LANSAS FARMER **OCTOBER 2, 1943** CONTINUING MAIL & BREEZE

LOWING Help or Harm? ARMERS have been gradually plowing themselves out of business since the advent of the moldboard plow some 200

years ago. At least, this is the theory now being advanced by Edward H. Faulkner, an Ohio experimental farmer, whose revolutionary ideas on planting and cultivation recently received the approval of U.S. Department of Agricultural officials.

"With all their machinery U.S. farmers get less yield an acre than Chinese peasants," says Mr. Faulkner in his newly published book "Plowman's Folly," in which he condemns the moldboard plow as the major enemy of the soil.

The story of how the author arrived at this conclusion goes back some 25 years. A Kentucky farmer's son, county agent and agricultural teacher, Mr. Faulkner noticed that when crops in a plowed field became parched and yellow, the weeds in unplowed adjoining fencerows still grew lush and green. He wondered why the plants in meadows and forests grew so well without cultivation.

Having noted these things he began to ask farmers and agricultural experts why they plowed the soil. He claims he never could get an answer based on scientific facts. Most farmers plow, he concludes, mainly because they like to. At the same time he concluded that the plants in meadows and forests grow better because they are fed and protected by decaying plants on the surface of the soil.

Having proved in his mind that plowing was wrong, the author set out to prove his theories in actual practice. He began with small test plots, taking the poorest soil he could find and working humus material into the surface. These proved successful so he began experiments on a field-size basis.

He grew a thick cover crop of rye, disk-

Plowing is accused in a recent book. "Plowman's Folly," of destroying soil fertility and robbing plant roots of food and water by burying green manure beyond their depth, to act as a "blotter" in the subsoil.

> harrowed it and planted in a trashy surface; using no commercial fertilizer on the soil or insecticides on the plants. The results were astounding. His tomatoes brought as much as 25 cents a peck premium for weight, he grew sweet potatoes in 2 months instead of 4, and harvested 5 pickings of beans instead of the usual 1 or 2.

> But it wasn't all easy. His biggest problem was finding an implement to plant his crops, as all modern machinery is designed to slide thru the soil. There was so much trash left on the Faulkner fields no present-day machine would do the job. He writes: "During the first rainy weeks I designed and built a crude device for locating the rows and establishing the places where seeds or plant roots

were to be placed in those rows. The outcome of my necessity was a marker which would roll over the land, smooth or otherwise and, without furrows, indicate the rows and the hill spaces in them. The marker was made from 2 discarded wagon wheels. These were fitted on their rims with lugs that would 'track' the land at 1-foot intervals. The axle upon which they turned was designed for

row widths of 3 to 5 feet.

"I was to find later that its ability to negotiate a trashy surface was not the most notable virtue of this marker. Even more important was the fact that, every time a marker lug touched the ground. [Continued on Page 14]



The author claims the remedy to be "use of an implement that can't bury surface materials, such as a good disk harrow, which can mix into the soil, in a matter of hours, an amount of organic matter nature would take decades to produce."



A spring-tooth harrow, or any implement that incorporates surface material with the soil, is recommended by the author as superior to plowing in seedbed preparation.

From a Marketing Viewpoint

By George Montgomery, Feed Grains, I sell now or finish them to heavier Poultry and Eggs; F. L. Parsons, Live-weights?—C. S.

Stock and Dairy.

It appears the most profitable years

I have greatly expanded my hog operations in recent years. Do you think it advisable to maintain an expanded program of hog production for the dura-tion of the war? If I cut down on my breeding program, when is the best time to sell the sows? I have some 180-to 220-pound gilts and barrows. Should

YES, to be sure of top quality and dependability in a synthetic

rubber tractor tire, do as you have

always done - go to your Goodyear dealer for Goodyear Sure-Grip tires.

smart to do so - reasons why Good-

year Sure-Grips are superior to other

First, Goodyear Sure-Grips give the exclusive advantages of that

hard-working, SELF-CLEANING, O-P-E-N C-E-N-T-E-R TREAD

DESIGN which gets the most work

out of any tractor, in less time, and

Second, there's Goodyear's long ex-

perience in synthetic rubber. Know-

ing how to compound synthetics is

mighty important - and Goodyear's

experience in processing synthetic

rubber dates back beyond the grant-

ing of our first synthetic patents in

Third, thanks to Goodyear's Super-

twist cord construction, the carcass

of Goodyear tractor tires has extra

toughness and resiliency - which

with less fuel.

means longer life.

TIRES

synthetic rubber tractor tires.

It appears the most profitable years in the current hog-production cycle are about ended. The hog-corn price ratio is still favorable but by next year may be less favorable than in recent years. Hog numbers are at an all-time high. Feed supplies are scarce and advanc-ing in price. The Government is putting a ceiling on hog prices October 4,

1943. The Government support price on hogs will be dropped \$1.25 by October, 1944. All this indicates smaller profits in hog production. Now is a good time to put your hog operations on a normal basis. It will probably pay you to sell your sows now and also your 180- to 220-pound pigs that are finished. They probably will be at least \$1 less by November or December.

I have 20 grass-fattened cows, heif-ers and veal calves, mostly Herefords, which I am thinking of selling this fall to buy a farm. Do you think this a wise

plan or should I increase my herd un after the war, then dispose of them a buy a farm?—W. V.

If present beef price ceilings a maintained, the owners of cow her probably have already seen the mo profitable years in the present catt price cycle. Cattle numbers are at all-time peak, and within a short time after the war's end, cattle prices likely to decline. Now, prices of covare more than twice what they we for the average of the 1932-39 period From a price standpoint, I don't be lieve there would be any risk in kee ing your cattle, at least until ne spring, provided you have feed course, feed may be a problem.

Farm land values are now at an idex of about 105 compared with the peak of about 170 in World War I. Land values probably will increase for se eral years or until farm prices declin sharply over a period of time. This ca be expected.

What is the outlook for turks prices? -J. E. M.

The turkey crop in the United State will be about the same as last year. I Kansas it is expected to be about I per cent less. Owing to meat rationing the large demand for all kinds of pour try meat, and Government purchas of 10 million pounds of turkey for the armed forces, it is expected that turke prices will remain at ceiling levels. The price regulation on dressed turkys pre price regulation on dressed turkys pri vides that there shall be a seas decrease in price of 2 cents on Octob 1, and 1 cent on November 1.

Since so much wheat is being use for livestock feed and for making is dustrial alcohol, is there any dange that we will run short of wheat?-C. M.

It is not probable that there will be a scarcity of wheat for making breat and for other uses for human consumption. It appears almost certain the after this year we cannot use as much wheat for livestock feed and for a cohol as is being used at the presentime. During the crop season—Julto June—we probably will use about 400 million bushels more wheat the was produced this year. The carri was produced this year. The carry over of wheat next June may be on about one third as large as it was the year. Unless there is a bumper whea crop next summer, it will be necessar to restrict the amount of wheat use for feed and industrial purposes.

AUTO TIRES . . . TRUCK TIRES . . . BELTS AND SPRAY HOSE

Your Goodyear dealer can supply you with good used tires, or with Goodyears for your passenger car or truck-depending on your certificate and his stocks. He also offers expert tire inspection, recapping and retread-

dealer. He has all the latest rules and

information, and will be glad to help

you in every possible way to get the

extra advantages of the finest tire

equipment any tractor can have to-

day - Goodyear Sure-Grips!

Goodyear Klingtite Cord Hammermill Belts that wear many times longer are also available from your regular dealer-Back

the attac

as well as Goodyear Agricultural Spray Hose.



So, if you can qualify for new tractor tires - either as replacements or as change-overs from steel wheels you want Goodyear Sure-Grips, the best synthetic rubber tractor tire

And the way to find out if you can qualify is to see your Goodyear

O-P-E-N C-E-N-T-E-R, SELF-CLEANING TREAD DESIGN.

NO "POCKETS" to pack up with earth and cause slippage.

GREATER TRACTION, backward as well as forward in all kinds

BETTER WORK, in less time and with less fuel.

SURE-GRIP

OPEN CENTER NO MUDTRAPS

TRACTOR EVEN SPACING BUTTRESSED BASE **NO JERKS** NO LUG TEAR

Renew Tire Plan

The WFA program for helping farm ers convert steel tractor wheels rubber has been resumed under limited conditions, it is announced. Experience shows that rubber tires bring about savings of from 15 to 25 per cent i fuel, and as high as 35 per cent in re pair costs. They also allow greate tractor speed, saving time and labor

Officials said that applications re ceived can be granted only where conversion is necessary because the implement or tractor is to be used for custom work. They also stressed that the program is temporary and that it extension depends on the ability manufacturers to increase tire production.

Before the program was suspended 33,144 conversions had been authorized, involving more than 98,000 tires States making the most conversion were Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska, Ohio and Minnesota.

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ARTHUR CAPPER Published H. S. BLAKE Dick Mann ... Associate Editor
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Five years, \$1; one year 25 cents.

ear.



erdinand Miller's attractive, 21-year-old daughter, Marvel, takes harge of poultry raising activities on Miller farm. Realizes 65c out fevery poultry dollar comes from eggs; knows poultry furnishes merican farmers their third largest income. To insure maximum egg rofits, Miller farm provides scientific feeding, housing, care. Flocks, rom baby chicks to laying house, are fed Staley poultry feed regularly.



igs of Ferdinand Miller grow sleek, well fed, husky under his watchful bye and personal care. Doing their bit for fighting food, Miller sows produced large litters this spring. "I've never had a bit of trouble getling a pig to eat Pig Mama or Pro-Lass," says Mr. Miller. "They go right after it—and they certainly clean it up in a hurry. I feed the lows Staley's Pro-Lass cubes and bolieve me, it's the thing for them!"





hrewd, successful Mr. Miller believes "the best way to sell a corn fop is through your hogs." Feeds own home grains, supplemented with PRO-LASS Pig and Hog Supplement, to provide balanced ration. "It looks like everybody that uses it likes Staley's," says Mr. Miller emphatically. "My son-in-law is just as big a booster for Staley's as I am."



STALEYS
PRO-LASS
PIG and HOG SUPPLEMENT
and PIG MAMA
No Minerals or Tankage to Buy

STALEY'S PRO-LASS PIG and HOG SUPPLEMENT helps hogs put on fast, Profitable gains—gets them to market early. STALEY'S PIG MAMA is invaluable as an aid to condition sows for farrowing—and helps hursing pigs gain weight rapidly.

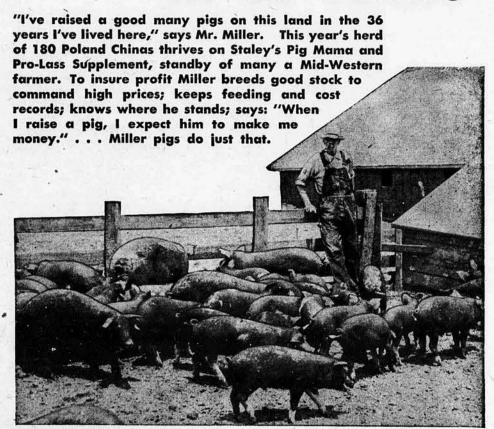
(42-85)

— See Your Feed Dealer — STALEY MILLING CO., KANSAS CITY, MO.



Ferdinand Miller, right, follows traditional pattern of rural America. Born and reared on a farm, likes farming today. Has prospered and raised his family during past 36 years on same farm near 4500 population town of Glenwood, Iowa. Takes pride in his property; proud of his livestock; veteran hog raiser. Likes to trade ideas on farm problems with men who have expert background on feeding, such as Earl Gibson, Staley dealer in Glenwood.

"A FARM CAN RAISE A GOOD MANY HOGS IN 36 YEARS"



Proudly surveying porkers, Ferdinand Miller tells reporter: "I've used a good many different kinds of feeds in the years I've been here, but my choice is Staley's. The pigs do well on it and they start eating it right away. These pigs started eating Staley's Pig Mama when they were just 3 weeks old. That's what saves your saws—keeps them from getting too run down."

Dawson Creek, shown above, formerly Northern outpost. Now the Souther, end of a 1,600-mile highway. Its big gest industry is wheat.

On the Road to Uncle Sam's

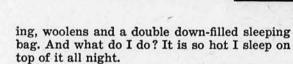
ICE BOX

By 1st Lt. Cecil E. Barger



hood which zips up close around the face. Looks warm enough.

It is possible that nowhere is the scenery of the winter landscape along the Alaska highway surpassed, as seen at left. A great vacation spot for after the war.



Two days later, however, I felt the fury of the Arctic. The thermometer started falling at noon one day, and 48 hours later it had dropped from 50 degrees above to 50 degrees

Right in the middle of that fall I left Dawson Creek for my first trip up the road-up the great Alaska Highway.

Naturally I was apprehensive about driving up a road about which I had heard so many sobering stories, and in such weather. But packing all the woolens I could cram into my musette bag, rolling up all my heavy bedding,

First in a series of 4 articles on the great Alaska Highway, by Cecil E. Barger, associate editor of Kansas Farmer, now on leave with the United States Army.



A jeep inspects a newly completed stretc of road thru regions of beautiful lakes and

and putting on all my furs, I set out, determined to climb the North Pole, if necessary, to get to my destination.

Driving with ordinary care, I traversed 800 miles of the road without a single accident of incident of any kind. Much of the road was as good as any gravel road in Kansas. Other parts had a few more turns and a few steeper grades, but nowhere was the road impassable if ordinary precautions were taken.

The Army Corps of Engineers approached the present road site from every conceivable angle-from the air, by the sea, and across rugged forest land. They marked the trail, some 1,600 miles long, from Dawson Creek, British Columbia, up thru Yukon to Whitehorse, and on into Alaska to Fairbanks. Then they buil the road with the combined efforts of civilian

contractors from Canada and the United States, in less than a year.

"It is the greatest engineering feat since the digging of the Panam Canal," an outstanding enginee authority states.

I came on an advance party for regiment of the Quartermaste Corps that now drives the truck over the road, moving the freigh that will strike terror into the hear of the Jananese and bring smiles the faces of the staunch Russian and Chinese.

The main body of my compan arrived right in the middle of the tremendous [Continued on Page !

Swimming at 40 degrees below zero! Throwing snowballs while splashing in the water! trick is a pool of warm water from a hot sprin Our hair froze into a mat of ice while dressed. Left to right: John Cook, Georg Lt. Barger; and Joe Helsel, Niagara Falls

this article. Just for fun I claim to be the first white person to travel the traversable length of the continent by land. Maybe I'm not, but, until I am contradicted, I am going to claim the title, anyway. A little more than a year ago, John Slocum

RAVELING the whole length of North

America entirely by land! A few years

ago such a feat would have been virtually

impossible. Now it is not only possible, but actually has been done-and by no less a con-

tinent-trotter than yours truly, the author of

and I motored the length of the Pan-American Highway from Laredo, Texas, to Mexico City and beyond. Many of you read of our exploits in Kansas Farmer. At the time, little did I dream that in less than a year I would travel to the extreme end of the great Alaska Highway, to the northern tip of the road hookup that will someday completely unite the Americas-that now unites Fairbanks with Mexico City, and will someday unite Point Barrow with Patagonia.

One winter I am soaking up sunshine down among the sloe-eyed Mexican lassies, poinsettias, bananas, colorful tropical vegetation. Next I am in a land of ice and snow, glaciers, 60-below temperatures, bears and moose, Eskimos in furry parkas, dog teams, gold, Northwest Mounties, aurora borealises, and the Call of the Wild! Some contrast!

Of particular interest, perhaps, is that the Aztecs who developed the great civilization of Mexico City came from the regions of the present Alaska Highway about the year 1325. I have virtually made a return trip, but whereas they spent more than 3 years in their trek, I spent only slightly more than 3 weeks in actual travel time.

My first night up north was an exact opposite of my first night in the tropics, when I nearly froze stiff in a Spanish casa under a palm tree. When I arrived in that famous little town of Dawson Creek, of which nobody ever heard until it suddenly became the southern terminal of an international boundary-piercing road, it was absolutely warm right in the middle of January. They were having a big chinook, which is an Indian term for warm winds in winter. I was issued all kinds of fur-lined clothmountains.

Equipment Shortage Shows Up

In Survey Made by Assessors

deal of new farm equipment if need for certain parts. ey are to reach the high 1944 producn goals, reports J. C. Mohler, secreof the Kansas State Board of griculture. During the last 2 or 3

"Last spring, in order to determine needs of Kansas farmers for new ipment, questions were included in Annual Spring Assessors' Enumeron of Agriculture. This census has been completed, and 9 counties, from each crop-reporting district the state, have been summarized. This survey indicates that Kansas rmers need all types of equipment nging from threshing machines to by carriages. The western wheat ower needs wheat machinery; comnes, tractors, drills, one-ways, and sks are high on his list. For the enre 9 counties, combines were first in mand, with Decatur county farmers alling for 78 new combines and farms in Nemaha county listing a need r 13. The average for the 9 counties s 48. Scarcity of grain drills is also ute, with 77 requests in Kingman unty. The average for the 9 counties s 44. As was expected, the need for e-ways is quite heavy in western eas. In Gove county alone, farmers ed 45 additional one-ways.

Souther

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age 8

Throwing ter! The ot sprin while !

Georg*

Falls.

"In the corn-producing area, cultitors, corn planters, listers and plows e greatly in demand. Mitchell county lled for 55 additional plows, while 53 ters would relieve the shortage in emaha county. Franklin county farms have need for 86 cultivators. Hay uipment is also greatly in demand the eastern two thirds of the state, d an average of 22 mowers and 13 kes to the county is indicated by s survey. Other types of equipment, ich would aid the Kansas farmer in oducing more food in 1944, include os, gas engines, trucks, cream sepators, milking machines, windmills, akes and anure spreaders, ensilage cutters, gons and pumps.

If the rest of the state is as badly in ed of new machinery as these 9 rmined imple counties, and there is every ason to believe that is so, the situget to ason to believe that is ac, lon is probably more critical than has en previously indicated."

ed 800 Kansas farmers are making every lent of fort to meet their war production was abals, but, in Mr. Mohler's opinion,
Other ere must be a substantial increase
steeper the quantity of metals allocated for
assable e manufacturing of new machinery they are to obtain the additional oached achines so badly needed.

acrossig Scrap Drive l, some British tarts October 11

se, and y buil NATIONWIDE drive to collect 15 million additional tons of scrap stal is being launched this month, beaning October 11 in Kansas, accordance of the Kansas Salvage Committee. The stall organizations that participated the 1942 drive are being urged to cograte again this year and indicators. erate again this year, and indicay for maste truck as are that every agency will be cking the drive to the limit.

Governor Andrew Schoeppel is excted to make the kickoff for the freight w campaign by issuing a proclama-heart n and perhaps giving a radio ad-niles tess. Branch farm implement dis-assian butors are asking their dealers to duce at least 5 tons of scrap for h of the months of October, Noof the mber and December. The response on s request has been excellent, rets Mr. Woods.

