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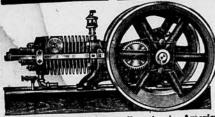
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Its Fifty Years of Service

By Dr. J. D. Walters in Commencement Number of Kausas Industrialist.



THE many devices for uplifting American agriculture and the American industries none have been more effective than the agricultural college, the so-called "land grant" schools, founded by congress in 1862. These institutions have received such general recognition and have had such phenomenal growth, compared with that of the old classical universities, that today they enroll over 80,000 students, or half of all the students in the 500 or 600 higher institutions of learning of America.

Kansas may well be proud of the fact that in many respects its agricultural college, at Manhattan, stands at the very head of the 60 or more "land grant" institutions. Its corollment this year is 2,924, and the number of instructors more than 200. The inventory reports 2 million dollars' worth of real estate and personal property and an edowment fund of more than half a million. The school has graduated to date more than 2,500 young men and young women coming from all parts of the state, and has given partial or short courses to fully 35,000. It has conducted, actually, thousands of farmers' institutes, has given instruction and expert advice concerning modern methods of farming cerning modern methods of farming, stock raising, horticulture, building, engineering and home economics to all who asked for it, and its professors have written stacks of bulletins and thousands of newspaper and magazine arti-cles covering scientific subjects — articles that were eagerly read on many farms.

Cornerstone in 1859.

The early history of the growth of the college reads almost like a romance. The institution had its origin in the Bluemont Central college, a school established in Manhattan under the control of the Methodist Episcopal church. The cornerstone of this was laid May 10, 1859, and instruction began soon after. Three years later, a bill passed the legislature establishing the State university at Manhattan, the Bluemont Censity at Manhattan, the Bluemont Central college building to be given for this purpose, but this measure was vetoed by Governor Robinson, who was a citizen of Lawrence, and wanted the institution located in his home town.

On July 2, 1862, President Lincoln signed the so-called "Morrill Act," "a law donating public lands to the several states and territories which would provide colleges for the benefit of agricul-

vide colleges for the benefit of agricul-ture and the mechanic arts." This gave to Kansas 90,000 acres as the nucleus of an endowment fund. Because of the nature of this land endowment, the institutions founded in accordance with the Morrill Act are generally known as the "land grant" colleges. Kansas promptly accepted the gift, and February 16, 1863, the governor signed the act which permanently located the college at Manhattan; that is, at "Bluemont college," about 1 mile west of the present site of the institution.

a great center of systematic scientific research and a clearing house of theories pertaining to agriculture and the mechanic arts.

The Hatch Act.

The organic act creating the agricultural colleges was subsequently augmented by four other acts which provided for extending the work of the land-grant institutions. The first of these, the so-called "Hatch Act," passed in 1887, established an experiment sta-tion at the college and appropriated \$15,000 a year for this purpose. Up to this time the expenses of making such experiments were met entirely by the college from scant appropriations made dent. He built a large stone barn, a by the legislature. In 1906, a supplementary measure was passed, the solaboratory; moved the institution from called "Adams Act," which provided "for its old site at Bluemont to the present the more complete endowment and main-

tenance of the state experiment stations" an amount beginning with \$5,000 and increasing every year by \$2,000 over the preceding year for five years, after

which it should be made \$15,000 a year.

Another act, known as the "Second Morrill Act," was passed in 1890. This provided that all state agricultural schools organized under the first "Morrill Act" should receive from governshould receive from government, annually, \$15,000, and that this should be increased annually by the amount of \$1,000 until the total would amount to \$25,000 a year. It contained the provision that the whole of this appropriation should be spent in agricultural and engineering instruction.

Fort Hays Grant.

A fifth act of congress, called the "Nelson Bill," passed in 1907, increased the annual income of the several landgrant colleges to \$5,000 a year, with an increase of \$5,000 for each of the four succeeding years; that is, added \$25,000 to the appropriations of the second Mor-rill Act. This law contained a provi-sion authorizing the agricultural colleges to use a portion of the federal appropri-ation for the special preparation of instructors for teaching agriculture and the mechanic arts. In addition to these liberal contributions, congress, in 1900, gave the college the east half, about 3,500 acres, of the old Fort Hays reservation. This is now rapidly being converted into a model experimental and demonstration farm for testing trees, grains, grasses and vegetables with regard to their fitness for the semi-arid regions of the great West.

Of the many state laws affecting the work of the college, the following may be named: An act locating the state dairy commissioner at the college, and a similar act creating a state entomological commission and making the pro-fessor of entomology an ex-officio member. A law creating a livestock registry board, consisting of the dean of agriculture, the head of the veterinary department and the research ment and the professor of animal husbandry of the college. To this board is assigned the registry of pedigrees of stallions and authority to pass on such pedigrees. The suppression of tubercu-losis in cattle is also delegated to the agricultural college. Another law passed in 1909 establishes a division of forestry here and provides for publishing forestry The state has also placed the bulletins. college in charge of the execution of the laws concerning the manufacture and sale of concentrated feeding stuffs, and of fertilizers. The department of chemistry of the college is by law required to make analyses of foods for the state board of health. Another important law locates the state highway commissioner at the college. These auxiliaries have made the agricultural school of Kansas a great center of systematic scientific

Greek and Latin Then.

When the Bluemont Central college was transferred to the state, it was a small institution of the classical type, the curriculum resting upon Greek, Latin and mathematics, and the conversion into the state agricultural college involved merely a change in name. The classical studies remained until 1873, when John A. Anderson, who, during the 80s represented the Fifth district of Kansas in congress, was elected presi-(Continued on Page 13.)

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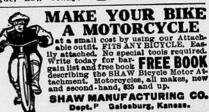
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TOPEKA, KANSAS, JULY 5, 1913.

WHEN FARMERS SHORTEN THE ROAD TO MARKET

WHEN WE farmers get hep to the value of organized effort, we will cut some ice every month in the year. Denmark is a little country smaller than the state of Kansas or the state of Nebraska. Its soil originally was poor. There is little land in Kansas or Nebraska so poor as that of Denmark was to begin with. The farmers of Denmark were burdened with all the difficulties incident to a

all the difficulties incident to a semi-feudal system of land ownership and tenancy. They had at the beginning absolutely no community spirit in the business sense. They were serfs in all but name. The very existence of the nation depended on the farmers getting together. Because of their necessities they got together and now they furnish an object lesson to the world.

All great successes are due to all the difficulties incident to a



All great successes are due to co-operation. In no phase of life is this more significant than in agriculture, but men rarely combine their efforts, either in the accepted business sense or in the wider sense of co-operation until pressure forces them to it. Get that into your consciousness. It is worth remembering.

The farmers of Denmark got to gether. Like all co-operators, they began in a small way with the local community. While they achieved some local success they soon discovered it was a long road to the market and that there were many men between them and the consumer, all exacting a profit in the handling of their products. They saw that great success depended on getting together in a national sense. bering. national sense.

The farmers of Denmark now are The farmers of Denmark now are among the most prosperous in the world. Also are among the most progressive. They ship their butter to England, sell it through their own stores, under a guaranteed brand, and control the English butter market. The fertility stays on the land and the soil is increasing in productive power.

Then they got into the bacon business. Englishmen are strong for English products. There is no race of men who are so strong in their pride of race as the English. They have been specialists in the swine game since Gurth the swineherd had his argument with Wamba the jester in the days of Richard, Couer de Lion. It took a powerful object lesson to break the English prejudice for English pork but Denmark did it by appealing to the English appetite. pealing to the English appetite.

Danish bacon is not cheaper than English bacon. On the contrary, it brings a higher price in the English market than the British product.

The Danes did a little specializing for themselves through their co-operative system of production and selling. They put the finest bacon in the world on the London market in smaller, which is always uniform. the world on the London market in quality which is always uniform, cured to suit Johnny Bull and sold by the organization of the producers directly to the consumer. They oversee British prejudice and won. Now control the bacon trade of English as they control the butter trade. Incidentally, they have brought about a revolution in English farming and Some Observations on Co-operation Near Home and Elsewhere

Written For Farmers Mail and Breeze; BY FRANK G. ODELL Secretary Nebraska Rural Life Commission

Hodge, the English farmer, is selling his whole milk-to the city customer by parcel post instead of selling butter against the invincible competition of the Danes. That means another type of dairy cattle on English farms.

Hodge no longer raises bacon hogs as he once did. He grows a special type of swine and sells young pigs for roasting to the city market. These changes in type of livestock on English farms have made necessary a radical change in general agricultural practice in Britain. All of which goes to prove that co-operation is far reaching—farther than the local community; farther even than the country in which it originates. Its influence extends to the ultimate market and affects the policies and the prosperity of farmer competitors, wherever they may be.

And now for the lesson which I read in the agricultural history of the Danes: Recently I spent a most profitable day at the convention of the farmer grain dealers of Kansas at Larned. About 100 representatives of farmers' elevators were present in the first annual convention of that body. It struck me as somewhat odd that in so progressive a state as Kansas they should have arrived at the first annual co-operative convention only in the year of grace, 1913.

There are about 180 farmers' elevators in Kansas and they have their own troubles. They have to fight with the powerful combination of "line elevators" which for years has controlled the grain trade. They have to scrap with the railroads for elevator sites, side tracks and for cars. They have to deal with commission men at the terminals who are not always as scrupulous as they should be. They have to watch inspections, shortages, mixing of grain at the terminal and a score of other devious practices, all of which makes it a man's-size job to be the manager of a farmers' elevator.

But they are winning.

I discovered one striking illustration. A farmers' elevator, organized in Kansas six years ago with \$10,000 capital, has paid 300 per cent in dividend in five years. It has more than 100 per cent suplus now on hand, from which it declaring a stock dividend of 100 cent to the original investment. The about 80 per cent a year. Pretty contestions is that there are only 30 of the farmers' elevator is that there are only 30 of

But the odd thing about the Kansaz situation is that there are only 30 of the farmers' elevators in the state association out of the 180 in the state. And I wondered why these sensible men who had seen the advantage of getting together in their own communities cannot see the advantage of getting together all over the state for their mutual hones! their mutual benefit.

The same situation, relatively, pre-The same situation, relatively, prevails throughout grain growing territory. In Nebraska about one-half of the co-operative elevators are members of the state association, though that organization has been demonstrating its benefits to farmers for 20 years. And for this, as for all evidences of human imperfection, there is a reason; I discovered some of the reasons at Larned:

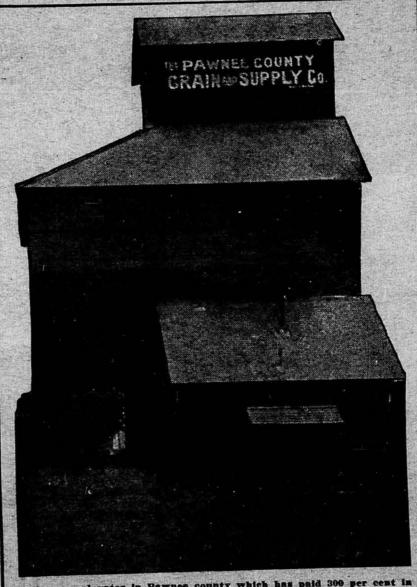
A farmer is just like any other man. He is chockful of prejudice. He ought to get some of it out of his system. You must have some measure of faith in men, to succeed. There are other men in your neighborhood who are just as honest and just as intelligent as you. Get together and talk it over

I discovered at Larned that some of I discovered at Larned that some of the farmers' elevators in Kansas have men on their boards of directors who are tight-wads. They are not willing to pay enough salary to the manager of the elevator to get a competent man. Some of them want to butt into the manager's job occasionally and run things themselves. A manager who is things themselves. A manager who is not big enough to run your elevator is not the menager you want. And a director who is not big enough around the hatband to see this truth is not a good man to have on the board of directors. Such a man would not last 30 minutes on the directorate of a bank or a railroad.

I learned also that a lot of the load.

I learned also that a lot of the local elevator associations are staying out

(Continued on Page 15.)



A farmers elevator in Pawnee county which has paid 300 per cent in five years, or more than doubled the original investment

The Farmers Mail and Breeze

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PASSING COMMENT T.A.McNeul

THE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN YEARS.

It was 137 years ago

the then new and frontier city of Philadelphia and formulated a declaration of independence.

It is generally conceded these men showed a great deal of nerve in making that declaration and seements.

deal of nerve in making that declaration, and so they did, but it must not be supposed they were engaging in an altogether desperate enterprise or forlern hope. Most of them were practical men of affairs, hard-headed New Englanders in good part. Some of them successful traders who had gathered comfortable fortunes from commerce as it existed then. No one of them would rank as a very wealthy man according to present standards, but wealth is comparative and according to the standards of their

day several of them were wealthy men.

There were in addition to the New England traders and professional men, some of the type of Ben Franklin from the then frontier colony of Pennsylvania, and well-to-do planters from Virginia and the Carolina.

It was no hair-brained lot of dare-devil adven-It was no hair-brained lot of dare-devil adventurers that gathered at Philadelphia 137 years ago. They had been discussing the question of cutting loose from the mother country for years. They had carefully counted the risk and the cost, and the chances were decidedly in their favor, if all the colonies could be induced to act with energy and in perfect harmony. It is a mistake to suppose that the colonists were a poverty-stricken lot. They were a thrifty and industrious people and they had been growing and accumulating for 150 years. That is something a good many people do not remember; is something a good many people do not remember; that the colonies had been established for a longer period before the Revolution than the United States have existed since the Revolution and at the time the Declaration was adopted the combined wealth of the colonies was great, according to the standards of that time. The young men were hardy and inured to danger. Most of them had had considerinured to danger. Most of them had had considerable experience in handling such firearms as existed at that time. The colonies, united and working in harmony, could have put into the field an army of 400,000 men. Or, if they had put as many men in the field in proportion to the population as the little kingdom of Montenegro recently put in the field, the Continental army would have numbered 600,000. Such an army would have been invincible against any army the English government could have sent across the Atlantic. In those days it took a sailing vessel from two to three months to cross the Atlantic and the vessels were small as compared with modern vessels. So on the face of it the colonists had the best of it. The English government in addition to having to transport all her troops and supplies across 3,000 miles of ocean had plenty of trouble threatening at home. plenty of trouble threatening at home.

But the colonies were very far from being united.

There was jealousy between them. Each colony was

afraid that the neighboring colony would get some advantage over it. They formed a colonial congress, but there was no unity of opinion or acknowledgement of a central authority. As a result the new government was weak and ineffective. While the members of the Continental congress were quarreling and bickering among themselves Washington's troops were starving and freezing at Valley Forge.

If these members of the Continental congress had

If these members of the Continental congress had shown the same good sense and far sightedness in the management of public affairs that they had shown in the management of their private business the war of the Revolution would have been over within two years instead of dragging along for eight. There would have been no occasion to call on France for help and the consequent complications that nearly for help and the consequent complications that nearly brought on a war with France afterward would have been avoided.

Not only were the different colonies not in harmony with each other but there were a great many of the inhabitants of the colonies who were not in sympathy at all with the movement for independence. They were the tories of that day. It is customery for Fourth of July craters to refer to the ence. They were the tories of that day. It is customary for Fourth of July orators to refer to the tories as infamous traitors, but looking back over the history of that time it seems to me the tories were entitled to a good deal of respect and consideration. From the manner in which the colonies were quarreling with each other there was little reason to suppose there could ever be established a were quarreling with each other there was little reason to suppose there could ever be established a united and effective government. To the tory it looked as if even should the colonies win they would immediately split up into separate, weak and warring governments, each one insisting on being entirely independent of all the rest. There was nothing particularly inviting in the prospect of such a ing particularly inviting in the prospect of such a government. It seemed to the tories a good deal better to be a part of the established government of Great Britain, with freedom to manage their local affairs, than to be split up into 13 weak, independent states, without credit or strength at home and unable to command respect abroad.

My notion is that it took fully as much courage to be an outspoken tory in that day as it did to whoop it up for the Revolution. Furthermore I have no doubt that many of these tories were high minded and honest gentlemen.

IF THE REVOLUTION If the revolution had failed the tories would have been considered the

genuine patriots and the revolutionists would have been spoken of as rebels and insurrectionists. large number of them would have been hanged and large number of them would have been hanged and history would not have given them places of honor. It makes a sight of difference in a case of that kind whether the movers win or lose. If they win they are peerless statesmen and brave and self-sacrificing patriots who risked their lives in a noble cause. If they fail they are either hanged or shot, or used to be, and if mentioned in history at all they are mentioned as the men who organized a they are mentioned as the men who organized a foolish and hopeless rehellion and got it in the neck for their pains.

It may be useless and unwise after all these years to break any cherished idols. May be it would be as well to teach the children of this generation that the men in charge of things during the war of the Revolution were all wise, self-sacrificing and un-selfish patriots. Some of them were. If they had not been the Revolution would have been a failure, but a great many of them were not. The Continental congress was perhaps the most inefficient and in some respects one of the most contemptible legislative bodies that ever convened. The way it neg-lected the soldiers in the field; the manner in which it snubbed Washington and nagged him nearly to the point of throwing up his command entirely, makes an American blush with shame even after the lapse of 137 years.

But after all the shortcomings of the Continental congress, its utter lack of ability to formulate a financial policy that would supply the needs of the army; its almost childish bickering over trivial matters while the soldiers were going unpaid, unclothed and unfed, are now not matters of vital concern. The new government was somehow established in spite of the inefficiency and imbecility of the Continental congress and became the most powerful and wealthy government on the face of the earth. That is, we insist we are the most powerful and know that in the aggregate we have more wealth than the people of any other nation. But the question that chiefly concerns us is, have we made good in the higher sense of the word. Have we demonstrated higher sense of beyond a doubt that popular government is a suc-

Are the citizens of this republic growing more capable of self-government or are they not? Is the spirit of equality and fair play growing stronger or is it growing weaker?

Is patriotism on the wane or is it as strong in the hearts of the citizens of this republic as ever? Is there more of selfishness and greed, more determination to get money no matter how, less con-science and more guile than formerly, or is there

It isn't the easiest thing in the world to answer these questions offhand. Sometimes the altruist gets discouraged. He sees so many evidences of selfishness and meets so much cynical indifference that he is nearly ready to say there is no improve-ment and that instead of growing better the world

is growing worse, and in such moments of depression he is ready to despair of the future of the Republic.

COMPARE THE HISTORY Right here it is well to go back over the history of the beginning OF THE TWO TIMES.

of our government to which I have referred. If our modern day statesmen do not measure up to the standard to which they should measure, at least it must be said, they rank favorably with the members of the Continental congress. If we feel at times bers of the Continental congress. If we feel at times as if selfish property interests exercise too much power in legislation, we must remember that no later day property interest actually dominates congress as did the slavery property interest for half a century. If we think that the standard of morals and personal conduct among members of congress is not what it ought to be, we can at least find some satisfaction in reading the history of congress of half a century or more ago as told in the private diary of eye witnesses. In that time drunkenness and debauchery among congressmen was notorious. It was common for members of either house to appear on the floor reeling drunk, while the immorality of congressmen outside the walls of the capitol was pear on the Hoor reeling drunk, while the immorality of congressmen outside the walls of the capitol was so common as to excite no remark. Political caucusses were held in the rooms of a notorious gambling house and the click of poker chips and whir of roulette wheels mingled with the deliberations of statesmen. statesmen.

If it is said that corporations exercise too much influence in legislative halls and the control of municipal affairs, it must be remembered there has not been in recent years any such shameless at-tempts to buy members of congress as were made in the Credit Mobilier, or other similar cases of the past. If there is corruption in the government of cities now, at least it can be said that even Tamcities now, at least it can be said that even Tammany is nowhere near so shamelessly venal as in the days of Boss Tweed. If we say that corporations, railroads and others are permitted to water their stocks, it may be said on the other hand that nothing like the system of stock looting has been known in recent years as was carried on back in the early 70's by Jay Gould and Jim Fisk. If it is said that there is a great deal of legislative corruntion that there is a great deal of legislative corruption still, it can be said that not in recent years has there been a common practice of buying and selling of members of legislatures as was the case a generation ago.

AN OUTLOOK FAR The outlook is far from hope-FROM HOPELESS. Corruption and selfish-

FROM HOPELESS. less. Corruption and selfishness and evil abound. Men still sell their honor and women their virtue. Discriminations exist that give advantages and special privileges to the few and increase the burdens of the many, but on the whole the fight against special privilege and corruption grows stronger and the people are learning from experience. It is a slow and expensive course of education, but it is the only way in which people can learn how to govern themselves.

It is a good thing on this the 137th anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence for all the people to take stock, to make an examination of the books, as far as they have the opportunity, and try to find out what progress they are making individually and collectively and what course they ought to pursue in the future they ought to pursue in the future.

This American government of ours is the biggest This American government of ours is the biggest concern of its kind in the world. In fact there is no other government that is in the same class or kind with it. There is no other government in which the people can come as near getting what they want as here, provided a majority of them really determine what they do want and then go after it.

THE PROPER FUNCTIONS What are the proper

OF GOVERNMENT.

old question on the answer to which the majority of the citizens have never yet been able to agree. Opinions range from the one extreme, the man who believes the sole function of government is to pre-serve order, to keep the peace and abstain entirely from any interference with what is called business; to the other extreme, held by the man who believes that the government should take over and operate all kinds of business and become the sole employer

Between these two extremes are various shades of opinion, from the opinion that the government should take a large part in the operation of what used to be considered private business, to the one that the government must take some hand in the management of business, but the government intermanagement of busine ference in business matters should be as limited as

While I personally believe in the enlargement of the powers of government and taking over the management of such things as in their nature must become monopolies, I recognize the force of the objections to government ownership. If positions in the public service are to be given out simply as political representations and not on account of the fitness of the public service are to be given out simply as political rewards and not on account of the fitness of the one appointed to perform the best kind of service, public ownership will never be a success. The man who has fitted himself for doing some particular kind of work is usually entirely unskilled in politics. He loves the work for which he is especially fitted but knows little or nothing about the arts of the political wire-puller. He probably goes to the election and votes, but he is not the sort of man who looks after nominations or who sees that the boys get out and vot'er straight. Consequently when the pie is to be distributed he is not considered. If his name should be mentioned the ward heeler will ask with scorn when and where that man ever rendered any

scopn when and where that man ever rendered any service to the party that entitles him to a place.

The machine politician looks on public office as a private snap or a large bundle of private snaps to be distributed to the faithful political workers and every man appointed is expected to remain a true and faithful servant to the political power or party that gave him the place.

In a government run on that theory I will freely admit that government ownership of many industries admit that government ownership of many industries might become filled with danger to the rights and property of the people. Take for instance the railroads of the country. They employ in various capacities, great and small, millions of people. If all these places were filled by political appointment under the baneful spoils system, the party in power could build up a political machine that would be almost invincible, held together entirely by the cohesion of plunder. Therefore a first requisite to successful government ownership of public service concerns must be a recognition of the principle that employees shall be selected without any reference to their party affiliations but solely with reference to their fitness to do the work required.

THE GOVERNMENT An encouraging fact in more BUSINESS-LIKE. connection with the busi-

ness of government is that the greatest business managed by the governthat the greatest business managed by the government is getting more and more out of party politics. There was a time no man could get an appointment in the postal service, no matter how insignificant, unless he belonged to the political party in power. When there was a change of parties at Washington, out would go the whole force, postmasters, postal clerks, railway mail clerks and carriers, and their places would be filled by partisans from the otherparty. At this time a large majority of employes-in party. At this time a large majority of employes in the postal service are not dependent on political parties for their place. They are protected by the civil service and as a result the postoffice department is an efficient organization and is getting more so.

it would be entirely safe for the government to take over the railroads of the country and run them if the roads were manned in the same way most of the postal positions are filled, on the ground of effi-

ciency and merit, not on the ground of political favor.

The government may be made a mighty instrument for the good of men, or it may become a tremendous burden and drag on progress. The govern-ment of the United States can, if its enormous power is used honestly and efficiently, accomplish things for the material betterment of all the citizens things for the material betterment of all the citizens that can never be attained by private enterprise. As a private enterprise, the Panama canal would not have been completed in a thousand years perhaps, or if it ever had been completed, would have been finished at a tremendous loss of human life. The wonderful never of the government of the United States. derful power of the government of the United States, skilfully and energetically directed at Panana, has been an eye-opener to the world. It has made a region once the most unhealthful in the world, perhaps, one of the most healthful. It has overcome difficulties in the way of construction that would

haps, one of the most healthful. It has overcome difficulties in the way of construction that would have put any private contractor out of business.

All there is to this is that the government represents the united power of 90 million energetic and capable people and that force, honestly and efficiently directed, will accomplish anything within the range of human power. As the government belongs to the whole people that mighty power should be used for the benefit of the whole people. When it is so used, it is an incalculable blessing, but when the power is used for the benefit of a few to the detriment of the many it becomes a curse. detriment of the many it becomes a curse.

> * .

A GOOD OMEN
OF THE FUTURE.

Fourth of July there are more people in this country who realize to a considerable extent the vast possibilities for good or evil in their government, than ever before. There are more of them who are studying the mobile of government than ever before which the problems of government than ever before, which

is a good omen.

If this tremendous power is wisely used within a few years, comparatively speaking, the people of the United States will enjoy a prosperity and comforts enjoyed by no other people on the face of the globe. There will be no such waste of material as now. There will be little if any poverty and no poverty at all among the people who are willing to do their share of the work of the world. There will be good roads from ocean to ocean and from lakes be good roads from ocean to ocean and from lakes to gulf. Water powers will be developed everywhere. Destructive floods will be things of the ignorant and inefficient past. Farming will become ignorant and inefficient past. Farming will become a scientific profession and the average production of our soil will be quadruple what it is now. Labor troubles will cease and industry will be uninterrupted. Armies will be disbanded and navies dismantled. The useless expense of military purposes will be almost entirely eliminated and the hundreds of military annually wested by each of the great will be almost entirely eliminated and the hundreds of millions annually wasted by each of the great nations of the earth in preparations to go out and fight their neighbors, will be diverted into other channels that will bring comfort to the whole people.

Fortunate, I believe, is the man or woman child born into the world on this Fourth of July and more, fortunate still will be the one born 10 or 20 years from now. If permitted to live out the natural expectancy of life his eyes will be permitted, as I

believe, to see the glory of the age that is to be. An age when the ethical shall supersede the sordid and selfish doctrine that has so long prevailed among the sons of men.

LAY OFF YOUR
GUNS, GENTLEMEN.

It has been declared a sary to equip vast armies and built vast navies in orange while the great na-

der to preserve the peace and while the great na-tions are straining every resource in order to arm more regiments, cast more cannon, make more guns and build more war ships, the peace loving citizens of the world are shocked by the succession of three bloody wars. Evidently to go armed to the teeth is a poor way to get peace. The only way to get a world peace is for the leading nations to lay off their guns.

There used to be a wild town out in western Kansas which had a marshal who was possessed of great courage and sense. Every once in awhile a bunch of cowboys would ride into town, each one carrying his private artillery. The marshal would go to them quietly but firmly with this command, "Lay off your guns, gentlemen. You can have them when you leave town but not now."

Sometimes a herder would object. He wanted to carry a gun, not because he was hunting for trou-

carry a gun, not because he was hunting for trouble, but because he wanted to be in shape to defend himself if necessary. "If you all lay off your guns," the marshal replied, "you won't have any any possible occasion to defend yourself."

If the men had been permitted to pack their six

sible occasion to defend yourself."

If the men had been permitted to pack their six shooters around there would almost certainly have been shooting and probably killing.

If ' the nations will lay off their guns there will be peace, permanent peace and not till then. If there were no standing armies and vast navies, there would be no trouble at all in arbitrating any difficulties that might arise between the citizens of difficulties that might arise between the citizens of different countries. As long as the nations continue to pack their guns and continually add to their arsenals international arbitration will be considerable of a farce.

