkansas, as he cracked his whip in market, I've got a mule at home which knows as much as I do, and I want to hear somebody say I'm half a fool." No one said so and he went on. "I've stood around here and heard men talk about kicking mules till I've got disgusted. When you come down to kicking I want to bet on my mule. A friend came along and took dinner with me the other day, and as he seemed a little down hearted, I took him out to see Thomas Jefferson, my champion mule. I was telling the good son, my champion mule. I was telling the good man how that mule would throw his feet around, and he said he would like to see a little fun. He'd passed his whote life in the south, but he had never seen a his said he would like to see a little lun. He d passed his whole life in the south, but he had never seen a mule lay his whole soul into a big time at kicking. Well," he said after borrowing some tobocco, "I took Thomas out of the stable backed him up agin a hill, gin him a cuff on the ear, and we stood to see the anausement. It was a good place to kick his durndest, and what d'yes pose he did? In ten minutes by the watch he was out of sight. In five more we couldn't find him with a twelve foot pole and—and—" The crowd began to yell and snee, and the narrator looking around asked: "Does anybodythink I'm lying? Would I lie for one mule? Right here under my arm is a pound of tallow candles which are to light the hole for to go in after Thomas and I got word not an hour ago that the hind feet of a mule were sticking of a hill thirty-nine miles as the bird flies from where my mule went in, I'm the bird flies from where my mule went in. I'm shaky on religion, gentlemen, but our family never had a liar in it.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Our readers, in replying to advertisements in the Farmer will do us a favor if they will stat in their letters to advertisers that they saw this advertisement in the Kansas Farmer.

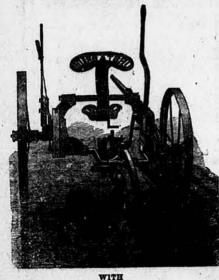
Reliable Carden ROOT'S Hot Bed Plants in their season. Man sal and Plant List. Sent for stamp. "Fresh, practical and sensible,"—Am. Aq. J. B.ROOT, Rockford, Ill.

THE DINGEE & CONARD CO'S MUST BESOLD.

ENTIRELY NEW!

JUST PATENTED.

THE FURST & BRADLEY Iron Frame Sulky Plow,



Stubble Plow or Breaker Attached,

as may be desired. It embodies Several NEW FEATURES,

Contained in NO OTHER SULKY MADE,

and which are necessary for the PERFECT working of a Sulky Plow. If you wish to consult your BEST interests, be SURE, before buying, to send for our sixty-four page pamphlet (sent free) containing full description of FURST & BRADLEY

SULKY and GANG PLOWS, BREAKERS, WHEEL CULTIVATORS, SULKY RAKES, HARROWS, etc.

Also, containing many valuable Tables, Recipes, the latest Postal Laws, Home Physician, Business Laws, etc., etc.

FURST & BRADLEY MFG CO.,

CHICAGO, ILLS.

Kelly Steel Barb Wire. One pound to the Pat. 1868, and licensed under all patents

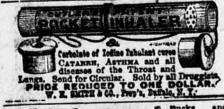
before it. ire, Best and Strongest Steel Barb. Best Paint, Rust Proct.
FREE FROM PATENT LAW SUITS.

The Kelly Wire safe to handle.
THORN WIRE HEDGE CO.;

rod.

posts 2 rods

USE THE ardson & Co's PERFECT PERFECT PERFECT PERFECT PERFECT POINT OF THE RESERVATION OF THE PERFECT PERFECT



Ducks and Bracks Swine, Biliustrated Grouler Free. GRAPE VINES.

Small Fruits, etc. Largest Stock and Lowest Prices Descriptive or Wholesale Catalogue free. S. J. ALLIS, Eric, Pa. WANTED An experienced Teacher of deaf and in teaching Articulation desires an situation in a family or school. Address, Miss M. I. FARRANT, Salem, Mass.

A FARM AND HOME Good Lands in Texas, \$2 00 to \$5 00 per scre. Low 50 by 150 feet in Gordonville, Texas, only \$10. Upon receipt of \$10 we will secure you a home in Gordonville, Texas, and send you the deed by mail. J. C. WILSON, Denison, Texas.

Lane's Seed Annual.

My annual catalogue, a complete garden and iloral guide, 90 pages of choice northern grown seeds, 1000 varieties, bulbs, garden and aplarian impl's; ag'l books, bees, Queens, &c., &., is now ready, sent post paid on application, Address C. F. LANE, N. W. Aplary and Seed Warehouse, Koshkonong, Wis.

T. S. HUBBARD, Fredonia, N. Y.

Matthews' Garden Seed Drill, Matthews' Hand Gultivator

Matthews' Drill and Cultivator combined. surpass all others. Send for circular before you buy. Manufactured only by EVERETT
& SMALL, Beston, Mass.

For want of room I will sell very low four tries, each of Dark Brahmas, and Buff Cochins. one year old fowls, choice Breeding Stock, Todd's strains; also two pair each Bremen & Brown China geese, two pair colored Muscovy Ducks, these five varieties, I will close out, also for sale a large lot of young stock, Pkin find Aylebury ducks, white and brown Leghorns. Brahmas Cochins and S. S. Hamburgs. Everything warranted to go safely by express, and to be pure bred. Address. J. DONAVAN, Fairmount, Leavenworth Co. Kansas.

Parties wishing to contract for Tex as Cattle to be delivered the coming season can do so by addressing the

Parties Wishing Texas Beeves and Franklin County, Kansas Cows, that are now being wintered in Kansas, can be furnished by

WM. B. GRIMES,

· Kansas City, Mo.

STORAGE. COMMISSION, GRAIN,

Agricultural Implement Warehouse. MUSCATINE PLOWS.

wood and steel beam. To the local trade we warran on trial satisfaction or no sale.

CROSSLEY SULKY PLOW.

Call and see it. We warrant it to be as good as the best Sulky Plow made. We have Corn Planters, Cultivators, Spring and Farm Wagons, Reapers, Mowers, and all other Agricultural Implements. We are agents for the Stover Wind Mill, and for Aultman and Taylor Threshing Machine and Engines.

To the local trade we say, it will pay to call at our warehouse for Implements. Consignments of goods to be sold on commission or for storage, is solicited.

Orders for Grain, Produce, or Implements promptly filled at lowest rates. Warehouse on A. T. & S. Fe. R. Track, South of 6th St. S. H. DOWNS, Topeka, Kansas.

SIXTEEN PAGES MONTHLY, 75c. PER YEAR. Cheapest Farm and Family Monthly Published.

85c. Pays for Journal 1 year and Pocket compan ion, with knife, pen, pencil, eraser, etc. Papers and premiums pre-paid.
\$100 For Journal one year and two-bladed razor steel pocket knile or family shears. 1.15 For Journal one year and \$1,00 worth choice

1.65 Journal and complete scroll-sawing outfit; spring steel bracket saw, twelve saw blades, hand-drill and fifty beautiful patterns. Specimen Free, Agents Wanted. AMERICAN FARM JOURNAL, Toledo, Ohio.

277 Madison Street, CHICAGO Sewing

Send for terms, address WEED S. M. Co., Chicago. \$57,60 AGENTS profit per week. Will prove to or forfest \$500. New articles just patented. Sample seat free to all. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 216 Fulton St., N.Y.

TRANSPARENT TEACHING CARDS. Instruction and Amusement combined. Important to parents and teachers, 26 different artistic designs. The entire pack sent free for 25 cts, currency or stamp. Van Delf & Co 2) Ann St., New York.

Osage Hedge Plants.

1,500,000 Usage Hedge Plants for sale at Wholesale
and Betail, also an assortment of other nursery
book cheap, apply for price list. H. B. TREAT.Pro'p
Woodland Park Nursery, Atchison, Kansas.

MONEY TO LOAN. WASHBURN | Money to loan on long time, reasonable interest. No commission. Auply to C. W. JEWELL, Topeka, Ks

FARMERS

Craig's justly celebrated Ye low Flint Seed Corn will increase your yield 'ten per cent at a cost of only 12% cents per acre. Address, with three cent stamp, for circular giving full information. G. S. CRAIG. Jacksonville, Illinois.

Nurserymen and Dealers

YOUR attention is called to our s'ock of Apple,
Pear. Peach, Plum. Cherry, and other Fruit
Trees. Also to Grape Vines. small fruit plants, Osage
Roses Shrubs and Evergreens. Most complete stock
in the west. Special low prices on application,
Wholesale catalogue free. Address,
HARGIS & SOMMER,
Star Nurseries. Quincy, Ill.

| SMALL | FRUIT | PLAN | T | S. |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------|-----|------|
| RASPBERRY P | LANTS | \$5.00 | per | 1000 |
| STRAWBERRY | PLANTS | 3 57 | | 1000 |
| ASPARAGIIS | | 4.00 | ** | 1000 |
| RHUBARB (2°0 | 0 for \$40 00) | 25.00 | ** | 1000 |
| Vos emell lots | send a list of who | at von want | and | let |

Pedigree Onion Seed Danvers Onion Seed, raised from the choicest onions of each crop for fifty years in succession! The difference in the crop will be ten times greater than the cost of the seed. My seed catalogue free to all. JAMES J. H. GREGORY, Marblehead, Mass.

