

AN ANALYSIS OF A RESPIRATORY CONTROL
MODEL UNDER EXERCISE CONDITIONS

by

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A MASTER'S REPORT

submitted in partial fulfillment of the

requirements for the degree

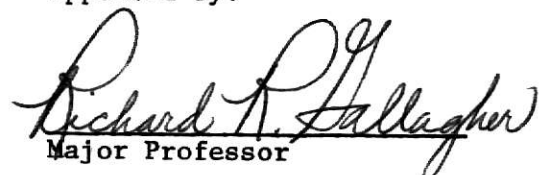
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I. INTRODUCTION

Physiological systems are made up of many interrelated variables. This inherent complexity makes these systems very difficult to study directly; therefore, other means must be employed for their analysis.

Investigators of complex systems often try to counter this complexity by formulating models which are based upon experimental fact and/or physiologically sound assumptions. At the start, these models are usually a verbal conception. The model comprises statements of actual or presumed relationships among the variables. As the statements become refined, the models expand and become complex, sometimes approaching the complexity of the system being modelled. At this point, the model becomes too complex to be handled by verbal statements.

It now becomes advantageous to redevelop the model in terms of symbolic relationships. This form will allow it to be manipulated by mathematical techniques; therefore, allowing the use of computational devices, i.e., digital, analog, and hybrid computers. Now the model can be experimented on by an orderly variation of parameters. The results obtained from the model are then compared to the results obtained by performing the same variation on the actual system, the experimental components of the research. It is then up to the modeler to determine, from these results whether the model simulates the real system with a satisfactory degree of faithfulness.

At the present time most physiological system models are in the transition phase, from the verbal to the mathematical model (1). The problems in making these transitions lie in obtaining suitable mathematical relationships. This means that more experiments must be performed which give quantitative rather than qualitative results.

There are some physiological systems which are more readily quantized than others. The respiratory system is one. This is due to the fact that the physiochemical description of gases lends itself very nicely to the respiratory system. Also, the understanding of the control mechanism for this physiological system has progressed to the quantification stages. It is for these reasons that there have been many proposed models of the respiratory system (2,3,4,5,6).

The engineer's role in such a research effort is first associated with the quantification and mathematical description of the system's functioning. After a model is formulated, many engineering techniques can be employed to verify the model and to suggest logical changes that may better represent the system. Such is the purpose of this paper. Grodins et al. (2) developed a model that will simulate the respiratory system at rest under different sea level ambient conditions. This model, however, is incomplete for it does not include the effects of exercise on the respiratory system. Therefore Weissman (7) modified Grodins' model to include the effects of exercise. With this modification the model can be used as a prediction of the respiratory responses of the important respiratory system stimuli. An extension of the model's capabilities to altered environments has not been thoroughly evaluated. One of the goals of the following study is to evaluate the simulation's response to variations in exercise levels at a specific environment (one-third atmosphere, 70% O₂, 28.08% N₂, and 1.92% CO₂).

This study discusses the exercise modification and its relationship to respiratory control so that the desired responses are obtained for various exercise stimuli and the corresponding transition between stimuli

levels. Oxygen uptake and carbon dioxide production by the active tissues are utilized to interface the effects of exercise in the system equation. The controller subroutine is modified to include a component relating to a neurohumoral response for alveolar ventilation during exercise.

This study will also include the analysis of some simulation runs to determine the validity of the response and the interaction of the different variables used in the modification. Possible changes will then be suggested to improve the flexibility of the model in addition to an improvement in the fidelity of the model's responses compared to known physiological data.

This paper will begin with a brief discussion of the physiology involved in making the modification to Grodins' model. A detailed explanation of the modification follows utilizing flow charts and plots obtained from the programming of important functions on the Nova 1200 Minicomputer.

Following the explanation of the exercise subroutines is a description of several total system simulations of various exercise levels and the responses corresponding to these. Based upon these simulations conclusions and recommendations for further system modifications are presented.

II. THE CONTROL OF RESPIRATION DURING MUSCULAR EXERCISE

Muscular exercise causes a great change in the energy metabolism and gas exchange of the body. Respiration must therefore change to maintain the integrity of the internal environment of the body.

The way in which the respiratory system reacts to exercise depends on three variables:

- 1) the intensity of the exercise: the greater the intensity, the greater the response.
- 2) the type of exercise: bicycle riding will produce a different response than weight lifting.
- 3) environmental conditions: the respiratory response is quite different at various altitudes.

What is the mechanism that allows the respiratory system to respond to the needs of the body under these different conditions? The search for the answer is still underway.

The initial approach to the study of the problem of control of respiration was confined for a long time to the analysis of simple mechanisms. The control of respiration during exercise was dealt with in terms of a decrease of arterial oxygen or an increase of carbon dioxide. A great deal of time was then spent deciding whether the stimulation of the respiratory system was due to the CO_2 or the H^+ concentration released by the hydrated form of CO_2 , carbonic acid (H_2CO_3) (8). The chemical reaction is defined as



This simple mechanism for the control of exercise hyperpnea was unsatisfactory to many investigators. Neither CO_2 or anoxia (low oxygen concentration), even when combined, leads to the magnitude of the ventilation

response observed during exercise. In addition to the chemical stimuli, the possibility that there are other stimuli of a different nature originating from the active muscles has now become an area of investigation and will be discussed below.

A. Humoral Theories

The chemical substances transported by the blood that may be responsible for exercise hypernea are:

1. Carbon Dioxide Tension, P_{CO_2}

The CO_2 production is greatly increased in muscular exercise. This should lead to an increased concentration of CO_2 in the blood sufficient to stimulate the respiratory center. The hyperventilation that follows would lead to a decreased blood CO_2 content, so that the whole process of the regulation of respiration could be considered as a simple feedback system. However, the blood CO_2 increases very little during exercise, and this increase is not enough to explain the change in ventilation that is observed.

2. Oxygen Tension, P_{O_2}

The possibility of a decrease of actual P_{O_2} during exercise may be present. However, this decrease would not amount to more than a few mm Hg, since the saturation of the arterial blood with O_2 is not appreciably affected in exercise. It would take a P_{O_2} of approximately 60 mm Hg to affect any sizable stimulus from the chemoreceptors in the aortic arch and carotid bodies (9).

3. H^+ Concentration

The increase in H^+ ion concentration of the arterial blood due to CO_2 accumulation has never been observed in mild exercise. Only during

severe exercise does the H^+ concentration of the arterial blood increase. This increase is caused by large amounts of lactic acid produced by the exercising muscles during severe exercise when anaerobic metabolism accounts for the majority of energy.

4. Unknown Substances

The possibility of a release of substances formed in the muscles during exercise which affect respiration has been postulated (10). Such substances have never been identified.

All the humoral mechanisms postulated above, even if considered to be functioning at the same time, cannot explain the regulation of respiration during exercise. Steady state ventilation increases linearly with oxygen uptake, within the bounds of aerobic metabolism, independent of any chemical change in the blood.

B. Neurogenic Theories

Krogh and Lindhard (11) were the first to interpret the sudden increase of ventilation at the beginning of exercise on a neural basis. They postulated that impulses from the motor cortex of the brain were sent to the respiratory center to effect a change in ventilation. It was experimentally shown that the passive movements of the limbs elicited a ventilatory response (1). It was thought that impulses from mechanoreceptors in the muscles, tendons and joints transmitted to the respiratory center were the cause of the response. Comroe and Schmidt (12) found that the mechanoreceptors involved were limited only to the joints.

While performing cross circulation experiments on dogs, Kao (13) showed that the hyperventilation accompanying muscular activity is limited to the exercising neural dog. The humoral dog whose head was perfused by

blood coming from the active limbs of the neural dog showed no change in ventilation. The increased ventilation of the neural dog was not due to the chemical stimulus of the respiratory center, since there were no changes in the blood of the humoral dog.

It is a well known fact that at the onset of exercise, pulmonary ventilation increases abruptly in a much shorter time than the circulation time; that is before chemical substances formed by the exercising muscles can reach the respiratory center (14).

Neurogenic controls alone are inadequate to maintain the delicate chemical balance of the blood during exercise at the same level as when the body is at rest. Therefore both humoral and neurogenic mechanisms are involved for the most effective control of respiration during muscular exercise.

C. Neurohumoral Theory

Dejours (15) recorded ventilation and arterial CO_2 tension, P_{aCO_2} , on a single breath basis to detect the very fast changes in ventilation at the start and end of exercise. The ventilation increases abruptly at the beginning of exercise, causing a fall in P_{aCO_2} . The ventilation then increases more slowly and reaches a steady state level in a few minutes. Simultaneously, the P_{aCO_2} increases and returns to the pre-exercise level. Corresponding changes take place at the end of exercise. A sudden decrease in ventilation causes an increase in P_{aCO_2} followed by a slow decrease in P_{aCO_2} to the resting value.

Since the neurohumoral theory seems to be adequately justified by experimental results, it has been utilized in the description of exercise hyperpnea. Weissman based his modification of Grodins' model completely

the neurohumoral theory. Figure 1 shows the time relationship of ventilation during exercise and Figure 2 is a block diagram of the respiratory control model. Although it is the accepted theory of many researchers, some do not agree with the fast changes that occur in both the on- and off-transient responses (16).

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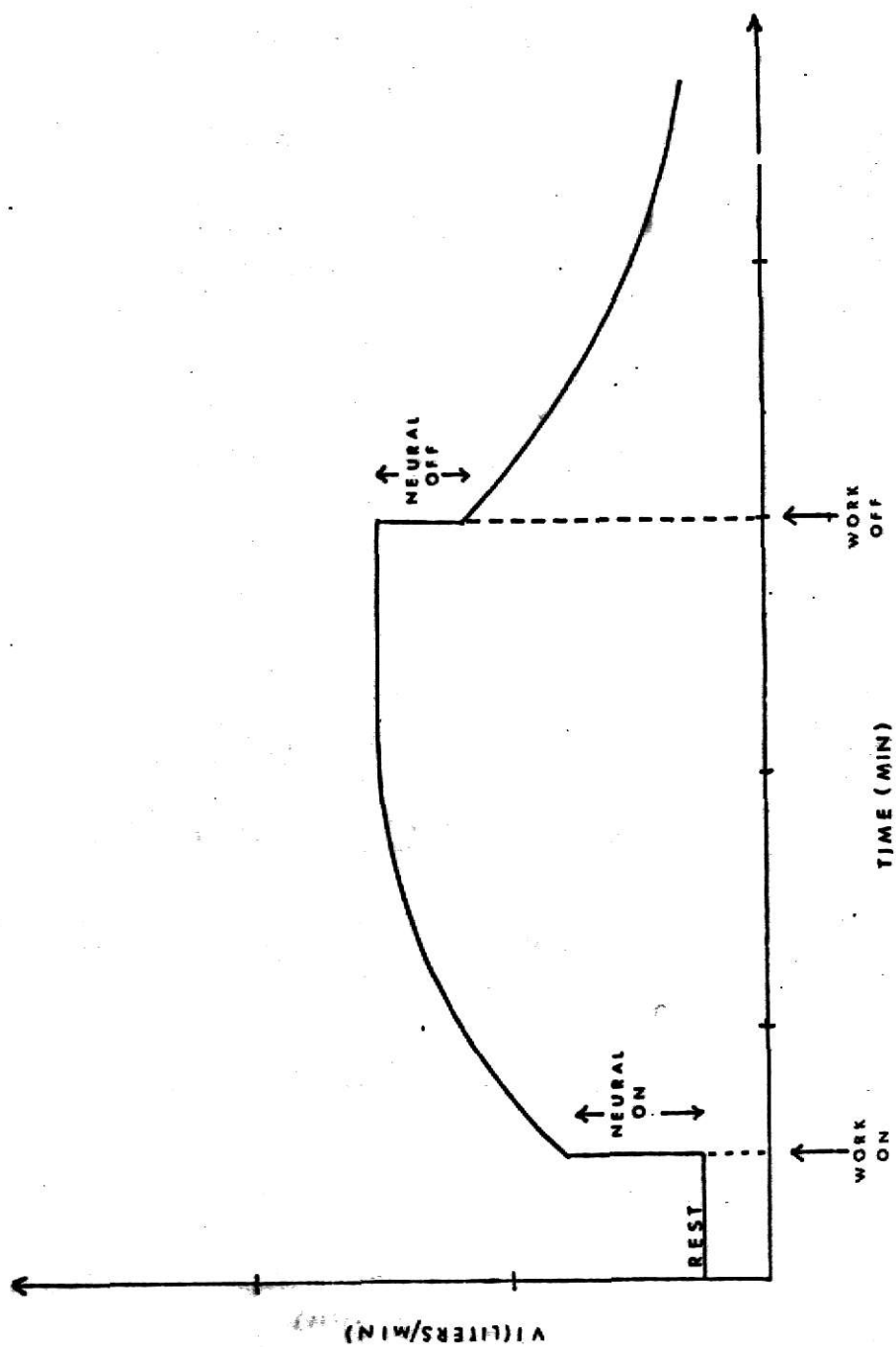


FIGURE 1. Time course of ventilation during exercise

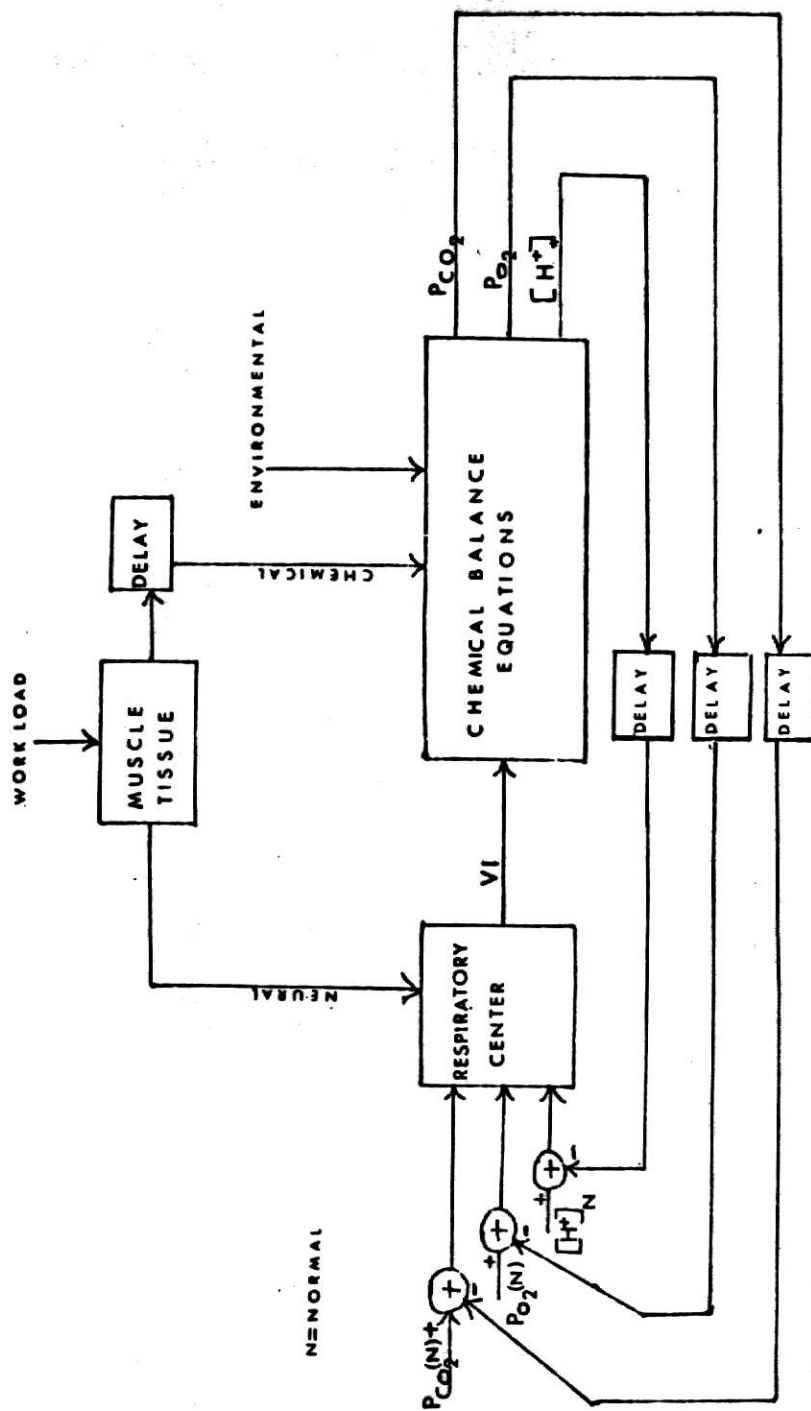


FIGURE 2. Block diagram of respiration control model

III. DETAILS OF THE MODIFICATION

Weissman's modification of Grodins' model was analyzed with very little documentation on hand. Very few comment statements were available in the program listing. Therefore, an understanding of how this modification coincided with the rest of the program was necessary. Grodins' entire program is partitioned into subroutines to facilitate any possible changes. See Appendix B. The modification in question is contained in subroutine RC12. The block diagram in Figure 3 shows RC12's relationship to the other subroutines in the program. As shown, RC12 fits into a loop that establishes and solves the system equations. The controller subroutine, RC17, is also a part of the loop. It is called before the system equations are calculated in RC11. This is needed because inspiratory ventilation rate (VI) and expiratory ventilation rate (VE) are both needed in the calculation of the system equations. RC17 will be discussed later.

The exercise subroutine is then scrutinized, with the initial step being the construction of a flow chart (Figure 4). This gives an insight into the functioning of this routine. In this subroutine, the tissue metabolic rates of oxygen, RMT(2), and carbon dioxide, RMT(1), are calculated along with the heart rate (HRATE), respiration frequency (FREQ), minute volume (TVNT), and dead space (DEADVT). The metabolic rates are the variables that interface this subroutine with the rest of the program. Both metabolic rates are used in the system equations.

The subroutine reads in a work load (WORK2) and duration (DURAT) from the input data cards. A decision of the work load is then made, depending upon its absolute magnitude and its magnitude relative to the previous work

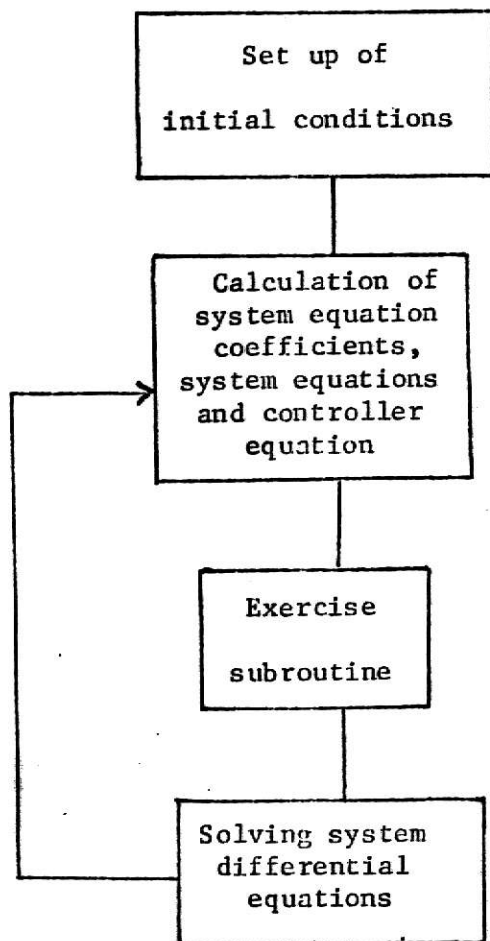
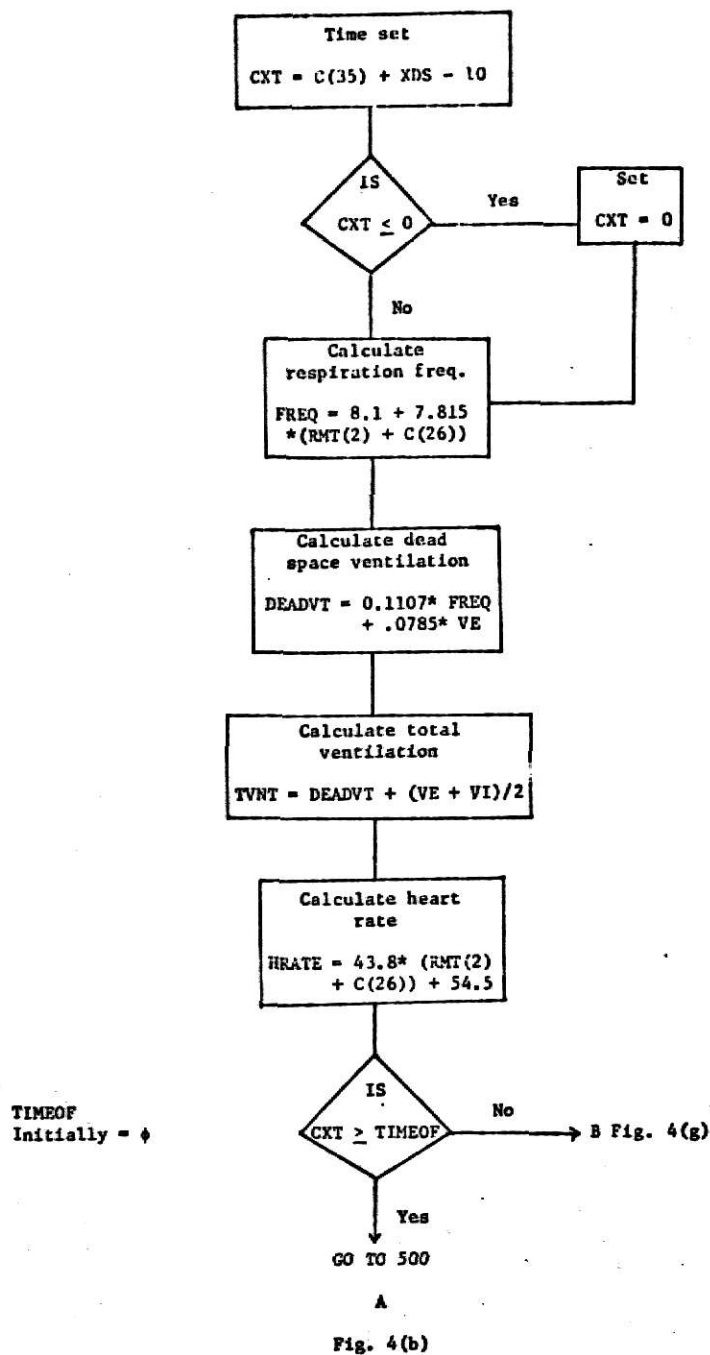


FIGURE 3. RC12's relationship to the other program subroutines



(a)

FIGURE 4. Flow chart for RC12

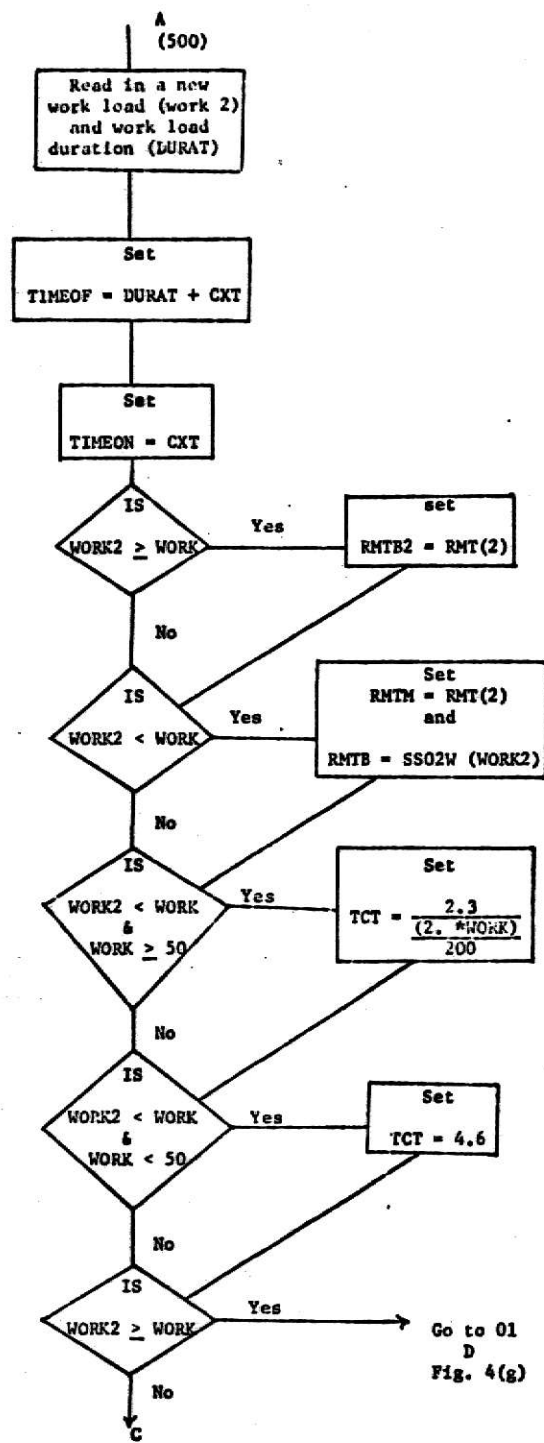


FIGURE 4(b).

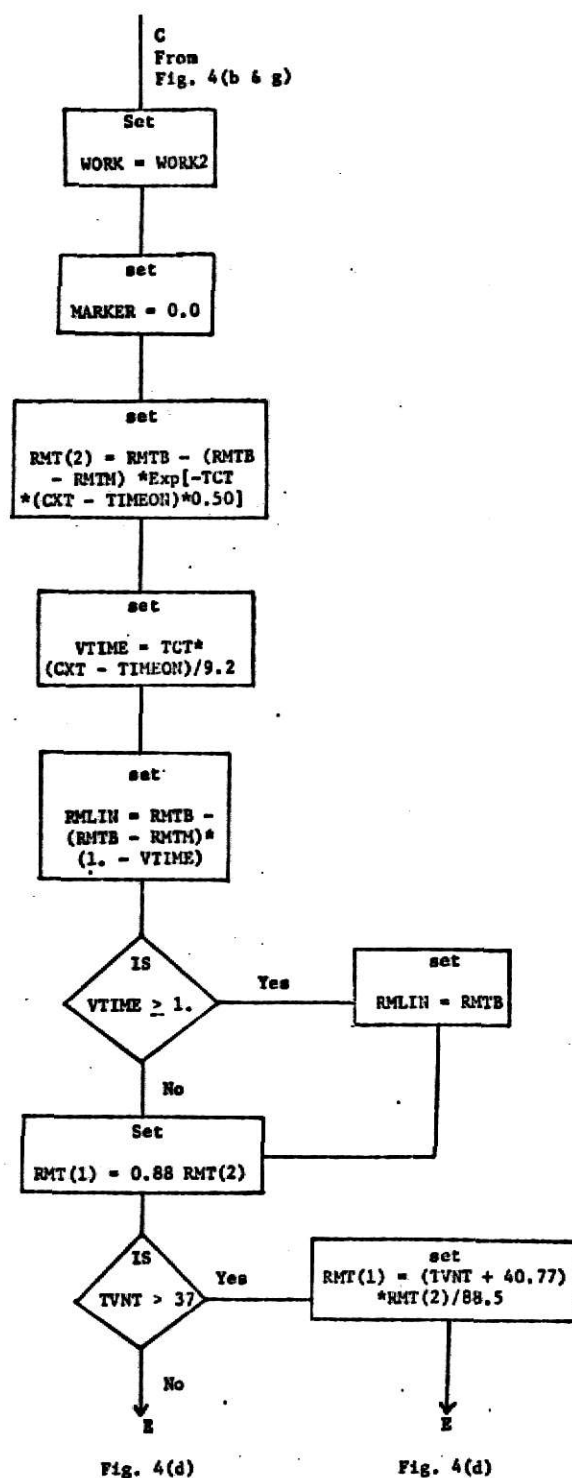
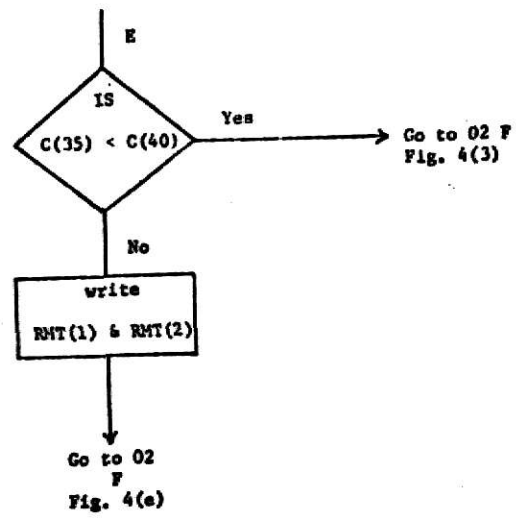


FIGURE 4 (c).

**FIGURE 4(d).**

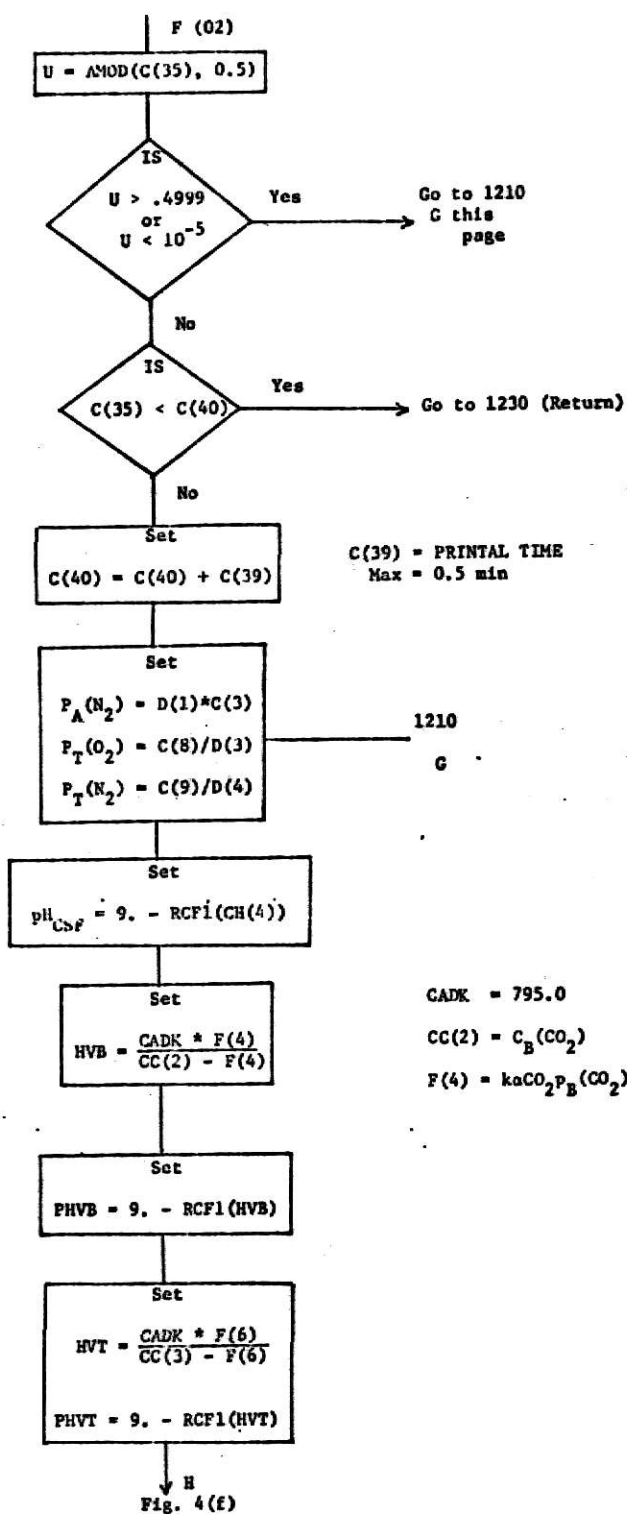


FIGURE 4(e).

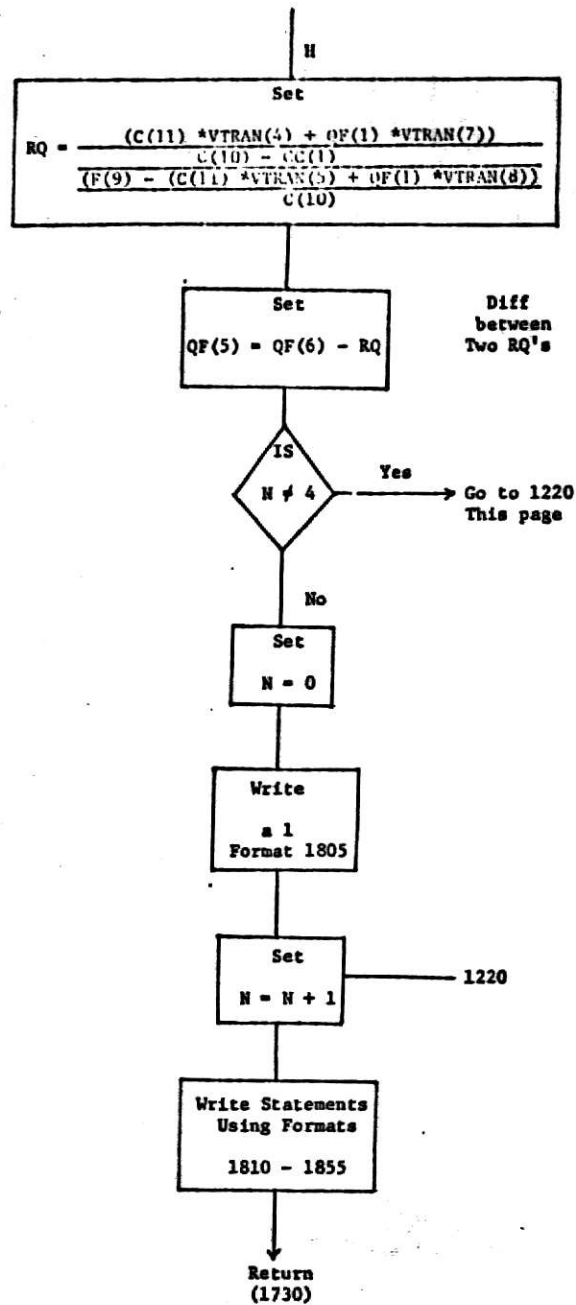


FIGURE 4(f).