IT LOOKS GOOD I am not prepared to speak for conditions in all parts of Kansas this season for I have only visited a limited portion of the state. I have just returned from a trip through a part of Jefferson county, across Jackson county, Nemaha, Marshall, Cloud, Riley and Potawatomic counties. If the rest of the state can show up with those counties, then Kansas has a perfect right to whoop'er up and proclaim her greatness from the housetops. The country I traveled through is just now as beautiful as ever delighted the eye of an artist, or tempted the farmer from another state to hurry out here with his coin. Unless appearances are mighty deceitful there are some fields of wheat in these counties that will yield 40 bushels per acre and the general that will yield 40 bushels per acre and the general average for all the wheat fields we passed through will probably exceed 20 bushels.

The corn is short but well set and vigorous. Of course it must have min post much but then it

course it must have rain next month, but then it will get it. The wheat is nearly all in shock and in some fields the shocks are so thick that the shockers had some trouble in getting between them. One farmer told me that it was necessary to haul off a good deal of the wheat from some of the fields in order to get room to shock the rest. I have a sneakorder to get room to shock the rest. I have a sneaking suspicion that this innocent appearing agriculturist deliberately lied to me about that crop, but then I do not know. It sounded to me like a blamed lie, but far be it from me to charge a man with being a prevaricator when I have not the direct evidence to prove it. But what a picture it is to see fields set thick with shocks of wheat, and between the golden fields were the fields of corn.

The man who would not be entranced by such a sight has no sense of beauty in his soul and is fit

sight has no sense of beauty in his soul and is fit for spoils and treason. The man who will come to Kansas now, go through that part of the state I traveled through last week, and not declare that it furnished the most restful and beautiful rural pic-

furnished the most restrul and beautiful rural picture he has ever seen is a hopeless neurotic, a confirmed dyspeptic, and in addition to chronic indigestion is threatened with brain fag and imbeeility. And the people out there are feeling hunky dory. Nearly every town of 500 and over is preparing to have a Chautauqua. Franklin will have one, Marysville will have one and Barnes, which has about half the population of either, will have a Chautauqua that the population of either, will have a Chautauqua that will rank with either. A citizen who had been irrigating the wheat field with the sweat of his face told me with great pride and satisfaction that the Chautauqua at Barnes would be just as nifty as any of them. This indicates in a wey the kind of peo-Chautauqua at Barnes would be just as nifty as any of them. This indicates in a way the kind of people that live out there. They are not sitting around whittling store boxes and spitting at eracks. They are taking an interest in such things as Chautauquas. That furnishes a measure of the people. It is a great thing to have fine crops. It is still better to have fine crops and a fine grade of people. That is what you find this season in Jackson, Jefferson, Nemaha, Cloud, Riley and Potawatomic counties. 10 2

COXEY. Everybody who has lived in the United States for 30 years remembers Coxey and his army that marched and rode to Washington 20 years ago. Most of the men who marched with that disordered aggregation had no clear conception of why they were going. With a good many it was a continuous holiday. They were tramps anyway and this made the profession of the hobo comparatively easy and respectable. Instead of being chased by dogs and policemen the tramp in the Coxey army

discovered that he was allowed to ride on freight cars without much objection for the reason that it was easier to let the crowd ride than to get force enough to drive it away. He suddenly found himself something of a hero, a crusader asking for work and bread, although work was one of the last things he really did want.

There were of course many honest workmen out of

There were of course many honest workmen out of There were of course many nonest workmen out of jobs in those days who joined the Coxey army out of desperation because they could not get jobs, but they were the minority. However, I have always believed that Coxey, the leader, had an honest purpose. He wanted to give the country an object lesson. Possibly the movement rather got away from him, but in the main he accomplished what he started country and object had in the document of the country and object lesson. son. Possibly the movement rather got away from him, but in the main he accomplished what he started out to do; that is he did give the country an object lesson. Coxey is not a hobo and never was. He was a fairly well to do business man before he organized the Coxey army. He had opportunities to make money out of the thing he had started, but refused to take advantage of his opportunity which indicated that he was honest and sincere whether he was practical or not. It is said that he lost a good deal of the fortune he had accumulated before he organized his tramp army, but since then has prospered again and is better fixed financially than ever. And he is still contending for the same thing he advocated in 1893. He insists that the government should establish a system of public works, principally the building of government roads. This is the Coxey plan:

"For 50 years," says Mr. Coxey, "there has been and still remains in circulation 349 millions of legal tender money that cost the government simply the expense of approxime winting distribution.

and still remains in circulation 349 millions of legal tender money that cost the government simply the expense of engraving, printing, distributing and bookkeeping. Then,

"Why should not the federal government further extend this privilege to itself?

"Why not issue full legal tender money, at cost for improvements, utilities, public buildings, highways and necessities, instead of interest-bearing bonds?

"Why not furnish to states, counties, municipal-

"Why not furnish to states, counties, municipalities, villages, and townships money at cost, through a system of non-interest bonds? Such bonds being deposited with the government as security; such money to be redeemed and canceled, and such bonds retired at the rate of 4 per cent per annum?

"Why not loan directly to all the people on first mortgage security at 6 per cent a year—4 per cent of this to be applied upon the principal annually, and ½ of 1 per cent in payment of expenses and insurance of property pledged, and 1½ per cent to furnish a federal revenue? Such payments of 6 per cent or the whole of such principal, payable in full or in part semi-annually or annually, on or before 25 years. Such loans to be made upon real, personal or chattel property at its tax duplicate valuation, through a system of federal banks of deposit and loans, in each municipality, town and village or postoffice, and thus abolish the tariff?"

A New Independence Coming

There is a deep-rooted feeling among the rank and file of business men, as well as among farmers and the industrial classes, that business, as now con-ducted, was organized for the big interests, for those who are at the top; that it is intended to shut out the weaker ones struggling upward, to blight new enterprises, and to prevent the development of com-petition which would interfere with the great monop-

There is new evidence every day that the little fellow with only limited capital is finding it more difficult to compete with the big fellow. The powerful corporations and the great financiers are dominating far too much the industrial and economic life of the country. Lines of endeavor have narrowed; individuals now engaging in industrial enterprises do olies and combines. individuals now engaging in industrial enterprises do not win or lose on their merits, but must let themselves be absorbed by the big combinations or be squeezed out. To a great extent, it is because the laws of this country do not prevent the strong from graphing the weak

crushing the weak. The struggle at this time for a greater democracy is mainly a struggle against the abuses of authority. Oppression is always Privilege, buttressed by laws of one kind or another. Progress has been less and less toward the enactment of legislation to promote popular welfare and more and more toward the repeal and modification of legislation which sacrifices the

many to the advantage of the few.

But reforms are coming just as sure as tomorrow's sunrise. No one can say just how they will come or just what form they will take, but the injustice of industrialism, the tyranny of capitalists, and other great evils of which we now complain, will be wiped out in the next few years. The wire-pullers and politicians, who always have been in league with the privileged interests and have had too much to do in making our laws and managing the people's business. making our laws and managing the people's business, will be made to see the light or be retired to obscurity. The political revolution now upon us is a revolution for the betterment of the masses, for the reign of the people and the welfare of the nation. An era of higher ideals, an era of equal opportunity

and exact justice, is drawing near. We should not expect that all at once the world will be made per-We should not fect, but with good men and good women everywhere determined to find solutions for our problems, we may be certain that better things are coming.

Whom Capper

Ways=Means=Results

Worked Out by Mail and Breeze Readers

This Keeps Shoulders Sound

Mr. Editor-To keep the horses' shoulers curry in the morning if at all. I put in 15 or 20 minutes at night and little or no time in the morning. Ord, Neb.

Late Cultivation For Corn

Mr. Editor-I use a six-shovel cultivator on my corn up to laying-by time. The last time through I put one 3 by 9-inch surface blade on the inside of each gang in place of the bull tongue shovels. These kill the weeds and inshovels. These kill the weeds and insure shallow cultivation near the plant. After laying by if the weeds are bad or if a heavy rain packs the soil I take my one-horse garden cultivator. In place of the three rear shovels I put on three blades made of strap iron—old wagon or buggy tires will do—1/4 inches long. I grind the edge of these strap irons sharp and run them about an inch below the surface. The slant in the blades raises the top soil up, and drop-

lades raises the top soil up, and dropping it again leaves a soil mulch.

I go through my corn this way one to three times, depending on the weather. It kills most of the weeds and puts the soil in a better condition to hold the moisture, thus increasing the yield. In the dry year of 1911 I worked part of my corn this way and worked part of my corn this way and part with a four-shovel plow, and the late surface work increased the yield several bushels an acre.

Warrensburg, Mo.

C. E. Perry.

Hot Weather Comfort For Hogs

Mr. Editor—I have read so many helpful suggestions in the Mail and Breeze I should like to add my experience in keeping hogs comfortable in summer. I have five rows of mulberry trees on the north side of my hog lot, the trees being about 2 feet apart and the rows 5 feet. The trees apart and the rows 5 feet. The trees now are from 8 to 10 feet high and have made a thick growth. The hogs make good use of this shade in hot weather and besides I have a wallow for them with water pumped to it from the windmill. Lice bother them very little and I believe it is on account of their wellowing in the mud and water. their wallowing in the mud and water. For early hog pasture I sow rye in the fall. This provides plenty of grazing until about harvest time. For summer until about harvest time. For summer pasture I sow rye in May which furnishes plenty of summer feed if the season does not get too hot and dry it up.

A. F. Miller. up. Haven, Kan.

Alfalfa in Millet Stubble

Mr. Editor-To get a first-class stand of alfalfa put the ground in good condi-tion and seed to millet. When the tion and seed to millet. When the millet is tall enough to cut and before the straw lodges, mow it, leaving stub-ble high enough to furnish protection against frest and to hold the snow dur-

of the soil, and when it is handled in this way it gives the alfalfa an oppor-tunity to root down deeply and also gives it the protection it needs through the winter. G. W. McHenry. Douglas county, Nebraska.

History of a Good Wheat Crop

Mr. Editor—Here land has been farmed in the "Wade and Butcher" way so long that many farmers have given up wheat raising. Land that was good wheat crop while wheat that was poorly put in was not far from a fail-

Last year, early in July, I began inches deep and harrow at once, then if work on my wheat ground by disking another rain comes harrow again. Last the stubble with a double action disk, fall in spite of the long drouth, Augustusing 6 horses abreast. This cut the plowed ground harrowed and packed, surface up fine and later in the month brought up the grain, while wheat put we had fine rains which thoroughly in the stalks, or on ground merely water. A certain professor said it could not be done. Now, I assert that a siph-

wheat and some weeds sprouted. Then we started the gang plows, using 5 horses on one and 6 on the second ders from getting sore I wash them with a harrow attached, covering the every night with salt water and keep the mane from under the collar while at I cross-harrowed once and just ahead work. I have noticed that most farmers curry in the morning if at all. I packed the ground and fined the clods, put in 15 or 20 minutes at night and making the surface firm but not hard.

I began drilling September 15, sowing
pecks of graded seed per acre. The
result is a fine crop of wheat this year.
Thomas, Okla. Henry Willert. Thomas, Okla.

Down With a Threshing Engine

Mr. Editor-Incidents such as I am about to relate doubtless are not uncommon in your state, Kansas, though they may not turn out as lucky as this one. Bert Harrison jumped when his threshing engine went into Baugh branch west of Winterset, Ia. He hit the bottom of the creek 12 feet below and made another jump. A half second later his heavy traction engine fell, upside down, wrecked engine, which was likely to ex- the bottom of the furrow slice. This plode at any moment. Later this en- makes a better connection to bring the

back to oats or corn, the land is disked and harrowed down almost following the harvester. There is a two-fold adand harrowed down amount the harvester. There is a two-fold advantage in this—saving moisture and killing thistles. The principal reason why farmers here do not plow is that they are trying to do too much. Even now land is lying idle in this section because many of us lost out on cornstalks or disked wheat this spring and haven't the time or price to tend the ground.

C. Bolles.

Benefits of Disking Stubble

Mr. Editor-As to disking land before heavy traction engine fell, upside down, striking the very spot where Harrison had landed when his first jump was made. Harrison's leg was dislocated at the knee when he made his jump over the railing of the bridge, after he felt the engine going and heard the timber crack. It was then his engineer showed his pluck by getting Mr. Harrison free from a large piece of timber that was holding him prisoner within a few feet of the wrecked engine, which was likely to ex-



This mishap to a threshing crew is a forcible argument for better inspection of bridges as well as better bridges. Though it happened in Iowa and is described elsewhere by an Iowa reader of the Mail and Breeze, we have accidents of this kind every threshing season in Kansas and if nobody is killed we are lucky.

Harrison was going west with his threshing outfit. When he reached the county bridge over Baugh branch, Middle river's largest tributary in Madison county, he planked it and started across. The separator was getting fairly on the bridge when the timbers gave way and the engine went into the stream. It turned completely over and is a wreck. The separator went over too but not into against frest and to hold the show during the winter. Seed the alfalfa with a wneat drill in this millet stubble. Do not disturb the ground after seeding.

Millet is a splendid natural pulverizer of the soil, and when it is handled in Winterset, Ia. Leon L. Sumner.

at least once every three or four years.

Last year, early in July, I began inches deep and harrow at once, then if work on my wheat ground by disking another rain comes harrow again. Last

ineer crawled under the engine itself, moisture up out of the subsoil. Also opened the escape valve, and saved the this loose soil makes the furrow slice engine. (See photo elsewhere on this settle better, leaving fewer air spaces settle better). and making a firmer seedbed, which is the ideal thing for wheat. Fowler, Kan. R. S. Hartman.

Fowler, Kan.

Try Bisulfid on Ant Colonies

Mr. Editor-In this western country large species of brown ants builds nests in the open fields almost everywhere. The center of the nest is connest not less than 5 hours. The remedy is not very expensive and will pay well where the ants are troublesome. wheat t S. A. Johnson.

Colorado Agricultural College, Ft. Col-

Siphoning Water From a Well

as a general rule it was taken by weeds before it could get a start. Cornstalk ground is generally counted extra good for winter wheat, but it has this disadvantage: It is evaporating moisture from about July 4 on, while summerplowed land has only from August till mid-September to lose moisture. Those who summer-plow keep their corn stalks for oats.

Last year summer-plowed stubble made 8 to 15 bushels of wheat an acre, while in cornstalks the crop averaged close to 7 bushels an acre. Except in years when the wheat ground is to go back to oats or corn, the land is disked and last an acre. Wellington, Kan.

A siphon should work if the well is less than 30 feet deep and the outlet is lower than the intake. But when the water must be raised 30 feet or more, no matter how low the outlet, it won't work. The why of it, is that the pressure of the atmosphere is sufficient to raise water about 30 feet in a tube or pipe, entirely free cf air, but it will go no further. Try it.—Ed.

Wheat by Summer Fallowing

Mr. Editor—I consider summer fallowing profitable only for fall wheat, potatoes and garden. Wheat must be grown here with 18 inches of rainfall. Summer tillage or fallow is the best method to meet this condition. By thorough summer tillage 4 to 6 inches of the season's rainfall can be stored in the subsoil. This wets down 4 to 6 feet. In favorable seasons, the rainfall being above the average, and the harvest an early one, it is possible to store Mr. Editor-I consider summer falvest an early one, it is possible to store nearly this amount of water in the subsoil by intensive summer tillage working the soil immediately after remov-

The soil should be worked only while moist, except in disking. If not wet by the latter part of July, better give up attempting to store the subsoil with sufficient moisture for fall seeding. In any case, the field should be a small one so that it may be quickly covered

while conditions are right.

I had 20 acres of fall wheat under bare summer tilage methods in 1911, that made 11 bushels to the acre. In 1912 I had 65 acres, bare summer tilage fall wheat that yielded 15 bushels an acre, and another 48 acres sum-mer tilled yielded 13 bushels an acre. I do not know of as good yields around here on old ground, either in 1911 or 1912. In 1910 Asa Payne had 180 acres of bare summer tilled fall wheat that made 35 bushels to the acre, and in 1909 J. E. Payne had 160 acres that yielded 37½ bushels an acre. The average yield from these different fields was 24 bushels an acre for the last four years, all on old ground.

Plowing twice is possibly as good as any method for bare summer tillage. I double disk in April, plow in May and again the latter part of July, giving the ground some additional cultivation.

By reason of the subspil being wet.

By reason of the subsoil being wet it freezes and loosens it up to take in the spring rains. Besides freezing dis-integrates the soil particles.

With a good seedbed stored with moisture at seeding time, 25 to 30 pounds an acre of clean, choice seed is usually enough. Seed wheat should be selected from fields making heavy yields, and ripening early. Some of our Red Turkey wheat seems to have run out and the yields are low even under favorable conditions

favorable conditions. I think deep seeding is best, and should be done between September 15 and October 1. It may be even better spicuous because of a mound which is built of sand or small pebbles. The Kansas Experiment station has found that carbon bisulfid is an excellent remedy. Place a dish on the top of the mound and pour into it from 2 to 6 the start of the weeds, and to ripen tables noonfuls of the fluid. Invert a tube Summer Plowed Wheat Best

Mr. Editor—This season has brought out the full value of summer plowing for winter wheat. Those who plowed at least once every three or four years.

mound and pour into it from 2 to 6 the start of the weeds, and to ripen early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the mound, to include as many of the openings as possible, and stop the openings around the edges of the tub openings around the edges of the tub openings around the tub does not to the nest which the tub does not the mound, to include as many of early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the ground in the spring I think it should be harrowed thoroughly two or more times to kill all weeds, and to ripen early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the mound, to include as many of the openings around the edges of the tub should be harrowed thoroughly two or with dirt. Also, stop up any openings around the tub does not to the nest which the tub does not the mound, to include as many of the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early. As soon as wheat begins to cover the early.

There is more agricultural science needed in the growing of wheat than any other crop. I believe wheat grow-ing along the foregoing lines can be made very profitable in our section of the country, and the sooner our farmers adopt similar methods the better off they will be.

Albert Wesver. they will be. St. Francis, Kan.

We get more farm help from the Mail and Breeze than any farm paper we have ever taken.—Mrs. Tom Mulligan, Oklahoma City, Okla.

It's Feeding That Makes Hogs

Other Points in Management Secondary

BY G. W. BERRY, Fieldman Farmers Mail and Breeze.

Please give me instructions in detail as parts shorts and 1 part tankage or meat to the care, feed, housing, etc., of hogs. I meal. want to take care of my hogs in the proper manner.—E. R. B., Nemaha county, Kansas. When large growth and the develop-

THE beginner, if inexperienced, can learn more in a few days by visiting the farms of practical hog raisers than can be gained from reading an article in which it is only possible to treat the subject in a general way.

Corn is the cheapest feed and for this reason has been made the basis of hog feeding in the corn

feeding in the corn belt. But corn alone

Shorts are

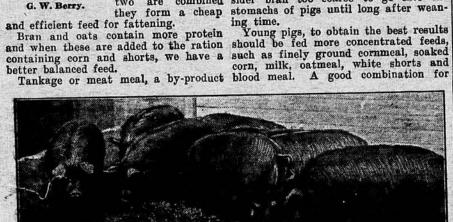
G. W. Berry.

ment of bone and frame are desired, wheat bran can be fed to all breeding wheat bran can be fed to all breeding stock especially brood sows, for the rea-son that bran is bulky, light and cooling, is filling and develops the capacity of the stomach. This enables a hog to take more feed when the time comes to lay on flesh, and richer feed, such as corn and middlings, is supplied.

is deficient in ash and protein—bone and muscle forming material. It is rich in carbohydrates—fat and heat forming material.

Wheat middlings show nearly the same analysis as corn. Shorts are

We feed bran only to brood sows, old more appetizing than boars and sometimes to growing shoats corn and when the which we desire to grow large. We contwo are combined sider bran too coarse to go into the stomachs of pigs until long after wean-



Pigs which are properly fed reach perfection in form at the age of 6 weeks. The feeder who can retain this degree of perfection and grow his hogs to maturity without losing this p ig form is an artist.

of the packing house, is still richer in young pigs is composed of equal parts ash and protein. It is made from meat of cornmeal, oatmeal and white shorts, scraps and a small amount of bone, and to this may be added milk and a cooked under steam pressure and dried.

It contains elements which produce lean

The protection in form at the age of 6 weeks. flesh, muscle, bone and hair, besides it has the function of aiding digestion.

Good results are obtained by feeding a ration composed of 5 parts corn, 5

BANISHED Coffee Finally Had to Go.

The way some persons cling to coffee, even after they know it is doing them harm, is a puzzler. But it is an easy matter to give it up for good, when Postum is properly made and used instead. A girl writes:

"Mother had been suffering with ner-

"Mother had been suffering with nervous headaches for seven weary years, but kept on drinking coffee.

"One day I asked her why she did not give up coffee, as a cousin of mine had done who had taken to Postum. But Mother was such a slave to coffee she thought it would be terrible to give it

"Finally, one day, she made the change to Postum, and quickly her head-

fee, which never comes into our house

Name given by Postum Co., Battle reek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Creek, Mich. Road to Wellville."

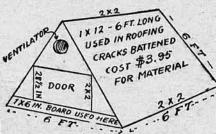
Postum comes in two forms.

Regular Postum (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling, but is prepared instantly by stirring level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for

Pigs that are properly nourished reach perfection in form at the age of 6 weeks. The feeder who can retain this degree of perfection attained in young pigs at this age and grow them to maturity without losing the "pig form" is truly an

Making pigs thrive after weaning is one of the most important steps in the breeding business. Pigs during the weaning period should be fed often on sweet, rich feed. The best corrector for bowel



Individual farrowing house used by C. A. Brook, the Hampshire breeder.

change to Postum, and quickly her head aches disappeared. One morning while she was drinking Postum so freely and with such relish, I asked for a taste.

"That started me on Postum and I Blood meal which is simply dried blood prepared at packing houses. Blood meal is exceedingly rich in protein, is easily digested and assimilated. It will prevent and cure scours in all young animals. Pigs can be pushed when fed a little blood meal, and they will not get out of condition. We had a litter get out of condition. We had a litter of pigs that averaged 240 pounds at the age of 5 months and 20 days. They had a small allowance of blood meal daily a small allowance of blood meal daily from the time they were two weeks old.

One teaspoonful is a feed of blood meal for a pig at 6 to 8 weeks old.

No hog grower can long continue in business without grass in some form.

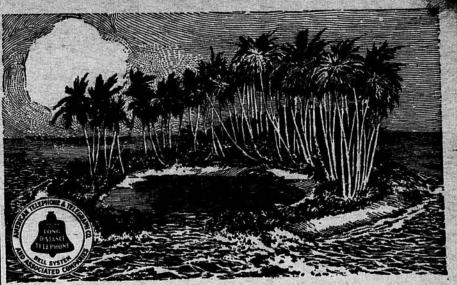
Young pigs like to nin the tender blood.

of hot water, which makes it light to most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the smoont that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

"There's a Reason" for Postum. ing heg as well as the growing pig. Forage crops enter largely into the economical production of pork, and alfalfa



Coral Builders and the Bell System

In the depths of tropical seas the coral polyps are at work. They are nourished by the ocean, and they grow and multiply because they cannot help it.

Finally a coral island emerges from the ocean. It collects sand and seeds, until it becomes a fit home for birds, beasts and men.

In the same way the telephone system has grown, gradually at first, but steadily and irresistibly. It could not stop growing. To stop would mean disaster.

The Bell System, starting with a few scattered exchanges, was carried forward by an increasing public demand.

Each new connection disclosed a need for other new connections, and millions of dollars had to be poured into the business to provide the 7,500,000 telephones now connected.

And the end is not yet, for the growth of the Bell System is still irresistible, because the needs of the people will not be satisfied except by universal communication. The system is large because the country is large.

AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

One Policy

One System

Universal Service



Makere of Special Lubricating Oils for Leading Engineering and Industrial Works of the World

Cheapest Threshing Power

DO your threshing this year in record time, with less worry and expense. Secure all your grain in prime condition and thus realize highest market prices for it.

Reliable, steady power is the keynote of quick, thoro, profitable threshing. It's the kind furnished by the "ever-ready"

Hart-Parr Oil Tractor

No other threshing power plant gives such sure, steady power in the belt. This outfit will drive your separator with a steady hum, hour after hour, and enable it to deliver the biggest output of clean grain—grain that grades high and sells high.

A Money Maker—A Money Saver **Eliminates Fire Dangers**

A Hart-Parr Tractor saves you money with every turn of the fly-wheel.

Operates on cheapest kerosene. Eliminates the licensed engineer, burned out flues and melted crown sheets. Does away with water and fuel teams. Means less help to board, less drudgery for the women. Light in weight, safe on bridges. Easy to move. Goes thru the average gateways.

The Only Tractor That Operates Perfectly in Below-Zero Weather

Every Hart-Parr Tractor is oil cooled. This feature positively insures it against a freeze up, even in below zero weather. The coldest day finds the Hart-Parr Tractor delivering full power every minute it works.

F. J. Weber, Watson, Sask., Can., says: "It has got to be very cold when our Hart-Parr Oil Tractor will not start with the first turn of the fiy-wheel. We got it started any cold day. It was the only one that could pull a separator behind it in the snow."

Write for Interesting Catalog

HART-PARR COMPANY

234 Lawler St.

Charles City, Iowa







convincing reasons for buying the powerful, low down, underslung, cut-under oak frame, Appleton Silo Filler, mailed free. Write for it to-day.



ness of hog raising. Not only has the cost of production been reduced by the use of alfalfa and clover, but by the combination of corn and clover or corn and alfalfa, larger and better hogs are raised and the quality has been improved.

the best permanent pastures for hogs. Alfalfa once well established will stand a great amount of grazing by hogs. Where used for hogs alone it should be allowed sufficient growth to mow once during the season. Large meadows can be pastured by hogs with scarcely any damage to the hay crops. We have tried both clover and airalfa for hogs, and yet have not determined which is the bet-

Oats and rape sown together make good forage for hogs in spring and early summer and rye and rape sown early in August make fine pasture until winter freezing starts. Small fields which may be available, as well as the hog yards, may be sown in these crops in rotation, thus supplying a vast amount of succu-lent feed and at the same time the fields and yards will be renovated of weeds and disease germs.

Hogs on any kind of pasture should always be fed a liberal allowance of grain. Hogs will not thrive on alfalfa or clover alone. I have seen herds of hogs reduced to mere skeletons on alfalfa. Pigs 2 to 3 months of age when turned on alfalfa or clover without any grain will lose weight the first month. Brood sows will barely retain their weight on the average pasture, and if suckled down when turned out as is often the case, will remain too poor for desirable breeding purpose. All breeding stock as well as feeders return the best results when fed some grain on pasture, the amount depending on the object desired. Dry brood sows should receive 1½ to 2 mr cent of their weight in grain while amning on good grass, the exact amount of grain depending upon the flesh they carry. It pays to keep the breeding herd in fair flesh. Sows that are in good flesh produce larger and stronger litters and give their pigs a better start than poor sows. The surplus flesh carried by the sows is held in reserve as nourishment for the coming litter. It is the cheapest feed that can be put into the pig and is a great best results when fed some grain on pas-

alone has almost revolutionized the busi- help to early maturity. We like to have ness of hog raising. Not only has the our sows in good flesh by farrowing

The question of shade is important in connection with pasturing hogs during hot weather. Next to shade trees is a sised and the quality has been imlief from the hot rays that fall on the
lief from the hot rays that fall on the
roof. A good shade is made by setting
he best permanent pastures for hogs. posts of forks and covering with poles
lifalfa once well established will stand and straw. All such sheds should be
great amount of grazing by hogs. made high and airy and kept free from
lowed sufficient growth to mow once sheds in hot dry times will keep down
luring the season. Large meadows can the dust and add much to the comfort
be pastured by hogs with scarcely any
of the hogs. shed high enough to admit air and reof the hogs.

The best pigs are raised in the individual brood sow lot with the individual house. The A-shaped house is used by many good breeders with success. The lot for a single sow and litter should be at least 18 feet wide by 150 feet in length. Such a lot will afford considerable exercise for the pigs, and with proper management will provide considerable management will provide considerable management. erable grass as a relish for the sow and pigs. Any number of these lots can be planned on either side of a lane or an alley, and such an arrangement will add much to the convenience in the management of the herd.