LANE'S Improved Yellow Danvers
Onion Seed. Originated 15 years ago
from one Onion, improved since by
choice selections. Is free from rust.
Yieided past season 900 bushels per acre
Sent by mall 10 cts. per pkt, \$1.25 per B,
5 bs. or over \$1. if sent by express.
HENRY LANE, Cornwall, Vt.

Trees, Trees, Trees.

2,500,000 Strawberry, Raspberry, Blackberry, Rent Trees, etc. 100 SELECTED VARIETIES, Great American Strawberries. Largest and best. Berries 2 oz. each, 9 in. around. By mail, 10 for \$1: 100 for \$5: 100 for \$40. Wilson, Albany, Chas. Downing, Monarch of West, Kentucky, Green, Prolific, \$2 per 1,000: Capt. Jack, Cumberland Triumph Sterling, Jocundu, \$5 per 1,000

ALL PURE, Catalogue free. Cut this out. JOHN S. COLLINS, Moorestown, New Jersey,

| l | From 21/2 to 4 feet | \$5.00, | \$40.00 |
|---|---|---------|------------|
| ١ | From 4 to 6 feet | 10.00, | 75.09 |
| | (Budded) | .10.00 | |
| 1 | Parly Bichmond on their Own roots 1 | | |
| ı | to 4 feet | 10.00 | - " |
| | Late Richmond and Carolina Morellas on their own roots, 2 to 5 feet | 10 00 | DATE STAGE |
| | Concord Crance 1 year | .3.00 | 20,00 |
| 1 | Mammoth Cluster Raspberry Tips Wilson Albany Strawberry pr 1000 84.0 | . 1.00 | 5.00 |
| | I tannone and Mammoth Khubarb | 4.00 | 00.00 |
| | Tambandy Poplars 2 to 4 feet | .3 00 | 21-00 |
| | | | \$2.50 |
| | &c., per. 1000 | Nursery | , Law |
| | ence, Kansas. January, 15th. 1877. | 1222 | · · |

Mulberry Trees.

Morus Alba, Morus Rosca, Moretti, Mulberry, Lhou or Japanese Mulbery Trees. The above varieties are the best for silkworm food, for ferest, ornamental and fruit trees. They are unfouched by insects and borers and grow in all kinds of soil. Send for Circulars. Eggs of Silkworms \$6.00 per oz. A sample sent for 50 cts. A Treatise on Silk Culture for 50 cents. L. S. CROZIER, Address.

BEAUTIFUL EVER-Roses

10 Beautiful Roses for \$1. 16 Bedding Plants for \$1,20 Verbenas for \$1. 10 Choice Geraniums for \$1, and numerous other Plants at equally low rates, sent by mail, postage paid. Their safe arrival gnaranteed. Our illustrated Catalogue for 1878 sent free to all applicants. SKED PADDOCK & CO, Cleve land, Ohio.

Kansas Seed House

Mailed free on Application Special List of PLANTS, BULBS, &c., for FLORISTS

Special List of SEED, ROOTS, &c., for MARKET GARDENERS Special List of Vegetable and Flower Seeds for

SEED DEALERS PETER HENDERSON & CO., 35 Cortiand Street, New York.

FARMERS, Keep an Eye on these Columns,

WE WILL TRY TO MAKE THEM THE MOST PROFITABLE SPACE IN THE PAPER.

OUR SEED DEPARTMENT

WE OFFER THE PUREST AND BEST FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS TO BE HAD OF ANY HOUSE IN THE COUNTRY. TO THOSE WHO CANNOT OBTAIN OUR SEEDS OF THEIR

MERCHANT. WE QUOTE:

Kentucky Blue Grass, extra clean in original packages (7 to 10 Bushels) \$1.25 per bushel, Sacks included.

Kentucky Blue Grass c' un in original packages (7 to 10 bushels) \$1.15 per bushel, Sacks included.

Kentucky Blue Grass c' un in original packages (7 to 10 bushels) \$1.15 per bushel, Sacks included. Less quantity \$1.20 per bushel, sacks included.

Orchard Grass, clean in original package (7 to 10 bushels) \$1.25 per bushel, sacks included. Less quantity \$1.35 per bushel, sacks included.

Red Top, in original packages (6 to 8 bushels) 70 cents per bushel, sacks included. Less quantity 75 cent per bushel, sacks included.

English Blue Grass original packages (7 to 10 bushels) \$2.75 per bushel, sacks included. Less quantity \$2.90 per bushel, sacks included.

Red Clover per bushel \$5.60, sacks included. White clover per bushel, \$16.00 sacks included.

Alfalfa Clover per bushel, \$15.00, sacks included. Alsike clover per bushel \$15.00, sacks included.

Odessa or Grass spring wheat per bushel \$2.00, sacks included. Large quantities special prices.

Osage Orange Seed, 1 bu to 5, per bushel \$5.50, sacks included; 5 to 10 bushels \$6.25 per bushel, 10 bush els and over \$5.00 per bushel.

Black Walnut per bushel, \$1.50, sacks included. Artichoke per bu \$3.00, sacks included.

Chufas or Ground-Nuts \$8.00 per bu, sacks included. Artichoke per bu \$3.00, sacks included.

Send for Catalogues containing prices and description, of all kinds Field, Garden, and Flower Seeds.

Our Agricultural Implement and Machine Department.



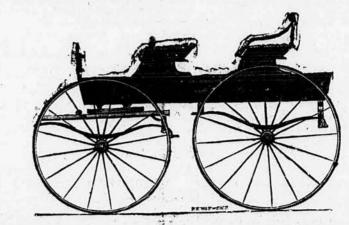
Browne---Sulky Plow.

We sell the Canton Clipper and Rock Island Plows, New Departure Fong ueless) Cultivator, Ills. Combined Cultivator Challenge Corn Planter and Corn Drill, Champion Reaper and Mower, Caylor Hay Rakes, Aultman and Taylor Thresher, Superior Grain Drill, Whitman Corn Sheller, Big Giant Corn Mill, Challenge Feed Mill, Railway Horse Powers, Table Saws Drag Saws, Kansas Double Hay Fork,

The St. John Sewing Machine,

&c., &c., Send for Descriptive Catalogue. If you want the best Imple ments in the Market do not fail to call for our line of goods. If not kep by your Merchant, send to us direct.

Our Carriage and Wagon Department.



WATERTOWN---PLATFORM WACON.

is complete with all styles of Carriages, Buggles, Phaetons, Platform and three spring Wagons, of the highest Grade and Finish, also the Celebrated Studebaker Farm Wagon. We offer the best work for the price of any House in the West.

Send for our handsome illustrated Catalogue containing descriptions of goods in each Department. Also Almanac and Forecasts of weather prepared by PROF. TICE. Sent Free.

-ADDRESS-

Trumbull, Reynolds & Allen,

WHOLESALE AGRICULTURAL HOUSE,

Kansas City, Mo.

SADDLEBAG NOTES.

NO. XII.

Two miles east of Louisville, Pottawatomie county, is the stock and grain farm of J. W Arnold, Esq. This gentleman is one of the best and most successful farmers in this county. His herd of domestic stock consists of 250 head; he is full feeding 105 head. He is raising 38 calves and 140 head of hogs, mostly Polands; I only saw a portion of his stock, but judging from what I did see, they were s superior lot

I intend to follow the Republican river from its mouth, near Junction City, to the Nebraska line; mam now two-thirds of the way up having passed through Davis, Clay, the south part of Washington, and am now passing through Cloud county. I do not yet feel competent to give an intelligent and impartial opinion of the merits of the herd law, but will give a conversation between two men who represent the extremes on this question, and myself.

Question to Mr. A, who owns one cow, three pigs and a span of horses. How do you like the herd law?

"Very well; couldn't live without it."

"Does it pay you to raise corn and sell it for 14 cents?" (the present price here). "No, but then we have no stock to feed it

"Will the people ever fence their farms as long as they have the herd law?"

"Not if we know ourselves. It is a poer man's law, and we are not going to fence untill we are compelled to by law."

"Would not a neat, well-trimmed hedge around your farm help you to sell it?"

"Yes, it might, but then we are not compelled to fence, and we won't fence until we are compelled to."

I asked Mr. B. the following questions, and received the following answers; Mr. B. owns a large herd of cattle :

"How do you like the herd law?"

"Don't like it; it is a poor man's law and it will always keep us poor."

"Do you think your cattle are as fat in the fall as they would be if allowed to roam over the prairies without being herded?"

"I could get ten per cent more for my cattle if they had not been herded."

Would there be more cattle and more wealth in the county if there had been no herd law?"

"There would have been ten head of cattle where there is but one now. But this is a poor man's law, and poor men have taken advantage of it. They will always remain poor as long as they raise corn and sell it at 14 cents per bushel. I make it pay me 25 cents per bushel to feed it to stock."