As in past campaigns, the largest ponsibility for producing scrap will upon the farmer. Considerable dif-lty has been encountered in the past collecting this scrap because farmdid not have time to "knock down" chinery no longer used, and because

ANSAS farmers will need a great they sometimes felt they might have

"It is hoped," says Mr. Woods, that farmers by now have had time to go over their old machinery and reserve any parts they wish to keep, and that ears, adequate replacements have not they will be ready to scrap the rest."
Since the difficulties of gathering scrap from the farms are greater than in the cities, much of the success will depend upon the initiative of the farmers in making their scrap available, he said.

Every effort is being made by the state committee to get the campaign organized down thru the counties and townships to the point that someone will be responsible for each school district and city block.

Scrap owners will be given an oppor-

ing conducted during October. Money from this campaign will go to the USO., the United Seamen's Service, the War Prisoners' Fund, and 14 other agencies including United China Relief, Russian War Relief, Greek War Relief, British and French funds, and aid to refugees. More than half of it will be used for benefit of men in the U. S. armed services.

On Lookout for **Grass Champion**

CONTEST to determine the state A grand champion grass grower of Kansas is being sponsored jointly by Kansas State College and the Kansas City Chamber of Commerce, it is announced by Walter H. Atzenweiler, agricultural commissioner of the Kantunity to do double war duty with sas City Chamber. The contest will be their scrap this year. If they so desire confined to grass growers who seed a sas City Chamber. The contest will be

they can donate scrap to the National minimum of 10 acres or more of culti-War Chest Campaign, which also is bevated land to grass.

L. E. Willoughby, extension specialist in agronomy of Kansas State College, is chairman of the State committee and announces that the contest will be in 2 parts-a county contest and a state contest.

Pastures entered will be scored 10 per cent on record of production methods, 10 per cent on sample of seed planted, 25 per cent on seedbed, 15 per cent on seeding, 25 per cent on stand obtained, and 15 per cent on cover.

Each county champion, selected from 5 or more contestants in a county, will receive a \$25 premium and a grass growers champion ribbon. The 10 highest scoring county champions will receive a trophy or medal. The state champion will receive \$100 and a gold medal while the runner-up will be awarded \$50 and a silver medal.

Dates for entries, says Mr. Atzenweiler, have been extended to November 1 for fall seeding and June 1 for spring seeding.



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Round kernels have exactly the same breeding - and same parentage as the flat kernels. They will produce exactly the same results. They will plant just as farthey will yield just as much.

ECONOMY Hybrid seed corn is expensive to produce. For that reason, it is vitally important that every good kernel of seed be saved -and planted. Many farmers who have been planting hybrid seed corn for a long time-actually prefer the round kernels - because the original cost is less - because they will plant just as far — and yield just as much.

ACCURATE PLANTING Special grading methods

developed by Garst & Thomas have resulted in a greater uniformity of round kernel sizes. And - because of the rapid and widespread use of round kernels—implement manufacturers are, almost without exception, making planter plates that will accurately plant the round kernels of hybrid corn.

For JUST AS BIG YIELDS—for JUST AS BIG PROFITS—and for a REAL SAVINGS IN ORIGINAL SEED COST—ask your local Pioneer Sales Representative for the complete facts about round kernels.

GARST & THOMAS Hybrid Corn Co. COON RAPIDS, IOWA

FEW days ago, September 17, was the 156th birthday anniversary of the Constitution of the United States. On that date, in 1787, the 39th signature of delegates to the Constitutional Convention was affixed, and the Constitution went to the states for ratification. It was June of the following year before the necessary number of states ratified the action of the Convention, and the Constitution became effective.

In the years that have followed the Constitution has been amended, has been interpreted, has at times even been disregarded by those sworn to uphold it—but the Constitution has survived.

The Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and the Bill of Rights contained in the first 10 amendments adopted immediately following ratification of the Convention's work, are the Trinity upon which our Republic and our American way of life have been kept alive.

The foundation of this Trinity is the dignity of the individual. The Declaration of Independence was written; the War of the Revolution was fought; the Constitution was written; the Bill of Rights added to it; the War Between the States was fought; to guarantee certain rights and opportunities to the individual.

The Constitution, among other things, provides for majority rule thru representative, or republican, government. But it goes a step farther than that. Majority rule is balanced by various checks intended to protect the minority against actions by the majority which would infringe upon the dignity and certain rights and certain opportunities of the individual, even against the majority at any certain time in power. That is why certain things can be done, certain changes in form of government, require either two thirds or even three fourths majorities to make them effective under the Constitution.

For that reason, all of us who believe in the American form of government and the American way of life should view with suspicion any attempts made to substitute bare majority rule for two thirds majority in the cases where the founding fathers attempted to protect the rights of the individual, the rights of the minority, the rights of the states, against impulsive action by a majority, against too great centralization of power in the Federal Government by the administration in power.

I mention these matters at this time because I can see coming organized efforts, undoubtedly well intentioned, to change our form of government at the expense of the rights of individuals, and minorities, and of states, as against the power of a too-centralized Federal Government.

No group of people in the United States is more interested than farmers in retaining-regaining in some instances—these protections for the individual, for minorities, aye, and for the states.

The farmer is, on the whole, the great individualist in our Nation. The farmer is a minority, and an unorganized minority. And the farmer, as much as



anyone, I would almost say above everyone else is interested in retaining local self-government to the greatest possible degree.

Now the Judiciary was created to protect the rights of the individual, the rights of minorities, and the rights of the states in the Union. But that judicial protection is performed under the laws written by the Congress. Congress is the only branch of the Federal Government directly elected by the people, and directly representing the people.

Therefore it is to Congress that the individual, the minorities, and the states themselves, in the long run, must look for the retention of their rights, freedoms and opportunities.

The United States is going thru a critical period. All of us hope that we are moving toward and into a better world. But at the same time, the United States must be in position to hold its own in whatever kind of a world comes after this war.

Therefore, I say there never has been a time when it is more necessary for Congress to express the will of the people, not only in the national interest, but also in the interest of the individual, in the interest of minorities, and in the interest of local government, which in our Federal Union is state government.

That is why I am urging that every one of us keeps his eyes on Congress, and keeps his representatives in Congress—each of you have three, one Representative and two Senators-informed as to his needs and opinions and judgment on public af-fairs. I hope you will keep me informed.

Let's Give Complete Picture

1000 many sources reporting on current conditions are city-minded, or to repeat a term I have used frequently, consumer-minded. Just this week, one report I heard "explained" how the cost of living had gone up. We all know it has. Wartime conditions and tremendous Government spending were bound to force higher prices for the necessities of life. But the thing that irked me about this "explanation" was the fact that it emphasized the higher cost of food, making it look as if the farmer is largely to blame for higher living costs.

Now that report could have given the big consuming centers—and incidentally, the big voting centers-a complete picture; a fair picture, by also going into the farmers end of costs. It might have said that farmers now must pay \$4 a day and board for hired help, as compared to \$1 a day before the war. That certainly is a big increase in farming costs, if help can be found even at that wage.

The report might very well have hinted at the higher prices farmers must pay all along the line. It might have mentioned that price ceiling muddles have cost cattlemen many thousands of dollars; have put dairymen out of business at a loss; have penalized hog growers. It might have had a little something to say about the increased costs that pyramid upon one another on farm products after those foods leave the farmer's hands.

If folks are going to make comparisons, for the purpose of finding somebody to blame, for the higher costs of living, they can be mighty unfair by giving just one side of the story. That is one reason I am going to speak out at every opportunity on behalf of I don't need to say in defense of; agricultural income doesn't need any defense the prices farmers are getting.

I am well aware that farm income currently is at a higher level than it has been for many years. We all know that farm purchasing power is growing in the form of money in the bank. And right there is a point I wish to emphasize. Farmers need a higher income now-a much higher income to make up even in small measure for the many, many years when they were actually operating at a loss or hearly at a loss. Let me say again that any fair comparison of farm income with pay in most other lines of business will show farmers still at a sult 1 disadvantage.

The money farmers now are able to put in the bank is there to improve their farms and buildings after the war; something they cannot do now under wartime restrictions. It is there to buy needed farm equipment. A survey in the annual spring assessors' enumeration of agriculture, sent to me by J. C. Mohler, secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, shows that farmers need al types of equipment if they are to meet the high 1944 production goals. The survey indicates Kansas farmers need-combines, tractors, drills, oneways cultivators, corn planters, listers, plows, mowers, rakes, silos, gas engines, trucks, cream separators milking machines, windmills, manure spreaders, ensilage cutters, wagons and pumps. So when farmers get all this alleged extra profit, it must be put right back into operating equipment to keep the farm plant in condition to produce food. Farm income isn't too high.

I would like to add here that it is a source of pride to me when I can tell people that farmers paid off 360 million dollars of indebtedness in the last year; debt accumulated in the hard, unprofitable years. And that about 42 per cent of the current net cash farm income is being used for this purpose. I like to tell, also, that farmers are putting about 12 to 14 per cent of their net income into War Bonds. I think other groups would have a time keeping up with that kind of thrift and

Still Trying a Food Price "Roll-bac

By CLIF STRATTON

Kansas Farmer's Washington Correspondent

ASHINGTON, D. C .- The "wooing" of Congress by the Washington Directorate to win approval of the consumer food subsidy program—now the redemption plan is not having too smooth sailing.

Congressmen returning from the summer recess, and from their listening posts in Constituent land, appear to be wary of the wooing, which perhaps had a little too much advance advertising.

A few days before Congress resumed, a Washington business service informed the food trades that-

Food officials fear that Congress will be tough on food policies, especially as to prices; Congressmen had found the folks at home much disturbed over food.

"Marvin Jones is playing a cagey game where Congress is concerned," clients of the Kiplinger Washington

Agency were informed. Kiplinger's generally is one of the most reliable information agencies which serves business clients over the nation.

Marvin Jones is War Food Administrator.

Other members of what might be called the Directorate are:

Prentiss Brown, director of the Office of Price Administration, officially the administrator.

Fred M. Vinson, director of the Office of Economic Stabilization.

James F. Byrnes, director of the Office of War Mobilization, who outranks the other three.

These four-Justice Byrnes of OWM, Judge Vinson of OES, Judge Jones of WFA, and Senator Brown of OPA,

comprise the Directorate on the food front. All are former members of Congress; Byrnes resigned from the Supreme Court to head up OWM; Vinson and Jones were drawn from the Federal Bench: Brown after he had failed of re-election to the Senate in 1942.

Marvin Jones, chairman of the House Committee on Agriculture during the years when the New Deal farm program was written into law, is counted on heavily to win Congress over to the consumer subsidy program—re-named the redemption plan as previously explained—with Vinson a close second. He formerly was a power on the House Ways and Means Committee.

But in their first appearances, in

executive sessions, before Congressional groups, both Jones and Vinson ran into stonewall opposition.

Jones went before the Senate Bank ing and Currency Committee the week Congress resumed. In closed session he presented three subsidy proposals for dealing with the milk situation.

Following this session Judge Jones then canceled his st postponed, pearance before the House Committee

on Agriculture. Last week Judge Vinson went into executive session with a group of 26 Senators and House members, and told them it is intended to hold retail milk and bread and other food prices down thru use of subsidies of one form of another. He made a speech on "hold the

"You know that the Senate Banking Currency Committee rejected (Continued on Page 16)

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Fairs Picture War Effort

Largest Cattle Show in Midwest at Hutchinson

N TUNISIA I saw American soldiers, their stomach warm with food from the plains of Kansas, going into battle with smiles on their faces." These words, spoken by Milton Eisenhower, president of Kansas State College, explain why Kansas farmers are justly proud of the magnificent displays of food at the Kansas State and Kansas Free Fairs this year.

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These fairs, important as they are to the present and future welfare of agriculture in Kansas, had the more important meaning this year of emphasizing the extent to which farmers in the state have been producing the "Food That Will Win the War."

And the people of Kansas were "Fair" hungry, too. This was evident from the record-breaking crowds attending at Hutchinson and Topeka and from the fact that nearly every department at both of the big fairs exceeded the expectations of the fair managers.

At the Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson, they had the largest cattle show to be held in the Midwest this year. Much of the credit for this, said Dr. O. O. Wolf, president, is due to the inmers O. O. Wolf, president, is due to the in-come terest built up thru the years in parish, nany, or district herds. The Kansas State Fair was one of the first in the U.S. to adopt the district herd idea. The result has been bigger showings of cattle and a much higher quality. This year was "tops" for quality in this department.

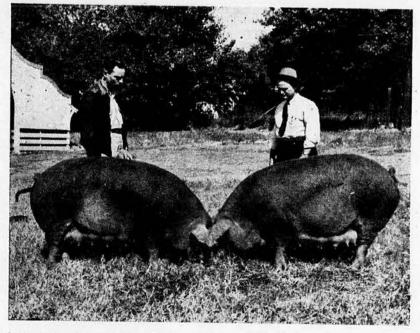
The sorghums and corn exhibits were never better than this year and the quality wheat show, a feature of the Kansas State Fair, produced samples very high in protein; the majority tested 65 and 66 per cent.

in my memory," said Preston Hale, superintendent of the crops department at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka. "Their main interest," he added, "seemed to be pride in keeping the fair as near normal as possible during this war period as an investment for the

The very fact that farmers had less need for the benefits of the fairs this year than formerly speaks volumes for the patriotic motives that led them to overcome all the wartime obstacles to make both fairs outstanding suc-

The importance of the 2 big Kansas fairs, in war or in peace, was pointed out by Professor R. I. Throckmorton, head, department of agronomy, Kansas State College, when he said in a radio broadcast at Hutchinson that these fairs "develop the idea of quality crops from growing them on properly cultivated lands; the use of quality

(Continued on Page 17)



LaVerne Ross, left, and Howard Wildman, look over Ross' junior yearling Duroc Jersey sows that won third and fourth in the open class at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka. Mr. Wildman is sponsor and LaVerne a member of the Washburn Duroc Breeders Association.

Washburn Boys Repeat

By Winning Top Spots at Free Fair

THE Washburn Duroc Breeders Association, composed of vocational agriculture students and alumni of Washburn High School, Topeka, this year repeated its fine performance of recent years at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, by winning 7 blue ribbons, 5 red and 1 white. The boys competed mostly in the 4-H classes, but had some fine entries in the open classes.

LaVerne Ross, showing at the fair "Farmers this year were the least for the second year, had 2 junior yearinterested in prize money of any year ling sows that won third and fourth in

the Duroc Jersey open class, a junior boar pig that won second, junior sows that won fifth place and junior boar pigs that won sixth and seventh. In the 4-H class he had first and second place gilts and second place junior yearling boar.

Wendell Blossom, in the first year at the fair, had the grand champion Duroc Jersey barrow in the 4-H class, and his gilts took second and fifth. Byron Cazier got blue and red ribbons on 2 Duroc gilts; Carl Goodrich got sixth and eighth in the fat barrow class and 2 red ribbons on gilts. Keith Goodrich received a white ribbon.

Members of the association raised 20 litters last spring and the litters averaged 36 pounds at weaning time on 125 head. They have about 15 registered sows and gilts farrowing this fall. Howard Wildman, vocational agriculture instructor at Washburn High School, is sponsor of the group.



Wendell Blossom, 16, a member of the association, is proud of his Duroc Jersey barrow, which was judged grand champion in the 4-H Class at the Kansas Free Fair. Wendell also had gilts that won second and fifth. This was his first year in the big show.

Winner With 2 Breeds

17 Ribbons on Spotted Polands; 10 on Durocs

ONCE in awhile someone shows up hogs took first for boar 18 months at a big fair and completely upsets the "apple cart." Such an example this year at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, was Wayne Davis, Mahaska, veteran breeder of Spotted Poland China hogs.

Everyone expected Mr. Davis to show up with a good bunch of Spotted Polands because he always had, but breeders didn't expect to have to compete against him in Duroc Jerseys, too. Yet here came Mr. Davis with good showings of both breeds and proceeded to "go to town" in the two

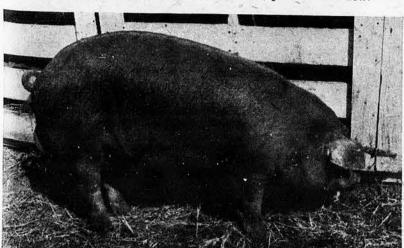
His Spotted Polands carried off 17 ibbons, which ought to be enough to satisfy most breeders, but the Davis Duroc Jerseys were not far behind. They gathered in 10 ribbons before the

In the Spotted Poland show the Davis

for boar under 6 months; second for sow 2 years old or over; first for sow 18 months and under 2 years; first and second for sow 1 year and under 18 months; first and third for sow under 6 months; junior champion boar; senior champion sow; junior and grand champion sow; first for boar and 3 sows under 1 year; first for 4 animals, any age, either sex, get of 1 boar; and first for 4 animals, any age, either

sex, produce of 1 sow.

The Davis Duroc Jerseys won first for boar under 6 months; first and second for sow under 6 months; junior and grand champion boar; junior champion sow; first for boar and 3 sows under 1 year; third for 4 animals, any age, either sex, get of 1 boar; and third for 4 animals, any age, either sex, produce of 1 sow.



Wayne Davis, veteran Spotted Poland China breeder, of Mahaska, surprised everyone at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, this year by entering the Duroc Jersey show too, carrying off 17 ribbons with his Poland Chinas and 10 with his Duroc Jerseys. Above is Davis "Duffey's Gold Dust," chosen junior and grand champion boar in the Duroc Jersey show.

Geary 4-H'ers Win Again

FTER 23 consecutive years of taking an active part in the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, Paul Gwin, Geary county agricultural extension agent, has lost none of his enthusiasm or efficiency.

During the 5 years he was in Morris county and the 18 he has been in Geary, he has never failed to have at least one 4-H Club booth at the fair, and sometimes has had as many as 7. Prize money won on the booths is used as a fund to pay club members' expenses to the state fairs and other festivals and camps. This year a dozen 4-H'ers attended the Free Fair with money from the booth fund.

"There is nothing more educational for youth than a few days at a state fair, says Mr. Gwin, who hovers over his charges like a mother hen over her brood of chicks. As a result, the boys and girls under his supervision have a habit of winning with monotonousto other clubs—regularity.

To get some idea of how efficient newspaper headlines during the fair. Farmers to be chosen. This year they read: "Feed Sorghum. Pleads Blue Ribbon Booth from Geary County"; "Geary County Boys Get Top Poultry Honors at the Kansas Free Fair"; "Geary County Team Wins First Place Judging Livestock." That's the way it goes when Paul Gwin and his young folks are around.

Roy Shoffner and Edward Rogers, of Gwin's group, took both the champion and reserve champion pen honors in the 4-H Club poultry division. With a total of 1,901 points, the Geary county

livestock judging team won that event and Albert Morgan, member of the team, also won first place in the individual contests.

The biggest thrill in life to Paul Gwin, who now is teaching children of some of his early 4-H members, is seeing them go out of 4-H Club work and become top-notch farmers in Geary county. He never loses interest in them or their welfare, which no doubt is one of the major factors in his continued

"Masters" Were Guests

One of the largest groups of Master Farmers and Master Farm Homemakers ever to attend the Kansas State Fair, at Hutchinson, were guests of the fair management and the Hutchinson Chamber of Commerce Tuesday, September 21. A total of 64 answered the roll call, which was the largest number in the history of these meetings, according to Fred Laptad, of Lawrence, Mr. Gwin is you have only to read the a member of the first class of Master

Members of the group were welcomed to the fair by Gene Conklin, assistant superintendent of admissions, who also presented those present with complimentary tickets to the day's activities. Master Farm Homemakers met at noon for a luncheon on the grounds, and all Master Farmers and Master Farm Homemakers were guests in the evening at a dinner in downtown Hutchinson. Governor Andrew F. Schoeppel, in Hutchinson for "Governor's Day," was main speaker at the banquet.