The house or farrowing pen should be planned to admit sunshine, light and fresh air, avoiding drafts in bad weather. A house of two farrowing pens, 8 feet by 16 feet, with movable partition will be found useful. This house should stand with the front side 9 feet high, contain-ing two windows on the south, and the back 8 feet high. It can be made the back 8 feet high. It can be made cheaply of lap siding and covered with boards and roofing material. Such a house will be found airy and comfortable winter and summer.

A most useful farrowing house and sheds combined is built 8 feet wide by

A Dry June Cut Winter Wheat Corn Late in Kansas But Doing Well

A DECLINE of 26.71 per cent in 750,000 acres of this will be harvested, Kansas' winter wheat crop, during the 60 days ending June 24, is 43.4.

shown by the reports of the state board of agriculture. This is 9.13 points less than the government's report June 1 and makes the average condition of the crop at this writing 62.87 per cent compared with 76.6 in 1912; 76 in 1910; pared with 76.6 in 1912; 76 in 1910; cultivation has been given rather better attention than usual. Assessors' re-

72.3 in1909, and 72.93 in 1908. by dry weather or chinch bugs, or both, that they will be plowed up or abandoned. In the western half of the state a deficiency of rainfall at the time wheat was heading was the greatest cause of damage. At about the same time chinch bugs attacked the crop in eastern Kansas. The severest damage was in the territory west of the 99th meridian, a little west of the center of the state, comprising 39 counties, some of which sow wheat on a large scale. These had nearly 40 per cent of the total area of wheat. The growers now estimate that not more than 1,
(Continued on Page 9.)

2.3 in1909, and 72.93 in 1908. attention than usual. Assessors' re-It is estimated 1,697,621 acres sown turns thus far indicate less corn planted to wheat have been so badly damaged than a year ago, a decrease of about by dry weather or chinch bugs, or both, 200,000 acres in 44 counties, although

CHEVENNE PANYLINS DECATOR NORTON PHILLIPS SMITH JEWELL REPUBLIC MUSHIMOTH MUSSIALL MEMBIA BROWN W. 44 C 94 W. 28 C 84 W. 28 SHERMAN THOMAS SHERIDAN GRAHAM ROOKS OSBORNE MITCHELL WAS C.S. CLAY & POTMINT W.20 C.74 W56C88 W.10 C.90 W22C.85 W59C.94 W83 C.86 W90 C.97 OTTAWA
WALLACE LOGAN GOVE TREGO ELLIS RUSSELL W51 C.87
WALLACE LOGAN GOVE TREGO ELLIS RUSSELL W51 C.87 420 C.80 W36 C.84 W.10 C.80 W20 C.85 W40 C.91 W45C.77 ELLSHOR BARTON W.58 C.81 GREELEY WICHITA SCOTT LANE W 10 RUSH W.20 C.88 W.20 C79 W.37 C.88 RICE W.25 C.85W10 C 80W22C9 C.82 W65C79 W.712 C.91 WILTON KEARNY FINNEY W. 48 C.94 PRATT FORD C.82 STANTON GRANT HASKELL C. 94 KINGMAN W.40 C.84 W.52C.89 W.74 C90 W.69 C90 W. 25 W. 68 W. 33 MORTON STEVENS SENARD MEADE CLARK COMMICIE BARBER HARPER SUMMER COWLEY
W 65 W 45 W 30
C. 78 C. 75 C. 76 W32 C78 C. 78 W45 C.81 W39 C.89 W41 C.80 W.57 C.60 W51 C.81

Map showing condition of wheat and corn by counties in Kansas as ported for June by the correspondents of the Kansas state hoard of agriculture.



Conducted for Farmers Mail and Breeze by A. H. Leidigh, Department of Farm Creps, Kansas Agricultural College.

Will Summer Working Hurt Alfalfa?

Is it a good policy to cultivate alfalfa immediately after harvesting? If so with what tools? I have a patch of alfalfa in which there are a few spots of sandy land, where the growth is small. What is the best way to increase the production?—C. C. P., Wewoka, Okla.

The two specien tools for cultivating alfalfa are the spike-tooth disk and the alfalfa cultivator. The cultivator has shovels and sarpened shanks. Besides these, there are the regular disk-harrow and other harrows. If you have a tool on hand which will do the work, it is

on hand which will do the work, it is hardly necessary to buy a special tool. Where your alfalfa land is hard and caked, or cracked, or is infested with grass-like weeds, it is frequently advisable to give it a thorough cultivating. Most farmers cultivate their alfalfa early in the spring, but frequently they say this practice does not give them enough increase in the crop to pay for the work. Under special conditions, I believe it is advisable to work alfalfa land. If you cultivate your alfalfa in the summer, you should do so im-

mediately after cutting the crop.
On the land which is too sandy to give the best results with alfalfa, shallow plowing and frequent applications of moderate amounts of barnyard manure will probably help the crop to some extent. A. H. Leidigh. some extent.

Going to Break Sod for Corn.

I have some prairie I am going to break. Would it do to put it into corn? How would you prepare the ground? I want to break it this winter and plant it in the spring.—E. O., Clay county, Kansas.

Ordinarily prairie land in central Kansas breaks easiest in the spring when the ground is moist and the grass roots tender. However, it is usually perfectly practical to break prairie sod at any time of the year when you would otherwise be idle.

Prairie sod should be plowed the first time from 2 to 3 inches deep. It is best to plow in long, narrow lands and "drag around" the ends. If you plow this way, it will be possible to cross-break, or backset or cross disk the sod ground. Where an extra good job of fall or winter breaking is done, the surface may be worked into a fair state. surface may be worked into a fair state of tilth, and Kafir or corn planted with the lister or two-row planter, rather

late in the spring.

If, however, you have broken the sod deeply, you will find it pretty hard to plant with anything except a wheat

Good crops for new sod land are Kafir or other sorghums, wheat and corn. Such crops as pumpkins and melons are very successful on this kind of land, but it is not usually desirable to raise them on so large an acreage.

A. H. Leidigh.

A Dry June Cut Winter Wheat

(Continued from Page 8.)

ell county, with a condition of 87, is highest, followed by Cloud with 82. Clay 81, and Pottawatomie 80. Labette, Crawford and Montgomery, in the south-east, report conditions of 75, 76 and 75 respectively, the best in that section. About the same acreage was sown as a

This year's returns indicate an increased acreage of alfalfa. As a rule the first cutting was extra heavy, and quite as uniformly the second cutting so far as made is rather light. Reports suggest that on the whole grasses are not as good as usual, although a notable exception is the northern two tiers of counties extending westward from the Missouri river 200 miles, where pastures and meadows are above the average. Similar situations are found also in eight or 10 other widely separated counties.

I have been receiving the Mail and Breeze for some time. I can recommend it as one of the best farm papers published.—Levi Johnson, Independence,

No-Rim-Cut Tires 10% Over-Capacity

The Chief Tire Problem

How to end rim-cutting, for years and years, has been the chief problem of Tiredom.

Many devices have been tried and abandoned. They developed faults. The tires fell down. Thousands came back for replacement.

The Ruin of

Rim-Cutting

Motor car owners have lost mil-

The trouble occurs when tires

are run wholly or partly deflated.

And the ruin can't be satisfactorily

Myriads of punctured tires have

No-Rim-Cut tires make this ruin

impossible. They have been used

for years, on hundreds of thousands

of cars. And not one has ever

Over-

Capacity

No-Rim-Cut tires ex-

ceed clincher tires ten

per cent in capacity.

pacity. It is air that

carries the load. This

That is, in air ca-

Another fact is that

been wrecked in a moment-be-

fore the driver knew of the punc-

lions of dollars through having

tires cut by rims.

repaired.

rim-cut.

extra capacity, on the average, adds

25 per cent to the mileage. So these tires embody two enormous economies. They save rimcutting and save over-loading.

The Secret Bands of Wire

These tires are made possible by six flat bands of 126 braided wires. They are vulcanized into the tire base.

Thus we get an unstretchable tire base, and we don't hook the tire to the rim.

One glance at these tires in any Goodyear shop will show why these tires can't rim-cut.

Every great tire maker, again and again, has tried to make tires that can't rim-cut.

We solved this problem in a faultless tire, and by means that we control. That is the reason why Goodyears now outsell every other tire.

> We control these bands by secrecy. They are made under lock and key.

And, so far as we know, there is no other way to make a satisfactory tire of this type. Nearly every maker has tried it.

No Extra Price

No-Rim-Cut tires used to cost one-fifth more than clinchers. With our multiplied output the price has come down. Now no standard tire of any type costs less than No-Rim-Cut tires.

There is no reason whatever to try an experiment. No reason for tires that rim-cut, or for tires of less capacity.

You can get at the same price the tire which is now the most popular tire in the world.

Write for the Goodyear Tire Book-14thyear edition. It tells all known ways to economize on tires.

(100D) YEAR

No-Rim-Cut Tires With or Without Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO

More Service Stations Than Any Other Tire Branches and Agencies in 103 Principal Cities More Service Stations Tha
We Make All Kinds of Rubber Tires, Tire Accessories and Repair Outfits
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A New Deal in Silage Cutters

Yes Sir! A new deal! Not the old-fashioned slat-apron cutter that keeps a whole crew of men busy feeding it, but a modern, up-to-date cutter, a SELF-FEEDER. All done by the powerful Grip Hooks which cram your fodder into the knives. Fills the Silo in a hurry, too, no matter if it's twice as high as your house. coarse, uneven silage. All cut fine and even, so as to pack down closely and keep fresh as long as it lasts.

Four-fifths of all Silo owners use Smalleys The other one-fifth would also have bought Smalleys if they had known the facts.

When George Crow of Hutchinson, Kansas, got ready to fill his big 60-ft. Silo he promptly sent for a Powerful "Smalley" and patented chain-drive Blower to do the cutting and filling.

Powerful Smalley Force-Feed Silage Cutter

handles oats, peas, alfalfa, as well as green silage. (Alfalfa, Grinding Screen for making Alfalfa meal can be attached.) Only one drive pulley on Blower Outfits. No idler to bother with. Ten per cent steel guaranteed in all foundry castings. No oiling by



on O. D. Jen-kins' farm,

17 outfits sold at Sedalia last fall.

hand—hard oil cups on all important bearings.

Our new illustrated catalog is now ready. Send us a postal and it will be mailed you free, by return mail.

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Manufacturers of Ensilage, Alfalfa and Hand Feed Cutters, Combination Ensilage and Snapping Machines, Drag and Circular Saw Machines, Champion Plows, Cob Grinder and Feed Mills.

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Actual Photograph of Cyclone at McPher Kan., April, 1904. Fourteen Homes Destroyed: Loss \$70,000. ARE YOU PROTECTED?

During 1912 we paid 1183 losses in Kansas, of these 284 were fire, 294 lightning and the renaining 625 were WIND losses. We paid total or partial losses by wind in 95 of the 105 counies of the state in 1912.

e state in 1912. The you against wind at cost. That's farmers banded together for. Write

FARMERS ALLIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY MCPHERSON, KANSAS

JAYHAWKER FARM DOIN'S

BY H. C. HATCH, GRIDLEY, KANSAS.

We like to get the experiences, views and opinions "our folks" on any farm or livestock subject particularly if seasonable and likely to help some of us who may need the information. Your letters are always welcome. Subscriptions to Farmers Mail and Breeze or other good publications for best letters received. Address Editor Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

This time of year Kansas people do We do not know of our own knowledge not like to see it go more than a week about the cost but we know that just without raining. If rain holds off to look at this silo from a short distlonger than that they begin to watch ance it is a work of art. It is about the clouds. The last four dry seasons as fine looking a silo as we ever saw.

Summer time is so near at hand that we "cleaned up" on our old hens this week. Many of them were more than 2 years old and we concluded the dan-ger of loss would more than balance what few eggs such old hens would lay.
There is not much danger of low-priced poultry as long as all other kinds of meat remain so high.

We find by taking out the cushions from the rear auto seat and building up with small boxes, we can get two chicken coops in the space. Yesterday we had 20 hens in two coops and they weighed a little more than 100 pounds. They had a cool, quick and pleasant ride to town and it saved driving the work horses. The coops cannot be put in at the side but go in at the back. Hens bring 11 cents a pound here now and bring 11 cents a pound here now and old roosters 7, which is the highest price we ever got for them.

cating oil used in the auto. With the coming on of hot weather the oil that was about right for winter becomes too thin, causing a waste of oil and much smoking at the muffler. A little heavier grade of oil is indicated under such circumstances, although one should always be sure that oil enough is being used. It never pays to economize in lubricating oil and we have noticed that cer-tain cars believed to be specially economical users of oil are frequently at the garage having new bearings put in.

In this neighborhood in the last year several modern houses have been built. This means they have running water, lights of some kind and furnace heat. Such houses indicate to strangers that there is some degree of prosperity pres-ent and for that reason, if for no other, we are always glad to see them put up.
There is no reason why town folks
should have all the good things and be
the only ones to think that money is well invested which makes a family comfortable. 7e do not advocate go-ing in debt for building a new home when the old house is-comfortable, but if a farmer has the money and wants a fine house or a motor car we see no reason why he shouldn't have it.

sack. Graham flour costs as much as cornmeal, and it is this fact which causes a greater use of flour and less of the meals.

number of cement silos are to be summer. One man is to put up three ited subject to check for they have no concrete silos, each of 300 tons capacity. Interest to pay on that, but we think Not far away is one recently completed which looks fully that large, and we have been told it cost \$700 to build it. prosperity that is permanent. built in this and adjoining counties this

The prairie hay men are soon to begin putting up the crop. Tonnage is fair but there are more weeds than usual and some fear they will cut down the quality a full grade.

Farmers in this section were glad to see the recent rise in hay prices. It had begun to look as if hay was down to stay, especially as such a good first crop of alfalfa had been cut, but it seems there are many localities where hay is not going to be plentiful this year. Parts of Missouri have been dry all spring and the hay in those localities is practically a failure.

A good many of the silo owners here like to rent land outside to plant the Kafir to fill their silos. There is no question but that a silo will skin a piece of ground just a little quicker than snything else, if the corn or Kafir is put in the silo every year and nothing ever drawn back to the soil. For that reason we should not care to rent any land for that purpose. The use of erops for silage also will clean out the weeds as they are cut and bound up with the corn and go into the silo where the heat kills every seed.

While it has not been so very dry here this season something has made way with our new sowing.

We hardly think it has been dry enough to kill it and lay the failure to the extremely hot weather of the last of May. Owing to dry weather at the start, the seed did not come up until about May 1 and it was rather small when those hot days came. At any rate, something has killed out the timothy but left the clover. It goes to show that clover can stand much more grief than timothy. It is not likely we shall give timothy another trial but will use English bluegress instead if we want gress for page

18 seasons we have never seen the fields so uniformly free from weeds as they we have made a change in the lubriting oil used in the auto. With the weeds that got such a good start during the period of wet seasons we had here from 1902 to 1909. About all the corn we have seen looks well, although it is in all stages of growth, from 8 inches to waist high, and all that is now lacking to insure a fine crop is rain at the right time.

That cool spell during the first of June was quite a topic for discussion and the verdict of many was, "Coolest weather I ever saw here for the time of year." It was not the coolest June weather they had seen but they just didn't stop to remember. In 1897 and again in 1902 we had cooler June weather We remember the night of June 7. again in 1902 we had cooler June weather. We remember the night of June 7, 1897, especially. We were at a dance after having plowed corn all day, and the boys watched about all night for signs of frost which they fully expected to see. But it did not come and we were glad for we had that day played were glad, for we had that day plowed corn which was up to the arch of the cultivator. All of June, 1902, was very cool and wet, but that year we raised the best crop of corn that has been grown since we came to Kansas.

This week was the time for bank statements and we have been reading We notice an article in the Kansas them in all the papers we take. What City Star in praise of corn meal says we notice most is the great increase in tentains as much nutriment as wheat deposits placed on time to draw interflour and sells for just half as much. Not long ago it was rare for any It may in Kansas City but it does not bank to carry many such deposits, prachers. sack or cornmeal we pay 25 cents for it, and have for years, regardless of the price of corn. This is rather more than our wheat flour costs us. We can buy the best of flour for \$1.05 a 48-pound the best of flour in town does not put money in the bank in that way; he can make more than 4 per cent out of it in other ways, but a farmer does not have so many chances to turn over his spare money, so puts it in the bank to draw interest. Most banks would rather have money depos-

"Ohio" 1913 Model The Improved Logical Silo Filler

"Ohio" improvements for 1913 are radical—eclipse all previous efforts.

Don't close a deal for any Cutter and take chances with unknown makes until you see what the "Ohio" offers.

Sy years' experience—absolutely deals of the control of the contr

"Ohio" offers.

Syndable quality.

Famous Patented Direct Drive
is serret of "Ohio" superiority—the
only machine that is driven, cuts and
elevates direct from main shart. climple,
compact—low-speed fam—non-explosive
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on all crops—knives can't spring.

One Lever Controls All Entire feed reverses by second friction finger pressure—no strain—not a gear coth changes mesh. All gears perfectly seed. Enormous "Buil-Dog" grip self-cod. Enormous hasf-sich cut tonnage, to 250 tons a day—6 to 15 h.p. 20-car durability. Used by Experiment tattons everywhere. Guaranteed. Many is new features this year. Write for free "Ohio" estalog today, a pestal will do.

THE SILVER MFG. CO.



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ENSILAGE CUTTER Lightest Running Silo Filler Made

It cuts and elevates the highest quality of silage at minimum cost for time, labor and repairs. Built of iron and semi-sterl; gear driven
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convenient to operate; fills highest silos; almost any power will run it; costs less for upkeep, and barring accidents will last alietime. It throws as well as blows and the silage is elevated in a steady stream, not in
bunches; it operates at slow speed and it is
absolutely safe. Our catalog which explains
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Save Work, Time, Money By using our low down steel wheel



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Makes blemished horses valuable. Cleans up bad legs without laying them up or blistering, or money refunded. Reference any bank in city. Write me describing case fully. C. R. HARRYMAN, PH. G., Shawnee, Okia.



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Seattle Save 40% to 60% on this clear fir Silo

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Save 40% to 60% on lumber and millwork

Get better lumber, too. Buy the choictest lumber and millwork at prices 40% to 60% lower than local dealers ask for inferior materials. Tou are guaranteed satisfaction when you deal with us. All orders shipped within 24 to 48 hours. Reach our customers within an average of two weeks' time.

Write today for catalog and price list. Send bill of materials, if you can, for estimate.

Hewitt-Lea-Funck Co.

470 Union Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Save \$35 650

Yes sir, I'll save you \$35 to \$50 the first cost alone on the best, most modern, ost sanitary and closest akinming cream parator ever built. When you buy the

New Galloway Sanitary

Special 1913 Offer and 90 Days FREE TRIAL
test of this machine right on your farm.
The property of the second WM. GALLOWAY COMPANY
43 Galloway Station, Waterloo, Ia.



New Silo Book

It's full of valuable infor-mation for every farmer and stock raiser. Tells all about the special and exclusive features of the

INDIANA SILO Twenty-Five Thousand in use. Write and learn why it is best.and cheapest and get our New Silo Book Free. INDIANA SILO COMPANY Bistributers, Paper Essilage Cutter. The largest makers of Silos in the world. Address nearest factory: 570Union Bldg., Anderson, Ind. "Indians Bldg., Des Moines, Ia. "Silo Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

Kalamazoo ALFALFA & ENSILAGE CUTTERS

make a positive shearing out full width of bundle, from sides to center of throat, hence do cleaner work on less power. Our sickle-edge knives cut the hard, dry alfalia to binch lengths. Only silo fillers made having these wonderful knives. Investigate now. Write for catalog. Address Dept. 21 KALAMAZOO TANK & 3110 CO.

KALAMAZOO TANK & 3110 CO.

KALAMAZOO, MICH.

BEATRICE Cream Separator

Easy to Run, Hard to Wear Out THE CONTINENTAL CREAMERY COMPANY Topeka, Kan., Oklahoma City, Okla.



CONDUCTED FOR FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE BY A. G. KITTELL.

This department aims to be a freefor-all experience exchange for our folks who keep milk cows. We are glad to hear from you often. A Mail and Breeze subscription and other prizes awarded each week for helpful or interesting let-ters or bits of dairy news.

A light burlap thrown over the cow is a great help at milking time when the flies are bad.

A small gasoline engine gives evener and better power for the separator than turning it by hand.

Cream that tests high will keep sweet longer in hot weather than the thinner, lower-testing kind.

Many eastern farmers feed grain to milk cows on pasture. Do you think it would pay in the West?

The July cow-heaven means shade, plenty of cool water and lots or grass. Also this combination means plenty of milk.

The sun has a purifying effect on milk pans and pails, but they should be covered with light screen cloth so the flies cannot chase over them.

It will not cost you a cent to try a cream separator for two weeks or even longer. Any dealer will be glad to let you have one on trial, for once used they sell themselves.

It costs considerable money to make good hogs if you have to buy mill feed to do it. The dairyman can use skim-milk in place of mill feed and so cut off a big bill of expense.

Only One Way to Keep Milk Sweet.

Is there anything I can put in milk to keep it from souring? I am retailing 50 gallons of milk daily but have to have it shipped 75 miles and it is hard to keep it.—R. B., Ray, Ariz.

All chemical preservatives of milk are injurious and cannot be recommended. To use them is unlawful. The best thing to do is to have the milk cooled immediately after milking, either by aerating or with ice or cold water. Thoroughly scald all utensils before putting milk into them and you will be sur-prised how much longer milk can be made to keep. Only a temperature be-low 50 will check the work of the sour milk germ.

Butter Made From Sweet Cream. [Prize Letter.]

Mr. Editor-I am a crank on making butter out of sweet cream. Before I got a separator I had a small tank in the corner of my cellar where I kept the milk. All the water that went to the stock tank ran through this milk tank. I skimmed the milk sweet, kept the cream sweet, and churned it sweet as I still do. My butter never gets oily in summer no matter if I have no ice, because I churn sweet cream. When the weather is warm I churn oftener to keep the cream from getting sour. I use a barrel churn and churn in winter with the cream at 62 degrees and in summer at 55 to 58. We churned this morning in just 4 minutes and the buttermilk is as sweet as milk just from the sepa-

To make a good quality of butter all through the summer see that the cows have enough pasture. When regular pasture gets short it is a good plan to have some cane pasture for them, or plenty of late sweet corn. I give my cows a little grain ration summer and winter. They get it with a little salt right after milking time and the cows pay for it. It pays to have a good separator. Mine is a DeLaval and when I first got it I was milking only two cows, but I made just 4 pounds more butter each week than I had before. Mrs. J. W. Morrill.

Clyde, Kan.

A good argument for the fall fresh cow may be put over by comparing present prices of butter and butter fat with those of four and five months ago.

You need a new DE LAVAL Separator NO

If you are still using some gravity or setting process of creaming-

Because your waste is greatest and quality of product poorest in mid-summer, when the milk supply is greatest.

Because time is of greatest value on the farm at this season and the time and labor saving of the good separator counts for most.

Because the skim-milk is poorest without a separator in hot weather and often more harmful than helpful to calves and young stock.

Because the work of an improved De Laval Cream Separator is as perfect and its product as superior with one kind of weather as with another.

nd If you have a very old De Laval or an inferior separator of any kind-

Because the losses of the poor separator from incomplete skimming and the tainted product of the difficult to clean and unsanitary separator mean most when the bulk of milk is greatest.

Because of the great economy of time at this season in having a separator of ample capacity to do the work so much more quickly.

Because an improved De Laval separator is so much simpler and more easily handled and cared for than any other, and you cannot afford to waste time these busy days "fussing" with a machine that ought to have been thrown on the junk-pile long ago.

Because the De Laval separator of today is just as superior to other separators as the best of other separators to gravity setting, and every feature of De Laval superiority count for most during the hot mid-summer months.

mer months.



These are all facts capable of prompt and easy demonstration, whether you have a poor separator or none at all. The new De Laval catalog, to be had for the asking, helps to make them plain. Every De Laval local agent stands eager to do so with a machine itself, with no obligation on your part to buy unless he does-and that to your own satisfaction.

WHY DELAY? Why put off so important a step as the use of the best cream separator, which you need more RIGHT NOW than at any other time?

The De Laval Separator Co. SAN FRANCISCO CHICAGO





CHAMPION MOLASSES FEED

Is the feed fed to all cattle that brought the highest prices on the five leading cattle ma kets during the year of 1912, far superior to cottonseed meal with ensilage, equally good with any feed 30 days' time in feeding period, also a great milk producer.

CHAMPION FEED CO., TARKIO, MISSOURL.

The same of the sa

OIL-OIL-OII

WHOLESALE PRICE TO CONSUMERS—Combining best quality with low price. NO WATER IN MY KEROSENE OR GASOLINE.



CONDUCTED FOR FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE BY REESE V. HICKS, PREST. AMERICAN POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

We want you to talk chicken with us. Good short letters on poultry matters especially welcome. A year's subscription to Farmers Mail and Breeze is awarded each week for the most hel. il bit of poultry experience, and for second and third best contributions sub-scriptions to other useful publications.

Skimmilk will make quick growth in maintained an average of 21½ eggs a month for the four months. The Minor-

Sifted ashes are a good substitute for dust for the hen's bath.

A dark comb is an indication that something is the matter with the bird,

Too much scientific work in the hen business is a failure. Just use common

Let the old hen and her brood have sheaf of wheat and watch them keep

Experiments have shown that the greatest gains in fattening are made by young stock when 2 to 4 months old.

A good grain mixture for chicks is 2 parts cracked corn, 2 parts cracked wheat, 2 parts Kair and 1 part millet.

Frequent changes of drinking water is one of the best safeguards for the health of the flock during hot weather.

Summer Roosters Are Dear Pets

THEY COST KANSAS A MILLION.

If Kansas had a "rooster law" it would save the state a 42 per cent loss in market eggs every summer, or about 1 million dollars. A fertilized egg rots much quicker than an unfertile one. If cockerels were penned up or sold at this

time every year a loss of nearly half the summer-egg supply would be saved. W. A. Lippincott, head of the poultry department at Manhattan, is a warm advocate of a rooster law for Kansas and brought the subject up at the meeting last week of the Kansas Poultry Federation.

"I hope and expect to see within the said Prof. Lippincott, next five years," "a law on the statute books of the state making it a misdemeanor for anyone to let a male bird of any description run at large in the open country that the state making it a misdemeanor for anyone to let a male bird of any description run at large in the open country that the state is the state of the s 'a law on the statute books of this ment, but when it is passed it will save the farmers of Kansas, estimating it

the farmers of Kansas, estimating it conservatively, a million dollars a year."

Fifty poultrykeepers, half of them women, attended the two-day session of the federation at the college. This is the first annual meeting of the organization. Arrangements have been made by the new organization to hold a state by the new organization to hold a state poultry show at Independence next Jan-

Fresh Drinking Water All Day. [Prize Suggestion.]

Mr. Editor-I find so many helpful suggestions in the Mail and Breeze that I should like to add one we have found very handy. It is a cream can serves as a chicken waterer. The can is filled with water and a large bread

pan placed over the top. It is then inverted and the water comes through the small hole near the top of the can, just fast enough to keep the pan full. Our can holds 8 gallons and supplies the flock with water for a whole day.

Arlington, Kan.

M. K. Boody.

Arlington, Kan.

Rocks Lead at Poultry Farm BY REESE V. HICKS,
Director of Experiments Mail and Breeze
Poultry Experimental Farm.

F THE Barred Rock hen, Band 2, maintains her average in the laying contest at the Mail and Breeze Poultry Experimental Farm her record for the year will be 258 eggs. Notwithstanding an attack of broodiness this hen has

> cas, fed no mash, continue at the bottom of the list, while the house - confined Wyandottes are keeping them close company.