From the above it will be seen that the people are somewhat divided upon this question. This herd law business is a delicate subject, and there is certainly two sides to the ques-

Some of the farmers in the vicinity of Concordia, Cloud Co., are busy plowing and sowing spring wheat; the Odessa, or grass wheat is the favorite kind, and one bushel per acre is the amount sown. The yield in this county last year was about 50,000 bushels of winter wheat, and nearly 200,000 bushels of spring wheat. The yield of corn was nearly 40 bush els per acre.

I find a mistaken idea quite prevalent smong some farmers here, viz ; that the publication of the stray law was taken from the FARMER and given to the county papers. This has never been done, and such an unjust and useless law will never be passed in this state. If cattle were respectors of county lines, it might, in the far distant future, become a law, but the prospects are so very slight that it is not worth while to hardly give it a thought.

I have lately seen a very good "sod fence," on a farm owned by Mr. J. W. Uglow, who lives 7 miles east of here. It is 3 feet broad at the bottom, 4 feet high, and 1 foot broad on top; the cost was 25 cents per rod. It very well to enclose a pasture for horses and hogs, but would do for cattle and

Concordia is a live town, it being at present the terminus of the Central Branch of the U. P. R. R., it receives the trade from four or five counties around it; it is building up quite fast. But Clifteen. 20 miles east of here is going ahead of any little town that I have seen, in the way es buildings; within the last 8 weeks, 54 nass buildings have been erected

at this place. In the whole distance from the mouth of the river to Concordia, I have not seen a good hedge feace; I believe that this is just as good a country to raise a hedge fence in as any other part of the state. The fault seems to be with the system, or with the lack of a system in cultivating and pruning.

In this whole distance I have not seen "splashed" hedge; couple these two points to. gether and you will have the reason of the or success. Another reason is, that the hedge is not given the right kind of cultiva-tion. Should these people select their plants, setting the large and thrifty plants by themselves, get their hedge row in mellow condition, and heavily menured with old, rotten manure, and give the row weekly cultivation during the first s ason, and monthly cultiva-tion afterwards, their hedge would do in three years to "splash." It would then be perfectly og tight and rabbit proof. At the end of the first year, and every alternate year until the sixth, open a furrow each side of the row, with a plow, about six inches deep, and fill this with well rotted manure. At the end of the third year cut the hedge so that it would be two and a half high and two feet would be two and a hair night and two lest wide; each year afterward leave only one half foot of growth, so that when your hedge is six years old it will be 4 feet high. It will be then about 4 feet wide, and be ready to hold cattle and all other kinds of stock, and you will be ready and anxious to vote the herd law out of existence. W. W. CONE. law out of existence. Concordia, Cloud County, Kansas.

Land and Real Estate

AGENCY OF-

Topeka, Kansas.

LAND. LAND. LAND READ.

This is the LARGEST LIST of Rea Estate Ever Offered by any One Firm—and This is Only a Partial List of Lands on Our Books for Sale.

300,000 acres of land at \$1.25 to \$3,25 per acre on ong time, or 25 per cent discount for cash. 20,000 acres selected lands in different counties, \$2 to \$5.00 per acre. & cash. balance on long time, 6 per cent interest, or 20 per cent less for cash. In addition to our city list we have several hundred lots and residences on sale.

415. 415.

160 acres, 40 under cultivation, 9 room stone house, 100 acres under good stone and board fence, 2 good wells, 2 acro orchard on Mission Creek, splendid larm worth every cent asked for it, 15 miles from Topeka, \$3,500. Cash and time.

417. 914 acres joins city, good buildings, splendid little house, fruit and shade trees, will trade for good prop-erty in the city, or will rent to a good tenant. 418.

102% acres, 70 under cultivation, hedge and board ferce, good well and spring, 500 fruit trees, one mile from Pauline, 6 miles from Topeka, \$3.000. Trade for tarm in Missouri.

480 acres, bottom and upland, some timber, 100 acres under cultivation, 2 acres orchard, 40 burbels of apples last year, house, stable and granary, 6 miles from Wamego on K. P. R. R. and 12 miles from Manhattan. Splendid stock farm, Just think \$2 500, buys this farm. 420.

15 acres one mile east of city, only \$600. Don't a-k us to give you property when you can buy for that price.

243% acres, 85 bottom with timber, 50 acres under cultivation, frame house, 6 rooms, 160 acres fenced with hedge and board 2% miles from Grantville R. R. Station, 3 miles to Newman, 10 from Topeka, In Jefferson Co., only \$14.00 per acre, "time and cash. 422.

Now just look here, 80 acres farm; 65 under cultivation, 11 miles from Topeka, 5 miles from Pauline, only \$500. All inclosed with wire tence. 423.

Confound it I guess this man wants to give his farm to some one, 80 acres, bottom, all fenced, 70 acres cultivated, good 2-room frame house, cellar, well, fruit trees, 2 miles from good station. 10 miles from Topeka, S1,660,81000,can run until 1883. 424.

Jackson county, well this beats all, 640 acres, 20 of timber, 2 houses, 1,4 rooms, 1,2 rooms, 50 acres fence and under cultivation, plenty of running water, 2 or-chards, the whole for \$6000. Cash and long time, 7 per cent interest only, 15 miles north of Topeka.

426. 160 acres. Osage county, 75 acres under cultivation, 2 story house, 300 fruit trees, stone wall and hedge fence, good stock corral, 4 ft. stone wall, spring in corral, 1 mile from school house, 22 miles from Topeka. Just think, only \$1.250, for the entire outfit.

Neosho county, 156 acre farm, good frame house, 45 acres cultivated, and small tenant house, 2 good wells, and young orchard, only 4 miles from Osage Mission. \$2,250. Will trade for Illinois farm.

Well now I guess this man is crazy, 80 acres slope land, 60 under cultivation, 1½ story frame house, 12x14 and 10x12, addition; Kansas stable, corn crib, Hedge and wire fence, 1000 fruit trees, spring and good well only 8 miles from city on R, R, track. 429. Now for the finest farm in Kansas or any other state

Now for the finest farm in Kansas or any other state 240 acres, all bottom, plenty of living creek water, Rail Road Depot on the place, School house across the road, splendid gothic house, 9 rooms finished in modern style, splendid barn, all well fenced with hedge and boards, cost grain and stock farm in Kansas, Can be bougut for \$10.000, only 5 miles from the city,

No. 260. One of the best farms in Wakarusa valley; 160 acres i miles of good hedge; poor house and stable; some out-buildings; 300 bearing fruit trees; bottom land; plenty of living water, etc.; 2 miles to depot on A., T. & J. F. R. R. Price \$3,000.

No. 267. Eighty acres, choice prairie, all under good fence and cultivation; 8 miles southeast of city; \$1,500. Plenty of range, and good neighborhood.

Eighty acres, all under fence and good cultivation; one story frame house, two rooms; good corn-crib. All Kansas river bottom. Five miles from Topeka. No. 269.

One hundred and one acres, all Kaw bottom; 75 acres ander cultivation; poor house, 1% story; good wire and nedge. Three miles from city. Choice farm; \$3,000.

No. 272.

One of the best farms in the county; 160 acres; 3½ miles southwest of the city; 60 acres bottom under cultivation, 30 acres timber, balance; choice slope land; good stone house; good orchard of 12 acres; plenty of living water; plenty of coal. Price \$6,500.

No. 274.

One hundred and sixty acres; all under fence, stone are fail; 60 acres timber, 50 bottom under guitivation 1½ story stone house; stone stable; good running water. Splendid stock farm. Four-and-a-half miles from City. Good orchard; all for \$3,200. Can be beught for less.

No. 279. One hundred and sixty acres, 60 under cultivation; 1 story frame house, 5 rooms; all under hedge tence, cross hedge; good well and coal on the place; 1½ miles southeast of Carbondale. This is a desirable and cheap farm for \$1,800, cash and time. No. 281.

No. 281.

One hundred and six acres, 60 under cultivation; 1½ story new stone house; good stable; 100 acres under good board fence; all bottom and slope land; 4½ miles from 8t. Mary's Mission, on Cross creek. Stock and farm implements can be bought with farm, all at a bargain. No. 292,

Two hundred acres, 90 under cultivation, 40 acres good oak timber; good double log house; good old-iashioned rail fence; running water -to exchange for Topeka property. This property is situated 3 miles from St. Catharine, Lyon County, Missouri. Price 3,500. No. 296. One hundred and thirty-flye acres, some timber; no buildings; 85 acres under cultivation; 470 rods of good one fence. This farm is 12 miles from Topeka, in a splendid neighborhood; plenty of range. Cheap at \$3,000.

No. 297.

Seventy acre farm, 85 under cuitivation, 35 timber and water; poor buildings; small orchard; 6 miles from Topeka; \$800. Cash and time takes it. Good stock farm.

Topeka; \$800. Cash and time takes it. Good stock farm.
No. 300.

Jefferson county—110 acres, 5 of timber, 70 under cultivation; one story frame house, 3 rooms; frame stable; grain bins; 100 acres under ience, hedge, board and rail. Rock creek runs through the farm. Good apple and cherry orchard; 1½ miles from Meriden Station, on the A. T. & S. F. R. K.; \$1,000 can run iour years. Price of farm \$2,000—cheap as dirt. Only 12 miles from Topeka.