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Buy Third War Loan Bonds Now

Uncle Sam's Ice Box

(Continued from Page 4)

cold spell. Coming as they did in a heated train straight from the heart of Kansas, where it was relatively warm, and where we trained at Camp Phillips, Salina, it was a severe shock to the boys to step into that frigid atmosphere.

But we all soon got used to it, so that 40 below was not anything at all. In fact, after it has been way down to 40 or 50 below and then warms up to 20 or 30 below, it actually feels warm.

"Sure is warm this afternoon," one of the boys remarked to me one day. He was wearing nothing but a field jacket, where a few days before he had

been bundled up like a bunny.
"It certainly is," I answered. My curiosity was aroused, however, so I hunted up a thermometer. You would never guess what it registered-23 below!

Frozen noses and faces were common those first few days. Every day I thawed out a half dozen. The fellow who had the frozen nose seldom realized it until you told him. Then he rubbed it slightly to get the circulation restored and went on. We paid no more attention to a frozen chin than you would to a mosquito bite.

Uncle Sam is generous with the Arctic clothing. In fact, the Northwest Canadians and Alaskans smile just a little when a newcomer blossoms out in all his cold-proof regalia. It did not take us long to learn the right amounts to wear; and I, as well as most of the others, still have Arctic clothing which

we have never worn, at least to date.

One can wear too much clothing in cold weather, as well as too little. If you get warm you perspire, and if you perspire your clothes will make a wet blanket around you. Heavy clothing is not the only secret of keeping warm. Insulation and keeping dry are more important.

All of the boys have been impressed with the grandeur of the scenery. The highway crosses the cragged, snowpeaked Canadian Rockies, and then hovers in their shadows, presenting some of nature's most marvelous views. Blue-crystal clear mountain lakes, streams with rushing velvetgreen waters, and great tall spruce trees make the kitchen calendars suddenly come alive!

To the west of my first camp there were 3 snow-covered peaks, one setting broadside, the other 2 appearing as twins. When the sun rises in the morning they are bathed in pink and orchid. I called the attention of the boys one morning to the gorgeous glow.

"The folks back home will think we're kidding if we write back and tell them we have rose-colored mountains!" one of the boys exclaimed.

Most of the boys along the road live in Nissen huts, which are pre-fabricated buildings made of galvanized steel and lined with insulation board. The hut looks like a gigantic tin can cut in half and placed on a foundation,

There are other types of buildings in use, such as the pre-fabricated CCC type, Stout houses, and log cabins. All are comfortable and adequate, so that

the boys are well housed. My own can of 16 little log cabins scattered amo giant spruce trees is an exhilarati sight, especially at sundown with b smoke from 16 chimney-tops puffi madly toward the sky.

Bathing facilities are limited. most of the outfits have rigged up he water heaters and showers and tubs some kind. One of the most delight baths I have ever had in all my tho, I had in the broad open of t great outdoors, and at 40 degrees b low the zero mark!

About 70 miles from my camp, a h spring pours its sulphurous tide into huge pool more than 150 feet acro Two other boys and I stood and look at that inviting water, for we had n had a "soaker" in weeks. Then thought of that thermometer and chilly level, and our feet got a litt colder. One of the boys was fro Georgia and he was a little reluctar but the other fellow was from Niaga Falls, and I being from Kansas cou take almost anything, so by majori vote we did a "last one in is a m ma's baby." P. S .- I was the last one

Once in, that warm water felt good we never wanted to get out. Wh a bath! As long as we stayed in t water it was fine. Outside freezing co but we jumped out grabbed snowba and threw them at each other. Thro ing snowballs and swimming!

Our towels froze stiff while dressed, but we had built up some bo heat and so were not particularly col Our hair froze into an icy mat and not thaw out until we reached t heated cab of our vehicle.

Next issue, Lt. Barger will tell the "Eskimos" along the Alaska High



FOR steady egg production, hens should be in top condition. Try giving your hens the benefits of Dr. Salsbury's Avi-Tab. Avi-Tab is a concentrated flock conditioner for "toning up" those non-infected, run-down hens found in almost every flock.

Contains nine recognized special drugs-tonics, stimulants, correctives. That's what it takes to stimulate appetites and promote greater activity! Also provides needed trace minerals, plus ingredients which inhibit growth of many molds found in digestive tract mycosis.

Mix genuine Dr. Salsbury's Avi-Tab in your hens' feed for ten days each month. Watch your egg production

Sanitation Comes First in Poultry Health! DISINFECT LAYING HOUSES with Dr. Salsbury's PAR-O-SAN



Kills common disease germs, bugs, Kills common disease germs, sugs, parasites on contact, even pullorum, coccidia, cholera, typhoid, pox, tuberculosis, round and tapeworm eggs. Won't harm birds. Noncaustic. Stainless. Pleasant odor, no "dippy" smelling eggs. Ideal

Buy from your hatchery, druggist, feed or produce dealer who dis-plays this sign.

DR. SALSBURY'S LABORATORIES, Charles City, Ia. A Nation-wide Poultry Health Service



THE Ideal FLOCK CONDITIONER

THANKS TO DR. SALSBURY'S



New Wheats Score Again

LREADY hailed as "comers" for their fine qualities in the field. Comanche and Pawnee, 2 new varieties of hard winter wheat, have scored again on milling and baking qualities.

Reports of a series of milling and baking tests were made at a recent meeting in Hutchinson, of District 1. Association of Operative Millers and the Pioneer Section, American Association of Cereal Chemists.

Dr. E. G. Bayfield, head of the department of milling industry, Kansas State College, reported that Comanche ranked first in loaf volume, outranking Turkey, altho it requires more mixing time.

The Kansas City laboratory of Washburn Crosby Co., milled and baked a sample of Pawnee and reported: "The wheat is considered good for both milling and baking. The yield of flour was better than average and baking characteristics were good. We hope to see more of this wheat in the future.'

By use of a valorimeter, R. B. Potts, chief chemist of the Wichita Flour Mills Co., evaluated 10 varieties of hard red winter wheat grown on the regional experimental field at Kingman. Comanche ranked first with a

score of 70, followed by Tenmarq wi 68, Nebred 68, Turkey 65, Blackhull 6 Pawnee 58, Early Blackhull and Te marq 55, Early Blackhull 52, Red Chi 51, and Chiefkan 48. These tests vi fied the low opinion held for Red Chi and Chiefkan.

Excellent baking results for manche were reported by John Gert cereal chemist for Kansas Milling C Wichita, while Dean F. Worley, ch chemist for Western Star Mill C ranked Pawnee second in baking te on 5 varieties. Regarding milling test Mr. Worley reported that "Pawn wheat has very good milling chara teristics and tends toward a low content. We consider Pawnee as best milling wheat of the 5 and Blac hull as the poorest. Tenmarq and manche are about even, with go yields and low ash."

Reports of milling and baking qua ities of Chiefkan were universally be R. L. Patterson, of the Patterson L oratories, Hutchinson, stated that t mixing and fermentation tolerance Chiefkan are very poor and that t dough is lifeless. He added that oven spring is poor and the loaf stru ture is broken and uneven.

Meatless Diet Heavy Penalty

E CONOMISTS and others attempting to replace America's meat diet with an "Asiatic Diet" of cereals were scored in a recent address by R. C. Pollock, general manager of the National Live Stock and Meat Board, Chicago.

Asserting that one of the reasons given for advocating more cereals is clared. "Furthermore, three fourths that we have a shortage of feed grains for livestock, Mr. Pollock stated that is adaptable only for livestock produ the estimated production of feed grains tion. We cannot disrupt our present is more optimistic than earlier in the economy by the adoption of a policy season, with a September 1 corn crop estimate 278 million bushels over the July 1 estimate.

Calling attention to the fact that the feed situation would be more favorable if, in speeding up meat production, the acreage devoted to feed crops had been increased accordingly, Mr. Pollock recalled that in the first World War, the area devoted to corn was 12 million

acres more than the average during 1941, 1942 and 1943.

"About one third of our population is vitally concerned in the business growing meat animals, in processing these animals and in producing the feed for our livestock," Mr. Pollock our total land area for the most pa decreasing our farm crops and the sul ply of one of our most essential food

"In view of these facts, keeping mind the progress of our nation at the health of our people, and conside ing the part meat will play in our pos war program, I feel that this certain is not a time to even suggest a police which would retard the efforts of 6 ml lion farmers and ranchers."

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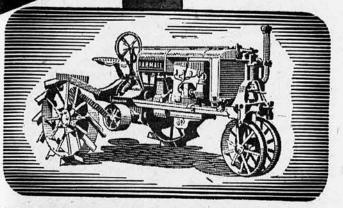
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The Original Farmall - Born in 1923

FOR TWENTY YEARS the Farmall IDEA has been the foundation for all experiments in general-purpose tractor design....

TODAY 4 sizes of modern FARMALLS—the sturdy "A" and "B", and the big powerful "H" and "M"—with special machines and tools for every crop, operation, and season, fight the battle for food.

DOD fights for FREEDOM and the ARMALL fights for FOOD



In 1923 came FARMALL, the first true all-purpose tractor . . . the farm power unit designed from the soil up . . . the tractor that started from the implement end.

Harvester built it, based on EXPE-RIENCE—and that made SENSE!

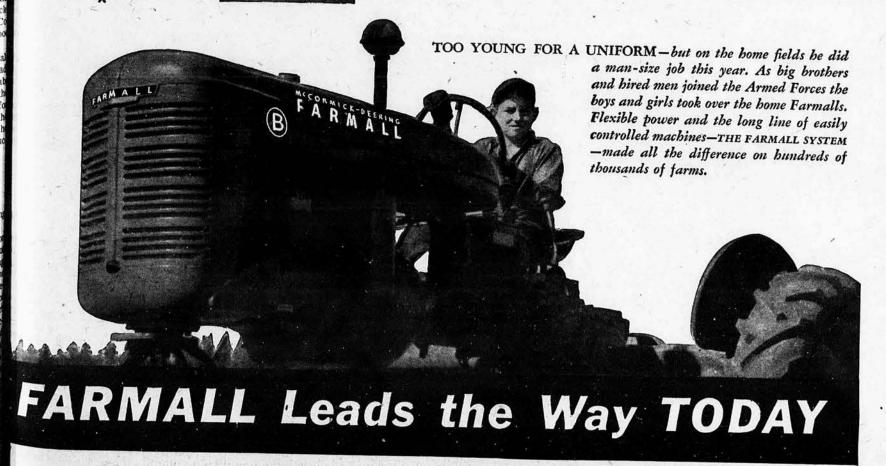
After 1923, the call for farm power really swept the nation. It was Farmall that made the old dream of horseless farming come true. Here was the tractor that did almost everything. From every state came comments like these: "Not a horse or hired man on my place"..."At least 1/3 cheaper to farm this new way"..."My Farmall works in crooked rows where a snake would get lost"..."My two boys, 13 and 11, do anything that I can do with it."

Pretty soon there were a hundred thousand, and then a half-million Farmalls. Today there are more Farmalls producing food on American farms than all other makes of general-purpose tractors combined. When war struck our nation, a Farmall army, with an infinite number of working tools, went into battle. The greatest food crisis in our history was at every farm gate—and the Farmall System was ready!

So we mark the 20th Birthday of this most popular of all tractors. There's a proud record of progress between the old "Original" of 1923 and the streamlined red Farmalls of today—endless improvements in power and machines. Today millions know that Farmall is the ideal power for any farm, whatever the size. Farmall showed the way, and will show the way when the boys get home.

Farmall and International Harvester are pledged to the faithful service of that great American institution—the family farm.

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You Women Who Suffer From

HOT FLASHES then CHILLY FEELINGS

If you—like so many women between the ages of 38 and 52—suffer from hot flashes, weak, nervous irritable feelings, are a bit blue at times—due to the functional middle age period peculiar to women—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—to relieve such symptoms.

Taken regularly — Pinkham's Compound helps build up resistance against such distress. It also is a fine stomachio tonic. Follow label directions.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE



You'll agree that Clean-Easy Milker saves time and fabor. It's easy to operate, easy to keep clean,



easy on "bossy". It's easy for Dad, too-because the youngsters can do the milking with Clean-Easy. Write Ben H. Anderson Mfg. Co., Madison 3, Wis. Dept. 30.

See Your CLEAN - EASY Dealer

BUY U. S. WAR BONDS!

Save Fountains and Feeders

By MRS. HENRY FARNSWORTH

WE HAVE been picking up the drinking fountains and feed hoppers that we used for the young chicks, and storing them in a dry place. Most of those we used this year have seen several years of service and are good

for several years more if we take care of them as we should. They are made of tin and we have learned their value now that new tin fountains are not to be had. We have always made it a practice to store our chick fountains and feeders away during the



season when they are not in use, but this year we will take a little extra precaution by seeing that they are thoroly cleaned so there will be no places to rust or no acids that will eat the galvanized coating.

A manufacturer of equipment says that when feed troughs are washed and placed in the sunlight that new protective zinc salts form on the zinc coating and protect its service life. For washing troughs a broom or brush is best. Avoid scraping with a hoe or metal that will destroy the zinc coating. If troughs have been bent they usually can be hammered back in place by being careful. Then if painted with a good grade of enamel, the feed

troughs can be made to last several years.

The brooder stove also should be cleaned thoroly and stored during the winter. The thermostat is the main part of the brooder stove. Most of them are of the wafer type. These should be removed from the regulator, wiped with an oil rag and stored. Oil brooders should have the soot and carbon removed, and oiled inside and out with motor oil or crankcase drainings. Coal or wood burning brooders should have the pipe cleaned and stored and all ashes should be removed. The canopy should be stored along with the stove so that it will not get rusted or damaged. It is recommended that painting the canopy, especially the wartime kind, will add to its life.

For prolonging the life of waterers a manufacturer of tin equipment gives these suggestions: "Have the water fountain or pail off the floor so that air will circulate underneath. It may have a regular stand, or bricks or blocks of wood may be used. This helps prolong the life of the waterer and helps keep the drinking water clean. Waterers should never be allowed to freeze. It may ruin them entirely or at least damage them greatly, as the pressure is too great on the seams. If fountains are cleaned frequently and allowed to dry thoroly for several hours, protective zinc salts form that retard corrosion and make fountains last longer. If one uses a strong disinfectant the fountain should be rinsed well in clear water. The wartime fountains do not have as heavy a galvanized coating as formerly and it is more important to give them the best of care."

Will Drop Embargo

Stating that the armed forces soon will have purchased the 1,700,000 pounds of turkey needed for overseas shipment, state supervisors of the FDA announces that the outlook is good for lifting the embargo on civilian purchases early in October.

"We are now certain," they say "that

"We are now certain," they say "that the American soldiers and sailors overseas will have turkey to eat for their Thanksgiving dinners."

However, this doesn't mean a let-up in early marketing. WFA is urging farmers to market their turkeys now so they will be overseas in plenty of

Hold Turkey School

Special instruction in turkey grades and grading methods will be given prospective graders and turkey producers at a school to be held October 5 and 6, at the Concordia Creamery, in Concordia.

Sponsored by the Extension Service and the Food Distribution Administration, the school will provide training for graders who wish to obtain Federal-State licenses, and instruction for producers who desire to learn about grading so they may take advantage of official ceiling prices based on Federal grades.

Students must pass a rigid examination to obtain a license for grading. Once licensed, the grader works under supervision of Federal-State authorities in each state. Last year more than 70 million pounds of turkeys were graded following the schools conducted in various states.

Government grading of turkeys or any other commodity, say those in charge of the school, means protection for the producer, the dealer and the consumer.

No Turkey Increase

The 1943 intentions of turkey growers to increase their crop by 12 per cent will not be realized, says Karl Shoemaker, marketing economist of Kansas State College, who reports the crop will be about the same as last year.

School Lunch Menus

To help the busy housewife who now has lunches to pack we prepared a bulletin containing 19 school lunch menus, also recipes for hot dishes and cookies. The leaflet suggests selection of the proper kind and amount of food and the serving of it. Anyone interested in having a copy may address Farmer, Service Editor, Kansas Farmer, Topeka. It is free.

"A reduction of animal protein breeding rations resulted in low tility and poor hatchability of eg says Mr. Shoemaker. Other facilimiting the crop this year were flo in the Midwestern, cold wet weather the Southern, and a late spring in Northern tier of counties in the stall of which delayed egg laying hatching and caused considerable de losses from disease, exposure drowning.

Recent estimates indicate that per cent of this year's turkey crop move in October and 52 per cent November, which is about non There will be slightly more turk marketed after Christmas this yethan last due to the late hatch poults and slower growth, for withe feed situation is at least paresponsible, reports the economist.

Our Patriotic Poultry

Kansas Farmer readers who de to emphasize patriotism in the pou yard might investigate the merits the only fowl that carries the color the American flag. Yes, there is s a bird, altho little known on farm the Midwest. It is the Blue Andalus a native of sunny Southern Spain, many years ago established in U. S. A. and admitted to the Stand of Perfection. With its slatyplumage, red single comb and w wattles the Andalusian is a strikin beautiful fowl. Larger than most the Mediterranean breeds the Andalusian is a prolific producer of white eggs, is gentler than the L horn, Ancona or Minorca, and sta confinement well. Males are stately appearance altho a bit long-legged awkward. Altho classed as non-sit females are more broody than smaller, egg-producing varieties.

One of the chief reasons the Bandalusian never has gained populity in this country is that despite effort of fanciers it does not be true to color. "Sports" that are ble frequently appear as well as provided white chicks. But when the Andalus does breed true to color, the outer of each feather laced with dark be against the lighter blue body pluage, it is truly beautiful. Eggs are form in size, pure white and almost large as those of the Minorca. Fertiusually is high. While not recommeting the Andalusian for general for commercial flock use it will pran acceptable variety for home for duction. And before the flock owevery day will be the living colors the American flag.

Raising Rabbits

Rabbits as well as poultry are now being raised extensively for meat because of the meat problem of the war emergency. A recent publication by the Fish and Wildlife Service, U. S. Department of the Interior, tells of the best breeds for meat, the building of hutches and equipment, space required, feeding and care and other interesting facts. A post card request for the bulletin, addressed to Farm Service Editor, Kansas Farmet, Topeka, will receive prompt attention.



Dr. Salsbury's Rota-Caps GET THE WORMS . . . But They Don't Knock Egg Production

The more worms you get, the more you help your hens lay. Worm with genuine Dr. Salsbury's Rota-Caps. Rota-Caps do an extra thorough worming job, get the worms as shown above with an effective but gentle action. Rota-Caps don't make birds sick—don't knock your egg production.

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HE nutritional yardstick gives no recognition whatever to pickles, for the simple reason that pickles can't be classified with any one of the 7 basic groups of food we need to include in our daily diet for good health's sake. We might as well admit itpickles aren't necesary—we could get along very well without them, nutritionally speaking.