> The laying contest has lagged this month, with all but the non-sitting breeds. All the other

R. V. Hicks. hens seemed determined to sit at once. The Langshans and Orpingtons have shown the most persistence in broodiness. One Minorca pen passed a Wyan-dotte pen for the reason that none of the Minorcas were broody, while the Wyandottes were. In the same way the wheat, 2 parts Kair and 1 part millet.

For a dry mash nothing will beat 2 parts each of cornmeal, bran, shorts and beef scrap, and ½ part alfalfa meal.

Wyandottes were. In the same way to wanted the state state of the same way of the same way to same and beat alfalfa meal.

Wyandottes were. In the same way to same state state state state and the same way to same and the same way the same way to same and the same way t time four Black Langshan hens out of five were in crates undergoing treatment for broodiness.

Following is the tabulated result in the laying contest for the four months:

| Variety | First | Second | Third | Fourth | Total |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------|-------|--------|---------|
| Pen 2, Barred Rocks | 63 | 95 | 87 | 93 | 387 |
| Reds. (free range) | 60 | 83 | 86 | 76 | 284 |
| Pen 4, W. Leghorns. | 40 | 82 | 00 | | 271,779 |
| Barred Rocks (no al | 45 | 86 | 75 | 76 | 282 |
| Pen 6 Reds | 61 | 68 | 72 | 65 | 278 |
| Black Langshams | | W. Harris | 100 | | |
| (spronted oats) | 68 | 65 | 88 | 51 | 272 |
| White Leghorns | | | 400 | | |
| (free range) | 17 | 64 | 74 | 61 | 236 |
| Pen 7, Black Lang- | | 64 | 52 | 54 | 235 |
| shans | 65 | 0.3 | 04 | | - 1 |
| Pen 1, Buff Orping- | 62 | 64 | 58 | 49 | 228 |
| tons | 02 | 100 | | | |
| Buff Orpingtons (corn fed) | 70 | 62 | 36 | 52 | 220 |
| Pen 3, Minorcas | | 60 | 69 | 57 | 196 |
| Pen 5, White Wyan- | No. | | | | |
| dottes | 34 | 55 | 55 | 36 | 180 |
| White Wyandottes | San Ja | 1 | | | 170 |
| (house confined) | 18 | 49 | 59 | 44 | |
| Minorcas (no mash) | 17 | 42 | 59 | 18 | 136 |
| Tarkile the lest | mon | th h | as h | een | poor |

90 per cent. This indicates that green feed and range are both helpful in pro-ducing eggs strong in fertility.

Perches Made of Gas Pipe.

Mr. Editor-The best chicken perch I have ever used was made of gas pipe. Make all perches of the same length. Drill holes through each end and bolt them fast to crosspieces of the same material. Take four spikes or wire staples and fasten them to rafters or joists of hen house. Fasten baling wire to them and let it hang down to within 2 feet of floor. Fasten this wire to the e that perches so they will hang level without touching sides of house, and your fowls which will never be troubled with mites.

G. W. Butesbaugh. Cozad, Neb.



Members who attended the first annual meeting of the Knisas Poultry federation at Kansas Agricultural college June 25-26, 1913. The federation will held a state show at Independence next January.

Reliable Poultry Breeders

FARMERS MAIL AND BREEZE POULTRY RATE.

The rate for advertising under the "Re-liable Poultry Breeders" column is 5c per word each time for 1, 2 or 3 insertions and 4½c per word each time for four or more insertions.

RHODE ISLAND REDS.

ROSE COMB RED eggs from pens mated to roosters costing from \$10.00 to \$30.00. Eggs at sacrifice prices after May 25. 15. eggs \$1.00, 30 eggs \$1.75, and 50 eggs \$2.50. Also a few extra good roosters at \$2.50 and \$5.00 each and good hens at \$1.00 each. W. R. Huston, Americus, Kan.

DUCKS.

30 ENGLISH RUNNER duck eggs \$2. Paul Grill, Ellsworth, Kan.

INDIAN RUNNER ducks, Topeka fair winners, Satisfaction guaranteed, Burt White, Burlingame, Kan.

FAWN AND WHITE and brown and white prize winners. Indian Runner duck eggs 15 for \$1.00, 100 for \$5.00. E. O. McKinney, Lafontaine, Kan.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

BIG TYPE BARRED ROCKS. Half price now. Duff, Larned, Kan.

FOR SALE. Pen Buff Rock hens, also ockerels. Mrs. M. E. Stevens, Humboldt,

BARRED ROCKS, 68 premiums, Topeka, Manhattan, Clay Center, Denver. Eggs 15, \$1.25; 60, \$4.00; 100, \$6.00. Stock sale. Mrs. D. M. Gilleple, Clay Center, Kan.

WYANDOTTES.

BUFF WYANDOTTES. Prices cut for balance of season. Eggs from all our breeding pens at \$1.50 per 15, \$5.00 per 100. Baby chicks \$1.50 per dozen. Send for mating list. Wheeler and Wylie, Manhattan. ing Kan.

LEGHORNS.

ROSE COMB WHITE LEGHORN eggs Fifteen, one dollar. One hundred, five dol-lars. Mrs. C. S. Wade, Miltonvale, Kan.

SEVERAL VARIETIES.

48 VARIETIES, Poultry, Pigeons, Ducks, Gess, Furkeys, Guineas, Incubators, Dogs, Catalogue 4 cents. Missouri Squab Co., Kirk-wood, Mo.

ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED eggs.
Pen A, \$1.50 per 15; Pen B, \$1.00 per 15.
Barred P. Rocks, range stock, 75c per 15;
\$4.00 per 100. Light fawn and white Indian
Runner ducks \$1.00 per 12. C. J. Woods,
Chiles, Miami, Kansas.

EES for the FARM sed little attention and pay big profits, you are interested in them send for a sample py of Gleaningsin Sec Culture. Also a bec supposed A. L. ROOT CO., Box 319, Medina, Ohio.

Clark's Speer Point Hooks Nover Clog-Self Cleaning
30 DAY OFFER ONLY—Factory will sell 5 improved fastest Huskers at cost price to introduce new goods everywhere. Postpaid, Send \$1.10. Mency
back if not satisfied. R. F. CLARK, 54 W. Lake 84., Chicago, Ill.



WOODWORTH TREADS



We Make Good Cuts!

The Mail and Breeze has the most complete plant in Kansas for the making of first class half-tone engravings and zinc etchings. Particular attention given to livestock and poultry illustrations for letterheads, newspaper advertisements and catalogues. Our cuts cannot be excelled and are guaranteed satisfactory. Lowest prices consistent with good work. Write for information.

THE MAIL AND BREEZE, Topcka, Kan.



Recolors gray hair or beard to all shades desired from light brown to black within 24-48 hours. A high class, meritorious, harmless and cleanly compound; very simple, easily applied, quick and sure. Does not stain the skin or scalp or rub off on the nillow, keeping the hair soft and glossy, that curling with hot Iron or shampoong will not select. If skeptical send for TESTI-MONIALS from JRUGGISTS, HAIR-DRESSERS or INDIVIDUALS selling ar using our remedy. Ask your drug-

Poultry Magazine Big 40 to 80 page illustrated monthly magazine of practical, common sense chicken talk. Tells have to get most in pleasure and profit from poultry raising, a months on trial only 10c Poultry Culture, 300 Jackson, Topeka, Kan

Money in Land

The man who gets the money in land is the man who gets there first. We have complete information on thousands of acres of irrigated and non-irrigated land along the Union Pacific System Lines. This informa-tion will be given to you Free. It will pay you to investigate.

R. A. SMITH

Colonization and Industrial Agent, Union Pacific Railroad Co., Room 138, Union Pacific Bidg., OMAHA, NEB.

Marketing and Farm Credits"

A VALUABLE NEW BOOK—just off the press—reports the work of the First National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits, held in Chicago April 8, 9 and 10, 1913—the most notable gathering ever assembled for the discussion and study of farm problems.

To Farmers, it is a wise hand book; to Students, a valuable reference book; to the General Reader, a fascinating review of the farmer's fight to place his vocation on a par with other lines of endeavor.

Bound in cloth and printed in clear type on a good quality of paper.

Price, \$1.00 per copy, postpaid

No farmer or business man should be without-this great book—the most comprehensive, authentic, practical and useful publication of the kind in print.

Order early as the supply is limited.

The National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits 1408 Steger Bldg., Chicago, Illinois

Crop Maker Roller Bearing Mill

The easiest-running fanning mill a man ever turned—therefore the one for complete service and biggest results.

Every farmer knows the value of a good fanning mill. If you don't own one now, you are probably thinking of buying. But before you do buy, let ussend you a Free Book telling about our great offer, which enables you to prove to your own satisfaction the wonderful capacity of this Crop Maker for perfect work.

30 Day Trial—Direct Factory Price

We mean just what we say—free use of the Crop Maker on your own farm for a full month, without obligation to buy, with the machine yours at factory price when you find that all we claim for it is true. The Crop Maker runs "like oil" because it has roller bearings. It cleans, separates and grades grains and seeds of all kinds—turns out perfect seed for planting—insures bigger crops and large profits and seed in the many times its cost in a single season. This machine goes to you produce the profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book, detailed profit added to the actual expense of making. Be sure to write at once for the Free Book actual expenses of the Free Book actual exp

ST. PAUL FANNING MILL CO.

ST. PAUL, MINN

It's Fifty Years of Service

(Continued from Page 2.)

location, nearer the city; abolished Latin and Greek, greatly increased the work in chemistry, physics, botany, entomology, drawing and agriculture, added a daily hour of shop work or farm work to the curriculum and organized a domestic science course for women.

The new education was not popular at first. Strong opposition was encountered in Manhattan and all over the state, but Anderson and the board re-

mained firm. Thus the college became in fact what it had been in name.

From 1879 to 1897, that is, during the presidency of George T. Fairchild, no radical changes were made in the course of study, but the work was systema-tized and strengthened in many direc-The college became a model technical school of recognized standing and the pattern for many other agricultural schools. At the close of this period, the enrollment had increased to 734 and the faculty to 12 professors and twice that many assistants and instructors. The main building (Anderson hall) and the library building (Fairchild hall) had been completed. Experiments in seed and variety testing and feeding had been well started, and the farmers' institute had become a resular feature of the had become a regular feature of the college. Much valuable work was being done in scientific research in lines of crop production, entomology, horticul-ture and cattle feeding. It was a pe-riod of slow but constant and well-directed growth.

President Will's Time.

In the spring of 1897, a new board inaugurated many radical changes by lay-ing increased stress upon the study of financial, economic and social problems, and by organizing the curriculum into four professional courses—agriculture, mechanical engineering, domestic science and general science. President T. E. Will, who occupied the executive chair for two years, was a man of strong convictions, and his presidency marks the beginning of an era of broalening and diversification of the lines of instruction, a policy that has been adhered to from President Will's day.

In 1899, Prof. E. R. Nichols was elected president. During the decade that followed the institution experienced a period of uninterrupted growth that gained it recognition and influence, not only in Kansas, but in all parts of America. The college greatly increased its means of illustration, organized full courses in electrical engineering, veterinary science, civil engineering, architecture, horticulture and dairying, erected buildings of a substantial character and started to improve the magnificent ex-periment farm of 3,500 acres at Hays in Ellis county. It also established a poison laboratory for eradicating the prairie dog and the pocket gopher and a serum plant for preparing blackleg vaccine. Both of these were highly successful from the start. It has been estimated the start of the st killed by poison sent out by the college, ing from the profits of the machine.

While the blackleg epidemic that used to prevail all over the state have a sent out by the college. prevail all over the state has practically been eradicated. More than 4 million doses of the blackleg serum were distributed by the college plant in some

The Nichols - Era.

The Nichols period also witnessed a creased its efficiency through the fine agricultural ground was purchased Meanwhile the members get mos in 1904 and 1909, and by the addition of their own baling done without cost. 3,600 acres from the old Fort Hays reservation in Ellis county, given for this to keep the boys on the farm. It is purpose by the general government. The a money maker. The farmer who has a instructors and experts and is pushing the extension work into every township in the state.

The attendance of the college increased constantly. In 1900 it was 1,094, in 1905 it was 1,462 and in 1910 it was 2.365. During this decade the college creeted a new agricultural hall at a cost of about \$25,000, a physical science hall costing \$70,000, an auditorium costing \$40,000, a dairy hall costing \$15,000, a horticultural hall costing \$50,000, a veterinary science hall costing \$70,000, a

domestic science hall costing an equal amount, additions to the engineering building and shops costing about \$100,-000, and a new water system costing about \$13,000.

President Nichols resigned in 1909 and Dean H. J. Waters, of the Agricultural College of Missouri, was elected chief executive. The four years of his presidency has been a period of still greater growth. The number of students increased from 2,305 in 1910 to 2,523 in 1912, and the graduating class from 133 to 204. This year the enrollment has reached the 2,924 mark, and there probably will be more than 250 graduates. Yet, the growth has not simply been an increase in numbers. Several new fouryear courses and a well-attended summer school were organized, all the courses were strengthened, the college extension work was trebled, and the faculty has worked out complete plans for an increase of the entrance requirements to 15 points of high school work, and for the farther raising of the standard of the different courses. It has also organized three complete courses of vo-cational training covering three years each; namely, a course in agriculture, a course in shop work and a course in home economics.

During the presidency of Dr. Waters the college has built the beautiful \$125,-000 Nichols gymnasium, a substantial stock-judging pavilion, a wing of the new agricultural building that, when completed, will cost half a million dol-lars, the 'mechanical wing' of the engi-neering building, and several barns, with a large number of cheaper building im-provements here and at the Hays Ex-periment station. The equipment of nearly every department has been greatly increased, an extensive engineering laboratory has been provided, and a serum plant has been established that has successfully engaged in a state-wide combat with the destructive hog cholera.

The Kansas State Agricultural college is now a half century old. Some time before the close of the present year the alumni, ex-students, ex-members of the board and the faculty, and the thou-sands of patrons and friends all over the state will be invited to come to Manhattan to celebrate this eveut. It will be a red-letter day in the history of Kansas. The Kansas Industrialist should be pardoned when it expresses its con-viction that the institution has done its full duty and has repaid the efforts of its founders an "hundred fold," not only by teaching better methods of farming and engineering and thus increasing the wealth of the state, but also and chiefly by teaching better ways of living.

Hay Baling-A Big Growing Business.

Since the advent of the motor press the business of baling hay has grown leaps and bounds in all parts of

the hay producing country.

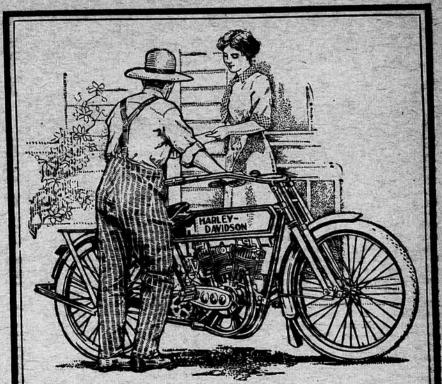
The modern press with its own motive power is not an expensive machine. And there's many a man who can afford to buy an outfit of this kind, or

ness making as much as \$18 to \$20 a day in the busy season. Some make \$8, \$10 and \$12, depending on conditions.
One thing is sure there's good money in it for the man who is industrious and willing to work.

In some localities a number of farm-The Nichols period also witnessed a rapid development of the work of the ers club together and buy an outfit for experiment station and the farmers' intheir own use. They find that the exstitute lepartment. The former intra jobs they are called upon to do for stitute afficiency through the purtheir neighbors who are not interested chase of more land adjoining the college financially in the machine, makes the farm on the north, where a section of outfit a self-supporting proposition. fine agricultural ground was purchased Meanwhile the members get most of

The hay press is now used as a means institute department was put in care of son can scarcely make a wiser invest-Supt. J. H. Miller, who at this writing ment than to buy that son a modern is being assisted by a faculty of a dozen motor press and put the boy in a business that will make him more interested and contented with farm life because he's making money. And a man is usually satisfied when the money is coming in whether it's on the farm or anywhere else.-Chester Macomber in Exchange.

> We like the Mail and Breeze very much and feel we cannot do without it as we are just beginning to farm for ourselves .- Mrs. Calvin Hawkins, Rocky



King of the Country Road and Why

HE cost of operating a motorcycle; to 1/3 cent per mile, combined with the fact that there is practically no upkeep cost makes it the ideal vehicle for use on the farm. Trips can be made to town, nearby lakes, or any place desired in a fraction of the time taken by team. Then too, the motorcycle never tires and stands always ready for use if desired when the day's toil is over. It does away entirely with the most objectionable feature of farm life, namely, the inability to "go" when the day's work is over and the teams are too tired for road work.

But in buying a motorcycle, be sure and get one that is comfortable; one with which you can ride on rough roads as well as smooth. The

is such a motorcycle. No motorcycle can do this unless the tension of the springs can be adjusted to just the right strength to carry the weight of the rider. No springs were ever built which, without adjustment, could properly carry all weights.

Consequently, in building the ordinary motorcycle, manufacturers depend upon the unadjustable leaf springs or coil springs to absorb the jolts, jars and vibration and it is necessary to build them with springs stiff enough to carry the heaviest rider without breaking.

Springs stiff enough to carry a 300 pound rider are little better than no springs at all for riders of light or medium weight.

This is not true of the Harley-Davidson. The adjustability of the springs in the Ful-Floteing seat (an exclusive and patented Harley-Davidson feature) makes it possible by the mere turning of a tension nut to adjust the strength of the springs, so that both the recoil and cushion springs are of just the proper strength.

This permits the weight of the rider to virtually float over bumps without jar, jolt or rebound, something impossible with unadjustable so-called comfort devices. The Harley-Davidson Ful-Floteing Seat will give you a degree of comfort which it is impossible to obtain with any unadjustable type of comfort device. This is but one of the many exclusive features which has made the Harley-Davidson so popular for country reads. popular for country roads.

Call upon the nearest Harley-Davidson dealer for demonstration rite for catalog to-day.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON MOTOR COMPANY

MILWAUKEE,





CROPS and FARM WORK

(Crop Reporting Service of Farmers Mail and Breeze.)

No more welcome rain has fallen this year than that which came the first days of the week-except for those farmers who were just ready to thresh or who had alfalfa down. Corn had not suffered as much as grass and pasture but a few more hot, dry days, the condition of the crop would have become precarious. The work of chinch bugs is beginning to show in the edges of unprotected fields adjoining wheat.

Some threshing has ben done in Kansas and most markets have issued quotations on new wheat. In the eastern counties bottom land wheat is turning out excellent yields. In Pottawatomie county W. H. Washburn reports yields of 45 bushels on bottom land fields and 15 to 30 on upland. Good reports also have come in from Shawnee, Franklin, and other nearby counties. In Harper county the average yield will range between 10 and 12 bushels. In Mitchell county the average reported to be contracted to be contra county the crop is reported to be con-siderably better than the average for recent years. Scott county will have no wheat to harvest and J. M. Helfrick says farmers out there are turning to milking cows and raising stock in place of trying to grow grain crops. In Sheridan county only 10 per cent of the wheat acreage will be harvested.

Wheat yields in Oklahoma are ranging from nothing to shout 30 hysbels.

ing from nothing to about 30 bushels. In Kingfisher county the crop is making 8 to 20 bushels, McIntosh county 9 to 14 bushels, Tillman county 18 bushels, Grant county 7 to 27 bushels. There has been sufficient rain in most parts of the state to plow or list stubble where the wheat has been taken off.

KANSAS.

Saline County—Wheat all cut and stack-ng well under way. Chinch bugs playing avoc with corn. Wheat at the mills 75 ents.—G. W. Holt, June 28.

Rush County—Dry and windy. Wheat harvest in progress. Hoppers doing some damage to corn and feed. Cream 23 cents, eggs 13, new potatoes \$1.60, old ones \$1.—J. F. Smith, June 28.

Smith, June 28.

Clay County—Wheat cut and most of it good, but oh! the chinch bugs. Every farmer expects them to clean up corn, sorghum, millet and Kafir. Potatoes hurt by bugs and drouth.—H. H. Wright, June 27.

Franklin County—Wheat all harvested. Upland fields greatly damaged by chinch bugs but most bottom wheat was extra good. Some good oats. Still very dry and chinch bugs are injuring corn.—H. O. Cain, June 28.

Coffey County—Hot and dry. Good local shower first of the week. Corn growing fine. Oat and wheat harvest in progress. Willi make fair crops. Chinch bugs doing lots of damage.—Mrs. A. H. Stewart, June 22.

Linn County—A 3½ inch rain June 21. Fine prospect for a bumper corn crop if favorable conditions continue. Tame hay short. Oats very light. Bottom wheat good. Bugs numerous in spots.—C. T. Baker, June 24.

Morton County—Dry and windy. Crops growing and in most parts still have sufficient moisture. Pasture poor in parts, Barley not looking favorable. Hoppers doing damage in places. Many were forced to replant the second time.—Mrs. M. McGee, June 28.

damage in places. Many were forced to replant the second time.—Mrs. M. McGee, June 28.

Mitchell County—Very hot, dry and windy and everything suffering for rain. Wheat harvest begun and this week will see the bulk of it in stack or shock. Wheat is a good crop. Oats very light. Corn rolls up during the day but looks fresh in morning.—J. H. DePoy, June 28.

Ford County—Dry, hot and windy. Farmers harvesting wheat, which is a light crop here. Only 2½ inches of rain since last spring. Corn growing but needs rain badly. Feed crops very late. Hoppers numerous. Wheat 87 cents, corn 53, eggs 13, cream 23.—John Zurbuchen, June 28.

Harvey County—Weather hot and windy. Wheat harvest finished and shock threshing well under way. The crop is making from 12 to 20 bushels and tests 56 to 61 pounds. Chinch bugs are killing a good deal of young corn. New wheat 75 cents, new potatoes 85, eggs 14.—H. W. Prouty, June 27.

Crawford County—Wheat threshing begun and crop proves very uneven. Bugs doing much damage to corn. Oat harvest about finished and crop is fair. Continued dry weather has the corn in critical condition. Local showers have relieved the situation in some localities.—H. F. Painter, June 28.

Sheridan County—Wheat harvest finished—not over 10 per cent of acreage will be cut. Barley cut short by dry weather. Fine rain June 23 came too late to help small grain. Corn never looked better, Immense acreage planted. Cream 24 cents, butter 24, eggs 13.—R. E. Patterson, June 24.

McPherson County—Wheat nearly all cut.

McPherson County—Wheat nearly all cut. Few farmers used binders. Oats short but headed fairly well. Corn small for the time of year but looks good where chinch bugs are not working. Pasture short and pretty well dried up but stock seems to do well. Abundance of grasshoppers. New wheat 75 cents, old 80, corn 51, oats 40, eggs 14.—M. D. Waldo, June 28.

Lyon County—Light shower June 24 helped grass and crops a little. Potatoes cut to half crop. Chinch bugs have destroyed strips of corn adjoining wheat fields. Most wheat cut and shocked. Cutting second crop of alfalfa. Pastures badly dried up. Stock doing fairly well.—E. R. Griffith, June 27.

up. Stock doing fairly well.—E. R. Griffith, June 27.

Wichita County—Dry and hot. Large acreage of corn, milo and cane planted but everything at a standstill on account of dry weather. Only a little barley to harvest. The hoppers will destroy everything if dry weather continues much longer. Potatoes \$1.60, butter 20 cents, eggs 14, butter fat 23.—J. E. White, June 27.

Shawnee County—Dry and hot. Things look well. Wheat all cut and threshing will commence first of week. Oats and alfalfa being cut. Corn doing well where bugs are not bothering it. Some wheat on the hills was not cut as the bugs took it. Good wheat in the bottom. Wheat 80 cents, corn 55, butter 25.—J. P. Ross, June 28.

Scott County—Corn growing well. Grasshoppers cutting it down in places. No rain to speak of since June 10. No wheat to harvest here. More interest in milking cows, selling cream and raising stock than trying to raise crops. Feed crops backward. Hay is good. Insects more plentiful than for years.—J. M. Helfrick, June 28.

Pottawatomie County—Still hot and dry. Potatoes suffering most. Corn stands

Pottawatomic County—Still hot and dry. Potatoes suffering most. Corn stands drouth fairly well. Wheat about all harvested. Threshers report ylelds of 45 bushels on bottom land and 15 to 30 on upland. Oats spotted. Grain made good growth up till June 15 but now turning brown. Alfalfa doing well.—W. H. Washburn, June 28.

Harper County—Windlest harvest in years. No rain yet. Very dry but corn holding out well. Katir small and bugs are taking parts of fields alongside of wheat. Oats about a failure in the county. Wheat will average about 10 or 12 bushels. Fasture drying up and water getting scarce. A good rain would be welcome.—H. E. Henderson, June 28.

OKLAHOMA.

McIntosh County—No rain for 38 days. Wheat making from 9 to 14 bushels, cats (Continued on Page 15.)

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES



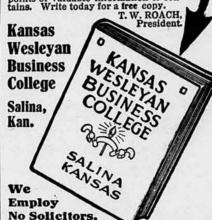
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A Puzzle For Mail and Breeze Boys and Girls

HE first four pictures, that you see here, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, illustrate THE first four pictures, that you see here, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, illustrate the names of metals; the second four, numbered 5, 6, 7, 8, illustrate the names of trees. How many do you know? A set of post cards will be awarded for each of the 10 best solutions received by Friday, July 11. To your solution attach your name and address, then mail to Earmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kam, Being sure to mark the lower lefthand corner "Puzzle Department." ENCLOSE NO OTHER BUSINESS WITH YOUR SOLUTION. Prizes are awarded not only for your skill in solving the puzzle but for neatness, originality, and not only for your skill in solving the puzzle but for neatness, originality, and general care taken in preparing the answers.



The Sports Puzzle in June 21 Mail and Breeze illustrated (1) croquet, (2) golf, (3) billiards, (4) tennis, (5) bowling. The prize winners are Harold Brown, R. 10, Lawrence, Kan.; Rosey Posey Corner, R. 2, Hutchinson, Kan.; Harold Warren, R. 2, Hutchinson, Kan.; Mildred Stevenson, R. 1, Anthony, Kan.; Ralph Allen, R. 1, Neodesha, Kan.; Myrtle Lewis, Wigwam, Colo.; George H. Doane, Canton, Kan.; Ina Ranney, Gate, Okla.; Ora Courtney, R. 1, Castleton, Kan.

Crops and Farm Work

(Continued from Page 14.)

12 to 28. Corn suffering more or less. Kafir still growing. Alfalfa light. Water getting scarce, Grass short.—H. S. Waters, June 28.

Harmon County—Local showers June 18, the first rain to amount to anything since April 26, Didn't get much in eastern part of county, Grasshoppers bad. Crops look fairly well. Some mile and cane planted since the rain.—I. E. Grant, June 20.

Tillman County—Nice rain June 22 but need another. Threshing on now. Wheat will average about 18 bushels per acre. Some fields made 26 bushels. Oats making from 10 to 20 bushels. Corn. Kafir, milo, cotton and all hay crops look fine. Wheat 78 cents, corn 50.—E. T. Austin, June 28.

78 cents, corn 50.—E. T. Austin, June 28.

Kingfisher County—Wheat nearly all cut
and is threshing out 8 to 20 bushels of 53
to 58-pound wheat. Oats very poor—hardly
worth cutting. Corn never looked better
but needs rain. Early corn is in tassel.
Cotton and Kafir good. Some complaint of
chinch bugs but no widespread damage so
far.—H. A. Reynolds, June 28.

Grant County—Local showers wet ground
enough to list stubble and keep cultivated
crops growing. Alfalfa not doing much

good. Threshing machines busy. Wheat making from 7 to 27 bushels. Tests from 48 pounds up. Hoppers and bugs destroying large acreage of Kafir. Wheat 65 cents and up.—F.E. Craighead, June 28.