No. 301,

One hundred and twenty acres, some timber, 80 under cultivation: 1½ story frame house, seven rooms; stone stable, hay roof; corn-crib and grainery; all fenced, rail, board and hedge; good orchard; near railway station on A., T. & S.F. H. R. 10 miles south cast of Topeka; \$25 per acre—perhaps less.

No. 303.

One hundred and forty acres, 8 or 10 acres timber, 70 under cultivation: 1 story and basement stone stable frame corn-crib; 30 acres fenced, stone, hedge, board and wire; 1½ miles from Carbondale; good orchard on farm. Price \$2,500. Terms to suit.

No. 304.

Four hundred acres—a big bargain if it is as described—50 acres timber and water; all inclosed with stone wal; 110 acres under cuitivation; good 5 room frame house; all under fence, board, stone and wire; 5 fields; 2 wells, spring and creek; 9 miles west of Lawrence, 16 miles east of Topeka, 3 miles from railroad. Only \$5,500, cash and time—a big bargain. No. 305. No. 805.

No. 305.

Seventy-three acres, 30 timber, 36 under cultivation; 1½ story good frame house; frame stable; corn-crib; sheds and other out-buildings; fenced in four fields, board and wire; watered by well, cistern and creek; 2 miles north from North Topeka. Price\$4,000. Will take small prairie farm for part pay.

Two hundred acres, its thuber, 60 bottom, 70 under cultivation; 1% story frame house, 16x18, 2 rooms; stone stable, hay roof; 140 acres fenced, stone, rail and board; plenty of fruit; good water, creek runs through farm; 12 miles from Topeka, 14 miles from post office; good neighborhood. Price of farm \$3,000—cheap.

Here you are !-160 scres choice prairie and slope; 1½ story frame house, poar; kansas stable; 100 acres under caltivation; all fenced, wire and hedge; fine orchard; nice grove of timber; good spring and well; 7 miles coutheast of Topes, miles to railway station. This farm is cheap at \$2.461. Gash and time.

No. 29.

One hundred and sixty acre farm, 30 bluff, 60 timber, 45 bettom, and under poor cultivation; old log and frame house; land all fenced, poor rail fence; 1,000 grape vines; small truit (apple and ciberry) orchard. Bituated on the Kansas river, 5 miles west of Topeka. Can be bought cheap.

No. 810.

Bighty acres bottom and slope land, 36 under cultiva-tion; stone house, 11/2 story and basement; Kansas, stable; 3 wells and creek; 4 miles west of Topeka, Better look at this for stock farm. Only \$1,900. No. 373.

One hundred and sixty acres, in Pottawatomic county, bottom and prairie Miscres fenced and under cultivation; good buildings; in ver-failing stock of water; small peach and apple orchard; s miles from St. Mary's, on Cross creek A good-bargain, only \$1,600.

No. 375.

Forty-four and one-third acres bottom and upland, 4% icres cultivated; % inde from Tecumseh; \$500.

One hundred and twenty acres in Jackson county, 55 acres fences and under cultivation; small bearing orchard; 5 miles from Westmore. Price \$850. No. 383.

One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, 5 acres limber, 90 acres under cultivation; all fenced; good buildings; watered by a running stream; 3 miles from Auburn. A big bargain; \$3,600. No. 384.

Fitteen acres adjoining North Topeka; ordinary buildings all fenced and under cultivation. A very cheap place only \$1,500, are No. 386. One hundred and sixty acres in Jefferson county, bottom and slope land, 20 acres timber, 100 acres under outli-vation; all fenced; ordinary buildings; living springs; 5% miles from Meriden. Only \$3,000,

No. 387. Three hundred and twenty acres, all bottom land, in shawnee county, 80 acres timber, 190 acres under cultivation; all fenced and cross-fenced; fair buildings; 3 good wells; 18 acres in orchard; watered by Deer creek. One of the finest farms in the county. Only 5 miles from Topeka. Price \$8,009.

No. 388, Six hundred acres in Shawnee County, 6 miles from Copeks, 50 acres timber, 20 acres under cultivation, 40 cros fenced; small nouse,- Price \$5 per acre.

Twenty-six acres in Shawnee county, 18 acres under cultivation, some timber; all tenced; 2 acres choice orchard; % mile from Topeka, Price \$500. No. 392.

One hundred and eighty-two acres in Shawnee County, 5 miles from Topeka, 180 acres fenced, 75 acres under cultivation, 100 timber; ever-living water. Very desirable, \$25 per acre.

No. 369. Righty acres bottom land, all fenced and under cultiva-tion: ordinary buildings; good well and spring branch; within 1/2 mile of Bliver Lake. Only \$2,400.

within 1/4 mile of Bliver Lake. Omp species.

No. 370.

Four hundred and eighteen acres, on the Wakarusa, 160 acres under cultivation and fenced, 100 acres timber; small orchard; good buildings; plent yet water; only 2 miles from station and post office. There are but few chances to get such a farm at \$20 per acrc.

One hundred and sixty acres on Soldier Creek, 40 under on hundred and sixty acres on Soldier Creek, 40 under on hundred and sixty acres timber; never-failing stock of water No. 330.

No. 390.

Three hundred and twenty acres, 65 under cultivation old log house; poor fencing; 13 miles south from Topeka Price \$2,500. Can be bought for less.

Price \$2,500. Can be bought for less.
No. 331.
Here is a good tarm, 158 acres, 20 timber, 60 under cultivation; 2 story stone house, 27,29, all finished complete; 800 rods stone fence; 150 rods good hedge; fair orchard, plenty small fruit; 15 miles southwest from Topeka, near post office and store; \$4,000; cash and time.

Eighty acres in Osage county to trade for city property. Price \$800. No. 333. Bixty acres, all fenced and improved except lot of tim-ber; good buildings; good well of water; good bear-ing orchard; 1½ miles from city of Topeka. Price \$3,000

No. 334.

Eighty acres prairie, 12 acres broken; all fenced, rail and pole fence; good running water; 12 miles from Topeka; \$700, cash and time. No. 336.

Four hundred and sixty-two acre farm, 402 of prairie, 60 timber, 150 meadow, 170 under cultivation; good frame house, 7 room, and one good tenant house; good barns, and other out-buildings; good rail fence; plenty of water; \$18,000. To trade for Kansas farm. This farm is situated 3½ miles from Mexico, Mo.

No. 893.

Eighty acres, Jefferson county, choice prairie, 40 under plow; all fenced, rail and nedge; small log house; finites from Meriden, 4 from Grantville and 10 from Topeka. Price \$1,000.

Douglas county, 85 scres, 5 of timber, 25 under cultiva-tion, 40 acres fenced, rull fence; good spring; few fruit trees; 16 miles from Topeka; \$1,000, cash and time.

One hundred and sixty acres of Michigan land, 4 m from Chessaning, \$1,600; to trade for Topeka propand pay some cash.

No. 342. Eighty acres, some young timber, 40 under cultivation; small frame house; 4 miles from Topeka; \$1,500, Worth about \$600.

No. 316. One of the best stock farms in the state, 320 acres, 60 ander cultivation; good 2 story stone house, 24x38; cornerb, and Kansas stable; all fenced, board and hedge plenty of water and good range; joins Kingville, on K. P. R. R., 16 miles from Topeks. Can be bought cheap

No. 347. Is a cheap farm, 16 miles from Topeka, south west, 160 acres, 80 under cultivation and fenced, wire and hedge good range and water 11% story frame house.

No. 387.

Twenty acres, well improved: good 1 story frame house, six rooms; stable; corn-crib; 200 bearing select fruit trees; 4 miles east of Topeka A cozy home for \$1,500. No. 401.

One of the best farms in Kansas, 225 acres, one mile from Grantville, six miles from Topeks, 15 acres timber, 189 acres under cultivation, log house, small board stable, corral board fence, watered by nool and well, small young orchard. Frice, \$5,500; \$1,500 cash, balance time to suit the purchaser, at ten per cent. interest.

No. 403.

No. 408.

One hundred and sixty acres, seven miles east of Topeks, 60 acres under cultivation, 1-story frame house, good stables and out-houses, stone corral, good well, hedge fence well set and five years old, ever living stream fed by streams, plenty of water for stock, good apple and peach orchard 4 years old, one-half mile from school house, three miles from raircad station and one and one-half mile from post office. A very desirable place. Price \$2,000.

One hundred and twenty acre farm in Warren county, Missouri, 90 acres under cultivation, 30 acres timber-heavy oak, hickory, etc., new frame house 1½ story, 7 rooms, cellar under whole house, closets, pantry and every convenience, large frame house, corn-cribs and sheds, hog and chicken house, good hedge and rail fence, all in first-class apple-pie order, 7 acres orchard, best quality grapes, currants and all kinds small fruits, well watered, one mile from railroad station, church and post office. Will exchange for a good farm in Kansas, or sell.

One hundred and sixty acres in Wabaunsee county, good table land. Would trade for improved farm or cash, \$300. No. 4.