But when it comes to palate appeal, oh, that's something entirely different! That's where pickles "shine" and have it all over the goodfor-you foods. They've always played an important part in menu-making. They are full of zip and zest and afford a tart, crisp contrast to the bland, soft foods which make up the bulk of our diet. They add interest to meals which, because of shortages of this and that, are daily becoming less varied in composition. So every homemaker will want to can at least a few jars of pickles and relishes. They help make menus attractive at any time, but next winter when some foods may be scarce, and others rationed, delicacies such as homemade pickles will be especially welcome and helpful in adding zest to wartime menus. The end-of-the-season vegetables, remaining after you have canned as many as you wish, will produce a variety of these old-fashioned sweet-sour "pep-er-uppers" to tuck away on your shelves to enjoy all winter long—and gosh, how everybody does like 'em!

If you have late snap beans, and likely you we recommend your trying this recipe for pickled beans.

Pickled Snap Beans

6 pounds snap beans
3 quarts vinegar
1½ cups firmly packed
brown sugar
1 tablespoon celery seed .

1 tablespoon mustard seed
1 or 2 chili peppers
Horseradish root
(optional)

Use fresh, tender beans, and snip off ends. Soak overnight in cold brine to cover, using 1/4 cup salt for each quart of water. Drain and rinse in cold water. Pack in sterilized jars.

Bring vinegar, sugar, spices to boil and fill jars. Seal at once. If horseradish root is used, place a small piece in each jar.

Melon Pickles

4 pounds (3½ quarts) prepared melon rind 6 tablespoons salt 2 quarts cold water 1½ quarts boiling water ries 10 1-inch sticks cinnamon

To prepare rind, select firm but not overripe melon. Remove skin and pink flesh from rind. Cut rind in 1- by 1/2-inch pieces and weigh or measure. Soak rind overnight in cold water to which salt has been added. Drain and cover with fresh water and cook 8 to 10 minutes and drain. Mix boiling water, vinegar, sugar and spices tied in cheesecloth and bring to a

ately. Yield: About 2 quarts.

Pickled Squash

Use same ingredients in melon recipe, su stituting sliced squash for melon rind. So overnight in salted water, drain and rinse cold water. Cook 10 minutes in fresh wat drain and remove seeds. Continue according directions for melon pickles.

There is little wonder that this popular me ber of the pickle family goes to so many d ners, for it is good company on any menu.

Bread and Butter Pickles

25 to 30 medium-sized cucumbers 8 large white onions 2 large sweet peppers ½ cup salt

5 cups vinegar 5 cups sugar (2½ pound 2 tablespoons mustard 1 teaspoon turmeric

tab

Add

colo

Coo

star

With

Wash cucumbers and slice as thin as pos ble. Chop onions and peppers; combine w cucumbers and salt; let stand 3 hours, drain. Combine vinegar, sugar and spices large preserving kettle, bring to boil. drained cucumbers; [Continued on Page 1

..Dressing Table for a Little

VERY girl, even a tiny one, loves a dressing table! Especially if it's pink and frilly. A child's dressing table we saw recently was up in a little attic bedroom, but it was a lovely thing and thrilled immensely the youngster for whom it had been fixed.

The room was papered in a pink-rose pattern; the small wooden bed was painted pale pink as was the wardrobe built from plywood with drawers in one side and space for hanging clothes in the other. There was just room for the little dressing table and stool-and they would be so easily duplicated

The table top was a kidney-shaped board to which were attached 4 one-by-one wood strips for legs. A child's small stool camouflaged in a full, gathered flounce served as the dressing table chair.

The table and stool are draped in the same inexpensive pink scrim as the curtains with an underskirt of pink sateen. Once and a half the distance around the top is adequate fullness for both table and stool. The top of the skirt sections are stitched to 4 thicknesses of 3-inch

strips of buckram cut to fit which are then co ered with a closely shirred band—twice as fu as the skirt sections-made of strips of pi and blue taffeta sewed together. Stitching done only along the top edge.

The skirts are fastened to the table and sto with tacks hidden beneath the shirred band which, being stiff, stand up enough to conce the edge of the table front and the edge of t

Pink oilcloth cut to fit, the edges past down, covers the top of the table and a sm round oilcloth cushion covers the top of stool. A small plain mirror hangs just abo

The dressing table may be made in any mensions so that the child can reach it col fortably when seated, and draped in any col or material to match or harmonize with th of the room. Not only is a dressing table pretty addition to a little girl's room, but encourages early a simple daily beauty routil which makes for good looks in adolescence a later life.—Katherine Dissinger.

Cake-and-Candle Plate By HOMEMAKER

When the youngsters are small and the anniversary years in the lower number range, placing the candles on the cake isn't much of a problem; there's not much interference with the decorations. As time goes by, and we must add more candles the effect produced is not all we desire. At our house, we have solved this problem by making a "cake-and-candle" board. It was cut from 1/2-inch material with a diameter of 15 inches. Holes to take small candles were bored around the edge of the circle, about an inch from the edge. The board was finished with enamel, and darker bands of the same color "trim" the holes (flower sprays might be used) and edge of the board. This accommodates a good-size cake, decorated to suit one's whim, with no mounted candles to detract from the design. It's no trick at all to space the desired number of candles evenly around the cake. Too, they can burn as long as desired with no wax dripping to mar the icing.

Pickles for Zip and Zest

(Continued from Page 12)

heat thoroly but do not boil. Pack while hot into sterilized jars and seal.

Until frost you'll have green tomatoes coming on and they are never better than in piccalilli.

Piccalilli

vat

1 quart green tomatoes 1 pint red tomatoes 2 pint red tomatoes 1 bunch celery 1 sweet green pepper 2 to 1 pound brown or white sugar 2 teaspoon each 2 ground mustard and cayenne

Chop the vegetables, place in enamel kettle in layers with the salt and let stand overnight. Drain well, pressing the cloth so that no liquid remains. Bring vinegar, sugar and spices to the boiling point; add the drained vegetables and simmer (185° F.) for about an hour. Vegetables should be clear. Do not allow to boil. Seal in hot sterilized jars and store in a cool place.

Here's another recipe to turn your green tomatoes loose on! Requests have come in asking for sandwich spreads, so perhaps you, too, even if you haven't written, will welcome this one:

Green Tomato Spread

1½ cups green tomatoes, ground 34 cup ground car-rots

rots
1 cup ground
cucumbers
1 green sweet pepper, ground
1 red sweet pepper, ground
1 onion, ground

1 cup cold water
3 tablespoons dry
mustard
3 tablespoons
flour
1 teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons butter or margarine
2 egg yolks
3 cup water
4 cup sugar
4 cup vinegar

Add the water to the combined vegetables and cook until tender. Blend together flour, mustard, salt and butter. Add egg yolks, beaten until lemoncolored, and water, sugar and vinegar. Cook over hot water, stirring constantly, until thickened.

Drain the vegetables and combine with the dressing. Pack the spread into hot, clean jars and process for 30 minutes in a boiling-water bath.

For a relish that is easy to make, nothing outranks this pepper relish. Next winter when you want thousand island dressing for your salad, spice up mayonnaise with this relish, and there t is. Aladdin would spend more energy rubbing his wonderful lamp!

Pepper Relish

12 red peppers 12 green peppers 12 onions, peeled

2 cups vinegar 1½ cups sugar 2 tablespoons salt

Split the peppers and remove the seeds. Chop peppers and onions coarsely, cover them with boiling water and let stand 5 minutes. Drain. Cover again with boiling water and let stand 10 minutes. Drain. Combine remaining ingredients and boil for 5 minutes, add vegetables and boil together 10 minutes. Pack in hot sterilized jars; seal. Makes 2 pints.

Everyone likes mustard pickles! This recipe will give you 7 pints to bring out on worthy occasions.

Mixed Mustard Pickles

1 medium-sized cauliflower

3 green peppers
2 cups pickling
onlons
2 pounds green
tomatoes or
diced cucumbers
2 cups real small
cucumbers
4 cups unpeeled

1 cup salt
6 cups water
6 cups vinegar
2 cups granulated
sugar
2 teaspoons celery
seed

4 cup flour 4 teaspoon tur-meric 4 cups unpeeled cucumber slices 11/4 cups dry mus-

Cut cauliflower into small flowerets. Wash peppers, remove seeds and membrane. Slice one fourth inch thick, Scald and skin onions. Wash and cut tomatoes in eighths. Mix all of these together with the salt dissolved in 4 cups of the water. Let stand overnight in the brine. In the morning, bring the vegetables to the boiling point in this brine and then drain. Mix flour, mustard, turmeric with the remaining 2 cups of water. Stir free of lumps. Heat vinegar, sugar and celery seed together. Gradually stir into the mustard mixture and bring to boiling point, stirring constantly. Add hot vegetables, cook for 20 minutes. Fill hot sterilized jars with hot pickles. Seal at once.

Now that the pickling bug has bitten you, why not use some of your late corn to make a spicy relish?

' Corn Relish

7½ cups corn 7½ cups chopped cabbage 2 sweet red or green peppers 1 tablespoon salt

1 cup brown
sugar
4 cup dry mustard
4 tablespoon flour
1 quart vinegar

Use sweet corn, as freshly gathered as possible. Cut from cob, using a sharp knife. Scrape pulp from cob. Add it to kernels. Chop cabbage fine, first cutting it from the head in thin shreds and then chopping it crosswise. It is better not to put it thru the food chopper. Chop peppers fine. Both red and green may be used, giving a nice color to the relish. Mix vegetables.

Measure brown sugar, put in pre-serving kettle. Add salt, dry mustard and flour. Mix together well. Stir in vinegar slowly. Heat to boiling, stirring constantly at first. Add vegetables. Heat back to boiling and boil 20 minutes. Turn into clean, hot jars, seal with lids or with paraffin.



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Does Plowing Help or Harm?

(Continued from Page 1)

it compressed with some 150 pounds of face, where they act as a blotter, preweight a vertical column of soil directly beneath the bottom of the track it made. This compression served to reconnect the soil particles. Pressing these particles together again restored what we may call the 'wicking action' of the soil, enabling capillary water to rise without interruption to the bottom of the marker track."

From his experiments and from his observations over many years, Mr. Faulkner concluded that plowing destroys the normal capillary action of the soil, leaves the surface exposed to wind and water erosion, and places

venting subsurface water from reaching the majority of plant roots.

He is sure, on the basis of his results, that abandonment of the moldboard plow would result in bigger and better crops-without artificial fertilizer, lime or insecticides. He thinks his method would conquer insects because "bugs attack only weak plants just as germs attack weak humans," and weeds because they would be destroyed as they come and their seeds would not be buried and stored for future trouble.

Kansas State College Experiment Stations have been experimenting with a modified form of the Faulkner theory, as have several other states in this area. In Nebraska they call it "subsurface tillage" and in Kansas it is known as "stubble mulch" farming.

Those college experts and farmers we have talked to about this new theory of farming think it has a lot of "horse sense" up to a certain point. Farmers like George Whitcomb, Chase county, Perry Sharp, Johnson county, and many others in the eastern third of the state, have been using this idea successfully for a number of years in establishing pasture crops.

"Nature doesn't plow, so why does man?" asks Author Faulkner. Agronomists and farmers in Kansas reply that to plow or not to plow depends upon the crop involved. The theory of trash farming would not apply so well to cereal crops, they claim.

Must Have Cultivation

L. P. Reitz, agronomist at Kansas State College, points out that crops like wheat, corn and other cereals were developed by man, not nature, and that they are constantly in competition against self-seeding weeds and grasses. "Their very existence depends upon a type of cultivation that will encourage their growth while killing out or holding back the types of plants that flourish without cultivation." The entire theory of modern cultivation is based on aiding man-produced plants in their fight against those more favored by nature.

In certain areas of the Kansas Wheat Belt, leaving the wheat stubble on top of the soil would be "all this and heaven too" for the Hessian fly, which would enjoy a field-day development in the fall of the year.

In reporting on wheat field cultivation experiments in this area, Professor R. I. Throckmorton, of Kansas State College, stated that "Stubblemulch tillage differs from duckfoot and chisel types in that crop residues are undercut with sweep or blade implements and all of the residues are left on the surface to serve as a mulch.

"In addition to the studies at the experiment stations, the Soil Conservation Service has established a number of field trial studies with stubble mulch for the purpose of observing and measuring in crops yields the effect of stubble mulch under field conditions, and for the purpose of studying the operation of stubble-mulch-tillage equipment under farm conditions.

"At Akron, Colo., the crop residues on plots that were subsurface tilled for fallowing shortly after harvest in 1940, blew away during the following winter. A similar experience was encountered at Garden City during the winter of 1941-42. If experiences of this type become frequent, it will be ssary to discontinue all tillage operations during the summer and fall on land that is to be fallowed under the stubble-mulch system.

"It has been difficult in many areas to prepare a firm seedbed for wheat on stubble-mulched land. This difficulty may be overcome to some extent by use of subsurface types of packers, but during some seasons the loose soil will become so dry by wheat-seeding time that germination will be materially delayed.

"The sweep and blade types of im-

plements have not been effective in destroying weeds and volunteer grain under some conditions. If the land is tilled relatively deep and precipitation occurs within a few days, most of the plants on the land will continue to live.

"The difficulties being encountered in operating the stubble-mulch-tillage equipment indicate that it may be necessary to change the design of some of the implements before they will be accepted by many farmers.

"Some of the operation difficulties encountered include clogging, lack of control in depth of cultivating, and failure to destroy weeds in loose soil."

Continuing his report, Professor Throckmorton says, "The principles underlying stubble-mulch tillage appear to be sound, but the final proof of the value of the method in the light rainfall regions will be its acceptance by farmers. Value may not be reflected immediately in increased yields and, therefore, may be overlooked. Immediate benefits may be reflected in the influences on the condition of the surface soil by checking the rate of flow of water across the field and by reducing erosion by wind and water.

"Specific information is needed on these factors and also on the influence of stubble on the infestation of insects and on biological processes in the soil."

Defends the Plow

It remained for William A. Albrecht. of the department of soils at the University of Missouri, to come to the defense of plowing and to give some of the scientific facts for backing up this long-time farming practice.

Writing in a recent issue of "Better Crops With Plant Food," Mr. Albrecht points out that plowing puts "life" into the soil factory. "When a 40-acre cornfield under maximum growing activity in July is burning to form carbon dioxide, the carbon equivalent of that used in running a steam engine of 40 horsepower, can anyone deny the necessity of air for such a performance," he asks. "Surely no one will close the draft and destroy such producing power by refusing to plow."

Plowing not only allows the soil to "breathe" but also gives added draft to hasten the plant cycle of growth, death and decay, writes the author. "That plowing improves the efficiency of the soil, not only for oxidation of carbon, but also as a nitrogen oxidizing factory to deliver this latter element in the form of available nitrates, is known to those familiar with the more recent developments in soil science.

"Crop yields follow the level of nitrate supplies and the crop depends on the rate of delivery of the soil fertility. The farmer's inability to point out the underlying scientific channels thru which the effects of plowing are transmitted to the crop does not put the plow into bad repute," says the author.

"Continued and excessive cropping. along with the product removal reduce the output of the nutrients left over in soluble form by microbial activity." writes Mr. Albrecht. He goes on to tell how the nitrates are brought to a low level in June just before the harvest of a wheat crop, then are built up again after July plowing.

"For wheat, plowing in July makes a better crop, but the same operation in September makes a poorer one. Can we then blame the plow when the same performance in turning the soil is both good and bad for the crop, all within the short time of 3 months?"

While admitting that there has been on much plowing and that different soils and rainfall areas should have some governing effect on its use, Mr. Albrecht claims there are many scientific bases for plowing. They include those concerned with soil fertility. plant nutrition, soil mineralogy, colloid chemistry, animal physiology, soil, and other aspects of science not considered closely connected with soils un-til after 1910. "All these," says Mr. Albrecht, "can support the farmer in his art of plowing and can give a scientific answer to the question-why plow?'



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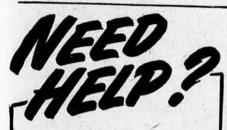
BACK THE ATTACK * * * * * * * WITH WAR BONDS

Wherever Wheels Turn or Propellers Spin

Feeder Cattle Jolt

Shipments of feeder cattle into the 8 Corn Belt states in August were 10 per cent below August, 1942, and 14 per cent below the total for the 5 months, April-August, last year, says the Livestock and Meat Council, which predicts, "Ours will be a beef hungry nation by spring unless quick remedial steps are taken."

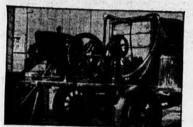
What is essential, says the council, are stable and firm plans by the Gov-



Many farmers, faced with manpower shortage, are finding that Fairbanks-Morse "Z" Engines make mighty good farm hands. Below are a few snapshots of "Z" Engines at work on farms. We hope these may suggest ways to get an extra hand out of your "Z" Engine. If you have no Fairbanks-Morse "Z" Engine—see your Dealers s and get enough horsepower while you're at it to handle all jobs.



SHEARING SHEEP SHEARING SHEEP - power is furnished by a Fairbanks-Morse Engine. Note engine is mounted cels to make it portable.

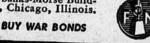


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ernment to restore confidence in the cattle breeding and feeding business, and especially for meat management, as devised by the livestock and meat industry, to be put in complete oper-

Quit Castor Beans

Farmers in Eastern Kansas who have been growing castor beans as a patriotic war crop for the last 2 years, will be relieved by the announcement of Lawrence Norton, chairman of the Kansas U. S. D. A. War Board, that the castor bean program is being dropped.

Reason for the sudden change in plans is the improved import conditions from Brazil, where castor beans grow wild. Kansas farmers are relieved because castor beans require a lot of hand work at a time when help is almost impossible to get.

Invite Stockmen

Kansas stockmen and farmers interested in improving their range grasses and in further increasing beef production are invited to meet at the U. S. Southern Great Plains Field Station, 1 mile southwest of Woodward, Okla., Saturday, October 9, at 9 a. m. Central War Time, for a study of comprehensive grass experiments, and for an inspection of grazing, regrassing, brush control, range reseeding and other range improvements.

There will be a big barbecue lunch and noon program, with several promi-nent speakers, and tours of inspection of grass work and beef cattle.

Harvest Record Crop

Irish potato production is forecast by WFA at 443 million bushels, 72 million bushels above last year and 80 million bushels above the previous 10-year

About 113 million bushels of this year's crop were disposed of by Sép-tember 1, with 330 million bushels left as reserve. The quantity available for consumption after September 1 is 50 million bushels above normal.

Boost Serum Output

Serum used in combating hog cholera now is being made in record-breaking quantities, announces the U.S. Department of Agriculture, which says, "The current unprecedented output of serum is a distinct national asset, as it represents large-scale protection of the vast number of hogs now being produced."

According to the department records, more than 1,700,000,000 cubic centimeters of serum were made during the period July 1, 1942, to June 30,

Broomcorn Shortage

A shortage of 10,000 tons in this year's total crop of broomcorn has led the OPA to slap on ceiling prices of \$300 a ton for shed-cured and \$250 a ton for other broomcorn. Except for a large part of the Illinois crop and that grown in the Lindsay district of Oklahoma, most of the broomcorn is rick or field cured, and therefore will take the lower of the 2 ceilings.