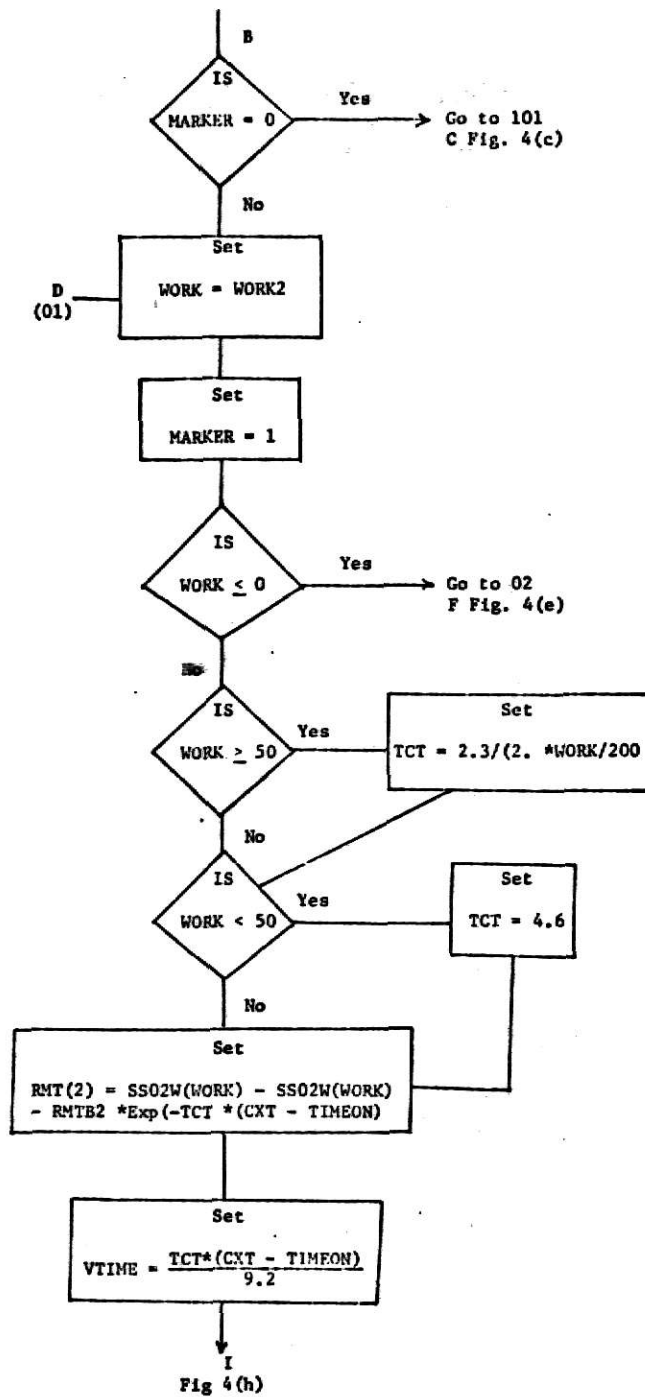


FIGURE 4(g).

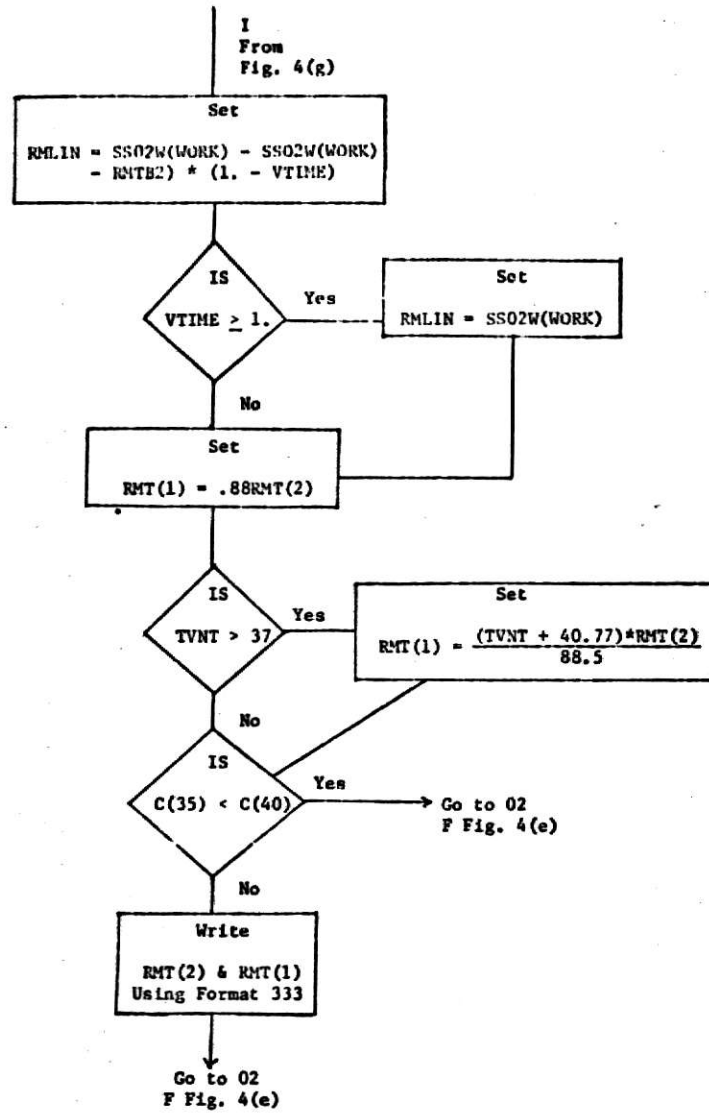


FIGURE 4(h).

load (WORK). This decision is needed since there are two different equations that calculate the metabolic rate of oxygen. One is for WORK2 less than WORK, and one is for WORK2 greater than or equal to WORK. To make sure that the program knows where it is at all times, a flag is set depending on the relative magnitude of the new work load. If WORK2 is less than WORK, MARKER is set equal to zero (MARKER = 0). If it is larger than or equal to WORK, MARKER is set equal to one (MARKER = 1). This flag is necessary because the program is continually calling RC12. The flag makes it possible for the program to return to the same set of equations until a new work load is read in. This will occur whenever the simulation time, C(35), is greater than TIMEOF. TIMEOF is set equal to the duration time plus the simulation time, CXT, when the work load is read in:

$$\text{TIMEOF} = \text{CXT} + \text{DURAT} \quad (2)$$

Physiological studies show that oxygen uptake is a good indicator for the amount of work that is being performed (17). This is why all other physiological parameters are always related to oxygen uptake. As mentioned before, the modification under discussion for this program is based mainly on two expressions for oxygen uptake; one for when the work loads are increasing, and one for when the work loads are decreasing. These two expressions are discussed in the following material.

A. Increasing Work Loads

For this case the subroutine utilizes the expression

$$\begin{aligned} \text{RMT}(2) = & \text{SSO2W}(\text{WORK}) - (\text{SSO2W}(\text{WORK}) - \text{RMTB2}) * \\ & \text{EXP}(-\text{TCT}(\text{CXT} - \text{TIMEON})) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

where:

SSO₂W(WORK) is the tissue steady state oxygen consumption for a particular work load. Oxygen consumption varies linearly with work load as shown in Figure 5. However, the relationship between oxygen consumption and work load in this program is a piecewise linear relationship, as illustrated by Figure 6. Figures 5 and 6 illustrate a maximum value for the oxygen consumption. At this point there is no further increase in oxygen consumption for an increase in work load. This point is known as the maximum oxygen uptake (MAX O₂). It is a measure of one's physical fitness. In the average male the MAX O₂ is about 3.5 liters per minute at a work load of 250 watts. MAX O₂ is higher in the more fit individual. For example, some long distance runners have a MAX O₂ of between 5 and 6 liters per minute (17). The dotted line in Figure 6 is a suggested change that would eliminate the discontinuity at 250 watts.

RMTB2 is the oxygen consumption at the time the work load is initiated. If the work load is started from rest, this value is 0.215 liters per minute.

TCT is the inverse of the time constant. It determines the rise time of the exponential components. TCT is related to the work load by the following expressions:

$$\text{TCT} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} = 4.6 & \text{for work} \leq 50 \text{ watts} \\ 2.3/2 * \text{WORK}/200 & \text{for work} > 50 \text{ watts} \end{array} \right. \quad (4)$$

This function is plotted in Figure 7. From this plot it is seen that, as the work load is increased, TCT becomes smaller. This

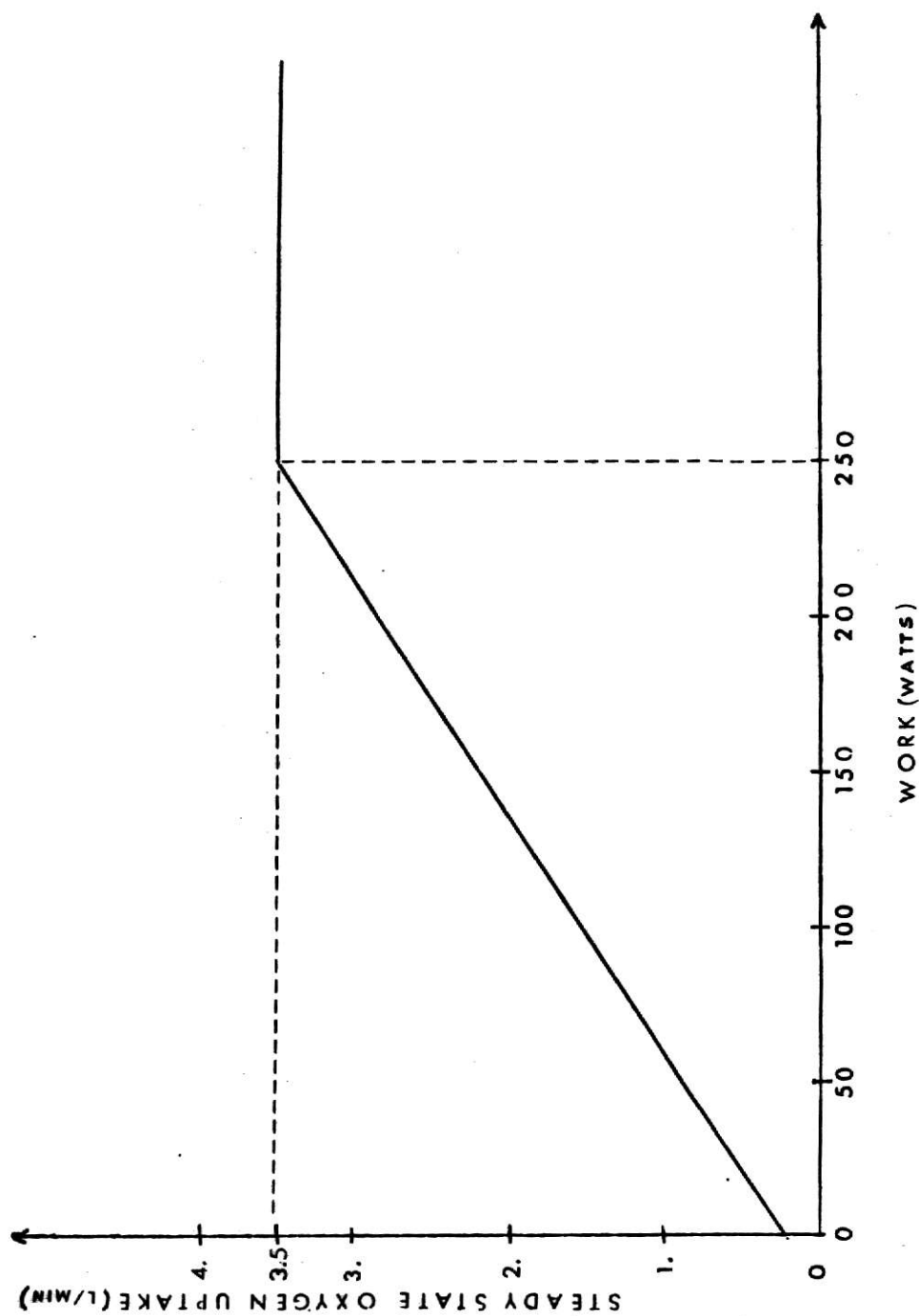


FIGURE 5. Classical relationship between steady state oxygen uptake and work load

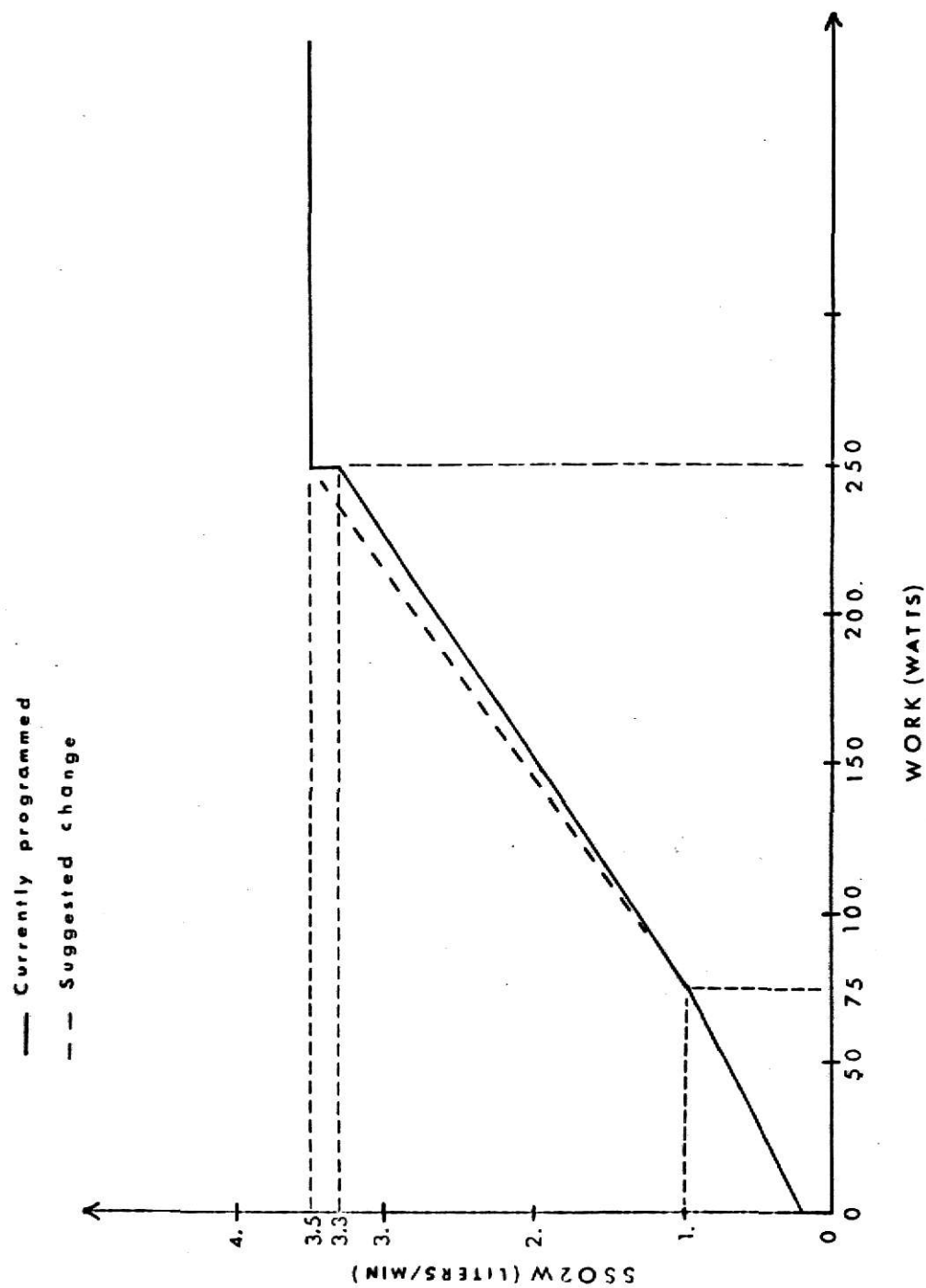


FIGURE 6. Piecewise linear relationship of steady state oxygen uptake and work load used in model

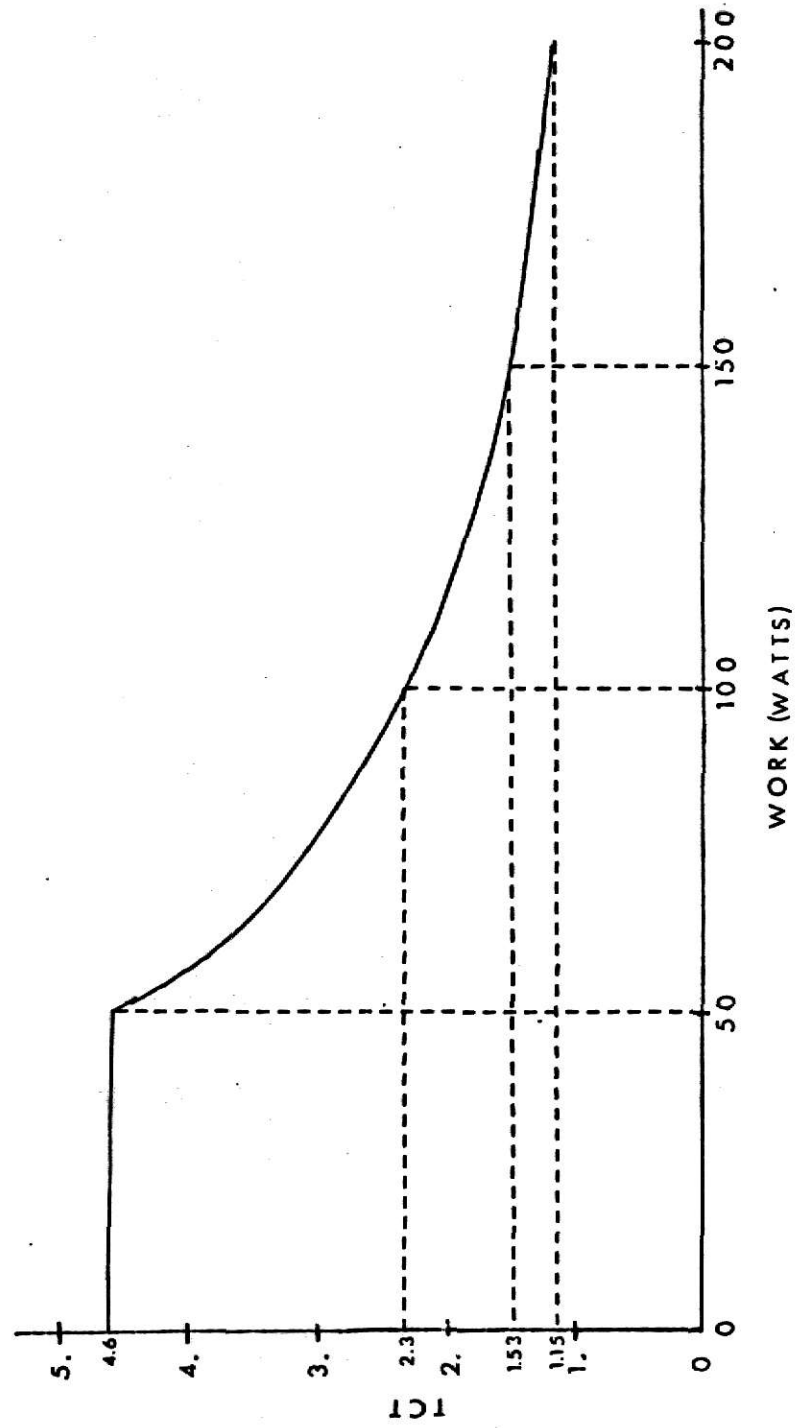


FIGURE 7. Inverse time constant versus work

means that as the work load increases, more time is required to reach steady state.

CXT is equal to the simulation time C(35).

TIMEON is the time when the work load is started. After the work load is read in, the subroutine sets TIMEON = CXT. Thus CXT - TIMEON is elapsed time of the work load at any time C(35).

With the aid of the NOVA 1200 minicomputer (see Appendix A) plots of RMT(2) for different work loads were obtained. The first plot, Figure 8, illustrates how RMT(2) changes from rest to steady state for five different work loads. Figure 9 describes the time course of RMT(2) if the work loads change without returning to rest. Notice that in both plots it takes more time to reach steady state as the work loads increase.

B. Decreasing Work Loads

For decreasing work loads RC12 utilizes an oxygen consumption expression that is a decaying exponential. It has a time constant that is twice as long as the time constant used in the expression for increasing work loads. The expression is written as

$$RMT(2) = RMTB - (RMTB - RMTM) * \exp(-TCT * (CXT - TIMEON) * 0.5) \quad (5)$$

where:

RMTB is the steady state oxygen consumption at the new, lower work load.

CXT, TCT, and TIMEON are as stated before. However, it is important to notice that TCT is determined not by the new work load but by

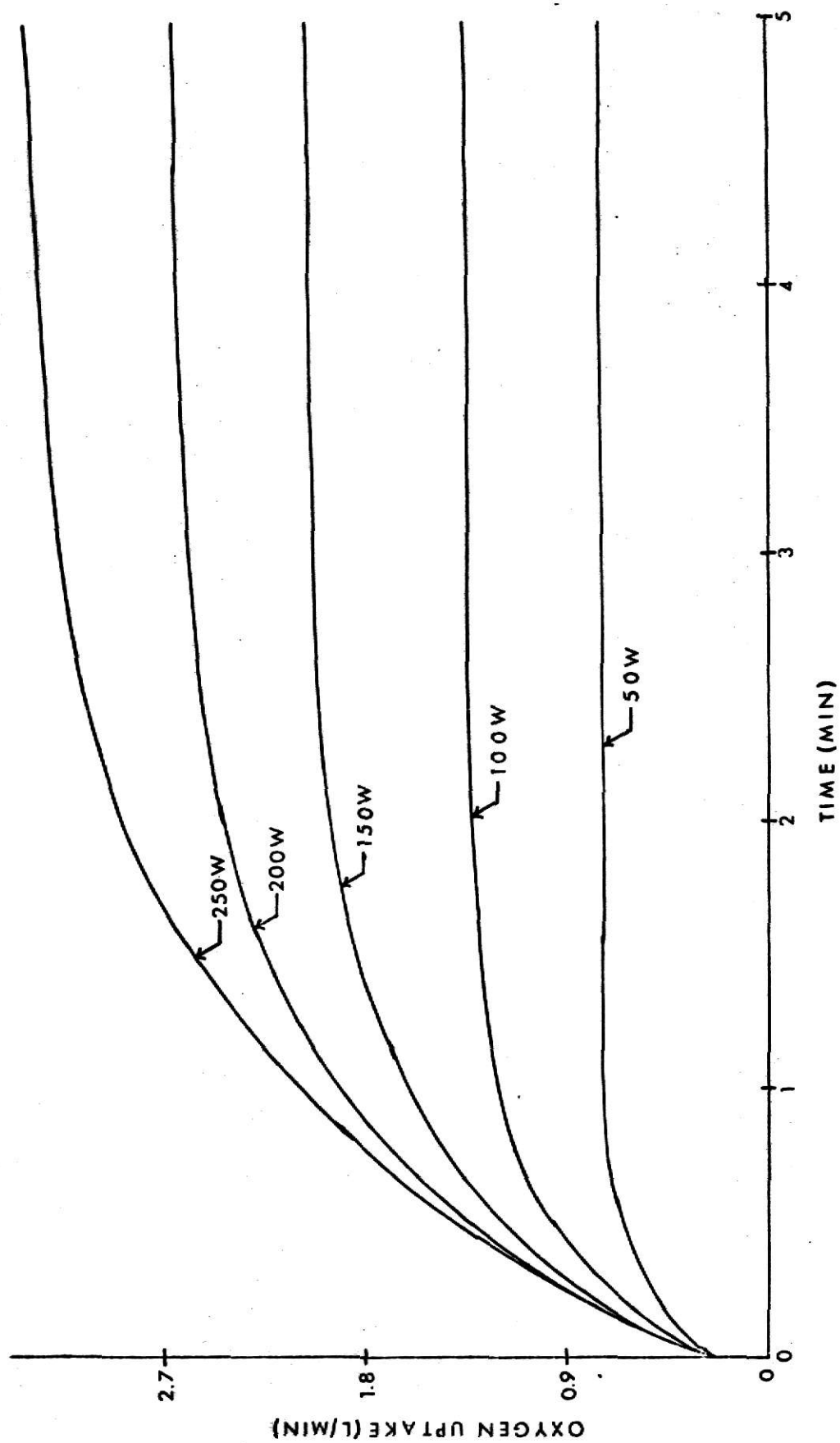


FIGURE 8. Uptake of oxygen from resting conditions

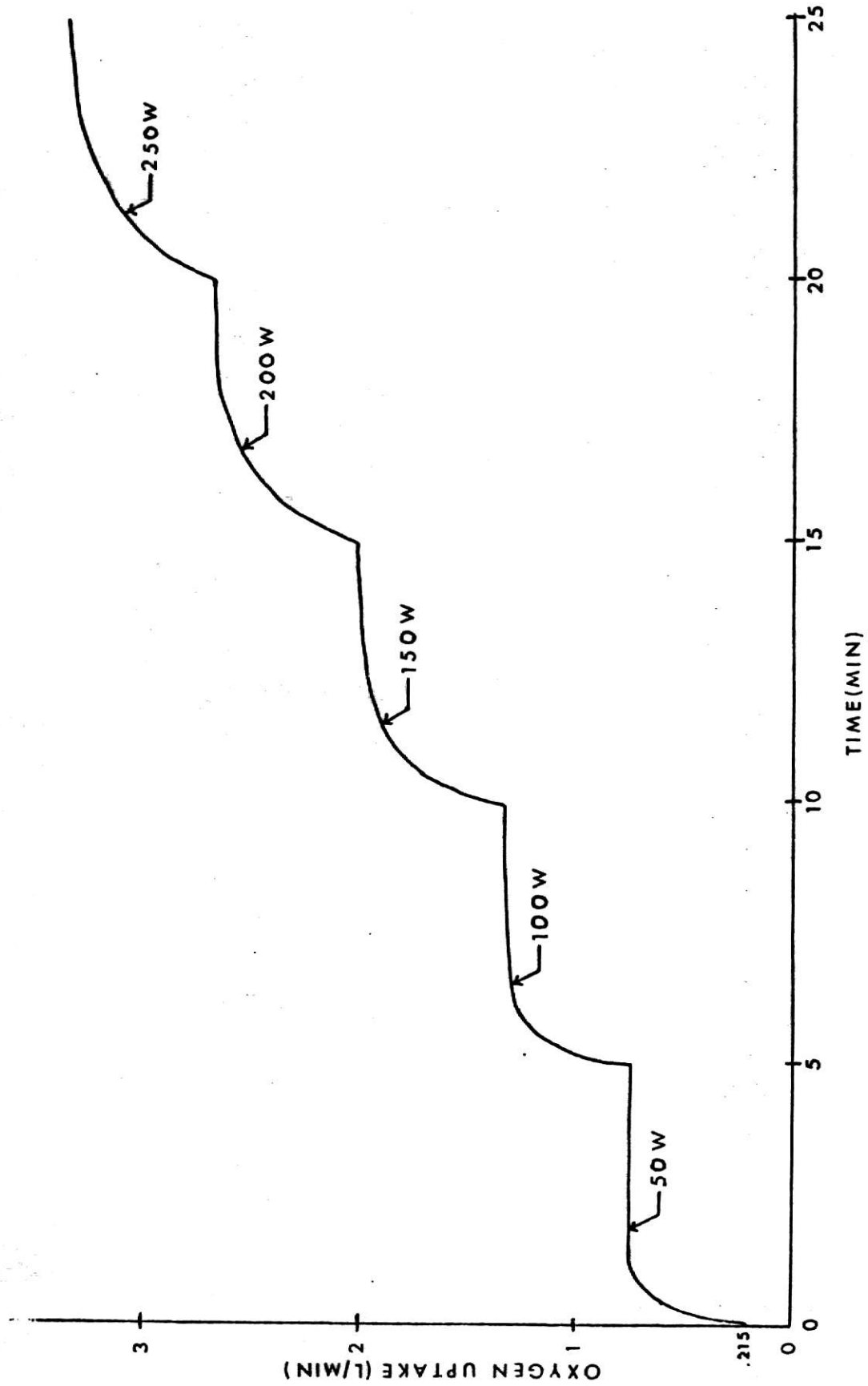


FIGURE 9. Uptake of oxygen for successive work loads

the previous work load. This is physiologically justified because the swiftness by which the body returns to the resting state is dependent upon how hard it was working. The harder it worked during the previous interval the longer it takes to replace the oxygen and high energy stores of the body.

Figure 10 is a plot of RMT(2) from a working level to rest, for five different work loads.

For both increasing and decreasing work loads the metabolic production of carbon dioxide, RMT(1), is calculated by the same equations:

$$\text{RMT}(1) = (\text{TVNT} + 40.77) * \text{RMT}(2) / 88.5 \quad (6)$$

for TVNT less than or equal to 37.

For TVNT greater than 37

$$\text{RMT}(1) = 0.88 \text{RMT}(2) \quad (7)$$

where TVNT is the minute volume.

C. System Controller Equation

Up to this point, only the alteration of the system equations during exercise has been discussed. It is still necessary to determine how the controller equation subroutine, RC17, is modified to take exercise into account.

As before, a flow chart can be obtained for RC17 as shown in Figure 11. From the flow chart it is still difficult to determine the interaction of the steps and how the various individual elements of the routine interact. To get a better feel for this, a print routine is added to this subroutine which prints out the important variables. When the program is run at different work loads, knowledge of the subroutine functioning is obtained by utilizing the printouts as shown in Figure 12.