Righty acres in Shawnee county, twelve miles from To-beka, five miles from Wakarusa station, No. 1 prairie and. Price \$400. One hundred and sixty acres in Wabaunsee county sixteen miles from Topeka, good prairie land, two living springs. Price \$1,000.

No. 9. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, eight niles from Topeka, good prairie land. Price \$1,000. No. 10.

Eighty acres in Shawnee county, nine miles from Topeka, one-half mile from post office, good land. Price \$600; one-third cash, balance on time. No. 11. One hundred and sixty acres in Wabaunsee county, five miles from Dover, timber and water. Price \$800.

One hundred and twenty-three acres. One of the best farms in Kansas; % mile from Topeka; good log and board house; stone milk-house; corn-crib; small orch-ard; all fenced with good hedge, board and rall; 25 acres timber; plenty of good living water; 80 acres choice land, bottom, under high state of cultivation. Farm overlooks the city, and the price is only \$5,000, as follows: \$1,500 cash, balance in 5 yearly instalments at 10 per cent. interest. No. 405. No. 411.

Osage county; 80-acre farm; 40 acres improved; box-house 14x20, and summer kitchen; good orchard; 400 for-est trees growing; to trade for city property. No. 95. 80 acres timber land, near Mt. Vernon, Illinois. Wil

Eighty acres choice prairie near Emporia, to trade fo

No. 98. One hundred and sixty acres near Hartford. Lyons county, to trade for city or country property near To-

county, to trade for city or country property.

In addition to the above, we have one hundred thousand acres of land at \$1.5 per acre.

Two hundred thousand acres at \$1.50 to \$2 per acre.

Two hundred thousand acres at \$2.50 to \$2.75 per acre.

Also have nive hundred acres of the best Kansas river bottom, near St. Mary's, for \$14 per acre.

These are the best lands in the state.

No. 397. No. 397.

Fighty acres, eight miles southwest of city. Thirty-five acres under cultivation; one-half story frame house, four rooms, good cellar, good frame barn, cisten, two good wells, small orchard, well watered by cree, a very desirable place. \$2,250 for cash; balance time to suit. No. 398.

Here is one of the best things yet. 490 acres all bottom land, 280 acres under cultivation, balance timber, in Kaw bottom, 7 miles from Topeka, well fenced with boards and rails, two good tenement houses, three good wells, ever-living spring, watered by the river. Can be made into three fine farms, and will be divided up to suit purchasers.

Mo. 320.

Here is where you get your nice, cozy, 75 acre farm; 12 miles south west from Topeka; 30 acres under cuitivation; 13 story stone house, with basement; stone stable, has rood; good stone corral; fenced with stone, board and hedge; good orchard, apple, peach, cherry, grapes, pears, leaves and rasberries; 2 wells and living spring; 3 googeberries and rasberries; 2 wells and living spring; 3 miles from post office. Price \$1,600; worth \$1,200. Cheap at that.

Here we are again with a 400 acre farm, 25 northwest of Topeka, and 5 miles north east from St. Mary's; 12 acres of timber; plenty of living water, good well; 275 acres under cultivation; small frame house; some out-buildings; 330 acres fenced, post and rail, board and wire; some orchard; all bottom land. This farm can be bought at a bargain.

One hundred and forty-five acres, 20 timber, 75 under cultivation; good stone house, 6 rooms; rail fence; plenty of running water; 5% miles from city. Can be bought at a bargain.

Three hundred and twenty-seven acre farm, second bottom, plenty of timber: log and frame houses; 70 acres under cultivation, 100 under fence; joins Kausas river Ought to be bought low. No. 315,

No. 315.

Another Missouri farm, 80 acres; 3 miles from East Summit, Missouri; all under cultivation; good hedge all around; well-watered. Price \$2,400. Will trade for farm in Kansaa, near Kmporls or Topeka, and pay some cash. Will put in house and lot, and six vacant lots, in Greenwood, Jackson county, Missouri, Here is a good chance for some one in Kansas.

Forty-eight acres, all under hedge: 4 miles northwest from Topeka. A desirable tract of land; \$1,200.

No. 395. No. 393.

Highty acres, 7 miles from Topeka, 20 under cultivation stole and post and rail fence; good five-roomed house stone corral; good well; 1,000 peach and 75 cherry trees all bearing. Here's your chance. Only \$1,300.

No. 409.

Now you that want as good a stock and grain iarm as there is in America just read this:—480 acres, 200 hundred of choice bottom and timber; never-failing water; 150 or more under cultivation, and under good hedge, stone and rail fence; halance choice slope land, with plenty of range for 10,000 head or cattle, or more; good large stone house, and other, out-buildings; orchard; corral; splendid neighborhood; near 2 cheese factories; post office on the farm; near small nice village, 25 miles from Topeka, south wast; splendid roads. Just think! we offer this entire farm for \$7,000; ca-h and time. There is a fortune in this farm alone. We have several small farms in this neighborhood for sale. It is one of the best parts of Kunsas.

No. 16.

No. 16. Eighty acres in Shawnee county, one mile from Topeka Price \$450.

Forty-seven and one-half acres in Shawnee county seven miles east of Topeka, on Kansas river. Price \$500

No. 18.

Twelve and one-half acres in Douglas county, adjoining city of Lawrence, good, well-bearing fruit trees. Will trade for city property in Topeka. Frice \$1,800.

Nineteen thousand four hundred acres in Wabaunser county, prairie land, fine range. Price \$2.50 per acre one third cash, balance on time.

One hundred and fifty-three acres in Shawnes county eight miles from Topeka, good land. Price \$8 per acre one-third cash, balance time. No. 22.

One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, goo graine land, eight miles from Topeka. Price \$1,500. No. 24. Eighty acres in Shawnee county, four miles from To No. 25.

Eighty scres in Shawnee county, two miles from Silver Lake, cheice river bottom land. Price \$1,300; one-third hall, balance time. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, seven niles from Topeka. Price \$8 per acre.

No. 27. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, two miles from Silver Lake. Price \$4 per acre. No. 36. One hundred and sixty acres in Wabaunset county, three miles from Alma. Will trade for merchand se or sell cheap for cash.

ise or sell cheap for cash.

No. 37. Three hundred and twenty acres in Shawnee county, three miles from Dover, watered by creek, good living spring. Price \$2,000.

No. 38. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, good prairie land, seven miles from Topeka. Price \$500; one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

No. 39. Eighty acres in Shawnee county, five miles from Wakarusa station, on Wakarusa river. Price \$500, one-third cash, balance in one and two years. No. 40. Two hundred acres in Shawnee county niles from Rossville, in Kaw bottom, very choice.

No. 41. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee county, near Pauline station, bottom land. Price \$15 per acre. No. 43. Righty acres in Shawnee county, twelve miles from Topeka, three miles from Dover, creek bottom and No. 44. One hundred and sixty acres in Shawnee ounty, ten miles from Topeka, all slope and soil, plenty of range. Price \$3.50 per acre.

No. 45. Eighty-eight acres in Shawnee county, two miles from Bilver, Lake, prairie slope and creek bottom, plenty stock water, good soil and fine range. Price \$10 per acre.

No. 46. Eighty acres in Shawnee county, ten miles from Topeka, four miles from Wakarusa station, prairie land, good soll, tine range. Price \$3 per acre. No. 55. Three hundred and twenty acres in Woodson county, prairie, good soil, lays well, good water and fine range. Price \$3 per acre.

range. Price \$3 per acre.

No. 38. Wabaunsee county. One hundred and sixty-acre farm, afteen acres timber, ninety acres under cultivation, one hundred acres fenced—hedge, stone, rail and board, 1½-story frame house, [6x52 feet, addition 1 story, 2xx0, Kansas stable, well watered, twenty miles southwest of Topeka. Cheap at \$2,700.

No. 351. Now look here! Wabaunsee county. Eighty ceres choice land, good spring. Only \$500. \$400 cash will

NO.332. Here you are! One hundred and ninety-four acres Mission Creek farm, on the Kaw river, 130 or 140 acres under cultivation and fenced, some timber. Only \$1,800. Don't ask us to give you a farm; this is the next thing to it. This farm is only twelve miles from Topeka. thing to it. This iarm is only twerve miles from Topeka. No. 333. And still they come. Eighty-six acres, 30 acres timber, 56 acres under cuttivation, pole fence; poor 1-story frame house, 3 rooms, log house, Kausas stable, corral, chicken house, creek of never-failing water. Price \$1,200, and only nine miles from Topeka. Splendid stock 1 ange. No. 351. Forty acres, choice bottom, 2-room house timber and water, nice place, three miles from city Price 2,200. Will trade for city property.

No. 399. You can't beat this. Eighty acres choice slope land, 60 under cultivation, stable, hedge and board fence, 3 wells, small orchard, 8 miles from Topeka, 1/2 miles from a station and post office, desirable place. Only \$1,600. Cash and time. Plenty of good range.

No. 90. One hundred and sixty acres, n e qr 23, 10, 12, Pottawstomic county, 1 mile from St. Mary's, all bottom, best land in Kansas. \$14 per acre. Cash and time. No. 91. One hundred and sixty acres, s w qr 23, 10, 12.