The new ceilings will apply to all sales and deliveries regardless of previously made contracts at higher prices, the OPA said.

Ease Up on Sacks

The users' quota restrictions on purchase of new burlap bags have been removed, according to the WFA. The new order, releasing bags for packaging all agricultural products except fertilizer, sugar and tankage, was taken to facilitate the distribution of essential bags, and should not be interpreted to mean that the supply is no longer critical.

It is stressed that the relatively favorable supply situation can be maintained only by maximum conservation and re-use of bags.



BOMBERS over Essen-or the South Pacific-mean that AC's special, precision-built Aircraft Spark Plugs are firing away at the Axis again. Since long before Pearl Harbor, these plugs have been rolling out by the thousands, every month.

The Army Air Forces recognize the need for regular spark plug service, - and so should you. No matter how well designed and built your spark plugs are, they will last longer, save gasoline, and assure easier starting if they are kept clean, and the gaps accurately adjusted.

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Your automotive service man can give you this service. He can match it with Conservation Service on the other eight AC products used on millions of cars, trucks, and tractors. We urge you to use this service (briefly described below) -to save badly needed material, and to conserve gasoline, oil, and tires.

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AIR CLEANERS - A dirty air cleaner chokes down the flow of air into the carburetor. Your air cleaner should be rinsed

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OIL FILTERS—Slow driving accelerates formation of soot and carbon in en-gine oil. This dirt will clog piston rings, cause increased consumption of oil and gas. Replace your oil filter element whenever your dealer's AC Oil Test Pad shows that your oil is diet. that your oil is dirty.

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LAYING HENS Still Trying Price "Roll-back"

(Continued from Page 6)

every one of the three proposals along sumer subsidy program, with or withthat line from Judge Jones?" demanded a Senator.

Judge Vinson said he knew that. But the orders are to hold the line on retail food prices.

A statement from Senator Danaher, of Connecticut, informally approved by 25 of the 26 members of Congress at the Vinson meeting, calls for the following "policy with reference to fluid milk and the dairy interest:

"1. Milk is entitled to a special treatment as an indispensable item of wartime diet.

"2. That to guarantee continued production, regional support prices should be declared at once by the WFA.

"3. If to maintain or increase production

"3. If to maintain or increase production of milk a price increase is indicated in certain regions, that method should be followed.

"4. That feed be requisitioned if need be or purchased by Commodity Credit Corporation and made available to producers with priorities established for feed in favor of dairy production, to be allotted by county war boards on certificate of need."

What this all means is that the Directorate has orders from the White House to hold food prices down, roll them back as nearly as possible to September, 1942, and to encourage production by putting into effect a con-

out Congressional approval. The Administration figures that there are enough loose billions of dollars lying around to get the subsidy program started; once started, Congress will be forced, with an election coming on, to vote the necessary funds.

Organized Labor has served notice that if food prices go up, then wages will have to go up again. Labor's paychecks have gone up around 66 per cent; the cost of living has gone up around 25 per cent. Labor intends to hold the war gains it has made, and the Administration needs Labor support for the war, and also in 1944.

The White House has decided that bread and milk prices-particularly bread-are the "symbols" of the "hold the line" against inflation.

Meat prices also are to be forced downward. The support price on hogs has been reduced to \$12.75 a hundred, effective October, 1944. That is intended to not only bring down the price of pork, but also to discourage hog production.

The Directorate wants to put a ceiling price on cattle, altho the effective date continues to be postponed. Under the threat of a ceiling price, and the widely advertised shortage of foodstuffs, heavy movements of cattle to market this fall are expected to accomplish two things:

1. Cut down the number of animals to be fed thru the winter; if the number is reduced sufficiently, law of supply and demand might help reduce the upward pressure on corn prices.

2. Hold down or lower cattle prices at the central markets sufficient to justify a lower ceiling on live cattle when the ceiling price is determined.

Unless the number of animals on farms and ranches and pastures is cut down, either corn prices ceilings must again be lifted, or a subsidy plan must be used to get the corn to the animals.

At this writing Directorate intends to subsidize hay \$8 a ton to encourage milk production.

Tax Date December 15

Some inquiries are being made about farmers' income taxes. The fourth payment is due December 15, along with estimate of total income tax due in 1943. Taxes must be paid on higher income of the 2 years, 1942 or 1943. However, actually the final adjustment will be made March 15, 1944.

On March 15, two income statements will be due—presumably both on on actual income for 1943-or 1942 if cent, placards announced.

that was larger than 1943. If the December estimate and check turns out to be more than 331/3 per cent lower than shown by the March 15 statement, then a penalty will be assessed in addition to the balance due.

Second, there will be an estimate of 1944 income, to be accompanied by a check for one fourth of the tax on the estimated income. These estimates may be amended on June 15, again on September 15, and on December 15, if changes in income seem to make it necessary. The only serious one to watch is the December 15, when corrections must bring the payment within 33 1/3 per cent of the actual income or face the penalty of 6 per cent for understatement. There are no withholding taxes for farmers—a farmer is a taxpayer 80 per cent of whose total income is derived from his farming operations.

Suggestion: Don't worry too much about the 1944 income tax and tax payments. A new tax law probably will be passed before or early in 1944. Yes, the taxes will be increased!

Just one other little thing. On March 15, 1944, individual income taxpayers will owe the Treasury 25 per cent additional tax on their 1942 income-or 25 per cent of the 1942 tax liability over \$50, whichever is the lesser amount. One half of this extra 25 per cent of 1942 tax liability—as already defined—is due and payable March 15, 1944; the other half March 15, 1945. This 25 per cent additional tax, by the way, is computed on the lower of the 2 years, 1942 and 1943.

Can Identify Wheat

One of the interesting booths at the Kansas fairs this year was that of the Kansas Wheat Improvement Association, which depicted the "Hessian Fly a Saboteur to Kansas Wheat."

Educational material and pictures of the life cycle of the Hessian fly were displayed. Also displayed were newly available pictures showing how varieties of wheat may now be identified by cross sections of the grain. This is the first time, says John Parker, director of the association, that farmers have been able to get material to assist them in identifying varieties after threshing.

Pawnee wheat was pictured in the booth as an aid, but no substitution for preventive measures, in the control of Hessian fly. Pawnee is more resistant to Hessian fly in Central Kansas, but loses this resistant quality east of the bluestem area of the Flint Hills, the display pointed out.

In 10-year average tests Tenmarq shows 65 per cent fly infestation, Pawthe same form. First, the statement nee 39 per cent and Kawvale 28 per

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Youth Shows the Way



A 3-animal showing of Jerseys won fame and ribbons galore at the Kansas Free Fair, Topeka, for Dean Thorson, of Horton. His calf, yearling and cow each won first in the 4-H Dairy Show, with the cow being chosen grand champion of the Jersey breed. In the open class Dean won first on his calf, first on his cow, second on the yearling, and first on the calf and yearling together for produce of dam. This is his 6th year in 4-H Club dairy projects and his 4th at the Kansas Free Fair. He bought his first registered calf 6 years ago and now has 8 head of Jerseys in his herd. The money for his first calf was earned by raising some pigs of his own and taking care of his father's hogs.

Fairs Picture War Effort

(Continued from Page 7)

seed; the use of good cultural practices; adapted varieties; maintaining the fertility of the soil; insect and plant disease control.

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Dean H. Umberger, director, Kansas State College extension service, thinks the fairs focus attention on the question, "Is the livestock industry being conducted on a sound, constructive, long-time basis?"

The big fairs tend to illustrate the fact to all the world that Kansas is a great surplus-producing state, adds J. C. Mohler, secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture.

Following is a list of grand champion and sweepstakes awards:

Kansas Free Fair, Topeka

Ransas Free Fair, Topeka

Beef Cattle: Shorthorn bull, Julius Olson, Manhattan, on Supreme Gift: Shorthorn female, Dan Collier, Alta Vista, on Orange Maid 15th; Hereford bull, Brook Hereford Ranch, Brady, Texas, on Plus Blanchard 1st; Hereford female, Walnut Hill Hereford Ranch, Great Bend, on C. K. Miss Charity 25th; Aberdeen-Angus bull, H. E. Peirce, Partridge, on Prince Eralan H. P. 3; Angus female, Woodlawn Farms, Creston, Ill., on Postelmere Blackcap.

Dairy Cattle: Holstein-Friesian female, Barbara Morris, Wichita, on Shungavalley Pabst Carmen; Guernsey bull, Ransom Farm, Homewood, on Ransom Fidget's Fire-

man; Guernsey female, W. O. Boehle, Lawrence, on Springdale Babs; Ayrshire bull, John C. Keas, Effingham, on Locust Lea Red Jacket; Ayrshire female, R. & R. Scholz, Lancaster, on Barwood Elizabeth; Milking Shorthorn bull, Bert Creekmore, K. C., Mo., on Bay State Duken; Milking Shorthorn female, Bert Creekmore, on Rinda Lass; Jersey bull, F. P. Durnell, Springfield, Mo., on Lavender Noble Flashlight; Jersey female, F. P. Durnell, on Royal Xenia Lass.

Draft Horses: Percheron stallion, H. G.

Lavender Noble Flashlight; Jersey female, F. P. Durnell, on Royal Xenia Lass.

Draft Horses: Percheron stallion, H. G. Eshelman, Sedgwick, on Lanceno; Percheron mare, H. G. Eshelman, on H. L. Milanna; Belgian stallion, J. F. Begert, Topeka, on Gandi D' Cost Mof; Belgian mare, Elmer Eberspacher, Seward, Neb., on Betty.

Hogs: Chester White boar, Bloom & Son, Corning, Iowa, on High Rank; Chester White sow, Bloom & Son, on Bloom Pride 2nd; Spotted Poland China boar, Eugene J. Rath, McValley, Iowa, on Rebo; Spotted Poland sow, Wayne L. Davis, Mahaska, on Bright Queen; Duroc Jersey boar, Wayne L. Davis, Mahaska, on Jr. Boar; Duroc Jersey sow, Bar Y Ranch, Baxter Springs, on Bar Y Beautiful 2nd; Hampshire boar, Earl H. Kelly, Stafford, on Professor Ace; Hampshire sire, Sunshine Farm, Morrill, on B & B Fashion Lady 2nd; Poland China boar, James Armstrong & Son, Murdock, Neb., on Sir Galahad; Poland China sow, John Bucholz & Son, Falls City, Neb., on Lady Justine. Sheep: Hampshire ram, Donald E. Welton, Rantoul, on Vandiver 610; Hampshire ewe, Donald E. Welton, on Welton E-30; Southdown ram, Lonjac Southdowns, Concordia, Mo., on Lonjac 11-1; Southdown ewe, Lonjac Southdowns, on Lonjac 10-1; Shropshire ram, Chappell & Son, Greencastle, Mo., on Chappell 857; Shropshire ewe, Chappell & Son, Greencastle, Mo., on Chappell 799.

Crops: 10-ear sample of corn, Rolly Freeland, Effingham; 10 heads of grain sorghum,

Crops: 10-ear sample of corn, Rolly Free-land, Effingham; 10 heads of grain sorghum, John F. Berg, Meriden; best sample of hard red winter wheat, A. G. Siegrist, Hutchin-son; best sample of soft red winter wheat, Howard Hanson, Topeka. Horticulture: Best table display of apples, Taylor Bauer, Wathena; best display of 5 trays, Herman Moskau, Wathena.

Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson

Kansas State Fair, Hutchinson

Beef Cattle: Angus bull, Harry Peirce, Partridge, on Prince Eralan, H. P. 3rd; Angus female, Woodlawn Farms, Creston, Ill., on Postelmere Blackcap; Shorthorn bull, D. H. Clark, Douglas, on Elkhorn Supreme Command; Shorthorn female, D. H. Clark, on Elkhorn Bloom; Hereford bull, Brook Hereford Ranch, Brady, Texas, on Plus Blanchard 1st; Hereford female, T. L. Thogmartin, on Miss Ardena Plus.

Dairy Cattle: Brown Swiss bull, G. D. Sluss, El Dorado, on Lee's Hill Sandra's Royal; Brown Swiss female, G. D. Sluss, on Lucy Fay's May 3rd's Pride; Guernsey bull, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Batdorf, Wellsville, on Ransom Wilda's Westerner; Guernsey female, Ransom Farm, Homewood, on Ransom Fisherman's Angel; Holstein bull, T. Hobart McVay, Nickerson, on Osborndale Count Ormsby; Holstein female, Quin-Dale Farms, McPherson, on Shungavalley Champion Pearl; Jersey bull, Beal Brothers and A. H. Koeppel, Carlyle, on Volunteer Regina Noble; Jersey female, F. P. Durnell, Springfield, Mo., on Royal Xenia Lass; Milking Shorthorn bull, Walter Clarke, Great Bend, on Kingsdale Pride 13th; Milking Shorthorn female, E. L. Walker, Fowler, on Kingsdale Ruby; Ayrshire bull, G. Fred Williams, Hutchinson, on Woodhull Sunny Tom; Ayrshire female; G. Fred Williams, on Woodhull Sunny Dianne.

Horses: Belgian stallion, Dwight A. Yordy, Brookville, on Major Clypot De Gable; Belgian mare, Dwight A. Yordy, on Patsy De La Tourette; Percheron stallion, McElwain Brothers, Burrton, on Carirctor Degas; Percheron mare, H. G. Eshelman, Sedgwick, on Maple Leaf Milanna.

Jacks and Mules: Champion jack, P. L. Hale and Son, Burrton, on Oklahoma Lad; Champion mare, Moore Brothers, Gardner, on Shirley.

Hogs: Grand champion barrow, O'Bryan Ranch, Hightville; Chester White boar,

Hale and Son, Burrton, on Oklahoma Lad; Champion mare, Moore Brothers, Gardner, on Shirley.

Hogs: Grand champion barrow, O'Bryan Ranch, Hiattville; Chester White boar, Bloom & Sons, Corning, Iowa, on High Rank; Chester White sow, Bloom & Sons, on Bloom Pride 2; Spotted Poland China boar, Carl Billman, Holton, on Silver Ace; Spotted Poland China sow, Wayne L. Davis, Mahaska, on Watchman Proud Lady; Berkshire boar, Tommy Wilson, on Pioneer Master Raider; Berkshire sow, Leonard Millyan, Nash, Okla., on Monarch Janet 7th; Poland China boar, Malone Brothers, Raymond, on Malone's Belgian; Poland China sow, Malone Brothers; Duroc boar, Bar Y Ranch, Baxter Springs, on Lucky Boy; Duroc sow, Harvey A. Deets, Kearney, Neb., on Deets Dutchess; Hampshire boar, James E. Tays, Fisher, Ill., on Rosevale Steproller; Duroc sow, Mr. and Mrs. W. Ploeger, Morrill, on B. B. Fashlon 2nd.

Sheep: Hampshire ram, J. R. Poague, Lincoln Ma. Hampshire ewe, J. R. Poague;

rill, on B. B. Fashion 2nd.

Sheep: Hampshire ram, J. R. Poague, Lincoln, Mó.; Hampshire ewe, J. R. Poague; Shropshire ram, H. H. Chappell & Son, Greencastle, Mo.; Shropshire ewe, H. H. Chappell & Son; fat lambs, Ted Oliver, 4-H. Exhibitor; Southdown ram and ewe, Lonjac Southdowns, Concordia, Mo.; wool exhibit, champion fleece, Noah Steiner, Morrill.

Crops: Hard winter wheat, Earl G. Clark, Sedgwick; corn, Rolly Freeland, Effingham; quality wheat, U. G. Balderston, Dodge City; collective exhibit, LeRoy I. Melia, Comanche county.

manche county.

Horticulture: Commercial exhibit, W. O. Schuler, Wathena; 5 trays, Kansas Fruit Farm, Troy.



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We know because we carry the greater part of the things the farmers produce. Added to other traffic, this requires a fully loaded freight train every four seconds.

With materials scarce, this has to be done with little more equipment than we had before the war. So our locomotives, our cars, everything about the railroads must be worked as never before.

This means rapid wear and tear-more than can be replaced now. Like farmers, railroads are having to put off doing a lot of things which do not have to be done right away.

They must come later—when the victory is won, when farmers can begin to "catch up" on the work around the place, and when railroads can begin to build back into their plants the service life which today is being taken out of them.

In that way, American agriculture, American railroading, American enterprise, can keep on delivering the goods in the American way.



Watch Intestinal Parasites

By CHARLES H. LERRIGO, M. D.

special conference of doctors, about tropical diseases that might be brought back to us by returning soldiers, that I realized how the danger of intestinal

worms is likely to be increased when the boys come home. Certainly there is nothing uncommon, especially in rural districts, about the occurrence of intestinal worms in children and also in adult persons. In the tropical countries in which our soldiers have



had to fight, however, the plague of intestinal and animal parasites is something for which our country has no parallel.

A medical officer who has been on duty in the tropics told me that so far it has been practically impossible to control the fly pest. Anyone eating any kind of food, in the best possible camping surroundings in the tropics, is almost sure to chew up a few flies in the course of the meal. Intestinal parasites are all too common among the men on duty, and there is no little probability that many returning soldiers will have to be treated for ailments which may not be disabling and will present no symptoms that would keep them from

TT WAS not until I was called to a mingling with friends and family, yet which are dangerous not only to themselves but to those with whom they make contact.

At this time the best that we can do is to give warning as to special care being taken for prevention and cure of infestation by worms. Chief among these as known in this country are the pinworm, a very common pest both to children and adults in our own land, and the roundworm known to doctors as Ascaris Lumbricoides and sometimes called the eel worm. Undoubtedly it will be an excellent thing for all soldiers returning from the tropics to be given an opportunity to go thru the Army Hospital and have very thoro examination made for intestinal parasites and appropriate treatment given where necessary. If the Army and Navy follow such a course, our men will thereby be given the assured feeling that they are not bringing something back to home and family that is likely to induce distressing symptoms such as they may have had to endure in the tropics.

It is not necessary at this time to give a lot of suggestions as to symptoms and treatment of intestinal parasites. However, we do have a special letter entitled "Hints About Intestinal Worms" that should prove helpful. Any subscriber desiring a copy should send an envelope addressed to himself, and bearing a 3-cent stamp, to Doctor C. H. Lerrigo, Kansas Farmer, Topeka.

Sons Follow Mother's Lead

In Exhibiting Baby Beef and Hogs

OVE of good livestock is a family I trait with the R. C. Barclays, of Marietta, who this year watched their two sons, Harry, Jr., 12, and Donald, 10, try their hands for the first time at exhibiting baby beef and swine at the big Kansas fairs.

The boys will have to step if they beat their mother at this game. As an early-day 4-H exhibitor, Mrs. Barclay, then Ruby Howell, established a record of winnings. In her 7 years of club membership she won 2 grand championships and 3 reserve championships in competition at the Kansas fairs.

Just as the sons come by their livestock interest naturally, so did the mother. Her father, J. A. Howell, started exhibiting stock at the Free Fair 27 years ago and organized the first boys' and girls' club in the Marietta community in the 1920's. The mother, Mrs. Barclay, was a Capper award winner in 1925.