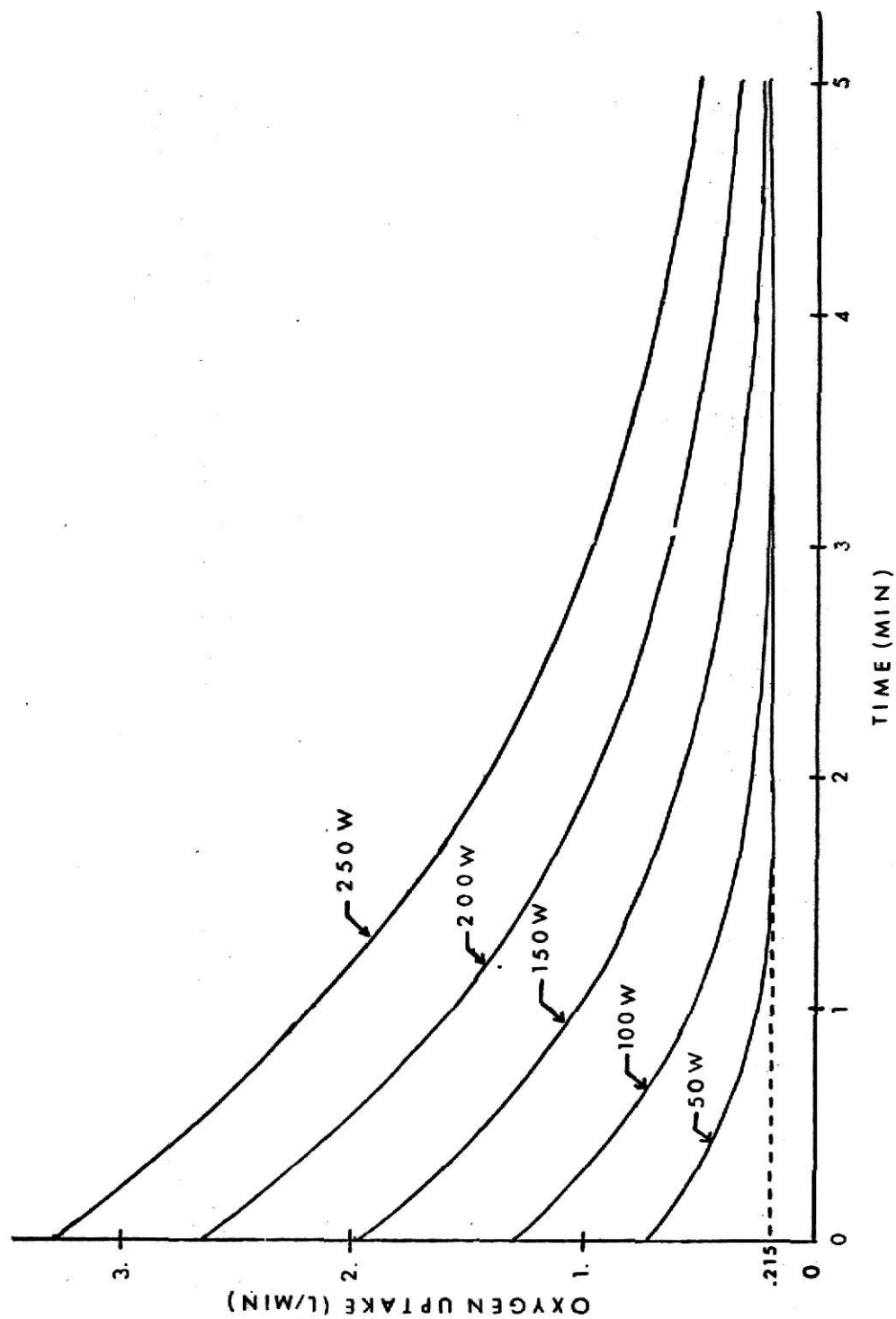


FIGURE 10. Oxygen uptake for decreasing work loads

(8)*

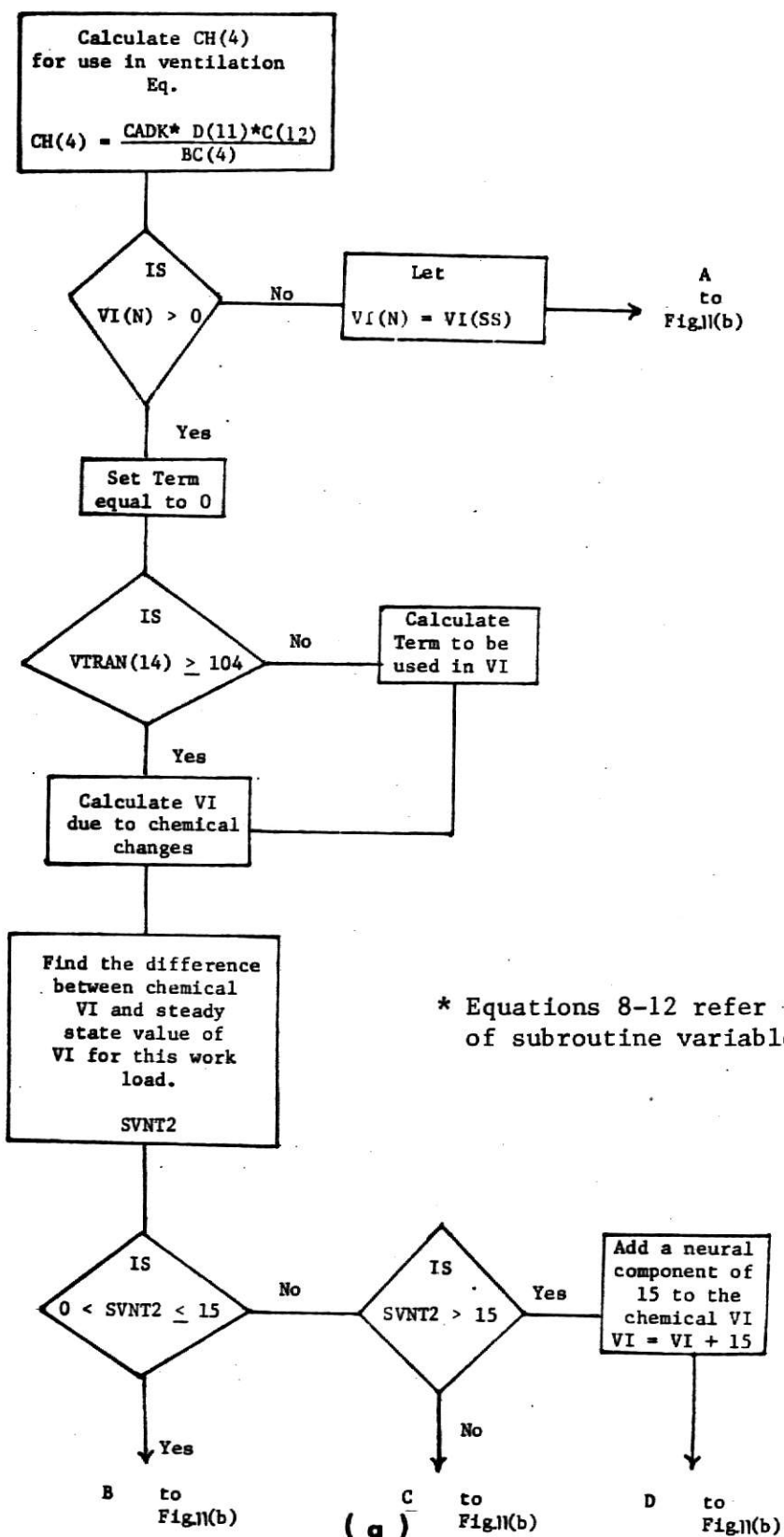


FIGURE 11. Flow chart for controller
subroutine

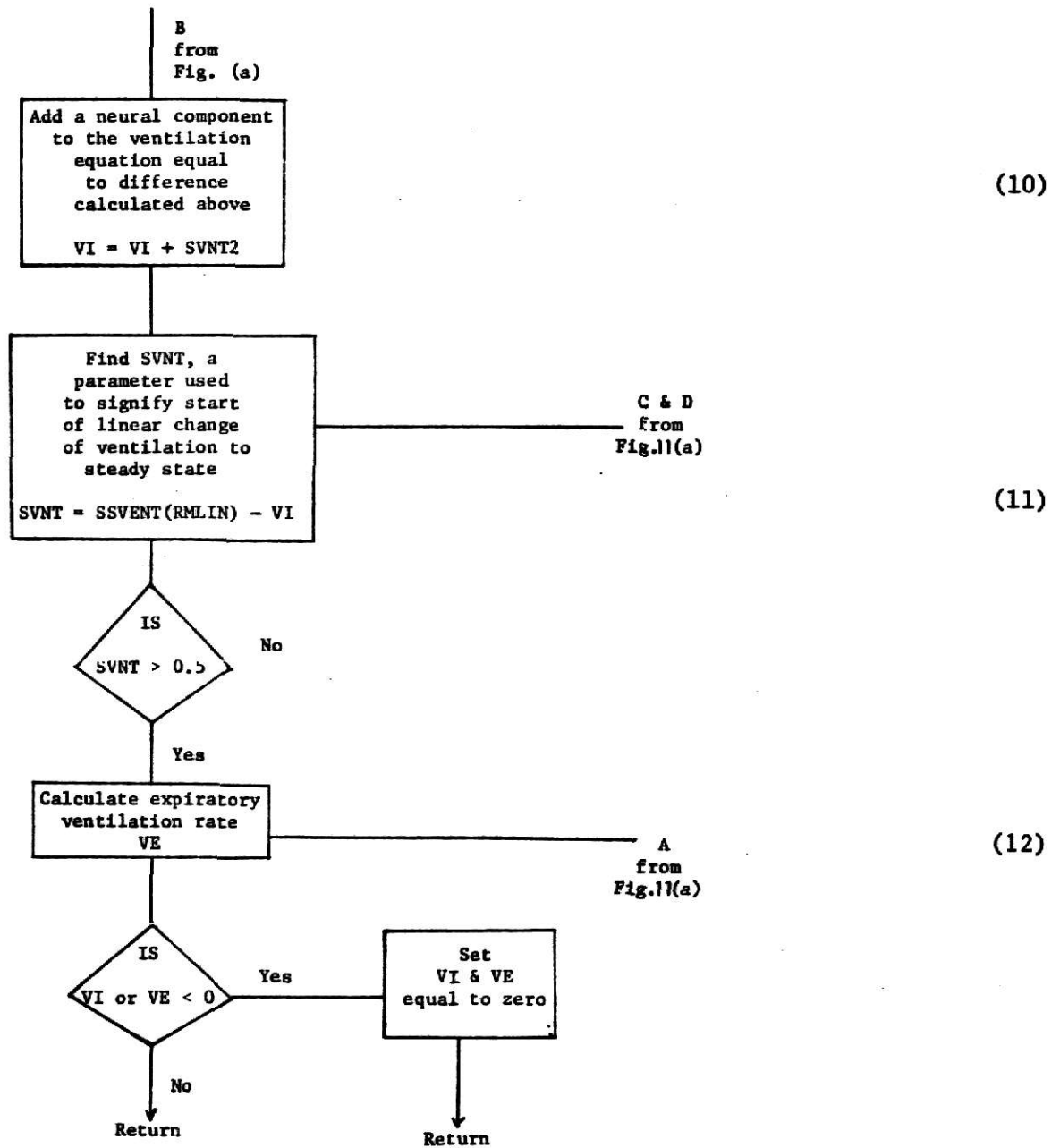


FIGURE 11 (b)

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Verification that the modification of the controller equation is based on the neurohumoral theory as discussed in Section IIC is possible. That is, it consists of a fast neural component and a slower humoral component. Referring to Figure 13, which is the subroutine listing, the first calculation made is that of the ventilation as given by Grodins' controller equation, (VI). This value is then subtracted from the steady state ventilation for the work load of interest, (SSVENT(SS02W(WORK))). This steady state ventilation is calculated using the relationship given by the plot in Figure 14. This plot effectively illustrates that steady state ventilation is linearly related to steady state oxygen consumption. However, oxygen consumption is dependent upon the work load as previously discussed. The difference between this steady state value and the value obtained by Grodins' controller equation is the neural component if the difference is less than or equal to 15 liters per minute. If the difference is greater than 15 liters per minute, the neural component is set equal to 15. The difference is given the variable name SVNT2. This neural component is added to the value of ventilation that is calculated by Grodins' controller equation and a new value for VI is obtained. This description of VI is given by Equations 13 and 14

$$\text{or} \quad \text{VI} = \text{VI} + \text{SVNT2} \quad \text{for } 0 \leq \text{SVNT2} \leq 15 \quad (13)$$

$$\text{VI} = \text{VI} + 15 \quad \text{for } \text{SVNT2} > 15 \quad (14)$$

At this point, another variable is calculated, SVNT. SVNT is the difference between another steady state value for ventilation defined by the term SSVENT(RMLIN) and the value of ventilation which is calculated in Equation 13 or 14.

$$\text{SVNT} = \text{SSVENT(RMLIN)} - \text{VI} \quad (15)$$



RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 40
22 JUN 72

15: 2:32

• FOR, • RC17, RC17
UNIVAC 1100 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:32

SUBROUTINE RC17 ENTRY POINT 000171

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000173; DATA(0) 000157; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376
0004 R 000014

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 SSVENT
0006 SS02M
0007 NEXP68
0010 NERR38

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000015 1708L	0001 000033 1720L	0001 000127 1730L	0001 000160 1740L	0000 000136 6469F
0003 002232 A	0000 000027 BAD	0003 R 002317 BC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 R 002363 CADR
0003 002336 CC	0003 R 002344 CM	0003 002341 CMB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPH
0003 002362 CPT	0004 000002 CXT	0003 R 002240 D	0003 002214 DC	0003 002353 DG
0003 002365 DT	0004 000004 DUM1	0004 000005 DUM2	0004 000006 DUM3	0003 R 002257 F
0003 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000151 INJPS	0003 002366 IRK	0003 002370 ITERM
0003 002373 J	0003 002367 LOC	0003 002374 M	0003 002375 N	0003 R 002323 OF
0003 002016 RK	0004 R 000013 RMLIN	0003 002315 RMT	0004 000010 RMTB	0004 000011 RMTB2
0003 002106 SC	0006 R 000000 SS02M	0005 R 000000 SSVENT	0003 000170 SV	0000 R 000002 SVNT
0000 R 000001 SVNT2	0003 002131 TAU	0000 R 000000 TERM	0004 000012 TIMEOF	0003 R 002357 VE
0003 R 002360 VI	0003 002103 VOL	0003 R 001774 VTRAN	0004 R 000003 WORK	0004 000007 WORK2
0003 002364 X	0004 000000 XDS	0004 000001 XMH	0003 000050 XM	