Tulsa County—No rain for six weeks. Pastures dry. Stock losing in weight. Meadows 50 per cent short. Corn on strong land is not much damaged yet but on thin land will not make much. Kafir, cowpeas and cane are all right yet, also cotton. No late potatoes. Gardens practically gone. Oats and wheat in shock and will make fair yield.—W. H. Booth, June 27.

Shorten the Road to Market

(Continued from Page 3.)

of the state association because it costs \$10 a year for the local elevator to join the state association. A co-operative association which cannot see more than \$10 worth of benefit a year in co-opera-tion for an entire community of farmers needs fixing somewhere.

But notwithstanding these inherent difficulties the co-operative movement is daily justifying itself and saving millions yearly to the farmers of the grain belt. Just how fast it will grow de-pends on such men as read this little story and determine they will not voluntarily class themselves with the narrow obstructionists.

It will pay you to have your elevator company join our state association. The bankers all are in their state association. Likewise the grain dealers, the lumbermen, the merchants, the barbers and the bootblacks. When we farmers get hep to the value of organized effort we will cut some ice every month in the year.

Farmers Saving the Calves

The receipts of calves at the Kansas City stockyards during the spring show that legislation prohibiting the killing of calves is unnecessary. During the of calves is unnecessary. During the month of May, 1913, as reported in the Stockyards Nugget, the number of calves received was 3,757, as against 6,823 during May, 1912, or a decrease of nearly one-half. Cattle receipts were larger than a year ago by 6,797. This indicates farmers are holding their calves on the farms. Of course there is a reason for this. With ranchers and farmers contracting their unborn calves at ers contracting their unborn calves at \$25 to \$30 a head, they find it more profitable to keep their beef breeds than to sell to the killers. Aside from this retail butchers report a lessening demand, partly due to the general demand for cheaper meats. Veal is a high priced

I like the Mail and Breeze fine. It is one of the best farm papers in the United States.—Nathan Johnson, Fuson, Mo.

Write Quick & Cut Out Shoveling in Hot Harvest!

EVERY blessed farmer who buys his Sandwich Elevator before harvest gets double work out of it! This summer, it will store his small grain—then crib his corn next fall. You, too, can get double value—you, too, can cut out the sense-less slavery of shoveling load after load till you drop. "The Sandwich Farm Elevator is the best investment I ever made in hard labor-saving machinery,"



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FOLKS Mabel E. Graves

We want this department to be of practical use to the women who read Farmers Mail and Breeze. If you have any favorite recipe, any helpful hint, whether it concerns the family, the kitchen, the children, the house; or if you have anything to say which would be of interest to another woman, send it to the Home Department editor. Prizes for the three best suggestions received each week will be, respectively, a set of triple-plated tearners in the heautiful Narcisans design, a year's subscription to the triple-plated teaspoons in the beautiful Narcissus design, a year's subscription to the Household magazine, and a year's subscription to the Poultry Culture magazine.

A. E. S., of Vinita, Okla., says, "I wish some of your readers would send in some pretty quilt patterns." What do you say?

When canning beans let me suggest, after your jars are sealed dip the tops in melted paraffine.—Mrs. W. W. Hampton, Goshen, Ky.

It is cheering to know that in this year of our Lord, 1913, there are 32 states where local option laws are in force and nine which enforce absolute prohibition. There are only six states where liquor is sold under the old time license plan. And still there's more to

"There have to be about so many kids die every Fourth of July," was the philosophical remark of a small boy who died a few days ago as the result of the premature explosion of a toy pistol bought for the Fourth. I hope there haven't been any bad accidents in our big Mail and Breeze family.

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A pretty washable pillow cover may be made of large checked gingham. Work



the squares with silk floss or with thread, beginning near the center of each white square, and working the design in feather stitch. Or the dark squares may be worked with

white. My pillow is dark blue and white, the dark squares worked with white linen thread and the ruffle around pillow is

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The Crystal

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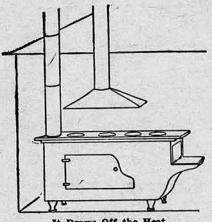
finished with linen edging. It is a very durable cover, easily laundered, and "just the thing" where there are children around or where the pillow is to go out on the porch or on the grass.

Mrs. C. M. Moser.

Dallas Center, Ia.

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My brother has invented a kitchen ventilator, which may be made and installed in any kitchen for a couple of dollars. It consists simply of a galvanized iron or tin pipe, cone-shaped at the lower end, and extending through the roof. The cone at lower end is 14 inches correct and is placed at a convenient across, and is placed at a convenient



It Draws Off the Heat.

height above the stove. The top of the pipe should be protected by a chimney hood, and in the winter it may be closed with a flue stopper. But for at least five months of the year this ventilator five months of the year this ventilator is more than a convenience, it is a veritable blessing to the woman who must cook over the stove. The air passing through the pipe creates a draft which draws away the heat, smoke, steam and odors as if by magic, leaving the kitchen a pleasant place even in August.

Mrs. F. Pierson.

University Place, Neb.

The Sweethearts of Yesterday.

A former Lincoln county woman, Mrs. Bessie A. Stanley, who is now in Kansas City, a few days ago wrote a letter to the Kansas City Star which is a classic -a letter of such unusual beauty of thought and diction that the Star paid it the highest of all newspaper compli-ments, top-of-column on the front page. Mrs. Stanley wrote in reply to an editorial lament for the vanished "old-fashioned" sweethearts of a generation ago.

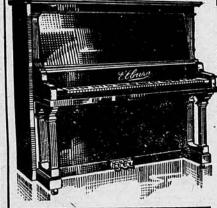
"And Mary, bless her, over tub and iron, bearing a heat June roses could not bear nor youth's illusions stand—to me the stream that wreathes her heated face has higher beauty than her wedding veil, and those moist drops upon her brow have meaning deeper than the orange bloom; for veil and wedding wreath mark a venture upon the untried seas of sentiment, with sails of vanity spread to the breeze of povelty; but her coronet speaks loudly of endurance, Love that

stands life's hardest test. These are the brides of yesterday, sweethearts today though commonplace and married; and as for Bill and Frank their faces and laugh with our neighbor and married; and as for bin and trains their faces and laugh with our heighbor, and John—I'm waiting supper for the when his little child runs to greet him "man who comes tired." He may be late, and he lifts it up to greet the mother but that is our hour together and we'll at the window. "Commonplace married wait for him. When he comes there are people"—oh, well! younger feet than mine that will reach The June lad went by, the June girl him first younger arms than mine that on his arm. He was smoking, and her him first, younger arms than mine that will be round him unashamed of neighbor eyes, but within the door the look his eyes have for me is best. We can sit together then and watch the others go by—the carpenter with his tools, the doctor with his case, the plasterer with his whitened shoes, the huskster with his is the best paper published for western wagon, the man in the auto—and we farming interests. Can't do without it. think we see the home light shining in —W. H. Fulton, Bridgeport, Okla.

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Topeka, Kansas

on his arm. He was smoking, and her narrow skirt was split above a flaming undergarment. I sighed, but the man who comes home tired said, "Never mind, dear, they'll learn."

I certainly think the Mail and Breeze



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TWENTY or more yearling steers for sale. Address S. H. Miller, Guymon, Okla. REGISTERED Shropshire rams, Duroc boars, cheap. Arthur Bennett, Topeks, Kan.

TWO registered Holstein bulls, serviceable ages, choice ones, priced right. F. J. Searle, Oskaloosa, Kan.

FOR SALE—10 extra fine, Dec., Poland China boars. Herd headers. Otis Warren-burg, Centralia, Kan.

REGISTERED Tamworth pigs, immuned from cholera, two months old, \$10.50. Howard Pendleton, Yukon, Okla. SOME choice Jersey bulls that must be sold quick. Two nearly ready for service. Chester Thomas, Waterville, Kan.

FOR SALE—A four-year-old imported black Percheron stallion, A bargain and guaranteed, T. H. Smyth, Beloit, Kan.

HAMPSHIRE Male pigs, Nicely belted and registered. Express prepaid to any point in Kansas, \$10.00. R. C. Krueger, Burlington, Kan.

TRANSFER and storage business for sale in good town. Address N, care of Mail and Breeze.

FOR SALE—Avery 20-35 gas tractor and 5 bottom selflit plow practically new. Wolfe Bros., Lewis, Kan.

THREE GREAT PIANOS — Steinway, Steck, Vose. Write for prices. Jenkins Music Co., Kansas City, Mo.

THE Rocky Mountain Hog Cholera Preventative never known to fail. Address Fred Westervelt, Briggsdale, Colo.

FOR SALE—Blacksmith shop tools and material; for further information address D. L. Thompson, Burns, Kan., Marion Co.

20 H. P. International gasoline plow out-fit, slightly used; easy terms; would con-sider first mtg. on land. Box 14, Winona

ALFALFA—Samples and prices of native grown, non-irrigated "Acorn Brand" alfalfa seed. Ross Brothers Seed House, 301 E. Douglas, Wichita, Kan.

SINCE I have no use for it, I offer for sale one "Little Giant" wagon dump and grain elevator. New, never been used, at a sacrifice. Frank Weeks, Assaria, Kan.

FOR SALE—A cash grocery in a western Kansas town of 1,700. Send your name and learn how you can get all the information you want before investing any money. Address Owner, care Mail and Breeze.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A GOOD threshing outfit to trade for land. Also some nice irrigated land in the Laramie valley, Wyoming, to trade for land in western Kansas. W. J. Trousdale, New-

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Home in central Kansas town on Santa Fe. House 8 rooms, brick bungalow, cost \$6,000 3 years ago, strictly modern. Good clean low-cost town to live in. Electric light and water. Will trade for good farm land. Address C, care Mail and Breeze.

FOR EXCHANGE—A fine irrigated farm in southern Col. Ample water, old ditch, fully paid up. Well located new improvements, in artesian belt, produces immense crops, never fails, a splendid stock country, a delightful climate, will stand the closest investigation. Want income, Kan or Mo. land. R. G. McCoy, owner, Formoso, Kan.

FARMS WANTED.

FARMS WANTED. We have direct buyers. Don't pay commissions. Write describing property, naming lowest price. We help buyers locate desirable property free. American Investment Association, 28 Palace Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

LANDS

45 ACRES, improved, four miles out, \$4,700. W. R. Axtell, 1352 Mulvane, Topeka.

QUICK SALES, exchanges. Large property list. Write John L. Maurer, Omaha, Neb.

FARMS in any state, for sale at a bargain. W. Broadus, Box 77, Leavenworth, Kan.

SEND for map and illustrated description of anderson county and free list of farms. Bronston & Sons, Garnett, Kan.

SECURE 166 acres of valuable government land near Los Angeles. Particulars free Thos. Wilcox, 1338 Hope St., Los Angeles, Cal.

SELL YOUR PROPERTY quickly for cash No matter where located. Particulars free Real Estate Salesman Co., Dept. 5, Lincoln

IF YOU are looking for a bargain in north Missouri farms, between Chillicothe and Brookfield, write John Billington, Mead-ville, Mo.

DELAWARE, the diamond state. New booklet; unusual opportunities; ideal homes. Fruit, or diversified farming. State Board of Agriculture, Dover, Del.

FOR SALE—Great bargain, 160 acres Labette Co., 6 miles from Cherryvale, well improved, 50 acres alfaira land, \$30, terms. W. S. Hannum, Cherryvale, Kan.

TEXAS STATE LANDS—\$1.50 to \$5.00 acre; one-fortieth down, balance forty years; information and Texas map free. Journal Pub. Co., Houston, Texas.

PAWNEE VALLEY STOCK FARM: Double Standard Polled a.d horned Herefords. 100 bulls, singly or car load lots. Write your wants, Wal ce Libbey, Larned, Kan.

16 ACRES, house, barn, large stream water, good well, two producing oil wells. Fine for market garden. Partly fenced. One mile Peru. Mrs. Emma McCoy, 716 W. 10th St., Coffeyville, Kan.

300 ACRE farm, joins city limits; 100 alfalfa, 100 acres wheat, balance timothy and clover and pasture; large 5-room dwelling, large barn, bins, crips, never falling water. Terms, address owner, Lock Box 496, Altoona, Kan.

PATENTED state school lands, McMullen county, Texas. Fine climate, fertile soil. \$15.00 per acre. Only \$1.00 per acre cash, balance 10 yearly payments. F. A. Connable, trustee, 516 Commercial Bank Bidg., Houston, Texas.

ADVERTISE YOUR PROPERTY in Kansas Weekly Capital for quick and sure results. 200,000 circulation guaranteed—among best farmers in Kansas. Advertising rate only 5c a word. Address Kansas Weekly Capital, Adv. Dept., Topeka, Kan.

FOR SALE—40 acres in the Ozark fruit belt of northwest Ark. 4 miles from Fayetteville, 1½ miles to R. R. station; fair improvements; 10 acres strawberries, 1 acre blackberries; fine springs; 20 acres ¼ mile from above; 40 acres new land, 2-room house; both tracts a bargain for \$1,800. For particulars and terms address C. W. Adams, Route 2, Fayetteville, Ark.

Route 2, Fayetteville, Ark.

TEXAS LAND on 15 years' time. Farms in 20, 40, 80 and 160-acre tracts, north of Houston, in the famous southeast Texas Coast Country, at \$30 to \$35 an acre, selling on terms of \$1.50 an acre cash and balance in payments running fifteen years. Possession at once. Railroad through land; store, post-office and station. Fertile soll—produces money-making staple crops of corn, cotton, potatoes, peanuts, cane, as well as truck and fruit crops that net \$100 to \$300 an acre. Mild climate; two crops a year; splendid hog and cattle country; pure water, ample rainfall, no irrigation needed; good markets. Greatest opportunity ever offered the renter, young man, those who want more land, and investors, to get a real farmnot a truck patch. Sale just opened. Write today for free maps, plats and illustrated literature. C. L. Peirce, owner, 251 First National Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas.

TOBACCO STEMS.

TOBACCO STEMS. \$2.00 per case of 100 lbs. or over. Good for sheep-dip and exterminating lice on chickens and insects on all vegetation. C. S. Eagle, 710 Jackson St., Topeka, Kan.

SEEDS AND NURSERIES.

WHIPPOORWILL cowpeas recleaned and good seed \$2.25 per bu. Herman Ruppel, inola, Okla.

NICE Whippoorwill cow peas \$2.75 bushel, sacked; freight paid in 5 or 10 bushel lots. Now's the time to plant. Brooks Wholesale Co., Ft. Scott, Kan.

FOR SALE—Red' clover, timothy, and blue grass farms, good terms, rich soil. Write for list. Tannehill Brothers, Garden City, Mo., Cass Co.

SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMEN WANTED in every county. Liberal terms; cash weekly. Outfit free. Write for terms. Fayetteville Nurseries, Dept. 2, Fayetteville, Arkansas.

SALESMEN—To sell high grade guaranteed groceries at wholesale direct to farmers, ranchmen and all consumers. Earn \$4 to \$10 and up per day. A big chance to get into business for yourself. Save the buyers the retailer's profit. Every customer is a permanent one. Demand constantly increasing. Latest plan. F. M. Hitchcock-Hill Co., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED.

CAN USE a few old experienced salesmen for Oklahoma and Kansas to act as special representatives in good territory. Write Circulation Manager, Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

AGENTS, special representatives. Good money for live energetic salesman to sell the Turner Tubular Gasoline or Locust torch to farmers and ranch owners. Recommended by the Kansas State Agricultural college. Address: The Turner Brass Works, Sycamore, Illinois.

HELP WANTED.

U. S. GOVERNMENT POSITIONS open to men and women. \$55 to \$100 month commence. Vacations. Steady work. Over 12,000 appointments this year. Parcel post requires several thousand. Influence unnecessary. Write immediately for free list of positions. Franklin Institute, Dep't P 53, Rochester, N. Y.

MALE HELP WANTED.

CITY MAIL CARRIERS—Postal clerks—wanted. Commence \$65.00 month. Apply Franklin Institute, Dep't P 53, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED. Reliable men to sell nursery stock. Outfit free. Liberal terms. Pay weekly. Experience unnecessary. Chanute Nurseries, Chanute, Kan.

WANTED—Postal clerk-carriers, postmas-ters, railway mail clerks, rural carriers, in-ternal revenue clerks. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 38, St. Louis.

SALESMEN wanted in Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri and Arkansas. Work full or part time, as you prefer. Pay weekly. Outfit free. The Lawrence Nurseries, Lawrence,

4TH CLASS POSTMASTER positions now open to everyone. Examinations everywhere may be called any time. Write for full description. Franklin Institute, Dep't R 51, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUR opportunity to learn salesmanship quickly. We want ten more good men to act as special representatives in the best territory in Oklahoma and Kansas. Will pay extraordinarily liberal commissions to start. Send one bank reference with application. Address, Circulation Manager, Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED.
Splendid income assured right man to act as
our representative after learning our business thoroughly by mail. Former experience
unnecessary. All we require is honesty,
ability, ambition and willingness to learn
a lucrative business. No soliciting or traveling. All or spare time only. This is an exceptional opportunity for a man in your section to get into a big paying business without capital and become independent for life.
Write at once for full particulars. National
Co-Operative Realty Company, L 157 Marden
Building, Washington, D. C.

WANTED.

WANTED chicks and ducklings any size or quantity, highest prices paid on fancy stock. State what you have. Shelton & Co., Denver.

WANTED—A stock ranch or dairy farm, fully equipped, on shares or salary by a graduate of the Kansas Agricultural college who is an experienced farmer. Address J. S., care Mail and Breeze.

WRITE us for prices on oil and greases. Complete line; lowest prices; immediate shipments. The Neosho Valley Oil Co., Chanute, Kan.

AUTO SUPPLIES.

40% TO 15% saved on tires. Printed guarantee for 2,500 miles with every tire. Generally run 3,000 to 6,000 miles. Every tire re-made by hand, free from imperfections and blemishes of all kinds. Our prices, 28x3, \$6.87; 30x3, \$7.35; 30x3½, \$10.46; 32x3½, \$10.96; 34x4, \$14.90. All sizes. All makes. Write for free catalogue and price list. Give size used. Peerless Tire Co., 1588(C) Broadway, New York.

PATENTS.

SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET, All About Patents and Their Cost. Shepherd & Camp-bell, Patent Attorneys, 500 C Victor Bldg., Washington, D. C.

IDEAS WANTED — Manufacturers are writing for patents procured through me. 3 books with list 200 inventions wanted sent free. Advice free. I get patent or no fee. R. B. Owen, 34 Owen Bidg., Washington, D. C.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES.

BUY kodaks and all supplies direct from B. Paine Co., Fort Scott, Kan., and save noney. Twenty-eight years in this business. money. Twent

DOGS.

SCOTCH COLLIES. Western Home Kennels, St. John, Kan.

MISCELLANEOUS.

E. R. BOYNTON HAY CO., Kansas City, o. Receivers and shippers. Try us.

MISSOURI AUCTION SCHOOL, largest in world. Own largest living mule. 1404 Grand, Kansas City.

PLACES found for students to earn board and room. Dougherty's Business College, Topeka, Kan.

SOMETHING NEW. A dandruff remedy that makes good. Write for information. Leader Supply Co., Box 723, Dep. 5, Poplar Bluff, Mo.

THE ANDERSON LOADER, loads manure, cornstalks, stackbottoms, dirt, gravel, sand; no hand work. Write Anderson Mfg. Co., Osage City, Kan.

YOU GET A GOVERNMENT JOB. "Pull" unnecessary. Thousands of appointments coming. List of positions free. Franklin Institute, Dep't P 53, Rochester, N.

HAVE YOU a little money to invest in a glit-edge proposition that conforms to all the requirements of the Kansas Blue Sky Law; \$10 cash and \$5 per month? Write "Investor," 627 Quincy St., Topeka, Kan.

POULTRY MAGAZINE—Big 40 to 80 page illustrated magazine of practical, common sense chicken talk. Tells how to get most in pleasure and profit from poultry raising. 4 months on trial only 10c. Poultry Culture, 904 Jackson, Topeka, Kan.

MEETING OF KANSAS GRAIN GRADING COMMISSION.

Notice is hereby given that under the provisions of Chapter 222 the board of grain grading commission will meet at the office of the Governor in Topeka, on the 29th day of July, 1913, and establish the grades of grain to be known as Kansas grades; to be in effect on and after the first day of August, 1913.

J. G. MAXWELL

J. G. MAXWELL, THOMAS PAGE, A. T. RODGERS, Secretary, Grain Grading Commission.

Into Farm Profits First

New "Office of Markets" Begins Work

It is announced officially at Washington that the newly established Office and demand useful to farmers or truck of Markets, in the department of agriculture, is about to begin its work.

Other specialists will study co-operative department of the state of the stat What happens to produce from the time it leaves the producer until it reaches the consumer, is one of the first phases A specialist on marketing perishable produce will investigate prices received by producers, cost of shipping and storage, change of ownership, accumulated charges, profits and other elements. This specialist will determine the feasibility of a market news service dealing with perishable products, also the best co-operative stores, etc. They will give special attention to communities that deal in special products, and will assist the co-operative accounting will assist these organizations to work out a good system of bookkeeping, to establish cost systems, and follow-up methods of handling goods shipped. of marketing that will be investigated.

tive organizations of producers and consumers, including co-operative marketing associations of farmers and buyers, co-operative stores, etc. They will give special attention to communities that

Men who have had as much railroad

formation for the sucessful organization and operation of oil mills by co-operating producers. Also he will endeavor to find new uses for cottonseed and its manufactured products.

Specialists familiar with the marketing of cotton in Texas, Arkansas, Oklaseed cotton.

Let the Boy Try His Hand

shipping experience as division freight agents will assist producers in obtaining proper freight rates, routing and the speedy and cheap moving of produce to centers of wholesale and retail demand.

Special attention is to be given to the milling, marketing and utilization of cottonseed. A specialist will gather information for the successful organization away from the farm, by some old relative or family friend interfering with his business and leading the old folks to believe that he was going wrong. Though he may not tell you so, in words, the young fellow has come home with the intention of making the old farm the best place on earth. Such a young man homa and other cotton states, will devote their attenion to improving trade him a few kind words, keep your mouth in cotton and devising improved methods of handling and selling cotton and itiative. Give him a show to work out

BIG BARGAINS IN REAL ESTAT

Dealers whose ads appear in this paper are thoroughly reliable and bargains worthy of consideration.

Special Notice

All advertising copy, discontinuance orders and change of copy intended for the Real Estate Department must reach this office by 10 o'clock Saturday morning, one week in advance of publication to be effective in that issue. All forms in this department of the paper close at that time and it is impossible to make any changes in the pages after they are electrotyped.

WRITE J. M. McCown, Emporia, Kansas special bargain list, farms and ranches.

FOR SALE—Imp. % sec. stock farm. Also wheat quarter. J. H. King, Cawker City, Kan-

320 A., finest stock and grain farm east-ern Kan. Watkins Company, Quenemo, Kan.

MORTON COUNTY—Write for new list of snaps and information regarding this coun-try. Luther & Co., Rolla, Kan.

FOR EXCHANGE—900 a. fine land, Wharton Co. Tex. Want Cen. or E. Kan. land. Write for in-formation. Walter Hanson, Sabetha, Kan.

320 ACRES Franklin Co., Kansas. 1 mile town, new house and barn, good location. \$60 a. A. E. Clark & Son, Pomona, Kan.

GET on the new R. R., where land only sells for \$10 to \$15 per a.; best land in state; fine water. Life Real Estate Co., Hugoton, Ks. 120 A, 5 ml. out, fine impr.; 75 a. in cult, bal. timber and pasture. \$56 per a. 4 a. 1. ml. out, well impr.; \$1,600. Both clear. No trade. J. A. Decker, Valley Falls, Kan.

160 A. 2 miles town, ½ mile school; 7 room house, large barn, 100 a. bottom; 40 a. alfaifa; fine orchard, fine improvements, nice home. Price \$65 per acre. GILE & BONSALL, South Haven, Sumner Co., Kan.

160 A. 5½ ml. Meade. Good 4 r. house, cellar, cave, stable, sheds, chicken house, 1,500 bu. granary, well, windmill, orchard, small fruit, ¼ ml. school. Snap \$4,000. No enc. Terms. A. H. Borton, owner, Meade, Kan.

CLARK CO., KAN. 806 a. 7 mi. south of Bloom, 12 of Minneola; 40 broken and planted 1913. About 200 ns and grazing; inexhaustible springs; fenced 415,000. Terms. Owner, Robt. C. Mayse. Ashland, Kan.

360 A, in Franklir. Co., 2 miles from rail-way; 6 room house; barn; other buildings; ½ cult.; bal. meadow and pasture. \$40 acre. Porter Land Co., Ottawa, Kansas.

ARK. land 444 a. sandy loam adjoining town of Washington; large house, 4 tenant houses, fine timber, plenty water, 80 a. Bermuda grass, \$25 a. Terms. Write for list. Horton & Co., Hope, Ark.

240 ACRE farm southeastern Kansas, 3½ mi. of town. Two sets of imp., fine location, good water, shade trees; one set of imp. are first class, no better. Price soon \$65. Will carry \$5,000 to \$6,000 at 6%.
Fred L. Kent, Uniontown, Bourbon Co., Kan.

COME TO MARION, KAN., the ideal home town. Can sell you a choice plot 150x250 ft., with two-story frame house, eight rooms (one unfinished) modern improvements, except bath tub; good barn, on corner, paved street, fine old shade, handy to high school; price \$3.000. Terms. Here is merit for a home or for investment.

BOX 117, Marlon, Kan.

FOR SALE BY OWNER.

16 quarters, adjoins German settlement
Minneola. Small payt., bal. 8 years 6%.
Write at once. Box 317, Minneola, Kan.

COFFEY COUNTY, EASTERN KANSAS. Good homes and investments. Corn, tame grass and ranch lands, \$30 to \$60 per a. List free. LANE & KENT, Burlington, Kan.

FOR SALE.

320 acres level wheat land \$9.00 per acre.
Carry % on land. Also many other good
bargains in corn, wheat and alfalfa lands.
L. E. PENDLETON, Dodge City, Kan.

L. E. PENDLETON, Dodge City, Kam.

ALONG THE NEW RAILROAD.

IN THE SHALLOW-WATER COUNTRY
Large and small tracts, improved and unimproved ranches, on easy terms, in Haskell, Grant, Stanton, Stevens and Morton counties, Kansas; Texas county, Colahoma; and Baca county, Colorado.; ALONG THE NEW RAILROAD NOW being built by the Santa Fe from Dodge City to Colmor, N. M. GET MY PRICES AND TERMS. FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS — INEXHAUSTIBLE UNDERFLOW. Agents wanted.

DON VAN WORMER,
Rolla, Kansas.

MUST SELL.

Rolla, Kansas.

MUST SELL.

162 acres in Franklin Co., Kansas, % mile of town, 80 a creek bottom, 40 acres in blue grass, 10 acres clover, 7 room house, barn and other outbuildings. 8 acres timber, 118 acres in cultivation, price \$62 per acre; \$2.000 down, remainder long time at 6% interest.

125 acres 3 ml. of town located in Franklin Co., Kansas. All tillable, 5 room house, barn 30x40, other good outbuildings; 2 never falling wells, price \$70 per acre. Small payment down, remainder at 6% interest.

80 acres located in Franklin Co., 1 mile of Ottawa, Kansas. All tillable, 65 acres in cultivation, price \$90 per a. Rental \$8 per a. Write for land list.

MANSFIELD LAND CO., Ottawa, Kan.

ALFALFA FARMS Write for list of farms and ranches near the best college CATTLE RANCHES town in the state.

For Land Bargains

on new railroad in Gray County, write C. A. LIVINGSTON LAND COMPANY, Montezuma, Kanasa. "Special List to Dealers."