With this kind of record behind them, Harry and Donald are carrying a heavy 4-H Club project schedule. In

his 3 years of club membership, Harry has handled \$1,750 worth of livestock. He started with a sow and litter and advanced brooding projects, and last year added purebred gilts, market pigs and gardening projects. He now has 22 head of purebred Durocs.

Donald is a first-year 4-H'er, but was only 5 years old when he began building up a registered herd. He now has a purebred Hereford cow, bull and calf. His potato project this year produced 78 bushels of potatoes that sold for \$139, and his Hereford baby beef is estimated to be worth \$135.

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The boys' stepfather, R. C. Barclay. is boys' leader of the Sunflower club. He is building up an inventory of registered stock and now has 130 registered Duroc hogs, 16 registered Herefords. and 6 registered Suffolk horses.

Three-year-old Raleighta, daughter of the Barclays, rides a pony and plays with her pet lamb while she looks for-"joining the boys" in active participation with their livestock in-

Rims Make a Culvert



A nice, big culvert on the Howard Woodbury farm, Osage county, consists of old rims from corn planter wheels. The rims are fitted side by side, and are held securely together by long rods running from 2 by 4's at the ends of the culvert. This idea reduces the farm junk pile while saving the demand for new equipment.

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Missouri.

• FARM EQUIPMENT

New Milking Machines are becoming very scarce. Don't delay, Just received a large shipment of America's most modern full pulsating milkers. Can make immediate delivery any county, any state if certificate and order are received at once. Phone or write today. Also can supply short tube and portable milkers, full pulsating types. No certificate necessary for new units to add to present equipment. We buy and sell used milkers of all kinds. Guaranteed rubber parts for all makes of milkers. Complete factory repair service on all makes of milkers. We want used Milkers, Briggs-Stratton and Lauson Gas Engines. Midwest Dairy Supply Company, 224 West Fourth Street, Grand Island, Nebraska.

Two Cow Dairy Queen portable milker again available for shipment anywhere. Rubber lined squeeze action teat cups. Complete with electric motor \$179.00, with gas engine \$204.00. Literature free, Dairy Queen Milking Machine Manufacturing Company, 1334 E. 53rd St., Minneapolis, Minn.

MACHINERY WANTED
Wanted immediately, new or u Wanted immediately, new or used New Idea, Woods Bros. or Oliver one-row, pull-type corn-picker. Also portable corn elevator. Wire or Write. Tom Turk Farm, R. 2, Tekamah, Neb.

Wanted—"Fords" milkers or usable parts. Help us get them in use. Box 442, McPherson, Kan.

Wanted—Two row Corn Picker. Four hole Corn Sheller. F. L. Gronau, Whitewater, Kan.

Wanted: Alfalfa Seed, Sweet Clover Seed. Send samples and tell us how much you have. We will also be in the market for new crop popcorn. Write us and tell us how many acres you are growing. The Barteldes Seed Company, Lawrence, Kansas.

DeWail Hybrids: Now receiving orders for White and Yellow Hybrids. \$8.00-\$4.00. Bred for standability-yield. Some open territory for dealer-agents, Liberal commissions. DeWall Hybrids, Dept. "K," Gibson City, Ill.

Kansas Certified Hybrids, Kansas 1583 and US 13. Harold Staadt Seed Farm, Ottawa, Kan.

FLOWERS—BULBS

Immediate shipment — Gorgeous Ranunculus, Anemone, Montbretia, Gladiola, Watsonia, Narcissus bulbs, Cent each prepaid; fifty minimum. Catalog, Jordan Nurseries, Baldwin Park, California.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Sparrow Trap that does the work. A customer writes, "A few weeks ago I sent for your sparrow trap plans, made one and it works fine." They are easy to build. Send 10c for plans. Sparrowman, 1715A Lane, Topeka, Kansas.

16 ounces of mellow ripe cut smoking tobacco. cool, mild mixture. Only \$1.25. Send for free catalog and trial offer. Sidney Ram, 59 West Monroe, V-47, Chicago, 3, Illinois.

Good Old Fashioned Kentucky Leaf—Smoking or Chewing. 5 Pounds \$1.25. Doran Farms, Murray, Ky.

25 Genuine Indian Arrowheads, \$1.00. Catalog. Geo. Holder, Glenwood, Ark.

PRODUCE WANTED

Money for your cream by return mail; correct test and weight; the better the cream the big-ger the check; we want good cream. Siip to Spring Valley Butter Co., Kansas City, Mo.

Ship your cream direct. Premium prices for premium grade. Satisfaction guaranteed on every shipment. Riverside Creamery, Kansas City, Mo.

We want broilers, springs. Coops loaned free. The Copes, Topeka.

• FILMS AND PRINTS

Beautiful Deckledge Reprints 2c. Rolls developed two deckledge prints each negative 25c. Four 5x7 enlargements from negatives 50c. Summers Studio, Unionville, Mo.

Rolls Developed—Two beautiful double weight professional enlargements, 8 Never Fade deckle edge prints, 25c. Century Photo Service, LaCrosse, Wis.

Roll developed, photo album, 2 enlargements, 8 prints, 25c. Geppert Studios, Dept. R-3, Des Moines, Iowa.

EDUCATIONAL

Make up to \$25-35 week as a trained practical nurse. Learn quickly at home, spare time, Easy tuition payments. Earn while you learnmany earn hundreds of dollars while studying Easy to understand lessons, endorsed by physicians. High school not required. Our 42nd year, Write for free booklet and sample lesson pages. Chicago School of Nursing, Dept. SF-10, Chicago.

AUCTION SCHOOLS

Learn Auctioneering. Free catalog. Write, Reisch Auction School, Austin, Minn.

● REMEDIES—TREATMENTS

Free Book—Piles, Fistula, Colon-Stomach, associated conditions. Latest methods. Thornton & Minor Clinic, Suite C1006, Kansas City, Mo.

Wanted—Reliable Front End Man by individual operating General Garage, Filling Station; selling machinery and parts. Must be good writer. Can also use good mechanic. Good pay long time job for right party. (Located near Dodge City.) Box 55, Dodge City, Kan.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN

Dealers Wanted. Western Distributors of Milking Machines and Dairy Supplies want dealers. Nationally known full pulsating type milking. Write or Phone at once if interested, giving full qualifications. Address Post Office Box 582, Grand Island, Nebraska.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Eastside Maternity—Seclusion Hospital for un-married girls. State licensed. Working re-duces expenses. 4911 E. 27th, Kansas City, Mo.

• FEATHERS WANTED

Uncle Sam Needs Feathers for the Armed Forces:
Be patriotic! Ship now! Every pound counts!
White or Grey goose \$1.25. White or colored duck \$1.00. Must contain original down. For highest prices of used feathers submit samples. Thousands of satisfied customers. Southtown Feather Co., 6754 So. Halsted St., Chicago.

Free Bulletin tells you how to get the most for your new and used Goose and Duck Feathers. Send for it. We are direct processors and pay best prices. Third generation in feather business Honest grading. Prompt payment. Ship now. Central Feather Works, Dept. R, 1717 S. Halsted, Chicago.

New Goose and Duck Feathers wanted. Positively highest prices paid. Payment day received. Send for latest prices and shipping labels. Established 1917. Northern Feather Works, 1523 Kingsbury St., Chicago.

• FARMS-KANSAS

160 acres, highly improved, on mat road, 4 miles town, 100 plow, 60 blue stem, \$8,500. T. B. Godsey, Emporia, Kan.

Coffey County Improved farm 170-A 10 miles from county seat, \$50 per acre. Gilman & Gilman, Burlington, Kan.

FARMS-MISCELLANEOUS

On pavement, 103-acre going farm, stone buildings, \$4,700! Half-mile frontage on U. S. pavement, only 5 minutes depot high school town, on cream route, school bus; fee paid for REA connection to power line, only 4 mile away; 60 cultivated, more tillable when cleared, 55 bottom, woodland pasture, woven wire, pond, estimated 20,000 ft. timber, merchantable firewood, good wood market nearby, dandy young orchard, 280 peaches, 60 apples, 3 cherries, 146 acre assorted berries; buildings only 2 years old nice 5-room cobblestone house, good 40-ft, cobblestone barn, 40-ft, cobblestone poultry house, good brooder house, cobblestone smcke-house over cellar; \$2,000 income last year; retiring elderly owner offers real buy, \$4,700 with 5 good Jersey cows, 2 brood sows, team mules, some farming equipment included, \$3,000 down. Details page 2, free Fall catalog 7 states. United Farm Agency, KF-428 BMA Bidg., Kansas City, 8, Mo.

Federal Land Bank, Wichita, Kansas—Farms for sale in Kansas and Colorado. See National Farm Loan Association in your county, or write direct. Give location preferred.

October 16 **Will Be Our Next Issue**

Ads for the Classified and Livestock

Saturday, Oct. 9

Livestock Advertising Rates

1/3 Column Inch. \$2.50 per issue 1/3 Column Inch. 3.50 per issue Per Column Inch. 7.00 per issue One-third Column Inch is the smallest ad accepted.

Kansas Farmer is now published on the first and third Saturdays of each month, and we must have copy by Friday of the previous week.

JESSE R. JOHNSON, Fieldman Kansas Farmer - Topeka, Kansas

Kansas Farmers Can Depend on TOMSON HYBRIDS

Corn harvest is on in Kansas. This is the best time to compare hybrids and, after comparing, the logical time to place your order for 1944 planting. Tomson Hybrids won't disappoint you in the field with competitive hybrids, for their greater yield of sound quality feeding corn is a consistent feature. To be sure of getting your choice of varieties and kernel sizes, place your order now. We are farther along with selling than we have ever been at this time of the year. Send for our interesting leaflet.

Our New Varieties

Tomson 30—A late-maturing, heavy-yielding corn that produces extra high-quality corn. It has won best 10 ears for our customers at several Corn Shows. Ideal for silage—makes a heavy-grain yield.

Tomson 44—Slightly later maturing than 13. Very stiff stalk and almost perfect-type ears. Outstanding on fertile ground.

Kansas 2234—White variety, late maturing. A medium-height corn developed by the college that is proving extremely popular. Our supply of flat kernels is almost gone. Good selection in round kernels, but they are go-

Also available are the popular standbys—Tomson 13 and 35. These hybrids are well known and have definitely proved their worth over a period of years under Kansas conditions.

Prices, Prepaid to You:

Large Flat \$8.60 Medium Flat \$8.60 Large Round \$5.60 Medium Round \$7.20

Every bushel backed by our replanting agreement

Don't Experiment With Your Corn Crop

PLANT TOMSON HYBRID SEED CORN

Our Seed and Shorthorns Make Good WAKARUSA

KANSAS

The Central Kansas **Holstein-Friesian Breeders' Sale** Hillsboro, Kan. Friday, October 22 100 Head of Holsteins

60 head of registered, 40 head of high-grade Holstein cattle, a large number of fresh cows or heavy springers.

10 bulls of serviceable age, all from record sires and dams.

15 head of heifer calves from dams with high butterfat records.

The outstanding feature of this sale is the consignment of 20 head of cows and helfers from the Jake Zarnowski herd, Newton. This herd has the distinction of having the highest average record of producing cows of any herd in Kansas of more than 10 head. They send 8 young cows with an average record of 460 pounds of milk, as 2-year-olds; 10 bred helfers and cows from dams averaging 656.200 pounds of milk, as 2-year-old in the second highest producing senior 3-year-old in the nation for 1942 and the fifth high for all time. A bred 2-year-old helfer, from an 808 butterfat dam. A King Bessie bull, ready for service, from a 601-pound fat cow. Herd average for 1942 was 491 pounds fat.

Quindale Farm, McPherson, sends 3 fresh young cows from dams with an average of 440 pounds of fat, and 11,500 pounds of milk. Also a bull of serviceable age, from a 450-pound-fat 2-year-old. P. G. Hiebert, Hillsboro, sends 3 fine young cows with average fat test of 419 pounds and median-producing record grade cows.

Ted Beuhler, Assaria, sends a nice consignment of young bulls, one from a 500-pound-fat am and one from a 700-pound-fat dam. Also a fine lot of 2-year-old bred helfers from ams up to 438 pounds of fat.

Robert Romig, Topeka, sends 3 high-grade cows in flush production.

R. B. and Ralph Ward have selected 15 head of high-grade cows—nearly all fresh or eavy springers. dam and one fredams up to 438

Whitehall Dairy Farm (Mott and Kandt) send a selected lot of 6 helfer calves from dams anging from 396 pounds of fat at 3 years old, to 521 pounds of butterfat.

R. L. Evans, Hutchinson, sends a choice bull calf from a sire whose dam with 6 consecu-ve records, averaged 646 pounds fat classified as Excellent, the calf's dam 650 pounds fat

as a 2-year-old.

T. Hobart McVay is consigning one of his choice cows, with a 575-pound fat record as a junior 3-year-old, and a young serviceable show bull calf, junior champion bull 1943 Kansas State Fair, from a 448-pound dam, sired by Femco Calamity Posch Pride. Six nearest dams, 1,026 pounds of butterfat.

Elmer Gelss, Marion, sends a number of high-grade cows and heifers.

Otto Domann and Martin Schubert have good consignments of serviceable bulls and producing cows and heifers.

All records in this sale are on two-times milking. All Animals tested for Bang's and Tb. Sale begins promptly at 10:30 a. m.

MANAGER'S NOTE:

Do You Know that those who have attended the Central Kansas Holstein Breeders' Sales in past years have found it an excellent place to select clean, healthy foundation seed stock, dairy herd replacements, both registered and high-grade helfer calves for calf clubs and bulls from high-record sires and dams, and the prices have not been too high as compared with sales in the eastern section of the country.

And, Do You Know that it is our opinion that the world will be hungry for Holstein Cattle and that lucky is the man who will have seed stock for sale when this war will have come to an end.

WRITE FOR CATALOG TO

W. H. MOTT, Sale Manager, HERINGTON, KAN.
Auctioneers: Newcom, Cole and Bevins Clerk: Newton Securities Company, Inc.

Persinger's Jersey Reduction Sale



Republic, Kan., Monday, Oct. 11

30 Head Including our 2-year-old herd bull, Security Blonde Fauvic, son of Security Blonde Count, whose dam has a Nebraska record of 625 pounds fat as a

2-year-old and 883 pounds as a 3-year-old.

20 COWS in production with records up to 500 pounds fat.

7 BRED HEIFERS of good quality. All in calf to above herd bull. Noble and Financial breeding. Tb. and abortion tested.

E. L. PERSINGER, Owner, REPUBLIC, KAN.

Jas. T. McCulloch, Auct.

Jesse R. Johnson, Fieldman

First Kansas V-I-C-T-O-R-Y Guernsey Sale

Topeka, Kansas, October 7

Our consignment: 3 granddaughters of our proved Advanced

Register sire Argilla Fisherman

Green Acres Jean—A. R., 3-year-old, fresh with second calf. The first daughter of Ransom's Leader's Lochinvar, formerly a herd sire in the Kaw Valley Breeding Association.

Ransom Gail's Gypsy—A 2-year-old now on A. R. test. Bred to calve next March to the service of St. James Champion Bobby, son of the great cow St. James Philosopher's Barbee, excellent type and highest-producing daughter of Langwater Philosopher.

Bansom's Twila's Twinkle—Yearling helfer, daughter of Argilla General Lee, undefeated National Grand Champion in 1941.

RANSOM FARM, HOMEWOOD, KANSAS

GOLDEN RULE STOCK FARM

Ft. Scott, Kan., October 22

45 Head

10 Good Quality Jacks (ready for service).
35 Jennets (most of them in foal or with
colts at foot).

This is a dispersal of one of the oldest and strongest herds in
the United States. Featuring the best individuals and most valuable bloodlines of today. Buy your jack in the fall and he will be acquainted
with his new home and give better service.

Herd Established Over 50 Years-For Catalog Write

W. D. GOTT, FT. SCOTT, KAN.

Roy Johnston, Auctioneer

IN THE FIELD



Jesse R. Johnson Topeka, Kansas

C. H. HARPER, of Benkelman, Neb., made an average of \$100 on 55 head of Shorthorns in his September 17 sale. With a top of \$225, unfavor-able weather day of sale, lack of moisture and feed scarcity were given as reason for price in line with the high quality of the offering.

For years and years FRED FARRIS AND SONS, of Faucett, Mo., have bred Durocs. Public sales held sometimes annually and sometimes semi-annually have been their way of disposing of them. Another sale will be held on October 18, and the get of the Minnesota junior champion, The Fashion, and Four Square, a grandson of All Star and Golden Fancy, will be featured. Fifty head sell.

Homemade Punches

A handy set of punches may be made inexpensively out of old, discarded harrow teeth by grinding each one to the desired type of point. The points will not last as long as regular punches, but will give good service and can be easily renewed by grinding.—J. D. O. HOLSTEIN CATTLE

BULL CALVES FOR SALE

We bred and developed the first and only cow in Kansas to produce 1,000 pounds of fat in 365 consecutive days. Young bulls with high-production dams or granddams, H. A. DRESSIZER, LEBO, KAN,

WISCONSIN HOLSTEINS

12 larger and older high-grade Holstein heifer calves. Well started, 6-week \$32.50 each. All express charges paid by us. Willing to ship COD any number. Clayton Chandler, Rt. 2, Lake Geneva, Wis.

JERSEY CATTLE

GOLDEN DREAM COMES TRUE!!! Rotherwood-Eagle-Lease-Plan puts at the head of your herd one of the state's best bred Jersey bulls without a cash deposit. This is open to you if you are milking three cows. It isn't necessary that you have a registered herd or that they are Jerseys. If you want something of the best don't delay. Get in touch with us at once! !! ROTHERWOOD JERSEYS, Hutchinson, Kan. A. Lewis Oswald—John Craig Oswald

HAMPSHIRE SHEEP

Walker Offers Hamp. Rams

Serviceable age ram lambs, sired by the 1937 Iowa State Fair grand champion, and out of daughters of the grand champions at previous Iowa and Indiana State Fairs.

E. L. WALKER
One mile east on U. S. 54, then 3 miles north
of FOWLER (Meade Co.), KAN.

Kansas State Holstein Sale

Monday, October 18, Abilene, Kan.



The Kansas Holstein-Friesian Association in sponsoring this Statewide Consignment Sale hopes to accomplish two objectives: Make some outstanding Kansas-bred Holsteins available to breeders starting in the business, and to show the results of continued testing for production plus official type classification in building the practical Holstein cow.

stein cow.

The Kansas Association had 233 paidup members for the year 1943. From this
number, consignments were accepted
from 39 herds by a committee appointed
to manage the sale. The committee has
spared no effort or expense in bringing
this group of cattle together in the first
statewide consignment sale in several
years. We hope you appreciate them.

40 COWS 1-740 lbs. fat, 3-yr.-old, HIR. 2 over 600 lbs. fat, 12 between 400-500 lbs. fat, All on 2X, 20 classified G, or V. G. 12 BRED HEIFERS
Every helfer's dam has made over 400 lbs.

fat on 2X.

14 OPEN HEIFERS
Choice lot—good 4-H helfer prospects, Some Bang's vaccinated.

14 BULLS
Dams' records—400-702 lbs. fat on 2 time milking. Carefully picked by the committee.

HEALTH—Each animal sells with a negative Bang's and Tb. test within 30 days unless accredited.