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10  SUBROUTINE RC17
20  DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
30  1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DI(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
40  2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPH(3),
50  3 DM(4)
60  COMMON/Z/ C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
70  1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPH, DG, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
80  2 IRK, LOC, ITERM, INDEX, I, J, M, N
90  COMMON/R/ XDS, XMH, CXT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMEOF
100 1 , RMLIN
110 NAMELIST/BAD/CM(4), CADR, DI(1), C(12), BC(4), C(37), C(38), VTRAN(14),
120 1 TERM, VI, C(20), C(16), VTRAN(15), C(21), VTRAN(13), C(37), D(9), C(11),
130 2 VTRAN(16), OF(1), VTRAN(17), C(10), F(11),
140 6469 FORMAT(10, 8H SUB RC17)
150 C CALCULATES VENTILATION
160 CM(4) = CADR-D(11)-C(12)/BC(4)

```

(a)

FIGURE 13. Subroutine RC17 program listing

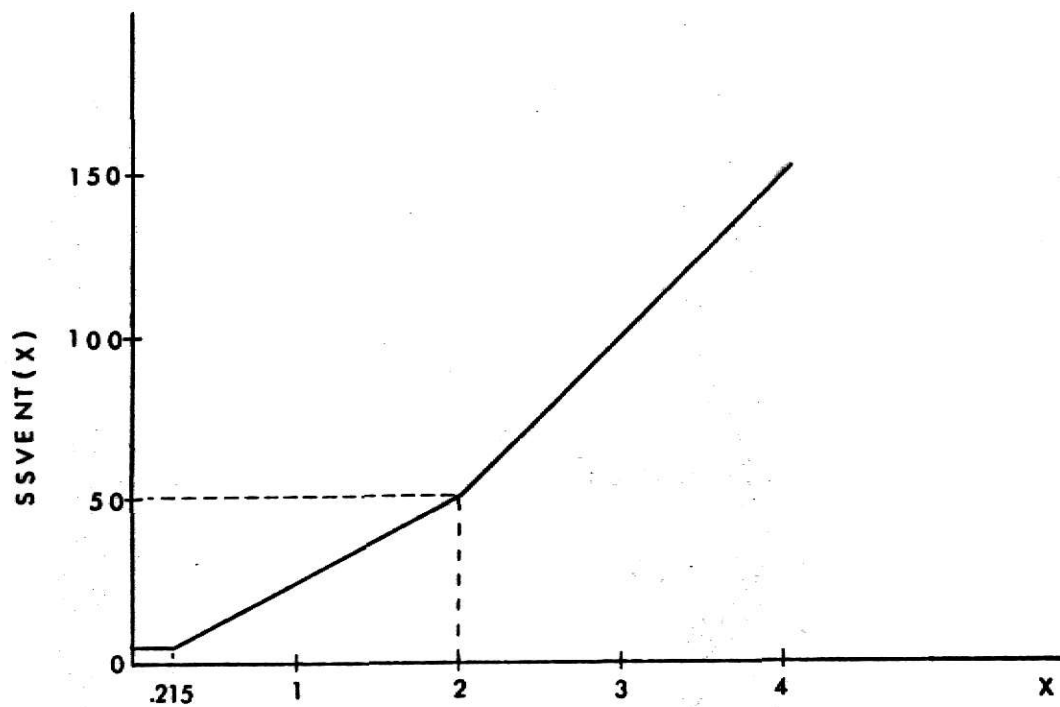
00111 17* RESP CASE NO. 1 DATE 220672 PAGE 01
 00112 18* IF (C(37)) .GT. 1.0E-5) GO TO 1700
 00113 19* 1700 VI = C(39)
 00114 20* GO TO 1730
 00115 21* 1700 TERM = 0.0
 00116 22* IF (VTRAK(14) - 104.0) 1710, 1720, 1720
 00117 23* 1710 TERM = (23.0E-9)/((104.0 - VTRAK(14))**2.9)
 00118 24* 1720 VI = C(20)/(C(10)*VTRAK(14) + (1.0 - C(16))*CH(4))
 00119 25* 1 + C(21)*VTRAK(13) + TERM - C(37)
 00120 26* SVNT2 = SSVENT(SO2WORK) - VI
 00121 27* IF (SVNT2 .GT. 0.1) AND (SVNT2 .LE. 15.1) VI = VI + SVNT2
 00122 28* IF (SVNT2 .GT. 15.1) VI = VI + 15.
 00123 29* SVNT = SSVENT(RMLIN) - VI
 00124 30* IF (SVNT .GT. 0.5) VI = VI + 0.75*SVNT
 00125 31* 1730 VE = VI + 0.0/(C(11)*VTRAK(16) + QF(1)*VTRAK(17) - C(10)*F(11))
 00126 32* IF (VI .LT. 0.0 .OR. VE .LT. 0.0) GO TO 1740
 00127 33* RETURN
 00128 34* 1740 VI = 0.0
 00129 35* VE = 0.0
 00130 36* RETURN
 00131 37* END
 00132 38* SW = SSVENT(SO2WORK)
 00133 39* SR = SSVENT(RMLIN)
 00134 40* 1735 WRITE(6,1737) VO, VI, SVNT2, SW, SR, VEC(33), SVNT, TCT,
 00135 41* 1 VTIME, RMLIN
 00136 42* 1737 FORMAT(11F12.4)

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

MC17 SYMBOLIC
 MC17 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:24.3 0 01475462 14 36 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 16:17:26 1 01474952 26 1 (DELETED)
 0 01474516 14 28

FIGURE 13(b)



When $X = \text{SSO}_2 \text{ W(WORK)}$ this plot illustrates
a linear relationship between steady
state ventilation and steady state oxygen uptake

FIGURE 14. Steady state ventilation

The argument used to determine the steady state ventilation term is calculated in RC12. RMLIN is a slowed down, linearized version of RMT(2). It is given by

$$RMLIN = SS02W(WORK) - (SS02W(WORK) - RMTB2)(1.-VTIME) \quad (16)$$

where SS02W(WORK) and RMTB2 are as discussed before. VTIME is the function that slows down RMLIN in relationship to RMT(2). It is given by

$$VTIME = TCT(CXT - TIMEON)/9.2 \quad \text{for } VTIME < 1 \quad (17)$$

The value 9.2 makes RMLIN approach its steady state value at a rate four times slower than RMT(2) when the work load is 100 watts. For work loads less than 100 watts, the response of RMT(2) is less than four times as fast. For work loads greater than 100 watts, the response of RMT(2) is greater than four times as fast. Figures 15 and 16 show the relationship between RMLIN and RMT(2) for two different work loads (25 watts and 75 watts).

When VTIME reaches the value of 1, RMLIN has reached steady state and is given by:

$$RMLIN = SS02W(WORK) . \quad (18)$$

Going back to the discussion of the controller equation, if SVNT is greater than 0.5, ventilation will start to linearly approach its steady state value. This is done by adding 75% of SVNT to the value of VI calculated above. The relation used is:

$$VI = VI + 0.75SVNT \quad (19)$$

After inspiratory ventilation has been calculated, expiratory ventilation is calculated, again using a relationship given by Grodins (2).

Figures 17 and 18 are plots of the different variables discussed above for work loads of 25 and 75 watts. In both figures, it is seen that the sum of V0 and SVNT2 equals SSVENT(SS02W(WORK)) for SSVENT(RMLIN) < 0.5

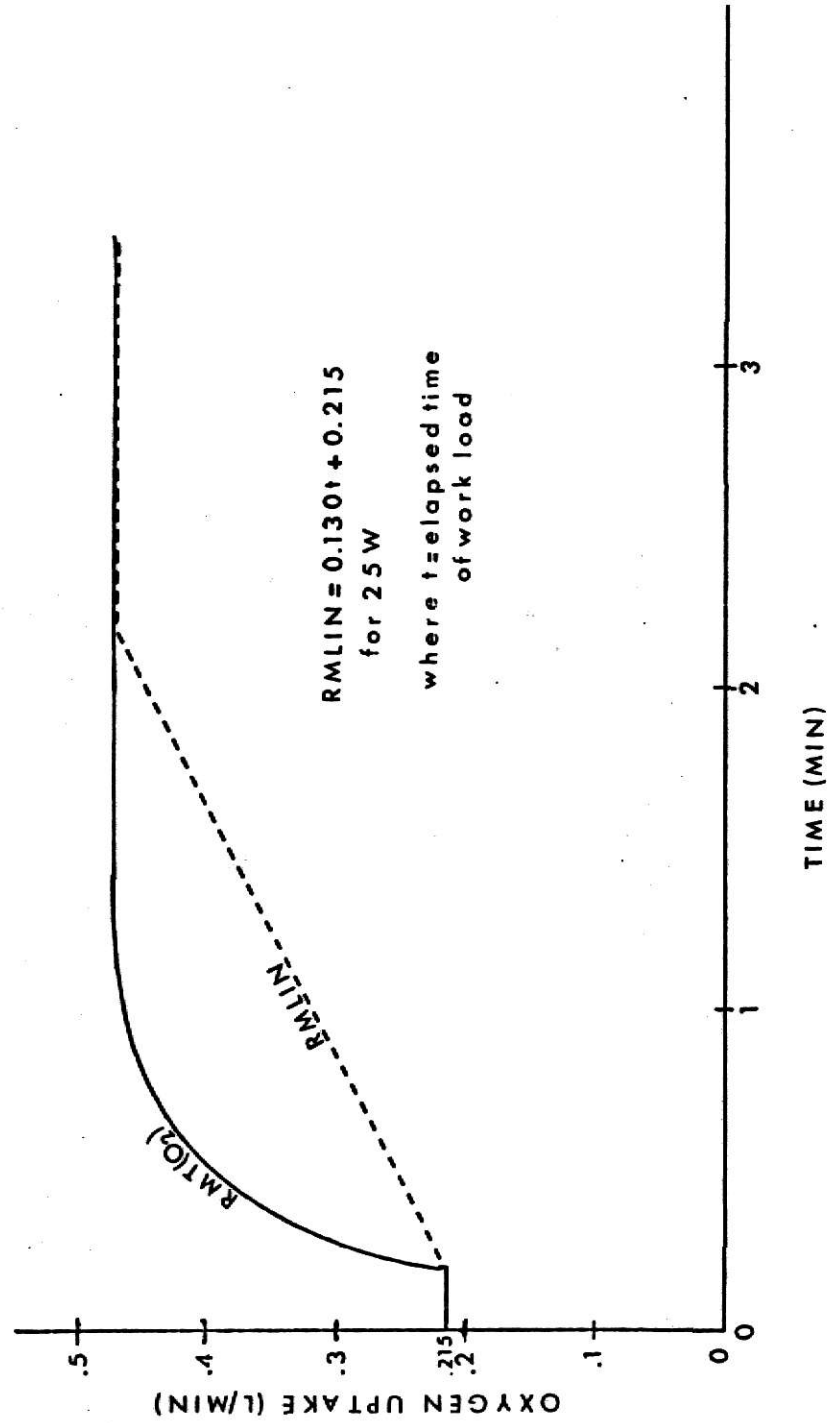


FIGURE 15. The relationship between oxygen uptake and RMLIN

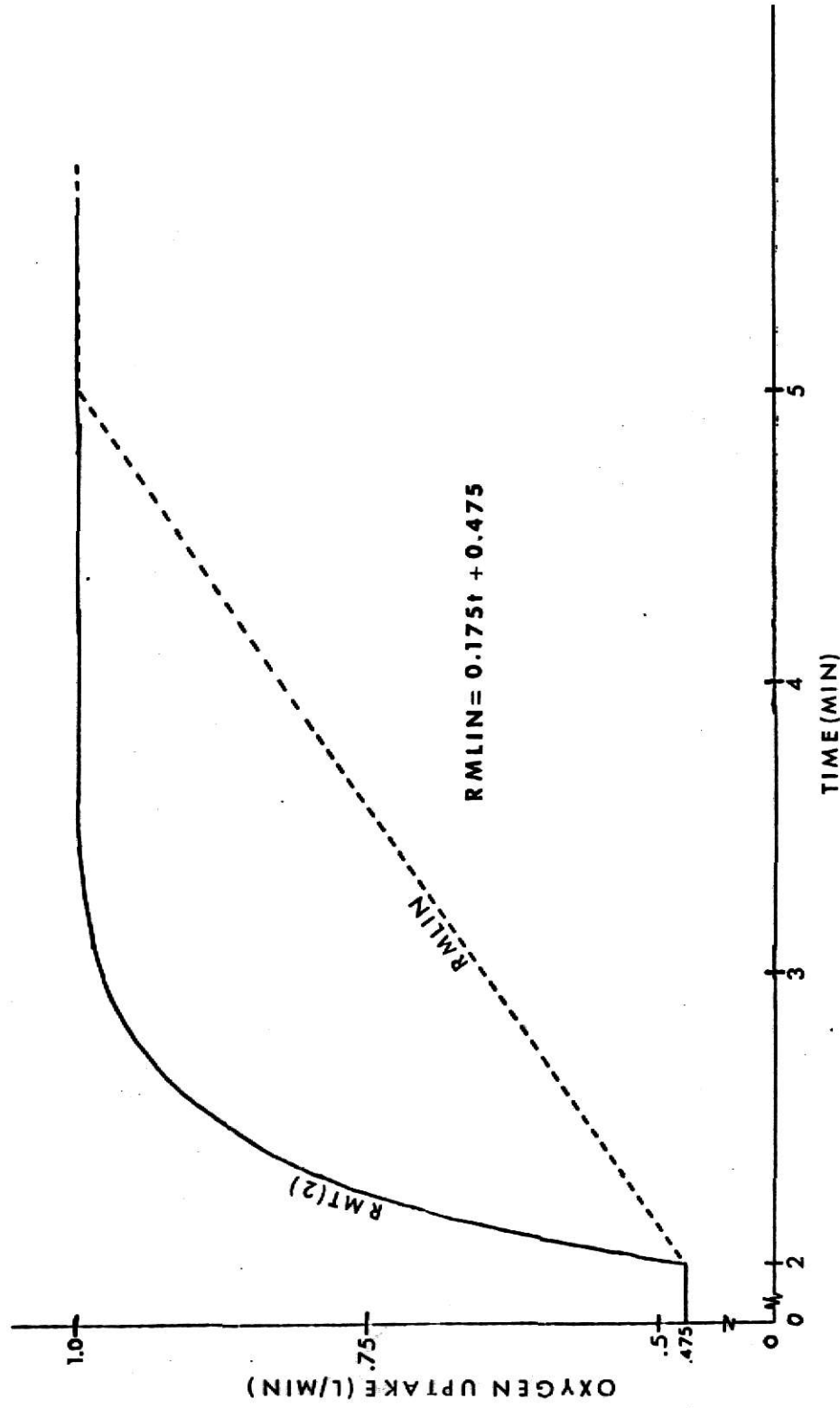


FIGURE 16. The relationship between oxygen uptake and R_{MLIN} for 75 watts from 25 watts

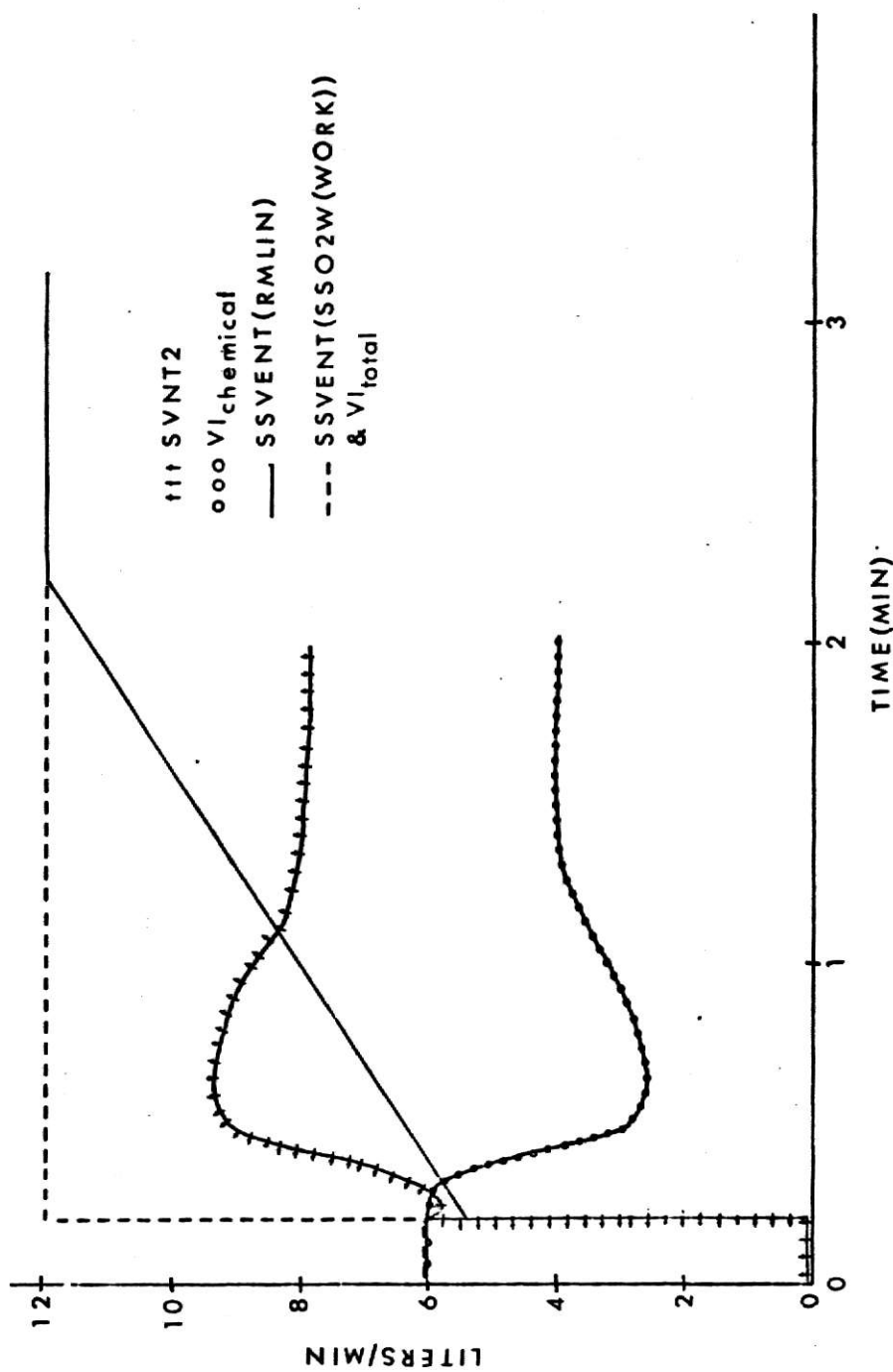


FIGURE 17. Relationship between important variables used in controller equation at 25 watts

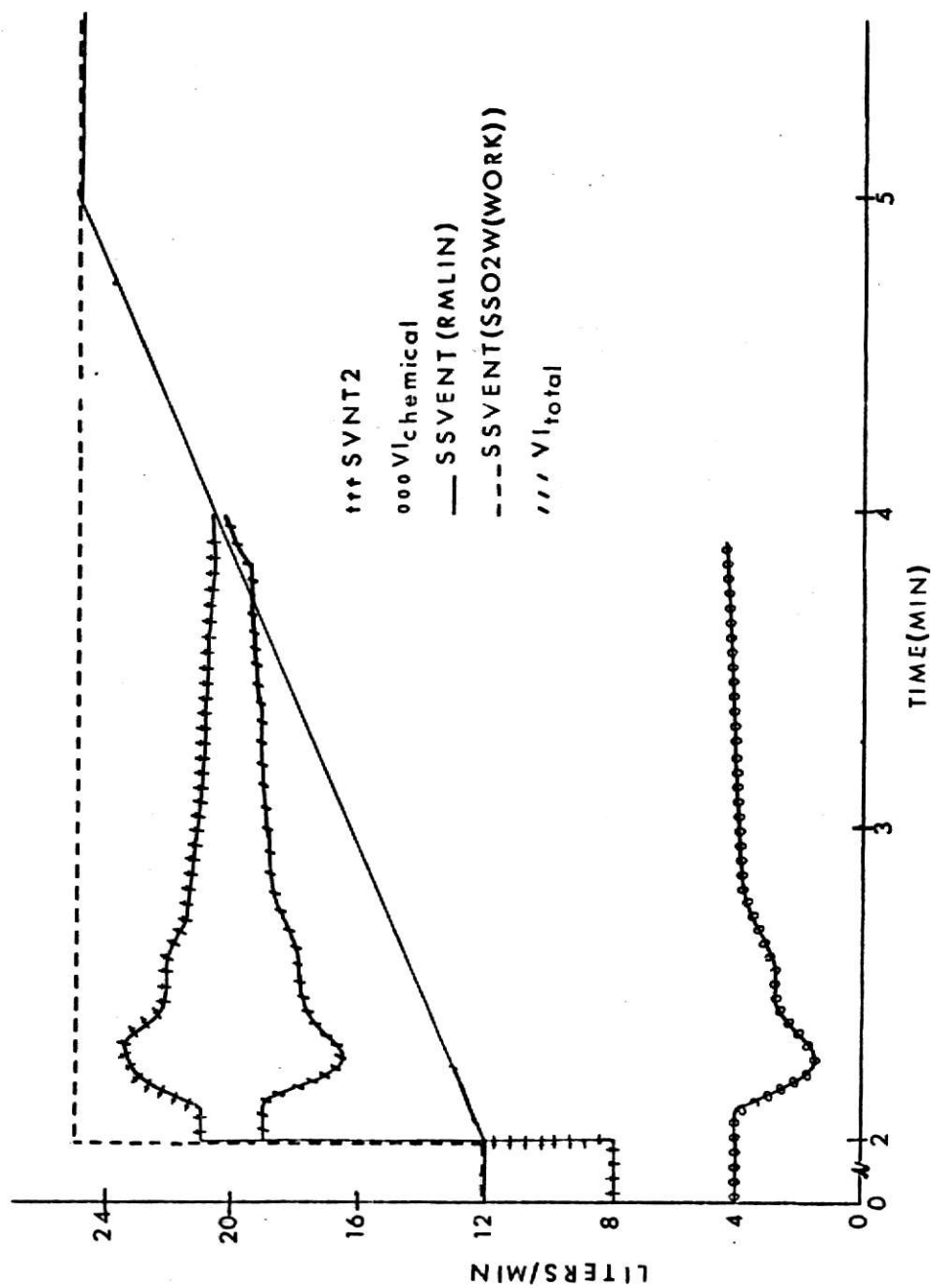


FIGURE 18. Relationship between important variables used in controller equation at 75 watts

+ VI. VI is equal to VO plus the neural component. As soon as SSVENT(RMLIN) becomes large enough ($\text{SSVENT(RMLIN)} > 0.5 + \text{VI}$) VI starts a linear increase to the steady state value using Equation 19.

The above controller modification does not have any physiological significance. It is only a routine that permits a reasonable reproduction of a limited set of experimental data (18). It can be said that the fast increase is the neural component. However, the device used to simulate this response is not part of a set of system equations that actually describe the system. Currently such a set of system equations is unknown.

IV. DISCUSSION

Five different simulation runs were made with varying exercise conditions and transitions in order to determine how the exercise portion of this respiratory control model operated. Using the program which appears in Appendix B the runs proved to be very expensive and time consuming when run on the IBM 360/50. This means that for all runs, it was financially prohibitive to let the work loads run until steady state was reached. Sometimes transition from one work load to the next occurred during the transient portion of the response for a given work load. Whether the responses obtained this way are valid or not is a question that cannot be answered at this time. This is due to the fact that nowhere in the literature is there any experimental data which can be quantitatively compared to these responses. Table 1 lists the values of the input data cards used in each simulation run made for this study.

Table 1. Input data card and work load values for each simulation run

Input Data Cards	Run #1	Run #2	Run #3	Run #4	Run #5
C(1)	0.1783		0.1674	0.1746	
C(2)	0.5336		0.5419	0.5231	
C(3)	0.2881		0.2907	0.3123	
C(4)	0.6413		0.6345	0.6359	
C(5)	0.0012		0.0011	0.0011	
C(6)	0.0011		0.0011	0.0011	
C(7)	0.6153	Same	0.6164	0.6390	Same
C(8)	0.0015	as	0.0011	0.0007	as
C(9)	0.0012	Run #1	0.0012	0.0011	Run #1
C(10)	0.0000		7.380	11.5717	
C(11)	0.7496		0.6839	0.7260	
C(12)	48.1202		47.9542	47.3567	
C(13)	36.6316		36.0486	35.3290	
C(14)	70.6804		68.5268	66.2437	
RMT(1)	0.1820		0.1820	1.1699	
RMT(2)	0.2150		0.2150	1.3294	
WORK2	0.0/0.2	0.0/0.2	25/0.2	100/2.5	0.0/0.2
WORK2	50/1.8	25/1.8	70/2.0	0.0/30	50/2.5
WORK2	100/2.0	75/2.0	100/2.0	----	0.0/2.0

Watts/Min

Another point made by these runs is that the neural component is sensitive to the increments taken in the work load. In simulation runs made by Gallagher (19) at work loads of 50 watts, 100 watts and 150 watts, it was seen that there was no neural component at the 100 watts and the 150 watts work loads when the transition was made during steady state. In simulation runs made during this study, the transition from 50 watts to 100 watts gave the same results, that is the absence of a fast change. The change in work load was made during the transient response for 50 watts. Figure 19 is a plot of VI for this run.

When a simulation run was made at work loads of 25 watts and 75 watts, two fast components were observed. One component occurred when the work load shifted from zero watts to 25 watts and one occurred when it shifted from 25 watts to 75 watts. Figure 20 is a plot of VI for this run. Also, from this response it is observed that at 25 watts the neural component accounts for the total ventilatory change allowing this system to reach steady state immediately. This is in agreement with experiments performed by D'Angelo et al. (20), where it was shown that the neural component accounts for approximately 100% of the total ventilatory change for low work loads.

Another run made with an initial work level of 25 watts and then increasing to 70 and 100 watts showed fast changes at both 70 and 100 watts as illustrated in Figure 21. It seems apparent that the increments in work load are critical to the response. Again there is no published data available to which these responses can be compared.

The next run, Run #4, was made to see what the response would be if 100 watts went to steady state and then a change was made to zero work load. The initial condition was taken as the condition existing at the

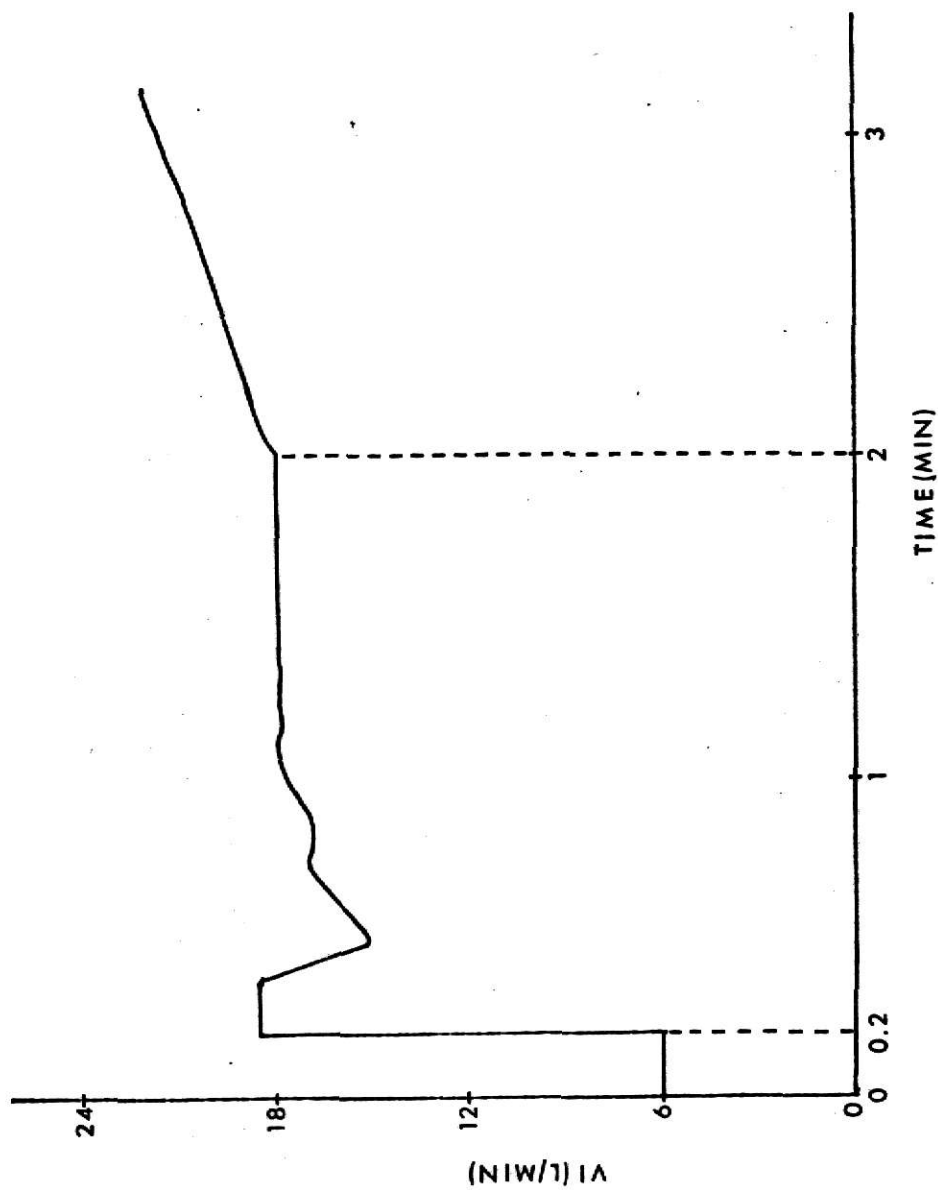


FIGURE 19. Simulation run number one for 0-50-100 watts

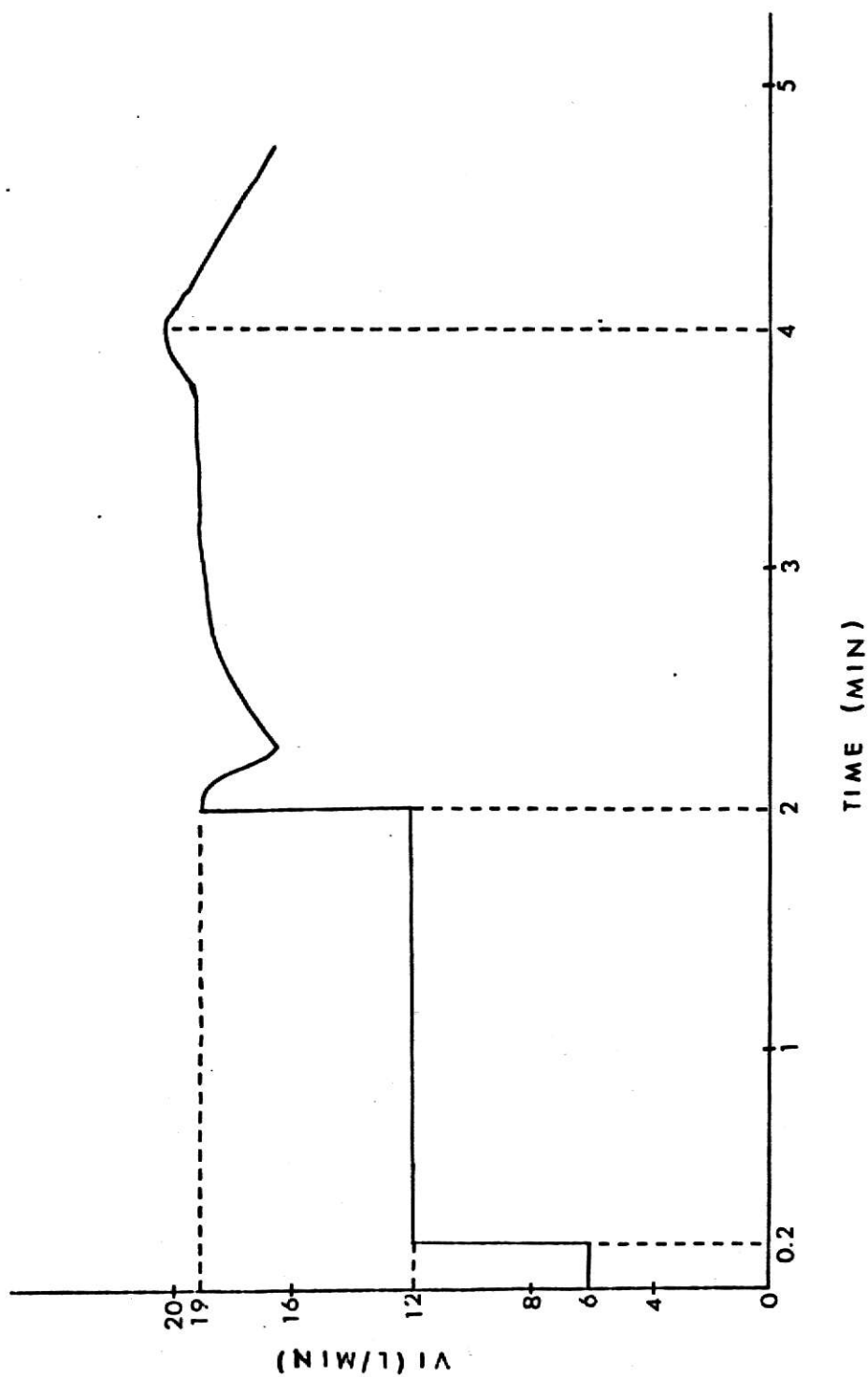


FIGURE 20. Simulation run for 0-25-75-0 watts

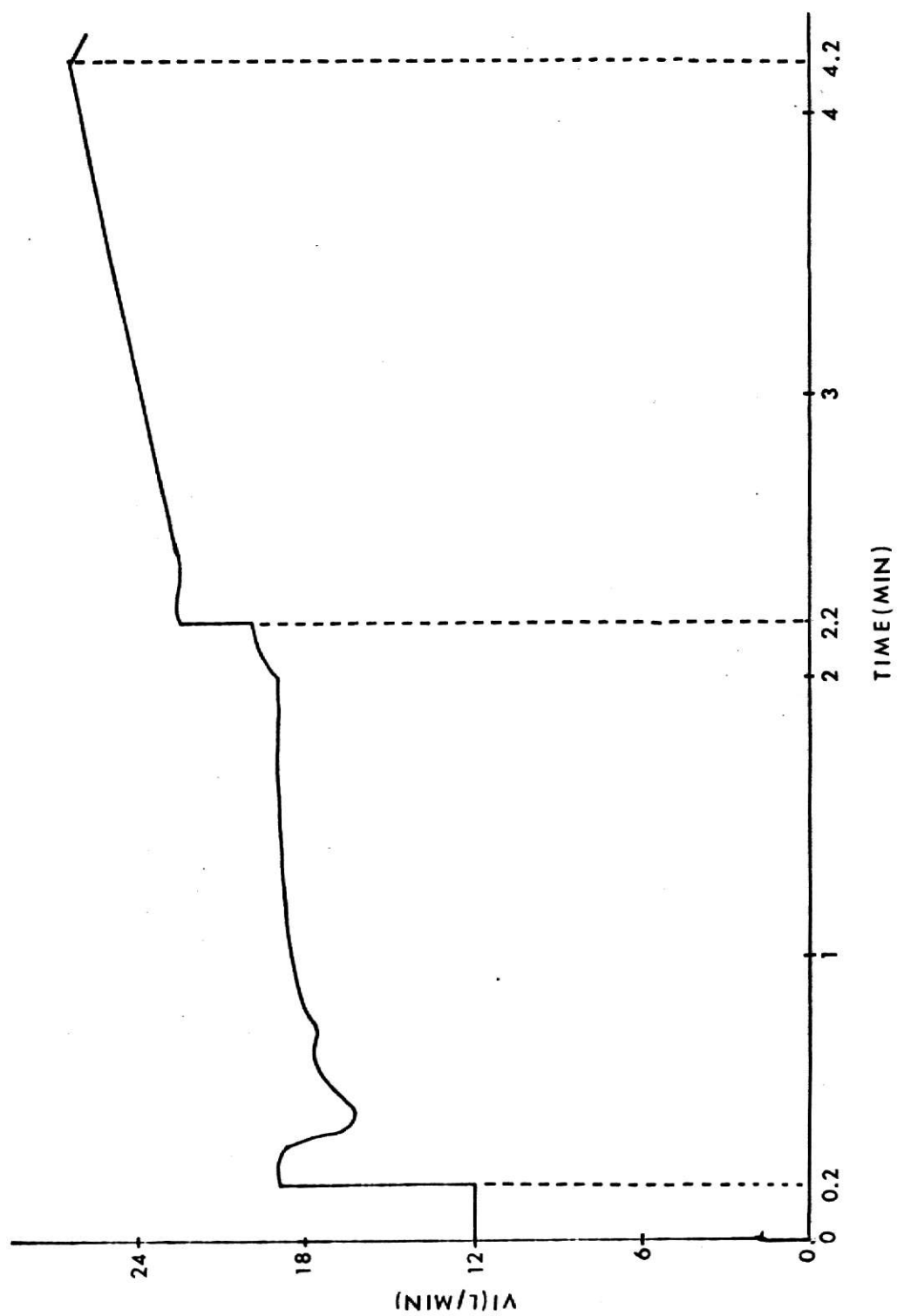


FIGURE 21. Simulation run number three for 25-70-100-0 watts

last printout of Run #3 for 100 watts. It was assumed that a continuation would be possible from this point. However, it was observed that there was an immediate unjustifiable increment in the VI response for the 100 watts exercise level. The response then proceeded to approach steady state. Careful investigation of the complete program showed that at the start of the first calculation of the controller equation, which occurs before RC12 is performed, the work level is considered to be at zero watts rather than at 100 watts. This, of course, makes the transient component of the responses invalid and questions the exactness of the steady state values. However, in order to analyze the simulation of the off-transient exercise responses, these steady state values were assumed adequate.

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This investigation has revealed the essence of Weissman's modification of Grodins' respiratory control model and the interrelationships of the parameters that comprise this modification. It was observed that the metabolic rate of oxygen consumption is the basis for this modification. From this parameter, the system equations are directly modified. The system controller equation is based on the neurohumoral theory which simulates a fast neural component and a slow linear component. The slow component is also related to oxygen consumption by making use of a slowed down linear version of $RMT(2)$, $RMLIN$.

It is apparent from this study that certain changes must be made within the program. First, the expression for $VTIME$ should be modified from:

$$VTIME = TCT(CXT - TIMEON)/9.2 \quad (20)$$

to

$$VTIME = TCT(CXT - TIMEON)/4.6 \quad (21)$$

so that the responses to exercise will be faster; therefore, representing experimental data more faithfully.

Second, the punched card output should be changed to include work load, time, metabolic rate of oxygen, $RMT(2)$, and metabolic rate of carbon dioxide, $RMT(1)$. Along with this change, the initialization of time and work load should be removed. This change would permit the responses corresponding to one work load to be used as the initial condition for a succeeding work load. This removal will require a renaming of some variables in the controller equation since $WORK$ is used even when the simulation is for resting conditions.

Third a more extensive analysis of the off-transient portion of this program is needed. Figures 22 and 23 are plots of two runs made to analyze

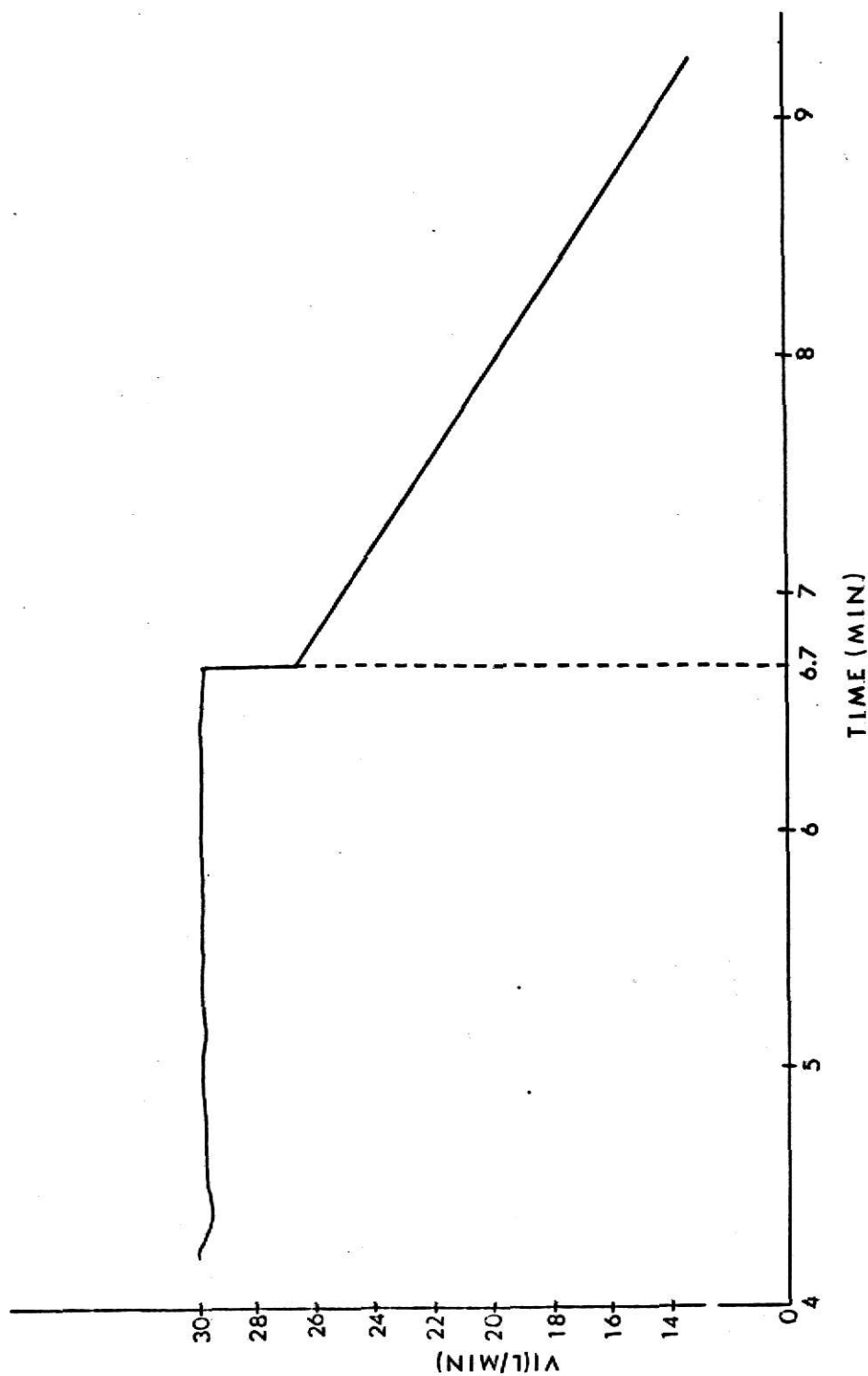


FIGURE 22. Simulation of off-transient from steady state
at 100 watts

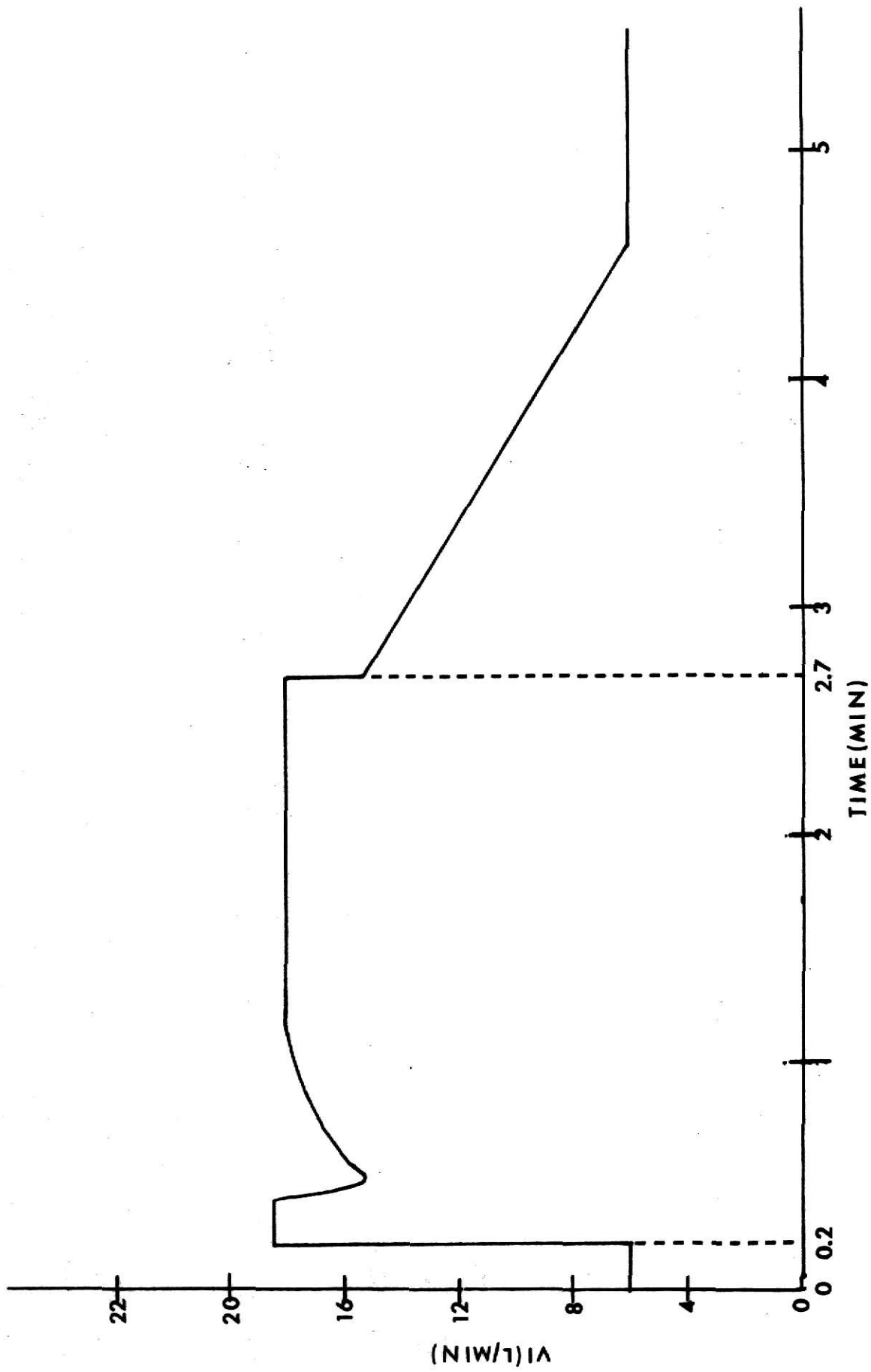


FIGURE 23. Simulation run number five for 0-50-0 watts.

the off-transient in this study. Run #4 used the last output of Run #3 at 100 watts as the initial condition. After 2.5 minutes, it was assumed that steady state was reached for 100 watts and the work load shifted to zero watts. An instantaneous decrease in VI is seen and then a linear decrease to resting level. The instantaneous decrease is considerably less than the corresponding initial response seen at the start of exercise. This implies that there is still a neural component functioning after exercise has ceased. Whether this is physiologically the case is not certain.

Run #5 was made with 50 watts. After steady state was reached, the work load was again shifted to zero watts. Again an initial decrease, slightly smaller than in the previous case for 100 watts, is present followed by a linear decrease to steady state.

In runs made with steady state not being reached and an off-transient initiated, there was no initial decrease and, in some cases, there was an increase. This is a fallacy in the program caused by the fact that Grodins' controller equation had not reached a steady state value, and the routine for the off-transient is dependent upon the inspired ventilation reaching steady state. Therefore, there must be a program change that will eliminate the fallacy and give a better representation of the system at all instances of time.

Finally, the heart rate (HRATE) and respiration frequency (FREQ) expressions employed in the exercise subroutine need to be modified. As currently programmed, HRATE and FREQ follow the metabolic rate of oxygen consumption (RMT2); that is, RMT(2) is the forcing function. The expressions are given by:

$$\text{HRATE} = 43.8 * (\text{RMT}(2) + \text{MRB}(\text{O}_2)) + 54.5 \quad (22)$$

and

$$\text{FREQ} = 8.1 + 7.815 * (\text{RMT}(2) + \text{MRB}(\text{O}_2)) \quad (23)$$

where $\text{MRB}(\text{O}_2)$ is the metabolic uptake of oxygen by the brain, which remains relatively constant during exercise.

It has been shown that at the start of exercise, the heart rate increases instantaneously. This factor is not observed with the expression given above. Since $\text{RMT}(2)$ does not change instantaneously, neither will HRATE . The immediate increase in heart rate is of a neurological origin. Another fact that the present expression does not illustrate is that the initial increase in heart rate usually overshoots the steady state value and then decreases to steady state (17).

There is a definite relationship between steady state heart rate and work load. This fact coupled with a neural component can be employed in a relationship that will better represent the actual time course of heart rate during exercise. Figure 24 was plotted from data obtained on a bicycle ergometer (21). It illustrates how steady state HRATE changes with work load. If another increase in work load were made, it would show a leveling off of heart rate at about 200 beats per minute which is the maximum for a normal individual. Data similar to this, in addition to some that can be related to the neural component, which would also be a function of work, would make the basis for a reasonable expression for HRATE .

The same argument would hold for respiration frequency, except that there is generally no overshoot of the steady state value by the immediate increase in ventilation.

Both expressions will have the form:

$$x(t) = f(y, z, t) \quad (24)$$

where

$x(t)$ = heart rate or respiratory frequency

y = steady state value due to exercise

z = neural component due to exercise

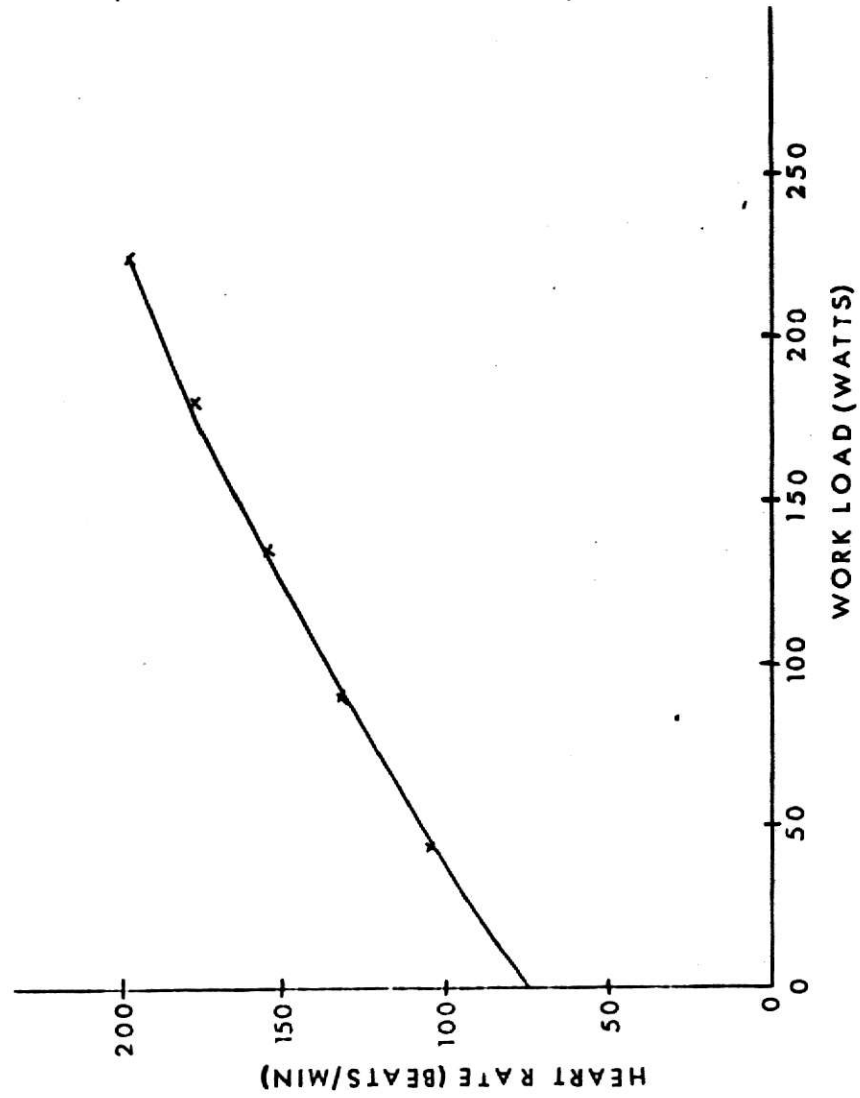


FIGURE 24. The relationship between heart rate and work load

It is felt that once these changes have been made, the respiratory control system will be better represented by this model. This will permit this model to be used with much more confidence.

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I would finally like to thank my wife Gail for her understanding and encouragement throughout my course of studies.

VIII. APPENDICES

A. NOVA 1200 Minicomputer Runs

This appendix contains the program listings for the programs run on the NOVA 1200 minicomputer along with the printouts for each run.

ILLEGIBLE DOCUMENT

**THE FOLLOWING
DOCUMENT(S) IS OF
POOR LEGIBILITY IN
THE ORIGINAL**

**THIS IS THE BEST
COPY AVAILABLE**

Calculates oxygen uptake for increasing work loads for 5 minute durations starting from rest