Ranch For Sale or Lease

640 acres, 7 miles from county seat town, on new Santa Fe railroad. All fenced and 160 acres in cultivation. Good well. Will sell for \$10.00 per acre or will lease to right party. Address Box 704, care Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

AGENTS WANTED, to sell Neosho Valley orn and alfalfa lands. \$40.00 to \$66.00 per G. W. Clark Land Co., Chetopa, Kan. BARGAIN: 80 a. imp. 4 miles out. \$3,800 Send for land list. F. C. LIBBY, Blue Mound Linn Co., Kansas. J. L. Wilson, Salesman

\$55 PER A. buys 320 a. 5 mi. Wakefield. Well imp., fine water. 185 a. cult., 70 a. fine creek bottom. 5 a. timber, 110 prairie, some alfalfa. J. C. Weaver, Wakefield, Kan.

AT \$11.00 PER ACRE. 12,000 a. ranch in Meade Co., Kan. 1,000 in cult., over 50% tillable, plenty water and grass, only 2 mi. from town. Terms on part; will divide nicely into smaller farms.

Pralle Bros. Realty Co., Bremen, Kan.

I HAVE the finest grain, stock, and alfalfa farms in Summer county, from \$45 and up, per acre. Well improved. Good water. Fruit and vegetables. Write me what you want. Information free. I also make exchanges, Write H. H. Stewart, Wellington, Kan.

FARMS FOR THE POOR.

Imp. E. Kan., Neb., and Mo., EASY PAYMENTS, or exch. Also Topeka homes. Kaw
Valley Exchange, 104 E. 6th, Topeka, Kan.

COMANCHE COUNTY BARGAIN,
480 a. improved, 9 miles from Coldwater.
173 a. fine growing wheat, all goes, for quick
sale, price \$27.00 per a. Terms if desired.
C. A. HEATON, Larned, Kansas.

MONEY-MAKERS AND GOOD HOMES. Lands in Oklahoma, Texas and Kansas for sale, no exchanges. City property and stocks of mose. to exchange. List free, JABEZ F. BRADSHAW, Lenexa, Kan.

ALFALFA AND WHEAT LANDS
at \$20 up. Grass lands \$10 up. Crops are
good; prices are rapidly advancing—NOW'S
the time to buy. List free. A few exchanges
considered—they must be gilt edge.
WILLIAMS & PICKENS, Meade, Kan.

STOCK RANCH IN CHASE CO., KANSAS. 1,824 acres, 4 miles from railroad; 150 acres cultivation, some alfalfa; balance finest bluestem; fine springs and stream; improved; price \$5,000. Terms; no trades. Other farms and ranches.

J. E. BOCOOK, Cottonwood Falls, Kan.

LINN COUNTY FARMS.

Biggest bargains in Kansas. Corn, wheat, timothy, clover, bluegrass land \$15-\$80. Coal, wood, gas, abundance good water. Fruit, everything that goes to make life pleasant. Large fillustrated folder free. EBY-CADY REALTY CO., Pleasanton, Kan.

HAY FARM FOR SALE.

160 acres of land 3 miles from Colony,
Anderson Co., Kansas. 100 acres in native
meadow, 15 acres pasture, 45 cult., improved
with house and barn, good water. The hay
alone has been making \$500 per year. Am
offering this at the low price of \$40 per
acre as I have other interests and cannot see
to it. For sale only. Address
J. F. RESSEL, Owner, Colony, Kansas.

HOMESEEKERS attention. A party is going to California for health; will sell his farm at a big sacrifice, only a small payment down. Kysar Realty Co., Goodland, Kan.

SOME BARGAINS. I am going to change my location and I have three farms to sell, and must sell regardless of price. Write for price and terms. J. D. Reneau, La Cygne, Ks.

320 A. good land in Stevens Co., Kan., 6 r. house, stable, well and mill; fenced; 100 a. cult.; ideal stock or dairy farm; carry \$1,250 if desired. John A. Firmin, Hugoton, Kan.

SEDGWICK COUNTY FARM BARGAINS.
80 a. farm near R. R. town, good 6 room
house, large new barn, orchard, fine water,
good land, only \$4,500.00. Terms, one-third
crop. 145 acre farm, good house, 2 barns,
best land, \$58 per a. Terms to suit. 21 a.
bottom farm, good house, barn, 12 a. alfalfa,
in suburbs of Wichita, \$6,500. 220 a. bottom farm—an alfalfa proposition; soft water, 15 feet any place on farm. \$50.00 per a.
Terms to suit. Call or write
H. E. OSBURN,
227 E. Douglas Ave., Wichita, Kan.

FOR SALE, FINE DAIRY FARM

160 a. highly imp. half mi. county seat
town 4,000 pop. Only milk route. Fully
equipped. 40 a. alfalfa. Creek. Big money
maker. Write for details.

V. A. OSBURN, Eldorado, Kansas.

Good Quality at Low Cost 235 acres near Garnett, Kansas, most blue-stem meadow, low price. 60 acres, well im-proved, 3 mi. of town, subject to one year lease. 160 acres, ½ mi. of town, well im-proved. SPOHN BROS., Garnett, Kan.

LOUISIANA

DON'T be a renter; we sell finest improved corn land in North Louisiana on 15 years' time. Write HUGO JACOBSON, Salina, Kansas, immigration agent.

We offer some bargains in Louisiana lands near Shreveport. Write for free map of state. W. A. Jones, Shreveport, La.

FLORIDA

FOR SALE BY OWNER: Four very desirable improved pieces of property in Alachna county, Fla. 90, 20, 30 and 30 acre tracts on large lake. Not to be classed with the ordinary Florida lands being offered for sale. Terms to suit customers.

T. S. McManus, Waldo, Fla.

NEW YORK

WE HAVE all kinds of farms for all kinds of people. Bargains coming every day. Write for catalog. Hall's Farm Agency, Owego, Tioga county, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

EXCHANGES—all kinds—free list. Foster Bros., Independence, Kan. TRADES everywhere. Get our large list. Burrow's R. E. Ex., Warm Springs, Ark.

\$16,000 GENERAL merchandise, never changed hands; for good Kansas land.
A. W. BREMEYER & CO., McPherson, Kan.

WANTED GOOD FARMS in exchange for first class Kansas City income property. List your farm. O. F. Hunter, Independence, Kan.

FOR SALE—Choice wheat, corn, and alfalfa lands, in Clark, Ford, and Meade Cos. Write for list, trades.
NATE NEAL, Real Estate, Minneola, Kan.

FARMS, stocks, and city property for sale or trade. What have you to offer? Bigham & Ochiltree, 802 Corby-Forsee Bidg., St. Joseph, Mo.

GIVE ME full description of any really good property you wish to trade. I am in a position to do business. John D. Jones, Plains, Kan.

RANCH, 1,880 acres, modern improve-ments, 300 acres alfalfa land, Trego Co., Kansas. \$25 acre, want smaller farm. Buxton, Utica, Ness Co., Kansas.

WILL TRADE 320 a. impr. farm in Trego Co., price \$30 per a., inc. \$2,600, for a farm in eastern Kansas or good business. Make offer quick. This is a good place. W. A. Doerschlag, Ransom, Kansas.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. Good wheat and alfalfa land in Ford and adjoining counties. Nothing but tangible propositions considered. Give full description in first letter. Prices \$15 to \$40 per a. Ranches for colonizing. G. L. Painter & Co., Dodge City, Kan.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE.
Washington Co. improved farms at \$50 to
\$180 a. Write F. E. Beeson, Washington, Ks.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

20 acres, well improved, in good location, near Emporia. Lot and 2 story stone store building on main street of Emporia, rented. Will trade either or both properties for suitable, well improved, larger farm. Send full description and cash value of your farm to

E. R. GRIFFITH, R. R. 5, Emporia, Kansas,

GROCERIES for land or land for made. F. Gass, Joplin, Mo.

TWO FINE quarters on new R. R. east Gray Co., for clean genl. mdse. or good hotel. Box 81, Dodge City, Kan.

NEW TOPEKA RESIDENCE to trade for good residence in good town in north central Kansas, by traveling man making that territory. Address Box 711, care Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,

Modern equipped real estate, loan and insurance company, excellent business and territory, established 25 years, \$1,000,000 inso no books. Profit last year \$1,300. Want real estate. For complete description on this money maker write Rayfield Realty Co.,

Horton, Kan.

Buy or Trade with us—Exchange book free Bersie Agency, Eldorado, Ks

160 Acres of land to Holsteins H. N. HOLDEMAN, Meade, Kan.

Far Sale or Trade by Owner

640 a. 6 mi. of Ingalls, Gray Co., Kansas; 170 a. in cult., 320 a. fenced; well, house, and barn. \$17.50 per a. Terms \$6,206 cash, bal. time at 6% int. or trade for small place as part payment. Address JAMES PIZINGER, Hoisington, Kan.

For Sale or Trade

A fine valley farm of 160 acres, six miles from Fredonia, on county road. All smooth land, good soil, free from stone. House, barn and orchard. Price \$9,600. Mortgage \$2,250. Will exchange equity for merchandise or for good rental property.

C. A. LONG, Fredonia, Kansas.

For Sale or Trade

I want to sell an \$8,000 stock of general merchandise and \$5,000 stock of lumber. Stock in good shape and located in the best part of northern Okla. This business has made the present owner wealthy and he wishes to retire. Will take in trade a good farm in Harper, Sumner or Sedgwick Co., Kan., at a fair price. Refer to any wholesale house in Anthony or Wichita, Kan. Address owner, H. S. DAVIS, Amorita, Okla.

YOUNG FARMER'S CHANCE

To trade a farm for a well established business in a thriving little town in West Central Kansas. Real estate and insurance, notary public, srain elevator, residence and office. Postoffice in building with a chance at it. Stock of John Deere and I. H. Co. implements, total about \$7,000. Address "P," care of Mail and Breeze, Topeka.

MISSOURI

WRITE Morris & Walker for list of south Missouri farms. Mountain View, Mo.

HOMESEEKERS farm list. Southwestern Land & Immi. Co., Springfield, Mo.

200 A. valley farm, impr. \$20 acre. Maps, views free. Arthur, Mountain View, Mo.

80° ACRES practically all tillable, 4 miles from Amsterdam, Mo. 60 miles south of K. C. Well watered and fenced. No rock. Price \$52 per acre. J. D. Sage, Amsterdam, Mo.

VALLEY FARMS, \$25 to \$50; unimproved lands, \$6 to \$20; orchard and berry farms, \$40 up; water and climate unexcelled. Literature and free list. ANDERSON REAL ESTATE CO., Anderson, Mo.

SOUTHEASTERN MISSOURI LANDS—If you want to become independent, buy a farm in Scott Co., Mo., in the rich drained lands that raise anything and raise it certain. All we ask is a chance—to "Show you." Prices very reasonable. Write F. S. Bice, Oran, Mo.

ONE of Howell Co., Mo., good farms. 279
a.: 170 cult., 9 room house, good cellar.
Large barn, other buildings. Orchard, fine
water. 3 mi. railroad town, 6 mi. county
seat, West Plains, on R. F. D and phone line.
§ mi. school. \$40 a. No trade. A. P. COTTRELL LAND CO., Pomona, Howell Co., Mo.

A SNAP FOR THE CASH.

200 acres, 160 fenced, 120 cultivation. 24 miles to postoffice, 1 mi. to school, 10 to county seat. Good house and barn; everlasting spring, fruit; price \$4,000. Will give terms. KIRWAN & LAIRD, West Plains, Mo.

CASS COUNTY, MISSOURI,
If you ever expect to buy a farm, come to Cass Co. at once for you can save at least \$10 per a. by coming before fall rush. Exceptional bargains in farms, all sizes, only a short time. Make specialty of farms priced right. CHAS. BIRD, Harrisonville, Mo.

OZARK LANDS FOR SALE.

40 a., all fenced with woven wire, 36 a. in cultivation, bal. pasture, new 5 room house, large barn and other outbuildings, fine water, ½ ml. school; mortgage \$500 due 4 yrs. at 5 ½%. Price \$1,400. List free.

JAS. B. WEBB, West Plains, Mo.

FAMOUS BLUEGRASS LANDS.

160 a. 2 mi. King City, 31 mi. St. Joseph, well improved, all under plow, plenty of water and practically all hog tight fencing, splendid state of cultivation, \$125 per a, clear. 80 a. 2 ml. out, well improved, all under plow, \$135 per a. 240 acres, well improved, 1 mi. out, every foot tillable, ideal home, plenty of water and beautiful location, \$140 per a. Very best farms in the famous bluegrass belt of Missouri. No trade. W.L.BOWMAN REALTY CO., King City, Mo.

POLK COUNTY FARMS For Sale or Exchange Ideal climate, pure water,fine pastures,short feeding season,productive soil, prices and terms to suit. HARRY T. WEST REALTY CO., Bellvar, Me

Ozark Unimproved Farm Bargain

150 acres of good unimproved farming land,
near Van Buren, county seat of Carter Co.
Fine pasture land, good for dairy, fruit and
in fact you can raise almost anything you
can raise in the North. Located in the
Ozarks of Missouri. Makes the climate the
very best. Excellent water. Price \$10 per
acre. For full particulars write

JOHN M. CARNAHAN, Van Buren, Mo.
(County Recorder Carter Co.)

COLORADO

WILL SELL you eastern Colo. alfalfa farms, Irrigated \$65 to \$150; non-irrigated \$5 to \$35. Trades considered. Demaray & Paschall, Holly, Colo.

320 HOMESTEADS 320 I now have a few 320 acre homesteads relinquishments at from \$200 to \$1,000, perfectly level, every acre tillable, no better soil, fine water, good schools, in good neighborhoods. They will not last long. If you want a home write me now.

R. T. CLINE, Towner, Colo.

NEW MEXICO

FOR SALE—Improved and unimproved farms. Also city properties, cheap. Good investments. Jas. J. Hall, Tucumcari, N. M.

CHEAPEST, best irrigated lands in the world \$25.00 to \$40.00 per acre. For information address Dan Vinson, Portales, N. M.

FIRST MORTGAGE LAND NOTES. \$36,000 first mortgage five year land otes, interest 9%, payable annually; these notes, interest \$%, payable annually; these notes are in denominations of \$300.00 to \$800.00. Each note secured by 160 acres of choice land. Reference 1st Nat'l Bank.

GOE HOWARD, Portales, New Mexico.

VIRGINIA

CHEAP CATTLE

For sale—Well improved 200 acre Blue Grass stock farm in Virginia with established cattle buying business—no competition—4 mile to R. R.—close to market—modern home. Splendid money makes. \$10,000.00; \$5,000.00 cash. Address
BOX 223, Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.

CANADA

MARKET PROBABILITIES

OKLAHOMA

N. E. OKLA. prairie farms. Easy payments. Write J. T. Ragan, Vinita, Okia. FOR RENT. 500 acres first class bottom land joining Chickasha, Oklahoma. Level, no rock or stumps. Price \$4 per acre cash in advance. This farm is for sale also.

Golden Gate Trust Co., Chickasha, Okla.

60 A., 2 miles McAlester, city 15,000, 32 a. cultivation, mostly bottom; 8 a. meadow; bal. pasture; fair improvements, splendid soil. Good neighborhood, \$33 per a. Terms. 800 a., rough pasture, \$3.00 per a.

Southern Realty Co., McAlester, Okla.

Southern Realty Co., McAlester, Okla.

BEST alfalfa farm in Oklahoma. 90 a.
growing alfalfa, 25 a. wheat, 25 a. oats; 3
ml. hog tight fence; one-half mile to \$50,000
federal building. The greatest bargain ever
offered. One-half mile to this city.
C. W. Smith, Kingfisher, Oklahoma.

EASY PAYMENTS; no hot winds; no commissions; no failures; corn, cotton, alfalfa,
timber and grazing lands, in coal, oil and
gas belt; over one hundred tracts to select
from, to sell on easy yearly payments. Send
ten cents for particulars.
Joseph F. Locke, Oklahoma City, Okla.

OKLAHOMA ALFALFA, COTTON WHEAT lands. 160, small improvements, 120 in cultivation. \$3,200. 320, mostly alfalfa land, \$12,000. 180, fair improvements, 140 alfalfa land, \$8,500. 320 stock farm \$4,000. Write for full information.. R. L. Knie, Cordell, Ok.

TEXAS

BRAZOS bottom farm, 320 acres, 110 cult.; 2 houses, very fine soil. \$45 per-acre, ½ cash, balance easy. Winston McMahon, 317 Beatty Bldg. Houston, Tex.

CORN, cotton, potatoes and rice are making our farmers good money. Prices from \$25 an acre up. A few special bargains. Fidelity Immigration Co., Eagle Lake, Tex.

THE BEST cheap land proposition in the United States today. Wheat yielding from twenty to forty bushels per acre, all other crops equally good. Write us for particulars J. N. JOHNSON LAND CO., Dalhart. Tex.

BARGAINS IN GULF COAST LANDS.
FACTS about the Mid-Gulf-Coast Country
of Texas. Production, climate, rainfall, soil,
markets, water. Large or small tracts.
Write at once for free booklet and price
lists. Reference given.
John Richey & Co., Binz Bldg., Houston, Tex.

ARKANSAS

80 A. impr. valley farm; on Ry. 35 cultivation. \$15 a. Robert Sessions, Winthrop, Ark 891 A. alfalfa and cotton land; some improved, tracts to suit. \$75 per a. New list free. Pope Co. R. E. Co., Russellville, Ark.

ARKANSAS lands for fruit and general farming, \$10 an acre and up. Also some cheaper land. Write for free list and literature. H. C. Towson, DeQueen, Ark.

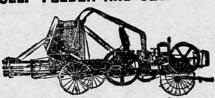
160 ACRES one mile from Oliver, Ry. town; church, school; partly improved; good tim-ber. In Scott county, Arkansas. Price \$3 per acre, cash. Box 308, Heavener, Okla.

17,000 ACRES, no rocks, hills or swamps. Any size farms Grant Co. \$1.50 per a. down, bal. 20 yrs. at 6%. Employment. TETER & Co., Op. Union Depot, Little Rock, Ark.

BARGAIN, Well improved 160 near Raven-den Springs, Ark. All new buildings, good land, large orchard. Quick sale, don't miss this. Burrows, Warm Springs, Ark.

WRITE US HABOUT Your

SELF FEEDER AND SELF-TYER



The Tuttle combined power hay press saves you MONEY. New side self-feed and the self-tyer does it. 2 men can run it. 3 men is a full crew. Fully guaranteed for 12 months, SELF-TYER AND ALL.

TUTTLE HAY PRESS CO.,

Sample Suit FREE Will you represent us in your town if we send you a sample suit, tailor made to your own measure? Your choice of hundreds of styles and meterials. Six months ahead of everybody else. Classiest, nobbiest, clothes in the country.

Make \$60,00 a Week

on don'trisk a penny. No capital r experience necessary. We pay for everything. You rake in the coin by telling your friends where you got your suit.

Vilte Today Your name and address though Get your name in now. Get the big new yle book with samples of materials absolutely FREE, obligations. Get your name in quick.

le Tailoring Co., Dept. 456Y Reliable Bldg., Chicago

(Written Specially for Farmers Mail and Breeze,)

Monday the cattle market showed a sagging tendency. Liberal receipts of Southern cattle in Kansas City gave the market for plain kinds a drop of 10 to 20 cents, and elsewhere prices were weak to 10 cents lower. Stock and feeding grades were firm. Parts of Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri reported good showers over Sunday with prospects for more.

There is no denying the weather. Temperatures up to 100 degrees and more in the Central West, showers good to heavy, but of local character, and considerable grass drying up were the developments of last week. The country is in need of a general rain to relieve anxiety and put conditions on a mid-summer basis. All season average rainfall has been below normal and reserve moisture is about exhausted. The heat is excellent for the corn, but has brought the added pest of flies to livestock. The country now is at a place where good to heavy rains would put grass and corn into excellent trim for July's heat. Kansas and Missouri grass is seriously in need of rain in some spots, and grass elsewhere though not suffering would welcome moisture. The general feeling of uneasiness has exaggerated conditions many fold but no acute stage will be reached for another week. Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Oklahoma and the Southwest have had showers of ¼ to 3 inches, but they varied from small areas to 150 miles in radius. Such spottedness causes a similar variation in crop conditions, and is bound to have more or less effect on the general trade at markets.

Showers Relieved Feeder Pressure.

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Showers Relieved Feeder Pressure.

St. Louis and Kansas City districts reported good showers the middle of last week. This relieved the pressure that was brought to light in the trade in thin cattle late last week. Prices for such cattle this week were quoted up 50 to 75 cents or practically a full recovery of the slump of the preceding week. Now it is a gamble as to whether the market can hold that advance. Good rains will mean an excellant demand, but continued dry hot weather will turn the market to a much lower basis. The buyer who can guess on the weather will be the one who can buy right. An Illinois feeder this week bought some high grade black steers at \$8.65. They weighed 1,200 pounds, and cost 5 cents more than packers bid. The bulk of the thin steers sold at \$7 to \$7.65, but were of the plainer kinds. Some Arkansas stockers brought \$5 and good heavy western feeders \$7.50 to \$8. While prices are higher the market is nervous, and liable to take another dip down within the next 10 days.

Prime Beeves to Go Higher.

Prime Beeves to Go Higher.

Strictly thick fleshed heifers are on the up grade. This past week made little net change in prevailing quotations and prices fluctuated 10 to 15 cents, closing firm. The principal bull factor w: 3 that killers are getting a good turn on heavy hides, and at the same time prime steers are getting scarce. These two factors are bound to create a broader demand. Heavy steers this week in the prime class made \$8.75 to \$9 or nearly up to the season's top. On the other land the half fat and fairly good beeves were quoted off 10 to 15 cents. Such cattle had to meet the competition of liberal receipts of short fed grassers in Ft. Worth, Kansas City and St. Louis, the kind that brought \$6.25 to \$7.25. Some common grassers sold at \$5.25. The tendency in the market from now on will be a lowering of prices for the plain kinds and an improvement of the prime kinds. It vould not be out of a seasonable range for July prices to show a spread of \$4 to \$4.50. "Caked" grassers from the Southwest have been marketed closely. A good many steers fed grain on grass are in sight for July, and wintered western steers will move in August.

Hope to Lower Butcher Cattle.

Beyour Own Boss

Don't let anybody else boss you around and tell you what to do. Be your own boss. Make from \$8.00 to \$10.00 a day and do just any you please. You can do it. Two hours a day is enough.

Hope to Lower Butcher Cattle.

Except choice dry lot helfers and mixed cattle, few of which are yet in the country, killers are preparing to raid butcher cattle prices. However they have made similar attempts in the past few months, and falled. At this time conditions favor a movement of lower priced steers and cheap cow stuff, both of which will increase the supply materially. Grass fat and falled. At this time conditions favor a movement of lower priced steers and cheap cow stuff, both of which will increase the supply materially. Grass fat will be the prevailing type in July and on a normal summer basis both cows and helfers should sell 50 cents to \$1 lower than at present. Cows are selling at \$3.85 to \$7.35, and helfers \$5 to \$8.75, mixed grades as high as \$8.85. No large supply of "canners" is in sight for the summer, unless dry weather forces them on the market. Veal calves were up 50 to 75 cents last week, and bulls are selling at steady prices. Veals are quoted at \$6 to \$10.

Narrow Movement in Hog Prices.

Hog prices were up 5 to 10 cents the first of the week, owing to moderate receipts. Chicago reported \$8.85 top, St. Louis \$8.95, Kansas City and St. Joseph \$8.70

and May. The high prices were just about up to the high levels of the month and the low point considerably above the low levels for the month. The last week in June showed the highest average prices of any week in the month, as did the last week in May. The last week in May and June compared show that last week's prices were the highest by 10 to 15 cents. Many traders believe that the narrow price movement in the past week indicates that the market is gaining strength. However the weather is always a factor and should the growing corn start to deteriorating on account of adverse conditions the July movement will be heavy. It will include a good many rough hogs and pigs. With favorable conditions for corn July will be a month of light receipts of hogs. Provisions are high and packers are buying all kinds that can be made into product. No adverse reports are coming on the health of young hogs.

Sheep Market Still Unsettled.

Sheep Market Still Unsettled.

The sheep market is in an unsettled condition. The price movement this week was up except on Friday when packers put the market on the stretcher by taking off 15 to 25 cents. However the net advance for the week was about 25 to 40 cents. Spring lambs sold at \$8 to \$8.50 at the high point, and Friday the same kind were marketed at \$7.75 to \$8.25. Chicago reported sales up to \$8.50. The market is unsettled because another period is at hand. Southern spring lambs have been marketed closely and the feed lots have yielded their last consignments. The movement from the range is at hand. Chicago and Omaha have received grass sheep, and a few bunches other than Texans have been received in Kansas to City. The season now opening is the one wherein both countrymen and packers will take what is left. The scope of country demand is fully as important as the packer demand. Sheep will be in active demand for country use in proportion to the status of the crops three weeks to a month from now.

The Movement of Livestock.

The Movement of Livestock.

The following table shows receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the five western markets last week, the previous week

| and a year ago: | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|--|
| Cattle | Hogs | Sheep | |
| Kansas City 27,150 | 49,400 | 29,400 | |
| Chicago 40,200 | 142,000 | 68,000 | |
| Omaha 12,250 | 64,500 | 6,400 | |
| St. Louis 21,450 | 52,000 | 35,000 | |
| St. Joseph 5,350 | 41,900 | 6,100 | |
| Total106,400 | 349,800 | 144,900 | |
| Preceding week128,690 | 338,800 | 182,700 | |
| Year ago124,600 | 339,500 | 181,600 | |
| my called to toble ab | OWE POOR | inte of | |

The following table shows receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep in St. Louis thus far this year, compared with the same period in 1912:

| 1913 | 1912 | Inc. | Dec. |
|---------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| attle 410,745 | | 34,508 | 22.111 |
| logs1,312,571 | 1,340,980 | | 28,409 |
| heep 415,641 | 448,791 | | 33,150 |
| I. & M 75,220 | 87,669 | | 12,449 |
| ars 35,018 | 34,071 | 947 | |
| | | | nta of |

The following table shows receipts of livestock in St. Joseph thus far this year compared with the same period in 1912:

| | 1913 | 1912 | Inc. | Dec. |
|-----------|-----------|----------------------|--------|---------|
| Cattle | | 213,927 | | 11,674 |
| Hogs | 000 4 7 4 | 1,121,781 | | 235,627 |
| Sheep | 396,254 | 346,790 | 49,464 | |
| TT O. M | 17 125 | 22,869 | | 5,734 |
| Cono | 22.610 | 25.488 | | 2,867 |
| The follo | wing tal | de snows | tne r | eceibra |
| of nattle | has sand | sheep in | Kansa | as City |
| thus far | this year | and sar | ne per | riod in |
| 1912: | | 200 Carlotter (1990) | | |
| 1312. | 1010 | 1010 | Inc | Dec |

44,155 52,421 52,421 52,421

The following table shows a comparison in prices on best offerings of live-stock at Kansas City and Chicago for this date and one year ago: Cattle 1913 1912 1913 1912 Chicago. \$9.00 \$9.60 \$8.85 \$7.65 Kan. City \$5.50 9.55 \$7.2 7.65

Horses Sell Fairly Well.

The past week was characterized with better than a seasonable demand for horses. All the markets reported and sold a few hundred head each, which is beyond the average late June dealings. Some mules were sent to southern states, and the principal inquiry was for all purpose work horses. Prices were considered firm. Demand will be quiet through July and early August, though a good fall trade is expected.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Elgin, June 30.—Butter this week is firm at 26 ½ cents.

Kansas City, June 30.—Prices this week on produce are:

Eggs.—Firsts, new white wood cases included, 17c a doz.; seconds, 13c.

Eugs.—Firsts, new white wood cases included, 17c a doz.; seconds, 13c.

Live Poultry.

Elgin, June 30.—Butter this week is firm at 26 ½ cents.

Live June 30.—Prices this week is firm at 26 ½ cents.

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Weather Boosts Grain Prices.

Some new wheat is moving but cash prices are firm with futures higher than a week ago. Reports coming from harvest fields are mixed, though they indicate that the crop will be below estimates of 10 days ago. The northwest situation is critical as rains are needed hadly and \$3.70, and Omaha \$3.60.