CATALOGUES will be available October 9.
Address correspondence and requests to
Grover Meyer, State Secy., Basehor, Kansas.

Sale Headquarters—Lamer Hotel, Abilene. Holstein Meeting—Lamer Hotel, 7 p. m., Sunday evening, October 17, 1943. Everyone invited.

Auctioneers: Bert Powell, Boyd Newcom, James McCullough

-CONSIGNORS-

Albert Ackerman Dean Bailey R. C. Beezley Harvey Bechtelheimer Mrs. H. D. Burger & Son Ray Bollman Frank Finkelstein eo Fickel William Frerking Henry Hatesohl & Son Leo Hostetler P. G. Hiebert C. C. Kagarice

Jeff Kubin **Grover Meyer** W. H. Mott H. A. Meier **Barbara** Morris August Moeller Meierkord Farm Hobart McVay Wm. C. Mueller L. W. Norrie Kenneth Phillips Quin-Dale Farm C. P. Regier

E. B. Regier Rottinghaus & Draney Wm. Rosencranz St. Joseph's Home M. A. Shults & Son Smith & White Harold Scanlan Topeka State Hospital L. J. Theno T. T. Torkelson White & Chamberlain Young Bros. Jake Zarnowski



DISPERSAL SALE Purebred, Unrecorded

On farm, 5 miles east of Wednesday, Oct. 20

35 HEAD
15 Heavy-producing Young Cows, all in milk or close to freshening.

2 Bred Heifers
6 Yearling Heifers
Remainder young heifer and bull calves, and the herd bull, Lyman Valley Ormsby Prilly 850074.
Everything of breeding age is bred to the above bull and calves are by him. This herd was established more than 25 years ago with Wisconsin cows practically pure, and nothing but registered bulls have been used since the herd was founded.

15 Cows in milk have already produced so far this year over 90,000 pounds of 3.8 milk. Abortion tested. For more information write

Harold Tonn, Auctioneer CLINTON BROS. (Owners), Hutchinson, Kan. Jesse B. Johnson, Fieldman

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MILKING SHORTHORN CATTLE



Kansas Milking Shorthorn **Annual Sale**

Hutchinson, Kan. Friday, November 5 45 Head

Tops from 26 Leading Kansas Herds

10 Bulls 35 Cows and Heifers

Picked for high quality and heavy production. Health certificate with each animal.

Write for Catalog H. D. SHARP, Sale Mgr. Great Bend, Kan.



Studt's Milking Shorthorn **Reduction Sale** Monday, October 25

On farm near ADA, KANSAS (Ottawa County)

40 Head

Daughters, granddaughters, sons and grandsons of the great breeding sire Brookside Clay 13th, and carrying the blood of the intensely bred Bates bull Woodlawn Bates. Others sired by or bred to the Kansas State Champion Nauvoo Champion.

Write for catalog.

PAUL J. STUDT, ADA, KAN.

MILKING-BRED SHORTHORN BULLS Excellent quality and backed by heavy pro-Calves to 14 months old. Sired by Borg's Clay thampion and Griffarm Locust Supreme, out of D.H.I.A. cows, some with R.M. records. 20 head to pick from.

W. S. MISCHLER & SON
Bloomington (Osborne Co.) Kansas

Milking Shorthorn Cows, Bulls BULLS 20 months and under. Sire bred by BRUINGTON BROS., Cameron, Ill. Cows to freshen soon. J. W. McFarland, Sterling, Kan.

MILKING SHORTHORN DISPERSAL Private sale) 28 HEAD—one or all together uselyn and Retnuh Farms breeding.
LLOYD DICKINSON, Moran, Kan.

lupfer Offers Milking Shorthorns Histored serviceable age bulls and bull calves th R. M. Ancestry. Herd Federal Accredited. RALPH LUPFER, Larned, Kan.

POLLED MILKING SHORTHORNS

Erickson's Polled Milking Shorthorns d for best dual-purpose performance. Retnuh clader Duke in service. Bulls and a few females for E. H. Erickson, Agenda (Republic Co.), Kan.

DAIRY CATTLE

Tankersley's Dairy Cow Auction In Walker's Sale Barn

Clay Center, Kan., Friday, October 8

40 HEAD purebred (unregistered) Guern-y and Jersey cows. The heavy-producing, the testing kind. 30 Cows—12 of them with calves at side. Other close-up springers.

10 Bred Heifers. Nothing eligible to register. To. and abortion tested.

C. W. TANKERSLEY Clay Center, Kan. Ross B. Schaulis, Auctioneer GUERNSEY CATTLE

Lyn-Lee Guernsey



For your best herd foundation or re-placement, buy one or both of the cows consigned by us to the KANSAS VICTORY SALE.

Topeka, Kan., October 7

Both 400 lbs, fat (2 times a day milking).

DAN R. WOHLGEMUTH Hillsboro, Kan.

Don't Forget 1st Kansas State **Guernsey Sale**

Free Fair Grounds

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 7 1 P. M.

55 Choice Guernseys "The Guernsey Classic of the Southwest in 1943"

Our Consignment to the Victory Guernsey Sale

A 5-year-old daughter of BOLDER BRIDGE VIKING with a two-year-old record of 428 fat, her dam 503 fat, both records on twice-a-day milkings. Watch this space next issue. We sell 50 head on October 18, Hillsboro, Kan. W. L. SCHULTZ, DURHAM, KANSAS.

POLLED HEREFORD CATTLE

Riffel's Polled Hereford Sale

At Plain View Farm

Monday, November 8

20 Herd Bull Prospects 15 Bred Heifers 15 Open Heifers

CHAMPION BLOOD LINES Write for Catalog

JESSE RIFFEL & SONS Enterprise (Dickinson Co.), Kan.

HEREFORD CATTLE

Offers two choice herd bull prospects, 19 and 24 months old, sired by a grandson of "PRINCE DOMINO 499611," low-down blocky type and in show condition. Priced at \$750 for choice. Also younger bulls \$300 each. Farm 25 miles south of Hutchinson, Kan.

S. W. KING, PRETTY PRAIRIE, KANSAS.

HAZLETT HEREFORDS

100 breeding cows in herd. Young buils and 100 breeding cows in herd. 10ding balls helfers for sale.

DELLFORD RANCH, EL DORADO, KAN.

HEREFORD COWS for SALE

Still offering a few cows with calves at foot sired by a grandson of HAZFORD RUPERT 25th. No Sunday calling, please. SCHRAG BROS., PRETTY PRAIRIE, KANSAS.

Registered Herefords

Cows, calves, yearlings and 2-year-olds. Five husky 2-year old bulls. All of Hazlett breeding. Choice lot of cattle priced to sell. Herd headed by Lassie Tone Sth. F. F. HANSEN, HILLSBORO, KAN.

Walnut Valley Hereford Ranch 15 heifers of Hazlett and WHR breeding, bred to WHR Worthy Domino 41st, 25 open heifers of similar breeding. Also 15 quality yearling bulls. EON A. WAITE & SONS WINEIELD KAN

RED POLLED CATTLE

Locke's Red Polled Dairy

100 head in herd. 30 cows in milk year round. Franklin (undefeated in show ring) and Red Boy (backed by generations of AR. breeding) in service. Yearling and 2-year-old helfers. Also bulls, calves to serviceable age.

G. W. LOCKE, EL DORADO, KAN.









Fourth Annual North Central Kansas Shorthorn Sale

Beloit, Kan., Wednesday, Oct. 27

64 HEAD inspected and selected from the leading herds of Horned and Polled Shorthorns in this territory.

40 Bulls of exceptionally good type and color 24 Females-Bred cows and heifers

The breeders and consignors whose names are listed below have permitted the ommittee to select some of the best individuals in their herds in order that this sale night be a desirable place to secure improving sires and satisfactory females.

Orville Hughes, Broughton John H. Ross, Clay Center Emerson S. Good, Barnard Ed Visser, Riley Chester Seaman, Osborne Johnson Bros., Delphos R. P. Walker & Son, Osborne Clyde W. Miller, Mahaska Julius Olson, Manhattan Dale Olson, Manhattan Ellis S. Sparks, Bison
J. M. Neilson & Son, Marysville
E. E. Booker & Andrew Peterson, Beloit
S. B. Amcoats, Clay Center
Will T. Molyneaux, Palmer
Alfred Tasker, Delphos
W. H. Molyneaux, Palmer
G. V. Williams, Hunter
Meall Bros.. Cawker City Meall Bros., Cawker City A. A. Tennyson, Lamar

The most desirable bloodlines combined with unexcelled type for breeding and utility, characterize this offering.

For Catalog Write EDWIN HEDSTROM, Secretary, Clay Center, Kan. Auctioneer: Jas. T. McCulloch. Marvin Aegerter will represent the Shorthorn World. Jesse R. Johnson with Kansas Farmer. W. W. Gladdish, Daily Drovers Telegram. MAKE YOUR DOLLARS BUY MORE—BE AT BELOIT OCT. 27

Sales Committee: Arthur Johnson, Delphos; Ed Visser, Riley; Andrew Peterson, Beloit



Southeast Kansas **Shorthorn Sale**

On the Dwight C. Diver farm, 1 mile south and 34 mile east of Humboldt, Kan., on Highway 59

Tuesday, October 12 40 Selected Shorthorns

27 Bulls. Most of them from 7 to 12 months, few younger 9 Heifers and 4 Cows with calves at side.

Consignments from the Lackey-Laughlin Farm, Humboldt; E. F. Baker, Chanute; Les Jewell, Humboldt; and others. All good Scotch breeding.

Dwight C. Diver, Chanute, Kan.

Nebraska Milking Shorthorn Sale

Fairbury, Nebr., Saturday, October 9

40 Head Selected From the Following Nebraska Breeders' Herds

Wm. Sandmann, Jansen Alfred Schnuelle, Jansen C. B. Callaway, Fairbury W. Stewart, Fairbury Ted Schnuelle, Jansen Henry Pleines, Milford Joe Burgess, Lincoln Willard Clapp, Elmwood

Sunderland & Sibert, Waterloo Dwight Morrison, Clearwater Alvin Meyer, Fairbury
C. L. Hustead, Falls City
Leo Rowley, Wood River
Harold Zeilinger, David City
Frank Allen, David City
C. G. Bamesberger, Hampton
Milerd Arthur Sell, Milford

For catalog write NEBRASKA MILKING SHORTHORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION Arthur Sell, Secy., Milford, Nebraska



MILKING SHORTHORN DISPERSAL SALE

9 miles South of Abilene on U. S. Highway 15, then 21/2

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28

70 HEAD: Most of them sired by or bred to WALGROVE NOBLE WATCHMAN, highest record sire of the breed in Kansas (7 nearest dams average 17,669 milk and 641 fat).

25 COWS fresh or near calving. A great lot of bred and open heifers and bulls from serviceable ages down to calves including the bull above mentioned. Write for catalog.

Boyd Newcom, Auctioneer

J. R. "BOB" HUFFMAN, Abilene, Kan.

ANGUS CATTLE

Registered Angus **BULLS AND FEMALES FOR SALE**

A choice lot of registered Angus bulls and fe-males ranging from calves to mature animals. Bulls up to two years old. One or a car load Choicely bred of Earl Marshall and Prizemere breading. Choicely bred of Earl Marshall and Frize, breeding.
L. E. LAFLIN, Crab Orchard, Nebr.

Latzke Angus Farm

Bulls sired by our good herd sires, Proud Cap K. 541403 and Elba Jule 2nd 652100. (Where beef type predominates) OSCAR C. LATZKE, JUNCTION CITY, KAN.

HOGS-ALL BREEDS



Reg. Berkshire, Hampshire, Duroc, Poland, O. I. C. Hogs When you buy hogs get them whero they come to you guaranteed to please. Papers furnished. Priced reasonable. Tell us what you want. Ross Stock Farms, Claffin, Kan.

SHROPSHIRE SHEEP

Registered Shropshires

Yearling and spring rams and 20 ewes. A solce lot of sheep. All sired by champion rams, riced to sell.

P. F. HANSEN, HILLSBORO, KAN.

Miller's Duroc Hog Sale

Saturday, October 16, Alma, Kan.

(At 1 p. m.)



Registered Spring **Boars and**

Sample of Pigs That Sell

If you are looking for a genuine feeder-type Duroc with lots of quality and style, be sure to attend our sale, as your search should positively end here.

If unable to come, do not hesitate to send a mail bid to either the auctioneer or fieldman, describing the animal you desire. If you don't like their purchase, return it to us at once. We will pay return charges and refund your money in full.

Write for Free Catalog

CLARENCE MILLER, ALMA, KAN.
vell, Auct. Jesse R. Johnson, Fieldman

Bauers' Poland China Sale (Just over the line in Nebraska)

Friday, October 15

55 HEAD — The wide, heavy-hammed sort-Sired by three of the great boars of the breed

IMPERIAL LO-SET

Out of dams with proven bloodlines, with the grand champion State Fair foundation. The real farmer and feeder type.

15 Selected Spring Gilts **All Immuned**

Sale on farm, 9 miles west of Fairbury, Nebr., on Highway 3. Send bids to Jesse R. Johnson in our care. For catalog write

BAUER BROS., GLADSTONE, NEBR.
Bert Powell, Auctioneer

Rowes' Poland Sale Monday, October 18

On farm, 21 miles south of Topeka on U. S. Highway 75, then 1/2 mile west

50 Head of Tops



BOARS

GILTS

One Litter That Sells

80% sired by the great boar ROWE'S BELGIAN

Litters by Chief of Staff (highest priced boar 1942) and Hub (1941 grand champion). Quality bred for quick maturity and best feeding type. Farmers have a special invitation. Everything immuned.

Write for Catalog

C. R. ROWE & SON, SCRANTON, KAN.

H. S. Duncan, Auctioneer

Jesse R. Johnson, Fieldman

Sunshine Farm Hampshire Sale



Horton, Kansas Friday, October 22

35 BOARS 15 GILTS

The type most in demand, bloodlines that have improved the breed. The best from five litters from our Register of Merit Sows, some especially choice ones out of B & B Special sows. Come and see the well-grown, quality sons and daughters of Century's Roller's Echo. Two from the grand champion sow at Kansas Free Fair.

For Catalog Write

MR. & MRS. WARREN PLOEGER, MORRILL, KAN.

G. H. Shaw, Auctioneer

Jesse R. Johnson, Fieldman

50 Registered O. I. C. **Bred Sows and Gilts**

o farrow from August 20 to November 1, eighing from 250 to 500 lbs. Also 500 pring boars. Farm 9 miles west, 3 south, west and 1½ south of Kingman, Kansas.

CECIL DODGE & SON, PENALOSA, KAN.



PEDIGREED O.I.C. PIGS

L. C. Peterson & Sons Osage City, Kansas

CHESTER WHITE HOGS

COLE OFFERS CHESTER WHITES

Chester White boars and gilts, weight 150 to 250. Immuned, Three miles south and a half mile west of Meriden, Kansas. FLOYD COLE, R. 3. North Topeka, Kan

AUCTIONEERS



Buyers Pay the Auctioneer

If he is capable, understands his audience and knows val-ues. His fee is reflected in increased profit to the seller.

HAROLD TONN

BERT POWELL

AUCTIONEER LIVESTOCK AND REAL ESTATE

SHORTHORN CATTLE

Coffeys' Bred Shorthorns

Bulls 10 to 14 months old. Cows with calves at foot. Bred and open heifers. CHRIS COFFEY & SONS, Axtell (Marshall Co.) Kansas

LACYS OFFER SHORTHORN BULLS

10 good, rugged, thick, red and roan bulls from 12 to 8 sounds old, stred by the Canadian champion, Glenburn Destiny. Also a few bred and open helfers and cows with caives at foot or close to caiving.

E. C. LACY & SON, MILTONVALE, KAN.

POLLED SHORTHORN CATTLE

Banburys' Hornless Shorthorns

We have 10 weaned bulls and up to 800 lbs. on our sale list. BANBURY & SONS Plevna, (Reno County) Kansas Telephone 2807

Registered Percheron Stallion wo years old, nice iron grey. Sired by BRAN-VER. His dam, daughter of CARALEX. MRS. CLARENCE OGREN, R. S, Wichita, Kan.

POLAND CHINA HOGS

Hartmans' Big Smooth Polands

Sale at Fair Grounds

Abilene, Kan. Tuesday, October 26

25 Boars and 25 Gilts

25 BOBTS AND ZO UNITS
Sired by ELMO VALLEY BELGIAN (son of Rowe's Belgian) his dam QUEEN ANN (Grand champion of Iowa 1941) Immuned and fed right for future usefulness. Write for catalog. Herd established 43 years.

J. J. HARTMAN & SON Elmo, (Dickinson Co.) Kansas Bert Powell, Auctioneer

WISWELLS' **Annual Poland Auction** Friday, October 22

20 BOARS — 20 GILTS — IMMUNED Sals on farm 7 miles south and 2 miles east of down. Offering by 4 different boars.

A. L. WISWELL & SON, OLATHE, KAN.

Easier Feeding-Type Polands
Bred sows and gilts. Also spring boars and gilts of Rowe's Belgian, Medaler and Golden Model breeding. Immuned, Reg. Malone Bros., Raymond (Rice Co.), Kan.



McLIN'S MEDIUM-TYPE POLANDS

February and March boars and gilts for sale sired by My Ration (son of Admiration) out o dams by Mo's Green Light (grandson of American Royal grand champion) GORDON MCLIN, SILVER LAKE, HAN.



Spring Boars, Special Prices Sired by 4 good boars. Also gilts. We need the room for fall litters.

ROY ROEDIGER
Longford, Kan.

SPOTTED POLAND CHINA HOGS

Billman's Spotted Polands



Silver Ace in service. Bred gilts for sale. Also spring boars and gilts of best bloodlines, Wildfire and Mischief Maker. Only tops go for breeders. Pairs not CARL BILLMAN, R. 2, HOLTON, KAN.

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Konkel's Spotted Poland Chinas Weil-grown, thick-nammed, strong-backed meaty spring boars, sired by THE AMERICAN WAY and KONKEL'S CHOICE, Immuned and registered. Priced for quick sale.

DALE KONKEL, HAVILAND, KANSAS. SPOTTED POLAND CHINA BOARS

with quality and best of breeding. Also unrelated gilt Royal Mischief and other good strains. Immuned at registered, EARL AND EVERETT FIESER, Norwic (Kingman Co.) Kansas.

NORTHWEST KANSAS HEREFORD ASSOCIATION SALE Atwood, Kan., Tuesday, Oct. 19

An Unusual Offering—Practically all of the offering are 1942 and early-fall calves. The best from 27 leading herds.

CONSIGNORS

R. L. Cathcart, Blakeman Forrest B. Carter, Norcatur Jim Douthit, St. Francis Thad J. Douthit, St. Francis Henry Euhus, Jr., Oberlin Calnon Bros., McDonald Foster Farms, Rexford Howard Grover, Atwood Anton Horinek, Atwood Ray M. Higley, Atwood H. C. Dunker, Ludell Bert Huff, Lebanon, Nebr.