```

10 LET W=50
20 LET T0= 0
21 LET T2=5
25 LET T= 0
27 LET R0=.215
30 IF W>=50 GOTO 60
40 LET T1=4.6
50 GOTO 70
60 LET T1=2.3/(R0*W/200)
70 IF W>250 GOTO 130
80 IF W<75 GOTO 110
90 LET S2=W/75
100 GOTO 133
110 LET S2=W/75+.215*(75-W)/75
120 GOTO 133
130 LET S2=2.5
131 PRINT
132 PRINT
133 PRINT "TIME CONSTANT= ",T1,"WORK LOAD= ",W,"WATTS"
134 PRINT
135 PRINT
136 PRINT "TIME(MIN)          RMT(O2)"
140 LET R2=S2-(S2-R0)* EXP (-T1*(T-T0))
170 PRINT TAB (5),T, TAB (10),R2
180 LET T=T+.5
190 IF T>T2 GOTO 210
200 GOTO 140
210 LET W=W+50
215 PRINT
216 PRINT
220 IF W<=250 GOTO 20
230 END

```

TIME CONSTANT= 4.6 WORK LOAD= 50 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215
.3	.685864
1	.733073
1.5	.737806
2	.73828
2.5	.738328
3	.738333
3.5	.738333
4	.738333
4.5	.738333
5	.738333

TIME CONSTANT= 2.3 WORK LOAD= 100 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215
.5	.979228
1	1.22121
1.5	1.29783
2	1.32209
2.5	1.32977
3	1.33221
3.5	1.33298
4	1.33322
4.5	1.3333
5	1.33332

TIME CONSTANT= 1.53333 WORK LOAD= 150 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215
.5	1.17076
1	1.61477
1.5	1.82104
2	1.91686
2.5	1.96138
3	1.98206
3.5	1.99166
4	1.99613
4.5	1.9982
5	1.99916

TIME CONSTANT= 1.15 WORK LOAD= 200 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215001
.5	1.2871
1	1.89038
1.5	2.22985
2	2.42087
2.5	2.52835
3	2.58824
3.5	2.62287
4	2.64202
4.5	2.6528
5	2.65886

TIME CONSTANT= .92 WORK LOAD= 250 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215001
.5	1.76478
1	2.00062
1.5	2.56883
2	2.87009
2.5	3.02659
3	3.13077
3.5	3.18074
4	3.20668
4.5	3.22364
5	3.23199

Calculates oxygen uptake for increasing work without returning to rest

```

10 LET W=50
20 LET T0= 0
21 LET T2=T+5
23 LET T= 0
27 LET R0=.215
30 IF W>=50 GOTO 60
40 LET T1=4.6
50 GOTO 70
60 LET T1=2.3/(2*W/200)
70 IF W>250 GOTO 130
80 IF W<75 GOTO 110
90 LET S2=W/75
100 GOTO 133
110 LET S2=W/75+.215*(75-W)/75
120 GOTO 133
130 LET S2=3.5
133 PRINT "TIME CONSTANT= ",T1,"WORK LOAD= ",W,"WATTS"
134 PRINT
135 PRINT
136 PRINT "TIME(MIN)          RMT(O2)"
140 LET R2=S2-(S2-R0)* EXP (-T1*(T-T0))
170 PRINT TAB (5),T, TAB (10),R2
180 LET T=T+.5
190 IF T>T2 GOTO 210
200 GOTO 140
210 LET W=W+50
212 LET T=T-.5
213 LET R0=R2
214 LET T2=T+5
215 LET T0=T
216 PRINT
217 PRINT
220 IF W<=250 GOTO 30
230 END

```

RUN
TIME CONSTANT= 4.6 WORK LOAD= 50 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
0	.215
.5	.685864
1	.733073
1.5	.737806
2	.73828
2.5	.738328
3	.738333
3.5	.738333
4	.738333
4.5	.738333
5	.738333

TIME CONSTANT= 2.3 WORK LOAD= 100 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
5	.738333
5.5	1.14493
6	1.27368
6.5	1.31444
7	1.32735
7.5	1.33144
8	1.33273
8.5	1.33314
9	1.33327
9.5	1.33331
10	1.33333

TIME CONSTANT= 1.53333 WORK LOAD= 150 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
10	1.33333
10.5	1.69029
11	1.85612
11.5	1.93316
12	1.96895
12.5	1.98557
13	1.9933
13.5	1.99689
14	1.99855
14.5	1.99933
15	1.99969

TIME CONSTANT= 1.15 WORK LOAD= 200 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
15	1.99969
15.5	2.29135
16	2.45548
16.5	2.54783
17	2.5998
17.5	2.62904
18	2.64549
18.5	2.65475
19	2.65996
19.5	2.66289
20	2.66454

TIME CONSTANT= .92 WORK LOAD= 250 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(O2)
20	2.66454
20.5	2.91114
21	3.06681
21.5	3.16508
22	3.23712
22.5	3.26628
23	3.291
23.5	3.30661
24	3.31646
24.5	3.32268
25	3.32661

Calculates oxygen uptake for decreasing work loads

```

10 LET W=250
20 LET T0= 0
21 LET T2=5
25 LET T= 0
30 IF W>=50 GOTO 60
40 LET T1=4.6
50 GOTO 70
60 LET T1=2.3/(2*4/200)
70 IF W>250 GOTO 130
80 IF W<75 GOTO 110
90 LET S2=W/75
100 GOTO 133
110 LET S2=W/75+.215*(75-W)/75
120 GOTO 133
130 LET S2=2.5
133 PRINT "TIME CONSTANT= ",T1,"WORK LOAD= ",W,"WATTS"
134 PRINT
135 PRINT
136 PRINT "TIME(MIN)          RMT(O2)"
137 LET R1=S2
140 LET R2=+.215-(.215-R1)* EXP (-T1*(T-T0)/2)
170 PRINT TAB (5),T, TAB (10),R2
180 LET T=T+.5
190 IF T>T2 GOTO 210
200 GOTO 140
210 LET W=W-50
211 PRINT
212 PRINT
220 IF W>=50 GOTO 20
230 END

```

TIME CONSTANT= .92 WORK LOAD= 250 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(02)
0	3.33333
.5	2.69262
1	2.18355
1.5	1.77908
2	1.45772
2.5	1.20238
3	.999506
3.5	.838316
4	.710246
4.5	.60849
5	.527641

TIME CONSTANT= 1.15 WORK LOAD= 200 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(02)
0	2.66667
.5	2.05408
1	1.59456
1.5	1.24986
2	.991288
2.5	.797322
3	.651821
3.5	.542675
4	.460801
4.5	.399385
5	.353314

TIME CONSTANT= 1.53333 WORK LOAD= 150 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(02)
0	2
.5	1.43163
1	1.04424
1.5	.780197
2	.60023
2.5	.477567
3	.393962
3.5	.336978
4	.298138
4.5	.271666
5	.253623

TIME CONSTANT= 2.3 WORK LOAD= 100 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(02)
0	1.33333
.5	.944291
1	.569105
1.5	.414257
2	.327123
2.5	.278092
3	.250502
3.5	.234977
4	.226241
4.5	.221326
5	.218559

TIME CONSTANT= 4.6 WORK LOAD= 50 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMT(02)
0	.738333
.5	.380706
1	.267469
1.5	.231614
2	.22026
2.5	.216666
3	.215527
3.5	.215167
4	.215053
4.5	.215017
5	.215005

Calculates RMLIN for different work loads starting from rest

```

10 LET W=50
20 LET T0= 0
21 LET T2=5
25 LET T= 0
27 LET R0=.215
30 IF W>=50 GOTO 60
40 LET T1=4.6
50 GOTO 70
60 LET T1=.3/(2*W/200)
70 IF W>250 GOTO 130
80 IF W<75 GOTO 110
90 LET S2=W/75
100 GOTO 100
110 LET S2=W/75+.215*(75-W)/75
120 GOTO 133
130 LET S2=3.5
133 PRINT "TIME CONSTANT= ",T1,"WORK LOAD= ",W,"WATTS"
134 PRINT
135 PRINT
136 PRINT "TIME(MIN)          RMLIN          VTIME"
140 LET V4=T1*(T-T0)/9.2
145 IF V4>=1 GOTO 160
150 LET R6=S2-(S2-R0)*(1-V4)
155 GOTO 170
160 LET R6=S2
170 PRINT TAB (5),T, TAB (13),R6, TAB (13),V4
180 LET T=T+.5
190 IF T>T2 GOTO 210
200 GOTO 140
210 LET W=W+50
211 PRINT
212 PRINT
220 IF W<=250 GOTO 20
230 END

```

TIME CONSTANT= 4.6 WORK LOAD= 50 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME
0	.215	0
.5	.345833	.25
1	.476667	.5
1.5	.6075	.75
2	.738333	1
2.5	.738333	1.25
3	.738333	1.5
3.5	.738333	1.75
4	.738333	2
4.5	.738333	2.25
5	.738333	2.5

TIME CONSTANT= 2.3 WORK LOAD= 100 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME
0	.215	0
.5	.354792	.125
1	.494583	.25
1.5	.634375	.375
2	.774167	.5
2.5	.913958	.625
3	1.05375	.75
3.5	1.19354	.875
4	1.33333	1
4.5	1.33333	1.125
5	1.33333	1.25

TIME CONSTANT= 1.53333 WORK LOAD= 150 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME
0	.215	0
.5	.36375	8.33333E-2
1	.5125	.166667
1.5	.66125	.25
2	.81	.333333
2.5	.95875	.416667
3	1.1075	.5
3.5	1.25625	.583333
4	1.405	.666667
4.5	1.55375	.75
5	1.7025	.833333

TIME CONSTANT= 1.15 WORK LOAD= 200 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME
0	.215	0
.5	.368229	.0625
1	.521459	.125
1.5	.674688	.1875
2	.827917	.25
2.5	.981146	.3125
3	1.13438	.375
3.5	1.2876	.4375
4	1.44083	.5
4.5	1.59406	.5625
5	1.74729	.625

TIME CONSTANT= .92 WORK LOAD= 250 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME
0	.215	0
.5	.370917	.05
1	.526834	.1
1.5	.68275	.15
2	.838667	.2
2.5	.994584	.25
3	1.1505	.3
3.5	1.30642	.35
4	1.46233	.4
4.5	1.61825	.45
5	1.77417	.5

Calculates RMLIN for different work loads without returning to rest

```

10 LET W=50
20 LET T0= 0
21 LET T2=T+5
25 LET T= 0
27 LET R0=.215
30 IF W>=50 GOTO 60
40 LET T1=4.6
50 GOTO 70
60 LET T1=2.3/(2*W/200)
70 IF W>250 GOTO 130
80 IF W<75 GOTO 110
90 LET S2=W/75
100 GOTO 133
110 LET S2=W/75+.215*(75-W)/75
120 GOTO 133
130 LET S2=3.5
133 PRINT "TIME CONSTANT= ",T1,"WORK LOAD= ",W,"WATTS"
134 PRINT
135 PRINT
136 PRINT "TIME(MIN)          RMLIN          VTIME          SS02(WORK)"
140 LET R2=S2-(S2-R0)* EXP (-T1*(T-T0))
145 LET V4=T1*(T-T0)/9.2
146 IF V4>=1 GOTO 160
150 LET R6=S2-(S2-R0)*(1-V4)
155 GOTO 170
160 LET R6=S2
170 PRINT TAB (5),T, TAB (13),R6, TAB (12),V4, TAB (12),S2
180 LET T=T+.5
190 IF T>T2 GOTO 210
200 GOTO 140
210 LET W=W+50
212 LET T=T-.5
213 LET R0=R2
214 LET T2=T+5
215 LET T0=T
216 PRINT
217 PRINT
220 IF W<=250 GOTO 30
230 END

```

TIME CONSTANT= 4.6 WORK LOAD= 50 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME	SS02(WORK)
0	.215	0	.738333
.5	.345833	.25	.738333
1	.476667	.5	.738333
1.5	.6075	.75	.738333
2	.738333	1	.738333
2.5	.738333	1.25	.738333
3	.738333	1.5	.738333
3.5	.738333	1.75	.738333
4	.738333	2	.738333
4.5	.738333	2.25	.738333
5	.738333	2.5	.738333

TIME CONSTANT= 2.3 WORK LOAD= 100 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME	SS02(WORK)
5	.738333	0	1.33333
5.5	.812708	.125	1.33333
6	.887083	.25	1.33333
6.5	.961458	.375	1.33333
7	1.03583	.5	1.33333
7.5	1.11021	.625	1.33333
8	1.18458	.75	1.33333
8.5	1.25896	.875	1.33333
9	1.33333	1	1.33333
9.5	1.33333	1.125	1.33333
10	1.33333	1.25	1.33333

TIME CONSTANT= 1.53333 WORK LOAD= 150 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME	SS02(WORK)
10	1.33333	0	2
10.5	1.38888	.333333E-2	2
11	1.44444	.166667	2
11.5	1.5	.25	2
12	1.55555	.333333	2
12.5	1.61111	.416667	2
13	1.66666	.5	2
13.5	1.72222	.583333	2
14	1.77778	.666667	2
14.5	1.83333	.75	2
15	1.88889	.833333	2

TIME CONSTANT= 1.15 WORK LOAD= 200 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME	SS02(WORK)
15	1.99969	0	2.66667
15.5	2.04137	.0625	2.66667
16	2.08306	.125	2.66667
16.5	2.12475	.1875	2.66667
17	2.16643	.25	2.66667
17.5	2.20812	.3125	2.66667
18	2.2498	.375	2.66667
18.5	2.29149	.4375	2.66667
19	2.33318	.5	2.66667
19.5	2.37486	.5625	2.66667
20	2.41655	.625	2.66667

TIME CONSTANT= .92 WORK LOAD= 250 WATTS

TIME(MIN)	RMLIN	VTIME	SS02(WORK)
20	2.66454	0	3.33333
20.5	2.69728	.05	3.33333
21	2.73142	.1	3.33333
21.5	2.76466	.15	3.33333
22	2.7983	.2	3.33333
22.5	2.83174	.25	3.33333
23	2.86518	.3	3.33333
23.5	2.89862	.35	3.33333
24	2.93206	.4	3.33333
24.5	2.9655	.45	3.33333
25	2.99894	.5	3.33333

B. Program Listing for Complete Respiratory Control Model

This appendix contains the program listing of the complete Respiratory Control Model. RC12 is the exercise subroutine, with RC11, RC13, RC17 and the other subroutines in the exercise loop. RC13 and RC17 have been modified for this study. The modifications made are indicated in the right margins of these two subroutines. The addition to RC13 is to prevent the program from getting into a loop that was found to occur with certain conditions present. The addition to RC17 is an additional print routine mentioned in the text.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

A. IDENTIFICATION

Program Name - RCHEM (Respiratory Control System)

Programmer's Name - V. J. Marks, GE-AGS, Houston

Date of Issue - 9/22/72

B. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this model is to illustrate the transient and steady-state responses of the respiratory control system, for variations in volumetric fractions of inspired gases and special system parameters. Although the program contains a change-in-work load version, the immediate emphasis is on the resting subject.

The program is based on Grodin's respiratory control model and can be envisioned as a feedback control system comprised of a "plant" (the controlled system) and the regulating component (controlling system). The controlled system is partitioned into 3 compartments corresponding to lungs, brain, and tissue with a fluid interconnecting path representing the blood.

C. USAGE AND RESTRICTIONS

Machine and compiler required - UNIVAC 1108, FORTRAN V
Also available on Sigma 3
See TIR 741-MED-3009

Peripheral equipment required - Card Reader, Card Punch,
Printer, One Tape Drive.

Approximate amount of memory required - 8,500

D. PARTICULAR DESCRIPTION

See TIR (TBD)

E. DESCRIPTION OF INPUT

1. Machine Control and Program Cards -(Beginning in Column 1)

@N MCG	File REQ	Tape 1	PHI 3	0	FSTRN 0
@P PLE					
@H FTR					
@A ASC A A0/1/2	Program Type				
@T TCF					
@XQT CUR	Puts program in computer				

IN A
REL A
TQC
@E HDG
(Source deck - See Appendix A for listing and example)
@N XQT RCHEM
(Data Cards)
@ EØF

Table of Contents (lists Subroutines)

2. Data Cards (column number, format symbol)

first 48 data cards:

1-5			Blank
6-20	F15.0	INPUT VALUE	(see list below for initial values)
21-25			Blank
26-37	2A6	SYMBOL NAME	(listed below)

Card No.	Symbol (Col. 36-57)	Normal Initial Value (Col. 6-20)	Description
1	FA(CO ₂)	.0527	Alveolar gas fractions (dry), volumetric fraction of gas, dimensionless
2	FA(O ₂)	.1514	
3	FA(N ₂)	.7959	
4	CB(CO ₂)	.6397	Concentration of gas in brain, liters (STPD)/liter brain.
5	CB(O ₂)	.0011	
6	CB(N ₂)	.0097	
7	CT(CO ₂)	.6132	Concentration of gas in tissue compartment. Liters (STPD)/liter tissue
8	CT(O ₂)	.0014	
9	CT(N ₂)	.0097	
10	Q	6.0000	Cardiac output blood flow, liters/min Cerebral blood flow, liters/min.
11	QB	.7370	
12	PESF(CO ₂)	47.8254	Partial pressure of gas in cerebrospinal fluid compart- ment, mmHg.
13	PESF(O ₂)	36.0047	
14	PESF(N ₂)	967.4731	
15	TMAX	30.0000	Length of computer run, min.
16	CENT SENS PT	0.0000	Central Sensitivity Partition. Weighting of the H ⁺ concentration in CSF with that of venous blood in the brain. With C(16)=0, zero weight is given to venous blood at level of the brain and a weight of one is given to H ⁺ conc. in CSF.

Card No.	Symbol	Normal Initial Value	Description
17	HB	.2000	Blood oxygen capacity, liters (STPD)/liter blood
18	R1	.1000	Time constants for cardiac output response (R1) and cerebral blood flow response (R2) for changes in blood chemical composition.
19	R2	.1000	
20	CNT SENS COF	1.1380	Controller sensitivity weightings, i.e.,
21	CRTD BDY SCF		

$$V_I = (\text{Cent. Sens. Coef.}) * (\text{Cent. Sens. Part.} * C_A(H^+)(t - \tau_{aB})) \\ + (1.0 - \text{Cent. Sens. Part.}) * CH(4) \\ + C_A(H^+)(t - \tau_{aO}) + \text{TERM} - C(37)$$

where

τ_{aO} = Blood transport delay from lung to carotid body,

τ_{aB} = Blood transport delay from lung to brain

V_I defined in C(37), and

TERM = function of $F_{A(O_2)}$.

22	KL	3.0000	Volumes of lung (alveoli), brain, and tissue compartments, liters.
23	KB	1.0000	
24	KT	39.0000	
25	MRB (CO2)	.0500	Metabolic rates by brain, liters (STPD)/min.
26	MRB (O2)	.0500	
27	D (CO2)	81.9900	Diffusion coefficient for gas across "blood-brain", liters (10) ⁻⁷ (STPD)/min per mmHg.
28	D (O2)	4.3610	
29	D (N2)	2.5240	
30	B	760.0000	Barometric pressure, mmHg.
31	FI (CO2)	.1000	Volumetric fraction of gas (dry inspired), dimensionless
32	FI (O2)	.1100	
33	FI (N2)	.7900	
34	KCSF	.1000	Volume of cerebrospinal fluid, liters
35	T	.0000	Initial time.
36	H	.0078125	Size of computer time step, min.

<u>Card No.</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Normal Initial Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
37	VI(N)	87.5500	Constant that is involved in the controller equation (See C(21)). Determines the normal level of Alveolar ventilation so that $P_A(\text{CO}_2) \approx 40.0$ at rest, breathing air at sea level. When the controller sensitivity weightings are changed VI(N) should be altered accordingly.
38	VI (SS)	5.3900	Value used for normal resting alveolar ventilation. This is not used in the program if VI (N) is known.
39	PRINT AL TIM	0.50000	Output printed in these time increments. However, there is an over-riding statement that permits no increments greater than 0.5 min.
40	UNKNOWN	0.0000	Importance related to C (39), but doesn't seem to be of any real significance.
41	BHCO3 Blood	.5470	Standard bicarbonate content, liters CO_2 (STPD)/liter X, 37°C where X = Blood, brain, tissue, CSF.
42	BHCO3 Brain	.5850	
43	BHCO3 Tissue	.5850	
44	BHCO3 CSF	.5850	
45	RMT(CO2)	.1820	Metabolic rates by tissue, liters (STPD)/min.
46	RMT(O2)	.2150	
47	DJ1	.0000	Used in performing Dejours experiment (Not utilized in present runs). Brief description of Dejours work relating O_2 and CO_2 threshold effects is given in Grödin's paper.
48	DJ2	.0000	

49th Card:

1-6	F6.2	WORK2	(work load)
7-9			Blank
10-15	F6.2	DURAT*	(run time for work load)

*if DURAT is less than TMAX (card 15) another work load card is read when print time exceeds DURAT.

3. TAPES AND FORMATS - Standard 1108 program PCF tape

F. DESCRIPTION OF OUTPUT

1. PRINTER OUTPUT - (See Appendix A for Sample)

TIME (minutes)

ALVEOLAR, ARTERIAL, BRAIN, TISSUE, V BRAIN, and V TISSUE

volumetric fractions of CO_2 , O_2 , and N_2 .

ALVEOLAR, ARTERIAL, BRAIN, TISSUE, CSF, V BRAIN, and V TISSUE

partial pressures of CO_2 , O_2 , and N_2 . (mm Hg)

ALVEOLAR, BRAIN, TISSUE, and CSF derivatives of the partial

pressures of CO_2 , O_2 , and N_2 . (mm Hg)

ARTERIAL, BRAIN, TISSUE, CSF, V BRAIN, and V TISSUE

hydrogen ion(H^+) concentrations (nanomoles) and pH.

ARTERIAL, V BRAIN, AND V TISSUE concentration of

HbO_2 (oxyhemoglobin), (liters O_2 -STPD)

ALVEOLAR RQ

RQ DIFF

TRANSPORT TIMES: (Minutes)

AB = Lung to brain

VB = Brain to lung

VT = Tissue to lung

AT = Lung to tissue

AC = Lung to carotid body

VI = Inspired ventilation (liters/min)

VE = Expired ventilation (liters/min)

Q = Cardiac output (liters/min)

FB = Brain blood flow (liters/min)

DERIVATIVES of Q and FB

RESP FREQ (breaths/min)

MINUTE VOLUME (liters/min)

DEAD SPACE VENTILATION (liters/min)

HEART RATE (beats/min)

2. PUNCHED CARDS - 15 cards used to restart a new case,
punched upon normal termination of run.

G. INTERNAL CHECKS AND EXITS

Check DURAT against TMAX to determine if more data cards are read.

When DURAT exceeds TMAX normal termination occurs.

H. INDEPENDENT SUBROUTINES

See Appendix A for listing of all subroutines required.

I. SYSTEM SUBROUTINES

No special system subroutines required.

J. COMPLETION OR FINAL CHECKOUT DATE

11/10/72

**SOURCE DECK LISTING
AND
SAMPLE CASE**

4 TOT CUR
1. IN A

22 JUN 72

19: 2: 8
19: 2: 3

END OF FILE -- UNIT A
2. REL A
3. TOC

19: 2: 6
19: 2: 6

ELEMENT TABLE

RCHEM		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:05	0	01436670	14	263
RCHEM	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:05	1	01446032	48	1
				0	01446112	14	96
RC3		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:06	0	01447532	14	21
RC3	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:06	1	01450200	24	1
				0	01450230	14	5
RC4		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:07	0	01450336	14	20
RC4	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:07	1	01450766	24	1
				0	01451016	14	8
RC5		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:08	0	01451176	14	20
RC5	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:08	1	01451626	24	1
				0	01451656	14	8
RC6		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:09	0	01452036	14	16
RC6	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:09	1	01452376	24	1
				0	01452426	14	3
RC7		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:11	0	01452500	14	26
RC7	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:11	1	01453254	24	1
				0	01453304	14	7
RC8		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:12	0	01453446	14	65
RC8	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:12	1	01455264	24	1
				0	01455314	14	25
RC9		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:14	0	01456052	14	46
RC9	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:14	1	01457256	24	1
				0	01457306	14	16
RC10		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:15	0	01457646	14	42
RC10	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:15	1	01460762	24	1
				0	01461012	14	14
RC11		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:17	0	01461316	14	37
RC11	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:17	1	01462324	24	1
				0	01462354	14	18
RC12		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:19	0	01462750	14	120
RC12	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:19	1	01466170	36	1
				0	01466234	14	71
RC13		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:21	0	01470176	14	63
RC13	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:21	1	01471760	24	1
				0	01472010	14	27
RC14		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:22	0	01472602	14	25
RC14	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:22	1	01473340	36	1
				0	01473404	14	9
RC15		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:24	0	01473652	14	19
RC15	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:24	1	01474214	24	1
				0	01474244	14	6
RC16		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:25	0	01474370	14	32
RC16	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:25	1	01475270	24	1
				0	01475320	14	7
RC17		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:26	0	01475462	14	36
RC17	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:26	1	01476452	36	1
				0	01476516	14	28
RC18		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:27	0	01477326	14	20
RC18	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:27	1	01477756	24	1
				0	01500006	14	10
RC20		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:29	0	01500222	14	23
RC20	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:29	1	01500724	24	1



RC21		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:30	0	01500754	19	7
RC21	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:30	0	01501116	19	19
				1	01501530	29	1
				0	01501560	19	9
RC22		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:31	0	01501756	19	20
RC22	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:31	1	01502406	29	1
				0	01502436	19	9
RC23		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:32	0	01502944	19	27
RC23	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:32	1	01503336	29	1
				0	01503366	19	7
RCF1		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:33	0	01503530	19	12
RCF1	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:33	1	01504000	29	1
				0	01504030	19	3
RCF2		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:34	0	01504102	19	12
RCF2	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:34	1	01504352	29	1
				0	01504402	19	3
RCF3		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:35	0	01504454	19	12
RCF3	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:35	1	01504724	29	1
				0	01504754	19	3
SS02W		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:36	0	01505026	19	10
SS02W	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:36	1	01505242	29	1
				0	01505272	19	6
SSVENT		SYMBOLIC	29 JAN 72 16:17:38	0	01505416	19	6
SSVENT	CODE	RELOCATABLE	29 JAN 72 16:17:38	1	01505542	29	1
				0	01505572	19	6

ENTRY POINT TABLE

RCF1 (RCF1/CODE)	1	000015	RCF2 (RCF2/CODE)	1	000017	RCF3 (RCF3/CODE)	1	000022
RC10 (RC10/CODE)	1	000127	RC11 (RC11/CODE)	1	000225	RC12 (RC12/CODE)	1	001011
RC13 (RC13/CODE)	1	000322	RC14 (RC14/CODE)	1	000077	RC15 (RC15/CODE)	1	000042
RC16 (RC16/CODE)	1	000062	RC17 (RC17/CODE)	1	000171	RC19 (RC19/CODE)	1	000045
RC20 (RC20/CODE)	1	000051	RC21 (RC21/CODE)	1	000040	RC22 (RC22/CODE)	1	000031
RC23 (RC23/CODE)	1	000062	RC3 (RC3/CODE)	1	000040	RC4 (RC4/CODE)	1	000055
RC5 (RC5/CODE)	1	000044	RC6 (RC6/CODE)	1	000027	RC7 (RC7/CODE)	1	000044
RCF (RCF/CODE)	1	000325	RC9 (RC9/CODE)	1	000166	SS02W (SS02W/CODE)	1	000045
SSVENT (SSVENT/CODE)	1	000051						

BLOCK TABLE EMPTY

CODOL LIBRARY TABLE EMPTY

PROCEDURE NAME TABLE EMPTY

END CUR LCC 1102-0039 L9

RC MDG RESP CASE NO. 1



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2: 0

* FOR * PCHEM, PCHEM
 UNIVAC 110P FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 75A -EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:07

MAIN PROGRAM

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000736, DATA(0) 000126, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376
 0004 R 000019

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 RC22
 0006 RC3
 0007 RC4
 0010 RC5
 0011 RC21
 0012 RC19
 0013 RC20
 0014 RC7
 0015 RC8
 0016 RC9
 0017 RC10
 0020 RC11
 0021 RC12
 0022 RC15
 0023 RC16
 0024 RC13
 0025 RC23
 0026 RC14
 0027 NPRINTS
 0030 N1025
 0031 NPDUS
 0032 N1015
 0033 NADCS
 0034 NEXP65
 0035 NWDOS
 0036 NWDUS
 0037 NSTOP5

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000010 117G	0001 000020 117G	0001 000032 127G	0001 000052 136G	0001 000063 144G
0001 000075 154G	0001 000115 163G	0001 000173 170G	0000 000046 190F	0000 000051 192F
0000 000054 194F	0001 000140 201G	0001 000241 201L	0001 000311 207L	0001 000160 210G
0001 000166 215G	0001 000203 224G	0001 000442 240L	0001 000701 250L	0001 000105 270G
0001 000050 300L	0001 000732 301L	0001 000402 331G	0001 000675 423G	0001 000704 430G
0001 000713 414G	0001 000531 5GL	0001 000535 6GL	0001 000417 69L	0000 000031 90F
0000 000042 92F	0003 R 002712 A	0001 R 002717 BC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 R 002716 CAD4
0001 R 002716 CC	0000 R 000019 CDJ	0003 R 002744 CM	0003 R 002741 CMB	0003 R 002741 CPB
0003 R 002750 CPW	0003 R 002742 CPT	0000 R 000030 CTERM	0004 R 000002 CXT	0003 R 002740 D
0003 002714 CC	0000 R 000010 DJ	0003 002753 DD	0001 002745 DT	0004 R 000004 DUM1
0004 R 000005 DUM2	0004 R 000006 DUM3	0003 R 002757 F	0003 I 002732 I	0000 I 000022 IDJ

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RESP CASE NO. 1				DATE 220672	PAGE 6
0003	002371	INDEX	0000 I 000024 IP40	0003 I 002366 IAR	0003 I 002370 IIERX
0003	002367	LOC	0003 I 002374 M	0000 I 005025 PPM	0003 I 002375 H
0003	002016	AK	0004 000013 RMLIN	0003 R 002315 P47	0004 R 000010 FATB
0003	002106	SC	0000 R 000026 SK	0003 000170 SV	0003 002331 TAU
0003 R	000027	UU	0003 002357 VE	0003 R 002360 VI	0003 R 002303 VDL
0004 R	000003	WORK	0004 R 000007 WORK2	0003 002364 E	0004 R 000030 XOS
0003 R	000050	IM	0000 R 000000 IAB		0004 R 000001 IAH

00101	1-	DIMENSION C(40), ZH(40,2), SV(18,50), VTRAM(10), AK(14,4),
00101	2-	1 SC(14,5), GC(14), A(6), DC(15), FC(20), VDL(10), RATE(2),
00101	3-	2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CM(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00101	4-	3 DB(4)
00101	5-	C C(40)
00101	6-	C 1 FA(CO2)
00101	7-	C 2 FA(O2)
00101	8-	C 3 FA(N2)
00101	9-	C 4 CB(CO2)
00101	10-	C 5 CB(O2)
00101	11-	C 6 CB(N2)
00101	12-	C 7 CT(CO2)
00101	13-	C 8 CT(O2)
00101	14-	C 9 CT(N2)
00101	15-	C 10 Q
00101	16-	C 11 QB
00101	17-	C 12 PCSFCO2)
00101	18-	C 13 PCSF(O2)
00101	19-	C 14 PCSF(N2)
00101	20-	C 15 THAX
00101	21-	C 16 CENTRAL SENSITIVITY PARTITION
00101	22-	C 17 (H3)
00101	23-	C 18 R1
00101	24-	C 19 R2
00101	25-	C 20 CENTRAL SENSITIVITY COEFFICIENT
00101	26-	C 21 CAROTID BODY SENSITIVITY COEFFICIENT
00101	27-	C 22 KL
00101	28-	C 23 KB
00101	29-	C 24 KT
00101	30-	C 25 MPB(CO2)
00101	31-	C 26 MPB(O2)
00101	32-	C 27 DCO2
00101	33-	C 28 DO2
00101	34-	C 29 DN2
00101	35-	C 30 B
00101	36-	C 31 FI(CO2)
00101	37-	C 32 FI(O2)
00101	38-	C 33 FI(N2)
00101	39-	C 34 HESF
00101	40-	C 35 F
00101	41-	C 36 M
00101	42-	C 37 V(H)
00101	43-	C 38 V(S)
00101	44-	C 39 PRINT-ALL TIME
00101	45-	C SV(18,50)
00101	46-	C 1 CA(CO2)
00101	47-	C 2 CA(O2)



RESP CASE NO. 1

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00101	48-	C	3	CAIN2)
00101	49-	C	4	CVB(CO2)
00101	50-	C	5	CVB(O2)
00101	51-	C	6	CVB(N2)
00101	52-	C	7	CVT(CO2)
00101	53-	C	8	CVT(O2)
00101	54-	C	9	CVT(N2)
00101	55-	C	10	Q
00101	56-	C	11	QB
00101	57-	C	12	QT
00101	58-	C	13	CAIN+)
00101	59-	C	14	PA(O2)
00101	60-	C	15	--
00101	61-	C	16	CVB(CO2) + CVB(O2) + CVB(N2)
00101	62-	C	17	CVT(CO2) + CVT(O2) + CVT(N2)
00101	63-	C	18	T
00101	64-	C		VTRAN(18)
00101	65-	C	1	CAB(CO2) = CA(CO2)HT - TAB)
00101	66-	C	2	CAB(O2) = CA(O2)HT - TAB)
00101	67-	C	3	CAB(N2) = CA(N2)HT - TAB)
00101	68-	C	4	CVB(CO2)HT - TVB)
00101	69-	C	5	CVB(O2)HT - TVB)
00101	70-	C	6	CVB(N2)HT - TVB)
00101	71-	C	7	CVT(CO2)HT - TVT)
00101	72-	C	8	CVT(O2)HT - TVT)
00101	73-	C	9	CVT(N2)HT - TVT)
00101	74-	C	10	CAT(CO2) = CA(CO2)HT - TAT)
00101	75-	C	11	CAT(O2) = CA(O2)HT - TAT)
00101	76-	C	12	CAT(N2) = CA(N2)HT - TAT)
00101	77-	C	13	CADIN+)
00101	78-	C	14	PAD(O2) = PA(O2)HT - TAD)
00101	79-	C	15	CABIN+)
00101	80-	C	16	(CVB(CO2) + CVB(O2) + CVB(N2))HT - TVB)
00101	81-	C	17	(CVT(CO2) + CVT(O2) + CVT(N2))HT - TVT)
00101	82-	C		DI(15)
00101	83-	C	1	B - 97
00101	84-	C	2	K AC02
00101	85-	C	3	K A02
00101	86-	C	4	K AN2
00101	87-	C	5	K AN2 (B - 97)
00101	88-	C	6	K A02 (B - 97)
00101	89-	C	7	K AN2 (B - 97)
00101	90-	C	8	0.16 + 2.3(MB)
00101	91-	C	9	0.63/(B - 97)
00101	92-	C	10	0.62
00101	93-	C	11	K ACSF(CO2)
00101	94-	C	12	K ACSF(O2)
00101	95-	C	13	K ACSF(N2)
00101	96-	C	14	2-M
00101	97-	C	15	1.99-M
00101	98-	C		F(20)
00101	99-	C	1	PA(O2)
00101	100-	C	2	K AC02 PA(CO2)
00101	101-	C	3	PB(O2)
00101	102-	C	4	K AC02 PB(CO2)
00101	103-	C	5	PT(O2)
00101	104-	C	6	K AC02 PT(CO2)
00101	105-	C	7	PA(CO2)



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      RESP CASE NO. 1
00101 106+ C 8 PA(02)
00101 107+ C 9 CA(02)
00101 108+ C 10 CA(N2)
00101 109+ C 11 CA(C02) + CA(02) + CA(N2)
00101 110+ C 12 CV0(02)
00101 111+ C 13 CV1(02)
00101 112+ C 14 OC02 (PB(C02) - PCSF(C02))
00101 113+ C 15 OC2 (PB(02) - PCSF(02))
00101 114+ C 16 ON2 (PB(N2) - PCSF(N2))
00101 115+ C 17 PB(02)
00101 116+ C 18 PB(N2)
00103 117+ DIMENSION INB(4,2), DJ(4), COJ(6), IDJ(2)
00104 118+ COMMON/7/ C, EN, SV, VTRAN, PK, SC, DC, A, O, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 119+ 1 YAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, OT,
00104 120+ 2 IRR, LCC, ITEX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 121+ COMMON/8/ XDS, XMM, CXT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMEOF
00105 122+ 1, RMLIN
00105 123+ C DATA FOR INITIAL CONDITIONS
00106 124+ 300 CONTINUE
00107 125+ PRINT 90
00111 126+ DO 10 I = 1,40
00114 127+ READ(5,190,END=301) C(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00123 128+ PRINT 92, I, C(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00133 129+ 10 CONTINUE
00139 130+ DO 20 I = 1,4
00140 131+ IP40 = I + 40
00141 132+ READ 190, BC(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00150 133+ PRINT 92, IP40, BC(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00160 134+ 20 CONTINUE
00162 135+ DO 30 I = 1,2
00165 136+ READ 190, RMT(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00174 137+ IP40 = I + 44
00175 138+ PRINT 92, IP40, RMT(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00205 139+ 30 CONTINUE
00207 140+ DO 40 I = 1,2
00212 141+ READ 190, DJ(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00221 142+ IP40 = I + 46
00222 143+ PRINT 92, IP40, DJ(I), (XNB(I,J), J=1,2)
00232 144+ 40 CONTINUE
00232 145+ C
00234 146+ DUM1=C(31)
00235 147+ DUM2=C(32)
00236 148+ DUM3=C(33)
00237 149+ WORK=0.
00240 150+ WORK2=0.
00241 151+ RMTB=RMT(2)
00242 152+ RMTB2=RMT(2)
00243 153+ TIMEOF=0.
00244 154+ XDS=0.
00245 155+ XMM=10. + C(36)/0.0078125
00246 156+ RMM=0
00247 157+ 201 CONTINUE
00250 158+ XDS=XDS+XMM
00251 159+ IF(RMM.EQ.1) XDS=XDS+C(36)
00253 160+ RMM=1
00254 161+ C(35)=0.
00255 162+ C(40)=0.
00255 163+ C

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00255 169- C      RESP CASE NO. 1
00256 169- C      INITIAL GUESSES FOR ITERATIVE LOOPS
00257 169- C      CC(1) = 0.6
00260 167- C      CC(2) = C(4)
00261 168- C      CC(3) = C(7)
00262 169- C      CPB = 50.0
00263 170- C      CPT = 50.0
00264 171- C      IF(105.GT.XXX) GOTO202
00265 172- C      SETS VARIOUS CONSTANTS AND AGGREGATES OF CONSTANTS
00266 173- C      C(15) = C(15) * .0001
00267 174- C      C(39) = C(39) * .0001
00272 175- C      DO 200 I = 27,29
00273 176- C      C(1) = .0000001 * C(1)
00275 177- 200 CONTINUE
00276 178- 202 CONTINUE
00277 179- C      IRK = 1
00300 180- C      N = 14
00301 181- C      N = 5
00302 182- C      IDJ(1) = 0
00303 183- C      IF (DJ(1) .GT. 0.0) CALL RC22 (CDJ, DJ, IDJ)
00304 184- C      A(1) = 0.51
00305 185- C      A(2) = 0.029
00306 186- C      A(3) = 0.013
00307 187- C      A(4) = 0.51
00310 188- C      A(5) = 0.029
00311 189- C      A(6) = 0.013
00312 190- C      SK = 0.00132
00313 191- C      EADR = 795.0
00314 192- C      VOL(1) = 0.015
00315 193- C      VOL(2) = 1.062
00316 194- C      VOL(3) = 0.188
00317 195- C      VOL(4) = 0.06
00320 196- C      VOL(5) = 0.188
00321 197- C      VOL(6) = 2.99
00322 198- C      VOL(7) = 0.735
00323 199- C      VOL(8) = 1.062
00324 200- C      VOL(9) = 0.008
00325 201- C      VOL(10) = 1.062
00326 202- C      DF(6) = (C(25) * RMT(1))/(C(26) * RMT(2))
00327 203- C      DE(1) = C(30) - 47.
00330 204- C      DO 210 I = 2,4
00331 205- C      DI(1) = SK * A(I - 1)
00332 206- C      DI(2) = SK * A(I - 2)
00333 207- C      DI(3) = DI(1) - DI(2)
00334 208- 210 CONTINUE
00335 209- C      DI(4) = 0.16 + 2.3 * C(17)
00336 210- C      DI(9) = 863.0 / DI(1)
00337 211- C      DI(10) = 0.62
00338 212- C      DI(14) = C(36) * 2.0
00339 213- C      DI(15) = DI(14) - .01 * C(36)
00340 214- C      CALL RC3
00341 215- C      CALL RC4
00342 216- C      CALL RC5 (CPB, F(4), C(4), BC(2))
00343 217- C      CALL RC7 (CMB(2), F(3), F(4), C(4), CM(2), CPME(2))
00344 218- C      CALL RC19 (CPB, CMB(2), CC(2), BC(1), F(4))
00345 219- C      CALL RC4 (CPT, F(6), C(7), BC(3))
00346 220- C      CALL RC7 (CMB(3), F(5), F(6), C(7), CM(3), CPME(3))
00347 221- C      CALL RC19 (CPT, CMB(3), CC(3), BC(1), F(6))
00348 222- C      CALL RC70

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      RESP CASE NO. 1
00356 222- CALL AC7
00357 223- CALL AC8
00360 224- CALL AC9
00361 225- CALL AC10
00362 226- CALL AC11
00363 227- CALL AC12
00364 228- GO TO 60
00365 229- 50 CALL AC15
00366 230- CALL AC16
00367 231- 60 CALL AC13
00370 232- CALL AC12
00370 233- C
00371 234- IF (C(35).GE.XMH) GO TO 201
00371 235- C
00373 236- IF (TOJ(1).EQ. 1) CALL AC23 (COJ, DJ, IOJ)
00375 237- IF (C(35).GT. C(15)) GOTO 80
00377 238- IF (C(1).GT.C(15)) GOTO 80
00401 239- 70 CALL AC14
00402 240- UU = AMDD(C(35), D(14))
00403 241- IF (UU .LT. .0001 .OR. UU .GT. D(15)) GOTO 50
00405 242- GOTO 60
00406 243- 80 IF (C(37).GT. 1.0E-5) GO TO 250
00410 244- 220 CTERM = 0.0
00411 245- IF (VTRAM(14) - 104.0) 230, 240, 240
00414 246- 230 CTERM = (21.6E-9)*(104.0 - VTRAM(14))*4.9)
00415 247- 240 C(37) = C(20)+(C(16)+VTRAM(15) + 11.0 - C(16))-CM(4))
00415 248- + C(21)+VTRAM(13) + CTERM - 5)
00416 249- I = 37
00417 250- PUNCH 192, 1, C(I), (XMI(J), J = 1,2)
00427 251- 250 DO 260 I = 1,14
00432 252- PUNCH 192, 1, C(I), (XMI(J), J = 1,2)
00442 253- 260 CONTINUE
00444 254- WRITE (61, 194)
00446 255- GOTO 300
00447 256- 301 CONTINUE
00450 257- STOP
00451 258- 90 FORMAT (14H0137H=RESPIRATORY CHEMOSTAT -- INPUT DATA=)
00452 259- 92 FORMAT (42H13,101F10.4,10X206)
00453 260- 190 FORMAT (51F15.0,51X206)
00454 261- 192 FORMAT (13,21F15.5,51X206)
00455 262- 194 FORMAT (1H1)
00456 263- END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RCHEM SYMBOLIC
 RCHEM CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:05 0 01436670 14 263 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 16:17:05 1 01446532 40 1 (DELETED)
 0 01446112 14 56

RESPCASE NO. 1
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 29 JAN 72 16:17:06 0 01447932 JUN192 21 (DELETED) 12:10
 UNIVAC11108 FORTRAN RELEVEL 25A -LEVEL 25A E12010010A 29 JAN 72 16:17:06 1 01450200 24 1 (DELETED)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:10 0 01450230 14 5

SUBROUTINE RC3 ENTRY POINT 000000

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000043, DATA(0) 000012, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 NEAR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000000	6969F	0003	002232	R	0003	002317	BC	0003	R	000000	C	0003	002363	CADK	
0003	002336	CC	0003	002344	CM	0003	002341	CMB	0003	R	002361	CPB	0003	002350	CPH	
0003	R	002362	CPT	0003	R	002240	D	0003	002214	DC	0003	002353	DO	0003	002365	DT
0003	R	002257	F	0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX	0000	000003	INJPS	0003	002366	IRE	
0003	002370	ITERI	0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LOC	0003	002374	M	0003	002375	N		
0003	R	002323	OF	0003	002016	RE	0003	002315	RMT	0003	002106	SC	0003	000170	SV	
0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAN		
0003	002364	X	0003	000050	IN											

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC3
00102 2= DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RE(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AK(4), DI(5), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00104 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPH(3),
00105 5= 3 DI(4)
00106 6= COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RE, SC, DC, A, O, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00107 7= 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00108 8= 2 IRE, LOC, ITERI, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00109 9= 6969 FORMAT(1H THIS SUB RC3)
00110 10= C SETS TIME-DEPENDENT EXPRESSIONS
00111 11= OF(1) = C(10) - C(11)
00112 12= F(1) = DC(1)-C(2)
00113 13= F(2) = DC(3)-C(1)
00114 14= F(3) = DC(5)/DI(3)
00115 15= F(4) = DC(2)-CPB
00116 16= F(5) = C(8)/DI(3)
00117 17= F(6) = DC(2)-CPT
00118 18= F(7) = DC(1)-C(1)
00119 19= F(8) = DC(1)-C(2)
00120 20= RETURN
00121 21= END
  