Last week hog prices fluctuated 15 to the wheat crop there has deteriorated to 20 cents, compared with a 25 to 30 cent a marked degree in the past two weeks.

movement in preceding weeks in June Corn prices are higher. Weather is the

sustaining influence. Farmers are not selling their corn, holding it until the growing crop assumes a more definite growth. Practically no corn is selling below 60 cents, and the feeling in the speculative market is that higher prices are in store. Oats are in active demand at firm prices.

The following comparison shows prices on best grades of wheat, corn and oats at Kansas City and Chicago for this date and one year ago:

Wheat Corn Oats

Wheat 1913 1912 1913 1913 1912 Chicago.... 96c \$1.16 63 79 42% 52% Kan. City... 91c 1.15 60% 79 41 54%

Hay in Active Demand.

Demand for hay was more active this past week than for some time past. Prices for prairie were advanced \$1 to \$1.50 a ton early in the week and later most of the gain was lost. Alfalfa was quoted higher, and tame hay held steady. Dry weather in some sections tended to reduce the movement. Under present weather conditions the hay crop this year will be much smaller than last year.

Kansas City Hay Ouotations.

| Transas orej and, 4. | and the second s |
|------------------------|--|
| Prairie, choice | \$11.50@12.00 |
| Prairie, No. 1 | 9.50@11.00 |
| Prairie, No. 2 | 7.50@ 9.00 |
| Prairie, No. 3 | |
| Timothy, choice | 12.50@13.00 |
| Timothy, No. 1 | 11.50@12.00 |
| Timothy, No. 2 | 9.50@11.00 |
| Clover mixed, choice | 12.00@12.50 |
| Clover mixed, No. 1 | 10.50@11.50 |
| Clover mixed, No. 2 | 8.50@10.00 |
| Clover, choice | 10.00@10.50 |
| Clover, No. 1 | 8.50@ 9.50 |
| New alfalfa, fancy | 14.00@14.50 |
| New alfalfa, choice | 13.00@13.50 |
| New alfalfa, No. 1 | |
| New alfalfa,, standard | 10.00@11.00 |
| New alfalfa, No. 2 | 8.75@9.75 |
| Straw | 4.00@4.50 |
| Packing | |

Little Trade in Broomcorn.

Demand for broomcorn continues small and rather indifferent. Broom makers are not in the least worried about the growing crop and they seem confident that prices this fall will be no higher than at present. Their purchases now are only for immediate use. General rains would improve the crop outlook materially. Prices are unchanged with choice, green, selfworking cane quoted at \$80 to \$90 a ton; fair to good \$45 to \$75, common to fair \$25 to \$40.

Unusual Cattle Movement.

Unusual Cattle Movement.

Two weeks ago five trainloads of cattle were reported as having been sent from Denver to Pacific coast points for slaughter. Last week Denver turned around and bought a trainload on the Kansas City market. This movement is rather new in beef circles, but it shows that the period of short supplies of fat cattle is at hand. For several years past the coast has been making inroads on the available rupply of cattle in the mountain pastures that formerly went to eastern markets. At the same time new western markets sprung up, and the entire tendency is to find an outlet for supplies without long hauls east. It now looks as though the East is going to have to produce more cattle, or meet increased western competition plus the big freight charge on a long haul.

Range Feeders Begin Moving

Range Feeders Begin Moving.

Range Feeders Begin Moving.

W. A. Snyder of Denver, Colo., bought 20,000 yearlings and wethers at \$4.75 and \$3.75 in the Gallup, New Mexico, district for feeding at Wiley, Colo. Fulkerson of Lamar bought 18,000 yearlings at \$4.75 to be fed at Lamar. These are the first important transactions of the season and mark the beginning of the season's trade in feeders. Prices are a little lower than last year, as crop risk is still a big factor in transactions. One other condition that will hold trading up is the fact that corn belt feeders did not come out of last winter's operations in good shape. On the other hand the high price of feeding cattle will force many to buy sheep this fall.

Flies Worry Livestock.

Within the past week many sections of the Central West have complained of files, more so than usual. The season through has varied from chinch bugs to files, but the latter are the only insects that have bothered cattle. There seems to be no definite way to eliminate them. Brush, water and other temporary arrangements seem to have falled. Cattle seem to be the most afflicted. Government experts could well spend some time on the fly situation without aviating.

(Quotations on Best Stock.)

Butter Eggs Hens
1913 1912 1913 1913 1913 1913
Chicago... 27 25 18 17 1/2 14 13 1/2
Kan. City.. 27 24 1/2 17 18 13 12



WHAT BREEDERS ARE DOING

FRANK HOWARD. Manager Livestock Department.

Claim dates for public sales will be published free when such sales are to be advertised in the Farmers Mail and Breeze. Otherwise they will be charged for at regular rates.

Poland China Hogs.

12—H. Fesenmeyer, Clarinda, Ia. 13—John B. Lawson, Clarinda, Ia. 13—J. W. Pfander & Sons, Clarinda,

Ia.

Sept. 6—Jas. T. Ellis, Adrian, Mo.
Sept. 6—J. C. Stalter, Jasper, Mo.
Sept. 17—L. R. McClarnon, Braddyville, Ia.
Oct. 1-D. C. Lonergan, Florence, Neb.
Oct. 10—Dietrich & Spaulding, Richmond,

Oct. 10—Dietrich & Spattiding, Richmond, Kan.
Oct. 21—H. B. Waiter, Effingham, Kan.
Oct. 15—R. B. Davis, Hiawatha, Kan.
Oct. 16—J. M. Nesbitt, Aledo, Ill.
Oct. 17—Thos. F. Walker & Son, Alexandria,
Neb., at Fairbury, Neb.
Oct. 18—Lambert Brow, Smith Center, Kan.
Oct. 20—Roy Johnston, South Mound, Kan.
Oct. 22—H. C. Graner, Lancaster, Kan.
Oct. 23—Deming Ranch, Oswego, Kan.
Oct. 23—U. S. Byrne, Saxton, Mo.
Oct. 25—J. H. Hamilton & Son, Guide Rock,
Neb.

Oct. 23—Deming Ranch, Oswego, Kan.
Oct. 23—U. S. Byrne, Saxton, Mo.
Oct. 25—J. H. Hamilton & Son, Guide Rock,
Neb.
Oct. 25—J. W. Leeper, Norton, Kan.
Oct. 28—W. R. Webb, Bendena, Kan.
Oct. 28—We Hemmy, Hill City, Kan.
Oct. 29—Walter Hildwein, Fairview, Kan.
Oct. 30—Harry Wales, Peculiar, Mo.
Oct. 30—Harry Wales, Peculiar, Mo.
Oct. 30—Merton Williams, Valley Falls, Ks.
Nov. 1—John Belcher, Raymore, Mo.
Nov. 5—R. B. Davis, Hiawatha, Kan.
Nov. 6—W. E. Epley, Diller, Neb.
Nov. 7—U. S. Byrne, Saxton, Mo.
Nov. 8—John Naiman, Alexandria, Neb., at
Hebron, Neb.
Feb. 8—J. H. Hamilton & Son, Guide Rock,
Neb.

Neb.
Feb. 10—H. B. Walter, Effingham, Kan
Feb. 12—Thos. F. Walker & Son, Alexandria,
Neb., at Fairbury, Neb.
Feb. 13—J. E. Wills, Prairie View, Kan.
Feb. 13—W. E. Epley, Orinoque, Kan.
Feb. 14—J. F. Foley, Orinoque, Kan.
Feb. 18—J. H. Harter, Westmoreland,
Feb. 18—J. H. Griffiths, Riley, Kan.
Feb. 24—M. T. Shields, Lebanon, Kan.
Feb. 27—W. A. Davidson, Simpson, Kan.

Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

Duroc-Jersey Hogs.

Oct. 17—Moser & Fitzwater, Goff, Kan.
Oct. 30—A. T. Cross, Guide Rock, Neb.
Oct. 31—A. M. Rinehart & Bon, Smith
Center, Kan.
Nov. 1—N. B. Price, Mankato, Kan.
Nov. 5—W. E. Monasmith, Formoso, Kan.
Nov. 7—Leon Carter, Asherville, Kan.
Jan. 23—J. J. Hartman, Elmo, Kan.
Jan. 28—W. E. Monasmith, Formoso, Kan.
Jan. 30—Geo. P. Philippi, Lebanon, Kan.
Jan. 30—Geo. P. Philippi, Lebanon, Kan.
Jan. 31—A. M. Rinehart & Son, Smith Center, Kan.
Feb. 4—Moser & Fitzwater, Goff, Kan.
Feb. 5—Samuelson —ros., Cleburne, Kan.
Feb. 8—Leon Carter, Asherville, Kan.
Feb. 7—E. G. Munsell, Herington, Kan.
Feb. 9.—E. A. Trump, Formoso, Kan.
Feb. 10—Agricultural College, Manhattan,
Kan.

Feb. 2.—E. A. Irum, Folinso, Manhatt Kan. Feb. 11.—Thompson Bros., Garrison, Kan. Feb. 20.—John Emigh, Formoso, Kan. Feb. 21.—Dana D. Shuck, Burr Oak, Kan. Feb. 25.—A. T. Cross, Guide Rock, Neb.

O. I. C. Hogs. Feb. 18—H. L. Bode, Friend, Neb. Feb. 19—Chas. H. Murray, Friend, Neb.

Hampshire Hogs. Nov. 4-H. D. DeKalb, DeKalb, Ia. Shorthorn Cattle.

Oct. 14-C. J. McMasters, Altona, III. Aberdeen Angus Cattle.

Oct. 22-W. F. Eckles, Green City, Mo.

Hereford Cattle. Dec. 30-31—Mousel Bros., Cambridge, Neb. Feb. 12-13—Nebraska Hereford Breeders' association, at Grand Island, Neb.

The Springdale Stock Ranch, Con-

splendid herd of Holstein cattle a herd bull purchased from B. W. Perkins, Mr. Ayr, Ia.

A. R. Enos, Ramona, Kan., has the big type, fancy Poland China bred glits that are sure to please you. They are by A wonder's Equal, by A wonder and aut of sows by Knox All Hadley, by Big Hadley. These glits are big, growthy yearlings, bred to orphan Chief, for August and September litters. He also has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to orphan Chief, for August and September litters. He also has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to orphan Chief, for August and September litters. He also has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to orphan Chief, for August and September litters. He also has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to orphan Chief, for August and September litters. He also has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to breed for fall litters without hurting their growth. The writer can think of no ther breeder in southwest Kansas or Oklahoma who has a better lot of bred glits that are for sale. They are too young to breed for fall litters without hurting their growth. The writer can think of no ther breeder in southwest Kansas or Oklahoma who has a few fancy open glits that are for sale. They are too young to predict the property of the predering the property of the breeders as the junior member of the firm of Herman Gronniger & Sons of Bendena. While his father did most of the breeders as the junior member of the traveling and the buying at public sales, it was John's judgment in the management of the herd at home, and in the correspondence and here. management of the herd at home, and in the correspondence and business end of the business, that did much for the business, that did much for the success of the herd. John has severed his advertising contract in this paper. Mr.

4

tages of the organization. If you live

Bancroft does not make public sales but sells everything on mail order. Since June last he has received over 300 inquiries and sold over 100 head on mail order. This week he is shipping to Hugo, Colo., seven fine fall gilts. He sold his last fall boar last week but has a few more fall gilts for sale, bred or open. His 75 spring pigs are of March farrow, mostly, and are for sale at reasonable prices. They are a well pigs and as good or better than anything he ever raised. Write, mentioning this paper.

O. I. C. Pairs and Trios.

F. C. Gookin, of Russell, Kan., is a well known breeder of O. I. C. hogs, who is making a big success of the holds who is

A. B. Hunter, S. W. Kansas and Oklahoma, 1124 So. Market St., Wichita, Kans.

John W. Johnson, 820 Lincoln St., Topeka, Kan., N. W. Kansas and S. Nebraska.

C. H. Walker, N. E. Kansas, N. Missouri, 8632 Flora Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

Geo. W. Berry, N. Nebraska and W. Iowa, Capper Bidg., Topeka, Kans.

Harry W. Graham, E. Iowa and Illinois, Chillicothe, Mo.

Ed R. Dorsey, S. E. Kansas and S. Missouri, Girard, Kans.

PUREBRED STOCK SALES.

Claim dates for public sales will be published free when such sales are to be advertised in the Farmers Mail and Breeze, Otherwise they will be charged for at regular rates.

organization is seeing those who could not attend and enrolling them as members. Other meetings are to be held in the near future to discuss matters of interest to breeders and stockmen. Breeders in adjoining counties are welcome to membership and are entitled to all advantages of the organization. If you live

Gamber's Big Type Polands.

tages of the organization. If you live in an adjoining county, and were unable to attend the last meeting send in your dollar and become a member at once. Address Secretary I. W. Kyle, Mankato, Kan.

Jewell City has been holding a good horse show every year. This season it will be likely to have a better show

season but his card will be found in Farmers Mail and Breeze, in which he is offering the tops of his crop of pigs at private sale and at prices that will be found very reasonable, considering the high quality of the offering. A yearling that sired some of the spring pigs is a son of Johnny Dot, by On the Dot, by On and On. The dam of this young fellow was Big Beauty, by Glirl's Beauty, by Glasco Chief. A number of sows will be bred to him for fall farrow. Mr. Nowles bought in the H. B. Walter sale at Effingham, Kan., and has two fine litters by Long King. He also bought a good sow in the Kyle sale at Mankato, Kan., last winter and she has a fine litter. Mr. Nowles is ready to price you a boar and glits not related or a few sows bred for fall farrow. Write him for prices and descriptions and mention his advertisement in Farmers Mail and Breeze. Look up his advertisement in this issue.

Farmers Mail and Breeze Pays Advertisers.

Farmers Mail and Breeze, Topeka, Kan.
Gentlemen—Please change my ad in
Farmers Mail and Breeze. Have sold
the house advertised and am pleased
with the service so far. Yours very truly,
WALTER H. HANSON,
Real Estate Broker.
Sabetha, Kan., April 19, 1913.

Farmers Mail and Breeze, Tcpeka, Kan.
Gentlemen—I am enclosing my check
for \$24.00 to pay for my jack advertisement in Farmers Mail and Breeze. The
ad brought me many letters from Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma, also one
from Oregon. Farmers Mail and Breeze
is a good paper to advertise in as well
as a splendid farm paper.
Yours very truly,
D. F. McALLISTER,
Breeder of Percheron Horses and Jacks.
Severy, Kan., May 7, 1913.

Every week for years Farmers Mall and Breeze has printed voluntary letters from its advertisers and different let-ters are printed every week.

Geo. Smith's Poland Chinas.

Geo. E. Smith, Agenda, Kan., has been engaged in the breeding of Poland Chinas in Republic county continuously for 14

LIVESTOCK AUCTIONEERS.

Spencer Young, Osborne, Kan. Livestock Auctioneer. Write for dates.

W. C. CURPHEY, Salina, Kansas Write, phone or wire for dates. Address as above.

COL. T. E. GORDON, WATERVILLE, KANSAS Livestock Auctioneer. Write for open dates.

L. J. Calloway, Lebanon, Kansas

Livestock Auctioneer.

Jas. T. McCulloch, Clay Center, Kan. Reference: The breeders I am selling for every year. Write for open dates.

L. R. BRADY Menhattan, Konsas Livestock Auettonee Write or wire for dates.

JAS, W. SPARKS Live Stock Auctioneer

Will Myers booked on leading breeders' breeders' sales in Central Kan. Choice dates still open. Write or wire.

CHAS. M. SCOTT Livestock Austiencer. Thoroughly posted Scott & Singer, Poland China breeders. Hiswatha, Kan.

John D. Snyder HUTCHINSON, KANSAS
LIVE STOCK AUCTIONEER
Wide acquaintages and profiles beautiful from the control of the contr Wide acquaintance and practical knowledge of draft horse and pure bred live stock, all breeds.

Col. N. B. PRICE Mankato, Kan.
LIVESTOCK
Auctioneer
Phose or write for dates. Bonney K. heads my, Duroc-Jersey herd.

G. A. Drybread The Auctioneer Live Stock and Farm Sales made anywhere. Prices reasonable.Give me a trial.Satisfaction guaranteed.

Frank J. Zaun fine stock Independence, Mo., Bell Phone 675 Ind. My References: America's best breeders for whom I have bell selling for years. Get Zaun He Knows How

Be an Auctioneer

Travel over the country and make big money. No other profession can be learned so quickly, that will pay as big wages. Write today for big, free catalogue of Home Study Course, as well as the Actual Practice School, which opens August 4th.

MISSOURI AUCTION SCHOOL

Largest in the World. W. B. Carpenter, Pres. 1400-04 Grand Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

Dear Mr. Howard: Mr. J. W. Johnson was at my place Monday and I renewed my advertising contract for another year. This makes six years that I have used Farmers Mail and Breeze continuously and the results have been very profitable to me. Since June last year and up to this date I have received over 300 inquirles and have sold over 100 head of hogs from my advertising in Farmers Mail and Breeze, which is the only paper I have used during the six years, Mr. Johnson has handled my advertising in your paper in a very satisfactory way to me and his field notes concerning my herd have been a big help in making my advertising profitable. I shipped seven fall gilts to a party at Hugo, Colo., this week and sold my last fall boar to an Oklahoma breeder. I have 75 March boars and gilts for sale that are probably the best I have ever been able to raise. Thanking you for your very evident interest in my business, I am as ever.

Yours very truly,
Osborne, Kan., June 28.

will have stock shows and the county organization will encourage the exhibition of better farm animals and more of them in every way possible. President F. W. Bevington, of Jewell City, is a booster for every worthy movement. Secretary I. W. Kyle is a breeder of Pohan Chief, is a three year old herd boar in use. His dam was by Blain's Wonder, by A Wonder, is a yearling boar, bred by E. C. Logan and bought of Mr. Logan last fall. We will have more to say about Mr. Gamber's herd and what he has for sale this fall, late but will sell at private sale the tops from his spring crop of pigs. a booster for every worthy movement. Secretary I. W. Kyle is a breeder of Poland China hogs and is well liked by everyone. In fact, Jewell county is be-coming well known as a purebred stock county. Mankato, Jewell, Formoso, Burroak, Ionia, Otego and North Branch are the principal trowns in the county. Crop conditions in Jewell county are very good. Wheat was good and corn is do-ing nicely at this writing.

S. W. Kansas and Oklahoma

BY A. B. HUNTER.

G. C. Norman of Winfield, Kan., is offering some high class Duroc-Jersey boars sired by the great show and breeding boar, Graduate Col. Mr. Norman recently shipped three Durocs to N. B. Price, Mankato, Kan., and one to John McMullen, Formoso, Kan. Graduate Col. was the attraction in both of these sales. If you need anything in the way of a Duroc-Jersey boar write Mr. Norman, mentioning this paper. man, mentioning this paper.

Spencer Young, Livestock Auctioneer.

Spencer Young, Osborne, Kan., has raised a good crop of wheat and his corn prospects are good. We found him busy cutting wheat when we visited that section last week but enjoyed a short visit with him anyway. Mr. Young would be pleased to hear from you in regard to your coming sale. He is in touch with the livestock interests of that section of the country and if you employ him on your coming sale he will be on the job from the time you date him until after the sale. Mr. Young will be remembered as the man who bred Shorthorn cattle and Poland China hogs at Glasco, Kan. His dispersion was one of the big sales held at Glasco. He also bred auctioneer to employ on sales of either of these breeds. Write him for dates. His advertisement appears in this issue. Spencer Young, Livestock Auctioneer.

Thanking

Poland China Pairs and Trios.

Poland China Pairs and Trios.

Geo. W. Nowles, Glasco, Kan., a breeder of medium type Poland Chinas, was a buyer at the leading sales last winter. He has been engaged in the Poland China business for several years. At the head of his herd is Aristocrat, a 2-year-old grandson of old Impudence. This season's crop consists of about 40 pigs of both sexes, of March farrow and they are a choice lot of youngsters, of the best of breeding. They are being fed right and handled in such a manner that they are sure to do their purchasers good. Mr. Nowles will not make a public sale this

Dispersal Sale of Registered Jerseys

Lawson, Mo., Tuesday, July 15, 1913 This is a splendid herd of cattle. Headed by Rosette's Gueson Lad 71496, by Rosette's Golden Lad, out of Guenon Lad's Gem, 520 lbs. 15.3 oss. butter in one year, a Register of Merit daughter of Guenon's Lad, sold for \$4,000. Cown and Heifers by such sires as Hebron's King, Victorie's Champion Lad, Golden Lad's Later Boy, Rosette's Gueson Lad, Golden Lad's Carlo, Marjoram's Rioter King and others. Tuberculin tested and individual certificates furnished als day. Sals to be held at Hunter Smith Stock Farm, 3½ miles south of Lawson, and 3½ miles north of Excelsior Springs. Conveyences will meet trains at Lawson day of sale. For Catalogues write B. C. SETTLES, Sales Mgr., Palmyra, Mo.

LINSCOTT JERSEYS

HOLTON, KANSAS R. J. LINSCOTT.



They Keep It Up

here are some cattle that give more allk when they are fresh than a Jersey, ut there isn't any breed that gives as leh milk as

The Jersey at as small feeding cost, nor is there any breed of cattle that will keep it up like Jerseys will, year in and year out. That's why you ought to buy Jerseys to increase your herd's efficiency. Send for Jersey facts.

AMERICAN JERSEY CATTLE GLUB 324 W. 23d St., New York

HOLSTEINS Large type, State inspected and tuberculine tested. Fine registered bulls, cows and heifers; also 100 grade cows and heifers. M. P. Knudsen, Concordia, Kan

Bonnie Brae Holsteins

For sale, about 80 head of high grade young cows, 2-year-olds and bred yearlings. These cattle are strictly first class, with many heavy springers. Come and see them. IRA ROMIG. Sta. B, TOPEKA, KANSAS.

DAIRY CATTLE.

THREE Registered Jersey bull calves, 3 to 6 months old; your choice \$30; best strains. B. SALISBURY, TESCOTT, KAN.

ENTIRE DAIRY HERD FOR SALE! 18 Holsteins, balance Jerseys and Shorthorns. Most of them will freshen this fall, \$60.00 per head. \$1.00 per head commission. JACK HAMMEL, 215 Adams St., Topeks, Kan.

Holstein Bred Cows and Heifers

"EIGHTY HEAD"
Choice individuals personally selected, Wisconsin bred, tuberculin tested, pure bred, unrecorded and high grade females, recorded bulls. Grade bull and helfer calves.
ARNOLD & BRADY. Manhattan, Kans.

HOLSTEINS -CHOICE BULL CALVES H. B. COWLES, TOPEKA, KANSAS.

OAK HILL HOLSTEINS Bulls ready for spring service by Shady-brook Gerben Sir Korndyke out of A. R. O. dams. Heifers bred. Also a few fresh cows. All tuberculin tested. BEN SCHNEIDER, NORTONVILLE, KAN.

BANKS' FARM JERSEYS Quality with milk and butter records. One of the best sons of CHAMPION FLYING FOX, imperted, at head of herd. Stock for

W. N. BANKS, Independence, Kan.

ABERDEEN-ANGUS.

DENTON'S Angus Bulls atl sold w, G. DENTON, DENTON, KANSAS

ANGUS CATTLE

Bulls and females for sale; singly or in carload lots. Address SUTTON & PORTEOUS Lawrence, Kan.

SHORTHORNS.

Six Shorthorn Bulls

Fifteen months old, sired by Armor Prince 6th and out of cows sired by Vice President. Priced to sell. A. H. COOPER. Natoma, Kansa

Glenwood Farms Announce

Can spare no more bred sows. Have a few choice bears left. Plenty of Shorthorns, always. We build the most complete concrete silo yet offered the public. Have several on our place. They are a suscess. Write for particulars. Address.

C. S. NEVIUS, CHILES, KAN

A HUMANE REMEDY

For Sick Hogs and Poultry.
F. S. H. Is not a violent Poison.
It is A Worm Exterminator.
A Health Restorative.
Will refund your money if it is not the best Remedy of all.
Price \$1.00 Pr. Bottle Postpaid.
Enough for 30 Hogs or 6,000 Chickens.
Reference, 2136, Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kansas.
References, "First National Bank,"
Warney State Bank."

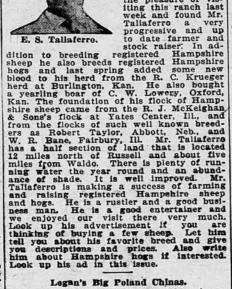
THE OLEPHEN CHEMICAL CO. WAMEGO, KANSAS.

years. This spring he had 10 sows to farrow 101 pigs and saved 71. They are mostly of March and April farrow. Most of them are by Mogal Jr. 50639. The herd sows represent the leading families, especially of the larger type. They are by such sires as Expansior See, Iky Longfellow, Mogal Jr. and Smith's Big Haddley. A very choice fall yearling gilt, sired by Mogal Jr. is raising a fine litter by Jumbo Lad. We were also shown a very fine litter sired by Walter's Expansive, by Expansive. The dam of this litter is Choice Lady 2d, by Expansive Chief, bred by H. B. Walter. Mr. Smith is taking great pride in a yearling boar that he bought from H. B. Walter. This boar will be a year old July 15 and will weigh 400 now. He is just simply good all over and one of the real prospects we have seen for a big, massive boar that will make easily, a 1,000 pound hog. He is recorded as Smith's Long King 66266. He was sired by Long King's Best. His dam was one of the biggest sows H. B. Walter ever raised, sired by Expansive. He will be heard from in the future as he is being carefully handled by Mr. Smith with a view to his future usefulness. The 71 spring pigs are as fine a lot of big, stretchy, March and April boars and gilts as we have seen this season. Mr. Smith will make no public sales but will offer the tops of these boars and gilts for sale at private sale. His advertisement will appear shortly in Farmers Mail and Breeze.

Hampshire Sheep and Hogs.

Hampshire Sheep and Hogs.

E. S. Taliaferro, Russell, Kan, is the only breeder of registered Hampshire sheep in the state. That there should be more of them raised in Kansas is evidenced by the splendid success enjoyed by Mr. Taliaferro with his flock of registered sheep on his Russell county ranch. We had the pleasure of visiting this ranch last week and found Mr. Taliaferro a very progressive and up



Logan's Big Poland Chinas.

Logan's Big Poland Chinas.

E. C. Logan, Solomon Rapids, Kan., is one of the best known breeders of Poland Chinas in central Kansas. He is one of the very first men in Mitchell county to breed Peland Chinas and keep them registered. Mr. Logan has improved his herd each year until it is now one of the strongest herds of big, smooth Poland Chinas in the state. His crop of spring pigs numbers 75 and he has a nice lot of October and November gilts that are being bred for fall farrow. He is picking his show herd from this lot of young sows. He also has 10 spring yearling sows that are bred for September and October farrow. There are 22 sows in the Logan herd. A number of them are by Conformation, by E. L. 2d, one of the best breeders ever owned in Mitchell county. Most of the spring, fall and summer gilts are by Glasco Chief Jr., by old Glasco Chief. A few are by Gates's A Wonder, by the great A Wonder. Mr. Logan started out two years ago to buy the right boar to cross on the sows he was keeping in his herd and in Missouri found the boar that has made a splendid cross on the Glasco Chief Jr., and Conformation sows. "Ed" Logan is well known and popular among the Poland Chinabreeders all over the country. He is secretary of the big Mitchell County Fair association and a director in the Kansas State Fair association at Topeka. Last fall he was elected by a good majority to represent his district in the state senate, where he proved a valuable man. Note his ad in this issue and write him if interested in his offering.

N. E. Kansas and N. Missouri

BY C. H. WALKER.

10 High Class Scotch and Scotch Topped Shorthorn Cows of dairy quality, for sale, also two extra fine 10-months-old bulls. One by Baron Cumberland, the other, a show prospect, by Silk Goods.

DR. W. C. HARKEY, Lenexa, Kan.