No. 92. Eighty acres, n hf s e qr 23, 10, 12, Same No. 93. Forty acres, s w qr of s e qr 23, 10, 12. Same.
In addition to the above list, we have 400,000 acres of choice selected lands, at \$10 per acre, to exchange for stocks of dry goods and other merchandise. None of this land to trade for real estate east. We have a large list of other property for sale and exchange.

Any information in regard to property cheerfully and promptly answered. Very respectfully .yours, ROSS & McCLINTOCK, Topeka, Kansas.

We Present, Beneath, a Partial List of Property We Have for Sale in the City of Topeka, Kansas. Examine the Prices.

No. 127. Three lots, 1½ story frame house, six rooms, closets pantry, cellar, well, cistern, shade and fruit trees, lots front east, on Quincy, between 9th and 10th. \$2,000 cash and time. No. 129. One lot, 234 Kansas avenue, 20 inches of stone wall all put. \$2,500.

No. 159. Polk, lots 348, 345, and 347. \$350, cheap as dirt.
No. 132. Polk, lots 14, 16 and 18, \$125. No. 133. Topeka avenue, lot 320, \$275.

To. 134. First avenue, lots 79, 81 and 83, \$450. VanBuren street, lots 62, 64 and 66, \$450. No. 135.

No. 136. Hotel known as Dowdell property North Topeka, only \$1,500. No. 130. Lot 327, Kansas avenue, \$300.

No. 141. Monroe street, 3 lots, stone house, stable etc., lots 413 to 423, \$550, cash.

No. 143. One thousand dollars buys 2 lots corner Clay and 7th street, 1 story frame house, one of the nicest places in theority, cistern, well, stable all complete.

plete.

No. 144. Now we get vou! Corner 8th and Quincy, 2 lots, nice residence 7 rooms, stable, fruit and shade trees, right in the heart of the city, only \$2.500, this is a bargain and no mistake.

No. 145. Here is a place for a railroad man, 2½ lots, 1½ story 8-room house, all complete, on Jefferson street, between 6th and 7th, fronts east. Only \$2,000. Cash and time.

No. 146. 308, 310 and 352 Tyler, near Hammatt's residence, \$375.
109, 111 and 113 Taylor. Only \$250.

No. 347. One of the nicest places on Topeka Avenue, between 6th and 5th. Only \$2,800. Terms to suit.

No. 349. \$630 buys, on Adams street. 1 lot, 4-room buyes in place order, convenient to A. T. & S. F. R.

house in nice order, convenient to A., T. & S. F. R. shops. Cash and time. Rents for \$10 per mon No. 350. Two good lots, front east on Jefferson street, 3-room frame house, well, and summer kitchen on Adams street, Incar A., T. & S. F. R. R. shops. Only \$550. Cash and time. Rents for \$10 per month.

per month.

No. 360. One 6-room and one 4-room house on Jefferson, fronts east, between 5th and 6th, \$1,500. Cash and time. Both will rent for \$30 per month. These are bargains.

These are bargains.

No. 351. Fifty-room hotel, all complete, in one of the best towns in Wisconsin, railroad and river town, only good hotel in city, 3-story brick with cottage and grounds. Price of hotel, furniture, cottage and grounds, only \$12,000. Hotel alone rents for \$1,000 a year. Will trade or exchange for Kansas lands, improved or unimproved.

No. 352. Now you that want a house for nothing, now is your chance. Lots 467, 469 and 471 Lincoln street, with new 1-story frame house, fronts cast. All for \$300, and front thrown in.

No. 353. Farmers' flouring mill, North Topeka, for tent.

No. 7. 1% story brick house, 5 rooms and basement, all complete, 2 lots on Jackson street, \$1,200, \$550 cash, balance in 4 years at 10 per cent. interest.

No. 8. One lot on Polk street, between 5th and 6th, fronts east, \$100. No. 9. Three lots on Kansas Avenue, fenced, with good well, fruit and shade trees. Only \$375.

No. 10. Three splendid lots on Buchanan street, with nice stone house, splendid orchard and shade trees, lots front east, well, cistern, stable, etc. Only \$2,300, cheap, for cash and time.

No. 10. Three lots, fenced, on Buchanan street, fruit and shade trees, \$750. No. 11. For sale, or trade for farm, 1-stq y frame house, 5 rooms, 2 lots on Quincy street, between 1st and 2d.

No. 13. Three lots on Lincoln street, between 7th and 8th, cheap, come and make us an offer. No. 14. Two lots on Jefferson street, between 1st and 2d. Make us an offer on these lots.

No. 15. Three lots on Western Avenue, between 4th and 5th, for \$30, \$10 a number. No. 16. One lot on Filmore, between 3d and 4th, for \$25. No. 17. Grist mill, complete, in Topeka, dirt cheap, at \$10,000, cash and time. No. 19. Six choice lots on Harrison, between 13th and 14th. Can be bought at a bargain.

No. 38. Three lots, large frame house complete, 7 rooms, closets, pantry, cellar, well, cistern, stable, fruit, on Buchanan street, nice place, \$2,500. No. 39. Lot 121, Kansas avenne, cheap.

No. 42. Three lots, corner Western and 7th, \$300. Come and make us an offer.

No. 48. Cheap as dirt and no mistake. One lot, 1%-story frame house, 5 rooms, closets, cellar, stable, fruit, \$850, terms to suit.

No. 50. Three choice lots on Filmore, corner 6th. These lots are a bargain at \$400. No. 51. Three lots, 1½-story frame house, 6 rooms, cellar, pantry, closets, stable, cistern, well, etc., on 8th avenue, between Tyler and Polk, \$1,800, cash and time.

No. 57. Three best lots in city, on Harrison, front east, between 11th and 12th. Only \$1,000.

No. 62. Two lots, corner 6th and Quincy. Price and terms to suit. No. 64. Lots 273 and 275, Clay street, \$200. No. 67. Tenth avenue, between Tyler and Polk, one of the nicest 5-room cottages in the city, everything complete, 2 lots, stable and cistern. This is a decided bargain at \$2,000. Can be had for \$1,700.

No. 68 is a one-story frame house, 5 rooms with blinds, everything complete, nice cellar and eistern, fruit, stable, etc. 1½ lots, on Jefferson, near A., T. & S. F. depot. Only \$1,100, terms easy. No. 79. Eight fine lots, large stone house, good well, plenty of fruit, nice place, the cheapest property in that part of the city, on Monroe, between 11th and 12th. Only \$1,600, lots worth every cent of

No. 80. Tenth avenue, between Monroe and to suit. No. 82. Store, offices, livery stable, etc., North

No 88. Corner Filmore and 7th, 5 lots, 1%-story frame house, 5 rooms, cellar, well, stable and fruit, \$1,200, terms to suit.

No. 91. One-story stone house, 2 lots on Monroe. Only \$850. Lots worth the money. No. 100. On Topeka Avenue, one of the most com-plete residences in the city, fronts east. Can be bought at a bargain.

No. 102. 38 and 40, 10th avenue, front south, can be bought for \$300. Very cheap.
No. 102. 50, 52, 54 Tyler, \$400; 134, 136 138, \$600. No. 106. One-third 140; all 142 and 144, \$500. No. 110 Three lots, choice location, Topeka Avenue, neat 5-room house, blinds, piazza, stable,

well, cistern, etc., \$1,260. No. 111. Here is one of the best bargains in the sity. Fine residence, clatern, well, stable, etc., corner lot, fronts east. Can be bought for \$2,000, cash.

No. 112. Three of the finest lots in the city now of-ered for \$700; corner Topeka Avenue and 11th treet; front east.

treet; front east.

No. 113. This is a decided bargain. One lot on yler street; nice 3-room house, with basement, ilar, well and cistern. Only \$550. Terms easy.

No. 120. Fine residence on Topeka avenue, trade for other property or good farm. No. 121. Another frame house in same block to trade for farm.

No. 122. One lot on 4th, two-room frame house, No. 123. One of the nicest places on Monroe street, 2 lots, front east, seven-room house complete, well, cistern, stable, etc. Only \$3.000, terms to suit.

cistern, stable, etc. Only \$3.000, terms to suit.

No. 358. Valparaiso, Indiana, fine brick residence, clear of incumbrance, worth \$3,000 cash. Will exchange or trade for property in Topeka, or within one mile or two of city.

No. 361. One of the finest residences in the city for \$0,500.

No. 362. Another fine residence on Harrison street, \$4,500.

No. 363. Four-room house, blinds, piazza, summer kitchen, closets, pantry, etc., stable and well; 1½ lots; choice location, \$1,500 cash and time.

Five-room house, blinds, everything comfortable, \$1,800, both on 8th avenue, front south.

No. 364. Good six-room house, 1½ story, blinds, cellar, basement, well, cistern, stable, etc., on Van Buren, only \$1,500, cash and time, between 7th and 8th, front east, 3 lots.

No. 365. Three lots, 6th avenue, six-room cof-

8th, front east, 3 lots.