```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.



* FOR * RC4, RC4
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXEC0 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:11

RESP CASE NO. 1

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 22 JUN 72

19: 2:11

SUBROUTINE RC4 ENTRY POINT 000059

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000057, DATA(0) 000021, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RC21
 0005 RCF1
 0006 RC6
 0007 NERR30

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000003 3000F	0001	000000 410L	0000	000000 496WF	0003	002232 A	0003 R	002317 DC
0003 R	000000 C	0003	002363 CADK	0003 R	002336 CC	0003 R	002349 CH	0003 R	002341 CHB
0003	002361 CPB	0003 R	002350 CPM	0003	002362 CPT	0003 R	002240 D	0003	002214 DC
0003	002353 DO	0003	002365 DT	0003 R	002257 F	0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDER
0000	000014 INJPS	0003	002366 INK	0003 F	002370 ITERX	0003	002373 J	0003	002367 LDC
0003	002374 M	0003	002375 N	0003	002323 QF	0005 R	000000 RCF1	0003	002316 RK
0003	002319 RMT	0003	002106 SC	0003	000170 SV	0003	002331 TAU	0003	002357 VE
0003	002360 VI	0003	002303 VOL	0003	001774 VTRAN	0003 R	002364 X	0003	000050 XM

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC4
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), XM(40,2), SV(12,50), VTRAN(18), RC(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DE(5), FI(20), VOL(10), AM(12),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), QF(4), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPM(3),
00103 5= 3 DO(4)
00104 6= COMMON/2/ C, XM, SV, VTRAN, RC, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, DC, QF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, I, DT,
00104 8= 2 INK, LDC, ITERX, INDER, Z, J, M, N
00104 9= C ITERATES FOR CC(1), ARTERIAL CO2 CONCENTRATION
00105 10= 4969 FORMAT(1X,10 RC4)
00106 11= 410 CALL RC21 (CHB(1), F(1), F(2), CC(1), CH(1), CPM(1))
00107 12= X = (CC(1) - F(2))/0.01-F(3)
00110 13= X = RCF1(X)
00111 14= X = BC(1) + 0.375*(CC(17) - CHB(1)) + F(2) - DE(4)*(X - 0.14)
00112 15= CALL RC6 (CC(1))
00113 16= CC(1) = CC(1) + 2.0*(X - CC(1))/3.0
00114 17= 3000 FORMAT(1X,5HCC(1),5F16.6)
00115 18= IF (ITERX) 420, 410, 420
00120 19= 420 RETURN
00121 20= END
  
```



RESP CASE NO. 1

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC9 SYMBOLIC
 RC9 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:07	0	01950336	19	20 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:07	1	01950766	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01951016	19	0



* FOR, * RCS, RCS
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:12

RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 15
22 JUN 72

15: 2:12

SUBROUTINE RCS ENTRY POINT 000099

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000063; DATA(1) 000027; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RCF1
 0005 RC6
 0006 NERN35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000007	3000F	0001	000000	510L	0000	000000	696WF	0003	002232	A	0003	002317	BC	
0003	000000	C	0003	002363	CACK	0003	002336	CC	0003	002344	CM	0003	002341	CM8	
0003	002361	CPB	0003	002350	CPH	0003	002362	CPT	0003	R	002340	D	0003	002319	DC
0003	002353	DO	0003	002365	DT	0003	002357	F	0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX	
0000	000020	INIPS	0003	002366	IRK	0003	I	002370	ITERX	0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LOC
0003	002374	M	0003	002375	N	0003	002323	OF	0004	R	000000	RCF1	0003	002016	RE
0003	002315	RMT	0003	002196	SC	0003	000170	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	
0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAN	0003	R	002364	X	0003	000950	YN

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RCS (CP, FB, CCB, BMC)
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,90), VTRAN(19), RE(19,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(19,5), DC(19), AK(6), DI(15), FI(25), VOL(10), RM(2),
00103 4= 2 DC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CM8(3), CM(4), CPH(3),
00103 5= 3 DB(4)
00104 6= COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RE, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, DC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CM8, CM, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CACK, I, DT,
00104 8= 2 IRK, LOC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9= C ITERATES FOR BRAIN AND TISSUE PCO2
00105 10= 6969 FORMAT(1M 7MSUB RCS)
00106 11= 510 X = (CCB - FB)/(10 01-CP)
00107 12= X = RCF1(X)
00110 13= X = (-BMC + CCB + DI(10)*X - 0.141)/DI(2)
00111 14= CALL RC6 (CP)
00112 15= CP = CP + (X - CP)/10.0
00113 16= FB = DI(2)*CP
00114 17= 3000 FORMAT(1M ,4NCP= ,E16.6,4NFB= E16.6,5NCCB= E16.6,5NBMC= E16.6)
00115 18= IF (ITERX) 520, 510, 520
00120 19= 520 RETURN
00121 20= END
  
```



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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RCS SYMBOLIC
 RCS CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:00	0	01951176	19	20 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:00	1	01951626	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01951656	19	0



* FOR, * RC6, RC6
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXEC0 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 19:02:13

RESP CASE NO. 1

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 22 JUN 72

19: 2:13

SUBROUTINE RC6 ENTRY POINT 000022

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000024; DATA(0) 000012; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 REFRA33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001	000013	630L	0000	000001	6969F	0003	002317	BC	0003	000000	C
0001	002163	CADR	0003	002316	CC	0003	002344	CM	0003	002341	CPB
0003	002350	CPH	0003	002362	CPT	0003	002240	D	0003	002214	DC
0003	002353	DO	0003	002365	DT	0003	002257	F	0003	002372	I
0000	000005	INJPS	0003	002366	INX	0003	002370	ITERX	0003	002373	J
0003	002374	M	0003	002375	N	0003	002373	OF	0003	002016	RK
0003	002106	SC	0003	000170	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE
0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAN	0003	002364	X	0003	000050	XM

```

00101 1- SUBROUTINE RC6 (V)
00103 2- DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
00103 3- 1 SC(14,5), DE(14), AC(6), DF(15), FC(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4- 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
00103 5- 3 DD(4)
00104 6- COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7- 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
00104 8- 2 IPK, LOC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9- C CHECKS CONVERGENCE OF ITERATIVE PROCEDURES
00105 10- 6969 FORMAT(1H INSUB RC6)
00106 11- ITERX = 0
00107 12- DIFF = ABS ((X - Y)/Y)
00110 13- IF (DIFF - 1.0E-5) 620, 620, 630
00113 14- 620 ITERX = 1
00114 15- 630 RETURN
00115 16- END
  
```

END OF COMPILATION-

NO DIAGNOSTICS.

 RC6 SYMBOLIC
 RC6 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72	16:17:09	0	01492036	14	16 (DELETED)
24 JAN 72	16:17:09	1	01492376	24	1 (DELETED)
		0	01492426	14	3



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:19

* FOR, * RC7, RC7
 UNIVAC 1104 FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A - (EXEC II LEVEL E120100104)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:15

SUBROUTINE RC7 ENTRY POINT 000000

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000032, DATA(0) 000031, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376
 0004 R 000014

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 RC16
 0006 NERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000012 I13G	0001 000013 I16G	0001 000025 I24G	0001 000023 ZL	0000 000003 3000F
0000 000000 6969F	0003 002232 A	0003 002317 BC	0003 000000 C	0003 002363 CADK
0003 002336 CC	0003 002344 CH	0003 002341 CHB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPH
0003 002362 CPT	0004 000002 CXT	0003 R 002240 D	0003 002214 DC	0003 002353 DD
0003 002365 DT	0004 000004 DUM1	0004 000005 DUM2	0004 000006 DUM3	0003 002257 F
0003 I 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000020 INJPS	0003 002366 IRR	0003 002370 ITERB
0003 I 002373 J	0003 002367 LOC	0003 002374 M	0003 002375 N	0003 002323 OF
0001 002016 RK	0004 000011 RMLIN	0003 002315 RMT	0004 000010 RMTB	0004 000011 RMTB2
0003 002106 SC	0003 R 000170 SV	0003 002331 TAU	0004 000012 TIMEOF	0003 002357 VE
0003 002360 VI	0003 002303 VOL	0003 001774 VTRAN	0004 000021 WORK	0004 000007 WORK2
0003 002364 X	0004 R 000000 XDS	0004 R 000001 XPM	0001 000050 YN	

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC7
00102 2= DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RM(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14,1), AC(1,1), D(1,5), F(20), VOL(10), RATE(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), GF(4), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPM(3),
00103 5= 3 DQ(4)
00104 6= COMMON/Z/ C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RM, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, I, DT,
00104 8= 2 TPK, LOC, ITERK, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 9= COMMON/R/ XDS, XPM, CXT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMEOF
00105 10= 1 ,RMLIN
00106 11= 6969 FORMAT(1H 7MSUB RC7)
00106 12= C FILLS SV ARRAY WITH INITIAL CONDITIONS
00107 13= CALL RC16
00110 14= IF(105.GT.XPM) GOTD2
00112 15= DO 720 I = 1,17
00115 16= DO 720 J = 2,50
00120 17= SV(I,J) = SV(I,1)
00121 18= 720 CONTINUE
00124 19= 2 CONTINUE

```



00125 20* RESP CASE NO. 1
 00130 21* DO 730 J = 2,90
 00131 22* SV(10,J) = SV(10,J - 1) - D(10)
 00133 23* T30 CONTINUE
 00133 24* 3000 FORMAT(1H,12M10SV S D(10),6I3X,E16.6)/1H,6I3X,E16.6)/1H,7I3X,E1
 00134 25* C6.6))
 00135 26* RETURN
 00135 26* END

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC7 SYMBOLIC
 RC7 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72 16:17:11 0 01452500 19 26 (DELETED)
 29 JAN 72 16:17:11 1 01453254 24 1 (DELETED)
 0 01453304 19 7



RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 20

22 JUN 72

15: 2:16

* FOR, = PCB, PCB
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:16

SUBROUTINE PCB ENTRY POINT 000325

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000390, DATA(0) 000053, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 WERR25
 0005 NPRT5
 0006 MID25
 0007 SQRT
 0010 WERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000005 107G	0001 000063 133G	0001 000173 157G	0000 000012 6969F	0001 000025 010L
0001 000012 012L	0001 000037 014L	0001 000044 016L	0001 000053 020L	0001 000056 022L
0001 000074 024L	0001 000114 030L	0001 000126 032L	0001 000142 034L	0001 000214 040L
0001 000234 046L	0001 000247 050L	0001 000273 060L	0000 000015 090F	0003 002232 A
0000 R 000007 AA	0000 R 000006 AB	0001 002317 BC	0001 R 000000 C	0003 002313 CADR
0003 002336 CC	0001 002344 CH	0001 002341 CHB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPH
0003 002362 CPT	0003 R 002240 D	0000 R 000010 DA	0001 002214 DC	0003 002353 DB
0003 R 002365 DT	0000 R 000011 DV	0003 002257 F	0003 I 002372 I	0000 I 000005 IJ
0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000025 INJPS	0001 002366 IJK	0003 002370 ITERI	0003 I 002373 J
0000 I 000004 K	0003 002367 LOC	0001 002374 M	0003 002375 N	0000 I 000002 NB
0000 I 000001 NC	0000 I 000000 ND	0000 R 000003 OA	0003 R 002323 OF	0003 002016 RH
0003 002315 RMT	0003 002104 SC	0003 R 000170 SV	0003 R 002331 TAU	0003 002357 VE
0003 002360 VI	0003 R 002303 VOL	0003 001774 VTRAN	0003 002364 X	0003 000050 YH

00101 1- SUBROUTINE PCB
 00103 2- DIMENSION C(40), EM(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RE(14,4),
 00103 3- SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
 00103 4- BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
 00103 5- DO(4)
 00104 6- COMMON/Z/ C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RH, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
 00104 7- TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
 00104 8- IJK, LOC, ITERI, INDEX, I, J, M, N
 00104 9- C CALCULATES TRANSPORT TIMES
 00105 10- 6969 FORMAT(1H 7MSUB PCB)
 00106 11- DO 870 I = 1,5
 00111 12- DT = C(35) - SV(10,1)
 00112 13- ND = 1
 00113 14- GO TO (010,012,014,016,018), I
 00114 15- 010 NC = 11



RESP CASE NO. 1

00115 16+ NB = 10
 00116 17+ GO TO 020
 00117 18+ 012 NC = 10
 00120 19+ NB = 11
 00121 20+ GO TO 020
 00122 21+ 014 NC = 10
 00123 22+ NB = 12
 00124 23+ GO TO 020
 00125 24+ 016 NC = 12
 00126 25+ NB = 10
 00127 26+ QA = QF(1)
 00130 27+ GO TO 022
 00131 28+ 020 QA = C(1NC)
 00132 29+ 022 DO P40 J = 1,2
 00135 30+ GO TO (034,024), J
 00136 31+ 024 NC = NB
 00137 32+ ND = K + 1
 00140 33+ IF (K) 026, 028, 032
 00143 34+ 026 IF (NC - 12) 030, 028, 030
 00146 35+ 028 QA = SV(1NC, 1) - (SV(1NC, 1) - QF(1)) * DT / (C(35) - SV(10, 1))
 00147 36+ GO TO 034
 00150 37+ 030 QA = SV(1NC, 1) - (SV(1NC, 1) - C(1NC)) * DT / (C(35) - SV(10, 1))
 00151 38+ GO TO 034
 00152 39+ 032 QA = SV(1NC, ND) - (SV(1NC, K) - SV(1NC, ND)) * DT / (14)
 00153 40+ 034 JJ = 2 * J + J - 2
 00154 41+ AB = VCL(JJ)
 00155 42+ AA = DT * (QA + SV(1NC, ND)) / 2.0
 00156 43+ DO 038 K = ND, 49
 00161 44+ IF (AA - AB) 036, 036, 040
 00164 45+ 036 AA = AA + C(36) * (SV(1NC, K) + SV(1NC, K + 1))
 00165 46+ 038 CONTINUE
 00167 47+ PRINT 090, J
 00172 48+ 040 QA = AA - AB
 00173 49+ K = K - 1
 00174 50+ IF (K) 042, 042, 046
 00177 51+ 042 DV = SV(1NC, 1) - QA
 00200 52+ IF (DV) 050, 044, 050
 00203 53+ 044 DT = QA / QA
 00204 54+ GO TO 060
 00205 55+ 046 DV = SV(1NC, K + 1) - SV(1NC, K)
 00206 56+ IF (DV) 050, 048, 050
 00211 57+ 048 DT = QA / SV(1NC, K)
 00212 58+ GO TO 060
 00213 59+ 050 DT = (SV(1NC, K + 1) - SORT (SV(1NC, K + 1)) * 2 - DV * QA / C(36)) / (DV / DT (14))
 00214 60+ 060 CONTINUE
 00216 61+ TAU(1) = C(35) - SV(10, K + 1) - DT
 00217 62+ 070 CONTINUE
 00221 63+ RETURN
 00222 64+ 090 FORMAT (5X27H5V ARRAY EXCEEDED ON CYCLE (2))
 00223 65+ END

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

PCB CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 18:17:12 0 01453496 14 65 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 18:17:12 1 01455264 24 1 (DELETED)
 0 01455314 14 29



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:18

4 FOR. = RC9, RC9
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:18

SUBROUTINE RC9 ENTRY POINT 000146

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000179, DATA(0) 000092, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RCF3
 0005 MPRT3
 0006 N1023
 0007 NERR23
 0010 NERR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000502 107G	0001 000557 130G	0001 000575 140G	0001 000113 150G	0001 000131 160G
0000 000003 6969F	0001 000532 904L	0001 000555 910L	0001 000073 920L	0001 000111 930L
0001 000127 940L	0001 000143 950L	0001 000151 960L	0000 000013 990F	0003 002232 A
0003 002317 RC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 002363 CADK	0003 002336 CC	0003 002344 CM
0003 002341 CMB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPM	0003 002362 CPT	0003 R 002240 D
0003 002219 DC	0000 000008 DCAM	0003 002353 DQ	0003 R 002365 DT	0003 002257 F
0003 I 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000031 INJPS	0003 002366 IRK	0003 002370 ITER1
0003 I 002373 J	0003 I 002367 LCC	0003 002374 M	0003 002375 N	0003 002223 OF
0004 R 000050 RCF3	0003 002016 RK	0003 002315 RMT	0003 002106 SC	0003 R 000170 SV
0000 R 000000 TA	0003 R 002331 TAU	0000 R 000002 TB	0003 002357 VE	0003 002360 VI
0003 002303 VOL	0003 R 001774 VTRAN	0003 002364 X	0000 R 000001 XLOC	0003 000050 XM

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00101 10 SUBROUTINE RC9
00103 20 DIMENSION C(40), YN(40,2), SV(18,50), VTRAN(18), RK(14,4),
00103 30 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 40 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00103 50 3 DO(4)
00104 60 COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 70 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00104 80 2 IRK, LCC, ITER1, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 90 C SETS VALUES IN VTRAN ARRAY
00105 100 6969 FORMAT(1H THIS SUB RC9)
00106 110 DO 960 I = 1,5
00111 120 TA = TAU(I) - (C(35) - SV(18,1))
00112 130 LOC = TA/D(14)
00113 140 IF (LOC - 49) 904, 904, 902
00116 150 902 PRINT 990, I, LOC
00122 160 LOC = 49
00123 170 904 XLOC = LOC

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                                RESP CASE NO. 1
00124 100      TB = XLOC-0114)
00125 110      DT = TA - TB
00126 200      GO TO (910,920,930,940,950), 1
00127 210      910 DO 914 J = 1,3
00132 220      VTRAM(J) = RCF3(J)
00133 230      914 CONTINUE
00135 240      VTRAM(15) = RCF3(13)
00136 250      GO TO 960
00137 260      920 DO 924 J = 4,6
00142 270      VTRAM(J) = RCF3(J)
00143 280      924 CONTINUE
00145 290      VTRAM(16) = RCF3(16)
00146 300      GO TO 960
00147 310      930 DO 934 J = 7,9
00147 320      VTRAM(J) = RCF3(J)
00153 330      934 CONTINUE
00155 340      VTRAM(17) = RCF3(17)
00156 350      GO TO 960
00157 360      940 DO 944 J = 1,3
00162 370      VTRAM(J+9) = RCF3(J)
00163 380      944 CONTINUE
00165 390      GO TO 960
00166 400      950 VTRAM(13) = RCF3(13)
00167 410      VTRAM(14) = RCF3(14)
00170 420      960 CONTINUE
00172 430      NAMELIST/COMM/VTRAM
00173 440      RETURN
00174 450      990 FORMAT (5X27H5V ARRAY EXCEEDED ON CYCLE 12,124 WITH LOC = 14)
00175 460      END

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RC9	CODE	SYMBOLIC	RELOCATABLE
24	JAN 72	16:17:14	0 01456052 14 96 (DELETED)
24	JAN 72	16:17:14	1 01457256 24 1 (DELETED)
			0 01457306 14 16



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:19

* FOR * RC10, RC10
UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 75A -EXEC0 LEVEL E12010010A
THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 19:02:49

SUBROUTINE RC10 ENTRY POINT 000127

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000131, DATA(0) 000050, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 NEAR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001	000032	1016L	0001	000036	1020L	0001	000037	1024L	0001	000040	1028L	0001	000052	1036L
0001	000055	1040L	0001	000061	1044L	0001	000076	1052L	0001	000106	1060L	0000	000000	6964F
0001	002232	A	0001	002317	BC	0001	000000	C	0001	002363	CADH	0001	002336	CC
0001	002344	CM	0001	002341	CMB	0001	002341	CPB	0001	002350	CPH	0001	002362	CPT
0001	002240	D	0001	002214	DC	0000	000003	DG	0001	002351	DO	0001	002365	DT
0001	002257	F	0001	002372	I	0001	002371	INDEX	0000	000043	INJPS	0001	002366	IRK
0001	002370	ITERM	0001	002373	J	0001	002367	LCC	0001	002374	M	0001	002375	N
0001	002373	OF	0001	002016	RK	0001	002315	RM7	0001	002106	SC	0001	000170	SV
0001	002331	TAU	0001	002357	VE	0001	002360	VI	0001	002303	VOL	0001	001774	VTRAN
0001	002364	I	0001	000050	XM									

```

00101 1- SUBROUTINE RC10
00102 2- DIMENSION C(40), XW(40,2), SW(10,50), VTRAN(18), RHE(14,4),
00103 3- 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4- 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00103 5- 3 DO(4)
00104 6- COMMON/Z/ C, XW, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7- 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADH, R, DT,
00104 8- 2 IRK, LCC, ITERM, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 9- 4969 FORMAT(1X, A50)
00105 10- C COMPUTES EMPIRICAL FUNCTIONS FOR ACIDIC OUTPUT AND BRAIN BLOOD
00105 11- C FLOW DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
00106 12- IF (F(8) - 104 0) 1000, 1020, 1020
00111 13- 1000 DO(1) = ((-1 0017E-5+F(8) + 2.924E-11)+F(8) - 0.2825)+F(8) +9.6651
00112 14- DO(2) = (((7.6554E-8+F(8) - 2.324E-5)+F(8) + 2.6032E-3)+F(8)
00112 15- 1 - 0.1371)+F(8) + 2.705
00113 16- IF (DO(1)) 1012, 1014, 1016
00116 17- 1012 DO(1) = 0.0
00117 18- 1016 IF (DO(2)) 1024, 1028, 1028
00122 19- 1020 DO(1) = 0.0
00123 20- 1024 DO(2) = 0.0
00124 21- 1028 IF (F(7) - 60 0) 1032, 1032, 1036
00124 22- C