Bere is a sample of the many good letters which Clarence Dean of Weston, Mo., receives from his customers after shipping an immune Mastodon. "Narka, Kan., March 14, 1913.—The two gilts arrived Wednesday in good condition and I am well pleased with them. Thanking you for making so good a selection, I am, yours.—C. E. Shoemaker." The Dean Polands are right in breeding, individuality and are immune—three mighty good reasons for buying that particular kind.

Linscott's Great Jersey Herd.

Linscott's Great Jersey Herd.

It falls to the lot of but few people to be the leaders in their chosen profession. One almost has to be born to it and besides that it involves a great amount of hard work, energy, time and money. R. J. Linscott of Holton, Kan., is a leader in his profession. The Rosalpha herd of Jersey cattle owned and operated by Mr. Linscott has long been recognized as the biggest in the state when the quality of the herd is considered. It is in truth a highly commended herd. Not only in richness of breeding, but in the individual merit of the animals which make up the herd and their records as producers of milk and butter fat is this herd ranked with the best in the country. It is the only register of merit herd in the state, has at its head the only register of merit bull in the state and the females have made records that

POLLED DURHAMS.

Polled Durham Bulls

Six well bred young bulls and a limited number of cows and heifers for sale. C. M. HOWARD, HAMMOND, KANSAS.

HEREFORDS.

KLAUS BROS.' HEREFORDS

Two choice yearling bulls, herd headers for sale, sired by Fulfiller 3rd, Fulfiller 25th and Beau On-ward. Our calf crop is the best we ever had. KLAUS BROTHERS, BENDENA, KANSAS.

RED POLLED CATTLE.

Write for prices on breeding stock. C. E. FOSTER, R. R. 4. Eldorado, Kansas.

Red Polled Cattle Cows and heifers for sale. No bulls work six months. Poland China big type registered fall boars. Write CHAS. MORRISON & SON, Phillipsburg, Ks.

Red Poll Females of all ages, choice individuals, show animals, priced to sell. A few choice bulls, also Duroc-Jersey swine, sows and gilts, bred for early fall farrow. Boars any age by our choice herd boars. Ask for testimonials. GEO. W. SCHWAB, CLAY CENTER, NEB.

G. E. CLARK.

CAPITAL VIEW GALLOWAYS.

12 Miles West of Topeka.

Can furnish car of good bulls ranging in ages from calves to 2-yr.-olds. Can suit your wants. Write

CAPITAL VIEW RANCH, Silver Lake, Kan.

GALLOWAY CATTLE and OXFORD DOWN SHEEP

C. S. HECHTNER, Box 66, Chariton, Iowa

PUREBRED HORSES.

Truman's Pioneer Stud Farm America's Largest Importors

Shire, Percheren and Belgian Herses

Write for Hiustrated Catalogue.
TRUMAN'S, Box E, BUSHNELL, ILLINOIS

PERCHERONS-

ot breeder's prices. Eleven home-grown 3 yr. stallions, stract wt. 1740 to 2000 lie. Senné and with bene to spars. July 4th these and youngsters for sale. The higgest Fercherons pay you best. Trains direct from Ransas City and St. Joe.

FRED CHANDLER R. 7, CHARIDON, 10WA



O.L.C.Boar Pigs HARRY HAYNES

Maple Leaf improved Chester Whiles whole year round. Priced to sell. R. W. GAGE, Garnett, Kan.

GOOKIN'S O. I. C. HOGS. Booking orders for different boars, out of sows not akin. Priced to sell F. C. GOOKIN, RUSSELL, KANSAS.

RUSSELL'S O. I. C.'s February and March ment. The large prelific type. Satisfaction guar-anteed. H. R. RUSSELL, Sedgwick, Kan.

25 O. L. C. FALL BOARS For sale. Write for prices and descriptions. CHAS. H. MURRAY, FRIEND, NEBRASKA

50 O. I. C. Pigs for Sale

Sired by my leading herd boars.

Also two nice gilts bred for Aug. farrow.

Write for prices and descriptions.

Andrew Kosar, Glasco, Kan.

NEEF'S CHOLERA IMMUNE O. I. C's

Spring pigs of either sax in pairs and trios no kin. Also tried sows and fall gilts bred fall farrow. Pure bred seed wheat, seed rye and Collie pups for sale. Biverside Farms, J. H. Neef, Boonville, Mo.

MULE FOOT HOGS.

Mule-Footed Hogs of Americal sixteen weeks old, \$30 pair. Circular free. DR. W. J. CONNER, LABETTE KANSAS.

Mule Foot Hogs Bred glits for spring pigs of February and March farrow, in pairs not related ZENE G. HADLEY, Box D, Wilmington, Obie



LEON A. WAIT'S Berkshires

Foster's Red Polls Hazlewood's Berkshires! Choice spring boars and gilts priced to sell. Write today. W. O. Hazieweed, R. 8, Wichita, Kansas

J. T. BAYER'S BERKSHIRES

Eighty early spring pigs by Bayer's Beacon and B. D's Centerpiece, 30 extra fine sows and gilts bred and open, four Winter and Fall males. Pricing to sell. Write for

Bred Berkshire Sows

25 head of young tried sows, representing the best Robinhood strains and bred for summer litters, to Ajax, a son of Rival's Lord Premier and Longfellow's Duchess 4th. These are extra good and are priced to sell. They won't last long. Write at once,

W. J. GRIST, Ozawkie, Kan.

HAMPSHIRES.



Medora, Kans. For prices on Pedigreed Hampshire Hogs

REGISTERED HAMPSHIRES

SUNNY SLOPE FARM, Frank H. Parks, Prop., Olathe, Kan.

Pedigreed Hampshires of various ages. Boars
Every hog properly vaccinated. C. E. Lowry, Oxford, Ka

Pure Bred Hampshires Some extra choice, well-hred spring boar pigs for sale. ALVIN LONG, Lyons, Kansas.

CLOVERDALE HAMPSHIRES!

Special prices for thirty days only. Open and bred gits. Spring pigs in pairs and trios, sired by my FOUR herd boars.

T. W. LAVELOCK, PBINCETON, KANSAS.

Duroc March Pigs \$9.00 and up, by Model and Tstarrax Boy. R. W. Baldwin, Conway, Kan.

BigStretchy Durocs A choice lot, either sex, for sale, also S. C. White Leghorns, extra fine stock. HARRY GIVINS, Madison, Kansas

ClearviewStockFarmDurocs All ages. A few open gilts, also tried sows, bred for September and October farrow. Spring pigs, pairs A. J. HANNA, ELMDALE, KANSAS.

Good E. Nuff Again King 35203 Heads our great herd. Sale average: March II, sowa, \$77.50, sows and gilts, \$52.00. Write for prices. W. W. OTEY & SONS, Winfield, Kansas

HILLSIDE HERD

We offer spring pigs b. Dandy Model 181783, pairs and trios not related. Write today about that young boar you need now. One 185-pound pig by J. R's Col. and a good one. W. A. Wood & Son. Elmdale, Kansas.

Big-Type DUROCS Fall gilts bred or open. Booking orders for spring stock, Monarch, Wonder, Col. and Buddy strains. Fall sale Oct. 17. MOSER & FITZWATER, GOFF, KANSAS

Dreamland Colonel

Summer and fall boars and gilts for sale. Everything immune. Nothing but desirable animals officers.

LEON CARTER, Asherville, Kau.

Hampshire Sheep Hampshire Hogs. Young stock for sale. Everything registered.

Shipping point, Waldo, Kansas. Address, E. S. Taliaferro, Russell, Kansas 18 Ram lambs for sale. Also young

Oldenburg German Coach Horses

We are the oldest and largest breeders of the Oldenburg German Coach west of the Mississippi River. Our 1912 winnings at the leading western shows exceeded those of any other individual horse exhibitor. We have stallions and mares of serviceable ages for sale. Write us, JOS. WEAR & SON, Barnard, Kan.



60-Bergner & Sons' Coach Horses-60

German Coach Stallions at prices you will be able to pay for at one season's stand. Also mares and fillies; all good bone with plenty size, style and action and the best general purpose horse that has ever been imported. The St. Louis Fair Champion Milon 3159 and the Kansas State Fair prize winner Mephistoles 4221 at head of herd. We are pricing these horses to sell and guarantee satisfaction. Write today or call soon.

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E. A. TRUMP, Formoso, Kan.

Duroc-Jersey Boars Tatarrain to \$25 others \$10 to \$25. Barred Plymouth Cocks half price. F. F. WOOD, WAMEGO, KANSAS

BRED GILTS I have an exceptionally fine lot of Duroc gilts bred to my prise winning boars for sale, bred right and sed right. Write for prices and description.
CHAB. L. TAYLOR, OLEAN, MISSOURI

A FINE OFFERING Spring pigs C. Buddy Watson's Col. and Model Top. Prices & R. and up. R. C. WATSON, Altoons, Kansas.

Duroc-Jersey Spring Pigs Dark cherry, sired by Bull Moose Col. 18855, he by Ring the Col. 8553 and out of large prollife rows, of sepular breeding, priese reasonable, and L. o. b. Louised. Arthur A. Patterson, Elisworth, Kan.

Deep Creek Herd Durocs! Orders taken now for early spring pigs, dams either state fair prize winners or sired by prize winners. Write for low prices. C. O. ANDERSON, MANHATTAN, KAN.

HLES' Farm Duroc-Jerseys
A selected lot of early boars and gilts sired by and
out of prize-winning boars and sows. The big kind
with quality and guaranteed to please. Priced uality and guaranteed to please. Priced Visitors met by appointment at Everest or Junction. B. C. ILES, Everest, Kansas

Smith's Durocs facilitating grandsons of the great Graduate Col. and a hard-heading son of the charplon, Tetarrax, Also spring boars. J. R. SMITH, NEWTON, KANSAS

McCarthy's Durocs A few October boars by J.R's Col. by Graduate Col. Also a son of the champion, Tatarrax, that should head some good berd. Dan'l McCarthy, Newton, Kan.

FORTY MARCH PIGS Also a few October Gilts bred to farrow last of September. Prices right. Descrip-tions and prices by return mail. J. R. JACKSON, KANOPOLIS, KANSAS.

Silin's During Sows and gilts bred to and young boars and gilts by Model Durce, one of the best sires of the breed. His half brother and sister were grand champions. His sire was a champion. Write today.

CHAS. STITH, Euroka, Kansas

Quivera Place Durocs few, choice summer boars and gilts, red by Quivera 106611. G. MUNSELL Herington, Kansas

BONNIE VIEW FARM DUROC-JERSEYS Searle & Cottle, Berryton, Kans.

Perfection Stock Farm Fail boars and gilts, also orders booke for choice spring pigs by State Fair Chan pions. Pairs and trios not related. Prices right. CLASEN BROS., UNION CITY, OKLA.

DurocPigs,PopularBreeding I am offering 100 spring pigs, by Eckman's Special 4663 and Gold King 126185 out of sows by B. & C's ol., Buddy K IV, Chief's Martial, Belle's Chief ad, Golden Goods, etc. Yeadea Eckman, Visland, Essa-

TATARRAX HERD DUROCS Good fall glits, open or bred, by the grand champ-ion Tatarrax and G.M.'s Tat Col. In good condition and priced right. Write today for further particu-lars. Hammond & Buskirk, Newton, Kan.

10 Duroc Jersey Boars mer and fall farrow. \$25 each to move them Sired by Model Chief and out mature sows. D. Shuck, Burr Oak, Jewell Co., Kansas

Bancroff's Duroes! We hold no public sales. Nothing but the best offered as breeding stock. 12 choice September boars. September gilts open or bred to order for fall litters. 90 March pigs. Pairs ortrios notakin. Prices right. Customers in states satisfied. Describe what you want we have it D. O. BANCROFT, OSBORNE, KANSAS,

POLAND CHINAS.

Sunny Side Poland Chinas Bred sows and spring boars for sale, priced right. Satisfaction guaranteed J.G. Burt, Solomon, Ks

Albright's Fall and Winter Boars

LARGE WITH PLENTY OF QUALITY!

Handsome young boars, gilts bred or open.
Best of large type blood lines. Some boars, herd besdern Satisfaction guaranteed on all breeding stock.

OLIVIER & SONS, DANVILLE, KANSAS.

Harry Hoak's Poland Chinas

still stand and have made them at all ages. In Oakland's Suitas 1552, the senior herd buil, Mr. Linacott not only has the only register of merit buil in Kansas but he has a buil that is bred in the purple and a sire of winners. This buil was first on the Island of Jersey in 1907 and is the sire of champions. His daughters in milk have made records and his some have bred on. His sire, Sultan of Oakland's was a champion and his dam, Nurlel 2d by Golden Hero was a first prize winner. His ancestry far back are of champion stock and it isn't any wonder he has proven such a great sire. The junior herd buil, Rose's Black Fox 102229, is fitted in every way to be a worthy assistant to such a great buil. He is by Eminent's Flying Fox by Eminent and out of Black Rose 4th (H. C.), a register of merit daughter of Golden Maid's Prince, second dam by Sultan, third dam by Eminent. The females, individually and collectively, are considered as fine a collection as can be found anywhere in the West. A notable purchase last year and one that added strength to an aiready strong herd, was the purchase by Mr. Linacott of 15 choice heifers bred to the great form the White Horse Farm at Paoli, Pa. The calves have all arrived and are a great lot. For the most part the helters will be retained in the herd, but Linacott says he will sell two or three helfers and has two or three very choices buils he will sell. One of these helters is Gamboge's Knight. These were purchased from the White Horse Farm at Paoli, Pa. The calves have all arrived and are a great lot. For the most part the helters will be retained in the herd, but Linacott says he will sell two or three helfers and has two or three very choices buils he will sell. One of these helters is Gamboge's Knayoresa, dropped June 20 last year. She is out of Golden Lad's Mayoresa that was on register of merit test for a year. This is a very handsome helfer, lovely head, lofty carriage, a great individual with great udder development. The buils which are for sale include Fauvic's Eminent Cl

E. Iowa and Illinois

BY HARRY W. GRAHAM.

Harris & Sons's Herefords.

This firm reports some extraordinary sales for this season. They have had the biggest run on bulls they ever had at private sale. They are located at Harris, Mo., and enjoy the distinction of being the greatest Hereford breeding establishment in the West. They are claiming October 25 as their next sale date and have selected some very choice females and males for this sale. Watch this paper for the announcement of this sale with full particulars. They stand behind every animal they send out with a guarantee as good as a government bond. Harris & Sons's Herefords.

S. E. Kansas and S. Missouri

BY ED. R. DORSEY.

BY ED. R. DORSEY.

J. T. Bayer, Yates Center, Kan, has a fine lot of Berkshires and Shorthorns and is one of the oldest breeders and exhibitors of Berkshires in Kansas. He has 125 head of strictly high class Berkshires, representing Royal Baron, Dictator, Lee Star, Lee's Masterpiece, B. D.'s Centerpiece, Second Masterpiece, Bayer's Beacon and Ideal Centerpiece. Mr. Bayer is offering 60 head of good, big, early spring pigs and 35 bred gilts and sows, two extra fine September boars and two mid-winter boars. In those for sale are as good show prospects as were ever owned on the New York Valley Stock farm, and Mr. Bayer has been feeding up a winning herd for several years. This stock is in fine shape to take on the show flesh right now. The owner is very reasonable in his prices. He says he is not selling hot air and is pricing his hogs to sell, not to invoice them.

Editorial News Notes.

According to the records of the Farmers Alliance Insurance Company of McPherson, Kan, more than half of all the losses paid by this company in Kansas during the year 1912 were for wind, the remaining losses being about equally divided between fire and lightning. The farmers Alliance Insurance Company insures against wind at cost, making the expense of this class of insurance only a trifle. Under these circumstances, it would seem that not a farm home in the state would be without windstorm insurance, and that those who up to this time have neglected the duty of providing themselves with such protection would be writing the company at once.

Absorbine in Treating Fistula.

Absorbine in Treating Fistula.

Absorbine can be applied to an open sore, not only with safety, but with the assurance that it will promote a healthy healing process and kill the germs. This is one reason why it is so effective in cases of fistula. There is no danger of infection or proud flesh formations where Absorbine is used. A bottle of Absorbine diluted as per the formula on the label, makes three gallons of effective liniment at a cost of 80 cents a gallon. This diluted liniment is positively antiseptic and germicidal. At dealers \$2 a bottle or sent direct, express prepaid, apon receipt of price, W. F. Young, P. D. F., 209 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

Buy Tools That Are Made on a Money-Back Guarantee.

There's only one way to be sure of quality when you buy farm tools—get them backed up by the maker's guarantee. If you buy any keen Kutter tool that is not absolutely perfect, the Simmons Hardware Co. have authorized your dealer to make it good without question or refund your money if desired. It is therafore advisable to look for the Keen Kutter trade mark before you buy any tool. You'll probably need some scythes and potato hooks—we can positively recommend the Keen Kutter line. There's splendid "hang" and balance to Keen Kutter snaths and the snaths are strong and durable, being fashioned from straight-gained lumber. The soythes are made of the finest quality steel. Keen Kutter potato hooks are well made—they have strong, flexible tines and are made to stand heavy work.

POLAND CHINAR

BIG BARGAINS BEED SOWS.

6 of our herd sows, bred and safe to Gold Mine, for July and September farrow. 5 fast fall glits, safe to Best Price. Best bunch of spring pigs we have ever offered. Priced DIETRICH & SPAULDING, Richmond, Ban

NEBRASKA TYPE POLANDS Choice sum and rills, by Haden's Big Hadlay 2nd, Pan Wonder, Nebr. Chief. C. C. INGRAM, Bloomington, N

Polands, with Size and Quality Bred sows also boars all ages for sale, sired by Wacohin's Refractionary Quame and King Hadley, Lambert Bres, units Onese, Land

100 SPRING PIGS Sired by King Hadley, King Long John and priced right and quaranteed W. Z. BAKER, BICH HILL, MISSOURI.

Large Type Yearling Sows Sired by and bred to boars weighing between 900 and 1000 pounds and due to farrow in August and September. Thes. B. Murphy & Sons, Gerbia, Kana-

Klein's Tabor Valley Herd Big type Poland China fall gilts bred or open, aired by my lows boar and out of my big matured sows. Write for prices. L. E. KLEIN, ZEANDALE, KANSAS.

The 1650-fb. Grand Champion, 1912, Nebraska, Karasa, Missouri and American Royal, heads my her Big Type Poland Chinas R. B. BAIRD, Contral City, Nebrask

HILDWEIN'S BIG POLANDS Make your selections from my large herd of the "big kind". They are the kind that make good.
Public Sale October 39.

THURSTON Poland Chinas
Wood's Poland Chinas
The large, smooth kind. Fall boars, handsome fellows by U. Wonder by A. Wonder, also gilts by this
great son of A. Wonder and bred to Orange Lad by
Big Orange. Thurston & Wood, Elmdale, Kan.

Schneider's Poland Chinas 20 head of good fall gilts. Some bred for September fairow, others offered open, in few good fall boar toal I am pricing chasp to move them. JOE SCHNEIDER, NORTONVILLE, EAN.

Special 30-DAYS OFFER Choice Poland China spring pigs, either sex, \$30, expressed. Certificate with every pig. Satisfaction guaranteed Howard R. Ames, Maple Hill, Kan

John Harter's September Boars

25 selected Sept. Boars to pick from Sired
by Megul's Monarch, Long King, Prince
Hadley and Gebhart. Well grown and destrable as herd boars. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed.
J. H. HARTER, WESTMORELAND, KAN.

Poland China High y open. Big type hours and big mature dame. F. FOLEY, Oveneque (Norton Co.), Kan

Green Lawn Stock Farm of Adrian, Mo.
is offering 40 Fall and Winter Males that will weigh
from 150 to 550 each. No petter Poland Chinas on
each. Also a number of bred gitts.
JAS. T. ELLIS, ADRIAN, MISSOURT
Successor to A. J. Erhart & Sons.

BIG SMOOTH BRED GILTS By A Wonder's Equal by A. Wonder out of dams by Knox All Hadley by Blg Hadley. Growthy year-lings with extra size and quality, bred for sarly fall litters to the noted Orphan Chief. A. B. ENOS, RAMONA, KANSAS,

Falland Summer Glits 15 fall gilts open, is summer gilts bred and open searling and tried sows bred for full farrow. Also an attractive herd boar offer. E. C. LOGAN (Mitchell Co.) SOLOMON RAPIDS, MAS.

Mt.Tabor Herd PolandChinas

(BIG AND MEDIUM TYPE)

For sale: Fall boars and glits and 100
pring pigs, sired by Big Mogal and College
ppecial 5th: Bred sows and gilts of either
ype. Herd Immune. J. D. WILLFOUNG, ZEANDALE, KANSAS

Bred sows at private sale. Also fall as pring boars. Sows bred to Tom Lipto Welcomer, Iron Clad 3d and others, Prior ight. Aws for prices and descriptions.

JOSEPH M. BAIER, KLMO, KANSAS.

Dean's Mastodon Polands Poland China hogs, the hig-boned type, will weigh when mature, 800 to 1,000 lbs. Will sell a few boars of serviceable age, also choice brood sows and gills, bred to my herd boars. All

Immunized by Double Treatment Herd headed by Mastodon Price, Columbia Wonder and Gritter's Longfellow 3d. Everything guaran-teed and sold worth the money. Address CLARENCE DEAN, WESTON, MISSOURI

A. D. JONES

of DUNLAP, IOVVA
has for sale 40 fall boars sired by 1,000
pound boars and from 600 and 800 pound
dams; strictly big type Poland Chinas. I
breed for length, bone, large litters and
quick maturity. I also have 50 fall gilts,
to be in the market this fall and winter
and 100 spring pigs that are doing fine.

all Boarsall Sold

I am now offering a tried herd boar, an excellent individual and breeder. Priced where any good farmer can buy him. Also three January boars.

H. B. WALTER, Effingham, Kan.



Royal Scion Farm Durocs

The great Graduate Col., assisted by Col. Scion, heads this herd. Spring and fall boars, some of them show and herd header material; also a few gilts and spring pigs, either sex. G. C. Norman, B. 10, Winfield, Kan,



MAMMOTH IDEAL BOARS and GILTS Mamnoth Ideal 54559, one of the biggest and best boars of the breed, in service, assisted by Expansive B, by Expansive. I can supply your want in herd boar material, in choice breeding gilts. Get me descriptions and prices before buying. Mr. T. WILLIAMS, VALLEY FALLS, KANSAS

PLEASANT HILL STOCK FARM POLANDS
Long King's Best, Sampson Ex and Moore's Halvor, a tric of unusually fine big type boars in service.
Booking orders now for spring boars and gilts—over 100 head to select from. These are bred right, fed right and priced right.

HENRY GRANER & SON, LANCASTER, KANSAS,

Robinson's Mammoth Poland Chinas My herd boars weigh from 800 to 1,025 lbs. Now have for sale, two good tried boars and a few extra good last fall pigs of both sexes. My terms are: If you are not I return your meney.

F. P. ROBINSON. Marvelle Mo.

BIG TYPE BRED SOWS FOR SALE Daughters of Long Wonder (a double bred A Wonder) and King Mastodon 2nd, bred for summer farrow, to Orange Model 2nd, by Big Orange and out of a Pawnee Lad dam and to Expansive Wonder, by Expansive. These are extra good, strictly big type with quality and will please. Also fall gilts and spring pigs. Write or call.

W. E. LONG, Meriden, Kansas. W. E. LONG, Meriden, Kansas.

BIG TYPE UNPAMPERED BERKSHIRES

200 sows ored to Fair five item. Allog sings and heavy boned. Sows farrow every month in the and June. Open glits and boars ready for service. Not a poor back or foot. Every man his money year.

E. D. King, Burlington, Kansas EX B. by EXPANSIVE one of the greatest breed boars of the day heads extra good boars by him, August farrow, for sale. Also choice line of fall gilts, op Booking orders for spring pigs. Write or call. W. B. WEBB, BENDENA, KANS.

Big Orange, Big Sensation & Ott's Big Orange
in service in my herd of POLAND CHINAS. For sale—Piss
of both seles, and boars of most all ages of the correct type
that will please you.

J. O. JAMES, Braddyville, Iowa





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Some Saddle Right Price Veight 35 lbs., 17-in. bulge \$32.50

atures of this saddle: The weight, 35 unds; 17-in, swell bulge; the price, 2.50. Order now—the price is right—n't delay. This saddle sent C. O. D., eight prepaid for examination. If sade is not as represented return at our pense.

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SWANSON NEW COMER

SWANSON-ST. JOSEPH PLOW CO. ST. JOSEPH, MO.



n Paper

WhatFarmers Are Thinking

You are cordially invited to air your opinions in this column, but the Mail and Breeze reserves the right to condense such statements as far as possible to give other contributors a chance to say something. Short, crisp expressions of opinion on matters of interest or consequence to farm folks are welcome. All contributors must take their turn.

Free Wool and the Price of Cotton.

Mr. Editor-At the risk of being considered a lobbyist, I want to say a few words in the interest of the men who words in the interest of the men who hold the plow handles of this nation. It concerns tariff legislation, particularly as it relates to free wool. I notice from the press reports that most every line of industry affected by tariff schedules has been represented before the committee by silver-tongued stockholders and political attorneys. They have had their political attorneys. They have had their paid press agents herald their views to the world, but the farmer is busy in the field and would not know how to lobby if he had the time and money to go to Washington, and he is, at best, a poor

It is asserted by men in the nation's council that placing wool on the free list will not affect the price of cotton, and by others equally well informed that it will reduce the price of cotton. But I have heard no authority contend that the proposed legislation will increase either the price of wool or the price of cotton, and as these fibers are the money crop of the South, I want to speak a word of caution to congress on behalf of the cotton growers of Texas, and I am sure our interests harmonize with the farmers of the South, and of the entire

I fully realize the tariff is a question that has puzzled our foremost statesmen from the beginning of government, but if the sheep herds of this nation are destroyed and the price of cotton reduced as a result of tariff revision, the farmers will be able to fully comprehend the ers will be able to fully comprehend the meaning of the law without the assistance of an interpreter. We want material as well as political prosperity. We hope it will not be necessary to shorten our meals to fulfill platform demands or bow or backs to carry out pre-election promises. All tariff legislation should be squared with the soil, as all our wealth must come from the earth. I have the utmost confidence in the ability of those whom we have, duly authorized to represent us in government,

thorized to represent us in government, and I am willing to abide by their judgment. My only desire at this time is to perform my official duty by uttering a word of caution to those who are dealing with our destinies insofar as relates to traits

tariff revision.

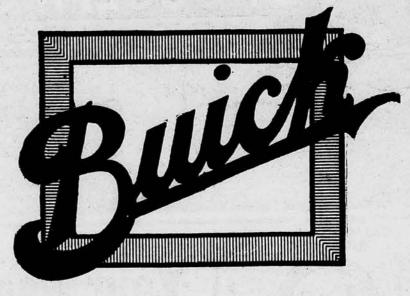
I will leave the subject by laying down a yardstick for the measurement of legislation which is so simple that all of legislation which is so simple that all who care to may apply it. As a general rule, no law is of any practical value to the people as a whole unless it results in increasing the price the producer receives for a commodity, or decreasing its cost to the consumer. Increases in prices that are waylaid on their journey from the consumer to the producer, demonstrate the inefficiency of law, or error in our economic system. Our laws should not only possess good intentions, but business ibility as well. The dream of the theorist should be combined with the horse sense of the builder, that efficiency may be attained and service performed.

The solicitude of the government the welfare of the dealer is fast making us a nation of traders, detectives and pawn-brokers, and is clogging the ma-chinery of government with the problems and disputes of dealers. The producer in the end foots the bill. Let us get "back to the soil" with legislation and rest our tariff and all our laws on the bed-

rock of agriculture.
PETER RADFORD. President Texas Farmers' Union, Ft. Worth, Tex.

There are 3,216 girls and women studyg domestic science and art, that is to cook, sew and keep house, in seven agricultural colleges of and, remarkable to relate, them are enrolled in the ion at Manhattan.

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