No. 365. Three lots, 6th avenue, six-room cottage house, blinds cellar, stable, coal-house, all complete, only \$1.350 cash. This is one of the best bargains in the city.

No. 366. Now we have you! 24 lots, corner Buchanan and 6th avenue, with good eight-room house, \$1.500 cash. The lots are worth \$2.400, house would cost \$1,200 more making \$3.600, so you see we give you \$1,200, say nothing about the well and fence, ior taking the property.

Correspondence is solicited from the second contact of th

Correspondence is solicited from those wishing to move to Kansas, or from persons desirous of making investments. Address, ROSS & MCCLINTOCK,

Topeka, Kansas. McCLINTOCK, ROSS

Topeka, Kansas.

The Kansas Farmer:

J. K. HUDSON, Editor & Proprietor, Topeka, Kan

SUPPLEMENT.

Facts and Figures from K ansas

From Doniphan County.

Mildness, moisture and mud are the elemente(?) that have ruled our winter so far. We have had "cold snaps" but they were of there had not been snow enough to track a growing. rabbit. We had a light snow and a sleet about that time, but it was all gone in a few days. On the seventh of February the snow began falling and continued to fall for fortyeight hours, but the weather was so warm and the ground so wet, that a great deal of it inois, Missouri, Arkansas, Nebraska, Wyomelted as it fell. It will soon be gone, for the sun is bright, and the wind from the south to-day (the 10th). Mud! mud! was the cry; now it will be slop! slop!

Winter wheat and rye are looking well. There were some pieces of grass wheat sown last fall. It is looking as well as the other. I will give the result after harvest. I wish others who are trying it would do the same. The flour is almost as good as fall wheat. To have wheat that will yield well and make good flour, are two very important points with the farmer, but there is another of equal importance, and that is the extortionate toll taken by the millers for grinding. If the question was asked, Miller, what is earth? some of them would answer, "A place to raise wheat that we may get half of it for toll." Will some one who is posted write an article for the FARMER on mills and toll?

Stock of all kinds are doing well. No disease. Some farmers complained that their horses were not doing well, but upon inquiry it was found that they were feeding millet. As soon as, the feed was changed the horses got well. We fed it last fall and winter and thought it made the horses stiff. It is considered good for cattle?

Fruit buds seem to be all right. If nothing happens, the peaches here will be a large crop. Apples (are plenty and cheap-60 and 75 cents per bushel. The Winesap, Genet and Pearmain are the standard varieties.

Potatoes are scarce. Corn was a good crop. It has sold this winter at from 18 to 25 cents; but very little going into market on account of bad roads. The query now among the farmers is, "If the Bland bill passes, what will be done with the silver?" The cribs being full there will be no place to put it. M. C.

From Anderson County.

These long evenings can be shortened by exchanging views through the columns of the FARMER, and many good articles do we find in your valuable paper. In our section of the country we have had quite an open winter, so much so that part of the time the roads have been almost impassible. What winter wheat there was sown here is looking well, and we all hope for a good crop, as we are almost worn out on corn bread. Stock of all kinds appear to be doing well; most of the farmers have marketed their fall and winter stock of at hogs, most of which and well fatted. We have in our county quite a number of farmers and stock-raisers, and the sooner we all get to handling blooded stock, both cattle and hogs, the sooner we will dist tinguish the good from the inferior and put more money in our pockets. I think the Poland China and Berkshire crossed, the male of the former, would be my choice, though others differ with me on this point. I also think every farmer should change his seed at least once every two years; corn, wheat and oats, from bottom to upland and from upland to bottom, seed from the same land will not do so well as when changed. Potatoes also, one or two eyes in hills sixteen to eighteen inches apart, is the best plan I have found ; do not always plant small seek or your potatoes will run out. In sprouting hedge seed I have never failed. Take a nail keg or box (owing to the amount you wish to sprout), bore several small holes in the bottom, put in a layer of sand two inches deep, then a layer of seed, and keep on till all of your seed is in, then sand on top ; spread a thin muslin cloth over the top. Pour warm water over it once a day, and let it stand in the sun; if kept warm they will sprout in from twelve to fifteen days. Watch your chance and plant when the ground is moist and in good condition; plant on new, clean ground and cover about an inch and a half or two inches. Lay your ground off with a corn marker and you will have no trouble in tending or plowing the plants when grown; try to get your seed into the ground by the latter part of May. J. H. AMBROSE.

From Cloud County.

EDITOR FARMER: Four numbers of your valuable paper have just arrived, with which I am well pleased. I have a variety of specimen copies of the leading agricultural papers before me, and after a careful examination I pronounce the Kansas FARMER far superior as as an agricultural paper for the farmers of Kansas, for the reason that our climate, soil and manner of farming is very diferent from that of states east of us, as I can state from experience, having been a resident of Cloud county, Kansas, for over ten years.

I will state here that Cloud county is one

abundant supply of good stone coal for fuel, and a fair distribution of t'mber.

Concordia, the county seat of Cloud county, is a beautiful little town situated on the south bank of the Republican river. It is now the terminus of the Central Branch of the U.P. railroad, and is one hundred and fifty miles west of the Missouri river.

As for the cereals and vegetables, Cloud county has now one of the largest crops from 1877 raising, that she has ever had. Any par-ties in the east wishing homes in Kansas, would do well to come to Cloud county, as farms can be had at reasonable prices, both raw and improved land. Cloud county also short duration. Before the 29th of January offers many advantages for stock and grain-

Kaneas, in meetimation, is the best stock and grain-growing country on this continent. I believe I have given the matter a thorough investigation, having traveled in search of a better one through the states of Indiana, Illming Ter., Colorado, Utah, Nevada, California, Washington, and British Columbia, and in none of the states named above have I found a better or as good a stock and grain country as Kansas, and it is a good state in which to live, notwithstanding, it is not free from obt ections in some points.

W. H. ANDERSON. ADVERTISEMENTS.

Our readers, in replying to advertisements in the Farmer will do us a favor if they will state in their letters to advertisers that they saw this

FORTY YEARS BEFORE THE PUBLIC. DR. C. MOLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

Hepatitis or Liver Complaint, DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE.

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver. DAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder-blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for a rheumatism in the arm, The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases

have been extensively deranged. AGUE AND FEVER. DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them A

have occurred where few of them ex-

isted, yet examination of the body,

after death, has shown the LIVER to

FAIR TRIAL. For all Bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine Dr. C. MCLANE's LIVER PILLS are never sugar coated. Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression Dr. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine MILANE'S LIVER Pills bear the signatures of C. M!LANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist on your druggist or storekeeper giving you the genuine DR. C. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburgh,

Sold by all respectable druggists and country storekeepers generally. To those wishing to give Dr. C. McLane's Liver Pills a trial, we will mail post paid to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twenty-five cents.

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

DR PIRCE'S STANDARD

REMEDIES

Are not advertised as "cure-alls," but are specifics in the diseases for which they are recommended. NATURAL SELECTION.

rent from that of states east of us, as I can tate from experience, having been a resident of Cloud county, Kansas, for over ten years.

I will state here that Cloud county is one mong the best counties in the state of Kansas, having good soll, good water, and an United States alone exceeds one million dollars per

annum, while the amount exported foots up to sever al hundred thousand more. No business could grow to such gigantic proportions and rest upon any other than that of merit.

Golden Medical Discovery

Is Alterative, or Blood-cleansing.

Golden Medical Discovery

In Pectoral Golden Medical Discovery

Is a Cholagogue, or Liver Stimulant. Golden Medical Discovery

18 Tonic. Golden Medical Discovery

By reason of its Alterative properties, cures Diseases of the Blood and Skin. as Scrofulh, or King's Evil; Tumors, Ulcers, or Old sores; Blotches; Pimples; and Eruptions. By virine of its Pectoral properties, it cures Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections; Inclp lent Consumption; Livgeing Coughs: and Chronic Laryngitis. Its Cholagogue', properties render it an unequaled remedy for Billiousness; Torbid Liver, or "Liver Cemplaint;" and its Tonic properties make it equally efficacious in curing Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, and Dyseppsia.

Where the skin is sallow and covered with blotches and pimples, or where they are federalous swellings, and affections, a few bottles of Golden Medical Discovery will effect an entire cure. If you feel dull drow-sy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, irequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in meurh, internal heat or chills alternative with hot flushes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated you are suffering from Torpid Lirar, or "Billiousness." In many cases "Liter Complaint," only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perf ct cires, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

P. P. P. P. Dr. Pierce's

Pleasant Purgative Pellets.

Purely Vegetable. No care required while using them.

The "Little Giant" Cathartic, or Multum in Parvo Physic, scarcely larger than mustard seeds, and are sugar-coated. They remove the necessity of taking the great, crude, drastic sickening pills, heretofore so much in use.