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                                RESP CASE NO. 1                                DATE 220672 PAGE 29
00124 23- C IF PC02 GT 60 DQ(3) STAYS AT ITS VALUE AT 60 - - OLD ROUTINE SETS
00124 24- C THE VALUE OF DQ(3) EQUAL TO 0
00127 25- 1032 IF (F(7) - 40.0) 2036, 1040, 1040
00132 26- 2036 DQ(3)=0.
00133 27- GOT01044
00134 28- 1036 DQ(3)=6.0
00134 29- C
00135 30- GO TO 1044
00136 31- 1040 DQ(3) = 0.3*(F(7) - 40.0)
00137 32- 1044 IF (F(7) - 38.0) 1048, 1052, 1052
00142 33- 1048 DQ(4) = (8.0163E-4*(F(7) - 3.1073E-2)*(F(7) + 2.3232E-2)
00143 34- RETURN
00144 35- 1052 IF (F(7) - 44.0) 1056, 1056, 1060
00147 36- 1056 DQ(4) = 0.0
00150 37- RETURN
00151 38- 1060 DQ(4) = ((-2.1748E-7*(F(7) + 9.3918E-5)*(F(7) - 1.2947E-2)*(F(7)
00151 39- + 0.74073*(F(7) - 15.98)
00152 40- NAMELIST/DG/DO,F
00153 41- RETURN
00154 42- END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RC10 SYMBOLIC
RC10 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72 16:17:15 0 01457646 14 42 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72 16:17:15 1 01460762 24 1 (DELETED)
0 01461012 14 14



* FOR,= RC11,RC11
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A -(EXECII LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:21

RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE

26

22 JUN 72

19: 2:21

SUBROUTINE RC11 ENTRY POINT 000225

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000230, DATA(0) 000026, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

 0004 RC17
 0005 NERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000001 6969F	0003	002232 A	0000	000004 AB	0003	002317 BC	0003	R 000000 C
0003	002353 CADK	0003	R 002336 CC	0003	002344 CM	0003	002341 CMB	0003	002361 CPB
0003	002350 CPM	0003	002362 CPT	0003	R 002240 D	0003	R 002214 DC	0003	R 002353 DB
0003	002365 DT	0003	R 002257 F	0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDEX	0000	000016 INJPB
0003	002366 IAK	0003	002370 ITERK	0003	002373 J	0003	002367 LOC	0003	002374 M
0003	002379 N	0003	R 002323 OF	0003	002016 RK	0003	R 002315 RMT	0003	002106 SC
0003	000170 SV	0003	002331 TAU	0003	R 002357 VE	0003	R 002360 VI	0003	002303 VDL
0003	R 001774 VTRAN	0003	002369 X	0000	R 000000 XAB	0003	000050 XM		

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00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC11
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), QF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00103 5= 3 DQ(4)
00104 6= COMMON// C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, DC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPM, DO, VE, VI, LPO, CPT, CADK, X, OF,
00104 8= 2 IAK, LOC, ITERK, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9= C CALCULATES DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
00104 10= 6969 FOMATE IM RNSUB RC11)
00104 11= CALL RC17
00107 12= DC(1) = (VI-C(3)) - VE-C(1) + D(9)*(C(1))-VTRAN(4) + QF(1)
00107 13= +VTRAN(7) - C(10)+CC(1))/C(22)
00110 14= DC(2) = (VI-C(32)) - VE-C(2) + D(9)*(C(1))-VTRAN(5) + QF(1)
00110 15= +VTRAN(8) - C(10)+F(9))/C(22)
00111 16= DC(3) = (VI-C(33)) - VE-C(3) + D(9)*(C(1))-VTRAN(6) + QF(1)
00111 17= +VTRAN(9) - C(10)+F(10))/C(22)
00112 18= DC(4) = (C(25) + C(11)-VTRAN(1) - CC(2)) - F(14))/C(23)
00113 19= DC(5) = (-C(26) + C(11)-VTRAN(2) - F(12)) - F(15))/C(23)
00114 20= DC(6) = (C(11)-VTRAN(3) - C(6)) - F(16))/C(23)
00115 21= DC(7) = (RMT(1) + QF(1)-VTRAN(10) - CC(3))/C(24)
00116 22= DC(8) = (-RMT(2) + QF(1)-VTRAN(11) - F(13))/C(24)
00117 23= DC(9) = QF(1)-VTRAN(12) - C(9))/C(24)

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                                RESP CASE NO. 1                                DATE 220672 PAGE 27
00120 24*      DC(10) = (-C(10) + 6.0 + DC(1) + DC(3))/C(10)
00120 25*      C
00120 26*      C
00121 27*      TAB=5.5 + (RAT(2) - 215)*6. - C(10)
00122 28*      IF (RAT(2).GT. 215).AND.(TAB.GT.0.)DC(10)=DC(10)+TAB/.010
00122 29*      C
00122 30*      C
00129 31*      DC(11) = (-C(11) + 0.75 + DC(2) + DC(4))/C(19)
00129 32*      DC(12) = F(14)/C(34)+DC(11)
00126 33*      DC(13) = F(15)/C(34)+DC(12)
00127 34*      DC(14) = F(16)/C(34)+DC(13)
00130 35*      NAMELIST/AB/DC
00131 36*      RETURN
00132 37*      END

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END OF COMPILATION:      NO DIAGNOSTICS.
AC11      SYMBOLIC
AC11      CODE      RELOCATABLE

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29 JAN 72 16:17:17 0 01461316 19 37 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72 16:17:17 1 01462329 29 1 (DELETED)
0 01462359 19 10

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* FOR: RC12, RC12
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:23

RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 20

22 JUN 72

19: 2:23

SUBROUTINE RC12 ENTRY POINT 001011

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 001016, DATA(0) 000270, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376
 0004 R 000019

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 SS02W
 0006 RCF1
 0007 EXP
 0010 NPRTA
 0011 NIOZS
 0012 NIOIS
 0013 NRDUS
 0014 NERR3A

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000044 IL	0001 000706 101L	0001 000736 1212L	0001 000335 1220L	0001 000561 1230L
0000 000044 1290F	0000 000047 1292F	0000 000051 1805F	0000 000052 1810F	0000 000102 1815F
0005 000106 1820F	0000 000113 1825F	0000 000116 1830F	0000 000122 1835F	0000 000125 1840F
0070 000132 1845F	0000 000137 1850F	0000 000162 1855F	0001 000201 2L	0001 000354 2076
0001 000361 213G	0001 000413 217G	0001 000420 241G	0001 000437 256G	0001 000444 262G
0001 000463 275G	0000 000293 300F	0001 000470 301G	0000 000206 305F	0000 000027 333F
0001 000536 317G	0001 000564 500L	0000 000424 6469F	0003 002232 A	0003 002317 BC
0003 R 000000 C	0003 R 002363 CADK	0003 R 002376 CC	0003 R 002344 CH	0003 R 002341 CHB
0003 R 002361 CPB	0003 R 002350 CPH	0003 R 002362 CPT	0004 R 000002 CXT	0003 R 002240 D
0003 R 002214 DC	0000 R 000001 CEADVT	0001 002353 DD	0003 002365 DT	0004 000004 DUM1
0004 000005 DUM2	0004 000006 DUM3	0000 R 000022 DUMAT	0003 R 002257 F	0000 R 000000 FREE
0000 R 000003 MHATE	0000 R 000015 MYB	0000 R 000017 MYT	0003 I 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX
0000 000254 INJPS	0003 002366 IRK	0003 002370 ITERK	0003 002373 J	0003 002367 LOC
0003 002374 K	0000 I 000004 MARKER	0003 I 002375 N	0000 R 000011 PAN2	0000 R 000014 PMSCF
0000 R 000016 PHVB	0000 R 000020 PHVT	0000 R 000013 PTN2	0000 R 000012 PID2	0003 R 002373 OF
0004 R 000050 RCF1	0003 002016 RK	0004 R 000013 RMLIN	0003 R 002315 RMT	0004 R 000010 RMTB
0004 R 000011 RMTB2	0000 R 000023 RMTM	0000 R 000021 RD	0003 002106 SC	0004 R 000000 SS02W
0003 000170 SV	0003 R 002371 TAU	0000 R 000005 TCT	0004 R 000012 TIMECF	0000 R 000026 TIMECH
0000 R 000002 TVMT	0000 R 000010 U	0003 R 002357 VE	0003 R 002360 VI	0001 002303 VOL
0000 R 000007 VTIME	0003 R 001774 VTRAM	0004 R 000023 WORK	0004 R 000007 WORK2	0003 002364 X
0004 R 000000 XDS	0004 000001 XMH	0003 000050 XN		

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC12
 00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAM(10), RE(14,4),
 00103 3= SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DI(5), F(20), VCL(10), AMT(2),

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00103 90 2 RESP CASE NO. 1 DATE 220672 PAGE 29
00103 90 3 BC(4), BF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CH(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00104 60 3 DB(4)
00104 70 COMMON/Z/ C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 70 1 TAU, CC, CH, CM, CPM, DG, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
00104 80 2 IRR, LOC, ITER, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 90 COMMON/R/ XDS, TAN, CXT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMEOF
00105 100 1, RMLIN
00106 110 8969 FORMAT(1H 8MSUB AC12)
00106 120 C OUTPUT -- PUNCHED CARDS AND PRINTED
00107 130 CXT=(C35)*XDS-10.
00110 140 IF(CXT.LE.0.)CXT=-0.
00112 150 FREQ=0.1+7.815*(RMT(2)+C(26))
00113 160 DEADVT=.1107+FREQ+.0785*VE
00113 170 C C(31)=(DEADVT+C(1))+VE+DUM1)/(DEADVT+VE)
00113 180 C C(32)=(DEADVT+C(2))+VE+DUM2)/(DEADVT+VE)
00113 190 C C(33)=(DEADVT+C(3))+VE+DUM3)/(DEADVT+VE)
00114 200 TVNT=DEADVT*(VE+V1)/2.
00115 210 NPATE=43.8*(RMT(2)+C(26))+54.5
00116 220 IF(CXT.GE.TIMEOF) GOTO500
00120 230 IF(MARKER.EQ.0) GOTO101
00122 240 1 WORK=WORK2
00123 250 MARKER=1
00124 260 IF(WORK.LE.0.)GOTO2
00124 270 IF(WORK.GE.50.)TCT=7.3/12.*WORK/200.
00130 280 IF(WORK.LT.50)TCT=.6
00132 290 RMT(2)=(5502*WORK)-(5502*WORK)-RMTB2)*EXP(-TCT*(CXT+TIMEOF))
00133 300 VTIME=TCT*(CXT+TIMEOF)/9.2
00134 310 RMLIN=(5502*WORK)-(5502*WORK)-RMTB2)*(1.-VTIME)
00135 320 IF(VTIME.GE.1.)RMLIN=5502*WORK
00137 330 RMT(1)=.88-RMT(2)
00140 340 IF(TVNT.GT.37.)RMT(1)=(TVNT+40.77)-RMT(2)/88.5
00142 350 IF(C(35).LT.C(40))GOTO2
00144 360 PRINT 333,RMT(1),RMT(2)
00150 370 - 333 FORMAT(///,1X,25HCHANGE IN METABOLIC RATES,5X,7HMC02=,F10.4,
00150 380 1 5X,6HMC02=,F10.4,/)
00151 390 2 CONTINUE
00152 400 U=AMOD(C(35),0.5)
00153 410 IF(U.LT.1.0E-5)OR(U.GT..9999) GO TO 1210
00155 420 IF(C(35).LT.C(40))GOTO1230
00157 430 C(40)=C(40)+C(39)
00160 440 1210 PAN2 = D(1)+C(3)
00161 450 PTO2 = C(8)/D(3)
00162 460 PTN2 = C(9)/D(4)
00163 470 PHCSF = 9. - RCF(CH(4))
00164 480 HVB = CADR*(F(4)/(CC(2) - F(4)))
00165 490 PHVB = 9. - RCF(HVB)
00166 500 HVT = CADR*(F(6)/(CC(3) - F(6)))
00167 510 PHVT = 9. - RCF(HVT)
00170 520 RD = (C(11)+VTRAN(4) + OF(1)+VTRAN(7))/(C(10) - CC(1))/
00170 530 1 (F(9) - (C(11)+VTRAN(5) + OF(1)+VTRAN(8))/(C(10)
00171 540 OF(9) = OF(6) - RD
00172 550 IF (N.NE.4) GO TO 1220
00174 560 N = 0
00175 570 PRINT 1005
00177 580 1220 N = N + 1
00177 590 C
00200 600 PRINT 1010, CXT,RD,OF(9)
00200 610 C

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00205 62- RESP CASE NO. 1
00205 63- PRINT 1015, (C(1), I = 1,3), (DC(1), I = 1,3), F(7), F(11),
00222 64- 1 PAN2
00222 65- PRINT 1020, CC(1), F(9), F(10), F(7), F(11), PAN2, CM(1),
00235 66- 1 CPM(1), CMB(1)
00235 67- PRINT 1025, (C(1), I = 4,6), (DC(1), I = 4,6), CPB, F(17),
00254 68- 1 F(18), CM(2), CPM(2)
00254 69- PRINT 1030, (C(1), I = 7,9), (DC(1), I = 7,9), CPT, PT02,
00273 70- 1 PIN2, CM(3), CPM(3)
00273 71- PRINT 1035, (DC(1), I = 12,14), (C(1), I = 12,14), CM(4),
00307 72- 1 PNCSE
00307 73- PRINT 1040, CC(2), F(12), C(6), CPB, F(17), F(18), HVB,
00322 74- 1 PHVB, CMB(2)
00322 75- PRINT 1045, CC(3), F(13), C(9), CPT, PT02, PIN2, HVT,
00335 76- 1 PHVT, CMB(3)
00335 77- PRINT 1050, (TAU(1), I = 1,5), VI, VE, C(10), C(11), DC(10),
00351 78- 1 DC(11)
00351 79- PRINT 1055, FREQ, TVNT, DEADVT, NRATE
00360 80- 1230 RETURN
00360 81- 1240 FORMAT (15H XXXXSEF10.4)
00360 82- 1292 FORMAT (8F10.4)
00360 83- 1505 FORMAT (1M1)
00360 84- 1810 FORMAT (13H04NNTIMEF10.4,7X16NALV R0F10.4,3X17NR0 DIFFF10.4/
00360 85- 1 1A21HCC07P22H02R2H2H27X12H0 E R I V A T I V E S914MPC0206
00360 86- 2 3HP02717HPN2714NH10-17X2HPH714NH02)
00360 87- 1015 FORMAT (13HNAIVE(1,AR9F10.4)
00360 88- 1020 FORMAT (13HNAIETAL3F10.4,30X6F10.4)
00360 89- 1025 FORMAT (615HBRAIN11F10.4)
00360 90- 1030 FORMAT (516HNTISSUE11F10.4)
00360 91- 1035 FORMAT (812HCSF30XPF10.4)
00360 92- 1040 FORMAT (471HV BRAIN1F10.4,30X6F10.4)
00360 93- 1045 FORMAT (13HNV TISSUE3F10.4,30X6F10.4)
00360 94- 1050 FORMAT (512HTRANSPORT TIMES --412HAB012HVB012HVT012HAT012HAC21
00360 95- 1 2H--412HVI012HVERT11H012HFB711HDERIVATIVES/21X11F10.4)
00360 96- 1055 FORMAT (13,0H05SP FREQ.F10.4,5X,13HMINUTE VOLUME.F10.4,5X,
00360 97- 1 15HDEAD SPACE VENT.F10.4,10X,10HHEART RATE.F10.4)
00401 98- 500 READ(1,30,END=2) WORK2,DURAT
00401 99- 300 FORMAT(F6.2,3X,F6.2)
00402 100- PRINT 305, WORK2
00405 101- 305 FORMAT(//12,29HCHANGE IN WORK LOAD, WORK = , F6.2,11,5HWATT5)
00406 102- TIMEOF=DURAT-CXT
00406 103- TIMECN=CXT
00406 104- IF(WORK2.GE.WORK)AMTB2=PMT(2)
00406 105- IF(WORK2.LT.WORK) AMTB=AMT(2)
00406 106- IF(WORK2.LT.WORK)AMTB=5502H(WORK2)
00406 107- IF(WORK2.LT.WORK).AND.(WORK.GE.50.) TCT=2.3/(2.+(WORK/200.)
00406 108- IF(WORK2.LT.WORK).AND.(WORK.LT.50.))TCT=4.6
00406 109- IF(WORK2.GE.WORK) GOTO1
00406 110- 101 WORK=WORK2
00406 111- MARKER=0
00406 112- AMT(2)=AMTB-(AMTB-AMTN)*EXP(-TCT*(CXT-TIMECN)*.50)
00406 113- VTIME=TCT*(CXT-TIMECN)/.2
00406 114- AMLIN=AMTB-(AMTB-PMTN)*1.-VTIME)
00406 115- IF(VTIME.GE.1.) AMLIN=AMTB
00406 116- AMT(1)=.88-AMT(2)
00406 117- IF(TVNT.GY 37.) AMT(1)=(TVNT+.0.77)*AMT(2)/80.5
00406 118- IF(C(35).LT.C(40)) GOTO2
00406 119- PRINT 333,AMT(1),AMT(2)
00406 120- GOTO2

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00445

1200

RESP CASE NO. 1
END

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC12 SYMBOLIC
 RC12 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:19	0	01962750	19	120	(DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:19	1	01966170	34	1	(DELETED)
		0	01966230	19	71	



RESP CASE NO. 1
 * FOR, = RC13, RC13
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V ETEC II LEVEL 29A - (ETECC LEVEL E120100101)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:26

DATE 220672 PAGE 32
 22 JUN 72

19: 2:20

SUBROUTINE RC13 ENTRY POINT 000322

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000333; DATA(1) 000057; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RC14
 0005 NERR20
 0006 NERR30

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000004 1136	0001 000022 1166	0001 000050 1256	0001 000037 1312L	0001 000057 1320L
0001 000110 1328L	0001 000136 1336L	0001 000141 1340L	0001 000171 1352L	0001 000176 1356L
0001 000101 1366	0001 000230 1364L	0001 000131 1466	0001 000152 1566	0001 000202 1706
0001 000237 2026	0001 000261 2116	0001 000274 2216	0001 000275 2246	0000 000001 6964F
0003 002232 A	0003 002317 BC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 002363 CADR	0003 002336 CC
0003 002344 CH	0003 002341 CHB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPM	0003 002362 CPT
0003 002240 D	0000 000006 DBG	0003 R 002214 DC	0003 002353 DD	0003 002349 DT
0003 002257 F	0003 I 002372 I	0003 I 002371 INDEX	0000 000037 INJP3	0003 I 002366 INK
0003 002370 ITERH	0003 I 002371 J	0003 002367 LOC	0003 I 002374 M	0003 002375 N
0003 002323 OF	0003 R 002016 RK	0003 002315 RMT	0003 R 002106 SC	0003 000170 SV
0003 002331 TAU	0000 R 000000 TI	0003 002357 VE	0003 002360 VI	0003 002303 VOL
0003 001774 VTRAN	0003 002364 X	0003 000050 XM		

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00101 10 SUBROUTINE RC13
00102 20 DIMENSION C(40), ZM(40,2), SW(18,50), VTRAN(10), RM(14,4),
00103 30 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AI(4), DI(15), F(20), VEL(10), RMT(2),
00104 40 2 BC(4), OF(4), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(1), CH(4), CPB(1),
00105 50 3 DC(4)
00106 60 COMMON/77 C, ZM, SW, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VEL, RMT, BC, OF,
00107 70 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPB, DD, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, E, DT,
00108 80 2 INK, LOC, ITERH, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00109 90 6969 FORMAT(1X,ENSUB RC13)
00110 100 C SOLVES N DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS BY FOURTH-ORDER RUNGE-KUTTA AND
00111 110 C ADAMS-MOUTON PREDICTOR-CORRECTOR METHODS
00112 120 NAMELIST/DBG/DC,SC
00113 130 IF (INK - 4) 1304, 1356, 1356
00114 140 1304 DO 1352 INDEX = 1,4
00115 150 DO 1308 I = 1,M
00116 160 RM(I,INDEX) = DC(I)
00117 170 1308 CONTINUE
00118 180 GO TO (1312, 1320, 1328, 1340), INDEX

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RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 33

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00124 19- 1312 DO 1316 I = 1,M
00127 20-   SC(1,IRK+1) = C(I)
00130 21-   SC(1,IRK) = DC(I)
00131 22- 1316 CONTINUE
00133 23-   TI = C(35)
00134 24- 1320 C(35) = TI + C(36)/2.0
00135 25-   DO 1324 I = 1,M
00140 26-     C(I) = SC(1,IRK+1) + C(36)*RK(1,INDEX)/2.0
00141 27- 1324 CONTINUE
00143 28-   GO TO 1336
00144 29- 1328 C(35) = TI + C(36)
00145 30-   DO 1332 I = 1,M
00150 31-     C(I) = SC(1,IRK+1) + C(36)*RK(1,INDEX)
00151 32- 1332 CONTINUE
00153 33- 1336 CALL RC14
00154 34-   GO TO 1392
00155 35- 1340 DO 1344 I = 1,M
00160 36-     C(I) = SC(1,IRK+1) + C(36)*(RK(1,1) + 2.0*RK(1,2) + 2.0*RK(1,3)
00160 37-       + RK(1,4))/6.0
00161 38- 1344 CONTINUE
00163 39-   IRK = IRK + 1
00164 40- 1352 CONTINUE
00166 41-   RETURN
00167 42- 1356 DO 1360 I = 1,M
00172 43-     SC(1,5) = C(I)
00173 44-     SC(1,4) = DC(I)
00174 45-     C(I) = SC(1,5) + C(36)*(55.0*SC(1,4) - 59.0*SC(1,3) + 37.0*SC(1,2)
00174 46-       - 9.0*SC(1,1))/24.0
00175 47- 1360 CONTINUE
00177 48-   C(35) = C(35) + C(36)
00200 49- 1364 CALL RC14
00201 50-   DO 1368 I = 1,M
00204 51-     SC(1,1) = C(I)
00205 52-     C(I) = SC(1,5) + C(36)*(9.0*DC(I) + 19.0*SC(1,4) - 9.0*SC(1,3)
00205 53-       + SC(1,2))/24.0
00206 54- 1368 CONTINUE
00210 55-   DO 1372 I = 1,M
00213 56-     IF (ABS (C(I) - SC(1,1)) - 1.0E-5) 1372, 1372, 1364
00216 57- 1372 CONTINUE
00220 58-   DO 1376 I = 1,M
00223 59-     DO 1376 J = 1,3
00226 60-       SC(1,J) = SC(1,J+1)
00227 61- 1376 CONTINUE
00232 62-   RETURN
00233 63-   END

```

1372, 1372, 1364

1370. L=L+1

IF(L-15)1364,1364,1377

1377 WRITE(6,1378) L, I, C(I), SC(1,1)

1378 FORMAT(2X,2H L=,14,3X,2H I=,14,3X,5H C(I)=, F10.4,3X,8H SC(1,1)=, F10.4)

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RC13 SYMBOLIC

RC13 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:21 0 01470176 14 63 (DELETED)

24 JAN 72 16:17:21 1 01471760 24 1 (DELETED)

0 01472010 14 27



• FOR, RC14, RC14
UNIVAC 110A FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 75A - (EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:28

RESP CASE NO. 1

DATE 220672 PAGE 39
22 JUN 72

15: 2:28

SUBROUTINE RC14 ENTRY POINT 000077

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000101; DATA(0) 000010; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RC3
0005 RC8
0006 RC9
0007 RC4
0010 RC5
0011 RC21
0012 RC19
0013 RC10
0014 RC20
0015 RC11
0016 NERN30

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000 000000 6969F	0003 002332 A	0003 R 002317 BC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 002363 CADK
0003 R 002336 CC	0003 R 002344 CH	0003 R 002341 CHB	0003 R 002361 CPB	0003 R 002350 CPH
0003 R 002362 CPT	0003 002240 D	0003 002214 DC	0003 002357 DB	0003 002365 DT
0003 R 002257 F	0003 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000003 INJPS	0003 002366 INK
0003 002370 ITERX	0003 002373 J	0003 002367 LOC	0003 002374 M	0003 002375 N
0003 002323 OF	0003 002016 RK	0003 002315 RMT	0003 002106 SC	0003 000170 SV
0003 002331 TAU	0003 002357 VE	0003 002360 VI	0003 002303 VOL	0003 001774 VTRAN
0003 002364 X	0003 000050 XN			

00101 1- SUBROUTINE RC14
00103 2- DIMENSION C(40), ZN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(10,4),
00103 3- 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4- 2 BC(4), DF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
00103 5- 3 DD(4)
00104 6- COMMON/Z/ C, ZN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, DF,
00104 7- 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DB, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00104 8- 2 IAX, LOC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9- C CALLS OTHER SUBROUTINES IN A BLOCK
00105 10- 6969 FORMAT(1H 8MSUB RC14)
00106 11- CALL RC3
00107 12- CALL RC8
00110 13- CALL RC9
00111 14- CALL RC4



		RESP CASE NO. 1	DATE 220672	PAGE 39
00112	15*	CALL ACS (CPB, F(4), C(4), BC(2))		
00113	16*	CALL AC21 (CHB(2), F(3), F(4), C(4), CM(2), CPM(2))		
00114	17*	CALL AC19 (CPB, CHB(2), CC(2), BC(1), F(4))		
00115	18*	CALL ACS (CPT, F(6), C(7), BC(3))		
00116	19*	CALL AC21 (CHB(3), F(5), F(6), C(7), CM(3), CPM(3))		
00117	20*	CALL AC19 (CPT, CHB(3), CC(3), BC(1), F(6))		
00120	21*	CALL AC10		
00121	22*	CALL AC20		
00122	23*	CALL AC11		
00123	24*	RETURN		
00124	25*	END		

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

AC19	SYMBOLIC						
AC19	CODE	RELOCATABLE					

29 JAN 72	16:17:22	0	01472602	14	25 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:22	1	01473340	36	1 (DELETED)
		0	01473404	14	9



RESP CASE NO. 1
 * FORC15RC15CROES RELOCATABLE
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A -1EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:29

DATE 220672 PAGE 38
 29 JAN 72 16:17:29 1 01479228 JUN72 1 (DELETED)12:29
 0 01479244 14 6

SUBROUTINE RC15 ENTRY POINT 000042

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000050, DATA(0) 000024, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 MERR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001	000002	11CG	0001	000005	113G	0000	000002	4969F	0003	002232	A	0003	002317	BC
0003	000000	C	0003	002363	CADK	0003	002374	CC	0003	002344	CH	0003	002341	CHB
0003	002361	CPB	0003	002350	CPH	0003	002372	CPT	0003	002240	D	0003	002219	DC
0003	002353	DO	0003	002365	DT	0003	002257	F	0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX
0000	000014	INJPS	0003	002366	IRK	0003	002370	ITERK	0003	002373	J	0000	000000	JM
0009	000001	JPM	0003	002367	LOC	0003	002379	M	0003	002375	N	0003	002323	OP
0003	002016	PK	0003	002315	PMY	0003	002106	SC	0000	000007	SCM	0003	000170	SV
0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001779	VTRAN
0003	002364	Z	0003	000050	XM									

```

00101 1* SUBROUTINE RC15
00103 2* DIMENSION C(40), XM(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RM(14,4),
00103 3* SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DC(15), F(20), VOL(10), PMY(2),
00103 4* BC(4), QF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
00103 5* DC(4)
00104 6* COMMON/Z/ C, XM, SV, VTRAN, RM, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, PMY, BC, QF,
00104 7* TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, Z, DT,
00104 8* IRK, LOC, ITERK, INDEX, I, J, N, N
00105 9* 4969 FORMAT(1X,BHSUB RC15)
00106 10* NAMELIST/SCM/SV
00106 11* C SHIFTS VALUES IN SV ARRAY
00107 12* DO 1520 I = 1,10
00112 13* DO 1520 J = 1,49
00115 14* JM = 51 - J
00116 15* JPM = JM - 1
00117 16* SV(I,JM) = SV(I,JPM)
00120 17* 1520 CONTINUE
00123 18* RETURN
00124 19* END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC15 SYMBOLIC

29 JAN 72 16:17:29 0 01473602 14 19 (DELETED)



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

15: 2:30

* FOR: RC16, RC16
 UNIVAC 1105 FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A -EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:31

SUBROUTINE RC16 ENTRY POINT 000002

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000071, DATA(0) 000022, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376
 0004 R 000014

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 MERRIS

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000000	6464F	0003	002232	A	0003	002317	BC	0003	R	000000	C	0003	002363	CADR	
0003	R	002336	CC	0003	R	002344	CH	0003	002341	CHB	0003	002361	CPB	0003	002350	CPH
0003	002362	CPT	0004	000002	CIT	0003	002240	D	0003	002214	DC	0003	002353	DO		
0003	002365	DT	0004	000004	DUM1	0004	000005	DUM2	0004	000006	DUM3	0003	R	002257	F	
0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX	0000	000003	INJPB	0003	002366	IRH	0003	002370	ITERB		
0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LDC	0003	002374	M	0003	002375	N	0003	R	002323	OF	
0003	002016	RK	0004	000013	RMLIN	0003	002315	RMT	0004	000010	RMTB	0004	000011	RMTB2		
0003	002106	SC	0003	R	000170	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0004	000012	TIMECF	0003	002357	VE	
0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAM	0004	000003	WORK	0004	000007	WORK2		
0003	002364	X	0004	000000	XDS	0004	000001	XPM	0003	000050	IN					

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC16
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAM(10), RK(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DI(5), FI(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), QF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
00103 5= 3 DO(4)
00104 6= COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAM, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, QF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
00104 8= 2 IRK, LDC, ITERI, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 9= COMMON/R/ XDS, XPM, CIT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMECF
00105 10= 1 RMLIN
00106 11= 6464F FORMAT(1H 0NSUB RC16)
00106 12= C SETS VALUES FOR SV ARRAY
00107 13= SV(1,1) = CC(1)
00110 14= SV(2,1) = F(9)
00111 15= SV(4,1) = CC(2)
00112 16= SV(3,1) = F(10)
00113 17= SV(5,1) = F(12)
00114 18= SV(6,1) = C(6)
00115 19= SV(7,1) = CC(3)
00116 20= SV(8,1) = F(13)
00117 21= SV(9,1) = C(9)

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00120 22*      RESP CASE NO. 1
00121 23*      SV(10,1) = C(10)
00122 24*      SV(11,1) = C(11)
00123 25*      SV(12,1) = QPC(1)
00124 26*      SV(13,1) = CMI(1)
00125 27*      SV(14,1) = F(1)
00126 28*      SV(15,1) = 0.0
00127 29*      SV(16,1) = SV(4,1) + SV(5,1) + SV(6,1)
00128 30*      SV(17,1) = SV(7,1) + SV(8,1) + SV(9,1)
00129 31*      SV(18,1) = C(35)
00130 32*      RETURN
00131      END

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

AC16	CODE	SYMBOLIC	RELOCATABLE
29	JAN 72	16:17:25	0 01474370 14 32 (DELETED)
29	JAN 72	16:17:25	1 01475270 24 1 (DELETED)
			0 01475320 14 7



* FOR, * RC17, RC17
 UNIVAC 110R FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A -4ETECH LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:32

RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2.32

SUBROUTINE RC17 ENTRY POINT 000171

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000173; DATA(1) 000157; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002176
 0004 R 000014

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0005 SSVENT
 0006 SSOZW
 0007 NEZPAB
 0010 NERRAB

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000015 1700L	0001 000033 1720L	0001 000127 1730L	0001 000160 1740L	0000 000136 6969F
0003 002232 R	0000 000027 BAD	0003 R 002317 BC	0003 R 000000 C	0003 R 002363 CADR
0003 002336 CC	0003 R 002344 CH	0003 002341 CHB	0003 002361 CPB	0003 002350 CPH
0001 002362 CPT	0004 000002 CXT	0003 R 002240 D	0003 002214 DC	0003 002353 DB
0001 002365 DT	0004 000004 DUM1	0004 000005 DUM2	0004 000006 DUM3	0003 R 002257 F
0003 002372 I	0003 002371 INDEX	0000 000151 INJPL	0003 002344 IRR	0003 002370 ITERM
0003 002373 J	0003 002367 LOC	0003 002374 M	0003 002375 N	0003 R 002323 OF
0003 002016 RK	0004 R 000013 RMLIN	0003 002315 RMT	0004 000010 RMTB	0004 000011 RMTB2
0001 002106 SC	0006 R 000000 SSOZW	0005 R 000500 SSVENT	0001 000170 SV	0000 R 000002 SVNT
0000 R 000001 SVNT2	0003 002331 TAU	0000 R 000000 TERM	0004 000012 TIMEOF	0003 R 002357 VE
0003 R 002360 VT	0003 002303 VCL	0003 R 001774 VTRAN	0004 R 000003 WORK	0004 000007 WORK2
0003 002364 X	0004 000000 XDS	0004 000001 XMM	0003 000050 XM	

00101 10 SUBROUTINE RC17
 00103 20 DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RR(14,4),
 00103 30 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), DI(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
 00103 40 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
 00103 50 3 DB(4)
 00104 60 COMMON// C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
 00104 70 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DB, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
 00104 80 2 IRR, LOC, ITERM, INDEX, I, J, M, N
 00105 90 COMMON/R/ XDS, XMM, CXT, WORK, DUM1, DUM2, DUM3, WORK2, RMTB, RMTB2, TIMEOF
 00105 100 1, RMLIN
 00106 110 NAMELIST/BAD/CH(4), CADR, DI(1), C(12), BC(4), C(37), C(38), VTRAN(14),
 00106 120 ITERM, VI, C(20), C(16), VTRAN(15), C(21), VTRAN(13), C(37), DI(9), C(11),
 00106 130 VTRAN(16), OF(1), VTRAN(17), C(10), F(11),
 00107 140 6969 FORMAT(1X,PHS'B RC17)
 00107 150 C CALCULATES VENTILATION
 00110 160 CH(4) = CADR-DI(1)-C(12)/BC(4)

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                                RESP CASE NO. 1                                DATE 220672 PAGE 91
00111 17+ IF (C137) .GT. 1.0E-91 GO TO 1700
00113 18+ 1704 VI = C138)
00114 19+ GO TO 1730
00115 20+ 1708 TERM = 0.0
00116 21+ IF (VTRANC14) - 104.0) 1710, 1720, 1720
00117 22+ 1710 TERM = 123.6E-91*(104.0 - VTRANC1433)+4.93
00118 23+ 1720 VI = C1201*(C116)+VTRANC15) + 11.0 - (C116)+CHEN33
00119 24+ + C121)+VTRANC13) + TERM - C137)
00120 25+ SVNT2=SSVENT(55074440R11) -VI
00121 26+ IF (SVNT2 GT. 0.1 AND (SVNT2.LE.15.1) VI=VI+SVNT2
00122 27+ IF (SVNT2 GT. 15.1) VI=VI+15.
00123 28+ SVNT=SSVENT(RMLIN 3) -VI
00124 29+ IF (SVNT GT. 0.5) VI=VI+0.75+SVNT
00125 30+ 1730 VE = VI + 019*(C111)+VTRANC14) + 0F11)+VTRANC17) - C110)+F1133)
00126 31+ IF (VI LT. 0.0 .OR. VE LT. 0.0) GO TO 1740
00127 32+ RETURN
00128 33+ 1740 VI = 0.0
00129 34+ VE = 0.0
00130 35+ RETURN
00131 36+ END
                                SW=SSVENT(S S O 2 W(WORK))
                                SR=SSVENT(RMLIN)
                                1735 WRITE (6,1737)VO,VI,SVNT2,SW,SR,VE,C(35),SVNT,TCT,
                                1 VIIME,RMLIN
                                1737 FORMAT(11F12.4)

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END OF COMPILATION NO DIAGNOSTICS.