Jansonius Bros., Prairie View

Duttlinger Bros., Monument

Dean Libby, Smith Center Lull & Diehl, Smith Center Henry Miller, McDonald H. F. Miller, Norcatur Rell Morrow, Kanorado H. G. Reuber, Atwood H. A. Rogers, Atwood Clarence Wicke, Blakeman H. J. Wicke, Ludell Elof Erickson, Rexford Delbert Hawkins, McDonald Joe L. Vap, Ludell Nelssen Bros., Smith Center

Write for catalog if interested to

H. A. ROGERS, Mgr., ATWOOD, KAN. Auctioneers: Fred Chandler, Art Leitner

Midwest Hereford Assn. Sale, Oct. 20, Holyoke, Colo.; Northern Colorado Assn. Sale, Oct. 21, Greeley, Colo.; Wagner Hereford Sale, Oct. 23, Kirk, Colo.

ETHYLEDALE FARM HAMPSHIRE Sale Monday, October 25



ETHYLEDALE FARM, Dale Scheel, Prop., EMPORIA, KAN.
Powell. Auctioneer Jesse B. Johnson, Fieldman Bert Powell, Auctioneer

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Buy "Fashion Bred" Durocs

at farm 1/2 mile east of Faucett, Mo, (Faucett is 11 miles south of St. Joseph on 71 and 40 north of Kansas City)

Monday, October 18, 1:30 p.m. 20 BOARS and 30 GILTS

Sired mostly by the Minnesota Jr. cham-pion The Fashion, and Four Square, a grandson of All Star and Golden Fancy. For better Durocs of modern type attend this auction. You can get a catalog of this sale by writing to

Fred Farris & Sons, Faucett, Mo.

WREATH FARM DUROC SALE

On farm just west of town

Monday, November 1

50 HEAD

Spring boars and glits, the wide, deep, full-hammed, easy-feeding kind. Sired by TYPE CORRECTOR and LO-BILT. One litter by PROUD CHEERY KING (sire of the All American Junior Yearfing boar last year.) For catalog write

Wreath Farm, Manhattan, Kan.

Spring Boars and Gilts

The dark-red, medium-type feeding kind.
Sired by High Caliber. Also several boars by
(ed. Orion (the Iowa and Nebraska-ctampion).
Pairs unrelated. Satisfaction guaranteed.
WM. BOHLEN, DOWNS, KAN.

Registered Duroc Bred Gilts

Excellent quality and breeding. Sired by Red Orion and bred to Golden Harvest, a great son of Golden Fancy. Also March boars and glits by Red Orion and Kansas Sturdybilt. Inspection invited. Immuned.

W. H. HILBERT, CORNING, KAN. FANCY FALL BOARS

and Bred Glits, sired by Proud Orion Wave First by Proud Cherry King, the Minnesota \$2,000 Gr. Ch. Boar. Glits are bred to Dark Col. by Col. Orion, Gr. Ch. Boar of Nebr. and Ia. Weanling boar pigs. B. M. HOOK & SON, Sliver Lake, Kan.

100 CHOICE BOARS, ALL AGES

Better boars for less money. The dark, cherry, broad-barked, shorter-legged, heavy-boned, easier-feeding kind. Best new breeding for old customers. Interesting literature. Registered, Immuned. Shipped on approval. W. R. HUSTON, AMERICUS, KAN.

Swanson's Durocs—Limited Number May Boars. If you like the deep red, thick back, any hams and short legs, buy Swanson's Durocs at mers' prices. Purebred but not registered. New blood old customers. We do not ship on approval. car H. Swanson, R. 5, Clay Center, Kan.

ROEPKE'S --- DUROCS

Heavy-bodied, stort-legged Duroc spring oars and gits. Popular bloodlines. Immuned. ARTHUR E. ROEPKE, WATERVILLE, KAN.

Reder's Duroc Hog Farm

Selected spring boars and gilts, sired by an excellent grandson of Thickset. Come and see them. P. A. Reder, Atlanta (Butler Co.), Kan. Stuckman's Durocs Are Profitable

Selected spring boars and gilts. Sired by Red Super, heavy bodied. Double immuned. Farm-ers prices. Charles Stuckman, Kirwin, Kan.

REGISTERED DUROC SPRING PIGS

high-quality, deep-hammed sows. Quick-maturing
d. Golden Fancy. Royal Flush and Orion Cherry
sez. Double immuned. Priced reasonable. 4 mi. north.
Robert Zimmerman, Alta Vista, Kan.

BERKSHIRE HOGS



BERKSHIRE SPRING PIGS

Excellent type and up-to-date pairs. Registered and immuned.

SHADOWLAWN FARM Roy Gilliland, Jr., Owner Holton, Kan.

WANTED

We Pay More for Them Than Anyone Else Delivered Our Plant

HILL PACKING CO. Topeka, Kan. Tel. 8524

TAME RABBIT SKINS

Ship us white or colored tame rabbit skins, any quantity, for top cash prices. Market high. J. E. ISENHART FUR CO. 1843 Wazee Denver 2, Colo.

Public Sales of Livestock

Aberdeen Angus Cattle
October 27—Dunrovun Farm, Belton, Mo. Farm
Manager, Kenneth Conzelman, Belton, Mo.
November 4—Nebraska Angus Breeders, Columbus, Neb. M. J. Krotz, Odell, Neb., Manager.

Dairy Cows

October 8-C. W. Tankersley, Clay Center, Kan. November 4-Harry and Clair Givens, Man-hattan, Kan.

Guernsey Cattle
October 7-Kansas State Victory Sale, Topeka,
Kan. Sales Mgr. Mort Woods, Ardmore,
Okla.

Hereford Cattle

October 19—Northwest Kansas Hereford Breeders, Atwood, Kan. H. A. Rogers, Atwood, Sale Manager.

November 10—F. A. Hiebert, Hillsboro, Kan. November 11—Haven Hereford Breeders' third annual sale, Haven, Kan. Harold Tonn, Sale Manager.

November 12—Morris County Hereford Breeders' annual sale, Council Grove, Kan. J. B. Pritchard, Dunlap, Kan., Sale Manager.

January 7—Kansas State Hereford Association, Hutchinson, Kan. J. J. Moxley, Manhattan, Kan., Secretary and Sale Manager.

Polled Hereford Cattle

Polled Hereford Cattle
November 8—Jesse Riffel and Sons, Enterprise,

Holstein Cattle

Kan.

Holstein Cattle

October 7—Missouri Holstein Breeders' Sale,
Columbia, Mo. Glenn G. Davis, Sales Manager. Columbia, Mo.
October 18—Kansas Holstein Breeders' Association, Abilene, Kan. Grover Meyer, Basehor, Kan. secretary.
October 20—Clinton Bros., Hutchinson, Kan.
(Grades)
October 22—Central Kansas Annual Breeders'
Sale. W. H. Mott, Sale Manager, Herington, Kan. Sale at Hillsboro, Kan.
October 28—Sixth Annual North Central Kansas
Holstein Breeders' Sale, Washington, Kan.
Sales Manager, Raymond Appleman, Linn,
Kan.
(Grade Holsteins). G. R. Appleman, Linn,
(Grade Holsteins). G. R. Appleman,
Covember 8—Fill Menold, Sabetha, Kan.

Jersey Cattle

Jersey Cattle October 11—E. L. Persinger, Republic, Kan. October 19—Kansas State Jersey Sale, Hutch-inson, Kan.

inson, Kan.

Shorthorn Cattle

October 12—Diver and Lackey-Laughlin sale on Dwight C Diver Farm, Humboldt. Kan. October 27—North Central Kansas Shorthorn Breeders, Beloit, Kan. Edwin Hedstrom. Secretary, Clay Center, Kan. Edwin Hedstrom. October 28—Robt Russell Estate, Harvey Russell, Administrator, Muscotah, Kan.

November 5-6—Kansas State Shorthorn Show and Sale, Fair Grounds, Topeka, Kan. Hans Regier, Whitewater, Kan., Sale Manager. November 9—Reno County Shorthorn Breeders, Fair Grounds, Hutchinson, Kan., Harold Tonn, Sale Manager.

November 16-1. Etunkel & Son and W. A. Young & Son, Wichita, Kan.

December 3—Nebraska Shorthorn and Polled Shorthorn Show and Sale, Columbus, Nebr. Thos. Andrews, Cambridge, Nebr., Sale

Polled Shorthorn Cattle
November 24—Lewis W. Thieman & Son,
Concordia, Mo.

Concordia, Mo.

Milking Shorthorn Cattle

October 9—Nebraska Milking Shorthorn Breeders' Association. Sale at Fairbury, Neb. Arthur Sell, secretary, Milford, Neb. October 25—Paul J. Studt, Ada, Kan. October 28—J. R. Huffman, Abliene, Kan. November 5—Kansas Milking Shorthorn Breeders, Hutchinson, Kan. H. D. Sharp, President and Sale Manager, Great Bend, Kan.

Berkshire Hogs October 8-Harold Luhrs, Rockport, Mo.

Duroc Jersey Hogs

October 16—Clarence Miller, Alma, Kan.
October 18—Fred Farris & Sons, Faucett, Mo.
October 20—Heart of America Duroc Farm,
Wathena, Kan.
November 1—Wreath Farm, Manhattan, Kan.
November 3—W. M. Rogers, Alta Vista, Kan.
November 4—Harry Givens, Manhattan, Kan.

Hampshire Hogs

October 6—O'Bryan Ranch, Hiattville, Kan.
October 22—Mr. and Mrs. Warren Ploeger, Morrill, Kan. Sale at Civic Center, Horton, Kan.
October 25—Ethyledale Hampshire Farm, Emporla, Kan.

Poland China Hogs

October 15—Bauer Bros, Gladstone, Nebr. October 18—C. R. Rowe & Son, Scranton, Kan. October 22—A. L. Wiswell & Son, Olathe, Kan. October 26—J. J. Hartman & Son, Elmo, Kan. Sale at Abllene, Kan. October 29—G. A. Wingert, Wellsville, Kan.

Jacks and Jennets
October 22—Golden Rule Stock Farm, Ft. Scott,
Kan., W. D. Gott, Proprietor.

Trend of the Markets

Please remember that prices given here are Kansas City tops for best quality offered: Week Month Year

		Ago	Ago
Steers, Fed	\$15.60	\$16.00	\$15.50
Hogs	14.95	14.80	15.00
Lambs	14.50	14.85	14.00
Hens, 4 to 5 lbs	.23%		.20
Eggs, Standards	.41	.41	.371/2
Butterfat, No. 1		46	.44
Wheat, No. 2, Hard			1.2434
Corn, No. 2, Yellow			
Oats, No. 2, White Barley, No. 2		.761/2	.5234
Alfalfo No. 1	1.14	1.091/2	.65
Alfalfa, No. 1	25.00	22.00	17.00
Prairie, No. 1	14.00	14.00	10.50

HAMPSHIRE HOGS

BERGSTENS' HAMPSHIRES

Choice quality, thick, heavy-hammed spring boars from popular bloodlines. R. E. BERGSTEN & SONS, RANDOLPH, KAN.

Prolific, Easy Feeding, Market Type We can supply Hampshire breeding stock for the exacting individual as well as the farmer who wishes to improve his hog herd. 200 Regis-tered Hampshire Hogs sell October 6. Get a sal-catalog. Write O'Bryan Ranch, Hiattville, Kan.



YOU'LL DO A WINNING JOB IN **KEY** SUPER-DENIM OVERALLS—THE WINNING BRAND WITH FARMERS

H OCT

"What's your favorite brand of work clothes—and why?" A big fact-finding organization asked 2,064 farmers this question recently.

1 1943 3

KEY Work Clothes won 1st place by a wide margin. The reasons? LONG WEAR ... COMFORT ... NEAT APPEARANCE.

Made of 9-oz. SUPER-DENIM, not ordinary 8-oz. denim, KEY Blue Overalls have stronger filled yarns that give 50% greater resistance to ripping. Graduated body design—Sanforized shrunk—snap down flap on bib pocket for valuables—all men's sizes to 50" waist.

See these new KEY Blue Overalls at your dealer's now, and you'll know why they won the "popularity poll" with more 1st-choice votes than 76 other brands combined!

LOOK FOR THE KEY LABEL! It is your GUARANTEE of Complete Satisfaction

POLLOCKS, Fort Scott, Kan. **WORK CLOTHES** THE NATIONS FINEST

"GOOD FENCES **Paved the Way** for Today's Heavy Food Production"

... states Alvin E. Peterson, Lakefield, Minn.

"Farmers are

answering the call for more food because they've been prepared with well fenced fields and crop-legume-livestock rotations. My own 160-acre farm, for example, has been steadily building up in fertility. Today we carry 165 hogs, 26 cattle and 1225 chickens per year; corn yield averages 85 bushels. Here's one farm that is producing 50% MORE food products than 5 years ago."

"I Depend on Red Brand"

"All the fence on my farm is Red Brand," says Mr. Peterson. "The way it's lasting, with a little care, makes me realize the long life they built into it. Times like these show you whether you bought good fence or not. I'm satisfied." satisfied.

NOTE: The Government recognizes the critical need for more farm fence; so increased quantities of Keystone fencing materials are now available.

KEYSTONE STEEL & WIRE CO.

RED BRAND FENCE -and RED TOP STEEL POSTS-

Buy More Bonds!

"RED AND WHITE" TOP SILOS AND DODSTONE FARM BUILDINGS

in Farm Buildings Red and White Top Silos



Bilzzard Ensilage Cutters and Hay Choppers NOW AVAILABLE

DODSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Inc. 1463 BARWISE & WICHITA, KANSAS Branch Plant CONCORDIA, KAN.

SALINA CONCRETE SILOS IF IT'S CONCRETE WE MAKE IT

Let us tell you about the Silo that is built to last a lifetime. The very latest in design and construction. See the new large free-swinging doors and many other exclusive features. and many other exclusive features.

The Salina Silo has been giving farmers perfect service for 30 years.

Get the Facts — Write TODAY.

The Salina Concrete Products Co.
Box K Salina, Kansas



NATIONAL Vitrified SILOS

Everlasting TILE SILOS

Cheap to install. Trouble Free. Also
Tile Stave Silos. Outside Reenforcing.

NO Blowing Down Erect Early immediate Shipment Rewell Roller Bearing Ensiling Cutters Write for prices. Special discounts now Good territory open for live agents R. A. Long Bidg. Kansas City, Mo.

DR. DAVID ROBERTS

has a Prescription for every Curable Animal Ailment. Order from your dealer and ask for Free copy of valuable 24-page booklet, "The Cattle Specialist"

DR. DAVID ROBERTS VETERINARY CO. 24 GRAND AVE., WAUKESHA, WIS.





he Tank True

News from Your Conoco Agent about Lubricants, Farm Fuels, and Service





THE ENGINE RAN ALL NIGHT WITHOUT A DROP OF WATER!

OUT YOURSELF in the Ruhter brothers' shoes when they came out that morning to find their W-30 International tractor purring away all by itself at the end of the field. Here's what E. G. Ruhter has written about it: The night before we opened the petcock which drains the radiator. . . . We supposed the tractor motor would stop when the fuel line ran dry, but . . . the fuel valve was not entirely shut off, so the tractor continued to run with the water all drained out. . . . Next morning . . . the tractor was still running and without a drop of water to keep it cool.

"We found the Conoco Nth oil still at the proper level and nothing whatever wrong except scorched paint...We filled...with water and went right ahead with our farming. . . . 'Yes sir,' we said, 'that's real lubrication.'"

The Reason is OIL-PLATING!

Chances are you'll never put your tractor engine through a test like the Ruhter brothers accidentally put theirs through. But even when your engine isn't running, there's a special reason why you want Conoco Nth motor oil. That reason is oil-PLATING, and here's why oil-plating is needed:

All the time your engine runs, it produces acid as a part of its normal products of combustion. As long as it continues to run, it protects itself from harm by expelling the acid. When you shut the engine off, however, some acid always stays behind

where it can attack engine parts left bare when mere liquid lubricant starts draining down to the crank-

When you use Conoco Nth motor oil, though, the parts don't all quickly drain bone-dry like that. Patented Nth oil, you see, contains an added synthetic to create a "magnet-like" effect, able to fasten oil-plating to engine parts as protection from acid corrosion-much the same as chrome plating protects your bumpers and hub-caps from rust. And when you start your engine, oil-plating is a

help in protecting vital parts from wear that would otherwise occur be-fore full circulation of oil gets going.

To see how oil-plating works out in everyday operation, let's drop in on Floyd Noffsinger (picture below) out near Center, Colo. He has also used Conoco Nth oil since it was introduced, and writes, "... during this time my tractors and trucks have given absolutely no oil or fuel trouble....Could not hope for better performance . . . and I believe I know what good motor oil and fuel performance means.'

THE GREASE VETERAN SAYS:

"No time like right now to go over every last piece of your equipment to see that it's properly serviced with correct grades of oil and grease. We've all had a hard-working year, and lots of us haven't had time to do much servic-ing up to now. All the more reason why it's got to be taken care of, with Winter coming on. Equipment you're not going to use over the Winter has to be protected so it will come through in shape for Spring. Every chassis part has to be greased. Tractors, trucks and cars have to be changed over to Winter grades of crankcase oil, transmission oil and greases. By seeing to all this right now, you'll be helping your equipment to last longer and to stand up better in the big job of pro-ducing foods for Victory."

One way to make it easy to do what The Grease Veteran advises is to make

a list of the equipment you've got and then consult Your Conoco Agent about the oils and greases you'll need. War has restricted the number of visits he can make, but he'll find a way to get around to your place if you let



THAT'S AN IDEA

Meet Bill Ruhter and his brother Dave, who farm 2400 acres in Lo-

gan County, Colo., and Cheyenne County, Nebr. Here they are with their faithful Connect Agant They've

Conoco Agent. They've been using Nth motor oil since it was intro-

duced and unknowingly gave it the severe test described at the left.

You can make money figuring out ways to make work easier. Send all the ideas you can think of to *The Tank Truck*, care of this paper. For each of your ideas published you get \$1.00. Win as often as you see. often as you can.

You can make a handy gadget for driving short tacks, according to Luther Cansler of Overton, Texas, by cutting the end off a key from a sardine can. Hold tack upright between prongs while driving it.

To conserve a new table oil-cloth, Joel Swenson of New Rich-

land, Minn., cuts squares from the least worn sections of an old cloth and glues them on the underside of the new cloth at the corners.

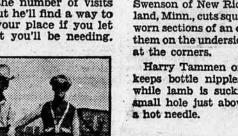
Harry Tammen of Larned, Kansas, keeps bottle nipples from collapsing while lamb is sucking by burning a small hole just above the bottle with a hot needle.

(AT LEFT) Conoco Agent King calls on Floyd Noffsinger, who farms three quarters of irrigated land near Center, Colo., using two Cletracs and one truck and Conoco Na motor oil and Bronz-z-z gasoline.



Another big reason for calling Your Conoco Agent now about Winter lubricants is to get your new Conoco Tractor Lubrication Chart-FREE! This complete, easy-to-read guide-17 x 22 inches in size-is available for any make and model of tractor you own. Your Conoco Agent will tack up your chart in your tractor or tool shed, where it can't get lost, and where you can use it with ease! Get your Conoco Tractor Lubrication Chart now! IT'S FREE!





him know what you'll be needing.