As a remedy for Headache, Dizziness, Rush of Blood to the Head, Tightness about the Chest, Bad taste in Mouth, Eractations from the Stomach, Blions At tacks, Jaundice, Pain in the Kidneys, Highly-colored Urine, and Internal Fever, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets are unsurpassed, Furthermore, I would say that their action is universal, not a gland oscaping their sanative impress. Age does not impare the properties of these Pellets. They are sugar-coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtue being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length af time, so that they are always fresh and reliable. This is not the case with those pills which are put up in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. The daily use of two Pellets has cured the most obstinate cases of Scrofula, Tetter, Salt-rheum, Erysleplas, Boils, Blotches, Pimples, Sore-Ryes, and Eruptions. They are, however, recommended to be taken in connections with the Golden Medicai Discovery, in order to secure the best results.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE

PRESCRIPTION

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE

PRESCRIPTION.

DR, PIERCE'S FAVORITE

The remedial management of those diseases peculiar to women has afforded a large experience at the World's Dispensary, of which Dr. Pierce is the chief consulting physician, in adapting remedies for their cure. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the result of this extended experience, and has become justly celebrated for its many and remarkable cures of all those chronic diseases and

WEAKNESSES PECULIAR TO

Favorite Prescription is a Powerful Restorative Tonic to the entire system. It is a nervine of unsurpasst ed efficacy, and, while it quiets nervous irritation, it strengthens the enfeebled nervous system, thereby restoring it to healthful vigor. The following diseases are among those in which the Favorite Prescription has worked magic cures, viz; Leucorrhea, or "Whites," Excessive Flowing, Painful Menstrnation. Unnatural Suppressions, Weak Back, Prolapsus, or falling of the Uterns, Anteversion. Retroversion, Bearing down Sensation, Chronic Congestion, Imfammation and Ulceration of the Uterns, Internal Heat. Nervous Depression, Debility, Despondency, and very many other chronic diseases peculiar to wowomen, but not mentioned here.

The following Ladies are a few of the many thousands who can testify to the efficacy of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, from experience and observation:

Favorite Prescription, from experience and observation:

| Mars. Cornelia Allison, Peosta, Iowa; Mrs. Thos. J. Methvin, Hatcher's Station, Ga.: Mrs. T. Seymour, Rome, N. Y.; Mrs. Francis Huswick, Versailles, Ohio; Mrs. Leroy Putnam, North Wharton, Pa.; Mrs. Mary 'A. Hunolt, Edina Mo.; Mrs. Mary A, Frisby, Lehman, Pa.: Mrs. D. L. Gilli. Chillicothe, Ohio; Mrs. Harriet E. Malone, West Springfield, Pa.; Mrs. R. Hlatt, Emporia, Kan.; Miss Louise Pratt, Dodgeville, Mass.; Mrs. L., A. Dashield, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. C. Allison, Proctor, Iews; Mrs. J. N. Vernon, St. Thomas, Ont., Mrs. S. C. Morgan, 353North Howard Street, Baltimore, Md.; Mrs. Lucy Callman, Barnesville, Ohio; Mrs. Nancy McNaught, Jefferson, Iowa; Mrs. L. G. Stemrod, Friendship, N. Y.; Miss. Ellen Cady, Westfield, N. Y; Mrs. Anthony Amann, Verona, N. Y.; Mrs. B. N. Rooks, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Mrs. F. H. Webb, Watertown, N. Y. Thousands of references can be given at the World's Dispensary. Densary

THE PEOPLE'S

MEDICAL SERVANT

Dr. R. V. Pierce is the sole proprietor and manufacturer of the foregoing remedies, all of which are sold by druggist. He is also the Author of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of nearly one thousand pages, with two hundred and eighty-two wood-engravings and colored plates. He has already sold of this popular work

PRICE (post-paid) \$1.50.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.,

227 Kansas Avenue, Topeka, CE FAMILY GROCERIES

NO BAITS SET TO CATCH CUDEONS

A LargeStock of the Best French China

LAMPS AND GLASSWARE, English and American Stone China, and common crockery always in store, and orders filled at lowest figures. Farmers and country merchants will find 227 Kansas avenue the

best Place in the City to Sell Butter and Egg We pay the highest market price in cash or goods for farm produce. Orders by mall solicited. Country merchants supplied with assorted lots of goods in small quantities at a shade above wholesale prices, and farm produce taken in exchange. Goods delivered in any part of the city, or at the railroad depots. Call on us, or send by mail for samples and prices.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED, OR MONEY REFUNDED

KANSAS WAGON

Centennial Exposition

And also all Kinds of Freight, Spring and Express Wagons. We use the most improved machinery, and under the direction of the most skillful foreman in the U. States, employ two hundred men in the manufacture of these wagons. We use the celebrated Wisco Hubs and Indiana Spokes and Felloes, and carry large stocks of thoroughly dry first-class wagon timber. work is finished in the most substantial manner, with all the latest improvements. Every wagon warms

Kansas Manufacturing Comp'y, Leavenworth, Ks A. CALDWELL, President; N. J. WATERMAN, Vice President; C. B. BRACE, Treasurer; J. B. McAFEE, Secretary; A. WOODWORTH, Superintendent Shops. The above Line of Goods are for sale by

W. W. CAMPBELL & BRO., TOPEKA, Ks. CARBONATED STONE

And Pipe Works.

LOCATED: NEAR J. P. COLE'S STORE, ON KANSAS AVENUE, TOPEKA.

We are now prepared to furnish a full assortment of

Chimneys, Sewer and Drain Pipe, Well Tubing, Flagging and Building Stone and Trimmings.

TAKE NOTICE.

Drain Pine We Guarantee the Durability of All Goods

We manufacture and deal is. We are also the agents for the State of Kansas for the sale of th MILWAUKEE CEMENT, which we are prepared to show by undeniable authority, as being THE BEST HYDRAULIC CEMENT MADE in THE United STATES. We can furnish it by the pound, barrel, or car load lots, either in bags or barrels, at the lowest prices. Also constantly on hand English and Portland Cements, Michigan Champion brand, Stoco Plaster, also the genuine Hannibal Bear Creek white lime. Hair and plasterer's materials generally, AT BOTTOM FIGURES, for the best brands manufactured.

CONTRACTS MADE FOR FURNISHING TUBING, AND PUTTING IN BORED WELLS. Call and see us and we can satisfy you that it is fer your interest to patronize us, and use our goods upon the merit of their durability and cheapness. Send for circular and price list. S. P. SPEAR. H. WILLIS.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS

In order to reduce our immense stock, we will ofter for the next thirty days the fellowing great inducements to housekeepers and others. Now is the time to purchase these goods, as there will be. ("as has been invariably the case.") a marked advance in all classes of goods when once the spring trade opens.

20 Cases Lonsdale, Hill, Fruit of the Loom. Gold Metal, &c., &c., at 8%cts.
15 Bales:heaviest and best 4-4 Sheeting, brown, 8%cts.
500 pleces new and stylish Prints, 16 and 20 yards for \$1.00
5,000 yards Knickerbocker and Other Dress Plaids, 10 cts.
5,000 yards colored Overall Duck, at 13%cts.
5,000 yards Ticking at 8%, 10, 12%, and 15 cts.

Our entire Stock of Flannels at less than cost of production.

10,000 yards Cheviot Shirting, 12 and 14 yards for \$1,00.
6, 8. 10 and 12 yards good Toweling for \$1,00.
20,000 yards Hamburg Embroirdies, all the latest and newest novelties, at 50 cts on the dollar.
100 White and Colored Spreads at less than cost.

Our entire line of Table Linen at less than Importation Prices.

100 pieces Waterproofs, Jeans, Cassimeres, &c. &c. at half the former prices.

The Finest Line of Carpetings in the State, embracing extra supers, three plys, Brussels; also a fall ine of Mattings, Oil Cloths, Rugs, &c., &c., to be closed out at your own price.

An immense Stock on hand, for men, youths and boys, on which we guarantee a making of, at

Great Attraction in our Ribbon Stock !! Over 2,000 pieces, embracing every shade and width, at 50cts on the Bollar

Unheard of Bargains in Ready-Made Glothing. For men boys and children, embracing the finest Dress Suits, Business Suits and School Suits; also a complete line of Overcoats, for men, boys and Children, at on the contract of the contrac

Cloaise for ladies; Hats for ladies; Shawls for ladies; Gloves for ladies; all to be closed out at fifty per cent, under lowest value.

500 dozen ladies' misses' and childrens' Hose, at your own price.

Knit Jackets fer men; Scarfs for men; Merino Underwear for men; Winter Caps for men; every-

Knit Jackets for men; Scarls for men; Merino Underwear for men; Winter Caps for men; everyin these lines at your own price.

10,000 pairs British Half-Hose, 15, 20, 25 and 35 cents.

Orr's patent Overall and Jacket at \$1,00 each.

50 dozen Damask Towels at \$2 25, \$2.63, and \$2.93; form: price \$3.50, \$1,25 and \$5.00 per dozen.

50 dozen Huck Towels at \$1,27, and \$1.50 per dozen;

Red Table Linen as low as 35 cents.

Best white Shirt ever offered at \$1.50; former price, \$2,50.

Since our annual inventory we have made an actual reduction of 3 Over 100,000 Copies! per cent, on nearly every line represented in the foregoing, and thousands o articles which this space will not admit of enumerating.

Topeka, Kansas.

World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. V. Orders promptly filled and satisfact on guaranteed.