BC17	CODE	SYMBOLIC	RELOCATABLE
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29 JAN 72	16 17:26	0	01475462	19	36 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16 17:26	1	01474452	36	1 (DELETED)
		0	01476516	19	28



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:33

* FOR, * RC19, RC19
 UNIVAC 1104 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A -(EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:33

SUBROUTINE RC19 ENTRY POINT 000095

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000076, DATA(0) 000092, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RCF1
 0005 RC6
 0006 HERR36

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001	000000	1910L	0000	005021	6969F	0003	002232	A	0003	002317	BC	0003	R	000000	C		
0003	002763	CADR	0003	002336	CC	0003	002344	CH	0003	002341	CHB	0003		002361	CPB		
0003	002750	CPH	0003	002362	CPT	0003	R	002240	D	0003	002219	DC	0000	000000	DA2		
0003	002353	DO	0003	002345	DT	0003	002257	F	0003	002372	I	0003		002371	INDEX		
0000	000031	INJPS	0003	002366	IRK	0003	I	002370	ITERH	0003	002373	J	0003		002367	LOC	
0003	002379	M	0003	002375	N	0003	C	002373	OF	0004	R	000000	RCF1	0003		002016	RE
0003	002315	RMT	0003	002106	SC	0003	000170	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0003		002357	VE		
0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAN	0003	R	002364	X	0003		000050	YN	

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC19 (CPR, CVHBA, CVC, BHCA, FC)
 00103 2= DIMENSION C(10), IN(10,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(10,9),
 00103 3= 1 SC(10,5), DE(10), AL(1), DI(5), FI(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
 00103 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(7), CHB(3), CH(4), CPH(3),
 00103 5= 3 DO(4)
 00104 6= COMMON// C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
 00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, I, DT,
 00104 8= 2 IRK, LPC, ITERH, INDEX, I, J, M, N
 00105 9= NAMELIST/DA2//CPR, CVHBA, CVC, BHCA, FC
 00106 10= 6969 FORMAT(10 BMSUB RC19)
 00106 11= C ITERATES FOR VENOUS BRAIN AND VENOUS TISSUE CO2 CONCENTRATION
 00107 12= 1910 X = (CVC - FC)/(0.01-CPR)
 00110 13= X = RCF(1,X)
 00111 14= X = BHCA + 0.375*(C(17) - CVHBA) - DE(1)*(X - 0.19) + FC
 00112 15= CALL RC6 (CVC)
 00113 16= CVC = CVC + 2.0*(X - CVC)/3.0
 00114 17= IF (ITERH) 1920, 1910, 1920
 00117 18= 1920 CONTINUE
 00120 19= RETURN
 00121 20= END



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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC19 SYMBOLIC
 RC19 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:27	0	01977326	19	20 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:27	1	01977756	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01500006	19	10



* FCR, = RC20, RC20
 UNIVAC 110A FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E120100104)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:39

RESP CASE NO. 1

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 22 JUN 72

19: 2:39

SUBROUTINE RC20 ENTRY POINT 000051

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000053, DATA(0) 000015, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 NHR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000005	0467F	0003	002372	A	0003	002377	BC	0003	000000	C	0003	002363	CADR
0003	R	002376	CC	0003	002379	CM	0003	R	002341	CHB	0003	R	002361	CPB
0003		002362	CMF	0003	R	002340	D	0003	002378	DC	0003	002353	DD	
0003	R	002357	F	0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX	0000	000010	INJPS	0003	002366
0003		002370	ITER2	0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LOC	0003	002374	M	0003	002375
0000	000000	NMF	0003	002373	OF	0003	002016	RR	0003	002315	RMT	0003	002106	SC
0003	000176	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL
0003	001774	VIRAN	0003	002364	X	0003	000050	XM						

```

00101 10 SUBROUTINE RC20
00102 20 DIMENSION C(40), XM(40,2), SV(10,50), VIRAN(10), RMT(14,4),
00103 30 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AL(6), DI(5), FE(20), VOL(10), ANTE(2),
00104 40 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CMF(1), CPM(3),
00105 50 3 DD(4)
00106 60 COMMON/2/ C, XM, SV, VIRAN, RR, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00107 70 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CM, CPM, DD, VE, VI, CPS, CPT, CADR, X, OF,
00108 80 2 IRR, LOC, ITER2, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00109 90 NAMELIST/NMF/ F
00110 100 4969 FORMAT(1X,PHS:B,RC20)
00111 110 C SETS TIME DEPENDENT EXPRESSIONS
00112 120 FE(9) = DI(6)*C(2) + CHB(1)
00113 130 FE(10) = DI(7)*C(3)
00114 140 FE(11) = CC(1) + FE(9) + FE(10)
00115 150 FE(12) = C(5) + CHB(2)
00116 160 FE(13) = C(8) + CHB(3)
00117 170 FE(14) = C(5)/DI(1)
00118 180 FE(15) = C(6)/DI(4)
00119 190 FE(16) = C(27)*C(9) + C(12)
00120 200 FE(17) = C(28)*FE(17) + C(13)
00121 210 FE(18) = C(29)*FE(18) + C(14)
00122 220 RETURN
00123 230 END

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RESP CASE NO. 1

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC20 SYMBOLIC
 RC20 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:29	0	01500272	19	23 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:29	1	01500779	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01500759	19	7



= FOR, = RC21, RC21
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:36

RESP CASE NO. 1

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 22 JUN 72

15: 2:36

SUBROUTINE RC21 ENTRY POINT 000040

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000065; DATA(0) 000037; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RCF1
 0005 RCF2
 0006 EXP
 0007 NERR38

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000000 6969F	0003	002232 A	0003	002317 BC	0003 R	000000 C	0003 R	002363 CADR
0003	002316 CC	0003	002344 CH	0003	002341 CHB	0003	002361 CPB	0003	002350 CPH
0003	002362 CPT	0003	002240 D	0003	002214 DC	0003	002353 DO	0003	002365 DY
0003	002257 F	0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDEX	0000	000031 INJPS	0003	002366 INK
0003	002370 ITERX	0003	002373 J	0003	002367 LOC	0003	002374 M	0003	002375 N
0006	000003 PB	0003	002323 OF	0004 R	000000 RCF1	0003 R	000000 RCF2	0003	002016 RK
0003	002315 RMT	0003	002106 SC	0003	000170 SV	0003	002331 TAU	0003	002357 VE
0003	002360 VI	0003	002303 VOL	0003	001774 VTRAN	0003 R	002364 X	0003	000050 XN

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC21 (CHBA, FA, FD, CCA, CHA, CPHA)
00102 2= DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(18,50), VTRAN(18), RR(18,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), A(6), D(15), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CHN(3), CPH(3),
00103 5= 3 DO(4)
00104 6= COMMON/2/ C, XN, SV, VTRAN, RR, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPH, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DY,
00104 8= 2 INK, LOC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 9= 6969 FORMAT(10 FMSUB RC21)
00106 10= NAMELIST/PB/CHBA,FA,FD,CCA,CHA,CPHA
00106 11= C COMPUTES N= ION, PM, AND OXYHEMOGLOBIN
00107 12= CHA = CADR*FD/(CCA - FD)
00110 13= CPHA = 9.0 - RCF1(CHA)
00111 14= X = RCF2(CPHA)
00112 15= X = -X + FA
00113 16= X = (1.0 - EXP (X))*2
00114 17= CHBA = X*(17)
00115 18= RETURN
00116 19= END
  
```



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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC21 SYMBOLIC
 RC21 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:30	0	01501116	19	19 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:30	1	01501530	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01501560	19	9



RESP CASE NO. 1
 * FORC#2RC22CROE2 RELOCATABLE
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:37

DATE 220672 PAGE 40
 24 JAN 72 16:17:31 1 01502988 JUN202 1 (DELETED)2:37
 0 01502936 14 9

SUBROUTINE RC22 ENTRY POINT 000031

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000036, DATA(0) 000019, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 RERR38

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000	000000	696F	0003	002332	A	0003	002317	BC	0003	N	000000	C	0003	002363	CADK
0003	002336	CC	0003	002344	CM	0003	002341	CHB	0003	002361	CPB	0003	002350	CPM	
0003	002362	CPT	0003	002340	D	0003	002314	DC	0003	002353	DD	0003	002365	DT	
0003	002357	F	0003	002372	J	0003	002371	INDEX	0000	000004	INJPA	0003	002366	IRK	
0003	002370	ITERX	0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LOC	0003	002374	M	0003	002375	N	
0003	002323	OF	0003	002016	RR	0003	002315	RYT	0003	002106	SC	0003	000170	SV	
0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	0003	001774	VTRAM	
0003	002364	X	0003	000050	YN										

```

00101 1- SUBROUTINE RC22 (COJA, DJA, IOJA)
00103 2- DIMENSION C(40), RN(40,2), SV(18,50), VTRAM(10), RR(14,4),
00103 3- 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AI(4), DI(5), FI(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4- 2 BC(4), OF(4), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CHC(4), CPM(3),
00103 5- 3 DD(4)
00104 6- COMMON/Z/ C, RN, SV, VTRAM, RR, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7- 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CM, CPM, DD, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00104 8- 2 IRK, LOC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00105 9- DIMENSION COJA(4), DJA(4), IOJA(2)
00106 10- 696F FORMAT(1X,RMSUB,RC22)
00106 11- C SETS UP CONDITIONS FOR DEJOURS EXPERIMENT
00107 12- COJA(1) = C(31)
00110 13- COJA(2) = C(33)
00111 14- COJA(3) = 0.0
00112 15- COJA(4) = C(31) + C(33)
00113 16- IOJA(1) = 1
00114 17- IOJA(2) = 1
00115 18- DJA(3) = DJA(1) - .0001
00116 19- RETURN
00117 20- END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 RC22 SYMBOLIC

24 JAN 72 16:17:31 0 01501756 14 70 (DELETED)



RESP CASE NO. 1

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4 FOR, RC23, RC23
 UNIVAC 110R FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A - (EXECR LEVEL E17010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:30

22 JUN 72

15: 2:30

SUBROUTINE RC23 ENTRY POINT 000042

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000070, DATA(0) 000016, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 NERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001	000035	2320L	0000	000000	6964F	0003	002232	A	0003	002317	BC	0003	A	000000	C
0003	002743	CADR	0003	002336	CC	0003	002344	CM	0003	002341	CMB	0003	002361	CPB	
0003	002350	CPM	0003	002362	CPT	0003	002240	D	0003	002214	CC	0003	002353	DB	
0003	002365	DT	0003	002257	F	0003	002372	I	0003	002371	INDEX	0000	000004	INJPB	
0003	002366	IRK	0003	002370	ITERX	0003	002373	J	0003	002367	LCC	0003	002374	M	
0003	002375	N	0003	002373	OF	0003	002016	AK	0003	002315	RMT	0003	002106	SC	
0003	000170	SV	0003	002331	TAU	0003	002357	VE	0003	002360	VI	0003	002303	VOL	
0003	001774	VTRAN	0003	002364	X	0003	000050	XM							

```

00101 1= SUBROUTINE RC23 (CJBI, DJB, IDJB)
00102 2= DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AK(6), DI(5), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00104 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00105 5= 3 DO(4)
00106 6= DIMENSION COJB(6), DJB(4), IDJB(2)
00107 7= COMMON /Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, AK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00108 8= 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADR, X, DT,
00109 9= 2 INK, LCC, ITERX, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00110 10= C CHANGES CONDITIONS DURING CE JIHS EXPERIMENT
00111 11= 6969 FORMAT(10, PHSUB RC23)
00112 12= DJB(3) = DJB(3) - C(16)
00113 13= IF (DJB(3) GT. 0 0) RETURN
00114 14= IF (IDJB(2)) 2320, 2310
00115 15= 2310 DJB(3) = DJB(3) - .0001
00116 16= C(3) = COJB(3)
00117 17= C(33) = COJB(2)
00118 18= IDJB(2) < 1
00119 19= IRK = 1
00120 20= RETURN
00121 21= 2320 DJB(3) = DJB(2) - .0001
00122 22= C(31) = COJB(3)
00123 23= C(33) = COJB(4)
00124 24= IDJB(2) = 0

```



00127 25+ RESP CASE NO. 1
 00130 26+ JNK = 1
 00131 27+ RETURN
 END

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END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 PC23 SYMBOLIC
 RC23 CODE RELOCATABLE

29 JAN 72	16:17:32	0	01502549	14	27 (DELETED)
29 JAN 72	16:17:32	1	01503336	24	1 (DELETED)
		0	01503366	14	7



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:39

* FOR: RCF1, RCF1
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXEC8 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:39

FUNCTION RCF1 ENTRY POINT 000015

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000021; DATA(0) 000010; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 ALNG
 0005 MEANT5

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0003	002717 A	0003	002717 BC	0003	000000 C	0003	002363 CADK	0003	002336 CC
0003	002714 CM	0003	002714 CMB	0003	002361 CPH	0003	002350 CPM	0003	002362 CPT
0003	002710 D	0003	002714 DC	0003	002353 DQ	0003	002365 DT	0003	002257 F
0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDEX	0000	000002 INJP3	0003	002366 IRR	0003	002370 ITERM
0003	002373 J	0003	002367 LOC	0003	002374 M	0003	002375 N	0003	002323 OF
0000	R 000000 RCF1	0003	002016 RK	0003	002315 RMT	0003	002106 SC	0003	000170 SV
0003	002331 TAU	0003	002357 VE	0003	002360 VI	0003	002303 VOL	0003	001774 VTRAN
0003	002364 X	0003	000050 YN						

00101 1= FUNCTION RCF1(M)
 00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), RM(40,2), SV(18,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
 00103 3= SC(14,5), DC(14), AL(6), DI(15), FI(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
 00103 4= 2 BC(4), DF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CMB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
 00103 5= 3 DO(4)
 00104 6= COMMON/Z/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
 00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CMB, CM, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPH, CPT, CADK, Z, DT,
 00104 8= 2 IRR, LOC, ITERM, INDEX, I, J, M, N
 00104 9= C LOGARITHM TO BASE 10
 00105 10= RCF1 = 0.43429448 * ALOG(M)
 00106 11= RETURN
 00107 12= END

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RCF1 SYMBOLIC
 RCF1 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:33 0 01503930 14 12 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 16:17:33 1 01504000 24 1 (DELETED)
 0 01504030 14 3

* FOR, = RCF2,RCF2
 UNIVAC 110R FORTRAN V EXEC 17 LEVEL 25A -CEXECB LEVEL E12010010A
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:40

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 22 JUN 72

15: 2:40

FUNCTION RCF2 ENTRY POINT 000017

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000021, DATA(0) 000012, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 Z 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 MERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0003	002232 A	0003	002317 BC	0003	000000 C	0003	002363 CADK	0003	002336 CC
0003	002344 CN	0003	002341 CNB	0003	002361 CPB	0003	002350 CPM	0003	002362 CPT
0003	002240 D	0003	002314 DC	0003	002353 DD	0003	002349 DT	0003	002257 F
0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDEX	0003	000005 INJPS	0003	002366 IRK	0003	002370 ITERB
0003	002373 J	0003	002367 LOC	0003	002374 M	0003	002375 N	0003	002323 OF
0000	R 000000 RCF2	0003	002016 RK	0003	002315 RMT	0003	002106 SC	0003	000170 SV
0003	002331 TAU	0003	002357 VE	0003	002360 VI	0003	002303 VOL	0003	001774 VTRAN
0003	002364 X	0003	000050 XM						

```

00101 1= FUNCTION RCF2(Z)
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), XN(40,2), SV(14,50), VTRAN(18), RK(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), OC(14), AI(6), DI(5), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CNB(3), CM(4), CPM(3),
00103 5= 3 DD(4)
00104 6= COMMON/Z/ C, TN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, OC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CNB, CM, CPM, DD, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00104 8= 2 IRK, LOC, ITERB, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9= C OZYMEGLOGBIN - PM EMPIRICAL FUNCTION
00105 10= RCF2 = ((0.0066815*Z) - 0.10098)*Z + 0.44921)*Z - 0.454
00106 11= RETURN
00107 12= END
  
```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RCF2 SYMBOLIC
 RCF2 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:34 0 01504102 14 12 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 16:17:34 1 01504352 24 1 (DELETED)
 0 01504402 14 3



* FOR, * RCF3, RCF3
 UNIVAC 110A FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A -CEXEC0 LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:41

RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:41

FUNCTION RCF3 ENTRY POINT 000022

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000029, DATA(0) 000007, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

COMMON BLOCKS:

0003 2 002376

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0004 WERR33

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0003	002232 A	0003	002317 BC	0003	000000 C	0003	002363 CADK	0003	002336 CC
0003	002344 CH	0003	002341 CHB	0003	002361 CPB	0003	002350 CPM	0003	002362 CPT
0003	R 002240 D	0003	002219 DC	0003	002353 DO	0003	R 002365 DT	0003	002257 F
0003	002372 I	0003	002371 INDEX	0000	000051 INJPS	0003	002366 IRK	0003	002370 ITERK
0003	002373 J	0003	I 002367 LOC	0003	002374 M	0003	002375 N	0003	002323 OF
0000	R 000000 RCF3	0003	002016 RK	0003	002315 RMT	0003	002106 SC	0003	R 000170 SV
0003	002331 TAU	0003	002357 VE	0003	002360 VI	0003	002303 VOL	0003	001774 VTRAN
0003	002369 X	0003	000050 IN						

```

00101 1= FUNCTION RCF3(XX)
00103 2= DIMENSION C(40), IN(40,2), SV(10,50), VTRAN(10), RK(14,4),
00103 3= 1 SC(14,5), DC(14), AC(6), DI(5), F(20), VOL(10), RMT(2),
00103 4= 2 BC(4), OF(6), TAU(5), CC(3), CHB(3), CH(4), CPM(3),
00103 5= 3 DO(4)
00104 6= COMMON/2/ C, IN, SV, VTRAN, RK, SC, DC, A, D, F, VOL, RMT, BC, OF,
00104 7= 1 TAU, CC, CHB, CH, CPM, DO, VE, VI, CPB, CPT, CADK, X, DT,
00104 8= 2 IRK, LOC, ITERK, INDEX, I, J, M, N
00104 9= C VTRAN FUNCTION
00105 10= RCF3 = SV(XX,LOC) * (SV(XX,LOC + 1) - SV(XX,LOC))/DT/DI(4)
00106 11= RETURN
00107 12= END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

RCF3 SYMBOLIC
 RCF3 CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72 16:17:35 0 01504454 14 12 (DELETED)
 24 JAN 72 16:17:35 1 01504724 24 1 (DELETED)
 0 01504754 14 3



RESP CASE NO. 1

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22 JUN 72

19: 2:42

* FOR, * S502W, S502W
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC II LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 15:02:43

FUNCTION S502W ENTRY POINT 000045

STORAGE USED: CODE(1) 000055, DATA(1) 000013, BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0003 NERR35

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0001 000020 1L 0003 000025 2L 0000 000006 INJPA 0000 R 000000 S502W

00101	1=		FUNCTION S502W X3
00103	2=		IF(X.GT. 250.)GOTO1
00105	3=		IF(X.LT. 75.)GOTO2
00107	4=		S502W=X/75.
00110	5=		RETURN
00111	6=	1	S502W=3.5
00112	7=		RETURN
00113	8=	2	S502W=(X/75.)*.215+(75.-X)/75.
00114	9=		RETURN
00115	10=		END

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 S502W SYMBOLIC
 S502W CODE RELOCATABLE

24 JAN 72	16:17:36	0	01505026	19	10 (DELETED)
24 JAN 72	16:17:36	1	01505242	29	1 (DELETED)
		0	01505272	19	6



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19: 2:49

* FOR * SSVENT, SSVENT
 UNIVAC 1108 FORTRAN V EXEC 11 LEVEL 25A - (EXECB LEVEL E12010010A)
 THIS COMPILATION WAS DONE ON 22 JUN 72 AT 19:02:49

FUNCTION SSVENT ENTRY POINT 000052

STORAGE USED- CODE(1) 000054; DATA(0) 000014; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

EXTERNAL REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

0003 NERR3A

STORAGE ASSIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0000 000006 INJPA 0000 R 000000 SSVENT

```

00101 1= FUNCTION SSVENT(1)
00103 2= IF(X.LE..215) SSVENT=5.398
00105 3= IF((X.GT..215) AND.(X.LT.2.))SSVENT=29.*X
00107 4= IF(X.GE.2.)SSVENT=50.*50.*(X-2.)
00111 5= RETURN
00112 6= END

```

END OF COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.
 SSVENT SYMBOLIC
 SSVENT CODE RELOCATABLE-

24 JAN 72	16:17:30	0	01505916	14	6 (DELETED)
24 JAN 72	16:17:30	1	01505942	24	1 (DELETED)
		0	01505572	14	6

ON XGT RCHEN

22 JUN 72

19: 2:49



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RESPIRATORY CHEMOSTAT -- INPUT DATA

1	.0527	FA(CO2)
2	.1514	FA(O2)
3	.7959	FA(N2)
4	.6197	CB(CO2)
5	.0011	CB(O2)
6	.0097	CB(N2)
7	.6132	CT(CO2)
8	.0014	CT(O2)
9	.0097	CT(N2)
10	4.0000	Q
11	.7370	QB
12	47.8529	PCSF(CO2)
13	36.0047	PCSF(O2)
14	547.4731	PCSF(N2)
15	30.0000	TMAR
16	.0000	CENT SENS PT
17	.2000	MB
18	.1000	R1
19	.1000	R2
20	1.1300	CNT SENS COF
21	1.1540	CATD BDY SCF
22	3.0000	KL
23	1.0000	KB
24	39.0000	KT
25	.0500	MPB(CO2)
26	.0500	MPB(O2)
27	81.9900	DT(CO2)
28	4.3610	DT(O2)
29	2.9240	DT(N2)
30	760.0000	B
31	.0094	FI(CO2)
32	.2096	FI(O2)
33	.7900	FI(N2)
34	.1000	KCSF
35	.0000	T
36	.0078	H
37	87.9500	VI(N)
38	9.3900	VI(SS)
39	2.0000	PRINT ALL T1
40	.0000	UNKNOWN
41	.9470	BHCO3 BLOOD
42	.9850	BHCO3 BRAIN
43	.9850	BHCO3 TISSUE
44	.9850	BHCO3 CSF
45	.1870	AMT(CO2)
46	.2190	AMT(O2)
47	.0000	DJ1
48	.0000	DJ2

CHANGE IN WORK LOAD, WORK = .00 WATTS

TIME	.0000					ALV NO	.RT44	NO DIFF	.0
CO2	O2	N2	DERIVATIVES	PCO2	P02	PN2	(N+)	PH	NO

RESP CASE NO. 1										DATE	220672	PAGE	90			
ALVEOLAR	.0527	.1514	.7959	.0002	-.0003	.0001	37.5600	107.9767	567.9624							
ARTERIAL	.5631	.2015	.0097				37.5600	107.9767	567.9624	37.3757	7.4274	.1				
BRAIN	.6397	.0011	.0097	-.0000	.0000	-.0000	47.8539	35.9848	567.5991	42.1558	7.3751					
TISSUE	.6132	.0014	.0097	-.0000	.0000	-.0000	42.3119	45.7702	567.5991	38.7290	7.4120					
CSF				.0001	-.0027	.0185	47.8529	36.0047	567.9731	43.7780	7.3597					
V BRAIN	.6310	.1336	.0097				47.8539	35.9848	567.5991	42.7729	7.3680	.1				
V TISSUE	.5977	.1606	.0097				42.3119	45.7702	567.5991	39.7800	7.4003	.1				
TRANSPORT TIMES --		AB	VB	VT	AT	AC --	VI	VE	Q	FB	DERIVATIVES					
		.1974	.1127	.5900	.3167	.1879	5.4019	5.3616	6.0000	.7370	.0000	.0				
RESP FREQ	10.1710	MINUTE VOLUME		6.9285	DEAD SPACE VENT		1.5968	HEART RATE		66.1070						
TIME	.0070									ALV RO	.8743	RO DIFF	.0			
CO2	.02	N2		D E R I V A T I V E S			PCO2	P02	PN2	(M+)	PH	MB				
ALVEOLAR	.0527	.1514	.7959	.0002	-.0003	.0001	37.5620	107.9749	567.9631							
ARTERIAL	.5631	.2015	.0097				37.5620	107.9749	567.9631	37.3767	7.4274	.1				
BRAIN	.6397	.0011	.0097	-.0000	.0000	-.0000	47.8539	35.9931	567.5983	42.1558	7.3751					
TISSUE	.6132	.0015	.0097	-.0000	.0000	-.0000	42.3119	45.7726	567.5989	38.7290	7.4120					
CSF				.0001	-.0016	.0184	47.8529	36.0047	567.9732	43.7780	7.3597					
V BRAIN	.6310	.1336	.0097				47.8539	35.9931	567.5983	42.7733	7.3680	.1				
V TISSUE	.5977	.1606	.0097				42.3119	45.7726	567.5989	39.7809	7.4003	.1				
TRANSPORT TIMES --		AB	VB	VT	AT	AC --	VI	VE	Q	FB	DERIVATIVES					
		.1974	.1127	.5900	.3167	.1879	5.4019	5.3615	6.0500	.7370	.0000	.0				
RESP FREQ	10.1710	MINUTE VOLUME		6.9285	DEAD SPACE VENT		1.5968	HEART RATE		66.1070						
TIME	.5000									ALV RO	.8740	RO DIFF	.0			
CO2	.02	N2		D E R I V A T I V E S			PCO2	P02	PN2	(M+)	PH	MB				
ALVEOLAR	.0527	.1514	.7959	.0000	-.0001	.0000	37.5666	107.9322	567.5011							
ARTERIAL	.5632	.2015	.0097				37.5666	107.9322	567.5011	37.3795	7.4274	.1				
BRAIN	.6398	.0011	.0097	.0000	-.0000	-.0000	47.8551	36.0090	567.5609	42.1566	7.3751					
TISSUE	.6132	.0015	.0097	.0000	-.0000	-.0000	42.3121	45.8058	567.5907	38.7291	7.4120					
CSF				.0003	.0005	.0118	47.8530	36.0050	567.9802	43.7789	7.3597					
V BRAIN	.6310	.1337	.0097				47.8551	36.0090	567.5609	42.7749	7.3680	.1				
V TISSUE	.5977	.1607	.0097				42.3121	45.8058	567.5907	39.7821	7.4003	.1				
TRANSPORT TIMES --		AB	VB	VT	AT	AC --	VI	VE	Q	FB	DERIVATIVES					
		.1974	.1127	.5900	.3167	.1879	5.4074	5.3670	6.0500	.7372	.0000	-.0				
RESP FREQ	10.1710	MINUTE VOLUME		6.9344	DEAD SPACE VENT		1.5972	HEART RATE		66.1070						
TIME	1.0000									ALV RO	.8748	RO DIFF	.0			
CO2	.02	N2		D E R I V A T I V E S			PCO2	P02	PN2	(M+)	PH	MB				
ALVEOLAR	.0527	.1514	.7959	.0000	.0000	-.0000	37.5663	107.9360	567.4977							
ARTERIAL	.5632	.2015	.0097				37.5663	107.9360	567.4977	37.3793	7.4274	.1				
BRAIN	.6398	.0011	.0097	.0000	.0000	-.0000	47.8561	36.0083	567.5423	42.1572	7.3751					
TISSUE	.6132	.0015	.0097	.0000	-.0000	-.0000	42.3126	45.8049	567.5849	38.7294	7.4120					
CSF				.0004	.0004	.0084	47.8531	36.0052	567.9850	43.7790	7.3597					
V BRAIN	.6310	.1337	.0097				47.8561	36.0083	567.5423	42.7755	7.3680	.1				
V TISSUE	.5977	.1606	.0097				42.3126	45.8049	567.5849	39.7824	7.4003	.1				
TRANSPORT TIMES --		AB	VB	VT	AT	AC --	VI	VE	Q	FB	DERIVATIVES					
		.1974	.1127	.5901	.3167	.1876	5.4062	5.3661	6.0500	.7372	.0000	.0				
RESP FREQ	10.1710	MINUTE VOLUME		6.9333	DEAD SPACE VENT		1.5972	HEART RATE		66.1070						
TIME	1.5000									ALV RO	.8748	RO DIFF	.0			
CO2	.02	N2		D E R I V A T I V E S			PCO2	P02	PN2	(M+)	PH	MB				
ALVEOLAR	.0527	.1514	.7959	.0000	.0000	-.0000	37.5668	107.9426	567.4907							
ARTERIAL	.5632	.2015	.0097				37.5668	107.9426	567.4907	37.3796	7.4274	.1				
BRAIN	.6398	.0011	.0097	.0000	.0000	-.0000	47.8566	36.0094	567.5281	42.1575	7.3751					
TISSUE	.6132	.0015	.0097	.0000	.0000	-.0000	42.3129	45.8055	567.5745	38.7297	7.4120					
CSF				.0004	.0005	.0059	47.8533	36.0055	567.9843	43.7792	7.3597					
V BRAIN	.6310	.1337	.0097				47.8566	36.0094	567.5281	42.7758	7.3680	.1				

AN ANALYSIS OF A RESPIRATORY CONTROL
MODEL UNDER EXERCISE CONDITIONS

by

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AN ANALYSIS OF A RESPIRATORY CONTROL MODEL UNDER EXERCISE CONDITIONS

ABSTRACT

Several respiratory control system models have been developed, each corresponding to specific environmental or physiological constraints. One such model was developed by Grodins which simulated the control of the respiratory system at rest under different inspired gaseous concentrations. A previous modification to this model has been developed to include the physiological effects of exercise at sea level conditions. This report includes an analysis of this modification and an evaluation of its extension to an altered environment of approximately one-third atmosphere with 70% O_2 , 28.08% N_2 , and 1.92% CO_2 gaseous concentrations.

Detailed flow charts are made for the exercise subroutines and the controller equation. Important expressions within the modifications are investigated utilizing the NOVA 1200 Minicomputer. Plots from these illustrate relationships between system variables. Five simulation runs were made on the IBM 360/50 digital computer. These runs simulate various exercise conditions illustrating the corresponding transient responses for the exercise transitions.

It is determined that the response of the model to different exercise levels depends upon the magnitude of the increments taken between exercise levels and whether the steady state response had been achieved at the previous level. Without further modification of the program, the system variables at one exercise level cannot be used as the initial conditions for another level. The model must always initiate from the resting state

if the transient response is to be valid. To allow for simulations of exercise increments that do not start from the resting state, the punch routine and the initialization routines should be changed so that one exercise response may be used as the initial condition for the succeeding exercise level; therefore, maintaining the fidelity of the transient response.

Suggestions are also made for changes in the heart rate and respiration frequency formulations so that they will include a neural component.